

Catalogue no. 63-005-XIE

Retail Trade

June 2006





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Statistics Canada Distributive Trades Division

Retail Trade

June 2006

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Symbols

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- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

Acknowledgement

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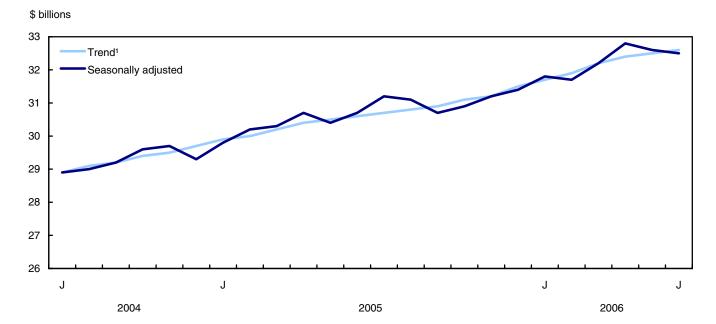
Highlights

•	Retail sales edged down for the second month in a row in June. Nevertheless, retail spending continued to grow at a fast rate in the second quarter, though sales were inflated by a spike in gasoline prices.

Analysis — June 2006

Retail sales edged down for the second month in a row, slipping 0.2% to \$32.5 billion in June. Nevertheless, retail spending continued to grow at a fast rate in the second quarter (+2.3%), though sales were inflated by a spike in gasoline prices.

Chart 1
Retail sales: seasonally adjusted and trend, Canada



1. Trends represent smoothed seasonally adjusted data.

Keeping prices constant, retail sales edged up 0.2% in June as automobile prices fell.

Sales in the automotive sector fell for a second time in a row (-0.8%) after two strong increases in March (+3.5%) and April (+4.3%). Retail spending in the general merchandise sector, which includes department stores and other general merchandise stores, declined 1.4% in June.

These declines were partly offset by increased sales in pharmacies and personal care stores (+1.4%), which rose for the eighth consecutive month in June. Retail sales in the building and outdoor home supplies stores sector were 0.8% higher in June compared to May. Sales grew by 1.0% in the second quarter for retailers in this sector after a robust 5.4% increase in the first quarter.

Marginal gains or losses were experienced by furniture, home furnishings and electronic stores (+0.4%), food and beverage stores (+0.2%), clothing and accessories stores (-0.2%) and miscellaneous retailers (+0.1%).

Excluding new car dealers and used and recreational motor vehicles and parts dealers, total retail sales remained relatively flat (+0.1%) in June.

Declines in the automotive and general merchandise stores sectors more than offset gains elsewhere

Sales in the automotive sector were largely pulled down by weaker sales at new car dealers (-1.4%) in June. Sales at used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers also slowed down (-0.7%) after large increases in March (+4.8%) and April (+8.1%).

Gasoline station sales remained steady (+0.1%) as prices showed relatively small changes in June (-0.4%), according to the Consumer Price Index.

Although sales in the automotive sector fell in June, this did not prevent quarterly sales in this sector from soaring 3.9% to the highest quarter-to-quarter increase in over four years. This gain was driven mainly by higher sales at gasoline stations and used and recreational motor vehicle and parts dealers. In contrast, sales at new car dealers have been generally flat since last fall.

The other major contributor to the decline in total retail sales in June was the slowdown in retail spending in general merchandise stores (-1.4%). This was the first drop in sales in 10 months for retailers in this sector. Since spiking in January (+3.5%), gains in this sector have been relatively moderate.

Pharmacies and personal care stores posted their highest year-over-year sales increase in 10 years (+13.2%) in June. Sales have declined only three times since June 2004. Sales of prescription drugs were the main driver for the growth in this sector. According to the Retail Commodity Survey, prescription drugs accounted for 55.0% of drug store sales in 2005, up sharply from 45.5% in 1998.

Within the building and outdoor home supplies stores sector, sales in home centres and hardware stores picked up again (+1.6%) after pausing for two months. Though the annual rate of increase has been declining since 2003, these types of stores have maintained double digit annual sales growth in the previous four years.

Sales down in most provinces

Sales were down in most provinces and territories in June, except for Ontario (+0.3%), Alberta (+0.5%) and Nunavut (+0.5%).

Retail sales in British Columbia fell 1.4% in June after gains of 1.4% in both April and May. In general, sales in this province have been growing steadily since 2004 after a period of relative flatness.

The Atlantic provinces all posted lower sales in June compared to May. The largest decline was in Nova Scotia (-3.8%), partly due to lower sales in the automotive sector. Sales in Prince Edward Island fell by 2.6%, in part due to lower sales at gasoline stations. Gasoline prices in Prince Edward Island posted the largest decline in June (-4.9%), according to the Consumer Price Index. Sales were down 1.2% in both Newfoundland and Labrador and New Brunswick.

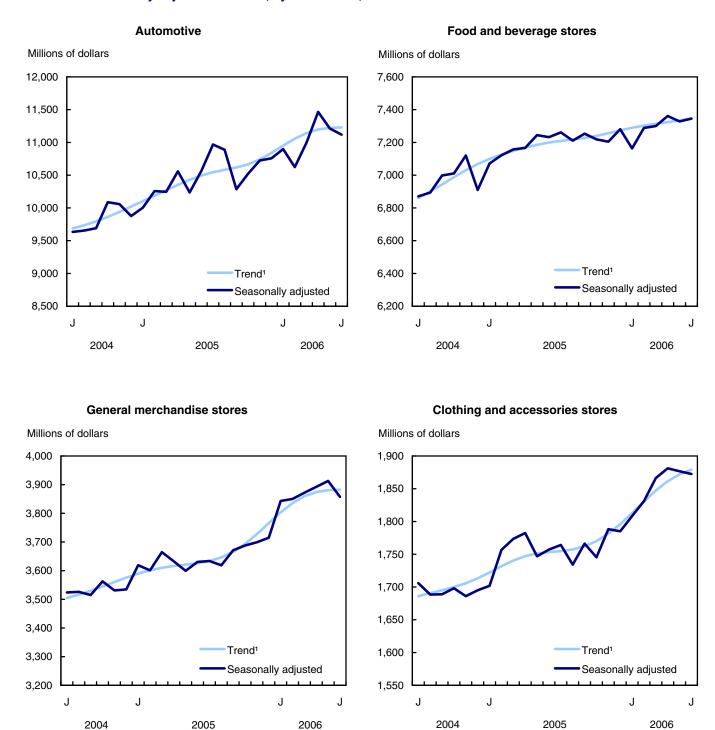
Related indicators for July

Employment was unchanged for the second consecutive month in July, as gains in full-time employment were offset by similar declines in part-time employment. There was a jump in the number of people entering the labour force in search of work in July. This pushed the unemployment rate up 0.3 percentage points to 6.4%, still among the lowest in 30 years.

The seasonally adjusted annual rate of housing starts was 236,500 units in July, up a marginal 100 units from June, according to the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

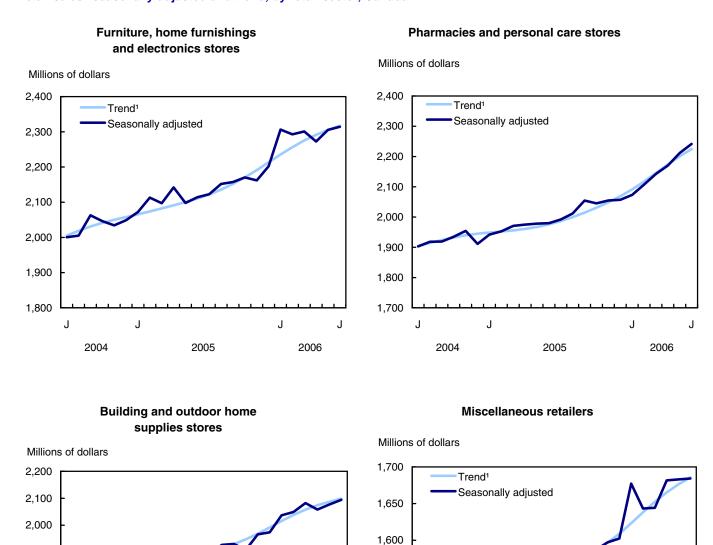
Based on preliminary sales figures from the auto industry, the number of new motor vehicles sold rebounded by about 3% in July. These preliminary estimates indicate the increase was the result of truck sales rising after several months of declines. New passenger car sales, on the other hand, are estimated to have declined slightly in July.

Chart 2
Retail sales: seasonally adjusted and trend, by retail sector, Canada



1. Trends represent smoothed seasonally adjusted data.

Chart 3
Retail sales: seasonally adjusted and trend, by retail sector, Canada



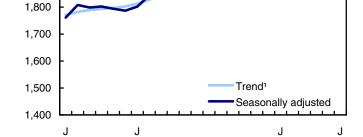
1,550

1,500

1,450

1,400

2006



2005

1. Trends represent smoothed seasonally adjusted data.

2004

1,900

J

2004

2005

2006

Related products

Selected publications from Statistics Canada

63-007-X	New Motor	Vehicle S	ales
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Selected technical and analytical products from Statistics Canada

11-621-M2003006	A New Look: Retail Clothing Sales in Canada
11-621-M2003007	Christmas: Consumers' Season
11-621-M2004012	On the Move with Homebuyers: Shopping for Furniture
11-621-M2004019	Consumer Holiday Shopping Patterns
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Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

080-0014	Retail trade, sales by trade group based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)
080-0015	Retail trade, sales by trade group based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)
080-0016	Retail trade, sales, chained dollars and index at basic prices
080-0017	Retail trade, sales and sales trend, seasonally adjusted, by trade sector based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)

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2406	Retail Trade Survey (Monthly)
2408	Monthly Retail Trade Survey (Department Store Organizations)

Selected tables of Canadian statistics from Statistics Canada

- Economic indicators, by province and territory (monthly and quarterly)
- Retail trade, by industries
- Retail trade, by province and territory
- Retail trade, by industries (monthly)
- Retail trade, by provinces and territories (monthly)
- Department store sales, by province

Statistical tables

Table 1-1 Retail sales by trade group and by region, seasonally adjusted (current periods) — Sales

	June ^p 2006	May ^r 2006	April ^r 2006	March ^r 2006	Year-to-date 2006
			millions of dollars		
Trade grave Canada					
Trade group - Canada New car dealers	5,921.7	6,007.3	6,153.7	6,170.5	36,336.5
Used and recreational motor vehicle and	0,021.7	0,007.3	0,100.7	0,170.5	30,330.3
parts dealers	1.510.2	1,520.7	1,545.3	1,429.7	8,737.7
Gasoline stations	3,686.2	3,684.3	3,767.1	3,397.1	21,240.7
Furniture stores	791.9	795.0	789.7	799.3	4,804.9
Home furnishings stores	452.0	450.1	445.2	456.7	2,692.3
Computer and software stores	131.3	128.7	124.6	129.4	786.5
Home electronics and appliance stores	939.1	931.7	912.9	915.6	5,508.6
Home centres and hardware stores	1,714.7	1,687.4	1,686.9	1,687.3	10,072.9
Specialized building materials and garden					
stores	379.7	389.5	371.2	394.9	2,324.6
Supermarkets	5,267.2	5,254.9	5,290.6	5,259.2	31,476.0
Convenience and specialty food stores	793.7	795.6	789.6	781.3	4,706.2
Beer, wine and liquor stores	1,284.3	1,277.8	1,281.1	1,259.7	7,604.1
Pharmacies and personal care stores	2,241.6	2,211.6	2,170.2	2,142.5	12,946.3
Clothing stores	1,432.7	1,444.6	1,432.7	1,426.1	8,510.7
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery					
stores	439.9	432.1	448.4	440.2	2,625.4
General merchandise stores	3,857.2	3,912.9	3,892.3	3,871.7	23,227.5
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book					
stores	835.1	835.4	839.6	826.3	5,014.8
Miscellaneous store retailers	849.1	847.5	842.0	817.9	4,998.8
Total, all stores	32,527.5	32,607.3	32,783.2	32,205.4	193,614.5
Regions					
Newfoundland and Labrador	494.0	500.0	503.7	484.1	2,987.5
Prince Edward Island	121.1	124.3	123.4	125.0	743.8
Nova Scotia	917.6	953.6	945.4	935.2	5,621.1
New Brunswick	734.5	743.8	741.8	743.2	4,417.3
Quebec	7,231.2	7,235.6	7,297.6	7,169.8	43,094.3
Ontario	11,677.7	11,643.7	11,855.4	11,707.7	69,857.3
Manitoba	1,100.9	1,108.1	1,100.0	1,088.6	6,507.2
Saskatchewan	976.3	983.2	987.5	955.0	5,791.6
Alberta	4,746.1	4,724.5	4,701.2	4,531.0	27,615.8
British Columbia	4,418.7	4,480.1	4,418.4	4,358.4	26,326.4
Yukon Territory	37.6	38.3	38.2	36.4	223.3
Northwest Territories Nunavut	50.5 21.2	51.1 21.1	49.9 20.8	49.4 21.4	301.9 127.1
ivuilavut	۷۱.۷	41.1	20.0	Z1.4	141.1

Table 1-2
Retail sales by trade group and by region, seasonally adjusted (current periods) % change from previous month

	June ^p 2006	May ^r 2006	April ^r 2006	March ^r 2006
		percent		
		percent		
Trade group - Canada				
New car dealers	-1.4	-2.4	-0.3	3.9
Used and recreational motor vehicle and				
parts dealers	-0.7	-1.6	8.1	4.8
Gasoline stations	0.1	-2.2	10.9	2.2
Furniture stores	-0.4	0.7	-1.2	-1.0
lome furnishings stores	0.4	1.1	-2.5	3.7
Computer and software stores	2.0	3.3	-3.7	-2.9
Home electronics and appliance stores	0.8	2.1	-0.3	0.4
lome centres and hardware stores	1.6	0.0	0.0	2.2
Specialized building materials and				
garden stores	-2.5	4.9	-6.0	-1.0
Supermarkets	0.2	-0.7	0.6	0.0
Convenience and specialty food stores	-0.2	0.8	1.1	0.8
Beer, wine and liquor stores	0.5	-0.3	1.7	0.5
Pharmacies and personal care stores	1.4	1.9	1.3	1.7
Clothing stores	-0.8	0.8	0.5	2.3
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery				
stores	1.8	-3.6	1.9	0.7
General merchandise stores	-1.4	0.5	0.5	0.6
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book				
stores	0.0	-0.5	1.6	0.7
Miscellaneous store retailers	0.2	0.7	2.9	-0.6
Total, all stores	-0.2	-0.5	1.8	1.6
·	V. <u> </u>	0.0		
Regions Newfoundland and Labrador	-1.2	-0.7	4.0	-1.5
Prince Edward Island	-1.2 -2.6	-0. <i>7</i> 0.8	-1.3	-1.5 -1.4
Nova Scotia	-2.6 -3.8	0.6	-1.3 1.1	-1. 4 -0.1
Nova Scotta New Brunswick	-3.6 -1.2	0.9	1.1 -0.2	-0.1 1.9
Quebec	-0.1	-0.8	1.8	0.8
Ontario Assidaba	0.3	-1.8	1.3	3.1
Manitoba	-0.7	0.7	1.0	2.4
Saskatchewan	-0.7	-0.4	3.4	0.5
Alberta	0.5	0.5	3.8	1.0
British Columbia	-1.4	1.4	1.4	0.7
Yukon Territory	-1.7	0.3	4.7	-1.3
Northwest Territories	-1.2	2.4	0.9	-1.9
Nunavut	0.5	1.4	-2.9	-0.2

Table 1-3 Retail sales by trade group and by region, seasonally adjusted (current periods) % change from previous year

	June ^p 2006	May ^r 2006	April ^r 2006	March ^r 2006	Year-to-date 2006
			percent		
Trade group - Canada					
New car dealers Used and recreational motor vehicle and	-3.2	3.0	0.1	4.0	1.2
parts dealers	17.0	16.4	19.7	13.2	14.6
Gasoline stations	17.0	19.0	20.8	11.4	15.9
Furniture stores	9.5	9.1	3.2	8.5	8.2
Home furnishings stores	15.5	15.5	14.3	19.5	15.9
Computer and software stores	1.4	-0.4	-5.5	0.2	-0.3
Home electronics and appliance stores	7.9	9.6	6.7	7.9	8.4
Home centres and hardware stores Specialized building materials and garden	13.2	11.1	10.9	15.2	13.0
stores	-0.4	0.6	-4.3	6.5	2.0
Supermarkets	0.5	0.1	1.9	1.4	0.8
Convenience and specialty food stores	3.3	2.8	2.9	1.8	2.2
Beer, wine and liquor stores	5.0	4.7	6.2	4.8	6.2
Pharmacies and personal care stores	13.2	11.8	9.9	8.7	9.7
Clothing stores Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery	5.8	8.0	4.4	5.5	5.3
stores	9.1	5.6	9.3	4.5	7.9
General merchandise stores Sporting goods, hobby, music and book	6.2	8.7	7.2	5.7	6.8
stores	8.2	6.8	6.0	5.8	7.4
Miscellaneous store retailers	6.1	7.1	6.7	3.8	5.4
Total, all stores	5.8	7.3	6.6	6.2	6.3
Regions Newfoundland and Labrador	1.0	2.4	1.8	-0.9	1.6
Prince Edward Island	0.9	7.2	1.8	-0.9 5.7	3.6
Nova Scotia	3.0	8.2	6.1	7.3	6.9
New Brunswick	4.9	9.4	6.5	7.3 6.2	6.0
Quebec	3.0	4.7	4.7	3.6	3.8
Ontario	3.5	5.4	4.2	4.9	4.1
Manitoba	6.1	8.1	6.1	6.9	5.8
Saskatchewan	4.3	3.6	6.8	5.8	5.6
Alberta	17.7	16.8	17.4	16.1	16.8
British Columbia	7.0	8.3	7.1	5.7	7.2
Yukon Territory	2.8	-1.9	-0.1	-2.2	0.3
Northwest Territories	5.5	7.1	3.6	1.2	4.3
Nunavut	-1.3	3.5	-1.3	3.2	1.8

Table 2-1 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (current periods) — Sales

	June ^p	May ^r	April	March	Year-to-date
	2006	2006	2006	2006	2006
_			millions of dollars		
Trade group - Canada					
New car dealers	7,156.5	7,223.8	6,696.9	6,696.5	37,297.4
Used and recreational motor vehicle and					
parts dealers	1,890.1	2,068.8	1,821.5	1,375.3	9,086.7
Gasoline stations	3,905.9	3,840.4	3,569.9	3,333.7	20,592.3
Furniture stores	819.9	783.0	743.7	740.8	4,435.0
Home furnishings stores	444.8	437.4	400.3	434.2	2,445.2
Computer and software stores	124.3	118.9	110.2	147.2	769.1
Home electronics and appliance stores	846.5	810.2	748.4	810.2	4,696.5
Home centres and hardware stores	2,159.7	2,192.0	1,660.5	1,382.6	9,614.9
Specialized building materials and garden					
stores	513.5	554.3	365.3	318.3	2,260.6
Supermarkets	5.458.5	5.312.3	5.223.1	5.270.0	30,756.4
Convenience and specialty food stores	855.4	834.7	790.5	738.2	4,535.8
Beer, wine and liquor stores	1,360.1	1,235.6	1,149.2	1,117.2	6,680.1
Pharmacies and personal care stores	2.251.0	2.246.9	2.083.6	2.168.7	12,675.9
Clothing stores	1,426.4	1,438.1	1,384.2	1,243.0	7,425.3
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery	.,	.,	.,	1,= 1010	.,
stores	436.9	443.4	403.5	360.1	2.252.3
General merchandise stores	4,026.6	4,052.4	3,713.0	3,347.7	20,888.4
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book	4,020.0	4,002.4	3,7 13.0	0,047.7	20,000.4
stores	784.9	771.3	762.8	710.2	4,383.3
Miscellaneous store retailers	897.9	893.9	762.6 766.4	710.2 752.6	
viiscelianeous store retailers	897.9	893.9	766.4	752.6	4,672.1
Total, all stores	35,358.7	35,257.3	32,393.0	30,946.4	185,467.4
Regions					
Newfoundland and Labrador	551.1	542.6	477.9	444.7	2,779.4
Prince Edward Island	137.7	135.3	114.9	108.8	682.8
Nova Scotia	1,030.3	1,011.4	910.3	885.8	5,324.2
New Brunswick	815.9	809.4	729.8	711.2	4,211.7
Quebec	7,996.3	8,169.7	7,504.7	6,964.8	41,825.7
Ontario	12,669.3	12,509.0	11,474.7	11,167.4	66,541.3
Manitoba	1,211.3	1,187.9	1,092.3	1,045.6	6,238.5
Saskatchewan	1,074.1	1,076.9	973.3	889.8	5,540.4
Alberta	5,058.7	5,052.3	4,702.8	4,353.5	26,488.2
British Columbia	4,693.3	4,648.9	4,307.7	4,264.3	25,207.0
Yukon Territory	44.4	42.0	35.6	33.6	210.9
Northwest Territories	54.3	50.3	48.4	55.1	295.5
Nunavut	22.0	21.7	20.6	21.9	121.7

Table 2-2 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (current periods) % change from previous year

	June ^p 2006	May ^r 2006	April 2006	March 2006	Year-to-date 2006
		I	percent		
Trade group - Canada					
New car dealers	-2.3	5.2	-1.4	5.8	2.1
Used and recreational motor vehicle and parts					
dealers	17.7	21.5	12.9	18.6	16.2
Gasoline stations	18.8	22.5	19.4	11.7	16.6
Furniture stores	9.7	8.5	2.6	11.2	8.8
Home furnishings stores	16.0	17.5	9.8	22.7	16.7
Computer and software stores	4.8	-0.1	-10.4	-1.1	0.3
Home electronics and appliance stores	10.6	12.3	4.6	10.0	9.8
Home centres and hardware stores	14.2	14.2	8.7	18.6	14.2
Specialized building materials and garden					
stores	-0.7	3.1	-5.3	5.7	2.0
Supermarkets	2.7	1.5	1.3	2.5	0.9
Convenience and specialty food stores	4.7	5.4	5.0	1.1	3.1
Beer, wine and liquor stores	7.5	6.4	6.3	6.0	6.4
Pharmacies and personal care stores	14.9	14.2	8.3	10.8	10.7
Clothing stores	6.5	10.1	4.9	9.7	6.4
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery		-	_	-	_
stores	7.7	7.1	3.7	14.0	7.7
General merchandise stores	5.3	11.5	8.1	7.4	7.7
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book stores	7.4	8.5	6.7	7.4	7.9
Miscellaneous store retailers	6.0	9.9	5.9	4.3	6.0
	6.7	9.7	5.4	7.9	7.0
Total, all stores	0.7	9.7	3.4	7.9	7.0
Regions	0.5	4 -	0.4	0.7	
Newfoundland and Labrador	2.5	4.7	-0.4	-0.7	2.0
Prince Edward Island	2.6	9.8	-0.6	7.9	4.6
Nova Scotia	4.1	11.2	4.8	9.7	7.7
New Brunswick	5.5	12.5	5.0	9.1	7.1
Quebec	3.5	7.4	3.8	5.4	4.5
Ontario	4.5	7.2	2.7	7.0	4.7
Manitoba	8.0	10.9	4.7	8.7	6.6
Saskatchewan	6.3	7.8	5.3	6.4	6.5
Alberta	18.2	20.3	17.0	16.5	17.6
British Columbia	8.1	10.5	5.7	7.3	7.7
Yukon Territory	4.3	2.5	-1.4	-2.3	0.8
Northwest Territories	3.9	12.3	1.1	1.6	4.2
Nunavut	2.3	2.6	-2.8	4.5	2.7

Table 3-1 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Canada

II				Quarter
	1	IV	III	II
2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
	mill	lions of dollars		
21.077.2	16.220.2	16.221.8	19.219.6	20,983.7
, -	-, -	-, -	-,	-,
5,780.4	3,306.3	3,384.1	4,126.0	4,923.2
11,316.2	9,276.1	9,868.4	10,880.0	9,412.9
2,346.6	2,088.4	2,499.7	2,375.8	2,194.1
1,282.5	1,162.7	1,482.0	1,190.9	1,120.4
353.3	415.8	447.9	377.8	360.6
2,405.1		3,427.2		2,202.3
6,012.1	3,602.8	4,612.7	5,177.1	5,337.3
1,433.0	827.6	1,001.1	1,281.8	1,440.7
15,993.9	14,762.5	16,223.6	16,042.2	15,704.2
2,480.6	2,055.2	2,288.2	2,437.6	2,361.5
3,744.9	2,935.2	4,180.6	3,981.9	3,507.2
6,581.5	6,094.4	6,566.8	5,931.4	5,850.4
4,248.8	3,176.5	5,180.4	3,955.6	3,965.3
1,283.8	968.5	1,658.4	1,214.4	1,209.1
11,792.0	9,096.4	13,641.0	10,651.0	10,891.2
2,319.0	2,064.4	3,036.1	2,365.1	2,156.8
2,558.2	2,113.9	2,585.7	2,404.5	2,383.9
103,009.0	82,458.3	98,305.9	96,119.4	96,004.9
	11,316.2 2,346.6 1,282.5 353.3 2,405.1 6,012.1 1,433.0 15,993.9 2,480.6 3,744.9 6,581.5 4,248.8 1,283.8 11,792.0 2,319.0 2,558.2	21,077.2 16,220.2 5,780.4 3,306.3 11,316.2 9,276.1 2,346.6 2,088.4 1,282.5 1,162.7 353.3 415.8 2,405.1 2,291.4 6,012.1 3,602.8 1,433.0 827.6 15,993.9 14,762.5 2,480.6 2,055.2 3,744.9 2,935.2 6,581.5 6,094.4 4,248.8 3,176.5 1,283.8 968.5 11,792.0 9,096.4 2,319.0 2,064.4 2,558.2 2,113.9	5,780.4 3,306.3 3,384.1 11,316.2 9,276.1 9,868.4 2,346.6 2,088.4 2,499.7 1,282.5 1,162.7 1,482.0 353.3 415.8 447.9 2,405.1 2,291.4 3,427.2 6,012.1 3,602.8 4,612.7 1,433.0 827.6 1,001.1 15,993.9 14,762.5 16,223.6 2,480.6 2,055.2 2,288.2 3,744.9 2,935.2 4,180.6 6,581.5 6,094.4 6,566.8 4,248.8 3,176.5 5,180.4 1,283.8 968.5 1,658.4 11,792.0 9,096.4 13,641.0 2,319.0 2,064.4 3,036.1 2,558.2 2,113.9 2,585.7	21,077.2 16,220.2 16,221.8 19,219.6 5,780.4 3,306.3 3,384.1 4,126.0 11,316.2 9,276.1 9,868.4 10,880.0 2,346.6 2,088.4 2,499.7 2,375.8 1,282.5 1,162.7 1,482.0 1,190.9 353.3 415.8 447.9 377.8 2,405.1 2,291.4 3,427.2 2,506.6 6,012.1 3,602.8 4,612.7 5,177.1 1,433.0 827.6 1,001.1 1,281.8 15,993.9 14,762.5 16,223.6 16,042.2 2,480.6 2,055.2 2,288.2 2,437.6 3,744.9 2,935.2 4,180.6 3,981.9 6,581.5 6,094.4 6,566.8 5,931.4 4,248.8 3,176.5 5,180.4 3,955.6 1,283.8 968.5 1,658.4 1,214.4 11,792.0 9,096.4 13,641.0 10,651.0 2,319.0 2,064.4 3,036.1 2,365.1 2,558.2 2,113.9 2,585.7 2,404.5

Table 3-1 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Canada

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II		IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	from previous quarte	er	
Trade group					
New car dealers	29.9	0.0	-15.6	-8.4	35.0
Used and recreational motor vehicle					
and parts dealers	74.8	-2.3	-18.0	-16.2	69.9
Gasoline stations	22.0	-6.0	-9.3	15.6	14.1
Furniture stores	12.4	-16.5	5.2	8.3	16.5
Home furnishings stores	10.3	-21.5	24.4	6.3	14.9
Computer and software stores	-15.0	-7.2	18.6	4.8	-11.3
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	5.0	-33.1	36.7	13.8	6.1
Home centres and hardware stores	66.9	-21.9	-10.9	-3.0	73.3
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	73.2	-17.3	-21.9	-11.0	85.6
Supermarkets	8.3	-9.0	1.1	2.2	6.3
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	20.7	-10.2	-6.1	3.2	16.0
Beer, wine and liquor stores	27.6	-29.8	5.0	13.5	26.5
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	8.0	-7.2	10.7	1.4	4.4
Clothing stores	33.8	-38.7	31.0	-0.2	31.5
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	32.5	-41.6	36.6	0.4	37.2
General merchandise stores	29.6	-33.3	28.1	-2.2	28.1
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	12.3	-32.0	28.4	9.7	13.2
Miscellaneous store retailers	21.0	-18.2	7.5	0.9	17.8
Total, all stores	24.9	-16.1	2.3	0.1	24.0

Table 3-1 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Canada

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II		IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	e from previous year		
Trade group					
New car dealers	0.4	4.4	3.3	7.0	8.0
Used and recreational motor vehicle					
and parts dealers	17.4	14.1	1.0	6.8	10.1
Gasoline stations	20.2	12.5	14.2	21.9	10.9
Furniture stores	7.0	10.9	5.7	5.4	5.2
Home furnishings stores	14.5	19.3	9.3	6.2	6.5
Computer and software stores	-2.0	2.3	4.7	-1.9	1.0
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	9.2	10.4	6.1	9.4	10.8
Home centres and hardware stores	12.6	17.0	10.1	9.3	11.5
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	-0.5	6.6	-2.1	2.5	6.3
Supermarkets	1.8	-0.1	3.4	5.7	5.8
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	5.0	0.9	0.9	2.9	5.0
Beer, wine and liquor stores	6.8	5.8	7.7	4.6	4.4
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	12.5	8.8	6.2	6.0	4.9
Clothing stores	7.1	5.4	4.9	3.5	7.4
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	6.2	9.9	5.5	3.5	1.2
General merchandise stores	8.3	7.0	4.0	3.4	3.3
Sporting goods, hobby, music and			-		
book stores	7.5	8.3	8.0	7.2	7.7
Miscellaneous store retailers	7.3	4.4	2.2	-1.6	0.1
	_			_	_
Total, all stores	7.3	6.5	5.4	7.2	6.8

Table 3-2 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Newfoundland and Labrador

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		mill	ions of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	329.7	182.2	200.1	270.9	322.6
Used and recreational motor vehicle	020.7	102.2	200.1	210.0	022.0
and parts dealers	115.1	99.2	127.4	100.6	124.2
Gasoline stations	205.6	174.1	193.4	231.4	197.8
Furniture stores	18.2	17.6	28.6	22.3	20.6
Home furnishings stores	7.3	5.4	9.2	6.5	6.0
Computer and software stores	5.1	6.7	7.1	6.1	6.1
Home electronics and appliance	0.1	0.7	7.1	0.1	0.1
stores	12.8	12.3	21.0	13.6	11.9
Home centres and hardware stores	97.3	51.3	94.8	123.6	104.1
Specialized building materials and	37.3	31.3	34.0	123.0	104.1
garden stores	19.2	9.8	16.5	19.5	18.7
Supermarkets	258.0	237.2	258.7	259.4	253.0
Convenience and specialty food	250.0	201.2	200.1	200.4	200.0
stores	Х	Х	х	х	Х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	X	X
Pharmacies and personal care	^	^	^	^	^
stores	81.5	75.8	84.1	69.8	74.3
Clothing stores	38.2	75.6 24.7	59.9	39.4	74.3 35.4
Shoe, clothing accessories and	30.2	24.7	33.3	33.4	33.4
jewellery stores	8.9	6.9	15.4	10.5	9.2
General merchandise stores	229.4	178.9	302.5	223.3	213.5
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	229.4	170.9	302.3	223.3	213.5
book stores	16.0	13.1	26.4	16.4	14.0
Miscellaneous store retailers	25.3	22.9	26.4 30.6	25.4	25.2
Miscellaneous store retailers	23.3	22.9	30.6	25.4	25.2
Total, all stores	1,571.6	1,207.8	1,600.7	1,557.8	1,535.8

Table 3-2 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Newfoundland and Labrador

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter				
		II I	IV	III	II				
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005				
	% change from previous quarter								
Trade group									
New car dealers	81.0	-9.0	-26.1	-16.0	65.0				
Used and recreational motor vehicle									
and parts dealers	15.9	-22.1	26.6	-19.0	13.5				
Gasoline stations	18.1	-10.0	-16.4	17.0	19.3				
Furniture stores	3.1	-38.4	28.2	8.5	30.0				
Home furnishings stores	36.7	-41.4	40.5	9.3	18.7				
Computer and software stores	-24.8	-4.7	15.7	0.1	-13.9				
Home electronics and appliance									
stores	4.1	-41.6	54.2	14.3	3.2				
Home centres and hardware stores	89.7	-45.9	-23.3	18.8	106.0				
Specialized building materials and									
garden stores	95.4	-40.4	-15.7	4.4	83.0				
Supermarkets	8.8	-8.3	-0.3	2.5	8.3				
Convenience and specialty food									
stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	х				
Beer, wine and liquor stores	x	Х	Х	Х	х				
Pharmacies and personal care									
stores	7.5	-9.8	20.5	-6.0	6.4				
Clothing stores	54.6	-58.8	52.0	11.3	41.3				
Shoe, clothing accessories and									
jewellery stores	30.0	-55.3	46.5	13.5	38.7				
General merchandise stores	28.2	-40.8	35.4	4.6	28.3				
Sporting goods, hobby, music and									
book stores	22.4	-50.4	60.8	16.9	16.1				
Miscellaneous store retailers	10.9	-25.3	20.6	0.8	13.6				
Total, all stores	30.1	-24.5	2.8	1.4	29.1				

Table 3-2 – continued $\textbf{Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates)} \\ \textbf{--Newfoundland and Labrador}$

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	from previous year		
Trade group					
New car dealers	2.2	-6.8	2.9	-0.9	6.7
Used and recreational motor vehicle		0.0		0.0	
and parts dealers	-7.3	-9.3	-12.3	2.8	8.3
Gasoline stations	3.9	5.0	2.0	7.8	6.9
Furniture stores	-11.8	11.3	-7.7	-10.6	7.6
Home furnishings stores	23.0	6.8	-1.8	6.5	15.0
Computer and software stores	-17.0	-5.0	-4.6	2.2	19.7
Home electronics and appliance	-17.0	-5.0	4.0	۷.۲	13.7
stores	7.2	6.3	7.2	1.7	2.3
Home centres and hardware stores	-6.5	1.5	-2.5	0.9	2.3
Specialized building materials and	-0.5	1.5	-2.5	0.9	2.4
	2.5	4.0	2.0	4.5	F F
garden stores	2.5 2.0	-4.0	-3.0 5.9	-1.5 2.6	5.5 2.5
Supermarkets	2.0	1.6	5.9	2.0	2.5
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	9.8	8.6	-0.1	-8.3	0.4
Clothing stores	7.7	-1.5	-0.6	2.9	13.6
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	-3.4	3.0	-3.3	2.1	2.0
General merchandise stores	7.4	7.5	5.6	2.2	0.7
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	14.2	8.3	12.1	8.5	11.3
Miscellaneous store retailers	0.7	3.2	11.6	4.5	-0.5
Total, all stores	2.3	1.5	1.9	2.0	4.4

Table 3-3
Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Prince Edward Island

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	[IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		milli	ons of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	69.2	44.7	47.5	62.5	69.2
Used and recreational motor vehicle	00.2		11.0	02.0	00.2
and parts dealers	11.7	8.9	9.3	9.8	9.4
Gasoline stations	46.9	37.9	40.4	51.1	43.9
Furniture stores	3.6	3.2	4.2	4.1	4.5
Home furnishings stores	1.8	1.7	3.1	2.7	1.9
Computer and software stores	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6
Home electronics and appliance	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0
stores	5.6	5.8	8.7	6.9	6.3
Home centres and hardware stores	34.2	21.3	30.1	34.3	34.1
Specialized building materials and	04.2	21.0	00.1	04.0	04.1
garden stores	13.8	5.9	7.4	9.9	13.6
Supermarkets	78.0	70.4	77.9	85.2	75.8
Convenience and specialty food	70.0	70.4	77.0	00.2	70.0
stores	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	X	X
Pharmacies and personal care	^	^	^	^	^
stores	24.9	23.6	24.8	23.8	23.5
Clothing stores	11.4	8.2	16.2	12.2	9.9
Shoe, clothing accessories and	11.4	0.2	10.2	12.2	5.5
jewellery stores	2.8	2.1	4.7	3.7	3.1
General merchandise stores	39.6	27.5	52.0	40.0	36.7
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	39.0	21.5	32.0	40.0	30.7
book stores	7.7	6.4	10.5	8.7	6.7
Miscellaneous store retailers	8.6	5.9	8.2	12.7	7.8
MISCELLATIONS STOLE LETAILETS	0.0	5.9	0.2	12.7	7.0
Total, all stores	388.0	294.9	371.7	401.2	373.0

Table 3-3 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Prince Edward Island

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter			
	II	Ţ	IV	III	II			
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005			
	% change from previous quarter							
Trade group								
New car dealers	54.8	-5.9	-24.0	-9.7	56.6			
Used and recreational motor vehicle								
and parts dealers	31.8	-4.2	-5.0	3.6	71.2			
Gasoline stations	23.8	-6.2	-20.9	16.3	26.9			
Furniture stores	13.0	-22.9	2.6	-9.7	44.5			
Home furnishings stores	10.1	-46.5	13.0	46.9	25.9			
Computer and software stores	-9.0	22.7	-7.9	0.5	-8.6			
Home electronics and appliance								
stores	-2.6	-34.1	27.2	8.6	11.2			
Home centres and hardware stores	60.5	-29.2	-12.5	0.8	80.2			
Specialized building materials and	400.0	00.0	05.0	20.0	407.4			
garden stores	133.0	-20.2	-25.3	-26.8	107.4			
Supermarkets	10.8	-9.6	-8.6	12.4	6.3			
Convenience and specialty food								
stores	X	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Beer, wine and liquor stores	Х	X	X	Х	Х			
Pharmacies and personal care		5 0	4.0	4.0	5 0			
stores	5.5	-5.0	4.3	1.6	5.0			
Clothing stores	39.9	-49.5	32.4	23.7	38.7			
Shoe, clothing accessories and	20.0	E4.0	07.0	40.4	22.4			
jewellery stores	29.8	-54.6	27.2 30.1	19.1	33.1			
General merchandise stores	43.8	-47.1	30.1	9.0	49.0			
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	20.4	20.0	04.0	00.0	047			
book stores Miscellaneous store retailers	20.1 46.4	-38.9	21.2 -35.1	28.8 62.3	24.7			
wiscellaneous store retailers	46.4	-28.6	-35.1	02.3	36.8			
Total, all stores	31.6	-20.7	-7.3	7.6	33.4			

Table 3-3 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Prince Edward Island

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	II I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	e from previous year		
Trade group					
New car dealers	0.0	1.1	-9.0	5.7	-1.2
Used and recreational motor vehicle	0.0	•••	0.0		
and parts dealers	24.3	61.4	22.5	22.3	-23.1
Gasoline stations	6.9	9.5	7.9	22.1	19.8
Furniture stores	-19.3	3.2	-15.0	-19.8	-1.9
Home furnishings stores	-2.3	11.7	-0.3	-8.2	-31.2
Computer and software stores	3.3	3.8	-27.6	12.0	5.2
Home electronics and appliance	0.0	0.0	27.0	12.0	0.2
stores	-11.4	1.2	-10.2	-6.7	-2.4
Home centres and hardware stores	0.2	12.5	-1.9	-8.6	4.6
Specialized building materials and	0.2	12.5	-1.3	-0.0	4.0
garden stores	1.7	-9.5	5.4	9.6	13.0
Supermarkets	2.9	-9.5 -1.3	-0.2	9.6 1.5	2.2
Convenience and appoints food	2.9	-1.3	-0.2	1.3	2.2
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	Х	X	X	X	X
Beer, wine and liquor stores	Х	Х	X	X	X
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	6.1	5.6	13.6	-1.7	-4.6
Clothing stores	15.8	14.8	9.6	-1.9	-0.6
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	-10.8	-8.5	-3.6	-0.1	4.2
General merchandise stores	7.8	11.7	11.4	9.5	4.6
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	14.7	19.0	19.7	7.9	13.5
Miscellaneous store retailers	10.0	2.8	7.7	7.9	11.4
Total, all stores	4.0	5.5	2.7	4.2	2.8

Table 3-4 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — New Brunswick

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		mill	ions of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	462.2	347.3	327.5	422.9	485.5
Used and recreational motor vehicle				,	
and parts dealers	146.2	92.6	101.8	110.4	117.6
Gasoline stations	351.9	274.5	304.6	337.4	293.8
Furniture stores	30.3	24.8	32.4	28.2	30.1
Home furnishings stores	19.5	17.2	20.7	16.8	14.6
Computer and software stores	4.5	6.6	5.6	5.0	4.7
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	37.3	36.8	53.9	38.1	36.8
Home centres and hardware stores	136.3	85.2	115.4	137.7	127.6
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	29.0	13.3	18.2	24.1	23.8
Supermarkets	441.2	395.8	428.0	433.6	415.2
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	X	X	X	Х	X
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	Х	X
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	149.0	135.1	144.3	133.0	127.6
Clothing stores	62.7	46.2	84.9	60.7	57.2
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	18.4	14.6	28.4	18.7	16.9
General merchandise stores	257.8	198.3	336.5	236.3	238.4
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	30.9	28.5	48.3	36.3	30.1
Miscellaneous store retailers	30.9	29.8	41.7	34.1	33.5
Total, all stores	2,355.0	1,856.7	2,231.1	2,227.7	2,187.4

Table 3-4 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — New Brunswick

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	II I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	from previous quarte	er	
Frade group					
New car dealers	33.1	6.0	-22.6	-12.9	43.3
Jsed and recreational motor vehicle	33.1	0.0	0		.0.0
and parts dealers	58.0	-9.0	-7.8	-6.1	53.6
Gasoline stations	28.2	-9.9	-9.7	14.8	19.7
Furniture stores	22.2	-23.5	14.7	-6.2	12.4
Home furnishings stores	13.6	-17.2	23.1	15.5	13.4
Computer and software stores	-31.0	17.8	10.7	7.1	-23.9
Home electronics and appliance	01.0	11.0	10.7	***	20.0
stores	1.4	-31.8	41.4	3.8	11.9
lome centres and hardware stores	60.0	-26.2	-16.2	8.0	78.4
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	118.9	-27.0	-24.7	1.2	89.0
Supermarkets	11.5	-7.5	-1.3	4.4	6.8
Convenience and specialty food		_			
stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	X	X
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	10.3	-6.4	8.5	4.2	-4.5
Clothing stores	35.7	-45.5	39.8	6.1	33.2
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
iewellery stores	25.8	-48.6	51.7	10.5	37.6
General merchandise stores	30.0	-41.1	42.4	-0.9	31.2
Sporting goods, hobby, music and			· - ··	***	•
book stores	8.5	-41.0	33.3	20.5	2.1
Miscellaneous store retailers	3.4	-28.4	22.3	1.9	12.9
Total, all stores	26.8	-16.8	0.2	1.8	25.4

Table 3-4 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — New Brunswick

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	II I	IV	III	ll l
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	e from previous year		
Trade group					
New car dealers	-4.8	2.5	-0.5	7.3	9.2
Used and recreational motor vehicle	1.0	2.0	0.0	7.0	0.2
and parts dealers	24.3	20.8	3.7	3.9	11.7
Gasoline stations	19.7	11.8	17.7	25.7	14.8
Furniture stores	0.6	-7.5	-14.6	-12.3	-5.5
Home furnishings stores	33.8	33.6	7.8	4.3	6.7
Computer and software stores	-3.6	6.3	-1.2	0.6	0.7
Home electronics and appliance	-3.0	0.5	-1.2	0.0	0.7
stores	1.4	11.9	8.7	13.7	25.5
Home centres and hardware stores	6.9	19.2	2.3	12.2	25.5 7.4
Specialized building materials and	6.9	19.2	2.3	12.2	7.4
garden stores	21.7	5.1	-7.5	-8.5	-8.3
Supermarkets	6.3	1.8	3.0	1.5	0.6
Convenience and specialty food			***		
stores	Х	X	х	X	х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	X	X
Pharmacies and personal care				**	
stores	16.8	1.1	-3.2	0.9	0.2
Clothing stores	9.6	7.6	5.5	0.6	4.8
Shoe, clothing accessories and	0.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
iewellery stores	8.4	18.6	3.9	1.8	-2.5
General merchandise stores	8.1	9.1	4.4	3.8	4.0
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	0.1	3.1	7.7	3.0	4.0
book stores	2.8	2.2	15.6	10.2	10.0
		-3.3	15.6		
Miscellaneous store retailers	-7.8	0.7	-2.7	-0.4	-5.5
Total, all stores	7.7	6.4	3.9	6.8	5.8

Table 3-5
Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Nova Scotia

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter			
	II	ļ	IV	III	II			
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005			
	millions of dollars							
Trade group								
New car dealers	681.2	504.6	453.0	556.6	670.0			
Used and recreational motor vehicle								
and parts dealers	121.1	76.7	93.6	81.8	96.2			
Gasoline stations	310.9	238.8	262.6	299.8	261.9			
Furniture stores	37.7	33.8	44.2	36.1	33.3			
Home furnishings stores	26.4	21.8	34.7	25.8	21.0			
Computer and software stores	4.6	5.4	6.0	5.7	7.6			
Home electronics and appliance								
stores	50.3	45.5	71.3	50.3	45.3			
Home centres and hardware stores	197.5	127.8	165.6	190.5	178.3			
Specialized building materials and								
garden stores	34.6	19.9	26.5	32.3	38.0			
Supermarkets	X	X	X	X	Х			
Convenience and specialty food								
stores	X	X	X	X	Х			
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	X	Х			
Pharmacies and personal care								
stores	188.7	185.5	199.5	180.7	178.4			
Clothing stores	81.7	61.8	119.3	80.4	74.0			
Shoe, clothing accessories and								
jewellery stores	23.7	20.2	39.5	25.1	24.1			
General merchandise stores	302.3	238.3	421.2	297.9	290.5			
Sporting goods, hobby, music and								
book stores	58.9	45.8	72.7	55.2	52.6			
Miscellaneous store retailers	71.1	55.9	78.2	74.6	63.1			
Total, all stores	2,952.0	2,372.2	2,868.9	2,783.9	2,767.8			

Table 3-5 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Nova Scotia

1I 2006	l 2006	IV 2005	III	II		
2006	2006	2005	2005			
		=	2005	2005		
% change from previous quarter						
35.0	11.4	-18.6	-16.9	59.6		
58.0	-18.1	14.4	-15.0	60.3		
30.2	-9.1	-12.4	14.5	13.5		
11.8	-23.5	22.4	8.4	15.8		
21.3	-37.3	34.7	22.3	20.3		
-15.0	-10.2	5.1	-25.7	-2.2		
10.5	-36.2	41.7	11.1	14.1		
54.5	-22.8	-13.1	6.9	69.8		
74.3	-25.1	-18.0	-15.1	81.0		
X	X	X	X	Х		
X	Х	X	Х	X		
X	X	X	X	Х		
				2.2		
32.1	-48.2	48.4	8.7	35.9		
				34.1		
26.8	-43.4	41.4	2.6	26.9		
				14.9		
27.1	-28.5	4.9	18.3	17.5		
24.4	-17.3	3.1	0.6	27.2		
	58.0 30.2 11.8 21.3 -15.0 10.5 54.5 74.3 x x x 1.8 32.1 17.6 26.8 28.5 27.1	58.0 -18.1 30.2 -9.1 11.8 -23.5 21.3 -37.3 -15.0 -10.2 10.5 -36.2 54.5 -22.8 74.3 -25.1	58.0 -18.1 14.4 30.2 -9.1 -12.4 11.8 -23.5 22.4 21.3 -37.3 34.7 -15.0 -10.2 5.1 10.5 -36.2 41.7 54.5 -22.8 -13.1 74.3 -25.1 -18.0 X X X	58.0 -18.1 14.4 -15.0 30.2 -9.1 -12.4 14.5 11.8 -23.5 22.4 8.4 21.3 -37.3 34.7 22.3 -15.0 -10.2 5.1 -25.7 10.5 -36.2 41.7 11.1 54.5 -22.8 -13.1 6.9 74.3 -25.1 -18.0 -15.1 X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		

Table 3-5 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Nova Scotia

	Quarter ^p	Quarter Quarter IV	Quarter	Quarter III	Quarter II		
	II		IV				
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005		
	% change from previous year						
Trade group							
New car dealers	1.7	20.2	2.8	-1.2	2.4		
Used and recreational motor vehicle							
and parts dealers	25.9	27.7	-0.8	-5.3	-6.5		
Gasoline stations	18.7	3.5	-1.1	3.0	-0.4		
Furniture stores	13.4	17.4	3.1	-2.0	0.0		
Home furnishings stores	25.5	24.4	19.1	-0.1	-5.4		
Computer and software stores	-40.4	-31.4	-26.7	-20.0	4.8		
Home electronics and appliance							
stores	11.1	14.7	15.3	10.9	16.9		
Home centres and hardware stores	10.8	21.8	1.8	4.6	5.0		
Specialized building materials and							
garden stores	-9.0	-5.5	-15.1	-9.7	-7.2		
Supermarkets	x	Х	x	Х	Х		
Convenience and specialty food							
stores	χ	X	Х	Х	Х		
Beer, wine and liquor stores	χ	Х	Х	Х	х		
Pharmacies and personal care							
stores	5.8	6.2	4.0	5.0	4.0		
Clothing stores	10.4	13.5	8.0	0.8	1.4		
Shoe, clothing accessories and							
jewellery stores	-1.4	12.5	4.0	1.5	1.3		
General merchandise stores	4.0	4.1	2.2	3.6	-0.2		
Sporting goods, hobby, music and							
book stores	11.9	0.0	5.3	0.9	4.8		
Miscellaneous store retailers	12.6	4.2	8.0	4.2	5.2		
	_				-		
Total, all stores	6.7	9.0	4.2	3.2	2.8		

Table 3-6 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Quebec

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter		
	ll .	I	IV	III	II		
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005		
	millions of dollars						
Trade group							
New car dealers	4,683.8	3,292.5	3,354.8	3,982.4	4,852.4		
Used and recreational motor	,	-,	-,	- /	,		
vehicle and parts dealers	1,379.7	656.7	739.4	1,063.5	1,357.2		
Gasoline stations	2,480.9	2,087.9	2,162.5	2,439.5	2,121.4		
Furniture stores	721.9	591.6	693.6	688.3	679.9		
Home furnishings stores	227.0	199.0	271.2	211.5	207.3		
Computer and software stores	95.0	116.3	127.8	108.8	101.8		
Home electronics and appliance							
stores	414.9	379.8	566.7	411.9	387.9		
Home centres and hardware stores	1,586.0	785.2	1,120.9	1,333.1	1,467.4		
Specialized building materials and							
garden stores	226.3	102.2	151.2	189.6	216.0		
Supermarkets	3,715.5	3,463.4	3,643.7	3,651.0	3,589.5		
Convenience and specialty food							
stores	919.1	756.5	840.8	941.1	927.7		
Beer, wine and liquor stores	542.3	449.2	730.5	550.2	507.7		
Pharmacies and personal care							
stores	1,890.8	1,677.7	1,727.6	1,606.0	1,611.4		
Clothing stores	1,067.4	762.5	1,193.6	999.1	1,049.8		
Shoe, clothing accessories and							
jewellery stores	280.2	205.9	364.1	272.1	278.5		
General merchandise stores	2,291.4	1,718.4	2,585.9	2,063.0	2,194.8		
Sporting goods, hobby, music and							
book stores	509.9	439.0	610.7	543.4	462.1		
Miscellaneous store retailers	638.6	471.1	550.6	544.1	551.2		
Total, all stores	23,670.7	18,155.0	21,435.7	21,598.5	22,563.7		

Table 3-6 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Quebec

	Quarter ^p II	Quarter I	Quarter IV	Quarter III	Quarter II		
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005		
	% change from previous quarter						
Trade group							
New car dealers	42.3	-1.9	-15.8	-17.9	43.8		
Used and recreational motor vehicle							
and parts dealers	110.1	-11.2	-30.5	-21.6	115.6		
Gasoline stations	18.8	-3.5	-11.4	15.0	14.7		
Furniture stores	22.0	-14.7	0.8	1.2	23.8		
Home furnishings stores	14.1	-26.6	28.2	2.0	19.9		
Computer and software stores	-18.3	-9.0	17.5	6.9	-9.9		
Home electronics and appliance							
stores	9.2	-33.0	37.6	6.2	6.1		
Home centres and hardware stores Specialized building materials and	102.0	-30.0	-15.9	-9.2	96.1		
garden stores	121.4	-32.4	-20.3	-12.2	108.3		
Supermarkets	7.3	-4.9	-0.2	1.7	6.7		
Convenience and specialty food	7.5	-4.3	-0.2	1.7	0.7		
stores	21.5	-10.0	-10.7	1.5	19.4		
Beer, wine and liquor stores	20.7	-38.5	32.8	8.4	20.0		
Pharmacies and personal care	20.1	-30.5	32.0	0.4	20.0		
stores	12.7	-2.9	7.6	-0.3	6.4		
Clothing stores	40.0	-36.1	19.5	-4.8	39.7		
Shoe, clothing accessories and	.0.0	00			00		
iewellery stores	36.1	-43.5	33.8	-2.3	42.2		
General merchandise stores	33.3	-33.5	25.3	-6.0	30.6		
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	00.0	00.0	20.0	0.0	00.0		
book stores	16.2	-28.1	12.4	17.6	14.0		
Miscellaneous store retailers	35.6	-14.4	1.2	-1.3	20.4		
Total, all stores	30.4	-15.3	-0.8	-4.3	29.1		

Table 3-6 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Quebec

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter				
	II	I	IV	III	II				
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005				
	% change from previous year								
Trade group									
New car dealers	-3.5	-2.4	3.7	-1.6	8.0				
Used and recreational motor vehicle									
and parts dealers	1.7	4.3	-8.6	6.8	9.0				
Gasoline stations	16.9	12.9	10.0	21.8	10.2				
Furniture stores	6.2	7.7	5.7	4.4	3.8				
Home furnishings stores	9.5	15.0	15.2	15.1	17.0				
Computer and software stores	-6.6	2.9	9.4	6.7	4.0				
Home electronics and appliance									
stores	7.0	3.9	-0.1	-3.2	4.6				
Home centres and hardware stores	8.1	4.9	6.4	12.0	14.0				
Specialized building materials and									
garden stores	4.8	-1.4	-8.4	-4.4	-3.4				
Supermarkets	3.5	3.0	3.6	9.5	11.0				
Convenience and specialty food									
stores	-0.9	-2.6	-3.0	-0.3	7.4				
Beer, wine and liquor stores	6.8	6.2	24.4	2.4	7.0				
Pharmacies and personal care		•							
stores	17.3	10.8	6.5	9.5	8.6				
Clothing stores	1.7	1.5	2.3	7.6	12.8				
Shoe, clothing accessories and									
jewellery stores	0.6	5.1	0.9	2.4	1.5				
General merchandise stores	4.4	2.3	-0.5	-1.2	-0.1				
Sporting goods, hobby, music and			0.0		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
book stores	10.3	8.3	6.6	4.9	3.8				
Miscellaneous store retailers	15.9	2.9	4.6	-1.8	-2.0				
moconario de otoro rotalioro	10.0	2.0	4.0	1.0	2.0				
Total, all stores	4.9	3.9	3.9	5.7	7.7				

Table 3-7 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Ontario

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	II I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		mil	ions of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	7,300.1	5,887.0	5,943.6	6,979.9	7,579.5
Used and recreational motor	7,000.1	0,007.0	0,040.0	0,070.0	7,070.0
vehicle and parts dealers	1,698.9	1,153.4	1,197.7	1,340.8	1,568.9
Gasoline stations	3.897.5	3,193.5	3,424.6	3.681.1	3,194.9
Furniture stores	805.6	731.0	884.8	859.6	769.4
Home furnishings stores	534.9	494.9	629.4	516.8	486.0
Computer and software stores	105.4	124.9	123.4	104.8	100.0
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	838.3	837.0	1,316.5	957.1	809.6
Home centres and hardware stores	1,987.7	1,256.4	1,587.8	1,713.4	1,807.1
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	491.0	326.8	385.9	478.9	509.1
Supermarkets	5,296.3	4,810.3	5,470.4	5,471.7	5,387.5
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	767.4	611.5	679.2	689.4	672.8
Beer, wine and liquor stores	1,584.8	1,237.7	1,779.2	1,758.2	1,524.1
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	2,670.3	2,459.2	2,689.7	2,417.4	2,367.3
Clothing stores	1,688.7	1,248.5	2,133.1	1,527.9	1,592.4
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	554.6	400.8	715.5	527.1	532.2
General merchandise stores	4,683.0	3,563.6	5,505.6	4,228.9	4,377.7
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	804.4	758.9	1,193.6	867.4	778.0
Miscellaneous store retailers	944.0	792.8	976.7	880.8	900.3
Total, all stores	36,652.9	29,888.3	36,635.6	35,001.1	34,957.1

Table 3-7 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Ontario

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II .	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	from previous quarte	er	
Trade group					
New car dealers	24.0	-1.0	-14.8	-7.9	32.0
Used and recreational motor vehicle					
and parts dealers	47.3	-3.7	-10.7	-14.5	53.6
Gasoline stations	22.0	-6.7	-7.0	15.2	12.6
Furniture stores	10.2	-17.4	2.9	11.7	14.8
Home furnishings stores	8.1	-21.4	21.8	6.3	13.2
Computer and software stores	-15.6	1.2	17.7	4.8	-18.5
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	0.1	-36.4	37.5	18.2	4.6
Home centres and hardware stores	58.2	-20.9	-7.3	-5.2	67.1
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	50.3	-15.3	-19.4	-5.9	80.6
Supermarkets	10.1	-12.1	0.0	1.6	5.4
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	25.5	-10.0	-1.5	2.5	11.6
Beer, wine and liquor stores	28.0	-30.4	1.2	15.4	27.7
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	8.6	-8.6	11.3	2.1	3.9
Clothing stores	35.3	-41.5	39.6	-4.1	33.3
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	38.4	-44.0	35.8	-1.0	44.3
General merchandise stores	31.4	-35.3	30.2	-3.4	30.6
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	6.0	-36.4	37.6	11.5	4.6
Miscellaneous store retailers	19.1	-18.8	10.9	-2.2	17.8
Total, all stores	22.6	-18.4	4.7	0.1	22.4

Table 3-7 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Ontario

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter			
	II		IV	III	II			
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005			
	% change from previous year							
Trade group								
New car dealers	-3.7	2.5	2.1	6.1	6.4			
Used and recreational motor vehicle								
and parts dealers	8.3	12.9	3.6	3.3	9.3			
Gasoline stations	22.0	12.6	15.6	23.3	9.8			
Furniture stores	4.7	9.1	3.3	3.0	2.4			
Home furnishings stores	10.0	15.3	1.7	2.7	1.0			
Computer and software stores	5.4	1.8	-9.0	-16.5	-10.7			
Home electronics and appliance								
stores	3.5	8.2	3.4	7.8	5.1			
Home centres and hardware stores	10.0	16.2	9.2	4.6	7.2			
Specialized building materials and								
garden stores	-3.6	15.9	2.8	3.0	4.7			
Supermarkets	-1.7	-5.9	0.8	4.2	4.9			
Convenience and specialty food								
stores	14.0	1.4	-1.4	1.8	2.3			
Beer, wine and liquor stores	4.0	3.7	2.9	3.0	3.4			
Pharmacies and personal care	-		-					
stores	12.8	7.9	9.0	6.5	5.0			
Clothing stores	6.1	4.5	3.0	-1.2	4.6			
Shoe, clothing accessories and								
jewellery stores	4.2	8.6	6.8	3.5	-0.6			
General merchandise stores	7.0	6.3	3.3	3.0	3.2			
Sporting goods, hobby, music and		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2			
book stores	3.4	2.1	5.5	7.8	6.9			
Miscellaneous store retailers	4.9	3.7	-3.3	-4.2	2.7			
micosianosas store rotaliore	4.0	0.7	0.0	7.2	2.1			
Total, all stores	4.9	4.6	4.1	5.7	5.3			

Table 3-8 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Manitoba

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	1	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		mill	ions of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	687.3	506.7	527.8	668.5	682.8
Used and recreational motor vehicle	007.0	000	020	000.0	002.0
and parts dealers	189.5	101.1	94.8	125.6	143.0
Gasoline stations	387.0	302.5	326.5	358.0	324.5
Furniture stores	58.6	55.1	62.6	55.6	54.7
Home furnishings stores	39.8	32.0	44.0	40.8	38.1
Computer and software stores	9.5	10.4	11.0	10.5	11.6
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	79.4	77.2	113.9	82.6	75.7
Home centres and hardware stores	238.5	144.0	190.1	219.1	202.1
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	68.0	41.6	62.7	77.7	80.2
Supermarkets	616.8	573.2	643.4	629.5	617.2
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	44.9	38.5	47.5	50.5	56.1
Beer, wine and liquor stores	143.7	106.1	146.7	139.2	132.6
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	162.8	157.2	163.3	142.8	137.2
Clothing stores	106.5	80.4	133.3	99.3	98.5
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	33.7	28.8	45.3	30.9	32.5
General merchandise stores	470.2	367.3	522.2	409.7	414.4
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	71.1	63.5	96.5	67.7	64.9
Miscellaneous store retailers	84.0	61.6	77.9	69.9	70.1
Total, all stores	3,491.5	2,747.0	3,309.6	3,278.1	3,236.2

Table 3-8 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Manitoba

	Quarter ^p II	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
		I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	from previous quarte	er	
Trade group					
New car dealers	35.6	-4.0	-21.1	-2.1	30.0
Jsed and recreational motor vehicle					
and parts dealers	87.4	6.7	-24.5	-12.2	76.0
Gasoline stations	28.0	-7.4	-8.8	10.3	16.0
Furniture stores	6.5	-12.1	12.5	1.8	18.2
Home furnishings stores	24.4	-27.4	7.8	7.2	26.8
Computer and software stores	-8.3	-6.0	5.1	-9.5	-4.9
Home electronics and appliance			-		
stores	2.9	-32.3	37.9	9.2	11.1
Home centres and hardware stores	65.6	-24.2	-13.2	8.4	80.3
Specialized building materials and					-
garden stores	63.7	-33.8	-19.2	-3.2	71.7
Supermarkets	7.6	-10.9	2.2	2.0	4.9
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	16.6	-19.0	-5.9	-9.9	10.6
Beer, wine and liquor stores	35.4	-27.6	5.4	5.0	30.9
Pharmacies and personal care	00.4	27.0	0.4	0.0	00.0
stores	3.6	-3.8	14.4	4.0	2.8
Clothing stores	32.5	-39.7	34.2	0.8	30.7
Shoe, clothing accessories and	02.0	00.1	04.2	0.0	00.7
jewellery stores	17.0	-36.4	46.5	-4.7	29.3
General merchandise stores	28.0	-29.7	27.4	-1.1	26.5
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	20.0	-25.1	21.7	-1.1	20.0
book stores	12.0	-34.2	42.5	4.4	14.8
Miscellaneous store retailers	36.4	-21.0	11.4	-0.2	22.2
viiscenarieous store retailers	30.4	-21.0	11.4	-0.2	22.2
Total, all stores	27.1	-17.0	1.0	1.3	23.6

Table 3-8 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Manitoba

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	from previous year		
Trade group					_
New car dealers	0.7	-3.5	-2.5	10.3	2.7
Used and recreational motor vehicle					
and parts dealers	32.5	24.5	7.7	27.6	29.1
Gasoline stations	19.3	8.1	14.4	23.2	15.5
Furniture stores	7.3	19.1	3.8	-0.3	7.5
Home furnishings stores	4.4	6.4	7.0	5.8	7.3
Computer and software stores	-18.0	-15.0	-10.5	-5.1	8.6
Home electronics and appliance	10.0	10.0	10.0	0.1	0.0
stores	5.0	13.3	13.2	9.1	8.3
Home centres and hardware stores	18.0	28.5	14.9	12.7	15.9
Specialized building materials and	10.0	20.0	14.0	12.7	10.0
garden stores	-15.2	-11.0	32.6	33.9	25.4
Supermarkets	-0.1	-2.5	2.7	5.2	2.7
Convenience and specialty food	-0.1	-2.5	2.1	3.2	2.1
stores	-20.0	-24.1	-14.6	-14.6	-1.7
Beer, wine and liquor stores	-20.0 8.4	4.8	2.9	1.3	0.4
Pharmacies and personal care	0.4	4.0	2.9	1.3	0.4
•	18.6	17.7	8.0	4.2	-0.2
stores			5.9	0.3	
Clothing stores	8.1	6.6	5.9	0.3	6.3
Shoe, clothing accessories and	0.0	440	0.7	0.0	0.0
jewellery stores	3.9	14.8	0.7	0.2	3.0
General merchandise stores	13.5	12.1	6.0	6.4	4.8
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	9.6	12.3	7.2	5.1	4.8
Miscellaneous store retailers	19.8	7.3	11.1	-5.8	-5.7
Total, all stores	7.9	5.0	5.4	8.8	6.3

Table 3-9
Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Saskatchewan

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II		IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		mill	ions of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	621.9	468.0	485.8	592.3	612.5
Used and recreational motor vehicle	021.0	100.0	100.0	002.0	012.0
and parts dealers	212.3	120.9	105.3	142.0	184.0
Gasoline stations	449.7	359.8	404.1	449.5	392.1
Furniture stores	40.3	36.2	46.0	45.7	40.4
Home furnishings stores	28.9	26.9	36.2	29.5	28.2
Computer and software stores	10.3	10.9	10.2	9.1	7.8
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	70.5	65.0	92.7	67.9	56.7
Home centres and hardware stores	200.5	103.0	140.0	148.1	144.5
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	89.7	33.6	48.6	63.6	98.9
Supermarkets	467.1	438.7	498.8	490.1	484.6
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	44.8	37.7	39.1	39.4	39.4
Beer, wine and liquor stores	114.1	86.2	119.2	124.7	106.3
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	130.3	133.8	153.8	142.3	142.6
Clothing stores	88.0	67.2	106.6	82.7	85.4
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	25.9	19.8	36.6	23.4	25.5
General merchandise stores	438.3	330.8	469.3	390.3	395.5
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	43.2	36.6	53.6	38.0	35.3
Miscellaneous store retailers	48.6	40.8	54.3	49.6	54.4
Total, all stores	3,124.3	2,416.0	2,900.1	2,928.1	2,934.0

Table 3-9 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Saskatchewan

2006 32.9	1 2006 % change t	IV 2005 from previous quarte	III 2005 er	II 2005
				2005
32.9	% change t	from previous quarte	er	
32.9				
32.9				
	-3.6	-18.0	-3.3	32.5
75.6	14.8	-25.9	-22.8	88.0
25.0	-11.0	-10.1	14.7	18.5
11.2	-21.2	0.6	13.2	20.1
7.5	-25.6	22.5	4.6	31.0
-5.0	6.4	12.4	16.0	-11.1
8.4	-29.9	36.5	19.7	13.0
94.5	-26.4	-5.5	2.4	100.2
			-35.7	238.7
6.5	-12.1	1.8	1.1	8.6
				19.4
32.4	-27.7	-4.4	17.3	25.3
				4.6
31.0	-37.0	29.0	-3.2	25.4
				34.4
32.5	-29.5	20.2	-1.3	32.0
				16.7
19.3	-24.9	9.4	-8.8	16.9
29.3	-16.7	-1.0	-0.2	29.2
	25.0 11.2 7.5 -5.0 8.4 94.5 167.0 6.5 18.8 32.4 -2.6 31.0 30.4 32.5 17.9 19.3	25.0 -11.0 11.2 -21.2 7.5 -25.6 -5.0 6.4 8.4 -29.9 94.5 -26.4 167.0 -30.9 6.5 -12.1 18.8 -3.6 32.4 -27.7 -2.6 -13.0 31.0 -37.0 30.4 -45.8 32.5 -29.5 17.9 -31.7 19.3 -24.9	25.0 -11.0 -10.1 11.2 -21.2 0.6 7.5 -25.6 22.5 -5.0 6.4 12.4 8.4 -29.9 36.5 94.5 -26.4 -5.5 167.0 -30.9 -23.5 6.5 -12.1 1.8 18.8 -3.6 -0.7 32.4 -27.7 -4.4 -2.6 -13.0 8.0 31.0 -37.0 29.0 30.4 -45.8 56.4 32.5 -29.5 20.2 17.9 -31.7 41.2 19.3 -24.9 9.4	25.0 -11.0 -10.1 14.7 11.2 -21.2 0.6 13.2 7.5 -25.6 22.5 4.6 -5.0 6.4 12.4 16.0 8.4 -29.9 36.5 19.7 94.5 -26.4 -5.5 2.4 167.0 -30.9 -23.5 -35.7 6.5 -12.1 1.8 1.1 18.8 -3.6 -0.7 -0.1 32.4 -27.7 -4.4 17.3 -2.6 -13.0 8.0 -0.2 31.0 -37.0 29.0 -3.2 30.4 -45.8 56.4 -8.1 32.5 -29.5 20.2 -1.3 17.9 -31.7 41.2 7.7 19.3 -24.9 9.4 -8.8

Table 3-9 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Saskatchewan

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter				
	II	II I	IV	III	II				
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005				
	% change from previous year								
Trade group									
New car dealers	1.5	1.2	-6.8	8.4	1.1				
Used and recreational motor vehicle	_			-					
and parts dealers	15.4	23.5	-7.5	7.4	17.7				
Gasoline stations	14.7	8.8	12.4	21.0	13.2				
Furniture stores	-0.3	7.7	-0.5	7.3	8.3				
Home furnishings stores	2.5	25.0	23.0	5.6	5.4				
Computer and software stores	31.9	23.4	11.0	-1.6	6.6				
Home electronics and appliance	01.0	20.1	11.0	1.0	0.0				
stores	24.2	29.5	15.9	22.3	15.6				
Home centres and hardware stores	38.7	42.7	36.7	23.6	26.8				
Specialized building materials and	30.7	72.1	30.7	20.0	20.0				
garden stores	-9.4	15.0	18.0	36.4	62.2				
Supermarkets	-3.6	-1.7	3.9	4.5	4.1				
	-3.0	-1.7	3.9	4.5	4.1				
Convenience and specialty food	40.7	440	0.0	40.0	2.0				
stores	13.7	14.3	-6.0	-10.2	-3.6				
Beer, wine and liquor stores	7.3	1.6	4.2	3.5	5.1				
Pharmacies and personal care	0.0	4.0	0.0	7.0					
stores	-8.6	-1.8	2.3	7.6	9.2				
Clothing stores	3.1	-1.3	-2.8	0.8	5.6				
Shoe, clothing accessories and									
jewellery stores	1.6	4.7	1.6	2.7	1.8				
General merchandise stores	10.8	10.4	11.7	14.4	13.1				
Sporting goods, hobby, music and									
book stores	22.4	21.2	2.3	-5.2	5.3				
Miscellaneous store retailers	-10.6	-12.4	7.5	14.9	1.0				
Total, all stores	6.5	6.4	5.2	10.6	9.3				

Table 3-10 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Alberta

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		millio	ons of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	3,586.9	2,780.7	2,744.3	3,098.5	3,033.4
Used and recreational motor vehicle	3,000.0	_,	_,,	0,000.0	0,000.
and parts dealers	1,308.2	578.7	495.9	677.8	842.1
Gasoline stations	1,590.8	1,323.4	1,335.7	1,410.9	1.172.7
Furniture stores	345.9	311.5	376.0	340.1	292.8
Home furnishings stores	193.6	173.1	194.1	151.8	143.9
Computer and software stores	60.8	76.6	91.8	74.1	66.3
Home electronics and appliance	00.0	70.0	01.0	77.1	00.0
stores	468.0	445.3	631.8	469.9	407.0
Home centres and hardware stores	769.1	485.5	588.7	641.7	650.5
Specialized building materials and	700.1	400.0	000.7	041.7	000.0
garden stores	207.1	131.5	135.1	183.7	220.5
Supermarkets	2,118.8	1,982.5	2,161.2	2,060.1	2,003.3
Convenience and specialty food	2,110.0	1,002.0	2,101.2	2,000.1	2,000.0
stores	223.2	193.0	207.4	216.4	208.5
Beer, wine and liquor stores	413.1	312.3	412.4	387.6	358.1
Pharmacies and personal care	413.1	312.3	712.7	307.0	330.1
stores	545.7	517.3	554.8	510.9	508.1
Clothing stores	546.3	434.3	670.9	515.8	466.0
Shoe, clothing accessories and	340.3	404.0	070.9	313.0	400.0
jewellery stores	167.3	132.6	205.6	144.2	134.3
General merchandise stores	1,553.1	1,220.3	1,701.6	1,315.8	1,316.2
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	1,555.1	1,220.3	1,701.0	1,313.0	1,310.2
book stores	384.5	290.7	411.9	342.0	367.0
Miscellaneous store retailers	384.5 331.5	290.7 285.2	346.1	342.0 310.6	307.3
wiscenarieous store retailers	331.3	∠05.∠	340.1	310.0	307.3
Total, all stores	14,813.8	11,674.4	13,265.3	12,851.9	12,498.1

Table 3-10 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Alberta

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter			
		II I	IV	III	II			
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005			
	% change from previous quarter							
Trade group								
New car dealers	29.0	1.3	-11.4	2.1	29.3			
Used and recreational motor vehicle								
and parts dealers	126.1	16.7	-26.8	-19.5	91.6			
Gasoline stations	20.2	-0.9	-5.3	20.3	11.8			
Furniture stores	11.0	-17.2	10.6	16.1	11.1			
Home furnishings stores	11.8	-10.8	27.9	5.5	16.7			
Computer and software stores	-20.7	-16.6	24.0	11.7	-7.7			
Home electronics and appliance								
stores	5.1	-29.5	34.5	15.5	8.5			
Home centres and hardware stores	58.4	-17.5	-8.3	-1.4	71.2			
Specialized building materials and								
garden stores	57.5	-2.7	-26.5	-16.7	77.8			
Supermarkets	6.9	-8.3	4.9	2.8	8.4			
Convenience and specialty food								
stores	15.6	-6.9	-4.1	3.8	17.2			
Beer, wine and liquor stores	32.3	-24.3	6.4	8.3	31.9			
Pharmacies and personal care								
stores	5.5	-6.8	8.6	0.6	3.7			
Clothing stores	25.8	-35.3	30.1	10.7	24.6			
Shoe, clothing accessories and								
jewellery stores	26.2	-35.5	42.6	7.4	26.1			
General merchandise stores	27.3	-28.3	29.3	0.0	23.7			
Sporting goods, hobby, music and								
book stores	32.3	-29.4	20.5	-6.8	43.0			
Miscellaneous store retailers	16.3	-17.6	11.4	1.1	20.0			
Total, all stores	26.9	-12.0	3.2	2.8	24.8			

Table 3-10 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Alberta

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	e from previous year		
Trade group					
New car dealers	18.2	18.5	12.1	21.3	17.8
Used and recreational motor vehicle					
and parts dealers	55.4	31.7	17.9	23.9	32.4
Gasoline stations	35.7	26.1	22.9	28.7	13.9
Furniture stores	18.1	18.1	14.7	17.6	14.7
Home furnishings stores	34.5	40.4	14.8	10.0	10.5
Computer and software stores	-8.3	6.6	27.4	20.8	10.5
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	15.0	18.7	21.3	29.0	27.2
Home centres and hardware stores	18.2	27.7	19.2	13.6	18.2
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	-6.1	6.0	-12.0	-0.5	16.8
Supermarkets	5.8	7.3	8.2	6.7	4.8
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	7.0	8.5	9.8	7.1	4.2
Beer, wine and liquor stores	15.4	15.0	9.1	11.5	6.2
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	7.4	5.6	-2.8	4.2	3.1
Clothing stores	17.2	16.1	17.3	11.8	11.7
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	24.6	24.5	15.1	9.4	8.3
General merchandise stores	18.0	14.7	8.7	6.5	6.7
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					***
book stores	4.8	13.3	16.5	15.6	22.1
Miscellaneous store retailers	7.9	11.4	5.2	1.1	-5.7
	_		-		
Total, all stores	18.5	16.5	12.2	14.7	12.7

Table 3-11
Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — British Columbia

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	l l	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		mill	ions of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	2,602.4	2,161.5	2,102.2	2,536.1	2,623.0
Used and recreational motor	2,002. 1	2,101.0	2,102.2	2,000.1	2,020.0
vehicle and parts dealers	581.7	406.9	407.9	460.3	465.7
Gasoline stations	1.572.3	1.257.0	1.385.7	1.590.3	1.382.9
Furniture stores	282.8	282.0	325.4	293.9	266.6
Home furnishings stores	201.4	189.1	237.2	186.4	171.2
Computer and software stores	56.6	56.1	63.5	52.3	53.1
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	423.9	383.0	544.8	402.7	360.9
Home centres and hardware stores	751.9	535.4	569.4	621.4	609.7
Specialized building materials and		000		02	000
garden stores	252.4	141.5	146.9	200.5	220.4
Supermarkets	2,391.3	2,221.6	2,423.8	2,351.1	2,288.6
Convenience and specialty food	_,	_,	_,	_,	_,
stores	262.4	236.4	267.6	268.8	251.6
Beer, wine and liquor stores	646.8	509.0	659.4	676.6	593.9
Pharmacies and personal care	0.0.0	000.0		0.0.0	000.0
stores	723.3	716.2	810.7	691.6	667.3
Clothing stores	552.0	438.4	656.2	532.3	491.0
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	166.9	135.9	201.6	156.8	151.2
General merchandise stores	1,429.0	1,169.1	1,644.9	1,351.0	1,320.0
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	.,.2010	.,	.,	.,000	1,02010
book stores	387.6	378.0	506.2	385.6	341.7
Miscellaneous store retailers	365.3	339.8	412.8	393.4	364.7
Total, all stores	13,649.9	11,557.1	13,366.5	13,151.1	12,623.4

Table 3-11 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — British Columbia

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	from previous quarte	er	
Trade group					
New car dealers	20.4	2.8	-17.1	-3.3	28.1
Used and recreational motor vehicle	-				_
and parts dealers	42.9	-0.3	-11.4	-1.2	28.0
Gasoline stations	25.1	-9.3	-12.9	15.0	15.6
Furniture stores	0.3	-13.3	10.7	10.2	9.3
Home furnishings stores	6.5	-20.3	27.3	8.9	7.8
Computer and software stores	0.9	-11.7	21.5	-1.6	-3.2
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	10.7	-29.7	35.3	11.6	3.6
Home centres and hardware stores	40.5	-6.0	-8.4	1.9	41.2
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	78.3	-3.7	-26.7	-9.0	58.3
Supermarkets	7.6	-8.3	3.1	2.7	5.8
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	11.0	-11.7	-0.4	6.8	12.5
Beer, wine and liquor stores	27.1	-22.8	-2.5	13.9	23.1
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	1.0	-11.7	17.2	3.7	4.9
Clothing stores	25.9	-33.2	23.3	8.4	17.7
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	22.8	-32.6	28.5	3.7	20.1
General merchandise stores	22.2	-28.9	21.8	2.3	20.1
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	2.5	-25.3	31.3	12.9	7.9
Miscellaneous store retailers	7.5	-17.7	4.9	7.9	12.3
Total, all stores	18.1	-13.5	1.6	4.2	17.2

Table 3-11 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — British Columbia

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	1	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	e from previous year		
Trade group					
New car dealers	-0.8	5.6	0.9	10.6	7.4
Used and recreational motor vehicle					
and parts dealers	24.9	11.8	0.8	-4.5	-13.7
Gasoline stations	13.7	5.1	15.4	19.8	12.4
Furniture stores	6.0	15.6	8.3	7.9	8.6
Home furnishings stores	17.7	19.1	19.6	5.7	10.6
Computer and software stores	6.6	2.2	8.2	-6.9	6.8
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	17.4	9.9	0.7	6.6	13.3
Home centres and hardware stores	23.3	23.9	12.7	12.1	12.2
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	14.5	1.6	-10.6	-2.4	-6.0
Supermarkets	4.5	2.7	3.4	3.8	3.2
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	4.3	5.7	16.5	17.0	12.0
Beer, wine and liquor stores	8.9	5.5	7.9	7.3	3.8
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	8.4	12.6	6.5	1.5	-0.6
Clothing stores	12.4	5.1	5.6	4.9	3.4
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	10.4	8.0	3.7	2.1	1.1
General merchandise stores	8.3	6.3	6.7	4.9	3.9
Sporting goods, hobby, music and			-		
book stores	13.5	19.4	9.9	5.0	2.4
Miscellaneous store retailers	0.2	4.7	6.8	-1.1	2.6
	-				
Total, all stores	8.1	7.3	6.0	7.2	4.9

Table 3-12 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Yukon Territory

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		milli	ons of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	20.7	12.6	12.1	17.2	21.9
Used and recreational motor vehicle		0			
and parts dealers	X	Х	Х	Х	х
Gasoline stations	X	X	X	X	X
Furniture stores	x	Х	Х	Х	х
Home furnishings stores	x	X	Х	Х	Х
Computer and software stores	x	X	Х	Х	Х
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	x	X	Х	Х	Х
Home centres and hardware stores	X	X	Х	Х	X
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	X	X	Х	Х	X
Supermarkets	X	X	Х	Х	X
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	X	X	Х	Х	X
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	Х	Х
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	X	X	Х	X	Х
Clothing stores	X	X	Х	X	Х
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	X	X	X	Х	Х
General merchandise stores	X	X	X	14.7	14.5
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	X	Х	X	X	Х
Miscellaneous store retailers	Х	Х	X	X	х
Total, all stores	122.0	88.9	111.0	123.1	119.6

Table 3-12 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Yukon Territory

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter				
			IV	III	II.				
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005				
	% change from previous quarter								
Frade group									
New car dealers	64.6	4.0	-29.7	-21.7	55.5				
Jsed and recreational motor vehicle									
and parts dealers	x	X	Х	Х	х				
Gasoline stations	x	X	Х	Х	х				
urniture stores	X	Х	Х	Х	х				
lome furnishings stores	x	X	X	Х	X				
Computer and software stores	x	X	X	X	х				
lome electronics and appliance									
stores	x	X	X	Х	>				
lome centres and hardware stores	x	X	X	X	>				
Specialized building materials and									
garden stores	x	X	X	X	Х				
Supermarkets	x	X	X	X	>				
Convenience and specialty food									
stores	x	X	X	X	Х				
Beer, wine and liquor stores	x	X	X	X	Х				
harmacies and personal care									
stores	X	X	Х	Х	х				
Clothing stores	X	X	Х	Х	х				
Shoe, clothing accessories and									
jewellery stores	X	X	Х	Х	х				
General merchandise stores	X	X	Х	1.5	38.7				
Sporting goods, hobby, music and									
book stores	Х	X	Х	Х	Х				
liscellaneous store retailers	X	X	Х	X	х				
otal, all stores	37.2	-19.9	-9.9	2.9	33.5				

Table 3-12 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Yukon Territory

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter					
	II	I	IV	III	II					
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005					
		% change from previous year								
Trade group										
New car dealers	-5.8	-11.0	-13.8	6.4	17.2					
Used and recreational motor vehicle				• • •						
and parts dealers	Х	X	Х	Х	х					
Gasoline stations	X	X	X	X	X					
Furniture stores	X	X	X	X	X					
Home furnishings stores	X	X	X	X	X					
Computer and software stores	X	X	X	X	X					
Home electronics and appliance										
stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	х					
Home centres and hardware stores	X	X	X	X	X					
Specialized building materials and										
garden stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	х					
Supermarkets	X	X	X	X	X					
Convenience and specialty food		•	*	•						
stores	Х	X	Х	Х	х					
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	X	X					
Pharmacies and personal care	^	^	^	^	^					
stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	х					
Clothing stores	X	X	X	X	X					
Shoe, clothing accessories and		•	*	•	•					
jewellery stores	Х	Х	х	Х	х					
General merchandise stores	X	X	X	-7.0	-3.3					
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	^	^	^	1.0	-0.0					
book stores	х	х	х	х	х					
Miscellaneous store retailers	X	X	X	X	X					
viisooliariooda store retailera	^	^	^	^	^					
Total, all stores	2.0	-0.8	3.9	7.4	12.3					

Table 3-13
Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Northwest Territories

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		milli	ons of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	31.7	32.5	23.2	31.9	30.7
Used and recreational motor vehicle	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	02.0		00	00
and parts dealers	X	Х	Х	Х	х
Gasoline stations	X	X	X	X	X
Furniture stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
Home furnishings stores	Х	X	Χ	Х	Х
Computer and software stores	X	X	Х	Х	Х
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	X	X	Х	Х	Х
Home centres and hardware stores	X	X	Х	Х	X
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	X	X	Х	Х	X
Supermarkets	Х	Х	X	Х	X
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	X	X	Х	Х	X
Beer, wine and liquor stores	Х	Х	X	Х	X
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	X	X	X	X	X
Clothing stores	X	X	Х	Х	X
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	X	X	Х	Х	X
General merchandise stores	34.2	29.2	35.2	32.7	32.2
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	X	Х	Х	Х	X
Miscellaneous store retailers	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Total, all stores	152.9	142.5	144.9	150.6	144.9

Table 3-13 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Northwest Territories

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	from previous quarte	er	
Trade group					_
New car dealers	-2.4	40.4	-27.4	4.0	2.4
Used and recreational motor vehicle		-		-	
and parts dealers	х	Х	Х	Х	х
Gasoline stations	X	X	X	X	X
Furniture stores	X	X	X	X	X
Home furnishings stores	x	X	Х	Х	х
Computer and software stores	x	Х	Х	X	Х
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	Х	Х	Х	X	х
Home centres and hardware stores	Х	Х	Х	X	х
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	x	X	Х	Х	х
Supermarkets	Х	Х	Х	X	х
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	Х	Х	Х	X	х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	x	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
Clothing stores	X	X	Х	Х	Х
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	x	Х	Х	Х	Х
General merchandise stores	17.3	-17.3	7.9	1.5	17.6
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	Х	X	Х	X	Х
Miscellaneous store retailers	Х	X	Х	X	х
Total, all stores	7.3	-1.6	-3.8	3.9	4.6

Table 3-13 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Northwest Territories

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II		IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	e from previous year		
Trade group					
New car dealers	3.4	8.4	4.7	10.1	13.6
Used and recreational motor vehicle	0. .	0			
and parts dealers	Х	х	Х	Х	х
Gasoline stations	X	X	X	X	X
Furniture stores	X	X	X	X	X
Home furnishings stores	X	X	X	X	X
Computer and software stores	X	X	X	X	X
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	Х	х	Х	Х	Х
Home centres and hardware stores	X	X	X	X	X
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	Х	х	Х	Х	х
Supermarkets	X	X	X	X	X
Convenience and specialty food		• •	•	••	••
stores	Х	x	Х	Х	х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	X	X	X	X
Pharmacies and personal care	•	•		*	
stores	Х	х	Х	Х	х
Clothing stores	X	X	X	X	X
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	Х	х	х	Х	х
General merchandise stores	6.3	6.6	4.7	7.5	2.4
Sporting goods, hobby, music and			***		
book stores	Х	х	Х	Х	х
Miscellaneous store retailers	X	x	X	X	X
Total, all stores	5.5	2.9	5.9	8.5	8.5

Table 3-14 Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Nunavut

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	I	IV	III	II
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		milli	ons of dollars		
Trade group					
New car dealers	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Used and recreational motor vehicle					***
and parts dealers	Х	х	Х	Х	х
Gasoline stations	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
Furniture stores	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Home furnishings stores	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Computer and software stores	Χ	X	Х	Х	Х
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	Χ	X	Х	Х	Х
Home centres and hardware stores	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Supermarkets	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	Х	X	X	Χ	Х
Clothing stores	Х	X	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shoe, clothing accessories and					
jewellery stores	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
General merchandise stores	X	X	X	47.5	46.8
Sporting goods, hobby, music and					
book stores	X	Х	X	X	х
Miscellaneous store retailers	Х	Х	X	X	X
Total, all stores	64.2	57.5	64.8	66.2	63.8

Table 3-14 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Nunavut

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter				
	II .		IV		II				
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005				
	% change from previous quarter								
Frade group									
New car dealers									
Jsed and recreational motor vehicle									
and parts dealers	x	X	Х	Х	х				
Gasoline stations	X	X	Х	Х	х				
Furniture stores			***						
Home furnishings stores									
Computer and software stores	x	X	Х	Х	Х				
Home electronics and appliance									
stores	X	X	X	X	х				
lome centres and hardware stores	X	Х	X	Х	х				
Specialized building materials and									
garden stores	•••								
Supermarkets	X	X	Х	Х	х				
Convenience and specialty food									
stores	x	X	Х	Х	х				
Beer, wine and liquor stores	X	Х	Х	Х	Х				
Pharmacies and personal care									
stores	X	Х	Х	Х	х				
Clothing stores	Х								
Shoe, clothing accessories and									
jewellery stores	•••		***	.**;					
Seneral merchandise stores	Х	X	Х	1.4	14.1				
Sporting goods, hobby, music and									
book stores	X	Х	Х	Х	Х				
liscellaneous store retailers	Х	Х	Х	Х	х				
otal, all stores	11.7	-11.2	-2.1	3.7	16.4				

Table 3-14 – continued Retail sales by trade group and by region, not seasonally adjusted (quarterly estimates) — Nunavut

	Quarter ^p	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
	II	1	IV	III	II.
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2005
		% change	e from previous year		
Trade group					
New car dealers					
Used and recreational motor vehicle	***		***	•••	
and parts dealers	Х	х	х	Х	х
Gasoline stations	X	X	X	X	X
Furniture stores					
Home furnishings stores					
Computer and software stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Home electronics and appliance					
stores	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
Home centres and hardware stores	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Specialized building materials and					
garden stores					
Supermarkets	X	Х	Х	Х	X
Convenience and specialty food					
stores	x	Х	Х	x	Х
Beer, wine and liquor stores	x	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pharmacies and personal care					
stores	x	Х	Х	Х	Х
Clothing stores			•••		
Shoe, clothing accessories and		•••			•••
jewellery stores					
General merchandise stores	 X	 X	 X	5.3	6.8
Sporting goods, hobby, music and	^	^	^	5.5	0.0
	.,	.,	.,	.,	.,
book stores	X	X	X	X	X
Miscellaneous store retailers	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Total, all stores	0.7	4.9	3.6	12.2	8.3

Table 4 Retail sales (current periods) — Coefficient of variation

	June 2006 ^p	May 2006 ^r	April 2006	March 2006
		percent		
Trade group - Canada				
New car dealers	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8
Used and recreational motor				
vehicle and parts dealers	5.2	5.3	5.2	4.7
Gasoline stations	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4
Furniture stores	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5
Home furnishings stores	3.8	3.6	3.6	4.1
Computer and software stores	6.2	5.8	6.0	5.9
Home electronics and appliance	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
stores	2.5	2.6	2.4	2.2
Home centres and hardware stores	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1
Specialized building materials and	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1
garden stores	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.8
Supermarkets	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Convenience and specialty food	2.0	2.0	2.0	۷.۱
, ,	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0
stores	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.0
Beer, wine and liquor stores	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Pharmacies and personal care				
stores	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2
Clothing stores	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
Shoe, clothing accessories and				
jewellery stores	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.8
General merchandise stores	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.5
Sporting goods, hobby, music and				
book stores	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.0
Miscellaneous store retailers	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.2
Total, all stores	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6
Regions				
Newfoundland and Labrador	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2
Prince Edward Island	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Nova Scotia	2.5	2.3	2.4	2.2
New Brunswick	2.4	2.7	2.4	2.6
Quebec	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5
Ontario	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
Manitoba	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.8
Saskatchewan	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.3
Alberta	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.6
British Columbia	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.5
Yukon Territory	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.9
rukon Territory Northwest Territories				
	1.0	0.9	0.9	8.0
Nunavut	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Table 5-1 Retail sales by trade group and by region (historical estimates) — Seasonally adjusted, June 2005 to June 2006

April ^r 2006	March ^r 2006	February 2006	January 2006	December 2005		
millions of dollars						
6,153.7	6,170.5	5,936.4	6,146.8	6,082.0		
1,545.3	1,429.7	1,364.6	1,367.3	1,336.5		
3,767.1	3,397.1	3,322.5	3,383.5	3,338.7		
789.7	799.3	807.1	821.8	768.9		
445.2	456.7	440.3	448.1	427.9		
124.6	129.4	133.3	139.2	138.5		
912.9	915.6	912.2	897.1	867.0		
1,686.9	1,687.3	1,650.4	1,646.3	1,604.0		
.,	.,	.,	1,01010	.,		
371.2	394.9	398.8	390.5	369.6		
5,290.6	5,259.2	5,259.7	5,144.4	5,327.1		
789.6	781.3	775.0	771.1	759.5		
1,281.1	1,259.7	1,253.6	1,247.6	1,193.9		
2,170.2	2,142.5	2,107.1	2,073.2	2,057.1		
1,432.7	1,426.1	1,394.0	1,380.5	1,355.1		
•	,	,	,	,		
448.4	440.2	437.0	427.8	430.0		
3,892.3	3,871.7	3,850.2	3,843.2	3,715.0		
839.6	826.3	820.3	857.9	810.4		
842.0	817.9	823.0	819.3	792.0		
32,783.2	32,205.4	31,685.4	31,805.7	31,373.0		
503.7	484.1	491.2	514.5	502.7		
123.4	125.0	126.8	123.2	121.3		
945.4	935.2	936.4	932.9	916.8		
741.8	743.2	729.6	724.3	713.9		
7,297.6	7,169.8	7,111.9	7,048.3	6,973.5		
11,855.4	11,707.7	11,352.6	11,620.2	11,539.7		
1,100.0	1,088.6	1,062.8	1,046.8	1,038.6		
987.5	955.0	950.0	939.6	920.7		
4,701.2	4,531.0	4,487.9	4,425.0	4,301.0		
4,418.4	4,358.4	4,327.5	4,323.3	4,239.7		
				36.6		
				48.1		
				20.6		
4,	38.2 49.9 20.8	38.2 36.4 49.9 49.4	38.2 36.4 36.9 49.9 49.4 50.4	38.2 36.4 36.9 35.9 49.9 49.4 50.4 50.6		

Table 5-1 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region (historical estimates) — Seasonally adjusted, June 2005 to June 2006

				2005	2005	2005	
-	millions of dollars						
Trade group - Canada							
New car dealers	6,136.3	5,837.0	5,522.2	6,245.2	6,435.7	6,119.6	
Used and recreational motor vehicle and							
parts dealers	1,286.6	1,254.3	1,268.8	1,281.5	1,296.0	1,291.2	
Gasoline stations	3,300.3	3,430.1	3,495.2	3,360.8	3,236.1	3,151.6	
Furniture stores	761.7	767.2	760.5	747.6	732.7	723.2	
Home furnishings stores	417.0	408.0	401.1	408.4	395.2	391.4	
Computer and software stores	139.0	137.6	131.6	133.2	129.8	129.4	
Home electronics and appliance stores	844.4	857.7	864.2	862.6	865.1	870.2	
Home centres and hardware stores	1,592.4	1,559.4	1,553.3	1,538.6	1.513.0	1.514.6	
Specialized building materials and	.,	.,	1,000.0	.,	.,	.,	
garden stores	373.7	349.1	377.0	388.3	383.1	381.0	
Supermarkets	5.244.8	5.222.4	5.287.3	5,253.5	5.279.3	5.240.7	
Convenience and specialty food stores	747.5	757.7	755.1	757.2	769.7	768.4	
Beer, wine and liquor stores	1.212.1	1,238.5	1.211.2	1.199.9	1.212.1	1.223.1	
Pharmacies and personal care stores	2,054.8	2,045.3	2,054.6	2,011.7	1,992.1	1,979.7	
Clothing stores	1,358.6	1,324.2	1,344.4	1,324.9	1,356.3	1,354.0	
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery	1,550.0	1,524.2	1,044.4	1,524.5	1,550.5	1,554.0	
stores	429.7	421.2	421.9	409.3	407.9	403.1	
General merchandise stores	3,699.1	3,687.7	3,671.1	3,618.5	3,633.7	3,630.6	
	3,699.1	3,007.7	3,071.1	3,018.5	3,033.7	3,030.0	
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book	007.4	004.0	000.0	700.0	200 7	774.0	
stores	807.4	801.2	808.0	788.2	803.7	771.9	
Miscellaneous store retailers	789.7	785.4	767.6	750.5	778.0	800.1	
Total, all stores	31,195.3	30,884.0	30,695.1	31,080.0	31,219.7	30,743.6	
Regions							
Newfoundland and Labrador	497.5	495.3	473.6	488.3	493.1	489.1	
Prince Edward Island	120.0	116.6	115.6	119.2	118.0	120.0	
Nova Scotia	889.2	886.5	883.8	897.3	888.5	891.0	
New Brunswick	710.1	702.5	701.2	703.3	714.5	700.0	
Quebec	7,000.2	6,903.2	6,895.2	6,949.6	7,036.0	7,018.5	
Ontario	11,405.1	11,310.1	11,196.3	11,364.9	11,485.3	11,284.0	
Manitoba	1.049.4	1,050.3	1,036.6	1,064.2	1,075.4	1,037.9	
Saskatchewan	927.2	915.1	922.5	942.0	948.6	936.4	
Alberta	4,223.4	4,157.5	4,121.7	4,159.3	4,153.9	4,031.7	
British Columbia	4,265.9	4,240.8	4,243.4	4,285.6	4,199.1	4,129.1	
Yukon Territory	37.7	36.7	36.6	36.7	36.8	36.6	
Northwest Territories	48.8	48.3	47.6	48.3	49.3	47.9	
Nunavut	20.6	21.0	20.9	21.1	21.1	21.4	

Table 5-2 Retail sales by trade group and by region (historical estimates) — Not seasonally adjusted, June 2005 to June 2006

	June ^p 2006	May ^r 2006	April 2006	March 2006	February 2006	January 2006	December 2005
			mil	lions of dollars			
Trade group - Canada							
New car dealers	7,156.5	7,223.8	6,696.9	6,696.5	4,807.6	4,716.1	5,180.7
Used and recreational motor vehicle and							
parts dealers	1,890.1	2,068.8	1,821.5	1,375.3	975.9	955.1	1,023.1
Gasoline stations	3,905.9	3,840.4	3,569.9	3,333.7	2,870.0	3,072.4	3,183.1
Furniture stores	819.9	783.0	743.7	740.8	644.1	703.5	899.1
Home furnishings stores	444.8	437.4	400.3	434.2	351.9	376.6	571.6
Computer and software stores	124.3	118.9	110.2	147.2	124.3	144.3	173.7
Home electronics and appliance stores	846.5	810.2	748.4	810.2	708.4	772.9	1,695.1
Home centres and hardware stores	2,159.7	2,192.0	1,660.5	1,382.6	1,073.7	1,146.5	1,328.4
Specialized building materials and	2,.00	2,.02.0	1,000.0	.,002.0	.,0.0	.,	.,020
garden stores	513.5	554.3	365.3	318.3	261.4	247.9	288.4
Supermarkets	5,458.5	5,312.3	5,223.1	5,270.0	4,679.4	4,813.2	6,068.2
Convenience and specialty food stores	855.4	834.7	790.5	738.2	656.1	660.8	841.8
Beer, wine and liquor stores	1,360.1	1,235.6	1,149.2	1,117.2	939.9	878.1	1,856.6
Pharmacies and personal care stores	2.251.0	2,246.9	2,083.6	2,168.7	1,932.8	1,993.0	2,457.3
Clothing stores	1,426.4	1,438.1	1,384.2	1,243.0	930.4	1,993.0	2,457.3
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery	•	,	•	,		,	,
stores	436.9	443.4	403.5	360.1	314.1	294.3	817.4
General merchandise stores	4,026.6	4,052.4	3,713.0	3,347.7	2,782.7	2,966.0	5,727.7
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book							
stores	784.9	771.3	762.8	710.2	596.4	757.8	1,448.4
Miscellaneous store retailers	897.9	893.9	766.4	752.6	684.8	676.6	990.8
Total, all stores	35,358.7	35,257.3	32,393.0	30,946.4	25,333.7	26,178.2	36,813.6
Regions							
Newfoundland and Labrador	551.1	542.6	477.9	444.7	368.4	394.7	602.5
Prince Edward Island	137.7	135.3	114.9	108.8	92.6	93.5	141.4
Nova Scotia	1,030.3	1,011.4	910.3	885.8	730.0	756.4	1,107.5
New Brunswick	815.9	809.4	729.8	711.2	564.3	581.2	831.0
Quebec	7,996.3	8,169.7	7,504.7	6,964.8	5,525.8	5,664.4	7,680.5
Ontario	12,669.3	12,509.0	11,474.7	11,167.4	9,089.5	9,631.4	13,907.1
Manitoba	1,211.3	1,187.9	1,092.3	1,045.6	847.7	853.7	1,226.4
Saskatchewan	1,074.1	1,076.9	973.3	889.8	755.1	771.1	1,072.8
Alberta	5,058.7	5,052.3	4,702.8	4,353.5	3,664.7	3,656.2	5,023.3
British Columbia	4,693.3	4,648.9	4,307.7	4,264.3	3,605.1	3,687.7	5,102.1
Yukon Territory	44.4	42.0	35.6	33.6	27.7	27.6	40.8
Northwest Territories	54.3	50.3	48.4	55.1	45.1	42.3	54.2
Nunavut	22.0	21.7	20.6	21.9	17.6	18.0	24.1

Table 5-2 – continued

Retail sales by trade group and by region (historical estimates) — Not seasonally adjusted, June 2005 to June 2006

	November 2005	October 2005	September 2005	August 2005	July 2005	June 2005	
	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000	
	millions of dollars						
Trade group - Canada							
New car dealers	5,719.1	5,322.0	5,666.1	6,661.4	6,892.1	7,325.4	
Used and recreational motor vehicle and							
parts dealers	1,178.6	1,182.4	1,256.6	1,396.0	1,473.4	1,606.1	
Gasoline stations	3,149.8	3,535.5	3,689.5	3,709.6	3,480.9	3,287.9	
Furniture stores	790.8	809.8	799.0	784.6	792.2	747.5	
Home furnishings stores	487.1	423.3	399.2	411.9	379.8	383.5	
Computer and software stores	138.4	135.8	137.9	128.4	111.5	118.6	
Home electronics and appliance stores	918.0	814.1	866.6	851.0	789.0	765.3	
Home centres and hardware stores	1,605.8	1,678.6	1,719.7	1,710.7	1,746.7	1,890.8	
Specialized building materials and							
garden stores	355.2	357.5	414.8	441.6	425.4	517.3	
Supermarkets	5,032.5	5,122.9	5,315.2	5,142.3	5,584.7	5,317.2	
Convenience and specialty food stores	694.2	752.2	763.4	810.1	864.1	817.1	
Beer, wine and liquor stores	1,143.1	1,180.9	1,198.7	1,298.7	1,484.5	1,264.8	
Pharmacies and personal care stores	2,073.4	2,036.0	2,028.2	1,983.6	1,919.7	1,958.8	
Clothing stores	1,502.7	1,415.4	1,386.1	1,308.4	1,261.1	1,338.9	
Shoe, clothing accessories and jewellery							
stores	445.5	395.5	402.5	418.8	393.2	405.7	
General merchandise stores	4,157.3	3,756.1	3,403.5	3,543.6	3,704.0	3,824.0	
Sporting goods, hobby, music and book	,	-,	-,	-,-	-,	-,-	
stores	849.0	738.6	809.4	796.4	759.3	731.1	
Miscellaneous store retailers	787.0	807.9	815.5	811.6	777.5	847.0	
Total, all stores	31.027.6	30,464.7	31.071.7	32,208.7	32.838.9	33,147.2	
,	31,027.0	30,404.7	31,071.7	32,200.7	32,030.3	33,147.2	
Regions Newfoundland and Labrador	517.4	480.9	485.4	533.7	538.7	537.6	
Prince Edward Island	116.6	113.7	120.1	139.0	142.1	134.2	
Nova Scotia	893.6	867.8	891.1	936.7	956.1	989.6	
New Brunswick	711.2	689.0	713.2	752.0	762.5	773.5	
Quebec	6,842.7	6,912.5	6,948.7	7.207.2	7,442.6	7.723.3	
Ontario	11,559.3	11,169.1	11,374.8	11,699.5	11,926.8	12,119.7	
Manitoba	1,040.9	1,042.2	1,046.8	1,102.3	1,128.9	1,121.6	
Saskatchewan	915.6	911.8	921.9	997.2	1.009.0	1.010.5	
Alberta	4,193.9	4,048.1	4,168.5	4,318.5	4,365.0	4,278.9	
British Columbia	4,137.5	4,127.0	4,294.9	4,407.9	4,448.4	4,341.9	
Yukon Territory	34.7	35.4	37.9	42.2	43.0	42.6	
Northwest Territories	44.5	46.3	46.5	50.1	53.9	52.2	
Nunavut	19.6	21.1	21.8	22.4	22.0	21.5	
Nunavut	19.6	21.1	21.8	22.4	22.0	21.	

Objectives, uses and users

Objective

The Monthly Retail Trade Survey (MRTS) provides information on the performance of the retail trade sector on a monthly basis, and when combined with other statistics, represents an important indicator of the state of the Canadian economy.

Uses

The estimates provide a measure of the health and performance of the retail trade sector. Information collected is used to estimate level and monthly trend for retail sales. At the end of each year, the estimates provide a preliminary look at annual retail sales and performance.

Users

A variety of organizations, sector associations, and levels of government make use of the information. Retailers rely on the survey results to compare their performance against similar types of businesses, as well as for marketing purposes. Retail associations are able to monitor industry performance and promote their retail industries. Investors can monitor industry growth, which can result in better access to investment capital by retailers. Governments are able to understand the role of retailers in the economy, which aids in the development of policies and tax incentives. As an important industry in the Canadian economy, governments are able to better determine the overall health of the economy through the use of the estimates in the calculation of the nation's Gross Domestic Product (GDP).

Concepts, variables and classifications

Concepts

The retail trade sector comprises establishments primarily engaged in retailing merchandise, generally without transformation, and rendering services incidental to the sale of merchandise.

The retailing process is the final step in the distribution of merchandise; retailers are therefore organized to sell merchandise in small quantities to the general public. This sector comprises two main types of retailers, that is, store and non-store retailers. The MRTS covers only store retailers. Their main characteristics are described below.

Store retailers operate fixed point-of-sale locations, located and designed to attract a high volume of walk-in customers. In general, retail stores have extensive displays of merchandise and use mass-media advertising to attract customers. They typically sell merchandise to the general public for personal or household consumption, but some also serve business and institutional clients. These include establishments such as office supplies stores, computer and software stores, gasoline stations, building material dealers, plumbing supplies stores and electrical supplies stores.

In addition to selling merchandise, some types of store retailers are also engaged in the provision of after-sales services, such as repair and installation. For example, new automobile dealers, electronic and appliance stores and musical instrument and supplies stores often provide repair services, while floor covering stores and window treatment stores often provide installation services. As a general rule, establishments engaged in retailing merchandise and providing after sales services are classified in this sector.

Catalogue sales showrooms, gasoline service stations, and mobile home dealers are treated as store retailers.

Variables

Sales are defined as the sales of all goods purchased for resale, net of returns and discounts. This includes commission revenue and fees earned from selling goods and services on account of others, such as selling lottery tickets, bus tickets, and phone cards. It also includes parts and labour revenue from repair and maintenance; revenue from rental and leasing of goods and equipment; revenues from services, including food services; sales of goods manufactured as a secondary activity; and the proprietor's withdrawals, at retail, of goods for personal use. Other revenue from rental of real estate, placement fees, operating subsidies, grants, royalties and franchise fees are excluded.

Trading Location is the physical location(s) in which business activity is conducted in each province and territory, and for which sales are credited or recognized in the financial records of the company. For retailers, this would normally be a store.

Constant Dollars: The value of retail trade is measured in two ways; including the effects of price change on sales and net of the effects of price change. The first measure is referred to as retail trade in current dollars and the latter as retail trade in constant dollars. The method of calculating the current dollar estimate is to aggregate the weighted value of sales for all retail outlets. The method of calculating the constant dollar estimate is to first adjust the sales values to a base year, using the Consumer Price Index, and then sum up the resulting values.

Classification

The Monthly Retail Trade Survey is based on the definition of retail trade under the NAICS (North American Industry Classification System). NAICS is the agreed upon common framework for the production of comparable statistics by the statistical agencies of Canada, Mexico and the United States. The agreement defines the boundaries of twenty sectors. NAICS is based on a production-oriented, or supply based conceptual framework in that establishments are groups into industries according to similarity in production processes used to produce goods and services.

Estimates appear for 19 major trade groups based on special aggregations of the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) industries. The 19 trade groups are further aggregated to 8 trade group sectors.

Geographically, sales estimates are produced for Canada and each province and territory.

Coverage and frames

Statistics Canada's Business Register (BR) provides the frame for the Monthly Retail Trade Survey The BR is a structured list of businesses engaged in the production of goods and services in Canada. It is a centrally maintained database containing detailed descriptions of most business entities operating within Canada. The BR includes all incorporated businesses, with or without employees. For unincorporated businesses, the BR includes all employer businesses, and businesses with no employees with annual sales greater than \$30,000 that have a Goods and Services Tax (GST) account (the BR does not include unincorporated businesses with no employees and with annual sales less than \$30,000).

The businesses on the BR are represented by a hierarchical structure with four levels, with the statistical enterprise at the top, followed by the statistical company, the statistical establishment and the statistical location. An enterprise can be linked to one or more statistical companies, a statistical company can be linked to one or more statistical establishments, and a statistical establishment to one or more statistical locations.

The target population for the MRTS consists of all statistical establishments on the BR that are classified to the retail sector using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) (approximately 215,000 establishments). The NAICS code range for the retail sector is 441100 to 453999. A statistical establishment is the production entity or the smallest grouping of production entities which: produces a homogeneous set of goods or services; does not cross provincial boundaries; and provides data on the value of output, together with the cost of principal intermediate inputs used, along with the cost and quantity of labour used to produce the output. The production entity is the physical unit where the business operations are carried out. It must have a civic address and dedicated labour.

The exclusions to the target population are ancillary establishments (producers of services in support of the activity of producing goods and services for the market of more than one establishment within the enterprise, and serves as a cost centre or a discretionary expense centre for which data on all its costs including labour and depreciation can be reported by the business), future establishments, establishments with a missing or a zero gross business income (GBI) value on the BR and establishments in the following non-covered NAICS:

- 4541 (electronic shopping and mail-order houses)
- 4542 (vending machine operators)
- 45431 (fuel dealers)
- 45439 (other direct selling establishments)

Sampling

The MRTS sample consists of 10,000 groups of establishments (clusters) classified to the Retail Trade sector selected from the Statistics Canada Business Register. A cluster of establishments is defined as all establishments belonging to a statistical enterprise that are in the same trade group and geographical region. The MRTS uses a stratified design with simple random sample selection in each stratum. The stratification is done by industry groups using the NAICS-four digit level, and the geographical regions consisting of the provinces and territories, as well as three provincial sub-regions. We further stratify the population by size. The size measure is created using a combination of independent survey data and three administrative variables: the GBI, the GST sales, and the T2-revenue (from corporation tax return).

The size strata consist of one take-all (census), at most, two take-some (partially sampled) strata, and one take-none (none sampled) stratum. Take-none strata serve to reduce respondent burden by excluding the smaller businesses from the surveyed population. These businesses should represent at most five percent of total sales. Instead of sending questionnaires to these businesses, the estimates are produced through the use of administrative data.

The sample was allocated optimally in order to reach target coefficients of variation at the national, provincial/territorial, industrial, and industry by province/territory levels. The sample was also inflated to compensate for dead, non-responding, and misclassified units.

MRTS is a repeated survey with maximisation of monthly sample overlap. The sample is kept month after month and every month births are added to the sample and dead units are identified. MRTS births, i.e., new clusters of establishment(s), are identified every month via the BR's latest universe. They are stratified according to the same criteria as the initial population. A sample of these births is selected according to the sampling fraction of the stratum to which they belong and is added to the monthly sample. Deaths occur on a monthly basis. A death can be a cluster of establishment(s) that have ceased their activities (out-of-business) or whose major activities are no longer in retail trade (out-of-scope). The status of these businesses is updated on the BR using administrative sources and survey feedback, including feedback from the MRTS. Methods to treat dead units and misclassified units are part of the sample and population update procedures.

Questionnaire design

The Monthly Retail Trade Survey incorporates the following sub-surveys:

Monthly Retail Trade Survey - R8

Monthly Retail Trade Survey (with inventories) - R8

Survey of Sales and Inventories of Alcoholic Beverages

The questionnaires collect monthly data on retail sales and the number of trading locations by province or territory and inventories of goods owned and intended for resale from a sample of retailers. The items on the questionnaires have remained unchanged for several years. For the 2004 redesign, the general questionnaires were subject to cosmetic changes only. The questionnaire for Sales and Inventories of Alcoholic Beverages underwent more extensive changes. The modifications were discussed with stakeholders and the respondents were given an opportunity to comment before the new questionnaire was finalized. If further changes are needed to any of the questionnaires, proposed changes would go through a review committee and a field test with respondents and data users to ensure its relevancy.

Response and non-response

Despite the best efforts of survey managers and operations staff to maximize response in the MRTS, some non-response will occur. For statistical establishments to be classified as responding, the degree of partial response (where an accurate response is obtained for only some of the questions asked a respondent) must meet a minimum threshold level below which the response would be rejected and considered a unit nonresponse. In such an instance, the business is classified as not having responded at all.

Non-response has two effects on data: first it introduces bias in estimates when nonrespondents differ from respondents in the characteristics measured; and second, it contributes to an increase in the sampling variance of estimates because the effective sample size is reduced from that originally sought.

The degree to which efforts are made to get a response from a non-respondent is based on budget and time constraints, its impact on the overall quality and the risk of nonresponse bias.

The main method to reduce the impact of non-response at sampling is to inflate the sample size through the use of over-sampling rates that have been determined from similar surveys.

Besides the methods to reduce the impact of non-response at sampling and collection, the non-responses to the survey that do occur are treated through imputation.

In order to measure the amount of non-response that occurs each month, various response rates are calculated. For a given reference month, the estimation process is run at least twice (a preliminary and a revised run). Between each run, respondent data can be identified as unusable and imputed values can be corrected through respondent data. As a consequence, response rates are computed following each run of the estimation process.

For the MRTS, two types of rates are calculated (unweighted and weighted). In order to assess the efficiency of the collection process, unweighted response rates are calculated. Weighted rates, using the estimation weight and the value for the variable of interest, assess the quality of estimation. Within each of these types of rates, there are distinct rates for units that are surveyed and for units that are only modeled from administrative data that has been extracted from GST files.

To get a better picture of the success of the collection process, two unweighted rates called the 'collection results rate' and the 'extraction results rate' are computed. They are computed by dividing the number of respondents by the number of units that we tried to contact or tried to receive extracted data for them. Non-monthly reporters (respondents with special reporting arrangements where they do not report every month but for whom actual data is available in subsequent revisions) are excluded from both the numerator and denominator for the months where no contact is performed.

In summary, the various response rates are calculated as follows:

Weighted rates:

Survey Response rate (estimation) = Sum of weighted sales of units with response status *i* Sum of survey weighted sales

where i = units that have either reported data that will be used in estimation or are converted refusals, or have reported data that has not yet been resolved for estimation.

Admin Response rate (estimation) = Sum of weighted sales of units with response status ii Sum of administrative weighted sales

where ii = units that have data that was extracted from administrative files and are usable for estimation.

Total Response rate (estimation) = Sum of weighted sales of units with response status i or response status ii Sum of all weighted sales

Unweighted rates:

Survey Response rate (collection) = Number of questionnaires with response status iii Number of questionnaires with response status iv

where iii= units that have either reported data (unresolved, used or not used for estimation) or are converted refusals.

where iv = all of the above plus units that have refused to respond, units that were not contacted and other types of nonrespondent units.

Admin Response rate (extraction) = Number of questionnaires with response status *vi* Number of questionnaires with response status *vii*

where vi= in-scope units that have data (either usable or non-usable) that was extracted from administrative files

where vii = all of the above plus units that have refused to report to the adminstrative data source, units that were not contacted and other types of nonrespondent units.

(% of questionnaire collected over all in-scope questionnaires)

Collection Results Rate = Number of questionnaires with response status iii Number of guestionnaires with response status viii

where iii = same as iii defined above

where viii = same as iv except for the exclusion of units that were contacted because their response is unavailable for a particular month since they are non-monthly reporters.

Extraction Results Rate = Number of questionnaires with response status ix Number of questionnaires with response status vii

where ix = same as vi with the addition of extracted units that have been imputed or were out of scope

where vii = same as vii defined above

(% of questionnaires collected over all questionnaire in-scope we tried to collect)

All the above weighted and unweighted rates are provided at the trade group, geography and size group level or for any combination of these levels.

Use of Administrative Data

Managing response burden is an ongoing challenge for Statistics Canada. In an attempt to alleviate response burden and survey costs, especially for smaller businesses, Statistics Canada has been investigating various alternatives to survey taking. Administrative data files are a rich source of information for business data and Statistics Canada is working at bringing this rich data source to its full potential. As such, beginning with the October 2005 reference month, the MRTS has reduced the number of simple establishments in the sample that are surveyed directly and instead derives sales data for these establishments from Goods and Service Tax (GST) files using a statistical model. The model accounts for differences between sales and revenue (reported for GST purposes) as well as for the time lag between the survey reference period and the reference period of the GST file.

For more information on the methodology for modeling sales from administrative data sources (i.e. GST data) which also contributes to the estimates of the survey portion, please refer to Statistics Canada Integrated Meta Data base (IMDB) document located on Statistics Canada's website by clicking on the following link: http://www.statcan.ca/english/sdds/document/2406_D11_T9_V1_E.pdf.

Methods used to reduce non-response at collection

Significant effort is spent trying to minimize non-response during collection. Methods used, among others, are interviewer techniques such as probing and persuasion, repeated re-scheduling and call-backs to obtain the information, and procedures dealing with how to handle non-compliant (refusal) respondents.

If data are unavailable at the time of collection, a respondent's best estimates are also accepted, and are subsequently revised once the actual data become available.

To minimize total non-response for all variables, partial responses are accepted. In addition, questionnaires are customized for the collection of certain variables, such as inventory, so that collection is timed for those months when the data are available.

Finally, to build trust and rapport between the interviewers and respondents, cases are generally assigned to the same interviewer each month. This action establishes a personal relationship between interviewer and respondent, and builds respondent trust.

Data collection and capture operations

Collection of the data is performed by Statistics Canada's Regional Offices. Respondents are sent a questionnaire or are contacted by telephone to obtain their sales and inventory values, as well as to confirm the opening or closing of business trading locations. Collection of the data begins approximately 7 working days after the end of the reference month and continues for the duration of that month.

New entrants to the survey are introduced to the survey via an introductory letter that informs the respondent that a representative of Statistics Canada will be calling. This call is to introduce the respondent to the survey, confirm the respondent's business activity, establish and begin data collection, as well as to answer any questions that the respondent may have.

Editing

Data editing is the application of checks to detect missing, invalid or inconsistent entries or to point to data records that are potentially in error. In the survey process for the MRTS, data editing is done at two different time periods.

First of all, editing is done during data collection. Once data are collected via the telephone, or via the receipt of completed mail-in questionnaires, the data are captured using customized data capture applications. All data are subjected to data editing. Edits during data collection are referred to as field edits and generally consist of validity and some simple consistency edits. They are used to detect mistakes made during the interview by the respondent or the interviewer and to identify missing information during collection in order to reduce the need for follow-up later on. Another purpose of the field edits is to clean up responses. In the MRTS, the current month's responses are edited against the respondent's previous month's responses and/or the previous year's responses for the current month. Field edits are also used to identify problems with data collection procedures and the design of the questionnaire, as well as the need for more interviewer training.

Follow-up with respondents occurs to validate potential erroneous data following any failed preliminary edit check of the data. Once validated, the collected data is regularly transmitted to the head office in Ottawa.

Secondly, editing known as statistical editing is also done after data collection and this is more empirical in nature. Statistical editing is run prior to imputation in order to identify the data that will be used as a basis to impute non-respondents. Large outliers that could disrupt a monthly trend are excluded from trend calculations by the statistical edits. It should be noted that adjustments are not made at this stage to correct the reported outliers.

The first step in the statistical editing is to identify which responses will be subjected to the statistical edit rules. Reported data for the current reference month will go through various edit checks.

The first set of edit checks is based on the Hidiriglou-Berthelot method whereby a ratio of the respondent's current month data over historical (last month, same month last year) or auxiliary data (GST sales, GBI) is analyzed. When the respondent's ratio differs significantly from ratios of respondents who are similar in terms of industry and/or geography group, the response is deemed an outlier.

The second set of edits consists of an edit known as the share of market edit. With this method, one is able to edit all respondents, even those where historical and auxiliary data is unavailable. The method relies on current month data only. Therefore, within a group of respondents that are similar in terms of industry and/or geography, if the weighted contribution of a respondent to the group's total is too large, it will be flagged as an outlier.

For edit checks based on the Hidiriglou-Berthelot method, data that are flagged as an outlier will not be included in the imputation models (those based on ratios). Also, data that are flagged as outliers in the share of market edit will not be included in the imputation models where means and medians are calculated to impute for responses that have no historical responses.

In conjunction with the statistical editing after data collection of reported data, there is also error detection done on the extracted GST data.

Modeled data based on the GST are also subject to an extensive series of processing steps which thoroughly verify each record that is the basis for the model as well as the record being modeled.

Edits are performed at a more aggregate level (industry by geography level) to detect records which deviate from the expected range, either by exhibiting large month-to-month change, or differing significantly from the remaining units.

All data which fail these edits are subject to manual inspection and possible corrective action.

Imputation

Imputation in the MRTS is the process used to assign replacement values for missing data. This is done by assigning values when they are missing on the record being edited to ensure that estimates are of high quality and that a plausible, internal consistency is created. Due to concerns of response burden, cost and timeliness, it is generally impossible to do all follow-ups with the respondents in order to resolve missing responses. Since it is desirable to produce a complete and consistent microdata file, imputation is used to handle the remaining missing cases.

In the MRTS, imputation is based on historical data or administrative data (GST sales). The appropriate method is selected according to a strategy that is based on whether historical data is available, auxiliary data is available and/or which reference month is being processed.

There are three types of historical imputation methods. The first type is a general trend that uses one historical data source (previous month, data from next month or data from same month previous year). The second type is a regression model where data from previous month and same month previous year are used simultaneously. The third type uses the historical data as a direct replacement value for a non-respondent. Depending upon the particular reference month, there is an order of preference that exists so that top quality imputation can result. The historical imputation method that was labelled as the third type above is always the last option in the order for each reference month.

The imputation methods using administrative data are automatically selected when historical information is unavailable for a non-respondent. The administrative data source (annual GST sales) is the basis of these methods. The annual GST sales are used for two types of methods. One is a general trend that will be used for simple structure, e.g. enterprises with only one establishment, and a second type is called median-average that is used for units with a more complex structure.

Estimation

Estimation is a process that approximates unknown population parameters using only part of the population that is included in a sample. Inferences about these unknown parameters are then made, using the sample data and associated survey design.

In the MRTS, new estimation processes have been developed using Statistics Canada's Generalized Estimation System (GES) and addressing the need to treat influential units and allowing for implementation of special corrections during processing. Different methodologies have been put in place to estimate retail sales and inventories.

For retail sales, the population is divided into a survey portion (take-all and take-some strata) and a non-survey portion (take-none stratum). From the sample that is drawn from the survey portion, an estimate for the population is determined through the use of a Horvitz-Thompson estimator where responses for sales are weighted by using the inverses of the inclusion probabilities of the sampled units. Such weights (called sampling weights) can be interpreted as the number of times that each sampled unit should be replicated to represent the entire population. The calculated weighted sales values are summed by domain, to produce the total sales estimates by each industrial trade group / geographic area combination. A domain is defined as the most recent classification values available from the BR for the unit and the survey reference period. These domains may differ from the original sampling strata because units may have changed size, industry or location. Changes in classification are reflected immediately in the estimates and do not accumulate over time. For the non-survey portion, a ratio type estimator is calculated using auxiliary data. The estimate of the total retail sales is equal to the sum of the survey and non-survey portion estimates.

For retail inventories, a non-probability sample is drawn including the largest businesses in each domain, and a ratio type estimator is used to produce an estimate for the population total.

For more information on the methodology for modeling sales from administrative data sources (i.e. GST data) which also contributes to the estimates of the survey portion, please refer to Statistics Canada Integrated Meta Data base (IMDB) document located on Statistics Canada's website by clicking on the following link: http://www.statcan.ca/english/sdds/document/2406_D11_T9_V1_E.pdf.

The measure of precision used for the MRTS to evaluate the quality of a population parameter estimate and to obtain valid inferences is the variance. The variance from the survey portion is derived directly from a stratified simple random sample without replacement.

Sample estimates may differ from the expected value of the estimates. However, since the estimate is based on a probability sample, the variability of the sample estimate with respect to its expected value can be measured. The variance of an estimate is a measure of the precision of the sample estimate and is defined as the average, over all possible samples, of the squared difference of the estimate from its expected value.

Seasonal adjustment and trend-cycle estimation

Revisions in the raw data are required to correct known non-sampling errors. These normally include replacing imputed data with reported data, corrections to previously reported data, and estimates for new births that were not known at the time of the original estimates.

Raw data are revised, on a monthly basis, for the month immediately prior to the current reference month being published. That is, when data for December are being published for the first time, there will also be revisions, if necessary, to the raw data for November. In addition, revisions are made once a year, with the initial release of the February data, for all months in the previous year. The purpose is to correct any significant problems that have been found that apply for an extended period. The actual period of revision depends on the nature of the problem identified, but rarely exceeds three years.

Retail trade data are seasonally adjusted using the X11ARIMA/2000¹ model. This consists of extrapolating a year's worth of raw data with the ARIMA model (auto-regressive integrated moving average model), and of seasonally adjusting the raw time series.

Socio-economic time series such as data from the MRTS can be broken down into five main components: the trend-cycle, seasonality, the trading-day effect, the Easter holiday effect and the irregular component.

The trend represents the long-term change in the series, whereas the cycle represents a smooth, quasi-periodical movement about the trend, showing a succession of growth and decline phases (e.g., the business cycle). These two components—the trend and the cycle—are estimated together, and the trend-cycle reflects the fundamental evolution of the series. The other components reflect short-term transient movements.

The seasonal component represents sub-annual, monthly or quarterly fluctuations that recur more or less regularly from one year to the next. Seasonal variations are caused by the direct and indirect effects of the climatic seasons, institutional factors (attributable to social conventions or administrative rules; e.g., Christmas) and technological factors.

The trading day component originates from the fact that the relative importance of the days varies systematically within the week and that the number of each day of the week in a given month or a given quarter varies from year to year. This effect is present when activity varies with the day of the week. For instance, Sunday is typically less active than the other days, and the number of Sundays, Mondays, etc. in, say, July changes from year to year.

The Easter holiday effect is the variation due to the shift of part of April's activity to March when Easter falls in March rather than April.

Lastly, the irregular component includes all other more or less erratic fluctuations not taken into account in the preceding components. It is a residual that includes errors of measurement on the variable itself as well as unusual events (e.g., strikes, drought, floods or other unexpected events causing variations in respondents' commercial activities).

Thus, the latter four components—seasonal, irregular, trading day and Easter holiday effect—all conceal the fundamental trend-cycle component of the series. Seasonal adjustment (correction of seasonal variation) consists in removing the seasonal, trading day and Easter holiday effect components from the series, and it thus helps reveal the trend-cycle. However, one must bear in mind that the seasonally adjusted series contains not only the trend-cycle but also the irregular component (which is technically difficult to isolate for the current months).

For further information, see X11ARIMA version 2000, an update of the seasonal adjustment method X11ARIMA/88, developed by Estelle Bee Dagum, Time Series Research and Analysis Centre, Statistics Canada.

The X-11 method is used for analysing monthly and quarterly series. It is based on an iterative principle applied in estimating the different components, with estimation being done at each stage using adequate moving averages.² The moving averages used to estimate the main components—the trend and seasonality—are primarily smoothing tools designed to eliminate any undesirable component from the series. Since moving averages react poorly to the presence of atypical values, the X-11 method includes a tool for detecting and correcting atypical points. This tool is used to clean up the series prior to seasonal adjustment.

Lastly, the trading day effect and the Easter holiday effect are components that are estimated using linear regression models, based on the irregular component. To evaluate the different components of the series, taking account of the possible presence of atypical points, X-11 proceeds iteratively: estimation of components, search for unwanted effects in the irregular component, estimation of components on a corrected series, search for unwanted effects in the irregular component, etc.

Retail trade forms a system of 33 series: the Canada grand total, the 19 trade group totals, and the 13 provincial/territorial totals. For non-seasonally adjusted series, the summing of the 19 trade group totals produces the grand total (Canada) for each month and is equal to the sum of the 13 provincial/territorial totals.

Unfortunately, seasonal adjustment removes the sub-annual additivity of a system of series; small discrepancies, which generally vary between -1% and 1%, are observed between the sum of the seasonally adjusted trade groups and the sum of the seasonally adjusted provinces and territories. To restore additivity, a reconciliation process is applied to the seasonally adjusted retail trade series. The reconciliation process operates as follows: (1) The seasonally adjusted grand total for Canada is obtained "indirectly" by summing up the trade group totals, which have previously been seasonally adjusted separately. And (2) the seasonally adjusted provincial and territorial totals are then reconciled so that their sum is equal to the seasonally adjusted grand total for Canada, obtained previously. The procedure is such that a) the system's seasonally adjusted components are modified as little as possible in percentage, b) the seasonally adjusted components add up to the grand total for each month, and c) the seasonally adjusted monthly values add up to the yearly totals for the non-adjusted series.

^{2.} Ladiray, D. and Quenneville, B. (2001). Seasonal Adjustment with the X-11 Method. New York: Springer-Verlag, Lecture Notes in Statistics #158.

Adjustment for historical series

The historical series for the MRTS begins in January 1991. The data from January 1991 to March 2004 were backcasted based on conversion coefficients from the MRTS on a 1980 SIC basis. Before the first release of the redesigned MRTS results for the April 2004 reference month, estimates were produced from December 2003 on to establish a comparison basis between the old and the new survey. The backcasted series were adjusted to the level of the redesigned survey.

In the first phase, the backcasted series were benchmarked beginning in January 1991. To do so, individual ratios of series from the new survey were calculated. These ratios were then applied to the backcasted series.

This benchmarking removes the additivity to the system of series because the series are benchmarked individually. For example, this process brings forth differences between the sum of the trade group and the sum of the provinces and territories. To restore additivity, a reconciliation process is applied to the benchmarked series.

Data quality evaluation

The methodology of this survey has been designed to control errors and to reduce their potential effects on estimates. However, the survey results remain subject to errors, of which sampling error is only one component of the total survey error. Sampling error results when observations are made only on a sample and not on the entire population. All other errors arising from the various phases of a survey are referred to as nonsampling errors. For example, these types of errors can occur when a respondent provides incorrect information or does not answer certain questions; when a unit in the target population is omitted or covered more than once; when GST data for records being modeled for a particular month are not representative of the actual record for various reasons; when a unit that is out of scope for the survey is included by mistake or when errors occur in data processing, such as coding or capture errors.

Prior to publication, combined survey results are analyzed for comparability; in general, this includes a detailed review of individual responses (especially for large businesses), general economic conditions and historical trends.

A common measure of data quality for surveys is the coefficient of variation (CV). The coefficient of variation, defined as the standard error divided by the sample estimate, is a measure of precision in relative terms. Since the coefficient of variation is calculated from responses of individual units, it also measures some non-sampling errors.

The formula used to calculate coefficients of variation (CV) as percentages is:

$$CV(X) = \frac{S(X)}{Y} * 100\%$$

where X denotes the estimate and S(X) denotes the standard error of X.

Confidence intervals can be constructed around the estimates using the estimate and the CV. Thus, for our sample, it is possible to state with a given level of confidence that the expected value will fall within the confidence interval constructed around the estimate. For example, if an estimate of \$12,000,000 has a CV of 2%, the standard error will be \$240,000 (the estimate multiplied by the CV). It can be stated with 68% confidence that the expected values will fall within the interval whose length equals the standard deviation about the estimate, i.e. between \$11,760,000 and \$12,240,000. Alternatively, it can be stated with 95% confidence that the expected value will fall within the interval whose length equals two standard deviations about the estimate, i.e. between \$11,520,000 and \$12,480,000.

Finally, due to the small contribution of the non-survey portion to the total estimates, bias in the non-survey portion has a negligible impact on the CVs. Therefore, the CV from the survey portion is used for the total estimate that is the summation of estimates from the surveyed and non-surveyed portions.

Disclosure control

Statistics Canada is prohibited by law from releasing any data which would divulge information obtained under the Statistics Act that relates to any identifiable person, business or organization without the prior knowledge or the consent in writing of that person, business or organization. Various confidentiality rules are applied to all data that are released or published to prevent the publication or disclosure of any information deemed confidential. If necessary, data are suppressed to prevent direct or residual disclosure of identifiable data.

Confidentiality analysis includes the detection of possible "direct disclosure", which occurs when the value in a tabulation cell is composed of a few respondents or when the cell is dominated by a few companies.

Data comparability

In June 2004, estimates based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) were released. This followed a parallel production of four months where both NAICS and 1980 Standard Industrial Classification based estimates were generated for internal analysis. The change in classification and the new sample indicated a change in the level of the estimates. To avoid a break in the series, retail estimates were adjusted at the trade group by province level back to January 1991.

Caution should be taken when comparing annualized monthly totals from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey to the estimates from annual retail surveys. Differences may result from sampling differences; conceptual and coverage differences; the timing of revisions within the two survey processes; the reporting period covered (fiscal or calendar year); different response rates to the two surveys; and how revenues are reported.

Each year, effort is made to evaluate the differences and correct known discrepancies in the data. However, benchmarking of the two surveys is not done.

Appendix I

Special Aggregation: Retail Trade

Based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2002

Industries - Retail Trade

Α	Automotive
010 44111	New Car Dealers New Car Dealers
020 44112 44121 44122 44131 44132	Used and Recreational Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers Used Car Dealers Recreational Vehicle Dealers Motorcycle, Boat, and Other Motor Vehicle Dealers Automotive Parts and Accessories Stores Tire Dealers
130 44711 44719	Gasoline Stations Gasoline Stations with Convenience Stores Other Gasoline Stations
В	Furniture, Home Furnishings and Electronics Stores
030 44211	Furniture Stores Furniture Stores
040 44221 44229	Home Furnishings Stores Floor Covering Stores Other Home Furnishings Stores
050 44312	Computer and Software Stores Computer and Software Stores
060 44311 44313	Home Electronics and Appliance Stores Appliance, Television and Other Electronics Stores Camera and Photographic Supplies Stores
С	Building and Outdoor Home Supplies Stores
070 44411 44413	Home Centres and Hardware Stores Home Centres Hardware Stores
080 44412 44419 44421 44422	Specialized Building Materials and Garden Stores Paint and Wallpaper Stores Other Building Material Dealers Outdoor Power Equipment Stores Nursery Stores and Garden Centres

U	Food and Beverage Stores
090 44511	Supermarkets Supermarkets and Other Grocery (except Convenience) Stores
100 44512 44521 44522 44523 44529	Convenience and Specialty Food Stores Convenience Stores Meat Markets Fish and Seafood Markets Fruit and Vegetable Markets Other Specialty Food Stores
110 44531	Beer, Wine and Liquor Stores Beer, Wine and Liquor Stores
E	Pharmacies and Personal Care Stores
120 44611 44612 44613 44619	Pharmacies and Personal Care Stores Pharmacies and Drug Stores Cosmetics, Beauty Supplies and Perfume Stores Optical Goods Stores Other Health and Personal Care Stores
F	Clothing and Accessories Stores
140 44811 44812 44813 44814 44819	Clothing Stores Men's Clothing Stores Women's Clothing Stores Children's and Infant's Clothing Stores Family Clothing Stores Other Clothing Stores
150 44815 44821 44831 44832	Shoe, Clothing Accessories and Jewellery Stores Clothing Accessories Stores Shoe Stores Jewellery Stores Luggage and Leather Goods Stores
G	General Merchandise Stores
170 45211	Department Stores Department Stores
180 45291 45299	Other General Merchandise Stores Warehouse Clubs and Superstores All Other General Merchandise Stores

Н	Miscellaneous Retailers
160	Sporting Goods, Hobby, Music and Book Stores
45111	Sporting Goods Stores
45112	Hobby, Toy and Game Stores
45113	Sewing, Needlework and Piece Goods Stores
45114	Musical Instrument and Supplies Stores
45121	Book Stores and News Dealers
45122	Pre-Recorded Tape, Compact Disc and Record Stores
190	Miscellaneous Store Retailers
45311	Florists
45321	Office Supplies and Stationery Stores
45322	Gift, Novelty and Souvenir Stores
45331	Used Merchandise Stores
45391	Pet and Pet Supplies Stores
45392	Art Dealers
45393	Mobile Home Dealers
45399	All Other Miscellaneous Store Retailers
L	Non-Store Retailers (not in scope on the Monthly Retail Trade Survey)
210	Electronic Shopping and Mail-Order Houses
45411	Electronic Shopping and Mail-Order Houses
220	Vending Machine Operators
45421	Vending Machine Operators
230	Fuel Dealers
45431	Fuel Dealers
240	Other Direct Selling Establishments
45439	Other Direct Selling Establishments