



Police Resources in Canada, 2002

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Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics

Police Resources in Canada, 2002

Prepared by: Ron Logan

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Highlights

- The rate of police officers per 100,000 population increased for the fourth straight year in 2002, up 1.4%. Police strength per capita has risen 2.7% since 1998, following an 11% decrease between 1991 and 1998. As of June 15, 2002 there were 58,414 police officers in Canada, a 2.3% increase over 2001. Most of this increase at the national level resulted from increases in Ontario and Québec.
- Canada has fewer police per capita than both the United States and England and Wales. Canada's rate of 186 officers per 100,000 population in 2002 was 25% lower than the comparable rate in the United States (247 in 2000, the latest year for which statistics are available) and 23% lower than England and Wales (240 in 2001).
- Among the provinces, Saskatchewan again had the highest number of police officers per 100,000 population (198), an increase of 3% over 2001. The majority of this increase was due to RCMP hiring. Québec (194), Manitoba (193), and Ontario (187) had the next highest rates. Newfoundland and Labrador (147) and Prince Edward Island (153) had the lowest rates.
- Among the census metropolitan areas, Thunder Bay continued to have the most police officers per 100,000 population (204) in 2002, followed by Regina (192) and Hamilton (184). Sherbrooke (109) and Québec (122) had the fewest.
- Female officer recruitment continues to increase. There were 8,911 female police officers in 2002, an increase of 8% from 2001. Female police officers accounted for 15% of all officers in 2002. The proportion of female police officers has been increasing steadily since the mid-1970s, after remaining at less than 1% during the 1960s and early 1970s.
- Policing costs totalled \$7.3 billion in 2001 (\$234 per Canadian), an increase of 7% from 2000 (4% after adjusting for inflation). Approximately half of the increase was due to increases in spending by the RCMP, who increased both police officer and civilian personnel in 2002. This represents the fifth consecutive increase in constant dollar spending.
- Among the provinces, Ontario and Québec continued to have the highest per capita costs in 2001, reporting \$203
 and \$199, respectively. The Atlantic region continued to have the lowest per capita costs.

Introduction

Overview of Policing in Canada

Policing in Canada is the responsibility of all three levels of government: federal, provincial/territorial and municipal. The federal government, through the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP), is responsible for the enforcement of federal statutes in each province and territory, and for providing services such as forensic laboratories, identification services, the Canadian Police Information Centre (CPIC), and the Canadian Police College.

Each province/territory assumes responsibility for its own provincial/territorial and municipal policing. Provincial policing involves enforcement of the *Criminal Code* and provincial statutes within areas of a province not served by a municipal police service (i.e., rural areas and small towns). In some cases, police boundaries may overlap. For example, in some areas provincial police perform traffic duties on major provincial thoroughfares that pass through municipal jurisdictions.

Municipal policing consists of enforcement of the *Criminal Code*, provincial statutes, and municipal by-laws within the boundaries of a municipality or several adjoining municipalities that comprise a region (e.g., Durham Regional Police in Ontario) or a metropolitan area (e.g., Montreal Urban Community).

Newfoundland and Labrador, Yukon, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut are the only areas in Canada without municipal police services. In Newfoundland and Labrador the Royal Newfoundland Constabulary, which is a provincial police service, provides policing to the three largest municipalities (St. John's, Corner Brook, and Labrador City) as well as Churchill Falls. Newfoundland and Labrador contracts the RCMP to provide policing to the remaining municipalities and the rural areas.

The RCMP provides provincial/territorial policing in all provinces and territories except Québec and Ontario, which maintain their own provincial police services: the Sûreté du Québec and the Ontario Provincial Police, respectively. Newfoundland and Labrador also maintains its own provincial police service, as mentioned above.

In addition to federal, provincial and municipal policing, there are also various types of First Nations policing agreements for Aboriginal communities in place across Canada.

Survey Definitions and Coverage

This report is based upon data collected through the "Police Administration Survey" conducted by the Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics. This survey collects data on police personnel and expenditures from each municipal, provincial and federal (RCMP) police service in Canada. More information is collected than is presented in this report, and additional information can be provided for special reports or individual requests.

The following federal policing and security agencies are excluded from the survey: the Canadian Security Intelligence Service, railway, and military police. Federal and provincial government departments deploying personnel to enforce specific statutes in the areas of income tax, customs and excise, immigration, fisheries and wildlife are also excluded. As well, private security guards and private investigators are not included in this survey.

Data presented in this report represent police personnel as of either June 15th, 2001 or June 15th 2002 (as identified in text and table headings) and final expenditures for the year 2001 (or 2001/2002 for those services operating on a fiscal year). Most municipal police services operate on a calendar year while the provincial services and the RCMP operate on a fiscal year. Policing expenditures will be referred to as calendar year (i.e., 2001) throughout this report.

Personnel counts are based on permanent, full-time equivalents; part-time employees are converted to full-time equivalents (e.g., 4 employees working 10 hours per week would equal 1 full-time employee working a 40-hour week). Police officers

Police resources in Canada, 2002

include the actual number of sworn police officers as of June 15th. Civilians include all other non-police personnel as of June 15th (e.g., clerical, dispatch, management, cadets, special constables, security officers, school crossing guards, bylaw enforcement officers). Temporary police officers, auxiliary police and other volunteer personnel are not included in this report.

Police expenditures are actual operating expenditures and include: salaries and wages, benefits, and other operating expenses such as accommodation costs, fuel, maintenance, etc. Capital expenditures, revenues and recoveries are not included.

Population figures used in this report are from the Demography Division of Statistics Canada and represent postcensal or intercensal estimates. Population data are regularly updated and, as such, rates published in this report may differ slightly from rates published in earlier reports.

Data from the *Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Survey* are also included in this report to provide appropriate caseload context for the police in terms of the volume of criminal incidents coming to their attention. The *UCR Survey* collects crime and traffic offences reported by all police services in Canada, dating back to 1962.

Comparing Police Statistics

The report is subdivided into two parts. The first part contains information at the national, provincial/territorial, census metropolitan area (CMA) level, as well as for the largest 26 municipal police forces. The second part contains summary information at the level of the municipal police service. While it is not possible to make direct comparisons among the more than 600 municipal police services for the reasons described below, it is useful to examine resources over time for the same police service.

Data at the CMA level

A CMA is a large urban area with a core population of at least 100,000 and includes the surrounding suburban and rural areas that are socially and economically integrated with the urban centre. The areas that police services serve may differ in their mix of urban/suburban populations, and some inner-city police services have to police many more people than the resident population, as large numbers of people enter the urban core to work and shop during the day. For these reasons, it is difficult to compare crime rates among police services. This lack of comparability is addressed by analyzing crime rates by CMA. In order to present data at the CMA level, the data from all police services providing services within the boundary of the CMA, including urban, suburban and rural areas, have been combined. However, expenditures (per capita costs) are not available at the CMA level due to the number of provincial policing detachments within the CMA for which detachment-specific costs are not available.

Data at the Police Force Level

Part II of this report presents data for each individual municipal police service according to its actual police jurisdiction and budget. While these data accurately reflect the police resources and crime rates in these communities, they are not necessarily comparable with one another at this level for a variety of reasons:

- (i) Each municipal police service has a different mix of urban, suburban, and rural areas, each with its own unique characteristics, geography and level of crime. Some municipal services are "metropolitan" or "regional", while others may serve primarily "inner-city" areas and are surrounded by other suburban police services.
- (ii) The expenditures presented in this section represent those costs included in the police operating budget of each municipality. The contents of these budgets tend to differ considerably from city to city. For example, some costs (e.g., accommodation, by-law enforcement, and court security) and some services (e.g., computing, personnel, and financial services) may be included within the police service's operating budget for some municipalities, but in other municipalities they may be paid for by other departments or through the service's capital budget, which is not included.

- (iii) In some police services, there may be police officers who are funded by external agencies (e.g. an airport authority or a community organisation). While these officers are included in this report, the related costs are not. As a result, the cost of policing in these communities is underestimated. In addition, these officers may be restricted to policing certain areas (e.g. a port or airport), and therefore it may appear that more officers are available for general policing than is the case in some communities. Where this information has been made available to the CCJS, it has been footnoted in the appropriate tables.
- (iv) Expenditure figures for the RCMP municipal contracts represent only the amount billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs (e.g., accommodation, support staff, etc.) incurred by the municipality. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included.

Survey Revisions

1986 revision

The Police Administration Survey was revised in 1986 to collect police department expenditures (beginning in 1985) as well as more detailed information on police personnel and functions. As both the old and revised surveys were run simultaneously in 1986, it was possible to examine the effects of the revised survey. An analysis of the data revealed that there were some minor differences in the distribution of police personnel between the two surveys. In order to correct for these methodological differences, the data presented in Table 6 prior to 1986 have been adjusted at the national level.

1996 revision

In 1996 changes were made to the effective date for collecting personnel strength, moving from September 30th to June 15th. School crossing guards were added to the survey in 1996 as their numbers warranted a separate category. Prior to 1996, they were captured under the "other" category. Adjustments were made to civilian personnel to account for this change, back to 1986.

Also, expenses associated with the purchasing and leasing of vehicles were now to be included only if they were part of the operational budget of the police service. Prior to 1995, all expenses related to the purchase and lease of vehicles were included, regardless of the type of budget. Benefits were expanded to include those paid by other government sources. The removal of expenses due to the capital purchases of vehicles, and the addition of expenses due to the inclusion of benefits paid by other government sources were examined in detail. It was estimated that these revisions accounted for an overall change of less than 1% in reported expenses.

Report History

There were originally two annual reports from the *Police Administration Survey*. These reports were combined in 1999 so that all relevant information in the area of police personnel, expenditures and crime rates could be included in one publication. This also was done to help avoid confusion over data presented at the census metropolitan area level and at the individual municipal police service level.

The *Police Personnel and Expenditures Report* (formerly Catalogue no. 85F0019XPE) was primarily analytical and examined key trends and rates in police personnel and expenditures at the national, provincial / territorial, and metropolitan area levels back to 1962. The information from that report is now contained in Part I.

The *Crime and Police Resources in Canadian Municipalities Report* (formerly Catalogue no. 85-223-XPE) was purely tabular and presented key resource and crime statistics for each of the municipal police services in Canada for the previous year. The information from that report is now contained in Part II.

Part I

Police Resources in Canada, Provinces/Territories and Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs)

Police Personnel

One police officer for every 538 residents

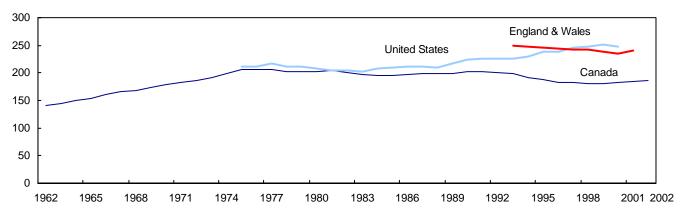
As of June 15, 2002 there were 58,414 police officers in Canada, a 2.3% increase over 2001. The rate of police officers per 100,000 population increased for the fourth straight year in 2002, up 1.4%. This is equal to one officer for every 538 Canadians (Table 6, Figure 1). The increase in the number of police officers in 2002 at the national level resulted mainly from increases in Ontario and Québec (Table 7).

The number of police officers per 100,000 population increased steadily during the 1960's and early 1970's, peaking at 206 police officers per 100,000 population in 1975. Between 1975 and 1991, the number of police officers increased at about the same pace as the Canadian population, maintaining an average of around 200 police per 100,000 population. However, in the seven year span between 1991 and 1998, the rate dropped by 10.6%, and has risen only slightly since 1998 (+2.7%).

Comparing the most recent data available, the rate of police per capita in Canada (186 officers per 100,000 population) is lower than both the United States at 247 (2000 data)¹ and England and Wales at 240 (2001 data)². Figure 1 shows that Canada and the U.S. had very similar rates of police officers until the late 1980s. However, while the number of officers per capita increased in the U.S. from 1989 to 1999, Canada experienced declines from 1991 to 1998. Beginning in 1996, the U.S. federal government implemented a program known as the Community Oriented Policing Services Program (COPS), a major focus of which was to increase the number of officers deployed in American communities³. In comparison, the rate of police per capita in England and Wales dropped by 6% between 1993 and 2000, but hiring during 2001 has begun to reverse that trend⁴.

Figure 1

Police per 100,000 Population, Canada, 1962-2002, the United States, 1975-2000 and England and Wales, 1993-2001



Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics. U.S. data: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. England and Wales data: Home Office, Research Development and Statistics Directorate, and Office for National Statistics.

U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. FBI, "Crime in the United States, 1975-1998" and special tabulations requested for 1999 and 2000, U.S. Department of Justice.

² Home Office. "Police Service Strength – England and Wales, 30 September 2001." Statistical Bulletin. Issue 23/01. December 2001.

³ Roth, J.A. & Ryan, J.F. "The COPS Program After 4 Years – National Evaluation." National Institute of Justice: Research in Brief. August 2000.

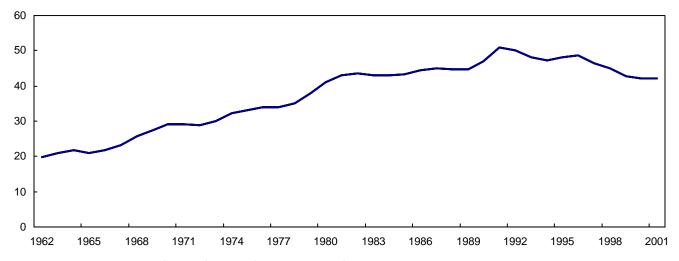
Police per capita figures for England and Wales for 1993 to 2001 were calculated using Home Officer police officer figures and Office for National Statistics population data for England and Wales for 1993 to 2001.

Rate of incidents per police officer remains stable

The number of *Criminal Code* incidents (excluding traffic) per police officer may be used as one indicator of police workload. The rate is affected not only by the number of police officers, but also by changes in the number of crimes reported to the police. The number of *Criminal Code* incidents per officer increased steadily from 20 per officer in 1962 to a peak of 51 in 1991. Since 1991, this rate has generally been decreasing, and in 2001 was at 42 incidents per officer (Figure 2, Table 6). The 2001 rate was also virtually identical to the rate twenty years ago.

Figure 2

Criminal Code Incidents per Police Officer, Canada, 1962-2001



Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Among the provinces, Saskatchewan had the most police per capita

Figure 3 presents the number of police officers per 100,000 population by province (excluding RCMP headquarters and training academy police officer personnel). The three territories are not shown on this graph as their sparse populations over immense areas result in considerably higher police strengths than the rest of Canada (Table 7). Counts for temporary officers are not included in any of the police officer counts, as only permanent, full-time officers (and full-time equivalents) are included. Temporary police officers are hired to fill in, as needed, for permanent police officers. It should be noted that Québec employs more temporary police officers than any other jurisdiction. Of the 1,124 temporary officers reported in 2002, 956 or 85% were employed in Québec.

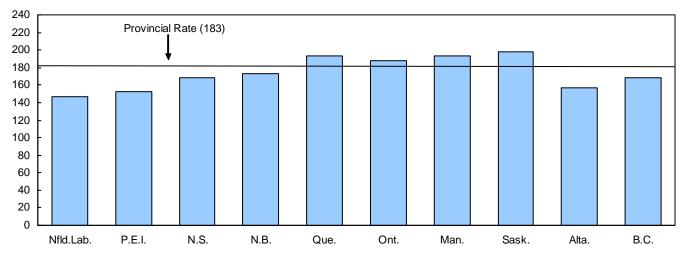
Among the provinces, Saskatchewan had the most police officers per 100,000 population (198) in 2002, an increase of 3% from 2001. Québec (194), Manitoba (193), and Ontario (187) had the next highest rates. For the second year in a row, Saskatchewan's rate exceeded those of Québec and Manitoba, (something that had not previously occurred since data were collected in 1962). This change has occurred partly because Saskatchewan's population has been shrinking for the past three years and partly because the RCMP has expanded its strength in Saskatchewan in recent years to make up for shortfalls in earlier years. Newfoundland and Labrador (147) and Prince Edward Island (153) continued to show the lowest police per capita rates. As mentioned earlier, the rates in Yukon (421), Nunavut (387) and the Northwest Territories (386) were much higher.

In 2002 police per capita rates increased in seven of the provinces and territories, but remained relatively stable in the remainder (Table 7). Among the provinces, the largest increases in per capita rates occurred in Prince Edward Island (+5%) and in Québec and Saskatchewan (both by +3%).

The majority of the provinces experienced declines in per capita police strength over the past decade, indicating that growth in police officer personnel did not keep pace with population growth over this period. The largest declines were in Alberta (-9%), Quebec (-7%) and Ontario (-7%). Only two provinces, (Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan), had substantial increases in per capita police strength over the past decade (+5% and +3%, respectively).

Figure 3

Police Officers¹ per 100,000 Population, 2002



¹ Excluding RCMP headquarters and training academy personnel.

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

High rate of turnover expected due to retirements

A recent report commissioned by the Canadian Police Association (CPA) and the Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police (CACP) and funded by Human Resources Development Canada (HRDC) found that a relatively high rate of turnover due to retirements can be expected within the next four to five years (or between 2002 and 2006) within the Canadian policing community.⁵ This study estimated that nearly one in four police officers in Canada will be eligible to retire with full pensions in this period. Further, according to this study, some variation regionally can be expected, with lower eligibility rates in the Atlantic region and in Ontario (each with about 17% of all police officers eligible for retirement and due partly to higher minimum years of service requirements in the Atlantic region). Québec faces the greatest challenges in terms of police officer hiring and replacement, as fully one-third of sworn officers will be eligible for full-retirement benefits within five years.

Thunder Bay had the most police officers per capita among the metropolitan areas

Table 1a presents the number of police officers per 100,000 population and the crime rates for the 25 census metropolitan areas (CMAs) in Canada (defined as large urban areas with populations over 100,000). The crime data in this table are for the year 2001, as crime data for 2002 are not yet available. Police officers included in Table 1a represent only those involved in municipal and provincial policing. See *Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) Reference List* for a list of police services included in each CMA.

⁵ Human Resources Development Canada, Canadian Police Association, Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police and PricewaterhouseCoopers, "Strategic Human Resources Analysis of Public Policing in Canada", December, 2001.

Police resources in Canada, 2002

Thunder Bay had the most police officers per 100,000 population (204) in 2002, followed by Regina and Hamilton (with 192 and 184, respectively). Sherbrooke (109) had the fewest. Among the larger CMAs (over 500,000 population), Hamilton (184) and Toronto (178) had the most police officers per 100,000 population, whereas Québec (122) and Ottawa (131) had the lowest.

Table 1a

Police Officers and Crime Rate in Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs)¹, 2002

CMAs	2002 Population ²	2002 Number of Police Officers	Police Officers per 100,000 Population	Population per Officer	2001 Crime Rate ³
Thunder Bay	125,109	255	204	491	8,602
Regina	197,027	379	192	520	16,387
Hamilton	686,882	1,261	184	545	7,102
Windsor	319,873	573	179	558	7,374
Toronto	5,029,855	8,948	178	562	5,343
Saskatoon	231,834	408	176	568	13,360
Winnipeg ⁴	685,507	1,202	175	570	10,947
Montréal	3,548,775	5,997	169	592	6,830
Halifax ⁴	363,211	575	158	632	9,354
St.Catharines-Niagara ⁵	426,139	656	154	650	6,826
Sudbury	155,947	238	153	655	7,535
Victoria	322,073	491	152	656	9,996
Calgary	993,182	1,458	147	681	7,137
Saint John ⁵	145,823	213	146	685	6,612
Edmonton	967,166	1,380	143	701	9,032
St.John's	177,235	247	139	718	6,406
Trois-Rivières	141,360	193	137	732	5,094
Vancouver ⁴	2,136,241	2,911	136	734	11,314
London ⁵	384,598	523	136	735	7,894
Gatineau (Quebec portion of Ottawa-Gatineau CMA)	266,116	361	136	737	6,185
Kitchener ⁵	463,139	623	135	743	5,709
Ottawa (Ontario portion of Ottawa-Gatineau CMA)	862,798	1,131	131	763	5,946
Saguenay ⁵	141,820	174	123	815	4,986
Québec	697,753	849	122	822	4,986
Sherbrooke ⁵	146,518	160	109	916	6,541

¹ The numbers in this table will not agree with the numbers in Part II of this report (which report data at the level of individual police services) because most CMAs are policed by more than one police service. The CMA of Oshawa is not included due to differences in policing jurisdiction and CMA boundaries. Crimes investigated by RCMP federal personnel within CMAs are included; however police officer counts do not include RCMP federal police officers.

Source: Police Administration Annual Survey and Uniform Crime Reporting Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

While Regina had the highest crime rate in 2001 and the second highest police officers per capita in 2002 among the CMAs, Vancouver, with the third highest crime rate in 2001 among the CMAs, had a rate of police officers per capita (136) considerably lower than the rate for all CMAs (160). On the other extreme, Toronto had the fifth highest rate of officers per capita combined with the fourth lowest crime rate.

Table 1b presents data at the individual police force level for the 26 largest forces. This differs from Table 1a in that a CMA generally includes more than one police force (see CMA Reference List). While the CMA table should be used to compare major metropolitan areas, table 1b presents the actual police strength of the major police forces within each CMA.

Female police officers continue to increase, but remain a minority

In 2002, women accounted for 15% of police officers in Canada. While the number of male police officers increased 1.4% from 2001, the number of female officers increased by 7.7%, indicating that recruitment of women continues to grow. The proportion of female police officers has been increasing steadily since the mid-1970s, after remaining at less than 1% during the 1960s and early 1970s. The number of female police officers has more than doubled over the past decade (Table 2, Figure 4).

Populations were derived from July 1st preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002, Demography Division, Statistics Canada.

³ Crime rate represents the number of Criminal Code incidents (excluding traffic) per 100,000 population.

Crime data for 2002 were not available at the time of publication.

⁴ Police officer counts include officers deployed to contract positions (e.g. airport, port, U.N. mission).

⁵ CMA populations were adjusted to follow police force boundaries.

Table 1b Police Officers and Crime Rate in the Largest Police Forces, 2002

Police Forces	2001 Population ¹	2002 Number of Police Officers	Police Officers per 100,000 Population ²	Population per Officer ²	2001 Crime Rate ³
Montreal Police	1,838,474	4,109	224	447	8,353
Windsor Police	212,823	427	201	498	8,579
Halifax Regional Police ⁴	200,673	402	200	499	12,069
Vancouver Police ⁴	573,154	1,143	199	501	13,053
Toronto Police	2,562,235	5,048	197	508	6,414
Winnipeg Police ⁴	631,675	1,173	186	539	11,549
Regina Police	185,820	322	173	577	16,788
Edmonton Police	663,819	1142	172	581	10,470
Saskatoon Police	205,508	332	162	619	14,160
Calgary Police	899,285	1,402	156	641	7,304
Greater Sudbury Police	160,198	238	149	673	6,323
Niagara Regional Police	426,912	623	146	685	6,808
Durham Regional Police	523,013	757	145	691	5,777
Hamilton-Wentworth Regional Police	503,043	718	143	701	8,282
St.John's (R.N.C.)	175,245	247	141	709	6,440
Québec Police	513,981	718	140	716	6,609
Peel Regional Police	999,146	1,384	139	722	4,019
London Police	346,324	467	135	742	7,861
Laval Police	354,773	471	133	753	5,236
Ottawa-Carleton Regional Police	800,525	1,055	132	759	6,045
Waterloo Regional Police	456,767	591	129	773	5,671
Halton Regional Police	387,388	489	126	792	4,222
Richmond (R.C.M.P.)	166,809	204	122	818	8,298
Burnaby (R.C.M.P.)	193,644	233	120	831	12,277
York Regional Police	778,000	929	119	837	4,040
Surrey (R.C.M.P.)	344,620	392	114	879	14,090

Populations were derived from July 1st preliminary postcensal estimates for 2001 (1996 Census boundaries). Demography Division, Statistics Canada.

Populations were adjusted to follow policing boundaries. 2001 populations were used since population adjustments for policing boundaries were not yet available for

4 Police officer counts include officers deployed to contract positions (e.g. airport, port, U.N. mission).
Source: Police Administration Annual Survey and Uniform Crime Reporting Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Police Officers by Sex, Canada, Selected Years

Total	nale	Fen	Male		Year
	%	Number	%	Number	
30,146	0.6	190	99.4	29,956	1965
37,949	0.5	186	99.5	37,763	1970
47,713	1.2	562	98.8	47,151	1975
49,841	2.2	1,092	97.8	48,749	1980
50,351	3.6	1,833	96.4	48,518	1985
56,034	6.4	3,573	93.6	52,461	1990
55,008	9.8	5,378	90.2	49,630	1995
55,954	13.7	7,650	86.3	48,304	2000
57,076 r	14.5	8.273 r	85.5	48,803 ^r	2001
58,414	15.3	8,911	84.7	49,503	2002

r revised

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

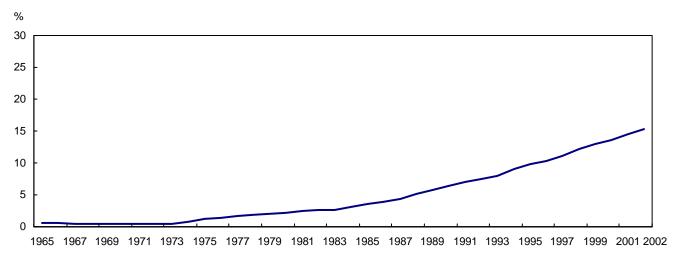
Calculations used 2002 officer counts with 2001 populations.

Crime rate represents the number of Criminal Code incidents (excluding traffic) per 100,000 population.

Crime data for 2002 were not available at the time of publication.

Figure 4

Proportion of Female Police Officers, Canada, 1965-2002



Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

British Columbia had the highest percentage of female police officers

In 2002, British Columbia had the highest percentage of female police officers at 19%, followed by Saskatchewan (16%) and Ontario (15%). The lowest proportions were found in the Atlantic provinces, with women accounting for between 10% and 12% of total police officers in each province. (These patterns existed in each of the past 3 years.)

Table 3

Police Officers by Sex, Provinces/Territories, 2002

Province/Territory	Ma	le	Fer	nale	Total
	Number	%	Number	%	
British Columbia	5,642	81.1	1,316	18.9	6,958
Saskatchewan	1,693	84.3	315	15.7	2,008
Ontario	19,141	84.6	3,486	15.4	22,627
Nunavut	94	84.7	17	15.3	111
Québec	12,220	84.7	2,208	15.3	14,428
Northwest Territories	136	85.0	24	15.0	160
Alberta	4,195	85.9	689	14.1	4,884
Manitoba	1,933	87.1	286	12.9	2,219
Yukon	111	88.1	15	11.9	126
Newfoundland and Labrador	687	88.2	92	11.8	779
Prince Edward Island	189	88.3	25	11.7	214
New Brunswick	1,156	88.5	150	11.5	1,306
Nova Scotia	1,421	89.3	171	10.7	1,592
RCMP Headquarters	885	88.3	117	11.7	1,002
Canada	49,503	84.7	8,911	15.3	58,414

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Women continue to move up the ranks

The percentage of female police officers in all ranks has increased in the past year (Table 4). In 2002, women represented 4.0% of the senior officers, 7.1% of the non-commissioned officers and 18.6% of the constables, compared to 1986 when they accounted for less than 1% among the senior and the non-commissioned officer ranks and only 5% of all constables.

Table 4

Percentage of Male and Female Police Officers Within the Ranks, Canada, Selected Years

	Senior	Officers	Non-Commissioned Officers Constable			stables
Year	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
	%		%		%	
1986	99.8	0.2	99.5	0.5	94.6	5.4
1988	99.8	0.2	99.2	0.8	93.0	7.0
1990	99.6	0.4	98.7	1.3	91.4	8.6
1992	99.3	0.7	98.4	1.6	89.8	10.2
1994	98.7	1.3	97.8	2.2	88.0	12.0
1996	98.3	1.7	97.0	3.0	86.5	13.5
1998	97.8	2.2	96.1	3.9	84.5	15.5
2000	96.9	3.1	94.5	5.5	83.0	17.0
2002	96.0	4.0	92.9	7.1	81.4	18.6

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Civilian employees increase

In 2002 there were 20,760 civilian employees, an increase of 4% from 2001 (Table 6). From 1962 to 1987, civilians were in a period of steady growth, as some duties that were traditionally performed by police officers were reassigned to civilians (such as dispatch and by-law enforcement). During that 25-year period, the number of civilian personnel more than tripled, while the number of police officers doubled. Between 1987 and 1998, the count of civilians stabilized, remaining around 19,500 employees. Between 1998 and 2002, civilian personnel increased by 7%. However, an increase in the number of police officers over the same period (7% also) left the ratio of police officers to civilian personnel essentially unchanged. Figure 5 shows that the ratio of police officers to civilians dropped from a high of 4.6 police for every civilian in 1963 to 2.7 in 1987. Over the last 20 years, this ratio has remained relatively stable.

The distribution of males and females among civilian personnel has also changed over the years. Prior to 1970, men outnumbered women. With steadily increasing numbers of female civilians, the number of women surpassed the number of men after 1970. Since the mid-1980s, females have accounted for around two-thirds of all civilian staff.

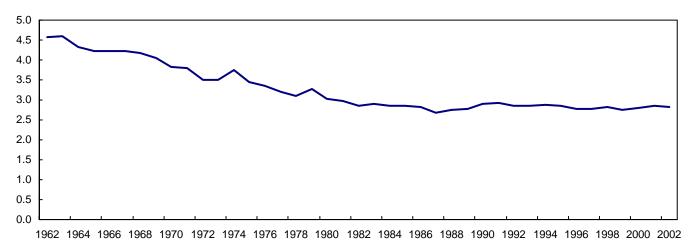
Policing Expenditures

Policing costs increase

Policing expenditures totalled \$7.3 billion in 2001. This represents an increase of 6.9% from 2000. With an adjustment for inflation, expenditures were up 4.2%, marking the fifth year in a row that constant dollars have increased (Table 5, Figure 6). The \$7.3 billion spent on policing in 2001 translates into a cost of \$234 per Canadian, up from \$221 in 2000 (Table 6).

Figure 5

Ratio of Police Officers to Civilians, Canada, 1962-2002



Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

In general, salaries, wages and benefits make up about 80% of policing expenditures. Municipal policing accounts for about 56% of policing expenditures, provincial policing accounts for about 23% and federal and other RCMP costs account for the remaining 21% of the total expenditures (Table 8).

Table 5 **Current and Constant Dollar Expenditures on Policing, Canada, 1985-2001**

	Curre	nt Dollars	Const	ant Dollars¹
ear	(\$000s)	% Change from Previous Year	(\$000s)	% Change from Previous Year
1985	3,542,240		5,497,556	
1986	3,772,217	6.5	5,622,101	2.3
1987	4,027,809	6.8	5,752,601	2.3
1988	4,389,414	9.0	6,025,092	4.7
1989	4,684,760	6.7	6,127,034	1.7
1990	5,248,530	12.0	6,548,005	6.9
1991	5,426,887	3.4	6,413,093	-2.1
1992	5,716,833	5.3	6,654,394	3.8
1993	5,790,165	1.3	6,620,582	-0.5
1994	5,783,656	-0.1	6,600,172	-0.3
1995	5,808,607	0.4	6,488,694	-1.7
1996	5,856,055	0.8	6,436,683	-0.8
1997	5,989,022	2.3	6,478,830	0.7
1998	6,209,756	3.7	6,655,761	2.7
1999	6,394,160	3.0	6,735,568	1.2
2000	6,800,648 ^r	6.4	6,974,409	3.5
2001	7,270,418	6.9	7,270,418	4.2

^{...} not applicable

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

r revised

The Consumer Price Index was used to calculate constant dollars over a base year of 2001 (2001=100).

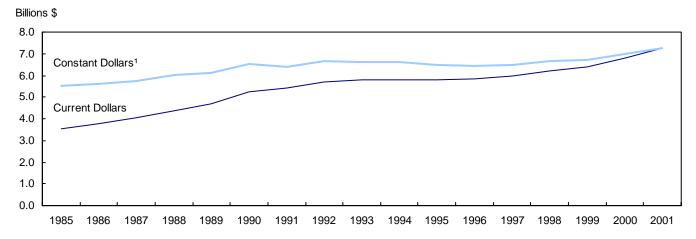
Ontario and Québec have the highest per capita costs

Figure 7 compares per capita policing costs of municipal and provincial/territorial policing by province for 2001. Only expenditures for municipal and provincial/ territorial policing are included, as the provinces/territories are not responsible for federal policing and other RCMP administrative expenditures. Per capita costs for Yukon, the Northwest Territories, and Nunavut were excluded from the graph as their sparse populations over immense areas resulted in per capita costs that were considerably higher than the rest of Canada (Table 8).

The per capita cost of municipal and provincial/territorial policing in Canada for 2001 was \$184. Consistent with historical data, Ontario (\$203) and Québec (\$199) had the highest per capita expenditures among the provinces. Prince Edward Island (\$113) and Newfoundland and Labrador (\$118) had the lowest. The Atlantic provinces have generally had the lowest per capita costs in recent years. Among the territories, the per capita cost was \$476 for Nunavut, \$459 for the Northwest Territories and \$347 for Yukon.

Figure 6

Current and Constant Dollar Spending on Policing, Canada, 1985-2001



¹ The Consumer Price Index was used to calculate constant dollars over a base year of 2001.

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

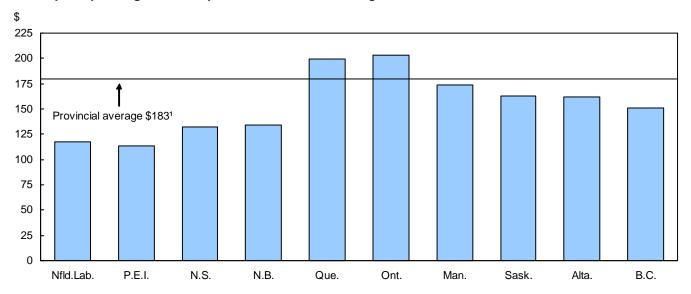
Municipal Policing Expenditures

Provincial legislation can require that cities and towns, upon reaching a minimum population, maintain their own municipal police service. Municipalities have three options when providing municipal policing services: forming their own police service, joining with an existing municipal police service, or entering into an agreement with the provincial police service or the RCMP. In 2001, there were 603 municipal police services in Canada, including 201 RCMP municipal contracts and 85 OPP municipal contracts. In total, municipal policing accounted for 67% of all police officers and 56% of all policing expenditures in 2001. Table 9 provides information on municipal policing expenditures.

The RCMP employed 4,036 officers in 2001 under contract to 201 municipalities in all provinces except Newfoundland and Labrador, Québec and Ontario. RCMP municipal policing contract charges are based upon the size of the municipality. During 2001, most policing contracts in municipalities with a population of under 15,000 were billed 70% of the cost of the contract, while municipalities of 15,000 and over were billed 90% (in most cases) of the contract cost. The costing formula takes into consideration the costs of providing federal and other RCMP policing duties while also performing municipal policing duties.

Figure 7

Per Capita Spending on Municipal and Provincial Policing, 2001



¹ This average excludes the territories. The combined provincial/ territorial average is \$184.

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics

There were 85 Ontario municipalities that contracted with the OPP in 2001 to provide municipal policing, for a total of 1,215 police officers.

The remaining 317 Canadian municipal police services employed 32,727 officers, or 86% of municipal police officers in Canada, and accounted for 90% of total municipal policing expenditures in 2001.

Provincial/Territorial Policing Expenditures

Provincial policing for both the provinces and territories accounted for approximately one-quarter (23%) of policing costs in 2001. Table 10 provides information on provincial policing costs.

Federal Policing and Other RCMP Expenditures

In 2001, the cost to the federal government for expenditures on federal policing and other RCMP expenditures totaled \$1.5 billion (Table 8), which included the portion of municipal and provincial RCMP contract policing considered federal policing (\$303 million: the sum of the "Federal" columns in Tables 9 and 10). The RCMP has responsibility in all provinces and territories for the enforcement of federal statutes and protective services.

Other RCMP expenditures include the cost of headquarters and divisional administration and the costs associated with providing national police services such as: forensic laboratory services; the Canadian Police College; informatics support for management and operation of the Canadian Police Information Centre (CPIC), an automated national computer information system that is available to all police services; telecommunications services for data and radio transmissions to ensure all detachments receive current information; criminal intelligence and United Nations peacekeeping services.

New Federal Expenditures for Policing in Canada

Federal expenditures on policing can be expected to increase in the next five years due to the Government of Canada's commitment to enhance the security of Canadians following the terrorism activities which occurred in the United States on September 11, 2001. In October 2001, as part of its \$280-million Anti-Terrorism Plan, the federal government announced \$64 million in immediate new funding for the RCMP and the Solicitor General's Office. The federal budget announced on December 10, 2001 also presented a five-year \$7.7 billion funding strategy for initiatives intended to improve the safety of Canadians from terrorism activities, including \$1.6 billion over five years allocated to strengthen intelligence and policing. These monies will be used to enhance information-sharing capabilities among law enforcement, intelligence and national security agencies, increase the number of police and intelligence officers as well as better equip these officers.

⁶ Taylor-Butts,A., "Justice Spending in Canada, 2000-2001", Juristat, Catalogue 85-002-XPE, Vol. 22, no.11, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada, October, 2002, and Department of Finance Canada, The Budget in Brief, December 2001.

Summary Tables

Table 6 Trends in Police Personnel¹ and Expenditures, Canada, 1962-2002

Year	Population ²	Police Officers	Civilian Personnel	Total Personnel	Police: Civilian Ratio	Population Per Police Officer	Police Per 100,000 Population	Actual ³ Criminal Code Incidents	Incidents per Officer	Total Expenditures	Per Capita Cost
	000's									\$000's	\$
1962	18,583.0	26,129	5,699	31,828	4.58	711.2	140.6	514,986	19.7		
1963	18,931.0	27,333	5,935	33,268	4.61	692.6	144.4	572,105	20.9		
1964	19,291.0	28,823	6,655	35,478	4.33	669.3	149.4	626,038	21.7		
1965	19,644.0	30,146	7,133	37,279	4.23	651.6	153.5	628,418	20.8		
1966	20,014.9	32,086	7,583	39,669	4.23	623.8	160.3	702,809	21.9		
1967	20,378.0	33,792	8,018	41,810	4.21	603.0	165.8	784,568	23.2		
1968	20.701.0	34,887	8,351	43,238	4.18	593.4	168.5	897,530	25.7		
1969	21,001.0	36,342	8,963	45,305	4.05	577.9	173.0	994,790	27.4		
1970	21,297.0	37,949	9,936	47,885	3.82	561.2	178.2	1,110,066	29.3		
1971	21,962.1	40,148	10,597	50,745	3.79	547.0	182.8	1,166,458	29.1		
1972	22,219.6	41,214	11,762	52,976	3.50	539.1	185.5	1,189,805	28.9		
1973	22,493.8	43,142	12,297	55,439	3.51	521.4	191.8	1,298,551	30.1		
1974	22.808.4	45,276	12.085	57,361	3.75	503.8	198.5	1,456,885	32.2		
1975	23,142.3	47,713	13,794	61,507	3.46	485.0	206.2	1,585,805	33.2		
1976	23,449.8	48,213	14,377	62,590	3.35	486.4	205.6	1,637,704	34.0		
1977	23,726.3	48,764	15,231	63,995	3.20	486.6	205.5	1,654,020	33.9		
1978	23,964.0	48,705	15,749	64,454	3.09	492.0	203.2	1,714,297	35.2		
1979	24,202.2	48,990	15,001	63,991	3.27	494.0	202.4	1,855,271	37.9		
1980	24,202.2	49,841	16,410	66,251	3.04	491.9	203.3	2,045,399	41.0		
1981	24,820.4	50,563	16,999	67,562	2.97	490.9	203.7	2,168,201	42.9		
1982	25,117.4	50,539	17,738	68,277	2.85	490.9	203.7	2,100,201	43.6		
1983	25,117.4	50,539		67,423	2.89	506.5	197.4		42.9		
1984	25,367.0	50,061	17,342 17,503		2.86	512.0	197.4	2,148,633	42.9		
				67,513				2,147,657		0.540.040	107
1985	25,842.6	50,351	17,702	68,053	2.84	513.2	194.8	2,174,175	43.2	3,542,240	137
1986	26,100.6	51,425	18,273	69,698	2.81	507.5	197.0	2,277,749	44.3	3,772,217	145
1987	26,449.9	52,510	19,558	72,068	2.68	503.7	198.5	2,368,956	45.1	4,027,809	152
1988	26,798.3	53,312	19,407	72,719	2.75	502.7	198.9	2,390,007	44.8	4,389,414	164
1989	27,286.2	54,211	19,526	73,737	2.78	503.3	198.7	2,425,936	44.7	4,684,760	172
1990	27,700.9	56,034	19,259	75,293	2.91	494.4	202.3	2,627,193	46.9	5,248,530	189
1991	28,030.9	56,768	19,440	76,208	2.92	493.8	202.5	2,898,988	51.1	5,426,887	194
1992	28,376.6	56,992	20,059	77,051	2.84	497.9	200.8	2,847,981	50.0	5,716,833	201
1993	28,703.1	56,901	19,956	76,857	2.85	504.4	198.2	2,735,626	48.1	5,790,165	202
1994	29,036.0	55,859	19,492	75,351	2.87	519.8	192.4	2,646,209	47.4	5,783,656	199
1995	29,353.9	55,008	19,259	74,267	2.86	533.6	187.4	2,639,654	48.0	5,808,607	198
1996	29,671.9	54,323	19,603	73,926	2.77	546.2	183.1	2,644,893	48.7	5,856,055	197
1997	29,987.2	54,719	19,679	74,398	2.78	548.0	182.5	2,534,766	46.3	5,989,022	200
1998	30,248.4 ^r	54,763	19,383	74,146	2.83	552.4 ^r	181.0	2,461,156	44.9	6,209,756	205
1999	30,509.3 ^r	55,321	20,168	75,489	2.74	551.5 ^r	181.3 ^r	2,356,831	42.6	6,394,160	210
2000	30,790.8 r	55,954	19,909	75,863	2.81	550.3 ^r	181.7 r	2,352,768 r	42.0 r	6,800,648 ^r	221
2001	31,110.6 ^r	57,076 ^r	19,998	77,074 ^r	2.85 ^r	545.1 ^r	183.5 r	2,408,021	42.2	7,270,418	234
2002	31,414.0	58,414	20,760	79,174	2.81	537.8	185.9				

^{..} not available for a specific reference period

A new survey was implemented in 1986. To maintain historical continuity, figures prior to 1986 have been adjusted.

¹⁹⁶²⁻¹⁹⁷⁰ final intercensal estimates at June 1st, without adjustment for net census undercounts; from 1971 onward estimates are adjusted to July 1st and include adjustments for net census undercoverage, non-permanent residents and returning Canadians; 1971-1990 revised intercensal estimates; 1991-1995 final

intercensal estimates; 1996-1999 final postcensal estimate; 2000-2001 updated postcensal estimates; 2002 preliminary postcensal estimates.

3 Data provided from the Uniform Crime Reporting Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics. Excludes Criminal Code traffic incidents.

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Table 7 Police Officers¹ by Level of Policing, 2002

D. I	Population ²	Independent ((Non-RCMP)			RCMP		
Probince/Territory	2002	Municipal	Provincial	Municipal	Provincial	Federal	Other ³	Total
	000's							
Newfoundland and Labrador ⁴	531.6		307		377	70	25	472
Prince Edward Island	139.9	85		6	89	23	11	129
Nova Scotia	944.8	726		53	635	144	34	866
New Brunswick	756.7	447		190	514	129	26	859
Québec	7,455.2	8,943	4,523			938	24	962
Ontario ⁵	12,068.3	16,899	4,096			1,534	98	1,632
Manitoba	1,150.8	1,299		178	555	160	27	920
Saskatchewan ⁶	1,011.8	820		207	744	208	29	1,188
Alberta	3,113.6	2,842		714	983	302	43	2,042
British Columbia	4,141.3	2,084		2,685	1,389	684	116	4,874
Yukon ⁷	29.9				85	30	11	126
Northwest Territories ⁷	41.4				136	17	7	160
Nunavut ⁷	28.7				96	6	9	111
Provincial/Territorial Total	31,414.0	34,145	8,926	4,033	5,603	4,245	460	14,341
RCMP 'HQ' and Training Academy						441	561	1,002
Canada	31,414.0	34,145	8,926	4,033	5,603	4,686	1,021	15,343
	Total	% Chang			olice Officers	% Change	% Change	Population
	Police Officers	2001 1			Per 100,000	in rate 2001	in rate 1992	Per Officer
	2002	200)2	2002	Population	to 2002	to 2002	2002
		C	%	%		%	%	
Newfoundland and Labrador ⁵	779	1.	.6	-12.7	147	2.0	-4.7	682
Prince Edward Island	214	5.	.4	12.6	153	4.7	5.4	654
Nova Scotia	1,592	0.	.7	3.1	169	0.5	0.3	593
New Brunswick	1,306	-0.		1.5	173	-0.9	0.4	579
Québec	14,428	3.	.6	-2.4	194	3.1	-6.9	517
Ontario ⁶	22,627	2.		6.4	187	0.6	-6.8	533
Manitoba	2,219	0.		1.4	193	0.4	-2.0	519
Saskatchewan ⁷	2,008	2.		3.8	198	2.9	3.0	504
Alberta	4,884	2.		7.9	157	0.9	-8.7	638
British Columbia	6,958	0.		11.6	168	-0.1	-6.5	595
Yukon ⁸	126	4.		5.0	421	5.0	6.1	237
Northwest Territories ⁸	160	5.			386	4.8	•••	259
Nunavut ⁸	111	22.	.0	•••	387	19.4		259
Provincial/Territorial Total	57,412	2.	.2	4.1	183	1.3	-6.0	547
RCMP 'HQ' and Training Academy	1,002							

not applicable

Represents actual police officer strength as of June 15, 2002.
 Preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002, Demography Division, Statistics Canada.

Includes Canadian Police Services and Departmental and Divisional Administration.

Newfoundland does not have any municipal police forces. The Royal Newfoundland Constabulary (a provincial police force) provides policing to the larger municipalities.

Excludes personnel from RCMP Headquarters. The Ontario Provincial Police deploy 1,261 officers to provide municipal policing services under contract and these are included as municipal, not provincial, policing.

Excludes personnel from RCMP Training Academy.

Yukon, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut do not have any municipal police forces. The RCMP is responsible for providing policing to the territories. Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Police resources in Canada, 2002

Table 8

Total Expenditures^{1,2} on Policing, 2001

D : T ::	2224 5 1 11 2		Expenditures				
Province/Territory	2001 Population ³	Municipal ⁴	Provincial ⁴	Total	Capita Cost		
	000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$		
Newfoundland and Labrador ⁵	533.8		62,776	62,776	118		
Prince Edward Island	138.9	7,523	8,211	15,734	113		
Nova Scotia	942.9	68,254	56,814	125,068	133		
New Brunswick	756.0	57,997	43,376	101,373	134		
Québec	7,417.7	950,467	526,570	1,477,037	199		
Ontario ⁶	11,894.9	1,890,403	528,658	2,419,060	203		
Manitoba	1,149.1	140,335	58,805	199,141	173		
Saskatchewan ⁷	1,017.1	102,151	63,956	166,108	163		
Alberta	3,059.1	401,509	92,798	494,307	162		
British Columbia	4,101.6	467,476	150,954	618,430	151		
Yukon	30.2		10,482	10,482	347		
Northwest Territories	41.2		18,912	18,912	459		
Nunavut	28.1		13,376	13,376	476		
Provincial/Territorial Total	31,110.6	4,086,116	1,635,689	5,721,805	184		
RCMP Federal, Administration, ⁸ Headquarters, Training Academy				1,548,614			
Canada Total ⁹	31,110.6	4,086,116	1,635,689	7,270,418	234		

^{...} not applicable

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

² Expenditure figures represent gross operating expenditures and include costs that are paid from police department budgets and benefits paid from other sources. Revenues, recoveries and capital expenditures are excluded.

³ Updated postcensal estimates for 2001. Demography Division, Statistics Canada.

Figures include the amount billed to the province, territory or municipality for RCMP contract policing and not the total cost of the contract. See Tables 9 and 10 for details. In some provinces, provincial policing is paid for by the municipalities.

⁵ Provincial policing figures include both the Royal Newfoundland Constabulary and the RCMP.

Excludes RCMP Headquarters.

⁷ Excludes RCMP Training Academy.

⁸ Includes all other RCMP costs which are not paid for by the municipality or the province/territory.

⁹ Municipal policing costs can be found in Table 9 (see footnote 6 in Table 9). Total provincial policing costs can be found in Table 10 (see footnote 6 in Table 10).
Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Table 9 **Expenditures**¹ on Municipal Policing², 2001

	N	lunicipal (non-	RCMP)		RCMP	Municipal Contra	acts ³		Total
Province/ Territory	No. of Police Services	Population ⁴ Policed	Total Expen- ditures	No. of Police Contracts	Population ⁴ Policed	Municipal Expen- ditures	Federal Expen- ditures	Total Expen- ditures	Expenditures on Municipal Policing
		000's	\$000's		000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
Newfoundland and Labrador ⁵									
Prince Edward Island	4	50.7	7,006	2	8.4	517	211	728	7,734
Nova Scotia	15	289.5	64,090	9	31.3	4,164	1,735	5,899	69,989
New Brunswick	12	227.8	41,876	11	127.9	16,120	1,516	17,636	59,513
Québec	155	5,856.8	950,467						950,467
Ontario ⁶	165	11,004.8	1,890,403						1,890,403
Manitoba	9	703.6	127,931	23	102.8	12,404	5,234	17,638	145,569
Saskatchewan	14	487.4	88,156	34	153.8	13,996	4,656	18,652	106,808
Alberta	13	1,737.7	348,485	63	621.9	53,024	15,030	68,054	416,540
British Columbia	15	1,159.2	249,456	59	2,204.8	218,020	30,420	248,440	497,896
Yukon ⁵									
Northwest Territories ⁵									
Nunavut ⁵									
Canada ⁷	402	21,517.5	3,767,870	201	3,250.7	318,246	58,802	377,048	4,144,918

^{...} not applicable

¹ Totals may not add up due to rounding.

² Expenditure figures represent gross operating expenditures and include costs that are paid from police department budgets and benefits paid from other sources. Revenues, recoveries and capital expenditures are excluded.

³ Under the RCMP contract, most municipalities with populations of less than 15,000 were billed 70% of total costs, while municipalities with populations of 15,000 and over were billed 90% of total costs in most cases. The remaining costs are shown as "Federal Expenditures".

Contract costs exclude employees the municipality provides to the RCMP.

⁴ Derived from updated postcensal estimates for 2001 at the Census Subdivision (CSD) level (1996 Census boundaries), Demography Division, Statistics Canada.

⁵ Newfoundland and Labrador, Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut do not have any municipal police forces. See Table 10 for policing costs.

⁶ Expenditures for OPP municipal contracts are included under "Municipal (Non-RCMP)".

⁷ Total municipal policing costs referred to in Table 8 includes both the total Municipal Non-RCMP cost (Column 4) plus the total RCMP Municipal Cost (Column 7).
Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Police resources in Canada, 2002

Table 10 Expenditures^{1,2} on Provincial/Territorial Policing, 2001

	Provincial Police	RCMP P	rovincial/Territorial Cont	racts	Total Expenditures
Province/ Territory	(Non-RCMP)	Provincial ³ Cost	Federal ³ Cost	Total (100%)	Provincial/ Territorial Policing
	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's	\$000's
Newfoundland and Labrador ⁴	25,370	37,406	15,774	53,179	78,550
Prince Edward Island		8,211	3,619	11,830	11,830
Nova Scotia		56,814	23,471	80,286	80,286
New Brunswick		43,376	19,183	62,559	62,559
Québec ⁵	526,570				526,570
Ontario ⁶	528,658				528,658
Manitoba		58,805	26,735	85,540	85,540
Saskatchewan		63,956	29,110	93,066	93,066
Alberta		92,798	42,228	135,026	135,026
British Columbia		150,954	63,424	214,378	214,378
Yukon		10,482	4,931	15,413	15,413
Northwest Territories		18,912	9,116	28,028	28,028
Nunavut		13,376	6,736	20,113	20,113
Canada ⁷	1,080,597	555,092	244,327	799,418	1,880,015

not applicable

Source: Police Administration Survey, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

Totals may not add up due to rounding.

Expenditure figures represent gross operating expenditures and include costs that are paid from police department budgets and benefits paid from other sources. Revenues, recoveries and capital expenditures are excluded.

In most cases, the provincial/territorial portion of policing contracts is 70% and the federal portion is 30%; however some administrative costs have been added to the federal portion, therefore the provincial/territorial portion may appear slightly lower than 70% in this table. In some provinces the cost of provincial policing is paid for by the municipalities.

The Royal Newfoundland Constabulary (RNC) shares provincial policing in Newfoundland with the RCMP. The RNC polices 39% of the population and the RCMP the remaining 61%.

The Sûreté du Québec provides all provincial policing in Quebec.

The Ontario Provincial Police provides all provincial policing in Ontario. Total provincial policing costs referred to in Table 8 includes both the total Provincial Police Non-RCMP cost (Column 2) plus the total RCMP Provincial Cost (Column 3).

Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) Reference List

Police Services Included in CMAs, 2002

CALGARY

Airdrie (RCMP rural) Airdrie (RCMP)

Beiseker (RCMP rural)

Calgary

Cochrane (RCMP rural) Cochrane (RCMP)

EDMONTON

Beaumont (RCMP) Devon (RCMP)

Edmonton

Fort Saskatchewan (RCMP rural) Fort Saskatchewan (RCMP)

Leduc (RCMP rural)

Leduc (RCMP)

Morinville (RCMP rural) Morinville (RCMP)

Redwater (RCMP)

Sherwood Park (RCMP) Spruce Grove (RCMP)

St. Albert (RCMP)

Stony Plain (RCMP rural)

Stony Plain (RCMP)

Thorsby (RCMP rural)

HALIFAX

Halifax County (RCMP rural)

Halifax Regional

HAMILTON

Burlington (OPP District)

Halton Regional (Burlington)

Hamilton-Wentworth Regional

KITCHENER

Cambridge (OPP rural)

Waterloo Regional

LONDON

London

St. Thomas

MONTRÉAL

Blainville

Boisbriand

Carignan

Chambly

Châteauguay

Deux-Montagnes MRC (SQ)

Deux-Montagnes Regional

Kanesatake Mohawk

L'Assomption

Laval

Longueuil

Lorraine

Mascouche

Mercier

IVIELCIEI

Mirabel

Montréal Repentigny

Rosemère

Roussillon (Régie)

Roussillon MRC (SQ)

Saint-Basile-le-Grand

Sainte-Julie

Saint-Eustache

Sainte-Thérèse

St-Jérôme

Terrebonne

Vallée-du-Richelieu

Vallée-du-Richelieu MRC (SQ)

Varennes

OTTAWA-GATINEAU (Québec portion)

Buckingham (SQ)

Gatineau

MRC des Collines de l'Outaouais

OTTAWA-GATINEAU (Ontario portion)

Casselman (OPP rural)

Ottawa (OPP rural) -Traffic

Ottawa-Carleton Regional

QUÉBEC

Lévis

L'Île-D'Orleans MRC (SQ)

Québec

Wendake

REGINA

Lumsden (RCMP rural)

Regina

Regina (RCMP rural)

SAGUENAY

Saguenay

SAINT JOHN

Hampton (RCMP District 3)

Hampton (RCMP) Rothesay Regional

Saint John

SASKATOON

Colonsay (RCMP rural)

Dalmeny Langham Saskatoon

Saskatoon (RCMP rural) Warman (RCMP rural) Warman (RCMP)

SHERBROOKE

Région Sherbrookoise

ST.CATHARINES-NIAGARA

Niagara Falls (OPP rural) Niagara Regional

ST.JOHN'S

RNC (St. John's)

SUDBURY

Greater Sudbury

THUNDER BAY

Shuniah (OPP)

Thunder Bay

Thunder Bay (OPP District)

TORONTO

Aurora (OPP District)

Caledon (OPP rural)

Caledon (OPP)

Downsview (OPP rural)

Durham Regional Halton Regional

Toronto

Mono (OPP)

Orangeville

Peel Regional

Port Credit (OPP rural)

York Regional

TROIS-RIVIÈRES

Bécancour MRC (SQ)

Trois-Rivières

VANCOUVER

Burnaby (RCMP)

Coquitlam (RCMP rural)

Coquitlam (RCMP)

Delta

Langley (RCMP)

Langley D.M. (RCMP)

Maple Ridge (RCMP)

New Westminster

North Vancouver City (RCMP)

North Vancouver D.M. (RCMP)

Pitt Meadows (RCMP)

Port Coquitlam (RCMP)

Port Moody

Richmond (RCMP)

Surrey (RCMP rural)

Surrey (RCMP)

Vancouver

Vancouver (RCMP rural)

West Vancouver

White Rock (RCMP)

VICTORIA

Central Saanich

Colwood (RCMP)

Esquimalt

Langford (RCMP)

North Saanich D.M. (RCMP)

Oak Bay

Saanich

Sidney (RCMP rural)

Sidney (RCMP)

Sooke (RCMP rural)

Victoria

View Royal (RCMP)

Western Communities (RCMP rural)

WINDSOR

Essex

Essex (OPP rural)

Lakeshore (OPP)

LaSalle

Tecumseh (OPP)

Windsor

WINNIPEG

Oakbank (RCMP rural)

East St. Paul

St. Pierre Jolys (RCMP rural)

Winnipeg

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Part II

Police Resources in Municipal Police Services

Introduction

This part of the report contains summary information on Canada's **municipal** police services, which employ 67% of all police officers in Canada and provide policing services to almost 25 million Canadians (80% of the Canadian population). Municipal policing includes all police services that are paid for by the municipalities and includes contract policing provided to municipalities by provincial police services and the RCMP. It should be noted that offences investigated by federal RCMP personnel within a municipal policing jurisdiction are included in the crime statistics for that municipal police service; however, personnel and expenditures associated with the federal RCMP are not included.

The report is organized by province. Within each province, municipal police services are grouped into one of five population ranges and the municipalities within each group are listed alphabetically. Within these groupings, municipalities that are policed by the RCMP or OPP under municipal contracts are separated by a space from the other municipal police services.

Municipal police services that existed on June 15, 2002 are included in this section. Municipal police services that ceased to exist and/or were amalgamated by other new police services as of June 15, 2002 are not included. A large number of municipal amalgamations occurred in the province of Québec over a one-year period prior to June 15, 2002. As a result, in Québec, a large number of municipal police services ceased operations as of June 15, 2002 and are not included in this section of this report. (This includes a number of municipal police services in Québec that closed and were taken over by the Sûreté du Québec.)

Because crime data and expenditure data for 2002 are not yet available for the municipal police services, most of the data presented in this section of the report are for the year 2001. Only the total number of police officers is reported for 2002.

Important Notes

Population

Most municipal populations are derived from postcensal estimates for July 1st (based on 1996 Census boundaries) as provided by Demography Division, Statistics Canada. The population estimates are based on usual place of residence. Populations for British Columbia municipalities were provided by the province. Populations for Aboriginal police services were provided by Indian and Northern Affairs Canada.

Population data are updated regularly and figures published in this report may differ slightly from figures published in earlier reports.

Municipalities are grouped according to the following population ranges:

- 100,000 +
- 50,000 99,999
- 15,000 49,999
- 5,000 14,999
- < 5,000

Population Density

In order to provide context for the relative 'urban' or 'rural' composition of a municipality, a population density figure is provided. Population density refers to the number of persons per square kilometre. The calculation for population density is total population divided by land area. Land area is the area in square kilometres of the land-based portions of the census geographic area, in this case census subdivision (municipality).

The land area measurements for the census subdivision reflect the boundaries in effect on January 1st, 1996 (the geographic reference date for the 1996 Census of Canada). Since the population density is a summary calculation of *total* municipal population divided by *total* municipal land area, it will not reflect the distribution of urban and rural segments within a municipality. However, it can be descriptive of the general urban or rural structure; for example, a highly centralized city such as Vancouver, B.C. has a population density of 5,026 persons/km² whereas an expansive city such as Sudbury, Ont. has a population density of 61 persons/km².

Police Officers

Counts represent the "actual" number (full-time equivalents) of permanent sworn police officers of all ranks as of June 15th. This number also includes officers who are deployed to contract positions (e.g. airport policing, U.N. missions) and who are not available for general policing duties in their community.

Population per Police Officer

Counts represent the population of the area serviced by the police service divided by the number of police officers. For some services, particularly those patrolling cottage or tourist areas, the population policed can fluctuate dramatically throughout the year, usually peaking during the summer months. Correspondingly, the number of police officers assigned to these services may also fluctuate to accommodate these peak periods. Because the personnel data are collected for a specific point in time (June 15th) and the population estimates are based on usual place of residence only, these aspects are not captured.

Other Personnel

Counts include civilian and other personnel (e.g., clerical, dispatch, management, cadets, special constables, security officers, school crossing guards, by-law enforcement officers) on the police department's payroll as of June 15th. There are no "other personnel" included in the counts for the RCMP municipal policing contracts. The municipality may hire other personnel, but they are not included in this report.

Expenditures

Figures include salaries, wages, benefits, and other operating expenses that are paid from the police service budget, as well as benefits paid from other government sources. They have been rounded to the nearest thousand. Revenues, recoveries, and those costs that fall under a police service's capital expenditures are excluded.

Under the RCMP billing agreement, most municipalities with a population under 15,000 are billed 70% of total expenditures, and those with a population of 15,000 and over are billed 90% (in most cases) of total costs. The costing formula takes into consideration the costs of providing federal and other RCMP policing duties while also performing municipal policing duties.

As operational situations may vary considerably between police services, so will the operational costs that result. For example, some costs (accommodation, by-law enforcement, court security) and some services (computing, personnel, and financial services) may be included within the police service's operational budget for some municipalities, but in other municipalities they may be paid for by other departments or through the police service's capital budget (which is excluded).

Police resources in Canada, 2002

In some police services, there may be police officers who are funded by external agencies (e.g. an airport authority or a community organisation). While these officers are included in this report, the expenditure of these funds is not. As a result, the cost of policing in these communities is underestimated. **Comparisons should be made with caution.**

Per Capita Cost

Figures represent expenditures divided by the population of the area serviced by the police service (rounded to the nearest dollar). For the reasons described above, **comparisons should be made with caution.**

Crime

The "incident" is the basic unit of count used to report crime to the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Survey. An incident is the set of connected events that usually constitutes an occurrence report, a document used by police to record information. The UCR Survey classifies incidents according to the most serious offence (generally the offence that carries the longest maximum sentence under the *Criminal Code of Canada*). Since one incident may include more than one offence, less serious offences are under-represented by the UCR Survey.

In categorizing incidents, violent offences always take precedence over non-violent offences. For violent crime, a separate incident is recorded for each victim (i.e., if one person assaults three people, then three incidents are recorded; but if three people assault one person, only one incident is recorded). For non-violent crimes, one incident is counted for every distinct or separate occurrence. Robbery, a violent offence, is an exception to this rule. Unlike other violent offences, one occurrence of robbery is equal to one incident regardless of the number of victims. The reason for this exception is that robbery can involve many people who could all be considered victims, and so the total number of victims would seriously overstate the number of robberies.

Violent Crime

Violent incidents involve offences that deal with force, or threat of force, against an individual. These include homicide, attempted murder, various forms of sexual and non-sexual assault, other sexual offences, robbery, and abduction.

Property Crime

Property incidents involve unlawful acts with the intent of gaining property, but do not involve the use or threat of violence against an individual. Theft, breaking and entering, fraud, and possession of stolen goods are examples of property crimes.

Total Criminal Code (C.C.)

This total reflects both violent and property crimes, as well as other *Criminal Code* offences (e.g., damage to property, prostitution). *Criminal Code* traffic incidents are excluded.

Number

The number of "actual" incidents recorded by the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Survey refers to the total that have come to the attention of the police and that have been substantiated through police investigation.

Rate

Figures represent the total number of incidents per 100,000 population.

Clearance Rate (%)

When a police investigation leads to the identification of a suspect against whom a charge could be laid, then that incident can be cleared. Criminal incidents can either be "cleared by charge" or "cleared otherwise". When an "information" is laid against the suspect (i.e., the person is formally charged), then from a statistical point of view the related "actual" incident can be "cleared by charge". In cases where the police do not lay an information, even though they have identified a suspect and have enough evidence to support the laying of such, the incident is "cleared otherwise". Examples include instances where alternative measures are recommended by the police, where the complainant declines to proceed with charges, or cases where the alleged offender dies before he or she can be formally charged.

The clearance rate reflects the total number of incidents cleared (by charge, or otherwise) during the year divided by the total number of incidents during the year. Since the process of solving crime is often time-consuming, a criminal incident may be solved months or even years after it was reported to police and recorded by the UCR Survey. Therefore, it is possible for the number of incidents cleared in a year to be greater than the total number of "actual" incidents that year, and thus for the clearance rate to exceed 100%.

Percent Change in Rate of Total Criminal Code (C.C.) Incidents

This figure represents the year-over-year percent change in the rate of total *Criminal Code* incidents (excluding traffic) per 100,000 population.

Criminal Code (C.C.) Incidents per Officer

This figure represents the number of actual *Criminal Code* incidents (excluding traffic) reported to the police divided by the number of police officers.

Note

The statistical tables included in Part II utilise 2001 crime data from the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Survey. For more information regarding the UCR Survey and crime statistics, please refer to *Canadian Crime Statistics* (Catalogue no. 85-205-XIE).

Newfoundland and Labrador

Police Force	2001 Police Resources & Population									2002
	Population	Population density	Police Officers			Population	Other	Operating	Per	Police
			Male	Female	Total	per Police Officer	Personnel	Expen- ditures	Capita Costs	Officers
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (100,000+) St. John's (R.N.C.)	175,245	236	230	19	249	704	68	21,220,647	121	247
Population (15,000 - 49,999) Corner Brook (R.N.C.)	20,839	141	36	3	39	534	5	2,401,987	115	40
Population (5,000 - 14,999) Labrador City (R.N.C.) ¹	10,502	223	21	1	22	477	3	1,747,452	166	20

Includes data for Churchill Falls.

Note: There are no municipal police forces in Newfoundland. The Royal Newfoundland Constabulary (R.N.C.), a provincial police force, is responsible for providing policing to the three largest municipalities and, for the purposes of this report, they have been included above.

Prince Edward Island

			IICE L	.uwai u	isiaii	u				
Police Force	2001 Police Resources & Population									2002
	Population	Population density	Police Officers			Population	Other	Operating	Per	Police
			Male	Female	Total	per Police Officer	Personnel	Expen- ditures	Capita Costs	Officers
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (15,000 - 49,999) Charlottetown Summerside	33,395 15,241	783 550	51 25	2 2	53 27	630 564	36 9	4,681,760 2,051,344	140 135	53 27
Population (5,000 - 14,999) Stratford (RCMP)	6,293	284	3	1	4	1,573	0	298,964	48	3
Population (<5,000) Borden ¹ Kensington	636 1,405	49 703	2 3	0	2 3	318 468	0	110,000 162,500	173 116	2
Montague (RCMP)	2,102	694	3	0	3	701	0	218,271	104	3

not available for a specific reference period
Crime data were not available for 2001.

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

Use caution in comparing forces: The number of officers may not reflect the number available for general community policing because some officers in certain communities are restricted to specific locations (e.g. ports, airports). Operational expenditures may vary considerably between police services for many reasons. See "Expenditures" on page 31 for details.

Newfoundland and Labrador

			2	001 Crime								
Vio	Violent Crime Property Crime Total Criminal Cod								0/ 0h	C.C. Incidente	Police Force	
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001		
		%			%			%	%			
1,559	890	51	6,047	3,451	22	11,285	6,440	29	-5	45	Population (100,000+) St. John's (R.N.C.)	
157	753	66	392	1,881	47	940	4,511	52	15	24	Population (15,000 - 49,999) Corner Brook (R.N.C.)	
73	695	78	134	1,276	34	377	3,590	44	-19	17	Population (5,000 - 14,999) Labrador City (R.N.C.) ¹	

Prince Edward Island

			2	001 Crime							
Vic	olent Crim	пе	Pro	perty Crim	пе	Total Cri	minal Code	(C.C.)	% Chango	C.C. Incidents	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	per Officer for 2000	
		%			%			%	%		
337 176	1,009 1,155	41 49	1,586 734	4,749 4,816	14 19	3,419 1,577	10,238 10,347	15 23	-2 2	65 58	Population (15,000 - 49,999) Charlottetown Summerside
12	191	92	86	1,367	28	193	3,067	35	9	48	Population (5,000 - 14,999) Stratford (RCMP)
 18	 1,281		 93	 6,619		 188	 13,381		 7	 63	Population (<5,000) Borden ¹ Kensington
43	2,046	63	127	6,042	41	359	17,079	41	10	120	Montague (RCMP)

Nova Scotia

			:	2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population	F	Police Office	rs	Population	Other	Operating	Per	Police
		density	Male	Female	Total	per Police Officer	Personnel	Expen- ditures	Capita Costs	Officers
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (100,000+) Halifax Regional	200,673	1,130	352	41	393	511	185	37,238,689	186	402
Population (15,000 - 49,999) Cape Breton Regional ¹	66,442	45	171	6	177	375	53	13,782,631	207	177
Population (5,000 - 14,999) Amherst Bridgewater Kentville New Glasgow/Westville Truro	9,718 7,778 5,536 13,911 13,205	584 583 323 568 317	19 20 14 29 26	1 1 2 0 4	20 21 16 29 30	486 370 346 480 440	10 7 1 15 19	1,909,282 1,528,005 1,220,000 2,309,303 2,620,670	196 196 220 166 198	23 20 16 29 32
Yarmouth (RCMP)	7,565	679	12	5	17	445	0	1,150,804	152	15
Population (<5,000) Annapolis Royal Springhill ² Stellarton ³ Trenton	549 4,055 4,865 3,035	261 368 569 468	4 9 10 7	0 0 0 0	4 9 10 7	137 451 487 434	0 8 9 7	124,672 886,557 759,254 631,320	227 219 156 208	3 7 10 7
Antigonish (RCMP) Digby (RCMP) Oxford (RCMP) Parrsboro (RCMP) Pictou (RCMP) Port Hawkesbury (RCMP) Shelburne (RCMP) Windsor (RCMP)	4,857 2,151 1,322 1,596 4,024 3,775 2,040 3,933	975 742 124 116 520 480 248 437	5 5 3 3 4 4 3 6	3 0 0 0 1 1 0	8 5 3 5 5 7	607 430 441 532 805 755 680 562	0 0 0 0 0 0	720,241 375,748 207,145 208,895 373,725 340,285 283,753 503,682	148 175 157 131 93 90 139 128	8 5 2 3 5 5 3 7

¹ Includes data for Sydney, North Sydney and Glace Bay.

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

² Expenditures for 2001 were not available, therefore, 2000 expenditures were substituted.

Expenditures for 2001 and personnel for 2002 were not available; therefore 2000 expenditures and 2001 personnel were substituted.

Nova Scotia

			2	001 Crime	;						
Vio	olent Crim	ie	Pro	perty Crin	пе	Total <i>Cri</i>	minal Code	(<i>C.C.</i>)	0/ 01	0.0 1	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
3,514	1,751	58	14,178	7,065	19	24,219	12,069	27	1	62	Population (100,000+) Halifax Regional
1,018	1,532	43	2,770	4,169	19	7,609	11,452	27	26	43	Population (15,000 - 49,999) Cape Breton Regional ¹
254 119 90 151 197	2,614 1,530 1,626 1,085 1,492	56 56 62 65 87	508 461 233 524 883	5,227 5,927 4,209 3,767 6,687	30 28 24 25 40	1,372 1,169 617 1,319 1,921	14,118 15,030 11,145 9,482 14,548	36 31 46 47 57	-3 -3 3 -20 -5	69 56 39 45 64	Population (5,000 - 14,999) Amherst Bridgewater Kentville New Glasgow/Westville Truro
181	2,393	51	399	5,274	23	1,080	14,276	31	-6	64	Yarmouth (RCMP)
11 58 52 26	2,004 1,430 1,069 857	100 52 89 81	39 125 137 134	7,104 3,083 2,816 4,415	23 19 45 79	87 336 602 230	15,847 8,286 12,374 7,578	49 27 75 73	35 -11 -15 84	22 37 60 33	Population (<5,000) Annapolis Royal Springhill ² Stellarton ³ Trenton
60 44 17 22 50 47 48 82	1,235 2,046 1,286 1,378 1,243 1,245 2,353 2,085	47 59 88 68 66 81 67 90	211 68 27 34 120 135 113 212	4,344 3,161 2,042 2,130 2,982 3,576 5,539 5,390	26 41 30 27 18 22 53 37	550 269 104 126 352 405 357 525	11,324 12,506 7,867 7,895 8,748 10,729 17,500 13,349	29 48 43 33 29 38 57 53	-12 -27 -26 21 41 -13 14 -3	69 54 35 42 70 81 119 75	Antigonish (RCMP) Digby (RCMP) Oxford (RCMP) Parrsboro (RCMP) Pictou (RCMP) Port Hawkesbury (RCMP) Shelburne (RCMP) Windsor (RCMP)

New Brunswick

	Resource	s & Populatio	n			2002				
Police Force	Population	Population	F	Police Office	rs	Population	Other	Operating	Per	Police
		density	Male	Female	Total	per Police Officer	Personnel	Expen- ditures	Capita Costs	Officers
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (50,000 - 99,999) Saint John	71,855	223	158	16	174	413	38	15,723,864	219	165
Codiac Regional (RCMP) ¹	94,038	412	125	10	135	697	0	12,531,948	133	137
Population (15,000 - 49,999) Edmundston Fredericton Miramichi Rothesay Regional	18,092 48,302 18,052 26,353	65 369 103 69	32 77 38 26	3 17 2 5	35 94 40 31	517 514 451 850	12 24 20 8	3,106,233 7,328,649 4,037,665 2,601,765	172 152 224 99	35 93 38 31
Population (5,000 - 14,999) B.N.P.P. Regional Bathurst Grand Falls Sackville Woodstock	10,128 13,118 6,034 5,294 5,496	20 144 340 71 390	13 27 15 12	1 3 1 0	14 30 16 12 11	723 437 377 441 500	2 17 4 5 2	1,417,254 3,151,142 1,049,700 990,783 968,031	140 240 174 187 176	16 30 16 12 11
Campbellton (RCMP) Oromocto (RCMP)	8,097 9,153	468 408	18 8	2 6	20 14	405 654	0	1,198,194 922,787	148 101	18 13
Population (<5,000) Buctouche (RCMP) Cap Pele (RCMP) Hampton (RCMP) Mcadam (RCMP) Richibucto (RCMP) Saint Quentin (RCMP) St. Andrews (RCMP)	2,542 2,297 4,373 1,558 1,354 2,563 1,885	140 99 228 116 119 706 225	3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2	0 0 2 1 1 1	3 3 4 3 3 3	847 766 1,093 519 451 854 628	0 0 0 0 0	201,818 209,671 270,458 220,152 184,043 224,436 144,363	79 91 62 141 136 88 77	3 3 4 3 3 3 3

¹ The expenditures include 100% of the RCMP contract cost.

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

New Brunswick

	2001 Crime										
Vic	lent Crim	пе	Pro	perty Crim	ne	Total <i>Crir</i>	ninal Code	(<i>C.C.</i>)	0/ 0h	0.0 la sida ata	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (50,000 - 99,999)
1,223	1,702	59	3,144	4,376	31	6,234	8,676	39	0	36	Saint John
1,003	1,067	40	3,793	4,034	18	8,097	8,610	23	-6	60	Codiac Regional (RCMP) ¹
											Population (15,000 - 49,999)
65	359	72	481	2,659	33	781	4,317	40	9	22	Edmundston
513	1,062	61	2,324	4,811	21	3,970	8,219	27	6	42	Fredericton
273	1,512	81	545	3,019	54	1,536	8,509	69	-3	38	Miramichi
90	342	101	258	979	44	584	2,216	60	-6	19	Rothesay Regional
											Population (5,000 - 14,999)
32	316	72	239	2,360	39	431	4,256	48	-15	31	B.N.P.P. Regional
222	1,692	59	807	6,152	38	1,802	13,737	40	-10	60	Bathurst
52	862	92	162	2,685	33	349	5,784	57	-4	22	Grand Falls
24	453	92	95	1,795	20	174	3,287	40	-3	15	Sackville
52	946	75	205	3,730	19	380	6,914	35	-19	35	Woodstock
127	1,569	59	226	2,791	32	803	9,917	40	-17	40	Campbellton (RCMP)
173	1,890	51	266	2,906	18	787	8,598	32	-1	56	Oromocto (RCMP)
											Population (<5,000)
2	79	0	18	708	39	39	1,534	23	-26	13	Buctouche (RCMP)
10	435	140	53	2,307	19	108	4,702	44	-25	36	Cap Pele (RCMP)
47	1,075	51	80	1,829	25	240	5,488	37	12	60	Hampton (RCMP)
20	1,284	85	23	1,476	13	88	5,648	38	-27	29	Mcadam (RCMP)
9	665	44	18	1,329	44	51	3,767	31	-12	17	Richibucto (RCMP)
22	858	77	58	2,263	21	165	6,438	44	-11	55	Saint Quentin (RCMP)
7	371	57	46	2,440	17	106	5,623	19	-32	35	St. Andrews (RCMP)

			:	2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	Police Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police Officers
		uensity	Male	Female	Total	Officer	rei Suilliei	ditures	Costs	OIIICEIS
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (100,000+)										
Gatineau ¹	216,567	667								304
Laval	354,773	1,446	366	82	448	792	153	53,408,041	151	471
Lévis ¹	125,470	284								109
Longueuil ¹	381.700	1,393								500
Montréal	1,838,474	3.725	3.159	923	4,082	450	946	376.361.626	205	4.109
Québec ¹	513,981	947			,					718
Saguenav ¹	152,134	131								174
Région Sherbrookoise	144,970	326	144	16	160	906	14	18,675,625	129	160
Terrebonne ²	107,285	426								98
Trois-Rivières ¹	126,160	437								172
Population (50,000 - 99,999)										
Drummondville	57,250	343	61	3	64	895	28	7,928,516	138	68
Joliette (Régie)	54,145	137	46	8	54	1,003	10	4,965,932	92	48
Repentigny ³	79,043	1,126								76
Roussillon (Régie) ¹	80,685	693								83
Saint-Jean-Sur-Richelieu ⁴	80,005	355								86
Shawinigan ¹	52,993	160								84
St-Jérôme (Régie)	59,150	651	64	5	69	857	18	8,509,091	144	72
Population (15,000 - 49,999)										
Alma ⁵	30,534	155	35	2	37	825	17	3,425,437	112	37
Baie-Comeau	24,204	69	32	5	37	654	14	4,905,262	203	37
Blainville	37,845	686	27	2	29	1,305	13	4,145,828	110	29
Boisbriand	29,476	1,079	24	1	25	1,179	11	2,746,074	93	25
Chambly	23,547	940	23	1	24	981	16	2,968,256	126	25
Châteauguay	43,124	926	42	7	49	880	15	5,590,559	130	49
Deux-Montagnes	38,717	637	35	3	38	1,019	11	4,947,835	128	41
Granby	44,305	609	52	3	55	806	21	5,095,160	115	54
Lachute	18,078	52	22	3	25	723	10	2,380,461	132	25
L'Assomption	16,225	165	14	1	15	1,082	5	1,798,976	111	16
Mascouche	29,561	274	27	2	29	1,019	21	4,019,572	136	29
Memphrémagog (Régie)	28,255	66	36	4	40	706	18	4,506,863	160	40
Mirabel	46,433	67	36	5	41	1,133	16	5,505,340	119	49
Montcalm (Régie) ⁵	26,230	72	19	4	23	1,140	11	3,319,942	127	23

^{...} not applicable

¹ Between June 2001 and June 2002, this police service enlarged its jurisdiction as a result of municipal amalgamations in the province of Québec. 2001 police resources and crime statistics are, therefore, not appropriate and are not shown. Preliminary postcensal population estimate for 2002 is shown.

² Effective July 2001 this police service enlarged its jurisdiction by amalgamating the former municipal police service of Lachenaie and La Plaine. 2001 police resources and crime statistics are, therefore, not appropriate and are not shown.

³ Effective October, 2001 this police service enlarged its jurisdiction by amalgamating the former municipal police service of Le Gardeur. 2001 police resources and crime statistics are, therefore, not appropriate and are not shown.

⁴ Effective December, 2001 this police service enlarged its jurisdiction by amalgamating the former municipal police services of St. Luc. Name changed from Haut-Richelieu to Saint-Jean-Sur-Richelieu. 2001 police resources and crime statistics are, therefore, not appropriate and are not shown.

⁵ Expenditures for 2001 and police officer personnel for 2002 were not available; therefore 2000 expenditures and 2001 police officer personnel were substituted.

			2	001 Crime)						
Vio	olent Crin	пе	Pro	perty Crin	ne	Total <i>Crir</i>	minal Code	(C.C.)	0/ Change	C.C. Incidente	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (100,000+)
											Gatineau ¹
2,093	590	78	12,256	3,455	17	18,574	5,236	28	-6	41	Laval
											Lévis ¹
								:::		222	Longueuil ¹
21,637	1,177	67	91,064	4,953	16	153,573	8,353	28	-8	38	Montréal
											Québec ¹
				4.000		0.400					Saguenay ¹
669	462	76	6,223	4,293	17	9,483	6,541	28	8	59	Région Sherbrookoise
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • •	• • • •			• • •			• • •	***	Terrebonne ² Trois-Rivières ¹
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	Itois-Rivieres
											Population (50,000 - 99,999)
409	714	79	2,532	4,423	16	4,326	7,556	29	12	68	Drummondville
290	536	86	2,454	4,532	17	3,846	7,103	29	7	71	Joliette (Régie)
											Repentigny ³
											Roussillon (Régie) ¹
											Saint-Jean-Sur-Richelieu ⁴
		:						211			Shawinigan ¹
487	823	74	3,132	5,295	20	5,049	8,536	31	-2	73	St-Jérôme (Régie)
											Population (15,000 - 49,999)
106	347	97	923	3.023	24	1.449	4.746	31	-16	39	Alma ⁵
151	624	95	653	2,698	32	1,477	6,102	47	5	40	Baie-Comeau
69	182	65	815	2,154	14	1,075	2,841	20	3	37	Blainville
85	288	92	675	2,290	16	993	3,369	30	5	40	Boisbriand
98	416	86	616	2,616	19	1,009	4,285	30	5	42	Chambly
343	795	79	1,083	2,511	18	2,328	5,398	33	7	48	Châteauguay
147	380	84	933	2,410	17	1,559	4,027	28	-2	41	Deux-Montagnes
180	406	83	1,211	2,733	32	2,089	4,715	44	-15	38	Granby
112	620	87	521	2,882	34	962	5,321	51	-1	38	Lachute
51	314	75	338	2,083	11	557	3,433	27	-12	37	L'Assomption
98	332	85	782	2,645	19	1,177	3,982	26	-3	41	Mascouche
124	439	90	968	3,426	23	1,592	5,634	35	5	40	Memphrémagog (Régie)
129	278	94	1,234	2,658	19	1,732	3,730	32	3	42	Mirabel
138	526	85	909	3,466	21	1,394	5,315	38	14	61	Montcalm (Régie) ⁵

	2001 Police Resources & Population Population Population Other Operating Other Operating								2002	
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	Police Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police Officers
		uchaity	Male	Female	Total	Officer	i disonnidi	ditures	Costs	Onicers
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (15,000 - 49,999)										
MRC des Collines de L'Outaouais	37,629	18	28	5	33	1,140	11	3,818,021	101	39
Rimouski	32,031	421	38	3	41	781	27	4,443,288	139	41
Riverains	48,213	297	57	10	67	720	11	8,054,151	167	68
Rivière-du-Loup	15,208	898	20	1	21	724	4	2,325,664	153	23
Rivière-du-Nord (Régie)	20,100	93	18	4	22	914	8	2,700,381	134	22
Rouyn-Noranda	28,549	88	40	1	41	696	28	5,133,481	180	41
Sainte-Julie	46.104	184	42	8	50	922	16	5,797,416	126	61
Sorel-Tracy	36,567	625	49	4	53	690	14	5,317,068	145	52
Ste-Thérèse	22.334	2,213	36	i	37	604	24	4.156.336	186	37
St-Eustache	40,219	574	41	4	45	894	20	4,942,196	123	45
St-Georges	28,038	142	22	1	23	1,219	6	3,055,420	109	23
St-Hyacinthe	38,624	1,054	46	6	52	743	36	6,188,326	160	53
Thetford Mines	26,911	122	29	1	30	897	10	3,059,558	114	30
Val-D'Or	23,389	19	25	3	28	835	13	2,917,801	125	29
Vallée-Du-Richelieu ¹	45,001	595						2,317,001		46
Varennes	23.498	250	 12	3	 15	1,567	 11	2.139.303	 91	19
Victoriaville	39,879	478	43	ა 1	44	906	28	5,332,225	134	44
Population (5,000 - 14,999)										
Bromont	5,445	48	7	0	7	778	1	789,494	145	7
Carignan	5.603	90	5	3	8	700	1	905,122	162	13
Coaticook	6,710	533	11	1	12	559	i	1,093,365	163	12
Cowansville	12,229	249	14	1	15	815	8	1,732,898	142	15
Farnham	7,978	249 85	9	1	10	798	6	1,732,696	131	10
Granby Canton	12,045	151	15	0	15	803	3	1,645,630	134	15
,		8	43		46	202			595	
Kativik Regional	9,313			3			15	5,544,000		46
La Tuque	11,421	19	20	1	21	544	6	1,659,557	145	21
Lac-Brome	5,352	26	6	1	7	765	1	638,006	119	9
Lac-Mégantic	5,980	285	8	0	8	748	2	921,589	154	9
Lorraine	9,148	1,675	5	2	7	1,307	7	1,072,836	117	/
Marieville	7,893	122	7	1	8	987	5	1,010,320	128	8
Mercier	9,457	206	10	0	10	946	4	1,061,285	112	10
Montmagny	11,773	94	12	2	14	841	3	1,388,327	118	14
Mont-Tremblant ²	8,406	33	16	4	20	420	5	2,522,600	300	29
Rosemère	12,609	1,236	15	1	16	788	7	2,517,600	200	17
St-Basile-Le-Grand	13,186	378	10	1	11	1,199	5	1,265,006	96	11
St-Félicien	10,924	37	14	1	15	728	3	1,639,401	150	15
Ste-Adèle	6,417	86	12	0	12	535	7	1,741,778	271	12
Ste-Agathe-Des-Monts	8,026	200	9	2	11	730	9	1,665,917	208	11
Ste-Marie	11,581	110	9	1	10	1,158	5	1,150,169	99	10

^{...} not applicable

1 Effective April, 2001 this police service enlarged its jurisdiction by amalgamating the former municipal police services of Mont-St.-Hilaire and Otterburn Park. 2001 police resources and crime statistics are, therefore, not appropriate and are not shown.

Name changed from St-Jovite to Mont-Tremblant in early 2001.

			2	001 Crime							
Vio	lent Crim	ne	Pro	perty Crin	ne	Total <i>Crir</i>	ninal Code	(<i>C.C.</i>)	0/ 01	0.0 1	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (15,000 - 49,999)
135	359	88	946	2,514	12	1,324	3,519	29	-5	40	MRC des Collines de L'Outaouais
193	603	97	896	2,797	36	1,652	5,158	49	-4	40	Rimouski
341	707	67	1,428	2,962	23	2,859	5,930	34	-2	43	Riverains
124	815	89	504	3,314	35	1,003	6.595	46	1	48	Rivière-du-Loup
87	433	84	591	2,940	13	926	4,607	31	4	42	Rivière-du-Nord (Régie)
226	792	84	1,243	4,354	23	2,088	7,314	39	-1	51	Rouyn-Noranda `
125	271	90	1,033	2,241	22	1,585	3,438	33	7	32	Sainte-Julie
211	577	83	1,175	3,213	22	2,065	5,647	39	25	39	Sorel-Tracy
146	654	77	1,197	5,360	14	1,808	8,095	25	7	49	Ste-Thérèse
282	701	72	2,123	5,279	12	3,141	7,810	23	8	70	St-Eustache
126	449	84	763	2,721	22	1,269	4,526	34	-18	55	St-Georges
369	955	81	1,939	5,020	18	3,237	8,381	33	0	62	St-Hyacinthe
60	223	90	669	2,486	31	1,010	3,753	41	4	34	Thetford Mines
200	855	76	933	3,989	18	1,710	7,311	27	-2	61	Val-D'Or
				·							Vallée-Du-Richelieu ¹
42	179	86	493	2,098	13	670	2,851	22	2	45	Varennes
210	527	85	1,599	4,010	29	2,484	6,229	37	11	56	Victoriaville
											Population (5,000 - 14,999)
18	331	72	393	7,218	6	495	9,091	12	4	71	Bromont
23	411	78	161	2,874	10	236	4,212	21	-10	30	Carignan
33	492	91	157	2,340	22	285	4,247	38	-10	24	Coaticook
128	1,047	91	386	3,156	24	996	8,145	51	25	66	Cowansville
53	664	106	163	2,043	39	343	4,299	64	-18	34	Farnham
8	66	100	211	1,752	19	326	2,707	34	-14	22	Granby Canton
337	3,619	85	93	999	33	624	6,700	74	20	14	Kativik Regional
72	630	90	294	2,574	25	569	4,982	45	-11	27	La Tuque
15	280	107	141	2,635	15	217	4,055	30	17	31	Lac-Brome
30	502	80	121	2,023	27	232	3,880	36	-15	29	Lac-Mégantic
14	153	121	157	1,716	14	236	2,580	28	4	34	Lorraine
46	583	72	187	2,369	17	343	4,346	41	2	43	Marieville
19	201	84	97	1,026	28	205	2,168	39	-28	21	Mercier
57	484	83	235	1,996	26	435	3,695	38	17	31	Montmagny
82	976	76	391	4,651	23	675	8,030	36	-25	34	Mont-Tremblant ²
48	381	63	795	6,305	22	1,039	8,240	27	13	65	Rosemère
42	319	93	270	2,048	15	397	3,011	28	-3	36	St-Basile-Le-Grand
42	385	102	357	3,268	33	586	5,364	45	-11	39	St-Félicien
64	997	81	422	6,576	18	676	10,535	29	-14	56	Ste-Adèle
69	860	65	389	4,847	14	682	8,497	26	11	62	Ste-Agathe-Des-Monts
38	328	97	170	1,468	31	302	2,608	38	5	30	Ste-Marie

Police resources in Canada, 2002

Québec

			:	2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population	F	olice Office	rs	Population per Police	Other	Operating	Per	Police Officers
		density	Male	Female	Total	Officer	Personnel	Expen- ditures	Capita Costs	Ullicers
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (<5,000)										
Amérindienne d'Odanak ¹	300	59	2	0	2	150	1	128,903	430	4
Amérindienne de la Romaine ²	877	2,139	3	0	3	292	0	335,838	383	3
Amérindienne de Manawan ²	1,727	340	11	0	11	157	1	1,008,965	584	11
Amérindienne de Mingan ²	456	25	2	0	2	228	1	214,234	470	2
D'Essipit	181	532	1	2	3	60	0	243,617	1,346	3
Eagle Village	239	1,138	2	0	2	120	9	257,400	1,077	2
Gesgapegiac Amerindian	516	262	4	0	4	129	2	290,709	563	4
Kanesatake Mohawk	1,347	163	14	0	14	96	5	1,985,805	1,474	14
Kitigan Zibi Anishinabeg	1,475	8	7	0	7	211	1	516,000	350	7
Long Point Amerindian	334	3,340	2	2	4	84	1	377,985	1,132	4
Mashteuiatsh ¹	1,986	138	8	0	8	248	1	874,582	440	8
Montagnais de Schefferville ³	712	3	2	0	2	356	3	356,417	501	2
Naskapi	544	14	4	1	5	109	2	407,752	750	5
Obedjiwan	1,798	205	8	0	8	225	3	1,026,470	571	7
Pikogan	537	1,096	3	0	3	179	1	254,200	473	3
Saint Césaire	4,964	72	10	0	10	496	4	858,505	173	11
St-Donat	3,419	9	7	0	7	488	3	773,312	226	9
Timiskaming Amerindian	543	28	4	1	5	109	2	300,000	552	4
Uashat-Maliotenam ³	2,625	2,453	13	4	17	154	2	1,015,000	387	17
Wemindji ¹	1,102	2	5	0	5	220	0	571,358	518	6
Wendake	1,250	1,506	7	0	7	179	3	721,335	577	7

not available for a specific reference period

Crime data were not available for 2001.

Expenditures for 2001 and personnel for 2002 were not available; therefore 2000 expenditures and 2001 personnel were substituted. Expenditures for 2001 and personnel for 2002 were not available; therefore 2000 expenditures and 2001 personnel were substituted.

			2	001 Crime	;						
Vi	olent Crim	ne	Pro	perty Crin	пе	Total <i>Cri</i>	minal Code	(<i>C.C.</i>)	0/ Ohama	0.0 la side etc	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (5,000 - 14,999) Amérindienne d'Odanak ¹
100	11,403	73	26	2,965	46	225	25,656	67	81	75	Amérindienne de la Romaine ²
88	5,096	14	34	1,969	21	223	12,913	22	-5	20	Amérindienne de Manawan ²
30	6,579	80	5	1,097	40	61	13,377	75	-39	31	Amérindienne de Mingan ²
5	2,762	40	13	7,182	15	31	17,127	26	30	10	D'Essipit
4	1,674	75	0	0	0	8	3,347	38	-54	4	Eagle Village
42	8,140	69	14	2,713	21	84	16,279	50	9	21	Gesgapegiac Amerindian
14	1,039	64	15	1,114	7	29	2,153	35	-64	2	Kanesatake Mohawk
20	1,356	95	16	1,085	19	52	3,525	50	-30	7	Kitigan Zibi Anishinabeg
54	16,168	85	29	8,683	83	139	41,617	84	74	35	Long Point Amerindian Mashteuiatsh ¹
25	3,511	100	 5	702	60	48	6.742	94	-20	24	Montagnais de Schefferville ³
38	6,985	100	9	1,654	100	77	14,154	100	165	15	Naskapi
219	12,180	61	58	3,226	21	432	24,027	52	-6	54	Obedjiwan
20	3,724	100	19	3,538	100	59	10,987	98	-41	20	Pikogan
18	363	78	126	2,538	19	193	3,888	29	-5	19	Saint Césaire
24	702	96	127	3,715	21	214	6,259	35	-22	31	St-Donat
16	2,947	31	33	6,077	-	75	13,812	9	-16	15	Timiskaming Amerindian
174	6,629	29	116	4,419	7	463	17,638	16	-3	27	Uashat-Maliotenam ³
											Wemindji ¹
19	1,520	68	46	3,680	11	103	8,240	24	-10	15	Wendake

			2	2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	Police Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police Officers
		,	Male	Female	Total	Officer		ditures	Costs	
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (100,000+)										
Barrie	102,868	1,340	112	17	129	797	54	15,259,995	148	147
Chatham-Kent	111,778	45	141	14	155	721	57	16,176,529	145	156
Durham Regional	523,013	210	542	104	646	810	213	81,696,653	156	757
Guelph	110,797	1,272	128	15	143	775	57	17,052,151	154	155
Halton Regional	387,388	404	358	95	453	855	155	49,711,848	128	489
Hamilton	503,043	452	587	112	699	720	266	81,621,740	162	718
Kingston	115,166	258	135	26	161	715	46	14,987,535	130	163
London Niggara Ragional	346,324 426.912	791 231	400 550	68 69	468 619	740 690	163 256	48,114,558 81,376,970	139 191	467 623
Niagara Regional Ottawa-Carleton Regional	426,912 800,525	290	855	191	1.046	765		131,387,192	164	1.055
			1199	186		703 721			167	
Peel Regional Greater Sudbury	999,146 160,198	1,854 61	1199	46	1,385 241	665	84	166,689,198 26,511,336	165	1,384 238
Thunder Bay	118,184	176	182	30	212	557	101	20,511,330	188	230 214
Toronto	2,562,235	4,066	4,461	694	5,155	497		603,372,378	235	5,048
Waterloo Regional	456,767	336	481	102	583	783	197	63,003,204	138	591
Windsor	212,823	1,769	363	60	423	503	172	48,141,034	226	427
York Regional	778.000	447	763	118	881	883	249	100,675,148	129	929
Ç	-,									
Haldimand Norfolk (OPP)	108,859	38	110	22	132	825	21	12,544,043	115	132
Population (50,000 - 99,999)										
Brantford	89,174	1,252	118	18	136	656	72	12,911,883	145	134
North Bay	56,325	133	76	13	89	633	47	10,315,645	183	90
Oxford Community	61,317	56	57	15	72	852	29	7,915,941	129	76
Peterborough Lakefield	74,728	1,312	91	16	107	698	38	10,557,748	141	110
Sarnia	73,411	415	99	12	111	661	52	12,238,545	167	109
Sault Ste. Marie	76,414	345	108	21	129	592	45	13,340,698	175	126
South Simcoe	53,283	111	49	7	56	951	21	6,160,203	116	63
Lambton Group (OPP)	53,810	20	44	18	62	868	6	5,167,669	96	62
New Tecumseth (OPP)	55,663	60	37	9	46	1,210	4	3,942,275	71	47
Storm/Dund/Glengarry (OPP) Wellington County (OPP)	66,250 85,096	21 33	64 68	16 16	80 84	828 1,013	9 9	7,446,752 8,328,213	112 98	80 88
Population (15,000 - 49,999)										
Amherstburg	22,017	117	24	4	28	786	3	3,082,371	140	28
Belleville	46.106	195	60	13	73	632	26	8,113,092	176	76
Brockville	21,550	1,064	37	5	42	513	31	4,763,773	221	43
Cobourg	28,398	103	30	3	33	861	21	2,737,131	96	33
Cornwall	47,101	742	67	9	76	620	39	9,150,357	194	79
Essex	21,335	74	22	4	26	821	3	2,628,569	123	26
Lasalle	26,480	404	27	3	30	883	15	3,463,842	131	30
Leamington	29,592	112	33	3	36	822	9	3,556,391	120	36
Lindsay	23,779	94	26	7	33	721	19	3,176,410	134	33
Midland	15,996	735	22	3	25	640	12	2,665,471	167	25
Nishnawbe-Aski	18,993	9	80	14	94	202	25	9,034,022	476	94
Orangeville	25,503	1,813	26	5	31	823	22	4,046,751	159	33

			2	001 Crime							
Vio	olent Crin	пе	Pro	perty Crin	пе	Total <i>Crii</i>	minal Code	(C.C.)	0/ Changa	C.C. Incidente	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (100,000+)
1,378	1,340	78	4,195	4,078	32	9,337	9,077	47	-9	72	Barrie
1,000	895	78	4,457	3,987	18	9,127	8,165	35	-5	59	Chatham-Kent
4,017	768	81	15,424	2,949	22	30,215	5,777	38	17	47	Durham Regional
593	535	77	4,061	3,665	18 25	6,711	6,057	28 35	15	47	Guelph
1,956	505	77 72	8,959	2,313		16,354	4,222	35 38	11 8	36 60	Halton Regional
6,108 815	1,214 708	73 83	22,409	4,455 4.532	23	41,664	8,282 7.460	38 41	-10	53	Hamilton
2,645	708 764	80	5,219 16,787	4,532 4,847	29 25	8,591	7,460 7,861	34	-10 -7	58	Kingston London
2,845	7 64 664	81	16,787		25 22	27,225 29,064	6,808	34 35	-7 5	56 47	
	768	65		3,858	22 14		6,808	35 25	6	47	Niagara Regional
6,146 5,612	562	82	27,755 23,517	3,467 2,354	36	48,389 40,160	4,019	25 47	0	29	Ottawa-Carleton Regional Peel Regional
1,608	1,004	86	5,216	3,256	20	10,129	6,323	43	-4	42	Greater Sudbury
1,643	1,390	85	4,365	3,693	26	9,766	8,263	50	-4	46	Thunder Bay
29,868	1,166	71	87,055	3,398	23	164,353	6.414	42	1	32	Toronto
2,889	633	78	16,052	3,514	18	25,905	5.671	28	-4	44	Waterloo Regional
1,988	934	82	9,806	4,608	17	18,259	8,579	39	6	43	Windsor
4,159	535	71	19,580	2,517	22	31,428	4,040	31	0	36	York Regional
•			*	*		,	,				Ç
831	763	81	3,484	3,201	30	6,991	6,422	41	0	53	Haldimand Norfolk (OPP)
									_		Population (50,000 - 99,999)
1,048	1,175	72	4,371	4,902	14	8,257	9,259	30	7	61	Brantford
574	1,019	91	2,541	4,511	35	4,577	8,126	50	16	51	North Bay
376	613	100	1,654	2,698	23	3,590	5,855	38	-24	50	Oxford Community
828	1,108	85	3,665	4,905	29	6,728	9,003	45	22	63	Peterborough Lakefield
935	1,274	71	2,689	3,663	23	6,311	8,597	38	10	57	Sarnia
1,220	1,597	87	3,070	4,018	30	6,706	8,776	49	15	52	Sault Ste. Marie
371	696	93	1,354	2,541	19	2,500	4,692	35	16	45	South Simcoe
168	312	90	600	1,115	20	1,378	2,561	36	0	22	Lambton Group (OPP)
425	764	78	1,410	2,533	23	3,125	5,614	41	-2	68	New Tecumseth (OPP)
234	353	97	1,328	2,005	31	2,461	3,715	45	0	31	Storm/Dund/Glengarry (OPP)
377	443	78	1,556	1,829	22	3,162	3,716	35	-2	38	Wellington County (OPP)
											Population (15,000 - 49,999)
122	554	83	338	1,535	23	874	3,970	39	-6	31	Amherstburg
728	1,579	80	2,928	6,351	22	6,207	13,463	39	2	85	Belleville
301	1,397	92	1,061	4,923	37	2,866	13,299	52	-10	68	Brockville
323	1,137	87	815	2,870	71	1,896	6,677	70	-18	57	Cobourg
781	1,658	89	2,632	5,588	28	5,593	11,875	51	18	74	Cornwall
142	666	104	600	2,812	25	1238	5,803	45	30	48	Essex
66	249	65	521	1,968	10	702	2,651	20	-4	23	Lasalle
219	740	74	1,202	4,062	30	2,401	8,114	40	7	67	Leamington
362	1,522	80	1,322	5,560	34	3,307	13,907	51	0	100	Lindsay
323	2,019	80	996	6,227	32	2,264	14,154	42	6	91	Midland
549	2,891	77	484	2,548	32	1,928	10,151	58	-62	21	Nishnawbe-Aski
179	702	89	606	2,376	30	1,266	4,964	44	-31	41	Orangeville

				2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population	F	Police Office	rs	Population	Other	Operating	Per	Police
		density	Male	Female	Total	per Police Officer	Personnel	Expen- ditures	Capita Costs	Officers
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (15,000 - 49,999)										
Owen Sound	21,290	899	34	4	38	560	18	3,843,126	181	38
Quinte West	43,767	86	48	10	58	755	12	5,695,615	130	58
St. Thomas	35,065	1,088	44	10	54	649	15	4,962,611	142	56
Stratford	31,164	1,533	44	4	48	649	14	5,404,396	173	50
Strathroy	19,938	74	26	1	27	738	17	2,486,421	125	30
Timmins	45,933	15	73	3	76	604	30	8,479,375	185	80
West Nipissing	15,652	2	15	3	18	870	9	1,559,497	100	18
Brant County (OPP)	31,850	38	33	10	43	741	2	3,478,229	109	43
Caledon (OPP)	47,951	70	40	15	55	872	5	4,532,397	95	55
Collingwood (OPP)	17,344	516	20	3	23	754	10	2,362,119	136	25
Elgin County (OPP)	37,405	25	27	10	37	1,011	3	3,230,402	86	36
Kingsville (OPP)	20,316	83	17	3	20	1,016	1	1,699,138	84	21
Lakeshore (OPP)	29,968	57	20	5	25	1,199	1	2,019,473	67	25
Orillia (OPP)	30,713	1,076	27	12	39	788	3	3,133,244	102	41
Prince Edward County (OPP)	26,429	25	25	5	30	881	3	2,419,778	92	30
South Frontenac (OPP)	17,023	17	7	6	13	1,309	2	1,172,375	69	14
Tecumseh (OPP)	28,905	241	25	2	27	1,071	3	2,264,149	78	27
Population (5,000 - 14,999)										
Akwesasne Mohawk	7,944	201	24	0	24	331	8	2,574,138	324	24
Anishinabek ¹	9,758	12	50	7	57	171	19	7,070,340	725	65
Aylmer	8,038	1,374	11	2	13	618	1	1,221,019	152	13
Carleton Place	9,341	1,280	15	2	17	549	8	1,752,673	188	17
Dryden	8,663	130	15	2	17	510	13	2,380,659	275	18
Elliot Lake (Twp.)	12,669	17	18	2	20	633	12	2,224,177	176	18
Espanola	5,464	309	8	1	9	607	6	1,144,485	209	9
Gananoque	5,116	568	9	2	11	465	5	1,052,855	206	11
Ingersoll	10,478	1,026	15	2	17	616	15	1,806,331	172	17
Kenora	10,418	680	29	2	31	336	19	2,785,224	267	31
Meaford-Thornbury	6,736	606	15	0	15	449	2	1,223,597	182	13
Pembroke	14,340	935	23	3	26	552	12	2,657,088	185	27
Perth	6,017	655	12	1	13	463	17	1,224,717	204	14
Port Hope	12,190	938	23	1	24	508	21	2,382,229	195	24
Saugeen Shores	12,177	72	16	3	19	641	2	1,636,329	134	19
Six Nations	10,976	59	20	2	22	499	6	2,117,000	193	23
Smiths Falls	8,582	1,047	17	2	19	452	8	2,110,663	246	21
South Bruce Grey	12,094	938	17	2	19	637	10	2,239,795	185	18
Stirling-Rawdon	5,018	18	7	0	7	717	1	613,949	122	7

not available for a specific reference period Crime data were not available for 2001.

			2	001 Crime	}						
Vio	olent Crim	ne	Pro	perty Crin	пе	Total <i>Cri</i>	minal Code	(<i>C.C.</i>)	0/ 01	0.0 1	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (15,000 - 49,999)
262	1,231	70	936	4,396	33	2,166	10,174	45	0	57	Owen Sound
473	1,081	77	1,945	4,444	25	4,781	10,924	42	62	82	Quinte West
275	784	87	1,614	4,603	18	3,065	8,741	36	-23	57	St. Thomas
275	882	83	1,108	3,555	21	2,016	6,469	40	0	42	Stratford
143	717	108	672	3,370	36	1,308	6,560	49	-4	48	Strathroy
539	1,173	82	1,922	4,184	33	4,067	8,854	52	7	54	Timmins
167	1,067	92	433	2,766	39	884	5,648	62	-3	49	West Nipissing
101	1,007	02	100	2,700	00	001	0,010	02	Ü	10	woot implooming
96	301	80	724	2,273	24	1361	4,273	37	-1	32	Brant County (OPP)
169	352	79	824	1.718	34	1,561	3,255	43	-3	28	Caledon (OPP)
246	1,418	76	1,155	6,659	17	2,403	13,855	33	-2	104	Collingwood (OPP)
95	254	104	424	1,134	15	780	2.085	33	0	21	Elgin County (OPP)
89	438	87	370	1,821	35	952	4.686	49	-2	48	Kingsville (OPP)
96	320	80	451	1,505	30	984	3,284	44	-3	39	Lakeshore (OPP)
567	1,846	80	1,726	5,620	33	3,859	12,565	51	-1	99	Orillia (OPP)
174	658	84	607	2,297	28	1,406	5,320	40	Ó	47	Prince Edward County (OPP)
83	488	82	470	2,761	25	838	4,923	36	-1	64	South Frontenac (OPP)
98	339	89	535	1,851	26	1,006	3,480	41	-4	37	Tecumseh (OPP)
											Population (5,000 - 14,999)
29	365	76	43	541	23	210	2,644	69	-22	9	Akwesasne Mohawk
	300			341			2,044				Anishinabek ¹
80	995	 76	320	3,981	23	752	9,356	35	 5	 58	Arlmer
157	1,681	108	491	5,256	41	1,044	11,177	58	-4	61	Carleton Place
94	1,085	62	415	4,791	21	983	11,347	29	9	58	Dryden
9 4 87	687	95	352	2,778	40	944	7,451	58	-12	47	
87 87	1,592	95 75	201	3,679	39	515	9,425	56 57	12	47 57	Elliot Lake (Twp.)
											Espanola
202	3,948	71	301	5,884	17	773	15,110	44	40	70	Gananoque
98	935	97	329	3,140	37	863	8,236	53	11	51	Ingersoll
330	3,168	67	804	7,717	31	2,260	21,693	45	0	73	Kenora
54	802	98	193	2,865	33	380	5,641	49	7	25	Meaford-Thornbury
203	1,416	72	658	4,589	36	1,649	11,499	54	-2	63	Pembroke
66	1,097	71	271	4,504	34	605	10,055	43	-20	47	Perth
123	1,009	95	474	3,888	42	1,056	8,663	61	-6	44	Port Hope
55	452	82	418	3,433	31	759	6,233	41	3	40	Saugeen Shores
185	1,686	82	364	3,316	17	1,160	10,569	42	7	53	Six Nations
205	2,389	87	705	8,215	27	1,663	19,378	48	35	88	Smiths Falls
101	835	72	587	4,854	28	1,308	10,815	34	67	69	South Bruce Grey
26	518	92	119	2,372	48	285	5,680	63	8	41	Stirling-Rawdon

				2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	Police Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police Officers
		,	Male	Female	Total	Officer		ditures	Costs	
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (5,000 - 14,999)										
Alnwick-Haldimand (OPP)	5,942	_15	6	1	7	849	1	597,816	101	7
Arnprior (OPP)	7,547	554	9	3	12	629	0	1,159,827	154	13
Augusta (OPP)	7,948	25	5	1	6	1,325	0	513,513	65	6
Bath/Burg/Sherbrooke (OPP)	5,649	10	3	1	4	1,412	0	371,044	66	5
Beckwith_	6,465	27	3	0	3	2,155	0	342,688	53	.3
Brighton Town (OPP)	9,820	45	9	1	10	982	0	940,234	96	10
Cavan/Millb/N.Monaghan (OPP)	8,607	28	7	2	9	956	1	765,781	89	9
Douro-Dummer (OPP)	7,342	16	3	1	4	1,836	0	367,729	50	4
Drummond-N. Elmsley (OPP)	6,653	18	3	1	4	1,663	0	456,441	69	5
Fort Frances (OPP)	8,477	325	19	2	21	404	0	697,342	82	21
Goderich (OPP)	7,599	1,090	12	1	13	585	1	1,108,742	146	13
Hawkesbury (OPP)	10,406	1,195	15	2	17	612	4	1,731,218	166	17
Harvey/Gala/Caven. (OPP)	5,075	6	8	2	10	508	1	775,417	153	10
Hearst (OPP) ¹	5,809	60						859,113	148	15
Huron East (OPP) ²	9,586	14	5	0	5	1,917	0	675,343	70	10
Kapuskasing (OPP)	9,404	112	8	2	10	940	1	1,010,801	107	10
Kincardine (OPP)	6,579	642	13	2	15	439	0	1,363,592	207	15
Kirkland Lake (OPP)	9,172	34	17	2	19	483	2	1,560,581	170	19
Mississippi Mills (OPP)	12,260	23	7	1	8	1,533	1	710,818	58	8
Mono (OPP)	7,310	26	6	1	7	1,044	1	634,454	87	7
North Perth (OPP)	12.003	25	14	4	18	667	0	1,432,685	119	18
Otonabee/S. Monaghan (OPP)	7,000	20	7	1	8	875	0	656,218	94	8
Penetanguishene (OPP)	7,927	630	8	1	9	881	0	858,526	108	11
Renfrew (OPP) ³	8,105	662	8	2	10	811	1	1,039,673	128	11
Rideau Lakes (OPP)	10,368	14	11	0	11	943	1	928,286	90	11
Smith/Ennismore (OPP)	14,348	45	10	2	12	1,196	2	1,023,960	71	12
St. Marys (OPP)	6,603	544	7	2	9	734	0	810,616	123	10
Stone Mills (OPP)	7.775	11	4	1	5	1,555	Õ	479.997	62	5
Tillsonburg (OPP)	14.707	669	15	4	19	774	3	1.690.620	115	19
Trent Hills (OPP)	12,883	25	15	3	18	716	3	1,918,388	149	21
Population (<5,000)										
Atikokan (Twp.)	3,918	12	10	1	11	356	4	1,062,405	271	11
Deep River	4,376	86	6	2	8	547	2	641,748	147	8
Lac Seul	783	2	5	1	6	131	2	582,000	743	6
Michipicoten (Twp.)	4,016	10	9	1	10	402	2	1,023,855	255	g
New Liskeard	4,699	732	6	1	7	671	8	1,099,577	234	9
Prescott	4,356	1.065	10	0	10	436	5	1,032,373	237	g
Shelburne	4,110	1,062	7	Ö	7	587	1	690,098	168	8
U.C.C.M. Anishnaabe	1,951	13	10	3	13	150	4	1,331,729	683	13
West Grey ⁴	2,727	590	5	Ö	5	545	Ö	451,717	166	17
Wikwemikong	2.858	7	8	2	10	286	2	1.036.750	363	11
Wingham	2,829	1.164	7	0	7	404	2	556,023	197	7
	2,023	1,104			- 1	704		000,020	101	

not available for a specific reference period

Police force opened in mid-2001. 2001 personnel and 2001 crime data were not available.

Name changed from Seaforth to Huron East as of January 1, 2001. Police force also enlarged its jurisdiction in 2001; therefore, comparisons with previous years should be done with caution.

Assumed policing responsibilities for the municipality of Renfrew in late 2000 from the former municipal police service for Renfrew (which closed at that time). Police force name changed from Durham to West Grey Police Service in November 2001.

			2	001 Crime							
Vio	olent Crim	пе	Pro	perty Crim	пе	Total <i>Crii</i>	minal Code	(<i>C.C.</i>)	0/ O hamaa	0.0 la sida eta	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (5,000 - 14,999)
36	606	81	130	2,188	30	274	4,611	38	-1	39	Alnwick-Haldimand (OPP)
78	1,034	72	304	4,028	31	651	8,626	40	0	54	Arnprior (OPP)
32	403	94	128	1,611	20	251	3,158	36	0	42	Augusta (OPP)
19	336	74	94	1,664	21	184	3,257	33	-1	46	Bath/Burg/Sherbrooke (OPP)
24	371	104	101	1,562	17	178	2,753	37	-3	59	Beckwith
89	906	66	255	2,597	19	573	5,835	34	-50	57	Brighton Town (OPP)
168	1,952	86	149	1,731	27	469	5,449	58	-1	52	Cavan/Millb/N.Monaghan (OPP)
31	422	74	132	1,798	17	254	3,460	30	-1	64	Douro-Dummer (OPP)
43	646	93	112	1,684	13	243	3,653	41	-1	61	Drummond-N. Elmsley (OPP)
176	2,076	93	403	4,754	35	1,097	12,941	53	2	52	Fort Frances (OPP)
45	592	93	287	3,777	37	579	7,619	49	1	45	Goderich (OPP)
179	1,720	88	561	5,391	30	1,173	11,272	47	0	69	Hawkesbury (OPP)
32	631	91	158	3,113	17	281	5,537	34	-3	28	Harvey/Gala/Caven. (OPP)
											Hearst (OPP) ¹
7	311	86	76	3,375	47	124	5,506	49	1	25	Huron East (OPP) ²
115	1,223	96	252	2,680	59	631	6,710	71	3	63	Kapuskasing (OPP)
64	973	83	191	2,903	48	481	7,311	51	1	32	Kincardine (OPP)
247	2,693	93	537	5,855	45	1,560	17,008	62	3	82	Kirkland Lake (OPP)
64	522	100	269	2,194	30	528	4,307	47	-2	66	Mississippi Mills (OPP)
33	451	79	159	2,175	33	292	3,995	36	-2	42	Mono (OPP)
75	625	100	273	2,274	45	672	5,599	58	0	37	North Perth (OPP)
39	557	80	183	2,614	24	327	4,671	39	0	41	Otonabee/S. Monaghan (OPP)
138	1,741	77	324	4,087	34	738	9,310	48	-1	82	Penetanguishene (OPP)
92	1,135	84	273	3,368	40	665	8,205	51	1	67	Renfrew (OPP) ³
62	598	95	243	2,344	18	465	4,485	39	-2	42	Rideau Lakes (OPP)
78	544	77	272	1,896	26	548	3,819	40	0	46	Smith/Ennismore (OPP)
39	591	69	205	3,105	25	420	6,361	40	-1	47	St. Marys (OPP)
28	360	96	154	1,981	12	315	4,051	33	-1	63	Stone Mills (OPP)
111	755	64	509	3,461	21	934	6,351	29	-2	49	Tillsonburg (OPP)
159	1,234	73	342	2,655	39	871	6,761	47	0	48	Trent Hills (OPP)
											Population (<5,000)
42	1,072	76	106	2,706	19	264	6,738	31	-4	24	Atikokan (Twp.)
11	251	91	106	2,422	27	157	3,588	34	-1	20	Deep River
99	12,644	102	58	7,407	53	267	34,100	92	1	45	Lac Seul
82	2,042	92	217	5,403	36	557	13,870	48	15	56	Michipicoten (Twp.)
46	979	104	187	3,980	44	361	7,683	58	-5	52	New Liskeard
67	1,538	87	116	2,663	28	268	6,152	51	-18	27	Prescott
71	1,728	101	162	3,942	54	447	10,876	67	-26	64	Shelburne
142	7,278	85	161	8,252	39	490	25,115	62	29	38	U.C.C.M. Anishnaabe
18	660	100	34	1,247	85	112	4,107	93	-9	22	West Grey⁴
154	5,388	109	133	4,654	68	589	20,609	89	-12	59	Wikwemikong
41	1,449	90	144	5,090	33	278	9,827	46	46	40	Wingham

			2	2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	olice Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating	Per Capita	Police Officers
		uensity	Male	Female	Total	Officer	Personner	Expen- ditures	Costs	Ollicers
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (<5,000)										
Addington Highlands (OPP)	2,603	2	5	1	6	434	1	529,316	203	7
Asphodel-Norwood (OPP)	4,326	27	4	1	5	865	0	429,815	99	5
Blind River (OPP)	2,852	216	6	2	8	357	0	664,339	233	3
Bonfield (OPP) ¹	1,584	8						134,033	85	1
Cochrane (OPP)	4,146	607	7	2	9	461	2	829,340	200	g
Cramahe (OPP) ¹	3,833	19						620,159	162	7
Dymond (OPP)	1,225	16	2	0	2	613	0	234,626	192	2
East Perth (OPP)	1,593	895	2	0	2	797	0	98,286	62	2 2 5
Exeter (OPP)	4,563	937	2	3	5	913	0	521,018	114	5
Havelock/Bel/Methuen (OPP)	4,682	8	3	1	4	1,171	0	385,142	82	4
Ignace (OPP)	1,630	22	2	1	3	543	0	266,811	164	3
Jaffray Melick (OPP)	4,421	20	3	1	4	1,105	0	395,462	89	5
Keewatin (OPP)	2,048	145	2	1	3	683	0	280,416	137	3
Kemptville (OPP)	3,794	1,530	5	1	6	632	0	536,749	141	6
Lanark Highlands (OPP)	4,909	5	3	0	3	1,636	0	332,565	68	3
Marathon (OPP)	4,443	27	7	1	8	555	1	726,492	164	8
Mattawa Group Of Four (OPP)	3,744	4	6	1	7	535	1	647,337	173	7
Merrickville (OPP)	2,761	13	3	0	3	920	0	300,007	109	3
Mnjikaning (OPP) ²	529	50	5	2	7	76	0	390,088	737	5
Montague (OPP)	3,864	14	3	0	3	1,288	0	334,502	87	3
N.Kawartha (OPP)	2,300	3	3	0	3	767	0	241.743	105	3
North Shore (OPP)	595	3	1	0	1	595	0	104,647	176	1
Point Edward (OPP)	2,192	623	5	0	5	438	1	475,383	217	5
Powassan (OPP)	2,803	12	1	0	1	2,803	0	215,448	77	5
Red Lake (OPP)	2,289	20	9	4	13	176	1	1,143,459	500	13
Shedden (OPP)	835	8	Ĩ	0	1	835	0	129,333	155	1
Shuniah (OPP)	2,470	4	3	0	3	823	0	230.855	93	3
Sioux Narrows (OPP) ³	469	6	1	Õ	1	469	Ö	126,754	270	1
Smooth Rock Falls (OPP)	1,836	9	2	Õ	2	918	ő	210,723	115	2
Temagami (OPP)	784	2	2	1	3	261	Ő	321,839	411	3
Terrace Bay (OPP) ⁴	2.146	14						32.,330		3
Thessalon (OPP)	1,372	313	2	1	3	457	0	247,853	181	3
West Perth (OPP)	4.066	745	4	i	5	813	ő	396.174	97	5
Wiarton (OPP)	2,434	444	3	0	3	811	ő	243,701	100	2

^{..} not available for a specific period

not available for a specific period not applicable
Police force opened in mid-2001. 2001 personnel and 2001 crime data were not available.
Per capita costs appear high because this service polices a large casino with an influx of thousands of customers per day.
Crime data were not available for 2001.
Police force opened in late 2001; therefore 2001 personnel and 2001 crime data are not applicable. Preliminary postcensal population estimate for 2002 is shown.

			2	2001 Crime	;						
Vi	olent Crim	ne	Pr	operty Crin	пе	Total <i>Cri</i>	iminal Code	(C.C.)	0/ Changa	C.C. Incidente	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		Donulation (5 000)
29	1,114	86	108	4,149	17	260	9,989	35	-1	43	Population (<5,000) Addington Highlands (OPP)
54	1,248	80	99	2,289	21	234	5,409	40	-1	47	Asphodel-Norwood (OPP)
82	2,875	98	227	7,959	48	590	20,687	57	3	74	Blind River (OPP)
	2,070										Bonfield (OPP) ¹
86	2,074	116	190	4,583	67	535	12,904	80	3	59	Cochrane (OPP)
											Cramahe (OPP) ¹
7	571	114	67	5,469	72	115	9,388	75	2	58	Dymond (OPP)
9	565	67	27	1,695	44	85	5,336	46	1	43	East Perth (OPP)
45	986	98	162	3,550	27	336	7,364	43	0	67	Exeter (OPP)
29	619	69	75	1,602	40	164	3,503	48	-1	41	Havelock/Bel/Methuen (OPP)
30	1,841	93	58	3,558	64	181	11,104	68	3	60	Ignace (OPP)
30	679	100	73	1,651	32	220	4,976	54	0	55	Jaffray Melick (OPP)
7	342	86	44	2,148	30	132	6,445	50	1	44	Keewatin (OPP)
57	1,502	91	144	3,796	28	389	10,253	56	-3	65	Kemptville (OPP)
35	713	103	118	2,404	20	266	5,419	44	-1	89	Lanark Highlands (OPP)
67	1,508	99	102	2,296	60	312	7,022	69	2	39	Marathon (OPP)
56	1,496	98	196	5,235	37	372	9,936	55	1	53	Mattawa Group Of Four (OPP)
26	942	81	57	2,065	21	147	5,324	42	-1	49	Merrickville (OPP)
57	10,775	74	135	25,520	47	583	110,208	33	-2	83	Mnjikaning (OPP) ²
11	285	64	69	1,786	12	124	3,209	26	0	41	Montague (OPP)
14	609	93	63	2,739	30	114	4,957	41	-2	38	N.Kawartha (OPP)
4	672	100	40	6,723	73	56	9,412	70	3	56	North Shore (OPP)
24	1,095	75	103	4,699	24	232	10,584	37	1	46	Point Edward (OPP)
13	464	85	47	1,677	36	106	3,782	60	-60	106	Powassan (OPP)
97	4,238	95	149	6,509	52	1,015	44,343	84	1	78	Red Lake (OPP)
21	2,515	76	80	9,581	78 07	152	18,204	72	2	152	Shedden (OPP)
24	972	63	102	4,130	27	185	7,490	41	0	62	Shuniah (OPP)
	 E 4 E				444		0.077				Sioux Narrows (OPP) ³
10 6	545 765	200 100	27 31	1,471	111 23	62 66	3,377 8,418	94 42	3 2	31 22	Smooth Rock Falls (OPP)
-				3,954			,				Temagami (OPP) Terrace Bay (OPP) ⁴
25	1,822	112	58	4,227	24	134	9,767	55	2	45	Thessalon (OPP)
30	738	83	147	3,615	25	268	6,591	36	-2	54	West Perth (OPP)
39	1,602	80	96	3,944	23 48	200	9,121	61	-2 1	74	Wiarton (OPP)
39	1,002	00	90	3,544	40	222	3,121	ΟI	ı	74	vviaituii (UFF)

Manitoba

				2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	Police Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police Officers
		uonaity	Male	Female	Total	Officer	1 0130111101	ditures	Costs	Omocis
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (100,000+) Winnipeg ^{1,2}	631,675	1,361	987	140	1,127	560	317	116,723,929	185	1,173
Population (15,000 - 49,999) Brandon	40,447	540	63	4	67	604	23	6,299,779	156	65
Population (5,000 - 14,999) East St.Paul Morden Winkler	7,410 6,351 8,489	168 511 520	8 6 8	1 0 0	9 6 8	823 1,059 1,061	1 2 1	644,403 437,409 560,253	87 69 66	9 7 9
Dauphin (RCMP) Flin Flon (RCMP) Portage La Prairie (RCMP) Selkirk (RCMP) Steinbach (RCMP) The Pas (RCMP) Thompson (RCMP)	8,429 6,144 13,496 10,381 8,887 5,590 12,972	706 365 562 420 352 196 770	13 10 20 13 8 13	1 1 6 4 2 2 12	14 11 26 17 10 15 43	602 559 519 611 889 373 302	0 0 0 0 3 0	928,261 765,393 1,607,775 1,115,531 687,294 1,019,889 2,519,610	110 125 119 107 77 182 194	14 10 23 16 10 16 35
Population (<5,000) Altona Dakota Ojibway Police Service Rivers Ste. Anne	3,645 2,830 1,162 1,558	975 28 150 407	5 15 3 2	0 1 0 1	5 16 3 3	729 177 387 519	1 7 0 1	455,927 2,296,285 141,408 371,854	125 811 122 239	5 26 2 3
Beausejour (RCMP) Boissevan (RCMP) Carman (RCMP) Gillam (RCMP) Gimli (RCMP) Killarney (RCMP) Leaf Rapids (RCMP) Minnedosa (RCMP) Neepawa, Man. (RCMP) Pinawa (RCMP) Roblin (RCMP) Souris (RCMP) Stonewall (RCMP) Swan River (RCMP)	2,689 1,588 2,906 1,080 1,602 2,230 1,227 2,366 3,359 1,618 1,902 1,568 4,316 3,983	515 613 699 1 657 451 1 159 199 13 857 526 638 703 609	3 1 2 3 1 4 5 4 3 2 2 2 1 2 3 6	1 1 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0	4 2 3 4 3 4 5 4 4 2 2 2 2 4 7	672 794 969 270 534 558 245 592 840 809 951 784 785 1,079 569	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	225,691 150,918 209,830 281,225 223,565 213,253 290,630 285,934 283,507 113,315 142,240 151,712 149,422 269,460 476,179	84 95 72 260 140 96 237 121 84 70 75 97 95 62 120	4 2 3 4 3 3 4 5 4 1 2 2 2 4 7

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

Name changed from Winnipeg (Greater) to Winnipeg in 2001.
 Number of police officers includes 65 externally funded officers: 16 assigned to airport policing, 40 to Community Policing, 6 to Stolen Auto Unit, and 3 to RCMP

Manitoba

nt Crime Rate 1,387 1,286	Clear. Rate %	976 Number 39,869 2,772	Rate 6,312	Clear. Rate %	Number	minal Code Rate	(C.C.) Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	Police Force
1,387 1,286	% 71	39,869		Rate %		Rate	Rate	in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	per Officer	
1,286	71	•	6,312				%			
1,286		•	6,312	17				%		
	85	2,772			72,951	11,549	30	6	65	Population (100,000+) Winnipeg ^{1,2}
526			6,853	30	5,720	14,142	45	12	85	Population (15,000 - 49,999) Brandon
598	97 79	164 242	2,213 3,810	23 39	376 472	5,074 7,432	31 52	17 19	42 79	Population (5,000 - 14,999) East St.Paul Morden
436	70	266	3,134	40	622	7,327	65	22	78	Winkler
1,546 3,527 1,830 810 4,544 5,697	55 60 42 63 70 66	226 1,226 758 328 336 702	3,678 9,084 7,302 3,691 6,011 5,412	15 20 11 37 33 47	710 3,371 1,763 566 1,236 5,463	17,416 11,556 24,978 16,983 6,369 22,111 42,114	22 30 18 44 51 49	9 6 -5 -22 -11 43	65 130 104 57 82 127	Dauphin (RCMP) Flin Flon (RCMP) Portage La Prairie (RCMP) Selkirk (RCMP) Steinbach (RCMP) The Pas (RCMP) Thompson (RCMP)
439 2,862 689 899	94 55 100 100	103 361 47 28	2,826 12,756 4,045 1,797	50 19 60 46	186 1158 136 60	5,103 40,919 11,704 3,851	53 43 66 68	10 73 -16 -55	37 72 45 20	Population (<5,000) Altona Dakota Ojibway Police Service Rivers Ste. Anne
1,116 378 619 3,241 1,935 762 3,179 634 744 618 1,735 1,339 319 649 2,310	83 67 56 71 77 77 85 67 76 90 67 62 60 71	91 42 72 31 76 47 49 84 144 28 66 58 33 95	3,384 2,645 2,478 2,870 4,744 2,108 3,994 3,550 4,287 1,731 3,470 3,699 2,103 2,201	28 31 11 29 30 23 45 35 14 14 15 24 24	287 90 154 149 201 120 197 170 357 67 169 156 81 251	10,673 5,668 5,299 13,796 12,547 5,381 16,055 7,185 10,628 4,141 8,885 9,949 5,163 5,816	37 40 21 40 46 40 65 38 24 33 36 33 40 25	-21 -17 -11 15 30 6 41 -29 1 -3 26 0 40 -1	72 45 51 37 67 30 39 43 89 34 85 78 41 63	Beausejour (RCMP) Boissevan (RCMP) Carman (RCMP) Gillam (RCMP) Gimli (RCMP) Killarney (RCMP) Leaf Rapids (RCMP) Minnedosa (RCMP) Neepawa, Man. (RCMP) Pinawa (RCMP) Roblin (RCMP) Souris (RCMP) Stonewall (RCMP) Swan River (RCMP)
1, 3, 1, 4, 5, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	527 830 810 544 697 439 862 689 116 378 619 241 179 634 744 6735 339 319 649	546 55 527 60 830 42 810 63 544 70 697 66 439 94 862 55 689 100 899 100 116 83 378 67 619 56 241 71 935 77 762 77 179 85 634 67 744 76 618 90 618 90 618 90 619 62 6319 62 6319 62 6319 62 649 71 310 84	546 55 226 527 60 1,226 830 42 758 810 63 328 544 70 336 697 66 702 439 94 103 862 55 361 689 100 47 899 100 28 116 83 91 378 67 42 619 56 72 241 71 31 935 77 76 762 77 47 179 85 49 634 67 84 744 76 144 618 90 28 819 62 58 319 60 33 649 71 95 310 84 308	546 55 226 3,678 527 60 1,226 9,084 830 42 758 7,302 810 63 328 3,691 544 70 336 6,011 697 66 702 5,412 439 94 103 2,826 862 55 361 12,756 689 100 47 4,045 899 100 28 1,797 116 83 91 3,384 378 67 42 2,645 619 56 72 2,478 241 71 31 2,870 935 77 76 4,744 762 77 47 2,108 179 85 49 3,994 634 67 84 3,550 744 76 144 4,287 618 90 28	546 55 226 3,678 15 527 60 1,226 9,084 20 830 42 758 7,302 11 810 63 328 3,691 37 544 70 336 6,011 33 697 66 702 5,412 47 439 94 103 2,826 50 862 55 361 12,756 19 689 100 47 4,045 60 899 100 28 1,797 46 116 83 91 3,384 28 378 67 42 2,645 31 619 56 72 2,478 11 241 71 31 2,870 29 935 77 76 4,744 30 762 77 47 2,108 23 179 85 4	546 55 226 3,678 15 710 527 60 1,226 9,084 20 3,371 830 42 758 7,302 11 1,763 810 63 328 3,691 37 566 544 70 336 6,011 33 1,236 697 66 702 5,412 47 5,463 439 94 103 2,826 50 186 862 55 361 12,756 19 1158 689 100 47 4,045 60 136 899 100 28 1,797 46 60 116 83 91 3,384 28 287 378 67 42 2,645 31 90 619 56 72 2,478 11 154 241 71 31 2,870 29 149	546 55 226 3,678 15 710 11,556 527 60 1,226 9,084 20 3,371 24,978 830 42 758 7,302 11 1,763 16,983 810 63 328 3,691 37 566 6,369 544 70 336 6,011 33 1,236 22,111 697 66 702 5,412 47 5,463 42,114 439 94 103 2,826 50 186 5,103 862 55 361 12,756 19 1158 40,919 689 100 47 4,045 60 136 11,704 899 100 28 1,797 46 60 3,851 116 83 91 3,384 28 287 10,673 378 67 42 2,645 31 90 5,668	546 55 226 3,678 15 710 11,556 22 527 60 1,226 9,084 20 3,371 24,978 30 830 42 758 7,302 11 1,763 16,983 18 810 63 328 3,691 37 566 6,369 44 544 70 336 6,011 33 1,236 22,111 51 697 66 702 5,412 47 5,463 42,114 49 439 94 103 2,826 50 186 5,103 53 862 55 361 12,756 19 1158 40,919 43 689 100 47 4,045 60 136 11,704 66 899 100 28 1,797 46 60 3,851 68 116 83 91 3,384 28 287	546 55 226 3,678 15 710 11,556 22 9 527 60 1,226 9,084 20 3,371 24,978 30 6 830 42 758 7,302 11 1,763 16,983 18 -5 810 63 328 3,691 37 566 6,369 44 -22 544 70 336 6,011 33 1,236 22,111 51 -11 697 66 702 5,412 47 5,463 42,114 49 43 439 94 103 2,826 50 186 5,103 53 10 439 94 103 2,826 50 186 5,103 53 10 439 94 103 2,826 50 186 5,103 53 10 439 94 103 2,826 50 186 5,103	546 55 226 3,678 15 710 11,556 22 9 65 527 60 1,226 9,084 20 3,371 24,978 30 6 130 830 42 758 7,302 11 1,763 16,983 18 -5 104 810 63 328 3,691 37 566 6,369 44 -22 57 544 70 336 6,011 33 1,236 22,111 51 -11 82 697 66 702 5,412 47 5,463 42,114 49 43 127 439 94 103 2,826 50 186 5,103 53 10 37 862 55 361 12,756 19 1158 40,919 43 73 72 689 100 47 4,045 60 136 11,704 66 -16

			2	2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	Police Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police Officers
		22	Male	Female	Total	Officer		ditures	Costs	
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (100,000+) Regina Saskatoon	185,820 205,508	1,629 1,502	262 296	53 34	315 330	590 623	144 129	37,391,700 34,381,072	201 167	322 332
Population (15,000 - 49,999)										
Moose Jaw Prince Albert	33,109 36,330	710 559	54 57	3 8	57 65	581 559	23 49	5,475,311 6,598,934	165 182	56 62
Lloydminster (RCMP)	21,777	527	21	4	25	871	0	2,022,856	93	23
Swift Current (RCMP) Yorkton (RCMP)	15,775 16,051	690 674	16 18	3 5	19 23	830 698	0 0	1,223,929 1,849,817	78 115	20 21
Population (5,000 - 14,999)										
Estevan Weyburn	11,280 10,027	638 714	16 15	1 2	17 17	664 590	6 5	1,851,000 1,613,889	164 161	18 19
Humboldt (RCMP)	5,259	441	4	1	5	1,052	0	313,122	60	4
Meadow Lake (RCMP) Melfort (RCMP)	5,581 6,349	716 433	4 5	5 1	9	620 1,058	0	684,527 434.490	123 68	10 7
North Battleford (RCMP)	14,906	420	20	6	26	573	0	1,701,477	114	28
Population (<5,000) Caronport	1,487	638	1	0	1	1,487	0	44,100	30	1
Dalmeny	1,502	613	3	0	3	501	0	180,273	120	3
Langham	1,018	255	5	1	6	170	1	411,940	405	5
Luseland Stoughton	585 698	390 394	1 1	0 0	1 1	585 698	1 0	97,087 77,500	166 111	1 1
Assiniboia (RCMP)	2,565	733	2	0	2	1,283	0	198,651	77	2
Battleford (RCMP)	3,813	171	4	1	5	763	0	329,146	86	5
Biggar (RCMP) Canora (RCMP)	2,355 2.147	152 302	2 2	1 1	3	785 716	0	192,442 115.838	82 54	3
Creighton (RCMP)	1.691	119	3	0	3	564	0	166.289	98	3
Esterhazy (RCMP)	2.464	503	1	2	3	821	0	197.589	80	3
Fort Qu'appelle (RCMP)	2,042	421	2	1	3	681	0	275,644	135	4
Hudson Bay (RCMP)	2,018	118	3	0	3	673	0	198,693	98	3
Indian Head (RCMP)	1,841	555	2	0	2	921	0	142,181	77	3
Kamsack (RCMP)	2,319	400	4	1	5	464	0	319,665	138	6
Kindersley (RCMP)	4,929	397	4	1	5	986	0	322,740	65	6
La Ronge (RCMP)	3,311	451	5	4	9	368	0	436,174	132	7
Lanigan (RCMP)	1,329	173	1	1	2	665	0	115,373	87	2
Maple Creek (RCMP)	2,220	468	2	1 0	3 5	740	0	204,918	92 71	3 5
Melville (RCMP) Moosomin (RCMP)	4,667 2,545	303 437	5 3	0	3	933 848	0	332,598 200,216	71 79	2
Nipawin (RCMP)	2,545 4,510	553	5 5	2	3 7	644	0	425,890	79 94	7

^{..} not available for a specific reference period

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

			2	2001 Crime							
Vic	olent Crin	ne	Pr	operty Crim	ne	Total <i>Crii</i>	minal Code	(<i>C.C.</i>)	0/ O hamaa	0.0 la sida ata	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		B 1 11 (400 000)
3,070 3,635	1,652 1,769	69 65	18,498 14,478	9,955 7,045	17 23	31,195 29,099	16,788 14,160	35 43	10 2	99 88	Population (100,000+) Regina Saskatoon
405 712	1,223 1,960	81 75	1,818 2,516	5,491 6,925	31 33	4,428 5,787	13,374 15,929	37 52	16 0	78 89	Population (15,000 - 49,999) Moose Jaw Prince Albert
299	1,373	62	1,251	5,745	26	3,320	15,245	42	1	133	Lloydminster (RCMP)
136 236	862 1,470	65 65	520 946	3,296 5,894	25 30	1,354 2,574	8,583 16,036	37 39	11 14	71 112	Swift Current (RCMP) Yorkton (RCMP)
											Population (5,000 - 14,999)
97 94	860 938	65 78	424 391	3,759 3,900	33 38	929 1,000	8,236 9,973	45 47	15 -26	55 59	Estevan Weyburn
33	628	94	178	3,385	44	359	6,826	47	-2	72	Humboldt (RCMP)
147 78	2,634 1,229	63 49	464 267	8,314 4,205	31 31	1,312 588	23,508 9,261	47 42	-2 -9	146 98	Meadow Lake (RCMP) Melfort (RCMP)
614	4,119	55	1,673	11,224	25	5,283	35,442	32	0	203	North Battleford (RCMP)
											Population (<5,000)
0	0	0	21	1,412	5	27	1,816	11	-75	27	Caronport
6 8	400 786	67 100	49 26	3,262 2,554	27 15	90 52	5,992 5.108	38 48	-26 -22	30 9	Dalmeny Langham
3	513	67	15	2,564	7	29	4,957	28	35	29	Luseland
4	573	100	17	2,304	35	33	4,937	42	-32	33	Stoughton
8	312	88	79	3.080	27	174	6.784	22	-9	87	Assiniboia (RCMP)
50	1,311	52	120	3,147	17	425	11,146	32	-1	85	Battleford (RCMP)
30	1,274	53	85	3,609	26	233	9,894	42	-13	78	Biggar (RCMP)
22	1,025	91	70	3,260	41	139	6,474	53	-2	46	Canora (RCMP)
20	1,183	85	53	3,134	34	135	7,983	64	9	45	Creighton (RCMP)
26	1,055	77	85	3,450	38	181	7,346	47	29	60	Esterhazy (RCMP)
92	4,505	59	253	12,390	28	668	32,713	40	7	223	Fort Qu'appelle (RCMP)
37	1,834	95 	86	4,262	43	229	11,348	54 	-18 	76 	Hudson Bay (RCMP) Indian Head (RCMP)
135	5,822	65	293	12,635	41	1052	45,364	59	31	210	Kamsack (RCMP)
51	1,035	78	271	5,498	43	553	11,219	49	9	111	Kindersley (RCMP)
212	6,403	73	333	10,057	39	1,303	39,354	62	15	145	La Ronge (RCMP)
9	677	56	58	4,364	48	76	5,719	47	12	38	Lanigan (RCMP)
32	1,441	53	142	6,396	43	312	14,054	47	26	104	Maple Creek (RCMP)
34 23	729 904	79 61	154 66	3,300	28 36	351 146	7,521 5,737	49 39	0 9	70 49	Melville (RCMP)
23 87	1,929	87	238	2,593 5,277	36	586	12,993	39 49	-5	49 84	Moosomin (RCMP) Nipawin (RCMP)
	1,323	07	200	5,411	J 4	J00	12,330	43	-5	04	ινιραννιτί (ΠΟΙΝΙΕ)

		2001 Police Resources & Population											
Police Force	Population	Population	F	Police Office	rs	Population	Other	Operating	Per	Police			
		density	Male	Female	Total	per Police Officer	Personnel	Expen- ditures	Capita Costs	Officers			
		persons/km²						\$	\$				
Population (<5,000)		•											
Outlook (RCMP)	2,129	268	2	0	2	1,065	0	132,079	62	2			
Rosetown (RCMP)	2,473	247	3	0	3	824	0	204,442	83	3			
Shaunavon (RCMP)	1,741	378	2	0	2	871	0	136,144	78	2			
Tisdale (RCMP)	3,083	637	3	1	4	771	0	231,845	75	4			
Unity (RCMP)	2,210	225	2	1	3	737	0	190,101	86	4			
Wadena (RCMP)	1,419	486	1	1	2	710	0	136,258	96	2			
Warman (RCMP)	3,085	823	3	0	3	1,028	0	193,534	63	3			
Watrous (RCMP)	1,843	170	2	0	2	922	0	92,335	50	2			
Wilkie (RCMP)	1,338	148	2	0	2	669	0	134,003	100	2			
Wynyard (RCMP)	1,971	375	3	0	3	657	0	140,783	71	3			

^{..} not available for a specific period

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

2001 Crime											
Vic	Violent Crime		Property Crime			Total <i>Criminal Code</i> (<i>C.C.</i>)			0/ Change	C C Incidente	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (<5,000)
16	752	56	57	2,677	12	131	6,153	30	-10	66	Outlook (RCMP)
10	404	80	74	2,992	41	144	5,823	51	-15	48	Rosetown (RCMP)
17	977	59	48	2,757	19	158	9,075	24	-16	79	Shaunavon (RCMP)
21	681	81	162	5,255	60	348	11,288	62	20	87	Tisdale (RCMP)
6	272	67	67	3,032	30	158	7,149	27	-24	53	Unity (RCMP)
											Wadena (RCMP)
14	454	79	72	2,334	33	169	5,478	33	39	56	Warman (RCMP)
6	326	67	38	2,062	34	79	4,287	54	-35	40	Watrous (RCMP)
14	1,046	100	44	3,289	21	132	9,866	32	8	66	Wilkie (RCMP)
29	1,471	72	85	4,313	39	220	11,162	51	4	73	Wynyard (RCMP)

			1	2001 Police	Resource	s & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	olice Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating	Per Capita	Police Officers
		uensity	Male	Female	Total	Officer	reisoillei	Expen- ditures	Costs	Ulliceis
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (100,000+) Calgary Edmonton	899,285 663,819	1,255 991	1,141 1,012	162 140	1,303 1,152	690 576		169,112,268 143,520,029	188 216	1,402 1,142
Population (50,000 - 99,999) Lethbridge Medicine Hat	69,804 53,427	582 473	105 78	8 4	113 82	618 652	38 29	13,604,200 11,900,000	195 223	115 85
Red Deer (RCMP) St. Albert (RCMP)	65,455 56,043	1,125 1,650	73 35	13 7	86 42	761 1,334	0	7,200,911 3,411,686	110 61	84 41
Population (15,000 - 49,999) Airdrie (RCMP) Fort Mcmurray (RCMP) Grande Prairie (RCMP) Leduc (RCMP) Sherwood Park (RCMP) Spruce Grove (RCMP)	22,040 39,116 35,836 15,727 46,924 16,975	1,049 1 857 617 40 664	11 39 37 12 33 13	6 15 13 3 13	17 54 50 15 46 14	1,296 724 717 1,048 1,020 1,213	0 0 0 0 0	1,312,806 4,373,688 3,905,415 1,025,964 3,578,085 975,872	60 112 109 65 76 57	19 54 45 13 42 13
Population (5,000 - 14,999) Blood Tribe Police Camrose Coaldale Lacombe Taber	7,490 14,671 6,586 9,724 8,343	5 562 933 781 533	19 19 8 10 12	2 2 0 1 0	21 21 8 11 12	357 699 823 884 695	10 11 3 6 7	1,858,604 2,546,031 802,790 1,100,609 1,100,839	248 174 122 113 132	22 22 8 12 12
Banff (RCMP) Beaumont (RCMP) Bonnyville (RCMP) Brooks (RCMP) Cammore (RCMP) Cochrane (RCMP) Cold Lake (RCMP) Crowsnest Pass (RCMP) Devon (RCMP) Drayton Valley (RCMP) Drumheller (RCMP) Edson (RCMP) Fort Saskatchewan (RCMP) High River (RCMP) Hinton (RCMP) Innisfail (RCMP) Morinville (RCMP) Okotoks (RCMP) Olds (RCMP) Peace River (RCMP) Ponoka. Alta. (RCMP) Rocky Mt. House (RCMP) Slave Lake (RCMP)	5,971 7,172 5,198 11,606 11,069 11,267 9,059 5,404 5,323 6,221 7,127 7,421 13,660 9,312 10,929 6,872 6,802 11,586 6,542 6,591 6,747 6,238 7,358	1,229 1,283 361 734 165 700 383 14 694 783 272 287 303 804 491 700 552 735 645 311 670 577 409	13 4 6 9 8 4 6 7 3 6 9 9 9 13 6 6 8 5 5 6 6 4 9 9 9 9 9 1 6 6 6 7 6 7 6 6 8 7 6 7 6 8 7 6 7 6 7 6	4 0 3 6 2 4 2 1 1 2 2 1 3 2 5 2 0 3 2 3 2 4 0	17 4 9 15 10 8 8 8 4 4 8 11 10 16 8 8 15 7 6 6 11 7 8 8 8	351 1,793 578 774 1,107 1,408 1,132 676 1,331 778 648 742 854 1,164 729 982 1,134 1,053 935 824 843 780 818	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,209,355 320,164 606,397 923,262 715,693 707,215 557,468 514,781 345,028 598,314 613,192 719,104 1,066,255 575,270 867,608 459,845 439,230 576,988 453,326 583,239 487,463 707,589 722,526	203 45 117 80 65 63 62 95 65 96 86 97 78 62 79 67 65 50 69 88 72 113 98	15 5 10 14 12 10 8 7 5 10 8 10 7 8 10 7 8 8 10 7

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

			2	001 Crime							
Vic	lent Crin	ne	Pro	operty Crim	ne	Total <i>Crii</i>	minal Code	ode (C.C.)		0.0 1	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
8,124	903	77	40,945	4,553	26	65,681	7,304	36	0	50	Population (100,000+) Calgary
7,393	1,114	66	38,995	5,874	23	69,501	10,470	40	10	60	Edmonton
											Population (50,000 - 99,999)
1,065 400	1,526 749	75 80	3,685 1,949	5,279 3,648	37 28	7,901 3,801	11,319 7,114	52 42	0 -9	70 46	Lethbridge Medicine Hat
			,	,			,				
841 278	1,285 496	67 40	4,298 1,210	6,566 2,159	26 22	8,879 3,206	13,565 5,721	35 17	-11 -20	103 76	Red Deer (RCMP) St. Albert (RCMP)
			, -	,		-,	-,				Population (15,000 - 49,999)
156	708	60	643	2,917	20	1,411	6,402	26	-4	83	Airdrie (RCMP)
877	2,242	55	2,187	5,591	26	6,691	17,106	39	13	124	Fort Mcmurray (RCMP)
671 143	1,872 909	49 70	2,651 540	7,398 3,434	21 31	6,172 1,164	17,223 7,401	24 39	16 -10	123 78	Grande Prairie (RCMP) Leduc (RCMP)
214	456	72	1235	2,632	23	2,617	5,577	27	20	57	Sherwood Park (RCMP)
89	524	83	680	4,006	29	1,347	7,935	37	8	96	Spruce Grove (RCMP)
											Population (5,000 - 14,999)
482	6,435	91	331	4,419	58	4,404	58,798	73	-2	210	Blood Tribe Police ¹ Camrose
184 56	1,254 850	50 75	786 172	5,358 2,612	28 23	1,937 543	13,203 8,245	27 27	0 69	92 68	Camrose Coaldale
63	648	78	366	3,764	27	705	7,250	34	12	64	Lacombe
113	1,354	91	283	3,392	31	857	10,272	50	-6	71	Taber
113	1,893	52	747	12,511	28	1,377	23,062	31	-3	81	Banff (RCMP)
38	530	95	178	2,482	25	417	5,814	41	4	104	Beaumont (RCMP)
119 254	2,289 2,189	66 69	426 926	8,196 7,979	21 22	1,167 2,311	22,451 19,912	34 36	10 26	130 154	Bonnyville (RCMP) Brooks (RCMP)
84	759	71	464	4,192	21	1,103	9,965	30	4	110	Canmore (RCMP)
76	675	45	303	2,689	18	907	8,050	21	8	113	Cochrane (RCMP)
145	1,601	53	282	3,113	34	850	9,383	32	-5	106	Cold Lake (RCMP)
54 77	999 1,447	82 62	175	3,238	21 20	448 561	8,290	36 38	9 11	56 140	Crowsnest Pass (RCMP)
114	1,833	74	201 499	3,776 8,021	19	1,105	10,539 17,762	30 31	9	138	Devon (RCMP) Drayton Valley (RCMP)
105	1,473	74	360	5,051	33	1041	14,606	46	33	95	Drumheller (RCMP)
112	1,509	74	622	8,382	23	1,213	16,346	34	12	121	Edson (RCMP)
132	966	58	359	2,628	25	912	6,676	35	6	57	Fort Saskatchewan (RCMP)
100	1,074	89	387	4,156	22	865	9,289	37 26	6	108	High River (RCMP)
134 55	1,226 800	67 87	827 312	7,567 4,540	16 32	1,645 716	15,052 10,419	26 38	-1 6	110 102	Hinton (RCMP) Innisfail (RCMP)
54	794	67	174	2,558	28	566	8,321	32	-11	94	Morinville (RCMP)
84	725	57	408	3,522	19	1058	9,132	19	12	96	Okotoks (RCMP)
68	1,039	97	276	4,219	32	654	9,997	41	-5	93	Olds (RCMP)
100	1,517	78	284	4,309	31	894	13,564	49	29	112	Peace River (RCMP)
84 132	1,245 2,116	81 69	331 456	4,906 7,310	28 28	804 1,505	11,916 24,126	41 45	1 8	101 188	Ponoka. Alta. (RCMP) Rocky Mt. House (RCMP)
159	2,110	70	393	5,341	36	1,191	16,187	46	1	132	Slave Lake (RCMP)
60	1,114	88	214	3,974	54	496	9,211	55	-18	83	Stettler (RCMP)
95	935	41	324	3,188	19	901	8,865	27	23	129	Stony Plain (RCMP)

	2001 Police Resources & Population											
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	Police Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police Officers		
		uensity	Male	Female	Total	Officer	r di Solillidi	ditures	Costs	01110010		
		persons/km²						\$	\$			
Population (5,000 - 14,999)												
Strathmore (RCMP)	6,816	644	4	3	7	974	0	459,309	67	8		
Sylvan Lake (RCMP)	6,701	819	8	0	8	838	0	544,348	81	8		
Vegreville (RCMP)	5,756	415	6	1	7	822	0	433,115	75	7		
Wainwright (RCMP)	5,338	654	6	1	7	763	0	489,738	92	7		
Wetaskiwin (RCMP)	12,121	737	12	4	16	758	0	1,224,758	101	18		
Whitecourt (RCMP)	8,633	340	5	4	9	959	0	593,124	69	9		
Population (<5,000)												
Lesser Slave Lake Reg. ¹	3,940	12	11	1	12	328	6	1,215,214	308	11		
Louis Bull	1,280	49	10	2	12	107	8	922,868	721	11		
Athabaska (RCMP)	2,667	159	3	0	3	889	0	209,962	79	3		
Barrhead (RCMP)	4,221	545	6	0	6	704	0	419,084	99	6		
Cardston (RCMP)	3,420	513	2	2	4	855	0	390,445	114	6 5		
Claresholm (RCMP)	3,627	522	4	1	5	725	0	357,972	99	5		
Didsbury (RCMP)	4,039	992	4	0	4	1,010	0	252,076	62	4		
Fairview (RCMP)	3,753	389	3	1	4	938	0	306,420	82	5 5		
Fort Macleod (RCMP)	3,014	131	4	1	5	603	0	303,261	101	5		
Fox Creek (RCMP)	2,200	469	3	0	3	733	0	210,291	96	3		
Grande Cache (RCMP)	4,736	134 375	3	1	4	1,184 867	0	287,441	61 81	4		
Grimshaw (RCMP) Hanna (RCMP)	2,600 2,876	375 346	3 3	0 0	3	959	0 1	210,450 266,710	93			
High Level (RCMP)	3.233	346 151	5 6	2	s 8	404	0	610.309	93 189	0		
High Prairie (RCMP)	2,762	517	5	2	7	395	0	453,512	164	4 2 5 9 6 5 5 3 3 3		
Lac La Biche (RCMP)	2,736	481	5	0	5	547	0	380.268	139	5		
Pincher Creek (RCMP)	3.746	562	5	1	6	624	0	314,823	84	5		
Raymond (RCMP)	3.166	870	2	i	3	1,055	ő	212,323	67	3		
Redwater (RCMP)	2,139	306	2	1	3	713	Õ	219,744	103	3		
Rimbey (RCMP)	2,376	603	3	0	3	792	0	185,627	78	3		
St. Paul (RCMP)	4,928	795	9	0	9	548	0	666,289	135	8		
Swan Hills (RCMP)	1,670	65	2	0	2	835	0	182,531	109	8 2 3		
Three Hills (RCMP)	3,220	608	3	0	3	1,073	0	233,949	73	3		
Valleyview (RCMP)	1,683	376	5	1	6	281	0	377,670	224	5 5		
Vermilion (RCMP)	3,747	297	4	1	5	749	0	305,659	82	5		
Westlock (RCMP)	4,806	492	4	2	6	801	0	446,462	93	5		

^{..} not available for a specific reference period

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

Preliminary postcensal population estimate for 2002 is shown. Crime data were not available for 2001.

			2	2001 Crime	;						
Vio	olent Crim	пе	Pr	operty Crin	пе	Total <i>Crii</i>	minal Code	(C.C.)	0/ Change	C.C. Incidente	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
53 119 54 78 298 150	778 1,776 938 1,461 2,459 1,738	79 64 89 85 70 59	260 307 284 201 1027 528	3,815 4,581 4,934 3,766 8,473 6,116	27 24 41 40 33 31	589 823 621 522 2,902 1239	8,641 12,282 10,789 9,779 23,942 14,352	33 36 44 55 48 39	2 3 21 -9 15 22	84 103 89 75 181 138	Population (5,000 - 14,999) Strathmore (RCMP) Sylvan Lake (RCMP) Vegreville (RCMP) Wainwright (RCMP) Wetaskiwin (RCMP) Whitecourt (RCMP)
 97	 7,578	 77	 169	 13,203	 50	 523	 40,859	 60	 42	 44	Population (<5,000) Lesser Slave Lake Reg. ¹ Louis Bull
53 88 55 39 34 65 56 52 60 46 44 133 196 142 70 18 33 20	1,987 2,085 1,608 1,075 842 1,732 1,858 2,364 1,267 1,769 1,530 4,114 7,096 5,190 1,869 569 1,543 842 3,105	62 65 87 90 79 72 68 69 60 85 68 74 46 59 77 83 91 90 66	122 144 217 124 125 93 172 128 108 97 83 224 299 226 185 84 66 110 483	4,574 3,412 6,345 3,419 3,095 2,478 5,707 5,818 2,280 3,731 2,886 6,929 10,826 8,260 4,939 2,653 3,086 4,630 9,801	48 23 45 37 32 62 35 29 36 31 35 28 30 30 30 21 39 36 24	342 397 525 311 318 313 524 274 360 277 211 1,021 1,127 699 542 201 224 212	12,823 9,405 15,351 8,575 7,873 8,340 17,386 12,455 7,601 10,654 7,337 31,581 40,804 25,548 14,469 6,349 10,472 8,923 25,365	55 35 59 42 40 55 50 40 37 57 40 58 37 49 45 34 50 43	-9 14 30 33 10 15 6 4 16 11 51 -31 10 18 41 1 3 8	114 66 131 62 80 78 105 91 90 92 70 128 161 140 90 67 75 71	Athabaska (RCMP) Barrhead (RCMP) Cardston (RCMP) Claresholm (RCMP) Didsbury (RCMP) Fairview (RCMP) Fort Macleod (RCMP) Fox Creek (RCMP) Grande Cache (RCMP) Grimshaw (RCMP) Hanna (RCMP) High Level (RCMP) Lac La Biche (RCMP) Pincher Creek (RCMP) Raymond (RCMP) Redwater (RCMP) Rimbey (RCMP) St. Paul (RCMP)
12 10 80 27 95	719 311 4,753 721 1,977	92 80 78 111 85	45 85 166 153 270	2,695 2,640 9,863 4,083 5,618	69 49 39 57 42	126 181 500 349 675	7,545 5,621 29,709 9,314 14,045	71 48 53 59 50	2 17 -2 9 6	63 60 83 70 113	Swan Hills (RCMP) Three Hills (RCMP) Valleyview (RCMP) Vermilion (RCMP) Westlock (RCMP)

				2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	Police Office	ers	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police Officers
		uonony	Male	Female	Total	Officer	. 0.00	ditures	Costs	••
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (100,000+)										
Abbottsford	116,078	336	123	20	143	812	45	18,433,872	159	148
Delta Saanich (Dist. Mun.)	101,750 107,129	602 1,040	114 112	24 27	138 139	737 771	31 38	17,736,241 17,175,854	174 160	143 143
Vancouver	573,154	5,026	913	184	1,097	522		134,018,100	234	1,143
Burnaby (RCMP)	193,644	2,189	177	51	228	849	1	19,354,152	100	233
Coquitlam (RCMP)	113,513	920	80	31	111	1,023	0	9,273,896	82	108
Richmond (RCMP) Surrey (RCMP)	166,809 344,620	1,343 1,142	151 306	57 76	208 382	802 902	0 0	17,503,406 31,717,484	105 92	204 392
Population (50,000 - 99,999)										
New Westminster	54,207	3,525	92	19	111	488	38	13,708,547	253	106
Victoria	75,369	4,013	146	32	178	423	58	22,160,355	294	184
Chilliwack (D.M.) (RCMP)	67,525	247	65	24	89	759	0	7,273,388	108	86
Kamloops (RCMP)	83,457	282	77	20	97	860	0	9,251,666	111	104
Kelowna (RCMP) Langley (Twp.) (RCMP)	99,724 90,683	469 297	90 82	30 27	120 109	831 832	0	10,067,239 9,394,719	101 104	123 116
Maple Ridge (RCMP)	64,433	246	43	25	68	948	0	5,675,856	88	71
Nanaimo (RCMP)	77,774	880	95	20	115	676	0	9,587,583	123	114
N. Vancouver(Dist.Mun.) (RCMP)	86,638	531	56	31	87	996	0	7,554,097	87	85
Port Coquitlam (RCMP) Prince George (RCMP)	52,100 81,506	1,764 258	39 82	9 28	48 110	1,085 741	0	3,949,058 9,958,704	76 122	49 121
Population (15,000 - 49,999)										
District Of Central Saanich	15,694	368	19	2	21	747	7	2,726,413	174	21
Esquimalt (D.M.)	16,419	2,458	29	4	33	498	10	4,429,676	270	34
Oak Bay (Dist. Mun.)	17,494	1,653	20	2	22	795	.5	2,602,890	149	22
Port Moody	24,162	922	27	3 9	30	805	11	4,009,103	166	32 77
West Vancouver (Dist Mun)	44,756	495	68		77	581	27	8,865,443	198	
Campbell River (RCMP)	31,437	243	33	5	38	827	0	3,474,193	111	38
Courtenay (RCMP)	20,055	1,295	22	4 2	26 24	771	0	2,174,713	108 109	25
Cranbrook (RCMP) Fort St. John (RCMP)	19,907 17,129	1,159 788	22 21	6	2 4 27	829 634	0	2,169,051 2,244,218	131	24 28
Langford (D.M.) (RCMP)	20,342	502	20	5	25	814	0	2,117,441	104	22
Langley (RCMP)	24,421	2,399	33	8	41	596	0	3,486,366	143	36
Mission (Dist. Mun.) (RCMP)	33,217	148	37	7	44	755	0	3,934,802	118	43
North Cowichan (RCMP)	27,837	148	18	10	28	994	0	2,161,531	78	28
North Vancouver (RCMP) Penticton (RCMP)	45,665 32,513	4,103 797	46 27	16 11	62 38	737 856	0	5,125,909 3,262,219	112 100	62 37
Pitt Meadows D.M.(RCMP)	15,022	175	14	5	19	791	0	1,106,951	74	17
Port Alberni (RCMP)	19,531	1,097	23	7	30	651	Ő	2,753,974	141	32
Prince Rupert (RCMP)	16,924	316	26	8	34	498	0	2,660,347	157	34
Salmon Arm (RCMP)	16,638	103	12	3	15	1,109	0	950,518	57	15
Squamish (RCMP) Vernon (RCMP)	15,838 34,790	156 463	19 34	7 5	26 39	609 892	0	1,698,813 3,455,914	107 99	25 39
White Rock (RCMP)	17,169	3,400	19	4	23	746	0	1,798,916	105	24
	17,100	0,100				, 10		1,700,010		

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

			2	2001 Crime							
Vio	olent Crin	пе	Pr	operty Crim	ne	Total <i>Cri</i>	minal Code	(C.C.)	0/ 01	0.0 1	Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
1,254 748 652 6,147	1,080 735 609 1,073	58 56 66 46	8,442 4,088 3,571 54,824	7,273 4,018 3,333 9,565	11 14 24 8	13,424 7,521 6,179 74,812	11,565 7,392 5,768 13,053	19 21 29 15	23 3 -11 -5	94 55 44 68	Population (100,000+) Abbottsford Delta Saanich (Dist. Mun.) Vancouver ¹
2,005 1,045 979 5,404	1,035 921 587 1,568	49 57 49 52	16,176 6,913 8,544 30,703	8,354 6,090 5,122 8,909	12 12 11 10	23,774 11,427 13,841 48,558	12,277 10,067 8,298 14,090	19 21 17 19	2 -3 -5 11	104 103 67 127	Burnaby (RCMP) Coquitlam (RCMP) Richmond (RCMP) Surrey (RCMP)
885 1,838	1,633 2,439	53 59	5,588 8,985	10,309 11,921	12 20	8,777 15,895	16,192 21,090	22 32	9 -3	79 89	Population (50,000 - 99,999) New Westminster Victoria
1,070 1,237 1,223 807 842 1,101 517 620 1,387	1,585 1,482 1,226 890 1,307 1,416 597 1,190 1,702	66 69 56 52 54 56 47 55 65	4,900 5,504 6,223 5,534 4,527 6,027 2,745 2,827 5,588	7,257 6,595 6,240 6,103 7,026 7,749 3,168 5,426 6,856	17 23 22 11 12 20 11 10 21	9,266 11,051 12,184 9,172 8,561 10,977 5,167 5,237 12,486	13,722 13,242 12,218 10,114 13,287 14,114 5,964 10,052 15,319	27 32 29 17 17 28 17 23 43	14 -2 -1 13 11 0 -9 4 -1	104 114 102 84 126 95 59 109	Chilliwack (D.M.) (RCMP) Kamloops (RCMP) Kelowna (RCMP) Langley (Twp.) (RCMP) Maple Ridge (RCMP) Nanaimo (RCMP) N. Vancouver(Dist.Mun.) (RCMP) Port Coquitlam (RCMP) Prince George (RCMP)
79 377 68 184 214	503 2,296 389 762 478	81 79 81 80 55	355 886 508 839 1,422	2,262 5,396 2,904 3,472 3,177	21 24 14 12 18	783 2,004 922 1,616 2,809	4,989 12,205 5,270 6,688 6,276	28 47 21 31 22	-9 -4 -2 -12 5	37 61 42 54 36	Population (15,000 - 49,999) District Of Central Saanich Esquimalt (D.M.) Oak Bay (Dist. Mun.) Port Moody West Vancouver (Dist Mun)
515 341 300 522 221 422 437 332 656 437 176 540 466 154 266 545 138	1,638 1,700 1,507 3,048 1,086 1,728 1,316 1,193 1,437 1,344 1,172 2,765 2,754 926 1,680 1,567 804	62 64 60 57 50 54 52 74 53 72 43 55 67 81 62 62 70	2,306 1,758 1,231 1,198 2,856 2,432 958 2,765 2,457 623 1,376 912 947 689 2,785 803	7,335 8,766 6,184 7,082 5,889 11,695 7,322 3,442 6,055 7,557 4,147 7,045 5,389 5,692 4,350 8,005 4,677	21 24 28 18 18 8 12 16 14 20 6 21 19 22 14 19	4,468 3,835 2,385 3,545 2,374 4,460 4,766 2,422 5,023 4,607 1,426 3,448 2,980 1,636 2,173 5,229 1,540	14,213 19,122 11,981 20,696 11,670 18,263 14,348 8,701 11,000 14,170 9,493 17,654 17,608 9,833 13,720 15,030 8,970	31 37 36 44 23 16 18 34 25 31 14 29 39 33 25 30 24	-16 0 0 10 -3 14 8 3 -7 15 -7 -8 -3 14 13 -2 0	118 148 99 131 95 109 108 87 81 121 75 115 88 109 84 134	Campbell River (RCMP) Courtenay (RCMP) Cranbrook (RCMP) Fort St. John (RCMP) Langford (D.M.) (RCMP) Langley (RCMP) Mission (Dist. Mun.) (RCMP) North Cowichan (RCMP) North Vancouver (RCMP) Penticton (RCMP) Pitt Meadows D.M.(RCMP) Prince Rupert (RCMP) Prince Rupert (RCMP) Salmon Arm (RCMP) Squamish (RCMP) Vernon (RCMP) White Rock (RCMP)

			:	2001 Police	Resource	es & Populatio	n			2002
Police Force	Population	Population density	F	olice Office	rs	Population per Police	Other Personnel	Operating Expen-	Per Capita	Police
		uensity	Male	Female	Total	Officer	reisoillei	ditures	Costs	Unicer
		persons/km²						\$	\$	
Population (5,000 - 14,999)										
Nelson	9,853	1,278	15	2	17	580	6	2,233,761	227	17
Castlegar (RCMP)	7,427	460	8	2	10	743	0	703,040	95	11
Coldstream D.M.(RCMP)	9.710	135	5	1	6	1.618	0	366.436	38	. (
Colwood (RCMP)	14,676	821	8	5	13	1,129	Õ	886.874	60	13
Comox (RCMP)	12,352	854	5	2	7	1,765	ő	587,646	48	
Dawson Creek (RCMP)	11,789	581	20	4	24	491	ő	1,464,536	124	23
Hope (RCMP)	6,831	173	11	i	12	569	Ő	832,465	122	12
Kimberley (RCMP)	7,057	121	8	1	9	784	0	612,195	87	(
Kitimat (Dist Mun) (RCMP)	11,538	44	10	5	15	769	0	1,022,179	89	14
Ladysmith (RCMP)	7,044	935	4	3	7	1,006	0	464,782	66	,
Lake Country (RCMP)	9.587	79	5	3	8	1,000	0	497.167	52	10
Mackenzie (RCMP)	6.177	32	5	3	8	772	0	546,193	88	10
Merritt (RCMP)	8,069	340	10	3	13	621	0	863,478	107	1
North Saanich D.M.(RCMP)	10,954	298	6	4	10	1,095	0	475.810	43	1
	10,954	290 676	10	2	12	898	0	766.671	43 71	12
Parksville (RCMP)										
Port Hardy (RCMP)	5,605	136	7	3	10	561	0	586,629	105	
Powell River (D.M.) (RCMP)	13,873	476	16	2	18	771	0	1,118,390	81	18
Qualicum Beach (RCMP)	7,533	676	6	0	6	1,256	0	411,495	55	
Quesnel (RCMP)	10,920	475	17	4	21	520	0	1,284,825	118	18
Revelstoke (RCMP)	8,220	241	8	4	12	685	0	752,710	92	13
Sechelt (RCMP)	8,641	220	7	2	9	960	0	632,539	73	
Sidney (RCMP)	11,116	2,214	8	5	13	855	0	766,936	69	14
Smithers (RCMP)	6,145	451	5	2	7	878	0	594,365	97	11
Spallumcheen (RCMP)	5,790	22	3	0	3	1,930	0	214,810	37	;
Summerland (RCMP)	10,852	157	7	0	7	1,550	0	495,264	46	
Terrace (RCMP)	13,875	722	23	6	29	478	0	1,544,794	111	24
Trail (RCMP)	7,515	401	9	4	13	578	0	799,633	106	15
View Royal (RCMP)	7,764	504	4	4	8	971	0	562,277	72	(
Whistler (RCMP)	9,965	61	16	5	21	475	0	1,384,447	139	22
Williams Lake (RCMP)	12,124	517	20	4	24	505	0	1,644,401	136	23
Population (<5,000)										
Ditidaht Public Safety ¹	170	90	1	0	1	170	0	92,500	544	
Kitasoo/Xaixais Public Safety	323	497	2	0	2	162	0	268,367	831	3
Stl'atl'imx Tribal	2,661	23	10	0	10	266	2	995,000	374	10

Note for the RCMP municipal contracts: Expenditures include only the cost billed to the municipality and not the total cost of the contract, nor any additional policing costs. Civilian employees provided by the municipality are not included under "Other Personnel".

^{...} not applicable

1 Less than 6 months of 2000 crime data were available; therefore comparisons with 2000 crime data were not presented.

2001 Crime											
Vie	olent Crim	ne	Pro	operty Crim	пе	Total <i>Cri</i>	minal Code	(C.C.)	0/ 0/		Police Force
Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	Number	Rate	Clear. Rate	% Change in <i>C.C.</i> Rate 2000-2001	C.C. Incidents per Officer for 2001	
		%			%			%	%		
											Population (5,000 - 14,999)
142	1,441	68	604	6,130	27	1,297	13,164	34	7	76	Nelson
91	1,225	50	441	5.938	21	973	13,101	25	-5	97	Castlegar (RCMP)
24	247	58	228	2,348	6	371	3.821	16	-4	62	Coldstream D.M.(RCMP)
81	552	63	428	2,916	16	985	6,712	23	-12	76	Colwood (RCMP)
69	559	70	290	2,348	17	798	6,461	31	2	114	Comox (RCMP)
251	2,129	75	856	7,261	35	2,216	18,797	47	-7	92	Dawson Creek (RCMP)
103	1,508	69	539	7,201	18	1,282	18,767	35	24	107	Hope (RCMP)
64	907	73	347	4,917	35	682	9.664	39	-5	76	Kimberley (RCMP)
117	1,014	91	299	2,591	28	736	6,379	45	-18	49	Kitimat (Dist Mun) (RCMP)
43	610	74	299	4,131	12	619	8,788	25	-18	88	Ladysmith (RCMP)
63	657	83	268	2,796	13	523	5,455	28 28	-19	65	Lake Country (RCMP)
52	842	ია 71	152		28	323 424	6,864	20 41	-19	53	
				2,461					-35 10		Mackenzie (RCMP)
240 44	2,974 402	65 57	546 205	6,767	26	1,516	18,788	42 16	10	117 47	Merritt (RCMP)
				1,872	8	468	4,272				North Saanich D.M.(RCMP)
129	1,198	43	586	5,440	19	1,269	11,781	22 33	-13	106	Parksville (RCMP)
123	2,195	59	285	5,085	21	771	13,756		18 0	77	Port Hardy (RCMP)
195 32	1,406	61	823 208	5,932	25 17	1,700 428	12,254 5.682	34 19		94 71	Powell River (D.M.) (RCMP)
	425	50		2,761					-22		Qualicum Beach (RCMP)
314	2,876	78	928	8,498	28	2,563	23,471	40	4	122	Quesnel (RCMP)
73	888	85	288	3,504	23	748	9,100	38	-3	62	Revelstoke (RCMP)
142	1,643	84	360	4,166	32	1,005	11,631	47	-21	112	Sechelt (RCMP)
76	684	67	347	3,122	18	795	7,152	24	8	61	Sidney (RCMP)
150	2,441	64	416	6,770	22	1,127	18,340	32	-9	161	Smithers (RCMP)
29	501	90	110	1,900	16	198	3,420	35	13	66	Spallumcheen (RCMP)
76	700	72	251	2,313	16	609	5,612	30	13	87	Summerland (RCMP)
346	2,494	71	913	6,580	30	2,360	17,009	47	-1	81	Terrace (RCMP)
117	1,557	82	450	5,988	47	958	12,748	56	7	74	Trail (RCMP)
42	541	64	273	3,516	13	635	8,179	21	-10	79	View Royal(RCMP)
228	2,288	53	1,564	15,695	8	2,351	23,593	18	9	112	Whistler (RCMP)
426	3,514	63	1,291	10,648	23	3,071	25,330	35	24	128	Williams Lake (RCMP)
											Population (<5,000)
24	14,118	50	30	17,647	0	86	50,588	23		86	Ditidaht Public Safety ¹
24	7,430	88	16	4,954	31	106	32,817	50	152	53	Kitasoo/Xaixais Public Safety
131	4,923	48	96	3,608	9	448	16,836	27	3	45	Stl'atl'imx Tribal