

Agriculture et Agroalimentaire Canada

A PORTRAIT OF THE CANADIAN AGRI-FOOD SYSTEM

Economic and Policy Analysis Directorate

Policy Branch

A Portrait of the Canadian Agri-Food System

Economic and Policy Analysis Directorate Policy Branch June 2000

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ISSN #1487-5101 Publication No. 2036/E Catalogue #A1-19/2000E Project No. 00-034-rp

Aussi disponible en francais sous le titre: Portrait du circuit agroalimentaire canadien

Preface

A Portrait of the Canadian Agri-Food System provides a graphical illustration of the trends in the structure and performance of the Canadian agri-food system. This publication presents the Canadian agri-food system in a broad context within the Canadian economy and in comparison with other industries. It also compares some of Canada's macro economic performance indicators with those of its main economic partners and other countries that are important to the world agri-food system, either as producers or consumers of agri-food commodities.

This June 2000 version of *A Portrait of the Canadian Agri-Food system* updates some of the information contained in the August 1999 version where possible. Further, important modifications to this edition include, among others, expanded information regarding Canadian agri-food trade (Section 2), the performance of the agriculture sector (Section 3), and Environmental & Sustainability Measures (Section 8). Please note that each section of this publication contains a glossary for selected terms.

Care must be taken when using these statistics and charts, as in some cases there can be significant volatility when dealing with continually revised forecasts and data estimates. Future revisions will be posted in an internet version of *A Portrait of the Canadian Agri-Food System* which may be found at http://www.agr.ca/policy/epad.

You are encouraged to provide feedback regarding the contents of the Portrait. For further information about *A Portrait of the Canadian Agri-Food System*, please contact Denyse Landry at (613) 759-1762 or by e-mail at landryd@em.agr.ca.

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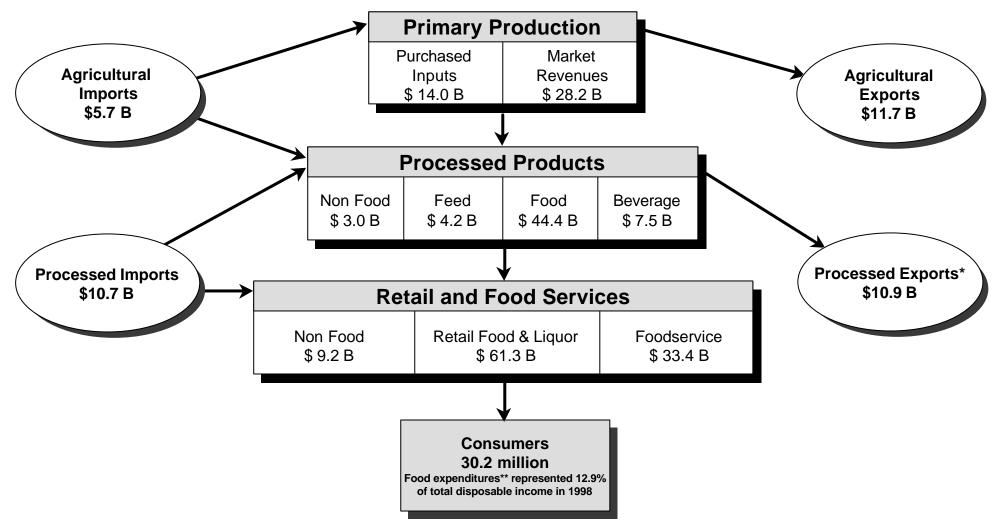
Section 6

Section 7

Agri-Food System: Structure, Significance and Growth

Canada

Agri-Food System Value of Production and Sales, 1998

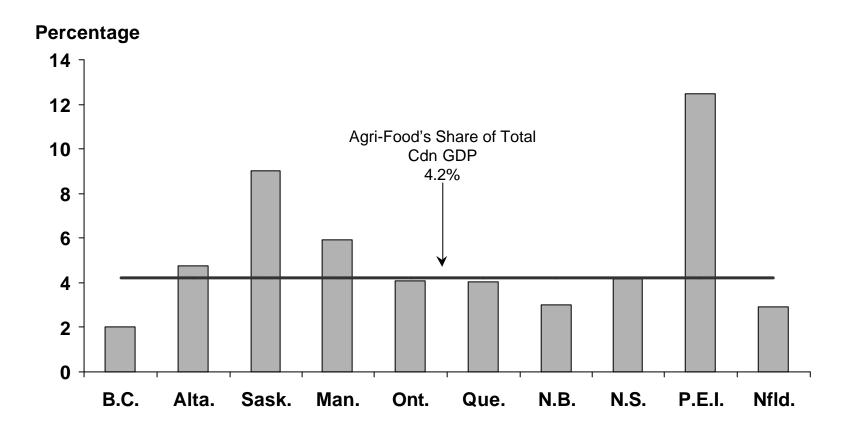


* Processed Exports includes a small component of Other Non-Food Exports consisting mainly of ethanol and linseed oil. ** Food expenditures includes expenditures on alcoholic beverages and tobacco.

Sources: CANSIM, Statistics Canada - Canadian Economic Observer (January 2000); Canadian Restaurant and Foodservices Association; AAFC - Farm Income, Financial Conditions and Government Assistance Data Book, Trade Data Retrieval System.



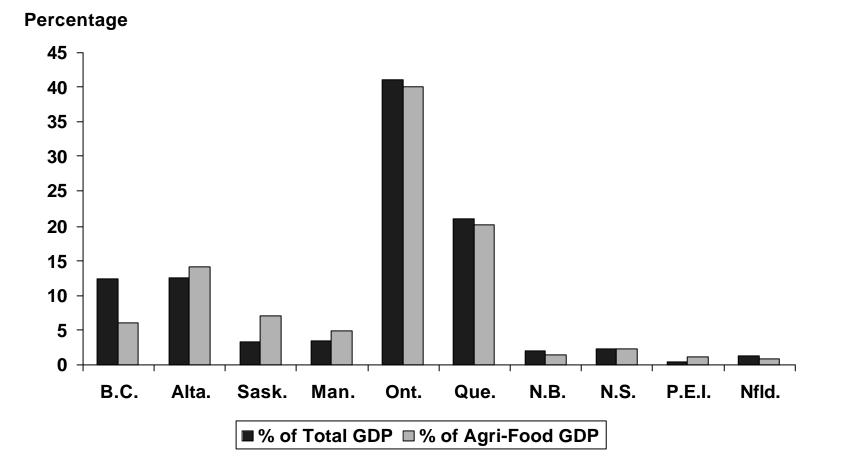
Agri-Food Sector* GDP Share of Total GDP by Province, 1998



*See glossary for definition of Agri-Food Sector.

Source: Conference Board of Canada.

Provincial Shares of Canadian Total GDP and Agri-Food GDP, 1998



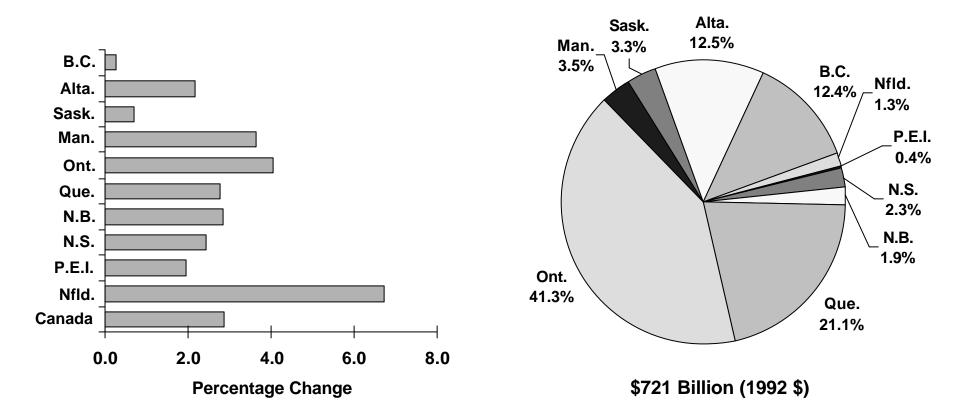
*See glossary for definition of Agri-Food Sector.

Source: Conference Board of Canada.



Canada GDP - Total Economy

Total Economy GDP Growth from 1997 to 1998 Provincial Shares of Total Economy GDP, 1998

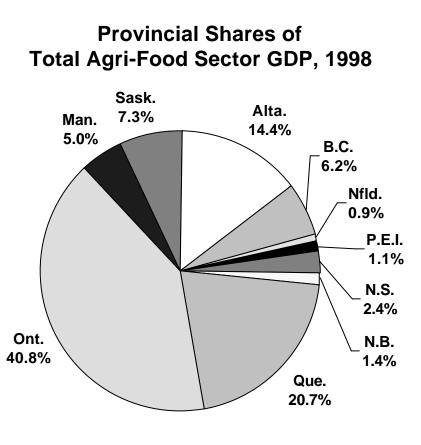


Canada Agri-Food Sector* GDP, 1998

Agri-Food Sector GDP Growth from 1997 to 1998

10.0

15.0



\$30.3 Billion (1992 \$)

*See glossary for definition of Agri-Food Sector.

0.0

5.0

Percentage Change

Source: Conference Board of Canada.

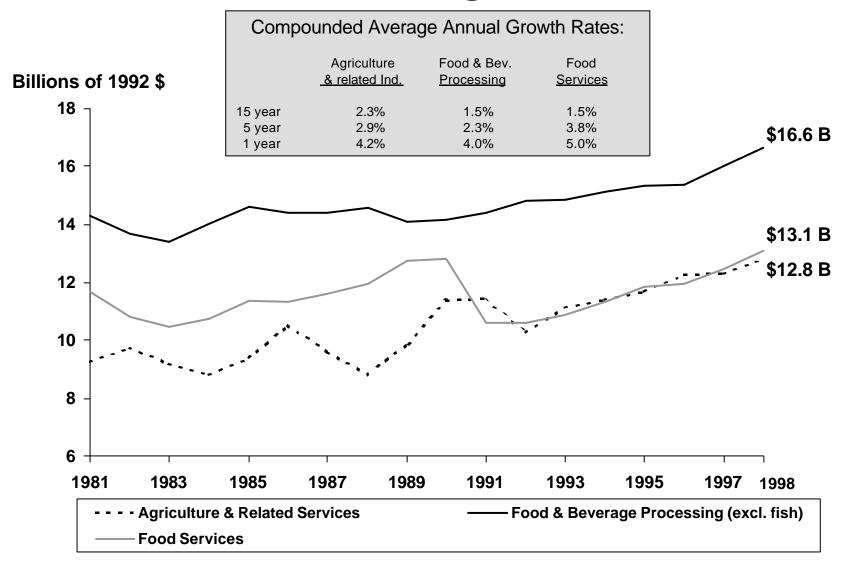
Canada

-5.0

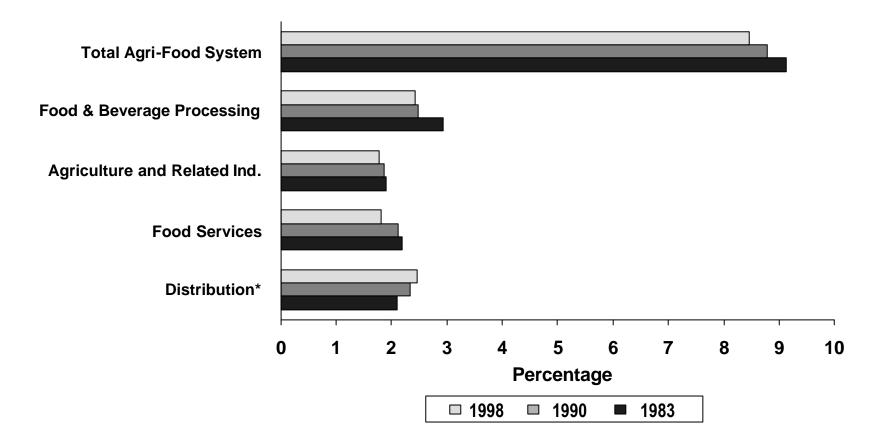
Graph 1-5

Canada

Real GDP Growth of Agri-Food, 1981-1998



Canada Agri-Food System GDP Share Relative to Total Economy

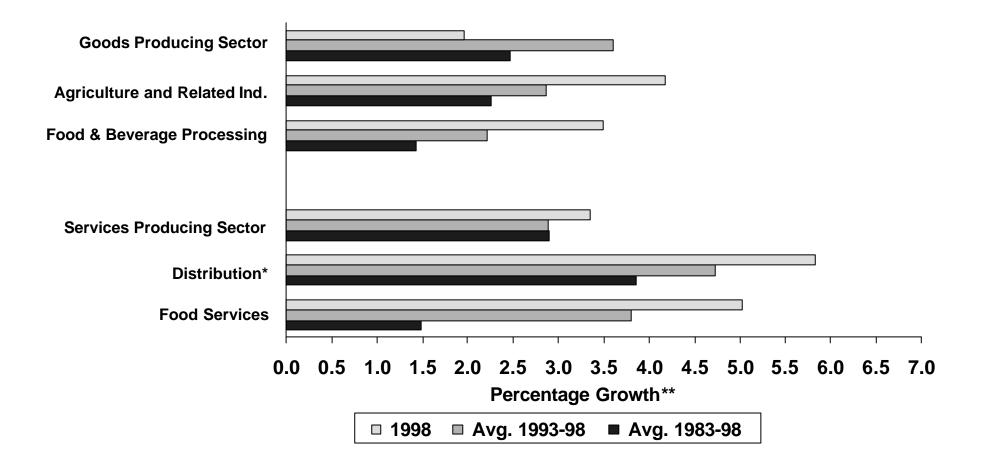


*Estimates based on employment numbers. Distribution includes wholesale and retail.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 4677.



Real Growth in Agri-Food System GDP Relative to Total Economy GDP

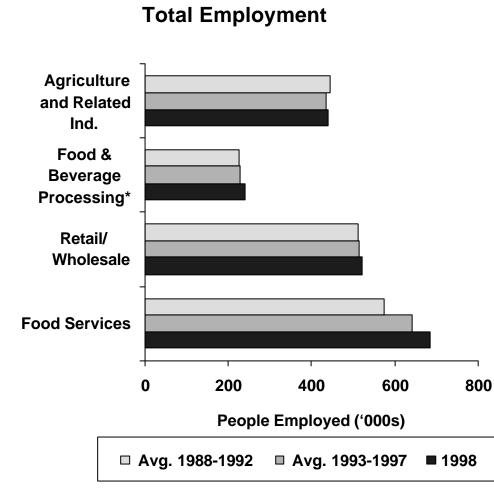


*Estimates based on employment numbers. Distribution includes wholesale and retail.

**Compounded average annual GDP growth rate.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 4677.

Canada Agri-Food System Employment



Agri-Food System Employment as Share of Total Employment, 1998

- Food & Beverage Processing*
- Retail/Wholesale
- Food Services
- Sectors outside Agri-Food System

*Excludes fish processing.

Source: Statistics Canada, Labour Force Survey.

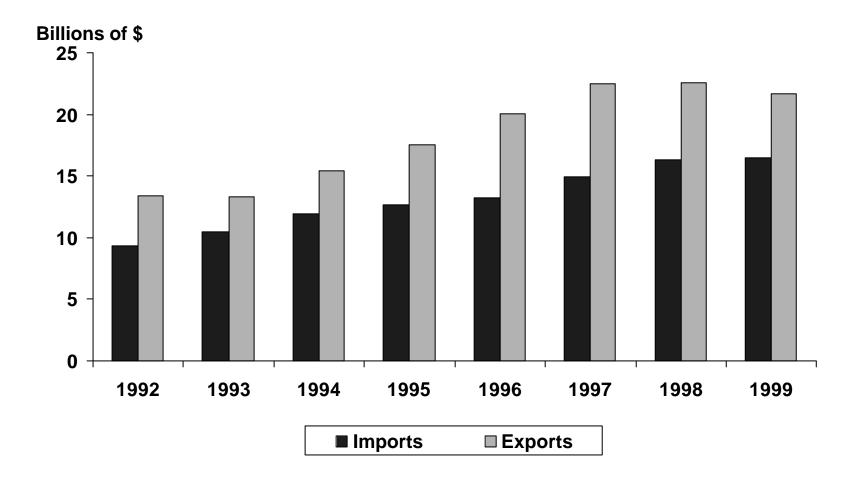


Glossary of Terms

| Agri-Food System | Includes the primary agriculture sector and related service industries (e.g. veterinary and crop dusting services), the food & beverage, tobacco & non-food processing sector, the distribution sector (wholesale & retail) and the food services sector. |
|------------------------------|--|
| Agri-Food Sector | Includes agriculture and related service industries and food and beverage processing industries. |
| GDP (Gross Domestic Product) | Total value of final goods and services produced within a nation's border during a year. |

Canadian Agri-Food Trade

Canadian Agri-Food Trade (Imports and Exports)

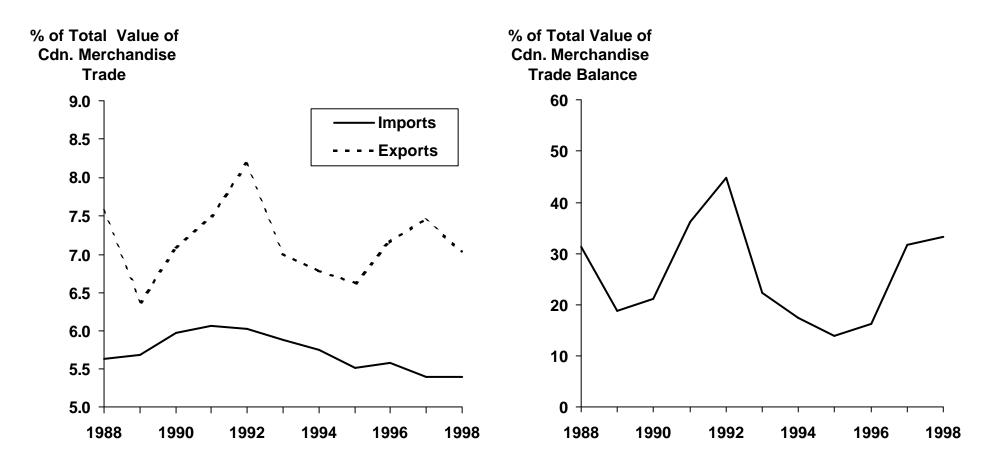


Source: AAFC Trade Data Retrieval System.

Canadian Agri-Food Share of Total Trade

Imports and Exports

Trade Balance



Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrices 3651, 3685 and AAFC's Trade Data Retrieval System. Calculations by AAFC.

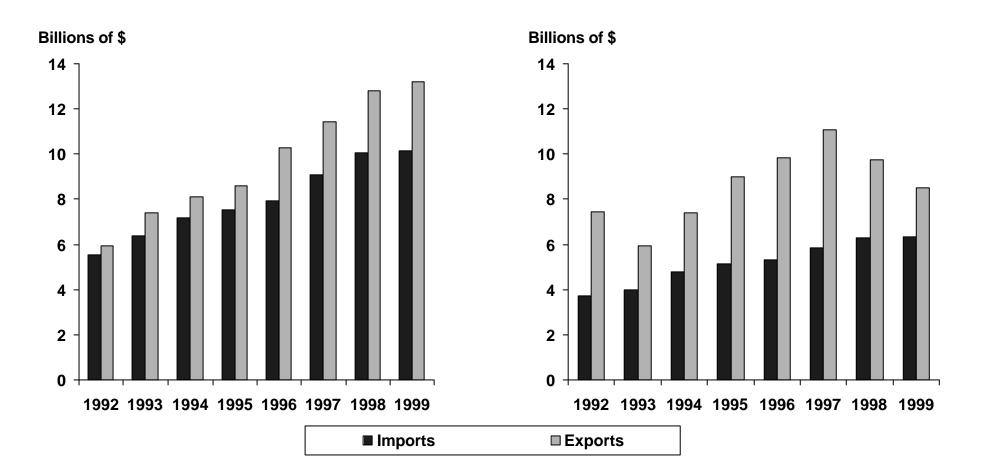
Graph 2-2

Graph 2-3

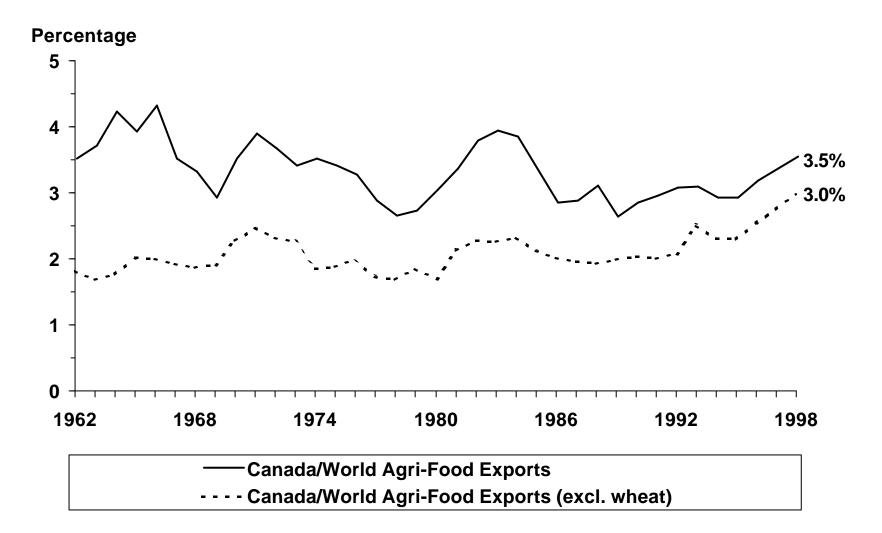
Canada's Agri-Food Trade with the US and the Rest of the World

Trade with the US

Trade with the Rest of the World



Canada's Agri-Food Exports as a Share of World Agri-Food Exports

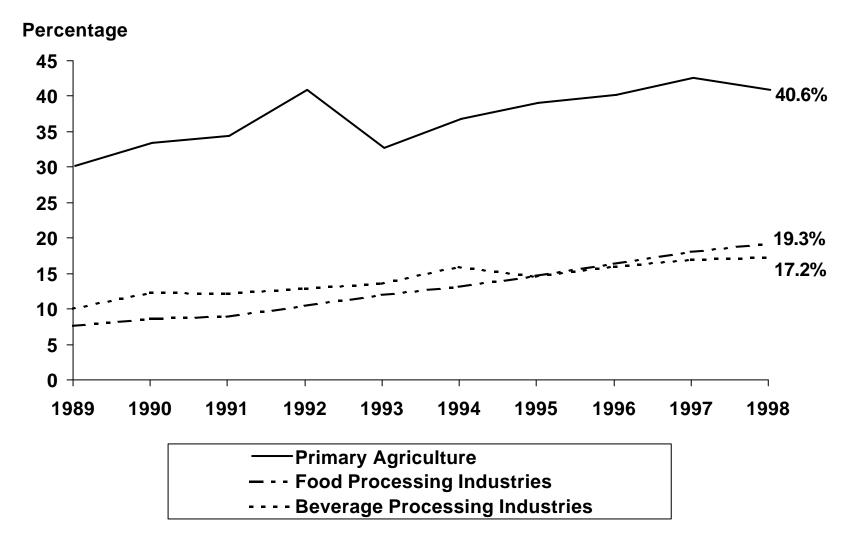


Source: FAO Database.

Graph 2-4

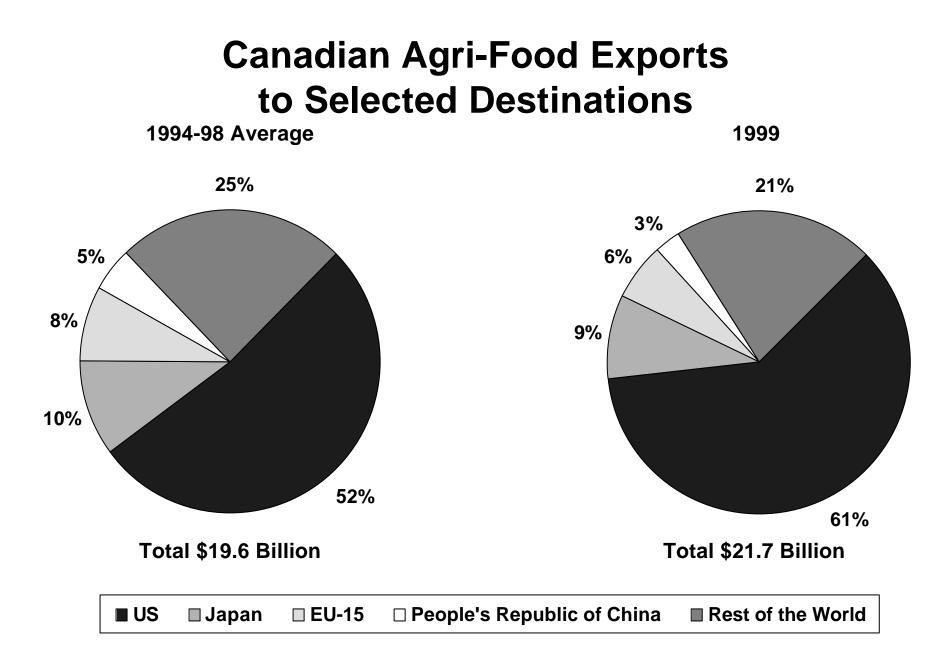
Graph 2-5

Export Intensity*



*See glossary for definition.

Sources: Industry Canada, Strategis Trade Data; Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 9550; AAFC-Farm Income Database, February 2000. Calculations by AAFC.

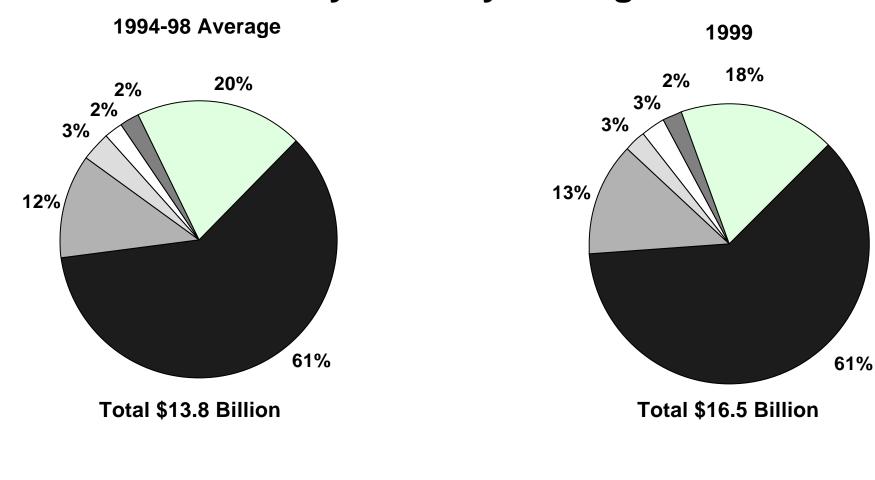


Source: AAFC Trade Data Retrieval System.



Graph 2-7

Canadian Agri-Food Imports by Country of Origin



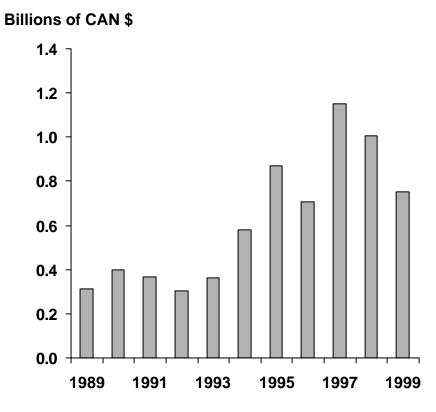
■ US ■ EU-15 ■ Australia □ Brazil ■ Mexico □ Rest of the World

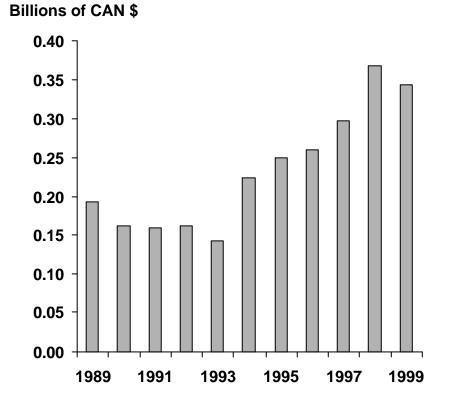
Source: AAFC Trade Data Retrieval System.

Canada's Agri-Food Trade with Africa

Exports

Imports



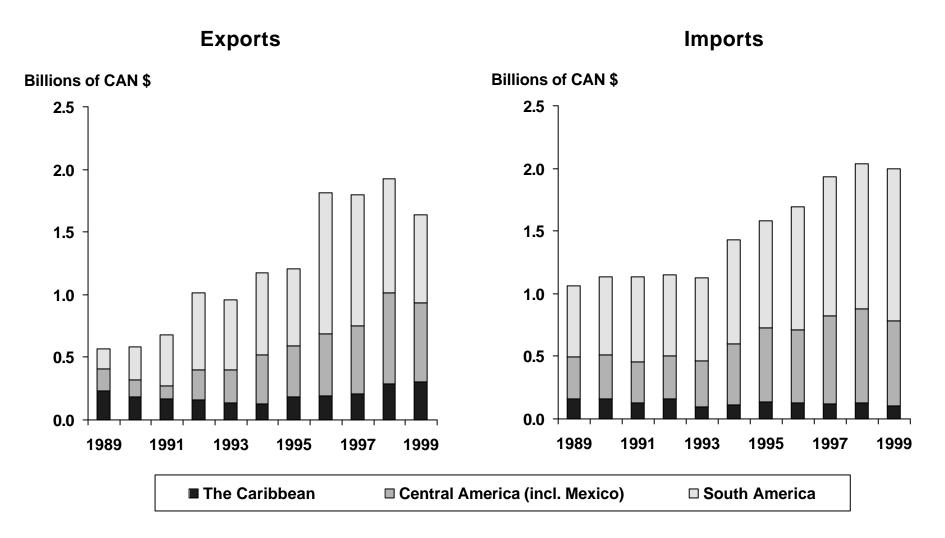


Source: Statistics Canada Merchandise Trade Database.

Graph 2-8

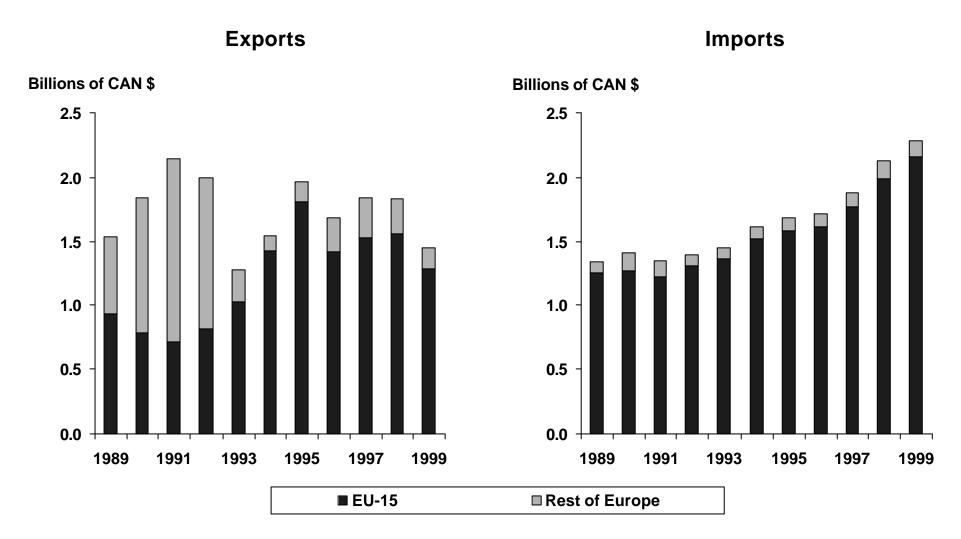
Graph 2-9

Canada's Agri-Food Trade with Major Destinations of the Americas (other than the US)



Source: Statistics Canada Merchandise Trade Database.

Canada's Agri-Food Trade with Europe



Source: Statistics Canada Merchandise Trade Database.

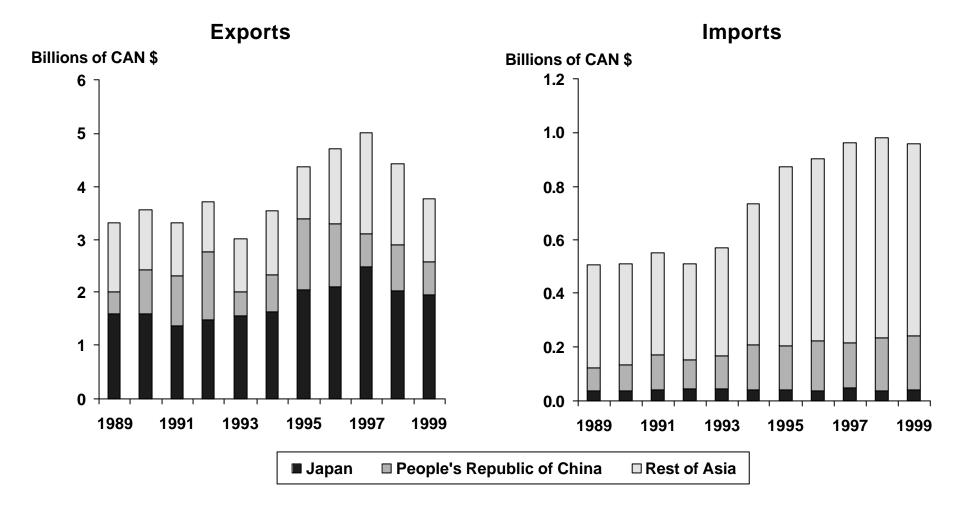


Canada's Agri-Food Trade with Oceania

Exports Imports Millions of CAN \$ Millions of CAN \$

Source: Statistics Canada Merchandise Trade Database.

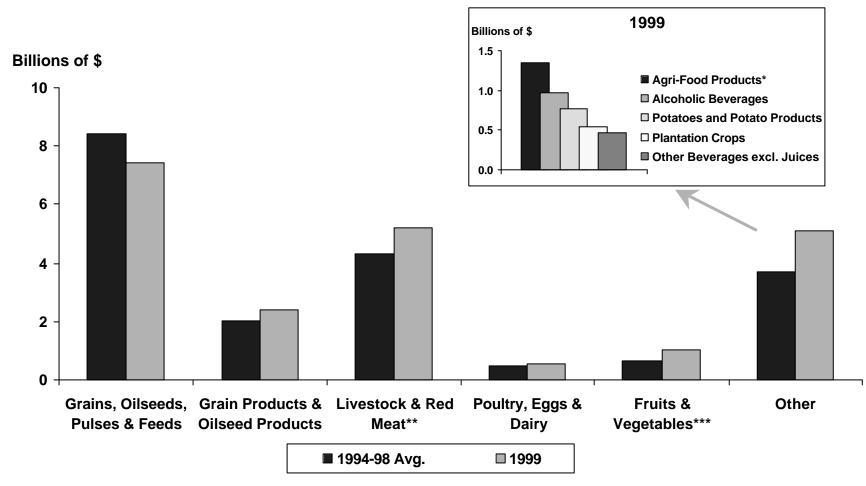
Canada's Agri-Food Trade with Asia



Source: Statistics Canada Merchandise Trade Database.

Graph 2-12

Canada's Agri-Food Exports of Selected Commodity Groups



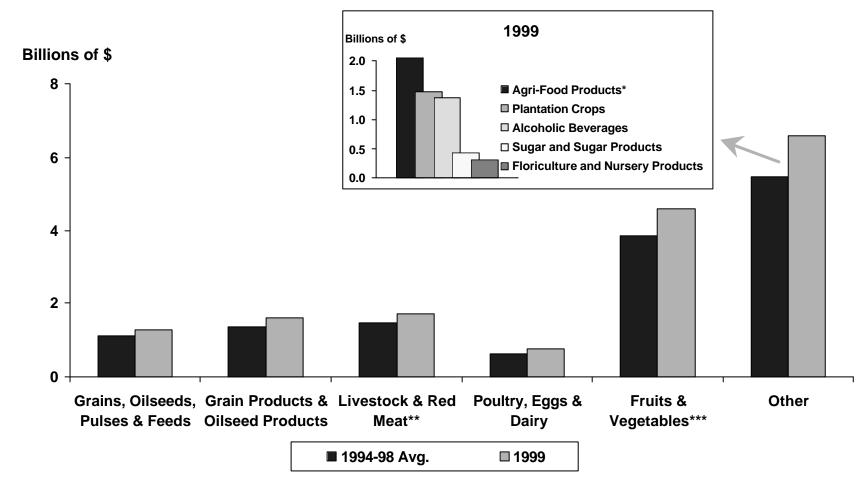
* Agri-Food Products includes honey, spices, chocolates/sugar confectionery (incl. Nut pastes), food/material for food preps incl. Condiments, and other products not elsewhere specified.

** Livestock & Red Meat includes other animal products such as undressed furs, raw wool, hides and skins, animal oils and fats, and other products of animal origin.

*** Fruits & Vegetables includes nuts, but excludes potatoes and potato products. "Other" is defined in the glossary.

Source: AAFC Trade Data Retrieval System.

Canada's Agri-Food Imports of Selected Commodity Groups



- * Agri-Food Products includes honey, spices, chocolates/sugar confectionery (incl. Nut pastes), food/material for food preps incl. Condiments, and other products not elsewhere specified.
- ** Livestock & Red Meat includes other animal products such as undressed furs, raw wool, hides and skins, animal oils and fats, and other products of animal origin.
- *** Fruits & Vegetables includes nuts, but excludes potatoes and potato products. "Other" is defined in the glossary.

Source: AAFC Trade Data Retrieval System.



Glossary of Terms

| Trade Balance | Value of exports less value of imports. |
|-----------------------|--|
| Other Commodity Group | Includes potatoes & products, seeds for sowing, maple products, sugar & products, raw tobacco, vegetable fibres, plantation crops, floriculture & nursery products, essential oils, other agri-food products, alcoholic beverages, other beverages excluding juices, manufactured tobacco products, undernatured ethyl alcohol >80% vol. |
| Export Intensity | The value of agri-food exports as a percentage of total value received from the production of the agri-food products. <i>Primary Agriculture:</i> Exports divided by farm market receipts <i>Food Processing Industries:</i> Exports divided by value of shipments <i>Beverage Processing Industries:</i> Exports divided by value of shipments. |

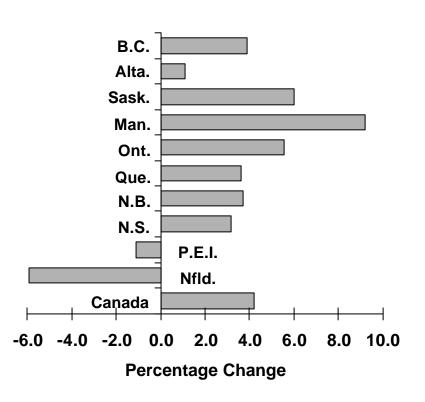
Agriculture Sector: Structure, Significance and Performance

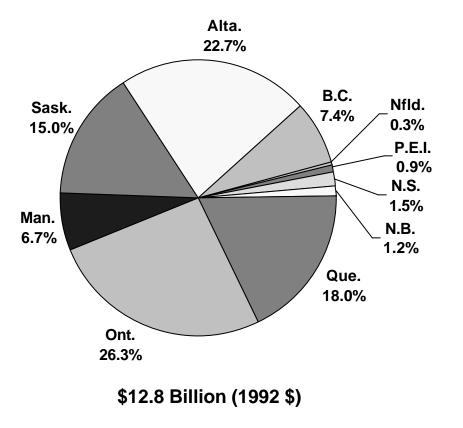
Graph 3-1

Canada Agricultural GDP, 1998

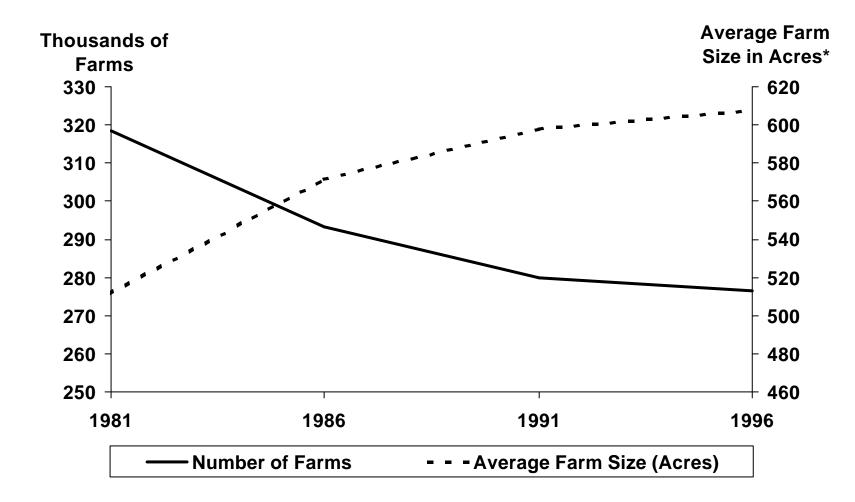
Agricultural GDP Growth from 1997 to 1998

Provincial Shares of Total Agricultural GDP, 1998





Number and Size of Census Farms

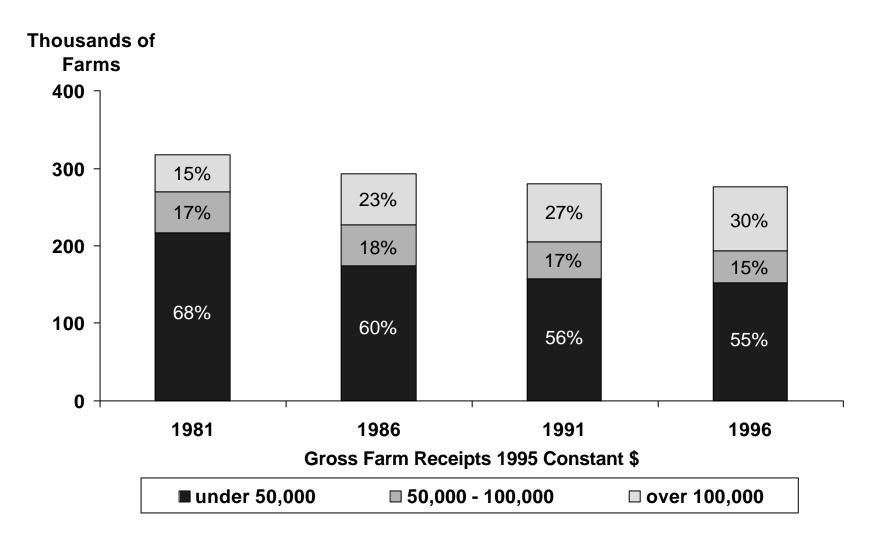


*1 acre=0.4047 hectares

Source: Statistics Canada, Historical Overview of Canadian Agriculture, Census of Agriculture 1996.

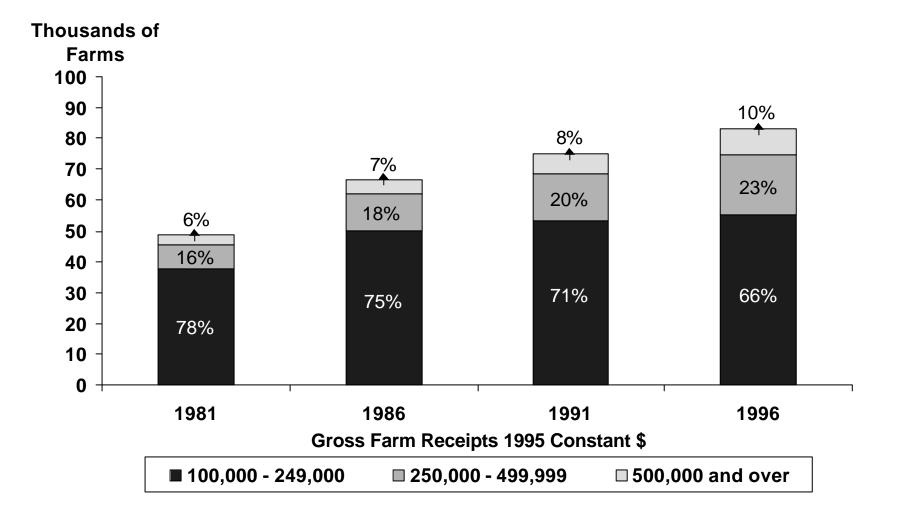
Graph 3-3

Number of Census Farms by Revenue Class



Source: Statistics Canada, Historical Overview of Canadian Agriculture, Census of Agriculture 1996.

Number of Large Census Farms by Revenue Class

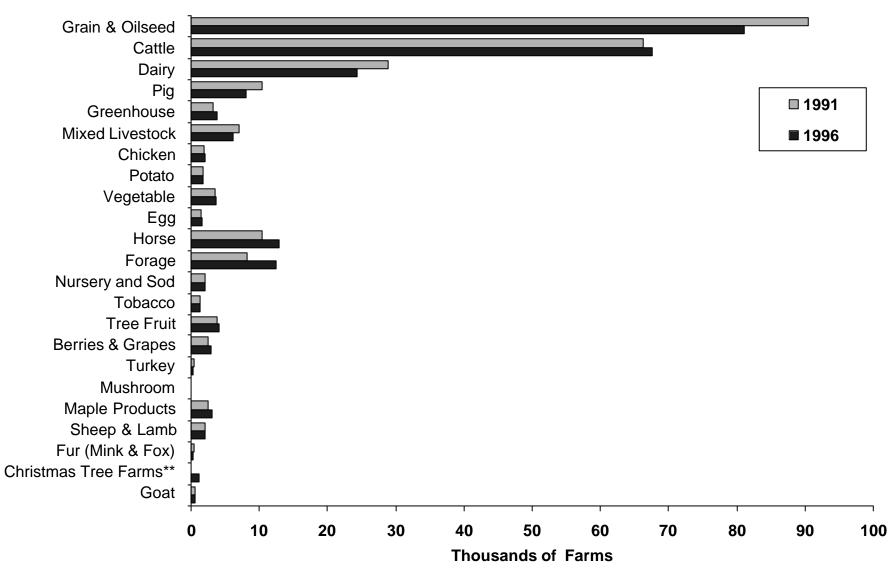


Source: Statistics Canada, Historical Overview of Canadian Agriculture, Census of Agriculture 1996.



Graph 3-5

Number of Census Farms by Farm Type*

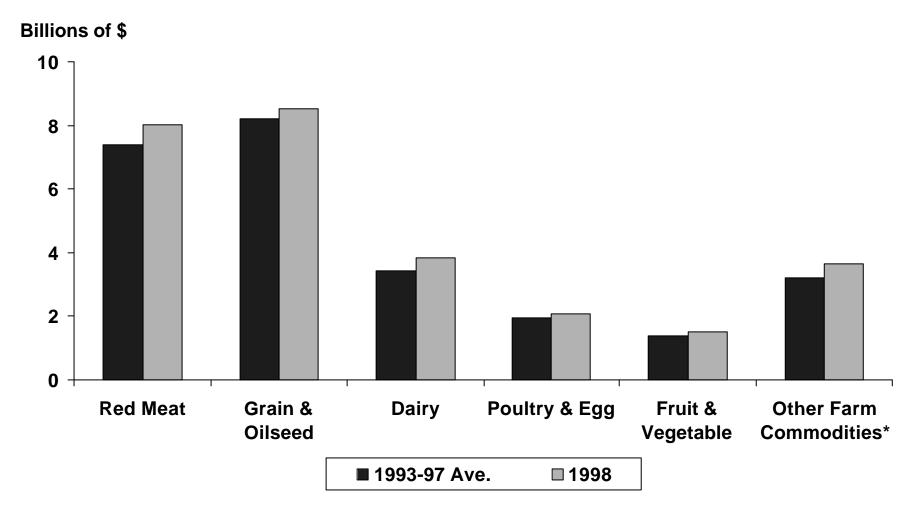


* Farm type is determined by a product contributing at least 51% to farm revenue.

** Data for Christmas tree farms was not collected before the 1996 Census of Agriculture.

Source: AAFC - Structure of Canadian Agriculture 1991 & 1996.

Canadian Farm Cash Market Receipts by Commodity Group



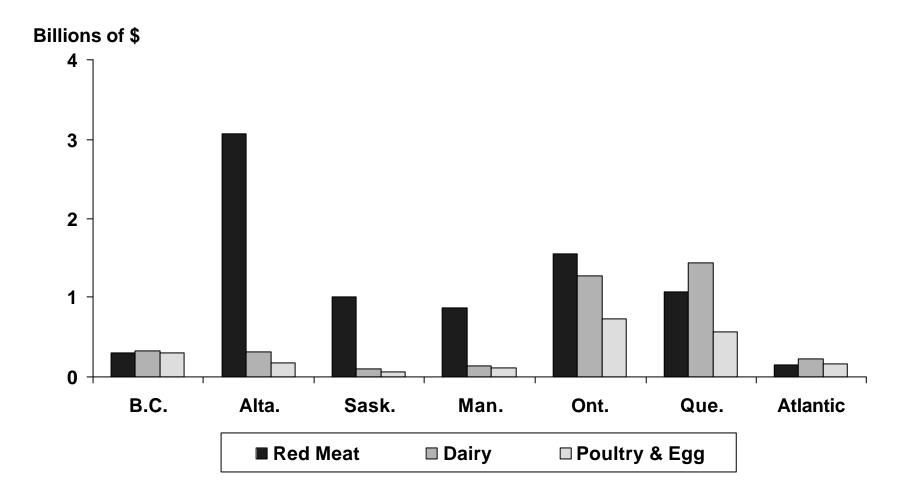
*Includes: Potatoes, Special Crops, Forage, etc.

Source: AAFC Farm Income Database, January 2000 Update.

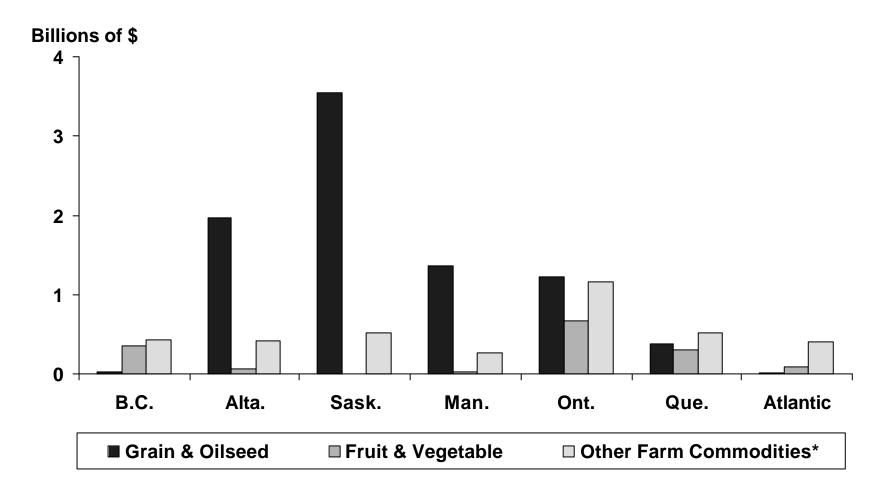
Graph 3-6



Farm Cash Market Receipts by Commodity Group & Province, 1998



Farm Cash Market Receipts by Commodity Group & Province, 1998

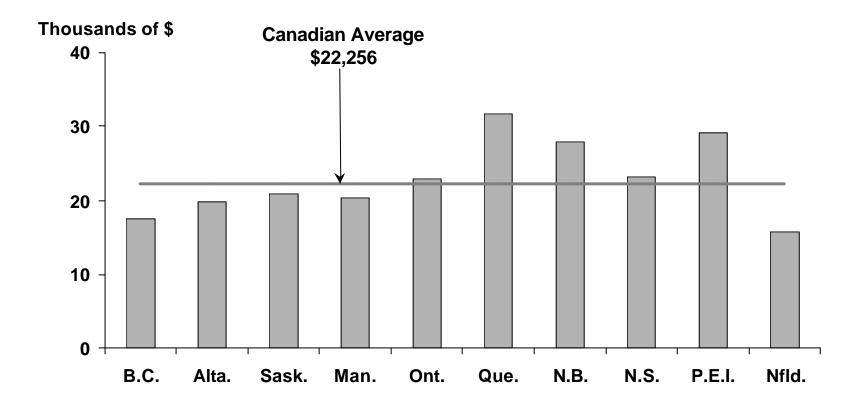


*Includes: Potatoes, Special Crops, Forage, etc.

Source: AAFC Farm Income Database, January 2000 Update.



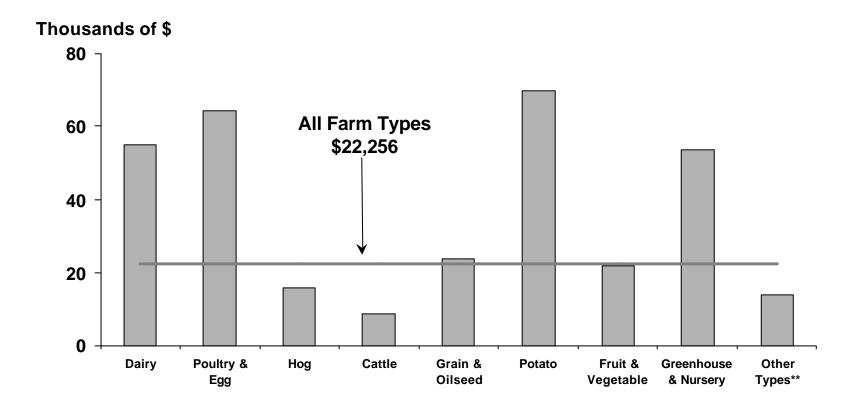
Average Provincial Net Farm Operating Income, 1998*



*Preliminiary estimates

Source: Statistics Canada, Whole Farm Data Base, Taxation Data Program.

Average Net Operating Income* per Farm by Farm Type, 1998

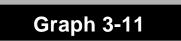


* Preliminiary estimates; excludes communal farming organizations.

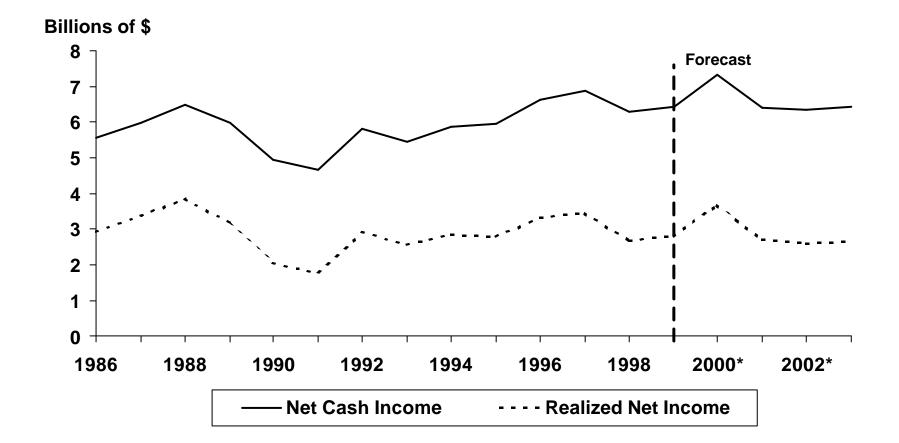
** Includes livestock combination, tobacco and other types.

Source: Statistics Canada, Whole Farm Data Base, Taxation Data Program.

Graph 3-10

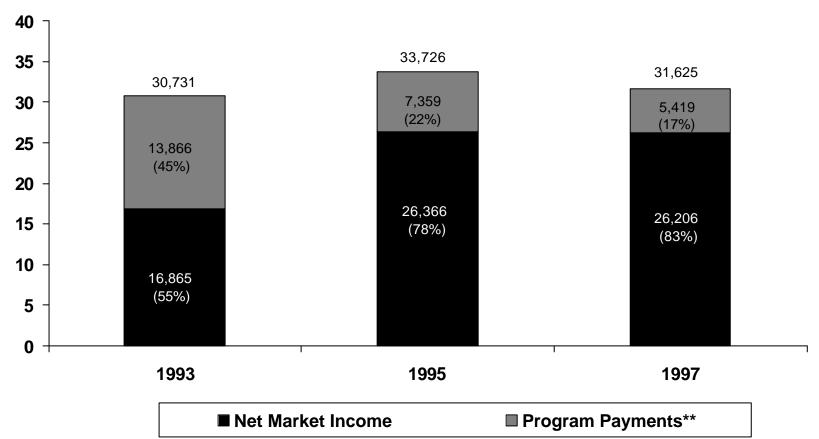


Canadian Farm Income Forecast



*Forecast figures for 1999 to 2003, AAFC, Policy Branch, January 2000, Update. Sources: AAFC - Farm Income Database; historical data from Statistics Canada.

Net Operating Income* per Farm, Canada



Thousands of \$

* Net operating income includes program payments but excludes NISA withdrawals.

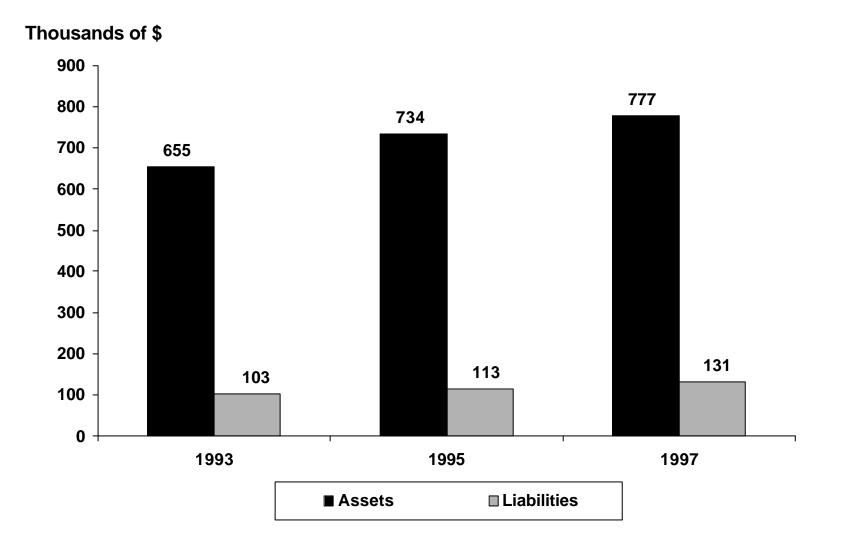
**Program payments include income from stabilization payments (including provincial GRIP in 1993 and 1995), dairy subsidies and other programs, crop insurance proceeds and fuel and property tax rebates.

Source: AAFC, Profile of the 1998 Farm Financial Survey.

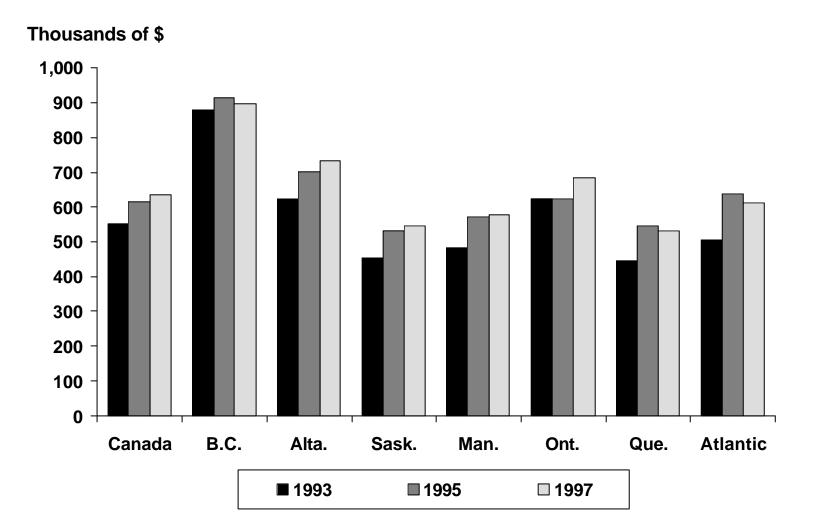
Graph 3-12

Graph 3-13

Average Farm Assets and Liabilities per Farm



Average Net Worth* per Farm by Province



*To facilitate comparison with previous years, NISA balances are not included in estimates of net worth.

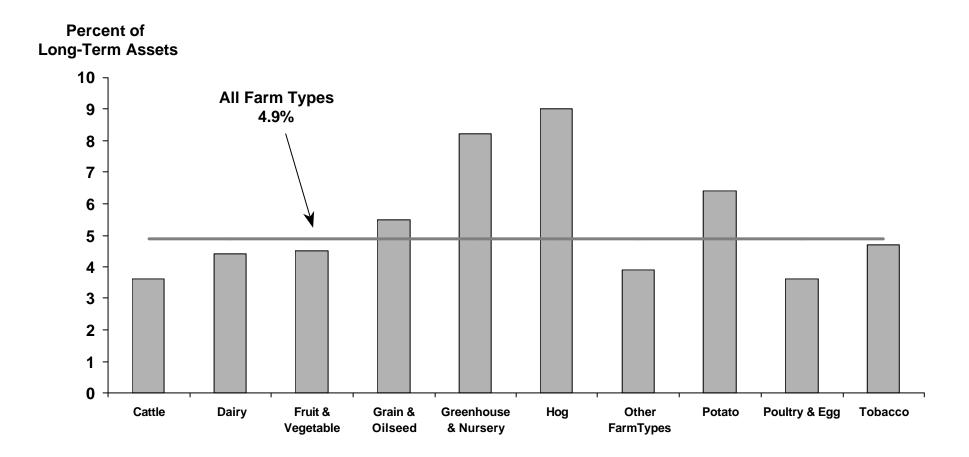
Source: AAFC, Profile of the 1998 Farm Financial Survey.



Gross Capital Investment per Farm by Type of Investment

| | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Land & Buildings | \$5,146 | \$6,319 | \$7,342 |
| Land Improvements | 803 | 1,057 | 1,650 |
| House Construction | 1,842 | 2,167 | 1,811 |
| Other Building Construction | 3,848 | 4,667 | 6,249 |
| Breeding & Replacement Livestock | 2,651 | 2,603 | 2,724 |
| Quota | 1,684 | 1,476 | 1,791 |
| Farm Machinery & Equipment | 20,301 | 21,354 | 24,073 |
| Other Farm Assets | 1,778 | 1,372 | 2,048 |
| TOTAL | \$38,054 | \$41,014 | \$47,688 |

Canada Net Capital Investment by Farm Type, 1997

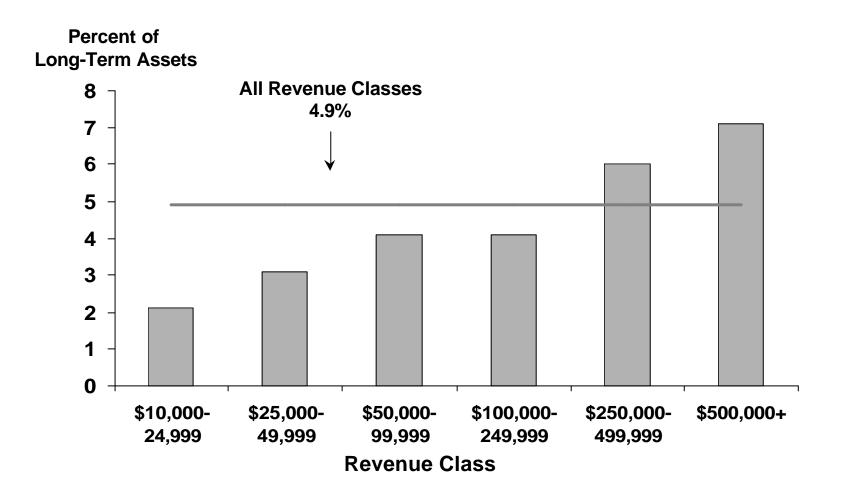




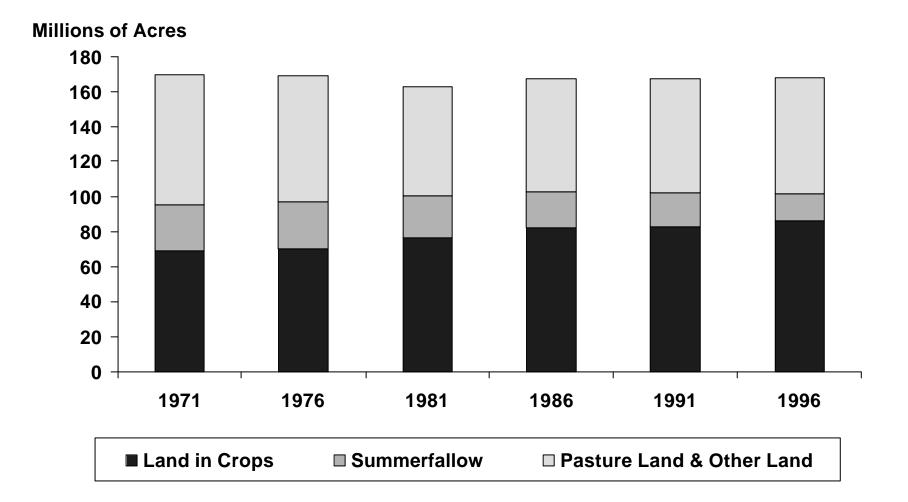
Source: Statistics Canada, Farm Financial Survey 1998.

Graph 3-17

Net Capital Investment by Farm Size, 1997



Use of Farm Land in Canada

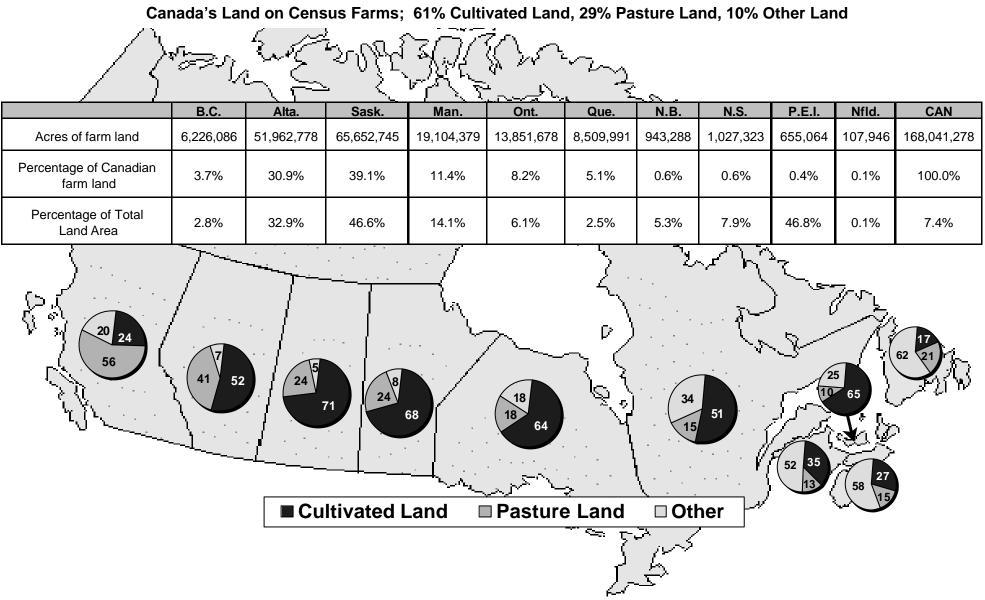


Sources: Statistics Canada - Census Overview of Canadian Agriculture: 1971-1991; 1996 Census of Agriculture National and Provincial Highlights.

Graph 3-18

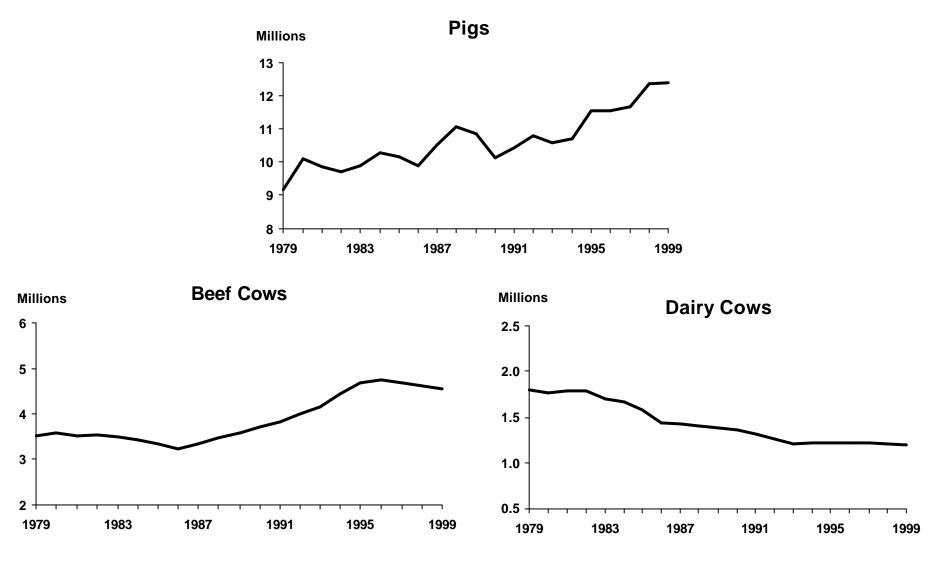
Graph 3-19

Canada: Farm Land Use, 1996



Source: Statistics Canada, 1996 Census of Agriculture National and Provincial Highlights.

Canada Livestock Population Trends



Note: All livestock numbers are as of July 1.

Source: Statistics Canada, Agriculture Division, Livestock Survey.

Graph 3-20

Glossary of Terms

| Agriculture | Includes the primary agriculture sector and related service industries (e.g. veterinary and crop dusting services). |
|---------------------------|---|
| Gross Farm Receipts | Compiled from census forms sent to all farms every five years. They include cash income from the sale of agricultural commodities as well as direct program payments to the agriculture sector. |
| Farm Cash Market Receipts | Include cash income from the sale of agricultural commodities, but exclude direct program payments. |
| Land in Crops | Includes field crops, vegetables, fruits & nursery crops. Since 1981, it has also included sod. |
| Other Farm Commodities | Includes sugar beets, potatoes, floriculture & nursery, tobacco, ginseng, mustard seed, sunflower seed, lentils, canary seed, dry beans, dry peas, forage & grass seed, hay & clover, maple products, forest products, misc. crops, wool, honey, fur, misc. livestock. |
| Farm Type | Commodity which accounts for 51% of the total farm cash receipts. |

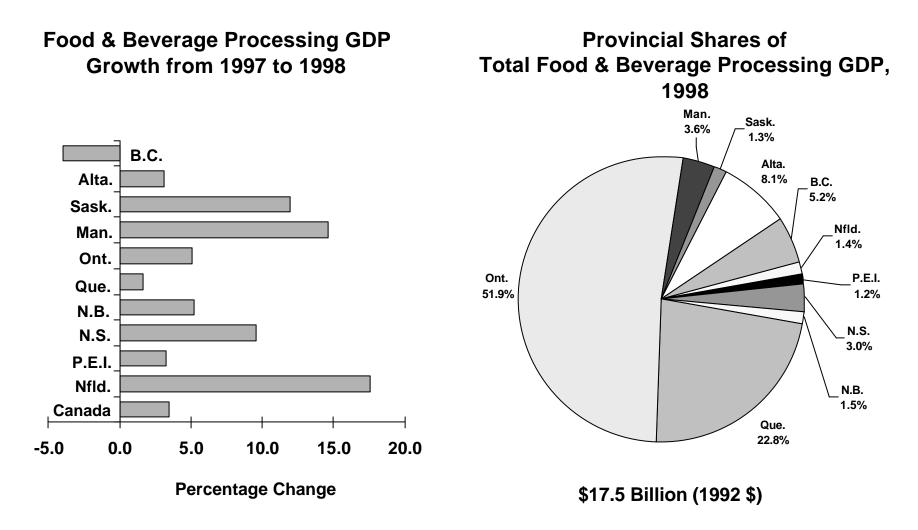
Glossary of Terms (cont'd)

| Net Cash Income | Market Receipts + Government Payments - Operating Expenses. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Realized Net Income | (Net Cash Income + Income-in-kind) - depreciation. |
| Net Operating Income | Equal to total operating revenues minus total operating expenses, before depreciation. Inter-farm sales are included in revenues as are agriculture payments and subsidies, excluding Net Income Stabilization Account payments. |
| Net Worth | Total farm assets less total liabilities. |
| Gross Capital Investments | Purchase or acquisition of some farm related building, structure or item from which a benefit will be derived over time such as land and buildings, land improvements, house construction or major renovation, other building construction, breeding and replacement livestock, quota, farm machinery and equipment and other farm assets including stocks, shares, bonds and reinvested dividends. |
| Net Capital Investments | Gross capital investments net of (capital) sales of such items as lands and buildings, machinery and equipment (including trade- ins) quota and breeding and replacement livestock. |

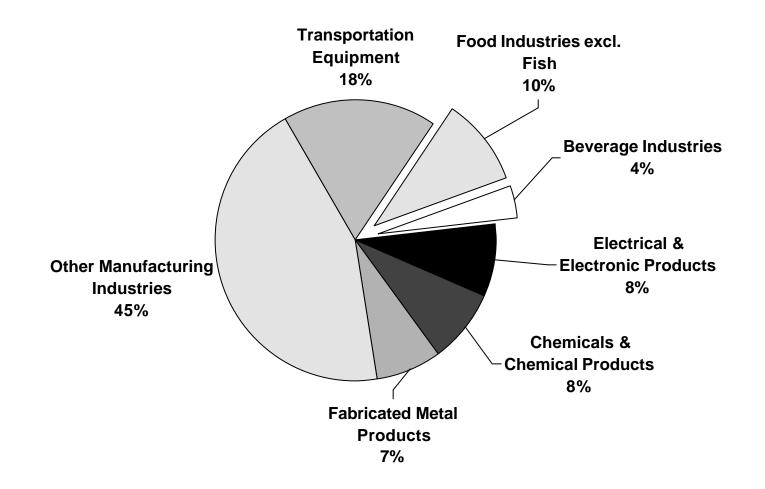
Section 3

Agri-Food Processing Sector: Structure, Significance and Performance

Canada Food & Beverage Processing GDP, 1998



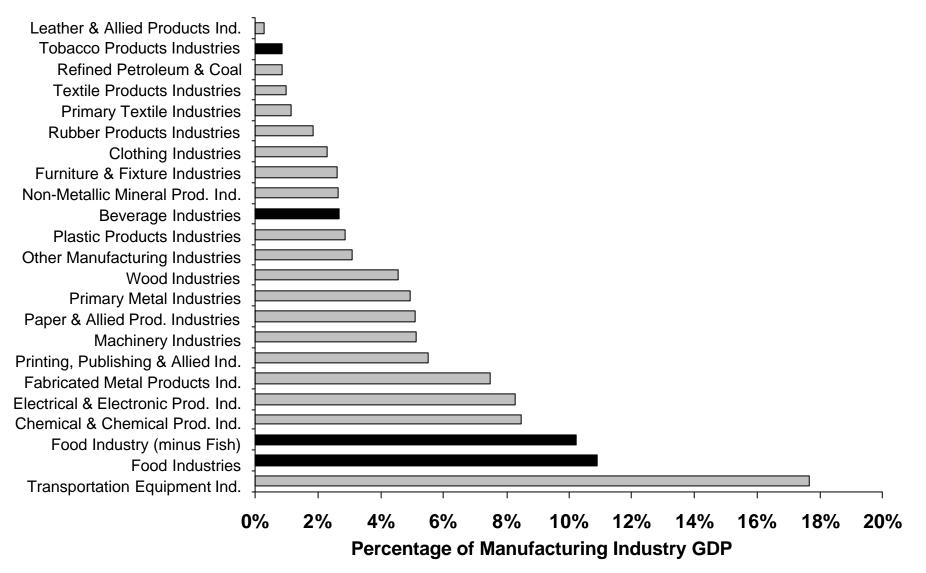
Distribution of Total Manufacturing GDP by Sector, 1998



Manufacturing Industry GDP \$128.9 Billion (1992 \$)

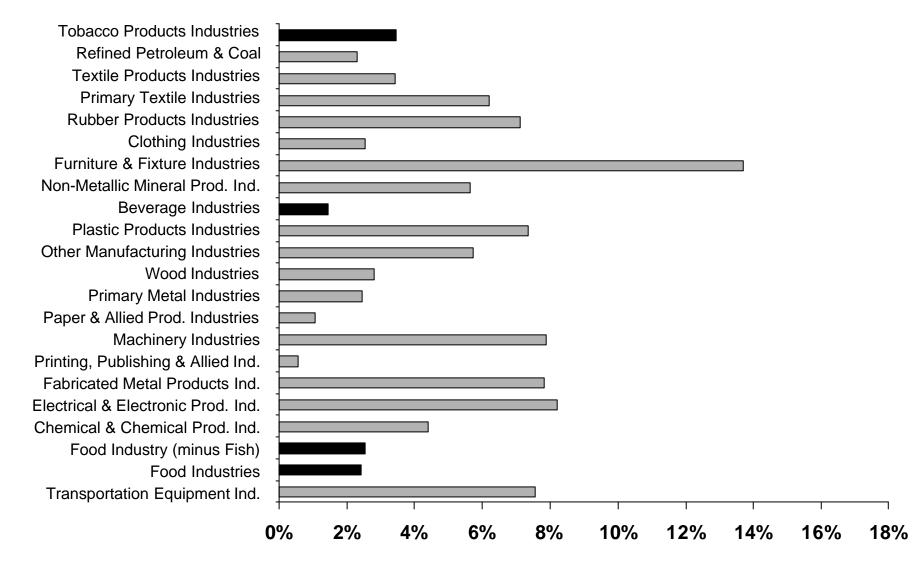
Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 4677 (updated February 2000).

Distribution of Manufacturing GDP by Major Industries in Canada, 1998



Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM matrix 4677, February 2000.

Compounded Average Annual GDP Growth Rate of Major Manufacturing Industries in Canada, 1993-98



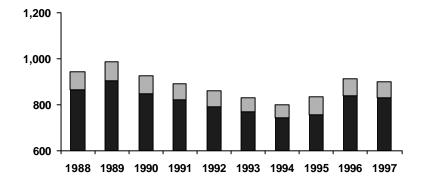
(Overall Manufacturing Industries Compounded Average Annual GDP Growth Rate : 4.97%)

Note: Leather & Allied Products growth rate was -4.4% for the period 1993-98.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM matrix 4677, February 2000.

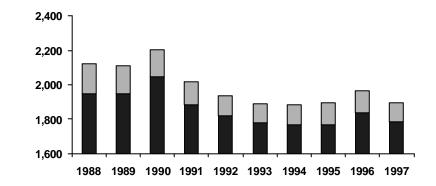
Graph 4-4

Number of Processing Establishments



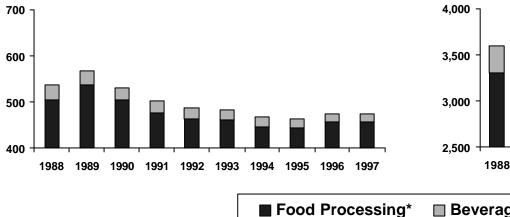
Western Canada

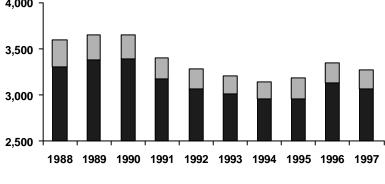
Central Canada



Atlantic Canada





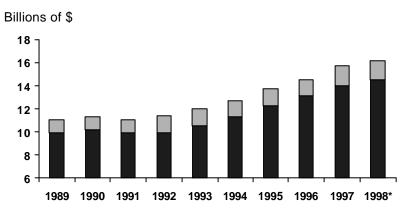


Beverage Processing

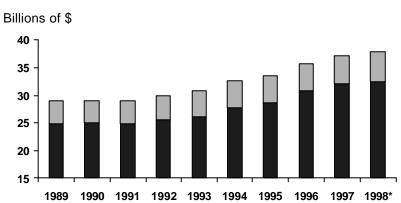
*Includes fish.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 5379 & 5401, Annual Survey of Manufacturers.

Value of Shipments

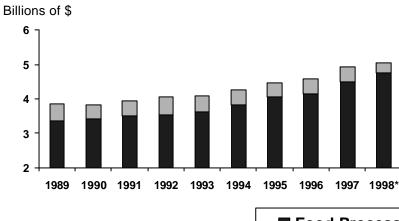


Western Canada

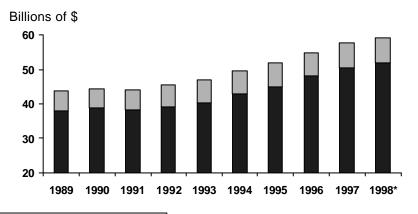


Central Canada

Atlantic Canada







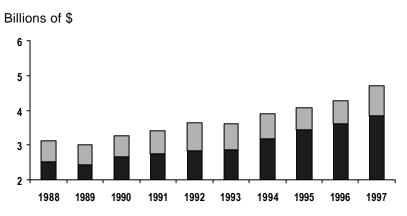
Food Processing** Beverage Processing

* 1998 figures are based on seasonally adjusted monthly shipments, CANSIM Matrix 9551, 9583-9592. **Includes fish.

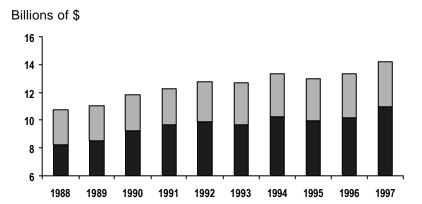
Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 5379 & 5401, Annual Survey of Manufacturers.

Graph 4-6

Manufacturing Value-Added

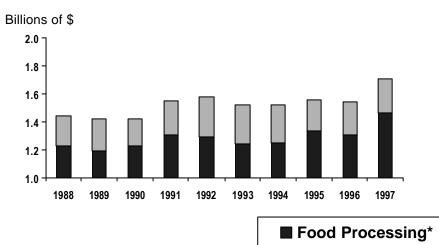


Western Canada

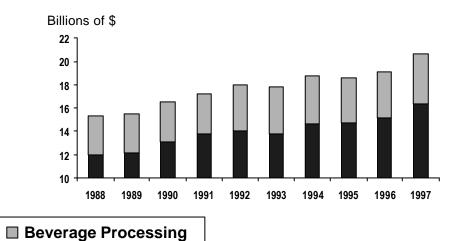


Central Canada

Atlantic Canada



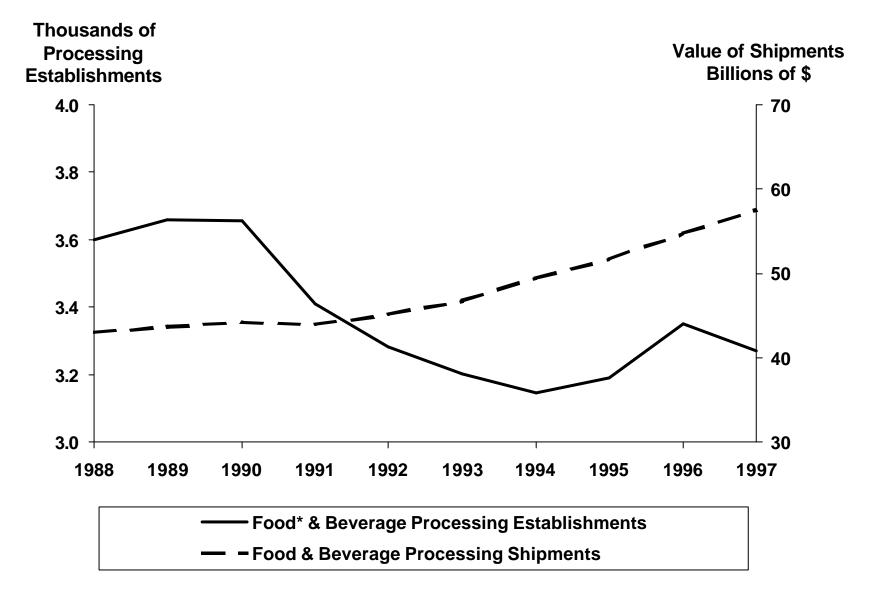




*Includes fish.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 5379 & 5401, Annual Survey of Manufacturers.

Number of Processing Establishments and Value of Shipments, Canada, 1988-1997

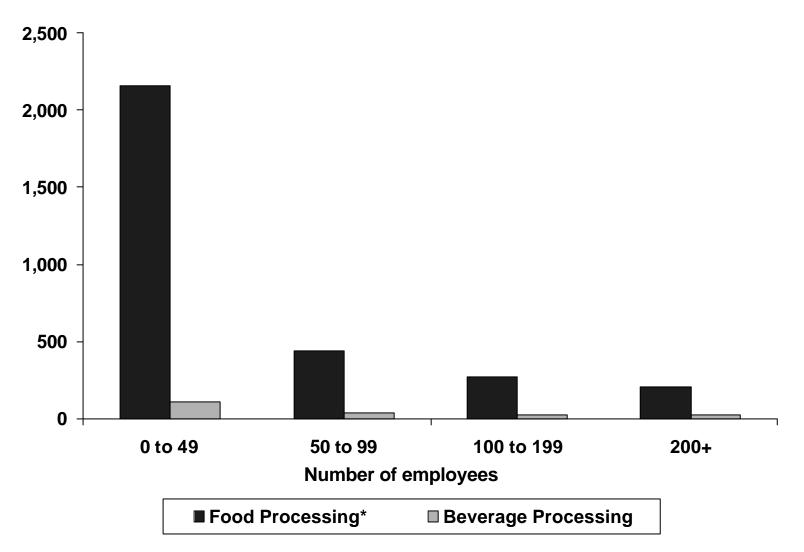


*Includes fish.

Graph 4-8

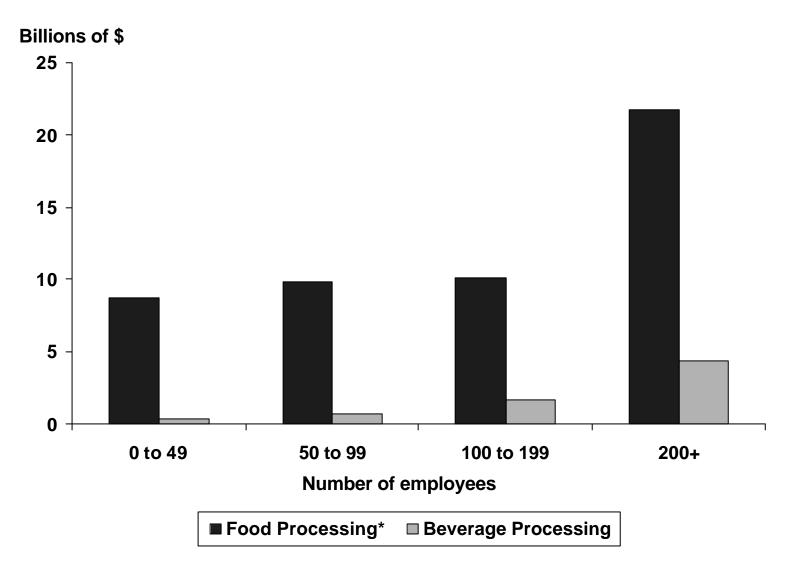
Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 5379 & 5401, Annual Survey of Manufacturers.

Number of Processing Establishments by Employment Categories, Canada - 1997



*Includes fish.

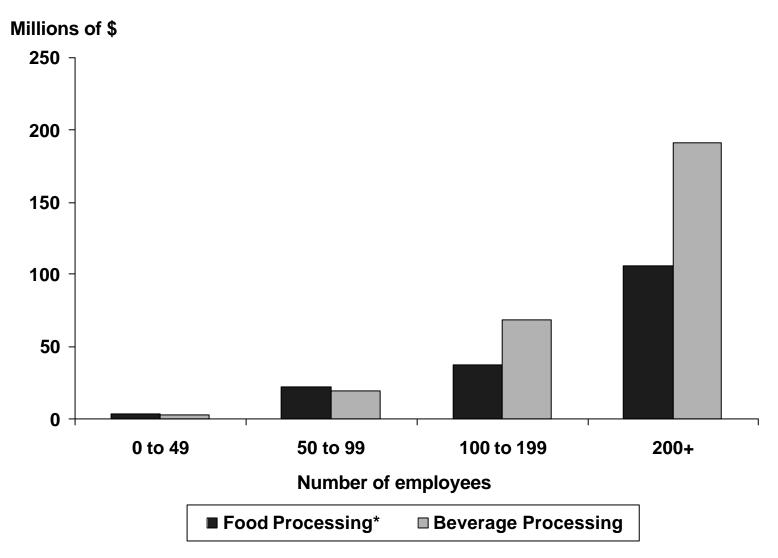
Value of Shipments by Employment Categories, Canada - 1997



*Includes fish.

Graph 4-10

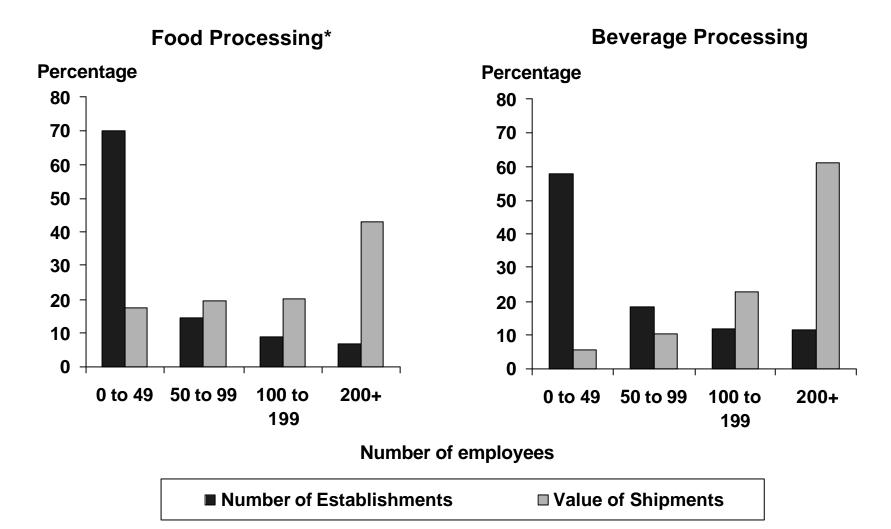
Value of Shipments per Establishment by Employment Categories, Canada - 1997



*Includes fish.

Source: Statistics Canada.

Distribution of Establishments and Value of Shipments By Employment Categories, Canada - 1997



*Includes fish.

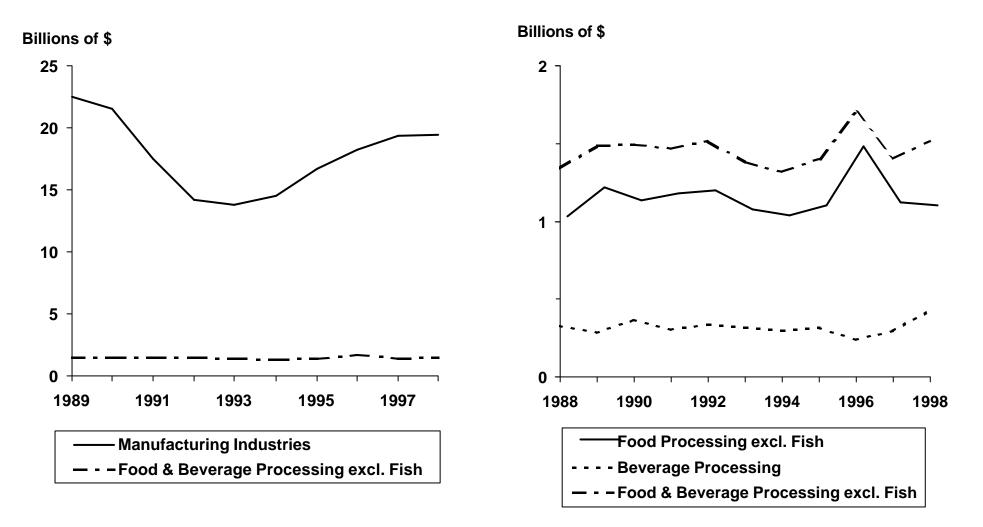
Source: Statistics Canada.

Graph 4-12

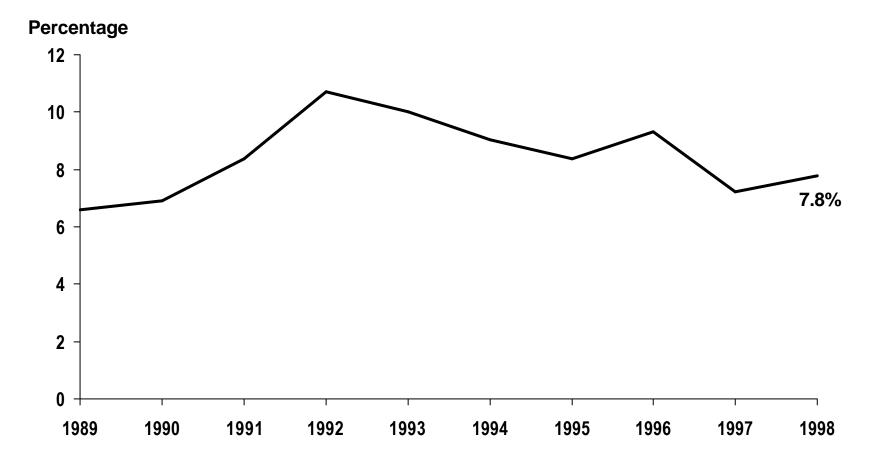
Capital Investment

Total Manufacturing

Food & Beverage Processing



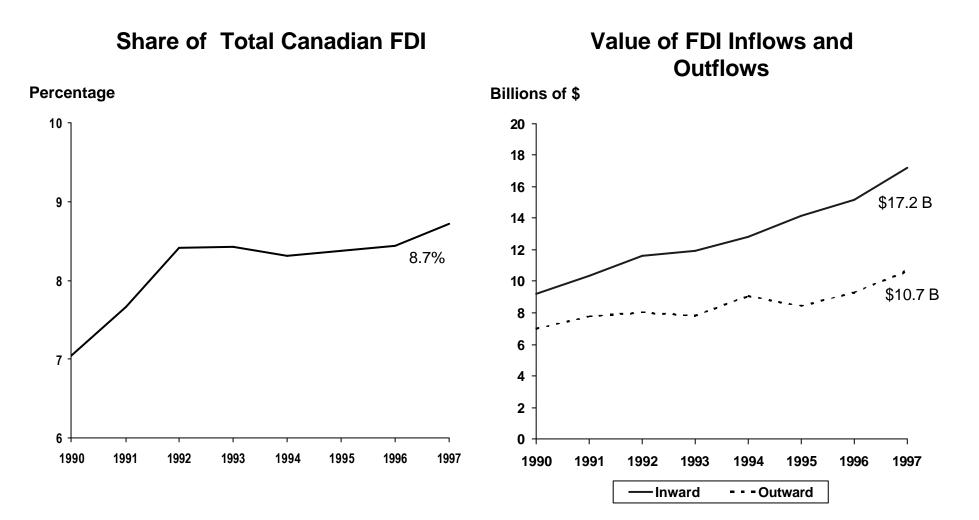
Food & Beverage Processing Capital Investment Share of Total Manufacturing Investment



Source: Special Tabulations, as of April 1999, obtained from Statistics Canada, Business Finance and Taxation.

Graph 4-14

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) Canadian Food, Beverage and Tobacco Industries

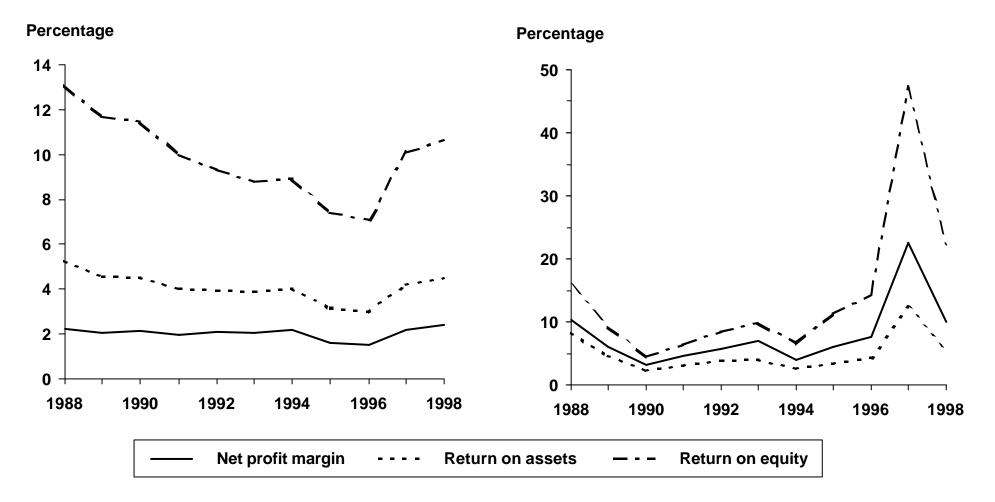


Source: Statistics Canada, Special Tabulations, 1998; CANSIM Matrix 4189.

Canadian Food & Beverage Processing Sectors Profitability Measures

Food Processing

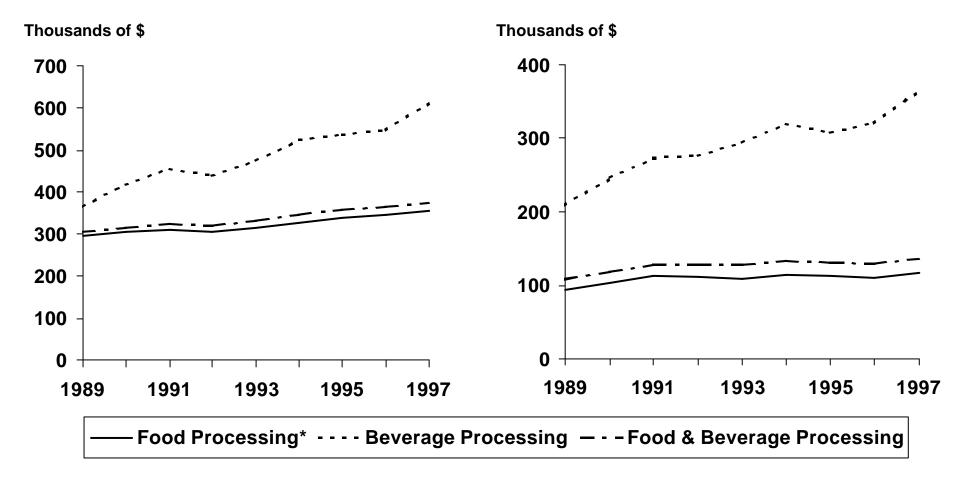
Beverage Processing



Source: Special Tabulations, as of April 1999, obtained from Statistics Canada, Business Finance and Taxation.

Canadian Food & Beverage Processing Sectors Productivity Measures

Value of Shipments per Production Worker Manufacturing Value-Added per Production Worker



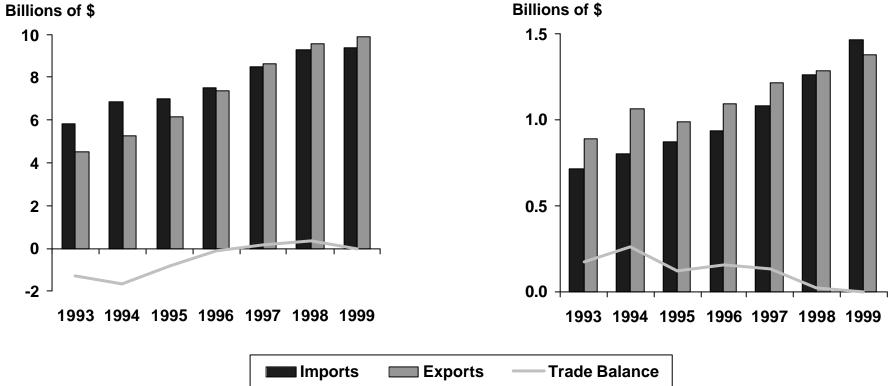
*Excludes fish.

Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM Matrix 5379- 5401.

Value of Trade

Food Processing Sector*

Beverage Processing Sector



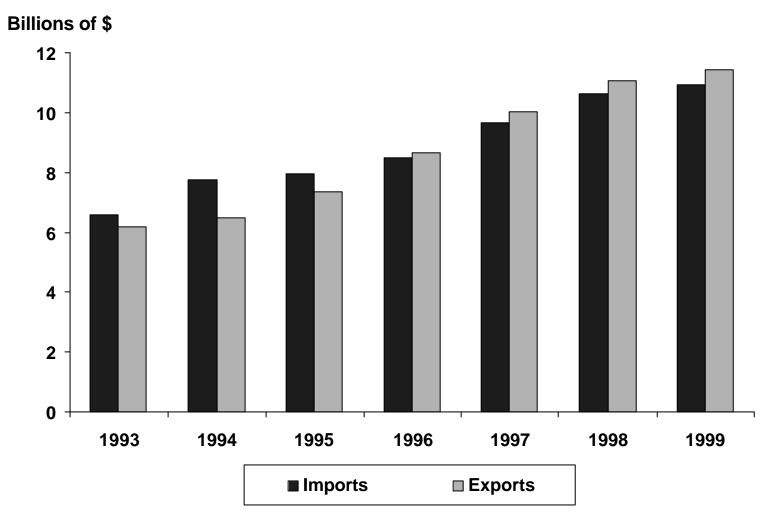
Billions of \$

*Food Processing minus Fish Products.

Sources: Statistics Canada, BID; Industry Canada, Canadian Industry Statistics.

Value of Trade





^{*}Includes: food (excl. fish) & beverage processing and tobacco products.

Source: Statistics Canada's CANSIM Matrix 9551.

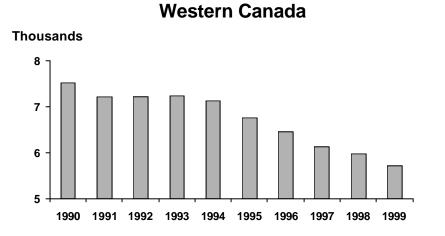
Glossary of Terms

| Manufacturing Shipments | Shipments of goods produced by the establishment, including custom repair work, as well as goods made under contract. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Manufactiring Value-Added | Value-added is a measure of net output, that is, of gross output less those purchased inputs which have been embodied in the value of the product. |
| Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) | Investment (equity capital, reinvested earnings and intra-company loans) involving a long-term relationship and reflecting a lasting interest and control of a resident entity in one economy by an enterprise resident in another country's economy. |
| FDI Inflows and Outflows | Comprise capital provided by a foreign direct investor to a FDI enterprise, or capital received from a FDI enterprise by a foreign direct investor. |

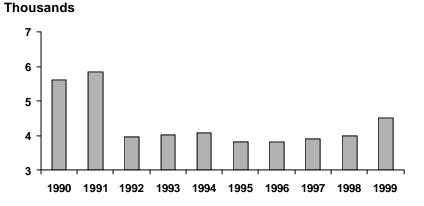
Retail and Food Service Sector: Structure, Significance and Performance

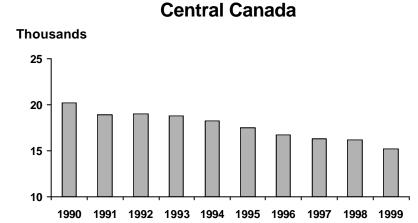


Number of Retail Food Outlets*

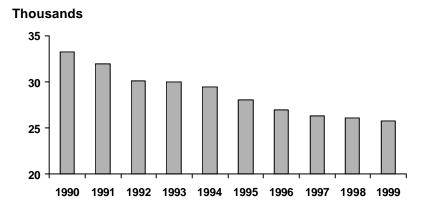


Atlantic Canada





Canada

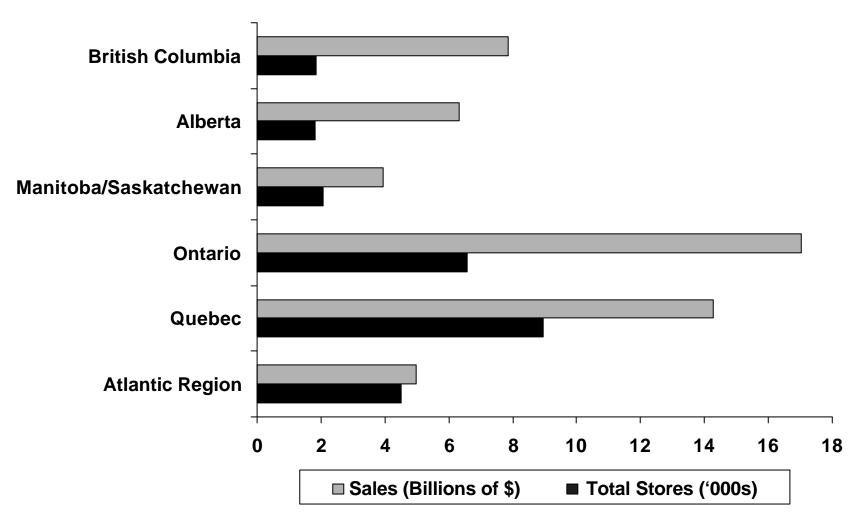


*Retail Food Outlets include Chain Stores (Supermarkets and convenience) and Independent Stores (Voluntary groups, Unafilliated, and Total Independents). Not included are department stores or specialty stores (bakeries, butchers, etc.). Canadian Grocer estimates for 1999 are based on ninemonth figures.

Source: Canadian Grocer, February 2000.



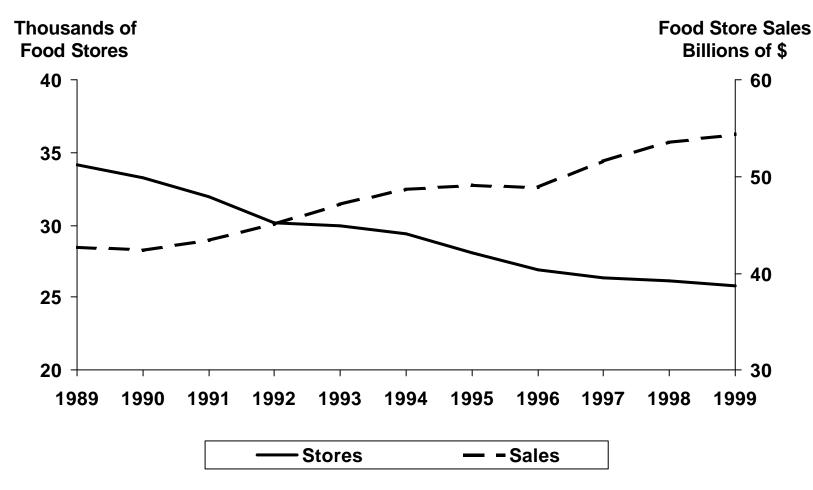
Food Sales and Number of Food Stores* by Regions of Canada, 1999



*Food Stores include Chain Stores (Supermarkets and convenience) and Independent Stores (Voluntary groups, Unafilliated, and Total Independents). Not included are department stores or specialty stores (bakeries, butchers, etc.). Canadian Grocer estimates based on nine-month figures for grocery and combination stores and Canadian Grocer's 1999 Survey of Chains and Groups.

Source: Canadian Grocer, February 2000.

Number of Food Stores* and Value of Food Store Sales, 1989-1999

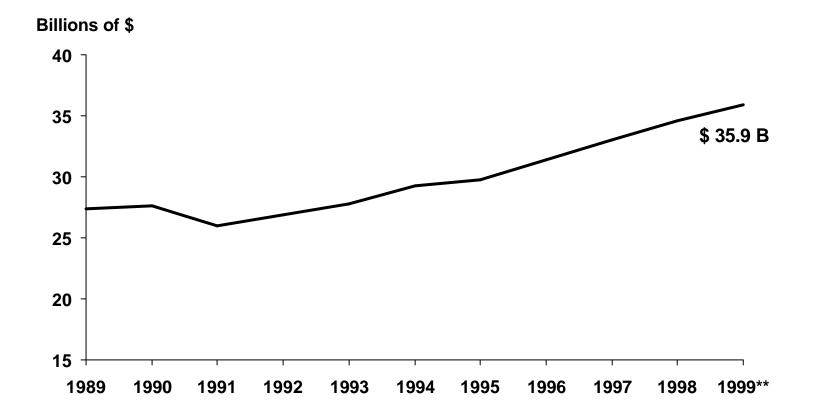


*Food Stores include Chain Stores (Supermarkets and convenience) and Independent Stores (Voluntary groups, Unafiliated, and Total Independents). Not included are department stores or specialty stores (bakeries, butchers, etc.). Canadian Grocer estimates for 1999 are based on nine-month figures for grocery and combination stores and Canadian Grocer's 1999 Survey of Chains and Groups.

Source: Canadian Grocer, February 1999.



Commercial and Institutional Food Services* Sales

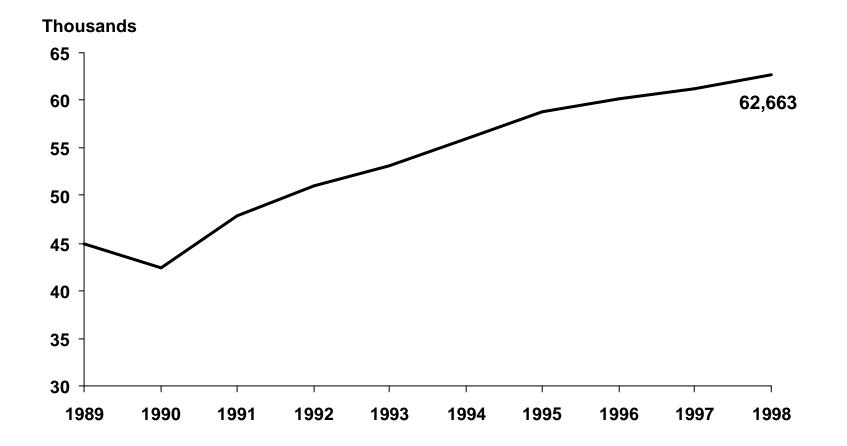


*Includes Restaurants, Pubs/Taverns, Vending, Hotel/Motel, Take-out & Delivery, Leisure Industry, Department Stores (but not Drug Stores), Social/Contract Caterers, Institutions.

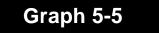
**Forecast.

Sources: Canadian Restaurant and Foodservices Association's InfoStats and Statistics Canada.

Number of Commercial Food Services* Establishments



*Restaurants (licensed and unlicensed), Take-out & Delivery, Social/Contract Catering and Pubs/Taverns/Lounges. Sources: Foodservice Facts 1999, Canadian Restaurant and Foodservices Association's.



Glossary of Terms

| Commercial & Institutional Food Sales | Includes sales from restaurants, pubs & taverns, vending, hotel/motel, take-out & delivery, leisure industry, department stores, social/contract caterers, institutional foodservices. |
|--|--|
| Food Service Establishments | Includes restaurants (licensed and unlicensed), take-out and delivery, social/contract caterers, and pubs/taverns/lounges. |
| Food Store Sales | Includes chain stores, independents, but does not include food sales through department stores or specialty stores (i.e., bakeries, butchers, etc.). |

Performance Indicators: International Comparisons

Section 6

International Ranking of Low Business Costs in North America, Europe and Japan

National Ranking - Overall Results for Nine Industries*

| Country | Rank |
|----------------|------|
| Canada | 1 |
| United Kingdom | 2 |
| United States | 3 |
| Austria | 4 |
| France | 5 |
| Italy | 6 |
| Germany | 7 |
| Japan | 8 |

National Ranking - Food Processing Industry

| Country | Rank |
|----------------|------|
| United Kingdom | 1 |
| Canada | 2 |
| Austria | 3 |
| Italy | 4 |
| United States | 5 |
| France | 6 |
| Germany | 7 |
| Japan | 8 |

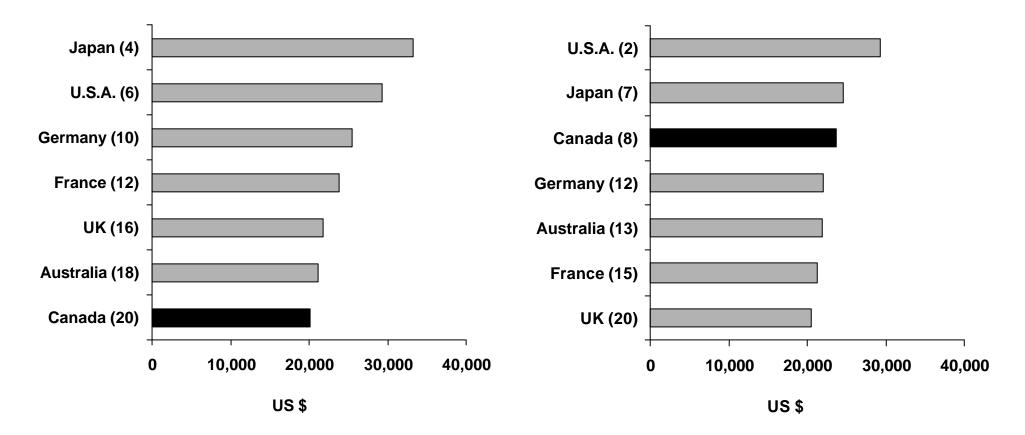
*International KPMG Study comparing business costs in all G-7 countries, plus Austria, based on total annual costs including all major taxes. Manufacturing industries included: Electronics, Food Processing, Medical Devices, Metal Fabrication, Pharmaceuticals, Plastic Products, & Telecom Equipment. Service industries included: Packaged Software, & Advanced Software Development.

Source: The Competitive Alternatives: A Comparison of business costs in North America, Europe and Japan. KPMG LLP, March 1999.

GDP - 1997

GDP Per Capita Exchange Rate Basis

GDP Per Capita Purchasing Power Parities Basis



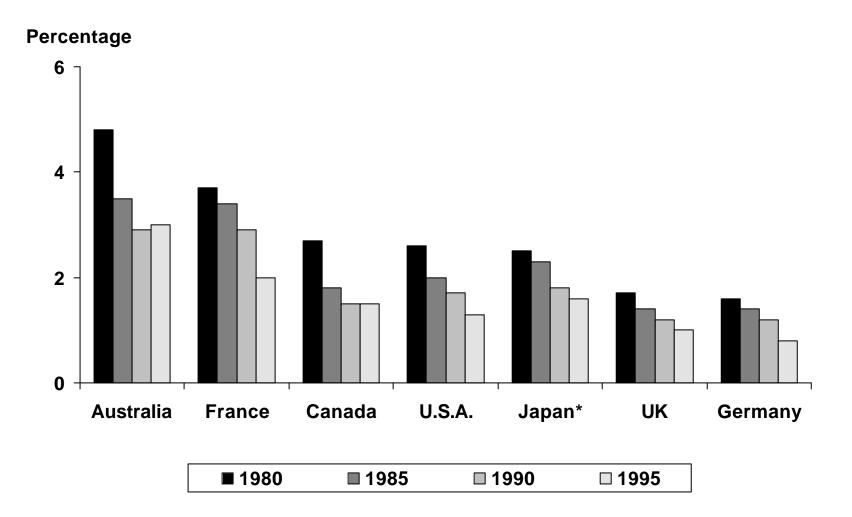
Note: Numbers in brackets represent OECD ranking.

Source: OECD National Accounts.

Graph 6-2

Graph 6-3

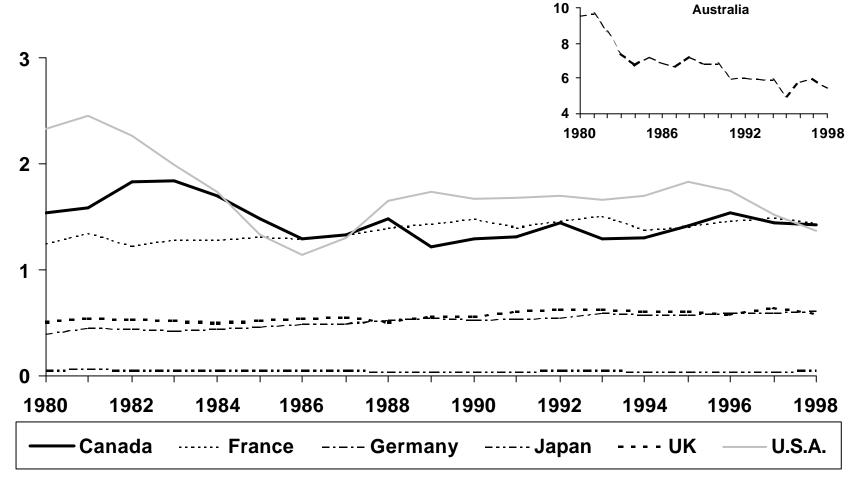
Agriculture Value-Added Share of GDP for Selected OECD Countries



*Japan's value shown for 1995 is actually 1994 data.

Source: OECD - Economic Accounts for Agriculture, 1998.

Terms of Trade* for Selected OECD Countries

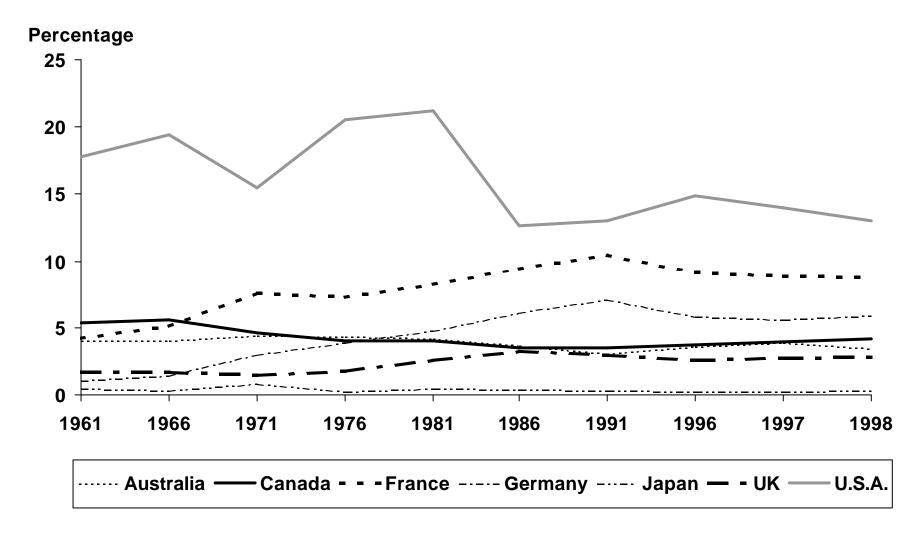


*Ratio of the value of agriculture exports to the value of agriculture imports.

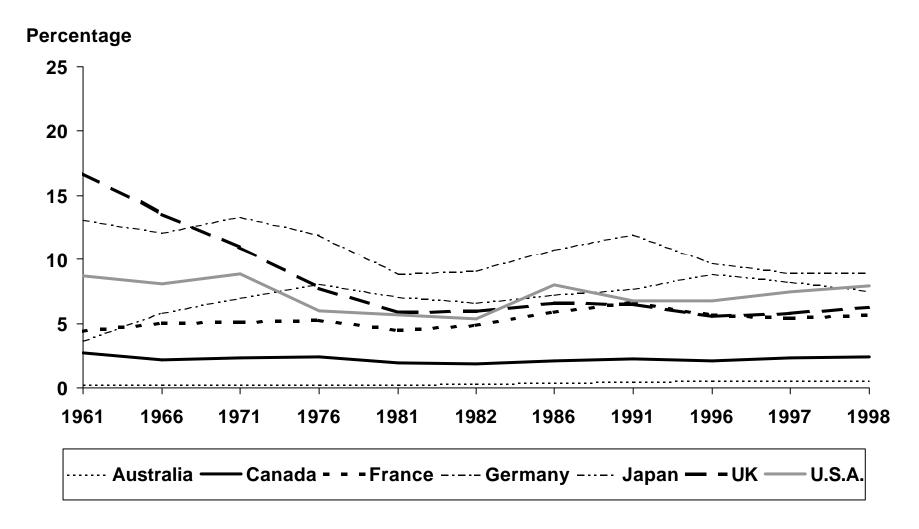


Graph 6-5

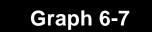
Share of World Food Exports for Selected OECD Countries



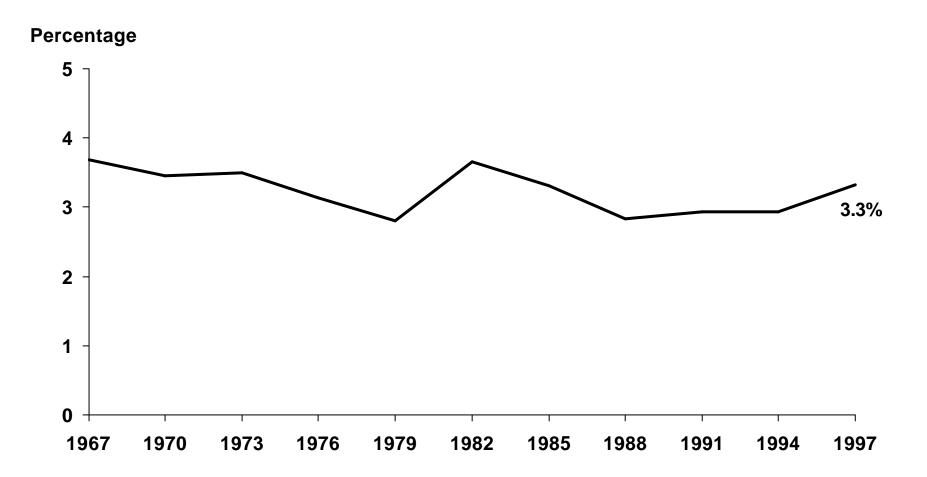
Share of World Food Imports for Selected OECD Countries





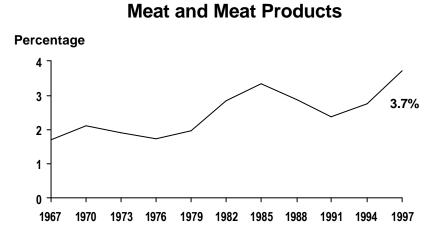


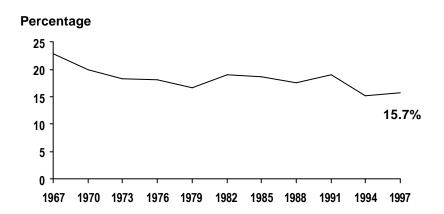
Canada's Share of World Agricultural Products Exports*



*Based on a three year average.

Canada's Share of World Exports* by Selected Commodity Groups

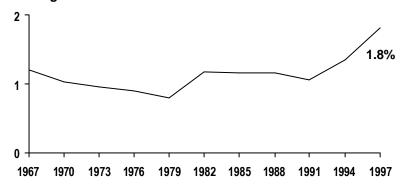




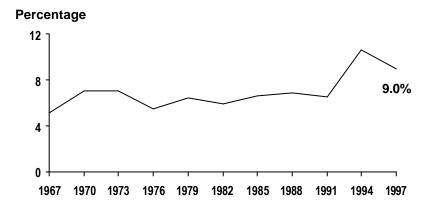
Wheat and Wheat Products

Fruit and Vegetable Products









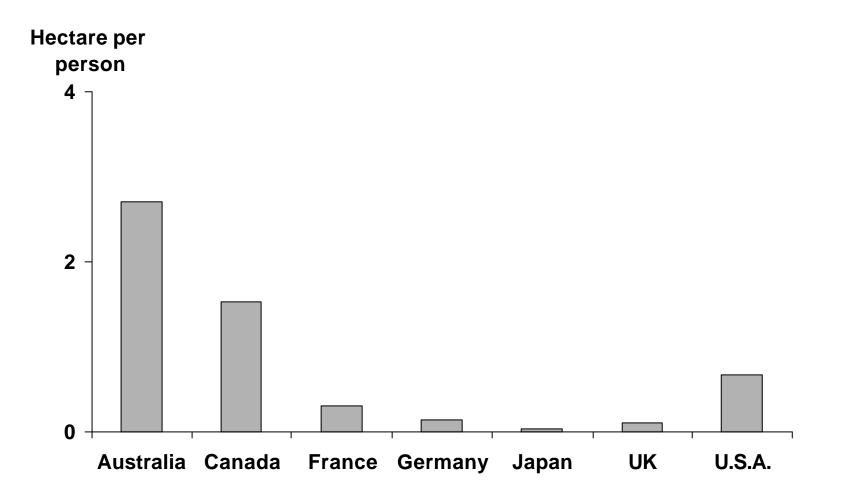
*Based on a three year average.

Source: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, FAOSTAT online database.

Graph 6-8

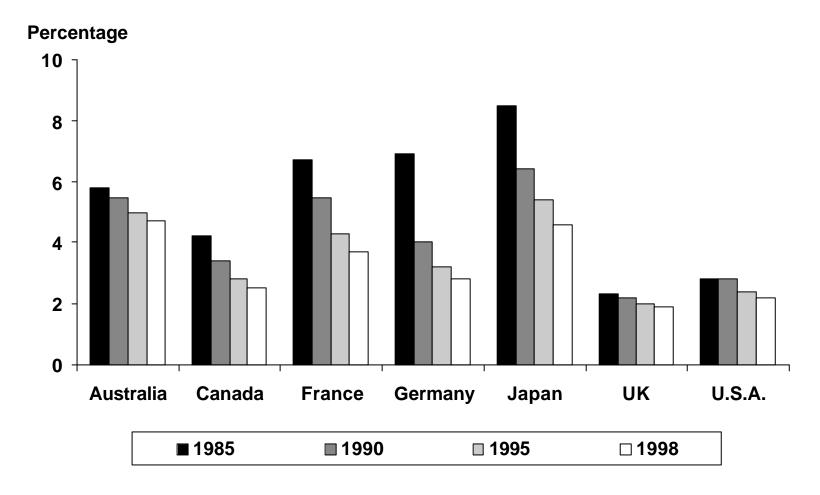
Graph 6-9

Arable Land - 1994-96



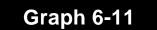
Source: World Bank, World Development Indicators, 1999.

Agricultural Labour Force Share of Total Labour Force

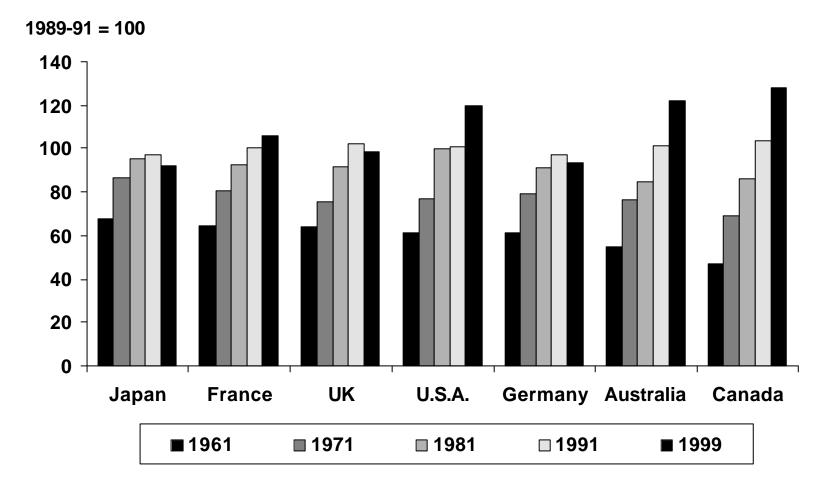


Source: 1985-1990: FAO Yearbook - Production, Vol. 44, 1990. 1995-1998: FAO Yearbook - Production, Vol. 52, 1998.



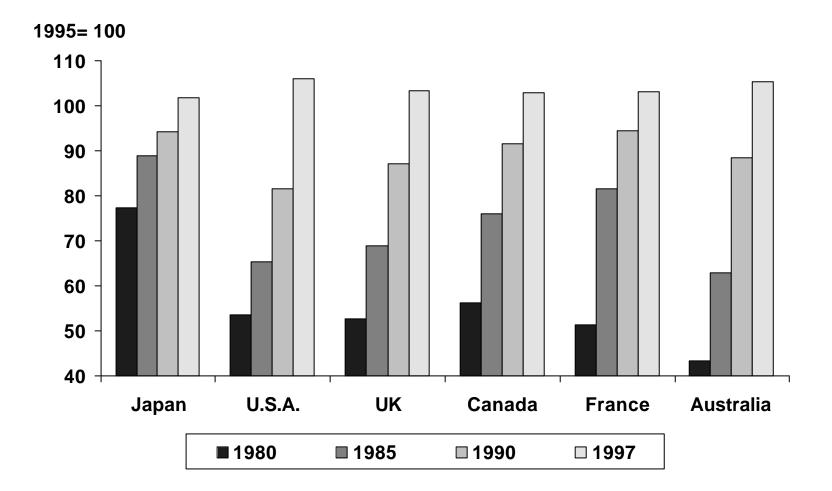


Agricultural Production Index



Note: The indices are based on the sum of price-weighted quantities of different agricultural commodities produced after deducting for similarly weighted quantities used as seed and feed. For a more detailed explanation see FAO Production Yearbook, FAO indices of agricultural production.

Food Price Index

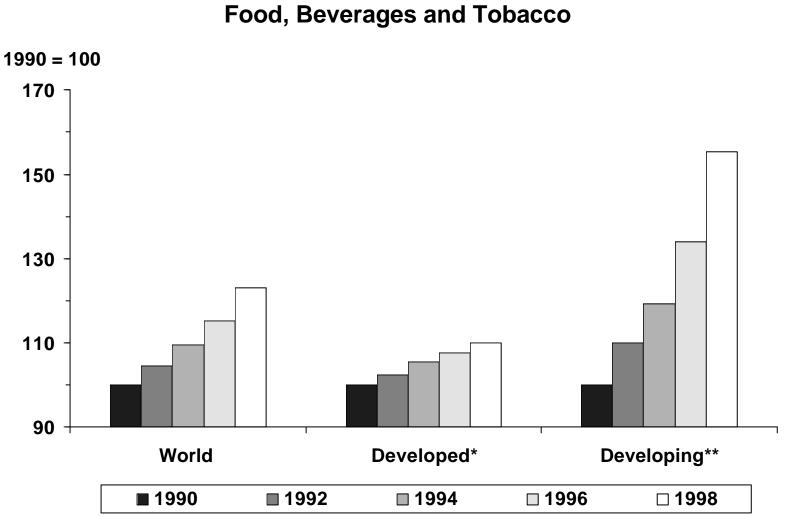


Source: The World Bank, World Development Indicators 1999 database.

Graph 6-12

Graph 6-13

Index of World Industrial Production



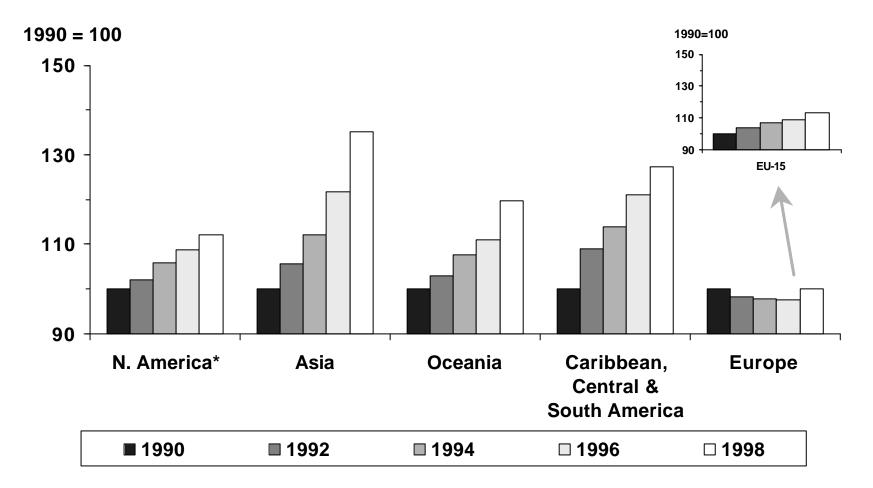
* North America (Canada and the United States), Europe, Australia, Israel, Japan, New Zealand and South Africa.

**Caribbean, Central and South America, Africa (excluding South Africa), Asia (excluding Israel and Japan), Oceania (excluding Australia and New Zealand).

Source: United Nations, Monthly Bulletin of Statistics, Vol. 53, No. 8 - August, 1999.

Index of World Industrial Production

Food, Beverages and Tobacco

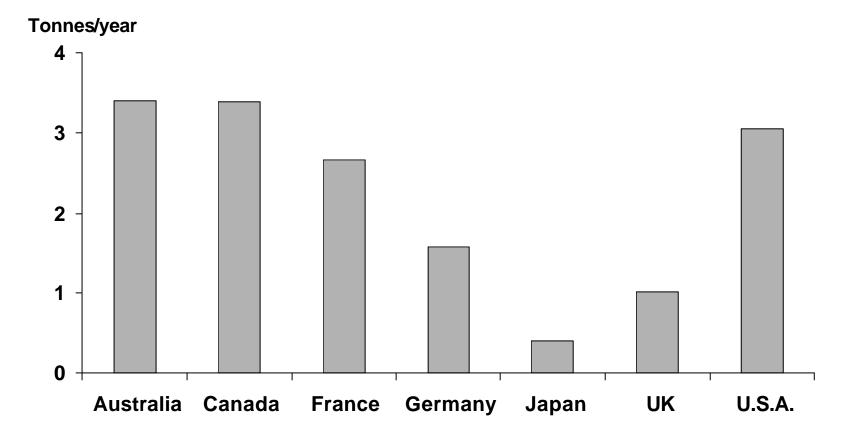


*Canada and the United States.

Source: United Nations, Monthly Bulletin of Statistics, Vol. 53, No. 8 - August, 1999.

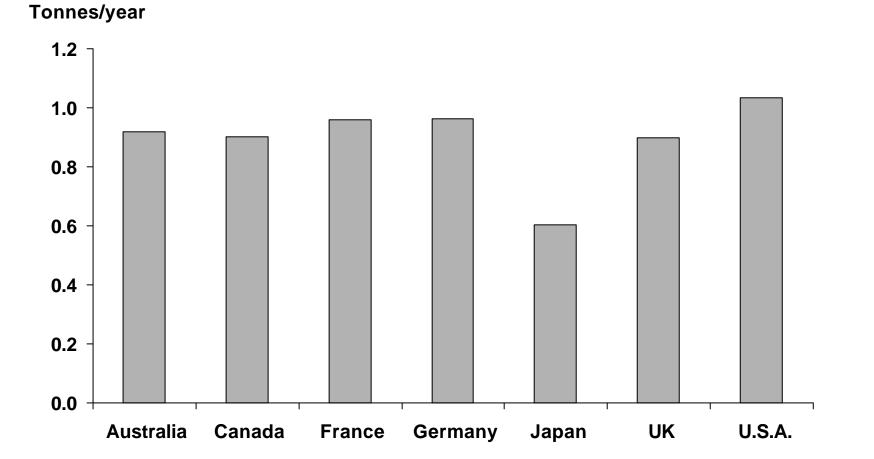


Per Capita Food Production - 1999



Source: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, FAOSTAT online database; and UN Social Indicators.

Per Capita Food Consumption - 1997

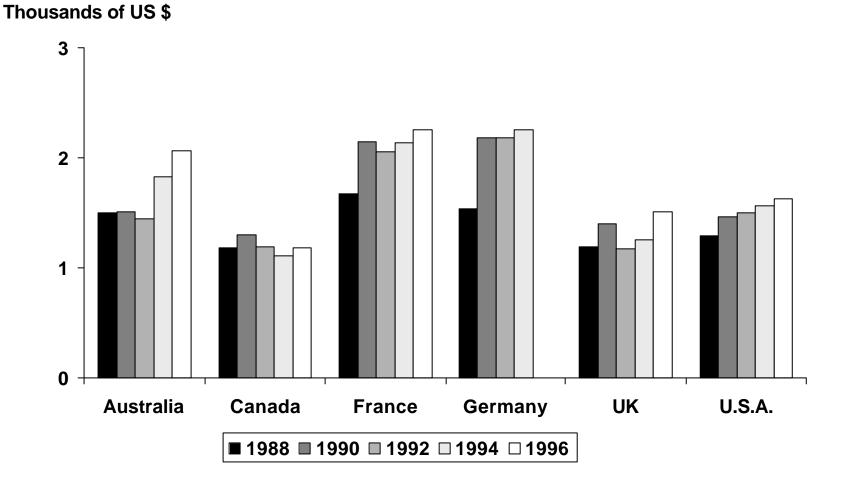


Source: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, FAOSTAT online database; and UN Social Indicators.



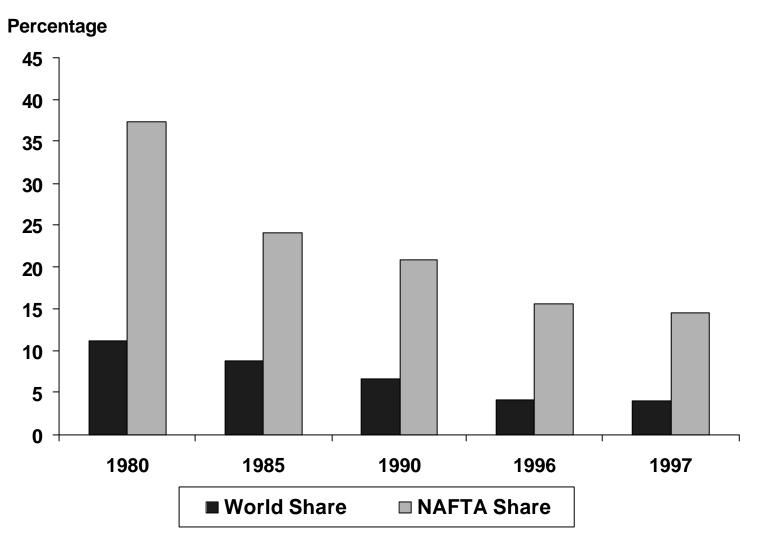
Graph 6-17

Per Capita Amount Spent on Food & Non-alcoholic Beverages



Source: OECD, National Accounts, Detailed Tables, Vol. II, 1984-1996, 1998 edition.

Foreign Direct Investment Canadian Share of World & NAFTA Inward Stock

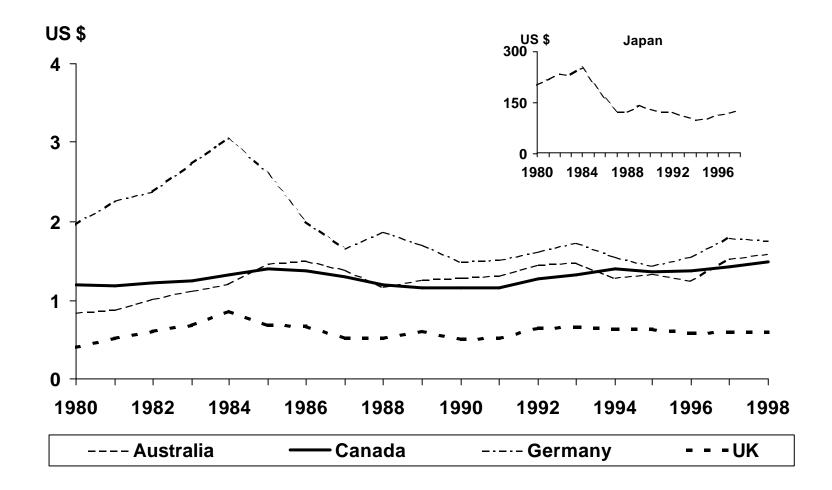


Source: World Investment Report 1998, United Nations.



Graph 6-19

International Exchange Rates 1980-1998



Sources: 1980-1997 values, The World Bank, World Development Indicators 1998. 1998 values, International Monetary Fund, International Financial Statisitics, December1999.

Glossary of Terms

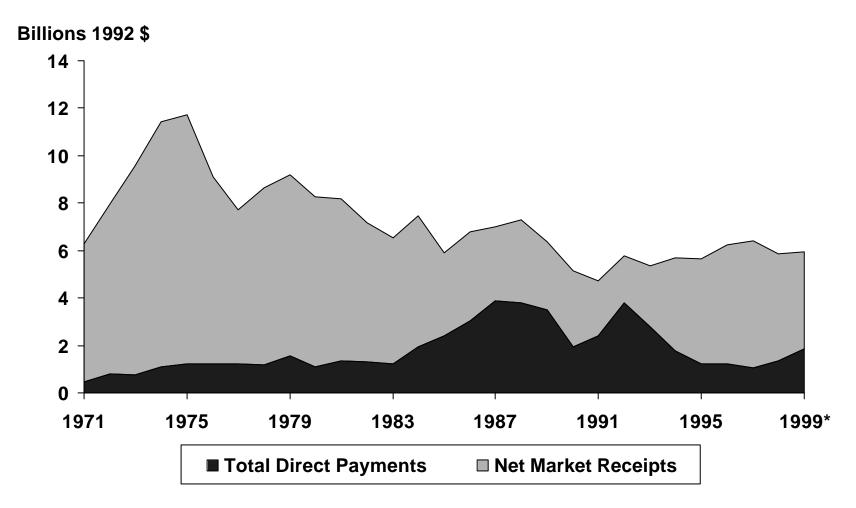
| Food Price Index | Subset of the consumer price index which reflects changes in the cost to the average consumer of aquiring a fixed basket of goods and services. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) | Investment (equity capital, reinvested earnings and intra-company loans) involving a long-term relationship and reflecting a lasting interest and control of a resident entity in one economy by an enterprise resident in another country's economy. |
| FDI Stocks | Value of the share of a FDI enterprises' capital and reserves (including retained profits) attributable to the parent enterprise, plus the net indebtedness of affiliates to the parent enterprise. |

Section 6

Government Support of Agri-Food Systems: Canada and Abroad

Section 7

Farm Net Market Receipts and Total Direct Payments - Canada



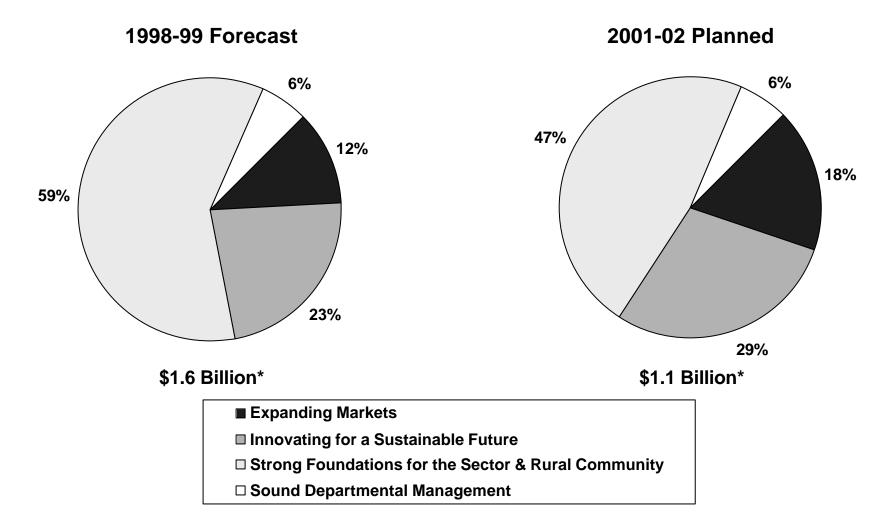
*1999 Estimate.

Source: Calculations based on historical data from Statistics Canada; AAFC - Farm Income Database 1986-1999.



Graph 7-2

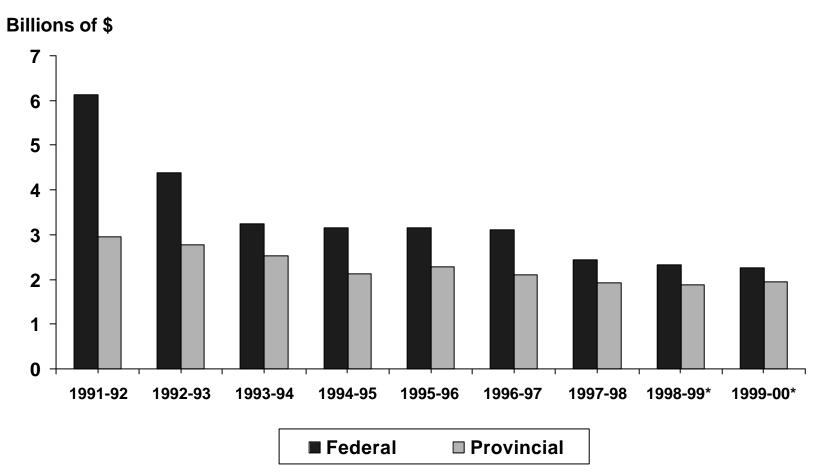
Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada Gross Program Spending by Business Lines



*Does not include Canadian Food Inspection Agency.

Source: AAFC - Report on Plans and Priorities, 1999-2000 Estimates.

Government Expenditures in Support of Canada's Agri-Food System



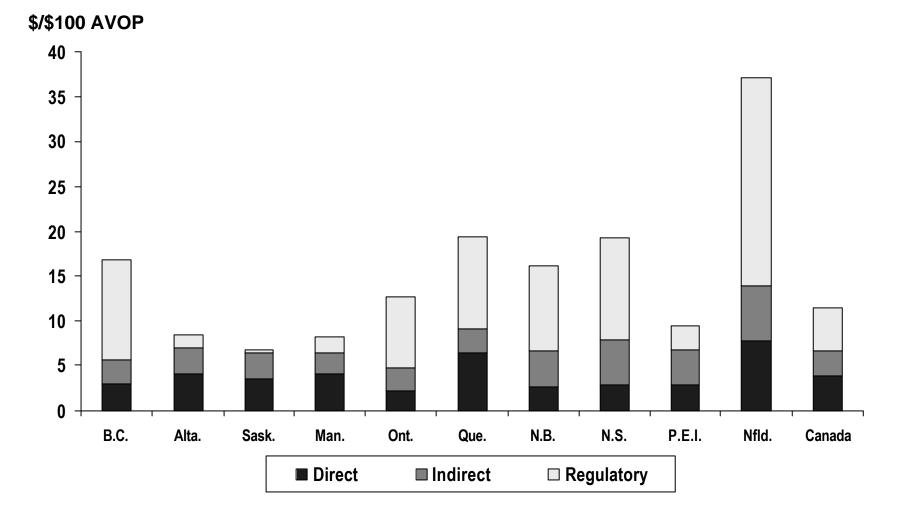
*1998-99 are forecasts, 1999-00 are estimates.

Notes: Government Expenditures : Government spending (at all levels) on agriculture and the food and beverage processing industries in a year, both indirect and direct, to individuals, agencies or associations.

Source: AAFC - Farm Income, Financial Conditions and Government Assistance Data Book, October 1999 (Update).



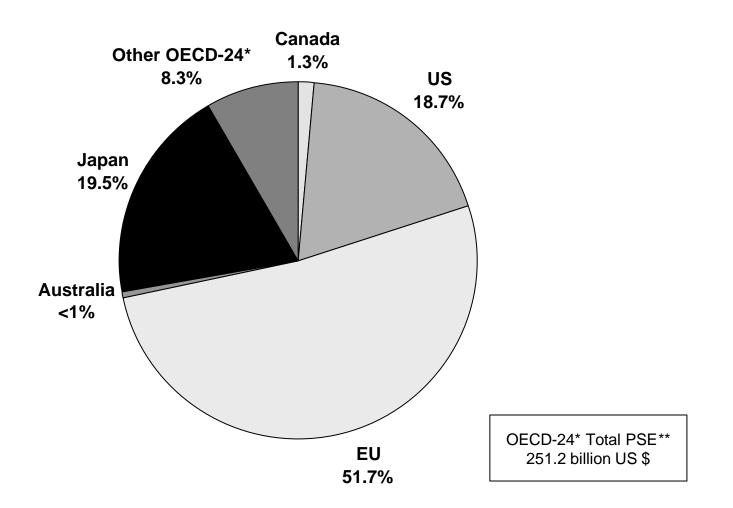
Government Transfers to Agriculture by Type of Transfer, 1997-98



AVOP: Adjusted Value of Production

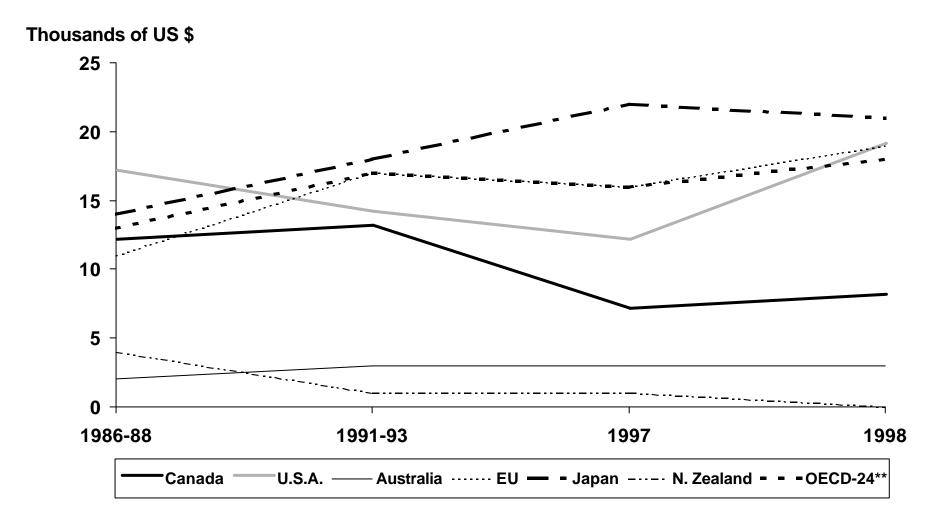
Source: AAFC - Farm Income, Financial Conditions and Government Assistance Data Book, June 1999 (Update).

Distribution of OECD Total PSE by Country 1998



* OECD-24 excludes most recent member countries: Czech Republic, Hungary, Korea, Mexico and Poland. **PSE : Producer Support Estimate.

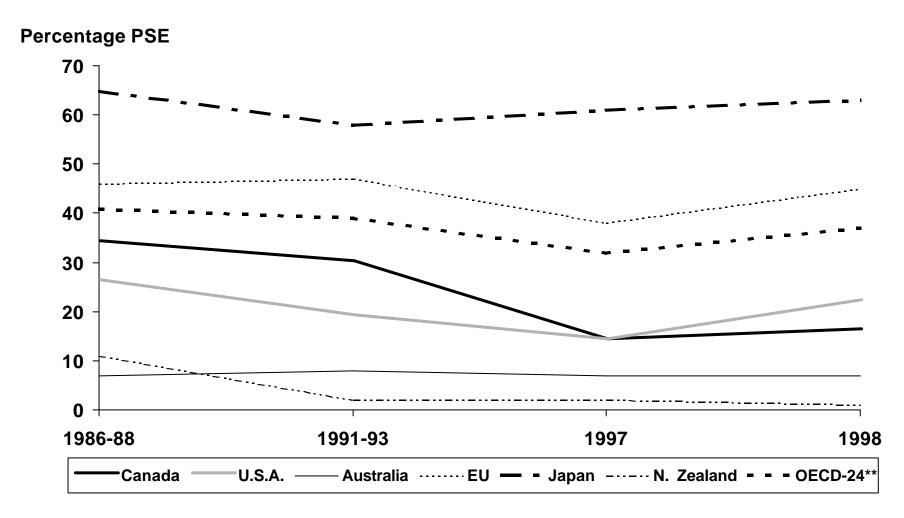
PSE* Per Full-time Farmer Equivalent, 1986-1998



* PSE : Producer Support Estimate.

**OECD-24 excludes most recent member countries: Czech Republic, Hungary, Korea, Mexico and Poland.

Percentage PSE*, **1986-1998**

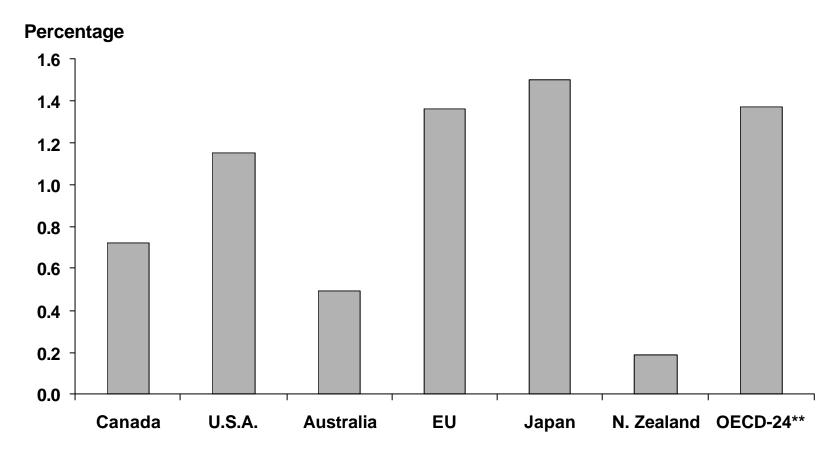


* Percentage PSE is PSE (Producer Support Estimate) as a share of value of production plus payments. **OECD-24 excludes most recent member countries: Czech Republic, Hungary, Korea, Mexico and Poland.

Source: Agricultural Policies in OECD Countries: Monitoring and Evaluation 1999.

Graph 7-7

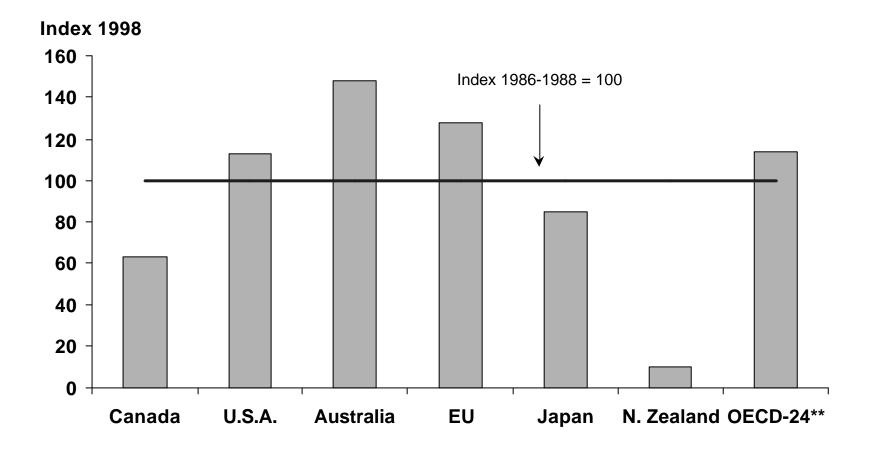
Total Support Estimate* as a Percentage of Total Gross Domestic Product, 1998



* Total Support Estimate is an indicator of the annual monetary value of all gross transfers from taxpayers and consumers arising from policy measures which support agriculture, net of the associated budget receipts, regardless of their objectives and impacts on farm production and income, or consumption of farm products. The TSE can be expressed in monetary terms or as a percentage of Gross Domestic Product (percentage TSE).

** OECD-24 excludes most recent member countries: Czech Republic, Hungary, Korea, Mexico and Poland.

Index of Total PSE* 1998 Compared to 1986-1988



* Individual country PSE in local currency. OECD-24 PSE in US\$.

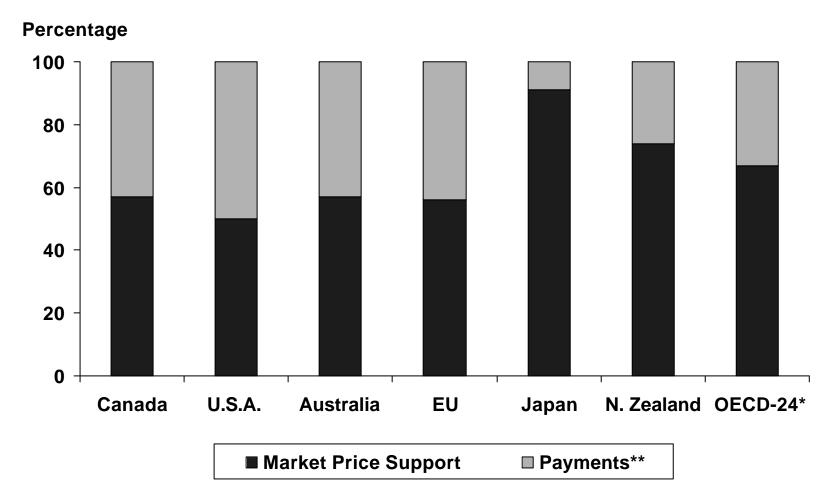
**OECD-24 excludes most recent member countries: Czech Republic, Hungary, Korea, Mexico and Poland.

Source: Agricultural Policies in OECD Countries: Monitoring and Evaluation 1999.

Graph 7-9

Graph 7-10

Composition of PSE, 1996-98



*OECD-24 excludes most recent member countries: Czech Republic, Hungary, Korea, Mexico and Poland.

OECD-24 PSE in US\$. Individual country PSE in local currency.

**"Payments" includes payments to farmers and input subsidies, but excludes general services provided by governments.

Glossary of Terms

| PSE (Producer Support Estimate) | An indicator of the annual monetary value of gross transfers from consumers and taxpayers to support agricultural producers, measured at farm gate level, arising from policy measures, regardless of their nature, objectives or impacts on farm production or income. |
|--|---|
| Net Market Receipts | Total market receipts less total cash operating expenses. |
| Total Direct Payments | Include gross payments paid directly to producers under federal, provincial and municipal programs. |
| AVOP (Adjusted Value of Production) | Sum of three year moving average value of production plus current year's total direct transfers. |
| Government Expenditures | Government spending (at all levels) on agriculture and the food and beverage processing industries in a year, both indirect and direct, to individuals, agencies or associations. |

Section 7

Section 7

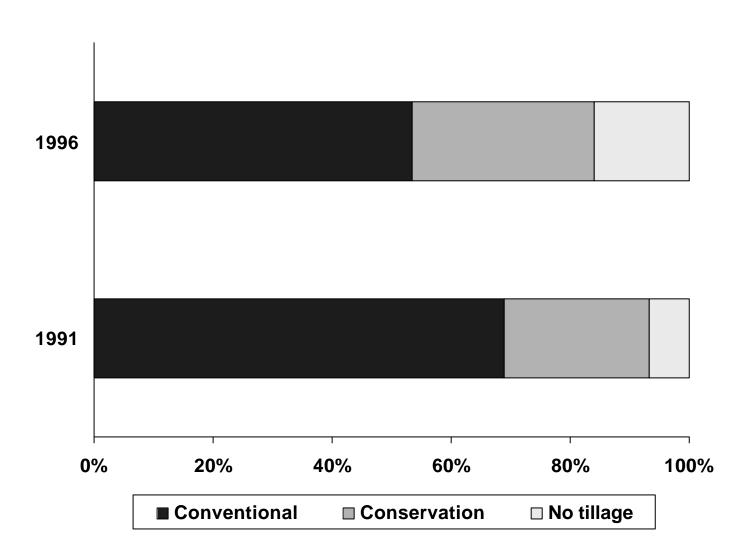
Glossary of Terms (cont'd)

| Government Transfers | To agriculture only, including direct expenditures plus the effect of government regulations or policies on producers' market returns. |
|------------------------|--|
| - Direct Transfers | Include direct non-regulatory payments and foregone revenues which are related to individual commodities or commodity sectors, or to the agriculture sector as a whole. |
| - Indirect Transfers | Include non-regulatory programs in which government transfers are provided to the agriculture sector but not directly to producers. |
| - Regulatory transfers | Comprised of regulatory policies where no government expenditures are involved. Estimation of transfers from these policies may involve partial economic analysis. |
| Market Price Support | Transfers to agriculture resulting from measures (e.g., tariffs, administered prices) that raise prices to consumers of farm commodities, net of levies and net of feed adjustments. |
| Other Support | Includes explicit and implicit subsidies on purchased farm inputs, farm credit, and government transfers to agriculture research and development, extension services, training and agricultural infrastructure. |

Environmental and Sustainability Measures

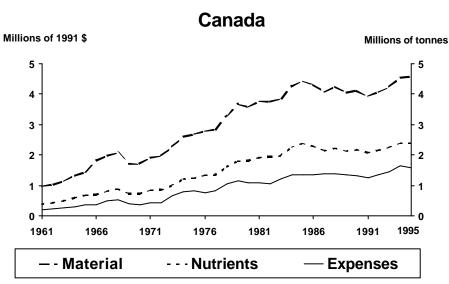


Tillage Practices 1991 and 1996

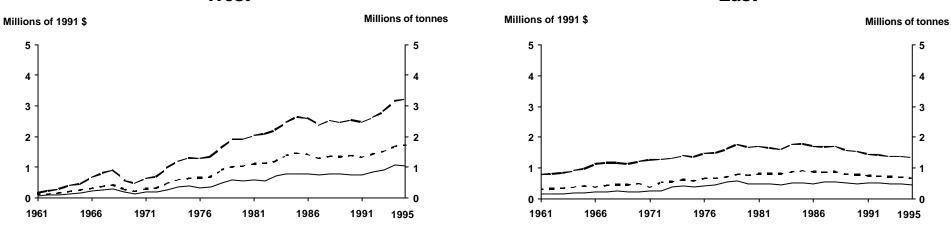


Source: Statistics Canada - 1996 Census of Agriculture National and Provincial Highlights.

Farm Fertilizer and Lime Expenses, Fertilizer Material Sold, and Fertilizer Nutrient Content



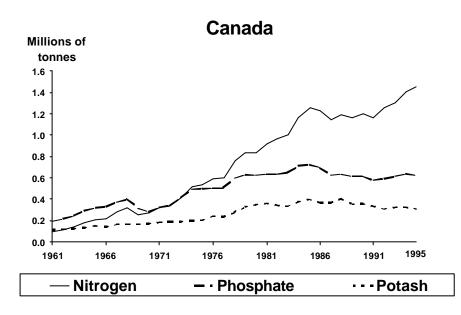


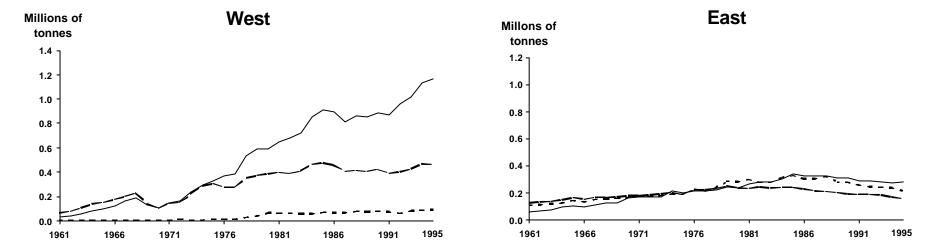


Graph 8-2

East

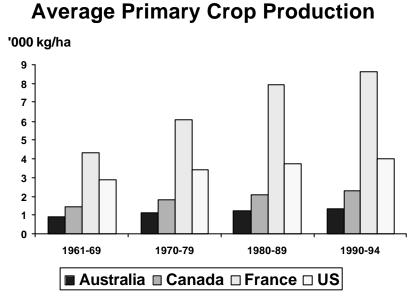
Nutrient Content of Fertilizer Material Sold



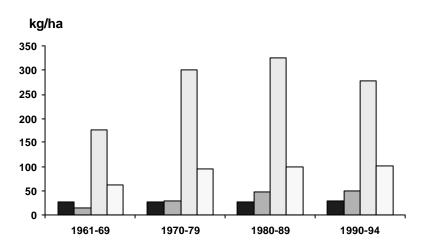


Source: Statistics Canada, Agriculture Division.

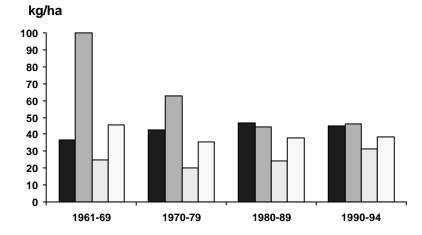
Fertilizer Use by Selected OECD Countries



Average Fertilizer Usage

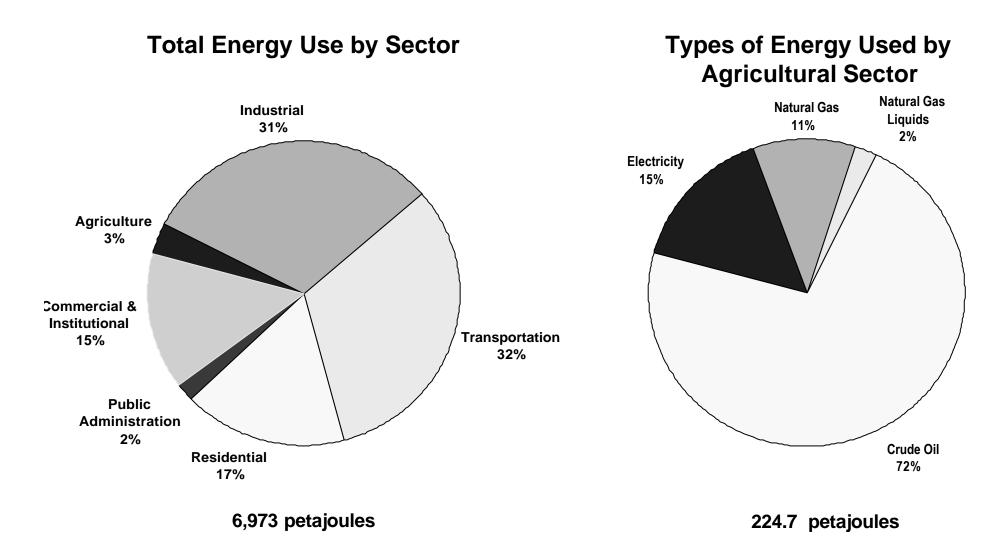


Fertilizer Response -Yield to Fertilizer Use Ratio



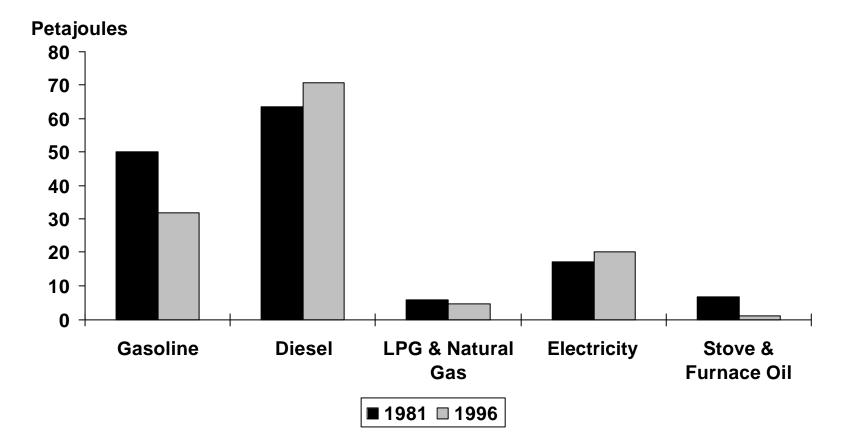
Graph 8-5

Canada Energy Use, 1998



Source: Statistics Canada, CANSIM, Matrix 7977.

Energy Usage, Farm use only, Canada 1981 vs. 1996

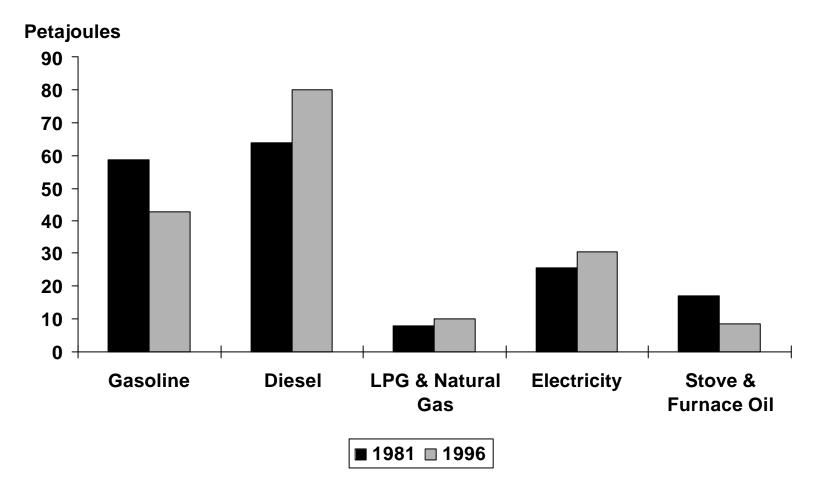


Note: A 30 litre gasoline fill-up contains about one gigajoule of energy. A petajoule is one million gigajoules.

Source: Statistics Canada, the 1996 Farm Energy Use Survey (sponsored by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Environment Canada, and Natural Resources Canada).

Graph 8-6

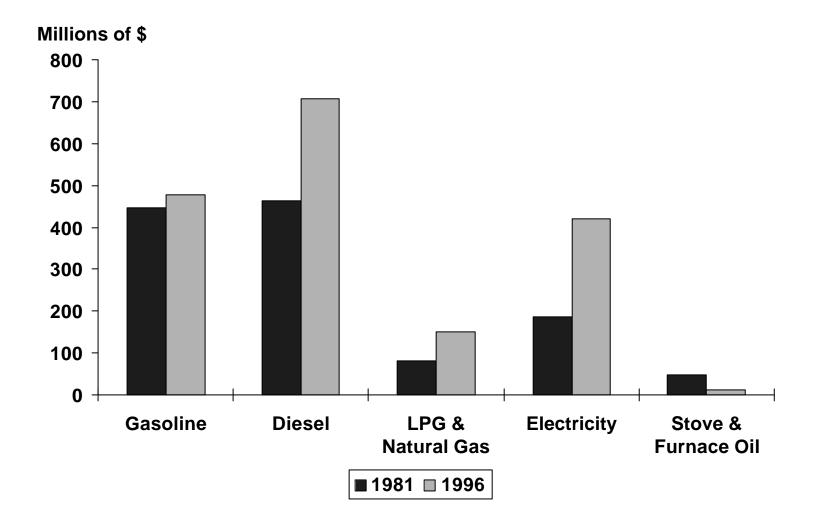
Total Energy Used on Farms, Canada 1981 vs. 1996



Note: A 30 litre gasoline fill-up contains about one gigajoule of energy. A petajoule is one million gigajoules. Includes home use.

Source: Statistics Canada, the 1996 Farm Energy Use Survey (sponsored by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Environment Canada, and Natural Resources Canada).

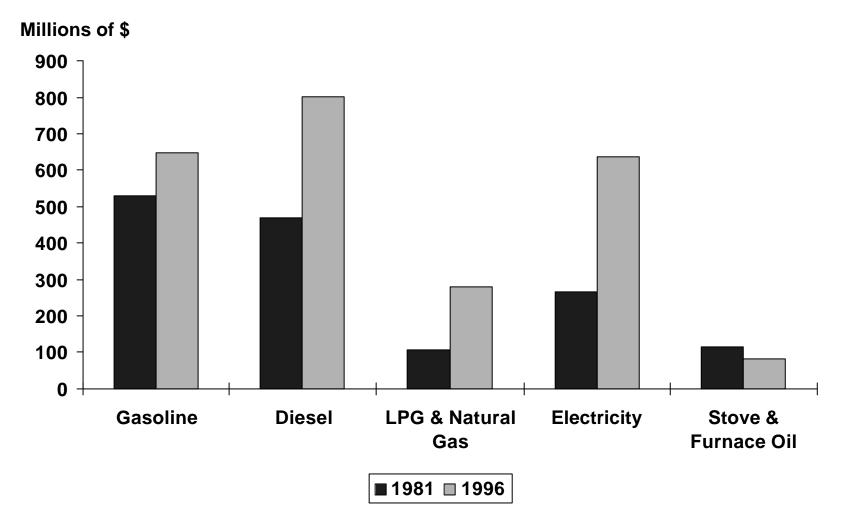
Energy Expenditures for Farm Use Only, Canada 1981 vs. 1996



Source: Statistics Canada, the 1996 Farm Energy Use Survey (sponsored by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Environment Canada, and Natural Resources Canada).



Total Energy Expenditures by Farms, Canada 1981 vs. 1996



Source: Statistics Canada, the 1996 Farm Energy Use Survey (sponsored by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Environment Canada, and Natural Resources Canada).