

## Research & Development Highlights

Socio-economic Series Issue 2

# The Condition of Canada's Housing Stock

#### Introduction

MHC requires information on the physical condition of Canada's dwellings for housing research, policy development and program delivery. One of the ways this information is gathered is by asking occupants to assess the condition of their own units and to classify them by degree of need for repair.

Since 1982, CMHC has sponsored an occupant self-assessment "need for repair" question on the Household Facilities and Equipment (HFE) surveys, which are administered as supplements to the Statistics Canada Labour Force Survey (LFS). This issue of *Research & Development Highlights* presents the results that were acquired throughout the 1980s from the following question:

Is this **dwelling** in need **of** any repairs? (Do not include desirable remodelling, additions, conversions or energy improvements.)

- Yes, major repairs are needed (to correct, for example, corroded pipes, damaged electrical wiring, sagging floors, bulging walls, damp walls and ceilings, crumbling foundation, rotting porches and steps).
- Yes, minor repairs are needed (to correct, for example, small cracks in interior walls and ceilings, broken light fixtures and switches, leaking sinks, cracked or broken window panes, some missing shingles or siding, some peeling paint).

 No, only regular maintenance is needed (for example, painting, leaking faucets, clogged gutters or eavestroughs).

#### Findings

#### Degree of Need of Repair

About one quarter of Canadian households regularly report that their dwelling needs either minor or major repairs. Minor repairs have increased while the reported need for major repair declined throughout the 1980s.

	1982	1985	1987	1988	1989
Need For Repair • major • minor	12.9 14.9	12.4 13.8	10.5 16.0	10.2 16.6	10.0 15.0
Regular Maintenance (no repair)	72.2	73.7	73.5	73.3	75.0
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

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Need for Dwelling Unit Repair _						
	1982 own/rent	1985 own/rent	1987 own/rent	1988 own/rent	1989 own/rent	
Need For Repair	•				•	
• major	14.1/10.9	13.4/10.8	11.0/9.7	11.0/8.8	10.3/9.6	
• minor	14.1/16.3	12.6/16.0	15.1/17.5	15.7/18.0	13.5/17.4	
Regular Maintenance (no repair)	71.8/72.8	74.1/73.2	73.9/72.7	73.3/73.2	76.2/73.0	

Need For Repa	air By Age of Dw	elling _	1989 Su	rvey Data
	Age of Stock (%)	Major	Need For Minor	Repair Maintenance Only
Built • before 1941	17.8	38.4	24.9	13.6
• 1941-1960	22.4	26.0	27.5	20.9
<ul> <li>1981-1970</li> </ul>	19.3	16.2	20.4	19.4
<ul> <li>1971-1980</li> </ul>	26.2	17.3	22.6	28.1
<ul> <li>1981-1989</li> </ul>	14.3	1.9	4.5	17.9

Households by Settlement Size		Major	Need For Minor	Repair Maintenance Only
Urban Areas • 100,000+ • .<100,000	(%) 60.1 23.7	47.6 26.3	55.3 25.7	62.3 23.4
Rural Areas	16.2	26.1	19.0	14.3

## Need For Repair By Tenure of Household

Need for major dwelling repair is reported more often by owners than renters. This was still the case in 1989 even though the proportion of owners reporting need for major repair declined throughout the 1980s.

## Need For Repair and Age of the Stock

The belief that the need for major repair is greatest in the oldest stock is confirmed by household reports. Though less pronounced, the same relationship holds for minor repair. As data show, stock of all ages is reported in need of regular maintenance.

## The Geography of the Need for Dwelling Repair

Housing stock condition varies by size of settlement and region. The greatest concentration of dwellings in need of major repair occurs in rural areas, where homeownership is particularly high. (As indicated above, homeowners consistently report more need of major repair than do renters.)

Regionally, the highest concentration of households reporting the need for major repair is in the Atlantic. Throughout the 1980s, while just eight per cent of Canada's households resided in the region, about 12 per cent of those reporting need for major repair were Atlantic households.

#### Household Income, Age of Head and the Need for Repair

Two beliefs are commonly held: the poor and the elderly more often live in dwellings needing repair. While the information presented here confirms the first belief, it shows the second to be untrue.

Dwellings in need of major repair are more commonly occupied by lower income households. By 1989, households of the lowest income quintile were 60 per cent more likely than those of the highest quintile to report a need for major dwelling repair. On the other hand, it was households led by the non-elderly rather than the elderly that were 20 per cent more likely to report that their dwellings needed major repair.

In conclusion, with up to 25 per cent of Canada's housing stock regularly in need of repair, appropriate investment in upkeep is critical.

Need for Major Repair By Household Income _ 0/0					
Income QuIntile	1985	1987	1988	1989	
First quIntIle Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintIle Fifth quIntIle	22.7 22.9 19.2 19.1 16.0	24.7 21.8 19.6 18.2 15.7	21.7 22.4 20.8 18.8 16.3	23.6 22.2 22.1 17.4 14.7	

Need For Repair By Age of Household Head						
	1982	1985	1987	1988	1989	
	~65/65	. ~65/65.	. ~65/65	+~65/65	+~65/65+	
Need For Repair • major • minor	13.0/12.6	12.6/11.4	10.8/9.5	10.5/8.9	10.4/8.5	
	15.2/13.4	14.3/11.5	16.8/12.3	17.3/13.0	15.7/11.9	
Regular Maintenance (no repair)	71.8/73.9	73.0/77.0	72.4/78.2	72.2/78.1	73.9/79.5	

The Research and International Affairs Directorate of CMHC carries out and finances a broad range of research on the social, economic, and technical aspects of housing. This CMHC Research and Development Highlight Sheet is one of a series intended to briefly inform you of the nature and scope of these activities. For more information on CMHC housing research, contact: The Canadian Housing Information Centre Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation This research highlight is a result of the work carried out in the Research Division of Canada Building C-200 700 Montreal Road Mortgage and Housing Corporation. For fur-Ottawa, Ontario ther information, contact: Mr. J. Engeland, K1A 0P7 Researcher of Housing Needs Analysis at (613) 748-2799 or Josde Garneau, Program (613) 748-2367 Planning Analyst at (613) 748-2697.

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