## Whole Farm Database reference manual

2005


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2005

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## Note of appreciation

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## Table of contents

1.0 Introduction72.0 Whole Farm Database
2.1 Background ..... 7
2.2 Database structure ..... 8
2.3 Selection criteria ..... 9
2.4 Standard output formats ..... 9
Table 2.1 Standard output formats
Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program
Operating revenues and expenses ..... 10
Additions and disposals of assets ..... 11
Off-farm income ..... 11
National Farm Survey ..... 12
June Crops Survey ..... 13
July Livestock Survey ..... 13
Farm Financial Survey
Assets and liabilities ..... 14
Capital ..... 15
2.5 Data quality
2.5.1 Sampling errors ..... 16
2.5.2 Non-sampling errors ..... 16
2.6 Confidentiality ..... 17
3.0 Products and services
3.1 Introduction ..... 17
3.2 Farm and Off-Farm Income Statistics - Internet publications ..... 17
3.3 Farm Financial Survey - Internet publication ..... 18
3.4 Extraction System of Agricultural Statistics - CD-ROM ..... 18
3.5 Customized requests ..... 19
3.6 Ordering WFDB products and services ..... 19

## Appendices

## A Description of core variables

Regional information ..... 20
Farm information ..... 20
Operator information ..... 25

## Table of contents - continued

Page
Appendices - continued
Table A. 1 Farm type codes and titles based on NAICS structure and availability by data source ..... 26
Table A. 2 Concordance between farm type codes based on NAICS structure and WFDB codes based on SIC structure by data source ..... 28
Table A. 3 Farm type codes and titles based on SIC structure ..... 31
B Description of CAIS/TDP variables
Revenues ..... 33
Expenses ..... 36
Additions and disposals of assets - until the 1995 taxation year ..... 38
Additions and disposals of assets - 1996 to 1999 taxation years ..... 39
Off-farm income ..... 40
C Survey samples and methodologies
Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program ..... 42
Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program - off-farm income ..... 43
National Farm Survey ..... 44
June Crops Survey ..... 44
July Livestock Survey ..... 45
Farm Financial Survey ..... 46
Table C. 1 WFDB - Provincial data availability and sample size by sector ..... 48
D Description of NAICS codes ..... 52
E Census maps
Newfoundland \& Labrador ..... 63
Nova Scotia ..... 64
New Brunswick ..... 65
Quebec ..... 66
Ontario ..... 67
Manitoba ..... 68
Saskatchewan ..... 69
Alberta ..... 70
British Columbia ..... 71

Table of contents - concluded
PageAppendices - concluded
F Agricultural quick facts - Canada ..... 72
G Survey questionnairesJune 2003 Farm Survey (CROPS) - Manitoba, Saskatchewan,Alberta, British Columbia (north of Peace River)June 2003 Farm Survey (CROPS) - Maritimes, Quebec,Ontario, British Columbia (south of Peace River)
July Livestock Survey, 2003
Farm Financial Survey, 2004

### 1.0 Introduction

## Meeting users' needs

The Whole Farm Database (WFDB) is the product of a joint venture by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada and Statistics Canada. It was developed with the intention to meet the increasing demands of users of agricultural statistics for more disaggregated data at the farm level. There are various potential users, from public sector policy-makers, to industry analysts and private sector decision-makers. The WFDB provides the means for users to evaluate agricultural policies and programs as well as analyze the viability, stability, and competitiveness of various farm businesses.

## All the information in a single base

Integrating into one base the agricultural data, which are available from administrative and survey sources, is the essence of the WFDB. While committed to reducing response burden, eliminating duplication and maximizing the use of existing resources, the WFDB can offer users access to a wider than ever range of disaggregated physical and financial data at the farm level.

## A guide to the Whole Farm Database

This manual was designed to familiarize potential users of the WFDB with the structure and quality of its data, as well as with other WFDB products and services.

### 2.0 Whole Farm Database

### 2.1 Background

Since the mid-1920s, the Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada has been publishing data series depicting provincial levels and trends within the agriculture industry. Although timely and reliable, these series have not always satisfied the growing demand for more disaggregated farm level data.

In 1991, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada obtained the funding to launch the Farm Level Data Project (FLDP) and provide the data necessary for monitoring the financial position of farm businesses; assessing the impact of changing policies, programs and economic conditions on farms; and administering and evaluating agricultural programs.

To meet this goal, Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada and Agriculture and AgriFood Canada launched the Whole Farm Database (WFDB), an essential component of the FLDP. The ultimate objective of this base is to provide a set of physical and financial data at the farm level that is as complete as possible. ${ }^{1}$ This is achieved by integrating data from various existing surveys and administrative sources to produce disaggregated statistics by farm type, revenue class and subprovincial geographic regions.

[^0]
### 2.2 Database structure

There are several major data sources currently offered in the WFDB which produce data annually, at the farm level: the Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program (CAIS/TDP), the National Farm Survey (NFS), the June Crops Survey (JCS), the July Livestock Survey (JLS), and the Farm Financial Survey (FFS). Although the WFDB can be used to produce estimates for selected domains regardless of the revenue level, the base was primarily structured to provide data for farms with reported annual revenues of $\$ 10,000$ and more. The following components have been targeted for each source for the stated reference years:

- Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program ${ }^{2,3}$ 1987 to 2003
- detailed revenues and expenses
- additions and disposals of assets ${ }^{4}$
- operator off-farm income (unincorporated only) ${ }^{5}$
- operator off-farm income (unincorporated and incorporated) ${ }^{6}$
- farm family off-farm income ${ }^{7}$
- National Farm Survey ${ }^{8,9}$ - 1988 to 1992
- cropland acreages
- livestock inventories
- certain financial components ${ }^{10}$
- June Crops Survey ${ }^{11}$ - 1993 to 2003
- cropland acreages
- July Livestock Survey ${ }^{11}$ - 1993 to 2003
- livestock inventories
- Farm Financial Survey ${ }^{12}$ - 1988 to $2004{ }^{13}$
- capital investments and sales
- assets and liabilities
- long-term capital borrowed

[^1]The sampling and methodology for each of these data sources are summarized in Appendix C.

### 2.3 Selection criteria

The WFDB can produce tables using, as selection criteria, any of the variables available from each data source. However, the production of cross-tabulations using the various data sources is limited to a group of descriptive variables, known as the "core" variables. Financial data from the Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program, for example, could not be tabulated by number of animals on a farm because this particular data source does not have any variables on livestock inventories.

The "core" variables are divided into three information groupings: regional information, farm activities, and farm operator. It is the "core" variables that enable the structured disaggregation of the WFDB. As these variables are common to most of the data sources, the database is capable of offering tabulations with the same selection criteria (e.g., revenues and expenses from CAIS/TDP, livestock inventories from JLS, and assets and liabilities from the FFS could all be produced for the same census division, farm type, and revenue class). Although most of the core variables are available for each record, disaggregations will be somewhat limited by the data quality and the number of respondents for a given variable (e.g., data cannot be disaggregated by a single postal code, however, the postal codes are included on the individual records, allowing a user to specify a group of codes to create a custom region).

The "core" variables are defined in Appendix A.

### 2.4 Standard output formats

The WFDB can provide estimates for every variable collected from all data sources. To maintain data quality and consistency, a specific series of agricultural variables were developed for each data source. These standard output formats were developed to provide thorough coverage of the agriculture sector on an annual basis (see table 2.1 on pages 10 to 15).

Most of the variables used from the National Farm, June Crops, July Livestock and Farm Financial Surveys data sources were drawn directly from the survey questionnaires. These variables are defined in the questionnaires (see Appendix G) and in the interviewer training manuals (available from Agriculture Division). In contrast, the CAIS/TDP variables used in the standard outputs are predominantly custom aggregates of farm taxfiler data (see Appendix B for descriptions).

## Table 2.1 Standard output formats

## Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program

R000 Estimated number of farms

## Operating revenues

## Operating expenses

| R400 | All wheat | R230 | Fertilizer and lime |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R401 | Oats | R235 | Pesticides |
| R402 | Barley | R240 | Seed and plants |
| R405 | Canola (Rapeseed) | R264 | Non-specified greenhouse and nursery expenses |
| R406 | Soybeans | R265 | Containers, twine and baling wire |
| R407 | Corn | R2102 | Other crop expenses |
| R423 | Other and non-specified small grains | R2105 | Total crop expenses |
| R2002 | Other and non-specified grains and oilseeds |  |  |
| R2005 | Total grain and oilseed revenues | R245 | Cattle purchases |
|  |  | R246 | Swine purchases |
| R410 | Potatoes | R247 | Poultry and egg purchases |
| R421 | Fruits | R248 | Sheep and lamb purchases |
| R411 | Vegetables (non-greenhouse) | R249 | Other livestock purchases |
| R412 | Tobacco | R250 | Feed, supplements, straw and bedding |
| R2011 | Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture products | R255 | Veterinary fees, medicine and breeding fees |
| R435 | Forage crops (including forage seed) | R2107 | Other livestock expenses |
| R437 | Unspecified crops (Quebec only) ${ }^{14}$ | R2110 | Total livestock expenses |
| R2012 | Other crops |  |  |
| R2000 | Total other crop revenues |  |  |
|  |  | R270 | Small tools |
| R2020 | Total crop revenues | R2111 | Net fuel expenses, machinery, truck, auto |
|  |  | R2112 | Repairs, licenses and insurance |
| R2016 | Cattle | R2120 | Total machinery expenses |
| R441 | Swine |  |  |
| R2017 | Poultry and eggs | R2121 | Salaries (including CPP, QPP, EI) |
| R443 | Sheep and goats | R2122 | Rent |
| R2018 | Dairy products and subsidies | R275 | Insurance |
| R2019 | Other livestock and products | R285 | Telephone (farm share) |
| R2025 | Total livestock and product revenues | R2123 | Net electricity (farm share) |
|  |  | R295 | Heating fuel (farm share) |
| R3011 | Program payments and insurance proceeds | R300 | Custom work and machine rental |
| R475 | Custom work and machine rental | R2126 | Net interest expenses |
| R2027 | Rental income | R2127 | Net property tax |
| R2021 | Other forest products | R2128 | Building and fence repairs |
| R2004 | Cash advances (net) | R2129 | Marketing expenses |
| R2029 | Miscellaneous revenues | R2131 | Miscellaneous farm expenses |
| R2030 | Total other revenues | R2135 | Total general expenses |
| R2040 | Total operating revenues | R2140 | Total operating expenses |
|  |  | R2500 | Net operating income |
| R458 | Quota sale income | R310 | Clearing and improving land |
| R469 | CCA recaptured | R316 | Tile drainage |
| R2041 | Inventory adjustments | R2141 | Inventory adjustments |
| R2042 | Non-applicable income | R330 | Capital cost allowance |
| R2045 | Total income adjustments | R331 | Allowance on eligible capital property |
|  |  | R350 | Non-applicable expenses |
| R2050 | Gross farm income for tax purposes | R2142 | Other expense adjustments |
|  |  | R2145 | Total expense adjustments |
|  |  | R2150 | Total expenses for tax purposes |

[^2]
## Table 2.1 Standard output formats

## Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program - concluded

```
R000 Estimated number of farms
```

```
Additions and disposals of assets }\mp@subsup{}{}{15}\mathrm{ - until the 1995 taxation year
```


## Additions

| S101 | Class 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| S102 | Class 2 |
| S103 | Class 3 |
| S106 | Class 6 |
| S107 | Class 7 |
| S108 | Class 8 |
| S109 | Class 9 |
| S10 | Class 10 |
| S112 | Class 12 |
| S116 | Class 16 |
| S117 | Class 17 |
| S134 | Class 34 |
| S150 | Quota |
| S160 | Other |
| S199 | Total |
|  |  |
| R000 |  |
|  |  |

## Disposals

## S201 Class 1

S202 Class 2
S203 Class 3
S206 Class 6
S207 Class 7
S208 Class 8
S209 Class 9
S210 Class 10
S212 Class 12
S216 Class 16
Class 17
Class 34
Quota
Other
Total

## Additions and disposals of assets ${ }^{16}-1996$ to 1999 taxation year ${ }^{17}$

| Additions |  | Disposals |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S140 | Equipment | S240 | Equipment |
| S141 | Building | S241 | Building |
| S142 | Land | S242 | Land |
| S150 | Quota | S250 | Quota |
| S160 | Other | S260 | Other |
| S198 | Total | S298 | Total |
|  |  |  |  |
| R000 | Estimated number of individuals or farm families |  |  |

## Off-farm income

| T6010 | Wages and salaries |
| :---: | :--- |
| T6020 | Net business income |
| T6030 | Net professional income |
| T6040 | Net commission income |
| T6050 | Net fishing income |
| T6060 | Net off-farm self-employment income |
| T6070 | Investment income |
| T6080 | Pension income |
| T6090 | Other off-farm income |
| T6092 | RRSP |
| T6095 | Total other off-farm income |
| T6105 | Total off-farm income (excluding T6091 taxable capital gains) |
| T6091 | Taxable capital gains |
|  |  |
| T6100 | Total off-farm income (including T6091 taxable capital gains) |

[^3]Table 2.1 Standard output formats - continued

## National Farm Survey

## Livestock Inventories

| C280 | Total wheat | C403 | Bulls 1 year and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C208 | Oats | C404 | Dairy cows |
| C209 | Barley | C405 | Beef cows |
| C234 | Canary seed | C406 | Dairy heifers 1 year and over |
| C235 | Fababeans | C407 | Beef heifers 1 year and over |
| C213 | Mixed grains | C402 | Slaughter/feeder heifers 1 year and over |
| C282 | Total rye | C408 | Steers 1 year and over |
| C216 | Corn for grain | C409 | Calves under 1 year |
| C226 | Buckwheat | C410 | Total cattle and calves |
| C215 | Canola (Rapeseed) |  |  |
| C228 | Soybeans | C605 | Boars 6 months and over |
| C214 | Flaxseed | C606 | Sows for breeding and bred gilts |
| C224 | Mustard seed | C607 | Pigs < 45 lb ( $<20 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) |
| C230 | Sunflower seed | C608 | Pigs $45-130 \mathrm{lb}(20-60 \mathrm{~kg})$ |
| C1010 | Total grains and oilseeds | C609 | Pigs $>130 \mathrm{lb}(>60 \mathrm{~kg})$ |
|  |  | C610 | Total pigs |
| C223 | Dry peas |  |  |
| C229 | Beans (dry, white) | C302 | Ewes 1 year and over |
| C231 | Lentils | C303 | Lambs under 1 year - breeding |
| C236 | Beans (dry, coloured) | C304 | Lambs under 1 year - slaughter |
| C1020 | Total dry field peas and beans | C301 | Rams 1 year and over |
|  |  | C331 | Wethers 1 year and over |
| C217 | Corn for fodder | C310 | Total sheep and lambs |
| C220 | Tame hay |  |  |
| C218 | Potatoes | C323 | Hens and pullets 20 weeks and over |
| C221 | Fruits and vegetables | C325 | Other poultry |
| C227 | Tobacco | C335 | Other livestock |
| C225 | Other crops | C1200 | Total other livestock |
| C1030 | Total other crop acreages |  |  |
| C1050 | Total crop acreages |  |  |
| C222 | Seeded pasture |  |  |
| C219 | Summerfallow |  |  |
| C241 | Other land |  |  |
| C1100 | Total area of farms |  |  |

Table 2.1 Standard output formats - continued

## June Crops Survey

R000 Estimated number of farms

Crops: Land use

| C280 | Total wheat | C217 | Corn for fodder |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C208 | Oats | C220 | Tame hay |
| C209 | Barley | C218 | Potatoes |
| C234 | Canary seed | C227 | Tobacco |
| C235 | Fababeans | C225 | Other crops |
| C213 | Mixed grains | C1030 | Total other crop acreages |
| C282 | Total rye |  |  |
| C216 | Corn for grain | C1050 | Total crop acreages |
| C226 | Buckwheat |  |  |
| C215 | Canola (Rapeseed) | C222 | Seeded pasture |
| C228 | Soybeans | C219 | Summerfallow |
| C214 | Flaxseed |  | Other land |
| C224 | Mustard seed | C1100 | Total area of farms |
| C230 | Sunflower seed |  |  |
| C1010 | Total grains and oilseeds |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| C223 | Dry peas |  |  |
| C229 | Beans (dry, white) |  |  |
| C231 | Lentils |  |  |
| C236 | Beans (dry, coloured) |  |  |
| C1020 | Total dry field peas and beans |  |  |

## July Livestock Survey

R000
Estimated number of farms

Livestock inventories

| C403 | Bulls 1 year and over | C302 | Ewes and wethers 1 year and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C404 | Dairy cows | C303 | Lambs under 1 year - breeding |
| C405 | Beef cows | C304 | Lambs under 1 year - slaughter |
| C406 | Dairy heifers 1 year and over | C301 | Rams 1 year and over |
| C407 | Beef heifers 1 year and over | C310 | Total sheep and lambs |
| C402 | Slaughter/feeder heifers 1 year and over |  |  |
| C408 | Steers 1 year and over |  |  |
| C409 | Calves under 1 year | C335 | Other livestock ${ }^{20}$ |
| C410 | Total cattle and calves | C1300 | Poultry ${ }^{21}$ |
| C605 | Boars 6 months and over | C1301 | Other fowl ${ }^{21}$ |
| C606 | Sows for breeding and bred gilts | C1302 | Mammals ${ }^{21}$ |
| C607 | Pigs $<45 \mathrm{lb}$ (<20 kg) |  |  |
| C608 | Pigs $45-130 \mathrm{lb}(20-60 \mathrm{~kg})$ |  |  |
| C609 | Pigs $>130 \mathrm{lb}$ ( $>60 \mathrm{~kg}$ ) |  |  |
| C610 | Total pigs |  |  |

[^4]
## Table 2.1 Standard output formats - continued

## Farm Financial Survey

R000 Estimated number of farms

## Liabilities

## Current assets

| F309 | Cash, bonds, savings, stocks, shares, RRSPs ${ }^{22}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| F658 | Cash and short term investments ${ }^{23}$ |
| F305 | Accounts receivable |
| F306 | Inputs |
| F307 | Crops for sale ${ }^{22}$ |
| F661 | Crops for sale (including greenhouse and nursery) |
| F308 | Market livestock |
| F659 | Other current assets |
| F3001 | Total current assets |

## Long-term assets

| F301 | Farm land and buildings owned |
| :--- | :--- |
| F302 | Breeding and replacement livestock ${ }^{22}$ |
| F662 | Breeding, replacement and other livestock ${ }^{23}$ |
| F303 | Machinery and equipment ${ }^{25}$ |
| F317 | Machinery and equipment ${ }^{26}$ |
| F304 | Quota $^{24,32}$ |
| F656 | NISA $^{\text {L }}$ |
| F673 | Long-term investments $^{23}$ |
| F663 | Other long-term investments ${ }^{23}$ |
| F3002 | Total long-term assets |
| F391 | Other assets ${ }^{22}$ |
| F3003 | Total farm assets |
| F350 | Non-farm assets ${ }^{22}$ |

## Current liabilities

F4401 Federal government ${ }^{27}$
F401 Farm Credit Canada ${ }^{28,30}$
F436 Advance payments program ${ }^{28}$
F403 Provincial government
F410 Banks, trusts, etc.
F405
F407
F408
F409
F441

Caisses populaires and credit unions
Machinery and supply companies
Private individuals
Others ${ }^{28}$
Total current liabilities

## Long-term liabilities

| F4402 | Federal government ${ }^{29}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| F481 | Farm Credit Canada ${ }^{30,31}$ |
| F483 | Provincial government |
| F480 | Banks, trusts, etc. |
| F485 | Caisses populaires and credit unions |
| F487 | Machinery and supply companies <br> F488 <br> F489 <br> Others ${ }^{30}$ |
| F4001 | Total long-term liabilities |
| F4002 | Total farm liabilities |
| F450 | Non-farm liabilities ${ }^{22}$ |
| F4003 | Total net worth |

[^5]
## Table 2.1 Standard output formats - concluded

## Farm Financial Survey - concluded

R000 Estimated number of farms

## Capital

## Capital investments

| F201 | Farm real estate purchased | F5501 | Federal government ${ }^{41}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F202 | Land improvements ${ }^{33}$ | F581 | Farm Credit Canada ${ }^{42,43}$ |
| F203 | House construction or major renovation | F583 | Provincial government |
| F212 | Manure storage construction or major renovation ${ }^{34}$ | F580 | Banks, trusts, etc. |
| F213 | Pesticide, chemical or fuel storage construction or major renovation ${ }^{34}$ | F585 | Caisses populaires and credit unions |
| F204 | Other building construction or major renovation ${ }^{34}$ | F587 | Machinery and supply companies |
| F214 | Environmental protection improvements ${ }^{33}$ | F588 | Private individuals |
| F205 | Breeding and replacement livestock | F589 | Others ${ }^{42}$ |
| F206 | Quota purchased | F5001 | Total long-term capital borrowed |
| F264 | Gross expenditures for machinery and equipment ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |
| F261 | Farm machinery and equipment ${ }^{36}$ |  |  |
| F217 | Other farm assets |  |  |
| F2001 | Total capital investments ${ }^{37}$ |  |  |
| F250 | Total non-farm investments ${ }^{38}$ |  |  |

Capital sales

| F233 | Land and buildings |
| :--- | :--- |
| F237 | Machinery and equipment traded In ${ }^{35}$ |
| F234 | Machinery and equipment sold outright |
| F235 | Quota sold |
| F236 | Breeding and replacement livestock |
| F238 | Other farm assets ${ }^{\text {39 }}$ |
| F2002 | Total capital sales ${ }^{40}$ |

[^6]
### 2.5 Data quality

### 2.5.1 Sampling errors

All of the estimates produced by the WFDB are derived from samples, making them subject to sampling errors. Such errors occur when observations are based only on a sample and not on the population as a whole. The size and design of the sample, the variability of the characteristic of interest in the population, and the estimation method all affect data quality. In sample surveys, inference is made about the entire population based on data obtained from a part of the population; therefore, the results are likely to be different than if a complete census was taken under the same survey conditions. The most important feature of probability sampling is that the sampling error can be measured from the sample itself.

Each estimate released through the WFDB is assigned a coefficient of variation (C.V.) to measure its quality. As an objective statistical measure obtained through random sampling of the variation between each estimate and its "true" value, the C.V. indicates the degree of confidence that should be placed on a particular estimate. The users must determine if an estimate with a significant C.V. is appropriate for use.

The following rating system is suggested when using figures within a specific C.V. range.

| Letter | C.V. |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | $0.00 \%$ to $4.99 \%$ |
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| C | $10.00 \%$ to $14.99 \%$ |
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| F | $>=35.00 \%$ |

## Rating

Excellent
Very Good
Good
Acceptable
Use with caution
Too unreliable to be published

### 2.5.2 Non-sampling errors

Non-sampling errors can occur whether a sample is used or a complete census of the population is taken. Such errors can be introduced at various stages of data processing (such as coding, data entry, editing, weighting or tabulation) and include errors introduced inadvertently by respondents. Such errors are reduced through extensive edits and data analysis; however, there are some limitations. In Saskatchewan, due to the unreliability of the CAIS/TDP Census Subdivision (CSD) breakdowns, Census Agricultural Regions (CARs) cannot be reliably determined. In addition, until the 1992 taxation year, the CAIS/TDP was unable to assign farm types to certain crop farms in Quebec; these farms were classified as "unspecified crop farms". This limitation has been addressed by subject-matter specialists. Since the 1993 taxation year, the "unspecified crop" revenues have been allocated to the crop type. Finally, CAIS/TDP estimates for the Peace River Region in British Columbia are not available for 1988 and 1989.

### 2.6 Confidentiality

Statistics Canada maintains a strict level of confidentiality. All tabulated data are subject to restrictions prior to release. Several computerized checks are performed on all data cells to prevent the publication or disclosure of any information deemed confidential.

For each of the tabulations produced, the estimated number of farms is rounded to the base " 5 " and the estimates of the other variables within that table are adjusted by a variable factor. The estimated number of farm families is rounded to the base " 10 ". With regard to the estimated number of farm operators, it is rounded to the base " 5 " in the series of farm operators operating single unincorporated agricultural holdings and to the base " 10 " in the series of farm operators operating incorporated or unincorporated agricultural holdings. If the degree of detail required to answer user requests creates confidentiality concerns, the affected data or the entire table will be suppressed.

This method preserves the confidentiality of the data, without jeopardizing the quality of the actual estimates.

### 3.0 Products and services

### 3.1 Introduction

To satisfy a variety of user needs, the WFDB offers an assortment of products and services as well as customized products. The WFDB Project Team is dedicated to offering users the data they need whether on paper or electronic format.

### 3.2 Farm and Off-Farm Income Statistics - Internet publications

The publication Farm and Off-Farm Income Statistics (21-019-XIE) is replaced by the three following publications:

## Statistics on Income of Farm Operators (21-206-XIE)

This publication provides information on sources and levels of farm and off-farm income for operators by province, type of farm (based on the North American Industry Classification System) and revenue class. Distributional tables on income of operators are also presented. This publication also includes data highlights and information on concepts, methods and data quality. A relevant article on the story emanating from the data is also featured.

Data from Canada Revenue Agency's income tax returns of farmers operating unincorporated and incorporated farms provide the statistical basis for this publication.

This publication will be available on Statistics Canada's website at www.statcan.ca/cgi-bin/downpub/freepub.cgi.

## Statistics on Income of Farm Families (21-207-XIE)

This publication provides information on sources and levels of farm and off-farm income for farm families by province, type of farm (based on the North American Industry Classification System) and farm typology (based on age of operator, dependence on farm revenues and income level). Distributional tables on income of farm families are also presented. This publication also includes data highlights and information on concepts, methods and data quality. A relevant article on the story emanating from the data is also featured.

Data from Canada Revenue Agency's income tax returns of farm families operating a single unincorporated farm provide the statistical basis for this publication.

This publication is available on Statistics Canada's website at www.statcan.ca/cgi-bin/downpub/freepub.cgi.

## Statistics on Revenues and Expenses of Farms (21-208-XIE)

This publication provides detailed financial information on farm-level revenues, expenses and net operating income by province, type of farm (based on the North American Industry Classification System) and revenue class. Information on financial performance indicators of farms by province and by type of farm are also presented. This publication also includes data highlights and information on concepts, methods and data quality. A relevant article on the story emanating from the data is also featured.

Data from Canada Revenue Agency's income tax returns of unincorporated and incorporated farms provide the statistical basis for this publication.

This publication will be available on Statistics Canada's website at www.statcan.ca/cgi-bin/downpub/freepub.cgi.

### 3.3 Farm Financial Survey (FFS) - Internet publication

This electronic publication (Statistics Canada catalogue no. 21F0008XIB) is available free of charge on the Internet. It provides detailed regional statistics on the financial structure of Canadian farms. The publication includes balance sheet data (assets and liabilities) of farms by region, financial structure by farm type and region, and by revenue class and region, and capital investments and capital sales by region. In addition to presenting highlights from 2003, it also includes historical data. Charts and text outlining concepts, methods and data highlights supplement the tables.

New editions will be published every year in December on Statistics Canada's website at www.statcan.ca/cgi-bin/downpub/freepub.cgi.

### 3.4 Extraction System of Agricultural Statistics (ESAS) - CD-ROM

The Extraction System of Agricultural Statistics (ESAS) CD-ROM (Statistics Canada catalogue no. 21F0001XCB) is a compilation of the most commonly requested estimates from the Whole Farm Database. This CD-ROM product has been designed to
provide you with desktop access to a wide array of physical and financial farm statistics. The system offers: a complete itemization of operating revenues and expenses; sources and levels of farm and off-farm income for operators and farm families; data on assets, liabilities and capital investments for farms; and information on land use and livestock inventories by region, farm type and revenue class. Users have the option of selecting pre-established tables or customizing a tabulation to meet specific needs. The resulting tabulations can be viewed on-line, printed, or exported to another computer application.

The ESAS CD-ROM is $\$ 250$. Subsequent editions are available for only $\$ 175$ after the purchase of the initial package. A discount is available to all educational institutions.

### 3.5 Customized requests

For specialized needs, users may request customized tables. Criteria for customized data should be outlined before ordering - the components required must be determined, (see Section 2.2, for example, off-farm income, livestock inventories), the applicable data sources selected, and the appropriate variables for disaggregation chosen (such as farm type, revenue class, region).

Customized tables are available on paper or on diskette, CD-ROM or by e-mail.
Due to the highly disaggregative level of certain requests, some data will be suppressed to ensure data confidentiality.

The cost of customized WFDB products varies depending on the size and the complexity of the request.

### 3.6 Ordering WFDB products and services

To order WFDB products and services or for more information, please write to the:

## Whole Farm Data Projects Section

Agriculture Division
Statistics Canada
12th Floor, Jean Talon Building
Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6
Other ways to reach us:
Toll-free: 1800 465-1991
Local call: (613) 951-5027
Fax: (613) 951-3868
E-mail: agriculture@statcan.ca

## Appendix A Description of core variables

## Regional information

*Province: Refers to the major political divisions of Canada. From a statistical point of view, provinces are a basic unit used to tabulate and cross-classify data.
*Census agricultural region ${ }^{1}$ : More commonly referred to as a CAR, this subprovincial geographic area is used by the Census of Agriculture for disseminating agricultural statistics and the WFDB uses it for the same purpose. In all provinces except Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan, a CAR is made up of groups of adjacent census divisions. In Saskatchewan, census agricultural regions are groups of adjacent census consolidated subdivisions, but these groups do not necessarily respect census division boundaries. Census agricultural regions have not been defined for Prince Edward Island. In the Prairie provinces, census agricultural regions are commonly referred to as crop districts.

Census division: Refers to intermediate geographic areas between the census subdivision and the province level. They have been established by provincial law, with the exception of those in Newfoundland and Labrador, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta. In these provinces, the census divisions have been created by Statistics Canada in co-operation with the province. The census divisions correspond to existing counties, regional districts, regional municipalities, etc.

Census subdivision: Applies to municipalities, as defined by provincial law, and geographic areas equivalent to municipalities. In Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, and British Columbia, the term also describes geographic areas that have been created by Statistics Canada as equivalents to municipalities, in co-operation with the provinces.

Enumeration area: Term used by the census to refer to a geographic area canvassed by one census representative.

Federal electoral district: These districts include any place or territorial area entitled to return a member to serve in the House of Commons (source: Canada Elections Act, 1990).

Postal code: This is a six-digit alphanumeric code designed and maintained by Canada Post Corporation for the processing of mail (sorting and delivery).

## Farm information

## New farm classification system

Starting with the 2001 reference year, data for all data sources offered on the WFDB are compiled on the basis of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), which replaces the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) ${ }^{2}$. Historical data series for all data sources have been reproduced based on NAICS in order to facilitate the transition between the SIC ${ }^{3}$ and NAICS.

[^7]The NAICS is an industry classification system that was developed by the statistical agencies of Canada, Mexico and the United States. Created against the background of the North American Free Trade Agreement, NAICS is designed to provide common definitions of the industrial structure of the three countries and a common statistical framework to facilitate the analysis and the comparability of the three economies. NAICS is based on a productionoriented or supply-based conceptual framework. This means that producing units that use similar production processes are grouped together in NAICS. By grouping businesses that use similar production processes, data classified according to NAICS are more suitable for the analysis of production related issues such as productivity or industrial performance.

The NAICS has a hierarchical structure and uses a six-digit numbering system. The first two digits designate the sector (the agriculture sector is part of 11-Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting), the third digit represents the subsector, the fourth indicates the industry group, the fifth represents the industries, and the sixth digit designates national industries. (NAICS with Canadian detail is designated NAICS Canada.)

## Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program (CAIS/TDP)

Starting with the 2001 reference year, the CAIS/TDP has adopted the North American Industry Classification System. The CAIS/TDP series based on the 1980 SIC-E published up to the 2001 reference year (preliminary data) have now been terminated. Previous years' data have been recalculated to the new classification system back to 1987. Each record has been revisited and the farm type has been reassigned according to the new classification.

## Farm Financial Survey (FFS)

Reference year 2001 is the last year for which FFS data were released on an SIC basis. Data for 2001 and for previous years have been converted directly to NAICS.

## Other data sources

Like for the FFS, all data series from the June Crops Survey (JCS), the July Livestock Survey (JLS) and the National Farm Survey have been converted directly to NAICS; reference year 2000 is the last year for which JCS and JLS data were produced on an SIC basis.
*Farm type: For each data source, the type of farm is based on a percentage of agricultural sales. The commodity or commodity group that makes up $50 \%{ }^{4}$ or more of the sales determines the primary farm type that will be assigned to an individual farm. Farms are also assigned a secondary farm type, which is determined by the next highest percentage of commodity sales. As noted above, the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) acts now as the basis for classifying the farm types.

The degree of specialization is another "core" variable offered for further disaggregation. This variable is an indication of the level of concentration of total agricultural sales in relation to the sale of commodities or commodity groups as indicated by the farm type. For example, if a beef cattle farm realizes $90 \%$ of its total agricultural sales from the sale of cattle, then the degree of cattle specialization will be $90 \%$.

[^8]Listed below are the 11 standard farm types that serve as a basis in the WFDB. They will also be found on the 2005 version of the Extraction System of Agricultural Statistics CD-ROM. For a complete set of farm types and their respective availability for each of the data sources see Table A.1.

## Farm types

Oilseed and grain farming
Potato farming
Other vegetable (except potato) and melon farming
Fruit and tree nut farming
Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture production
Other crop farming
Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots
Dairy cattle and milk production
Hog and pig farming
Poultry and egg production
Other animal production
NAICS divides establishments in the agriculture sector in two subsectors: crop production and animal production.

## Crop production (NAICS code 111)

This subsector comprises establishments, such as farms, orchards, groves, greenhouses and nurseries, primarily engaged in growing crops, plants, vines, trees and their seeds (excluding those engaged in forestry operations). Industries have been created taking into account input factors, such as suitable land, climatic conditions, type of equipment, and the amount and type of labour required. The production process is typically completed when the raw product or commodity grown reaches the "farm gate" for market, that is, at the point of first sale or price determination. An establishment is classified to a NAICS industry or a national level industry within this subsector provided that fifty percent or more of the establishment's agricultural production consists of the crops of the industry. Establishments with fifty percent or more crop production and with no one product or family of products of an industry accounting for fifty percent of the production are treated as combination crop farms and classified to 11199, All other crop farming, except for establishments with fifty percent or more in the production of oilseeds and grain, which are classified to 11119, Other grain farming.

## The WFDB standard farm types under the Crop production subsector are:

## Oilseed and grain farming (NAICS code 1111)

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing oilseeds and grains. Establishments primarily engaged in producing seeds are classified in the appropriate crop industry.

## Potato farming (NAICS code 111211)

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing potatoes and seed potatoes, except sweet potatoes.

Other vegetable (except potato) and melon farming (NAICS code 111219)
This Canadian industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other Canadian industry, primarily engaged in growing vegetables and melons. Establishments primarily engaged in producing vegetable and melon seeds, except seed potatoes, and vegetable and melon bedding plants are also included in this industry.

## Fruit and tree nut farming (NAICS code 1113)

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing fruit and nuts.

## Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture production (NAICS code 1114)

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing crops of any kind under cover, growing nursery crops and growing flowers. "Under cover" includes in greenhouses, cold frames, cloth houses, and lath houses. The crops grown are removed at various stages of maturity.

## Other crop farming (NAICS code 1119)

This industry group comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry group, primarily engaged in growing crops, such as tobacco, peanuts, sugarbeets, cotton, sugar cane, hay, agave, herbs and spices, mint, hops, and hay and grass seeds. Combination crop farming and the gathering of maple sap are included in this industry group.

## Animal production (NAICS code 112)

This subsector comprises establishments, such as ranches, farms and feedlots, primarily engaged in raising animals, producing animal products and fattening animals. Industries have been created taking into account input factors such as suitable grazing or pasture land, specialized buildings, type of equipment, and the amount and type of labour required. An establishment is classified to a NAICS industry or a national level industry within this subsector provided that fifty percent or more of the establishment's agricultural production consists of the products of that industry. Establishments with fifty percent or more animal production and with no one product or family of products of an industry accounting for fifty percent of the production are treated as combination animal farms and classified to 11299, All other animal production.

## The WFDB standard farm types under the Animal production subsector are:

## Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots (NAICS code 112110)

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising and fattening cattle. The raising of cattle for dairy herd replacements is also included in this industry.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in milking dairy cattle (Dairy cattle and milk production).

Dairy cattle and milk production (NAICS code 112120)
This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in milking dairy cattle.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in: raising, feeding or fattening cattle (Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots); raising dairy herd replacements (Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots); milking goats (Goat farming).

For farms involved in dairy cattle and milk production, the rule of fifty percent or more is altered slightly-only 40\% or more of agricultural sales are derived from the sale of dairy products and $10 \%$ or more from raising and selling dairy cattle.

## Hog and pig farming (NAICS code 112210)

This Canadian industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising hogs and pigs.

## Poultry and egg production (NAICS code 1123)

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in breeding, hatching and raising poultry for meat or egg production.

## Other animal production (NAICS code 112A)

NAICS code 112A, which has been created by the Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada, is a combination of the two following industry groups: Sheep and goat farming (NAICS code 1124) and Other animal production (NAICS code 1129). The first industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising sheep and goats, and feeding or fattening lambs. The second industry group comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry group, primarily engaged in raising animals, such as bees, horses and other equines, rabbits and other fur-bearing animals, llamas, deer, worms, crickets, laboratory animals and companion animals, for example dogs, cats, pet birds and other pets. The production of animal products, such as honey and other bee products, are also included. Establishments primarily engaged in raising a combination of animals, classified in other industries with no one predominating, are also included in this industry group.

A detailed description of the activities for each code and title of the classes of NAICS Canada is presented in Appendix D.

For a concordance between the farm type codes based on the NAICS structure and the previous WFDB codes based on the SIC structure, refer to Table A.2.
*Revenue: Refers to the total operating revenues. That is, all revenues from the sale of agricultural commodities as well as agriculture payments and subsidies. Also included are sales from forest products and interfarm sales.

The WFDB makes use of standard revenue classes, which are available for the preestablished tables. These pre-established classes are the same as those used by the Census of Agriculture when producing estimates. The levels are:
$\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 24,999$
$\$ 25,000$ to $\$ 49,999$
$\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 99,999$
$\$ 100,000$ to $\$ 249,999$
$\$ 250,000$ to $\$ 499,999$
$\$ 500,000$ and more

Type of organization: The types of organizations are defined as incorporated and unincorporated farms.

## Operator information

Age: Most data sources provide the age of the principal farm operator.
Sex: Data on the gender of the farm operator are also available from most data sources.
Marital status: Marital status is defined by 5 variables: married, widowed, divorced, separated or single.

For further information about operator variables and their availability, contact Agriculture Division.

[^9]| NAICS codes | Farm types | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAIS/ } \\ & \text { TDP } \end{aligned}$ | FFS | JCS | JLS | NFS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 111 | Crop production | x | x | x | x | x |
| 1111 | Oilseed and grain farming | x | x | x | x | x |
| 111110 | Soybean farming | x |  |  |  |  |
| 111120 | Oilseed (except soybean) farming | x |  | x | x | x |
| 111130 | Dry pea and bean farming | x |  | x | x | x |
| 111140 | Wheat farming | x |  | x | x | x |
| 111150 | Corn farming | x |  | x | x | x |
| 111160 | Rice farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111190 | Other grain farming | x | x | x | x | x |
| 1112 | Vegetable and melon farming | X | x | x | x | x |
| 111211 | Potato farming | x | x | x | x | x |
| 111219 | Other vegetable (except potato) and melon farming | x | X | x | X |  |
| 1113 | Fruit and tree nut farming | x | x | x | x |  |
| 111310 | Orange groves |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111320 | Citrus (except orange) groves |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111330 | Non-citrus fruit and tree nut farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1114 | Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture production | x | x | x | x | x |
| 111411 | Mushroom production | x |  | x | x |  |
| 111419 | Other food crops grown under cover |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111421 | Nursery and tree production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111422 | Floriculture production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111488 | * Nursery, floriculture and other greenhouse production | x | x | x | x | x |
| 1119 | Other crop farming | x | x | x | x | x |
| 111910 | Tobacco farming | x | x | x | x | x |
| 111920 | Cotton farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111930 | Sugar cane farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111940 | Hay farming | x |  | x | x | x |
| 111993 | Fruit and vegetable combination farming | x |  | x | x | x |
| 111999 | All other miscellaneous crop farming | x | x | x | x | x |
| 112 | Animal production | x | x | x | x | x |
| 1121 | Cattle ranching and farming | x | x | x | x | x |
| 112110 | Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots | x | x | x | x | x |
| 112120 | Dairy cattle and milk production | x | x | x | x | x |
| 1122 | Hog and pig farming | x | X | X | X | x |
| 112210 | Hog and pig farming | x | x | x | x | x |

* Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada created this code. The official NAICS coding is 1114A.

| NAICS codes | Farm types | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAIS } \\ & \text { /TDP } \end{aligned}$ | FFS | JCS | JLS | NFS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1123 | Poultry and egg production** | X | X | X | X | X |
| 112310 | Chicken egg production | X | X | X | X | X |
| 112320 | Broiler and other meat-type chicken production |  | X |  |  | X |
| 112330 | Turkey production |  | X |  |  |  |
| 112391 | Combination poultry and egg production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112399 | All other poultry production |  | X |  |  |  |
| $\downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112388 | Broiler, turkey and all other poultry production | X |  | X | X | X |
| 112340 | Poultry hatcheries | X |  | X | X |  |
| 1124 | Sheep and goat farming | X | X | X | X | X |
| 112410 | Sheep farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112420 | Goat farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1125 | Animal aquaculture |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112510 | Animal aquaculture |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1129 | Other animal production | X | X | X | X | X |
| 112910 | Apiculture | X | X | X | X |  |
| 112930 | Fur-bearing animal and rabbit production | X | X | X | X |  |
| 112920 | Horse and other equine production |  | X |  |  |  |
| 112999 | All other miscellaneous animal production |  | X |  |  |  |
| 112988 | Horse and all other animal production | X |  | X | X |  |
| 112991 | Animal combination farming | X | X | X | X | X |
| 112888 | Other animal production*** | X | X | X | X | X |

* Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada created this code. The official NAICS coding is 1123A, 1129A and 112A.
** Starting with reference year 2001, NAICS code 1123 includes NAICS code 112340 for the CAIS/TDP, JCS and JLS.
*** NAICS code 112888 includes NAICS code 1124 and NAICS code 1129.

| NAICS codes | Farm types | WFDB codes based on SIC** |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CAIS } \\ & \text { /TDP } \end{aligned}$ | FFS | JCS | JLS | NFS |
| 111 | Crop production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1111 | Oilseed and grain farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111110 | Soybean farming | 1330 |  |  |  |  |
| 111120 | Oilseed (except soybean) farming | 1330 |  | 1330 | 1330 | 1330 |
| 111130 | Dry pea and bean farming | 1360 |  | 1360 | 1360 | 1360 |
| 111140 | Wheat farming | 1310 |  | 1310 | 1310 | 1310 |
| 111150 | Corn farming | 1340 |  | 1340 | 1340 | 1340 |
| 111160 | Rice farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111190 | Other grain farming | 1320 | 1396 | 1320 | 1320 | 1320 |
|  |  | 1405 |  | 1396 | 1396 | 1405 |
|  |  |  |  | 1405 | 1405 |  |
| 1112 | Vegetable and melon farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111211 | Potato farming | 1380 | 1380 | 1380 | 1380 | 1380 |
| 111219 | Other vegetable (except potato) and melon farming | 1520 | 1520 | 1520 | 1520 |  |
| 1113 | Fruit and tree nut farming | 1510 | 1510 | 1510 | 1510 |  |
| 111310 | Orange groves |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111320 | Citrus (except orange) groves |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111330 | Non-citrus fruit and tree nut farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1114 | Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111411 | Mushroom production | 1610 |  | 1610 | 1610 |  |
| 111419 | Other food crops grown under cover |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111421 | Nursery and tree production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111422 | Floriculture production |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\downarrow}{111488}$ | Nursery, floriculture and other greenhouse production | 1625 | 1620 | 1625 | 1625 | 1625 |
|  |  | 1693 | 1625 | 1693 | 1693 |  |
| 1119 | Other crop farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111910 | Tobacco farming | 1370 | 1370 | 1370 | 1370 | 1370 |
| 111920 | Cotton farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111930 | Sugar cane farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111940 | Hay farming | 1350 |  | 1350 | 1350 | 1350 |
| 111993 | Fruit and vegetable combination farming | 1590 |  | 1590 | 1590 | 1590 |
| 111999 | All other miscellaneous crop farming | 1390 | 1320 | 1390 | 1390 | 1409 |
|  |  | 1395 | 1390 | 1395 | 1395 |  |
|  |  | 1409 | 1397 | 1397 | 1397 |  |
|  |  | 1691 | 1692 | 1400 | 1409 |  |
|  |  | 1692 | 1700 | 1409 | 1690 |  |
|  |  | 1694 |  | 1690 | 1691 |  |
|  |  | 1699 |  | 1691 | 1692 |  |
|  |  | 1700 |  | 1692 | 1699 |  |
| * Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada created this code. The official NAICS coding is 1114A. <br> ** For titles, see Table A.3. |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| NAICS codes | Farm types | CAIS <br> /TDP | WFDB codes based on SIC** |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | FFS | JCS | JLS | NFS |
| 112 | Animal production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1121 | Cattle ranching and farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112110 | Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots | 1120 | 1121 | 1120 | 1120 | 1121 |
|  |  |  | 1122 |  |  | 1122 |
|  |  |  | 1123 |  |  | 1123 |
|  |  |  | 1124 |  |  | 1124 |
| 112120 | Dairy cattle and milk production | 1110 | 1110 | 1110 | 1110 | 1110 |
| 1122 | Hog and pig farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112210 | Hog and pig farming | 1130 | 1131 | 1130 | 1130 | 1131 |
|  |  |  | 1132 |  |  | 1132 |
|  |  |  | 1133 |  |  | 1133 |
|  |  |  | 1134 |  |  | 1134 |
| 1123 | Poultry and egg production*** |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112310 | Chicken egg production | 1142 | 1142 | 1142 | 1142 | 1142 |
|  |  |  | 1144 |  |  |  |
| 112320 | Broiler and other meat-type chicken production |  | 1141 |  |  | 1141 |
| 112330 | Turkey production |  | 1143 |  |  |  |
| 112391 | Combination poultry and egg production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112399 | All other poultry production |  | 1144 |  |  |  |
| 112388 | Broiler, turkey and all other poultry production | 1141 |  | 1140 | 1140 | 1149 |
|  |  | 1149 |  | 1141 | 1141 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1149 | 1149 |  |
| 112340 | Poultry hatcheries | 1145 |  | 1145 | 1145 |  |
| 1124 | Sheep and goat farming | 1150 | 1150 | 1150 | 1150 | 1150 |
| 112410 | Sheep farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112420 | Goat farming |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1125 | Animal aquaculture |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112510 | Animal aquaculture |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1129 | Other animal production |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112910 | Apiculture | 1210 | 1210 | 1210 | 1210 |  |
| 112930 | Fur-bearing animal and rabbit production | 1230 | 1230 | 1230 | 1230 |  |
| 112920 | Horse and other equine production |  | 1220 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1290 |  |  |  |
| 112999$\downarrow$ | All other miscellaneous animal production |  | 1290 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112988 * | Horse and all other animal production | 1290 |  | 1220 | 1220 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1290 | 1290 |  |
| * Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada created this code. The official NAICS coding is 1123A and 1129A. <br> ** For titles, see Table A.3. <br> *** Starting with reference year 2001, NAICS code 1123 includes NAICS code 112340 for the CAIS/TDP, JCS and JLS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  |  | WFDB | codes | ased | IC** |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NAICS Codes | Farm Types | CAIS /TDP | FFS | JCS | JLS | NFS |
| 112991 | Animal combination farming | $\begin{aligned} & 1190 \\ & 1299 \\ & 1700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1190 \\ & 1700 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1190 \\ & 1200 \\ & 1299 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1190 \\ & 1299 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1190 \\ & 1299 \end{aligned}$ |
| * Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada created this code. The official NAICS coding is 112A. <br> ** For titles, see Table A.3. <br> *** NAICS code 112A includes NAICS code 1124 and NAICS code 1129. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table A. 3 Farm type codes and titles based on SIC structure

## WFDB codes based - Farm types <br> on SIC

1100
1110
1120
1121
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1400
1405

## Livestock

Dairy
Cattle
Cattle, cow-calf
Cattle, feeders - cow-calf
Cattle, feedlot cattle
Cattle, other cattle
Hogs
Hogs, farrowing
Hogs, finishing
Hogs, farrowing and finishing
Hogs, other hogs
Poultry and eggs
Poultry
Eggs
Turkeys
Other poultry
Hatchery
Poultry and egg combination
Sheep, goats and lambs
Livestock combination

Other animal specialty
Honey and related products
Horses and other equines
Furs and skins
Aquaculture
Artificial insemination*
Other animal specialty
Animal combination total

Field crops
Wheat
Small grains
Oilseeds
Grain corn
Forage crop
Dry peas and beans
Tobacco
Potatoes
Other field crops
Grains
Specialty crops
Crops unspecified (Quebec only)

Field crop combination
Grains and oilseeds combination
(combination of wheat, small grains, oilseeds, grain corn, or dry peas and beans)

* In NAICS, artificial insemination is included under code 115210 (Support activities for animal production).


## Table A. 3 Farm type codes and titles based on SIC structure (concluded)

WFDB codes based
on SIC

1409 Other field crop combination
9990 All grains and oilseeds (including all of sections 1300 and 1400, except for 1350, 1370,
1380, 1390, 1397 and 1409)

1500
1510
Fruits and vegetables

1520
Fruits

1590
Vegetables
Fruit and vegetable combination

1600
1610
1620
Horticulture
Mushrooms
Greenhouse
1625
1690
1691
1692
1693
1694
1699

1700

1800
Greenhouse and nursery
Other horticultural products
Ginseng
Maple products
Christmas trees
Other horticultural specialty
Horticulture combination

Livestock, field crop and horticulture combination
No farm type assigned

## Appendix B Description of CAIS/TDP variables

## Description of CAIS/TDP variables

The WFDB offers a wide range of physical and financial variables from several survey sources. The suggested formats are listed in Table 2.1 (pages 10 to 15). Although other variables are available, those listed in the table are recommended as the most reliable estimates, maximizing the usefulness of each of the data sources.

The CAIS/TDP suggested variables are listed and described below and on the subsequent pages. All of the 4 digit codes signify aggregations and their contents are listed and described wherever necessary.

## Revenues

## R2040 Total operating revenues - includes:

R2020 Total crop revenues - includes:
R2005 Total grain and oilseed revenues - includes:
R400 All wheat - winter wheat, spring wheat, durum wheat, red spring wheat and utility wheat ${ }^{1}$
R401 Oats ${ }^{1}$
R402 Barley ${ }^{1}$
R405 Canola (Rapeseed) ${ }^{1}$
R406 Soybeans ${ }^{1}$
R407 Corn - grain corn and seed corn ${ }^{1}$
R423 Other and non-specified small grains - used when an aggregate amount or an amount for other small grains is reported ${ }^{1}$
R2002 Other and non-specified grains and oilseeds - rye, flaxseed, dry peas and beans (white beans, kidney beans, dry peas, dry lentils and dry pulses) and other and non-specified oilseeds ${ }^{1}$

R2000 Total other crop revenues - includes:
R410 Potatoes - table potatoes, seed and processing potatoes
R2006 Fruits and vegetables - includes:
R421 fruits
R411 vegetables (non-greenhouse) - artichokes, asparagus, wax and green beans, table beets, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, sweet corn, cucumbers, garlic, horseradish, leeks, lettuce, onions, peas, peppers, pumpkins, radishes, rhubarb, edible rutabagas (turnips), spinach, squash, tomatoes, and vegetable seeds

R412 Tobacco - flue-cured, leaf and dark tobacco
R2011 Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture products - includes:
R414 mushrooms
R415 greenhouse and nursery products - nursery, greenhouse or floriculture operations (Also included: ornamental plants, shrubs and trees; cut and field grown flowers; rooted cuttings; seeds and bulbs; and sod and turf farms)

[^10]R471 Christmas trees
R435 Forage crops (including forage seed) - hay, alfalfa, clover and clover seed, alsike clover, timothy and fescue, as well as grass seed farming

R437 Unspecified crops (Quebec only) - used when an aggregate amount for crop revenues is reported (applicable before 1993)

R2012 Other crops - includes:
R413 ginseng
R427 other field crops - sugar beets, hops, mangels and turnips (for livestock feed)
R465 maple products - maple syrup, maple sugar, or maple taffy

## R2025 Total livestock and product revenues - includes:

R2016 Cattle - includes:
R440 livestock sold - cattle - steers (feeder and stocker), heifers, cows (dairy and beef), calves and bulls
R468 embryo transplants ${ }^{2}$
R441 Swine - also referred to as hogs, weaner pigs, gilts, feeders, sows, stags, boars, and pigs

R2017 Poultry and eggs - includes:
R442 livestock sold - poultry - chicks, pullets, hens, cockerels, capons, commercial broilers and roasters, turkeys, ducks, geese and other fowl
R445 eggs
R497 chicks from hatcheries and hatching eggs ${ }^{3}$
R443 Sheep and goats - sheep, goats, lambs, wool, and goat's milk
R2018 Dairy products and subsidies - includes:
R450 milk and cream - for both fluid and industrial purposes
R455 dairy subsidies
R2019 Other livestock and products - includes:
R444 livestock sold - other - other livestock such as horses, ponies, dogs, etc.
R460 bees, honey - bees, honey (natural and processed), and beeswax
R461 furs - fur-bearing animals raised in captivity and/or fur pelts, includes fox ranching, chinchilla ranching, mink ranching, and rabbit farming
R477 PMU (pregnant mare urine)
R498 aquaculture ${ }^{3}$
R499 artificial insemination, semen, stud service ${ }^{3}$ and embryo transplants ${ }^{4}$

## R2030 Total other revenues - includes:

R3011 Program payments and insurance proceeds - includes income from provincial stabilization programs, the now-terminated Gross Revenue Insurance Plan (GRIP), payments and other subsidies (such as hog incentive programs, acreage payments, assistance for clearing land and government grants), plus aggregate amounts reported for subsidies, patronage dividends and reimbursements. Program payments also include insurance proceeds from programs (private and government) for crops and livestock due to adverse weather conditions, disease or other reasons. Disaster assistance payments from federal and provincial programs are also included. Dairy subsidies are not included

[^11]in program payments nor are Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization (CAIS) withdrawals of unincorporated farms.

R475 Custom work and machine rental - custom work, contract work, machinery leasing or rental, hauling, custom trucking, harvesting, combining, crop dusting or spraying, seeding, drying, packing, cleaning and treating of seeds

R2027 Rental income - includes:
R457 quota rental income - (milk quota, tobacco quota, etc.)
R481 rental income: land and buildings
R482 other rental income - surface rental of oil or natural gas properties, right-of-way or road rent

R2021 Other forest products - includes:
R470 wood (including stumpage fees) - logs, trees, wooden fence posts or any related forest products such as chips or slab wood
less R353 logging expenses

R2004 Cash advances (Net) - R425 cash advances less R315 cash advances repayment Note: this includes any Wheat Board Payments reported on statement.

R2029 Miscellaneous revenues - includes:
R459 quota refund or levy refunds
R467 sand or gravel - sand, gravel, soil or top soil
R479 GST
R480 patronage dividends - (grain pools, payments from cooperatives, co-op proceeds, etc.)
R500 other farm income excluding rental income - miscellaneous, other or sundry income
R508 profit share income (or share)
R649 inputs bought for resale - sold - agricultural commodities sold which were bought, but no agricultural process applied to them (fertilizers sold for resale, chemicals sold for resale, wood sold for resale, etc.)
R650 outputs bought for resale - sold - agricultural commodities bought in addition to what was grown or produced (grain, fruits, produce, vegetables or berries, etc.)
R651 horse racing income ( $<100 \%$ ) - relates to R 354 horse racing expenses below (used when any horse racing expenses reported)
less R351 inputs bought for resale (see R649 inputs bought for resale above) less R352 outputs bought for resale (see R650 outputs bought for resale above) less R354 horse racing expense (<100\%) (see R651 horse racing income above)

## R2045 Total income adjustments - includes:

R458 Quota sale income

R469 Capital cost allowance (CCA) recaptured - capital cost allowance recovered, recaptured from last year, etc.

R2041 Inventory adjustments - includes:
R635 mandatory inventory adjustment ${ }^{5}$
R641 optional inventory adjustment ${ }^{5}$
R2042 Non-applicable income - income not earned from the sale of farm products

## R2050 Gross farm income for tax purposes (R2040 + R2045)

[^12]
## Expenses

## R2140 Total operating expenses - includes:

## R2105 Total crop expenses - includes:

R230 Fertilizer and lime
R235 Pesticides - pesticides, herbicides, insecticides and fungicides or any other type of chemical such as sprays or dusts applied to crops or animals

R240 Seed and plants - also ornamental plants, rooted cuttings and bulbs
R264 Non-specified greenhouse and nursery expenses - used when an aggregate amount is reported for greenhouse and nursery (prior to 1990)

R265 Containers, twine and baling wire - bags, containers, twine, all types of materials used to package, contain or ship farm produce or products

R2102 Other crop expenses - includes:
R314 irrigation - any expense directly associated with irrigation on the farm including water rights
R324 crop supplies - used when an aggregate or a single amount is reported for "crop supplies"

## R2110 Total livestock expenses - includes:

R245 Cattle purchases - cattle, feeders, stockers, dairy or beef cows, bulls, and calves ${ }^{6}$
R246 Swine purchases - hogs such as service boars, gilts, sows, and weaner pigs ${ }^{6}$
R247 Poultry and egg purchases - chicks, pullets, broilers, layer hens, ducks, geese, turkeys, and other fowl ${ }^{6}$

R248 Sheep and lamb purchases - sheep, lambs, and goats ${ }^{6}$
R249 Other livestock purchases - horses, ponies, minks, foxes, rabbits, ostriches, and bees (or colonies) ${ }^{6}$

R250 Feed, supplements, straw and bedding - hay, straw, feed grains such as oats, barley, and corn; supplements such as salts, minerals, vitamins, concentrates and milk replacer; and beddings items such as shavings, chips, and sawdust

R255 Veterinary fees, medicine and breeding fees - veterinary fees and medicine as well as breeding fees, stud service and semen, embryo transplants, disease testing, neutering or spaying

R2107 Other livestock expenses - includes:
R312 D.H.I.A. and animal grading - Dairy Herd Improvement Association expenses and animal grading
R323 dairy or livestock supplies

## R2120 Total machinery expenses - includes:

R270 Small tools

[^13]R2111 Net fuel expenses, machinery, truck, auto - includes:
R220 machinery and truck expenses - gasoline, diesel and oil
R225 automobile expenses (Farm Share) - gasoline and oil less R485 gasoline tax rebates

R2112 Repairs, licenses and insurance - includes:
R221 machinery and truck expenses - repairs, licenses and insurance
R226 automobile expenses (Farm Share) - repairs, insurance and licenses/permits

## R2135 Total general expenses - includes:

R2121 Salaries (including CPP, QPP, EI) - includes:
R195 salaries (including CPP, QPP, or EI) - wages and salaries paid to hire help together with the cost of their board. Also includes wages and salaries paid to children and spouses and all employee benefits
less salaries or wages paid to self

R2122 Rent - includes:
R205 rent (land, buildings and pasture)
R318 quota rental
R275 Insurance

R285 Telephone (farm share)
R2123 Net electricity (farm share) - includes:
R290 electricity (farm share)
less R488 electricity rebates
R295 Heating fuel (farm share) - natural gas, coal or oil to heat farm buildings, as well as curing fuel for tobacco and fuel for crop-drying or greenhouses

R300 Custom work and machine rental - harvesting, combining, baling, threshing, crop dusting and spraying, soil preparation, planting and cultivating, grain drying, seed cleaning and treating, sheep dipping and shearing, livestock spraying, soil testing, blacksmithing, animal boarding and grooming, slaughtering, butchering, cutting and wrapping; and rental or leasing of machinery used for purpose of generating farm income

R2126 Net interest expenses - includes interest paid on real estate mortgages, machinery loans, etc.
less R487 interest rebates
R2127 Net property tax - includes:
R215 property taxes on agricultural land and buildings as well as farm share of principal dwelling, also school and municipal taxes
less R486 property tax or land rebates
R2128 Building and fence repairs
R2129 Marketing expenses - includes:
R305 freight and trucking - transportation of agricultural products to market
R328 selling costs - commissions, auctioneering charges, or road side stands
R332 marketing board fees - e.g., Milk Marketing Board, Egg Marketing Board, also dairy levies, milk quota or quota penalties

R2131 Miscellaneous farm expenses - includes:
R280 accounting, legal, office, advertising, memberships, subscriptions
R283 insurance program overpayment recapture

```
R308 share expenses
R311 sand, soil and gravel
R320 other farm expenses - miscellaneous or sundry
R322 farm supplies - e.g., oxygen and acetylene
R333 stabilization levies or fees (government levies)
R263 maple product expenses - when aggregate reported
R267 wood expenses - when aggregate reported
R307 raising expenses - when aggregate reported
R317 expense for bad debts (incorporated farms only)
R660 business use of home expense
less cost for saleable products consumed
less personal or non-business expenses
```


## R2500 Net operating income - R2040 total operating revenues less R2140 total operating expenses

## R2145 Total expense adjustments - includes:

R310 Clearing and improving land - drilling or digging wells, removing stumps or rocks, etc.
R316 Tile drainage
R2141 Inventory adjustments - includes: R326 mandatory inventory adjustment ${ }^{7}$
R327 optional inventory adjustment ${ }^{7}$
R330 Capital cost allowance - applies to amount deducted for depreciable property
R331 Allowance on eligible capital property - all eligible capital expenditures to purchase intangible capital property for use in the farm business, e.g., milk quotas, tobacco quotas or other government rights for an unlimited period

R350 Non-applicable expenses - expenses not incurred in order to produce farm income
R2142 Other expense adjustments - includes:
R319 quota purchased
R309 capital tax
R2150 Total expenses for tax purposes (R2140 + R2145)

## Additions and disposals of assets - until the 1995 taxation year

The following percentages represent the rate at which Canada Revenue Agency allows assets to be depreciated along with the more common items included in each class. For a more complete list of the depreciable assets included in each class, refer to the Farming Income Tax Guide.

## Class 1 4\%

buildings acquired after 1987
dams
Class $2 \quad 6 \%$
permanent piping

[^14]| Class 3 | 5\% <br> buildings acquired between 1978 and 1988 cement, steel, or stone docks cement or stone breakwaters |
| :---: | :---: |
| Class 6 | ```10% wood breakwaters greenhouses fences - all types wood, galvanized, or portable buildings and component parts``` |
| Class 7 | 15\% boats and component parts |
| Class 8 | 20\% <br> bee equipment <br> grain or seed cleaners <br> storage buildings drawn hay bailers and stookers tools over $\$ 200$ <br> silo and silo fillers, etc. |
| Class 9 | 25\% <br> aircraft acquired after May 25, 1976 <br> electric-generating equipment acquired before May 26, 1976 (not exceeding 15 Kw ) |
| Class 10 | 30\% <br> automobiles (incl. passenger vehicles - Class 10.1) tractors, trailers, trucks, wagons, and sleighs, etc. computer hardware and systems software |
| Class 12 | 100\% <br> tools under \$200 |
| Class 16 | 40\% aircraft acquired before May 26, 1976 |
| Class 17 | 8\% <br> roads and other surface areas (paved or concrete) |
| Class 34 | 25-50\% <br> wind-energy conversion equipment |
| Class 50 | Quota ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ |
| Class 60 | Other ${ }^{8}$ |

## Additions and disposals of assets ${ }^{9}$ - 1996 to 1999 taxation years

## Equipment (S140 and S240)

- class 7 boats and component parts
- class 8 bee equipment grain or seed cleaners

[^15]storage buildings
drawn hay bailers and stookers
tools over \$200
silo and silo fillers, etc.

- class 9 aircraft acquired after May 25, 1976 electric-generating equipment acquired before May 26, 1976 (not exceeding 15 Kw )
- class 10 automobiles (including passenger vehicles - Class 10.1) tractors, trailers, trucks, wagons, and sleighs, etc. computer hardware and systems software
- class 12 tools under \$200
- class 16 aircraft acquired before May 26, 1976
- class 17 roads and other surface areas (paved or concrete)
- class 34 wind-energy conversion equipment


## Building (S141 and S241)

- class 1 buildings acquired after 1987 dams
- class 2 permanent piping
- class 3 buildings acquired between 1978 and 1988
cement, steel, or stone docks
cement or stone breakwaters
- class 6 wood breakwaters
greenhouses
fences - all types
wood, galvanized, or portable buildings and component parts


## Land (S142 and S242)

- land

Quota ${ }^{10}$ (S150 and S250)

- class 50 quota

Other ${ }^{10}$ (S160 and S260)

- class 60 other


## Total (S198 and S298)

## Off-Farm Income ${ }^{11}$

## Total off-farm income - includes:

T6010 ${ }^{12}$ Wages and salaries - includes:
T101 employment income before deductions
T104 other employment income including tips and gratuities
less T109 deduction - other allowable expenses (applicable before 1988)
T6020 Net business income
T135 business income
T6030 Net professional income
T137 professional income

[^16]T6040 Net commission income
T139 commission income
T6050 Net fishing income
T143 fishing income
T6060 Net off-farm self-employment income
T6070 Investment income - includes:
T120 taxable amount of dividends
T126 net rental income
T121 interest and other investment income
T122 net limited partnership income
T6080 Pension income - includes:
T113 Old Age Security pension
T114 CPP and QPP benefits
T115 other pensions or superannuation
T146 net federal supplements ${ }^{13}$
T6090 Other off-farm income - includes:
T118 family allowance payments (applicable before 1993)
T119 Employment Insurance benefits ${ }^{14}$
T128 taxable amount of support payments received
T130 other income
T144 Workers' compensation benefits ${ }^{13}$
T145 social assistance payments ${ }^{13}$
TCHIL Canada Child Tax Benefit ${ }^{15}$
FAQUE Quebec family allowance ${ }^{16}$
FABC British Columbia family allowance ${ }^{17}$
FABEN family allowance ${ }^{18}$
T6092 RRSP
T129 registered retirement savings plan income ${ }^{19}$
T6095 Total other off-farm income

## T6105 Total off-farm income (excluding T6091 Taxable capital gains)

T6091 Taxable capital gains
T127 taxable capital gains

## T6100 Total off-farm income (including T6091 Taxable capital gains)

[^17]
## Appendix C Survey samples and methodologies

Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program

## The sample

The Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program (CAIS/TDP) samples unincorporated and incorporated taxfiler records annually to estimate a range of financial agricultural variables. Detailed income and expenses, and off-farm income of operators and farm families compose the variables produced by the CAIS/TDP. All of the standard variables and their codes are listed in Table 2.1 (pages 10 and 11).

From 1987 to 1989, the CAIS/TDP sampled both sectors (incorporated and unincorporated) for all of the non-Prairie provinces. The unincorporated sector of the Prairie provinces was sampled in 1987. For the 1990 taxation year and all subsequent years, the sample includes both sectors in all of the provinces.

For further information about the sample size of all surveys, refer to Table C. 1 WFDB Provincial Data Availability and Sample Size by Sector.

## The methodology

CAIS/TDP data are compiled from two separate sources: the Self-Employment File for Agriculture (SEFA), from which a sample of unincorporated farm tax returns is randomly selected; and the CORTAX ${ }^{1}$ (Corporation Tax Processing System) file, from which is selected a random sample of tax returns filed by incorporated operations classified as farms under the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) ${ }^{2}$ and that have sales exceeding $\$ 25,000$. In 2003, the sampling rates of the unincorporated sector varied from a complete census in Newfoundland and Labrador to about $27 \%$ in Quebec. In the incorporated sector, the sampling rates ranged from a complete census in the Atlantic provinces to about 39\% in Ontario.

The source of data of the unincorporated sector is currently comprised of three different types of taxfiler returns: traditional printed forms, electronic forms (since 1992) and joint CAIS-CRA ${ }^{3}$ tax returns (since 1997). Unincorporated farm data originating from printed forms are captured by CRA staff at several CRA regional taxation centres and forwarded to Statistics Canada in electronic format. CRA also supplies Statistics Canada with the electronically filed returns and data from the joint CAIS-CRA farming return throughout the year.

For the incorporated sector, Statistics Canada captured all of the financial data (i.e. detailed revenues, expenses, additions and disposals) from corporate farm taxation returns up to and including the 1999 data year. Starting with the 2000 taxation year, corporate farming data have been supplied electronically by CRA from a file termed General Index of Financial Information (GIFI).

[^18]Data from all sources (unincorporated, incorporated) are subjected to a series of customized editing and imputation procedures designed and updated annually by Statistics Canada. Top contributors for each province are verified for accuracy for all income and expense variables. Raw data are eventually expanded by the sampling "weight" (adjusted by partnership share if applicable), and aggregated to arrive at final estimates designed to represent the entire farm taxfiler population.

More information on the sample and methodology of the CAIS/TDP is available in the publications listed in Section 3.2 entitled Farm and Off-Farm Income Statistics - Internet publications.

Note: Since the 1993 taxation year, communal farming organizations have been in-scope for the Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program. A census of communal organizations that reported farming income on their T3 Trust Income Tax and Information Return is performed. Estimates with or without these organizations can be obtained upon request.

## Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program - Off-farm income

There are three statistical series on off-farm income: farm operators operating incorporated or unincorporated agricultural holdings; farm operators operating single unincorporated agricultural holdings; and families operating single unincorporated agricultural holdings.

Items in total operator's off-farm income are estimated using the same approach as in the case of farm items except that the "weight" is not multiplied by the partnership share of the entity. However, the weight of entities involved in more than one farm is divided by the number of occurrences. These procedures also take into account corporations that do not provide the social insurance number of shareholders on their tax return. The calculated weighted off-farm income items are summed by domain to produce the total off-farm income items. These procedures take into account the possibility that the sampled records reporting farm income could include sales that should not be considered as agricultural sales.

The sample and methodology for estimates on off-farm family income differ somewhat from the rest of the CAIS/TDP because they are the result of a record linkage. CAIS/TDP tax records are linked with a family file to produce total estimates for farm families. The family file is created by the Small Area and Administrative Data Division (SAADD) within Statistics Canada. SAADD's family file (T1FF) combines individual taxation records in order to create groups modeled after Census families ${ }^{4}$.

[^19]The CAIS/TDP target family population (for off-farm family income statistics) is designed to include only those families operating single unincorporated agricultural holdings (single-farm families). The CAIS/TDP family sample is in effect a subsample of the regular CAIS/TDP sample.

More information on the sample and methodology of the CAIS/TDP off-farm family estimates is available from Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada.

## National Farm Survey

## The sample

The National Farm Survey (NFS) was conducted annually until the 1992 reference year and covered all the provinces. The three main types of agricultural variables targeted were: cropland areas, livestock inventories, and certain financial components. All of the NFS variables that are recommended by the WFDB for the suggested formats are listed in Table 2.1 (page 12). For the 1988-1992 reference years, a sample of over 40,000 farms was used. Further information on data availability can be obtained from the Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada

## The methodology

Two types of sampling frames were used: a list frame and an area frame. The country was divided into three main geographical regions: the Canadian Wheat Board region (CWB), Ontario and Quebec, and the Maritimes (along with the part of British Columbia not included in the CWB). All farms that registered annual agricultural sales of $\$ 250$ or more were included in the survey. The area frame is made up of geographic regions and allows us to include agricultural holdings that did not exist at the time of the last Census.

The data collection process began with detailed questionnaires requesting information on the size and use of farm land, detailed livestock inventories, and selected financial variables. These questionnaires then went through an extensive edit process which involved imputations for partial respondents. Sampling weights were adjusted for non-respondents and then assigned to the "usable" questionnaires to produce estimates.

## June Crops Survey

## The sample

The June Crops Survey (JCS) is one of a series of annual probability surveys conducted for the main field crops in Canada in order to collect and disseminate data on seeding intentions, acreage seeded and harvested, yields, production and inventories.

In 2003, a sample of approximately 39,900 farms was drawn. This survey includes the acreage that growers seeded with field crops at the end of the 2002-2003 crop-year. All of the JCS variables that are recommended by the WFDB for the suggested formats are listed in Table 2.1 (page 13).

## The methodology

Every five years, the Census of Agriculture gathers information on agricultural holdings throughout Canada, including institutional farms, community pastures, Indian reserves, etc. The Census of Agriculture provides a list of the farms and their productive acreage, and it is on the basis of this list that a probability sample for the June Crops Survey is selected.

Only the "list"-type frame is used for the June Crops Survey since $1996{ }^{5}$. In 1998, this list represented all agricultural holdings in Canada as enumerated in the Census of Agriculture, except for institutional farms, community pastures, farms on Indian reserves and farms in the territories. Prior to 1998, Newfoundland and Labrador was excluded from the frame. This frame is stratified into homogeneous groups according to census characteristics (for example: farm size, productive acreage and farm type) and also according to provincial geographic boundaries.

The data collection process is undertaken through the system of "Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviews" (CATI). With the CATI system, edit procedures can be carried out during the interview itself, thus lessening the need for telephone follow-up and reducing the respondent burden. No imputation is carried out for missing data. Theoretical weighting factors are adjusted through a process called weighting factor adjustment in cases of partial or total non-response.

Note: The June Crops Survey data loaded on the WFDB are survey indicators and may differ from the estimates released by the Crops Section. The estimates in the WFDB have not been adjusted to take into account administrative data and to reflect the results of the 1996 and 2001 Census of Agriculture.

## July Livestock Survey

## The sample

The July Livestock Survey (JLS) is a probability survey conducted each year. The farms surveyed are asked to report all animals within the agricultural holding, regardless of ownership.

In 2003, a sample was drawn of approximately 26,600 farms. Data were collected by means of the "Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviews" (CATI) system. All of the WFDB suggested formats for these data are listed in Table 2.1 (page 13).

## The methodology

Every five years, through the Census of Agriculture, information is gathered on all farms in Canada. Census farms include all agricultural holdings whose output is intended for sale, including feedlots, institutional farms, farms on Indian reserves, community pasture reserves, etc.

[^20]Only the "list"-type frame is used for the July Livestock Survey since 1996. In 1998, this list represented all farms identified in the most recent Census, except for institutional farms, community pastures, farms on Indian reserves and farms in the territories. In 1993 and 1994, Newfoundland and Labrador was excluded from the frame.

The data collection process is conducted by CATI. With the CATI system, edit procedures can be carried out during the interview itself, thus lessening the need for telephone follow-up and reducing the respondent burden. Farmers must report their inventories as of July 1. The questionnaires are put through numerous edit and imputation procedures before the final estimates are produced.

Note: Total estimates on cattle and calves, pigs, and sheep and lambs inventory that were obtained from the July Livestock Survey and that are part of the WFDB have been adjusted to take into account administrative data and to reflect the results of the 1996 and 2001 Census of Agriculture.

## Farm Financial Survey

## The sample

Before 1992, the Farm Financial Survey (FFS) was known as the Farm Credit Corporation (FCC) survey. The FCC survey was conducted in 1981, 1984, 1988 and 1990 (collecting data for 1980, 1983, 1987 and 1989). Beginning in 1992, the FFS sampled about 12,000 farms to collect annual detailed financial data. In 1993, however, due to budget constraints, the FFS reduced its sample to include only the Prairie provinces and British Columbia. Between 1994 and 2002, this survey has been conducted on a biennial basis only. In 2003, it was decided that this survey would be conducted on an annual basis. For 2004 the sample size was approximately 21,100 . While the relatively small sample size may constrain some disaggregations, it is capable of providing reliable financial agricultural data. All of the WFDB suggested formats for these data are listed in Table 2.1 (pages 14 and 15).

## The methodology

The Farm Financial Survey uses only a list frame since $1996^{6}$ to estimate detailed financial variables. In past survey occasions, fiscal farms were added to the frame. For the FFS 2004, however, fiscal farms were not added. Instead, farms contacted by the 2003 Farm Update Survey (FUS) were the main source of additional farms. Completed survey questionnaires are subjected to several edit and imputation procedures before the actual estimates are finalized.

More information on the sample and methodology of the Farm Financial Survey is available in the publication Farm Financial Survey (refer to Section 3.3 entitled Farm Financial Survey (FFS) - Internet publication).

[^21]More detailed information on the methodology of the Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program, the National Farm Survey, the June Crops Survey, the July Livestock Survey and the Farm Financial Survey is available from Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada.

Table C. $1 \quad$ WFDB - Provincial data availability and sample size by sector (standard output format)


[^22]Table C. 1 WFDB - Provincial data availability and sample size by sector (standard output format) - continued

| Reference year | Variables | Availability | SampusableUnincorporated <br> sector (T1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ize } \\ & \text { cords } \\ & \text { Incorporated } \\ & \text { sector (T2) } \end{aligned}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program - concluded |  |  | Number of tax records |  |  |
| 1997 | Revenues \& expenses and Additions \& disposals ${ }^{14}$ | All provinces | 114,351 | 11,782 | 126,133 ${ }^{15}$ |
|  | Operator off-farm income (T1 only) ${ }^{16}$ | All provinces | 109,608 |  | 109,608 |
|  | Operator off-farm income | All provinces | 114,351 | 15,665 | 130,016 |
|  | Farm family off-farm income | All provinces | 84,053 | - | 84,053 |
| 1998 | Revenues \& expenses and Additions \& disposals ${ }^{14}$ | All provinces | 129,449 | 8,800 | $138,249^{15}$ |
|  | Operator off-farm income (T1 only) ${ }^{16}$ | All provinces | 123,965 | - | 123,965 |
|  | Operator off-farm income | All provinces | 129,449 | 11,185 | 140,634 |
|  | Farm family off-farm income | All provinces | 93,450 | - | 93,450 |
| 1999 | Revenues \& expenses and Additions \& disposals ${ }^{14}$ | All provinces | 127,695 | 10,764 | $138,459{ }^{15}$ |
|  | Operator off-farm income (T1 only) ${ }^{16}$ | All provinces | 122,132 | - | 122,132 |
|  | Operator off-farm income | All provinces | 127,695 | 14,322 | 142,017 |
|  | Farm family off-farm income | All provinces | 91,569 | - | 91,569 |
| 2000 | Revenues \& expenses | All provinces | 132,824 | 9,984 | $142,808{ }^{15}$ |
|  | Operator off-farm income (T1 only) ${ }^{16}$ | All provinces | 127,076 | - | 127,076 |
|  | Operator off-farm income | All provinces | 132,824 | 15,263 | 148,087 |
|  | Farm family off-farm income | All provinces | 94,539 | - | 94,539 |
| 2001 | Revenues \& expenses | All provinces | 141,767 | 11,634 | $153,401{ }^{15}$ |
|  | Operator off-farm income (T1 only) ${ }^{16}$ | All provinces | 135,599 | 10, ${ }^{-}$ | 135,599 |
|  | Operator off-farm income | All provinces | 141,767 | 19,973 | 161,740 |
|  | Farm family off-farm income | All provinces | 99,266 | - | 99,266 |
| 2002 | Revenues \& expenses | All provinces | 142,263 | 12,979 | 155,242 |
|  | Operator off-farm income (T1 only) ${ }^{16}$ | All provinces | 136,083 | - ${ }^{-}$ | 136,083 |
|  | Operator off-farm income | All provinces | 142,263 | 23,125 | 165,388 |
|  | Farm family off-farm income | All provinces | 99,304 | - | 99,304 |
| 2003 |  | All provinces | 133,253 | 13,234 | 146,487 |
|  | Operator off-farm income (T1 only) ${ }^{16}$ | All provinces | 126,718 | - | 126,718 |
|  | Operator off-farm income | All provinces | 133,253 | 23,847 | 157,100 |
|  | Farm family off-farm income | All provinces | - | - | - |

[^23]Table C. $1 \quad$ WFDB - Provincial data availability and sample size by sector (standard output format) - continued

| Reference year | Variables | Availability | Samp usable Unincorporated sector | cords Incorporated sector | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ber of farms |  |
| June Crops Survey |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1993 | Cropland acreages | All except Newfoundland and Labrador | 18,523 | 2,156 | 20,679 |
| 1994 | Cropland acreages | All except Newfoundland and Labrador | 19,676 | 2,246 | 21,922 |
| 1995 | Cropland acreages | All except Newfoundland and Labrador | 18,863 | 2,228 | 21,091 |
| 1996 | Cropland acreages | All except Newfoundland and Labrador | 21,259 | 2,435 | 23,694 |
| 1997 | Cropland acreages | All except Newfoundland and Labrador | 19,440 | 2,211 | 21,651 |
| 1998 | Cropland acreages | All provinces | 20,679 | 2,038 | 22,717 |
| 1999 | Cropland acreages | All provinces | 20,997 | 2,373 | 23,370 |
| 2000 | Cropland acreages | All provinces | 19,722 | 2,401 | 22,123 |
| 2001 | Cropland acreages | All provinces | 19,487 | 2,838 | 22,325 |
| 2002 | Cropland acreages | All provinces | 16,981 | 2,871 | 19,852 |
| 2003 | Cropland acreages | All provinces | 18,570 | 3,618 | 22,188 |
| July Livestock Survey |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1993$ | Livestock inventories | All except Newfoundland and Labrador | 19,588 | 2,772 | 22,360 |
| 1994 | Livestock inventories | All except Newfoundland and Labrador | 20,082 | 2,700 | 22,782 |
| 1995 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 18,942 | 2,646 | 21,588 |
| 1996 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 18,488 | 2,619 | 21,107 |
| 1997 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 16,561 | 2,380 | 18,941 |
| 1998 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 18,792 | 2,389 | 21,181 |
| 1999 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 18,807 | 2,644 | 21,451 |
| 2000 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 18,288 | 2,660 | 20,948 |
| 2001 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 17,968 | 2,985 | 20,953 |
| 2002 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 16,982 | 3,210 | 20,192 |
| 2003 | Livestock inventories | All provinces | 18,347 | 4,171 | 22,518 |

[^24]Table C. $1 \quad$ WFDB - Provincial data availability and sample size by sector (standard output format) - concluded


[^25]
## Appendix D Description of NAICS codes

## Descriptions

The codes and titles of the classes of NAICS Canada are shown with a detailed description of the activities of which, each is comprised. The class description is followed by a few important exclusions that identify activities classified elsewhere in NAICS, with the code to which the activity is classified. Finally, a list of example activities that belong to the class is presented.

## 11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting

This sector comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing crops, raising animals, harvesting timber, harvesting fish and other animals from their natural habitats and providing related support activities.

Establishments primarily engaged in agricultural research or that supply veterinary services are not included in this sector.

## 111 Crop production

This subsector comprises establishments, such as farms, orchards, groves, greenhouses and nurseries, primarily engaged in growing crops, plants, vines, trees and their seeds (excluding those engaged in forestry operations). Industries have been created taking into account input factors, such as suitable land, climatic conditions, type of equipment, and the amount and type of labour required. The production process is typically completed when the raw product or commodity grown reaches the "farm gate" for market, that is, at the point of first sale or price determination. An establishment is classified to a NAICS industry or a national level industry within this subsector provided that fifty percent or more of the establishment's agricultural production consists of the crops of the industry. Establishments with fifty percent or more crop production and with no one product or family of products of an industry accounting for fifty percent of the production are treated as combination crop farms and classified to 11199, All other crop farming, except for establishments with fifty percent or more in the production of oilseeds and grain, which are classified to 11119, Other grain farming.

## 1111 Oilseed and grain farming

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing oilseeds and grains. Establishments primarily engaged in producing seeds are classified in the appropriate crop industry.

## 11111 Soybean farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing soybeans.
Example activities: Soya bean farming; soybeans (soya beans), growing

## 111110 Soybean farming

See industry description for 11111, above.

## 11112 Oilseed (except soybean) farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing fibrous plants that produce oilseeds.
Example activities: Canola (rapeseed) farming; Linseed (flaxseed), growing; Mustard seed farming; Sunflower farming

## 111120 Oilseed (except soybean) farming ${ }^{\text {Us }}$

See industry description for 11112, above.

## 11113 Dry pea and bean farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing dry peas, beans and lentils.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing fresh green beans and peas (11121, Vegetable and melon farming).

Example activities: Dry field beans, growing; Dry field peas, growing; Faba beans, growing; Lentils farming, dry; Pulses, dry, growing

## 111130 Dry pea and bean farming ${ }^{\text {US }}$

See industry description for 11113, above.

## 11114 Wheat farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing wheat.
Example activities: Durum wheat, growing; Wheat farming

## 111140 Wheat farming

See industry description for 11114, above.

## 11115 Corn farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing corn.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing sweet corn (11121, Vegetable and melon farming).

Example activities: Corn for grain, growing; Corn for popping, growing

## 111150 Corn farming ${ }^{\text {us }}$

See industry description for 11115 , above.

## 11116 Rice farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing rice, except wild rice.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing wild rice (11119, Other grain farming).

Example activities: Rice (except wild rice) farming

## 111160 Rice farming

See industry description for 11116, above.

## 11119 Other grain farming

This industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry, primarily engaged in growing grains. Farms primarily engaged in growing a combination of oilseeds and grains are also included.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing wheat (11114, Wheat Farming);
- growing corn, except sweet corn (11115, Corn farming);
- growing rice, except wild rice (11116, Rice farming); and
- growing sweet corn (11121, Vegetable and melon farming).

Example activities: Barley farming; Buckwheat farming; Canary seed farming; Millet, growing; Oat farming; Oil seed and grain farming, combination; Rye, growing; Wild rice, farming

## 111190 Other grain farming ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

See industry description for 11119 , above.

## 1112 Vegetable and melon farming

See industry description for 11121, below.

## 11121 Vegetable and melon farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing vegetables and melons. Establishments primarily engaged in producing vegetable and melon seeds and vegetable and melon bedding plants are also included in this industry.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing corn, except sweet corn (11115, Corn farming); and
- growing vegetables and melons under glass or protective cover (11141, Food crops grown under cover).


## 111211 Potato farming ${ }^{\text {US }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing potatoes and seed potatoes, except sweet potatoes.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing sweet potatoes, cassava and yams (111219, Other vegetable (except potato) and melon farming).
Example activities: Potato farming (except sweet and yams); Seed potatoes, growing


## 111219 Other vegetable (except potato) and melon farming ${ }^{\text {us }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other Canadian industry, primarily engaged in growing vegetables and melons. Establishments primarily engaged in producing vegetable and melon seeds, except seed potatoes, and vegetable and melon bedding plants are also included in this industry.

Example activities: Market gardening; Melon farming; Sweet corn farming; Sweet potato farming; Vegetable bedding plants, growing of; Vegetable crops, growing; Vegetable seed growing; Yam farming

## 1113 Fruit and tree nut farming

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing fruit and nuts.

## 11131 Orange groves

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing oranges.
Example activities: Orange groves and farms

## 111310 Orange groves

See industry description for 11131, above.

## 11132 Citrus (except orange) groves

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing citrus fruit, except oranges.
Example activities: Lemon groves and farms

## 111320 Citrus (except orange) groves ${ }^{\text {us }}$

See industry description for 11132, above.

## 11133 Non-citrus fruit and tree nut farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing tree nuts and non-citrus fruit.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- harvesting berries and nuts from native and non-cultivated plants (11321, Forest nurseries and gathering of forest products).
Example activities: Apple orchards; Berry farming; Cranberry bogs; Strawberries, growing; Tree nut groves and farms; Vineyards


## 111330 Non-citrus fruit and tree nut farming ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

See industry description for 11133, above.

## 1114 Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture production

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing crops of any kind under cover, growing nursery crops and growing flowers. "Under cover" includes in greenhouses, cold frames, cloth houses, and lath houses. The crops grown are removed at various stages of maturity.

## 11141 Food crops grown under cover

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing food crops under glass or protective cover.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing vegetable and melon bedding plants, not under protective cover (11121, Vegetable and melon farming).


## 111411 Mushroom production ${ }^{\text {us }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing mushrooms under cover.
Example activities: Mushroom cellars; Mushroom farming

## 111419 Other food crops grown under cover ${ }^{\text {US }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other Canadian industry, primarily engaged in growing food crops under glass or protective cover.

Example activities: Food crops (except mushrooms), grown under cover; Greenhouse tomatoes, growing; Herb farming, grown under cover; Hydroponics crops, grown under cover; Market gardening, greenhouse; Seaweed grown under cover; Vegetable farming, grown under cover

## 11142 Nursery and floriculture production

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing, under cover or in open fields, nursery and floriculture products, such as nursery stock, shrubbery, cut flowers, flower seeds, potted flowering and foliage plants, flower bedding plants, ornamental plants, or some combination of these, and propagating materials, for example, plugs, cuttings, and tissue cultures. The growing of short rotation woody crops, such as cut Christmas trees and cottonwoods for pulpwood, which have a typical growth cycle of ten years or less, are also included in this industry.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing vegetable and melon bedding plants (11121, Vegetable and melon farming);
- the operation of timber tracts that have a growth cycle of greater than ten years (11311, Timber tract
operations);
- growing seedling trees for reforestation (11321, Forest nurseries and gathering of forest products); and
- retailing nursery, tree stock and floriculture products primarily purchased from others (44422, Nursery stores and garden centres).


## 111421 Nursery and tree production ${ }^{\text {US }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing, under cover or in open fields, nursery products and trees, and short rotation woody crops, for pulp and tree stock, that have a typical growth cycle of ten years or less.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- the operation of timber tracts that have a growth cycle of greater than ten years (113110, Timber tract operations); and
- retailing nursery, tree stock, and floriculture products primarily purchased from others (444220, Nursery stores and garden centres).
Example activities: Bedding plants, nursery grown; Christmas tree farming; Fruit trees, nursery stock, growing; Nursery (tree and plant); Nursery stock, growing of; Ornamental shrubs, nursery grown; Rose bushes, growing; Turf (sod) farming


## 111422 Floriculture production ${ }^{\text {Us }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing, under cover or in open fields, floriculture products and propagating materials.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- retailing floriculture products primarily purchased from others (444220, Nursery stores and garden centres).
Example activities: Flower bulb growing, greenhouse; Flower growing, greenhouse; Flower nursery; Flower seed production


## 1119 Other crop farming

This industry group comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry group, primarily engaged in growing crops, such as tobacco, peanuts, sugarbeets, cotton, sugar-cane, hay, agave, herbs and spices, mint, hops, and hay and grass seeds. Combination crop farming and the gathering of maple sap are included in this industry group.

## 11191 Tobacco farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing tobacco.
Example activities: Tobacco farming

## 111910 Tobacco farming

See industry description for 11191, above.

## 11192 Cotton farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing cotton.
Example activities: Cotton farming

## 111920 Cotton farming

See industry description for 11192, above.

## 11193 Sugar-cane farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing sugar-cane.
Example activities: Sugar-cane farming

## 111930 Sugar-cane farming

See industry description for 11193, above.

## 11194 Hay farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing hay, grasses and mixed hay.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing grain hay or forage/silage production (1111, Oilseed and grain farming); and
- growing grass and hay seeds (11199, All other crop farming).

Example activities: Alfalfa hay farming; Clover hay farming; Forage crops (except corn for grain), farming; Hay farming

## 111940 Hay farming ${ }^{\text {US }}$

See industry description for 11194, above.

## 11199 All other crop farming

This industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry, primarily engaged in growing crops, such as peanuts, sugarbeets, agave, hay and grass seeds, herbs and spices, mint, hops and algae, and gathering tea and maple sap. Establishments primarily engaged in general crop farming or combination crop farming, such as combination fruit and vegetable farming, are also included in this industry.

## Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- growing wheat, corn, rice, soybeans, and other grains and oilseeds (1111, Oilseed and grain farming);
- growing a combination of oilseeds and grains (11119, Other grain farming);
- growing vegetables and melons (11121, Vegetable and melon farming);
- growing tree nuts and fruit (1113, Fruit and tree nut farming);
- growing greenhouse, nursery and floriculture products (1114, Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture production);
- growing tobacco (11191, Tobacco farming);
- growing cotton (11192, Cotton farming);
- growing sugar-cane (11193, Sugar-cane farming); and
- growing hay (11194, Hay farming).


## 111993 Fruit and vegetable combination farming ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in growing a combination of fruit and vegetables.

Example activities: Fruit and vegetable farming, combination; Small fruit and vegetable farming, combination; Tree fruit and vegetable farming, combination

## 111999 All other miscellaneous crop farming ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other Canadian industry, primarily engaged in growing crops and gathering maple sap. Establishments primarily engaged in general crop farming or combination crop farming (except combination fruit and vegetable farming), are also included in this Canadian industry.

Example activities: Crop and livestock combination farm (primarily crop); Crop farms, general; Field crop combination farm (except grain and oil seeds); Ginseng farming, except greenhouse grown; Grass seed farming; Hop, growing; Maple sap, gathering of; Maple sugar bush, operating; Maple syrup and products, production; Mint farming, except greenhouse grown; Peanut farming; Sugar beet farming,

## 112 Animal production

This subsector comprises establishments, such as ranches, farms and feedlots, primarily engaged in raising animals, producing animal products and fattening animals. Industries have been created taking into account input factors such as suitable grazing or pasture land, specialized buildings, type of equipment, and the amount and type of labour required. An establishment is classified to a NAICS industry or a national level industry within this subsector provided that fifty percent or more of the establishment's agricultural production consists of the products of that industry. Establishments with fifty percent or more animal production and with no one product or family of products of an industry accounting for fifty percent of the production are treated as combination animal farms and classified to 11299, All Other Animal Production.

## 1121 Cattle ranching and farming

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising, milking and fattening cattle.

## 11211 Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising and fattening cattle. The raising of cattle for dairy herd replacements is also included in this industry.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- milking dairy cattle (11212, Dairy cattle and milk production).

Example activities: Beef cattle feedlots; Beef cattle ranching; Dairy heifer replacement production
112110 Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$
See industry description for 11211, above.

## 11212 Dairy cattle and milk production

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in milking dairy cattle.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- raising, feeding or fattening cattle (11211, Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots);
- raising dairy herd replacements (11211, Beef cattle ranching and farming, including feedlots); and
- milking goats (11242, Goat farming).

Example activities: Dairy cows and milk, producing; Dairy farming; Milk, fluid, raw, producing

## 112120 Dairy cattle and milk production

See industry description for 11212, above.

## 1122 Hog and pig farming

See industry description for 11221, below.

## 11221 Hog and pig farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising hogs and pigs.
Example activities: Boar raising, domestic; Farrow to finish hog farm; Hog feedlot; Hog raising; Pig farming; Swine farrow to finish (farming); Weanling (feeder) pigs, raising

## 112210 Hog and pig farming ${ }^{\text {us }}$

See industry description for 11221, above.

## 1123 Poultry and egg production

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in breeding, hatching and raising poultry for meat or egg production.

## 11231 Chicken egg production

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising chickens for the production of eggs, including hatching eggs.

Example activities: Egg farms, chicken
112310 Chicken egg production ${ }^{\text {US }}$
See industry description for 11231, above.

## 11232 Broiler and other meat-type chicken production

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising chickens for the production of meat.
Example activities: Broiler chicken farming; Fryer chickens, raising

## 112320 Broiler and other meat-type chicken production

See industry description for 11232, above.

## 11233 Turkey production

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising turkeys.
Example activities: Turkey egg production; Turkey farming

## 112330 Turkey production

See industry description for 11233, above.

## 11234 Poultry hatcheries

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in hatching poultry of any kind.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- raising aviary birds, such as parakeets, canaries and love birds (11299, All other animal production).

Example activities: Chick hatchery service; Poultry hatchery

## 112340 Poultry hatcheries

See industry description for 11234 , above.

## 11239 Other poultry production

This industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry, primarily engaged in raising poultry such as ducks, geese, pheasant, quail, ostriches and emus. Establishments primarily engaged in raising a combination of poultry for meat or egg production, classified in other industries with no one predominating, are also included in this industry.

## 112391 Combination poultry and egg production ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising any combination of poultry for meat or egg production, classified in other industries with no one predominating.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- raising chickens for egg production (112310, Chicken egg production);
- raising broilers and other meat-type chickens (112320, Broiler and other meat-type chicken production);
- raising turkeys (112330, Turkey production);
- hatching poultry of any kind (112340, Poultry hatcheries);
- raising all other poultry (112399, All other poultry production); and
- raising aviary birds, such as parakeets, canaries and love birds (112999, All other miscellaneous animal production).
Example activities: Poultry and egg farm; Poultry combination farming


## 112399 All other poultry production ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry, primarily engaged in raising poultry such as ducks, geese, pheasant, quail, ostriches and emus.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- raising chickens for egg production (112310, Chicken egg production);
- raising broilers and other meat-type chickens (112320, Broiler and other meat-type chicken production);
- raising turkeys (112330, Turkey production);
- hatching poultry of any kind (112340, Poultry hatcheries);
- combination poultry and egg production (112391, Combination poultry and egg production); and
- raising aviary birds, such as parakeets, canaries and love birds (112999, All other miscellaneous animal production).
Example activities: Duck farming; Egg farms, poultry (except chicken and turkey); Geese farming, Guinea fowl, raising; Pheasant farming; Quail farming; Squab farming


## 1124 Sheep and goat farming

This industry group comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising sheep and goats, and feeding or fattening lambs.

## 11241 Sheep farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising sheep and lambs, and feeding or fattening lambs.

Example activities: Feedlots, lamb; Lamb raising; Sheep farming; Wool production, farming

## 112410 Sheep farming ${ }^{\text {us }}$

See industry description for 11241, above.

## 11242 Goat farming

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising goats.
Example activities: Goat farming; Milk production, goat farm; Mohair farming

## 112420 Goat farming

See industry description for 11242, above.

## 1125 Animal aquaculture

See industry description for 11251 , below.

## 11251 Animal aquaculture

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in farm-raising finfish, shellfish, or any other kind of aquatic animal. These establishments use some form of intervention in the rearing process to enhance production, such as keeping animals in captivity, regular stocking and feeding of animals, and protecting them from predators.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- catching or taking fish and other aquatic animals from their natural habitats (11411, Fishing).

Example activities: Cultured pearl production; Finfish hatcheries; Fingerlings (hatchery fish), raising, fisheries service; Fish farming; Frog production, farm raising; Shellfish, farming

## 112510 Animal aquaculture ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

See industry description for 11251, above.

## 1129 Other animal production

This industry group comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry group, primarily engaged in raising animals, such as bees, horses and other equines, rabbits and other fur-bearing animals, llamas, deer, worms, crickets, laboratory animals and companion animals, for example dogs, cats, pet birds and other pets. The production of animal products, such as honey and other bee products, are also included. Establishments primarily engaged in raising a combination of animals, classified in other industries with no one predominating, are also included in this industry group.

## 11291 Apiculture

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising bees, collecting and gathering honey, and performing other apiculture activities.

Example activities: Beekeeping; Honey and beeswax production

## 112910 Apiculture

See industry description for 11291, above.

## 11292 Horse and other equine production

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising horses, mules, donkeys and other equines.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- boarding horses (11521, Support activities for animal production).

Example activities: Equines, raising; Horse ranching; Mule production; Pregnant mares' urine (pmu), producing

## 112920 Horse and other equine production

See industry description for 11292, above.

## 11293 Fur-bearing animal and rabbit production

This industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising fur-bearing animals, including rabbits.
Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- trapping or hunting wild fur-bearing animals (11421, Hunting and trapping).

Example activities: Chinchilla production; Fur bearing animal production; Fur-bearing animal skins (ranch raised), undressed, producing; Rabbit raising

## 112930 Fur-bearing animal and rabbit production

See industry description for 11293, above.

## 11299 All other animal production

This industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other industry, primarily engaged in raising animals, such as llamas, bison, wild boar, deer, elk, worms, crickets, laboratory animals and companion animals, for example dogs, cats, pet birds and other pets. Establishments primarily engaged in raising a combination of animals, classified in other industries with no one predominating, are also included in this industry.

Exclusion(s): Establishments primarily engaged in:

- raising cattle (1121, Cattle ranching and farming);
- raising hogs and pigs (11221, Hog and pig farming);
- raising poultry (1123, Poultry and egg production);
- raising sheep and goats (1124, Sheep and goat farming);
- raising aquatic animals (11251, Animal aquaculture);
- raising bees (11291, Apiculture);
- raising horses and other equines (11292, Horse and other equine production); and
- raising fur-bearing animals, including rabbits (11293, Fur-bearing animal and rabbit production).


## 112991 Animal combination farming ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments primarily engaged in raising a combination of animals, classified in other industries with no one predominating.

Example activities: Combination livestock farming; Crop and livestock farming combination (primarily livestock); Livestock and animal specialty farms, general; Livestock combination farm

## 112999 All other miscellaneous animal production ${ }^{\text {CAN }}$

This Canadian industry comprises establishments, not classified to any other Canadian industry, primarily engaged in raising animals.

Example activities: Aviaries (e.g., raising parakeet, canary, and love birds); Laboratory animal production (e.g., rats, mice, and guinea pigs);

Pet animal, raising; Wild boar, raising; Worm production

Source: This information was obtained from the publication North American Industry Classification System NAICS Canada (Catalogue No. 12-501-XPE).

## Appendix E Census maps



Newfoundland \& Labrador
$\begin{array}{ll}1 & \text { Census Agricultural Region 1 } \\ 2 & \text { Census Agricultural Region 2 } \\ 3 & \text { Census Agricultural Region 3 }\end{array}$


## Nova Scotia

| 1 | Census Agricultural Region 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Census Agricultural Region 2 |
| 3 | Census Agricultural Region 3 |
| 4 | Census Agricultural Region 4 |
| 5 | Census Agricultural Region 5 |



## New Brunswick

1 Census Agricultural Region 1
2 Census Agricultural Region 2
3 Census Agricultural Region 3
4 Census Agricultural Region 4


## Quebec

| 1 | Bas-Saint-Laurent |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Saguenay, Lac-Saint-Jean, Côte-Nord |
| 3 | Québec |
| 4 | Mauricie |
| 5 | Estrie |
| 6 | Montréal, Laval |
| 7 | Lanaudière |
| 8 | Outaouais |
| 9 | Laurentides |
| 10 | Abitibi-Témiscamingue, Nord-du-Québec |
| 11 | Gaspésie, Îles-de-la-Madeleine |
| 12 | Chaudière, Appalaches |
| 13 | Montérégie |
| 14 | Centre-du-Québec |



Ontario
1 Southern Ontario Region
2 Western Ontario Region
3 Central Ontario Region
4 Eastern Ontario Region
5 Northern Ontario Region


Produced by SAGA, Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada

## Manitoba

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9

Census Agricultural Region 1
Census Agricultural Region 2
Census Agricultural Region 3 Census Agricultural Region 4 Census Agricultural Region 5 Census Agricultural Region 6 Census Agricultural Region 7 Census Agricultural Region 8 Census Agricultural Region 9 Census Agricultural Region 10 Census Agricultural Region 11 Census Agricultural Region 12


## Saskatchewan

1A Census Agricultural Region 1A
1B Census Agricultural Region 1B
2A Census Agricultural Region 2A
2B Census Agricultural Region 2B
3AN Census Agricultural Region 3AN
3AS Census Agricultural Region 3AS
3BN Census Agricultural Region 3BN
3BS Census Agricultural Region 3BS
4A Census Agricultural Region 4A
4B Census Agricultural Region 4B

5A Census Agricultural Region 5A
5B Census Agricultural Region 5B
6A Census Agricultural Region 6A
6B Census Agricultural Region 6B
7A Census Agricultural Region 7A
7B Census Agricultural Region 7B
8A Census Agricultural Region 8A
8B Census Agricultural Region 8B
9A Census Agricultural Region 9A
9B Census Agricultural Region 9B


Alberta
1 Census Agricultural Region 1
2 Census Agricultural Region 2
3 Census Agricultural Region 3
4A Census Agricultural Region 4A
4B Census Agricultural Region 4B
5 Census Agricultural Region 5
6 Census Agricultural Region 6
$7 \quad$ Census Agricultural Region 7


## British Columbia

1 Vancouver Island, Coast Region
2 Lower Mainland, Southwest Region
3 Thompson, Okanagan Region
4 Kootenay Region
5 Cariboo Region
6 North Coast Region
7 Nechako Region
8 Peace River Region

## Appendix F Agricultural quick facts - Canada from the Whole Farm Data Base*

Number of Farms, 1994 to 2003 (Incorporated and Unincorporated Sectors)


Source: WFDB, CAIS/TDP


Source: WFDB, CAIS/TDP
*Whole Farm Data Base (WFDB)
Integrating into one base the agricultural data, which are available from administrative and survey sources, is the essence of the WFDB. It offers users access to a wider than ever range of disaggregated physical and financial data at the farm level.

There are several major data sources currently offered in the WFDB: the Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization and Taxation Data Program (CAIS/TDP), the Farm Financial Survey (FFS), the June Crops Survey (JCS) and the July Livestock Survey (JLS). Please refer to the WFDB Reference Manual (appendix C) for a summary of the sampling and methodology for each of these data sources.
The WFDB is the product of a joint venture by Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada and Statistics Canada.

Estimates presented in the Agricultural quick facts cover farms with gross operating revenues of $\$ 10,000$ or more. Incorporated farms with agricultural sales below $\$ 25,000$ are excluded from the CAIS/TDP.

| Total Operating Revenues, by Revenue Class, 2003 Incorporated and Unincorporated Sectors |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Farms } \end{gathered}$ | C.V. | Total Operating Revenues (\$'000) | C.V. | Average per Farm (\$) | C.V. |
| All Farms |  |  |  |  |  |
| 207,585 | a | 43,113,144 | a | 207,689 | a |
| \$500,000 and more |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15,565 | a | 23,521,765 | a | 1,511,196 | a |
| \$250,000 to \$499,999 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22,370 | a | 7,760,360 | a | 346,909 | a |
| \$100,000 to \$249,999 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43,130 | a | 6,961,795 | a | 161,414 | a |
| \$50,000 to \$99,999 - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36,570 | a | 2,614,183 | a | 71,484 | a |
| \$25,000 to \$49,999 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39,745 | a | 1,429,038 | a | 35,955 | a |
| \$10,000 to \$24,999 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,200 | a | 822,994 | a | 16,394 | a |
| Source: WFDB, CAIS/TDP |  |  |  |  |  |


| Off-Farm Income and Net Operating Income of Operators, by Farm Type, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Unincorporated Sector, 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Each estimate released through the WFDB is assigned a coefficient of variation (C.V.) to measure its quality. The following rating system is suggested:

| Letter | C.V. | Rating |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| a | $0.01 \%-4.99 \%$ | excellent |
| b | $5.0 \%-9.99 \%$ | very good |
| c | $10.0 \%-14.99 \%$ | good |
| d | $15.0 \%-24.99 \%$ | acceptable |
| e | $25.0 \%-34.99 \%$ | use with caution |
| f | $>=35.00 \%$ | too unreliable to be published |


| Off-Farm Income and Net Operating Income of Farm Families, by Farm Type, Unincorporated Sector, 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of <br> Families | C.V. | Off-Farm Income ${ }^{1}$ ( ${ }^{\prime} 000$ ) | C.V. | Number of <br> Farms | C.V. | Net Operating Income (\$'000) |
| All Farms |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 144,350 | a | 7,967,042 | a | 143,030 | a | 2,846,823 |
| Oilseed and grain farming |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,480 | a | 2,998,793 | a | 50,560 | a | 1,219,015 |
| Beef cattle ranching and farming |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47,780 | a | 2,621,113 | a | 48,440 | a | 561,393 |
| Dairy cattle and milk production |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11,220 | a | 290,441 | a | 10,020 | a | 589,042 |
| Fruit and tree nut |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,550 | a | 218,141 | b | 3,390 | b | 34,184 |
| Hog and pig farming |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,240 | a | 134,135 | b | 3,190 | a | 90,012 |
| Poultry and egg production |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,920 | a | 88,316 | b | 1,930 | b | 75,929 |
| Greenhouse, nursery and floriculture |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,160 | b | 116,895 | b | 2,030 | b | 39,056 |
| Vegetable and melon farming |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,780 | b | 77,843 | b | 1,700 | b | 32,262 |
| Potato farming |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 850 | b | 39,865 | c | 780 | b | 39,078 |
| Other crop production |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12,390 | a | 724,163 | a | 12,150 | a | 166,100 |
| Other animal production |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8,980 | a | 657,357 | b | 8,830 | a | 590 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Excluding taxable capital gains. Source: WFDB, CAIS/TDP |  |  |  |  |  |  |



Source: WFDB, June Crops Survey
Warning: The size and design of the sample, the variability of the characteristic of interest in the population, and the estimation method all affect data quality.

WFDB customized products are available. Costs vary depending on the size and the complexity of the requests. The minimum cost for a request is $\$ 75$.

For more information about the WFDB, please contact the Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada:

E-mail: agriculture@statcan.ca
Toll-free: 1800 465-1991
Local call: (613) 951-5027
Local fax: (613) 951-3868


Source: WFDB, Farm Financial Survey


Source: WFDB, Farm Financial Survey


[^26]
## Appendix G Survey questionnaires

## JUNE 2003 FARM SURVEY <br> Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia (Peace)



Review the information on the label. If any information is incorrect or missing, please make the necessary corrections in the boxes below.


## FALL RYE AND WINTER WHEAT

## The following questions deal with ALL LAND OPERATED



- Exclude: - land rented to others, community pastures, co-operative grazing associations or grazing woodland, wasteland, pasture land, summerfallow and crown or public land reserves. used for agricultural purposes.

1) Did you seed any Fall Rye or Winter Wheat in the fall of 2002 ?

NO $\square$ (GO TO SECTION B.)
2) Which crop(s) did you seed?
$\square$ Fall Rye $\square$ Winter Wheat
(GO TO THE NEXT QUESTION.)
3) What area of Fall Rye or Winter Wheat didyou seed?

| (in the fall of 2002) |
| :--- |
| Crop |
| Fall Rye |
| Winter Wheat |


4) What area of your Fall Rye or Winter Wheat is remaining to be harvested as grain?

| Crop | Code | Remaining to harvest area | ac | ha |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fall Rye | 212 |  | 1 | 2 |
| Winter Wheat | 206 |  | 1 | 2 |

(GO TO SECTION B.)

## SECTION B SEEDED AREAS

1) Did you or will you seed any crops in 2003?

YES | 969 |  |
| ---: | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

NO | $\mathbf{9 6 9}$ | (GO TO SECTION C.) |
| :--- | :--- |

2) Which crop(s) did you or will you seed?


## SECTION B (CONT'D) SEEDED AREAS

| 3) What is or will be your seeded area? | Code | Seeded area | UOM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ac | ha |
| a) Barley | 209 |  | 1 | 2 |
| b) Borage Seed | 273 |  | 1 | 2 |
| c) Dry Coloured Beans | 236 |  | 1 | 2 |
| d) Dry White Beans (Navy, Pea Beans) | 229 |  | 1 | 2 |
| e) Buckwheat | 226 |  | 1 | 2 |
| f) Canary Seed | 234 |  | 1 | 2 |
| g) Canola or Rapeseed | 215 |  | 1 | 2 |
| h) Caraway Seed | 271 |  | 1 | 2 |
| i) Chickpeas | 274 | 8 | 1 | 2 |
| j) Coriander Seed | 272 | D | 1 | 2 |
| k) Corn for Grain (include seed corn but exclude sweet corn) | 216 | $\checkmark$, | 1 | 2 |
| 1) Fababeans | 235 | $\wedge \vee$ | 1 | 2 |
| m) Flaxseed | 214 | $\wedge \vee$ | 1 | 2 |
| n) Fodder Corn | 217 | ( $)$ | 1 | 2 |
| o) Lentils - ESTON | 038 | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 2 |
| p) Lentils - LAIRD | 036 |  | 1 | 2 |
| q) Lentils - OTHER AND UNKNOWN | 040 | - | 1 | 2 |
| r) Linola (solin) | 238 |  | 1 | 2 |
| s) Mixed Grains (two or more grains sown together) | 213 |  | 1 | 2 |
| t) Mustard Seed - BROWN | 254 |  | 1 | 2 |
| u) Mustard Seed - ORIENTAL | 253 |  | 1 | 2 |
| v) Mustard Seed - YELLOW | 251 |  | 1 | 2 |
| w) Mustard Seed - OTHER AND UNKNOWN | 240 |  | 1 | 2 |
| x) Oats | 208 |  | 1 | 2 |
| y) Potatoes | 218 |  | 1 | 2 |
| z) Dry Field Peas - GREEN | 044 |  | 1 | 2 |
| aa) Dry Field Peas - YELLOW | 042 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ab) Dry Field Peas - OTHER AND UNKN¢MN $\triangle$ | 046 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ac) Spring Rye (s) | 210 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ad) Safflower | 239 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ae) Soybeans | 228 |  | 1 | 2 |
| af) Sugar Beets $\rangle\rangle$ | 232 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ag) Sunflower Seeds (includingsinno \& other dwarf varieties) | 230 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ah) Triticale $>$ | 248 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ai) Canadian Westers Extra Strong Spring Wheat (utility) | 244 |  | 1 | 2 |
| aj) Durum Wheat | 204 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ak) Hard Red Spring Wheat | 252 |  | 1 | 2 |
| al) Red Prairs, Spring Xheat (semi-dwarf varieties) | 275 |  | 1 | 2 |
| am) White Prairie Spring Wheat (semi-dwarf varieties) (excl. Soft White Spring Wheat) | 278 |  | 1 | 2 |
| an) Soft White Spring Wheat (exclude White Prairie Spring Wheat) | 207 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ao) Other Spring Wheat (unlicensed varieties, including Grandin Wheat) | 287 |  | 1 | 2 |
| ap) Other Field Crops (list in comments) | 225 |  | 1 | 2 |
| aq) Total seeded area (sum of 3a to 3ap) |  |  | 1 | 2 |

[^27]| Code | $\%$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 100 |  |

## SECTION C TAME HAY AND FORAGE SEED

- Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixtures

Include: Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixed with varieties of clover, trefoil, bromegrass, timothy, orchardgrass, canarygrass, ryegrass, fescue, soudan-sorghum and wheatgrass.
Exclude: All forage crop area harvested or to be harvested for commercial seed purposes, crops harvested or that will be harvested green to be used to feed animals and under-seeded areas.

- Other Tame Hay

Include: Varieties of clover, trefoil, bromegrass, timothy, orchardgrass, canarygrass, ryegrass, fescue, soudansorghum and wheatgrass.
Exclude: Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixtures, all forage crop area harvested or to be harvested for commercial seed purposes and crops harvested or that will be harvested green to be used to feed animals.

- Forage Seed

Include: All forage crop area harvested or to be harvested for seed purposes such as alfalfannd alalfa mixtures, varieties of clover, trefoil, bromegrass, timothy, orchardgrass, canarygrass, yygrass. fescue, soudan-sorghum and wheatgrass.
Exclude: Forage crops harvested or to be harvested for hay or to be used for pastare.

1) Will you have any Tame Hay or Forage Seed in 2003?

2) What will be your total area difalfa and Alfalfa mixtures? (exclude under-seeded areas)

| Crop $>$ | Code | Total area | UOM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixtures $\langle\ll>$ | 249 |  | ac | ha | (GO TO THE NEXT CHOSEN CROK LASYCROP, GO TO QUESTION 6.)

4) What will be yourtotal area of all Other Tame Hay?

|  | Crop | Code | Total area | UOM |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Other Tame Hay ( $\sim$ ha |  |  |  |  |

(GO TO THE ХЕХ才 \&HOSLN CROP. IF LAST CROP, GO TO QUESTION 6.)

## FORAGE SEED

5) What will be your total area of Forage Seed?

| Crop | Code | Total area | UOM |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forage Seed | 247 |  | ac | ha |

6) Total Tame Hay and Forage Seed areas (sum of C3 to C5)


## SECTION D <br> LAND BALANCE

## - Summerfallow:

Land on which no crop will be grown during the year, but which may be cultivated or worked for weed control and/or moisture conservation, or it may simply be left to lay fallow in order to renew the soil.

Include: - winterkilled land: winterkilled area from crops sown in the previous fall, which will not be reseeded or pastured to another crop

- fall crop area ploughed under but not reseeded
- idle land: improved land which was cropped, pastured or used for agricultural purposes lastyea
but is not being cropped this year.
- Improved Land for pasture or grazing:

All land which is being used for pasture or grazing land and which has undergone some improverenents in recent years such as cultivation, drainage, irrigation, fertilization, seeding or spraying for brush and weed controx
Do not include: - areas to be harvested as dry hay, silage or forage seed

- community pastures, co-operative grazing associations or grazing reserves.


If a field is used the same year for harvesting tame hay and as a pasture, count it onl once as a Tame Hay field.

- Unimproved Land for pasture or grazing:

Native pasture, native hay, rangeland, grazable bush used for the grazing or feecting ortivestock.
Do not include: - community pastures, co-operative grazing associations or grazing reserves.

- Other Land:
- area of farmstead: farm buildings, farmyard, home garden and yoads
- new broken land: land, which has been cleared and prepared for cultixation but will not be cropped
- wasteland, woodland, cut-over land, slough, swamp, marshiand (afed lirigation ditches
- fruits and vegetables, mushrooms, maple trees, Christmas trees and sod.

What is your total area of Summerfallow, Improved Land for pasture or grazing, Unimproved Land for pasture or grazing and Qtherbandin 2003?

| Crops ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Code | Total area | UOM |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Summerfallow | 219 |  | ac | ha |
| 2. Improved Land for pasture or erazing | 222 |  | ac | ha |
| 3. Unimproved Land for pasture or gxazing | 237 |  | ac | ha |
| 4. Other Land ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 241 |  | ac | ha |
| 5. Total Land Barance (sym of D1 to D4) |  |  | ac | ha |

## (GO TO SECTIO सि.)

What will be your Total Farm Area operated in 2003?

| Crops | Code | Total area | UOM |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Total Farm Area |  |  | ac | ha |
| 2. Sum of sections A4 + B3aq + C6 + D5 | 201 |  | ac | ha |
| 3. Difference between E1 and E2 (E1 - E2) <br> If the difference is substantial, please explain in comments. |  |  |  |  |

(GO TO SECTION F.)

## SECTION F

## 1. Federal/Provincial agreement to share information

Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia residents:
To avoid duplication of enquiry, this survey is conducted under a co-operative agreement to share information with your provincial department of agriculture in accordance with Section 12 of the Statistics Act. Any information shared with a provincial ministry of agriculture is released in aggregate form only. The provincial ministry of agriculture must guarantee the confidentiality of all shared data.
Statistics Canada does not provide the respondent's name or address to any provincial ministry of agriculture.

Do you agree to share this information?

| Code | yes |
| :---: | :---: |
| 051 | no |

2. Request for survey results

3. Total interview time

(END OF SURVEY)


## JUNE 2003 FARM SURVEY

## Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia (Non-Peace)



Review the information on the label. If any information is incorrect or missing, please make the necessary corrections in the boxes below.


## SECTION A FALL RYE AND WINTER WHEAT

## The following questions deal with ALL LAND OPERATED

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \text { - Include: } & \begin{array}{l}\text { - land rented from others, cropland, } \\ \text { woodland, wasteland, pasture land and } \\ \text { crown or public land used for agricultural } \\ \text { purposes. }\end{array} & - \text { Exclude: }\end{array} \begin{array}{l}\text { - land rented to others, community pastures, } \\ \text { co-operative grazing associations or grazing } \\ \text { reserves. }\end{array}\right]$

1) Did you seed any Fall Rye or Winter Wheat in the fall of 2002 ?

$\square$ (GO TO SECTION B.)

2) Which crop(s) did you seed?
$\square$ Fall Rye $\square$ Winter Wheat
(GO TO THE NEXT QUESTION.)
3) What area of Fall Rye or Winter Wheat did you seed?
(in the fall of 2002)

(GO TO THE NEXT QUESTION.)
4) What area of your Fall Rye or Winter Wheat is remaining to be harvested as grain?

| Crop) | Code | Remaining to harvest area | ac | ha | arp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fall Rye $\quad$ ( ) | 212 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Winter $W$ Wheat(see Quebec 1) | 206 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |

(IF QUEBE RRESPONDENT AND CROP = WINTER WHEAT, GO TO QUEBEC SECTION BELOW, ELSE GO TO SECTION B.)

## QUEBEC

Quebec respondents only

1. What percentage of your Winter Wheat remaining to be harvested as grain, is intended for human consumption?

| Code | \% |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 097 |  |

## SECTION B SEEDED AREAS

1) Did you or will you seed any crops in 2003?

| YES 969 |
| :---: |
|  |  |

2) Which crop(s) did you or will you seed?


Barley
Dry Coloured Beans
Dry White Beans - Narrow Rows Dry White Beans - Standard Rows

Buckwheat
Canola or Rapeseed
Corn for Grain
(GO TO THE NEXT QUESTION.)
3) What is or will be your seeded area?


Fodder Corn
Mixed Grains
Oats
Potatoes
Spring Rye
Soybeans
Spring Wheat



## (GO TO QOESNON 4.)

4) Of the total area to be seeded to field crops this spring, what percentage have you seeded at this time?

| Code | \% |
| :---: | :---: |
| 100 |  |

(GO TO SECTION C.)

## QUEBEC

Quebec respondents only

## 1. What percentage of your Spring Wheat area is intended for human consumption?

| Code | \% |
| :---: | :---: |
| 603 |  |

Section B (cont'd) Corn for Grain and Soybeans

5) Of your $\qquad$ acres/hectares/arpents of Corn for Grain, reported on previous page, how many are planted or will be planted with genetically modified seed? (Exclude varieties produced by traditional cross-breeding techniques.

| Code | Area seeded with genetically modified seed | UOM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ac | ha | arp |
| $\mathbf{2 6 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |

(GO TO NEXT CROP, ON PREVIOYSPAGE. $\mathcal{E} \ell A S T$ CROP, GO TO B4.)
6) Of your $\qquad$ acres/hectares/arpents of Soybeans, reported on previous page, how many are planted orwill be planted with genetically modified seed? (Exclude varieties produced by traditional cross-breeding techniques.)

| Code | Area seeded with genetically modified seed | UOM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ac | ha | arp |
| $\mathbf{2 6 1}$ |  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |

(GO TO NEXT CROP, ON PREVIOUS PAGE. IF LAST CROP, GO TO B4.)

## SECTION C <br> TAME HAY AND FORAGE SEED

- Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixtures

Include: Alfalfa and alfalfa mixed with varieties of clover, trefoil, bromegrass, timothy, orchardgrass, canarygrass, ryegrass, fescue, soudan-sorghum and wheatgrass.
Exclude: All forage crop area harvested or to be harvested for commercial seed purposes, crops harvested or that will be harvested green to be used to feed animals and under-seeded areas.

- Other Tame Hay

Include: Varieties of clover, trefoil, bromegrass, timothy, orchardgrass, canarygrass, ryegrass, fescue, soudan-sorghum and wheatgrass.
Exclude: Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixtures, all forage crop area harvested or to be harvested for commercial seed $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { purposes and crops harvested or that will be harvested green to be used to feed animals. }\end{aligned}$

- Forage Seed

Include: All forage crop area harvested or to be harvested for seed purposes such as alfalfarand alfalfa mixtures, varieties of clover, trefoil, bromegrass, timothy, orchardgrass, canarygrass, fyegrass. fescue, soudan-sorghum and wheatgrass.
Exclude: Forage crops harvested or to be harvested for hay or to be used for pastore.

1) Will you have any Tame Hay or Forage Seed in 2003?

(GO TO SECTIOXV)
2) Which crop(s) will you have?
$\square$ Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixtures


Forage Seed (GO TO QUESTION 5.)
3) What will be your total areap Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixtures? (exclude under-seeded areas)

|  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alfalfa and Alfalfa mixtures |

(GO TO THE NEXT CHOSEN CROP. YF 1 ASX CROP, GO TO QUESTION 6.)
4) What will be yourtotal area of all Other Tame Hay?

|  | Code | Total area | UOM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other Taperfay | Crop | $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ | ac | ha | arp |

(GO TO THE NEXT CHOSEN CROP. IF LAST CROP, GO TO QUESTION 6.)

## FORAGE SEED

5) What will be your total area of Forage Seed?

| Crop | Code | Total area | UOM |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Forage Seed | 247 |  | ac | ha |

6) Total Tame Hay and Forage Seed areas (sum of C3 to C5)

## LAND BALANCE

- Improved Land for pasture or grazing:

All land which is being used for pasture or grazing land and which has undergone some improvements in recent years such as cultivation, drainage, irrigation, fertilization, seeding or spraying for brush and weed control.

Do not include: - areas to be harvested as dry hay, silage or forage seed

- community pastures, co-operative grazing associations or grazing reserves.

If a field is used the same year for harvesting Tame Hay and as a pasture, count it only once as a Tame Hay fieto

- Unimproved Land for pasture or grazing:

Native pasture, native hay, rangeland, grazable bush used for the grazing or feeding of livestock.
Do not include: - community pastures, co-operative grazing associations or grazing reserver.

- Other Land:
- area of farmstead: farm buildings, farmyard, home garden and roads
- idle land: improved land which was cropped, pastured or used for agricultural purŋoses last year, but is not being cropped this year
- fall crop area ploughed under but not reseeded
- new broken land: land, which has been cleared and prepared for cultivation but wilinot be cropped
- winterkilled land: winterkilled area from crops sown in the previous which will not be reseeded or pastured to another crop
- wasteland, woodland, cut-over land, slough, swamp, marshland amd irrigation ditches
- summerfallow land: land on which no crop will be grown during the year, but which may be cultivated or worked for weed control and/or moisture conservation, or it may sinqply be left to lay fallow in order to renew the soil
- fruits and vegetables, mushrooms, maple trees, Christnastrees and sod.

What is your total area of Improved Land for pasture or grazing, Unimproved Land for pasture or grazing and Other Land in 2003?

| $\operatorname{Crops}(b(\infty)$ | Code | Total area | UOM |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Improved Land for pasture or grazing , | 222 |  | ac | ha | $\operatorname{arp}$ |
| 2. Unimproved Land for pasture orgrezing $\rangle$ | 237 |  | ac | ha | arp |
| 3. Other Land | 241 |  | ac | ha | arp |
| 4. Total Land Balance (sumn of D 1 to D3) |  |  | ac | ha | $\operatorname{arp}$ |

(GO TO SECTION E.)
SECTYON E
TOTAL FARM AREA

## What will be your Total Farm Area operated in 2003?

| Crops | Code | Total area |  | UOM |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Total Farm Area |  |  | ac | ha | arp |
| 2. Sum of sections A4 + B3r + C6 + D4 | 201 |  | ac | ha | arp |
| 3. Difference between E1 and E2 (E1 - E2) <br> If the difference is substantial, please explain in comments. |  |  |  |  |  |

[^28]
## SECTION F

1. Federal/Provincial agreement to share information

## Ontario and British Columbia residents:

To avoid duplication of enquiry, this survey is conducted under a co-operative agreement to share information with your provincial department of agriculture in accordance with Section 12 of the Statistics Act. Any information shared with a provincial ministry of agriculture is released in aggregate form only. The provincial ministry of agriculture must guarantee the confidentiality of all shared data.
Statistics Canada does not provide the respondent's name or address to any provincial ministry of agricuture.

Do you agree to share this information?


## Quebec residents:



To avoid duplication of enquiry, this survey is conducted under a co-operatike agreement to share information in accordance with Section 11 of the Statistics Act, with Statistics Canada and IInstitut de la statistique du Québec.
2. Request for survey results

(GO TO QUESTION 3.)
(END OF SURVEY)


The purpose of this survey is to collect information on livestock. The statistics produced from the survey enable those active in the agricultural sector to observe and assess changes in the industry, measure performance and keep the agricultural community and general public informed of developments.


Statistics Canada is collecting information concerning the farm described on the label. If the operators of this holding manage any other farm(s) entirely separate from this farm (i.e. Separate accounting books are kept), please do not include any data for the other farm(s) on this questionnaire.)

SECTION A. When answering the questiens, please include as of July 1, 2003 ..
... all livestgcck (cattle or calves, pigs, and/or sheep or lambs) on your operation regardless of ownership including livestock pastured, custom fed or fed under contract for others.

.. all livestock owned by the operator and held on crownland, community pastures, and grazing projects.
... Please DO NOT REPORT livestock (cattle or calves, pigs and/or sheep or lambs) which are owned by you but kept on a farm, ranch or feedlot operated by someone else.

## SECTION B. CATTLE AND/OR CALVES

## OFFICE USE ONLY

| 400 |  | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

1. At July 1, 2003 do you expect to have/did you have any cattle or calves on this operation? Including grazing projects, community pastures or crownland.

2. Are cattle or calves kept (on this operation) for someone else? (If yes include them as part of inventory.)

Yes | 430 |  | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

3. BULLS, 1 year and over $\qquad$
4. DAIRY COWS


None $\square$
None $\square$
405
None $\square$
409
None $\square$
406

| None $\square$ |
| :--- |
| 407 |

None $\square$
402
None $\square$
408
None $\square$
410

QUESTIONS ON PRODUCTION

| QUESTIONS ON <br> PRODUCTION |
| :--- |
| 421 |
| None $\square$ |
| 424 |
| None $\square$ |

10. (On this operation) How many calves were born alive in the last 6 months (between January 1 and June 30, 2003)?
11. (On this operation) How many cows and heifers are expected to calve between July 1 and December 31, 2003?

SECTION C. PIGS $\quad$| OFFICE USE ONLY |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

1. At July 1, 2003 do you expect to have/did you have any pigs (on this operation)?

2. (a) Were there any pigs (on this operation) during the past three months (April, May and June 2003)?

3. Are pigs kept (on this operation) for someone else? (If yes include them as part of inventory, $\lambda$

Yes | 630 |  | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

No | 630 |  | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

3. BOARS, 6 months and over

4. SOWS, for breeding and bred gilts

5. ALL OTHER PIGS

a) Under 45 pounds $(-20 \mathrm{~kg})$
b) 45 to 130 pquinds ( 20 to 60 kg )
kg) .
c)


Total Number at July 1, 2003
605
None $\square$
606
None $\square$
607
None $\square$
608
None $\square$
609
None $\square$
610
6. TOTAL PIGS (sum of questions 3 to 5 )

7. (On this operation) How many sows and bred gilts farrowed during April, May and June 2003? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
8. How many pigs were born alive during the same period (April, May and June 2003)? $\qquad$
9. Of the (number) of pigs born alive, how many died or were destroyed before weaning during April, May and June 2003? $\qquad$
$\qquad$
10. How many sows and bred gilts are expected to farrow during July, August and

September 2003? $\qquad$

- ........
$\qquad$

11. How many sows and bred gilts are expected to farrow during October, November and December 2003? $\qquad$

| QUESTIONS ON <br> PRODUCTION |
| :--- |
| 634 <br> None $\square$ <br> 635 <br> None $\square$ <br> 636 <br> None $\square$ <br> 638 <br> None $\square$ <br> 639 <br> None $\square$ |

## SECTION D. SHEEP AND/OR LAMBS

1. At July 1, 2003 do you expect to have/did you have any sheep or lambs (on this operation)?

| OFFICE USE ONLY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 |  |  | Including grazing projects, community pastures or crownland.



1. (a) Were there any sheep or lambs kept (on this operation) between January 1 and June 30, 2003?

2. Are sheep or lambs kept (on this operation) for someone else? (If yes include them as part of inventory.)

Yes | 330 |  | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

No

| 330 |  | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



INVENTORY QUESTIONS
3. RAMS, 1 year and over

4. EWES $\qquad$

5. Replacement LAMBS

3. RAMS, 1 year and over
6. Market LAMBS $\qquad$

7. TOTAL SHEEP AND LAMBS (sum of questions 3 to 6 ) $\qquad$

## QUESTIONS ON PRODUCTION

| 308 |
| :--- |
| None $\square$ |
| 307 |
| None $\square$ |
| 309 |
| None $\square$ |

## SECTION E. OTHER LIVESTOCK

1. On July 1, 2003, do you expect to have other livestock on this operation (poultry, deer, buffalo, etc.)


| 300 |  | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 330 |  | 2 |$\quad$| 308 |  | 9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 307 |  | 9 |$\quad$| 300 |  | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 320 |  | 2 |



| 663 |  | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 664 |  | 9 |




5-5100-11.1

## Farm Financial Survey

## TO THE RESPONDENT:

CONFIDENTIAL when completed

Disponible en version française.

DO NOT MAIL this questionnaire. Please retain for your personal records.

Use your records, if possible. Otherwise, enter your best estimate.

All information will be kept confidential under the Statistics, Act.

Questions refer to the calendar year 2003. If information is hot kept on a calendar year basis, please report for your latest fiscal year end.

In all cases, record the year end for the financial information you provide $\qquad$


This survey is conducted undeythe authority of the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, c. S-19. Completion of this questionnaire is algal requirement under the Statistics Act.


## SECTION A. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE OPERATOR/OPERATION

- Report questions 1 to 6 as of December 31, 2003

A FARM OPERATOR is an individual responsible for the day-to-day operation of the farm; who participates in the decisions to borrow money; to rent, buy or sell assets; and to reduce debts. An operation may have more than one operator but only one questionnaire is to be completed for each operation.

1. How many operators 18 years of age and over were responsible for this operation? $\qquad$
2. What was the age of:
a) The oldest operator $\qquad$
b) The youngest operator (minimum age of 18) (if only one operator enter age under oldest operator)
3. What is the highest level of formal education that the oldest and the youngest operator have completed?
a) Some elementary school or some secondary (high) school (include ungraded and special education)

Oldest Youngest
b) Completed secondary (high) school (graduation certificate or equivalent) $\qquad$
c) Some post-secondary, including some college or university courses $\qquad$ 3
d) Completed college or university certificate or diplona below bachelor level (e.g., trade, technical or vocational school, agri\&ultyral diploma, business college, community college, CEGEP) $\qquad$

e) Completed university degree program (inglude bachelor's degree and above) $\qquad$ ○ $\bigcirc$ 10

## 054

4. How many years has themost experienced operator on this farm managed a farm business? $\qquad$
5. Which of the following best descyibed this operation? ("X" one circle only)

- Report family and hobby farms in 5 a) to 5 c)


6. How many members are in the operator's FAMILY? $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## SECTION B. LAND USE

- Round to the nearest whole number

1. How will you report land area?
2. For the total land area of this operation, as of December 31, 2003 (including all land such as
cropland, woodland, improved and unimproved pasture, summerfallow, etc.) how much was:
3. For the total land area of this operation, as of December 31, 2003 (including all land such as
cropland, woodland, improved and unimproved pasture, summerfallow, etc.) how much was:
a) Owned

- Exclude land rented or leased TO others
b) Rented FROM others (with or without a written agreement)
- Include governments and other sources ("X" one circle only) $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Area of Total Land as of December 31, 2003
3. Total land operated (sum of 2 a) and 2 b)) $\qquad$
4. How much land did this operation rent or lease TO others as of December 31, 2003? $\qquad$
5. PRAIRIE PROVINCES ONLY: Of the total land operated (reported in above), what was the 104 total area of summerfallow?
6. a) What was the total area of cropland for this operation 任 2003 ?

- Include tame hay

94

- Exclude SUMMERFALLOW, improved and unimproved pasture, and woodland

b) What was the total area of cropland (reported in aa) above) insured under provincial crop insurance? $\qquad$
$\qquad$

7. Of the total area of cropland (reported in 62) above), what was the total area seeded for grains and oilseeds? $\qquad$

## COMMENTS:


$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## SECTION C. LIVESTOCK AND POULTRY

1. Did the operation OWN any livestock or poultry on December 31, 2003?

- Include all animals OWNED by this operation whether they are on your land or on land not owned by you
- Exclude animals on your land not owned by you
 1 no $\bigcirc$

3 (GO TO QUESTION 3 BELOW)
2. How many of the following did this operation own on December 31, 2003?

PART I. CATTLE
a) Bulls, 1 year and over
b) Cows mainly for dairy

- Include dairy replacement heifers
c) Cows mainly for beef
- Include beef replacement heifers $\qquad$
d) Steers and Heifers, 1 year and over for slaughter or feeding
e) Calves, under 1 year $\qquad$


## PART II. PIGS

f) Boars, 6 months and over
g) Sows for breeding and bred gilts


179


176
h) All other pigs


## 182

i) Sheep and lambs


PART IV. POULTRY

## 188

189

198
I) Other poultry (please specify) 080

PART V. HORSES
m) Horses and ponies

PART VI. OTHER LIVESTOCK
n) Other livestock (please specify)

Other livestock (please specify)

## TRACT FEEDING

## CUSTOM OR CONTRACT FEEDING

3. Did the operation custom or contract feed any livestock for others on December 31, 2003?


## SECTION D. CAPITAL INVESTMENTS

- Exclude GST, HST, PST, Quebec Sales Tax
- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$
- Report for the calendar year 2003

1. During 2003, did this operation invest any money in capital items or improvements?
200
YES
1
no $\bigcirc$
3 (GO TO SECTION E)
2. What was the amount of capital invested in $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ for the following:
a) Farm real estate purchased $\qquad$
b) House construction or major renovation
c) Manure storage construction or major renovation $\qquad$
d) Pesticide, chemical or fuel storage construction or major renovation
e) Other building construction or major renovation (e.g., barns, storage sheds, machine sheds, etc.)
f) Environmental protection improvements: shelterbelts, windbreaks, buffer strips or fences for waterways protection $\qquad$
g) Other land improvements: irrigation, orchard planting, draining, clearing of land fences for purposes other than environmental protection

Capital Investments in 2003

| 201 | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 203 |  |

203
b) House construction or major renovation 21 fences for purpose

h) Breeding and replacement livestock intended to be on the farm former than 1 year - Exclude poultry $\qquad$
i) Quota purchased separately from other assets

j) Farm machinery and equipment purchased or leased in 2003

- Report the full purchase or lease price BEFORE trade in or any downpayment
- Exclude lease payments (to be reported on (page 11, Section I)
- Specify using list of assets below


k) Other farm assets purchased (e.g., stocks, bonds, GICs, mutual funds)
- Exclude RRSPs
- Exclude the Producer Assistance 2003 Program and the Canadian Agriculture Income Stabilization (CAIS) program (these programs to be reported on page 12, Section J)
- Exclude Net Income Stabilization Account (NISA) and Compte de stabilisation du revenu agricole (CSRA) (these programs to be reported on page 13, Section K)
(please specify)


## SECTION E. CAPITAL SALES

- Exclude GST, HST, PST, Quebec Sales Tax
- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$
- Report for the calendar year 2003

1. During 2003, did this operation sell or trade-in any capital items?

2. What was the amount of capital sales in $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ for:
a) Land and buildings
b) Farm machinery and equipment traded-in

- Include cars and trucks used in the farm business
c) Farm machinery and equipment sold outright
- Include cars and trucks used in the farm business
- Exclude trade-ins
rucks used in the farm business
Quota sold separately from other assets
e) Breeding and replacement livestock
- Exclude culls for slaughter and poultry


- Exclude RRSPs
- Exclude the Producer Assistance 2003 Program and CAtS \&these programs to be reported on page 12, Section J)
- Exclude NISA and CSRA (these programs to be reporedpp page 13, Section K) (please specify)

096

COMMENTS: 088


## SECTION F. ASSETS

1. What was the value of the following assets of this operation on December 31, 2003?

- Report at current market value
- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$


## LIVESTOCK ASSETS

a) Market livestock

- Include heifers for slaughter or feeding, steers, calves, pigs, slaughter lambs, all poultry, goats for meat, culls and other market livestock
- Exclude boars, sows and contract livestock
- Report breeding and replacement livestock below $\qquad$

|  | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 662 |  |

b) Breeding, replacement and other livestock not considered market livestock - Include all livestock and fur animals for breeding or replacement purposes (e.g., cows, sows, ewes, horses for PMU, honey bees, ostriches, race and riding horses, etc.) $\qquad$

## Value of Assets on December 31, 2003

308

662

## CURRENT/SHORT-TERM ASSETS

c) Amount of money owed to this operation (accounts receivable)

- Include deferred cash grain purchase tickets and deferred crop insurance
d) Inventory
i) Supplies on hand (inputs) such as feed, supplies, fertilizer, fuel, seed, chemicals, etc.
ii) Crops for sale - Include all harvested crops destined for market
e) Cash and short-term investments of this operation (less than (One year)
f) Other current/short-term farm assets such as prepaid expenses for feed, fertilizer, seed, chemicals, etc.
(please specify)
094


## LONG-TERM ASSETS

g) Farmland and buildings owned


|  | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 306 | 000 |
| 661 | 000 |
| 658 | 000 |
| 659 |  |

- Include the farmhouse, storage sheds, silos, barns, grain bins, machine shops and woodlots


301

| 317 | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  | 000 |

304
i) Quota (market value. if not valued in farmland and buildings) $\qquad$
j) Long-term liveestments of this operation (one year or more) (e.g., stocks, bonds, long-term GICs, mutual funds, cooperative shares, etc.)
k) Other long-term farm assets (e.g., off-farm site warehouses, grain condominiums and other buildings owned by this operation, etc.)

- Exclude RRSPs
- Exclude the Producer Assistance 2003 Program and CAIS (these programs to be reported on page 12, Section J)
- Exclude NISA and CSRA (these programs to be reported on page 13, Section K)
(please specify)
084


## SECTION G. LIABILITIES OUTSTANDING AND LONG-TERM MONEY BORROWED

- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$

1. Did this operation owe any money on December 31, 2003 or borrow any money in 2003?

- Include balance owing on operating lines of credit
- Include money borrowed from family
- Include participation in the Advance Payments Program or the Spring Credit Advance Program
700 YES 1 NO 3 (GO TO SECTION H)
$\square$

2. On December 31, 2003 what was the amount of money owed to:

- Include balance owing on operating lines of credit - NOT THE CREDIT LIMIT
a) Chartered banks, trust companies, treasury branches
b) Credit unions, caisses populaires
c) Farm Credit Canada (Federal Agency - FCC)
d) the Advance Payments Program
e) Machinery and supply companies, feed companies
- Exclude leased machinery
f) Private individuals, family members shareholders
g) the provincial government
h) Others (e.g., accounts payable, meat packing plants, municipality,
etc.) (please specify)
Total
085
$\qquad$

Long-term: original repayment period is 12 months or more

| Current/Short-term: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| original repayment |  |
| period is less than |  |
| 12 months (Include |  |
| balance OWING on |  |
| operating lines of credit) |  |$|$



| 405 | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 000 |

## 436



| 407 | 000 |  | 000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 403 | 000 |  | 000 |
| 409 |  | 489 | 000 |
| 441 | 000 |  |  |


Long-term money
borrowed in 2003

For long-term loans, how much was borrowed in 2003? (repayment period of 12 months or more)


|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 587 | 000 |
| 588 | 000 |
| 583 | 000 |
| 589 | 000 |
| 590 | 000 |

3. Of all the long-term money borrowed in 2003 (Box 590 above), what amount was used to refinance previous loans?
4. Of ALL current/short-term money owed in $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ (from all sources), what was the highest amount owed at any time during the year?

| 543 | 000 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 501 | 000 |

5. Did this operation participate in the Advance Payments Program in 2003? - Include Spring Credit Advance Program
541

NO $\bigcirc$

3 (GO TO SECTION H)
6. What was the total amount borrowed under the Advance Payments Program in 2003?

## SECTION H. REVENUE

- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$

1. In 2003, what was the total gross farm revenue of this operation, before expenses?

- Include revenue from capital sales of breeding and replacement livestock (Box 236, page 6, Section E), direct program payments, agricultural custom work


2. Of the total gross farm revenue in 2003 (Box 601 above), how much was from:
a) Direct program payments

- Include provincial crop insurance, private hail insurance, BSE compensation, tax rebates (e.g., fuel tax, property tax), farm income stabilization programs (e.g., Canadian Farm Income Program [CFIP], Federal Bridge Income Assistance, B.C. Whole Farm Insurance Program [WFIP], Alberta Farm Income Assistance Program [FIAP], Ontario Farm Income Disaster Program [OFIDP], Quebec's Assurance stabilisation du revenu agricole [ASRA], etc.)
- Exclude any money received from the Producer Assistance 2003 Program or CAIS (these programs to be reported on page 12, Section J), NISA and CSRA withdrawals (these programs to be reported on page 13, Section K)
b) Sale of grains, oilseeds and specialty crops
- Include lentils, dry peas, dry beans, etc.
- Include wheat board payments $\qquad$

- Include potatoes, fruits, vegetables, greenhouse prodycts, nursery products, sod, mushrooms, etc. $\qquad$ dy
Exclude any money received from the Producer Assistance 2003 Program or CAIS (these programs to be reported on page 12, Section J), NISA and CSRA withdrawals (these programs to be reported on page 13, Section K), the value of inventory adjustments, the sale of land and buildings, the sale of machinery and equipment and the sale of quota


## SECTION H. BSE (Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy) COMPENSATION

- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$

3. Did this operation have any cattle on May 20, 2003?


NO 3 (GO TO QUESTION 7)
4. Was this operation eligible for compensation as a result of the BSE disease?


3 (GO TO QUESTION 7)
5. Of the amount reported for program payments (Box 604, page 9) WHAT WAS THE AMOUNT RECEIVED in compensation as a result of the BSE disease?

## BSEPAYMENTS


6. Of the amount reported in question 5 (Box 548 above) above how much was received from:
a) Canada - Provincial BSE Recovery Program

b) Cull Animal Program
c) B.C. Provincial Steer and Heifer Market Transition Program
d) Alberta Fed Cattle Competitive Bid Program
e) Alberta Fed Cattle Market Adjustment Program
f) Alberta BSE Slaughter Market Adjustment Program
g) Alberta Mature Market Animal Transition Program
h) Saskatchewan Fed Livestock Competitive Market Adjustment Program
i) Saskatchewan BSE Set Aside Program
j) Manitoba Slaughter Compensation Rrogkam
k) Ontario BSE Recovery Initiatiye
I) Other (please specify) 592

## SECTION H. ENVIRONMENTAL PAYMENTS

7. In 2003, whatamount was received for environmental purposes, such as financial compensation from widdhfe conservation groups, or government subsidies for the implementation of environmental farm plans?

- Include financial compensation for conservation of wildlife habitats, public access to wildlife habitats, prevention of water pollution, etc.
- Exclude drought payments and payments received for the purchase of land by wildlife conservation organizations $\qquad$

| 549 | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 550 | 000 |
| 551 | 000 |
| 552 | 000 |
| 553 | 000 |
| 554 | 000 |
| 555 | 000 |
| 556 | 000 |
| 557 | 000 |
| 558 | 000 |
| 559 | 000 |
| 591 | 000 |

## SECTION I. TOTAL FARM OPERATING EXPENSES

- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$

1. In 2003, what were the total farm operating expenses?

Expenses in 2003

- Exclude capital cost allowances or depreciation
- Exclude the value of inventory adjustments
- Exclude NISA and CSRA contributions (these programs to be reported on page 13, Section K)


## SECTION I. SELECTED FARM OPERATING EXPENSES

- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$

2. Of the farm operating expenses in $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ how much was for:
a) Fertilizer and lime

| 560 | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 561 | 000 |
| 562 | 000 |
| 593 |  |

c) Seed and plants

593
d) Livestock and poultry purchases

- Include cattle, hogs and poultry only
e) Feed and supplements $\qquad$
f) Veterinary services, drugs, semen, breeding fees, etc. $\qquad$
g) Fuel for machinery, trucks and automobiles
- Include only the farm business share of amounts paid
- Exclude heating fuel $\qquad$
566
b) Herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, etc. .................................................................................................

562

h) Repairs and maintenance to farm machinery, equipment and vehicles

- Include only the farm business share of amounts paid


i) Rental and leasing of farm machinery, equipment and vehicles
- Include only the farm business share of amounts paid. 8 .
j) Total interest paid on farm debt
- Exclude payments on the principal
k) Custom work and contract work
- Exclude capital improvements such as land clearing and building construction, where benefits are spread out over many years).

| 605 | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 571 | 000 |
| 572 | 000 |
| 666 | 000 |
| 573 | 000 |

I) Total wages and salaries


| 569 | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |

m) Wages and salaries paid to your FAMILY

- Include all employee benefits
- For the Farm Financial Survey, FAMILY is defined as the operator, the operator's spouse and never married children residing in the same household $\qquad$
n) Wages and salaries paid to hired help
- Include all employee benefits
- Exclude the amount reported in Box 666 above

3. Did this operation participate in the provincial crop insurance program in 2003?

a) What were the total provincial crop insurance premiums for the 2003 crop?

- REPORT ONLY IF GREATER THAN \$1,000
b) What were the gross receipts received in $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ from provincial crop insurance?
no $\bigcirc$
3 (GO TO SECTION J)

| 643 | 000 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 644 |  |
|  | 000 |

## SECTION J. PRODUCER ASSISTANCE 2003 PROGRAM/CANADIAN AGRICULTURE INCOME STABILIZATION (CABS)

- Report to the nearest $\$ 1,000$

1. In 2003, did this operation participate in the Producer Assistance 2003 Program or the CAIS program?
577 YES 1 NO 3 (GO TO SECTION K)
2. In 2003, how much money was received by this operation from the Producer Assistance 2003 Program or the CAIS program?

$\qquad$ $\longrightarrow$ $\longrightarrow$
$\qquad$ $\longrightarrow$ $\longrightarrow$

## SECTION K. NET INCOME STABILIZATION ACCOUNT (NASA)

For the Farm Financial Survey, FAMILY is defined as the operator, the operator's spouse and never married children residing in the same household.

1. Has this FAMILY ever participated in the NISA program?


Atlantic, Ontario, Prairies and BC. - GO TO SECTION L Quebec - GO TO QUESTION 4 BELOW
2. Has this FAMILY contributed to or withdrawn from NISA in 2003?


TOTAL DOLLARS
a) What were the FAMILY's total NISA contributions (FUND 1) in the 2003 calendar year? 634 - Include contributions from all FAMILY members

- Exclude government contributions
- REPORT IN DOLLARS
ributions

b) How much was withdrawn from FUND 1 NISA accounts) in the 2003 alenqaryear? - Include withdrawals from all FAMILY members
- REPORT IN DOLLARS

FAMILY members


680
c) How much was withdrawn from FUND 2 NISA accounts) in the 2003) calendar year? - Include withdrawals from all FAMILY members

- REPORT IN DOLLARS

3. What was the ending balance of all NISA accounts for this FAMILY as of December 31, 2003?

- REPORT TO THE NEAREST \$1,000
- Include balances of all FAMILY mender

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS
a) FUND 1 (non-taxable: producers' contributions)

- REPORT TO THE NEAREST $\$ 1,000$

| 637 | 000 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 638 | 000 |

b) FUND 2 (taxable: government contributions and interest)

- REPORT TO THE NEAREST $\$ \$, 000$


## SECTION K. QUEBEC ONLY - CSRA - COMPTE DE STABILISATION DU REVENU AGRICOLE

4. Has this FAMM Y ever participated in the CSRA program?

5. What was the ending balance of all CSRA accounts for this FAMILY as of December 31, 2003?

## THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

- REPORT TO THE NEAREST \$1,000
- Include balances of all FAMILY members


## SECTION L. INCOME FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN THIS OPERATION

For the Farm Financial Survey, FAMILY is defined as the operator, the operator's spouse and never married children residing in the same household.

## - REPORT TO THE NEAREST \$1,000

1. In 2003, what was this FAMILY's income from the following sources:
a) Wages and salaries (before deductions) from sources other than this operation

- Report gross wages and salaries
b) Interest, dividends (actually received) from sources other than this operation
- Exclude any money received from the Producer Assistance 2003 Program or CAIS
- Exclude NISA and CSRA withdrawals


## Income not from this farm operation THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

Pensions

- Include CPP, QPP, Old Age Security, Registered Pension Plans (RPPs), RRSP withdrawals
this operation
- Include non-agricultural custom work, income from other farm operations Employment Insurance, net rental income
- Report net income (after expenses)
- Exclude any money received from the Producer Assistance2003 Program or CAIS
- Exclude NISA and CSRA withdrawals
d) Other income not from this operation


## NOTE TO RESPONDENT

This survey is being conducted jointly on benaliforstatistics Canada and Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada. You will be asked the appropriate information sharing question(s) at the time of the telephone interview.

## COMMENTS:

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For more information, please refer to "Report on User Consultations and Proposed Whole Farm Database Tabulations" Jan. 1992, Ménard, Chartrand and Culver, available from the Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ Since the 2003 reference year, the Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization (CAIS) program is replacing the Net Income Stabilization Account (NISA).
    ${ }^{3}$ The CAIS/TDP did not cover the Prairie provinces from 1987 to 1989, also data for 1988 and 1989 are not available for the BC Peace River Region.
    4 The statistical series on additions and disposals of assets does not cover the unincorporated sector from 1996 to 1999. Series was discontinued after 1999 data.
    ${ }^{5}$ Farm operators involved in a single farm operation.
    ${ }_{7}$ Farm operators operating incorporated and unincorporated agricultural holdings. Data available since 1993.
    7 Unincorporated sector only. Farm families involved in a single farm operation, 1989 to 2002 only.
    ${ }_{9}^{8}$ Since the 1993 reference year, the NFS has been replaced by the June Crops Survey and the July Livestock Survey.
    9 The NFS did not cover Newfoundland and Labrador for 1992.
    ${ }_{11}$ Prairie provinces only. These data are not available for 1992.
    ${ }^{11}$ The JCS did not cover Newfoundland and Labrador from 1993 to 1997. This province was excluded from the JLS in 1993 and 1994.
    ${ }^{12}$ The FFS was originally collected by the Farm Credit Corporation under the name "Farm Survey". The dates are for reference years 1987 to 2003. The FFS was conducted on a biennial basis from 1988 to 2000 and is conducted on an annual basis since 2002.
    ${ }^{13}$ There was an FFS in 1993 (reference year 1992) that covered only the Prairie provinces and British Columbia.

[^2]:    ${ }^{14}$ Applicable before the 1993 reference year.

[^3]:    ${ }^{15}$ Net business portion.
    ${ }_{17}$ Net business portion.
    ${ }^{17}$ All sectors covered to 1995. From 1996 to 1999, data series only covers incorporated sector and communal farming organizations. Series discontinued after 1999 data.
    ${ }^{18}$ The statistical series on off-farm income for farm operators operating incorporated or unincorporated agricultural holdings starts in 1993.

[^4]:    ${ }^{19}$ Applicable after the 1993 reference year.
    ${ }^{20}$ Applicable for the 1994 reference year.
    ${ }^{21}$ Applicable after the 1994 reference year and before the 1998 reference year.

[^5]:    ${ }^{22}$ Applicable before the 1997 reference year.
    ${ }^{23}$ Applicable after the 1995 reference year.
    ${ }^{24}$ Net Income Stabilization Account (NISA), applicable after the 1993 reference year.
    ${ }^{25}$ Applicable before the 1999 reference year.
    ${ }^{26}$ Applicable after the 1997 reference year.
    ${ }^{27}$ Applicable before the 1999 reference year. Current "Federal government" liabilities included Farm Credit Canada (FCC), Advance Payments Program (APP) and other federal programs such as Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) and Business Development Bank of Canada (BDC) programs.
    ${ }^{28}$ Starting with reference year 1999, FCC and APP liabilities are shown as separate categories, and the other federal liabilities are included in the "Others" category.
    ${ }^{29}$ Applicable before the 1999 reference year. Long-term "Federal government" liabilities included Farm Credit Canada and other federal programs such as Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and Business Development Bank of Canada programs.
    ${ }^{30}$ Starting with reference year 1999, FCC liabilities are shown as a separate category, and the other federal liabilities are included in the "Others" category.
    ${ }^{31}$ For reference years prior to 1999, FCC liabilities are provided twice in the Standard output format: in a separate category and in "Federal government" liabilities.
    ${ }^{32}$ The new Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization (CAIS) program is replacing the Net Income Stabilization Account (NISA). Rules to wind down NISA accounts require producers to withdraw all their funds by March 31, 2009.

[^6]:    ${ }^{33}$ Prior to reference year 2001, "Land improvements" included "Environmental protection improvements".
    ${ }^{34}$ Prior to reference year 2001, "Other building construction or renovation" included "Manure storage construction or major renovation" and "Pesticide chemical or fuel storage construction or major renovation".
    ${ }^{35}$ Applicable after the 1991 reference year.
    ${ }_{37}^{36}$ Applicable before the 1992 reference year.
    ${ }^{37}$ After the 1991 reference year, includes gross expenditures (before trade-in) on farm machinery and equipment. Before the 1992 reference year, includes net cost after trade-in.
    ${ }^{38}$ Applicable before the 1997 reference year.
    ${ }^{39}$ Applicable after the 1995 reference year.
    ${ }^{40}$ After the 1991 reference year, includes machinery and equipment traded in.
    ${ }^{41}$ Applicable before the 1999 reference year. Amount of capital borrowed from "Federal government" included Farm Credit Canada and other federal agencies such as Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and Business Development Bank of Canada.
    ${ }^{42}$ Starting with reference year 1999, the amount of capital borrowed from FCC is shown as a separate category, and the borrowings from other federal agencies are included in the "Others" category.
    ${ }^{43}$ For reference years prior to 1999, borrowings from FCC are provided twice in the Standard output format: in a separate category and in the "Federal government" category.

[^7]:    * Indicates variables currently available on ESAS.
    ${ }^{1}$ The CARs are outlined on the maps found in Appendix E (pages 63 to 71). All the maps are based on the 2001 Census of Agriculture boundaries.
    ${ }^{2}$ NAICS Canada replaces both the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification for Establishments (SIC-E) and the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification for Companies and Enterprises (SIC-C).
    ${ }^{3}$ The SIC is a system developed by Statistics Canada for arranging producing units into industries.

[^8]:    * Indicates variables currently available on ESAS.
    ${ }^{4}$ The rule of $51 \%$ or more of the sales was used by the WFDB to determine the primary farm type on the SIC basis.

[^9]:    * Indicates variables currently available on ESAS.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data for this variable are imputed to a greater extent for data years 1996 and beyond since the unincorporated source of electronically filed taxation data (EFILE) has no breakdown of grains and oilseeds available.

[^11]:    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Prior to 1996, included also artificial insemination, semen and stud service. This variable is no longer available since 1997.
    ${ }^{3}$ Only available since 1996 in the CAIS/TDP.
    ${ }^{4}$ Embryo transplants are included since 1997.

[^12]:    ${ }^{5}$ For definitions, please refer to Farming Income Tax Guide available from Canada Revenue Agency.

[^13]:    ${ }^{6}$ Data for this variable are imputed to a greater extent for data years 1996 and beyond since most of the data sources (traditional printed forms and electronic forms for the unincorporated farm, and the General Index of Financial Information (GIFI) for the corporations) have no breakdown of livestock purchases available.

[^14]:    ${ }^{7}$ For definitions, please refer to Farming Income Tax Guide available from Canada Revenue Agency.

[^15]:    ${ }^{8}$ Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada created these classes.
    ${ }^{9}$ All sectors covered to 1995. From 1996-1999, data series only covers incorporated sector and communal farming organizations. Series discontinued after 1999 data.

[^16]:    ${ }_{11}^{10}$ Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada created these classes.
    ${ }^{11}$ The items that follow (except TCHIL, FAQUE, FABC, FABEN and some of the 4-digit codes) are all from the Canada Revenue Agency
    Taxation T1 General Taxation Form, which are defined in Your Guide: Federal and Provincial Tax Guide and Returns.
    ${ }^{12}$ Starting with the 1999 data, the total of wages and salaries in the statistical series on off-farm family income includes tax-exempt employment income earned on an Indian reserve. Starting in 2000, this change is also reflected in the off-farm operator income series.

[^17]:    ${ }_{14}^{13}$ Applicable after 1991.
    ${ }^{14}$ On July 1, 1996, the Unemployment Insurance program officially became known as the Employment Insurance program.
    ${ }^{15}$ The Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) program, which started in July 1998 in support of the National Child Benefit initiative, replaces the previous Child Tax Benefit (CTB) program. The CTB was introduced in January 1993, replacing a system of universal family allowances and child tax credits. These benefits were not included in the 1993 off-farm income estimates.
    ${ }_{17}^{16}$ Applicable for the 1994 to 1996 reference years. These benefits were only included in the off-farm family income estimates.
    ${ }^{17}$ Applicable for the 1996 reference year. These benefits were only included in the off-farm family income estimates.
    ${ }^{18}$ Family allowances for Alberta, British Columbia, New Brunswick and Quebec are included under FABEN since 1997; provincial family allowances for Nova Scotia, Ontario and Saskatchewan, since 1998; and those for Newfoundland and Labrador, since 1999. Provincial family allowances are only included in the statistical series on off-farm family income.
    ${ }^{19}$ Starting in 1999, only RRSP income of people aged 65 or older is included in the statistical series on off-farm family income. Starting in 2000, this change is also reflected in the off-farm operator income series.

[^18]:    ${ }^{1}$ Prior to reference year 2001, the source for the incorporated operations was the CORPAC (corporate accounting and collections system) file.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Prior to reference year 2001, operations were classified as farms under the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).
    ${ }^{3}$ CAIS: Canadian Agricultural Income Stabilization CRA: Canada Revenue Agency

[^19]:    ${ }^{4}$ Census family refers to a married couple or a common-law couple with or without children at home; or a lone-parent of any marital status, with at least one child living at home. There is no restriction on the age of the children. Children must report a marital status other than "married" or "living common-law" and have no child living in the household. Previous to the 1998 data, children had to report "single" as their marital status. Starting with the 2000 data, same-sex couples are also included.

[^20]:    ${ }^{5}$ The Area Frame Survey was conducted for the last time in 1995.

[^21]:    ${ }^{6}$ The Area Frame Survey was conducted for the last time in 1995.

[^22]:    ${ }_{8}^{7}$ Number of usable records with operating revenues equal to or greater than \$10,000.
    ${ }^{8}$ Off-farm income for operators involved in a single farm operation - unincorporated sector only.
    ${ }_{10}$ Data for 1988 and 1989 are not available for the BC Peace River Region.
    ${ }^{10}$ Excludes communal organizations.
    ${ }^{11}$ Expanded coverage of electronic tax filers begins with the 1995 data.
    ${ }^{12}$ From 1996 to 1999, Additions and disposals cover only T2 and T3.

[^23]:    ${ }^{13}$ Number of usable records with operating revenues equal to or greater than \$10,000.
    ${ }_{15}^{14}$ From 1996 to 1999. Additions and disposals cover only T2 and T3.
    ${ }^{15}$ Excludes communal organizations.
    ${ }^{16}$ Off-farm income for operators involved in a single farm operation - unincorporated sector only.

[^24]:    ${ }^{17}$ Number of usable records with operating revenues equal to or greater than \$10,000.

[^25]:    ${ }^{18}$ Number of usable records with operating revenues equal to or greater than $\$ 10,000$.

[^26]:    Source: WFDB, July Livestock Survey

[^27]:    (GO TO QUESTION 4.)
    4) Of your total area to be seeded to field crops this spring, what percentage have you seeded at this time? (GO TO SECTION C.)

[^28]:    (GO TO SECTION F.)

