RENTAL MARKET REPORT

Barrie CMA



CANADA MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION

Date Released: Fall 2010

Highlights

- Barrie's vacancy rate has decreased to 3.4 per cent from 3.8 per cent a year ago.
- A weaker pull to homeownership in the second half of 2010 kept more people in rental.
- The vacancy rate will increase slightly in 2011 as the homeownership market attracts more buyers given an expanding economy.
- A higher vacancy rate in 2011 will mean rents will grow at a slower pace of about half a per cent.

Figure 1

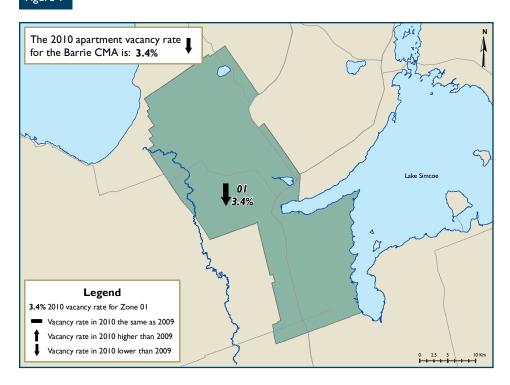


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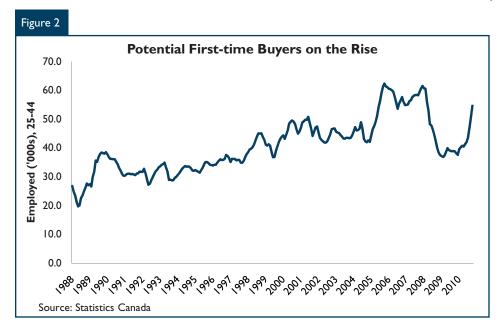
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Purpose-Built Rental Market

The vacancy rates for both rental apartments and townhouses declined in October 2010 from their level in October 2009. The decline was due almost entirely to stronger demand. Supply was virtually unchanged, since the combined universe of townhouses and apartments declined by only 10 units. Nor was there much replacement of old units with newer ones, since there were only four new rental apartments completed in the year ending June 30, 2010. Demand was stronger mainly because fewer renters were shifting to homeownership. An improving employment situation also supported stronger rental demand.

Sales of both new and resale homes peaked in the second quarter of 2010. The expected increase to mortgage rates caused many renters to leave rental and move to homeownership early in the year. This shift of renters to homeownership pushed up the vacancy rate in Barrie at the time of the April survey. However, the pool of potential buyers was depleted, and in the fall, potential

first-time buyers remained in rental and with new renters coming into the market, the vacancy rate moved down relative to October 2009.

Furthermore, the state of the economy also kept more potential first-time buyers in rental after the spring. Despite a growing job market where employment is almost at the level it was before the recession, wages have grown slowly and not returned to the levels before the recession. This has made renters cautious with respect to taking on major commitments.

As noted, employment has recovered nearly to its pre-recession level. The employment rate for youth aged between 15 and 24 years old held up fairly well during the downturn, and consequently did not fluctuate very much in 2010. By contrast, 25 to 44 year-olds suffered the brunt of the employment downturn and benefited from a sharp improvement this year. In many communities, the 15 to 24 group is the source of new renters who replace the 25 to 44 year-olds who are moving from renting to homeownership. However, in Barrie demand for homeownership and rental comes from both the youngest group and the 25 to 44 age group. Over 30 per cent of households headed by someone younger than 25 years are already homeowners. However, at this time, low wage growth is not facilitating the movement to homeownership, and thus the improved employment situation is mainly supporting stronger rental demand.

The tightening of the market was quite general, although for some categories of units there was a differential impact. The vacancy rate for three-bedroom apartments increased, while it declined for all other types of apartments. This increase had already occurred in the spring as a result of the movement to homeownership. Usually firsttime buyers move from the larger, more expensive units. Though there wasn't sufficient movement in to fill up these apartment units, the threebedroom townhouse vacancy rate declined significantly, indicating there was an increase in demand for larger units.

The vacancy rate decreased for all but the most expensive apartments, but also decreased for newer and larger buildings which usually have higher rents. There was some shift from buildings with 50 to 99 units to buildings with over 100 units. The average rent for the largest buildings decreased, suggesting that incentives may have been a factor stimulating this shift.

The market tightening was accompanied by a modest increase in rents. Average rent (based on structures common to both the 2009 and 2010 surveys) increased by 0.7 per cent when comparing October 2009 to October 2010, after having been flat in the previous year.

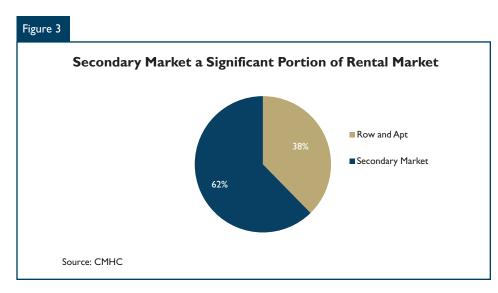
Secondary Rental Market

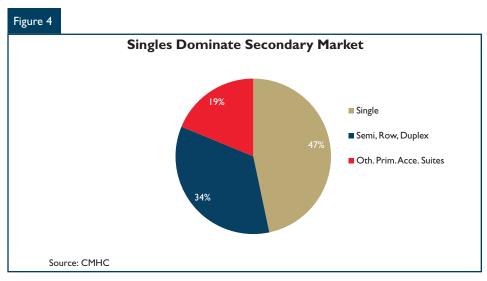
The secondary rental market remains relatively stable year over year. The overall stock of rental units in the secondary market has remained relatively unchanged. Prices have not increased greatly compared to October 2009. At first glance, when looking at individual components of the secondary market, it appears that there were changes year over year. When applying more rigourous statistical tests, however, the changes are not statistically significant and the results point to no change.

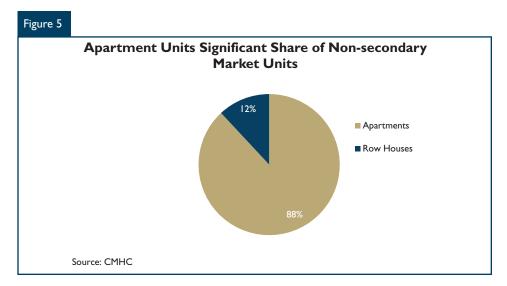
Overall, the secondary market in Barrie remains a vital rental submarket. Comparing the purpose-built and the secondary rental markets, the latter is almost twice the size of the former. Homeownership is quite important in Barrie. The ownership rate hovers close to 80 per cent. For those that are not yet able to purchase, renting a house or other ground-oriented dwelling in the secondary market provides them an attractive second option.

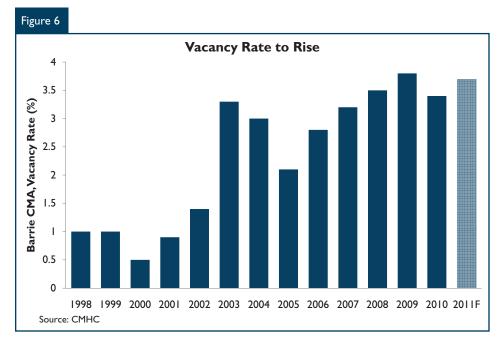
Rental Market Forecast

In 2011, the employment picture will improve. In particular, a higher share of new jobs created will be full-time employment. Consequently, renters will once again look towards homeownership and as a result, the overall vacancy rate will move up to 3.7 per cent. While the improving employment situation will support household formation and movement into rental by the younger age groups, the stronger trend will be the movement out of rental by first-time buyers. Mortgage rates will remain low throughout 2011, supporting









the movement of renters to home ownership.

Migration to Barrie is expected to increase from 2010 but a higher

percentage of migrants moving to Barrie will be older more mature migrants. Many of these new residents coming to settle in Barrie will not rent but rather purchase a home. However, a portion of these new residents will be renters and will replace those current renters who will move to homeownership. Overall, though, the pressure on the vacancy rate will be upwards.

Increased supply will be another factor putting upward pressure on the vacancy rate in 2011.A 43-unit apartment building was completed in September 2010. Another 31 apartments are currently under construction and will likely be on the market before the 2011 survey. These will be the first significant new additions to rental supply since 2007.

With the market loosening up, the average rent increase will be modest. The average rent for a two-bedroom unit will increase by approximately half a per cent, less than expected inflation in 2011.

National Vacancy Rate Decreased in October 2010

The average rental apartment vacancy rate in Canada's 35 major centres decreased to 2.6 per cent in October 2010 from 2.8 in October 2009.

Immigration continues to be a strong driver in increasing rental housing demand. Recent immigrants tend to rent first before becoming homeowners. Also, improving economic conditions have likely boosted the demand for rental housing, thus pushing vacancy rates downward. Moderating this, however, is lower levels of youth employment, which likely reduced household formation among young adults (under 24 years of age) who are predominantly renters.

The Canadian average two-bedroom rent in new and existing structures was \$860 in 2010 compared to \$836 in 2009. With respect to the CMAs, the highest average monthly rents for two-bedroom apartments in new and existing structures in Canada's major centres were in Vancouver (\$1,195), Toronto (\$1,123), Calgary (\$1,069), Ottawa-Gatineau (Ontario Part \$1,048), Victoria (\$1,024), and Edmonton (\$1,015). These are the only major centres with average rents at or above \$1,000 per month. The lowest average monthly rents for two-bedroom apartments were in Trois-Rivières (\$533), Saguenay (\$535) and Sherbrooke (\$566).

Provincially, the highest average monthly rents were in Alberta (\$1,036), British Columbia (\$1,019) and Ontario (\$980), while the lowest monthly rents were in Québec (\$666), Newfoundland and Labrador, and New Brunswick (both \$668).

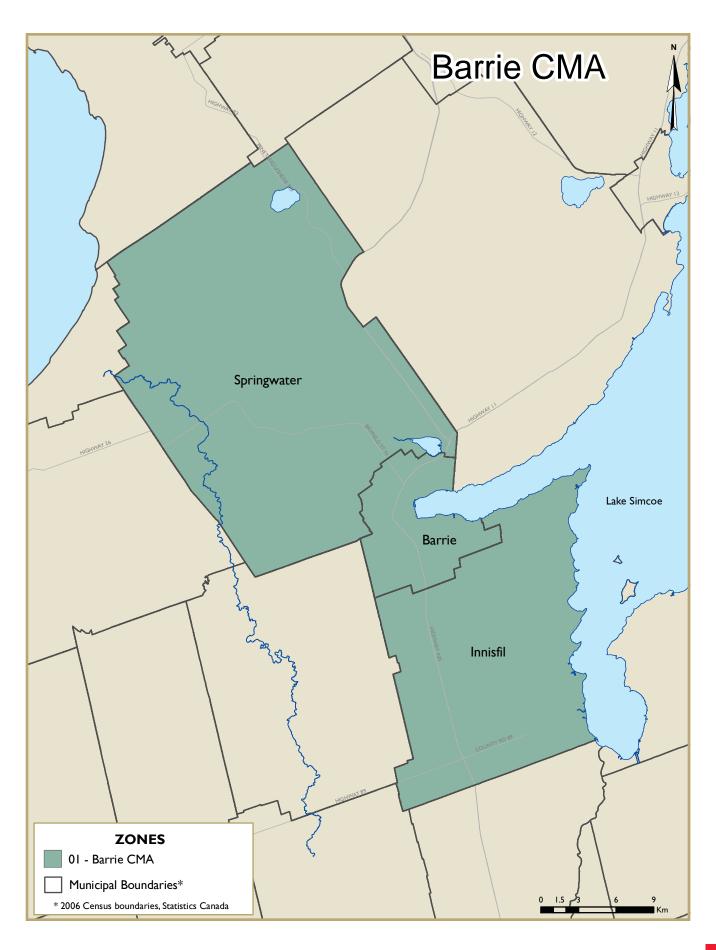
Year-over-year comparison of average rents can be slightly misleading because rents in newly built structures tend to be higher than in existing buildings. By excluding new structures, we can get a better indication of actual rent increases paid by tenants. The average rent for two-bedroom apartments in existing structures across Canada's 35 major centres increased 2.4 per cent between October 2009 and October 2010, a similar pace of rent increase to what was observed between October 2008 and October 2009 (2.3 per cent). The major centres with the largest increases in average rent were St. John's (8.9 per cent), Regina (6.3 per cent) and Winnipeg (4.5 per cent). These increases reflect the tight rental market conditions prevailing in these CMAs. Average rents in existing structures decreased in Calgary (-2.7 per cent), and Windsor (-0.4 per cent).

CMHC's October 2010 Rental Market Survey also covers condominium apartments offered for rent in Calgary, Edmonton, Montréal, Ottawa, Québec, Regina, Saskatoon, Toronto, Vancouver, and Victoria. Vacancy rates for rental condominium apartments were 2.0 per cent or below in 6 of the 10 centres surveyed. Rental condominium vacancy rates were the lowest in Saskatoon (0.9 per cent), Regina (1.4 per cent) and Victoria (1.6 per cent). The highest vacancy rates for rental condominium apartments occurred in Edmonton (5.2 per cent), Calgary (5.2 per cent) and Montréal (4.2 per cent). The highest average monthly rents for two-bedroom condominium apartments were in

Vancouver (\$1,610), Toronto (\$1,590), Calgary (\$1,385) and Ottawa-Gatineau (Ontario part, \$1,212). All surveyed centres posted average monthly rents for two-bedroom condominium apartments that were higher than average monthly rents for two-bedroom private apartments in the conventional rental market.

Apartment Vacand by Major Ce		s (%)
	_	Oct-10
Abbotsford	6.1	6.5
Barrie	3.8	3.4
Brantford	3.3	3.7
Calgary	5.3	3.6
Edmonton	4.5	4.2
Gatineau	2.2	2.5
Greater Sudbury	2.9	3.0
Guelph	4.1	3.4
Halifax	2.9	2.6
Hamilton	4.0	3.7
Kelowna	3.0	3.5
Kingston	1.3	1.0
Kitchener	3.3	2.6
London	5.0	5.0
Moncton	3.8	4.2
Montréal	2.5	2.7
Oshawa	4.2	3.0
Ottawa	1.5	1.6
Peterborough	6.0	4.1
Québec	0.6	1.0
Regina	0.6	1.0
Saguenay	1.5	1.8
Saint John	3.6	5.1
Saskatoon	1.9	2.6
Sherbrooke	3.9	4.6
St. Catharines-Niagara	4.4	4.4
St. John's	0.9	1.1
Thunder Bay	2.3	2.2
Toronto	3.1	2.1
Trois-Rivières	2.7	3.9
Vancouver	2.1	1.9
Victoria	1.4	1.5
Windsor	13.0	10.9
Winnipeg	1.1	0.8
Total	2.8	2.6

Major centres are based on Statistics Canada Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs) with the exception of the Ottawa-Gatineau CMA which is treated as two centres for Rental Market Survey purposes and Charlottetown which is a Census Agglomeration (CA).



	RMS ZONE DESCRIPTIONS - BARRIE CMA										
Zone I	Comprised of Barrie City, Innisfil Town and Springwater Township.										
Zone I	Barrie CMA										

RENTAL MARKET REPORT TABLES

Available in ALL Rental Market Reports

Private Apartment Data:

- I.I.I Vacancy Rates (%) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 1.1.2 Average Rents (\$) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 1.1.3 Number of Units Vacant and Universe by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 1.1.4 Availability Rates (%) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 1.1.5 Estimate of Percentage Change (%) of Average Rent
- 1.2.1 Vacancy Rates (%) by Year of Construction and Bedroom Type
- 1.2.2 Average Rents (\$) by Year of Construction and Bedroom Type
- 1.3.1 Vacancy Rates (%) by Structure Size and Bedroom Type
- 1.3.2 Average Rents (\$) by Structure Size and Bedroom Type
- 1.4 Vacancy Rates (%) by Rent Range and Bedroom Type

Available in SELECTED Rental Market Reports

Private Apartment Data:

1.3.3 Vacancy Rates (%) by structure Size and Zone

Private Row (Townhouse) Data:

- 2.1.1 Vacancy Rates (%) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 2.1.2 Average Rents (\$) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 2.1.3 Number of Units Vacant and Universe by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 2.1.4 Availability Rates (%) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 2.1.5 Estimate of Percentage Change (%) of Average Rent

Private Apartment and Row (Townhouse) Data:

- 3.1.1 Vacancy Rates (%) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 3.1.2 Average Rents (\$) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 3.1.3 Number of Units Vacant and Universe by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 3.1.4 Availability Rates (%) by Zone and Bedroom Type
- 3.1.5 Estimate of Percentage Change (%) of Average Rent

Available in the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton, Calgary, Vancouver and Victoria Reports

Rental Condominium Apartment Data *

- 4.1.1 Rental Condominium Apartments and Private Apartments in the RMS Vacancy Rates (%)
- 4.1.2 Rental Condominium Apartments and Private Apartments in the RMS Average Rents (\$)
- 4.1.3 Rental Condominium Apartments Average Rents (\$)
- 4.2.1 Rental Condominium Apartments and Private Apartments in the RMS Vacancy Rates (%) by Building Size
- 4.3.1 Condominium Universe, Rental Units, Percentage of Units in Rental and Vacancy Rate
- 4.3.2 Condominium Universe, Rental Units, Percentage of Units in Rental and Vacancy Rate by Building Size

Available in the Montreal, Toronto, Vancouver, St. John's, Halifax, Quebec, Barrie, Ottawa, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton, Abbotsford, Kelowna and Victoria Reports

Secondary Rented Unit Data

- 5.1 Secondary Rented Unit Average Rents (\$) by Dwelling Type
- 5.2 Estimated Number of Households in Secondary Rented Units and Estimated Percentage of Households in Secondary Rented Units by Dwelling Type

I.I.I Private Apartment Vacancy Rates (%) by Zone and Bedroom Type Barrie CMA												
Zone	Back	elor	I Bed	lroom	2 Bed	lroom	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal		
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10										
Barrie CMA	11.7 с	6.8 c	3.9 b	3.7 a	3.4 b	2.9 a	0.6 b	4.7 d	3.8 b	3.4 a		

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

I.I.2 Private Apartment Average Rents (\$) by Zone and Bedroom Type Barrie CMA												
Zone	Back	elor	I Bed	room	2 Bed	room	3 Bedr	room +	То	tal		
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10		
Barrie CMA	679 a	687 a	821 a	85 I a	961 a	968 a	1,128 a	1,164 a	913 a	930 a		

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates (cv = coefficient of variation):

a - Excellent (0 \leq cv \leq 2.5), b-Very good (2.5 \leq cv \leq 5), c - Good (5 \leq cv \leq 7.5), d - Fair (Use with Caution) (7.5 \leq cv \leq 10) ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

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I.I.3 Number o	of Privat	-	one and	l Bedro	om Typ		1.1.3 Number of Private Apartment Units Vacant and Universe in October 2010 by Zone and Bedroom Type Barrie CMA													
7000	Bach	thelor I Bedroom			2 Bedr	oom	3 Bedro	oom +	Tot	:al										
Zone	Zone Vacant Total Vacant Total Vacant Total Vacant Total Vacant Total																			
Barrie CMA	7 с	103	39 a	1,042	57 a	1,948	9 d	191	112 a	3,284										

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	I.I.4 Pri	-	artmer e and B Barrie	edroon		lates (%	5)				
Zono	Bacl	nelor		room	2 Bed	room	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal	
Zone	Zone Oct-09 Oct-10 Oct-09 Oct-10 Oct-09 Oct-10 Oct-09 Oct-10 Oct-09 Oct-10										
Barrie CMA	14.6 c	14.6 c 6.8 c 5.5 a 6.0 a 6.1 b 5.6 a 1.7 c 6.4 c 6.0 a 5								5.8 a	

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
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I.I.5 Private Apa	rtment			om Typ		nge (%)	of Aver	age Rer	nt ^I	
	Bachelor		l Bedroom		2 Bedroom		3 Bedroom +		Total	
Centre	Oct-08	Oct-09	Oct-08	Oct-09	Oct-08	Oct-09	Oct-08	Oct-09	Oct-08	Oct-09
Centre	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to
	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10
Barrie CMA	**	++	++	++	1.2 a	++	1.4 d	2.0 c	++	0.7 a

The Percentage Change of Average Rent is a measure of the market movement, and is based on those structures that were common to the survey sample for both years.

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⁺⁺ Change in rent is not statistically significant. This means that the change in rent is not statistically different than zero (0). n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

			Apartme struction		•	· · · · · ·							
Barrie CMA													
Bachelor I Bedroom 2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom + Total													
rear of Construction	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10			
Barrie CMA													
Pre 1940	**	0.0	6.8 c	4.9 d	5.8 a	**	0.0 a	25.0 a	6.8 b	7.5 c			
1940 - 1959	0.0	a **	8.3 c	3.6 d	3.6 ∈	1.3 a	**	**	4.7 b	2.0 b			
1960 - 1974	3.6	a **	2.0 a	0.8 a	2.0 a	2.7 b	**	**	2.0 a	2.4 b			
1975 - 1989	16.9	d 10.5 a	3.4 c	5.4 a	4.8 c	2.7 a	0.9 a	2.0 a	4.6 c	3.7 a			
1990+	n/u	n/u	3.6 d	13.1 c	3.6 d	3.9 d	**	**	3.6 d	5.2 d			
Total	11.7	6.8	3.9 b	3.7 a	3.4 b	2.9 a	0.6 b	4.7 d	3.8 b	3.4 a			

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Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

	I.2.2 Private Apartment Average Rents (\$) by Year of Construction and Bedroom Type Barrie CMA													
Bachelor Bedroom 2 Bedroom + Total														
Year of Construction	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10				
Barrie CMA														
Pre 1940	659 a	666 b	734 a	741 a	870 a	855 a	1,040 a	1,094 a	787 a	790 a				
1940 - 1959	664 a	**	772 a	778 a	896 a	917 a	1,088 b	**	863 a	870 a				
1960 - 1974	708 a	730 a	817 a	878 a	951 a	974 a	1,056 a	1,119 b	913 a	940 a				
1975 - 1989	681 a	681 a	859 a	877 a	1,011 a	1,012 a	1,176 b	1,209 a	951 a	970 a				
1990+	n/u	n/u	860 a	828 a	1,002 b	924 a	**	**	979 b	904 a				
Total	679 a	687 a	821 a	851 a	961 a	968 a	1,128 a	1,16 4 a	913 a	930 a				

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates (cv = coefficient of variation):

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		rivate A Structur	•		_	• •							
Barrie CMA													
Bachelor I Bedroom 2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom + Tota													
Size	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10			
Barrie CMA													
3 to 5 Units	**	0.0 d	7.7 c	4.8 d	3.1 d	**	0.0 ∈	**	5.2 ⊂	5.7 c			
6 to 19 Units	**	**	10.1 c	6.0 ∊	3.9 ∊	3.0 ∈	**	8.0 a	5.8 b	4.4 b			
20 to 49 Units	13.2	a 5.7 a	3.1 b	4.7 a	4.4 d	2.2 a	**	**	4.6 d	3.5 a			
50 to 99 Units	0.0	a 0.0 a	**	1.9 a	1.8 c	4.6 a	0.0 a	6.7 a	1.0 a	3.7 a			
100+ Units	14.3	a 0.0 a	1.4 a	2.3 a	3.3 a	1.5 a	**	**	2.5 a	1.7 a			
Total	11.7	6.8 c	3.9 b	3.7 a	3.4 b	2.9 a	0.6 b	4.7 d	3.8 b	3.4 a			

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Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

	I.3.2 Private Apartment Average Rents (\$) by Structure Size and Bedroom Type														
Barrie CMA															
Bachelor I Bedroom 2 Bedroom +															
Size	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10					
Barrie CMA															
3 to 5 Units	652 a	6 4 8 b	725 a	743 a	865 a	852 a	1,064 b	1,038 a	801 a	805 a					
6 to 19 Units	602 a	616 b	741 a	772 a	901 a	889 a	**	958 a	848 a	850 a					
20 to 49 Units	701 a	701 a	845 a	850 a	990 a	987 a	**	1,093 a	911 a	916 a					
50 to 99 Units	**	716 a	833 a	840 a	972 a	971 a	**	1,118 a	930 a	932 a					
100+ Units	**	796 a	957 a	946 a	1,070 b	1,055 a	**	**	1,058 a	1,034 a					
Total	679 a	687 a	821 a	851 a	961 a	968 a	1,128 a	1,16 4 a	913 a	930 a					

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates (cv = coefficient of variation):

a - Excellent (0 \leq cv \leq 2.5), b-Very good (2.5 < cv \leq 5), c - Good (5 < cv \leq 7.5), d - Fair (Use with Caution) (7.5 < cv \leq 10) ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

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^{**} Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

	I.3.3 Private Apartment Vacancy Rates (%) by Structure Size and Zone Barrie CMA													
7	3-5		6-19		20-	-49	50-	.99	100+					
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10				
Barrie CMA	5.2 c	5.7 c	5.8 b	4.4 b	4.6 d	3.5 a	1.0 a	3.7 a	2.5 a	1.7 a				

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Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

		ivate Ap Rent Ra		d Bedro	_	• •								
Pont Pongo	Bachelor I Bedroom 2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom + Total													
Kent Kange	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10				
Barrie CMA														
LT \$600	**	**	**	**	**	**	n/s	n/s	**	**				
\$600 - \$699	**	7.1 c	**	**	**	**	n/s	n/s	13.5 d	12.8 d				
\$700 - \$799	**	**	10.9 d	2.5 €	0.0 ∈	**	n/s	n/s	7.5 c	3.3 d				
\$800 - \$899	**	0.0 a	2.5 c	3.1 c	6.6 €	3.2 d	**	**	4.4 c	3.1 c				
\$900 - \$999	**	n/s	2.3 c	3.5 b	4.7 c	3.5 b	**	**	4.2 c	3.6 b				
\$1000+	n/s	n/s	**	6.9 €	4.3 c	3.5 b	0.7 a	6.0 b	3.9 c	4.2 a				
Total	11.7 c	6.8 ∈	3.9 b	3.7 a	3.4 b	2.9 a	0.6 b	4.7 d	3.8 b	3.4 a				

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

2.1.	I Priva		`	house) \ Sedroon	_	Rates	(%)				
			Barrie	CMA							
Zone	Back	nelor	I Bed	lroom	2 Bed	lroom	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal	
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	
Barrie CMA											

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

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2.1			•	edroon	Average n Type	e Rents	(\$)			
Zone	Back	nelor	I Bed	lroom	2 Bed	room	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10
Barrie CMA n/s ** ** 908 c 835 c 1,088 a 1,095 a 1,054 a 1,054 b										

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates (cv = coefficient of variation):

a - Excellent (0 \leq cv \leq 2.5), b-Very good (2.5 < cv \leq 5), c - Good (5 < cv \leq 7.5), d - Fair (Use with Caution) (7.5 < cv \leq 10)

** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

2.1.3 Number of P	rivate R	•		•	Vacant om Typ		niverse i	n Octo	ber 2010				
			Barı	rie CM <i>I</i>	A								
Zone	Bachelor Bedroom 2 Bedroom + Total												
Lone	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total			
Barrie CMA													

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

2.1.4	Private	•		ouse) A Bedroon		ty Rate	s (%)			
			Barrie	CMA						
Zone	Back	nelor	I Bed	Iroom	2 Bed	lroom	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10
Barrie CMA	n/s	**	**	**	**	8.1 c	8.6 c	2.6 a	7.3 c	5.0 a

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

2.1.5 Private Row (To	ownhou	•	mate o Bedro			Change ((%) of A	verage	Rent ^I	
			Barrie	CMA						
	Back	nelor	I Bed	room	2 Bed	lroom	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal
Centre	Oct-08	Oct-09	Oct-08	Oct-09	Oct-08	Oct-09	Oct-08	Oct-09	Oct-08	Oct-09
Centre	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to
	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10
Barrie CMA	n/s	n/s	**	n/s	**	++	++	++	++	++

The Percentage Change of Average Rent is a measure of the market movement, and is based on those structures that were common to the survey sample for both years.

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

⁺⁺ Change in rent is not statistically significant. This means that the change in rent is not statistically different than zero (0). n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

3.1.1 Priva			ouse) a e and B	•		Vacanc	y Rates	(%)		
			Barrie	CMA						
Zone	Back	nelor	I Bed	room	2 Bed	room	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10
Barrie CMA	11.7 d	8.4 c	3.9 b	3.7 a	3.4 b	3.0 a	2.7 с	2.2 a	3.7 Ь	3.2 a

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

3.1.2 Priva		(Townh by Zon	*	edroon		Averag	e Rents	s (\$)		
Zone	Bacl	helor	I Bed	room	2 Bed	room	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10
Barrie CMA	679 a	690 a	821 a	851 a	958 a	965 a	1,101 a	1,120 a	935 a	942 a

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates (cv = coefficient of variation):

- a Excellent ($0 \le cv \le 2.5$), b-Very good ($2.5 < cv \le 5$), c Good ($5 < cv \le 7.5$), d Fair (Use with Caution) ($7.5 < cv \le 10$)

 ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.
- n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

3.1.3 Number of Privat	e Row (To		se) and A Zone and	-		acant ar	nd Univer	rse in Oc	tober 201	0	
			Barı	rie CMA							
Zone Bachelor I Bedroom 2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom + Total											
Zone	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	Vacant	Total	
Barrie CMA 9 c 107 40 a 1,070 61 a 2,047 11 a 505 121 a 3,729											

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

3.1.4 Private	`		e and B	edroon		vailabil	ity Rate	es (%)			
Barrie CMA Bachelor Bedroom 2 Bedroom 3 Bedroom + Total											
Zone	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	Oct-09	Oct-10	
Barrie CMA 14.6 d 9.4 c 5.4 a 6.2 a 6.0 b 5.7 a 6.3 c 4.1 b 6.2 a 5.7 a											

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

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3.1.5 Private Row (Townhouse) and Apartment Estimate of Percentage Change (%) of Average Rent ^I by Bedroom Type Barrie CMA												
	Back	nelor	I Bed	lroom	2 Bed	room	3 Bedr	oom +	То	tal		
Centre	Oct-08	Oct-09										
Centre	to											
	Oct-09	Oct-10										
Barrie CMA	**	++	++	++	I.I a	++	1.4 d	1.6 c	++	0.7 a		

The Percentage Change of Average Rent is a measure of the market movement, and is based on those structures that were common to the survey sample for both years.

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

⁺⁺ Change in rent is not statistically significant. This means that the change in rent is not statistically different than zero (0). n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

5.1 C	other So	,	y Dwell	ed Unit ing Typ Octobe	e	ge Rent	s (\$)							
Bachelor I Bedroom 2 Bedroom + Total														
Oct-09 Oct-10 Oct-09 Oct-10 Oct-09 Oct-10 Oct-09 Oct-10 Oct-09 Oct-10														
Barrie CMA														
Single Detached	n/s	n/s	806 b	755 c	899 b	924 d	1,230 b	1,197 b	1,123 b	1,135 b				
Semi detached, Row and Duplex	n/s	n/s	694 c	**	956 c	930 b	1,080 b	1,139 b	1,024 b	1,076 a				
Other-Primarily Accessory Suites n/s n/s ** 736 a 896 b 924 c ** 913 b 830 b														
Total														

Statistics for secondary rented units exclude apartments in purpose built rental structures with three rental units or more, condominium apartments, units in institutions, and any dwelling whose type could not be identified in the survey.

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates (cv = coefficient of variation):

a - Excellent ($0 \le cv \le 2.5$), b-Very good ($2.5 < cv \le 5$), c - Good ($5 < cv \le 7.5$), d - Fair (Use with Caution) ($7.5 < cv \le 10$)

** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

Please click Methodology or Data Reliability Tables Appendix link for more details

5.2 Estimated Number of Households in Other Secondary Rented Units ^I by Dwelling Type Barrie CMA - October 2010				
		Estimated Number of Households in Other Secondary Rented Units I		
	Oct	t-09	Oct-10	
Barrie CMA				
Single Detached		2,776 b	2,882 b	
Semi detached, Row and Duplex		2,183 a	2,133 a	
Other-Primarily Accessory Suites		1,210 b	1,159 b	
Total		6,168 a	6,174 a	

Statistics for secondary rented units exclude apartments in purpose built rental structures with three rental units or more, condominium apartments, units in institutions, and any dwelling whose type could not be identified in the survey.

The following letter codes are used to indicate the reliability of the estimates:

- a Excellent, b-Very good, c Good, d Fair (Use with Caution)
- ** Data suppressed to protect confidentiality or data not statistically reliable.

n/u: No units exist in the universe for this category n/s: No units exist in the sample for this category n/a: Not applicable

TECHNICAL NOTE:

Difference between Percentage Change of Average Rents (Existing and New Structures) AND Percentage Change of Average Rents from Fixed Sample (Existing Structures Only):

Percentage Change of Average Rents (New and Existing Structures): The increase/decrease obtained from the calculation of percentage change of average rents between two years (example: \$500 in the previous year vs. \$550 in current survey represents an increase of 10 percent) is impacted by changes in the composition of the rental universe (e.g. the inclusion of newly built luxury rental buildings in the survey, rental units renovated/upgraded or changing tenants could put upward pressure on average rents in comparison to the previous year) as well as by the rent level movement (e.g. increase/decrease in the level of rents that landlords charge their tenants).

Percentage Change of Average Rents from Fixed Sample (Existing Structures Only): This is a measure that estimates the rent level movement. The estimate is based on structures that were common to the survey sample for both the previous year and the current October Rental Market Surveys. However, some composition effects still remain e.g. rental units renovated/upgraded or changing tenants because the survey does not collect data to such level of details.

METHODOLOGY FOR RENTAL MARKET SURVEY

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) conducts the **Rental Market Survey** (RMS) every year in April and October to estimate the relative strengths in the rental market. The survey is conducted on a sample basis in all urban areas with populations of 10,000 and more. The survey targets only privately initiated structures with at least three rental units, which have been on the market for at least three months. The survey collects market rent, available and vacant unit data from sampled structures. Most RMS data contained in this publication refer to privately initiated apartment structures.

The survey is conducted by a combination of telephone interviews and site visits, and information is obtained from the owner, manager, or building superintendent. The survey is conducted during the first two weeks of April/October, and the results reflect market conditions at that time.

CMHC's Rental Market Survey provides a snapshot of vacancy and availability rates, and average rents in both new and existing structures. In October 2006, CMHC has introduced a new measure for the change in rent that is calculated based on existing structures only. This estimate is based on structures that were common to the survey sample the previous year and the current year of the Rental Market Survey. The change in rent in existing structures is an estimate of the change in rent that the landlords charge and removes compositional effects on the rent level movement due to new buildings, conversions, and survey sample rotation. The estimate of per cent change in rent is available in the Rental Market Report – Canada Highlights, Provincial Highlights, and the local Rental Market Reports. The rent levels in new and existing structures are also published. While the per cent change in rents in existing structures published in the reports are statistically significant, changes in rents that one might calculate based on rent levels in new and existing structures may or may not be statistically significant.

METHODOLOGY FOR SECONDARY RENTAL MARKET SURVEY

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) conducts a survey of the **Secondary Rental Market** (SRMS) in September and October to estimate the relative strengths in the secondary rental market which is defined as those dwellings not covered by the regular RMS. CMHC has identified the following dwelling components to be included in SRMS:

- Rented single-detached houses.
- Rented double (semi-detached) houses (i.e.. Two units of approximate equal size and under one roof that are situated either side-by-side or front-to-back).
- Rented freehold row/town homes.
- Rented duplex apartments (i.e., one-above-other).
- Rented accessory apartments (separate dwelling units that are located within the structure of another dwelling type).
- Rented condominiums (can be any dwelling type but are primarily apartments).
- One or two apartments which are part of a commercial or other type of structure.

The SRMS has three components which are conducted in selected CMAs:

- A Household Rent Survey of all households to collect information about rents.
- A Condominium Apartment Rent Survey of households living in condominium apartments to collect information about rents.
- A Condominium Apartment Vacancy Survey of condominium apartment owners to collect vacancy information.

All three surveys are conducted by telephone interviews. For the condominium apartment vacancy survey, information is obtained from the owner, manager, or building superintendent and can be supplemented by site visits if no telephone contact is made. For the other two surveys, information is collected from an adult living in the household. All surveys are conducted in September and October, and the results reflect market conditions at that time.

CMHC publishes the number of units rented and vacancy rates for the condominium vacancy survey. For the condominium rent and household rent surveys, the average rent is published. A letter code representing the statistical reliability (i.e., the coefficient of variation (CV)) for each estimate is provided to indicate the data reliability. Rented condominium apartments were surveyed in the following CMAs: Vancouver, Victoria, Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Saskatoon, Toronto, Ottawa, Montréal and Québec (NOTE: condo rent data was not collected for Regina and Saskatoon). Other secondary rental market units were surveyed in Abbotsford, Barrie, Calgary, Edmonton, Halifax, Montreal, Ottawa, Quebec, St. John's, Toronto, Regina, Saskatoon, Kelowna, Vancouver and Victoria.

DEFINITIONS

Availability: A rental unit is considered available if the existing tenant has given, or has received, notice to move, and a new tenant has not signed a lease; or the unit is vacant (see definition of vacancy below).

Rent: The rent refers to the actual amount tenants pay for their unit. No adjustments are made for the inclusion or exclusion of amenities and services such as heat, hydro, parking, and hot water. For available and vacant units, the rent is the amount the owner is asking for the unit.

It should be noted that the average rents reported in this publication provide a sound indication of the amounts paid by unit size and geographical sector. Utilities such as heating, electricity and hot water may or may not be included in the rent.

Rental Apartment Structure: Any building containing three or more rental units, of which at least one unit is not ground oriented. Owner-occupied units are not included in the rental building unit count.

Rental Row (Townhouse) Structure: Any building containing three or more rental units, all of which are ground oriented with vertical divisions. Owner-occupied units are not included in the rental building unit count. These row units in some centres are commonly referred to as townhouses.

Vacancy: A unit is considered vacant if, at the time of the survey, it is physically unoccupied and available for immediate rental.

Definitions of Census Areas referred to in this publication are as follows:

A census metropolitan area (CMA) or a census agglomeration (CA) is formed by one or more adjacent municipalities centred on a large urban area (known as the urban core). The census population count of the urban core is at least 10,000 to form a census agglomeration and at least 100,000 to form a census metropolitan area. To be included in the CMA or CA, other adjacent municipalities must have a high degree of integration with the central urban area, as measured by commuting flows derived from census place of work data. CMAs and CAs contain whole municipalities or Census Subdivisions.

All data presented in this publication is based on Statistics Canada's 2001 and 2006 Census area definitions.

Acknowledgement

The Rental Market Survey and the Secondary Rental Market Survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the rental property owners, managers, building superintendents and household members throughout Canada. CMHC acknowledges their hard work and assistance in providing timely and accurate information. As a result of their contribution, CMHC is able to provide information that benefits the entire housing industry.

Rental Affordability Indicator

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation has developed a new rental affordability indicator to gauge how affordable a rental market is for those households which rent within that market. The level of income required for a household to rent a median priced two-bedroom apartment, using 30 per cent of its income, is calculated. The three-year moving average of median income of renters' households in a centre is then divided by this required income. The resulting number is then multiplied by 100 to form the indicator. A value above 100 indicates that less than 30 per cent of the median income is required to rent a two-bedroom apartment, conversely, a value below 100 indicates that more than 30 per cent of the median income is required to rent the same unit. In general, as the indicator increases, the market becomes more affordable; as the indicator declines, the market becomes less affordable.

Median renter household income estimates used in the calculation of the rental affordability indicator are based on results of Statistics Canada's Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics. Results for this survey are available from 1994 to 2005. CMHC has developed forecasts of median renter household income since 2006.

CMHC—HOME TO CANADIANS

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