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Proposed Maximum Residue Limit

PMRL2011-42

# Bifenazate

*(publié aussi en français)*

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Under the authority of the *Pest Control Products Act*, Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA) is proposing to establish a maximum residue limit (MRL) for bifenazate to permit the import and sale of hops containing such residues.

Bifenazate is an insecticide currently registered for use in Canada on caneberries (Crop Group 13-07A), apples, grapes and greenhouse vegetables (cucumbers, peppers, tomatoes).

The PMRA has determined the quantity of residues that are likely to remain in or on the imported food commodities when bifenazate is used according to label directions in the exporting country. The Agency has also determined that such residues will not be a concern to human health and is proposing to legally establish a corresponding import MRL. An MRL applies to the identified raw agricultural food commodity as well as to any processed food product that contains it, except where separate MRLs are specified for the raw agricultural commodity and a processed product made from it.

Details regarding the import MRL can be found in the corresponding Evaluation Report that is available in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website, under Public Registry, Pesticide Product Information Database.<sup>1</sup>

Consultation on the proposed MRL for bifenazate is being conducted via this document (see Next Steps, the last section of this document).

To comply with Canada's international trade obligations, consultation on the proposed MRL is also being conducted internationally by notifying the World Trade Organization, as coordinated by the Standards Council of Canada.

The proposed MRL for bifenazate in Canada in or on food, to be added to the MRLs already legally established, is as follows.

**Table 1 Proposed Maximum Residue Limits for Bifenazate**

Common Name	Residue Definition	MRL (ppm)	Food Commodity
Bifenazat	1-methylethyl 2-(4-methoxy[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)hydrazinecarboxylate, including the metabolite diazenecarboxylic acid, 2-(4-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl), 1-methylethyl ester	15	Hops (dried)

A complete list of all pesticide MRLs established in Canada can be found on the Maximum Residue Limits for Pesticides webpage in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website.

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<sup>1</sup> The relevant report can be accessed by selecting Applications/Amendment/Historical tab and requesting the Evaluation Report found under Application Number 2009-5229.

## International Situation and Trade Implications

As per Table 2, the proposed MRL for bifenazate in Canada is the same as the corresponding tolerance established in the United States (tolerances are listed in the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR Part 180, by pesticide) but differs from the Codex Alimentarius MRL<sup>2</sup>. A listing of established Codex MRLs is available on the Codex Alimentarius Pesticide Residues in Food website.

**Table 2 Comparison of Canadian MRL, American Tolerance and Codex MRL**

<b>Food Commodity</b>	<b>Canadian MRL (ppm)</b>	<b>American Tolerance (ppm)</b>	<b>Codex MRL (ppm)</b>
Hops (dried)	15	15	20

## Next Steps

The PMRA invites the public to submit written comments on the proposed import MRL for bifenazate up to 75 days from the date of publication of this document. Please forward your comments to Publications (see the contact information on the cover page of this document). The PMRA will consider all comments received before making a final decision on the proposed MRL for bifenazate and posting a corresponding Established Maximum Residue Limit document in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website.

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<sup>2</sup> The Codex Alimentarius Commission is an international organization under the auspices of the United Nations that develops international food standards, including MRLs.