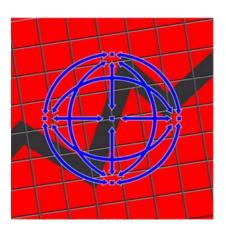
National Tourism Indicators

Quarterly estimates Third quarter 2010





Canadian Tourism Commission and Statistics Canada

Commission canadienne du tourisme et Statistique Canada



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National Tourism Indicators

Quarterly estimates Third quarter 2010

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Note of Appreciation

Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long-standing partnership between Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses, governments and other institutions. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill.

Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- **F** too unreliable to be published

For more information

For more information about the *National Tourism Indicators*, telephone the Income and Expenditure Accounts Division at 613-951-3640 and ask for the information officer; <u>iead-info-dcrd@statcan.gc.ca</u>.

Data available on CANSIM and electronic version

The *National Tourism Indicators* are available on Statistics Canada's CANSIM database (tables 387-0011 to 387-0010).

About this publication

This publication presents information on the National Tourism Indicators (NTI). The data portray the evolution of tourism in Canada on a quarterly basis. Estimates of supply and demand for each of the main commodities and employment for tourism and non-tourism industries as identified in the Tourism Satellite Account (TSA) are recorded as time series. All series are benchmarked to the TSA.

Statistical tables providing the most recent quarterly and annual estimates are organized around six topics: tourism demand in Canada, tourism domestic demand, tourism exports, supply, tourism employment and tourism gross domestic product. The tables show both the levels of the NTI, at current and constant prices, and their percentage changes (the numbers directly under the rows showing the level of each NTI). The quarterly percentage change is shown when the data are seasonally adjusted. The year-over-year percentage change is shown when the data are not seasonally adjusted.

For further details on the NTI, see the section "Concepts, methodology and data quality". For more indepth explanations and related information see the "Related documentation".

Related documentation

The concepts, sources and methods of the NTI and the TSA are described in the following publications:

Guide to the National Tourism Indicators: Sources and Methods, Catalogue no. 13-594-G, August 1996.

Canadian Tourism Satellite Account Handbook, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 52, December 2007.

Canadian Tourism Satellite Account, 2004, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 63, December 2009.

The Provincial and Territorial Tourism Satellite Accounts for Canada, 1998, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 40, June 2003.

"The Tourism Satellite Account," in *National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Second Quarter 1994*, Catalogue no. 13-001-X.

Guide to the Income and Expenditure Accounts, Catalogue no. 13-017-X, June 2008.

"Laspeyres, Paasche and Chain Price Indexes in the Income and Expenditure Accounts," in *National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1988*, Catalogue no. 13-001-X.

The X11ARIMA/88 Seasonal Adjustment Method, by Estela Bee Dagum, Time Series and Analysis Division, October 1988.

United Nations, Commission of the European Communities - Eurostat, International Monetary Fund, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development and World Bank, **System of National Accounts, 1993**, New York, 1997.

Revisions of the Canadian National Tourism Indicators, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 47, January 2005.

Special requests

Individual NTI tables can be obtained in laser printout format on the day of release by contacting the Income and Expenditure Accounts Division by phone 613-951-3640 or fax 613-951-3618. In addition, information officers can answer questions about the NTI by phone or fax (same numbers as above) or by mail. There is a \$40 minimum charge (includes 6 pages plus \$1.50 per additional page) for information sent by fax. Higher charges apply if a special tabulation is required. Payment is due in advance, normally by VISA, American Express or Mastercard.

Note to readers

With the third quarter 2010 release of the National Tourism Indicators, all data have been revised from the first quarter of 2010 through to the second quarter of 2010.

The National Tourism Indicators are funded by the Canadian Tourism Commission.

Table of contents

About this publication	٠.٧
Highlights	viii
Concepts, methodology and data quality	. xi
Section A Tourism demand in Canada	
Table 1 Tourism demand in Canada, seasonally adjusted	2
Table 2 Tourism demand in Canada, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 3 Tourism demand in Canada, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	
Section B	
Tourism domestic demand	
Table 4 Tourism domestic demand, seasonally adjusted	. 6
Table 5 Tourism domestic demand, not seasonally adjusted	. 7
Table 6 Tourism domestic demand, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	. 8
Section C	
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports)	
Table 7 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), seasonally adjusted	
Table 8 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), not seasonally adjusted	
Table 9 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	12
Section D	
Supply of tourism commodities	
Table 10 Supply of tourism commodities, seasonally adjusted	
Table 11 Supply of tourism commodities, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 12 Supply of tourism commodities, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	10
Section E Employment generated by tourism	
Table 13 Employment generated by tourism, seasonally adjusted	10
Table 14 Employment generated by tourism, not seasonally adjusted	
Section F	10
Tourism prices and gross domestic product	
Table 15 Tourism gross domestic product, seasonally adjusted	21
Table 16 Tourism gross domestic product, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 17 Tourism gross domestic product, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	
Table 18 Implicit price indexes for tourism demand, seasonally adjusted	
Section G	
Supplementary tables	
Table 19 International travellers, seasonally adjusted	26
Table 20 International travellers, not seasonally adjusted	27
Table 21 Receipts and payments on international travel account, seasonally adjusted	28
Table 22 Receipts and payments on international travel account, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 23 Exchange rates in Canadian dollars per unit of foreign currency, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 24 Consumer price index, selected countries, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 25 Other related statistics, seasonally adjusted at annual rates	32

Highlights

Third quarter 2010

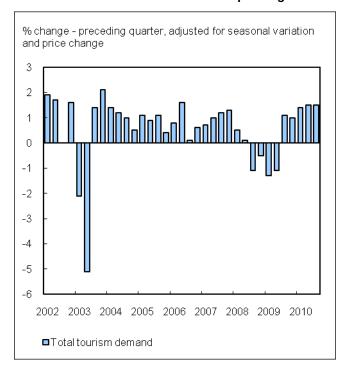
Data adjusted for seasonality and price changes¹

Spending on tourism in Canada rose 1.5% in real terms in the third quarter of 2010, the fifth consecutive quarterly increase.

Canadians' spending on tourism in Canada continued to grow, while spending by international visitors rose following a second-quarter decline.

Tourism spending has fully recovered from the yearlong downturn that began in the third quarter of 2008. It is now 2.6% higher than the level reached before the decline began.

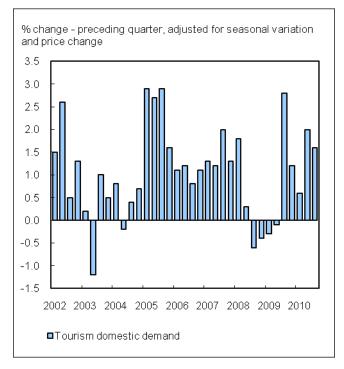
Chart 1
Fifth consecutive increase in tourism spending



Canadians spending more at home

Canadians' spending on tourism in Canada increased for the fifth consecutive quarter, advancing 1.6% from the second quarter.

Chart 2
Domestic tourism spending continues up



A 3.8% gain in spending on passenger air transport, the largest component of tourism spending, was the main contributor to the increase in domestic demand. Spending on most other transport items, such as bus transportation and vehicle rentals, was down.

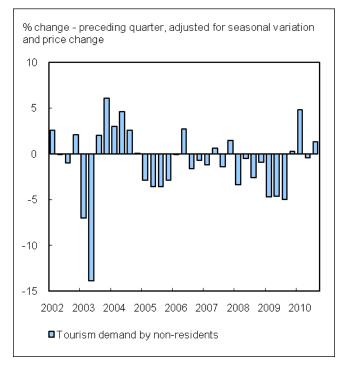
Canadians' spending on vehicle fuel and travel services increased notably.

Increased spending by international visitors in Canada

Spending by international visitors in Canada increased 1.3% in the third quarter, following a 0.4% decline in the second quarter. Travel from both the United States and overseas countries was up.

Growth rates of tourism spending and GDP are expressed in real terms (i.e. adjusted for price changes) as well as adjusted for seasonal variations, unless
otherwise indicated. Employment data are also seasonally adjusted. Associated percentage changes are presented at quarterly rates unless otherwise
noted.

Chart 3 Increase in spending by international visitors



Spending increased across the board, most notably on vehicle fuel (+4.2%), accommodation (+2.2%) and travel services (+3.1%).

Expansion in tourism gross domestic product and employment

Tourism gross domestic product (GDP) increased 1.1% in the third quarter. Gains were registered across all tourism industries, led by accommodation (+1.5%).

Tourism employment rose 0.7%, boosted by strong job gains in the accommodation industry (+2.0%). The travel services industry also added tourism jobs.

Looking ahead

According to the World Tourism Organization (UNWTO), the pace of growth in international tourist arrivals worldwide for the fourth quarter is expected to slow down compared to an already strong last quarter of 2009.

October figures for Canada, on the other hand, show a 5.1% year-over-year increase in overnight travel from abroad, much stronger than the 7.1% decline observed in October 2009.

In the first two months of the fourth quarter, the value of the Canadian dollar increased against the US dollar but fell against the Euro, British pound, Japanese yen and Australian dollar. A weaker Canadian dollar makes it cheaper for foreigners to travel to Canada. At the same time, it makes it more expensive for Canadians to travel abroad.

Data unadjusted for seasonality and expressed at current prices²

Tourism injected \$26.6 billion into the Canadian economy in the third quarter, up 7.3% compared to a year earlier. Tourism spending increased for a third straight quarter following five consecutive year-over-year declines.

Solid growth in domestic tourism spending

Canadian visitors spent \$21.0 billion at home in the third quarter of 2010, up 7.8% from a year earlier and the fourth consecutive year-over-year increase. Gains were registered across all major tourism commodities, most notably transportation, which was up 11.3%.

Spending on passenger air transport and vehicle fuel increased 15.1% and 10.4%, respectively. The increase in spending on passenger air transport was driven by higher volumes, while higher prices and an increase in consumption contributed equally to the increase in spending on fuel.

Spending by international visitors also up

International visitors spent \$5.5 billion in Canada in the third quarter, up 5.2% from the same quarter in 2009. This was the first increase in third quarter spending in six years. Furthermore, despite the increase, inbound tourism spending has yet to fully recover from the 14.6% year-over-year decline in the third quarter of 2009.

Overnight travel from abroad increased 3.8% in the third quarter. Like spending, this was the first third quarter increase in six years.

^{2.} In this section, tourism spending is expressed at current prices and not adjusted for seasonal variations. Percentage changes are presented on a year-over-year basis.

Spending was higher on all major tourism commodities, led by transportation (+5.4%), accommodation (+4.4%) and food and beverage services (+5.5%). Spending on recreation and entertainment and other non-tourism commodities (such as groceries and alcohol bought in stores) also increased.

Tourism employment

Tourism accounted for 633 thousand jobs in Canada in the third quarter, down 0.5% compared to the same quarter of 2009. Most industries posted declines in tourism jobs, led by travel services (-4.9%), transportation (-2.4%) and food and beverage services (-1.1%). Jobs in the accommodation industry were up 1.2%.

Concepts, methodology and data quality

The following information is provided to help clarify the basic concepts and definitions and the main sources and methods underlying the National Tourism Indicators (NTI), as well as key aspects of data quality. This information is also intended to clarify the strengths and limitations of the NTI and to indicate how they can be effectively used and analysed.

The National Tourism Indicators provide timely information which facilitate ongoing monitoring and analysis of tourism and its related activities in Canada. The NTI cover the domestic supply of tourism commodities (such as transportation, accommodation, food and beverages, recreation and entertainment), the demand for these commodities by resident and nonresident visitors, and the employment and GDP generated as a result of this demand. In addition to these key variables, other travel-related statistics are provided, including: number of international travellers to Canada by country of origin, exchanges rates, inflation rate for the various tourism commodities. The NTI were developed to update the more comprehensive Canadian Tourism Satellite Account (CTSA) on a quarterly and annual basis.

The Indicators are available about 90 days after the reference quarter. The statistical tables include actual data and percentage changes, for seasonally adjusted current and constant price estimates.

The NTI can be used in three general ways: (a) to assess the current state of tourism in Canada: (b) to analyse the development of tourism in Canada in terms of trends and structures; and (c) to support policy and strategic decisions. The Indicators show the relative importance of tourism markets in Canada, what percentage of activity is accounted for by each component of tourism demand, and which components are impacted the most from its growth or decline. The NTI can be used to support research on the trends, cycles and quarterly patterns in various tourism aspects or the industry as a whole. Comparisons can be drawn with other industries or the national economy. The NTI can also be used in the temporal analysis of relationships between different variables and the demand for or supply of tourism goods and services.

The data are used by various stakeholders in the field of tourism, e.g. federal and provincial government officials, researchers as well as by college and university professors and students. The data are also used by international organizations (OECD, World Tourism Organization), journalists and large businesses.

Concepts and variables measured

Tourism: The definition of tourism in the NTI follows that adopted by the World Tourism Organization and the United Nations Statistical Commission: "the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes".

Visitors are persons who undertake tourism as defined above. They are referred to as either tourists (those who stay overnight or longer in the place visited), or same-day visitors.

Tourism industries would cease to exist or would continue to exist only at significantly reduced levels of activity in the absence of tourism. Examples of tourism industries include air transportation and accommodation.

Tourism commodities are ones for which a significant part of their total demand comes from visitors. Examples include travel services and rail transportation services.

Tourism demand is defined as the spending of Canadian and non-resident visitors on domestically produced commodities. It is the sum of tourism domestic demand and tourism exports.

Tourism domestic demand is the spending in Canada by resident visitors on domestically produced commodities.

Tourism exports is spending by non-resident visitors on Canadian-produced goods and services. It includes spending that may take place outside of Canada, for instance, the purchase of an airline ticket from a Canadian international carrier, to travel to Canada.

Tourism Gross Domestic Product is the unduplicated value of production, within the boundaries of a region, of goods and services purchased by tourists. In the NTI, GDP is calculated at basic prices in both current and constant dollars. Only direct GDP is calculated in the NTI. GDP is also generated indirectly in the upstream production chain of a good or service.

Although these indirect effects can be linked to tourism, they are not included in tourism GDP.

Domestic supply of tourism commodities is defined as the total production in Canada of the tourism commodities which are mainly produced by tourism industries. Not all of domestic supply is purchased by visitors, so that supply exceeds tourism demand for the NTI. For example, visitors purchase only a small proportion of food and beverage services, with most going to local consumption. Also, supply does not include imports. For example the sale of a ticket on a non-Canadian airline is excluded from supply.

Tourism employment is a measure of employment in tourism and non-tourism industries. Tourism employment measures the number of jobs in an industry generated by, or attributable to, tourism spending on the goods and/or services produced by that industry. It is based on an estimate of jobs rather than "hours of work". Thus, someone who works 10 hours a week counts for as much, by this measure, as someone who works 50 hours a week.

Data sources and methodology

Data sources

There are several main data sources for the NTI, all originating from Statistics Canada. The CTSA provides benchmark totals, in current dollars, for several years.

For other years, the Input-Output (I-O) tables are used to calculate annual levels of tourism supply and tourism GDP. Annual levels for employment are calculated using data from the Canadian Productivity Accounts. Demand totals come from the Canadian Travel Survey (CTS) and the International Travel Survey (ITS). The ITS data come via the Canadian Balance of Payments (BOP) Accounts. For years in which I-O data are not available, the NTI are based on quarterly estimates from the SNA.

Quarterly indicators for tourism supply are based on selected components of consumer spending from the Income and Expenditure Accounts and on GDP for selected industries from the measures of monthly GDP by industry accounts. The quarterly tourism expenditure data follow quarterly patterns from the CTS and the ITS. The quarterly tourism employment data are based on the Survey of Employment, Payroll and Hours (SEPH). Tourism GDP is calculated based on demand, supply and employment.

General methodology

The indicators of supply, demand, GDP and employment are benchmarked to the CTSA levels and are projected for the years preceding and following the benchmarks.

The NTI supply indicators use results from Statistics Canada's input-output tables, which are based on quarterly and annual surveys of industries and their revenues (production). For periods not covered by the most recent I-O data the indicators are estimated on the basis of: (i) results of selected industry surveys or employment surveys, (ii) personal consumption expenditures on items closely related to the tourism goods and services being estimated, or (iii) industry-specific production figures (GDP).

Once supply estimates have been calculated, total demand is obtained by using the ratio of demand to supply from the CTSA benchmarks. Estimates used to determine the travel account balance for the Canadian balance of payments provide an overall total for non-residents demand (tourism exports). by Expenditure information is collected guarterly through Canada Customs, while international travellers entering or returning to Canada are counted monthly. Total non-resident demand is then broken down by type of expenditure using travel profiles generated during the detailed calculation of the CTSA. The methodology to calculate domestic demand estimates has two separate components. First, a derived estimate is constructed taking total demand minus the nonresident demand at an annual level. This "top-down" approach is further supplemented by the CTS data. Quarterly patterns for commodities are taken from the CTS and used to distribute the annual data.

Like the supply and demand indicators, the NTI employment estimates are benchmarked to the CTSA estimates, which in turn are based on measures from the Canadian Productivity Accounts. The Labour Force Survey is used primarily to produce control totals, and SEPH is used primarily to compute the industry-by-industry breakdown. The latter data are also used to project the quarterly estimates on a current basis. The data, which estimate direct employment, are then seasonally adjusted.

Similarly, GDP estimates are based on CTSA annual benchmarks. Quarterly movements and non-benchmark year estimates are calculated using tourism expenditure and industry GDP as an indicator. These direct measures of GDP are then seasonally adjusted.

Seasonal adjustment

Tourism is dominated by large seasonal fluctuations exhibiting similar patterns from one year to the next. For the convenience of users, these regular variations are removed, through a statistical technique known as seasonal adjustment, to help isolate underlying trends. Two versions of the quarterly NTI are available, one unadjusted and the other adjusted for seasonal variation.

All seasonally adjusted series of the quarterly NTI are derived using the X12ARIMA method. The adjustment is generally made at the lowest level of aggregation and seasonally adjusted aggregates are obtained by summation. The advantages of this approach are twofold. First, by carrying out the seasonal adjustment at the most detailed level, seasonal shifts in the aggregates are more easily explained. Second, the calculation of seasonally adjusted aggregates by summation preserves the accounting identities in the system and this is much more convenient for users.

Current and constant price estimates

Values expressed in the prices of the period being referred to are commonly called current price estimates. This is the most natural method of valuation, because it uses the prices observed in the economy in the year for which they are being measured. The NTI also provide some estimates that are valued at the prices of another period, the year 2002. The purpose of such a valuation is to facilitate the analysis of period-to-period movements of the NTI, by eliminating the effect of price change (or inflation).

An increase or decrease in value from one period to another results from the joint effect of a change in the quantities of goods and services produced and of a change in the prices at which they are sold. The decomposition of the value-change into separate price and quantity components is accomplished by recalculating a series at the prices of some base period. The resulting period-to-period changes in these constant price estimates are interpreted as showing the "real" or "inflation-adjusted" growth in the series. The NTI constant price estimates are expressed at the prices of the year 2002. Thus, for example, the estimate of tourism demand at 2002 prices for 2006 is less than the one at current prices. The difference reflects the fact that the market prices of most goods and services increased between 2002 and 2006.

Price indexes

The previous section addressed the topic of measuring tourism at the constant prices of some base period. The resulting estimates of "real tourism" gauge the volume of tourism. Dividing the current price series for tourism by the corresponding series at constant prices yields an Implicit Price Index (IPI). The variable-weighted nature of IPIs should always be kept in mind. Movements in these indexes reflect not just price-change, but also variation in the volumes of different goods and services. The impact of weight-shifts on observed period-to-period changes in the tourism implicit price index can be quite significant.

Revisions

Preceding quarters of the year are revised when the current quarter is published. In years when an updated Canadian Tourism Satellite Account (CTSA) is not available, revisions extending back four years are made with the publication of first quarter data. In years when an updated CTSA is available, revisions extending back six or seven years are made. The data are not normally revised again except when historical revisions are carried out.

Reference period

The National Tourism Indicators are available about 90 days after the reference quarter.

Data quality (accuracy)

No direct measures of the margin of error in the estimates can be calculated. The quality of the estimates can be inferred from analysis of revisions and from a subjective assessment of the data sources and methodology used in the preparation of the estimates.

Comparability of data and related sources

The NTI are based on a wide array of related and comparable data. Supply estimates generally follow the trends of the output measures for industries in the I-O system and the GDP by industry accounts.

Tourism expenditures have similar trends to related consumer spending series. However, because tourism includes both personal and business travel, the trends are not the same.

Non-resident spending, or tourism exports, is based on Balance of Payments data, which in turn come from the ITS. The NTI however, do not include certain items in the BOP travel account (airline crews, medical and education travel) and so the data, while similar, are not identical.

Employment and GDP in the NTI are comparable to SEPH and GDP by industry data for tourism industries. The NTI however only includes the employment or production that is attributable to tourism.

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Section A
Tourism demand in Canada

Table 1
Tourism demand in Canada, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	6,355	6,515	6,766	6,855	6,959	7,217	28,855	26,116
	-1.9	2.5	3.9	1.3	1.5	3.7	8.6	-9.5
Passenger air transport	3,372	3,440	3,518	3,529	3,704	3,905	15,042	13,838
	-3.9	2.0	2.3	0.3	5.0	5.4	8.0	-8.0
Passenger rail transport	64	61	62	62	63	66	287	255
	-5.9	-4.7	1.6	0.0	1.6	4.8	3.6	-11.1
Interurban bus transport	242	244	247	251	254	259	1,059	982
	-2.8	0.8	1.2	1.6	1.2	2.0	4.5	-7.3
Vehicle rental	385	393	390	383	392	400	1,648	1,563
	-2.5	2.1	-0.8	-1.8	2.3	2.0	3.2	-5.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	342	352	368	363	360	363	1,376	1,394
	3.0	2.9	4.5	-1.4	-0.8	0.8	4.2	1.3
Vehicle fuel	1,769	1,853	1,996	2,079	1,999	2,036	8,745	7,372
	0.9	4.7	7.7	4.2	-3.8	1.9	12.3	-15.7
Other transportation	181	172	185	188	187	188	698	712
	4.0	-5.0	7.6	1.6	-0.5	0.5	5.4	2.0
Accommodation	2,470	2,538	2,603	2,752	2,688	2,712	10,872	10,202
	-4.7	2.8	2.6	5.7	-2.3	0.9	2.3	-6.2
Food and beverage services	2,652	2,666	2,692	2,746	2,747	2,794	10,576	10,656
	0.2	0.5	1.0	2.0	0.0	1.7	4.4	0.8
Other tourism commodities	2,723	2,728	2,757	2,799	2,808	2,876	11,087	10,967
	-1.3	0.2	1.1	1.5	0.3	2.4	0.7	-1.1
Recreation and entertainment	1,251	1,247	1,257	1,288	1,280	1,309	4,884	5,025
	-1.5	-0.3	0.8	2.5	-0.6	2.3	1.9	2.9
Travel services	795	799	818	836	853	888	3,304	3,216
	-1.1	0.5	2.4	2.2	2.0	4.1	1.4	-2.7
Pre-trip expenditures	627	631	628	619	620	624	2,678	2,518
	-0.8	0.6	-0.5	-1.4	0.2	0.6	-2.3	-6.0
Convention fees	50	51	54	56	55	55	221	208
	-5.7	2.0	5.9	3.7	-1.8	0.0	2.3	-5.9
Total tourism commodities	14,200	14,447	14,818	15,152	15,202	15,599	61,390	57,941
	-1.9	1.7	2.6	2.3	0.3	2.6	5.2	-5.6
Total other commodities	2,861	2,904	2,942	3,098	3,098	3,172	11,367	11,575
	-0.2	1.5	1.3	5.3	0.0	2.4	3.1	1.8
Tourism expenditures	17,061	17,351	17,760	18,250	18,300	18,771	72,757	69,516
	-1.6	1.7	2.4	2.8	0.3	2.6	4.9	-4.5

Table 2 Tourism demand in Canada, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	6,151	9,116	5,584	5,518	6,690	10,067	28,855	26,116
	-11.4	-11.4	-4.6	4.8	8.8	10.4	8.6	-9.5
Passenger air transport	3,390	4,510	2,798	3,155	3,686	5,122	15,042	13,838
	-7.8	-8.2	-10.8	0.5	8.7	13.6	8.0	-8.0
Passenger rail transport	62	78	58	56	65	87	287	255
	-13.9	-10.3	-7.9	-1.8	4.8	11.5	3.6	-11.1
Interurban bus transport	231	261	258	232	235	272	1,059	982
	-9.4	-10.0	-7.5	0.0	1.7	4.2	4.5	-7.3
Vehicle rental	357	627	316	255	371	612	1,648	1,563
	-7.3	-4.3	-5.4	-3.0	3.9	-2.4	3.2	-5.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	318	512	319	263	331	528	1,376	1,394
	0.0	0.6	6.3	7.3	4.1	3.1	4.2	1.3
Vehicle fuel	1,629	2,875	1,688	1,398	1,837	3,170	8,745	7,372
	-21.9	-19.5	5.6	18.5	12.8	10.3	12.3	-15.7
Other transportation	164	253	147	159	165	276	698	712
	8.6	-1.9	2.8	7.4	0.6	9.1	5.4	2.0
Accommodation	2,586	3,484	2,216	2,020	2,783	3,727	10,872	10,202
	-6.6	-6.4	-6.3	5.4	7.6	7.0	2.3	-6.2
Food and beverage services	2,639	4,017	2,049	2,029	2,734	4,210	10,576	10,656
	0.3	-0.0	1.7	4.0	3.6	4.8	4.4	0.8
Other tourism commodities	2,663	3,915	2,213	2,203	2,746	4,161	11,087	10,967
	-2.0	-0.9	-0.7	1.2	3.1	6.3	0.7	-1.1
Recreation and entertainment	1,143	2,212	834	849	1,169	2,332	4,884	5,025
	3.3	2.3	2.1	1.6	2.3	5.4	1.9	2.9
Travel services	784	977	689	791	846	1,111	3,304	3,216
	-5.2	-4.6	1.3	3.3	7.9	13.7	1.4	-2.7
Pre-trip expenditures	684	664	638	518	675	652	2,678	2,518
	-5.9	-5.0	-5.8	-2.6	-1.3	-1.8	-2.3	-6.0
Convention fees	52	62	52	45	56	66	221	208
	-7.1	-4.6	-5.5	7.1	7.7	6.5	2.3	-5.9
Total tourism commodities	14,039	20,532	12,062	11,770	14,953	22,165	61,390	57,941
	-6.8	-6.6	-3.2	4.1	6.5	8.0	5.2	-5.6
Total other commodities	2,693	4,235	2,723	1,986	2,771	4,398	11,367	11,575
	2.2	1.6	1.3	3.2	2.9	3.8	3.1	1.8
Tourism expenditures	16,732	24,767	14,785	13,756	17,724	26,563	72,757	69,516
	-5.4	-5.3	-2.4	4.0	5.9	7.3	4.9	-4.5

Table 3 Tourism demand in Canada, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	t	
Transportation	5,963	6,063	6,118	6,155	6,366	6,518	24,705	24,144
	-0.6	1.7	0.9	0.6	3.4	2.4	3.2	-2.3
Passenger air transport	3,559	3,636	3,682	3,699	3,885	4,014	14,958	14,490
	-1.5	2.2	1.3	0.5	5.0	3.3	4.9	-3.1
Passenger rail transport	57	60	58	58	59	58	258	234
	-3.4	5.3	-3.3	0.0	1.7	-1.7	2.8	-9.3
Interurban bus transport	220	224	226	226	223	220	927	885
	2.3	1.8	0.9	0.0	-1.3	-1.3	2.8	-4.5
Vehicle rental	380	376	374	372	373	373	1,599	1,516
	-1.6	-1.1	-0.5	-0.5	0.3	0.0	3.6	-5.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	273	282	290	287	286	288	1,126	1,114
	1.5	3.3	2.8	-1.0	-0.3	0.7	0.8	-1.1
Vehicle fuel	1,344	1,353	1,354	1,378	1,406	1,431	5,303	5,379
	1.2	0.7	0.1	1.8	2.0	1.8	-0.5	1.4
Other transportation	130	132	134	135	134	134	534	526
	0.0	1.5	1.5	0.7	-0.7	0.0	-1.7	-1.5
Accommodation	2,254	2,319	2,354	2,394	2,430	2,453	9,539	9,239
	-2.5	2.9	1.5	1.7	1.5	0.9	-0.2	-3.1
Food and beverage services	2,203	2,195	2,207	2,237	2,232	2,241	9,063	8,821
	-0.6	-0.4	0.5	1.4	-0.2	0.4	2.0	-2.7
Other tourism commodities	2,437	2,429	2,444	2,472	2,472	2,494	10,067	9,786
	-1.6	-0.3	0.6	1.1	0.0	0.9	-0.9	-2.8
Recreation and entertainment	1,054	1,045	1,054	1,079	1,060	1,060	4,233	4,232
	-2.3	-0.9	0.9	2.4	-1.8	0.0	-0.6	-0.0
Travel services	663	660	675	684	696	707	2,796	2,664
	-0.5	-0.5	2.3	1.3	1.8	1.6	-2.4	-4.7
Pre-trip expenditures	673	677	667	660	666	676	2,843	2,701
	-1.6	0.6	-1.5	-1.0	0.9	1.5	0.3	-5.0
Convention fees	47	47	48	49	50	51	195	189
	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.0	0.0	-3.1
Total tourism commodities	12,857	13,006	13,123	13,258	13,500	13,706	53,374	51,990
	-1.1	1,2	0.9	1.0	1.8	1.5	1.6	-2.6
Total other commodities	2,663 -0.8	2,692	2,737 1.7	2,818 3.0	2,818 0.0	2,862 1.6	10,799 2.9	10,776 -0.2
Tourism expenditures	15,520	15,698	15,860	16,076	16,318	16,568	64,173	62,766
	-1.1	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.8	-2.2

Section B
Tourism domestic demand

Table 4 Tourism domestic demand, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	5,417	5,642	5,877	5,903	6,013	6,244	24,362	22,430
	-1.4	4.2	4.2	0.4	1.9	3.8	10.5	-7.9
Passenger air transport	2,814	2,923	2,989	2,957	3,131	3,317	12,401	11,651
	-3.8	3.9	2.3	-1.1	5.9	5.9	10.0	-6.0
Passenger rail transport	38	37	38	38	39	40	165	153
	-5.0	-2.6	2.7	0.0	2.6	2.6	6.5	-7.3
Interurban bus transport	169	172	175	172	175	177	711	686
	-0.6	1.8	1.7	-1.7	1.7	1.1	8.1	-3.5
Vehicle rental	279	298	300	290	296	301	1,149	1,158
	-0.7	6.8	0.7	-3.3	2.1	1.7	4.8	0.8
Vehicle repairs and parts	325	336	352	346	344	347	1,294	1,327
	3.5	3.4	4.8	-1.7	-0.6	0.9	4.6	2.6
Vehicle fuel	1,670	1,756	1,892	1,968	1,897	1,930	8,211	6,968
	1.2	5.1	7.7	4.0	-3.6	1.7	13.3	-15.1
Other transportation	122	120	131	132	131	132	431	487
	7.0	-1.6	9.2	0.8	-0.8	0.8	8.8	13.0
Accommodation	1,629	1,717	1,769	1,859	1,830	1,837	6,949	6,792
	-2.9	5.4	3.0	5.1	-1.6	0.4	5.8	-2.3
Food and beverage services	2,031	2,058	2,079	2,097	2,098	2,129	7,859	8,168
	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.0	1.5	7.1	3.9
Other tourism commodities	2,280	2,306	2,336	2,356	2,369	2,422	9,132	9,212
	-0.4	1.1	1.3	0.9	0.6	2.2	1.9	0.9
Recreation and entertainment	855	872	884	896	893	909	3,148	3,462
	0.5	2.0	1.4	1.4	-0.3	1.8	6.0	10.0
Travel services	758	763	782	797	813	846	3,133	3,068
	-0.9	0.7	2.5	1.9	2.0	4.1	1.6	-2.1
Pre-trip expenditures	627	631	628	619	620	624	2,678	2,518
	-0.8	0.6	-0.5	-1.4	0.2	0.6	-2.3	-6.0
Convention fees	40	40	42	44	43	43	173	164
	-4.8	0.0	5.0	4.8	-2.3	0.0	4.2	-5.2
Total tourism commodities	11,357	11,723	12,061	12,215	12,310	12,632	48,302	46,602
	-0.9	3.2	2.9	1.3	0.8	2.6	7.5	-3.5
Total other commodities	2,161	2,244	2,279	2,396	2,399	2,461	8,280	8,806
	1.8	3.8	1.6	5.1	0.1	2.6	5.6	6.4
Tourism expenditures	13,518	13,967	14,340	14,611	14,709	15,093	56,582	55,408
	-0.5	3.3	2.7	1.9	0.7	2.6	7.2	-2.1

Table 5
Tourism domestic demand, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	5,193	7,751	4,877	4,835	5,690	8,628	24,362	22,430
	-9.5	-9.5	-3.1	4.9	9.6	11.3	10.5	-7.9
Passenger air transport	2,804	3,768	2,369	2,710	3,061	4,337	12,401	11,651
	-4.7	-5.8	-10.2	0.0	9.2	15.1	10.0	-6.0
Passenger rail transport	36	38	36	41	39	43	165	153
	-10.0	-2.6	-2.7	-4.7	8.3	13.2	6.5	-7.3
Interurban bus transport	154	177	183	168	156	180	711	686
	-4.9	-6.8	-3.7	-2.3	1.3	1.7	8.1	-3.5
Vehicle rental	252	435	259	204	268	428	1,149	1,158
	0.8	3.8	-2.3	-3.8	6.3	-1.6	4.8	0.8
Vehicle repairs and parts	301	486	306	252	314	502	1,294	1,327
	1.7	1.9	7.7	7.7	4.3	3.3	4.6	2.6
Vehicle fuel	1,531	2,687	1,613	1,350	1,736	2,966	8,211	6,968
	-21.9	-18.5	6.3	18.7	13.4	10.4	13.3	-15.1
Other transportation	115	160	111	110	116	172	431	487
	26.4	11.1	12.1	8.9	0.9	7.5	8.8	13.0
Accommodation	1,626	2,394	1,457	1,406	1,797	2,589	6,949	6,792
	-1.0	-2.1	-3.6	6.9	10.5	8.1	5.8	-2.3
Food and beverage services	2,006	3,006	1,611	1,621	2,089	3,143	7,859	8,168
	3.5	3.8	5.3	4.9	4.1	4.6	7.1	3.9
Other tourism commodities	2,223	3,194	1,897	1,923	2,308	3,401	9,132	9,212
	-0.8	2.4	1.1	1.3	3.8	6.5	1.9	0.9
Recreation and entertainment	758	1,569	549	598	785	1,651	3,148	3,462
	9.2	10.5	9.6	2.0	3.6	5.2	6.0	10.0
Travel services	745	915	664	769	808	1,048	3,133	3,068
	-4.7	-3.9	2.0	3.4	8.5	14.5	1.6	-2.1
Pre-trip expenditures	684	664	638	518	675	652	2,678	2,518
	-5.9	-5.0	-5.8	-2.6	-1.3	-1.8	-2.3	-6.0
Convention fees	36	46	46	38	40	50	173	164
	-5.3	-4.2	-4.2	5.6	11.1	8.7	4.2	-5.2
Total tourism commodities	11,048	16,345	9,842	9,785	11,884	17,761	48,302	46,602
	-4.5	-4.0	-1.1	4.5	7.6	8.7	7.5	-3.5
Total other commodities	1,954	3,167	2,207	1,549	2,029	3,272	8,280	8,806
	7.6	7.0	5.5	4.8	3.8	3.3	5.6	6.4
Tourism expenditures	13,002	19,512	12,049	11,334	13,913	21,033	56,582	55,408
	-2.8	-2.4	0.1	4.5	7.0	7.8	7.2	-2.1

Table 6 Tourism domestic demand, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	i	
Transportation	5,049	5,212	5,267	5,245	5,456	5,599	20,586	20,587
	-0.2	3.2	1.1	-0.4	4.0	2.6	4.7	0.0
Passenger air transport	2,970	3,089	3,127	3,099	3,283	3,409	12,331	12,198
	-1.4	4.0	1.2	-0.9	5.9	3.8	6.8	-1.1
Passenger rail transport	34	36	36	35	36	35	148	141
	-2.9	5.9	0.0	-2.8	2.9	-2.8	5.7	-4.7
Interurban bus transport	154	158	160	155	154	150	622	619
	4.8	2.6	1.3	-3.1	-0.6	-2.6	6.1	-0.5
Vehicle rental	275	285	288	282	281	280	1,115	1,123
	0.0	3.6	1.1	-2.1	-0.4	-0.4	5.3	0.7
Vehicle repairs and parts	260	269	278	274	273	275	1,059	1,061
	2.4	3.5	3.3	-1.4	-0.4	0.7	1.2	0.2
Vehicle fuel	1,269	1,282	1,282	1,305	1,335	1,357	4,979	5,084
	1.4	1.0	0.0	1.8	2.3	1.6	0.5	2.1
Other transportation	87	93	96	95	94	93	332	361
	2.4	6.9	3.2	-1.0	-1.1	-1.1	2.2	8.7
Accommodation	1,484	1,569	1,599	1,617	1,654	1,660	6,097	6,151
	-1.0	5.7	1.9	1.1	2.3	0.4	3.2	0.9
Food and beverage services	1,685	1,695	1,703	1,708	1,705	1,707	6,732	6,762
	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.3	-0.2	0.1	4.6	0.4
Other tourism commodities	2,062	2,075	2,090	2,100	2,107	2,126	8,375	8,307
	-0.9	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.5	-0.8
Recreation and entertainment	720	731	740	750	738	736	2,728	2,916
	-0.7	1.5	1.2	1.4	-1.6	-0.3	3.3	6.9
Travel services	632	630	645	652	664	674	2,652	2,541
	-0.3	-0.3	2.4	1.1	1.8	1.5	-2.2	-4.2
Pre-trip expenditures	673	677	667	660	666	676	2,843	2,701
	-1.6	0.6	-1.5	-1.0	0.9	1.5	0.3	-5.0
Convention fees	37	37	38	38	39	40	152	149
	0.0	0.0	2.7	0.0	2.6	2.6	1.3	-2.0
Total tourism commodities	10,280	10,551	10,659	10,670	10,922	11,092	41,790	41,807
	-0.4	2.6	1.0	0.1	2.4	1.6	3.6	0.0
Total other commodities	2,005	2,074	2,117	2,177	2,179	2,218	7,851	8,178
	1.2	3.4	2.1	2.8	0.1	1.8	5.2	4.2
Tourism expenditures	12,285	12,625	12,776	12,847	13,101	13,310	49,641	49,985
	-0.1	2.8	1.2	0.6	2.0	1.6	3.9	0.7

Section C Tourism demand by non-residents (exports)

Table 7
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	938	872	890	952	946	973	4,493	3,686
	-4.9	-7.0	2.1	7.0	-0.6	2.9	-0.7	-18.0
Passenger air transport	558	517	529	572	573	588	2,641	2,187
	-4.3	-7.3	2.3	8.1	0.2	2.6	-0.4	-17.2
Passenger rail transport	26	24	24	24	24	26	122	102
	-7.1	-7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.3	0.0	-16.4
Interurban bus transport	73	72	72	79	79	82	348	296
	-7.6	-1.4	0.0	9.7	0.0	3.8	-2.0	-14.9
Vehicle rental	106	95	90	93	96	99	499	405
	-7.0	-10.4	-5.3	3.3	3.2	3.1	-0.4	-18.8
Vehicle repairs and parts	17	16	16	17	16	16	82	67
	-5.6	-5.9	0.0	6.3	-5.9	0.0	-2.4	-18.3
Vehicle fuel	99	97	104	111	102	106	534	404
	-4.8	-2.0	7.2	6.7	-8.1	3.9	-2.0	-24.3
Other transportation	59	51	55	56	56	56	267	225
	-1.7	-13.6	7.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.4	-15.7
Accommodation	841	821	833	893	858	875	3,923	3,410
	-8.1	-2.4	1.5	7.2	-3.9	2.0	-3.3	-13.1
Food and beverage services	621	608	615	649	649	665	2,717	2,488
	-3.6	-2.1	1.2	5.5	0.0	2.5	-2.8	-8.4
Other tourism commodities	443	422	421	443	439	454	1,955	1,755
	-5.5	-4.7	-0.2	5.2	-0.9	3.4	-4.4	-10.2
Recreation and entertainment	396	375	373	392	387	400	1,736	1,563
	-5.5	-5.3	-0.5	5.1	-1.3	3.4	-4.7	-10.0
Travel services	37	36	36	39	40	42	171	148
	-5.1	-2.7	0.0	8.3	2.6	5.0	-2.3	-13.5
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	10	11	12	12	12	12	48	44
	-9.1	10.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.0	-8.3
Total tourism commodities	2,843	2,723	2,759	2,937	2,892	2,967	13,088	11,339
	-5.7	-4.2	1.3	6.5	-1.5	2.6	-2.5	-13.4
Total other commodities	700	661	662	702	699	711	3,087	2,769
	-6.2	-5.6	0.2	6.0	-0.4	1.7	-2.9	-10.3
Tourism expenditures	3,543	3,384	3,421	3,639	3,591	3,678	16,175	14,108
	-5.8	-4.5	1.1	6.4	-1.3	2.4	-2.6	-12.8

Table 8 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	958	1,365	707	683	1,000	1,439	4,493	3,686
	-20.5	-20.6	-14.1	4.1	4.4	5.4	-0.7	-18.0
Passenger air transport	586	742	429	445	625	785	2,641	2,187
	-20.4	-18.7	-14.0	3.5	6.7	5.8	-0.4	-17.2
Passenger rail transport	26	40	22	15	26	44	122	102
	-18.8	-16.7	-15.4	7.1	0.0	10.0	0.0	-16.4
Interurban bus transport	77	84	75	64	79	92	348	296
	-17.2	-16.0	-15.7	6.7	2.6	9.5	-2.0	-14.9
Vehicle rental	105	192	57	51	103	184	499	405
	-22.2	-18.6	-17.4	0.0	-1.9	-4.2	-0.4	-18.8
Vehicle repairs and parts	17	26	13	11	17	26	82	67
	-22.7	-18.8	-18.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	-2.4	-18.3
Vehicle fuel	98	188	75	48	101	204	534	404
	-22.8	-31.9	-6.3	11.6	3.1	8.5	-2.0	-24.3
Other transportation	49	93	36	49	49	104	267	225
	-18.3	-18.4	-18.2	4.3	0.0	11.8	0.4	-15.7
Accommodation	960	1,090	759	614	986	1,138	3,923	3,410
	-14.7	-14.6	-11.1	2.2	2.7	4.4	-3.3	-13.1
Food and beverage services	633	1,011	438	408	645	1,067	2,717	2,488
	-8.4	-9.9	-9.5	0.5	1.9	5.5	-2.8	-8.4
Other tourism commodities	440	721	316	280	438	760	1,955	1,755
	-7.4	-13.3	-10.2	0.7	-0.5	5.4	-4.4	-10.2
Recreation and entertainment	385	643	285	251	384	681	1,736	1,563
	-6.6	-13.5	-9.8	0.4	-0.3	5.9	-4.7	-10.0
Travel services	39	62	25	22	38	63	171	148
	-13.3	-13.9	-13.8	0.0	-2.6	1.6	-2.3	-13.5
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	 16 -11.1	16 -5.9	6 -14.3	 7 16.7	16 0.0	16 0.0	48 -4.0	44 -8.3
Total tourism commodities	2,991	4,187	2,220	1,985	3,069	4,404	13,088	11,339
	-14.5	-15.4	-11.7	2,3	2.6	5.2	-2.5	-13.4
Total other commodities	739	1,068	516	437	742	1,126	3,087	2,769
	-9.8	-11.5	-13.4	-2.0	0.4	5.4	-2.9	-10.3
Tourism expenditures	3,730	5,255	2,736	2,422	3,811	5,530	16,175	14,108
	-13.6	-14.6	-12.0	1.5	2.2	5.2	-2.6	-12.8

Table 9 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	I	
Transportation	914	852	850	910	910	919	4,119	3,557
	-2.9	-6.8	-0.2	7.1	0.0	1.0	-4.0	-13.6
Passenger air transport	589	547	555	600	602	605	2,627	2,292
	-2.0	-7.1	1.5	8.1	0.3	0.5	-3.3	-12.8
Passenger rail transport	23	24	22	23	23	23	110	93
	-4.2	4.3	-8.3	4.5	0.0	0.0	-0.9	-15.5
Interurban bus transport	66	66	66	71	69	70	305	266
	-2.9	0.0	0.0	7.6	-2.8	1.4	-3.5	-12.8
Vehicle rental	105	91	86	90	92	93	484	393
	-5.4	-13.3	-5.5	4.7	2.2	1.1	0.0	-18.8
Vehicle repairs and parts	13	13	12	13	13	13	67	53
	-13.3	0.0	-7.7	8.3	0.0	0.0	-5.6	-20.9
Vehicle fuel	75	71	72	73	71	74	324	295
	-2.6	-5.3	1.4	1.4	-2.7	4.2	-13.1	-9.0
Other transportation	43	40	37	40	40	41	202	165
	-4.4	-7.0	-7.5	8.1	0.0	2.5	-7.3	-18.3
Accommodation	770	749	755	777	776	793	3,442	3,088
	-5.4	-2.7	0.8	2.9	-0.1	2.2	-5.7	-10.3
Food and beverage services	518	501	503	529	527	534	2,331	2,059
	-3.5	-3.3	0.4	5.2	-0.4	1.3	-4.9	-11.7
Other tourism commodities	375	354	354	372	365	368	1,692	1,479
	-5.3	-5.6	0.0	5.1	-1.9	0.8	-6.9	-12.6
Recreation and entertainment	334	314	314	329	322	324	1,505	1,316
	-5.6	-6.0	0.0	4.8	-2.1	0.6	-7.0	-12.6
Travel services	31	30	30	32	32	33	144	123
	-3.1	-3.2	0.0	6.7	0.0	3.1	-6.5	-14.6
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	10	10	10	11	11	11	43	40
	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	-4.4	-7.0
Total tourism commodities	2,577	2,456	2,462	2,588	2,578	2,614	11,584	10,183
	-4.1	-4.7	0.2	5.1	-0.4	1.4	-5.1	-12.1
Total other commodities	658	618	620	641	639	644	2,948	2,598
	-6.3	-6.1	0.3	3.4	-0.3	0.8	-2.8	-11.9
Tourism expenditures	3,235	3,074	3,082	3,229	3,217	3,258	14,532	12,781
	-4.6	-5.0	0.3	4.8	-0.4	1.3	-4.7	-12.0

Section D Supply of tourism commodities

Table 10 Supply of tourism commodities, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	18,284	18,811	19,784	20,121	19,926	20,370	82,541	75,074
	0.5	2.9	5.2	1.7	-1.0	2.2	8.8	-9.0
Passenger air transport	3,574	3,616	3,688	3,703	3,886	4,098	15,835	14,568
	-3.1	1.2	2.0	0.4	4.9	5.5	8.1	-8.0
Passenger rail transport	69	66	66	66	67	71	310	274
	-5.5	-4.3	0.0	0.0	1.5	6.0	4.4	-11.6
Interurban bus transport	263	257	260	263	266	272	1,126	1,044
	-0.4	-2.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	2.3	4.3	-7.3
Vehicle rental	569	581	574	563	578	588	2,430	2,306
	-2.2	2.1	-1.2	-1.9	2.7	1.7	3.1	-5.1
Vehicle repairs and parts	4,990	5,106	5,353	5,313	5,270	5,297	20,067	20,309
	2.7	2.3	4.8	-0.7	-0.8	0.5	4.3	1.2
Vehicle fuel	8,126	8,492	9,133	9,500	9,139	9,305	40,072	33,787
	1.1	4.5	7.5	4.0	-3.8	1.8	12.3	-15.7
Other transportation	693	693	710	713	720	739	2,701	2,786
	0.4	0.0	2.5	0.4	1.0	2.6	6.5	3.1
Accommodation	2,726	2,777	2,850	3,007	2,931	2,957	11,946	11,212
	-4.7	1.9	2.6	5.5	-2.5	0.9	2.3	-6.1
Food and beverage services	13,370	13,439	13,559	13,840	13,834	14,073	53,322	53,697
	0.3	0.5	0.9	2.1	-0.0	1.7	4.7	0.7
Other tourism commodities	7,057	7,026	7,080	7,229	7,209	7,378	27,991	28,356
	-1.9	-0.4	0.8	2.1	-0.3	2.3	1.4	1.3
Recreation and entertainment	5,575	5,535	5,571	5,708	5,672	5,800	21,745	22,374
	-2.1	-0.7	0.7	2.5	-0.6	2.3	1.9	2.9
Travel services	800	804	824	841	857	894	3,325	3,238
	-1.2	0.5	2.5	2.1	1.9	4.3	1.4	-2.6
Pre-trip expenditures	627	631	628	619	620	624	2,678	2,518
	-0.8	0.6	-0.5	-1.4	0.2	0.6	-2.3	-6.0
Convention fees	55	56	57	61	60	60	243	226
	-5.2	1.8	1.8	7.0	-1.6	0.0	2.5	-7.0
Total tourism commodities	41,437	42,053	43,273	44,197	43,900	44,778	175,800	168,339
	-0.3	1.5	2.9	2.1	-0.7	2.0	5.9	-4.2

Table 11 Supply of tourism commodities, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	18,545	20,955	19,239	18,004	20,157	22,768	82,541	75,074
	-12.6	-12.4	2.2	10.2	8.7	8.7	8.8	-9.0
Passenger air transport	3,598	4,658	2,957	3,371	3,913	5,290	15,835	14,568
	-8.3	-9.1	-9.2	0.5	8.8	13.6	8.1	-8.0
Passenger rail transport	65	80	68	60	68	89	310	274
	-12.2	-14.9	-6.8	-1.6	4.6	11.3	4.4	-11.6
Interurban bus transport	248	274	267	255	252	286	1,126	1,044
	-7.5	-10.2	-7.0	0.0	1.6	4.4	4.3	-7.3
Vehicle rental	478	764	617	433	496	746	2,430	2,306
	-2.6	-6.4	-5.2	-3.1	3.8	-2.4	3.1	-5.1
Vehicle repairs and parts	5,381	5,233	5,500	4,498	5,604	5,397	20,067	20,309
	1.3	-0.1	5.0	7.2	4.1	3.1	4.3	1.2
Vehicle fuel	8,090	9,229	9,139	8,683	9,124	10,176	40,072	33,787
	-23.0	-20.5	5.7	18.5	12.8	10.3	12.3	-15.7
Other transportation	685	717	691	704	700	784	2,701	2,786
	7.0	-1.4	1.8	1.6	2.2	9.3	6.5	3.1
Accommodation	2,925	3,610	2,516	2,281	3,147	3,862	11,946	11,212
	-8.3	-6.0	-5.7	5.6	7.6	7.0	2.3	-6.1
Food and beverage services	13,781	14,324	13,625	12,442	14,266	15,010	53,322	53,697
	0.3	0.2	0.7	4.0	3.5	4.8	4.7	0.7
Other tourism commodities	7,037	7,324	7,259	6,836	7,222	7,755	27,991	28,356
	1.7	-0.4	0.9	1.5	2.6	5.9	1.4	1.3
Recreation and entertainment	5,502	5,615	5,870	5,473	5,628	5,919	21,745	22,374
	3.9	1.0	1.7	1.6	2.3	5.4	1.9	2.9
Travel services	793	982	694	794	856	1,117	3,325	3,238
	-5.1	-4.6	1.5	3.3	7.9	13.7	1.4	-2.6
Pre-trip expenditures	684	664	638	518	675	652	2,678	2,518
	-5.9	-5.0	-5.8	-2.6	-1.3	-1.8	-2.3	-6.0
Convention fees	58	63	57	51	63	67	243	226
	-7.9	-7.4	-6.6	6.3	8.6	6.3	2.5	-7.0
Total tourism commodities	42,288	46,213	42,639	39,563	44,792	49,395	175,800	168,339
	-6.2	-6.5	1.0	6.4	5.9	6.9	5.9	-4.2

Table 12 Supply of tourism commodities, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		millions	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	d	
Transportation	15,333	15,475	15,655	15,751	16,060	16,330	62,196	61,657
	0.9	0.9	1.2	0.6	2.0	1.7	1.5	-0.9
Passenger air transport	3,769	3,823	3,860	3,881	4,076	4,212	15,746	15,253
	-0.8	1.4	1.0	0.5	5.0	3.3	4.9	-3.1
Passenger rail transport	61	65	62	62	63	62	277	252
	-4.7	6.6	-4.6	0.0	1.6	-1.6	3.4	-9.0
Interurban bus transport	239	237	237	237	234	231	986	940
	5.3	-0.8	0.0	0.0	-1.3	-1.3	2.7	-4.7
Vehicle rental	560	557	550	547	549	549	2,357	2,235
	-1.4	-0.5	-1.3	-0.5	0.4	0.0	3.6	-5.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	4,002	4,073	4,245	4,201	4,184	4,206	16,402	16,249
	1.9	1.8	4.2	-1.0	-0.4	0.5	0.9	-0.9
Vehicle fuel	6,184	6,201	6,179	6,298	6,427	6,540	24,302	24,651
	1.6	0.3	-0.4	1.9	2.0	1.8	-0.4	1.4
Other transportation	518	519	522	525	527	530	2,126	2,077
	0.0	0.2	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	2.4	-2.3
Accommodation	2,492	2,533	2,572	2,615	2,649	2,674	10,478	10,148
	-2.3	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.3	0.9	-0.2	-3.1
Food and beverage services	11,104	11,066	11,116	11,274	11,242	11,289	45,684	44,454
	-0.6	-0.3	0.5	1.4	-0.3	0.4	2.2	-2.7
Other tourism commodities	6,094	6,033	6,065	6,182	6,118	6,140	24,731	24,436
	-2.4	-1.0	0.5	1.9	-1.0	0.4	-0.7	-1.2
Recreation and entertainment	4,703	4,641	4,667	4,781	4,698	4,698	18,860	18,848
	-2.8	-1.3	0.6	2.4	-1.7	0.0	-0.6	-0.1
Travel services	667	664	679	688	700	711	2,816	2,681
	-0.6	-0.4	2.3	1.3	1.7	1.6	-2.4	-4.8
Pre-trip expenditures	673	677	667	660	666	676	2,843	2,701
	-1.6	0.6	-1.5	-1.0	0.9	1.5	0.3	-5.0
Convention fees	51	51	52	53	54	55	212	206
	-1.9	0.0	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	-0.9	-2.8
Total tourism commodities	35,023	35,107	35,408	35,822	36,069	36,433	143,089	140,695
	-0.4	0.2	0.9	1.2	0.7	1.0	1.2	-1.7

Section E Employment generated by tourism

Table 13 Employment generated by tourism, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		thou	sands of jobs	and percentag	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	72.2	71.3	71.0	71.9	70.7	70.3	73.4	72.3
	-3.2	-1.2	-0.4	1.3	-1.7	-0.6	2.3	-1.5
Air transportation	42.6	42.3	41.5	42.5	41.6	41.3	43.5	42.8
	-4.9	-0.7	-1.9	2.4	-2.1	-0.7	2.1	-1.6
Railway transportation	3.1	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.2	3.1
	-3.1	0.0	-3.2	-3.3	0.0	0.0	0.8	-3.9
Water transportation	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.8
	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	-5.3	0.0	0.0	-5.3
Bus transportation	10.8	10.1	10.9	11.2	11.1	10.9	10.8	10.7
	-1.8	-6.5	7.9	2.8	-0.9	-1.8	4.1	-1.2
Other transportation industries	13.9	14.0	13.8	13.4	13.3	13.4	13.9	13.9
	0.7	0.7	-1.4	-2.9	-0.7	0.8	2.2	-0.2
Accommodation	158.4	163.2	166.3	165.2	165.2	168.5	160.6	162.4
	-2.0	3.0	1.9	-0.7	-0.0	2.0	-0.7	1.1
Food and beverage services	149.9	148.6	147.9	148.1	147.0	147.2	151.0	149.7
	-1.6	-0.9	-0.5	0.1	-0.7	0.1	2.6	-0.9
Other tourism industries	113.5	112.8	112.8	111.5	110.7	111.3	114.0	113.1
	0.2	-0.6	0.0	-1.2	-0.7	0.5	2.1	-0.8
Recreation and entertainment	71.2	70.6	70.6	69.4	70.3	70.5	70.0	70.7
	1.1	-0.8	0.0	-1.7	1.3	0.3	1.0	1.0
Travel services	42.3	42.2	42.2	42.1	40.4	40.8	44.0	42.4
	-1.4	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	-4.0	1.0	3.9	-3.7
Total tourism industries	494.0	495.9	498.0	496.7	493.6	497.3	499.0	497.5
	-1.6	0.4	0.4	-0.3	-0.6	0.7	1.3	-0.3
Other industries	119.0	118.3	118.9	120.1	120.7	121.0	120.9	119.3
	-1.7	-0.6	0.5	1.0	0.5	0.2	-0.2	-1.3
Tourism activities	613.0	614.2	616.9	616.8	614.3	618.3	619.9	616.8
	-1.6	0.2	0.4	-0.0	-0.4	0.7	1.0	-0.5

Table 14 Employment generated by tourism, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		tho	usands of jobs	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	73.2	73.5	69.4	71.9	71.8	71.7	73.4	72.3
	-0.7	-2.8	-5.4	-1.5	-1.9	-2.4	2.3	-1.5
Air transportation	43.5	43.6	40.0	43.6	42.9	42.4	43.5	42.8
	-0.9	-2.2	-8.0	-1.1	-1.4	-2.8	2.1	-1.6
Railway transportation	3.0	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.1
	-6.3	-6.1	0.0	-3.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	-3.9
Water transportation	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.7	2.1	1.9	1.8
	-5.6	-4.8	-5.3	5.9	0.0	5.0	0.0	-5.3
Bus transportation	11.3	10.0	10.9	10.9	11.1	10.0	10.8	10.7
	1.8	-7.4	-1.8	2.8	-1.8	0.0	4.1	-1.2
Other transportation industries	13.7	14.8	13.7	12.4	13.1	14.1	13.9	13.9
	-0.0	0.0	-1.4	-6.8	-4.4	-4.7	2.2	-0.2
Accommodation	157.4	165.8	159.7	164.3	158.0	167.8	160.6	162.4
	-1.6	3.5	4.7	-1.4	0.4	1.2	-0.7	1.1
Food and beverage services	153.7	154.7	143.8	143.9	151.3	153.0	151.0	149.7
	-0.3	-2.1	-3.0	-1.8	-1.6	-1.1	2.6	-0.9
Other tourism industries	114.3	121.1	108.4	105.0	110.2	119.2	114.0	113.1
	-0.3	-1.2	-0.9	-3.3	-3.6	-1.6	2.1	-0.8
Recreation and entertainment	72.4	78.5	65.5	64.4	70.7	78.7	70.0	70.7
	2.1	1.4	0.3	-3.0	-2.3	0.3	1.0	1.0
Travel services	41.9	42.6	42.9	40.6	39.5	40.5	44.0	42.4
	-4.3	-5.8	-2.7	-3.8	-5.7	-4.9	3.9	-3.7
Total tourism industries	498.6	515.1	481.3	485.1	491.3	511.7	499.0	497.5
	-0.8	-0.3	-0.5	-2.0	-1.5	-0.7	1.3	-0.3
Other industries	119.2	121.4	118.0	115.5	118.7	121.5	120.9	119.3
	-1.1	-1.7	-2.6	-2.6	-0.4	0.1	-0.2	-1.3
Tourism activities	617.8	636.5	599.3	600.6	610.0	633.2	619.9	616.8
	-0.8	-0.5	-0.9	-2.1	-1.3	-0.5	1.0	-0.5

Section F
Tourism prices and gross domestic product

Table 15
Tourism gross domestic product, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		milli	ons of dollars a	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	1,478	1,490	1,515	1,516	1,569	1,636	6,494	6,014
	-3.5	0.8	1.7	0.1	3.5	4.3	6.2	-7.4
Accommodation	1,607	1,637	1,681	1,771	1,732	1,749	6,966	6,594
	-3.7	1.9	2.7	5.4	-2.2	1.0	1.9	-5.3
Food and beverage services	912	915	928	946	950	968	3,633	3,664
	0.3	0.3	1.4	1.9	0.4	1.9	5.0	0.9
Other tourism industries	1,085	1,086	1,103	1,129	1,134	1,169	4,367	4,374
	-1.4	0.1	1.6	2.4	0.4	3.1	1.7	0.2
Total tourism industries	5,082	5,128	5,227	5,362	5,385	5,522	21,460	20,646
	-2.4	0.9	1.9	2.6	0.4	2.5	3.6	-3.8
Other industries	1,740	1,782	1,842	1,911	1,886	1,923	7,493	7,100
	0.2	2.4	3.4	3.7	-1.3	2.0	5.6	-5.2
Tourism gross domestic product	6,822	6,910	7,069	7,273	7,271	7,445	28,953	27,746
	-1.8	1.3	2.3	2.9	-0.0	2.4	4.1	-4.2

Table 16
Tourism gross domestic product, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		mil	ions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	1,438	2,017	1,288	1,270	1,532	2,198	6,494	6,014
	-7.9	-7.3	-8.8	-0.1	6.5	9.0	6.2	-7.4
Accommodation	1,683	2,297	1,376	1,304	1,802	2,447	6,966	6,594
	-5.8	-5.3	-5.6	5.3	7.1	6.5	1.9	-5.3
Food and beverage services	905	1,380	709	698	944	1,459	3,633	3,664
	0.4	0.0	2.3	4.2	4.3	5.7	5.0	0.9
Other tourism industries	1,032	1,656	815	893	1,082	1,772	4,367	4,374
	-1.0	0.3	0.0	2.5	4.8	7.0	1.7	0.2
Total tourism industries	5,058	7,350	4,188	4,165	5,360	7,876	21,460	20,646
	-4.4	-3.7	-4.3	2.8	6.0	7.2	3.6	-3.8
Other industries	1,656	2,560	1,655	1,318	1,745	2,703	7,493	7,100
	-7.5	-7.2	2.0	7.2	5.4	5.6	5.6	-5.2
Tourism gross domestic product	6,714	9,910	5,843	5,483	7,105	10,579	28,953	27,746
	-5.2	-4.6	-2.6	3.9	5.8	6.8	4.1	-4.2

Table 17
Tourism gross domestic product, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		millions	of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, pı	eceding period		
Transportation	1,532	1,559	1,565	1,583	1,619	1,633	6,487	6,210
	-1.4	1.8	0.4	1.2	2.3	0.9	4.1	-4.3
Accommodation	1,450	1,478	1,503	1,538	1,557	1,581	6,097	5,910
	-2.0	1.9	1.7	2.3	1.2	1.5	-0.6	-3.1
Food and beverage services	756	755	762	771	773	777	3,111	3,034
	-0.7	-0.1	0.9	1.2	0.3	0.5	2.5	-2.5
Other tourism industries	911	904	918	936	934	941	3,744	3,658
	-1.5	-0.8	1.5	2.0	-0.2	0.7	-1.5	-2.3
Total tourism industries	4,649	4,696	4,748	4,828	4,883	4,932	19,439	18,812
	-1.5	1.0	1.1	1.7	1.1	1.0	1.2	-3.2
Other industries	1,536	1,552	1,567	1,597	1,606	1,631	6,228	6,196
	-0.3	1.0	1.0	1.9	0.6	1.6	1.5	-0.5
Tourism gross domestic product	6,185	6,248	6,315	6,425	6,489	6,563	25,667	25,008
	-1.2	1.0	1.1	1.7	1.0	1.1	1.3	-2.6

Table 18 Implicit price indexes for tourism demand, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		index	(2002 = 100)	and percentag	je change, pred	ceding period		
Transport services	106.6	107.5	110.6	111.4	109.3	110.7	116.8	108.2
	-1.3	0.8	2.9	0.7	-1.9	1.3	5.2	-7.4
Accommodation services	109.6	109.4	110.6	115.0	110.6	110.6	114.0	110.4
	-2.2	-0.2	1.1	4.0	-3.8	0.0	2.5	-3.1
Food and beverage services	120.4	121.5	122.0	122.8	123.1	124.7	116.7	120.8
	0.8	0.9	0.4	0.7	0.2	1.3	2.4	3.5
Other tourism commodities	111.7	112.3	112.8	113.2	113.6	115.3	110.1	112.1
	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.5	1.6	1.7
Tourism commodities	110.4	111.1	112.9	114.3	112.6	113.8	115.0	111.4
	-0.8	0.6	1.6	1.2	-1.5	1.1	3.6	-3.1
Total tourism expenditures	109.9	110.5	112.0	113.5	112.1	113.3	113.4	110.8
	-0.6	0.5	1.4	1.3	-1.2	1.1	3.1	-2.3

Section G Supplementary tables

Table 19 International travellers, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		thousa	ands of travelle	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period		
Total inbound travel	6,187	5,989	5,998	6,171	6,075	6,239	27,370	24,696
	-5.1	-3.2	0.1	2.9	-1.5	2.7	-9.9	-9.8
Same day	2,267	2,122	2,123	2,182	2,101	2,176	10,228	8,959
Overnight	-7.4	-6.4	0.0	2.8	-3.7	3.5	-17.8	-12.4
	3,920	3,867	3,876	3,989	3,974	4,063	17,142	15,737
	-3.8	-1.4	0.2	2.9	-0.4	2.2	-4.4	-8.2
United States	5,149	4,987	4,958	5,064	4,959	5,119	22,606	20,526
	-5.2	-3.1	-0.6	2.1	-2.1	3.2	-12.0	-9.2
Same day	2,242	2,098	2,098	2,155	2,074	2,149	10,102	8,859
	-7.4	-6.4	0.0	2,7	-3.8	3.6	-18.0	-12.3
Overnight	2,907	2,889	2,860	2,909	2,886	2,970	12,504	11,667
	-3.5	-0.6	-1.0	1.7	-0.8	2.9	-6.5	-6.7
All other countries	1,038	1,003	1,040	1,107	1,116	1,120	4,764	4,170
	-4.7	-3.4	3.7	6.4	0.8	0.4	1.8	-12.5
Same day	24	25	25	27	28	27	126	100
Overnight	-6.2	1.5	0.0	8.3	3.7	-2.8	5.9	-20.6
	1,014	978	1,015	1,080	1,088	1,093	4,638	4,070
	-4.6	-3.5	3.8	6.4	0.7	0.4	1.7	-12.3
Same day and overnight: Americas, except United States	127	109	107	115	119	117	614	488
Mexico	-12.8	-14.3	-1.7	7.3	3.6	-1.4	6.3	-20.5
	49	34	27	30	32	30	271	172
Other Americas	-21.6	-30.2	-20.2	9.9	7.1	-5.6	8.1	-36.5
	78	75	80	85	87	87	344	316
	-6.2	-4.4	6.8	6.4	2.4	0.1	5.0	-7.9
Europe	563	546	576	607	584	592	2,492	2,252
	-0.7	-3.0	5.3	5.5	-3.8	1.4	2.5	-9.6
France	107	105	104	107	110	112	425	412
	10.7	-1.3	-1.5	3.6	2.8	1.5	12.2	-3.2
Germany	76	79	83	84	88	87	332	319
	-6.9	4.2	4.6	1.4	4.6	-0.6	4.4	-4.0
United Kingdom	181	161	190	186	182 -1.7	178	870	724
Other Europe	-5.3 199	-11.3 201	18.3 199	-2.6 231	204	-2.3 215	-6.0 865	-16.7 797
Asia/Pacific	0.8	0.9	-1.1	16.0	-11.8	5.4	7.1	-7.8
	327	327	335	362	389	388	1,567	1,343
China	-7.6	-0.1	2.6	8.1	7.3	-0.3	-1.1	-14.3
	42	40	39	46	50	54	166	166
	-9.0	-3.1	-3.5	18.7	8.2	7.9	6.5	0.2
Hong Kong	29	25	29	28	33	28	132	112
	-0.0	-14.7	15.0	-3.7	19.2	-16.2	14.6	-15.6
Japan	44	52	54	60	61	62	287	206
	-21.3	18.6	3.0	12.5	1.8	1.3	-16.4	-28.4
South Korea	35	34	36	39	45	42	197	144
	-8.4	-4.5	6.3	9.5	14.8	-8.0	-7.5	-26.7
Australia	51	52	56	57	62	62	249	214
Other Asia/Pacific	-5.9	1.2	6.7	2.2	8.3	0.8	8.7	-14.1
	125	123	123	132	138	140	536	501
Africa	-3.3	-1.5	-0.7	7.8	4.4	1.8	1.5	-6.5
	21	21	22	23	24	23	91	87
	-6.7	0.2	6.7	1.2	6.2	-3.9	5.5	-5.0
Canadian outbound travel	11,475	11,824	12,413	12,807	13,296	13,384	51,737	47,484
	-2.5	3.0	5.0	3.2	3.8	0.7	3.4	-8.2
United States	9,478	9,766	10,340	10,758	11,132	11,180	43,613	39,254
Same day	-2.0	3.0	5.9	4.0	3.5	0.4	2.3	-10.0
	5,082	5,222	5,703	5,923	6,124	6,175	24,703	21,281
	-3.6	2.7	9.2	3.9	3.4	0.8	-0.7	-13.9
Overnight	4,396	4,544	4,637	4,835	5,008	5,005	18,910	17,973
All other countries	-0.0	3.4	2.0	4.3	3.6	-0.1	6.5	-5.0
	1,996	2,059	2,073	2,049	2,164	2,204	8,124	8,230
	- 5.0	3.1	0.7	-1.2	5.6	1.8	9.7	1.3

Travellers include crews and commuters as part of international travel. In the Tourism Satellite Account and the National Tourism Indicators, on the other hand, spending by these groups is not counted as they are not considered part of tourism in the international definition.

Data may not match the data published for the International Travel Survey.

For definitions used in measuring international travel see publication: International Travel, Appendix, Description of Methods and Definitions (Catalogue number 66-201).

Table 20 International travellers, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
		thous	ands of travelle	ers and percen	tage change, p	oreceding year		
Total inbound travel	6,691	9,269	4,633	3,884	6,471	9,590	27,370	24,696
	-7.9	-11.6	-11.6	-5.4	-3.3	3.5	-9.9	-9.8
Same day	2,451	2,807	1,819	1,673	2,235	2,884	10,228	8,959
Overnight	-8.9	-17.5	-16.6	-11.1	-8.8	2.7	-17.8	-12.4
	4,240	6,462	2,814	2,210	4,235	6,706	17,142	15,737
	-7.3	-8.8	-8.1	-0.5	-0.1	3.8	-4.4	-8.2
United States	5,557	7,625	3,877 -12.1	3,224	5,266	7,795 2.2	22,606	20,526 -9.2
Same day	-6.7 2,423 -8.7	-11.0 2,761 -17.4	1,803 -16.6	-7.0 1,663 -11.1	-5.2 2,203 -9.1	2,834 2,6	-12.0 10,102 -18.0	8,859 -12.3
Overnight	3,135	4,864	2,074	1,561	3,063	4,961	12,504	11,667
	-5.1	-6.9	-7.8	-2.1	-2.3	2.0	-6.5	-6.7
All other countries	1,134	1,644	756	660	1,204	1,796	4,764	4,170
Same day	-13.4	-14.4	-8.9	3.6	6.3	9.2	1.8	-12.5
	28	46	16	10	32	50	126	100
Overnight	-23.3	-21.0	-17.6	-0.7	14.1	9.9	5.9	-20.6
	1,105	1,598	740	649	1,172	1,745	4,638	4,070
Overnight	-13.1	-14.2	-8.7	3.6	6.1	9.2	1.7	-12.3
Same day and overnight:	140	170	0.4	75	106	170	614	400
Americas, except United States	143	173	84	75	126	178	614	488
	-10.5	-27.4	-28.4	-15.9	-11.7	3.0	6.3	-20.5
Mexico	60	57	17	22	35	47	271	172
	-14.1	-47.5	-61.6	-42.8	-41.8	-17.8	8.1	-36.5
Other Americas	83 -7.7	116 -10.4	67	53 4.1	91 9.8	131 13.4	344 5.0	316 -7.9
Europe	602	948	-8.1 392	345	615	1,013	2,492	2,252
France	-10.3	-11.1	-2.6	11.0	2.2	6.8	2.5	-9.6
	94	185	72	68	99	196	425	412
Germany	-0.2	-6.5	0.4	12.6	4.9	6.1	12.2	-3.2
	85	142	52	43	94	155	332	319
•	-8.2	-5.6	3.3	9.0	10.1	8.9	4.4	-4.0
United Kingdom	206	278	131	109	202	291	870	724
	-14.6	-18.7	-8.0	-0.3	-1.8	4.6	-6.0	-16.7
Other Europe	216	343	137	124	220	371	865	797
	-10.9	-8.9	-0.8	23.1	1.6	8.1	7.1	-7.8
Asia/Pacific	366	489	263	228	437	569	1,567	1,343
	-19.3	-15.8	-9.7	1.2	19.4	16.4	-1.1	-14.3
China	41	61	34	30	48	81	166	166
Hong Kong	-3.1	-2.3	-3.2	-1.0	18.6	32.8	6.5	0.2
	31	38	22	20	35	41	132	112
Japan	-4.9	-26.7	-9.7	-0.9	11.4	5.6	14.6	-15.6
	42	80	48	39	61	93	287	206
·	-40.8	-27.2	-19.0	7.8	44.0	16.2	-16.4	-28.4
South Korea	36	53	27	28	48	63	197	144
	-32.9	-30.0	-11.6	-0.3	32.3	18.9	-7.5	-26.7
Australia	66	74	41	34	77	86	249	214
	-18.4	-17.2	-6.7	0.5	17.9	17.2	8.7	-14.1
Other Asia/Pacific	150	183	92	76	167	206	536	501
Africa	-13.2	-4.3	-7.3	0.3	11.9	12.1	1.5	-6.5
	23	34	18	12	27	36	91	87
	-6.0	-4.6	-9.1	0.6	15.2	6.4	5.5	-5.0
Canadian outbound travel	11,312	13,530	11,223	12,312	13,090	15,390	51,737	47,484
United States	-12.9	-9.9	3.8	7.8	15.7	13.7	3.4	-8.2
	9,468	11,679	9,584	9,471	11,074	13,382	43,613	39,254
Same day	-14.9	-11.4	4.9	11.1	17.0	14.6	2.3	-10.0
	5,176	5,880	5,664	5,134	6,185	6,964	24,703	21,281
Overnight	-20.8	-17.3	5.4	12.6	19.5	18.4	-0.7	-13.9
	4,292	5,799	3,920	4,337	4,889	6,419	18,910	17,973
All other countries	-6.4 1,844 -0.9	-4.4 1,851 0.8	4.1 1,638 -1.9	9.5 2,840 - 1.9	13.9 2,016 9.4	10.7 2,008	6.5 8,124	-5.0 8,230 1.3

Travellers include crews and commuters as part of international travel. In the Tourism Satellite Account and the National Tourism Indicators, on the other hand, spending by these groups is not counted as they are not considered part of tourism in the international definition.

Data may not match the data published for the International Travel Survey.

For definitions used in measuring international travel see publication: International Travel, Appendix, Description of Methods and Definitions (Catalogue number 66-201).

Table 21 Receipts and payments on international travel account, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
_		milli	ons of dollars a	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
International travel account								
Receipts								
Spending in Canada by foreign residents	3,877 -1.4	3,842 -0.9	3,869 0.7	4,059 4.9	4,034 -0.6	4,128 2.3	16,544 -0.2	15,520 -6.2
Payments								
Spending in foreign countries by Canadians	6,947 4.5	7,037 1.3	7,063 0.4	7,155 1.3	7,689 7.5	7,548 -1.8	28,629 8.0	27,692 -3.3
Balance Receipts minus payments	-3,070	-3,195	-3,194	-3,096	-3,655	-3,420	-12,085	-12,172

Table 22 Receipts and payments on international travel account, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
_		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pred	ceding year		
International travel account								
Receipts								
Spending in Canada by foreign residents	3,866 -7.7	5,374 -10.0	3,240 -2.8	3,235 6.4	4,000 3.5	5,684 5.8	16,544 -0.2	15,520 -6.2
Payments								
Spending in foreign countries by Canadians	7,143 -4.5	6,625 -2.7	6,002 1.3	8,294 4.7	8,031 12.4	7,161 8.1	28,629 8.0	27,692 -3.3
Balance Receipts minus payments	-3,277	-1,251	-2,762	-5,059	-4,031	-1,477	-12,085	-12,172

Table 23 Exchange rates in Canadian dollars per unit of foreign currency, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
	percentage change, preceding period, preceding year							
United States (dollar)	1.1672	1.0974	1.0563	1.0409	1.0276	1.0391	1.0671	1.1415
	-6.3	-6.0	-3.7	-1.5	-1.3	1.1	-0.6	7.0
	15.6	5.3	-12.9	-16.4	-12.0	-5.3	-0.6	7.0
European Economic and Monetary Union (euro)	1.5890	1.5694	1.5603	1.4406	1.3073	1.3438	1.5602	1.5851
	-2.0	-1.2	-0.6	-7.7	-9.3	2.8	6.2	1.6
	0.7	0.5	-2.2	-11.2	-17.7	-14.4	6.2	1.6
United Kingdom (Pound sterling)	1.8072	1.7996	1.7266	1.6256	1.5330	1.6117	1.9605	1.7799
	1.2	-0.4	-4.1	-5.9	-5.7	5.1	-8.7	-9.2
	-9.2	-8.5	-9.0	-9.0	-15.2	-10.4	-8.7	-9.2
Switzerland (franc)	1.0497	1.0332	1.0343	0.9844	0.9278	1.0085	0.9843	1.0503
	-3.2	-1.6	0.1	-4.8	-5.7	8.7	10.0	6.7
	7.2	6.6	-1.2	-9.2	-11.6	-2.4	10.0	6.7
Hong Kong (dollar)	0.1506	0.1416	0.1363	0.1341	0.1321	0.1337	0.1371	0.1473
	-6.2	-6.0	-3.8	-1.6	-1.5	1.2	-0.4	7.4
	16.3	6.0	-12.9	-16.5	-12.2	-5.6	-0.4	7.4
Japan (yen)	0.0120	0.0117	0.0118	0.0115	0.0112	0.0121	0.0104	0.0122
	-10.0	-2.0	0.2	-2.4	-2.8	8.6	13.9	17.5
	24.1	21.3	-7.0	-13.7	-6.9	3.2	13.9	17.5
Australia (dollar)	0.8868	0.9145	0.9606	0.9405	0.9076	0.9410	0.8995	0.8970
	7.3	3.1	5.0	-2.1	-3.5	3.7	0.2	-0.3
	-7.0	-0.8	18.0	13.8	2.3	2.9	0.2	-0.3
New Zealand (dollar)	0.7042	0.7404	0.7691	0.7381	0.7202	0.7469	0.7541	0.7193
	6.1	5.1	3.9	-4.0	-2.4	3.7	-4.4	-4.6
	-10.2	-0.1	10.1	11.3	2.3	0.9	-4.4	-4.6

Bank of Canada. Based on the average noon spot rates.

Table 24
Consumer price index, selected countries, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009		
		index (2005=100) and percentage change, preceding year								
Canada [1]	107.1	107.2	107.4	107.9	108.6	109.2	106.7	107.0		
	0.1	-0.9	0.8	1.6	1.4	1.8	2.4	0.3		
United States	109.7	110.5	110.7	111.1	111.7	111.8	110.3	109.9		
	-1.2	-1.6	1.2	2.4	1.8	1.2	3.9	-0.4		
United Kingdom	110.6	111.3	112.1	112.9	114.4	114.7	108.5	110.8		
	2.1	1.5	2.1	3.3	3.4	3.1	3.6	2.2		
France	106.3	106.2	106.5	107.1	108.0	107.9	106.1	106.2		
	-0.2	-0.4	0.4	1.3	1.6	1.5	2.8	0.1		
Germany	106.9	107.1	107.2	107.5	108.0	108.4	106.6	107.0		
	0.3	-0.2	0.4	0.8	1.1	1.2	2.6	0.3		
Netherlands	107.3	106.3	106.6	107.1	108.3	108.0	105.4	106.6		
	1.6	0.3	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.6	2.5	1.2		
Switzerland	104.0	103.6	104.3	104.3	105.1	103.9	104.3	103.8		
	-0.7	-1.0	-0.2	1.1	1.0	0.3	2.4	-0.5		
Japan	100.6	100.3	99.8	99.4	99.7	99.5	102.4	100.3		
	-1.0	-2.2	-4.8	-1.2	-0.9	-0.8	2.1	-2.1		
Australia	112.0	113.1	113.7	114.7	115.4	116.3	110.6	112.6		
	1.5	1.3	2.1	2.9	3.1	2.8	4.4	1.8		
New Zealand	111.8	113.3	113.1	113.5	113.7	114.9	110.0	112.3		
	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.0	1.7	1.5	4.0	2.1		

 ${\bf Data,\,for\,\,countries\,\,other\,\,than\,\,Canada,\,are\,\,from\,\,the\,\,Organisation\,\,for\,\,Economic\,\,and\,\,Co-operation\,\,and\,\,Development.}$

^{1.} The Canadian Consumer Price Index is converted to 2005=100 for comparability with other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development countries.

Table 25
Other related statistics, seasonally adjusted at annual rates

	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	Fourth quarter 2009	First quarter 2010	Second quarter 2010	Third quarter 2010	2008	2009
-			percen	tage change, p	receding perio	d		
Gross domestic product at market prices (billions of dollars)	1,507.8	1,524.9	1,561.2	1,597.7	1,610.4	1,621.6	1,599.6	1,527.3
	-0.5	1.1	2.4	2.3	0.8	0.7	4.6	-4.5
Gross domestic product at basic prices (billions of dollars)	1,414.7	1,431.4	1,466.6	1,500.7	1,512.7	1,522.4	1,504.8	1,434.2
	-0.7	1.2	2.5	2.3	0.8	0.6	5.2	-4.7
Tourism share of gross domestic product at basic prices (percent)	1.93	1.93	1.93	1.94	1.92	1.96	1.92	1.93
	-1.1	0.1	-0.2	0.5	-0.8	1.7	-1.0	0.5
Gross domestic product at market prices (billions of chained (2002) dollars)	1,278.0	1,280.9	1,296.4	1,314.0	1,321.5	1,325.0	1,318.1	1,285.6
	-0.7	0.2	1.2	1.4	0.6	0.3	0.5	-2.5
Final domestic demand (billions of dollars)	1,544.0	1,562.7	1,592.2	1,616.9	1,634.7	1,658.1	1,569.2	1,561.1
	-0.1	1.2	1.9	1.5	1.1	1.4	5.1	-0.5
Final domestic demand (billions of chained (2002) dollars)	1,351.0	1,368.7	1,385.4	1,402.4	1,414.6	1,427.9	1,389.5	1,364.2
	-0.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	0.9	0.9	2.8	-1.8
Personal disposable income per person (dollars)	28,659	28,662	28,786	29,032	29,994	29,427	28,534	28,662
	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.9	3.3	-1.9	4.1	0.4
Personal saving rate (percent)	5.1	4.4	3.5	3.3	6.1	3.3	3.6	4.6
	-1.9	-13.7	-20.5	-5.7	84.8	-45.9	28.3	25.5
Population (thousands) [1]	33,619	33,740	33,873	33,903	33,988	34,109	33,276	33,690
	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.4	1.2	1.2
Total number of jobs, business sector (index 2002 = 100)	107.0	107.1	107.4	108.3	109.7	110.3	110.2	107.3
	-0.6	0.1	0.3	0.8	1.3	0.5	1.1	-2.6

^{1.} Data not adjusted for seasonal variation.