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Proposed Maximum Residue Limit

PMRL2012-26

Chlorantraniliprole

(publié aussi en français)

24 May 2012

This document is published by the Health Canada Pest Management Regulatory Agency. For further information, please contact:

Publications
Pest Management Regulatory Agency
Health Canada
2720 Riverside Drive
A.L. 6604-E2
Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0K9
K1A 0K9

Internet: pmra.publications@hc-sc.gc.ca
healthcanada.gc.ca/pmra
Facsimile: 613-736-3758
Information Service:
1-800-267-6315 or 613-736-3799
pmra.infoserv@hc-sc.gc.ca

Canada 

ISSN: 1925-0835 (print)
1925-0843 (online)

Catalogue number: H113-24/2012-26E (print version)
H113-24/2012-26E-PDF (PDF version)

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Under the authority of the *Pest Control Products Act*, Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA) has concluded that the addition of new uses on sweet corn to the product label of Dupont Coragen Insecticide, containing technical grade chlorantraniliprole, is acceptable. The specific uses approved in Canada are detailed on the label of Dupont Coragen Insecticide, *Pest Control Products Act* Registration Number 28982.

The evaluation of this chlorantraniliprole application indicated that the end-use product has merit and value and the human health and environmental risks associated with the new uses are acceptable. Details regarding the registration can be found in the corresponding Evaluation Report available in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website, under Public Registry, Pesticide Product Information Database.¹

Before registering a pesticide for food use in Canada, the PMRA must determine the quantity of residues that are likely to remain in or on the food when the pesticide is used according to label directions and that such residues will not be a concern to human health. This quantity is then legally established as a maximum residue limit (MRL). An MRL applies to the identified raw agricultural food commodity as well as to any processed food product that contains it, except where separate MRLs are specified for the raw agricultural commodity and a processed product made from it.

Consultation on the proposed MRL for chlorantraniliprole is being conducted via this document (see Next Steps, the last section of this document).

To comply with Canada's international trade obligations, consultation on the proposed MRL is also being conducted internationally by notifying the World Trade Organization, as coordinated by the Standards Council of Canada.

The proposed MRL in Canada in or on food, to be added to the MRLs already established for chlorantraniliprole, is as follows.

Table 1 Proposed Maximum Residue Limit for Chlorantraniliprole

Common Name	Residue Definition	MRL (ppm)	Food Commodity
Chlorantraniliprole	3-bromo- <i>N</i> -[4-chloro-2-methyl-6-[(methylamino)carbonyl]phenyl]-1-(3-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazole-5-carboxamide	0.02	Sweet corn kernels plus cob with husks removed

ppm = parts per million

¹ The relevant report can be accessed by selecting Programs and Special Actions/Minor Use/Historical and requesting the Evaluation Report found under Application Number 2010-2051.

A complete list of pesticide MRLs established in Canada, as of the date indicated, can be found on the Maximum Residue Limits for Pesticides webpage in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website.

International Situation and Trade Implications

MRLs may vary from one country to another for a number of reasons, including differences in pesticide use patterns and the locations of the field crop trials used to generate residue chemistry data.

Table 2 compares the MRL proposed for chlorantraniliprole in Canada with the corresponding American tolerance and Codex MRL². American tolerances are listed in the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR Part 180, by pesticide. Codex MRLs are listed on the Codex Alimentarius Pesticide Residues in Food webpage, by pesticide or commodity.

Table 2 Comparison of Canadian MRL, American Tolerance and Codex MRL

Food Commodity	Canadian MRL (ppm)	American Tolerance (ppm)	Codex MRL (ppm)
Sweet corn kernels plus cob with husks removed	0.02	0.02	0.01

Next Steps

The PMRA invites the public to submit written comments on the proposed MRL for chlorantraniliprole up to 75 days from the date of publication of this document. Please forward your comments to Publications (see the contact information on the cover page of this document). The PMRA will consider all comments received before making a final decision on the proposed MRL for chlorantraniliprole and posting a corresponding Established Maximum Residue Limit document in the Pesticides and Pest Management section of Health Canada's website.

² The Codex Alimentarius Commission is an international organization under the auspices of the United Nations that develops international food standards, including MRLs.