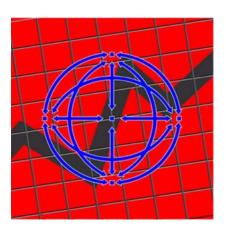
# National Tourism Indicators

Quarterly estimates Fourth quarter 2011





Canadian Tourism Commission and Statistics Canada

Commission canadienne du tourisme et Statistique Canada



#### **Acknowledgements**

The National Tourism Indicators are funded through a partnership agreement between the Canadian Tourism Commission and Statistics Canada.

This publication was prepared by staff of the Income and Expenditure Accounts Division and the National Accounts Integration and Development Division: Karen Ashman, Mélanie Bélanger, Anne-Marie Bridger, Georgina Challita, Éric Desjardins, Shuhua Gao, Chris Jackson, Demi Kotsovos, Kim Longtin, Rob Puchyr, James Tebrake, and Joe Wilkinson.

#### How to obtain more information

Specific inquiries about this product and related statistics or services should be directed to our information officer: Income and Expenditure Accounts Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, K1A 0T6 (1-613-951-3640, iead-info-dcrd@statcan.gc.ca).

For information about this product or the wide range of services and data available from Statistics Canada, visit our website at <a href="www.statcan.gc.ca">www.statcan.gc.ca</a> or contact us by e-mail at infostats@statcan.gc.ca or by phone from 8:30am to 4:30 p.m. Monday to Friday at:

#### **Toll-free telephone** (Canada and the United States):

Inquiries line	1-800-263-1136
National telecommunications device for the hearing impaired	1-800-363-7629
Fax line	1-877-287-4369
Depository Services Program inquiries line	1-800-635-7943
Depository Services Program fax line	1-800-565-7757

Statistics Canada national contact centre: 1-613-951-8116
Fax line 1-613-951-0581

#### To access this product

This product, Catalogue no. 13-009-X, is available free in electronic format. To obtain a single issue, visit our website at <a href="https://www.statcan.gc.ca">www.statcan.gc.ca</a> and browse by "Key resource" > "Publications".

Statistics Canada is committed to serving its clients in a prompt, reliable and courteous manner. To this end, Statistics Canada has developed standards of service that its employees observe. To obtain a copy of these service standards, please contact Statistics Canada toll-free at 1-800-263-1136. The service standards are also published on <a href="https://www.statcan.gc.ca">www.statcan.gc.ca</a> under "About us" > "The agency" > "Providing services to Canadians."

Statistics Canada Income and Expenditure Accounts Division System of National Accounts

# National Tourism Indicators

### Quarterly estimates Fourth quarter 2011

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada © Minister of Industry, 2012

All rights reserved. Use of this publication is governed by the Statistics Canada Open Licence Agreement (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/reference/copyright-droit-auteur-eng.htm).

#### March 2012

Catalogue no. 13-009-X

ISSN 1492-5133

Frequency: Quarterly

#### Ottawa

Cette publication est disponible en français sur demande.

#### **Note of Appreciation**

Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long-standing partnership between Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses, governments and other institutions. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill.

#### **Symbols**

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- true zero or a value rounded to zero
- **0**<sup>s</sup> value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- **F** too unreliable to be published

#### For more information

For more information about the *National Tourism Indicators*, telephone the Income and Expenditure Accounts Division at 613-951-3640 and ask for the information officer; <u>iead-info-dcrd@statcan.gc.ca</u>.

#### Data available on CANSIM and electronic version

The *National Tourism Indicators* are available on Statistics Canada's CANSIM database (tables 387-0001 to 387-0010).

#### About this publication

This publication presents information on the National Tourism Indicators (NTI). The data portray the evolution of tourism in Canada on a quarterly basis. Estimates of supply and demand for each of the main commodities and employment for tourism and non-tourism industries as identified in the Tourism Satellite Account (TSA) are recorded as time series. All series are benchmarked to the TSA.

**Statistical tables** providing the most recent quarterly and annual estimates are organized around six topics: tourism demand in Canada, tourism domestic demand, tourism exports, supply, tourism employment and tourism gross domestic product. The tables show both the levels of the NTI, at current and constant prices, and their percentage changes (the numbers directly under the rows showing the level of each NTI). The quarterly percentage change is shown when the data are seasonally adjusted. The year-over-year percentage change is shown when the data are not seasonally adjusted.

For further details on the NTI, see the section "Concepts, methodology and data quality". For more indepth explanations and related information see the "Related documentation".

#### Related documentation

The concepts, sources and methods of the NTI and the TSA are described in the following publications:

Guide to the National Tourism Indicators: Sources and Methods, Catalogue no. 13-594-G, August 1996.

**Canadian Tourism Satellite Account Handbook**, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 52, December 2007.

**Canadian Tourism Satellite Account, 2004**, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 63, December 2009.

*The Provincial and Territorial Tourism Satellite Accounts for Canada, 1998*, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 40, June 2003.

"The Tourism Satellite Account," in *National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Second Quarter 1994*, Catalogue no. 13-001-X.

Guide to the Income and Expenditure Accounts, Catalogue no. 13-017-X, June 2008.

"Laspeyres, Paasche and Chain Price Indexes in the Income and Expenditure Accounts," in *National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1988*, Catalogue no. 13-001-X.

**The X11ARIMA/88 Seasonal Adjustment Method**, by Estela Bee Dagum, Time Series and Analysis Division, October 1988.

United Nations, Commission of the European Communities - Eurostat, International Monetary Fund, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development and World Bank, **System of National Accounts, 1993**, New York, 1997.

**Revisions of the Canadian National Tourism Indicators**, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 47, January 2005.

#### Note to readers

With the fourth quarter 2011 release of the National Tourism Indicators, all data have been revised from the first quarter of 2011 through to the third quarter of 2011.

The National Tourism Indicators are funded by the Canadian Tourism Commission.

#### **Table of contents**

About this publication	٠٧.
Highlights	/iii
Concepts, methodology and data quality	хi
Section A	
Tourism demand in Canada	_
Table 1 Tourism demand in Canada, seasonally adjusted	
Table 2 Tourism demand in Canada, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 3 Tourism demand in Canada, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	4
Section B Tourism domestic demand	
Table 4 Tourism domestic demand, seasonally adjusted	6
Table 5 Tourism domestic demand, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 6 Tourism domestic demand, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	
Section C	
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports)	
Table 7 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), seasonally adjusted	10
Table 8 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), not seasonally adjusted	
Table 9 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	
Section D	
Supply of tourism commodities	
Table 10 Supply of tourism commodities, seasonally adjusted	14
Table 11 Supply of tourism commodities, not seasonally adjusted	15
Table 12 Supply of tourism commodities, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	16
Section E	
Employment generated by tourism	
Table 13 Employment generated by tourism, seasonally adjusted	18
Table 14 Employment generated by tourism, not seasonally adjusted	19
Section F	
Tourism prices and gross domestic product	
Table 15 Tourism gross domestic product, seasonally adjusted	
Table 16 Tourism gross domestic product, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 17 Tourism gross domestic product, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	
Table 18 Implicit price indexes for tourism demand, seasonally adjusted	24
Section G	
Supplementary tables	
Table 19 International travellers, seasonally adjusted	
Table 20 International travellers, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 21 Receipts and payments on international travel account, seasonally adjusted	
Table 22 Receipts and payments on international travel account, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 23 Exchange rates in Canadian dollars per unit of foreign currency, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 24 Consumer price index, selected countries, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 25 Other related statistics, seasonally adjusted at annual rates	32

#### **Highlights**

#### Fourth quarter 2011

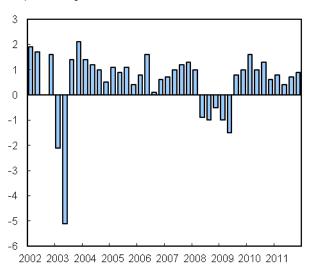
Data adjusted for seasonality and price changes<sup>1</sup>

Tourism spending in Canada rose 0.9% in the fourth quarter, as outlays by both visitors in Canada and Canadians at home increased.

This was the tenth consecutive quarterly increase in tourism spending in Canada. Since the second quarter of 2009, tourism spending in Canada is up 9.5%.

Chart 1
Tenth consecutive increase in tourism spending

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



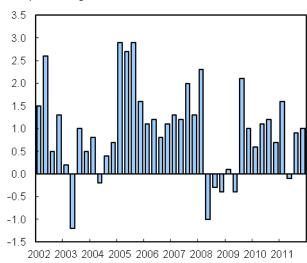
■Total tourism demand

## Increase in tourism spending by Canadians at home

Tourism spending by Canadians at home rose 1.0% in the fourth quarter, following a 0.9% gain in the previous quarter. Spending on most commodities was higher, most notably passenger air transport (+1.9%) and recreation and entertainment (+3.3%). Spending on accommodation, food and beverage services and nontourism commodities such as groceries, clothing and alcohol bought in stores also moved up. Spending on travel services was down 1.1%.

## Chart 2 Increase in tourism spending by Canadians at home

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



■Tourism domestic demand

<sup>1.</sup> Growth rates of tourism spending and GDP are expressed in real terms (i.e. adjusted for price changes) as well as adjusted for seasonal variations, unless otherwise indicated. Employment data are also seasonally adjusted. Associated percentage changes are presented at quarterly rates unless otherwise noted.

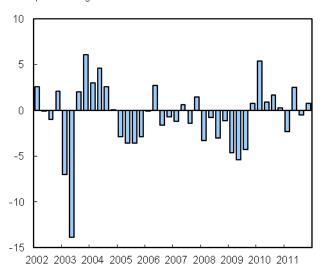
#### Spending by international visitors in Canada up

Spending by foreign visitors in Canada increased 0.8% in the fourth quarter, with gains in overnight travel from both the United States and overseas countries.

Outlays on most tourism commodities increased, including transportation services, accommodation, food and beverage services and other tourism commodities. Tourism spending on non-tourism commodities also increased.

## Chart 3 Inbound travel spending up

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



■Tourism demand by non-residents

#### Tourism gross domestic product expands

Tourism gross domestic product (GDP) grew by 0.5% in the fourth quarter, the tenth consecutive quarterly increase. Tourism GDP rose for most industries, including passenger air transport, accommodation and non-tourism industries.

Tourism employment rose 0.6% in the fourth quarter, with most tourism industries posting job gains. Tourism jobs in non-tourism industries also increased. Tourism jobs in travel services declined 1.5% in the fourth quarter.

#### 2011 year in review

Tourism spending in Canada increased 3.1% in real terms in 2011, following a 4.0% gain in 2010. Since 2003, annual tourism spending has declined only once—in 2009.

The bulk of the increase was the result of higher spending by Canadian tourists at home, which was up 3.7%. The last decline in domestic tourism spending occurred 20 years ago.

Domestic tourism spending on most commodities increased in 2011, led by passenger air transport (+8.9%). Accommodation, food and beverage services and fuel also moved up. Spending on recreation and entertainment declined 2.7%.

Spending by international visitors in Canada rose 0.7%. In comparison, Canada's overall exports of goods and services increased 4.4%.

A 4.1% gain in spending on passenger air transport contributed the most to the increase in tourism exports. Spending on non-tourism commodities also increased. However, spending on accommodation, food and beverage services, other tourism commodities and fuel all declined in 2011.

Overnight travel from overseas countries increased 1.6% in 2011, contributing to the increase in tourism exports. Travel from the United States was lower.

Tourism exports represented about 19.8% of all tourism spending in Canada in 2011, down from 20.3% in 2010.

Tourism GDP advanced 2.5%, with positive growth in all quarters. Most industries posted gains in tourism GDP, most notably passenger air transport (+6.8%). Tourism GDP in the recreation and entertainment industry declined 1.8%.

In comparison, the GDP for Canada also increased 2.5% in 2011.

Tourism employment moved up 1.5% on job gains in the transportation, accommodation, food and beverage services and travel services industries. Tourism jobs in non-tourism industries also increased, while those in the recreation and entertainment industry declined 0.5%.

#### Looking ahead

The World Tourism Organization expects a 3% to 4% increase in tourism in 2012. As such, international tourist arrivals worldwide should reach 1.0 billion by the end of the year. Similar growth is projected for the Americas as well.

Overnight travel from the United States increased 2.2% in January, while the number of trips from overseas countries was virtually unchanged (+0.1%). Overall, overnight travel to Canada increased 1.6%.

In January and February, on average, the value of the Canadian dollar increased versus the US dollar, Japanese yen, euro and UK pound sterling, but declined against the Australian dollar. A stronger Canadian dollar makes it more expensive for foreigners to travel to Canada. At the same time, it makes it cheaper for Canadians to travel abroad.

Data unadjusted for seasonality and expressed at current prices<sup>2</sup>

Tourism spending in Canada reached \$17.2 billion in the fourth quarter of 2011, up 7.1% from the fourth quarter of 2010. Both Canadian visitors at home and foreign travellers in Canada spent more.

### Ninth consecutive year-over-year increase in domestic tourism spending

Tourism spending by Canadians at home increased 7.6% to \$14.2 billion in the fourth quarter. The last year-over-year decline occurred in the third quarter of 2009.

Domestic tourism spending on most commodities increased compared to the fourth quarter of 2010, the largest contributors being passenger air transport (17.4%) and fuel consumption (+11.9%). Higher fuel prices contributed to both increases.

## Spending by international visitors in Canada continues up

International visitors in Canada spent \$3.0 billion in the fourth quarter, up 4.9% from the previous year. Increased spending on passenger air transport contributed the most, with an 8.9% gain.

International visitor spending on most commodities increased in the fourth quarter, including accommodation, food and beverage services and nontourism commodities.

#### Increase in tourism employment

Tourism employment reached 584,000 jobs in the fourth quarter of 2011, up 3.0% from the fourth quarter of 2010. After posting nine consecutive year-over-year declines, tourism employment has increased for a fourth quarter in a row.

Employment in most tourism industries increased in the fourth quarter, most notably passenger air (+6.2%) and travel services (+7.3%). Tourism jobs in accommodation, food and beverage services and non-tourism industries also moved up.

<sup>2.</sup> In this section, tourism spending is expressed at current prices and not adjusted for seasonal variations. Percentage changes are presented on a year-over-year basis.

#### Concepts, methodology and data quality

The following information is provided to help clarify the basic concepts and definitions and the main sources and methods underlying the National Tourism Indicators (NTI), as well as key aspects of data quality. This information is also intended to clarify the strengths and limitations of the NTI and to indicate how they can be effectively used and analysed.

The National Tourism Indicators provide timely information which facilitate ongoing monitoring and analysis of tourism and its related activities in Canada. The NTI cover the domestic supply of tourism commodities (such as transportation, accommodation, food and beverages, recreation and entertainment), the demand for these commodities by resident and nonresident visitors, and the employment and GDP generated as a result of this demand. In addition to these key variables, other travel-related statistics are provided, including: number of international travellers to Canada by country of origin, exchanges rates, inflation rate for the various tourism commodities. The developed update NTI were to the more comprehensive Canadian Tourism Satellite Account (CTSA) on a quarterly and annual basis.

The Indicators are available about 90 days after the reference quarter. The statistical tables include actual data and percentage changes, for seasonally adjusted current and constant price estimates.

The NTI can be used in three general ways: (a) to assess the current state of tourism in Canada; (b) to analyse the development of tourism in Canada in terms of trends and structures; and (c) to support policy and strategic decisions. The Indicators show the relative importance of tourism markets in Canada, what percentage of activity is accounted for by each component of tourism demand, and which components are impacted the most from its growth or decline. The NTI can be used to support research on the trends, cycles and quarterly patterns in various tourism aspects or the industry as a whole. Comparisons can be drawn with other industries or the national economy. The NTI can also be used in the temporal analysis of relationships between different variables and the demand for or supply of tourism goods and services.

The data are used by various stakeholders in the field of tourism, e.g. federal and provincial government officials, researchers as well as by college and university professors and students. The data are also used by international organizations (OECD, World Tourism Organization), journalists and large businesses.

#### Concepts and variables measured

**Tourism**: The definition of tourism in the NTI follows that adopted by the World Tourism Organization and the United Nations Statistical Commission: "the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes".

**Visitors** are persons who undertake tourism as defined above. They are referred to as either tourists (those who stay overnight or longer in the place visited), or same-day visitors.

**Tourism industries** would cease to exist or would continue to exist only at significantly reduced levels of activity in the absence of tourism. Examples of tourism industries include air transportation and accommodation.

**Tourism commodities** are ones for which a significant part of their total demand comes from visitors. Examples include travel services and rail transportation services.

**Tourism demand** is defined as the spending of Canadian and non-resident visitors on domestically produced commodities. It is the sum of tourism domestic demand and tourism exports.

**Tourism domestic demand** is the spending in Canada by resident visitors on domestically produced commodities.

**Tourism exports** is spending by non-resident visitors on Canadian-produced goods and services. It includes spending that may take place outside of Canada, for instance, the purchase of an airline ticket from a Canadian international carrier, to travel to Canada.

**Tourism Gross Domestic Product** is the unduplicated value of production, within the boundaries of a region, of goods and services purchased by tourists. In the NTI, GDP is calculated at basic prices in both current and constant dollars. Only direct GDP is calculated in the NTI. GDP is also generated indirectly in the upstream production chain of a good or service. Although these indirect effects can be linked to tourism, they are not included in tourism GDP.

Domestic supply of tourism commodities is defined as the total production in Canada of the tourism commodities which are mainly produced by tourism industries. Not all of domestic supply is purchased by visitors, so that supply exceeds tourism demand for the NTI. For example, visitors purchase only a small proportion of food and beverage services, with most going to local consumption. Also, supply does not include imports. For example the sale of a ticket on a non-Canadian airline is excluded from supply.

**Tourism employment** is a measure of employment in tourism and non-tourism industries. Tourism employment measures the number of jobs in an industry generated by, or attributable to, tourism spending on the goods and/or services produced by that industry. It is based on an estimate of jobs rather than "hours of work". Thus, someone who works 10 hours a week counts for as much, by this measure, as someone who works 50 hours a week.

#### Data sources and methodology

#### **Data sources**

There are several main data sources for the NTI, all originating from Statistics Canada. The CTSA provides benchmark totals, in current dollars, for several years.

For other years, the Input-Output (I-O) tables are used to calculate annual levels of tourism supply and tourism GDP. Annual levels for employment are calculated using data from the Canadian Productivity Accounts. Demand totals come from the Canadian Travel Survey (CTS) and the International Travel Survey (ITS). The ITS data come via the Canadian Balance of Payments (BOP) Accounts. For years in which I-O data are not available, the NTI are based on quarterly estimates from the SNA.

Quarterly indicators for tourism supply are based on selected components of consumer spending from the Income and Expenditure Accounts and on GDP for selected industries from the measures of monthly GDP by industry accounts. The quarterly tourism expenditure data follow quarterly patterns from the CTS and the ITS. The quarterly tourism employment data are based on the Survey of Employment, Payroll and Hours (SEPH). Tourism GDP is calculated based on demand, supply and employment.

#### General methodology

The indicators of supply, demand, GDP and employment are benchmarked to the CTSA levels and are projected for the years preceding and following the benchmarks.

The NTI supply indicators use results from Statistics Canada's input-output tables, which are based on quarterly and annual surveys of industries and their revenues (production). For periods not covered by the most recent I-O data the indicators are estimated on the basis of: (i) results of selected industry surveys or employment surveys, (ii) personal consumption expenditures on items closely related to the tourism goods and services being estimated, or (iii) industry-specific production figures (GDP).

Once supply estimates have been calculated, total demand is obtained by using the ratio of demand to supply from the CTSA benchmarks. Estimates used to determine the travel account balance for the Canadian balance of payments provide an overall total for non-residents demand bν (tourism exports). Expenditure information is collected quarterly through Canada Customs, while international travellers entering or returning to Canada are counted monthly. Total non-resident demand is then broken down by type of expenditure using travel profiles generated during the detailed calculation of the CTSA. The methodology to calculate domestic demand estimates has two separate components. First, a derived estimate is constructed taking total demand minus the nonresident demand at an annual level. This "top-down" approach is further supplemented by the CTS data. Quarterly patterns for commodities are taken from the CTS and used to distribute the annual data.

Like the supply and demand indicators, the NTI employment estimates are benchmarked to the CTSA estimates, which in turn are based on measures from the Canadian Productivity Accounts. The Labour Force Survey is used primarily to produce control totals, and SEPH is used primarily to compute the industry-by-industry breakdown. The latter data are also used to project the quarterly estimates on a current basis. The data, which estimate direct employment, are then seasonally adjusted.

Similarly, GDP estimates are based on CTSA annual benchmarks. Quarterly movements and non-benchmark year estimates are calculated using tourism expenditure and industry GDP as an indicator. These direct measures of GDP are then seasonally adjusted.

#### Seasonal adjustment

Tourism is dominated by large seasonal fluctuations exhibiting similar patterns from one year to the next. For the convenience of users, these regular variations are removed, through a statistical technique known as seasonal adjustment, to help isolate underlying trends. Two versions of the quarterly NTI are available, one unadjusted and the other adjusted for seasonal variation.

All seasonally adjusted series of the quarterly NTI are derived using the X12ARIMA method. The adjustment is generally made at the lowest level of aggregation and seasonally adjusted aggregates are obtained by summation. The advantages of this approach are twofold. First, by carrying out the seasonal adjustment at the most detailed level, seasonal shifts in the aggregates are more easily explained. Second, the calculation of seasonally adjusted aggregates by summation preserves the accounting identities in the system and this is much more convenient for users.

#### **Current and constant price estimates**

Values expressed in the prices of the period being referred to are commonly called current price estimates. This is the most natural method of valuation, because it uses the prices observed in the economy in the year for which they are being measured. The NTI also provide some estimates that are valued at the prices of another period, the year 2002. The purpose of such a valuation is to facilitate the analysis of period-to-period movements of the NTI, by eliminating the effect of price change (or inflation).

An increase or decrease in value from one period to another results from the joint effect of a change in the quantities of goods and services produced and of a change in the prices at which they are sold. The decomposition of the value-change into separate price and quantity components is accomplished by recalculating a series at the prices of some base period. The resulting period-to-period changes in these constant price estimates are interpreted as showing the "real" or "inflation-adjusted" growth in the series. The NTI constant price estimates are expressed at the prices of the year 2002. Thus, for example, the

estimate of tourism demand at 2002 prices for 2006 is less than the one at current prices. The difference reflects the fact that the market prices of most goods and services increased between 2002 and 2006.

#### **Price indexes**

The previous section addressed the topic of measuring tourism at the constant prices of some base period. The resulting estimates of "real tourism" gauge the volume of tourism. Dividing the current price series for tourism by the corresponding series at constant prices yields an Implicit Price Index (IPI). The variable-weighted nature of IPIs should always be kept in mind. Movements in these indexes reflect not just price-change, but also variation in the volumes of different goods and services. The impact of weight-shifts on observed period-to-period changes in the tourism implicit price index can be quite significant.

#### Revisions

Preceding quarters of the year are revised when the current quarter is published. In years when an updated Canadian Tourism Satellite Account (CTSA) is not available, revisions extending back four years are made with the publication of first quarter data. In years when an updated CTSA is available, revisions extending back six or seven years are made. The data are not normally revised again except when historical revisions are carried out.

#### Reference period

The National Tourism Indicators are available about 90 days after the reference quarter.

#### Data quality (accuracy)

No direct measures of the margin of error in the estimates can be calculated. The quality of the estimates can be inferred from analysis of revisions and from a subjective assessment of the data sources and methodology used in the preparation of the estimates.

#### Comparability of data and related sources

The NTI are based on a wide array of related and comparable data. Supply estimates generally follow the trends of the output measures for industries in the I-O system and the GDP by industry accounts.

Tourism expenditures have similar trends to related consumer spending series. However, because tourism includes both personal and business travel, the trends are not the same.

Non-resident spending, or tourism exports, is based on Balance of Payments data, which in turn come from the ITS. The NTI however, do not include certain items in the BOP travel account (airline crews, medical and education travel) and so the data, while similar, are not identical.

Employment and GDP in the NTI are comparable to SEPH and GDP by industry data for tourism industries. The NTI however only includes the employment or production that is attributable to tourism.

Mational	Touriem	Indicators.	fourth	quarter	201
mational	TOURISM	mulcators.	iourtn	duarter	20 I

Section A
Tourism demand in Canada

Table 1
Tourism demand in Canada, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
	-	milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	7,014	7,347	7,647	7,872	7,941	8,330	27,824	31,790
	2.8	4.7	4.1	2.9	0.9	4.9	10.3	14.3
Passenger air transport	3,748	3,819	3,966	4,111	4,148	4,456	14,560	16,681
	3.5	1.9	3.8	3.7	0.9	7.4	11.3	14.6
Passenger rail transport	70	68	69	71	72	70	269	282
	6.1	-2.9	1.5	2.9	1.4	-2.8	0.0	4.8
Interurban bus transport	253	254	258	259	262	260	1,010	1,039
	0.8	0.4	1.6	0.4	1.2	-0.8	1.4	2.9
Vehicle rental	400	391	398	412	423	430	1,566	1,663
	2.8	-2.3	1.8	3.5	2.7	1.7	0.4	6.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	341	354	343	354	357	370	1,377	1,424
	0.6	3.8	-3.1	3.2	0.8	3.6	3.7	3.4
Vehicle fuel	2,014	2,272	2,421	2,473	2,486	2,547	8,298	9,927
	2.2	12.8	6.6	2.1	0.5	2.5	14.0	19.6
Other transportation	188	189	192	192	193	197	744	774
	2.2	0.5	1.6	0.0	0.5	2.1	4.5	4.0
Accommodation	2,760	2,795	2,811	2,841	2,864	2,873	11,015	11,389
	1.8	1.3	0.6	1.1	0.8	0.3	6.1	3.4
Food and beverage services	2,768	2,797	2,831	2,886	2,906	2,950	11,027	11,573
	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.9	0.7	1.5	4.3	5.0
Other tourism commodities	2,886	2,917	2,894	2,912	2,938	2,967	11,428	11,711
	2.2	1.1	-0.8	0.6	0.9	1.0	3.7	2.5
Recreation and entertainment	1,289	1,303	1,296	1,268	1,279	1,314	5,126	5,157
	1.6	1.1	-0.5	-2.2	0.9	2.7	2.8	0.6
Travel services	900	910	909	939	943	938	3,515	3,729
	4.0	1.1	-0.1	3.3	0.4	-0.5	8.6	6.1
Pre-trip expenditures	640	647	632	647	658	656	2,561	2,593
	0.8	1.1	-2.3	2.4	1.7	-0.3	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	57	57	57	58	58	59	226	232
	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	1.7	6.6	2.7
Total tourism commodities	15,428	15,856	16,183	16,511	16,649	17,120	61,294	66,463
	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.0	0.8	2.8	7.1	8.4
Total other commodities	3,038	3,063	3,060	3,085	3,105	3,133	12,076	12,383
	1.4	0.8	-0.1	0.8	0.6	0.9	4.4	2.5
Tourism expenditures	18,466	18,919	19,243	19,596	19,754	20,253	73,370	78,846
	2.1	2.5	1.7	1.8	0.8	2.5	6.7	7.5

Table 2 Tourism demand in Canada, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	9,611	6,399	6,246	7,309	11,015	7,220	27,824	31,790
	11.3	12.1	14.7	14.8	14.6	12.8	10.3	14.3
Passenger air transport	4,716	3,395	3,623	3,832	5,285	3,941	14,560	16,681
	14.9	13.7	17.7	13.7	12.1	16.1	11.3	14.6
Passenger rail transport	83	63	59	72	88	63	269	282
	3.8	1.6	5.4	7.5	6.0	0.0	0.0	4.8
Interurban bus transport	273	270	235	245	283	276	1,010	1,039
	2.2	1.5	3.1	2.5	3.7	2.2	1.4	2.9
Vehicle rental	642	313	255	351	722	335	1,566	1,663
	2.1	0.0	-2.3	0.3	12.5	7.0	0.4	6.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	497	310	234	346	518	326	1,377	1,424
	3.1	3.0	-1.3	3.9	4.2	5.2	3.7	3.4
Vehicle fuel	3,128	1,893	1,676	2,294	3,839	2,118	8,298	9,927
	11.0	15.8	17.2	24.2	22.7	11.9	14.0	19.6
Other transportation	272	155	164	169	280	161	744	774
	7.9	6.2	6.5	3.7	2.9	3.9	4.5	4.0
Accommodation	3,938	2,356	2,040	2,832	4,099	2,418	11,015	11,389
	6.1	6.6	1.7	4.3	4.1	2.6	6.1	3.4
Food and beverage services	4,181	2,118	2,102	2,848	4,390	2,233	11,027	11,573
	4.3	5.2	3.4	5.6	5.0	5.4	4.3	5.0
Other tourism commodities	4,136	2,347	2,341	2,796	4,156	2,418	11,428	11,711
	5.6	5.2	6.4	1.9	0.5	3.0	3.7	2.5
Recreation and entertainment	2,254	852	873	1,163	2,251	870	5,126	5,157
	4.2	4.4	2.0	-0.1	-0.1	2.1	2.8	0.6
Travel services	1,133	773	898	882	1,135	814	3,515	3,729
	12.8	10.1	17.5	4.4	0.2	5.3	8.6	6.1
Pre-trip expenditures	675	672	525	693	693	682	2,561	2,593
	-0.4	0.7	-1.7	1.9	2.7	1.5	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	74	50	45	58	77	52	226	232
	5.7	6.4	-2.2	3.6	4.1	4.0	6.6	2.7
Total tourism commodities	21,866	13,220	12,729	15,785	23,660	14,289	61,294	66,463
	7.9	8.7	9.0	8.7	8.2	8.1	7.1	8.4
Total other commodities	4,404	2,875	2,049	2,868	4,517	2,949	12,076	12,383
	4.5	5.3	2.1	2.8	2.6	2.6	4.4	2.5
Tourism expenditures	26,270	16,095	14,778	18,653	28,177	17,238	73,370	78,846
	7.3	8.0	8.0	7.7	7.3	7.1	6.7	7.5

Table 3 Tourism demand in Canada, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	d	
Transportation	6,364	6,367	6,519	6,528	6,601	6,676	25,040	26,324
	2.2	0.0	2.4	0.1	1.1	1.1	5.9	5.1
Passenger air transport	3,923	3,934	4,103	4,101	4,126	4,192	15,294	16,522
	3.5	0.3	4.3	-0.0	0.6	1.6	8.5	8.0
Passenger rail transport	60	59	60	61	62	59	242	242
	-3.2	-1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	-4.8	-2.8	0.0
Interurban bus transport	216	213	216	216	217	215	880	864
	-2.7	-1.4	1.4	0.0	0.5	-0.9	-1.9	-1.8
Vehicle rental	373	366	369	376	383	385	1,480	1,513
	1.6	-1.9	0.8	1.9	1.9	0.5	-0.8	2.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	271	277	269	277	277	282	1,087	1,105
	1.1	2.2	-2.9	3.0	0.0	1.8	2.4	1.7
Vehicle fuel	1,387	1,387	1,371	1,364	1,403	1,407	5,528	5,545
	0.2	0.0	-1.2	-0.5	2.9	0.3	3.9	0.3
Other transportation	134	131	131	133	133	136	529	533
	0.8	-2.2	0.0	1.5	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.8
Accommodation	2,379	2,384	2,407	2,428	2,435	2,447	9,487	9,717
	0.4	0.2	1.0	0.9	0.3	0.5	3.3	2.4
Food and beverage services	2,218	2,238	2,249	2,276	2,275	2,294	8,896	9,094
	-0.0	0.9	0.5	1.2	-0.0	0.8	1.7	2.2
Other tourism commodities	2,501	2,545	2,496	2,491	2,509	2,536	10,006	10,032
	0.7	1.8	-1.9	-0.2	0.7	1.1	1.4	0.3
Recreation and entertainment	1,045	1,061	1,041	1,015	1,019	1,045	4,220	4,120
	-0.7	1.5	-1.9	-2.5	0.4	2.6	0.0	-2.4
Travel services	714	727	723	736	735	727	2,836	2,921
	1.3	1.8	-0.6	1.8	-0.1	-1.1	5.6	3.0
Pre-trip expenditures	691	705	680	688	703	712	2,749	2,783
	2.2	2.0	-3.5	1.2	2.2	1.3	-0.7	1.2
Convention fees	51	52	52	52	52	52	201	208
	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	3.5
Total tourism commodities	13,462	13,534	13,671	13,723	13,820	13,953	53,429	55,167
	1.2	0.5	1.0	0.4	0.7	1.0	3.9	3.3
Total other commodities	2,851	2,882	2,882	2,901	2,913	2,937	11,354	11,633
	1.5	1.1	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.8	4.4	2.5
Tourism expenditures	16,313	16,416	16,553	16,624	16,733	16,890	64,783	66,800
	1.3	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.7	0.9	4.0	3.1

Section B
Tourism domestic demand

Table 4 Tourism domestic demand, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	5,966	6,267	6,577	6,746	6,817	7,154	23,726	27,294
	2.6	5.0	4.9	2.6	1.1	4.9	9.9	15.0
Passenger air transport	3,093	3,144	3,303	3,405	3,444	3,707	12,008	13,859
	3.5	1.6	5.1	3.1	1.1	7.6	9.7	15.4
Passenger rail transport	42	41	43	44	46	44	163	177
	5.0	-2.4	4.9	2.3	4.5	-4.3	-2.4	8.6
Interurban bus transport	175	174	178	178	181	178	703	715
	-0.6	-0.6	2.3	0.0	1.7	-1.7	0.4	1.7
Vehicle rental	295	284	293	304	316	319	1,163	1,232
	1.4	-3.7	3.2	3.8	3.9	0.9	0.8	5.9
Vehicle repairs and parts	324	336	325	336	340	353	1,308	1,354
	0.6	3.7	-3.3	3.4	1.2	3.8	3.7	3.5
Vehicle fuel	1,909	2,161	2,304	2,349	2,359	2,418	7,873	9,430
	2.1	13.2	6.6	2.0	0.4	2.5	14.5	19.8
Other transportation	128	127	131	130	131	135	508	527
	1.6	-0.8	3.1	-0.8	0.8	3.1	4.3	3.7
Accommodation	1,860	1,884	1,932	1,939	1,967	1,968	7,449	7,806
	1.0	1.3	2.5	0.4	1.4	0.1	6.8	4.8
Food and beverage services	2,113	2,135	2,182	2,218	2,239	2,273	8,421	8,912
	1.2	1.0	2.2	1.6	0.9	1.5	4.1	5.8
Other tourism commodities	2,435	2,462	2,447	2,456	2,483	2,507	9,643	9,893
	2.1	1.1	-0.6	0.4	1.1	1.0	4.1	2.6
Recreation and entertainment	886	898	900	864	875	905	3,536	3,544
	0.9	1.4	0.2	-4.0	1.3	3.4	3.4	0.2
Travel services	862	871	869	898	903	898	3,364	3,568
	4.1	1.0	-0.2	3.3	0.6	-0.6	8.9	6.1
Pre-trip expenditures	640	647	632	647	658	656	2,561	2,593
	0.8	1.1	-2.3	2.4	1.7	-0.3	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	47	46	46	47	47	48	182	188
	4.4	-2.1	0.0	2.2	0.0	2.1	8.3	3.3
Total tourism commodities	12,374	12,748	13,138	13,359	13,506	13,902	49,239	53,905
	2.0	3.0	3.1	1.7	1.1	2.9	7.2	9.5
Total other commodities	2,328	2,365	2,370	2,378	2,395	2,406	9,269	9,549
	1.0	1.6	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.5	5.4	3.0
Tourism expenditures	14,702	15,113	15,508	15,737	15,901	16,308	58,508	63,454
	1.9	2.8	2.6	1.5	1.0	2.6	6.9	8.5

Table 5
Tourism domestic demand, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	8,056	5,598	5,523	6,134	9,287	6,350	23,726	27,294
	10.7	11.5	16.5	15.1	15.3	13.4	9.9	15.0
Passenger air transport	3,827	2,869	3,128	3,057	4,306	3,368	12,008	13,859
	13.1	11.9	20.0	13.0	12.5	17.4	9.7	15.4
Passenger rail transport	40	40	46	46	45	40	163	177
	0.0	0.0	9.5	12.2	12.5	0.0	-2.4	8.6
Interurban bus transport	184	191	172	163	188	192	703	715
	0.5	0.0	3.0	1.2	2.2	0.5	0.4	1.7
Vehicle rental	449	257	208	248	503	273	1,163	1,232
	2.7	0.4	-1.4	0.8	12.0	6.2	0.8	5.9
Vehicle repairs and parts	470	297	223	329	490	312	1,308	1,354
	3.1	3.1	-0.9	4.1	4.3	5.1	3.7	3.5
Vehicle fuel	2,916	1,825	1,629	2,174	3,585	2,042	7,873	9,430
	11.3	16.0	17.7	24.4	22.9	11.9	14.5	19.8
Other transportation	170	119	117	117	170	123	508	527
	6.9	8.2	11.4	2.6	0.0	3.4	4.3	3.7
Accommodation	2,730	1,594	1,476	1,828	2,868	1,634	7,449	7,806
	6.5	6.5	6.1	5.4	5.1	2.5	6.8	4.8
Food and beverage services	3,103	1,652	1,716	2,174	3,278	1,744	8,421	8,912
	3.6	4.8	5.9	6.3	5.6	5.6	4.1	5.8
Other tourism commodities	3,399	2,015	2,075	2,347	3,393	2,078	9,643	9,893
	6.4	5.2	8.1	1.6	-0.2	3.1	4.1	2.6
Recreation and entertainment	1,597	552	636	772	1,572	564	3,536	3,544
	5.1	4.0	5.5	-1.5	-1.6	2.2	3.4	0.2
Travel services	1,069	747	875	840	1,067	786	3,364	3,568
	13.5	10.3	17.9	4.2	-0.2	5.2	8.9	6.1
Pre-trip expenditures	675	672	525	693	693	682	2,561	2,593
	-0.4	0.7	-1.7	1.9	2.7	1.5	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	58	44	39	42	61	46	182	188
	7.4	7.3	-2.5	5.0	5.2	4.5	8.3	3.3
Total tourism commodities	17,288	10,859	10,790	12,483	18,826	11,806	49,239	53,905
	7.8	8.5	11.6	9.3	8.9	8.7	7.2	9.5
Total other commodities	3,275	2,343	1,653	2,138	3,360	2,398	9,269	9,549
	4.2	5.6	4.5	3.3	2.6	2.3	5.4	3.0
Tourism expenditures	20,563	13,202	12,443	14,621	22,186	14,204	58,508	63,454
	7.2	8.0	10.6	8.4	7.9	7.6	6.9	8.5

Table 6 Tourism domestic demand, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		million	s of 2002 dolla	irs and percent	age change, p	receding period	d	
Transportation	5,357	5,352	5,523	5,510	5,588	5,658	21,106	22,279
	1.9	-0.1	3.2	-0.2	1.4	1.3	5.1	5.6
Passenger air transport	3,234	3,236	3,415	3,396	3,425	3,489	12,607	13,725
	3.4	0.1	5.5	-0.6	0.9	1.9	7.0	8.9
Passenger rail transport	37	36	38	38	40	37	147	153
	0.0	-2.7	5.6	0.0	5.3	-7.5	-4.5	4.1
Interurban bus transport	149	146	150	149	150	147	613	596
	-4.5	-2.0	2.7	-0.7	0.7	-2.0	-2.7	-2.8
Vehicle rental	274	265	272	278	286	287	1,100	1,123
	-0.4	-3.3	2.6	2.2	2.9	0.3	-0.4	2.1
Vehicle repairs and parts	256	262	255	263	264	269	1,033	1,051
	0.0	2.3	-2.7	3.1	0.4	1.9	2.5	1.7
Vehicle fuel	1,315	1,317	1,304	1,295	1,332	1,336	5,245	5,267
	0.0	0.2	-1.0	-0.7	2.9	0.3	4.0	0.4
Other transportation	92	90	89	91	91	93	361	364
	1.1	-2.2	-1.1	2.2	0.0	2.2	-0.3	0.8
Accommodation	1,603	1,607	1,655	1,661	1,672	1,678	6,410	6,666
	-0.3	0.2	3.0	0.4	0.7	0.4	3.9	4.0
Food and beverage services	1,695	1,706	1,733	1,748	1,753	1,766	6,795	7,000
	-0.1	0.6	1.6	0.9	0.3	0.7	1.6	3.0
Other tourism commodities	2,138	2,174	2,137	2,127	2,148	2,172	8,542	8,584
	0.9	1.7	-1.7	-0.5	1.0	1.1	1.9	0.5
Recreation and entertainment	721	732	724	693	699	722	2,916	2,838
	-0.8	1.5	-1.1	-4.3	0.9	3.3	0.6	-2.7
Travel services	684	694	691	704	704	696	2,714	2,795
	1.3	1.5	-0.4	1.9	0.0	-1.1	5.9	3.0
Pre-trip expenditures	691	705	680	688	703	712	2,749	2,783
	2.2	2.0	-3.5	1.2	2.2	1.3	-0.7	1.2
Convention fees	42	43	42	42	42	42	163	168
	5.0	2.4	-2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.5	3.1
Total tourism commodities	10,793	10,839	11,048	11,046	11,161	11,274	42,853	44,529
	1.1	0.4	1.9	-0.0	1.0	1.0	3.7	3.9
Total other commodities	2,201	2,250	2,254	2,247	2,256	2,275	8,786	9,032
	1.6	2.2	0.2	-0.3	0.4	0.8	5.4	2.8
Tourism expenditures	12,994	13,089	13,302	13,293	13,417	13,549	51,639	53,561
	1.2	0.7	1.6	-0.1	0.9	1.0	4.0	3.7

Section C Tourism demand by non-residents (exports)

Table 7
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	1,048	1,080	1,070	1,126	1,124	1,176	4,098	4,496
	4.1	3.1	-0.9	5.2	-0.2	4.6	12.7	9.7
Passenger air transport	655	675	663	706	704	749	2,552	2,822
	3.5	3.1	-1.8	6.5	-0.3	6.4	19.4	10.6
Passenger rail transport	28	27	26	27	26	26	106	105
	7.7	-3.6	-3.7	3.8	-3.7	0.0	3.9	-0.9
Interurban bus transport	78	80	80	81	81	82	307	324
	4.0	2.6	0.0	1.3	0.0	1.2	3.7	5.5
Vehicle rental	105	107	105	108	107	111	403	431
	7.1	1.9	-1.9	2.9	-0.9	3.7	-0.5	6.9
Vehicle repairs and parts	17	18	18	18	17	17	69	70
	0.0	5.9	0.0	0.0	-5.6	0.0	3.0	1.4
Vehicle fuel	105	111	117	124	127	129	425	497
	5.0	5.7	5.4	6.0	2.4	1.6	5.2	16.9
Other transportation	60	62	61	62	62	62	236	247
	3.4	3.3	-1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0	4.9	4.7
Accommodation	900	911	879	902	897	905	3,566	3,583
	3.7	1.2	-3.5	2.6	-0.6	0.9	4.6	0.5
Food and beverage services	655	662	649	668	667	677	2,606	2,661
	1.7	1.1	-2.0	2.9	-0.1	1.5	4.7	2.1
Other tourism commodities	451	455	447	456	455	460	1,785	1,818
	2.7	0.9	-1.8	2.0	-0.2	1.1	1.7	1.8
Recreation and entertainment	403	405	396	404	404	409	1,590	1,613
	3.1	0.5	-2.2	2.0	0.0	1.2	1.7	1.4
Travel services	38	39	40	41	40	40	151	161
	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.5	-2.4	0.0	2.0	6.6
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	10	11	11	11	11	11	44	44
	-9.1	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total tourism commodities	3,054	3,108	3,045	3,152	3,143	3,218	12,055	12,558
	3.2	1.8	-2.0	3.5	-0.3	2.4	6.8	4.2
Total other commodities	710	698	690	707	710	727	2,807	2,834
	2.9	-1.7	-1.1	2.5	0.4	2.4	1.4	1.0
Tourism expenditures	3,764	3,806	3,735	3,859	3,853	3,945	14,862	15,392
	3.2	1.1	-1.9	3.3	-0.2	2.4	5.7	3.6

Table 8 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	1,555	801	723	1,175	1,728	870	4,098	4,496
	14.8	16.4	2.7	13.2	11.1	8.6	12.7	9.7
Passenger air transport	889	526	495	775	979	573	2,552	2,822
	23.1	24.3	4.9	16.5	10.1	8.9	19.4	10.6
Passenger rail transport	43	23	13	26	43	23	106	105
	7.5	4.5	-7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	-0.9
Interurban bus transport	89	79	63	82	95	84	307	324
	6.0	5.3	3.3	5.1	6.7	6.3	3.7	5.5
Vehicle rental	193	56	47	103	219	62	403	431
	0.5	-1.8	-6.0	-1.0	13.5	10.7	-0.5	6.9
Vehicle repairs and parts	27	13	11	17	28	14	69	70
	3.8	0.0	-8.3	0.0	3.7	7.7	3.0	1.4
Vehicle fuel	212	68	47	120	254	76	425	497
	7.6	9.7	2.2	21.2	19.8	11.8	5.2	16.9
Other transportation	102	36	47	52	110	38	236	247
	9.7	0.0	-4.1	6.1	7.8	5.6	4.9	4.7
Accommodation	1,208	762	564	1,004	1,231	784	3,566	3,583
	5.3	6.7	-8.3	2.3	1.9	2.9	4.6	0.5
Food and beverage services	1,078	466	386	674	1,112	489	2,606	2,661
	6.6	6.4	-6.3	3.7	3.2	4.9	4.7	2.1
Other tourism commodities	737	332	266	449	763	340	1,785	1,818
	2.2	5.1	-5.3	3.2	3.5	2.4	1.7	1.8
Recreation and entertainment	657	300	237	391	679	306	1,590	1,613
	2.2	5.3	-6.3	2.9	3.3	2.0	1.7	1.4
Travel services	64	26	23	42	68	28	151	161
	3.2	4.0	4.5	7.7	6.3	7.7	2.0	6.6
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	16	6	6	16	16	6	44	44
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total tourism commodities	4,578	2,361	1,939	3,302	4,834	2,483	12,055	12,558
	8.2	9.5	-3.6	6.4	5.6	5.2	6.8	4.2
Total other commodities	1,129	532	396	730	1,157	551	2,807	2,834
	5.2	4.1	-6.6	1.1	2.5	3.6	1.4	1.0
Tourism expenditures	5,707	2,893	2,335	4,032	5,991	3,034	14,862	15,392
	7.6	8.5	-4.1	5.4	5.0	4.9	5.7	3.6

Table 9 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	1	
Transportation	1,006	1,014	996	1,018	1,013	1,018	3,934	4,045
	3.8	0.8	-1.8	2.2	-0.5	0.5	10.6	2.8
Passenger air transport	689	698	688	705	701	703	2,687	2,797
	4.1	1.3	-1.4	2.5	-0.6	0.3	16.5	4.1
Passenger rail transport	23	23	22	23	22	22	95	89
	-8.0	0.0	-4.3	4.5	-4.3	0.0	0.0	-6.3
Interurban bus transport	67	67	66	67	67	68	267	268
	1.5	0.0	-1.5	1.5	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.4
Vehicle rental	98	101	97	98	97	98	380	390
	6.5	3.1	-4.0	1.0	-1.0	1.0	-2.1	2.6
Vehicle repairs and parts	14	14	14	14	13	13	54	54
	7.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	-7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vehicle fuel	72	70	67	69	71	71	283	278
	4.3	-2.8	-4.3	3.0	2.9	0.0	1.4	-1.8
Other transportation	43	41	42	42	42	43	168	169
	2.4	-4.7	2.4	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.6	0.6
Accommodation	777	777	752	767	763	769	3,077	3,051
	2.0	0.0	-3.2	2.0	-0.5	0.8	2.0	-0.8
Food and beverage services	522	531	516	528	522	528	2,101	2,094
	-0.2	1.7	-2.8	2.3	-1.1	1.1	2.1	-0.3
Other tourism commodities	363	373	359	364	361	364	1,464	1,448
	-0.5	2.8	-3.8	1.4	-0.8	0.8	-1.3	-1.1
Recreation and entertainment	324	329	317	322	320	323	1,304	1,282
	-0.6	1.5	-3.6	1.6	-0.6	0.9	-1.2	-1.7
Travel services	30	34	32	32	31	31	122	126
	3.4	13.3	-5.9	0.0	-3.1	0.0	0.0	3.3
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	9	10	10	10	10	10	38	40
	-10.0	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-7.3	5.3
Total tourism commodities	2,668	2,695	2,623	2,677	2,659	2,679	10,576	10,638
	1.9	1.0	-2,7	2,1	-0.7	0.8	4.5	0.6
Total other commodities	650	634	628	654	657	662	2,568	2,601
	0.9	-2.5	-0.9	4.1	0.5	0.8	1.3	1.3
Tourism expenditures	3,318	3,329	3,251	3,331	3,316	3,341	13,144	13,239
	1.7	0.3	-2.3	2.5	-0.5	0.8	3.9	0.7

Section D Supply of tourism commodities

Table 10 Supply of tourism commodities, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	19,834	21,247	21,943	22,540	22,706	23,475	80,112	90,664
	1.9	7.1	3.3	2.7	0.7	3.4	9.7	13.2
Passenger air transport	3,943	4,018	4,168	4,326	4,365	4,685	15,311	17,544
	3.5	1.9	3.7	3.8	0.9	7.3	11.1	14.6
Passenger rail transport	75	73	75	77	77	76	289	305
	5.6	-2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	-1.3	0.0	5.5
Interurban bus transport	269	269	274	275	278	277	1,073	1,104
	0.4	0.0	1.9	0.4	1.1	-0.4	1.3	2.9
Vehicle rental	587	576	585	606	622	631	2,305	2,444
	2.1	-1.9	1.6	3.6	2.6	1.4	0.2	6.0
Vehicle repairs and parts	4,969	5,165	4,984	5,159	5,210	5,378	20,059	20,731
	0.8	3.9	-3.5	3.5	1.0	3.2	3.8	3.4
Vehicle fuel	9,227	10,374	11,076	11,320	11,377	11,638	38,075	45,411
	1.8	12.4	6.8	2.2	0.5	2.3	14.0	19.3
Other transportation	764	772	781	777	777	790	3,000	3,125
	3.2	1.0	1.2	-0.5	0.0	1.7	4.9	4.2
Accommodation	3,039	3,075	3,089	3,123	3,141	3,150	12,127	12,503
	1.8	1.2	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.3	6.0	3.1
Food and beverage services	13,896	14,045	14,201	14,485	14,588	14,812	55,364	58,086
	1.3	1.1	1.1	2.0	0.7	1.5	4.2	4.9
Other tourism commodities	7,351	7,422	7,379	7,318	7,401	7,560	29,204	29,658
	1.7	1.0	-0.6	-0.8	1.1	2.1	3.0	1.6
Recreation and entertainment	5,742	5,798	5,771	5,664	5,730	5,895	22,854	23,060
	1.4	1.0	-0.5	-1.9	1.2	2.9	2.6	0.9
Travel services	908	916	915	945	949	944	3,544	3,753
	4.1	0.9	-0.1	3.3	0.4	-0.5	8.5	5.9
Pre-trip expenditures	640	647	632	647	658	656	2,561	2,593
	0.8	1.1	-2.3	2.4	1.7	-0.3	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	61	61	61	62	64	65	245	252
	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	3.2	1.6	6.5	2.9
Total tourism commodities	44,120	45,789	46,612	47,466	47,836	48,997	176,807	190,911
	1.7	3.8	1.8	1.8	0.8	2.4	6.6	8.0

Table 11 Supply of tourism commodities, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	je change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	21,967	20,714	20,091	22,489	25,206	22,878	80,112	90,664
	8.8	10.6	11.9	15.5	14.7	10.4	9.7	13.2
Passenger air transport	4,895	3,490	3,910	4,100	5,480	4,054	15,311	17,544
	14.6	13.8	17.7	13.7	12.0	16.2	11.1	14.6
Passenger rail transport	89	72	64	75	94	72	289	305
	4.7	1.4	8.5	8.7	5.6	0.0	0.0	5.5
Interurban bus transport	287	279	258	263	298	285	1,073	1,104
	2.5	1.1	2.8	2.7	3.8	2.2	1.3	2.9
Vehicle rental	792	620	420	466	894	664	2,305	2,444
	2.1	0.0	-2.1	0.4	12.9	7.1	0.2	6.0
Vehicle repairs and parts	5,160	5,313	4,290	5,472	5,376	5,593	20,059	20,731
	3.0	3.1	-1.1	4.2	4.2	5.3	3.8	3.4
Vehicle fuel	9,960	10,165	10,379	11,368	12,260	11,404	38,075	45,411
	10.3	15.2	17.4	24.7	23.1	12.2	14.0	19.3
Other transportation	784	775	770	745	804	806	3,000	3,125
	7.1	6.9	6.4	3.9	2.6	4.0	4.9	4.2
Accommodation	4,077	2,705	2,283	3,234	4,210	2,776	12,127	12,503
	6.1	6.6	1.7	4.3	3.3	2.6	6.0	3.1
Food and beverage services	14,874	14,038	12,848	14,818	15,620	14,800	55,364	58,086
	4.3	5.1	3.4	5.6	5.0	5.4	4.2	4.9
Other tourism commodities	7,670	7,541	7,068	7,206	7,676	7,708	29,204	29,658
	5.1	4.7	3.4	0.6	0.1	2.2	3.0	1.6
Recreation and entertainment	5,779	6,035	5,590	5,556	5,764	6,150	22,854	23,060
	4.3	4.5	2.0	-0.1	-0.3	1.9	2.6	0.9
Travel services	1,141	779	901	892	1,141	819	3,544	3,753
	12.9	10.0	17.3	4.2	0.0	5.1	8.5	5.9
Pre-trip expenditures	675	672	525	693	693	682	2,561	2,593
	-0.4	0.7	-1.7	1.9	2.7	1.5	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	75	55	52	65	78	57	245	252
	5.6	5.8	0.0	3.2	4.0	3.6	6.5	2.9
Total tourism commodities	48,588	44,998	42,290	47,747	52,712	48,162	176,807	190,911
	6.6	7.6	7.2	9.1	8.5	7.0	6.6	8.0

Table 12 Supply of tourism commodities, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
	-	millions	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, pi	receding period	t	
Transportation	15,821	15,947	15,943	16,046	16,237	16,367	62,872	64,593
	1.1	0.8	-0.0	0.6	1.2	0.8	4.2	2.7
Passenger air transport	4,122	4,134	4,315	4,319	4,345	4,411	16,082	17,390
	3.4	0.3	4.4	0.1	0.6	1.5	8.4	8.1
Passenger rail transport	65	64	65	66	66	64	260	261
	-1.5	-1.5	1.6	1.5	0.0	-3.0	-3.0	0.4
Interurban bus transport	231	226	230	230	231	228	935	919
	-1.7	-2.2	1.8	0.0	0.4	-1.3	-1.9	-1.7
Vehicle rental	546	540	544	555	564	567	2,183	2,230
	0.4	-1.1	0.7	2.0	1.6	0.5	-0.8	2.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	3,941	4,050	3,925	4,043	4,044	4,104	15,838	16,116
	0.9	2.8	-3.1	3.0	0.0	1.5	2.4	1.8
Vehicle fuel	6,371	6,385	6,317	6,285	6,442	6,442	25,402	25,486
	0.2	0.2	-1.1	-0.5	2.5	0.0	3.8	0.3
Other transportation	545	548	547	548	545	551	2,172	2,191
	0.0	0.6	-0.2	0.2	-0.5	1.1	1.8	0.9
Accommodation	2,621	2,626	2,647	2,668	2,671	2,675	10,449	10,661
	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.8	0.1	0.1	3.4	2.0
Food and beverage services	11,149	11,227	11,268	11,415	11,421	11,519	44,690	45,623
	0.0	0.7	0.4	1.3	0.1	0.9	1.7	2.1
Other tourism commodities	6,130	6,210	6,091	6,010	6,049	6,169	24,668	24,319
	-0.3	1.3	-1.9	-1.3	0.6	2.0	0.5	-1.4
Recreation and entertainment	4,663	4,720	4,629	4,523	4,546	4,666	18,841	18,364
	-0.9	1.2	-1.9	-2.3	0.5	2.6	-0.1	-2.5
Travel services	722	731	727	743	743	734	2,860	2,947
	1.7	1.2	-0.5	2.2	0.0	-1.2	5.6	3.0
Pre-trip expenditures	691	705	680	688	703	712	2,749	2,783
	2.2	2.0	-3.5	1.2	2.2	1.3	-0.7	1.2
Convention fees	54	54	55	56	57	57	218	225
	-3.6	0.0	1.9	1.8	1.8	0.0	3.8	3.2
Total tourism commodities	35,721	36,010	35,949	36,139	36,378	36,730	142,679	145,196
	0.5	0.8	-0.2	0.5	0.7	1.0	2.7	1.8

Section E Employment generated by tourism

Table 13 Employment generated by tourism, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		thou	sands of jobs	and percentage	e change, pred	eding period		
Transportation	68.1	67.0	67.8	68.3	70.1	70.6	68.6	69.2
	-0.7	-1.6	1.2	0.7	2.6	0.7	-2.7	0.9
Air transportation	41.2	40.6	41.0	41.3	42.7	43.1	41.6	42.0
	-0.7	-1.5	1.0	0.7	3.4	0.9	-1.8	1.1
Railway transportation	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.7
	-3.6	-3.7	0.0	0.0	7.7	0.0	-6.8	-0.9
Water transportation	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	11.8	-5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.1	1.4
Bus transportation	10.1	9.9	10.1	10.1	10.3	10.5	10.3	10.3
	-2.9	-2.0	2.0	0.0	2.0	1.9	-0.7	0.0
Other transportation industries	12.2	12.1	12.3	12.5	12.5	12.4	12.3	12.4
	0.0	-0.8	1.7	1.6	0.0	-0.8	-6.1	1.2
Accommodation	152.2	152.9	152.4	151.7	153.9	155.6	151.1	153.4
	1.7	0.5	-0.3	-0.5	1.5	1.1	0.7	1.5
Food and beverage services	151.4	151.8	152.4	152.8	154.3	155.9	151.4	153.9
	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	1.0	1.0	-1.0	1.6
Other tourism industries	110.1	109.2	110.3	110.5	111.9	111.6	110.1	111.1
	0.5	-0.8	1.0	0.2	1.3	-0.3	-3.4	0.9
Recreation and entertainment	71.7	71.3	70.9	70.2	70.7	71.0	71.1	70.7
	1.0	-0.6	-0.6	-1.0	0.7	0.4	-1.4	-0.5
Travel services	38.4	37.9	39.4	40.3	41.2	40.6	39.0	40.4
	-0.3	-1.3	4.0	2.3	2.2	-1.5	-6.8	3.5
Total tourism industries	481.8	480.9	482.9	483.3	490.2	493.7	481.2	487.5
	0.6	-0.2	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.7	-1.3	1.3
Other industries	113.5	114.4	115.1	115.4	116.2	116.6	113.3	115.8
	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.7	0.3	-0.5	2.3
Tourism activities	595.3	595.3	598.0	598.7	606.4	610.3	594.5	603.4
	0.6	0.0	0.5	0.1	1.3	0.6	-1.1	1.5

Table 14 Employment generated by tourism, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		tho	usands of jobs	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	69.5	67.0	66.3	68.4	71.8	70.3	68.6	69.2
	-2.4	-2.9	-4.1	-0.6	3.3	4.9	-2.7	0.9
Air transportation	41.6	40.5	40.4	41.4	43.3	43.0	41.6	42.0
	-2.8	-1.9	-4.9	-0.7	4.1	6.2	-1.8	1.1
Railway transportation	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.7
	-3.4	-3.6	0.0	-3.8	0.0	0.0	-6.8	-0.9
Water transportation	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.8
	0.0	-5.6	0.0	5.9	0.0	0.0	-4.1	1.4
Bus transportation	9.8	10.2	9.9	10.4	10.0	10.7	10.3	10.3
	2.1	-3.8	-3.9	-2.8	2.0	4.9	-0.7	0.0
Other transportation industries	13.3	11.9	11.5	12.3	13.7	12.2	12.3	12.4
	-4.3	-4.8	-2.5	1.7	3.0	2.5	-6.1	1.2
Accommodation	165.1	135.1	157.6	150.3	167.1	138.6	151.1	153.4
	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.0	1.2	2.6	0.7	1.5
Food and beverage services	156.2	146.7	148.9	156.4	159.0	151.1	151.4	153.9
	-0.8	0.3	0.5	1.1	1.8	3.0	-1.0	1.6
Other tourism industries	118.2	104.5	105.2	111.4	120.1	107.6	110.1	111.1
	-2.6	-3.5	-1.6	0.7	1.6	3.0	-3.4	0.9
Recreation and entertainment	79.4	66.4	66.3	71.4	78.4	66.7	71.1	70.7
	-0.1	-0.4	0.5	-1.4	-1.3	0.5	-1.4	-0.5
Travel services	38.8	38.1	38.9	40.0	41.7	40.9	39.0	40.4
	-7.2	-8.4	-4.9	4.7	7.5	7.3	-6.8	3.5
Total tourism industries	509.0	453.3	478.0	486.5	518.0	467.6	481.2	487.5
	-0.7	-0.6	-0.3	0.7	1.8	3.2	-1.3	1.3
Other industries	115.5	113.4	113.2	115.2	118.7	116.2	113.3	115.8
	1.0	1.3	1.7	2.0	2.8	2.5	-0.5	2.3
Tourism activities	624.5	566.7	591.2	601.7	636.7	583.8	594.5	603.4
	-0.4	-0.3	0.1	1.0	2.0	3.0	-1.1	1.5

onal Tourism Indicators, fou	·			

## Section F Tourism prices and gross domestic product

Table 15
Tourism gross domestic product, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	1,608	1,614	1,661	1,710	1,727	1,800	6,264	6,898
	3.5	0.4	2.9	3.0	1.0	4.2	6.7	10.1
Accommodation	1,788	1,809	1,827	1,852	1,866	1,871	7,128	7,416
	1.9	1.2	1.0	1.4	0.8	0.3	5.8	4.0
Food and beverage services	956	966	978	997	1,003	1,017	3,804	3,995
	1.4	1.0	1.2	1.9	0.6	1.4	4.8	5.0
Other tourism industries	1,168	1,180	1,175	1,181	1,190	1,206	4,609	4,752
	2.6	1.0	-0.4	0.5	0.8	1.3	5.3	3.1
Total tourism industries	5,520	5,569	5,641	5,740	5,786	5,894	21,805	23,061
	2.4	0.9	1.3	1.8	0.8	1.9	5.8	5.8
Other industries	1,872	1,965	2,001	2,032	2,046	2,073	7,544	8,152
	1.5	5.0	1.8	1.5	0.7	1.3	6.7	8.1
Tourism gross domestic product	7,392	7,534	7,642	7,772	7,832	7,967	29,349	31,213
	2.2	1.9	1.4	1.7	0.8	1.7	6.0	6.4

Table 16
Tourism gross domestic product, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		mil	ions of dollars	and percentag	je change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	2,104	1,459	1,400	1,579	2,316	1,603	6,264	6,898
	9.4	8.2	11.5	9.3	10.1	9.9	6.7	10.1
Accommodation	2,628	1,403	1,346	1,882	2,743	1,445	7,128	7,416
	5.7	6.6	2.9	5.2	4.4	3.0	5.8	4.0
Food and beverage services	1,441	733	728	984	1,512	771	3,804	3,995
	5.0	5.6	4.0	5.8	4.9	5.2	4.8	5.0
Other tourism industries	1,773	874	970	1,101	1,773	908	4,609	4,752
	7.3	7.2	10.0	1.9	0.0	3.9	5.3	3.1
Total tourism industries	7,946	4,469	4,444	5,546	8,344	4,727	21,805	23,061
	6.9	7.1	7.2	5.8	5.0	5.8	5.8	5.8
Other industries	2,687	1,771	1,415	1,923	2,946	1,868	7,544	8,152
	6.2	7.7	6.4	9.5	9.6	5.5	6.7	8.1
Tourism gross domestic product	10,633	6,240	5,859	7,469	11,290	6,595	29,349	31,213
	6.7	7.3	7.0	6.7	6.2	5.7	6.0	6.4

Table 17
Tourism gross domestic product, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		millions	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, pı	eceding period		
Transportation	1,630	1,622	1,666	1,675	1,684	1,689	6,416	6,714
	2.0	-0.5	2.7	0.5	0.5	0.3	4.5	4.6
Accommodation	1,528	1,536	1,555	1,573	1,575	1,580	6,102	6,283
	0.2	0.5	1.2	1.2	0.1	0.3	3.1	3.0
Food and beverage services	766	772	774	785	783	790	3,068	3,132
	0.0	0.8	0.3	1.4	-0.3	0.9	2.2	2.1
Other tourism industries	939	954	941	937	940	948	3,762	3,766
	0.2	1.6	-1.4	-0.4	0.3	0.9	2.5	0.1
Total tourism industries	4,863	4,884	4,936	4,970	4,982	5,007	19,348	19,895
	0.8	0.4	1.1	0.7	0.2	0.5	3.3	2.8
Other industries	1,611	1,627	1,612	1,620	1,640	1,648	6,422	6,520
	1.1	1.0	-0.9	0.5	1.2	0.5	3.4	1.5
Tourism gross domestic product	6,474	6,511	6,548	6,590	6,622	6,655	25,770	26,415
	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	3.3	2.5

Table 18 Implicit price indexes for tourism demand, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		index	(2002 = 100)	and percentag	e change, pre	ceding period		
Transport services	110.2	115.4	117.3	120.6	120.3	124.8	111.1	120.8
	0.5	4.7	1.6	2.8	-0.2	3.7	4.1	8.7
Accommodation services	116.0	117.2	116.8	117.0	117.6	117.4	116.1	117.2
	1.5	1.0	-0.3	0.2	0.5	-0.2	2.7	1.0
Food and beverage services	124.8	125.0	125.9	126.8	127.7	128.6	124.0	127.3
	1.4	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	2.5	2.7
Other tourism commodities	115.4	114.6	115.9	116.9	117.1	117.0	114.2	116.7
	1.4	-0.7	1.1	0.9	0.2	-0.1	2.3	2.2
Tourism commodities	114.6	117.2	118.4	120.3	120.5	122.7	114.7	120.5
	1.0	2.3	1.0	1.6	0.2	1.8	3.2	5.0
Total tourism expenditures	113.2	115.2	116.3	117.9	118.1	119.9	113.3	118.1
	0.8	1.8	1.0	1.4	0.2	1.5	2.7	4.2

Section G Supplementary tables

Table 19 International travellers, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		thousa	ands of travelle	rs and percenta	age change, p	receding period	I	
Total inbound travel	6,196	6,154	5,917	6,018	6,052	6,094	24,669	24,081
	1.9	-0.7	-3.8	1.7	0.6	0.7	-0.1	-2.4
Same day	2,142	2,089	1,982	2,022	2,090	2,062	8,572	8,156
	1.0	-2.5	-5.2	2.1	3.3	-1.3	-4.3	-4.9
Overnight	4,054	4,065	3,936	3,996	3,962	4,032	16,097	15,925
	2.3	0.3	-3.2	1.5	-0.8	1.8	2.3	-1.1
United States	5,083	5,042	4,820	4,886	4,911	4,942	20,214	19,559
	2.3	-0.8	-4.4	1.4	0.5	0.6	-1.5	-3.2
Same day	2,116	2,064	1,957	1,997	2,063	2,036	8,465	8,052
	1.1	-2.4	-5.2	2.0	3.3	-1.3	-4.4	-4.9
Overnight	2,967	2,978	2,862	2,889	2,849	2,906	11,749	11,506
	3.2	0.4	-3.9	0.9	-1.4	2.0	0.7	-2.1
All other countries	1,113	1,112	1,098	1,132	1,140	1,152	4,456	4,523
	-0.1	-0.1	-1.3	3.2	0.7	1.0	6.8	1.5
Same day	26	25	24	25	27	27	107	104
Overnight	-5.9	-4.4	-3.6	4.5	6.2	-0.4	6.9	-3.2
	1,087	1,087	1,073	1,107	1,113	1,125	4,349	4,419
	0.1	0.0	-1.2	3.2	0.6	1.1	6.8	1.6
Same day and overnight: Americas, except United States	117	120 2.3	121 0.9	118	124 5.2	128 3.1	471 -3.5	492 4.3
Mexico	-2.8 30	32	33	-2.4 32	34	38	124	137
Other Americas	-6.4	6.7	3.9	-4.7	6.3	12.5	-28.0	10.6
	87	88	88	86	91	90	347	355
Europe	-1.4	0.7	-0.1	-1.4	4.8	-0.5	9.8	2.1
	586	583	576	588	582	593	2,3 <u>65</u>	2,339
France	1.1	-0.5	-1.2	2.0	-1.0	1.8	5.0	-1.1
	110	114	118	116	114	117	441	465
Germany	2.7	3.4	3.4	-1.4	-2.4	2.8	7.0	5.4
	85	83	77	81	81	85	342	324
United Kingdom	-1.9	-1.8	-7.7	6.1	-0.4	4.8	7.3	-5.3
	184	178	174	175	172	173	727	695
Other Europe	-0.8	-3.2	-2.2	1.0	-2.0	0.7	0.4	-4.5
	208	209	208	215	215	218	855	856
Asia/Pacific	3.3	0.3	-0.4	3.2	0.4	1.0	7.3	0.0
	386	385	377	403	410	407	1,525	1,596
	-0.8	-0.4	-2.0	6.8	1.9	-0.9	13.6	4.7
China	52	52	53	61	67	67	200	249
	4.9	-0.9	3.4	15.1	8.7	0.9	20.4	24.4
Hong Kong	28	32	32	32	32	31	119	127
	-12.2	14.2	-0.4	0.8	-0.3	-4.2	6.8	6.2
Japan	62	56	53	53	56	56	243	219
	-4.4	-9.4	-5.3	-0.3	6.7	-0.1	18.2	-10.0
South Korea	42	43	39	40	37	39	170	156
	-7.9	3.4	-8.8	3.3	-7.6	3.3	17.9	-8.4
Australia	62	63	61	65	65	62	244	253
	-0.3	2.4	-3.2	6.0	0.3	-4.8	14.3	3.8
Other Asia/Pacific	141	139	138	151	152	151	549	593
	3.7	-1.5	-0.3	9.0	1.1	-0.6	9.5	8.1
Africa	23	24	23	24	24	25	94	96
	-3.9	3.5	-3.1	3.4	-0.4	4.6	8.1	2.3
Canadian outbound travel	13,443	14,142	14,353	14,900	14,851	14,989	53,620	59,092
	1.8	5.2	1.5	3.8	-0.3	0.9	12.9	10.2
United States	11,242	11,842	12,146	12,597	12,564	12,676	44,903	49,984
	1.6	5.3	2.6	3.7	-0.3	0.9	14.4	11.3
Same day	6,238	6,744	7,043	7,298	7,225	7,387	24,942	28,953
	3.1	8.1	4.4	3.6	-1.0	2.2	17.2	16.1
Overnight	5,004	5,099	5,103	5,300	5,339	5,289	19,961	21,031
	-0.1	1.9	0.1	3.8	0.7	-0.9	11.1	5.4
All other countries	2,201	2,299	2,206	2,302	2,287	2,313	8,717	9,108
	2.5	4.4	-4.0	4.3	-0.7	1.1	5.9	4.5

Travellers include crews and commuters as part of international travel. In the Tourism Satellite Account and the National Tourism Indicators, on the other hand, spending by these groups is not counted as they are not considered part of tourism in the international definition.

Data may not match the data published for the International Travel Survey.

For definitions used in measuring international travel see publication: International Travel, Appendix, Description of Methods and Definitions (Catalogue number 66-201).

Table 20 International travellers, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		thous	ands of travell	ers and percen	tage change, p	oreceding year		
Total inbound travel	9,590	4,725	3,560	6,405	9,381	4,736	24,669	24,081
	3.5	2.0	-8.3	-1.0	-2.2	0.2	-0.1	-2.4
Same day	2,883	1,781	1,449	2,097	2,842	1,768	8,572	8,156
Overnight	2.7	-2.0	-13.4	-6.2	-1.4	-0.7	-4.3	-4.9
	6,707	2,943	2,110	4,308	6,539	2,968	16,097	15,925
	3.8	4.6	-4.5	1.7	-2.5	0.8	2.3	-1.1
United States	7,795	3,929	2,944	5,161	7,545	3,908	20,213	19,559
	2.2	1.3	-8.7	-2.0	-3.2	-0.5	-1.5	-3.2
Same day	2,832	1,767	1,441	2,068	2,791	1,753	8,465	8,052
	2.6	-2.0	-13.4	-6.1	-1.5	-0.8	-4.4	-4.9
Overnight	4,962	2,161	1,503	3,094	4,754	2,156	11,749	11,506
	2.0	4.2	-3.7	1.0	-4.2	-0.3	0.7	-2.1
All other countries	1,796	796	616	1,243	1,836	827	4,456	4,523
	9.2	5.3	-6.6	3.2	2.2	3.9	6.8	1.5
Same day	50	14	9	29	50	15	107	104
Overnight	9.9	-10.3	-16.4	-10.1	0.1	10.5	6.9	-3.2
	1,745	782	607	1,214	1,785	812	4,349	4,419
	9.2	5.6	-6.5	3.6	2.3	3.8	6.8	1.6
	9.2	5.0	-0.5	3.0	2.3	3.0	0.0	1.0
Same day and overnight:	178	92	75	130	188	99	471	492
Americas, except United States	3.0	10.1	0.1	3.0	5.5	7.3	-3.5	4.3
Mexico	47	20	21	39	53	24	124	137
Other Americas	-17.8	18.3	-5.1	13.5	12.1	19.2	-28.0	10.6
	131	72	54	90	135	75	347	355
Europe	13.4	8.0	2.3	-1.0	3.2	3.9	9.8	2.1
	1,013	393	302	635	1,003	399	2,365	2,339
France	6.8	0.4	-12.4	3.2	-1.0	1.5	5.0	-1.1
	196	77	70	110	205	80	441	465
	6.1	7.5	2.0	11.1	4.2	4.2	7.0	5.4
Germany	155	50	34	93	148	49	342	324
	8.9	-3.1	-19.6	-1.4	-4.6	-2.4	7.3	-5.3
United Kingdom	291	125	95	201	274	125	727	695
	4.6	-4.4	-12.9	-0.9	-5.7	-0.4	0.4	-4.5
Other Europe	371	140	103	232	376	145	855	856
	8.1	2.5	-17.3	5.4	1.5	3.1	7.3	0.0
Asia/Pacific	569	292	226	453	608	309	1,525	1,596
	16.4	11.0	-0.6	3.7	6.8	6.0	13.6	4.7
China	81	40	35	58	103	53	200	249
Hong Kong	32.8	19.5	15.9	19.7	27.3	30.6	20.4	24.4
	41	24	21	37	46	23	119	127
	5.6	9.4	2.8	6.0	13.3	-2.7	6.8	6.2
Japan	93	51	32	50	89	49	243	219
·	16.2	6.4	-17.7	-18.6	-4.7	-3.4	18.2	-10.0
South Korea	63	31	27	43	57	28	170	156
	18.9	15.7	-4.8	-9.9	-9.0	-8.2	17.9	-8.4
Australia	86	47	35	82	91	45	244	253
	17.2	14.4	4.3	5.5	5.8	-3.2	14.3	3.8
Other Asia/Pacific	206	99	76	184	222	111	549	593
	12.1	7.7	-0.0	9.9	8.0	11.5	9.5	8.1
Africa	36	19	12	26	37	20	94	96
	6.4	7.1	1.9	-2.7	3.6	7.1	8.1	2.3
Canadian outbound travel	15,390	12,827	13,680	14,806	17,033	13,574	53,620	59,092
	13.7	14.3	11.1	13.1	10.7	5.8	12.9	10.2
United States	13,382 14.6	10,975	10,650 12.4	12,658	14,960	11,716	44,903	49,984
Same day	6,966 18.5	<b>14.5</b> 6,657 17.5	6,070 18.2	<b>14.3</b> 7,462 20.7	<b>11.8</b> 8,117 16.5	<b>6.8</b> 7,303 9.7	<b>14.4</b> 24,942 17.2	<b>11.3</b> 28,953 16.1
Overnight	6,417	4,318	4,579	5,195	6,843	4,413	19,961	21,031
	10.7	10.1	5.6	6.3	6.6	2.2	11.1	5.4
All other countries	2,008	1,852	3,030	2,148	2,073	1,857	8,717	9,108
	8.4	13.0	6.7	6.5	3.2	0.3	5.9	4.5

Travellers include crews and commuters as part of international travel. In the Tourism Satellite Account and the National Tourism Indicators, on the other hand, spending by these groups is not counted as they are not considered part of tourism in the international definition.

Data may not match the data published for the International Travel Survey.

For definitions used in measuring international travel see publication: International Travel, Appendix, Description of Methods and Definitions (Catalogue number 66-201).

Table 21 Receipts and payments on international travel account, seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
_		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	change, prec	eding period		
International travel account								
Receipts								
Spending in Canada by foreign residents	4,095 1.8	4,032 -1.5	3,922 -2.7	4,205 7.2	4,333 3.0	4,299 -0.8	16,198 4.2	16,759 3.5
Payments								
Spending in foreign countries by Canadians	7,714 1.4	8,015 3.9	7,565 -5.6	8,256 9.1	8,521 3.2	8,319 -2.4	30,464 10.0	32,661 7.2
Balance Receipts minus payments	-3,619	-3,983	-3,643	-4,052	-4,188	-4,020	-14,265	-15,902

Table 22 Receipts and payments on international travel account, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
_		mill	ions of dollars	and percentag	e change, pre	ceding year		
International travel account								
Receipts								
Spending in Canada by foreign residents	5,662 5.3	3,405 4.2	3,087 -2.2	4,135 4.0	5,929 4.7	3,608 5.9	16,198 4.2	16,759 3.5
Payments								
Spending in foreign countries by Canadians	7,381 11.4	6,800 13.3	8,649 4.6	8,776 9.5	8,229 11.5	7,008 3.0	30,464 10.0	32,661 7.2
Balance Receipts minus payments	-1,720	-3,395	-5,562	-4,641	-2,300	-3,400	-14,265	-15,902

Table 23 Exchange rates in Canadian dollars per unit of foreign currency, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
		p	percentage cha	ange, precedin	g period, prece	ding year		
United States (dollar)	1.0391	1.0128	0.9860	0.9676	0.9802	1.0231	1.0301	0.9893
	1.1	-2.5	-2.7	-1.9	1.3	4.4	-9.8	-4.0
	-5.3	-4.1	-5.3	-5.8	-5.7	1.0	-9.8	-4.0
European Economic and Monetary Union (euro)	1.3438	1.3766	1.3487	1.3934	1.3836	1.3788	1.3671	1.3761
	2.8	2.4	-2.0	3.3	-0.7	-0.3	-13.8	0.7
	-14.4	-11.8	-6.4	6.6	3.0	0.2	-13.8	0.7
United Kingdom (Pound sterling)	1.6117	1.6011	1.5804	1.5784	1.5773	1.6075	1.5928	1.5859
	5.1	-0.7	-1.3	-0.1	-0.1	1.9	-10.5	-0.4
	-10.4	-7.3	-2.8	3.0	-2.1	0.4	-10.5	-0.4
Switzerland (franc)	1.0085	1.0399	1.0468	1.1132	1.1895	1.1215	0.9902	1.1177
	8.7	3.1	0.7	6.3	6.9	-5.7	-5.7	12.9
	-2.4	0.5	6.3	20.0	17.9	7.8	-5.7	12.9
Hong Kong (dollar)	0.1337	0.1305	0.1266	0.1244	0.1258	0.1315	0.1326	0.1271
	1.2	-2.4	-3.0	-1.7	1.1	4.6	-10.0	-4.2
	-5.6	-4.3	-5.6	-5.8	-5.9	0.8	-10.0	-4.2
Japan (yen)	0.0121	0.0123	0.0120	0.0119	0.0126	0.0132	0.0118	0.0124
	8.6	1.2	-2.4	-1.0	6.4	4.8	-3.6	5.7
	3.2	4.3	4.3	6.3	4.2	7.8	-3.6	5.7
Australia (dollar)	0.9410	1.0005	0.9907	1.0282	1.0279	1.0358	0.9474	1.0206
	3.7	6.3	-1.0	3.8	-0.0	0.8	5.6	7.7
	2.9	4.2	5.3	13.3	9.2	3.5	5.6	7.7
New Zealand (dollar)	0.7469	0.7683	0.7460	0.7746	0.8150	0.7946	0.7434	0.7826
	3.7	2.9	-2.9	3.8	5.2	-2.5	3.4	5.3
	0.9	-0.1	1.1	7.6	9.1	3.4	3.4	5.3

Bank of Canada. Based on the average noon spot rates.

Table 24
Consumer price index, selected countries, not seasonally adjusted

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011		
	-	index (2005=100) and percentage change, preceding year								
Canada [1]	109.2	109.8	110.7	112.2	112.5	112.8	108.9	112.0		
	1.8	2.3	2.6	3.4	3.0	2.7	1.8	2.9		
United States	111.8	113.0	113.5	115.5	116.0	115.8	111.9	115.2		
	1.2	2.1	2.1	3.4	3.8	2.5	1.8	2.9		
United Kingdom	114.7	115.9	117.6	119.4	120.1	121.3	114.5	119.6		
	3.1	3.4	4.1	4.4	4.7	4.7	3.3	4.5		
France	107.9	108.3	109.0	110.2	110.2	110.9	107.8	110.1		
	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.4	1.5	2.1		
Germany	108.4	108.8	109.8	110.5	111.0	111.4	108.2	110.7		
	1.2	1.5	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.3	1.1	2.3		
Netherlands	108.0	108.4	109.2	110.8	110.9	111.2	108.0	110.5		
	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.5	1.3	2.3		
Switzerland	103.9	104.7	104.9	105.5	104.3	104.2	104.5	104.7		
	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	-0.5	0.7	0.2		
Japan	99.5	99.9	99.2	99.4	99.4	99.2	99.6	99.3		
	-0.8	0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.7	-0.7	-0.3		
Australia	116.3	116.7	118.5	119.6	120.3	120.3	115.8	119.7		
	2.8	2.7	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.1	2.8	3.4		
New Zealand	114.9	117.6	118.5	119.7	120.2	119.8	114.9	119.6		
	1.5	4.0	4.5	5.3	4.6	1.8	2.3	4.0		

Data, for countries other than Canada, are from the Organisation for Economic and Co-operation and Development.

<sup>1.</sup> The Canadian Consumer Price Index is converted to 2005=100 for comparability with other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development countries.

Table 25
Other related statistics, seasonally adjusted at annual rates

	Third quarter 2010	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	2010	2011
_	percentage change, preceding period							
Gross domestic product at market prices (billions of dollars)	1,625.4	1,661.9	1,693.6	1,703.0	1,725.8	1,752.4	1,624.6	1,718.7
	0.9	2.2	1.9	0.6	1.3	1.5	6.3	5.8
Gross domestic product at basic prices (billions of dollars)	1,525.7	1,560.6	1,592.2	1,600.7	1,622.5	1,648.3	1,525.9	1,615.9
	0.8	2.3	2.0	0.5	1.4	1.6	6.3	5.9
Tourism share of gross domestic product at basic prices (percent)	1.94	1.93	1.92	1.94	1.93	1.93	1.92	1.93
	1.3	-0.4	-0.6	1.2	-0.6	0.1	-0.2	0.4
Gross domestic product at market prices (billions of chained (2002) dollars)	1,328.4	1,338.5	1,350.7	1,348.7	1,362.5	1,368.4	1,325.0	1,357.6
	0.6	0.8	0.9	-0.2	1.0	0.4	3.2	2.5
Final domestic demand (billions of dollars)	1,662.8	1,690.7	1,709.3	1,728.0	1,745.5	1,766.7	1,652.7	1,737.4
	1.5	1.7	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	5.8	5.1
Final domestic demand (billions of chained (2002) dollars)	1,431.8	1,448.6	1,456.0	1,465.4	1,471.6	1,479.0	1,425.1	1,468.0
	1.1	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.5	4.5	3.0
Personal disposable income per person (dollars)	29,659	30,045	30,268	30,380	30,334	30,609	29,751	30,398
	-1.7	1.3	0.7	0.4	-0.2	0.9	3.7	2.2
Personal saving rate (percent)	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.0	3.4	3.4	4.8	3.8
	-36.8	2.3	0.0	-9.1	-15.0	0.0	3.8	-20.4
Population (thousands) [1]	34,126	34,254	34,294	34,368	34,483	34,605	34,074	34,437
	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	1.2	1.1
Total number of jobs, business sector (index 2002 = 100)	109.8	109.9	110.8	111.3	111.6	111.4	109.3	111.3
	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	-0.1	1.9	1.8

<sup>1.</sup> Data not adjusted for seasonal variation.