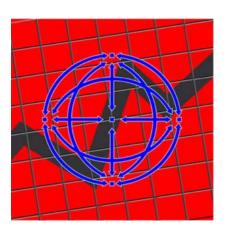
# National Tourism Indicators

Quarterly estimates First quarter 2012





Canadian Tourism Commission and Statistics Canada

Commission canadienne du tourisme et Statistique Canada



#### **Acknowledgements**

The National Tourism Indicators are funded through a partnership agreement between the Canadian Tourism Commission and Statistics Canada.

This publication was prepared by staff of the Income and Expenditure Accounts Division and the National Accounts Integration and Development Division: Karen Ashman, Mélanie Bélanger, Anne-Marie Bridger, Georgina Challita, Éric Desjardins, Shuhua Gao, Chris Jackson, Demi Kotsovos, Kim Longtin, Rob Puchyr, James Tebrake, and Joe Wilkinson.

#### How to obtain more information

Specific inquiries about this product and related statistics or services should be directed to our information officer: Income and Expenditure Accounts Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, K1A 0T6 (1-613-951-3640, iead-info-dcrd@statcan.gc.ca).

For information about this product or the wide range of services and data available from Statistics Canada, visit our website at <a href="www.statcan.gc.ca">www.statcan.gc.ca</a> or contact us by e-mail at infostats@statcan.gc.ca or by phone from 8:30am to 4:30 p.m. Monday to Friday at:

#### **Toll-free telephone** (Canada and the United States):

Inquiries line	1-800-263-1136
National telecommunications device for the hearing impaired	1-800-363-7629
Fax line	1-877-287-4369
Depository Services Program inquiries line	1-800-635-7943
Depository Services Program fax line	1-800-565-7757

Statistics Canada national contact centre:	1-613-951-8116
Fax line	1-613-951-0581

#### To access this product

This product, Catalogue no. 13-009-X, is available free in electronic format. To obtain a single issue, visit our website at <a href="https://www.statcan.gc.ca">www.statcan.gc.ca</a> and browse by "Key resource" > "Publications".

#### Standards of service to the public

Statistics Canada is committed to serving its clients in a prompt, reliable and courteous manner. To this end, Statistics Canada has developed standards of service that its employees observe. To obtain a copy of these service standards, please contact Statistics Canada toll-free at 1-800-263-1136. The service standards are also published on <a href="https://www.statcan.gc.ca">www.statcan.gc.ca</a> under "About us" > "The agency" > "Providing services to Canadians."

Statistics Canada Income and Expenditure Accounts Division System of National Accounts

# National Tourism Indicators

# Quarterly estimates First quarter 2012

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada © Minister of Industry, 2012

All rights reserved. Use of this publication is governed by the Statistics Canada Open Licence Agreement (www.statcan.gc.ca/reference/copyright-droit-auteur-eng.htm).

#### June 2012

Catalogue no. 13-009-X

ISSN 1492-5133

Frequency: Quarterly

#### Ottawa

Cette publication est disponible en français sur demande.

#### **Note of Appreciation**

Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long-standing partnership between Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses, governments and other institutions. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill.

### **Symbols**

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- true zero or a value rounded to zero
- **0**<sup>s</sup> value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

#### For more information

For more information about the *National Tourism Indicators*, telephone the Income and Expenditure Accounts Division at 613-951-3640 and ask for the information officer; <u>iead-info-dcrd@statcan.gc.ca</u>.

#### Data available on CANSIM and electronic version

The *National Tourism Indicators* are available on Statistics Canada's CANSIM database (tables 387-0001 to 387-0010).

#### About this publication

This publication presents information on the National Tourism Indicators (NTI). The data portray the evolution of tourism in Canada on a quarterly basis. Estimates of supply and demand for each of the main commodities and employment for tourism and non-tourism industries as identified in the Tourism Satellite Account (TSA) are recorded as time series. All series are benchmarked to the TSA.

**Statistical tables** providing the most recent quarterly and annual estimates are organized around six topics: tourism demand in Canada, tourism domestic demand, tourism exports, supply, tourism employment and tourism gross domestic product. The tables show both the levels of the NTI, at current and constant prices, and their percentage changes (the numbers directly under the rows showing the level of each NTI). The quarterly percentage change is shown when the data are seasonally adjusted. The year-over-year percentage change is shown when the data are not seasonally adjusted.

For further details on the NTI, see the section "Concepts, methodology and data quality". For more indepth explanations and related information see the "Related documentation".

#### Related documentation

The concepts, sources and methods of the NTI and the TSA are described in the following publications:

Guide to the National Tourism Indicators: Sources and Methods, Catalogue no. 13-594-G, August 1996.

**Canadian Tourism Satellite Account Handbook**, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 52, December 2007.

**Canadian Tourism Satellite Account, 2004**, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 63, December 2009.

*The Provincial and Territorial Tourism Satellite Accounts for Canada, 1998*, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 40, June 2003.

"The Tourism Satellite Account," in *National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Second Quarter 1994*, Catalogue no. 13-001-X.

Guide to the Income and Expenditure Accounts, Catalogue no. 13-017-X, June 2008.

"Laspeyres, Paasche and Chain Price Indexes in the Income and Expenditure Accounts," in *National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1988*, Catalogue no. 13-001-X.

*The X11ARIMA/88 Seasonal Adjustment Method*, by Estela Bee Dagum, Time Series and Analysis Division, October 1988.

United Nations, Commission of the European Communities - Eurostat, International Monetary Fund, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development and World Bank, **System of National Accounts, 1993**, New York, 1997.

**Revisions of the Canadian National Tourism Indicators**, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 47, January 2005.

#### Note to readers

With the first quarter 2012 release of the National Tourism Indicators, all data from the first quarter 2011 to the fourth quarter 2011 have been revised. These data revisions reflect the incorporation of revisions to the source data for 2011. More information on the revision will be published in an article in the next issue of the National Tourism Indicators (second quarter 2012). Revised data can be obtained from CANSIM.

The National Tourism Indicators are funded by the Canadian Tourism Commission.

# **Table of contents**

About this publication	.v
Highlightsv	iii
Concepts, methodology and data quality	.x
Section A	
Tourism demand in Canada	_
Table 1 Tourism demand in Canada, seasonally adjusted	
Table 2 Tourism demand in Canada, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 3 Tourism demand in Canada, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	4
Section B Tourism domestic demand	
Table 4 Tourism domestic demand, seasonally adjusted	6
Table 5 Tourism domestic demand, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 6 Tourism domestic demand, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	
Section C	
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports)	
Table 7 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), seasonally adjusted	10
Table 8 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), not seasonally adjusted	11
Table 9 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	12
Section D	
Supply of tourism commodities	
Table 10 Supply of tourism commodities, seasonally adjusted	14
Table 11 Supply of tourism commodities, not seasonally adjusted	15
Table 12 Supply of tourism commodities, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	16
Section E	
Employment generated by tourism	
Table 13 Employment generated by tourism, seasonally adjusted	18
Table 14 Employment generated by tourism, not seasonally adjusted	19
Section F	
Tourism prices and gross domestic product	
Table 15 Tourism gross domestic product, seasonally adjusted	
Table 16 Tourism gross domestic product, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 17 Tourism gross domestic product, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted	
Table 18 Implicit price indexes for tourism demand, seasonally adjusted	24
Section G	
Supplementary tables	
Table 19 International travellers, seasonally adjusted	
Table 20 International travellers, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 21 Receipts and payments on international travel account, seasonally adjusted	
Table 22 Receipts and payments on international travel account, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 23 Exchange rates in Canadian dollars per unit of foreign currency, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 24 Consumer price index, selected countries, not seasonally adjusted	
Table 25 Other related statistics, seasonally adjusted at annual rates	32

# **Highlights**

#### First quarter 2012

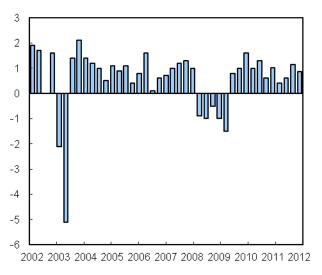
Data adjusted for seasonality and price changes<sup>1</sup>

Tourism spending in Canada rose 0.9% in the first quarter of 2012, as outlays by international visitors in Canada and Canadians at home increased.

This was the eleventh consecutive quarterly increase in tourism spending in Canada.

# Chart 1 Eleventh consecutive increase in tourism spending

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



■Total tourism demand

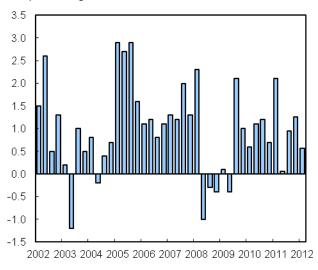
#### Tourism spending by Canadians at home up again

Tourism spending by Canadians at home increased 0.6% in the first quarter, continuing an upward trend that began in the third quarter of 2009. From the first quarter of 2012, tourism spending by Canadians at home has increased 47%.

Spending on most tourism commodities increased, most notably passenger air transport, accommodation and pre-trip expenditures such as luggage. Spending on non-tourism commodities such as clothing was also higher.

# Chart 2 Increase in tourism spending by Canadians at home

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



■Tourism domestic demand

#### Increase in spending by international visitors

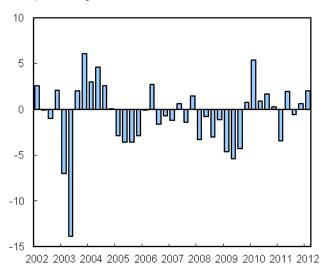
Spending by foreign visitors in Canada increased 2.0% in the first quarter, following gains in overnight travel from both the United States and overseas countries.

Outlays on most tourism commodities increased, including passenger air transport, accommodation and food and beverage services. Tourism spending on fuel and non-tourism commodities was lower, as same-day car travel from the United States declined in the first quarter.

Growth rates of tourism spending and GDP are expressed in real terms (i.e. adjusted for price changes) as well as adjusted for seasonal variations, unless otherwise indicated. Employment data are also seasonally adjusted. Associated percentage changes are presented at quarterly rates unless otherwise noted.

#### Chart 3 Tourism spending by international visitors up

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



■Tourism demand by non-residents

#### Tourism gross domestic product expands

Tourism gross domestic product (GDP) grew by 0.7% in the first quarter of 2012, the eleventh consecutive quarterly increase. Tourism GDP rose for most industries, including transportation and accommodation.

Tourism employment was virtually unchanged in the first quarter. Job gains in the food and beverage services, recreation and entertainment and non-tourism industries were offset by job losses in transportation and accommodation.

Data unadjusted for seasonality and expressed at current prices<sup>2</sup>

Tourism spending in Canada reached \$15.8 billion in the first quarter of 2012, up 6.9% from the first quarter of 2011. This was the ninth consecutive year-over-year increase in tourism spending in Canada.

#### Domestic tourism spending increases

Tourism spending by Canadians at home reached \$13.3 billion in the first quarter of 2012, up 6.6% from the first quarter of 2011. This was the tenth consecutive year-over-year increase in domestic tourism spending.

Spending on passenger air transport rose 13.8%, as outbound air travel increased 6.8% year-over-year. (Domestic spending on passenger air transport includes fares for domestic and outbound trips on Canadian airlines.) Higher prices also contributed to the increased spending on passenger air transport.

Outlays on most commodities were higher in the first quarter than one year earlier.

# Spending by international visitors in Canada also higher

International visitors in Canada spent \$2.5 billion in the first quarter of 2012, up 8.5% from the first quarter of 2011, as overnight travel from the United States and overseas countries both increased.

Higher prices also contributed to the increased spending by international visitors in Canada.

Spending on all tourism commodities increased in the first quarter, led by passenger air transport and accommodation.

#### Increase in tourism jobs

The number of tourism jobs increased 2.3% year-overyear to 605,700 in the first quarter. All tourism industries posted gains, with jobs in food and beverage services up 2.7%. Tourism jobs in non-tourism industries rose 1.9%.

#### Looking ahead

Overnight travel to Canada was up 2.3% year-overyear in April, as the number of overnight trips from the United States increased 3.2%. Same-day car travel from the United States was 1.3% higher, while travel from overseas countries was virtually unchanged in April.

In April and May, on average, the value of the Canadian dollar declined versus the US dollar, UK pound sterling and Japanese yen, but increased versus the euro and Australian dollar. A stronger Canadian dollar makes it more expensive for foreigners to travel to Canada. At the same time, it makes it cheaper for Canadians to travel abroad.

According to the World Tourism Organization, international tourist arrivals are still projected to increase 3% to 4% in 2012, and reach 1 billion for the first time.

<sup>2.</sup> In this section, tourism spending is expressed at current prices and not adjusted for seasonal variations. Percentage changes are presented on a year-over-year basis.

# Concepts, methodology and data quality

The following information is provided to help clarify the basic concepts and definitions and the main sources and methods underlying the National Tourism Indicators (NTI), as well as key aspects of data quality. This information is also intended to clarify the strengths and limitations of the NTI and to indicate how they can be effectively used and analysed.

The National Tourism Indicators provide timely information which facilitate ongoing monitoring and analysis of tourism and its related activities in Canada. The NTI cover the domestic supply of tourism commodities (such as transportation, accommodation, food and beverages, recreation and entertainment), the demand for these commodities by resident and nonresident visitors, and the employment and GDP generated as a result of this demand. In addition to these key variables, other travel-related statistics are provided, including: number of international travellers to Canada by country of origin, exchanges rates, inflation rate for the various tourism commodities. The developed update NTI were to the more comprehensive Canadian Tourism Satellite Account (CTSA) on a quarterly and annual basis.

The Indicators are available about 90 days after the reference quarter. The statistical tables include actual data and percentage changes, for seasonally adjusted current and constant price estimates.

The NTI can be used in three general ways: (a) to assess the current state of tourism in Canada; (b) to analyse the development of tourism in Canada in terms of trends and structures; and (c) to support policy and strategic decisions. The Indicators show the relative importance of tourism markets in Canada, what percentage of activity is accounted for by each component of tourism demand, and which components are impacted the most from its growth or decline. The NTI can be used to support research on the trends, cycles and quarterly patterns in various tourism aspects or the industry as a whole. Comparisons can be drawn with other industries or the national economy. The NTI can also be used in the temporal analysis of relationships between different variables and the demand for or supply of tourism goods and services.

The data are used by various stakeholders in the field of tourism, e.g. federal and provincial government officials, researchers as well as by college and university professors and students. The data are also used by international organizations (OECD, World Tourism Organization), journalists and large businesses.

#### Concepts and variables measured

**Tourism**: The definition of tourism in the NTI follows that adopted by the World Tourism Organization and the United Nations Statistical Commission: "the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes".

**Visitors** are persons who undertake tourism as defined above. They are referred to as either tourists (those who stay overnight or longer in the place visited), or same-day visitors.

**Tourism industries** would cease to exist or would continue to exist only at significantly reduced levels of activity in the absence of tourism. Examples of tourism industries include air transportation and accommodation.

**Tourism commodities** are ones for which a significant part of their total demand comes from visitors. Examples include travel services and rail transportation services.

**Tourism demand** is defined as the spending of Canadian and non-resident visitors on domestically produced commodities. It is the sum of tourism domestic demand and tourism exports.

**Tourism domestic demand** is the spending in Canada by resident visitors on domestically produced commodities.

**Tourism exports** is spending by non-resident visitors on Canadian-produced goods and services. It includes spending that may take place outside of Canada, for instance, the purchase of an airline ticket from a Canadian international carrier, to travel to Canada.

**Tourism Gross Domestic Product** is the unduplicated value of production, within the boundaries of a region, of goods and services purchased by tourists. In the NTI, GDP is calculated at basic prices in both current and constant dollars. Only direct GDP is calculated in the NTI. GDP is also generated indirectly in the upstream production chain of a good or service. Although these indirect effects can be linked to tourism, they are not included in tourism GDP.

Domestic supply of tourism commodities is defined as the total production in Canada of the tourism commodities which are mainly produced by tourism industries. Not all of domestic supply is purchased by visitors, so that supply exceeds tourism demand for the NTI. For example, visitors purchase only a small proportion of food and beverage services, with most going to local consumption. Also, supply does not include imports. For example the sale of a ticket on a non-Canadian airline is excluded from supply.

**Tourism employment** is a measure of employment in tourism and non-tourism industries. Tourism employment measures the number of jobs in an industry generated by, or attributable to, tourism spending on the goods and/or services produced by that industry. It is based on an estimate of jobs rather than "hours of work". Thus, someone who works 10 hours a week counts for as much, by this measure, as someone who works 50 hours a week.

## Data sources and methodology

#### Data sources

There are several main data sources for the NTI, all originating from Statistics Canada. The CTSA provides benchmark totals, in current dollars, for several years.

For other years, the Input-Output (I-O) tables are used to calculate annual levels of tourism supply and tourism GDP. Annual levels for employment are calculated using data from the Canadian Productivity Accounts. Demand totals come from the Canadian Travel Survey (CTS) and the International Travel Survey (ITS). The ITS data come via the Canadian Balance of Payments (BOP) Accounts. For years in which I-O data are not available, the NTI are based on quarterly estimates from the SNA.

Quarterly indicators for tourism supply are based on selected components of consumer spending from the Income and Expenditure Accounts and on GDP for selected industries from the measures of monthly GDP by industry accounts. The quarterly tourism expenditure data follow quarterly patterns from the CTS and the ITS. The quarterly tourism employment data are based on the Survey of Employment, Payroll and Hours (SEPH). Tourism GDP is calculated based on demand, supply and employment.

#### General methodology

The indicators of supply, demand, GDP and employment are benchmarked to the CTSA levels and are projected for the years preceding and following the benchmarks.

The NTI supply indicators use results from Statistics Canada's input-output tables, which are based on quarterly and annual surveys of industries and their revenues (production). For periods not covered by the most recent I-O data the indicators are estimated on the basis of: (i) results of selected industry surveys or employment surveys, (ii) personal consumption expenditures on items closely related to the tourism goods and services being estimated, or (iii) industry-specific production figures (GDP).

Once supply estimates have been calculated, total demand is obtained by using the ratio of demand to supply from the CTSA benchmarks. Estimates used to determine the travel account balance for the Canadian balance of payments provide an overall total for non-residents demand bν (tourism exports). Expenditure information is collected quarterly through Canada Customs, while international travellers entering or returning to Canada are counted monthly. Total non-resident demand is then broken down by type of expenditure using travel profiles generated during the detailed calculation of the CTSA. The methodology to calculate domestic demand estimates has two separate components. First, a derived estimate is constructed taking total demand minus the nonresident demand at an annual level. This "top-down" approach is further supplemented by the CTS data. Quarterly patterns for commodities are taken from the CTS and used to distribute the annual data.

Like the supply and demand indicators, the NTI employment estimates are benchmarked to the CTSA estimates, which in turn are based on measures from the Canadian Productivity Accounts. The Labour Force Survey is used primarily to produce control totals, and SEPH is used primarily to compute the industry-by-industry breakdown. The latter data are also used to project the quarterly estimates on a current basis. The data, which estimate direct employment, are then seasonally adjusted.

Similarly, GDP estimates are based on CTSA annual benchmarks. Quarterly movements and non-benchmark year estimates are calculated using tourism expenditure and industry GDP as an indicator. These direct measures of GDP are then seasonally adjusted.

#### Seasonal adjustment

Tourism is dominated by large seasonal fluctuations exhibiting similar patterns from one year to the next. For the convenience of users, these regular variations are removed, through a statistical technique known as seasonal adjustment, to help isolate underlying trends. Two versions of the quarterly NTI are available, one unadjusted and the other adjusted for seasonal variation.

All seasonally adjusted series of the quarterly NTI are derived using the X12ARIMA method. The adjustment is generally made at the lowest level of aggregation and seasonally adjusted aggregates are obtained by summation. The advantages of this approach are twofold. First, by carrying out the seasonal adjustment at the most detailed level, seasonal shifts in the aggregates are more easily explained. Second, the calculation of seasonally adjusted aggregates by summation preserves the accounting identities in the system and this is much more convenient for users.

#### **Current and constant price estimates**

Values expressed in the prices of the period being referred to are commonly called current price estimates. This is the most natural method of valuation, because it uses the prices observed in the economy in the year for which they are being measured. The NTI also provide some estimates that are valued at the prices of another period, the year 2002. The purpose of such a valuation is to facilitate the analysis of period-to-period movements of the NTI, by eliminating the effect of price change (or inflation).

An increase or decrease in value from one period to another results from the joint effect of a change in the quantities of goods and services produced and of a change in the prices at which they are sold. The decomposition of the value-change into separate price and quantity components is accomplished by recalculating a series at the prices of some base period. The resulting period-to-period changes in these constant price estimates are interpreted as showing the "real" or "inflation-adjusted" growth in the series. The NTI constant price estimates are expressed at the prices of the year 2002. Thus, for example, the

estimate of tourism demand at 2002 prices for 2006 is less than the one at current prices. The difference reflects the fact that the market prices of most goods and services increased between 2002 and 2006.

#### **Price indexes**

The previous section addressed the topic of measuring tourism at the constant prices of some base period. The resulting estimates of "real tourism" gauge the volume of tourism. Dividing the current price series for tourism by the corresponding series at constant prices yields an Implicit Price Index (IPI). The variable-weighted nature of IPIs should always be kept in mind. Movements in these indexes reflect not just price-change, but also variation in the volumes of different goods and services. The impact of weight-shifts on observed period-to-period changes in the tourism implicit price index can be quite significant.

#### Revisions

Preceding quarters of the year are revised when the current quarter is published. In years when an updated Canadian Tourism Satellite Account (CTSA) is not available, revisions extending back four years are made with the publication of first quarter data. In years when an updated CTSA is available, revisions extending back six or seven years are made. The data are not normally revised again except when historical revisions are carried out.

#### Reference period

The National Tourism Indicators are available about 90 days after the reference quarter.

### Data quality (accuracy)

No direct measures of the margin of error in the estimates can be calculated. The quality of the estimates can be inferred from analysis of revisions and from a subjective assessment of the data sources and methodology used in the preparation of the estimates.

## Comparability of data and related sources

The NTI are based on a wide array of related and comparable data. Supply estimates generally follow the trends of the output measures for industries in the I-O system and the GDP by industry accounts.

Tourism expenditures have similar trends to related consumer spending series. However, because tourism includes both personal and business travel, the trends are not the same.

Non-resident spending, or tourism exports, is based on Balance of Payments data, which in turn come from the ITS. The NTI however, do not include certain items in the BOP travel account (airline crews, medical and education travel) and so the data, while similar, are not identical.

Employment and GDP in the NTI are comparable to SEPH and GDP by industry data for tourism industries. The NTI however only includes the employment or production that is attributable to tourism.

lational Tourism Indicators, first quarter 2012	
Section A Fourism demand in Canada	
denom demand in Canada	

Table 1
Tourism demand in Canada, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	7,347	7,618	7,861	7,914	8,167	8,372	27,824	31,560
	4.7	3.7	3.2	0.7	3.2	2.5	10.3	13.4
Passenger air transport	3,819	3,912	4,067	4,092	4,261	4,457	14,560	16,332
	1.9	2.4	4.0	0.6	4.1	4.6	11.3	12.2
Passenger rail transport	68	71	72	71	69	69	269	283
	-2.9	4.4	1.4	-1.4	-2.8	0.0	0.0	5.2
Interurban bus transport	254	258	259	260	259	263	1,010	1,036
	0.4	1.6	0.4	0.4	-0.4	1.5	1.4	2.6
Vehicle rental	391	398	414	421	434	432	1,566	1,667
	-2.3	1.8	4.0	1.7	3.1	-0.5	0.4	6.4
Vehicle repairs and parts	354	349	361	363	375	378	1,377	1,448
	3.8	-1.4	3.4	0.6	3.3	0.8	3.7	5.2
Vehicle fuel	2,272	2,438	2,495	2,513	2,574	2,576	8,298	10,020
	12.8	7.3	2.3	0.7	2.4	0.1	14.0	20.8
Other transportation	189	192	193	194	195	197	744	774
	0.5	1.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.0	4.5	4.0
Accommodation	2,795	2,802	2,826	2,849	2,871	2,905	11,015	11,348
	1.3	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.8	1.2	6.1	3.0
Food and beverage services	2,797	2,825	2,880	2,899	2,939	2,961	11,027	11,543
	1.0	1.0	1.9	0.7	1.4	0.7	4.3	4.7
Other tourism commodities	2,917	2,902	2,914	2,943	2,980	3,024	11,428	11,739
	1.1	-0.5	0.4	1.0	1.3	1.5	3.7	2.7
Recreation and entertainment	1,303	1,298	1,271	1,288	1,324	1,337	5,126	5,181
	1.1	-0.4	-2.1	1.3	2.8	1.0	2.8	1.1
Travel services	910	911	939	942	942	954	3,515	3,734
	1.1	0.1	3.1	0.3	0.0	1.3	8.6	6.2
Pre-trip expenditures	647	636	646	655	655	673	2,561	2,592
	1.1	-1.7	1.6	1.4	0.0	2.7	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	57	57	58	58	59	60	226	232
	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	1.7	1.7	6.6	2.7
Total tourism commodities	15,856	16,147	16,481	16,605	16,957	17,262	61,294	66,190
	2.8	1.8	2.1	0.8	2.1	1.8	7.1	8.0
Total other commodities	3,063	3,070	3,103	3,129	3,160	3,166	12,076	12,462
	0.8	0.2	1.1	0.8	1.0	0.2	4.4	3.2
Tourism expenditures	18,919	19,217	19,584	19,734	20,117	20,428	73,370	78,652
	2.5	1.6	1.9	0.8	1.9	1.5	6.7	7.2

Table 2 Tourism demand in Canada, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	6,399	6,221	7,302	10,975	7,062	6,855	27,824	31,560
	12.1	14.3	14.6	14.2	10.4	10.2	10.3	13.4
Passenger air transport	3,395	3,579	3,796	5,192	3,765	4,079	14,560	16,332
	13.7	16.2	12.6	10.1	10.9	14.0	11.3	12.2
Passenger rail transport	63	61	72	87	63	61	269	283
	1.6	8.9	7.5	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.2
Interurban bus transport	270	234	246	282	274	240	1,010	1,036
	1.5	2.6	2.9	3.3	1.5	2.6	1.4	2.6
Vehicle rental	313	258	353	726	330	263	1,566	1,667
	0.0	-1.1	0.9	13.1	5.4	1.9	0.4	6.4
Vehicle repairs and parts	310	241	353	526	328	262	1,377	1,448
	3.0	1.7	6.0	5.8	5.8	8.7	3.7	5.2
Vehicle fuel	1,893	1,684	2,313	3,880	2,143	1,782	8,298	10,020
	15.8	17.8	25.2	24.0	13.2	5.8	14.0	20.8
Other transportation	155	164	169	282	159	168	744	774
	6.2	6.5	3.7	3.7	2.6	2.4	4.5	4.0
Accommodation	2,356	2,040	2,834	4,049	2,425	2,147	11,015	11,348
	6.6	1.7	4.4	2.8	2.9	5.2	6.1	3.0
Food and beverage services	2,118	2,099	2,844	4,374	2,226	2,199	11,027	11,543
	5.2	3.3	5.5	4.6	5.1	4.8	4.3	4.7
Other tourism commodities	2,347	2,351	2,802	4,159	2,427	2,470	11,428	11,739
	5.2	6.9	2.1	0.6	3.4	5.1	3.7	2.7
Recreation and entertainment	852	879	1,170	2,258	874	918	5,126	5,181
	4.4	2.7	0.5	0.2	2.6	4.4	2.8	1.1
Travel services	773	898	883	1,134	819	945	3,515	3,734
	10.1	17.5	4.5	0.1	6.0	5.2	8.6	6.2
Pre-trip expenditures	672	529	691	690	682	559	2,561	2,592
	0.7	-0.9	1.6	2.2	1.5	5.7	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	50	45	58	77	52	48	226	232
	6.4	-2.2	3.6	4.1	4.0	6.7	6.6	2.7
Total tourism commodities	13,220	12,711	15,782	23,557	14,140	13,671	61,294	66,190
	8.7	8.8	8.7	7.7	7.0	7.6	7.1	8.0
Total other commodities	2,875	2,055	2,880	4,555	2,972	2,116	12,076	12,462
	5.3	2.4	3.2	3.4	3.4	3.0	4.4	3.2
Tourism expenditures	16,095	14,766	18,662	28,112	17,112	15,787	73,370	78,652
	8.0	7.9	7.8	7.0	6.3	6.9	6.7	7.2

Table 3 Tourism demand in Canada, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	1	
Transportation	6,367	6,535	6,543	6,609	6,717	6,791	25,040	26,404
	0.0	2.6	0.1	1.0	1.6	1.1	5.9	5.4
Passenger air transport	3,934	4,101	4,099	4,123	4,218	4,318	15,294	16,541
	0.3	4.2	-0.0	0.6	2.3	2.4	8.5	8.2
Passenger rail transport	59	61	60	60	60	58	242	241
	-1.7	3.4	-1.6	0.0	0.0	-3.3	-2.8	-0.4
Interurban bus transport	213	214	216	217	216	217	880	863
	-1.4	0.5	0.9	0.5	-0.5	0.5	-1.9	-1.9
Vehicle rental	366	367	375	381	386	390	1,480	1,509
	-1.9	0.3	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.0	-0.8	2.0
Vehicle repairs and parts	277	272	279	281	286	285	1,087	1,118
	2.2	-1.8	2.6	0.7	1.8	-0.3	2.4	2.9
Vehicle fuel	1,387	1,390	1,382	1,416	1,418	1,390	5,528	5,606
	0.0	0.2	-0.6	2.5	0.1	-2.0	3.9	1.4
Other transportation	131	130	132	131	133	133	529	526
	-2.2	-0.8	1.5	-0.8	1.5	0.0	0.0	-0.6
Accommodation	2,384	2,400	2,422	2,428	2,440	2,474	9,487	9,690
	0.2	0.7	0.9	0.2	0.5	1.4	3.3	2.1
Food and beverage services	2,238	2,245	2,272	2,273	2,289	2,288	8,896	9,079
	0.9	0.3	1.2	0.0	0.7	-0.0	1.7	2.1
Other tourism commodities	2,545	2,503	2,509	2,525	2,554	2,578	10,006	10,091
	1.8	-1.7	0.2	0.6	1.1	0.9	1.4	0.8
Recreation and entertainment	1,061	1,040	1,018	1,022	1,049	1,049	4,220	4,129
	1.5	-2.0	-2.1	0.4	2.6	0.0	0.0	-2.2
Travel services	727	724	739	738	734	739	2,836	2,935
	1.8	-0.4	2.1	-0.1	-0.5	0.7	5.6	3.5
Pre-trip expenditures	705	687	699	712	718	737	2,749	2,816
	2.0	-2.6	1.7	1.9	0.8	2.6	-0.7	2.4
Convention fees	52	52	53	53	53	53	201	211
	2.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	5.0
Total tourism commodities	13,534	13,683	13,746	13,835	14,000	14,131	53,429	55,264
	0.5	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.2	0.9	3.9	3.4
Total other commodities	2,882	2,899	2,905	2,919	2,946	2,960	11,354	11,669
	1.1	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.9	0.5	4.4	2.8
Tourism expenditures	16,416	16,582	16,651	16,754	16,946	17,091	64,783	66,933
	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.9	4.0	3.3

104:0001	Tarriana	Indiantara	firet	guarter 2012	
vauonai	TOURISM	maicators.	IIISt	duarier zu iz	

Section B
Tourism domestic demand

Table 4 Tourism domestic demand, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		milli	ions of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	6,267	6,564	6,744	6,806	7,044	7,191	23,726	27,158
	5.0	4.7	2.7	0.9	3.5	2.1	9.9	14.5
Passenger air transport	3,144	3,261	3,371	3,404	3,564	3,708	12,008	13,600
	1.6	3.7	3.4	1.0	4.7	4.0	9.7	13.3
Passenger rail transport	41	44	43	43	41	39	163	171
	-2.4	7.3	-2.3	0.0	-4.7	-4.9	-2.4	4.9
Interurban bus transport	174	178	177	178	176	178	703	709
	-0.6	2.3	-0.6	0.6	-1.1	1.1	0.4	0.9
Vehicle rental	284	294	307	315	324	322	1,163	1,240
	-3.7	3.5	4.4	2.6	2.9	-0.6	0.8	6.6
Vehicle repairs and parts	336	333	342	346	358	361	1,308	1,379
	3.7	-0.9	2.7	1.2	3.5	0.8	3.7	5.4
Vehicle fuel	2,161	2,323	2,373	2,388	2,447	2,452	7,873	9,531
	13.2	7.5	2.2	0.6	2.5	0.2	14.5	21.1
Other transportation	127	131	131	132	134	131	508	528
	-0.8	3.1	0.0	0.8	1.5	-2.2	4.3	3.9
Accommodation	1,884	1,925	1,931	1,959	1,963	1,982	7,449	7,778
	1.3	2.2	0.3	1.5	0.2	1.0	6.8	4.4
Food and beverage services	2,135	2,191	2,225	2,249	2,269	2,280	8,421	8,934
	1.0	2.6	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.5	4.1	6.1
Other tourism commodities	2,462	2,449	2,461	2,500	2,533	2,565	9,643	9,943
	1.1	-0.5	0.5	1.6	1.3	1.3	4.1	3.1
Recreation and entertainment	898	897	871	896	927	932	3,536	3,591
	1.4	-0.1	-2.9	2.9	3.5	0.5	3.4	1.6
Travel services	871	871	897	902	902	911	3,364	3,572
	1.0	0.0	3.0	0.6	0.0	1.0	8.9	6.2
Pre-trip expenditures	647	636	646	655	655	673	2,561	2,592
	1.1	-1.7	1.6	1.4	0.0	2.7	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	46	45	47	47	49	49	182	188
	-2.1	-2.2	4.4	0.0	4.3	0.0	8.3	3.3
Total tourism commodities	12,748	13,129	13,361	13,514	13,809	14,018	49,239	53,813
	3.0	3.0	1.8	1.1	2.2	1.5	7.2	9.3
Total other commodities	2,365	2,404	2,427	2,437	2,471	2,485	9,269	9,739
	1.6	1.6	1.0	0.4	1.4	0.6	5.4	5.1
Tourism expenditures	15,113	15,533	15,788	15,951	16,280	16,503	58,508	63,552
	2.8	2.8	1.6	1.0	2.1	1.4	6.9	8.6

Table 5
Tourism domestic demand, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		mi	llions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	5,598	5,513	6,128	9,295	6,222	6,053	23,726	27,158
	11.5	16.3	15.0	15.4	11.1	9.8	9.9	14.5
Passenger air transport	2,869	3,096	3,049	4,238	3,217	3,524	12,008	13,600
	11.9	18.8	12.7	10.7	12.1	13.8	9.7	13.3
Passenger rail transport	40	48	43	41	39	47	163	171
	0.0	14.3	4.9	2.5	-2.5	-2.1	-2.4	4.9
Interurban bus transport	191	176	153	188	192	176	703	709
	0.0	5.4	-5.0	2.2	0.5	0.0	0.4	0.9
Vehicle rental	257	210	235	525	270	211	1,163	1,240
	0.4	-0.5	-4.5	16.9	5.1	0.5	0.8	6.6
Vehicle repairs and parts	297	230	336	498	315	250	1,308	1,379
	3.1	2.2	6.3	6.0	6.1	8.7	3.7	5.4
Vehicle fuel	1,825	1,637	2,196	3,630	2,068	1,730	7,873	9,531
	16.0	18.3	25.6	24.5	13.3	5.7	14.5	21.1
Other transportation	119	116	116	175	121	115	508	528
	8.2	10.5	1.8	2.9	1.7	-0.9	4.3	3.9
Accommodation	1,594	1,464	1,828	2,867	1,619	1,526	7,449	7,778
	6.5	5.2	5.4	5.0	1.6	4.2	6.8	4.4
Food and beverage services	1,652	1,723	2,169	3,304	1,738	1,799	8,421	8,934
	4.8	6.4	6.0	6.5	5.2	4.4	4.1	6.1
Other tourism commodities	2,015	2,089	2,351	3,423	2,080	2,189	9,643	9,943
	5.2	8.9	1.8	0.7	3.2	4.8	4.1	3.1
Recreation and entertainment	552	646	777	1,607	561	668	3,536	3,591
	4.0	7.1	-0.9	0.6	1.6	3.4	3.4	1.6
Travel services	747	875	841	1,065	791	920	3,364	3,572
	10.3	17.9	4.3	-0.4	5.9	5.1	8.9	6.2
Pre-trip expenditures	672	529	691	690	682	559	2,561	2,592
	0.7	-0.9	1.6	2.2	1.5	5.7	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	44	39	42	61	46	42	182	188
	7.3	-2.5	5.0	5.2	4.5	7.7	8.3	3.3
Total tourism commodities	10,859	10,789	12,476	18,889	11,659	11,567	49,239	53,813
	8.5	11.6	9.2	9.3	7.4	7.2	7.2	9.3
Total other commodities	2,343	1,687	2,181	3,433	2,438	1,735	9,269	9,739
	5.6	6.6	5.4	4.8	4.1	2.8	5.4	5.1
Tourism expenditures	13,202	12,476	14,657	22,322	14,097	13,302	58,508	63,552
	8.0	10.9	8.7	8.6	6.8	6.6	6.9	8.6

Table 6 Tourism domestic demand, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	İ	
Transportation	5,352	5,545	5,528	5,603	5,714	5,746	21,106	22,390
	-0.1	3.6	-0.3	1.4	2.0	0.6	5.1	6.1
Passenger air transport	3,236	3,416	3,399	3,432	3,530	3,591	12,607	13,777
	0.1	5.6	-0.5	1.0	2.9	1.7	7.0	9.3
Passenger rail transport	36	39	35	36	36	33	147	146
	-2.7	8.3	-10.3	2.9	0.0	-8.3	-4.5	-0.7
Interurban bus transport	146	149	146	148	147	147	613	590
	-2.0	2.1	-2.0	1.4	-0.7	0.0	-2.7	-3.8
Vehicle rental	265	270	277	285	289	291	1,100	1,121
	-3.3	1.9	2.6	2.9	1.4	0.7	-0.4	1.9
Vehicle repairs and parts	262	258	265	268	274	272	1,033	1,065
	2.3	-1.5	2.7	1.1	2.2	-0.7	2.5	3.1
Vehicle fuel	1,317	1,325	1,316	1,345	1,348	1,323	5,245	5,334
	0.2	0.6	-0.7	2.2	0.2	-1.9	4.0	1.7
Other transportation	90	88	90	89	90	89	361	357
	-2.2	-2.2	2.3	-1.1	1.1	-1.1	-0.3	-1.1
Accommodation	1,607	1,647	1,658	1,669	1,665	1,688	6,410	6,639
	0.2	2.5	0.7	0.7	-0.2	1.4	3.9	3.6
Food and beverage services	1,706	1,740	1,755	1,765	1,770	1,761	6,795	7,030
	0.6	2.0	0.9	0.6	0.3	-0.5	1.6	3.5
Other tourism commodities	2,174	2,138	2,143	2,174	2,201	2,217	8,542	8,656
	1.7	-1.7	0.2	1.4	1.2	0.7	1.9	1.3
Recreation and entertainment	732	719	696	711	736	731	2,916	2,862
	1.5	-1.8	-3.2	2.2	3.5	-0.7	0.6	-1.9
Travel services	694	691	706	707	703	706	2,714	2,807
	1.5	-0.4	2.2	0.1	-0.6	0.4	5.9	3.4
Pre-trip expenditures	705	687	699	712	718	737	2,749	2,816
	2.0	-2.6	1.7	1.9	0.8	2.6	-0.7	2.4
Convention fees	43	41	42	44	44	43	163	171
	2.4	-4.7	2.4	4.8	0.0	-2.3	6.5	4.9
Total tourism commodities	10,839	11,070	11,084	11,211	11,350	11,412	42,853	44,715
	0.4	2.1	0.1	1.1	1.2	0.5	3.7	4.3
Total other commodities	2,250	2,294	2,288	2,288	2,319	2,334	8,786	9,189
	2.2	2.0	-0.3	0.0	1.4	0.6	5.4	4.6
Tourism expenditures	13,089	13,364	13,372	13,499	13,669	13,746	51,639	53,904
	0.7	2.1	0.1	0.9	1.3	0.6	4.0	4.4

Section C Tourism demand by non-residents (	exports)	

National Tourism Indicators, first quarter 2012

Table 7
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		mill	ions of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	1,080	1,058	1,115	1,107	1,122	1,181	4,098	4,402
	3.1	-2.0	5.4	-0.7	1.4	5.3	12.7	7.4
Passenger air transport	675	652	696	687	697	749	2,552	2,732
	3.1	-3.4	6.7	-1.3	1.5	7.5	19.4	7.1
Passenger rail transport	27	27	29	28	28	30	106	112
	-3.6	0.0	7.4	-3.4	0.0	7.1	3.9	5.7
Interurban bus transport	80	80	82	82	83	85	307	327
	2.6	0.0	2.5	0.0	1.2	2.4	3.7	6.5
Vehicle rental	107	104	107	106	110	110	403	427
	1.9	-2.8	2.9	-0.9	3.8	0.0	-0.5	6.0
Vehicle repairs and parts	18	17	18	17	17	17	69	69
	5.9	-5.6	5.9	-5.6	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0
Vehicle fuel	111	116	122	125	126	124	425	489
	5.7	4.5	5.2	2.5	0.8	-1.6	5.2	15.1
Other transportation	62	62	61	62	61	66	236	246
	3.3	0.0	-1.6	1.6	-1.6	8.2	4.9	4.2
Accommodation	911	877	893	891	909	923	3,566	3,570
	1.2	-3.7	1.8	-0.2	2.0	1.5	4.6	0.1
Food and beverage services	662	635	655	650	669	681	2,606	2,609
	1.1	-4.1	3.1	-0.8	2.9	1.8	4.7	0.1
Other tourism commodities	455	451	452	444	449	459	1,785	1,796
	0.9	-0.9	0.2	-1.8	1.1	2.2	1.7	0.6
Recreation and entertainment	405	400	400	393	397	405	1,590	1,590
	0.5	-1.2	0.0	-1.8	1.0	2.0	1.7	0.0
Travel services	39	40	41	40	41	43	151	162
	2.6	2.6	2.5	-2.4	2.5	4.9	2.0	7.3
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	11	11	11	11	11	11	44	44
	10.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total tourism commodities	3,108	3,021	3,115	3,092	3,149	3,244	12,055	12,377
	1.8	-2.8	3.1	-0.7	1.8	3.0	6.8	2.7
Total other commodities	698	667	675	692	689	681	2,807	2,723
	-1.7	-4.4	1.2	2.5	-0.4	-1.2	1.4	-3.0
Tourism expenditures	3,806	3,688	3,790	3,784	3,838	3,925	14,862	15,100
	1.1	-3.1	2.8	-0.2	1.4	2.3	5.7	1.6

Table 8 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		mi	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	801	708	1,174	1,680	840	802	4,098	4,402
	16.4	0.6	13.1	8.0	4.9	13.3	12.7	7.4
Passenger air transport	526	483	747	954	548	555	2,552	2,732
	24.3	2.3	12.3	7.3	4.2	14.9	19.4	7.1
Passenger rail transport	23	13	29	46	24	14	106	112
	4.5	-7.1	11.5	7.0	4.3	7.7	3.9	5.7
Interurban bus transport	79	58	93	94	82	64	307	327
	5.3	-4.9	19.2	5.6	3.8	10.3	3.7	6.5
Vehicle rental	56	48	118	201	60	52	403	427
	-1.8	-4.0	13.5	4.1	7.1	8.3	-0.5	6.0
Vehicle repairs and parts	13	11	17	28	13	12	69	69
	0.0	-8.3	0.0	3.7	0.0	9.1	3.0	0.0
Vehicle fuel	68	47	117	250	75	52	425	489
	9.7	2.2	18.2	17.9	10.3	10.6	5.2	15.1
Other transportation	36	48	53	107	38	53	236	246
	0.0	-2.0	8.2	4.9	5.6	10.4	4.9	4.2
Accommodation	762	576	1,006	1,182	806	621	3,566	3,570
	6.7	-6.3	2.5	-2.2	5.8	7.8	4.6	0.1
Food and beverage services	466	376	675	1,070	488	400	2,606	2,609
	6.4	-8.7	3.8	-0.7	4.7	6.4	4.7	0.1
Other tourism commodities	332	262	451	736	347	281	1,785	1,796
	5.1	-6.8	3.7	-0.1	4.5	7.3	1.7	0.6
Recreation and entertainment	300	233	393	651	313	250	1,590	1,590
	5.3	-7.9	3.4	-0.9	4.3	7.3	1.7	0.0
Travel services	26	23	42	69	28	25	151	162
	4.0	4.5	7.7	7.8	7.7	8.7	2.0	7.3
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	6	6	16	16	6	6	44	44
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total tourism commodities	2,361	1,922	3,306	4,668	2,481	2,104	12,055	12,377
	9.5	-4.5	6.5	2.0	5.1	9.5	6.8	2.7
Total other commodities	532	368	699	1,122	534	381	2,807	2,723
	4.1	-13.2	-3.2	-0.6	0.4	3.5	1.4	-3.0
Tourism expenditures	2,893	2,290	4,005	5,790	3,015	2,485	14,862	15,100
	8.5	-6.0	4.7	1.5	4.2	8.5	5.7	1.6

Table 9 Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period		
Transportation	1,014	991	1,015	1,005	1,003	1,045	3,934	4,014
	0.8	-2.3	2.4	-1.0	-0.2	4.2	10.6	2.0
Passenger air transport	698	686	701	690	687	727	2,687	2,764
	1.3	-1.7	2.2	-1.6	-0.4	5.8	16.5	2.9
Passenger rail transport	23	22	25	24	24	25	95	95
	0.0	-4.3	13.6	-4.0	0.0	4.2	0.0	0.0
Interurban bus transport	67	66	69	69	69	70	267	273
	0.0	-1.5	4.5	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	2.2
Vehicle rental	101	96	97	97	98	99	380	388
	3.1	-5.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	-2.1	2.1
Vehicle repairs and parts	14	13	14	13	13	13	54	53
	0.0	-7.1	7.7	-7.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	-1.9
Vehicle fuel	70	66	67	70	69	67	283	272
	-2.8	-5.7	1.5	4.5	-1.4	-2.9	1.4	-3.9
Other transportation	41	42	42	42	43	44	168	169
	-4.7	2.4	0.0	0.0	2.4	2.3	0.6	0.6
Accommodation	777	752	765	760	774	786	3,077	3,051
	0.0	-3.2	1.7	-0.7	1.8	1.6	2.0	-0.8
Food and beverage services	531	503	516	511	519	527	2,101	2,049
	1.7	-5.3	2.6	-1.0	1.6	1.5	2.1	-2.5
Other tourism commodities	373	363	364	353	355	361	1,464	1,435
	2.8	-2.7	0.3	-3.0	0.6	1.7	-1.3	-2.0
Recreation and entertainment	329	321	322	311	313	318	1,304	1,267
	1.5	-2.4	0.3	-3.4	0.6	1.6	-1.2	-2.8
Travel services	34	32	32	32	32	33	122	128
	13.3	-5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0	4.9
Pre-trip expenditures	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Convention fees	10	10	10	10	10	10	38	40
	11.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-7.3	5.3
Total tourism commodities	2,695	2,609	2,660	2,629	2,651	2,719	10,576	10,549
	1.0	-3.2	2.0	-1.2	0.8	2.6	4.5	-0.3
Total other commodities	634	605	617	630	628	626	2,568	2,480
	-2.5	-4.6	2.0	2.1	-0.3	-0.3	1.3	-3.4
Tourism expenditures	3,329	3,214	3,277	3,259	3,279	3,345	13,144	13,029
	0.3	-3.5	2.0	-0.5	0.6	2.0	3.9	-0.9

Mational	Touriem	Indicators.	firet	quarter	2012
mational	TOUTISM	mulcators.	IIISt	duarter	2012

Section D Supply of tourism commodities

Table 10 Supply of tourism commodities, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		milli	ons of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	21,247	22,068	22,702	22,850	23,482	23,763	80,112	91,102
	7.1	3.9	2.9	0.7	2.8	1.2	9.7	13.7
Passenger air transport	4,018	4,117	4,280	4,301	4,470	4,684	15,311	17,168
	1.9	2.5	4.0	0.5	3.9	4.8	11.1	12.1
Passenger rail transport	73	77	77	77	75	75	289	306
	-2.7	5.5	0.0	0.0	-2.6	0.0	0.0	5.9
Interurban bus transport	269	273	275	277	276	280	1,073	1,101
	0.0	1.5	0.7	0.7	-0.4	1.4	1.3	2.6
Vehicle rental	576	585	608	618	636	635	2,305	2,447
	-1.9	1.6	3.9	1.6	2.9	-0.2	0.2	6.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	5,165	5,089	5,259	5,298	5,463	5,506	20,059	21,109
	3.9	-1.5	3.3	0.7	3.1	0.8	3.8	5.2
Vehicle fuel	10,374	11,144	11,417	11,492	11,770	11,783	38,075	45,823
	12.4	7.4	2.4	0.7	2.4	0.1	14.0	20.3
Other transportation	772	783	786	787	792	800	3,000	3,148
	1.0	1.4	0.4	0.1	0.6	1.0	4.9	4.9
Accommodation	3,075	3,087	3,119	3,141	3,161	3,199	12,127	12,508
	1.2	0.4	1.0	0.7	0.6	1.2	6.0	3.1
Food and beverage services	14,045	14,189	14,462	14,561	14,769	14,863	55,364	57,981
	1.1	1.0	1.9	0.7	1.4	0.6	4.2	4.7
Other tourism commodities	7,422	7,396	7,334	7,433	7,602	7,695	29,204	29,765
	1.0	-0.4	-0.8	1.3	2.3	1.2	3.0	1.9
Recreation and entertainment	5,798	5,781	5,681	5,767	5,935	5,997	22,854	23,164
	1.0	-0.3	-1.7	1.5	2.9	1.0	2.6	1.4
Travel services	916	917	944	948	948	960	3,544	3,757
	0.9	0.1	2.9	0.4	0.0	1.3	8.5	6.0
Pre-trip expenditures	647	636	646	655	655	673	2,561	2,592
	1.1	-1.7	1.6	1.4	0.0	2.7	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	61	62	63	63	64	65	245	252
	0.0	1.6	1.6	0.0	1.6	1.6	6.5	2.9
Total tourism commodities	45,789	46,740	47,617	47,985	49,014	49,520	176,807	191,356
	3.8	2.1	1.9	0.8	2.1	1.0	6.6	8.2

Table 11 Supply of tourism commodities, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	20,714	20,241	22,655	25,349	22,857	21,789	80,112	91,102
	10.6	12.7	16.3	15.4	10.3	7.6	9.7	13.7
Passenger air transport	3,490	3,859	4,056	5,387	3,866	4,402	15,311	17,168
	13.8	16.2	12.5	10.1	10.8	14.1	11.1	12.1
Passenger rail transport	72	65	75	94	72	65	289	306
	1.4	10.2	8.7	5.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.9
Interurban bus transport	279	258	264	296	283	265	1,073	1,101
	1.1	2.8	3.1	3.1	1.4	2.7	1.3	2.6
Vehicle rental	620	424	468	900	655	432	2,305	2,447
	0.0	-1.2	0.9	13.6	5.6	1.9	0.2	6.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	5,313	4,423	5,575	5,472	5,639	4,798	20,059	21,109
	3.1	2.0	6.2	6.0	6.1	8.5	3.8	5.2
Vehicle fuel	10,165	10,435	11,464	12,389	11,535	11,033	38,075	45,823
	15.2	18.1	25.8	24.4	13.5	5.7	14.0	20.3
Other transportation	775	777	753	811	807	794	3,000	3,148
	6.9	7.3	5.0	3.4	4.1	2.2	4.9	4.9
Accommodation	2,705	2,280	3,237	4,203	2,788	2,402	12,127	12,508
	6.6	1.6	4.4	3.1	3.1	5.4	6.0	3.1
Food and beverage services	14,038	12,834	14,793	15,596	14,758	13,445	55,364	57,981
	5.1	3.3	5.4	4.9	5.1	4.8	4.2	4.7
Other tourism commodities	7,541	7,097	7,227	7,693	7,748	7,429	29,204	29,765
	4.7	3.9	0.9	0.3	2.7	4.7	3.0	1.9
Recreation and entertainment	6,035	5,617	5,579	5,784	6,184	5,868	22,854	23,164
	4.5	2.5	0.3	0.1	2.5	4.5	2.6	1.4
Travel services	779	900	892	1,141	824	948	3,544	3,757
	10.0	17.2	4.2	0.0	5.8	5.3	8.5	6.0
Pre-trip expenditures	672	529	691	690	682	559	2,561	2,592
	0.7	-0.9	1.6	2.2	1.5	5.7	-0.8	1.2
Convention fees	55	51	65	78	58	54	245	252
	5.8	-1.9	3.2	4.0	5.5	5.9	6.5	2.9
Total tourism commodities	44,998	42,452	47,912	52,841	48,151	45,065	176,807	191,356
	7.6	7.6	9.5	8.8	7.0	6.2	6.6	8.2

Table 12 Supply of tourism commodities, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		million	s of 2002 dolla	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period	t	
Transportation	15,947	16,065	16,161	16,391	16,601	16,543	62,872	65,218
	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.4	1.3	-0.3	4.2	3.7
Passenger air transport	4,134	4,321	4,322	4,353	4,465	4,563	16,082	17,461
	0.3	4.5	0.0	0.7	2.6	2.2	8.4	8.6
Passenger rail transport	64	66	65	65	65	63	260	261
	-1.5	3.1	-1.5	0.0	0.0	-3.1	-3.0	0.4
Interurban bus transport	226	227	229	230	229	231	935	915
	-2.2	0.4	0.9	0.4	-0.4	0.9	-1.9	-2.1
Vehicle rental	540	541	553	561	569	573	2,183	2,224
	-1.1	0.2	2.2	1.4	1.4	0.7	-0.8	1.9
Vehicle repairs and parts	4,050	3,967	4,078	4,108	4,180	4,159	15,838	16,333
	2.8	-2.0	2.8	0.7	1.8	-0.5	2.4	3.1
Vehicle fuel	6,385	6,398	6,369	6,529	6,543	6,402	25,402	25,839
	0.2	0.2	-0.5	2.5	0.2	-2.2	3.8	1.7
Other transportation	548	545	545	545	550	552	2,172	2,185
	0.6	-0.5	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.4	1.8	0.6
Accommodation	2,626	2,642	2,665	2,670	2,689	2,723	10,449	10,666
	0.2	0.6	0.9	0.2	0.7	1.3	3.4	2.1
Food and beverage services	11,227	11,262	11,394	11,405	11,493	11,481	44,690	45,554
	0.7	0.3	1.2	0.1	0.8	-0.1	1.7	1.9
Other tourism commodities	6,210	6,100	6,031	6,068	6,195	6,228	24,668	24,394
	1.3	-1.8	-1.1	0.6	2.1	0.5	0.5	-1.1
Recreation and entertainment	4,720	4,631	4,532	4,557	4,682	4,690	18,841	18,402
	1.2	-1.9	-2.1	0.6	2.7	0.2	-0.1	-2.3
Travel services	731	727	744	743	739	744	2,860	2,953
	1.2	-0.5	2.3	-0.1	-0.5	0.7	5.6	3.3
Pre-trip expenditures	705	687	699	712	718	737	2,749	2,816
	2.0	-2.6	1.7	1.9	0.8	2.6	-0.7	2.4
Convention fees	54	55	56	56	56	57	218	223
	0.0	1.9	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.8	3.8	2.3
Total tourism commodities	36,010	36,069	36,251	36,534	36,978	36,975	142,679	145,832
	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.2	-0.0	2.7	2.2

nal Tourism Indicators, first quarte	2012		

Section E Employment generated by tourism

Table 13 Employment generated by tourism, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		thou	sands of jobs	and percentage	e change, pred	eding period		
Transportation	67.0	68.5	68.7	70.3	70.7	70.0	68.6	69.6
	-1.6	2.2	0.3	2.3	0.6	-1.0	-2.7	1.4
Air transportation	40.6	41.3	41.5	42.8	43.1	42.7	41.6	42.2
	-1.5	1.7	0.5	3.1	0.7	-0.9	-1.8	1.4
Railway transportation	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.8
	-3.7	7.7	0.0	0.0	3.6	-3.4	-6.8	3.7
Water transportation	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9
	-5.3	5.6	-5.3	0.0	5.6	5.3	-4.1	4.2
Bus transportation	9.9	10.1	10.1	10.4	10.4	10.3	10.3	10.3
	-2.0	2.0	0.0	3.0	0.0	-1.0	-0.7	0.0
Other transportation industries	12.1	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.4	12.2	12.3	12.5
	-0.8	2.5	0.8	0.0	-0.8	-1.6	-6.1	1.4
Accommodation	152.9	153.0	151.9	153.6	155.1	153.9	151.1	153.4
	0.5	0.1	-0.7	1.1	1.0	-0.8	0.7	1.5
Food and beverage services	151.8	152.4	152.7	154.5	155.9	156.3	151.4	153.9
	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.2	0.9	0.3	-1.0	1.6
Other tourism industries	109.2	109.8	110.5	112.0	111.6	112.3	110.1	111.0
	-0.8	0.5	0.6	1.4	-0.4	0.6	-3.4	0.8
Recreation and entertainment	71.3	70.6	70.2	70.7	70.9	72.0	71.1	70.6
	-0.6	-1.0	-0.6	0.7	0.3	1.6	-1.4	-0.6
Travel services	37.9	39.2	40.3	41.3	40.7	40.3	39.0	40.4
	-1.3	3.4	2.8	2.5	-1.5	-1.0	-6.8	3.5
Total tourism industries	480.9	483.7	483.8	490.4	493.3	492.5	481.2	487.8
	-0.2	0.6	0.0	1.4	0.6	-0.2	-1.3	1.4
Other industries	114.4	114.1	114.6	115.5	115.9	116.4	113.3	115.0
	0.8	-0.3	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.4	-0.5	1.5
Tourism activities	595.3	597.8	598.4	605.9	609.2	608.9	594.5	602.8
	0.0	0.4	0.1	1.3	0.5	-0.0	-1.1	1.4

Table 14 Employment generated by tourism, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		tho	usands of jobs	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	67.0	66.7	68.7	72.1	70.7	69.0	68.6	69.6
	-2.9	-3.5	-0.1	3.7	5.5	3.4	-2.7	1.4
Air transportation	40.5	40.7	41.6	43.4	43.0	42.3	41.6	42.2
	-1.9	-4.2	-0.2	4.3	6.2	3.9	-1.8	1.4
Railway transportation	2.7	2.8	2.6	3.0	2.9	2.9	2.7	2.8
	-3.6	0.0	0.0	7.1	7.4	3.6	-6.8	3.7
Water transportation	1.7	1.7	1.8	2.1	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9
	-5.6	0.0	5.9	5.0	5.9	5.9	-4.1	4.2
Bus transportation	10.2	9.9	10.4	10.0	10.7	10.3	10.3	10.3
	-3.8	-3.9	-2.8	2.0	4.9	4.0	-0.7	0.0
Other transportation industries	11.9	11.6	12.3	13.6	12.3	11.7	12.3	12.5
	-4.8	-1.7	1.7	2.3	3.4	0.9	-6.1	1.4
Accommodation	135.1	158.3	150.3	167.2	137.8	161.0	151.1	153.4
	1.8	1.8	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.7	0.7	1.5
Food and beverage services	146.7	148.9	156.4	159.2	151.0	152.9	151.4	153.9
	0.3	0.5	1.1	1.9	2.9	2.7	-1.0	1.6
Other tourism industries	104.5	105.2	111.2	120.0	107.5	107.7	110.1	111.0
	-3.5	-1.6	0.5	1.5	2.9	2.4	-3.4	0.8
Recreation and entertainment	66.4	66.3	71.3	78.3	66.5	67.8	71.1	70.6
	-0.4	0.5	-1.5	-1.4	0.2	2.3	-1.4	-0.6
Travel services	38.1	38.9	39.9	41.7	41.0	39.9	39.0	40.4
	-8.4	-4.9	4.5	7.5	7.6	2.6	-6.8	3.5
Total tourism industries	453.3	479.1	486.6	518.5	467.0	490.6	481.2	487.8
	-0.6	-0.1	0.8	1.9	3.0	2.4	-1.3	1.4
Other industries	113.4	113.0	114.7	117.4	115.0	115.1	113.3	115.0
	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.9	-0.5	1.5
Tourism activities	566.7	592.1	601.3	635.9	582.0	605.7	594.5	602.8
	-0.3	0.2	0.9	1.8	2.7	2.3	-1.1	1.4

Section F
Tourism prices and gross domestic product

Table 15
Tourism gross domestic product, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		milli	ions of dollars	and percentage	e change, prec	eding period		
Transportation	1,614	1,654	1,706	1,717	1,762	1,811	6,264	6,839
	0.4	2.5	3.1	0.6	2.6	2.8	6.7	9.2
Accommodation	1,809	1,815	1,832	1,846	1,858	1,884	7,128	7,351
	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.4	5.8	3.1
Food and beverage services	966	976	994	1,000	1,013	1,020	3,804	3,983
	1.0	1.0	1.8	0.6	1.3	0.7	4.8	4.7
Other tourism industries	1,180	1,180	1,183	1,193	1,210	1,225	4,609	4,766
	1.0	0.0	0.3	0.8	1.4	1.2	5.3	3.4
Total tourism industries	5,569	5,625	5,715	5,756	5,843	5,940	21,805	22,939
	0.9	1.0	1.6	0.7	1.5	1.7	5.8	5.2
Other industries	1,965	1,997	2,031	2,048	2,079	2,098	7,544	8,155
	5.0	1.6	1.7	0.8	1.5	0.9	6.7	8.1
Tourism gross domestic product	7,534	7,622	7,746	7,804	7,922	8,038	29,349	31,094
	1.9	1.2	1.6	0.7	1.5	1.5	6.0	5.9

Table 16
Tourism gross domestic product, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		mil	lions of dollars	and percentag	e change, pre	ceding year		
Transportation	1,459	1,396	1,572	2,303	1,568	1,524	6,264	6,839
	8.2	11.1	8.8	9.5	7.5	9.2	6.7	9.2
Accommodation	1,403	1,331	1,868	2,708	1,444	1,400	7,128	7,351
	6.6	1.8	4.4	3.0	2.9	5.2	5.8	3.1
Food and beverage services	733	723	981	1,508	771	758	3,804	3,983
	5.6	3.3	5.5	4.6	5.2	4.8	4.8	4.7
Other tourism industries	874	973	1,105	1,776	912	1,021	4,609	4,766
	7.2	10.3	2.3	0.2	4.3	4.9	5.3	3.4
Total tourism industries	4,469	4,423	5,526	8,295	4,695	4,703	21,805	22,939
	7.1	6.7	5.4	4.4	5.1	6.3	5.8	5.2
Other industries	1,771	1,415	1,925	2,948	1,867	1,485	7,544	8,155
	7.7	6.4	9.6	9.7	5.4	4.9	6.7	8.1
Tourism gross domestic product	6,240	5,838	7,451	11,243	6,562	6,188	29,349	31, <b>094</b>
	7.3	6.6	6.4	5.7	5.2	6.0	6.0	5.9

Table 17
Tourism gross domestic product, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011		
	millions of 2002 dollars and percentage change, preceding period									
Transportation	1,622	1,672	1,678	1,687	1,717	1,741	6,416	6,754		
	-0.5	3.1	0.4	0.5	1.8	1.4	4.5	5.3		
Accommodation	1,536	1,545	1,559	1,564	1,572	1,591	6,102	6,240		
	0.5	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.5	1.2	3.1	2.3		
Food and beverage services	772	774	783	783	788	789	3,068	3,128		
	0.8	0.3	1.2	0.0	0.6	0.1	2.2	2.0		
Other tourism industries	954	942	940	942	952	955	3,762	3,776		
	1.6	-1.3	-0.2	0.2	1.1	0.3	2.5	0.4		
Total tourism industries	4,884	4,933	4,960	4,976	5,029	5,076	19,348	19,898		
	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.3	1.1	0.9	3.3	2.8		
Other industries	1,627	1,626	1,631	1,650	1,663	1,664	6,422	6,570		
	1.0	-0.1	0.3	1.2	0.8	0.1	3.4	2.3		
Tourism gross domestic product	6,511	6,559	6,591	6,626	6,692	6,740	25,770	26,468		
	0.6	0.7	0.5	0.5	1.0	0.7	3.3	2.7		

Table 18 Implicit price indexes for tourism demand, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011		
	index (2002 = 100) and percentage change, preceding period									
Transport services	115.4	116.6	120.1	119.7	121.6	123.3	111.1	119.5		
	4.7	1.0	3.0	-0.3	1.6	1.4	4.1	7.6		
Accommodation services	117.2	116.8	116.7	117.3	117.7	117.4	116.1	117.1		
	1.0	-0.3	-0.1	0.5	0.3	-0.3	2.7	0.9		
Food and beverage services	125.0	125.8	126.8	127.5	128.4	129.4	124.0	127.1		
	0.2	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.8	2.5	2.6		
Other tourism commodities	114.6	115.9	116.1	116.6	116.7	117.3	114.2	116.3		
	-0.7	1.1	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	2.3	1.9		
Tourism commodities	117.2	118.0	119.9	120.0	121.1	122.2	114.7	119.8		
	2.3	0.7	1.6	0.1	0.9	0.9	3.2	4.4		
Total tourism expenditures	115.2	115.9	117.6	117.8	118.7	119.5	113.3	117.5		
	1.8	0.6	1.5	0.2	0.8	0.7	2.7	3.8		

Mational	Touriem	Indicators.	firet	quarter	2011	2
เงลแบทลเ	TOURISM	mulcators.	IIISt	duarter	201	_

Section G Supplementary tables

Table 19 International travellers, seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		thousa	ands of travelle	rs and percent	age change, p	receding period		
Total inbound travel	6,154	6,144	6,234	6,298	6,390	6,415	24,669	25,066
	-0.7	-0.2	1.5	1.0	1.5	0.4	-0.1	1.6
Same day	2,089	2,169	2,209	2,287	2,387	2,261	8,572	9,052
	-2.5	3.8	1.8	3.5	4.4	-5.3	-4.3	5.6
Overnight	4,065	3,974	4,025	4,011	4,004	4,154	16,097	16,014
	0.3	-2.2	1.3	-0.3	-0.2	3.7	2.3	-0.5
United States	5,042	5,049	5,097	5,158	5,238	5,228	20,214	20,543
	-0.8	0.1	1.0	1.2	1.5	-0.2	-1.5	1.6
Same day	2,064	2,145	2,184	2,260	2,359	2,232	8,465	8,948
Overnight	-2.4	3.9	1.8	3.5	4.4	-5.4	-4.4	5.7
	2,978	2,904	2,914	2,899	2,879	2,996	11,749	11,595
	0.4	-2.5	0.3	-0.5	-0.7	4.1	0.7	-1.3
All other countries	1,112	1,095	1,136	1,140	1,152	1,186	4,456	4,523
	-0.1	-1.6	3.8	0.3	1.1	3.0	6.8	1.5
Same day	25	24	25	27	27	28	107	104
Overnight	-4.4	-4.3	4.7	7.2	-0.1	4.5	6.9	-3.2
	1,087	1,070	1,111	1,113	1,125	1,158	4,349	4,419
	0.0	-1.5	3.8	0.1	1.1	2.9	6.8	1.6
Same day and overnight:			0.0	0		2.0	0.0	
Americas, except United States	120	120	119	124	128	133	471	492
	2.3	0.5	-1.3	4.5	3.2	3.9	-3.5	4.3
Mexico	32	33	32	34	38	39	124	137
	6.7	2.6	-2.3	5.0	12.2	2.8	-28.0	10.6
Other Americas	88	87	87	90	90	94	347	355
Europe	0.7	-0.3	-1.0	4.3	-0.2	4.4	9.8	2.1
	583	575	5 <u>90</u>	581	593	611	2,3 <u>65</u>	2,339
France	-0.5	-1.4	2.5	-1.5	2.0	3.0	5.0	-1.1
	114	118	116	114	118	120	441	465
Germany	3.4	3.1	-1.5	-2.0	3.6	1.8	7.0	5.4
	83	76	82	81	85	88	342	324
United Kingdom	-1.8	-8.8	8.7	-1.8	4.8	4.1	7.3	-5.3
	178	174	176	171	173	175	727	695
Other Europe	-3.2	-2.1	1.3	-2.7	0.9	0.9	0.4	-4.5
	209	208	215	215	217	228	855	856
·	0.3	-0.4	3.6	-0.1	1.0	4.9	7.3	0.0
Asia/Pacific	385	376	404	411	406	416	1,525	1,596
	-0.4	-2.3	7.5	1.6	-1.1	2.5	13.6	4.7
China	52	54	61	67	67	68	200	249
	-0.9	4.9	13.2	8.6	0.5	1.2	20.4	24.4
Hong Kong	32	32	32	32	31	32	119	127
	14.2	-1.4	2.3	-0.4	-4.3	3.1	6.8	6.2
Japan	56	51	54	57	57	64	243	219
	-9.4	-8.6	5.4	5.5	-0.5	13.1	18.2	-10.0
South Korea	43	39 -9.5	41	38	38 2.2	37	170	156
Australia	3.4 63	61	5.1 65	-8.2 65	62	-4.6 65	17.9 244	-8.4 253
Other Asia/Pacific	2.4	-3.7	6.5	0.4	-4.5	4.2	14.3	3.8
	139	139	151	152	151	151	549	593
Africa	-1.5	0.1	8.3	1.1	-0.7	0.1	9.5	8.1
	24	23	24	24	25	26	94	96
	3.5	-3.3	3.3	-0.2	5.2	3.5	8.1	2.3
Canadian outbound travel	14,142	14,899	15,591	15,579	15,842	16,262	53,620	61,911
	5.2	5.4	4.6	-0.1	1.7	2.7	12.9	15.5
United States	11,842	12,688	13,293	13,293	13,528	13,910	44,903	52,802
Same day	<b>5.3</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>-0.0</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>14.4</b>	<b>17.6</b>
	6,744	7,534	7,908	7,887	8,136	8,375	24,942	31,465
	8.1	11.7	5.0	-0.3	3.2	2.9	17.2	26.2
Overnight	5,099	5,153	5,385	5,406	5,392	5,535	19,961	21,337
	1.9	1.1	4.5	0.4	-0.3	2.6	11.1	6.9
All other countries	2,299	2,211	2,298	2,286	2,314	2,352	8,717	9,108
	4.4	-3.8	3.9	-0.5	1.2	1.7	5.9	4.5

Travellers include crews and commuters as part of international travel. In the Tourism Satellite Account and the National Tourism Indicators, on the other hand, spending by these groups is not counted as they are not considered part of tourism in the international definition.

Data may not match the data published for the International Travel Survey.

For definitions used in measuring international travel see publication: International Travel, Appendix, Description of Methods and Definitions (Catalogue number 66-201).

Table 20 International travellers, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
	-	thous	ands of travelle	ers and percen	tage change, p	preceding year		
Total inbound travel	4,725	3,756	6,655	9,683	4,972	3,984	24,669	25,066
	2.0	-3.3	2.9	1.0	5.2	6.1	-0.1	1.6
Same day	1,781	1,622	2,316	3,098	2,016	1,706	8,572	9,052
Overnight	-2.0	-3.1	3.6	7.5	13.2	5.2	-4.3	5.6
	2,943	2,134	4,340	6,585	2,956	2,278	16,097	16,014
	4.6	-3.5	2.4	-1.8	0.4	6.8	2.3	-0.5
United States	3,929	3,140	5,412	7,847	4,145	3,303	20,213	20,543
	1.3	-2.6	2.8	0.7	5.5	5.2	-1.5	1.6
Same day	1,767	1,614	2,286	3,048	2,001	1,696	8,465	8,948
	-2.0	-3.0	3.8	7.6	13.2	5.1	-4.4	5.7
Overnight	2,161	1,526	3,125	4,800	2,144	1,607	11,749	11,595
	4.2	-2.2	2.0	-3.3	-0.8	5.3	0.7	-1.3
All other countries	796	616	1,243	1,836	827	681	4,456	4,523
	5.3	-6.6	3.2	2.2	3.9	10.6	6.8	1.5
Same day	14	9	29	50	15	10	107	104
Overnight	-10.3	-16.4	-10.1	0.1	10.5	19.0	6.9	-3.2
	782	607	1,214	1,785	812	671	4,349	4,419
	5.6	-6.5	3.6	2.3	3.8	10.5	6.8	1.6
Same day and overnight: Americas, except United States	92 10.1	75 0.1	130	188	99 7.3	86 13.8	471 2.5	492 4.3
Mexico	20	21	3.0 39	5.5 53	24	26	-3.5 124	137
Other Americas	18.3	-5.1	13.5	12.1	19.2	26.2	-28.0	10.6
	72	54	90	135	75	59	347	355
Europe	8.0 393	2.3 302	-1.0 635 3.2	3.2 1,003	3.9 399	9.1 328 8.7	9.8 2,365 5.0	2.1 2,339
France	0.4	-12.4	3.2	-1.0	1.5	8.7	5.0	-1.1
	77	70	110	205	80	73	441	465
Germany	7.5	2.0	11.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	7.0	5.4
	50	34	93	148	49	41	342	324
United Kingdom	-3.1	-19.6	-1.4	-4.6	-2.4	20.7	7.3	-5.3
	125	95	201	274	125	100	727	695
Other Europe	-4.4	-12.9	-0.9	-5.7	-0.4	5.2	0.4	-4.5
	140	103	232	376	145	114	855	856
Asia/Pacific	2.5	-17.3	5.4	1.5	3.1	11.1	7.3	0.0
	292	226	453	608	309	254	1,525	1,596
	11.0	-0.6	3.7	6.8	6.0	12.0	13.6	4.7
China	40	35	58	103	53	44	200	249
	19.5	15.9	19.7	27.3	30.6	26.0	20.4	24.4
Hong Kong	24	21	37	46	23	22	119	127
	9.4	2.8	6.0	13.3	-2.7	6.2	6.8	6.2
Japan	51	32	50	89	49	41	243	219
	6.4	-17.7	-18.6	-4.7	-3.4	29.5	18.2	-10.0
South Korea	31	27	43	57	28	25	170	156
	15.7	-4.8	-9.9	-9.0	-8.2	-7.4	17.9	-8.4
Australia	47	35	82	91	45	37	244	253
	14.4	4.3	5.5	5.8	-3.2	6.4	14.3	3.8
Other Asia/Pacific	99	76	184	222	111	83	549	593
	7.7	-0.0	9.9	8.0	11.5	9.3	9.5	8.1
Africa	19	12	26	37	20	14	94	96
	7.1	1.9	-2.7	3.6	7.1	12.1	8.1	2.3
Canadian outbound travel	12,827	14,219	15,491	17,857	14,344	15,528	53,620	61,911
	14.3	15.5	18.3	16.0	11.8	9.2	12.9	15.5
United States	10,975	11,189	13,343 20.5	15,784	12,487	12,309	44,903	52,802
Same day	<b>14.5</b> 6,657 17.5	<b>18.1</b> 6,553 27.6	8,076 30.6	<b>17.9</b> 8,853 27.1	<b>13.8</b> 7,984 19.9	<b>10.0</b> 7,308 11.5	<b>14.4</b> 24,942 17.2	<b>17.6</b> 31,465 26.2
Overnight	4,318	4,636	5,267	6,931	4,503	5,001	19,961	21,337
	10.1	6.9	7.7	8.0	4.3	7.9	11.1	6.9
All other countries	1,852	3,030	2,148	2,073	1,857	3,219	8,717	9,108
	13.0	6.7	6.5	3.2	0.3	6.2	5.9	4.5

Travellers include crews and commuters as part of international travel. In the Tourism Satellite Account and the National Tourism Indicators, on the other hand, spending by these groups is not counted as they are not considered part of tourism in the international definition.

Data may not match the data published for the International Travel Survey.

For definitions used in measuring international travel see publication: International Travel, Appendix, Description of Methods and Definitions (Catalogue number 66-201).

Table 21 Receipts and payments on international travel account, seasonally adjusted

		•									
	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011			
_	millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding period										
International travel account											
Receipts											
Spending in Canada by foreign residents	4,032 -1.5	3,954 -1.9	4,157 5.1	4,151 -0.1	4,244 2.2	4,311 1.6	16,198 4.2	16,506 1.9			
Payments											
Spending in foreign countries by Canadians	8,015 3.9	7,731 -3.5	8,244 6.6	8,447 2.5	8,335 -1.3	8,318 -0.2	30,464 10.0	32,757 7.5			
Balance Receipts minus payments	-3,983	-3,777	-4,087	-4,296	-4,091	-4,006	-14,265	-16,250			

Table 22 Receipts and payments on international travel account, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011			
<del>-</del>	millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding year										
International travel account											
Receipts											
Spending in Canada by foreign residents	3,405 4.2	3,091 -2.0	4,136 4.0	5,664 0.1	3,614 6.1	3,397 9.9	16,198 4.2	16,506 1.9			
Payments											
Spending in foreign countries by Canadians	6,800 13.3	8,650 4.6	8,776 9.5	8,213 11.3	7,117 4.7	9,260 7.1	30,464 10.0	32,757 7.5			
Balance Receipts minus payments	-3,395	-5,559	-4,640	-2,548	-3,503	-5,864	-14,265	-16,250			

Table 23 Exchange rates in Canadian dollars per unit of foreign currency, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
-		ı	percentage cha	ınge, precedin	g period, prece	ding year		
United States (dollar)	1.0128	0.9860	0.9676	0.9802	1.0231	1.0012	1.0301	0.9893
	-2.5	-2.7	-1.9	1.3	4.4	-2.1	-9.8	-4.0
	-4.1	-5.3	-5.8	-5.7	1.0	1.5	-9.8	-4.0
European Economic and Monetary Union (euro)	1.3766	1.3487	1.3934	1.3836	1.3788	1.3129	1.3671	1.3761
	2.4	-2.0	3.3	-0.7	-0.3	-4.8	-13.8	0.7
	-11.8	-6.4	6.6	3.0	0.2	-2.7	-13.8	0.7
United Kingdom (Pound sterling)	1.6011	1.5804	1.5784	1.5773	1.6075	1.5732	1.5928	1.5859
	-0.7	-1.3	-0.1	-0.1	1.9	-2.1	-10.5	-0.4
	-7.3	-2.8	3.0	-2.1	0.4	-0.5	-10.5	-0.4
Switzerland (franc)	1.0399	1.0468	1.1132	1.1895	1.1215	1.0871	0.9902	1.1177
	3.1	0.7	6.3	6.9	-5.7	-3.1	-5.7	12.9
	0.5	6.3	20.0	17.9	7.8	3.8	-5.7	12.9
Hong Kong (dollar)	0.1305	0.1266	0.1244	0.1258	0.1315	0.1290	0.1326	0.1271
	-2.4	-3.0	-1.7	1.1	4.6	-1.9	-10.0	-4.2
	-4.3	-5.6	-5.8	-5.9	0.8	1.9	-10.0	-4.2
Japan (yen)	0.0123	0.0120	0.0119	0.0126	0.0132	0.0126	0.0118	0.0124
	1.2	-2.4	-1.0	6.4	4.8	-4.5	-3.6	5.7
	4.3	4.3	6.3	4.2	7.8	5.5	-3.6	5.7
Australia (dollar)	1.0005	0.9907	1.0282	1.0279	1.0358	1.0568	0.9474	1.0206
	6.3	-1.0	3.8	-0.0	0.8	2.0	5.6	7.7
	4.2	5.3	13.3	9.2	3.5	6.7	5.6	7.7
New Zealand (dollar)	0.7683	0.7460	0.7746	0.8150	0.7946	0.8195	0.7434	0.7826
	2.9	-2.9	3.8	5.2	-2.5	3.1	3.4	5.3
	-0.1	1.1	7.6	9.1	3.4	9.9	3.4	5.3

Bank of Canada. Based on the average noon spot rates.

Table 24
Consumer price index, selected countries, not seasonally adjusted

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
		ind	lex (2005=100)	and percentag	ge change, pre	ceding year		
Canada [1]	109.8	110.7	112.2	112.5	112.8	113.3	108.9	112.0
	2.3	2.6	3.4	3.0	2.7	2.3	1.8	2.9
United States	113.0	113.5	115.5	116.0	115.8	116.7	111.9	115.2
	2.1	2.1	3.4	3.8	2.5	2.8	1.8	2.9
United Kingdom	115.9	117.6	119.4	120.1	121.3	121.7	114.5	119.6
	3.4	4.1	4.4	4.7	4.7	3.5	3.3	4.5
France	108.3	109.0	110.2	110.2	110.9	111.6	107.8	110.1
	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.3	1.5	2.1
Germany	108.8	109.8	110.5	111.0	111.4	112.1	108.2	110.7
	1.5	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.3	2.2	1.1	2.3
Netherlands	108.4	109.2	110.8	110.9	111.2	111.8	108.0	110.5
	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.5	2.4	1.3	2.3
Switzerland	104.7	104.9	105.5	104.3	104.2	104.0	104.5	104.7
	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	-0.5	-0.9	0.7	0.2
Japan	99.9	99.2	99.4	99.4	99.2	99.5	99.6	99.3
	0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.7	0.3	-0.7	-0.3
Australia	116.7	118.5	119.6	120.3	120.3	120.4	115.8	119.7
	2.7	3.3	3.6	3.5	3.1	1.6	2.8	3.4
New Zealand	117.6	118.5	119.7	120.2	119.8	120.4	114.9	119.6
	4.0	4.5	5.3	4.6	1.8	1.6	2.3	4.0

Data, for countries other than Canada, are from the Organisation for Economic and Co-operation and Development.

<sup>1.</sup> The Canadian Consumer Price Index is converted to 2005=100 for comparability with other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development countries.

Table 25
Other related statistics, seasonally adjusted at annual rates

	Fourth quarter 2010	First quarter 2011	Second quarter 2011	Third quarter 2011	Fourth quarter 2011	First quarter 2012	2010	2011
_			percent	tage change, p	receding perio	d		
Gross domestic product at market prices (billions of dollars)	1,661.9	1,695.5	1,704.5	1,728.7	1,754.3	1,765.2	1,624.6	1,720.7
	2.2	2.0	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.6	6.3	5.9
Gross domestic product at basic prices (billions of dollars)	1,560.6	1,593.9	1,601.9	1,624.7	1,649.6	1,658.4	1,525.9	1,617.5
	2.3	2.1	0.5	1.4	1.5	0.5	6.3	6.0
Tourism share of gross domestic product at basic prices (percent)	1.93	1.91	1.93	1.92	1.92	1.94	1.92	1.92
	-0.4	-1.0	1.1	-0.7	-0.0	0.9	-0.2	-0.0
Gross domestic product at market prices (billions of chained (2002) dollars)	1,338.5	1,350.4	1,347.0	1,361.9	1,368.2	1,374.6	1,325.0	1,356.9
	0.8	0.9	-0.2	1.1	0.5	0.5	3.2	2.4
Final domestic demand (billions of dollars)	1,690.7	1,710.3	1,728.0	1,746.3	1,765.8	1,777.5	1,652.7	1,737.6
	1.7	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.7	5.8	5.1
Final domestic demand (billions of chained (2002) dollars)	1,448.6	1,457.0	1,465.0	1,471.1	1,477.0	1,481.8	1,425.1	1,467.5
	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	4.5	3.0
Personal disposable income per person (dollars)	30,045	30,260	30,377	30,363	30,601	30,631	29,751	30,400
	1.3	0.7	0.4	-0.0	0.8	0.1	3.7	2.2
Personal saving rate (percent)	4.4	4.3	3.9	3.3	3.1	2.9	4.8	3.7
	2.3	-2.3	-9.3	-15.4	-6.1	-6.5	3.8	-23.6
Population (thousands) [1]	34,254	34,294	34,368	34,483	34,605	34,670	34,074	34,437
	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	1.2	1.1
Total number of jobs, business sector (index 2002 = 100)	109.9	110.8	111.3	111.6	111.4	111.8	109.3	111.3
	0.1	0.8	0.4	0.3	-0.1	0.4	1.9	1.8

<sup>1.</sup> Data not adjusted for seasonal variation.