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#### Abstract

Welch, D. W., J. F. T. Morris, and E. Demers. 2002. CCGS W.E. Ricker Gulf of Alaska salmon survey, March - April 1997. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 1101: 19 p.

A survey of the distribution of juvenile Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus spp.) nearing the end of their first winter of life in the northern Gulf of Alaska was conducted from March 11 to April 3, 1997. Over a broad area of the northern Gulf of Alaska, almost no salmon were found. It is unclear how much of the absence of salmon from this large area of the Gulf of Alaska in 1997 was a result of the markedly reduced levels of abundance of all species of salmon that subsequently returned to Alaska later in the summer. If there was a westward displacement of salmon in the spring out of the study region, it was not due to elevated surface ocean temperatures that were within $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of average in March and April.

The Canadian Highseas program has conducted previous surveys in the falls of 1995 and 1996 that demonstrated that juvenile salmon were exclusively confined to the continental shelf between British Columbia to Kodiak Island, Alaska. However, juvenile salmon must migrate to the central Gulf of Alaska over the winter since they were absent from the continental shelf by the following spring. The absence of juvenile salmon at the end of winter in much of the offshore region that was surveyed suggests that most juvenile salmon swim far westward of Kodiak Island, Alaska, before eventually turning south and migrating offshore. The exact timing and westward extent of the juvenile migration on the shelf needs to be clarified in order to better understand the ocean biology of Pacific salmon, and establish the times and regions where changes in ocean climate can affect them.


## RESUME

Welch, D. W., J. F. T. Morris, and E. Demers. 2002. CCGS W.E. Ricker Gulf of Alaska salmon survey, March - April 1997. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 1101: 19 p .

Une étude sur la distribution des saumons du Pacifique juvéniles (Oncorhynchus spp.) à la fin de leur premier hiver en mer dans le Golfe de l'Alaska a été réalisée entre le 11 mars et le 3 avril 1997. Nous n’avons trouvé aucun saumon sur une vaste superficie du Golfe de l'Alaska. Il est difficile de déterminer à quel point l'absence de saumons dans cette région du Golfe de l'Alaska en 1997 était le résultat d'une réduction marquée de l'abondance de toutes les espèces de saumons qui retournaient en Alaska plus tard durant l'èté. Les évidences disponibles d'indiquent pas un déplacement des saumons vers l'ouest et à l'extérieur de notre zone d'étude durant le printemps car la température était à $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ de la moyenne en mars et avril.

Le programme canadien des Saumons en Haute mer a réalisé des études antérieures à l'automne de 1995 à 1997 qui ont démontré que les saumons juvéniles étaient confinés exclusivement sur le plateau continental entre la Colombie-Britannique et l'lle Kodiak en Alaska. Cependant, les saumons juvéniles doivent migrer vers le centre du Golfe de l'Alaska durant l'hiver, car ils sont absents du plateau continental le printemps qui suit. Nous suggérons que la plupart des saumons juvéniles nagent en direction ouest jusqu'à l'lle Kodiak, Alaska, avant de tourner vers le sud et migrer au large. La synchronisation exacte et l'étendue ouest de la migration juvénile sur le plateau continental a besoin d'être clarifiée afin de mieux comprendre la biologie des saumons du Pacifique dans l'océan, et d'établir quand et où les changements de climat océanique les affectent.

## INTRODUCTION

A survey of the distribution of juvenile Pacific salmon (Oncorhynchus spp.) completing their first year of life in the Gulf of Alaska was conducted from March 11 to April 3, 1997, using a pelagic rope trawl on the CCGS W.E. Ricker. The spring survey had the following objectives:

1) to establish the distribution and abundance of juvenile pink (O. gorbuscha), chum (O. keta), sockeye ( O. nerka), coho (O. kisutch), and chinook salmon ( $\underline{O}$. tshawytscha) in the central Gulf of Alaska near the end of their first year of life in the ocean and establish their offshore migration path;
2) to collect detailed oceanographic measurements on the Alaska Coastal Current in March on transects across the shelf off the Queen Charlotte Islands and Kodiak Island; and,
3) to collect detailed oceanographic measurements across the Gulf of Alaska to define the structure of the Alaskan Gyre in the spring.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

## General Survey Information

Figures 1, 2 and 3 show the fishing, oceanographic and zooplankton stations, respectively, completed by the CCGS W.E. Ricker during the March 1997 survey. The track consisted of an outbound north west leg from the Queen Charlotte Islands to Cape Chiniak, Alaska, followed by a southern leg from the Trinity Islands off Kodiak Island to $49^{\circ} 30^{\prime} \mathrm{N}, 140^{\circ} 00^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$ in the eastern North Pacific, and then an eastward leg to Cape Scott, Vancouver Island. Included on this survey track were three detailed oceanographic and fishing transects on the continental shelf off the Queen Charlotte Islands and Kodiak Island where the stations were spaced at approximately 2.5 km intervals. A total of 49 fishing stations, 88 oceanographic stations and 43 zooplankton stations were completed during the survey. A description of the stations and transects completed during each survey is included below:

1) one continental shelf transect west coast of the Queen Charlotte Islands with 4 fishing and zooplankton stations, and 8 oceanographic stations;
2) one offshore transect from the Queen Charlotte Islands to Kodiak Island with 13 fishing and zooplankton stations, and 20 oceanographic stations;
3) one transect at Cape Chiniak at the eastern end of Kodiak Island with 8 fishing stations, 9 oceanographic stations and 7 zooplankton stations;
4) one transect at Sitkinak Island near the western end of Kodiak Island with 7 fishing stations, 11 oceanographic stations and 9 zooplankton stations;
5) one southward transect offshore of Sitkinak Island to $50^{\circ} 40^{\prime} \mathrm{N} 150^{\circ} 15^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$ with 13 fishing stations, 18 oceanographic stations and 10 zooplankton stations; and,
6) one long west to east transect offshore from $49^{\circ} 20^{\prime} \mathrm{N} 147^{\circ} 00^{\prime} \mathrm{W}$ to the northern tip of Vancouver Island with 4 fishing stations and 21 oceanographic stations.

One additional oceanographic station was completed south of the Queen Charlotte Islands at the beginning of the survey.

## Ship, Fishing Gear and Fishing Operations

The CCGS W.E. Ricker is a 1,104 gross tonnes stern trawler, 58 m in length, 9.5 m in beam, and powered by a 2,500 H.P. model AH 40 Akasaka diesel engine. Fish sampling was conducted during daytime with a model 400/580 mid-water trawl, manufactured by Cantrawl Pacific Ltd., Richmond, BC. The trawl measured 200 m in length, and had a front-end section of hexagonal mesh made with $3 / 8 \mathrm{in}(9.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ and $5 / 16$ in ( 7.9 mm ) Tenex rope, a body made up of 64 in ( 163 cm ), $32 \mathrm{in}(81.3 \mathrm{~cm}), 16 \mathrm{in}$ $(40.6 \mathrm{~cm})$, 8 in $(20.3 \mathrm{~cm})$ and 4 in ( 10.2 cm ) polypropylene sections, an intermediate section of 3 in $(7.6 \mathrm{~cm})$ polypropylene, and a $1.5 \mathrm{in}(3.8 \mathrm{~cm})$ nylon cod end lined with 0.25 in ( 6.4 mm ) mesh.

The trawl was typically deployed within $4-19 \mathrm{~m}$ of the surface at 5 knots ( $2.6 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ ) under good sea conditions. A measured trawl mouth opening of approximately 28 m horizontal by 16 m vertical (measured using a ScanMar trawl eye) was achieved using the following configuration: 100 m of $1.25 \mathrm{in}(3.2 \mathrm{~cm})$ steel warp, three $120 \mathrm{~m} 5 / 8$ in ( 1.6 cm ) bridles per side attached at a single hook-up to 5 m US Jet mid-water trawl doors. Eight 12 in ( 30.5 cm ) diameter Scotsman floats were tied into a 5 m canvas kite attached to the headrope, and two $20 \mathrm{in}(50.8 \mathrm{~cm})$ diameter Scotsman floats were attached at each wing tip to provide added floatation. Approximately 750 lbs $(340 \mathrm{~kg})$ of chain was also attached on each side of the net.

Owing to a lack of salmon in the surface tows, the CCGS W.E. Ricker towed the trawl to a maximum of depth of 100 m . In cases where more than one depth for the headrope is reported in Table 1, the trawl was fished for periods of equal duration at several depths to ensure that the lack of salmon evident in near-surface waters was not due to their distribution at greater depths.

## Oceanographic sampling

At all oceanographic stations, the scientific crew (1) conducted CTD (conductivity-temperature-depth) casts, (2) collected surface seawater samples for nitrate, phosphate, silicate and salinity from the ship's pumped sea water loop, (3) collected filtered surface seawater to measure chlorophyll a and phaeophytin, and (4) used an acoustic Doppler current profiler (ADCP) to measure velocities and direction of currents with depth.

CTD casts were conducted to within 5 m of the bottom or a maximum depth of 600 m using both a Guildline CTD probe (serial \# 53977) and a Seabird SBE19 CTD probe (serial \# 1031) CTD mounted together. At stations where sea conditions
prevented normal CTD operations, expendable bathythermograph (XBT) casts were conducted with T-5 probes.

Shelf stations off the Queen Charlotte Islands and Kodiak Islands were spaced at approximately 2.5 km intervals to obtain detailed cross-shelf profiles of temperature, salinity, and nutrients at depth. At these stations, water samples were drawn from Nisken bottles clamped at 25 m depth intervals on the co-axial CTD cable. Nitrate and phosphate samples were collected in acid-washed glass test tubes and stored frozen. Silicate samples were collected in acid-washed plastic test tubes and similarly stored. Barium and $\delta^{18} \mathrm{O}$ samples were collected in high density plastic scintillation vials and stored at room temperature. Barium and $\delta^{18} \mathrm{O}$ samples were collected as tracers in an attempt to define sources of fresh water contributions to the Alaskan Coastal Current.

A thermosalinograph recorded a continuous log of sea surface salinity and temperature from the ship's seawater loop. Surface seawater samples from the ship's seawater loop were taken at every station as a check on the accuracy of the CTD probes. Thermosalinograph, CTD and XBT data can be obtained from Joe Linguanti, Senior Analyst, Ocean Sciences \& Productivity Division, Department of Fisheries and Oceans, Institute of Ocean Sciences, 9860 West Saanich Rd, Sidney, BC, Canada V8L 4B2. Tel: (250) 363-6586; E-mail: linguantij@dfo-mpo.gc.ca.

Surface samples were drawn from the ship's seawater loop at all stations for subsequent measurement of nitrate, phosphate, silicate, barium, $\delta^{18} \mathrm{O}$ and salinity levels. A 300 ml seawater sample was filtered on an ashed GF/F Whatman glass fiber filter, folded in half, wrapped in aluminum foil and frozen for subsequent measurement of chlorophyll $a$ and phytoplankton stable isotope ratios.

An acoustic Doppler current profiler (ADCP), RD Industries, frequency 150 kHz , was run continuously to measure velocities and direction of currents with depth along the survey track. The ADCP data was logged with Transect ver.1.82 software. ADCP analyses can be obtained from Dr. Andreas Münchow, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey. E-mail: andreas@imcs.rutgers.edu

## Zooplankton Sampling

Oblique bongo tows to approximately 150 m were conducted with two 57 cm diameter, $253 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ Nitex nets. One of the two nets was equipped with a flow meter. Standard sampling protocol was followed and consisted of a $0.3 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ net retrieval speed while towing at 2 knots ( $1.0 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ ) after reaching the target depth. Most bongo tows were completed within 20 minutes from the time of deployment.

Zooplankton collected from the net with the flowmeter were preserved in $10 \%$ formalin and sent to the zooplankton laboratory at the Institute of Ocean Sciences, Fisheries and Oceans Canada (Sidney, BC), for species classification and enumeration. Zooplankton taken from the net without flowmeter were sorted into three size fractions by successively sieving through $1.7,1.0$, and 0.25 mm screens. Each size fraction was
weighed wet, dried at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 48 hours, re-weighed, and stored in plastic bags for future $\delta^{14} \mathrm{C}$ and $\delta^{15} \mathrm{~N}$ isotope analyses.

Bongo, NORPAC and SCOR zooplankton nets were sequentially deployed at a series of stations near $50^{\circ} \mathrm{N}, 145^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ in the eastern North Pacific to provide a calibration of these gear for the extensive time series of zooplankton data collected at station $P$ from the 1950's to the 1980's. A total of 8 replicates were completed, where a replicate consisted of three consecutive vertical hauls from 150 m to the surface with the Bongo, NORPAC and SCOR nets at the same station. The net deployment and retrieval rates were $0.7 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ and $1.0 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$, respectively. All replicate samples were taken within $\pm 3$ hours of local noon.

The zooplankton data can be obtained from Dr. David Mackas, Plankton Productivity, Institute of Ocean Sciences, P.O. Box 6000, 9860 West Saanich Road, Sidney, BC, Canada V8L 4B2. Email: mackas@ios.bc.ca.

## RESULTS

## Salmon Catch Data

Table 1 reports information on the trawl tows and a summary of salmon catches for the survey. The following information is included: station ID, transect name, sampling region, date and time in Pacific Standard Time (PST), start latitude ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ ) and longitude ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ ), bottom depth ( m ), tow duration (hours), speed over ground (SOG; kts), and heading ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{T}$; degrees true). Station ID numbers consisted of the Pacific Biological Station cruise designation ("HS9705", where HS stands for High Seas), followed by a consecutive tow number (e.g., "HS970505" for the fifth tow of the survey). The station ID number serves as the primary key in the High Seas database that links fishing tow information with the oceanographic and zooplankton tables. For each tow, catch totals are provided for chinook, chum, coho, pink and sockeye salmon of all ages combined.

Only 10 salmon were caught during the survey, of which seven were sockeye salmon and three were chinook salmon (Table 1). The sockeye salmon were all caught in the central Gulf of Alaska, and the chinook salmon were caught on the continental shelf west of Cape Chiniak, Kodiak Island, Alaska (Figures 4 and 5).

## Biological Data

Table 2 reports the detailed biological data collected from each salmon caught during the survey. Individual salmon were assigned a fish number which consisted of the cruise identifier (HS9705), followed hierarchically by tow number, species code, and sample number. For example, "HS9705-031-124-001" refers to tow number 31, species code " 124 " for chinook salmon, and the sample number " 1 " (within tow and species). We used the following codes from Fisheries and Oceans' Salmon Stock Assessment
database: 108, pink salmon; 112, chum salmon; 115, coho salmon; 118, sockeye salmon; and 124, chinook salmon.

Biological data collected for each salmon included (when available): species common name, fork length (mm), whole body weight ( g wet), sex, age, thermal mark code (if present), stomach content weight (g wet), and stomach content description. For this cruise, whole body weights were measured in the laboratory. Chinook salmon HS9705-032-124-001 was examined for stomach contents at sea and a laboratory weight was not taken because the stomach had been removed. Ages are represented by the notation $i . j$, where $i$ is the number of fresh water years, and $j$ is the number of ocean years. The overall age of each fish is $i+j$.

For sockeye salmon, age analysis of scale samples indicated that two were in their first ocean year, two in their second ocean year, and two in their third ocean year. The age for one sockeye salmon could not be determined. The three chinook salmon were in their first ocean year.

Sockeye salmon HS9705-068-118-004 was identified, from thermal marks on its otoliths, as originating from the Chilkat hatchery in SE Alaska. This fish was released from the Chilkat hatchery on June 8, 1994. Scale analysis indicates that it migrated out to sea in the spring of 1995, and was near the end of its second winter at sea before it was captured in the central Gulf of Alaska in March 1997. This sockeye measured 282 mm in fork length at capture.

Stomach content weights were determined in the laboratory, and the diet items were listed within major taxonomic groups. For chinook salmon HS9705-032-124-001 and sockeye salmon HS9705-068-118-001, stomach contents were examined at sea and an accurate weight was not obtained.

## Oceanographic Data

Table 3 reports the physical oceanographic data collected during the survey, including the station ID number, the Institute of Ocean Sciences' consecutive filename, transect, sampling region, the date and time in UTC, the latitude $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{N}\right)$ and longitude ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ ), sea surface temperature (SST; ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and salinity (SSS; ppt) taken from the CTD files, sea surface salinity (ppt) determined from the sample bottles that were used to calibrate the CTD probe, nitrate, silicate and phosphate concentrations ( $\mu \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{L}^{-1}$ ), chlorophyll $a$ and phaeophytin concentrations ( $\mu \mathrm{mol} \mathrm{L}^{-1}$ ), and the ratio of fluorescence before (Fo) and after (Fa) acidification. The consecutive filename number consists of the Institute of Ocean Sciences' cruise designation (9705) followed by the consecutive number for each CTD cast on each survey. Filename numbers do not correspond to station ID's because repeat casts were conducted at some stations. At stations where expendable bathythermograph (XBT) casts were taken, the consecutive filename number uses the prefix "XBT" instead of the cruise identifier (e.g., XBT003).

## Zooplankton Data

Table 4 reports the zooplankton data by station collected by the Bongo tows, including the station ID number, transect, sampling region, latitude $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{N}\right)$ and longitude $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{W}\right)$, the date and time in PST, bottom depth (m), target depth (m), tow duration, wire angle (degrees), amount of wire deployed off the winch drum (m), and volume of ocean water sampled in cubic meters. Also shown are the dry weights (g) of zooplankton which were standardised to 1,000 cubic meters sampled for the $1.7,1.0$, and 0.25 mm size factions as well as for the total sample.

Table 5 provides a record of the replicate zooplankton sampling operations. Zooplankton abundance estimates are not presented here but can be obtained from Joe Linguanti (address as noted above).

## DISCUSSION

This survey demonstrated that first ocean year coho, chum and pink salmon were absent in March 1997 over a broad area of the northern Gulf of Alaska between the Queen Charlotte Islands and Kodiak Island, that included three transects across the continental shelf. These first ocean year salmon must have either moved off the continental shelf of British Columbia and central Alaska or moved westward of Kodiak Island sometime between November and early March. In contrast, three chinook salmon were caught on the continental shelf off Kodiak Island. Thus, here is some evidence for spatial segregation in winter, and species-specific distribution patterns in the Gulf of Alaska.

This survey also indicated that, by March, juvenile sockeye salmon likely wintered along with older sockeye salmon in the central Gulf of Alaska. Two age 1.1 and two age 1.2 sockeye salmon were caught in one tow taken near $51^{\circ} \mathrm{N}, 145^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. Two third ocean year sockeye salmon ( 0.3 and 1.3) were also caught along the southeastern track from Kodiak to $49^{\circ} \mathrm{N}, 140^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. Further sampling in this region of the eastern North Pacific, which was necessary to strengthen this association, was unfortunately cut short because of severe weather and resulting damage to the trawl.

Comparisons with two Japanese surveys by the R/V Kaiyo Maru conducted in December 1992 (FAJ 1993) and January 1996 (Ueno 1996), and a Canadian survey by the F/V Anita J in March 1995 (Welch et al. 2002), demonstrate that first ocean year juvenile salmon are well offshore during their first winter and spring. However, when catches for all winter and spring surveys are overlaid, the data suggest that the majority of juvenile salmon are located in the south-central Gulf of Alaska. They do not appear to occur in significant numbers above approximately $52^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ (roughly, the latitude of the southern tip of the Queen Charlotte Islands).

It is unclear how much of the absence of salmon from the large area of the northern Gulf of Alaska in 1997 was a result of the markedly reduced levels of
abundance of all species of salmon that subsequently returned to Alaska later in the summer of 1997. The available evidence does not, however, point to a westward displacement of salmon in the spring out of the study region because of elevated ocean temperatures since surface temperatures were within $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of average in March and April.

Recent Canadian and United States surveys give little indication of juvenile salmon moving off the continental shelf between southern British Columbia and Kodiak Island in either the summer or fall. This suggests that juvenile salmon may move well to the west of Kodiak Island before moving south and offshore in the winter and spring period, and then moving back east in the Subarctic Current. With recent declines in marine survival of Pacific salmon stocks returning to specific regions of North America, it is important to establish those areas of the coastal and offshore ocean where salmon populations with different trends in stock abundance co-exist in the North Pacific at specific times. Oceanographic events occurring in these areas of the North Pacific at these specific times could not be responsible for such differences in survival.

As with previous fall surveys, which suggested that juvenile salmon were almost exclusively confined to the continental shelf between British Columbia and Kodiak Island, Alaska, our findings suggest that most juvenile salmon migrate westward of Kodiak Island before eventually turning south and migrating offshore. The exact timing and westward extent of the juvenile migration on the shelf needs to be clarified in order to better understand the ocean biology of Pacific salmon, and establish the times and regions where changes in ocean climate can affect them.

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Table 1. Tow positions and summary of salmon catches for the W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska, March 11-April 3, 1997.

| Station ID | Transect | Region | Date | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Time } \\ & \text { PST } \end{aligned}$ | Latitude <br> ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ ) | Longitude ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ ) | Heading ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{T}$ ) | Bottom Depth (m) | Head <br> Depth (m) | Chinook | Chum | Coho | Pink | Sockeye |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HS970502 | MORESBY ISLAND | OFFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 08:32 | 52.987 | 132.478 | 210 | 183 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970503 | MORESBY ISLAND | OFFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 10:37 | 52.933 | 132.561 | 246 | 507 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970504 | MORESBY ISLAND | OFFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 12:53 | 52.893 | 132.683 | 239 | 1,484 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970505 | MORESBY ISLAND | OFFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 15:15 | 52.852 | 132.803 | 237 | 1,873 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970511 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 08:32 | 53.380 | 135.678 | 279 | 2,036 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970512 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 12:28 | 53.378 | 136.178 | 180 | 3,161 | 24, 15, 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970513 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 16:05 | 53.362 | 136.453 | 129 | 3,369 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970514 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 17:06 | 53.328 | 136.385 | 129 | 3,432 | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970517 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 16-Mar-97 | 08:02 | 53.778 | 138.263 | 050 | 3,332 | 4, 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970518 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 16-Mar-97 | 13:41 | 53.955 | 138.822 | 021 | 3,348 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970519 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 16-Mar-97 | 16:42 | 54.088 | 138.975 | 000 | 3,318 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970520 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 17-Mar-97 | 07:55 | 54.740 | 141.470 | 332 | 3,687 | 4, 20, 40, 60, 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970521 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 17-Mar-97 | 13:58 | 55.002 | 142.148 | 305 | 3,709 | 5, 26 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970522 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 17-Mar-97 | 16:42 | 55.128 | 142.600 | 306 | 3,781 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970525 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 18-Mar-97 | 06:37 | 55.410 | 145.143 | 343 | 4,070 | 10, 25 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970527 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 18-Mar-97 | 15:53 | 55.667 | 146.012 | 140 | 4,038 | 8, 25, 50, 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970528 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 19-Mar-97 | 16:09 | 56.177 | 150.070 | 212 | 5,197 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970531 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 06:26 | 57.160 | 152.212 | 172 | 102 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970532 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 08:05 | 57.085 | 152.197 | 164 | 102 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970533 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 09:42 | 57.023 | 152.162 | 142 | 92 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970534 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 12:08 | 56.902 | 151.978 | 180 | 167 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970536 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 14:38 | 56.823 | 151.830 | 139 | 150 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970537 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 16:08 | 56.767 | 151.748 | 126 | 215 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970541 | ALONG KODIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 22-Mar-97 | 12:34 | 57.582 | 152.010 | 178 | 41 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970542 | ALONG KODIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 22-Mar-97 | 16:58 | 57.132 | 152.178 | 236 | 102 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970543 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 06:15 | 56.333 | 153.648 | 130 | 145 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970544 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 07:48 | 56.283 | 153.541 | 119 | 139 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970545 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 09:22 | 56.252 | 153.410 | 140 | 179 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970547 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 11:12 | 56.212 | 153.313 | 118 | 373 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970548 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 12:57 | 56.192 | 153.223 | 084 | 621 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970549 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 14:42 | 56.178 | 153.147 | 105 | 596 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970550 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 16:28 | 56.158 | 153.067 | 108 | 1,906 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970553 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 06:20 | 54.623 | 152.252 | 212 | 4,182 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| HS970554 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 09:00 | 54.467 | 152.207 | 204 | 4,205 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Table 1. Tow positions and summary of salmon catches for the W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska, March 11-April 3, 1997.

Table 2. Biological data collected for each salmon caught on the CCGS W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska, March 11 - April 3, 1997.

Table 3. Physical oceanographic data collected on the CCGS W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska, March 11 - April 3, 1997.

| Station ID | $\begin{gathered} \text { CTD } \\ \text { Filename } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Transect | Region | Date | Time UTC | Latitude <br> ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ ) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Longitude } \\ \left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{W}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sst } \\ & \left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sss } \\ & \text { (ppt) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SSS } \\ \text { Bottle (ppt) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \\ (\mu \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{SiO}_{4} \\ (\mu \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \\ (\mu \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Chlorophyll a $(\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{L})$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Phaeophytin } \\ (\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{L}) \end{gathered}$ | Fo/Fa |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HS970501 | 97050002 | QUEEN CHARLOTTE I. | . QUEEN CHARLOTTE I. | 13-Mar-97 | 16:01 | 51.543 | 130.060 | 7.45 | 31.91 | 31.894 | 10.10 | 17.60 | 1.04 | /A | /A | N/A |
| HS970502 | 97050003 | MORESBY ISLAND | OfFShore | 14-Mar-97 | 06:19 | 52.999 | 132.455 | 6.78 | 32.14 | 32.238 | 10.80 | 17.20 | 1.19 | 0.204 | 0.238 | 1.52 |
| HS970503 | 97050004 | MORESBY ISLAND | OfFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 09:26 | 52.941 | 132.511 | 7.06 | 32.19 | 32.209 | 10.50 | 16.50 | 1.14 | 0.214 | 0.226 | 1.55 |
| HS970504 | 97050006 | MORESBY ISLAND | OfFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 11:37 | 52.901 | 132.643 | 6.97 | 32.22 | 32.237 | 10.90 | 17.20 | 1.31 | 0.242 | 0.232 | 1.58 |
| HS970505 | 97050007 | MORESBY ISLAND | OFFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 13:47 | 52.861 | 132.770 | . 08 | 32.25 | 32.260 | 11.50 | 17.90 | 1.16 | 0.3 | 0.280 | 1.64 |
| HS970506 | 97050008 | MORESBY ISLAND | OFFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 16:01 | 52.823 | 132.892 | 7.24 | 32.29 | 32.289 | 11.00 | 18.40 | 1.1 | 0.321 | 0.222 | 1.67 |
| HS970507 | 97050009 | MORESBY ISLAND | OFFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 17:33 | 52.847 | 133.070 | 7.02 | 32.29 | 32.329 | 13.30 | 20.30 | 1.26 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| HS970508 | 97050010 | MORESBY ISLAND | OfFSHORE | 14-Mar-97 | 19:06 | 52.892 | 133.299 | 6.93 | 32.30 | 32.305 | 14.10 | 21.60 | 1.21 | 0.181 | 0.181 | 1.57 |
| HS970509 | 97050011 | MORESBY ISLAND | OfFShore | 14-Mar-97 | 23:54 | 53.065 | 134.246 | N/A | N/A | 32.505 | 10.80 | 16.50 | 1.11 | 0.229 | 0.200 | 1.60 |
| HS970510 | 97050012 | OfFSHORE | OfFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 04:32 | 53.250 | 135.182 | 6.03 | 32.55 | 32.554 | 10.50 | 14.90 | 1.10 | 0.242 | 0.194 | 1.63 |
| HS970511 | 97050013 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 07:14 | 53.369 | 135.604 | 5.71 | 32.57 | 32.588 | 11.40 | 16.80 | 1.16 | 0.218 | 0.145 | 1.68 |
| HS970512 | 97050014 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 11:03 | 53.424 | 136.146 | 5.36 | 32.54 | 32.549 | 12.90 | 18.10 | 1.23 | 0.111 | 0.156 | 1.47 |
| HS970513 | 97050015 | OfFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 15:09 | 53.367 | 136.462 | 5.76 | 32.56 | 32.569 | 11.30 | 16.40 | 1.1 | 0.182 | 0.175 | 1.58 |
| HS970514 | 97050016 | OfFSHORE | OfFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 18:01 | 53.300 | 136.314 | 5.72 | 32.51 | 32.590 | 11.30 | 16.60 | 1.1 | 0.160 | 0.158 | 1.57 |
| HS970515 | 97050019 | OfFSHORE | OfFSHORE | 15-Mar-97 | 23:08 | 53.509 | 137.159 | 5.37 | 32.54 | 32.550 | 12.80 | 18.1 | 1.2 | 0.122 | 0.139 | 1.53 |
| HS970516 | 97050020 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 16-Mar-97 | 03:06 | 53.648 | 137.761 | 5.36 | 32.56 | 32.572 | 12.70 | 17.90 | 1.2 | 0.113 | 0.135 | 1.51 |
| HS970517 | 97050021 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 16-Mar-97 | 06:59 | 53.779 | 138.288 | 5.33 | 32.54 | 32.559 | 12.60 | 17.70 | 1.18 | 0.116 | 0.123 | 1.55 |
| HS970518 | 97050022 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 16-Mar-97 | 14:53 | 54.000 | 138.791 | 5.50 | 32.57 | 32.573 | 12.10 | 17.70 | 1.20 | 0.169 | 0.136 | 1.63 |
| HS970519 | 97050023 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 16-Mar-97 | 17:31 | 54.140 | 138.976 | 5.38 | 32.55 | 32.567 | 12.70 | 18.40 | 1.18 | 0.121 | 0.141 | 1.52 |
| HS970520 | 97050024 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 17-Mar-97 | 06:58 | 54.723 | 141.370 | 5.25 | 32.54 | 32.555 | 12.60 | 17.50 | 1.21 | 0.121 | 0.152 | 1.50 |
| HS970521 | 97050025 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 17-Mar-97 | 13:02 | 54.994 | 142.135 | 5.32 | 32.55 | 32.558 | 12.30 | 17.90 | 1.19 | 0.139 | 0.146 | 1.55 |
| HS970522 | 97050026 | OfFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 17-Mar-97 | 17:51 | 55.162 | 142.660 | 5.25 | 32.57 | 32.577 | 12.30 | 18.00 | 1.18 | 0.160 | 0.153 | 1.58 |
| HS970523 | 97050027 | OfFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 17-Mar-97 | 21:58 | 55.289 | 143.502 | 4.26 | 32.70 | 32.679 | 16.10 | 25.40 | 1.41 | 0.137 | 0.189 | 1.48 |
| HS970524 | 97050028 | OfFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 18-Mar-97 | 02:23 | 55.456 | 144.386 | 4.16 | 32.67 | 32.680 | 16.30 | 24.90 | 1.44 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| HS970525 | 97050029 | OfFSHORE | OfFSHORE | 18-Mar-97 | 08:06 | 55.520 | 145.237 | 4.36 | 32.70 | 32.707 | 17.10 | 25.90 | 1.4 | 0.278 | 0.209 | 1.65 |
| HS970526 | 97050030 | OfFSHORE | OfFSHORE | 18-Mar-97 | 13:31 | 55.702 | 146.111 | 4.26 | 32.71 | 32.723 | 16.1 | 25.10 | 1.40 | 0.137 | 0.133 | 1.57 |
| HS970527 | 97050031 | OfFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 18-Mar-97 | 18:46 | 55.610 | 146.001 | 4.20 | 32.71 | 32.719 | 16.30 | 25.70 | 1.4 | 0.179 | 0.140 | 1.63 |
| HS970528 | 97050032 | OfFSHORE | OfFSHORE | 18-Mar-97 | 22:39 | 55.765 | 146.791 | 4.14 | 32.68 | 32.691 | 15.90 | 24.00 | 1.4 | 0.270 | 0.218 | 1.62 |
| HS970530 | 97050033 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 19-Mar-97 | 20:53 | 56.355 | 150.616 | 4.50 | 32.63 | 32.633 | 15.90 | 23.70 | 1.46 | 0.106 | 0.112 | 1.55 |
| HS970531 | 97050034 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 07:18 | 57.099 | 152.191 | 4.42 | 32.44 | 32.447 | 15.70 | 24.40 | 1.39 | 0.166 | 0.163 | 1.57 |
| HS970532 | 97050035 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 08:59 | 57.038 | 152.169 | 4.43 | 32.45 | 32.449 | 15.80 | 25.10 | 1.38 | 0.144 | 0.144 | 1.56 |
| HS970534 | 97050036 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 11:18 | 56.917 | 151.969 | 4.56 | 32.47 | 32.473 | 15.40 | 22.60 | 1.40 | 0.223 | 0.202 | 1.59 |
| HS970535 | 97050037 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 12:57 | 56.852 | 151.958 | 4.57 | 32.49 | 32.487 | 15.00 | 40.10 | 1.41 | 0.269 | 0.225 | 1.62 |
| HS970536 | 97050038 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 14:03 | 56.834 | 151.846 | 4.57 | 32.49 | 32.502 | 15.50 | 24.60 | 1.41 | 0.280 | 0.225 | 1.63 |
| HS970537 | 97050039 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 15:28 | 56.783 | 151.776 | 4.65 | 32.51 | 32.511 | 15.60 | 24.30 | 1.43 | 0.221 | 0.178 | 1.63 |
| HS970538 | 97050040 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 16:57 | 56.741 | 151.683 | 4.73 | 32.50 | 32.515 | 15.70 | 24.60 | 1.43 | 0.446 | 0.325 | 1.65 |
| HS970539 | 97050041 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 18:52 | 56.640 | 151.538 | 4.84 | 32.51 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0.173 | 0.139 | 1.63 |
| HS970540 | 97050042 | CAPE CHINIAK | KODIAK ISLAND | 20-Mar-97 | 20:52 | 56.555 | 151.392 | 4.81 | 32.53 | 32.541 | 16.60 | 26.30 | 1.41 | 0.151 | 0.114 | 1.65 |
| HS970541 | 97050043 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 22-Mar-97 | 13:27 | 57.540 | 152.000 | 3.75 | 32.32 | 32.321 | 15.90 | 26.00 | 1.47 | 0.753 | 0.276 | 1.83 |
| HS970542 | 97050044 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 22-Mar-97 | 17:47 | 57.104 | 152.251 | 4.68 | 32.48 | 32.476 | 15.70 | 29.70 | 1.42 | 0.155 | 0.110 | 1.66 |
| HS970543 | 97050045 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 05:03 | 56.350 | 153.677 | 4.24 | 32.45 | 32.459 | 14.30 | 22.90 | 1.40 | 0.336 | 0.208 | 1.70 |
| HS970544 | 97050046 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 07:15 | 56.286 | 153.560 | 4.52 | 32.47 | 32.474 | 15.80 | 26.50 | 1.41 | 0.140 | 0.102 | 1.65 |
| HS970545 | 97050047 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 08:51 | 56.258 | 153.428 | 4.34 | 32.44 | 32.455 | 16.00 | 25.80 | 1.44 | 0.142 | 0.129 | 1.59 |
| HS970546 | 97050048 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 10:10 | 56.216 | 153.357 | 4.44 | 32.47 | 32.481 | 16.20 | 25.60 | 1.46 | 0.125 | 0.130 | 1.55 |
| HS970547 | 97050049 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 10:47 | 56.217 | 153.330 | 4.43 | 32.47 | 32.479 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Table 3. Physical oceanographic data collected on the CCGS W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska, March 11 - April 3, 1997.

| Station ID | CTD <br> Filename | Transect | Region | Date | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Time } \\ & \text { UTC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Latitude } \\ \left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{N}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Longitude } \\ \left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{W}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SST } \\ & \left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{S S S} \\ & \text { (ppt) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SSS } \\ \text { Bottle (ppt) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \\ (\mu \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{S i O}_{4} \\ (\mu \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{PO}_{4} \\ (\mu \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chlorophyll a } \\ & (\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{L}) \end{aligned}$ | Phaeophytin ( $\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{L}$ ) | Fo/Fa |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HS970548 | 97050050 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 12:05 | 56.186 | 153.249 | 4.39 | 32.45 | 32.457 | 16.00 | 25.30 | 1.44 | 0.140 | 0.136 | 1.57 |
| HS970549 | 97050051 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 13:48 | 56.178 | 153.164 | 4.62 | 32.52 | 32.524 | 15.70 | 23.60 | 1.42 | 0.160 | 0.134 | 1.62 |
| HS970550 | 97050052 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 15:30 | 56.162 | 153.088 | 4.76 | 32.58 | 32.591 | 16.10 | 24.40 | 1.41 | 0.122 | 0.102 | 1.62 |
| HS970551 | 97050053 | SITKINAK ISLAND | KODIAK ISLAND | 23-Mar-97 | 21:03 | 55.667 | 152.742 | 3.56 | 32.86 | 32.864 | 18.80 | 30.50 | 1.62 | 0.110 | 0.097 | 1.60 |
| HS970552 | 97050054 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 01:02 | 55.196 | 152.493 | 3.51 | 32.86 | 32.870 | 19.20 | 31.00 | 1.64 | 0.143 | 0.102 | 1.66 |
| HS970553 | 97050055 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 05:31 | 54.657 | 152.242 | 3.57 | 32.88 | 32.887 | 19.40 | 31.80 | 1.65 | 0.128 | 0.087 | 1.67 |
| HS970554 | 97050056 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 08:04 | 54.474 | 152.193 | 3.60 | 32.89 | 32.905 | 19.70 | 31.60 | 1.67 | 0.153 | 0.098 | 1.69 |
| HS970555 | 97050057 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 10:28 | 54.358 | 152.175 | 3.55 | 32.86 | 32.867 | 19.00 | 31.90 | 1.62 | 0.177 | 0.116 | 1.68 |
| HS970556 | 97050058 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 13:02 | 54.204 | 152.131 | 3.69 | 32.81 | 32.829 | 17.90 | 29.30 | 1.43 | 0.174 | 0.127 | 1.65 |
| HS970557 | 97050059 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 14:58 | 54.124 | 152.139 | 3.71 | 32.81 | 32.824 | 17.90 | 29.30 | 1.63 | 0.146 | 0.101 | 1.67 |
| HS970558 | 97050060 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 18:11 | 53.988 | 152.168 | 3.83 | 32.77 | 32.784 | 17.00 | 28.20 | 1.52 | 0.156 | 0.137 | 1.60 |
| HS970559 | 97050061 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 24-Mar-97 | 22:02 | 53.591 | 151.934 | 3.98 | 32.71 | 32.713 | 17.30 | 27.70 | 1.54 | 0.089 | 0.097 | 1.54 |
| HS970560 | 97050063 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 25-Mar-97 | 02:03 | 53.130 | 151.622 | 3.87 | 32.85 | 32.856 | 17.30 | 28.50 | 1.69 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| HS970561 | 97050064 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 25-Mar-97 | 05:28 | 52.754 | 151.344 | 3.88 | 32.85 | 32.849 | 19.00 | 31.20 | 1.66 | 0.110 | 0.092 | 1.61 |
| HS970562 | 97050065 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 25-Mar-97 | 08:04 | 52.559 | 151.150 | 4.07 | 32.76 | 32.762 | 17.10 | 27.00 | 1.52 | 0.132 | 0.110 | 1.62 |
| HS970563 | 97050066 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 25-Mar-97 | 12:31 | 52.303 | 150.950 | 4.24 | 32.74 | 32.746 | 16.40 | 25.10 | 2.01 | 0.139 | 0.103 | 1.65 |
| HS970564 | 97050067 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 25-Mar-97 | 14:53 | 52.187 | 150.928 | 4.18 | 32.74 | 32.741 | 16.50 | N/A | 1.50 | 0.114 | 0.091 | 1.63 |
| HS970565 | 97050068 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 25-Mar-97 | 18:17 | 52.017 | 150.801 | 4.19 | 32.73 | 32.741 | 16.40 | 25.50 | 1.49 | 0.151 | 0.126 | 1.61 |
| HS970566 | 97050069 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 25-Mar-97 | 22:01 | 51.625 | 150.640 | 4.25 | 32.73 | 32.733 | 16.80 | 25.20 | 1.47 | 0.111 | 0.119 | 1.55 |
| HS970567 | 97050070 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 26-Mar-97 | 02:02 | 51.130 | 150.399 | 4.44 | 32.70 | 32.717 | 14.60 | 21.50 | 1.40 | 0.083 | 0.084 | 1.56 |
| HS970568 | 97050071 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 26-Mar-97 | 05:33 | 50.741 | 150.248 | 4.57 | 32.69 | 32.703 | 15.10 | 23.80 | 1.38 | 0.108 | 0.104 | 1.57 |
| HS970569 | 97050072 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 26-Mar-97 | 09:01 | 50.662 | 150.263 | 4.49 | 32.71 | 32.714 | 15.50 | 22.90 | 1.41 | 0.131 | 0.118 | 1.60 |
| HS970570 | XBT003 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 27-Mar-97 | 15:37 | 49.330 | 147.010 | 6.33 | 32.74 | 32.756 | 14.20 | 18.70 | 1.30 | 0.101 | 0.099 | 1.57 |
| HS970571 | XBT004 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 27-Mar-97 | 20:53 | 49.130 | 145.900 | 6.32 | 32.73 | 32.832 | 13.10 | 16.50 | 1.22 | 0.211 | 0.157 | 1.65 |
| HS970572 | XBT005 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 28-Mar-97 | 02:10 | 48.990 | 145.000 | 6.43 | 32.71 | 32.855 | 12.40 | 17.00 | 1.17 | 0.225 | 0.138 | 1.70 |
| HS970573 | XBT007 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 28-Mar-97 | 07:30 | 48.900 | 144.000 | 6.63 | 32.60 | 32.842 | 11.30 | 14.50 | 0.99 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| HS970574 | XBT008 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 28-Mar-97 | 12:30 | 48.800 | 143.040 | 6.75 | 32.63 | 32.878 | 10.80 | 14.40 | 1.14 | 0.155 | 0.116 | 1.65 |
| HS970575 | XBT009 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 28-Mar-97 | 18:37 | 48.990 | 142.000 | N/A | N/A | 32.796 | 12.40 | 16.70 | 1.18 | 0.181 | 0.124 | 1.67 |
| HS970576 | 97050073 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 29-Mar-97 | 08:46 | 49.565 | 141.276 | 6.33 | 32.74 | 32.741 | 12.00 | 22.00 | 1.15 | 0.235 | 0.129 | 1.73 |
| HS970577 | 97050074 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 29-Mar-97 | 18:24 | 49.546 | 141.007 | 6.32 | 32.73 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| HS970578 | 97050075 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 29-Mar-97 | 23:07 | 49.670 | 140.009 | 6.43 | 32.71 | 32.717 | 11.50 | 16.80 | 1.17 | 0.265 | 0.152 | 1.72 |
| HS970579 | 97050076 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 30-Mar-97 | 03:52 | 49.767 | 139.009 | 6.63 | 32.60 | 32.599 | 9.40 | 13.50 | 1.05 | 0.228 | 0.168 | 1.65 |
| HS970580 | 97050077 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 30-Mar-97 | 08:55 | 49.879 | 138.003 | 6.75 | 32.63 | 32.640 | 9.90 | 20.60 | 1.11 | 0.284 | 0.178 | 1.69 |
| HS970581 | XBT010 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 30-Mar-97 | 16:00 | 49.933 | 137.000 | N/A | N/A | 32.626 | 9.50 | 15.70 | 1.21 | 0.274 | 0.139 | 1.75 |
| HS970582 | XBT012 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 30-Mar-97 | 20:00 | 50.000 | 136.000 | N/A | N/A | 32.581 | 8.50 | 16.90 | 1.01 | 0.207 | 0.153 | 1.65 |
| HS970583 | XBT013 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 31-Mar-97 | 00:23 | 50.008 | 135.000 | N/A | N/A | 32.587 | 9.70 | 13.50 | 1.14 | 0.268 | 0.247 | 1.59 |
| HS970584 | XBT014 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 31-Mar-97 | 04:24 | 50.198 | 134.000 | N/A | N/A | 32.556 | 11.10 | 44.50 | 1.01 | 0.226 | 0.222 | 1.57 |
| HS970585 | 97050078 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 31-Mar-97 | 08:35 | 50.245 | 133.000 | 7.14 | 32.54 | 32.545 | 10.20 | 16.10 | 1.12 | 0.199 | 0.202 | 1.56 |
| HS970586 | 97050079 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 31-Mar-97 | 12:59 | 50.346 | 132.007 | 7.68 | 32.55 | 32.562 | 7.10 | 10.10 | 0.93 | 0.228 | 0.145 | 1.69 |
| HS970587 | 97050080 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 31-Mar-97 | 17:32 | 50.428 | 131.015 | 7.43 | 32.47 | 32.467 | 8.60 | 14.70 | 1.03 | 0.503 | 0.392 | 1.64 |
| HS970588 | 97050081 | OFFSHORE | OFFSHORE | 31-Mar-97 | 22:24 | 50.536 | 130.012 | 8.02 | 32.21 | 32.215 | 7.10 | 13.30 | 0.88 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| HS970589 | 97050082 | VANCOUVER ISLAND | VANCOUVER ISLAND | 01-Apr-97 | 03:20 | 50.648 | 129.001 | 7.97 | 30.45 | 30.346 | 11.40 | 21.90 | 1.18 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| HS970590 | 97050083 | VANCOUVER ISLAND | VANCOUVER ISLAND | 01-Apr-97 | 05:23 | 50.696 | 128.608 | 7.96 | 29.68 | 29.773 | 11.10 | 21.40 | 1.09 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Table 4．Zooplankton data from bongo tows collected on the W．E．Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska，March 11 －April 3， 1997.
Plankton Weights by Size Fraction

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Table 5. Replicate sampling conducted to compare zooplankton abundance estimates with Bongo, SCOR and NORPAC nets, on the W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska, March 11 - April 3, 1997.

| Date | Latitude <br> ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ ) | Longitude ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$ ) | Gear | Replicate Number | Flowmeter Reading | $\begin{gathered} \text { Start } \\ \text { Time (PST) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Start } \\ \text { Time (PST) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Tow Duration | Target Depth (m) | Wire Angle ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | Wire Out (m) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | NORPAC | 1 | 1,220 | 09:25 | 09:40 | 0:15 | 150 | 30 | 170 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | SCOR | 1 | 1,930 | 09:41 | 09:55 | 0:14 | 150 | 20 | 160 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | Bongo | 1 | 1,122 | 10:02 | 10:17 | 0:15 | 150 | 21 | 161 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | NORPAC | 2 | 1,375 | 10:30 | 10:45 | 0:15 | 150 | 17 | 157 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | SCOR | 2 | 1,235 | 10:45 | 10:55 | 0:10 | 150 | 15 | 155 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | Bongo | 2 | 1,327 | 10:55 | 11:03 | 0:08 | 150 | 15 | 155 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | SCOR | 3 | 1,715 | 11:10 | 11:21 | 0:11 | 150 | 22 | 167 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | NORPAC | 3 | 2,340 | 11:23 | 11:35 | 0:12 | 150 | 10 | 153 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | Bongo | 3 | 1,186 | 11:36 | 11:47 | 0:11 | >144 | 0 | $>144$ |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | NORPAC | 4 | 1,740 | 12:00 | 12:25 | 0:25 | 140 | 0 | >140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | SCOR | 4 | 3,490 | 12:27 | 12:40 | 0:13 | NA | 15 | >155 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | Bongo | 4 | 1,825 | 13:17 | 13:25 | 0:08 | 140 | 0 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | SCOR | 5 | 1,855 | 13:41 | 13:56 | 0:15 | 140 | 0 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | NORPAC | 5 | 1,050 | 13:58 | 14:07 | 0:09 | 140 | 0 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | Bongo | 5 | 1,900 | 14:11 | 14:19 | 0:08 | 121 | 30 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | SCOR | 6 | 1,960 | 14:22 | 14:30 | 0:08 | 135 | 15 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | NORPAC | 6 | 1,070 | 14:31 | 14:42 | 0:11 | 140 | 0 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | Bongo | 6 | 1,000 | 14:43 | 14:53 | 0:10 | 137 | 12 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | NORPAC | 7 | 1,225 | 14:53 | 15:02 | 0:09 | 115 | 35 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | SCOR | 7 | 1,167 | 15:03 | 15:10 | 0:07 | 130 | 22 | 140 |
| 29-Mar-97 | 49.565 | 141.276 | Bongo | 7 | 1,440 | 15:13 | 15:21 | 0:08 | 138 | 10 | 140 |
| 30-Mar-97 | 49.879 | 138.003 | SCOR | 8 | 1,925 | 10:35 | 10:48 | 0:13 | 149 | 33 | 178 |
| 30-Mar-97 | 49.879 | 138.003 | NORPAC | 8 | 2,383 | 10:55 | 11:08 | 0:13 | 151 | 33 | 180 |
| 30-Mar-97 | 49.879 | 138.003 | Bongo | 8 | 2,145 | 11:17 | 11:30 | 0:13 | 156 | 12 | 160 |



Figure 1. Fishing stations completed on the CCGS W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska during March 11 - April 3, 1997.


Figure:2. Oceanographic stations completed on the CCGS W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska during March 11 - April 3, 1997.


Figure 3. Zooplankton stations completed on the CCGS W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska during March 11 - April 3, 1997.


Figure:4. Summary of chinook salmon catches on the CCGS W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska during March 11 - April 3, 1997.


Figure 5. Summary of sockeye salmon catches on the CCGS W.E. Ricker survey to the Gulf of Alaska during March 11 - April 3, 1997.

