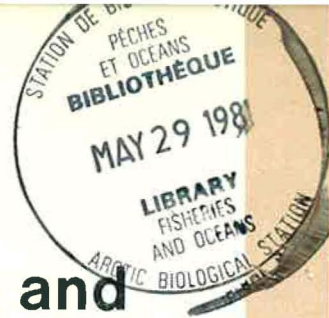


DFO - Library / MPO - Bibliothèque



14010547



The Proximate Composition and Caloric Content of Arctic Marine Invertebrates from Frobisher Bay

J. A. Percy and F. J. Fife

Arctic Biological Station
Department of Fisheries and Oceans
Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec H9X 3R4

September 1980

Canadian Data Report of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences No. 214

QH
90.5
C33
No 214

Department of Fisheries and Oceans / Gouvernement du Canada Pêches et Océans

Canadian Data Report of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences

These reports provide a medium for filing and archiving data compilations where little or no analysis is included. Such compilations commonly will have been prepared in support of other journal publications or reports. The subject matter of Data Reports reflects the broad interests and policies of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans, namely, fisheries management, technology and development, ocean sciences, and aquatic environments relevant to Canada.

Numbers 1-25 in this series were issued as Fisheries and Marine Service Data Records. Numbers 26-160 were issued as Department of Fisheries and the Environment, Fisheries and Marine Service Data Reports. The current series name was changed with report number 161.

Data Reports are not intended for general distribution and the contents must not be referred to in other publications without prior written clearance from the issuing establishment. The correct citation appears above the abstract of each report.

Rapport statistique canadien des sciences halieutiques et aquatiques

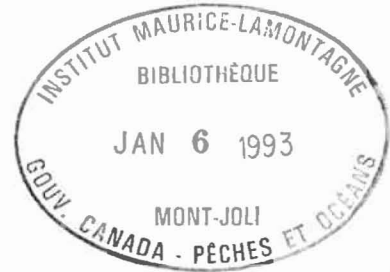
Ces rapports servent de base à la compilation des données de classement et d'archives pour lesquelles il y a peu ou point d'analyse. Cette compilation aura d'ordinaire été préparée pour appuyer d'autres publications ou rapports. Les sujets des Rapports statistiques reflètent la vaste gamme des intérêts et politiques du Ministère des Pêches et des Océans, notamment gestion des pêches, techniques et développement, sciences océaniques et environnements aquatiques, au Canada.

Les numéros 1 à 25 de cette série ont été publiés à titre de Records statistiques, Service des pêches et de la mer. Les numéros 26-160 ont été publiés à titre de Rapports statistiques du Service des pêches et de la mer, Ministère des Pêches et de l'Environnement. Le nom de la série a été modifié à partir du numéro 161.

Les Rapports statistiques ne sont pas préparés pour une vaste distribution et leur contenu ne doit pas être mentionné dans une publication sans autorisation écrite préalable de l'établissement auteur. Le titre exact paraît au haut du résumé de chaque rapport.

Canadian Data Report of
Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 214

September 1980



THE PROXIMATE COMPOSITION AND CALORIC CONTENT OF
ARCTIC MARINE INVERTEBRATES FROM FROBISHER BAY

by

J. A. Percy and F. J. Fife

Arctic Biological Station
Department of Fisheries and Oceans
555 St. Pierre Boulevard
Ste. Anne de Bellevue, Quebec H9X 3R4

QH
90.5
C33
No 214

© Minister of Supply and Services Canada 1980

Cat. No. Fs 97-13/0214

ISSN 0706-6465

Correct citation for this publication:

Percy, J. A., and F. J. Fife. 1980. The proximate composition and caloric content of arctic marine invertebrates from Frobisher Bay. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 214: iv + 35 p.

CONTENTS

Abstract/Résumé	iv
Introduction	1
Methods	3
List of tables	6
Tables 1-20	8
Acknowledgements	33
References	34

ABSTRACT

Percy, J. A., and F. J. Fife. 1980. The proximate composition and caloric content of arctic marine invertebrates from Frobisher Bay. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 214: iv + 35 p.

This report serves as a repository for tabular data relating to the proximate composition (water, protein, lipid, carbohydrate and ash) and energy content (calories per unit dry weight and per unit ash free weight) of 20 species of marine invertebrates collected during the open water season in Frobisher Bay, N.W.T. Fifteen of the species are planktonic and represent 8 major invertebrate groups, while the remainder are benthic crustaceans.

Key words: Arctic, zooplankton, biochemical composition, crustaceans, caloric content.

RÉSUMÉ

Percy, J. A., and F. J. Fife. 1980. The proximate composition and caloric content of arctic marine invertebrates from Frobisher Bay. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 214: iv + 35 p.

Ce rapport sert de répertoire pour les données tabulaires reliées à la composition biochimique (eau, protéine, graisse, hydrate de carbone et cendre) et au contenu d'énergie calorifique de 20 espèces d'invertébrés marins qui ont été ramassés durant l'été dans la Baie du Frobisher, T.N.O. Quinze de ces espèces sont planctoniques, et consistent de 8 groupes majeurs d'invertébrés, tandis que les autres sont des crustacés benthiques.

INTRODUCTION

There have been many studies of the trophic interrelationships within marine zooplankton communities in different regions of the world. Early qualitative studies primarily attempted to describe the basic form of the feeding network by arranging the diverse elements in discrete trophic levels. More recent quantitative studies have emphasized the dynamic nature of the complex interchange of both matter and energy between the different levels. Information about the occurrence, relative amount, biological transformation and transfer, and physiological role of each of the important classes of biochemical compounds is clearly useful in understanding the pattern of energy utilization within a particular community.

Many of the earliest studies measured only the concentrations of different chemical compounds in unsorted mass zooplankton samples and are of limited utility in working out the details of community energetics. More recent investigations have focussed on the proximate biochemical composition of individual species. The most useful of these studies also provide information about seasonal fluctuations in concentrations of major classes of compounds. The majority of such studies have dealt with either tropical or temperate species; only a limited number have been carried out on antarctic (Littlepage, 1964; Ferguson and Raymont, 1974; Clarke, 1980) and arctic species (Ikeda, 1974; Lee, 1974, 1975). Such studies carried out on high latitude species are of particular interest because of the pronounced shortening of the period of primary production in ice-covered polar seas and the consequent possibility of compensatory adjustments in the energetics of polar zooplankton.

A complementary approach to better understanding the energetics of zooplankton communities involves estimating the relative amounts of caloric energy in the different components of the community. This is a prerequisite for determining the rates of energy transfer between different trophic levels. Once again, the available data pertains almost exclusively to tropical and temperate species. Little if any information is available about the caloric content of polar marine zooplankton.

In conjunction with an ongoing study of the energetics of several macrozooplanktonic carnivores important in Southern Baffin Island waters we have gathered some data on the proximate chemical composition and caloric energy content of many of the common macrozooplankton species found in the area. Comparable values for several species of benthic crustaceans were also obtained. This report serves as a repository for the bulk of the preliminary biochemical and caloric data.

METHODS

Zooplankton samples were collected with a 1-metre stramin net at irregular intervals during two summers at a station in upper Frobisher Bay (Station 5 of Grainger, 1971; 63°40.2'N, 68°26.3'W). Euphausiids were only rarely encountered at this station, but were readily obtained at a deeper station on the opposite side of Frobisher Bay (Station 51; 63°38.8'N, 68°35.6'W). A total of 15 different zooplankton species were analyzed in the present study. These are listed in Table 1. The polychaetes and calanoid copepods were not identified to species; those indicated in Table 1 have been reported to occur at Station 5 (Grainger, 1971).

The benthic species consisted of four gammaridean amphipods and an isopod. Anonyx nugax and Orchomonella minuta were collected in baited traps in about 10 metres of water adjacent to Mair Island. Mesidotea sabini, Onisimus litoralis and Gammarus setosus were collected intertidally either in the vicinity of the causeway at Frobisher Bay or on the beach northwest of Apex Hill.

For certain species it was necessary to pool collections made on several different days in order to obtain sufficient material for analysis; thus, the collection periods usually represent a range of dates as follows:

- BCU1 - July 22, 1978
- BCU2 - July 27-August 9, 1978
- BCU3 - August 11-29, 1978
- BCU4 - September 19-20, 1978
- BCU6 - July 29-August 4, 1979
- BCU7 - August 6-28, 1979
- BCU8 - September 7-23, 1979

The animals were transported rapidly to the laboratory in chilled seawater and sorted immediately to species. As this was intended to be a wide ranging preliminary survey no attempt was made to restrict the size range of animals used in most of the samples. The samples were rinsed with isotonic ammonium formate, drained for 2 minutes on plankton netting over vacuum and weighed (live weight). The samples were then quick frozen and lyophilized. In those instances where it proved necessary to pool material from a number of collections the samples were accumulated in a freezer for several days prior to lyophilization. The lyophilized samples were stored in a freezer at -20°C , except during transport to the home laboratory. The final analyses were generally carried out within nine months of collection. Prior to analysis the samples were redried for several hours at 70°C , cooled in a dessicator and reweighed (dry weight). The samples were then ground finely, mixed thoroughly and subsamples taken for analysis.

Protein was measured spectrophotometrically by the Biuret method following the procedure of Bamstedt (1974). Samples of 5-10 mg were used and bovine albumin was used as a standard.

Lipid was measured gravimetrically following extraction of 50-100 mg tissue samples with chloroform-methanol (2:1) in a microsoxhlet extractor. The resulting crude lipid extract was washed with a 0.9% NaCl solution to remove non-lipid contaminants according to the method of Folch et al. (1957). The solvent was evaporated at 70°C and the residue held overnight in a dessicator prior to weighing.

Carbohydrate was measured spectrophotometrically by the anthrone method, as described by Dowgiallo (1975), following digestion of 10-20 mg

samples in hot 10% trichloro acetic acid.

Ash content was estimated by incinerating 30-60 mg samples at 500°C for four hours and measuring the weight loss.

The caloric content of pelletized 10-20 mg samples was determined with a Phillipson microbomb calorimeter (Phillipson, 1964) using standard procedures. In the case of tissues having a high inorganic content (such as ctenophores and coelenterates) it was necessary to add 10-30% benzoic acid to ensure proper ignition of the samples.

In order to assess the precision of the various biochemical procedures a large sample of dried tissue of the marine amphipod Boeckosimus (Onisimus) affinis collected in an earlier study was finely ground and thoroughly mixed. Samples, equivalent in weight and number to those generally employed in the different assays were tested at irregular intervals. Representative results are included in Tables 2-5.

LIST OF TABLES

- Table 1. List of species examined in the present study.
- Table 2. Estimate of precision for protein analysis.
- Table 3. Estimate of precision for lipid analysis.
- Table 4. Estimate of precision for carbohydrate analysis.
- Table 5. Estimate of precision for ash analysis.
- Table 6. Water content of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.
- Table 7. Protein content of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.
- Table 8. Lipid content of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.
- Table 9. Carbohydrate content of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.
- Table 10. Ash content of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.
- Table 11. Caloric content of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.
- Table 12. Summary of proximate biochemical composition of the principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.
- Table 13. Summary of organic content, caloric content per unit dry weight and per unit ash free dry weight for the principal macrozooplankton species and for several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.

- Table 14. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans on basis of total water content.
- Table 15. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans on basis of total protein content.
- Table 16. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans on basis of total lipid content.
- Table 17. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans on basis of total carbohydrate content.
- Table 18. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans on basis of total organic content.
- Table 19. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans on basis of total caloric content expressed in terms of dry weight.
- Table 20. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans on basis of total caloric content expressed in terms of ash free dry weight.

Table 1. List of species examined in the present study. Benthic species indicated by "B" after the name.

Ceolenterata:

Bougainvillia superciliaris (L. Agassiz).
Halitholus cirratus Hartlaub
Sarsia princeps (Haeckel)
Hybocodon prolifer L. Agassiz
Aglantha digitale (O. F. Müller)

Ctenophora:

Mertensia ovum (Fabricius)
Beroe cucumis Fabricius

Polychaeta:

Autolytus spp. [A. alexandri Malmgren, A. cornutus Agassiz,
A. prismaticus (Müller)]

Gastropoda:

Spiratella helicina (Phipps)
Clione limacina (Phipps)

Copepoda:

Calanus spp. (C. glacialis Yaschnov, C. hyperboreus Krøyer)

Isopoda:

Mesidotea sabini (Krøyer) (B)

Amphipoda:

Hyperiidea:

Parathemisto libellula (Lichtenstein)
Hyperoche medusarum (Krøyer)

Gammaridea:

Gammarus setosus Dementieva (B)
Onisimus litoralis (Krøyer) (B)
Orchomonella minuta (Krøyer) (B)
Anonyx nugax Phipps (B)

Euphausiacea:

Thysanoessa inermis (Krøyer)

Chaetognatha:

Sagitta elegans Verrill

Table 2. Estimate of precision for protein analysis.

No.	Replicate analyses				
	A	B	C	D	E
1	27.65	28.81	29.56	27.3	29.7
2	28.42	31.60	29.07	26.5	31.1
3	28.07	26.96	24.03	30.9	30.0
4	28.83	28.27	26.37	27.0	29.2
5	29.21	29.61	24.03	26.0	28.0
6	27.85	29.20	25.59	25.9	28.9
7	28.89	28.28	28.64		28.3
8			27.82		29.7
9			25.03		31.7
10			27.46		31.0
11			26.83		30.3
12			28.09		
13			24.11		
14			27.71		
15			26.13		
<hr/>					
N	7	7	15	6	11
\bar{X}	28.42	28.96	26.70	27.3	29.8
S.D.	0.58	1.44	1.85	1.9	1.2
S.E.	0.22	0.54	0.48	0.8	0.4
C.V.	2.06	4.97	6.92	7.1	3.9
95% C.I.*	±1.42	±3.53	±4.00	±5.0	±2.6

*95% confidence interval

Table 3. Estimate of precision for lipid analysis.

No.	Replicate analyses					
	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	7.04	7.48	6.72	7.56	7.69	7.85
2	6.94	7.03	6.68	7.96	6.70	7.33
3	7.22	7.19	7.03	7.87	7.80	7.50
4	7.12	7.19	6.81	8.06	6.84	6.43
5	7.06	7.37	6.61	7.73	5.91	6.96
6		7.31	6.73	7.84	6.95	6.62
7		6.78	6.98	8.30	7.69	7.35
8		7.17	6.83			7.15
N	5	8	8	7	7	8
\bar{X}	7.08	7.19	6.80	7.90	7.08	7.15
S.D.	0.10	0.22	0.15	0.24	0.69	0.47
S.E.	0.05	0.08	0.05	0.09	0.26	0.16
C.V.	1.46	3.00	2.14	2.97	9.75	6.52
95% C.I.	±0.28	±0.52	±0.35	±0.59	±1.69	±1.11

Table 4. Estimate of precision for carbohydrate analysis.

No.	Replicate analyses			
	A	B	C	D
1	2.61	2.61	2.35	2.52
2	2.99	2.64	2.39	2.50
3	2.88	2.46	2.49	2.37
4	3.06	2.47	2.51	2.72
5	2.90	2.51	2.47	2.63
6	2.94	2.55	2.24	2.54
7		2.47	2.34	2.71
8				2.43
N	6	7	7	8
\bar{X}	2.90	2.51	2.40	2.55
S.D.	0.15	0.10	0.09	0.13
S.E.	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.04
C.V.	5.34	4.03	4.06	4.94
95% C.I.	± 0.39	± 0.25	± 0.22	± 0.31

Table 5. Estimate of precision for ash analysis.

No.	Replicate analyses		
	A	B	C
1	43.70	43.61	42.87
2	43.24	43.71	43.03
3	43.53	43.52	43.28
4	43.67	42.90	43.18
5	43.11	43.07	43.71
6	43.51	43.59	43.52
7	43.83	43.43	43.06
8	43.62	42.92	43.11
9	42.94	42.80	43.46
10	43.58	43.48	43.43
N	10	10	10
\bar{X}	43.47	43.30	43.27
S.D.	0.28	0.34	0.26
S.E.	0.09	0.13	0.08
C.V.	0.65	0.78	0.60
95% C.I.	± 0.63	± 0.83	± 0.59

Table 6. Water content (% of live weight) of principal macrozooplankton species, and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.

Species	Coll. no. ¹	N ²	\bar{X}	S.D. ³	$\pm 95\%$ ⁴ C.I.	C.V. ⁵
A. Zooplanktonic:						
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU2	2	95.71	0.33	4.19	0.35
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU2	2	97.05	1.46	18.54	1.51
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU2	3	94.30	1.39	5.98	1.48
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU2	5	90.39	1.05	2.92	1.17
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU2	1	70.54	--	--	--
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU2	4	79.34	0.68	2.16	0.86
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU2	1	79.59	--	--	--
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU2	1	75.86	--	--	--
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU3	3	92.13	0.71	3.05	0.88
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU3	8	90.53	0.37	0.87	0.41
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU3	6	64.24	3.85	9.89	5.99
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU3	5	96.04	1.98	5.50	2.06
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU3	1	85.94	--	--	--
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU3	3	78.35	2.52	10.84	3.21
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU4	7	61.84	0.90	2.21	1.46
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU4	5	95.70	0.18	0.50	0.19
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU4	7	90.11	0.30	0.74	0.33
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU4	5	75.78	0.76	2.11	1.00
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU4	3	92.69	0.88	3.78	0.94
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU4	5	95.64	0.18	0.50	0.18
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU4	1	75.86	--	--	--
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU4	1	88.89	--	--	--
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU4	3	68.18	5.95	25.59	8.73
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU4	8	94.93	0.39	0.92	0.41
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU4	7	95.79	0.18	0.44	0.18
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU4	3	95.56	0.20	0.86	0.21
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU6	2	78.58	1.24	15.75	1.58
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU6	1	90.21	--	--	--
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU7	1	73.87	--	--	--
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU7	2	83.82	1.80	22.86	2.15
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU7	1	96.17	--	--	--
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU7	1	96.02	--	--	--
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU7	1	94.94	--	--	--
B. Benthic:						
<u>Mesidotea sabini</u>	BCU1	4	83.95	1.79	5.69	2.14
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU1	6	79.51	0.93	2.39	1.17
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU3	3	72.80	0.84	3.61	1.15
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU3	6	79.04	0.85	2.18	1.07
<u>Anonyx nugax</u>	BCU3	4	73.03	1.45	4.61	1.99
<u>Gammarus setosus (male)</u>	BCU4	6	78.56	0.36	0.93	0.46
<u>Gammarus setosus (fem.)</u>	BCU4	6	73.18	0.77	1.98	1.06
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU4	4	77.67	0.74	2.35	0.96
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU4	1	75.09	--	--	--

¹Collection number²Number of samples analyzed³Standard deviation⁴ $\pm 95\%$ confidence interval⁵Coefficient of variation

Table 7. Protein content (% of dry weight) of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.

Species	Coll. no.	N	\bar{X}	S.D.	$\pm 95\%$ C.I.	C.V.
A. Zooplanktonic:						
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU2	7	22.18	0.80	1.96	3.60
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU2	6	52.36	2.71	6.96	5.17
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU2	7	39.16	1.55	3.80	3.96
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU2	7	36.09	2.37	5.81	6.57
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU2	7	56.77	2.70	6.62	4.75
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU3	6	40.07	2.38	6.12	5.94
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU3	6	69.84	2.68	6.89	3.84
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU3	7	23.76	0.92	2.25	3.85
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU3	6	58.57	2.86	7.35	4.88
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU3	7	37.05	2.66	6.52	7.17
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU3	5	7.73	0.62	1.72	7.95
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU3	7	70.73	1.37	3.36	1.95
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU3	1	31.04	--	--	--
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU4	7	18.15	0.81	1.98	4.44
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU4	7	63.28	2.69	6.59	4.26
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU4	7	36.97	1.42	3.48	3.85
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU4	12	21.63	2.01	4.42	9.29
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU4	7	43.91	0.83	2.03	1.90
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU4	6	14.28	0.88	2.26	6.14
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU4	7	19.87	1.14	2.79	5.73
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU4	7	14.51	1.76	4.31	12.16
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU4	7	39.77	2.35	5.76	5.90
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU4	14	36.43	1.04	2.25	2.86
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU6	1	14.85	--	--	--
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU6	4	70.14	4.80	15.26	6.85
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU7	2	35.94	1.05	13.34	2.93
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU7	4	8.76	0.34	1.08	3.90
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU7	3	10.42	0.65	2.80	6.24
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU7	2	22.95	1.22	15.49	5.33
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU7	1	77.01	--	--	--
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU8	6	8.74	0.23	0.59	2.57
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU8	8	10.91	0.72	1.70	6.58
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU8	2	78.83	6.05	76.83	7.67
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU8	8	22.10	0.57	1.35	2.58
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU8	3	14.69	0.44	1.89	3.00
B. Benthic:						
<u>Mesidotea sabini</u>	BCU1	6	27.27	1.06	2.72	3.90
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU1	7	41.18	1.66	4.07	4.04
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU3	7	53.67	2.07	5.07	3.86
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU3	6	44.30	2.12	5.45	4.78
<u>Anonyx nugax (adult)</u>	BCU3	7	35.94	1.97	4.83	5.49
<u>Anonyx nugax (juv.)</u>	BCU3	6	41.11	1.19	3.06	2.90
<u>Orchomonella minuta</u>	BCU3	7	32.10	1.99	4.88	6.20
<u>Gammarus setosus (male)</u>	BCU4	7	44.11	2.12	5.19	4.80
<u>Gammarus setosus (fem.)</u>	BCU4	7	45.39	1.30	3.19	2.88

Table 8. Lipid content (% of dry weight) of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.

Species	Coll. no.	N	\bar{X}	S.D.	$\pm 95\%$ C.I.	C.V.
A. Zooplanktonic:						
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU2	8	5.28	0.24	0.57	4.54
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU2	6	17.64	2.58	6.63	14.59
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU2	8	18.19	0.57	1.35	3.13
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU2	5	16.99	0.63	1.75	3.70
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU2	3	6.75	1.17	5.03	17.40
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU2	3	57.00	3.30	14.19	5.79
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU3	8	10.20	0.34	0.80	3.32
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU3	8	57.38	2.36	5.57	4.11
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU3	3	7.61	0.75	3.23	9.91
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU3	7	6.82	1.35	3.31	19.79
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU3	5	23.85	0.23	0.64	0.96
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU3	5	25.09	0.76	2.11	3.05
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU3	3	22.17	0.31	1.33	1.38
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU3	6	19.93	2.83	7.27	14.20
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU3	1	22.08	--	--	--
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU3	1	9.07	--	--	--
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU4	8	34.60	0.27	0.64	0.77
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU4	8	14.35	0.41	0.97	2.84
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU4	8	57.37	1.43	3.37	2.50
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU4	4	23.80	0.38	1.21	1.61
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU4	7	6.00	1.58	3.87	26.33
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU4	4	24.42	0.11	0.35	0.44
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU4	5	52.43	1.80	5.00	3.43
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU4	4	5.49	0.55	1.75	10.05
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU4	5	7.32	0.46	1.28	6.28
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU4	3	7.78	0.44	1.89	5.66
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU4	3	7.66	0.45	1.94	5.87
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU6	2	9.99	1.69	21.46	16.92
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU6	2	18.26	1.61	20.45	8.82
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU7	4	6.02	0.48	1.53	7.97
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU7	2	19.06	1.07	13.59	5.61
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU7	2	27.24	0.95	12.07	3.49
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU7	4	4.57	0.27	0.86	5.91
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU7	1	13.11	--	--	--
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU8	5	4.35	0.81	2.25	18.62
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU8	4	5.88	0.37	1.18	6.29
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU8	4	16.68	0.69	2.19	4.14
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU8	7	6.89	0.91	2.23	13.21
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU8	8	8.05	0.45	1.06	5.59

Table 8. (Continued)

Species	Coll. no.	N	\bar{X}	S.D.	$\pm 95\%$ C.I.	C.V.
B. Benthic:						
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU1	8	7.52	0.39	0.92	5.15
<u>Mesidotea sabini</u>	BCU1	8	2.66	0.26	0.61	9.86
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (adult)	BCU3	8	25.61	0.44	1.04	1.73
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU3	5	21.45	0.44	1.22	2.05
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (juv.)	BCU3	8	18.41	0.24	0.57	1.31
<u>Orchomonella minuta</u>	BCU3	5	14.97	1.78	4.95	11.91
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU3	7	9.18	0.39	0.96	4.30
<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (male)	BCU4	7	7.30	0.49	1.20	6.69
<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (fem.)	BCU4	5	14.29	0.36	1.00	2.55

Table 9. Carbohydrate content (% of dry weight) of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.

Species	Coll. no.	N	\bar{X}	S.D.	$\pm 95\%$ C.I.	C.V.
A. Zooplanktonic:						
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU2	7	0.53	0.02	0.05	3.24
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU2	7	0.77	0.05	0.12	6.05
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU2	6	0.23	0.05	0.13	20.31
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU2	7	1.09	0.14	0.34	12.94
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU3	7	0.96	0.12	0.29	12.98
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU3	7	0.25	0.08	0.20	32.79
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU3	6	0.24	0.06	0.15	24.69
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU3	7	0.69	0.04	0.10	6.19
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU3	7	0.96	0.04	0.10	4.47
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU3	6	0.95	0.12	0.31	12.39
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU3	3	5.14	0.31	1.34	6.10
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU3	1	0.76	--	--	--
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU4	7	0.24	0.07	0.17	29.67
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU4	6	0.10	0.02	0.05	21.52
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU4	7	1.46	0.12	0.29	8.21
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU4	7	0.63	0.03	0.07	4.92
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU4	5	0.38	0.05	0.14	13.36
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU4	7	0.26	0.03	0.07	9.78
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU4	7	0.53	0.02	0.05	2.97
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU4	7	0.65	0.05	0.12	7.50
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU4	2	0.67	0.20	2.54	29.55
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU4	2	0.68	0.06	0.76	8.82
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU6	2	2.49	0.05	0.64	1.99
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU7	1	2.88	--	--	--
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU7	2	0.78	0.03	0.38	3.63
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU7	2	0.80	0.09	1.14	11.56
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU7	2	0.73	0.15	1.91	20.48
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU8	6	0.55	0.02	0.05	3.55
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU8	2	0.68	0.05	0.64	7.33
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU8	1	4.21	--	--	--
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU8	4	0.85	0.07	0.22	8.12
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU8	8	0.43	0.02	0.05	4.00
B. Benthic:						
<u>Mesidotea sabini</u>	BCU1	7	0.73	0.07	0.17	9.45
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU1	7	2.97	0.06	0.15	2.10
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU3	7	2.89	0.27	0.66	9.18
<u>Anonyx nugax (adult)</u>	BCU3	7	1.75	0.08	0.20	4.84
<u>Anonyx nugax (juv.)</u>	BCU3	6	1.51	0.08	0.21	5.41
<u>Orchomonella minuta</u>	BCU3	7	4.50	0.10	0.25	2.17
<u>Gammarus setosus (male)</u>	BCU4	7	2.82	0.08	0.20	2.77
<u>Gammarus setosus (fem.)</u>	BCU4	7	2.08	0.08	0.20	4.01

Table 10. Ash content (% of dry weight) of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.

Species	Coll. no.	N	\bar{X}	S.D.	$\pm 95\%$ C.I.	C.V.
A. Zooplanktonic:						
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU2	3	18.91	1.42	6.11	7.49
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU2	2	63.33	0.33	4.19	5.25
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU2	3	40.86	0.22	0.95	0.54
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU2	2	16.73	0.15	1.91	0.89
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU2	2	5.29	0.18	2.29	3.48
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU2	1	56.13	--	--	--
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU2	8	59.33	1.21	2.86	2.03
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU3	5	15.62	0.31	0.86	1.99
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU3	5	3.59	0.11	0.31	3.18
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU3	4	57.90	1.54	4.90	2.66
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU3	1	16.98	--	--	--
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU3	2	35.45	0.08	1.02	0.24
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU3	2	14.42	0.18	2.29	1.27
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU3	2	7.41	0.15	1.91	2.01
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU3	1	59.83	--	--	--
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU3	3	60.29	2.64	11.35	4.38
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU3	1	23.58	--	--	--
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU3	1	66.72	--	--	--
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU3	2	20.68	0.08	1.02	0.38
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU3	1	53.39	--	--	--
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU3	1	61.84	--	--	--
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU3	1	44.77	--	--	--
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU4	5	2.85	0.06	0.17	2.02
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU4	5	15.23	0.43	1.20	2.83
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU4	5	20.71	3.46	8.89	16.70
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU4	7	53.65	0.95	2.33	1.76
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU4	3	65.98	3.25	13.98	4.93
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU4	1	64.71	--	--	--
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU4	1	69.43	--	--	--
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU4	1	37.31	--	--	--
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU4	4	59.90	0.33	1.05	0.55
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU4	3	5.89	0.05	0.22	0.77
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU4	1	12.46	--	--	--
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU6	1	23.47	--	--	--
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU7	1	45.95	--	--	--
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU7	1	66.62	--	--	--
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU7	1	16.32	--	--	--
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU7	1	69.25	--	--	--
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU8	1	18.04	--	--	--
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU8	1	57.14	--	--	--
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU8	1	62.99	--	--	--
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU8	1	69.89	--	--	--

Table 10. (Continued)

Species	Coll. no.	N	\bar{X}	S.D.	$\pm 95\%$ C.I.	C.V.
B. Benthic:						
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU1	9	26.55	0.22	0.51	0.84
<u>Mesidotea sabinii</u>	BCU1	9	50.95	1.51	3.49	2.97
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU3	5	26.89	0.23	0.64	0.87
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU3	5	25.84	0.21	0.58	0.81
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (adult)	BCU3	5	24.87	0.51	1.42	2.04
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (juv.)	BCU3	4	31.27	0.14	0.45	0.46
<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (male)	BCU4	4	30.36	0.48	1.53	1.59
<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (fem.)	BCU4	5	22.87	0.15	0.42	0.65
<u>Orchomnella minuta</u>	BCU3	3	36.40	0.10	0.43	0.28
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU4	1	30.48	--	--	--

Table 11. Caloric content (calories per mg dry weight) of principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.

Species	Coll. no.	N	\bar{X}	S.D.	$\pm 95\%$ C.I.	C.V.
A. Zooplanktonic:						
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU2	10	4.22	1.33	3.01	31.46
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU2	6	1.91	0.07	0.18	3.79
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU2	5	4.84	0.16	0.44	3.21
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU2	5	3.31	0.17	0.47	4.98
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU2	2	1.68	0.10	1.27	5.89
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU2	5	6.84	0.55	1.53	8.05
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU3	6	5.20	0.23	0.59	4.34
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU3	6	5.12	0.18	0.46	3.54
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU3	2	5.16	0.10	1.27	1.92
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU3	3	5.04	0.35	1.51	6.87
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU3	1	1.95	--	--	--
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU3	3	3.99	0.18	0.77	4.52
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU3	1	3.69	--	--	--
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU3	5	1.04	0.28	0.78	26.97
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU3	3	7.08	0.39	1.68	5.51
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU3	3	2.43	0.23	0.99	9.46
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU3	3	2.12	0.08	0.34	3.96
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU3	5	7.34	0.42	1.17	5.77
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU4	4	7.69	0.31	0.99	3.97
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU4	6	5.23	0.45	1.16	8.64
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU4	6	5.62	0.15	0.39	2.66
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU4	5	1.91	0.15	0.42	7.77
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU4	3	2.02	0.26	1.12	12.74
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU4	5	1.17	0.11	0.31	9.59
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU4	2	4.86	0.33	4.19	6.85
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU4	2	5.68	0.50	6.35	8.85
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU4	5	6.21	0.46	1.28	7.48
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU4	5	4.05	0.08	0.22	1.87
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU4	5	1.93	0.33	0.92	17.14
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU6	5	4.20	0.22	0.61	5.22
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU6	1	1.61	--	--	--
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU7	3	4.34	0.13	0.56	3.00
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU7	5	2.81	0.21	0.58	7.38
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU7	2	5.19	0.28	3.56	5.45
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU7	2	1.29	0.19	2.41	14.86
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU7	1	2.00	--	--	--
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU8	4	4.46	0.30	0.95	6.62
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU8	5	2.03	0.17	0.47	8.18
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU8	5	1.60	0.24	0.67	14.66
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU8	5	1.28	0.16	0.44	12.91

Table 11. (Continued)

Species	Coll. no.	N	\bar{X}	S.D.	$\pm 95\%$ C.I.	C.V.
B. Benthic:						
<u>Mesidotea sabinii</u>	BCU1	6	2.28	0.87	2.24	3.81
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU1	6	4.06	0.31	0.80	7.53
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU3	6	4.39	0.05	0.13	1.21
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (juv.)	BCU3	12	3.98	0.18	0.40	4.51
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (adult)	BCU3	6	4.81	0.29	0.75	5.97
<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (male)	BCU4	3	3.93	0.05	0.22	1.30
<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (fem.)	BCU4	6	4.38	0.27	0.69	6.10
<u>Orchomonella minuta</u>	BCU3	6	3.54	0.16	0.41	4.48
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU3	6	4.09	0.14	0.36	3.53

Table 12. Summary of proximate biochemical composition of the principal macrozooplankton species and of several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay. Water content expressed as percent of live weight; all other components expressed as percent of dry weight.

Species	Coll. no.	Water	Protein	Lipid	Carbo- hydrate	Ash
A. Zooplanktonic:						
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU2	95.71	22.18	5.28	0.53	59.33
	BCU3	96.04	23.76	10.20	0.69	57.90
	BCU4	94.93	19.87	14.35	0.53	53.05
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU2	90.39	56.77	17.64	0.10	16.73
	BCU3	90.53	69.84	23.85	0.04	15.62
	BCU4	90.11	63.28	23.80	0.03	20.71
	BCU6	90.21	--	--	--	--
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU2	79.34	52.36	18.19	1.10	18.91
	BCU3	78.35	58.57	25.09	0.95	20.68
	BCU4	75.78	36.43	34.60	1.50	15.23
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU2	97.05	--	--	--	63.33
	BCU3	--	--	--	--	66.72
	BCU7	96.17	8.76	6.02	0.73	69.25
	BCU8	--	8.74	4.35	0.55	69.89
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU2	94.30	39.16	16.99	0.77	40.86
	BCU3	92.13	40.07	19.93	0.96	35.45
	BCU4	92.69	39.77	24.42	0.63	37.31
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU2	--	--	6.75	--	56.13
	BCU3	--	7.73	8.23	0.96	60.29
	BCU4	95.79	14.28	7.32	0.65	65.98
	BCU6	--	14.85	9.99	--	--
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU3	--	--	--	--	23.58
	BCU6	78.58	70.14	18.26	2.49	23.47
	BCU7	73.87	--	19.06	--	--
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU2	75.86	--	--	--	--
	BCU3	--	--	--	--	16.98
	BCU4	75.86	--	--	--	12.46
	BCU7	83.82	35.94	27.24	2.88	16.32
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU3	--	--	7.61	--	53.39
	BCU4	95.70	18.15	5.49	0.67	69.43
	BCU7	96.02	10.42	4.57	0.78	66.62
	BCU8	--	10.91	5.88	0.68	--
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU3	--	31.04	22.08	--	44.77
	BCU7	94.94	22.95	13.11	0.80	45.95
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU3	85.94	70.37	22.17	5.14	14.42
	BCU4	88.89	--	--	--	--
	BCU8	--	--	16.68	4.21	18.04

Table 12. (Continued)

Species	Coll. no.	Water	Protein	Lipid	Carbo- hydrate	Ash
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU3	--	--	--	--	59.83
	BCU4	95.64	21.63	6.00	0.38	59.90
	BCU8	--	22.10	6.89	0.85	57.14
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU3	--	--	9.07	0.76	61.84
	BCU4	95.56	14.51	7.78	0.68	64.71
	BCU8	--	14.69	8.05	0.43	62.99
<u>Calanus spp.</u>	BCU2	70.54	36.09	57.00	0.23	--
	BCU3	64.24	37.05	57.38	0.24	3.59
	BCU4	61.84	36.97	57.37	0.24	2.85
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU2	79.59	--	--	--	--
	BCU3	--	--	--	--	7.41
	BCU4	68.18	43.91	52.43	0.26	5.89
B. Benthic:						
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU3	72.80	44.30	21.45	2.89	26.89
	BCU4	75.09	--	--	--	30.48
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU1	79.51	41.18	7.52	2.97	26.55
	BCU3	79.04	53.67	9.18	--	25.84
	(male) BCU4	78.56	44.11	7.30	2.08	30.36
	(fem.) BCU4	73.18	45.39	14.29	2.82	22.87
<u>Orchomonella minuta</u>	BCU3	--	32.10	14.97	4.50	36.40
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (adult)	BCU3	73.03	35.94	25.61	1.75	24.87
	(juv.) BCU3	--	41.11	18.41	1.51	31.27
<u>Mesidotea sabini</u>	BCU1	83.95	27.27	2.66	0.73	50.95

Table 13. Summary of organic content and caloric content per unit dry weight and per unit ash free dry weight for the principal macrozooplankton species and for several benthic crustaceans from Frobisher Bay.

Species	Coll. no.	% organic content	Calories/ mg d.w.	Calories/ mg a.f.d.w.
A. Zooplanktonic:				
<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	BCU2	40.67	1.91	4.70
	BCU3	42.10	--	--
	BCU4	46.95	1.93	4.16
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	BCU2	83.27	4.84	5.82
	BCU3	84.38	5.20	6.16
	BCU4	79.29	5.23	6.60
<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	BCU2	81.09	4.22	5.20
	BCU3	79.68	5.12	6.43
	BCU4	84.77	5.62	6.63
<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	BCU2	36.67	1.68	4.58
	BCU3	33.28	1.04	3.13
	BCU7	30.75	1.29	4.20
	BCU8	30.11	--	--
<u>Clione limacina</u>	BCU2	59.14	3.31	5.60
	BCU3	64.55	--	--
	BCU4	62.69	4.05	6.46
<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	BCU3	36.69	2.12	5.78
	BCU4	32.32	1.96	6.06
	BCU6	--	1.61	--
<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	BCU3	76.42	3.69	4.83
	BCU6	76.53	4.20	5.49
	BCU7	--	4.34	--
<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	BCU3	83.02	5.16	6.22
	BCU4	87.54	5.68	6.49
	BCU7	83.68	5.19	6.20
<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	BCU3	43.39	2.43	5.60
	BCU4	30.57	--	--
	BCU7	33.38	2.00	5.99
	BCU8	--	1.28	--
<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	BCU3	55.23	3.99	7.22
	BCU7	54.05	2.81	5.20
<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	BCU3	85.58	5.04	5.89
	BCU4	--	4.86	--
	BCU8	81.96	4.46	5.44
<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	BCU3	40.17	1.95	4.85
	BCU4	40.10	2.02	5.04
	BCU8	42.86	2.03	4.74

Table 13. (Continued)

Species	Coll. no.	% organic content	Calories/ mg d.w.	Calories/ mg a.f.d.w.
<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	BCU3	38.16	--	--
	BCU4	35.29	1.17	3.32
	BCU8	37.01	1.60	4.32
<u>Calanus</u> spp.	BCU2	94.71	6.84	7.22
	BCU3	96.41	7.34	7.61
	BCU4	97.15	7.69	7.92
<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	BCU3	92.59	5.80	6.26
	BCU4	94.11	6.21	6.60
B. Benthic:				
<u>Mesidotea sabini</u>	BCU1	49.05	2.28	4.65
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU1	73.45	4.06	5.52
<u>Gammarus setosus</u>	BCU3	74.16	4.09	5.52
<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (male)	BCU4	69.64	3.93	5.64
<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (fem.)	BCU4	77.13	4.38	5.68
<u>Orchomoneilla minuta</u>	BCU3	63.60	3.54	5.57
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (juv.)	BCU3	75.13	4.81	6.40
<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (adult)	BCU3	68.73	3.98	5.80
<u>Onisimus litoralis</u>	BCU3	73.11	4.39	6.01
	BCU4	69.52	--	--

Table 14. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans (B) on basis of total water content (expressed as percent of wet weight).

Rank	Species	Range of values
1	<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	96.17-97.05
2	<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	95.70-96.02
3	<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	94.93-96.04
4	<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	95.79
5	<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	95.64
6	<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	95.56
7	<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	94.94
8	<u>Clione limacina</u>	92.13-94.30
9	<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	90.11-90.53
10	<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	85.94-88.89
11	<u>Mesidotea sabini</u> (B)	83.95
12	<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	75.86-83.82
13	<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	68.18-79.59
14	<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (B)	73.18-79.51
15	<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	75.78-79.34
16	<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	73.87-78.58
17	<u>Onisimus litoralis</u> (B)	72.80-75.09
18	<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (B)	73.03
19	<u>Calanus spp.</u>	61.84-70.54

Table 15. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans (B) on basis of total protein content (expressed as percent of dry weight).

Rank	Species	Range of values
1	<u>Autolytus</u> spp.	70.39
2	<u>Spiratella</u> <u>helicina</u>	70.14
3	<u>Sagitta</u> <u>elegans</u>	56.77-69.84
4	<u>Parathemisto</u> <u>libellula</u>	36.43-58.57
5	<u>Gammarus</u> <u>setosus</u> (B)	41.18-53.67
6	<u>Onisimus</u> <u>litoralis</u> (B)	44.30
7	<u>Thysanoessa</u> <u>inermis</u>	43.91
8	<u>Anonyx</u> <u>nugax</u> (B)	35.94-41.11
9	<u>Clione</u> <u>limacina</u>	39.16-40.07
10	<u>Calanus</u> spp.	36.09-37.05
11	<u>Hyperoche</u> <u>medusarum</u>	35.94
12	<u>Orchomonella</u> <u>minuta</u> (B)	32.10
13	<u>Hybocodon</u> <u>prolifer</u>	22.95-31.04
14	<u>Mesidotea</u> <u>sabini</u> (B)	27.27
15	<u>Mertensia</u> <u>ovum</u>	19.87-23.76
16	<u>Aglantha</u> <u>digitale</u>	21.63-22.10
17	<u>Halitholus</u> <u>cirratus</u>	10.42-18.15
18	<u>Bougainvillia</u> <u>superciliaris</u>	7.73-14.85
19	<u>Sarsia</u> <u>princeps</u>	14.51-14.69
20	<u>Beroe</u> <u>cucumis</u>	8.74- 8.76

Table 16. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans (B) on basis of total lipid content (expressed as percent of dry weight).

Rank	Species	Range of values
1	<u>Calanus</u> spp.	57.00-57.38
2	<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	52.43
3	<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	18.19-34.60
4	<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	27.24
5	<u>Anonyx nugax</u> (B)	18.41-25.61
6	<u>Clione limacina</u>	16.99-24.42
7	<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	17.64-23.85
8	<u>Autolytus</u> spp.	16.68-22.17
9	<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	13.11-22.08
10	<u>Onisimus litoralis</u> (B)	21.45
11	<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	18.26-19.06
12	<u>Orchomonella minuta</u> (B)	14.97
13	<u>Gammarus setosus</u> (B)	7.30-14.29
14	<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	5.28-14.35
15	<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	6.75- 9.99
16	<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	7.78- 9.07
17	<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	4.57- 7.61
18	<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	6.00- 6.89
19	<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	4.35- 6.02
20	<u>Mesidotea sabini</u> (B)	2.66

Table 17. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans (B) on basis of total carbohydrate content.

Rank	Species	Range of values
1	<u>Autolytus</u> spp.	4.21-5.14
2	<u>Orchomonella</u> <u>minuta</u> (B)	4.50
3	<u>Gammarus</u> <u>setosus</u> (B)	2.08-2.97
4	<u>Onisimus</u> <u>litoralis</u> (B)	2.89
5	<u>Hyperoche</u> <u>medusarum</u>	2.88
6	<u>Spiratella</u> <u>helicina</u>	2.49
7	<u>Anonyx</u> <u>nugax</u> (B)	1.51-1.75
8	<u>Parathemisto</u> <u>libellula</u>	0.95-1.50
9	<u>Bougainvillia</u> <u>superciliaris</u>	0.65-0.96
10	<u>Clione</u> <u>limacina</u>	0.63-0.96
11	<u>Aglantha</u> <u>digitale</u>	0.38-0.85
12	<u>Hybocodon</u> <u>prolifer</u>	0.80
13	<u>Halitholus</u> <u>cirratus</u>	0.67-0.78
14	<u>Sarsia</u> <u>princeps</u>	0.43-0.76
15	<u>Mesidotea</u> <u>sabini</u> (B)	0.73
16	<u>Beroe</u> <u>cucumis</u>	0.55-0.73
17	<u>Mertensia</u> <u>ovum</u>	0.53-0.69
18	<u>Thysanoessa</u> <u>inermis</u>	0.26
19	<u>Calanus</u> spp.	0.23-0.24
20	<u>Sagitta</u> <u>elegans</u>	0.03-0.10

Table 18. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans (B) on basis of total organic content (percent ash free dry tissue).

Rank	Species	Range of values
1	<u>Calanus</u> spp.	94.71-97.15
2	<u>Thysanoessa</u> <u>inermis</u>	92.59-94.11
3	<u>Hyperoche</u> <u>medusarum</u>	83.02-87.54
4	<u>Autolytus</u> spp.	81.96-85.58
5	<u>Parathemisto</u> <u>libellula</u>	79.68-84.77
6	<u>Sagitta</u> <u>elegans</u>	79.29-84.38
7	<u>Gammarus</u> <u>setosus</u> (B)	69.64-77.13
8	<u>Spiratella</u> <u>helicina</u>	76.42-76.53
9	<u>Anonyx</u> <u>nugax</u> (B)	68.73-75.13
10	<u>Onisimus</u> <u>litoralis</u> (B)	69.52-73.11
11	<u>Clione</u> <u>limacina</u>	59.14-64.55
12	<u>Orchomonella</u> <u>minuta</u> (B)	63.60
13	<u>Hybocodon</u> <u>prolifer</u>	54.05-55.23
14	<u>Mesidotea</u> <u>sabini</u> (B)	49.04
15	<u>Mertensia</u> <u>ovum</u>	40.67-46.95
16	<u>Halitholus</u> <u>cirratus</u>	30.57-43.39
17	<u>Aglantha</u> <u>digitale</u>	40.10-42.86
18	<u>Sarsia</u> <u>princeps</u>	35.29-38.16
19	<u>Bougainvillia</u> <u>superciliaris</u>	32.32-36.69
20	<u>Beroe</u> <u>cucumis</u>	30.11-36.67

Table 19. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans (B) on basis of total caloric content (expressed as calories per mg of dry weight).

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Species</u>	<u>Range of values</u>
1	<u>Calanus spp.</u>	6.84-7.69
2	<u>Thysanoessa inermis</u>	5.09-6.21
3	<u>Hyperoche medusarum</u>	5.16-5.68
4	<u>Parathemisto libellula</u>	4.22-5.62
5	<u>Sagitta elegans</u>	4.84-5.23
6	<u>Autolytus spp.</u>	4.46-5.04
7	<u>Anonyx nugax (B)</u>	3.98-4.81
8	<u>Onisimus litoralis (B)</u>	4.39
9	<u>Gammarus setosus (B)</u>	3.93-4.38
10	<u>Spiratella helicina</u>	3.69-4.34
11	<u>Clione limacina</u>	3.31-4.05
12	<u>Hybocodon prolifer</u>	2.81-3.99
13	<u>Orchomonella minuta (B)</u>	3.54
14	<u>Halitholus cirratus</u>	1.28-2.43
15	<u>Mesidotea sabini (B)</u>	2.28
16	<u>Bougainvillia superciliaris</u>	1.61-2.12
17	<u>Aglantha digitale</u>	1.95-2.03
18	<u>Mertensia ovum</u>	1.91-1.93
19	<u>Beroe cucumis</u>	1.04-1.68
20	<u>Sarsia princeps</u>	1.17-1.60

Table 20. Ranking of macrozooplankton and benthic crustaceans (B) on basis of total caloric content (expressed as calories per mg of ash free dry weight).

Rank	Species	Range of values
1	<u>Calanus</u> spp.	7.22-7.92
2	<u>Hybocodon</u> prolifer	5.20-7.22
3	<u>Parathemisto</u> libellula	5.20-6.63
4	<u>Thysanoessa</u> inermis	6.26-6.60
5	<u>Sagitta</u> elegans	5.82-6.60
6	<u>Hyperoche</u> medusarum	6.20-6.49
7	<u>Clione</u> limacina	5.60-6.46
8	<u>Anonyx</u> nugax (B)	5.86-6.40
9	<u>Bougainvillia</u> superciliaris	5.78-6.06
10	<u>Onisimus</u> litoralis (B)	6.01
11	<u>Halitholus</u> cirratus	5.60-5.99
12	<u>Autolytus</u> spp.	5.44-5.89
13	<u>Gammarus</u> setosus (B)	5.52-5.68
14	<u>Orchomonella</u> minuta (B)	5.57
15	<u>Spiratella</u> helicina	4.83-5.49
16	<u>Aglantha</u> digitale	4.74-5.04
17	<u>Mertensia</u> ovum	4.16-4.70
18	<u>Mesidotea</u> sabini (B)	4.65
19	<u>Beroe</u> cucumis	3.13-4.58
20	<u>Sarsia</u> princeps	3.32-4.32

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We extend thanks to L. Bertrand, F. Paton and M. Defeydeau for their capable assistance both in the field work and in the laboratory analyses. We are grateful to D. Fleet for his competent handling of M.V. Calanus during the collecting trips.

Much of the work was carried out in the Ikaluit Research Laboratory in Frobisher Bay, and for making space available in this excellent facility we are most grateful to A. Theriault and A. Pelletier.

Particular thanks also to L. McMullon for preparing the final typescript of the report.

REFERENCES

- Bamstedt, U. 1974. Biochemical studies on the deep-water pelagic community of Korsfjorden, Western Norway. Methodology and sample design. *Sarsia* 56: 71-86.
- Clarke, A. 1980. The biochemical composition of krill, Euphausia superba Dana from South Georgia. *J. Exp. Mar. Biol. Ecol.* 43(4): 221-230.
- Dowgiallo, A. 1975. Chemical composition of an animal's body and of its food, pages 160-199, Chapter 5B. In: W. G. Grodzinski, R. Z. Klekowski and A. Duncan (eds.) *Methods of ecological energetics*. IBP Handbook No. 24. Blackwell, London.
- Ferguson, C. F. and J. K. B. Raymont. 1974. Biochemical studies on marine zooplankton XII. Further investigations on Euphausia superba Dana. *J. Mar. Biol. Assoc. U.K.* 54: 719-725.
- Folch, J., M. Lees, G. H. Sloane-Stanley. 1957. A simple method for the isolation and purification of total lipids from animal tissues. *J. Biol. Chem.* 226: 497-509.
- Grainger, E. H. 1971. Biological oceanographic observations in Frobisher Bay. II. Zooplankton data 1967-1970. *Fish. Res. Board Can. Tech. Rep.* 266, 61 p.
- Ikeda, T. 1974. Chemical composition and nutrition of zooplankton in the Bering Sea, pages 433-442. In: Takenouti, A. Y. (ed.) *Biological oceanography of the northern North Pacific Ocean*. Idemitsu Shoten, Tokyo.
- Lee, R. F. 1974. Lipid composition of the copepod Calanus hyperboreus from the Arctic Ocean. Changes with depth and season. *Mar. Biol.* 26: 313-318.

- Lee, R. F. 1975. Lipids of arctic zooplankton. *Comp. Biochem. Physiol.* 51(3B): 263-266.
- Littlepage, J. L. 1964. Seasonal variation in lipid content of two antarctic marine crustacea. *Biologie Antarctique Actual. Sci. Ind.* 1312: 463-470.
- Phillipson, J. 1964. A miniature bomb calorimeter for small biological samples. *Oikos* 15(1): 130-139.

