

# Review of Shellfish Fisheries in Northern British Columbia 1987 and 1988

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## **ABSTRACT**

Thomas, G., and S. Farlinger. 1992. Review of shellfish fisheries in northern British Columbia during 1987 and 1988. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2144: 44 p.

This report documents the landings, licensing and management strategies for shellfish fisheries in northern British Columbia (north of Cape Caution) during 1987 and 1988, as well as the history of the fisheries. Annual shellfish landings during 1987 and 1988 were valued at 6.6 and 10.1 million dollars, respectively.

Key words: shellfish fisheries in northern British Columbia, history, management, catches.

#### RESUME

Thomas, G., and S. Farlinger. 1992. Review of shellfish fisheries in northern British Columbia during 1987 and 1988. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2144: 44 p.

Ce rapport traite des prises debarquees, de l'octroir des permis et des modes de gestion relatifs auz peches coquilleres du nord de la Colombie-Britannique, soit au nord du cap Caution, au cours des annees 1987 et 1988. Il fait aussi l'historique des peches. Les prises debarquees en 1987 et 1988 representaient les sommes respectives de 6.6 et 10.1 millions de dollars.

Mots-cles: peches coquilleres au nord de la Colombie-Britannique, historique, gestion, quantities pechees.

This report is the third in a series documenting the history, regulations, and landings of shellfish fisheries in northern British Columbia. This report was preceded by four reports for abalone (Fedorenko and Sprout, 1982; Sprout, 1983; Bates, 1984, 1985) and two reports for all shellfish species (Farlinger and Bates, 1985; Farlinger and Thomas, 1988).

Annual landings and participation in shellfish fisheries are expanding rapidly in northern B.C.. For example, the number of active licences in the northern B.C. crab fishery doubled between 1985 and 1987 while the number of active prawn vessels has increased four times (Table 2). Total landings in northern B.C. have increased annually from 2,000 t in 1985 to 3,600 t in 1987 and 4,000 t in 1988 (Table 1). There has been a corresponding increase in total landed value for these fisheries from \$3.6 million in 1985 to \$6.7 million in 1987 and \$10.1 million in 1988. Expansion of these fisheries can be attributed not only to increases in the number of participants and their production in existing fisheries, but to the introduction of new fisheries, such as sea cucumber and red sea urchin.

Management of B.C. shellfish fisheries is effected through Fisheries licensing, regulations, and conditions of licence, communicated to fishermen in management plans. Management plans are developed annually by the Shellfish Working Group with the aid of stock assessment advice from the Pacific Stock Assessment Review Committee and fishermen's advice from Sectoral Committees. Annual licensing requirements, regulations, and landings for each shellfish fishery are provided below. Landings are derived from sales slips, unless otherwise stated, and are expressed in Metric units. Figure 1 illustrates Fisheries Statistical Areas making up northern B.C., while northern and southern Statistical Areas are given in Figure 2.

#### INTERTIDAL CLAM FISHERY

## **SPECIES HARVESTED**

Harvested species of clam in B.C. include butter clams (<u>Saxidomus giganteus</u>), native and Japanese littlenecks (<u>Protothaca stamina</u> and <u>Venerupis japonica</u>), and razor clams (<u>Siliqua patula</u>). Occassionally the cockle (<u>Clincardium nuttalli</u>) and the horse clam (<u>Tresus capax</u>) enter the commercial catch.

## **REGULATIONS**

North coast waters are closed for bivalve harvest, except for razor clams, because of the risk of PSP poisoning. These species can be harvested if an adequate PSP detection program is established before and during harvest, and the clams are delivered to a registered shellfish plant.

Size limits are 63 mm for butter clams, 38 mm for littleneck and manila clams, and 90 mm for razor clams.

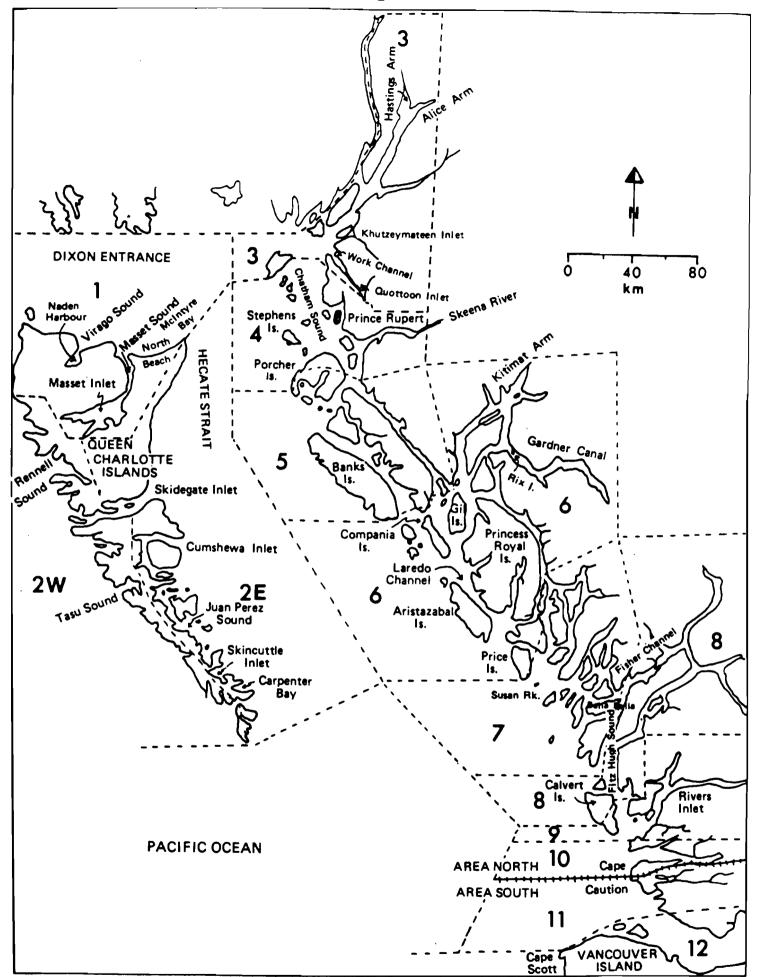


Fig. 1. Location of Statistical Areas in northern B.C.

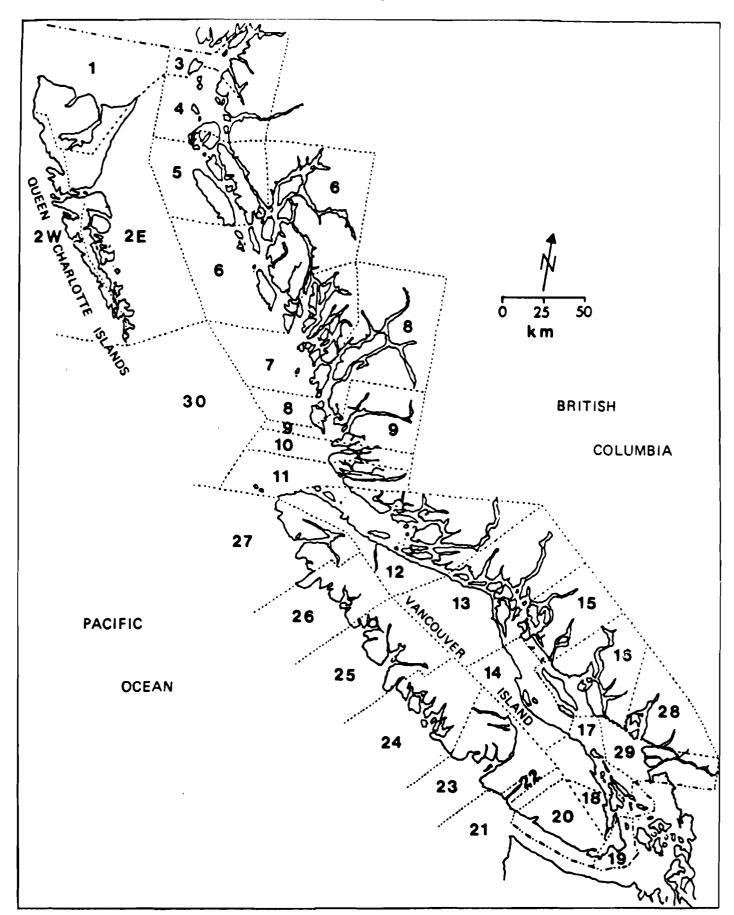


Fig. 2. Location of Statistical Areas in British Columbia.

Table 1. Landings and estimated value of shellfish fisheries in northern B.C., 1987 and 1988.

Species	Annual lan	ndings (kg)		total dings		value 1000)	\$/	kg
	1987	1988	1987	1988	1987	1988	1987	1988
Geodûck	2,148,067	2,026,081	58.6	49.8	1,911.8	4,072.4	\$0.89	\$2.01
Crab	392,940	520,364	10.7	12.8	1,572.5	2,154.2	\$4.00	\$4.14
Prawn	158,775	234,342	4.3	5.8	1,206.5	2,020.5	\$7.60	\$8.62
Abalone*	46,402	45,483	1.3	1.1	759.5	1,006.1	\$16.37	\$22.12
Sea Cucumbers	421,690	579,619	11.5	14.2	189.8	295.6	\$0.45	\$0.51
Sea Urchin	293,474	437,057	8.0	10.7	141.0	187.9	\$0.48	\$0.43
Razor Clams**	133,687	155,393	3.6	3.8	118.8	137.5	\$0.89	\$0.88
Shrimp	41,676	26,151	1.1	0.6	619.6	108.2	\$14.87	\$4.14
Octopus	27,600	40,528	0.8	1.0	56.9	98.2	\$2.06	\$2.42
Goose Barnacles	39	1,225	0.0	0.0	0.3	11.2	\$7.69	\$9.14
Squid	268	2,871	0.0	0.1	0.6	3.9	\$2.24	\$1.36
Horse Clams	230	799	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.6	\$0.43	\$0.75
Scallop		53	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2		\$3.77
Total	3,664,848	4,069,966			6,577.5	10,096.6	\$1.79	\$2.48

<sup>\*</sup>Harvest log Data

Table 2. Number of licenced vessels and their utilization in shellfish fisheries in B.C., 1987 and 1988.

Shellfish Species	No. of or issued 1987	eligible licences 1988	-	licences landings 1988	No. licence northern BC 1987	_	Licence category required
Crab	6,510	6,503	369	340	64	59	C licence and A,G,K,L,N,S,T
Prawn	698	677	216	288	59	72	Z licence no limited entry
Shrimp	248	249	217	216	36	37	S licence, limited entry
Abalone	26	26	26	26	21	24	E licence, limited entry
Geoduck	55	55	55	55	29	39	G licence, limited entry
Horse Clams	55	55	27	33	•	6	G licence, limited entry
Squid	· 69	72	8	11	2	3	Z licence, no limited entry
Octopus	167	188	150	150	59	,	Z licence, with or without vessel, no limited entry, also incidental catch
Scallop						;	Z licence, no limited entry
Weathervane	5	5	•	•	•	- 1	also incidental catches
Pink & Spiny	29	34	10	15	•	•	
Red Sea Urchin	184	184	97	85	16	26	Z licence, no limited entry
Sea Cucumbers	151	160	56	80	19	30	Z licence, no limited entry

<sup>\*\*</sup>Landings supplied by L. Enderud, DFO, Masset

A personal commercial fishing licence only is required to fish intertidal clams by hand digging. Because the fishery is loosely regulated, participation in the fishery is difficult to determine.

## **LANDINGS**

Quayle and Bourne (1972) provide clam landings prior to 1970. Until the PSP closure in 1963, northern B.C. contributed 50% to 75% to the recorded catch (razor, butter, and littleneck) in B.C.. The razor clam fishery in area 1 is the only remaining intertidal clam fishery in the north coast. Annual landings of 134 t in 1987 and 152 t in 1988 were well above the decade average (Table 3) but accounted for less than 4% of total intertidal clam landings in B.C. (Table 4). B.C. razor clams are sold primarily as bait, though razor clams in Washington state are a highly prized food item.

#### GOOSE BARNACLE FISHERY

#### **REGULATIONS**

Goose Barnacles are patchily distributed within the intertidal zone in exposed locations. The animals are harvested live by scraping or chipping clusters from the attached substrate. A personal commercial fishing licence and a "Z" category 6 licence for fishing without a vessel are required to participate in the fishery.

#### **LANDINGS**

Table 5 gives north coast landings by area for 1987 and 1988. North coast landings were negligible in 1987 and 1.2 t in 1988.

#### **CRAB FISHERY**

#### SPECIES HARVESTED

The most important crab species harvested in B.C. is the Dungeness Crab (<u>Cancer magister</u>) though small amounts of king crab (<u>Paralithodes camtschatica</u> and <u>Lithodes aequispina</u>) are also landed in the north coast. As well, the red rock crab and the graceful crab (<u>Cancer productus</u> and <u>C. gracilis</u>) are licensed for commercial harvest. Tanner crab (<u>Chionocoectes sp</u>) are harvested under the authority of an experimental permit.

Table 3. Annual landings (kg) of Razor Clams in statistical area 1.

Year	Landings
	(kg)
1979	100,747
1980	75,020
1981	16,404
1982	40,835
1983	19,964
1984	•
	102,994
1985	98,605
1986	139,848
1987	133,687
1988	155,393
Mean	88,350

Note: 1979 to 1986 data from L. Enderud, DFO, Masset. 1987 and 1988 data from D. Burnip, DFO, Masset.

Table 4. Clam landings in B.C., 1987 and 1988.

Stat Area	Species	Catch (kg) in 1987	% B.C. Catch 1987	Catch (kg) in 1988	% B.C Catch 1988
1	Razor Clam	133,687	3.1	151,900	3.4
B.C.	Razor Clam	133,687	3.1	155,393	3.4
B.C.	Butter Clam	64,772	1.5	134,607	3.0
B.C.	J. Littleneck	3,594,133	84.5	3,908,831	86.6
B.C.	N. Littleneck	372,709	8.8	289,856	6.4
B.C.	Mixed	86,585	2.0	27,172	0.6
B.C.	Total	4,251,886	100.0	4,515,859	100.0

Note: Area 1 landings supplied by D. Burnip, DFO, Masset.

Table 5. Goose Barnacle landings (kg) by statistical area in northern B.C., 1987 and 1988.

	19	87	19	88
Statistical	Total	*	Total	ક
Area	Landings	Total	Landings 	Total
1	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
2E	Ö	0.0%	12	1.0%
2W	Ō	0.0%	242	19.8%
Q.C.I. Total	0	0.0%	254	20.7%
3	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
4	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
5	39	100.0%	0	0.0%
P.R. Total	39	100.0%	0	0.0%
6	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
7	0	0.0%	103	8.4%
8	0	0.0%	133	10.9%
9	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
10	0	0.0%	735	60.0%
C.C. Total	0	0.0%	971	79.3%
N.C. Total	39		1,225	
% of BC Total	0.1%		2.8%	
B.C. Total	31,594		43,399	

## **REGULATIONS**

The primary basis for management of the dungeness crab fishery remains the minimum size limit of 165 mm. Gear restrictions, including 100 mm escape ports for traps, and seasonal closures in some locations during the softshell period are also imposed on the fishery. A considerable portion of the north coast has been closed to commercial fishing as an allocation to Indian food and sport fisheries (see Appendix 1 for a list of closed areas). For red rock crab, a minimum size limit of 115 mm is in effect. A minimum size limit of 181 mm carapace width recommended for king crab (Jewett, Sloan, and Somerton, 1985) has not been implemented.

Any vessel with a "C" licence or a licence with inherent "C" priveleges (A, G, K, L, N, S, and T) is permitted to harvest crab by trap. As a result, over 6500 licences are eligible to fish crab in B.C., though only 5% to 10 % of these have recorded landings (Table 2).

#### **LANDINGS**

A review of the history of the crab fishery in B.C. will be provided by Butler (in press). Coastwide landings averaged 1500 t to 1800 t in the 1950's and 1960's, supported by high catches in the northern Queen Charlotte Islands area, but declined dramatically in the 1970's. The Queen Charlotte area (areas 1 and 2E) and secondarily the Skeena estuary in area 4, remain the primary fishing areas in the north coast. Landings totalled 393 t and 520 t in 1987 and 1988 of which 60% to 70% originated from the Queen Charlotte Islands (Tables 6 and 7). The number of vessels fishing crab in the north coast declined slightly from 64 in 1987 to 59 in 1988 (Table 2). The crab fishery ranked second in value amoung north coast shellfish fisheries, valued at \$1.6 million in 1987 and \$2.1 million in 1988.

The sport fishery for crab is likely substantial around north coast communities and increasingly in the vicinity of sport fish camps such as in Naden Harbour in area 1. Crab remain an important source of food for Indians residing in the numerous villages in the north coast.

## **GEODUCK FISHERY**

#### **GENERAL**

The geoduck (<u>Panope abrupta</u>) fishery began in the south coast in 1976 and expanded to the north coast in 1980. The biology and history of the fishery in B.C. is reviewed in Harbo and Peacock, 1983 and Harbo, Hand, and Adkins, 1986. Though the standing stock of geoduck is estimated to be large, a conservative management approach is followed because of low growth and recruitment rates (Breen and Shields, 1983).

Table 6. Crab landings (Kg) by month and statistical area in northern B.C., 1987.

1 3,718 522 513 15,277 39,233 49,490 37,684 2,548 2,827 72,022 15,904 2E	Statistical Area	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Ċ C	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	% Total
522 513 15,277 39,238 49,490 42,800 2,548 5,750 74,611 1,232 3,841 7,525 8,142 12,090 18,855 8,822 7,279 15,021 1,572	7 # 2 5 7 7	3,718 6,274		513 3,850	15,277	39,233 50,094 5	49,490 39,551 -	37,684 8,747 6 5,110	2,548	2,827 9,616 2,923	72,022 49,049 2,589	15,904 16,784 1,008	6,240 2,654 -	245,978 215,647 6,531 5,110	62.6 54.9 1.7 1.3
2,027 2,804 3,841 7,525 8,342 12,438 19,129 9,246 8,255 19,586  - 858	a.C.1. Total 3 4 5	3,718	522 1,232 1,572	513	15,277	39,238	348	274	2,548 50 8,822 374	5,750 658 7,279 318	74,611 4,138 15,021 427	3,475 13,410	6,240	257,619 - 9,144 104,169 4,158	65.6 2.3 26.5
29 858 765 1,088 1,613 983 544 - 51 7,453 5,774 4,184 5,119 23,890 49,193 62,911 62,473 11,794 14,056 101,650 1.5 1.1 1.3 6.1 12.5 16.0 15.9 3.0 3.6 25.9	P.R.D. Total 6 7 8 9 10	2,027	2,804	3,841	207	8,342 110 880 309 314	12,438 395 588	19, 129	9,246	8,255	19,586 6,044 827 827 582	16,885	7,393	117,471 11,180 693 2,324 802 2,851	29.9 2.8 0.2 0.0 0.0 0.7
B.C. Total 63 622 69 800 52 578 124 074 131 229 128 348 402 927 179 241 141 374 228 037 80 025	N.C. Total X by month	28 5,774 1.5	858 4,184 1.1	•	1,088	1,613	983 62,911 16.0	544 62,473 15.9	3.0	51 14,056 3.6 3.6	101,650	38,263	13,633	392,940	4.5

\* Data from D. Burnip, DFO, Masset.

Table 7. Crab landings (Kg) by month and statistical area in northern B.C., 1988.

Statistical Area	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	Ę	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	0ct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	% Total
_ = =	2,794	3,426	5,920	13,895	77,893	59,062	66,003	10,865	26,572	85,033	068'97	4,038	352,391	67.7
2E 24				6 .	6	4,256	6,208	8,985	2, 131	288	693	616	23,512	4.5
Q.C.I. Total	2,794	3,426	5,920	13,914	606'27	63,318	52,211	19,850	28, 703	85,621	47,583	7,654	375,903	72.2
w 4 m	2,155	3,383	5,081	7,311	2,672	2,913	5 19,047	11,838 5,521	14,280 5,881	9,163	10,138	7,071 3,920 132	52,976 77,044 132	10.6
P.R.D. Total	2,160	3,383	5,081	7,311	2,672	6,830	19,052	17,359	20, 161	14,534	22,923	11,123	132,589	25.5
<b>9 ~ 8</b>	. 528	2,385	. 20	1,305	642 273	88				2,387			7,315	1.4
10			200		935	26	35 .		10			1 1	1,258	0.2
C.C. Total	529	2,8%	1,649	2,043	1,850	714	35		50	2,387	.		11,872	2.3
N.C. Total % by month	5,213 1.0	9,705	12,650 2.4	23,268	52,431 10.1	70,862 13.6	71,317	37,209 7.2		48,884 102,542 9.4 19.7	70,506 13.5	15,777 3.0	520,364	
B.C. Total	49,839 48,911	48,911	44,737	44,737 75,383		174,560	82,769 174,560 321,318 146,159 163,214 239,680 112,118	146,159	163,214	239,680	112,118	73,119	73,119 1,531,807	

\* Data from D. Burnip, DFO, Masset.

#### REGULATIONS

Annual harvest of geoduck is limited by area quotas of two types; calculated quotas based on harvestable bed area and a conservative estimate of annual yield (1%), and exploratory quotas providing fishing opportunities in unfished areas. Table 8 details quotas by area in 1987 and 1988 and annual quotas are compared in Table 9. Annual north coast quotas have increased as the documented harvest area increased and new exploratory areas are defined. There is a trend to further division of area quotas to protect preferred harvest areas.

Burnaby Narrows in area 2E remains the only area closed to commercial harvest in the north coast. Divers are restricted to depths greater than 10 ft below chart datum to protect herring spawn habitat.

A category "G" licence issued to a vessel is required to harvest geoduck by dive gear. The privilege to fish horse clam (<u>Tresus sp</u>) by dive is included in the "G" licence. The number of licences issued annually have been limited to 55 since 1981. P-licences permitting processing of geoduck at sea in north coast waters were issued to six vessels in 1987 and ten vessels in 1988.

## **LANDINGS**

Geoduck landings and fishing effort (vessel days) by area in 1987 and 1988 are contained in Table 10 and annual landings for the period 1980 to present are contained in Table 11. Annual landings increased to 2,202 t and 2.026 t in 1987 and 1988, accounting for 37% and 44% of coastwide landings. P-licence vessels processed 473 t of geoduck in the north coast in 1987 and 490 t in 1988. Annual catches often exceed quotas (see Table 10) as a result of high catch rates and few management controls on the fishery. The north coast fishery continues to be focused during the early months of the year with harvest largely complete by July (Tables 12 and 13). Fishermen are compelled to vigorously compete in order to take advantage of preferred fishing areas and to minimize operating costs.

The number of vessels fishing geoduck in the north coast increased from 24 in 1985 to 29 in 1987 and 39 in 1988. The landed value of geoduck, the highest of north coast shellfish fisheries, was \$1.9 and \$4.1 million in the two years. The increase in annual value reflects a doubling in unit price from less than \$1/kg in 1987 to \$2/kg in 1988 (Table 2).

Landings of horse clams have been negligible in the north coast dive fishery.

Table 8. Geoduck Quotas by management area in the north coast for 1987 and 1988.

:	1987			
_	_		(lb)	(mt)
Area			250,000	113.4
Area	2E	(Cumshewa Inlet)	210,000	95.3
		(Juan Perez Sound)	200,000	90.7
		(Skincuttle Inlet - CSJ)	175,000	79.4
Area	2W	(North)	150,000	68.0
		(South)	250,000	113.4
Area	3	•	250,000	113.4
Area	4		200,000	90.7
Area	5		350,000	158.8
Area	6	(Camaano Sound)	250,000	113.4
		(Aristazabel Island)	250,000	113.4
		(Kitasu - Higgins)	250,000	113.4
Area	7	(Spider - Kildidt)	200,000	90.7
		(other)	250,000	113.4
Area	8	(	60,000	27.2
Area	_	(Smith, Rivers Inlets)	250,000	113.4
Tota:	l Nor	th Coast	3,545,000	1608.0
	1988			
-	1900		(1h)	(m+)
λ×03	1		(1b) 250,000	(mt) 113.4
Area		(Chidogata Inlat)		
Area	2 E	(Skidegate Inlet)	100,000	45.4
		(Cumshewa Inlet)	180,000	81.6
3	_	(Juan Perez Sound)	170,000	77.1
Area		(Skincuttle and South 2W)	250,000	113.4
Area	_	(North)	150,000	68.0
Area			250,000	113.4
Area			200,000	90.7
Area		/m /	350,000	158.8
Area	6	(Estevan - Camaano Sound)	250,000	113.4
		(Outer Aristazabel Is.)	200,000	90.7
		(Inside Laredo Sound)	75,000	34.0
		(Inside Aristazabel Is.,	300,000	136.1
		outer Laredo Sd. and Mil		
Area	7	(Goose Is. to Kildidt)	300,000	136.1
		(rest of area 7)	200,000	90.7
Area	8	(Kelpie Pt.)	150,000	68.0
		(Upper Fitz Hugh Sound)	250,000	113.4
Total	l Nor	th Coast	3,625,000	1644.3

Table 9. Annual Geoduck quotas (kg) in northern B.C., 1980 - 1988.

, ,	-	*	2	h.	Statistical Area	al Area S	₹	^	α	•	Ç	Total
	-	•		,			,		,		2	
1980											-	1,587,600
1981	1981181,400	007′	90,700	181,400	00;	158,800	008,	158,800	008	136, 100	::-	907,200
1982												907,200
1983	1983294,800	294,800	0 0 0 0 0 0	158,800	-158,800				009'825	453,600		907,200
1984	•	294,800	•	158,800	-158,800				009'£5}		:	907,200
1985	•	294,800	•			226,800			09'58E	385,600		907,200
1986	1986 113,400 204,100 294,800	204,100	294,800	113,400	113,400 113,400 158,800	158,800	113,400	249,500	005,	113,400 1,474,200	1	,474,200
1987	1987 113,430 265,426 181,4	927'592	181,488	113,430	113,430 90,744 158,802	158,802	340,290	204,174	27,223	340,290 204,174 27,223113,430		1,608,439
1988	1988 113,430385,000	385	000,	113,430	113,430 90,744 158,802	158,802	374,319	374,319 226,860 181,488	181,488		-	1,644,737

a Exploratory area, no quota.

Table 10. Geoduck landings (kg) by statistical area in northern B.C., 1987 and 1988.

Statistical		19	87		:		19	88	
Area		<b>.</b>			:		<b>~</b>	<b>~</b>	
	Total Landings	% Total Landings	% Total	No. Days Fished	:	Total Landings	% Total Landings	% Total Quota	No. Days Fished
		Lanungs			•	Laikings			
1	136,473	6.2	8	103	:	118,821	5.7	7	22
2E	391,010	17.8	24	215	:	461,512	22.2	28	162
2W	179,247	8.1	11	98	:	45,239	2.2	3	11
	•••••	•••••	• • • • •		:				
Q.C.I. Total	706,730	32.1	44	416	:	625,572	30.1	38	195
2	47/ 457		•	110	:	74.70/			,,
3	134,153		8		:	76,754		5	44
4	95,435		6		•	149,977		9	60
5	337,398	15.3	21	139	:	191,405	9.2	12	146
P.R. Total	566,986	25.7	35		•	418,136	20.1	25	250
					:	•			
6	488,538	22.2	30	297	:	423,185	20.4	26	208
7	221,624	10.1	14	123	:	308,970	14.9	19	101
8	91,003	4.1	6	54	:	250,218	12.0	15	70
9	11,003	0.5	1	6	:	0	0.0	0	1
10	116,701	5.3	7	123	:	0	0.0	0	0
					:			••••	
C.C. Total	928,868	42.2	58	603	:	982,373	47.3	60	380
N.C. Total	2,202,584	100.0	137	1,355		2,026,081	100.0	123	825

Table 11. Annual geoduck landings by statistical area in northern B.C., 1980 - 1988.

Statistical		G	eoduck la	ndings (t	onnes) by	year			
Area	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
1		-	-	-		-	6	136	119
2E	31	11	•	•	4	342	254	391	462
2W	•	•	•	•	•	214	325	179	45
3	. •	•	•	-	3	•	120	134	77
4	4	-	-	•	-	•	125	95	150
5	•	84	-	•	214	291	323	287	191
6	-	6	•	-	8	60	24	484	423
7	•	370	227	207	109	494	392	222	309
8	•	18	-	294	183	37	2	91	250
9	28	-	-	-	54	-	103	11	0
10	5	20	•	-	-	-	17	117	0
North B.C.	68	509	227	501	575	1,438	1,691	2,148	2,026
W.C. Van Isl	35	547	409	570	1,174	1,055	1,108	2,339	1,564
E.C. Van Isl	63	1,648	2,498	1,669	2,879	2,879	2,194	1,193	977

Table 12. Geoduck landings (Kg) by month and statistical area in northern B.C., 1987.

Statistical Area	l Jan.	£.	Mar.	Apr.	May	JG.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	æt.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	x Total
- 52 52 53 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54		1 1		- 146,800 -	3,700 231,757 179,247	132,773 12,453							136,473 391,010 179,247	6.4 18.2 8.3
Q.C.I. Total				146,800	414,704	145,226							706,730	32.9
w 4 rv	2,534 2,285	54,792 11,135	36, 154 38, 109 176, 732	999,79							• • •	1 1 1	134, 153 95,435 287,349	6.2 4.4 13.4
P.R.D. Total	el 4,819	65,927	250,995	195, 196				,		,		,	516,937	24.1
<b>⊘</b> ► ∞ <b>○</b>	1,619	142,456 104,227 67,260	82,802 117,396 22,124 4,230	258,812									484,070 221,623 91,003 11,003	22.5 10.3 4.2 0.5
10 C.C. Total	1,619	313,943	226,552	265,585	9,780	91,078	15,843						116, 701	5.4
N.C. Total % by Month B.C. Total	17	6,438 379,870 0.3 17.7 171,982 642,808	477,547 22.2 922,637	477,547 607,581 22.2 28.3 922,637 1,329,532	424,484 19.8 893,755	236,304 15,843	15,843 0.7 238,125	302,166					2,148,067	

Table 13. Geoduck landings (Kg) by month and statistical area in northern B.C., 1988

11.589 7.888 4,238 53,029 2.62.47 7.7 18.7 18.7 18.7 18.7 18.7 18.7 18.7	Statistical Area	Jan.	ē	₩.	Apr.	Kay	ē.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	X Total
111, 10tel															
E.I. Total 193,617 173,174 4,238 7,238 7,247 23,793 69,754 7,727 23,793 69,754 7,727 23,793 69,754 7,727 23,793 69,754 7,727 23,793 69,754 7,727 23,793 69,754 7,727 23,793 69,754 7,727 23,793 140,977 140,614 193,617 173,174 747,149 255,407 125,400 339,082 123,498 69,754 0 0 0 2,026,081 190,00 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 199,00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	_	•	•		•	•	45,363	73,458	•	•	•	•	•	118,821	5.5
11,589 7,898 4,238 53,082 123,498 64,754 65,757 76,754 18,635 131,322 76,754 18,635 131,322 76,754 18,635 131,322 76,754 18,635 131,322 77,541 187,695 173,174 4,238 53,089 70 5,922 77,149 25,407 75,408 25,407 75,408 25,725 77,149 255,407 125,400 75 104,403 356,471 9,222 9,119 4,567,190 75 100.00	2E	•	•	•	94,238	•	274,727	23,793	68,754				,	461,512	22.8
11,589 7,898 4,238 53,029 7 76,754 18,655 131,322 7 197,451 33,924 7 197,451 33,924 7 197,451 33,924 7 197,451 33,924 7 197,451 33,924 7 197,451 33,924 7 197,451 33,924 7 197,451 197	₹	•	•		•	•	18,992	26,247					•	45,239	2.2
11,589 7,888 4,238 53,029		:							-	:		:	:		:
11,589 7,898 4,238 53,029	Q.C.I. Tota		•		94,238	•	339,082	123,498	68,754	•	•	•	•	625,572	30.9
18,655       13,132       149,977         187,655       173,174       4,238       53,029       191,405         187,695       173,174       4,234       53,029       191,405         5,922       10,756       108,140       125,400       191,405         193,617       173,174       747,149       255,407       125,400       191,405         193,617       173,174       747,149       255,407       125,400       182       10.0         641,645       747,032       1,408,553       364,415       22,760       488,746       250,797       99,797       168,493       356,471       9,222       9,119,4,567,190	ĸ	11,589			53,029	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	76,754	3.8
157,451 33,954 - 191,405	4	18,655	131,322	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	149,977	7.4
187,695 173,174 4,238 53,029 418,136  - 423,185  - 308,970  5,922 - 10,756 108,140 125,400  5,922 - 742,911 108,140 125,400  193,617 173,174 747,149 255,407 125,400 339,082 123,498 68,754 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 1 00.0  641,645 747,032 1,408,553 364,415 22,760 488,746 250,937 99,797 168,493 356,471 9,222 9,119 4,567,190	2	157,451	33,954	•	•	٠	ı	•	•	•	•		•	191,405	7.6
5,922 - 10,756 108,140 125,400 - 250,218  5,922 - 10,756 108,140 125,400 - 250,218  5,922 - 742,911 108,140 125,400 - 250,937 99,797 168,493 356,471 9,222 9,119 4,567,190	P.R. Total	187,695	173,174	4,238	53,029		! • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			! ! !			: : : :	418,136	20.6
5,922 - 10,756 108,140 125,400 - 250,218  5,922 - 742,911 108,140 125,400 - 250,218  193,617 173,174 747,149 255,407 125,400 339,082 123,498 68,754 0 0 0 2,026,081 100.0  0.2 14.5 9.3 23.5 7.3 18.2 0.4 0.0  641,645 747,032 1,408,553 364,415 22,760 488,746 250,937 99,797 168,493 356,471 9,222 9,119 4,567,190	•	•	•	423,185	•	•	•				•	•	•	423, 185	20.9
5,922 - 10,756 108,140 125,400 250,218  5,922 - 742,911 108,140 125,400 982,373  193,617 173,174 747,149 255,407 125,400 339,082 123,498 68,754 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 1 0 0.2 14.5 9.3 23.5 7.3 18.2 0.4 0.0 0 1 0.0 1 0.0 1 0.0 1 0.0 1 0.0 1 100.0 1	7			308,970	,	•		•		,		•	•	308,970	15.2
5,922 - 742,911 108,140 125,400 982,373 193,617 173,174 747,149 255,407 125,400 339,082 123,498 68,754 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 0.2 14.5 9.3 23.5 7.3 18.2 0.4 0.0 641,645 747,032 1,408,553 364,415 22,760 488,746 250,937 99,797 168,493 356,471 9,222 9,119 4,567,190	80	5,922	•	10,756	108,140	125,400	•	•		•	•	•	٠	250,218	12.3
5,922 - 742,911 108,140 125,400 982,373 193,617 173,174 747,149 255,407 125,400 339,082 123,498 68,754 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 0.2 14.5 9.3 23.5 7.3 18.2 0.4 0.0 641,645 747,032 1,408,553 364,415 22,760 488,746 250,937 99,797 168,493 356,471 9,222 9,119 4,567,190	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	٠
5,922 - 742,911 108,140 125,400 982,373 193,617 173,174 747,149 255,407 125,400 339,082 123,498 68,754 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 0.2 14.5 9.3 23.5 7.3 18.2 0.4 0.0 641,645 747,032 1,408,553 364,415 22,760 488,746 250,937 99,797 168,493 356,471 9,222 9,119 4,567,190	10	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
193,617 173,174 747,149 255,407 125,400 339,082 123,498 68,754 0 0 0 0 2,026,081 0.2 14.5 9.3 23.5 7.3 18.2 0.4 0.0 0 0 10 100.0 100	C.C. Total	5,922		742,911	108,140	125,400								982,373	48.5
641,645 747,032 1,408,553 364,415 22,760 488,746 250,937 99,797 168,493 356,471 9,222	N.C. Total % by month	193,617 0.2	173, 174 14.5		255,407	125,400	339,082 18.2	123,498 0.4	<b>68,754</b> 0.0	0	0	0	0	2,026,081	100.0
	B.C. Total	641,645	747,032	1,408,553	364,415	22,760		250,937	762,08	168,493	126,471	9,222	9,119	4,567,190	

#### **OCTOPUS FISHERY**

## **REGULATIONS**

A category "Z" licence is required to harvest octopus (Octopus dolfleini) from shore, or by trap or dive from a vessel. Regulation prohibits the use of sharp pointed instruments, any chemicals in the intertidal zone, or copper sulphate in all waters.

## **LANDINGS**

Bernard, 1982 and Farlinger and Bates, 1985 report octopus landings in B.C. from 1961 to 1984. A total of 28 t and 41 t were landed in the north coast in 1987 and 1988; equal to 20% of coastwide landings (Tables 14 and 15). The directed dive fishery in the south coast harvests a large portion of the total B.C. catch; however, this fishery has not developed in the north coast where most of the octopus is taken incidentally in groundfish trawl and prawn trap fisheries.

#### SCALLOP FISHERY

#### **SPECIES HARVESTED**

The three species of scallops licensed for commercial fishing are pink scallop (Chlamys rubida), spiny scallop (Chlamys hastata), and weathervane scallop (Pectin patinopectin). In addition, the rock scallop (Crassadoma gigantea) is taken in the sport dive fishery.

#### **REGULATIONS**

The scallop fishery is permitted for dive and drag under the authority of "Z" licences (category B for weathervane, category I for pink and spiny). Scallop drags are limited to a width of 2 m. There is a minimum size limit of 120 mm shell height for weathervane scallops. Harvestable abundances of weathervane scallops are reported in area 1, but this area is closed to dragging. The entire north coast remains closed to the harvest of pink and spiny scallops because of PSP.

#### **LANDINGS**

Total B.C. scallop landings in 1987 and 1988 were 65 t and 60 t, most of the landings from the dive fishery. Landings reported in the north coast were limited to 53 kg landed by dive in 1988.

Table 14. Octopus landings (kg) by statistical area and gear type in northern B.C., 1987.

Statistical Area -	G 	ear Type			Total Landing	% Tota
Ai eu	Diving	Trap	Trawl	Other	Landing	Landing
1	-	100	100	-	200	0.7
2E	-	300	2,000	500	2,800	10.1
2 <b>W</b>	300	-	-	-	300	1.1
3	-	200	-	200	400	1.4
4	200	-	3,500	200	3,900	14.1
5	400	-	11,700	300	12,400	44.9
6	200	700	500	500	1,900	6.9
7	-	600	-	700	1,300	4.7
8	-	1,300	900	1,400	3,600	13.0
9	-	200	-	-	200	0.7
10	-	400	-	200	600	2.2
North Total	1,100	3,800	18,700	4,000	27,600	
% Total	4.0	13.8	67.8	14.5		
B.C. Total	95,400	8,800	21,000	5200	130,400	

Table 15. Octopus landings (kg) by statistical area and gear type in northern 8.C., 1988.

Statistical Area -	(	Gear Type			Total Landing	
Ai cu	Diving	Trap	Trawl	Other	Landing	Lunarny
1	3,449	121	126	87	3,783	9.3
2E	-	32	4,844	832	5,708	14.1
2 <b>W</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	-	159	•	456	615	1.5
4	-	73	4,315	79	4,467	11.0
5	1,134	-	11,617	236	12,987	32.0
6 .	333	1,377	987	170	2,867	7.1
7	-	2,024	-	17	2,041	5.0
8	-	5,793	1,021	38	6,852	16.9
9	-	439	-	-	439	1.1
10	-	762	-	7	769	1.9
North Total	4,916	10,780	22,910	1,922	40,528	
% Total	12.1	26.6	56.5	4.7		
B.C. Total	160,775	16,967	28,393	3,191	209,326	

## **SQUID FISHERY**

#### REGULATIONS

Squid (Loligo opalescens) is licensed under "Z" category E, for fishing by seine and by hook and line gear.

#### **LANDINGS**

Table 16 gives north coast squid landings by area and gear type for 1987 and 1988. Total B.C. squid landings were 86 t and 88 t in these two years; north coast landings were negligible. Most of the squid is reported to be sold as bait.

## SEA URCHIN FISHERY

#### SPECIES HARVESTED

Three sea urchin species are harvested in B.C.: red urchin (<u>Strongylocentrotus franciscanus</u>), green urchin (<u>S. droebachiensis</u>), and purple urchin (<u>S. purpuratus</u>), though red urchins are presently the target species in the north coast.

#### **REGULATIONS**

In 1987, the only restriction on the north coast red urchin fishery was a minimum size limit of 100 mm, while the south coast fishery was limited by time and area quotas. In 1988, a maximum size limit of 140 mm was introduced in the north coast but no area restrictions, except for an allocation closure in Burnaby Narrows (area 2E). As catch information becomes available from this fishery, a rotational plan will be implemented in combination with minimum and maximum size limits.

Red and green urchins are fished by dive under authority of a "Z" licence, category C for red and A for greens. Experimental permits are issued to fish for purple urchins.

## **LANDINGS**

Minor red urchin landings were first made in the north coast in 1986, increasing to 293 t in 1987 and 437 t in 1988 (Tables 17 and 18). The number of vessels fishing in the north coast increased from 16 to 26 in the two year period (Table 2). Fishing was focused in the central coast area 7 in both years because of the proximity to south coast plants. No significant amounts of urchin have been processed to date in the north coast. The north coast fishery had a landed value of \$141 thousand in 1987 and \$188 thousand in 1988.

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Table 16. Squid landings (kg) by statistical area and gear type in northern B.C., 1987 and 1988

Statistical			1987		Statistical			1988	
Area	Gear Type	Landings (kg)	% of north	% of B.C.	Area	Gear Type	Landings (kg)	% of north	% of B.C.
1	Trawl	257	95.9	0.3	1	Trawl	194	6.8	0.2
2E	Seine	•	-	-	2E	Seine		-	-
2W	Seine	-	-	-	2W	Trawl	64	2.2	0.1
4	Trawl	-	•	-	4	Trawl	•	•	-
7	Seine	11	4.1	0.0	7	Seine	-	-	-
8	Seine	-	-	•	8	Seine	753	26.2	0.9
					9	Seine	1,860	64.8	2.1
North Total	Seine	11	4.1	0.0	North Total	Seine	2,613	91.0	3.0
	Trawl	257	95.9	0.3		Trawl	258	9.0	0.3
	All Gear	268				All Gear	2,871		
B.C. Total	All Gear	85,817			B.C. Total	All Gear	88,274		

Table 17. Red Sea Urchin landings (Kg) by month and statistical area in northern B.C., 1987.

Statistical Area	Jan.	Feb.	Har.	Apr.	Hay	Ē	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	% Total
24 E	1 1			1 1				1 1						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Q.C.I. Total														
W 4 W				1 1 1			8,062	14,976	. % .				23,100	7.9
P.R.D. Total							8,062	14,976					23,100	7.9
9 ~ 0			, ,				, ,		31,423	107,142	- 40,517		179,082	61.0
9 o 10									, , ,	c,6,42				
C.C. Total	.								98,042	98,042 131,815	40,517		270,374	92.1
N.C. Total % by Month			• •				8,062	14,976 5.1	14,976 98,104 5.1 33.4	131,815	40,517 13.8		293,474	
B.C. Total	171,982	642,808	922,637	171,982 642,808 922,637 1,329,532	893, 755	893,755 424,216 238,125 302,166 413,434 206,662 181,900	238, 125	302,166	413,434	206,662	181,900	7,254	5,734,471	

Table 18. Red Sea Urchin landings (Kg) by month and statistical area in northern B.C., 1988.

Statistical Area	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Ju.	Jal.	Aug.	Sep.	oct.	Kov.	Dec.	Total	X Total
	•		•	•		•	•		•	•		•	•	•
<b>2E</b>	•	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•
<b>⊋</b>		. !						. :	, ;		,	. ;	,	
Q.C.I. Total	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	•	ı	•	•	•	•	ι	•	•	•	•	•	•	į
<b>د. د.</b>	. <b>2</b>		. ,			39,012	33,498	8 .		• •			72,578	16.6 2.6
P.R.D. Total	28					39,012	44,817	8					83,978	19.2
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	7,317	7,317	
	•	•	13,216	46,103	211,490	38,978	4,388	•	•	•	•	•	314,175	71.9
80	•	•	31,587	•		•	•		•	•	•	•	31,587	
ء م					. ,				• •	• •				
C.C. Total			44,803	46,103	211,490	38,978	4,388					7,317	353,079	80.8
N.C. Total	25	•	44,803	46,103	211,490	77,990	49,205	28	•	•	•	7,317	437,057	
% by Month	0.0		10.3		7.87	17.8		1	4	•	•	1.7	100.0	
B.C. Total	236,703 182,658	182,658	53,096	46,115	211,490	7,990	49,205	8	85,964	517,518	501,246	597,360	2,559,413	

\* The only Green Sea Urchin landings in the north coast were 371 Kg landed in Area 10 in October.

## SEA CUCUMBER FISHERY

### **REGULATIONS**

The B.C. sea cucumber (<u>Parastichopus californicus</u>) fishery is restricted by annual area quotas totalling 1500 t, divided evenly between the north coast (areas 1 to 10), west coast of Vancouver Island (areas 20 to 27), and inside waters (areas 11 to 19, 28, and 29). A "Z" category D licence is required for this dive fishery. P-licences, for processing at sea, are issued for north coast waters only to vessels meeting inspection requirements.

#### LANDINGS

The fishery for sea cucumber began in south coast B.C. in 1980 and expanded to the north coast in the fall of 1986. Annual north coast landings by area and month are given in Tables 19 and 20. In 1987, a total catch of 422 t fell short of the 500 t quota but in 1988 the quota was exceeded by 80 t. In both years fishing was concentrated in central coast area 7. Fishermen were likely attracted to fish in the north coast by a substantial increase in price from \$.30/kg in 1987 to \$.45/kg in 1988, as well as high catch rates. The number of vessels participating in the fishery increased from 19 in 1987 to 30 in 1988 (Table 2). The total landed value of the north coast fishery was \$190 thousand and \$296 thousand in the two years. One P-licence fished in 1987, processing 210 t of sea cucumber. No P-licences were fished in 1988.

## SHRIMP FISHERY

The shrimp fishery in B.C. utilizes six pandalid species and is fished by two different gear types, trap and trawl. The two fisheries target separate species and are sufficiently distinct that they will be discussed individually below.

### SHRIMP BY TRAP FISHERY

#### SPECIES HARVESTED

The Prawn (<u>Pandalus platyceros</u>) is the target species in the trap fishery, though humpback shrimp (<u>P. hypsinotus</u>) and pink shrimp (<u>P. borealis</u>) are taken incidentally. Prawn are concentrated on rocky substrate in fjord-like inlets along the coast. Small trap fisheries targeting on humpback shrimp operate in Masset Inlet in area 1 and in Prince Rupert Harbour in area 4.

## REGULATIONS

Shrimp are fished by trap under authority of a "Z" category H licence. Prawn management is based on maintaining a minimum number of ovigerous females per trap

Table 19. Sea Cucumber landings (Kg) by month and statistical area in northern B.C., 1987.

Statistical Area	, and	ė		5	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>		Š	odb.	;				Total
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1				
	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•		•				•	•
2E		•	•	•	•	•	6,103	•	12,759		,	•	18,862	4.5
2				٠	•	•	•	•	٠		,		1	•
	:	:	:		:	:		:	:	:	:	:		:
Q.C.I. Total	,	•	•		•	,	6,103	•	12,759	•			18,862	4.5
	•	•	•	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	•	•			,	•		•	99	2,135	526	227	3,188	0.8
	,		•	•	•		1,167	٠	•	3,689	119	•	4,975	1.2
P.R.D. Total							1,167		9	5,824	345	227	8, 163	1.9
	,	•	•	•	•	ì	,	•	•	4,204	•	•	4,204	1.0
	٠		٠	•	•	•	•	•		22,003	103,859 250,056	350,056	375,918	89.1
80	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			3,366	11,177	14,543	3.4
•	•	•		٠	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	٠
10	•						•	•			. !			•
C.C. Total			,	,					'	26,207	26,207 107,225 261,233	261,233	394,665	93.6
N.C. Total	•	•	•	•	•	,	7,270	•	13,359	32,031	32,031 107,570 261,460	361,460	421,690	
% by Month		•	•	•	•	•	1.7	,	3.2	7.6	25.5	62.0		
B.C. Total	171,982 642,808	642,808	922,637 1,329,532	,329,532		424,216	893,755 424,216 238,125		302,166 413,434	206,662 181,900	181,900	7,254	7,254 5,734,471	

Table 20. Sea Cucumber (andings (Kg) by month and statistical area in northern B.C., 1988.

Statistical Area	Jan.	ř.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	Ę.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	X Tota
-	1	•	•		,	,	•	•	•	•	,	•	,	1
<b>2</b> 25				1,372				• 1				, ,	1,372	0.2
Q.C.I. Total			:	1,372							,		1,372	0.2
w 4 rv	- 479 174			- 17,192 -								, , ,	- 17,671 174	3.0
P.R.D. Total	653	) F i 1 5 2	; ; ;	17,192		·		! ! ! !	1	,	: : :	•	17,845	3.1
6 7 8 8 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	49,134 168,075 - -	39,516 68,546 - -	31,359 40,979 ' 6,812 -	- 142,809 10,480 -	2,692				1 1 1 1				120,009 423,101 17,292	20.7 73.0 3.0
C.C. Total	217,209 108,062	108,062	79,150 153,289	153,289	2,692								560,402	7.96
N.C. Total % by Month	217,862 108,062 37.6 18.6	108,062 18.6	79,150 171,853 13.7 29.6	171,853 29.6	2,692		1 1						579,619	
B.C. Total	385,050	385,050 365,836 382,800 671,344	382,800		116,304		,	•	'	•	•		1,921,334	

Table 21. Commercial sampling summary for northern B.C. shrimp trap fishery, 1987 and 1988.

Date	Stat	Location	Spawn	Mean Length by Sex Stage	y Sex Stage	<u> </u>
	Area		x and the same of	Male	Trans.	Female
06-MAY-87	ო	WORK CHANNEL	2.09	35.6	41.8	34.0
19-0CT-88	ო	QUOTOON	1.33	•	40.0	•
19-0CT-88	ന	WORK CHANNEL	0.17	41.0	nil	46.9
19-0CT-88	ო	WORK CHANNEL	1.83	•	41.3	•
20-0CT-88	က	WORK CHANNEL	•	35.0	38.2	48.4
20-0CT-88	ო	WORK CHANNEL	2.33	•	42.4	47.1
20-0CT-88	ო	WORK CHANNEL	2.83	38.9	40.1	47.7
20-0CT-88	ო	WORK CHANNEL	1.60	•	nil	48.3
25-0CT-88	ო	QUOTOON	9.92	nil		nil
25-0CT-88	ო	QUOTOON	3.00	nil		nil
25-0CT-88	ო	WORK CHANNEL	0.42	nil	nil	nil
25-0CT-88	ო	WORK CHANNEL	1.00	niı		nil

(spawner index), requiring catch sampling during a fishery. Table 21 contains a summary of sampling information for 1987 and 1988. Further management controls were implemented in 1988, including a minimum size limit (carapace length) of 30 mm and trap modifications providing escapement for undersize prawns. A three month closure implemented from January to April in the south coast, has not been implemented in the north coast.

## **LANDINGS**

Annual catch and effort continue to increase in the prawn trap fishery. North coast landings and effort from 1981 to 1988 are contained in Table 22. Landings have increased from 103 t in 1985 to 165 t in 1987 and 239 t in 1988 while fishing effort has increased from 1,939 days in 1985 to 2,958 days in 1988. The majority of the north coast catch (80%) is taken in the central coast inlets, especially in areas 6, 7, and 8 (Tables 24 and 25). Vessels fishing the north coast have increased significantly from 28 in 1985 to 59 in 1987 and 72 in 1988. The prawn fishery, valued at \$1.2 million and \$2.0 million in the two years, is ranked third in annual value of north coast shellfish fisheries.

#### SHRIMP BY TRAWL FISHERY

#### **SPECIES HARVESTED**

This fishery targets mainly on side-stripe shrimp (<u>Pandalus dispar</u>) and pink shrimp (<u>P. borealis</u>) with both species commonly found over muddy bottom. Prawn and humpback shrimp are caught in much smaller numbers depending on the substrate.

## **REGULATIONS**

A limited "S" licence is required to fish shrimp by trawl. The licence is vessel based and issuance is limited to 247 licences annually in B.C.. Two trawl types are employed in the fishery. The smaller beam trawl is towed more slowly and therefore produces a correspondingly smaller incidental catch.

## **LANDINGS**

Annual landings and vessel days fished in the north coast and in all of B.C. are given in Table 23. Annual fluctuations in landings shown in the table likely reflect natural fluctuations in shrimp abundance and the response of fishermen to available abundances. North coast landings declined from 42 t to 26 t between 1987 and 1988 and there was a similar decline in vessel days fished, from 479 to 339. Chatham Sound in area 4 is one of the three major shrimp fishing areas in B.C. and the focus of north coast shrimp fishing (Tables 24 and 25). The number of vessels fishing the north coast increased from 29 in 1986 to 36 in 1987 and 37 in 1988 (Table 2). The total value of the fishery was \$119 thousand in 1987 and \$138 thousand in 1988 (Table 1).

Table 22. Annual landings (tonnes) and effort for shrimp trap fishery in B.C., 1981-1988.

Year	Northern B.C.		Total B.C.	
1001	Landings (tonnes)	Boat Days	Landings (tonnes)	Boat Days
1981	116	1,052	358	7,221
1982	71	1,718	281	7,248
1983	120	2,020	359	7,644
1984	92	1,553	398	9,117
1985	103	1,939	525	10,668
1986	139	1,648	582	10,622
1987	165	2,732	639	13,229
L988	239	2,958	725	13,268

Table 23. Annual landings (tonnes) and effort for shrimp trawl fishery in B.C., 1981-1988.

Year	Northern B.C.		Total B.C.	
	Landings (tonnes)	Boat Days	Landings (tonnes)	Boat Days
.981	19	305	582	3,612
.982	25	383	407	4,284
L983	17	419	382	6,714
L984	28	432	366	5,666
1985	30	560	667	5,200
L986	36	724	736	4,494
L987	42	479	2,623	7,279
.988	26	339	2,555	5,923

Table 24. Shrimp trap and trawl landings (kg) by statistical area in northern B.C., 1987.

gtatimtimal	Tra	p	Tra	awl
Statistical	Landings (kg)	% North Landings	Landing (kg)	% North Landings
1	2,767	1.7	5,037	12.1
2E	1,916	1.2	485	1.2
2W	-	-	860	2.1
Q.C.I. Total	4,683	2.8	6,382	15.3
	,	-	,	_
3	13,000	7.9	2,205	5.3
4 .	8,815	5.3	19,288	46.3
5	3,484	2.1	5,546	13.3
P.R.D. Total	25,299	15.3	27,039	64.9
		-		-
6	20,714	12.5	7,510	18.0
7	41,626	25.2	<del>-</del>	-
8	41,038	24.8	62	0.1
9	22,038	13.3	-	-
10	9,993	6.0	683	1.6
C.C. Total	135,409	81.9	8,255	19.8
North Total	165,391		41,676	
B.C. Total	638,733		2,622,735	

Note: Prawns comprised 96% (613,897 Kg) of shrimp trap landings in B.C.

Table 25. Shrimp trap and trawl landings (kg) by statistical area in northern B.C., 1988

Statistical Area	Tr	ap		awl 
	Landings (Kg)	<pre>% North Landings</pre>	Landings (Kg)	% North Landings
1	1,975	0.8	_	_
2E	3,697	1.5	1,718	6.6
2W	168	0.1	2,104	8.0
Q.C.I. Total	5,840	2.4	3,822	14.6
3	12,882	5.4	2,041	7.8
4	22,790	9.5	9,076	34.7
5	1,651	0.7	6,996	26.8
P.R. Total	37,323	15.6	18,113	69.3
6	40,693	17.0	1,551	5.9
7	81,889	34.2	· <del>-</del>	-
8	38,262	16.0	145	0.6
9	17,992	7.5	860	3.3
10	17,242	7.2	1,660	6.3
C.C. Total	196,078	82.0	4,216	16.1
North Total	239,241		26,151	
B.C. Total	725,498		2,554,856	

Note: Prawns comprised 98% (714,308 Kg) of shrimp trap landings in B.C.

#### ABALONE FISHERY

The abalone (<u>Haliotus kamschatkana</u>) fishery in B.C. has been reviewed in a number of previous reports (Farlinger and Thomas, 1988; Sloan and Breen, 1988; Farlinger and Bates, 1985; Bates, 1984, 1985; Sprout, 1983; and Fedorenko and Sprout, 1982). Data for this section was obtained from fishermen's harvest logs unless otherwise noted.

### **REGULATIONS AND SURVEYS**

The abalone fishery in B.C. is strictly regulated by both licensing and management constraints. Since 1980, participation in the fishery has been limited to 26 "E" licences, each assigned an equal portion of a coastwide quota. Fishermen are permitted to attach a maximum of four abalone licences to a single fishing vessel. Other management constraints include a minimum size limit of 100 mm shell length, allocation closures for Indian food and sport harvest, and a three month seasonal closure. Annual quotas were introduced in 1979 at 4,537 kg (10,000 lb) per vessel, and were gradually reduced to 1815 kg (4,000 lb) by 1985, where they have remained to date (Appendix 2). A "glaze allowance" of 7% landed weight was provided for abalone frozen at sea. The quota reductions were based primarily on results of biannual resurveys of abalone sites in areas 2E and 6. The most recent survey, conducted in area 2E in 1987, revealed no significant change in abalone abundance from the previous survey of this area in 1984 (Carolsfeld, et al, 1988). For this reason, abalone quotas were not varied in 1987 and 1988.

Abalone were measured in a port sampling program, initiated in Prince Rupert in 1982. Mean size of abalone sampled was 115 mm in 1987 and 111 mm in 1988, both means well above the 100 mm legal minimum (Appendix Table 4). Mean annual size landed has shown no significant trend.

In addition to the commercial fishery, abalone are taken in Indian food and recreational fisheries, by shore-picking at low tides, and by SCUBA diving. Recreational harvesters in the north coast are restricted to 12 abalone per day and a two day possession limit.

# **LANDINGS**

Appendices 2 and 2-1 show annual abalone landings for the period from 1952 to 1988. Annual landings increased significantly in 1986, remained at elevated levels until the introduction of vessel quotas in 1979, then declined with corresponding reductions in quota. Total landings reported on harvest logs were 46.4 t in 1987 and 45.5 t in 1988, less than the total allowable catch of 47.2 t. Table 26 gives the range of landings per licence in 1987 and 1988. Table 27 compares landings by area reported on harvest logs and sales slips for the two years. Differences in landings reported by sales slips and logs result from misreporting of catch on sales slips and from varying glaze allowances used at processing plants. The

Table 26. Range in Abalone landings per licence in B.C., 1987 and 1988.

Range in	Landings -	198	37	198	8
kg	lb(x1000)	No. licence holders	% licence holders	No. licence holders	% licence holders
0 - 454	(0 - 1)	0	0.0	0	0.0
455 - 907	(1 - 2)	1	3.8	0	0.0
908 - 1361	(2 - 3)	0	0.0	1	3.8
362 - 1814	(3 - 4)	8	30.8	8	30.8
1814 - 2037	(4 - 4.5)	17	65.4	17	65.4
***********	Total	26		26	••••

Table 27. Abalone landings (kg) by statistical area (1 - 27) in B.C., 1987 and 1988

Statistical		1987			1988	
Area	Landings (logbook) (kg)	Landings (sales slip) (kg)	% B.C. landings (logbook)	Landings (logbook) (kg)	Landings (sales slip) (kg)	% B.C. landings (logbook)
1	4,504	4,500	9.7	6,244	8,346	13.7
2E	14,342	1,911	30.9	19,062	21,461	41.9
2W	3,130	1,100	6.7	1,441	-	3.2
3	1,952	2,000	4.2	4,438	3,229	9.8
4	238	1,000	0.5	760	1,046	1.7
5	2,041	4,100	4.4	1,168	2,637	2.6
6	10,783	7,700	23.2	4,884	5,303	10.7
7	•	-	-	2,714	2,683	6.0
8	-	•	•	-	-	-
9	•	-	•	-	-	-
10	-	•	-	64	-	0.1
North Total	36,990	22,311	79.7	40,775	44,705	89.6
11	-	-	-	95	153	0.2
12	3,915	3,600	8.4	3,077	2,988	6.8
20	2,138	2,300	4.6	358	414	0.8
24	2,666	2,800	5.7	1,178	662	2.6
25	-	-	•	•	-	-
27	693	500	1.5	-	-	-
South Total	9,412	9,200	20.3	4,708	4,217	10.4
B.C. Total	46,402	31,511		45,483	48,922	

major fishing area in 1987 and 1988 was area 2E, though significant landings were also made from areas 1 and 6. Appendix 5 gives annual landings by area from 1977 to 1988. Catches by area fluctuate annually as fishermen rotate their fishing efforts. Area 2E has continually supported a major portion of the fishery and large catches have also originated from area 6 in the late 1970's and early 1980's.

Annual effort and CPUE information is given in Appendix 3; effort and CPUE are summarized by area in Appendix 6. Licences have continued to be consolidated so that 26 licences were fished on 16 vessels in 1987 and 1988. There has been a similar reduction in divers participating, from 33 in 1980 to 21 in 1987 and 22 in 1988. Total catch per diver day has shown a general declining trend since 1977 and remains at relatively low levels in 1987 and 1988 (Appendix 6-1).

Annual landings of abalone from the north coast were valued at \$759 thousand in 1987 and \$1 million in 1988, ranking fourth among shellfish (Table 2). Abalone landings are small relative to other species, but the landed value of the fishery is sustained by a unit price that is higher than any other species.

# **ACKNOWLEGEMENTS**

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Appendix 1: North coast commercial crab closures, 1987 and 1988.

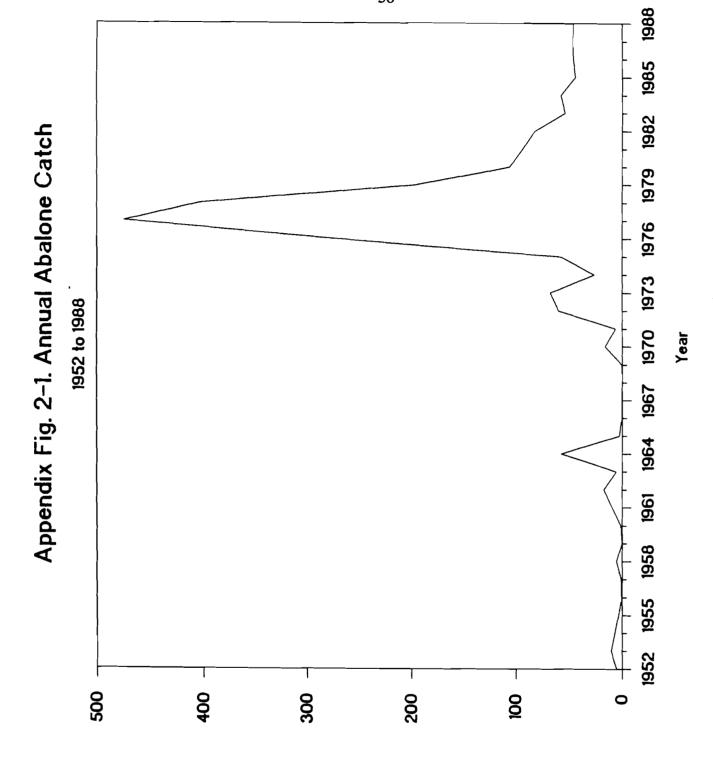
\rea 	Location	Type of Closure	Time 
1987			
1-4	Naden Harbour	Closed to traps, rings only Soft shell	Annual year round May 1 to Sept 30
1-5	McIntyre Bay	Soft shell	Annual Jul 10 to Sep 21
2E	east side Q.C.1.	Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round
3-18	Iceburg Bay	Native food fishery	Annual year round
4-10	Pr. Rupert Harbour Porpoise Harbour	Sport & native food fishery Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round Annual year round
<b>6-11</b>	Morse Basin Wainwright Basin	Sport & native food fishery Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round Annual year round
6-1	Kitimat Arm	Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round
6-2	Hartley Bay	Native food fishery	Apr 30 to Oct 1
8-3	Koeye Bay	Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round
8-7	Cousins In. portion	Sport fishery	Annual year round
8-13	Lower Burke Chan.	Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round
9-2,3,4,10	Johnston, Goose, Allard & Draney Cr. Bays	Sport & native food fishery	Apr 30 to Oct 1
1988			
1-4	Naden Harbour	Closed to traps, rings only Soft shell	Annual year round May 1 to Sept 30
1-5	McIntyre Bay	Soft shell	Annual Jul 10 to Sep 2
2E & 2W	Q.C.I.	Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round
3-18	Iceburg Bay	Native food fishery	Annual year round
4-10	Pr. Rupert Harbour Porpoise Harbour	Sport & native food fishery Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round Annual year round
4-11	Morse Basin Wainwright Basin	Sport & native food fishery Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round Annual year round
6-1	Kitimat Arm	Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round
6-2	Hartley Bay	Native food fishery	Apr 30 to Oct 1
8-3	Koeye Bay	Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round
8-13	Lower Burke Chan.	Sport & native food fishery	Annual year round
9-2,3,4,10	Johnston, Goose, Allard & Draney Cr. Bays	Sport & native food fishery	Apr 30 to Oct 1

Appendix 2: Annual total abalone landings in B.C., 1952 to 1988.

Year	Quota	Land	dings
	(kg)	(kg)	(lb)
1952		5,398	11,900
1953		10,342	22,800
1954		6,849	15,099
1955		3,538	7,800
1956		499	1,100
1957		953	2,101
1958		5,307	11,700
1959		181	399
1960		1,542	3,399
1961		9,389	20,699
1962		17,554	38,700
1963		5,715	12,599
1964		57,062	125,799
1965		3,084	6,799
1966		726	1,601
1967		862	1,900
1968		91	201
1969		635	1,400
1970		16,239	35,800
1971		6,441	14,200
1972		59,602	131,399
1973		67,132	147,999
1974		26,308	57,999
1975		56,699	124,999
1976		273,062	601,992
1977		474,803	1,046,750
1978 1979 *	113,000	403,998 197,230	890,654 434,813
1980	113,000	106,039	233,774
1981	94,000	93,651	206,463
1982	94,000	82,134	181,073
1983	71,000	53,263	117,424
1984	59,000	57,514	126,795
1985	47,000	43,777	96,511
1986	47,000	45,567	100,457
1987	47,000	46,402	102,298
1988	47,000	45,483	100,272
Total		2,285,071	5,037,666

<sup>\*</sup> open fishery plus 4536 kg per licence vessel





Abalone C 11ch (tonnes)

Appendix 3: Mean annual abalone catch per vessel and diver, and fishing effort.

Ho. of divers   So   78   So   25   25   26   26   26   26   26   16   15   19   16   16   16   16   16   16   16	Yeer	1977	1978	Total	1979 Open	Quota	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988
78         59         -         33         32         28         28         24         31         31         21           80         352         5,190         4,159         4,129         3,902         3,733         2,543         3,579         2,918         2,398         2,900           80         3,539         -         -         3,128         2,927         2,933         1,998         2,386         1,412         1,470         2,210           80         3,539         -         -         3,128         2,927         2,933         1,998         2,386         1,412         1,470         2,210           80         3,539         -         3,128         2,927         2,933         1,998         2,386         1,412         1,470         2,210           84         -         -         -         3,128         2,927         2,933         1,998         2,386         1,412         1,470         2,210           85         31         22         27         21         30         30         25         29           89         1-67         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	No. Vessels	22	25	25	21	72	22	77	22	22	16	15	19	16	<b>16</b>
50       8,352       5,190       4,159       4,129       3,902       3,733       2,543       3,579       2,918       2,398       2,900         50       3,539       -       -       3,128       2,927       2,933       1,998       2,386       1,412       1,470       2,210         56       3,539       -       -       3,128       2,927       2,933       1,998       2,386       1,412       1,470       2,210         56       31       29       32       29       27       21       30       30       25       29         6       -       8-54       16-48       13-73       12-58       10-78       10-55       6-71       12-56       4-75       11-96         70       1-67       -       -       6-58       1-52       2-54       1-55       3-49       1-40       2-44       7-44         77       155       -       -       6-58       1-52       2-54       1-55       3-49       1-40       2-44       7-44         77       155       -       152       2-54       1-55       3-49       1-40       9-40       104         8       -       - <th>No. of divers</th> <th>95</th> <th>82</th> <th>26</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>33</th> <th>32</th> <th>58</th> <th>58</th> <th>54</th> <th>31</th> <th>31</th> <th>21</th> <th>22</th>	No. of divers	95	82	26			33	32	58	58	54	31	31	21	22
54       31       29       37       21       30       30       25       29         14       -       8-54       16-48       13-73       12-58       10-78       10-55       6-71       12-56       4-75       11-96         18       23       -       -       25       22       22       16       20       14       14       22         19       1-67       -       -       6-58       1-52       2-54       1-55       3-49       1-40       2-44       7-44         17       157       -       -       131       142       136       124       118       100       96       104         18       -       -       131       142       136       14-195       22-189       49-182       51-164       0         15       -       49-585       62-282       70-349       35-287       28-301       34-634       14-195       17-195       17-181       101-323       44	Mean Catch (kg) per vessel per diver	21,582	16, 160 5, 180	8,352 3,539	5,190	4,159	4, 129	3,902	3,733	2,543	3,579	2,918	2,398	2,900	2,843
54         31         29         32         29         27         21         30         30         25         29           44         -         8-54         16-48         13-73         12-58         10-78         10-55         6-71         12-56         4-75         11-96           18         23         -         -         25         22         22         16         20         14         14         22           19         1-67         -         6-58         1-52         2-54         1-55         3-49         1-40         2-44         7-44           17         15         -         -         6-58         1-52         2-54         1-55         3-49         1-40         2-44         7-44           17         15         15         15         15         1-55         3-49         1-60         9-44         7-44           17         15         15         15         15         15         16         10         9-44         7-44           18         16         16         16         16         16         16         10         10           15         15         16-349 <t< th=""><th>No. of diver days</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	No. of diver days														
18       23       -       -       25       22       22       16       20       14       14       22         19       1-67       -       -       6-58       1-52       2-54       1-55       3-49       1-40       2-44       7-44         15       -       -       6-58       1-52       2-54       1-55       3-49       1-40       2-44       7-44         17       15       -       -       131       142       136       124       118       100       96       104         15       -       -       131       142       136       14-195       22-189       49-182       51-164       0         15       -       -       40-585       62-282       70-349       67-325       58-301       34-634       14-195       12-189       49-182       51-164       0         15       -       -       -       40-349       35-287       28-301       34-634       14-195       17-181       101-323       44	Rean	109 3-327	88-204	ጃ '	31	2% 16-48	32 13-73	29 12-58	27 10-78	21 10-55	30 6-71	30 12-56	2 t	11-%	₽ 2-0
7-67       -       6-58       1-52       2-54       1-55       3-49       1-40       2-44       7-44         7-74       15       -	per diver Mean	ξ\$	<b>78</b>	8	•		ĸ	, 22	25	5	8	4	4	22	20
7 155 131 142 136 124 118 100 96 104 105 155 - 49-585 62-282 70-349 67-325 58-301 34-634 14-195 22-189 49-182 51-164 15 23-278 40-349 35-287 28-301 34-634 14-195 18-189 17-181 101-323 4	Range	1-100	1-69	1-67	•	•	6-58	1-52	2-54	1-55	3-49	1-40	5-44	7-44	4-53
15 - 49-585 62-282 70-349 67-325 58-301 34-634 14-195 22-189 49-182 51-164 15 23-278 40-349 35-287 28-301 34-634 14-195 18-189 17-181 101-323 4	Catch per diver day Mean (kg/day)	\$	187	155	•	•	131	142	351	124	118	100	<b>8</b>	5	5
32-763 5-385 23-278 - 40-349 35-287 28-301 34-634 14-195 18-189 17-181 101-323 4	Range of mean catch	per dive	ir day 40-585	1	585-07	42.282	071-02	361-27	58.201	729-72	17.106	22,180	767	***************************************	
		32-763	5-385	23-278	, :	; ;	40-349	35-287	28-301	34-634	14-195	18-189	17-181	101-323	027-77

Appendix 4. Annual abalone port sampling summary, Prince Rupert, B.C., 1987 and 1988

Date	Statistical Area	Sample Size	Mean Length (mm)	Standard Deviation (mm)	% Legal Size
1987		-			
Feb. 13 Mar. 4 Oct. 14 Nov. 18 Dec. 14 Dec. 15	6 1 6 2E 3 3	100 100 100 102 105 50	115 118 114 115 117 110	8.9 9.6 7.2 8.1 5.9	99 100 100 100 100
Total Samp	oled	557			
Overall Me	ean (mm)		115	8.0	100
1988					
Feb. 19 Mar. 10 Apr. 27 Oct. 13 Nov. 1 Nov. 1 Nov. 2 Nov. 23	3&5 3 3 2E&3 3 6 6	105 101 100 100 65 52 100 100	112 114 109 110 108 110 112	8.1 7.8 6.3 7.1 6.0 8.0 10.2 7.4	100 99 100 100 95 98 99
Total Sam	pled	723			
Overall M	ean (mm)		111	7.6	98

Appendix 5: Annual abalone landings (Kg) (from logbooks) by statistical area in B.C., 1977 to 1988.

Statistical Area	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	Total
- <del>2</del> 2 25	45,668 251,669 13,174	12,888 102,431 13,362	2,613 29,528 5,726	3,169 12,538 3,724	1,923 21,321 6,047	13,024 13,539 161	12,113 17,935 0	14,442 12,670 938	9,368 4,409 0	15,320 6,453 2,115	4,504 14,342 3,130	6,244 19,062 1,441	141,276 505,897 49,818
Q.C.I. Total	310,511	128,681	37,867	19,431	29,291	26,724	30,048	28,050	13,777	23,888	21,976	26,746	066,969
w 4 r	10,186 0 94,586	254 6,388 88,289	2,928 40,408	2,143 2,692 13,483	0 5,186 2,858	1,667 1,383 2,201	0 875 3,970	3, 181 236 4, 990	3,407 539 3,663	738 1,815 3,534	1,952 238 2,041	4,438 760 1,168	27,966 23,040 261,191
P.R. Total	104,772	94,931	43,336	18,318	8,044	5,251	4,845	8,407	609'2	6,087	4,231	6,365	312,196
•	33.751	160.269	87,000	44.519	37.756	27.058	7.538	9,899	10.820	4.170	10.783	4.884	438.447
	5,601	10,922	2,704	1,943	1,778	868	552	0	0	0	0	2,714	27,112
80	0	0	0	542	0	0	145	0	0	0	0	0	390
9 10	00	0 0	00	00	553 0	0 1,124	00	00	00	13 3,015	00	o 3	566 4,203
C.C. Total	39,352	171,191	89,704	46,707	40,087	29,080	8,235	668'6	10,820	7,198	10,783	7,662	470,718
=	186	0	5,548	1,001	1,828	3,541	0	0	0	45	0	85	12,244
12	9,135	657	17,312	14,047	6,595	5,052	2,452	3,270	5,545	8,349	3,915	3,077	82,208
19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
50	1,430	3,026	954	2,004	4,805	8,604	7,684	6,593	3,776	0	2,138	358	41,342
21	0 (	0 (	0	o (	0 (	0	0	0	o (	0 (	0	0	0
S 7	0 9	0 (	0 (	<b>-</b>	0 0	90,	o (	0 (	0 (	0 0	0 ;	0 ;	000,
4 X	081 757	0 Z	2,4	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	2	<b>-</b>	0 0 2	1 04,	<b>&gt;</b>	000'7	8/1,1	4, U42
S 2	2.332	20	200	• •	. 0	• •	• •	ì		• •	• •	• •	2,541
27	2,361	0	1,756	0	0	2,866	0	206	287	0	693	0	8,870
S.C. Total	20,178	9,203	26,326	17,052	16,228	21,081	10,136	11, 159	11,572	8,394	9,412	4, 708	165,449
Unknown	0	0	0	4,507	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,507
B.C. Total	474,813	404,006	197,233	101,508	93,650	82,136	53,264	57,515	43,778	45,567	70,405	45,481	1,645,353

Appendix 6. Annual abalone fishing effort by statistical area (from harvest logs) in B.C., 1977 to 1988

Statistical	19	77	197	78	19	79	19	80	19	81	19	982
Area	Total diver days	CPUE (kg/dd)	Total diver (	CPUE (kg/dd)	Total diver days	CPUE (kg/dd)	Total diver days	CPUE (kg/dd)	Total diver days	CPUE (kg/dd)		CPUE (kd/dd
1	211	216.4	59	218.4	20	130.7	21	152.2	5	384.6	48	271.3
2E	1111	226.5	547	187.3	134	220.4	48	261.2	126	169.2	116	116.7
2W	75	175.7	80	167.0	63	90.9	21	177.3	34	177.9	1	161.0
QCI Total	1322	222.3	606	187.6	154	174.5	69	216.2	131	177.5	164	162.0
3	51	199.7	5	50.7	0	0.0	14	153.1	0	0.0	13	128.2
4	0	0.0	30	212.9	40	73.2	16	168.3	47	110.3	14	98.8
5	470	201.3	506	174.5	347	116.5	104	129.6	28	102.1	33	66.7
	••••			••••		••••	••••	••••	•••••			••••
P.R. Total	521	201.1	541	175.5	387	112.0	134	136.7	75	107.3	60	87.5
6	251	134.5	761	210.6	449	198.2	381	116.9	264	143.0	186	145.5
7	51	109.8	101	108.1	27	100.1	32	60.7	24	74.1	5	179.6
8	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	122.5	0	0.0	0	0.0
9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	3		0	0.0
10	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	11	102.1
C.C. Total	302	130.3	862	198.6	476	188.5	415	112.5	291	137.8	202	
11	11	16.9	0	0.0	42	132.1	6	166.8	15	121.9	19	186.4
12	95	96.2	6	76.5	126	137.4	130	108.1	92	104.3	58	87.1
20	16	89.4	33	91.7	11	84.0	19	105.1	63	76.3	71	121.2
23	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	7	142.9
24	4		0	0.0	0		0	0.0	0		1	
25	16		34	168.2	4		0	0.0	0		0	
26	14		0	0.0	3		0	0.0	0		0	•••
27	11	214.8	0	0.0	13	135.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	19	150.8
S.C. Total	167	120.8	73	126.1	199	132.3	155	110.0	170	95.5	175	120.5
Total	2312		2082		1216		773		667		601	
Mean (a)		198.9		186.9		154.2	+23	127.9	(b)	133.6		136.4

<sup>(</sup>a) Total catch/area/total diver days

<sup>(</sup>b) 4,507 kg of unknown fishing effort; CPUE based on remaining catch

Statistical	19	83	19	984	19	85	19	786	19	<del>2</del> 87	19	<b>788</b>
Area	Total diver days	CPUE (kg/dd)	Total diver days	CPUE (kg/dd)	Total diver days	CPUE (kg/dd)		CPUE (kg/dd)		CPUE (kg/dd)	Total diver days	CPUE (kg/dd
1	62	195.4	104	136.5	78	120.1	147	104.2	50	90.1	77	81.1
2E	119	150.7	89	142.4	31	142.2	56	115.2	123	116.6	149	127.9
2W	0	0.0	16	58.6	0	0.0	18	117.5	24	130.4	8	180.1
QC1 Total	181	166.0	193	134.2	109	126.4	203	88.1	197	337.1	234	389.1
3	0	0.0	30	106.0	30	113.6	11	67.1	38	51.4	45	98.6
4	13	67.3	4	59.0	9	59.9	20	90.8	2	119.0	10	76.0
5	35	113.4	49	101.8	35	104.7	34	103.9	19	107.4	13	89.9
P.R. Total	48	100.9	83	101.3	74	102.8	65	93.6	59	277.8	68	264.4
6	70	107.7	69	143.5	90	120.2	48	86.9	98	110.0	37	132.0
7	7	78.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	29	93.6
8	4	36.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	13.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
10	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	30	100.5	0	0.0	1	63.5
C.C. Total	81	101.7	69		90	120.2	79		98	110.0	67	289.1
11	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	45.0	0	0.0	1	95.3
12	26	94.3	35	93.4	82	67.6	111	75.2	41	95.5	40	76.9
20	91	84.4	78	84.5	66	57.2	0	0.0	33	64.8	6	59.7
23	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	• • •	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
24	C		0		0		0		29		13	
25	C		3		19		0		0	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0	0.0
26	0		0		0		0		0		0	
27	0	0.0	8	113.3	3	95.7	0	0.0	10	69.3	0	0.0
S.C. Total	117	86.6	124	90.0	170	68.1	112	74.9	113	321.5	60	322.5
Total	427	7	469	)	443		459	)	467	<b></b>	430	
Mean (a)		124.7		118.6		98.8		95.5		99.4		105.9

