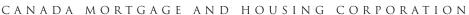
#### HOUSING MARKET INFORMATION

### HOUSING MARKET OUTLOOK Charlottetown CA

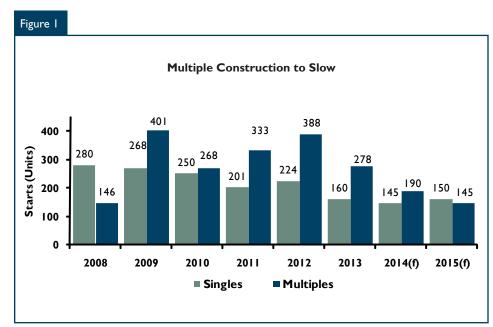




Date Released: Spring 2014

#### **Highlights**

- Apartment starts to decline due to rising vacancy rate
- Single-detached starts will trend down over the forecast period
- MLS® sales to decline as overall housing demand moderates
- Average resale price growth to slow



Source and Forecast: CMHC

#### **Table of Contents**

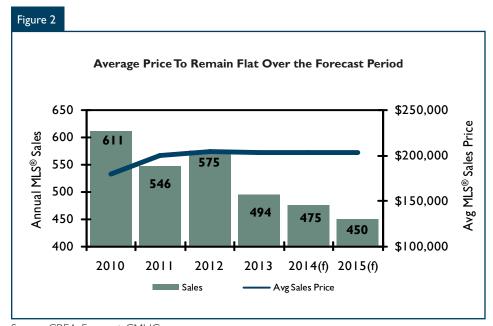
- l Highlights
- 2 New Home Market: Apartment Construction to Decline
- Resale Market: MLS<sup>®</sup> Sales to Decline
- 3 Vacancy Rates on the Rise
- 3 Housing Demand to Moderate
- 3 Mortgage Rates to see Gradual and Modest Increases by the end of 2015, but will Remain Low by Historical Standards
- 4 Forecast Risks
- 4 Trends at a Glance
- 5 Forecast Summary
- 6 Glossary of Terms, Definitions and Methodology
- 8 CMHC Home to Canadians

#### **SUBSCRIBE NOW!**

Access CMHC's Market Analysis Centre publications quickly and conveniently on the Order Desk at <a href="https://www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation">www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation</a>. View, print, download or subscribe to get market information e-mailed to you on the day it is released. CMHC's electronic suite of national standardized products is available for free.







Source: CREA; Forecast: CMHC  $MLS^{\otimes}$  is a registered trademark of the Canadian Real Estate Association (CREA)

## New Home Market: Apartment Construction to Decline

Total new home construction in the Charlottetown CA will decline by 24 per cent this year, after falling nearly 30 per cent in 2013. The bulk of the decline will be recorded in rental apartment starts. Since 2009, the level of rental apartment has been well above the ten-year average, with more than 1.200 units built. The elevated level of rental starts was supported by high levels of in-migration, partially due to the Provincial Nominee program, and low borrowing costs. However, supply of units has outpaced demand, exerting a steady rise in the vacancy rate. The vacancy rate of 7.9 per cent recorded in Fall 2013 will limit new rental development over the next two years. Multiple-unit starts will recede to 190 units in 2014, before declining further to 155 units in 2015.

Single-detached home construction will continue to decline over the forecast period, continuing a trend

that started in 2004. The rapid growth of an absorbed single-detached home curtailed demand and pushed prospective homebuyers to consider lower cost alternatives such as the resale and condominium market. In addition, changes to the Provincial Nominee Program have resulted in a lower number of candidates so the resulting slowdown in-migration to the province is impacting demand for all forms of housing. Overall single-detached starts are expected to decline to 145 in 2014 and 150 starts in 2015.

While single-detached starts in the Charlottetown area are expected to decline, the homes that are built will continue to be larger and more elaborate. The spread between the New Home Price Index (NHPI) and the average new home price provides some insight into this trend. The NHPI is Statistics Canada's benchmark for measuring the percentage increase in land, labour and material on a monthly basis. Over the past five years, the average annual gain in the NHPI has been 0.54 per cent. During the same

period the actual average new home price grew by 7.5 per cent annually. This spread, of almost seven per cent, indicates that the rise in new home prices is being impacted by consumer preferences and not increases in land, labour and material costs. As the trend towards larger, more elaborate homes continues, the average new home price will continue to increase above the rate of inflation over the forecast period.

## Resale Market: MLS® Sales to Decline

MLS® sales in Charlottetown averaged 572 units, over the past decade. During this period, the annual totals ranged from a low of 494 in 2013 to a high of 650 sales in 2007. Expect MLS® sales to decline over the forecast period. The sharp reduction for housing demand stems from out-migration and declining international migration. These two factors will limit household formation over the forecast period. The overall impact will be a reduction in demand for resale homes compared to previous years. MLS® sales are expected to decline to 475 units in 2014 and 450 units in 2015.

The reduced demand entails no price growth for existing homes over the forecast period. This is a departure from the trend observed during the previous decade, when price growth average over five per cent on an annual basis. New listings are expected to remain elevated, providing ample choice for potential home buyers. As a result, expect an increase in the days on market for listed homes which will apply downward pressure on price. The average MLS® sale price is expected to remain essentially unchanged at \$203,000 in 2014 and \$202,500 in 2015.

#### **Vacancy Rates on the Rise**

The vacancy rate in the Charlottetown area increased for the fourth consecutive year, as the supply of new units outpaced demand. Since the beginning of 2009, the Charlottetown area has added more than 1,200 new rental apartment units to the local apartment universe. This level of construction is well above the ten-year average of 130 units per year and is equal to the total level of apartment construction during the previous 18 years combined. This level of construction paired with a significant decline in demand, pushed up the vacancy rate for apartment structures containing three or more units in the Charlottetown CA to 7.9 per cent.

The vacancy rate will rise in 2014, as an additional 179 rental units are currently under construction. As these units are brought to market throughout 2014, supply will continue to outpace demand. However, rental construction slowed significantly in the latter half of 2013 and is expected to remain slow in both 2014 and 2015. As such, it is expected that the rental market will post a lower vacancy rate in Fall 2015. Expect the vacancy rate to reach 9.0 per cent in 2014 before declining to 8.0 per cent in 2015.

## Housing Demand to Moderate

Employment, migration and interest rates are three main factors influencing housing demand. Over the forecast these factors are expected to record little change.

The unemployment rate in Charlottetown remained near 8.5 per cent in 2013, and little change is expected throughout 2014. In 2013, Charlottetown recorded strong growth in both the labour force and total employment. As the percentage increase in both of these variables was very similar, there was essentially no change to the unemployment rate. It is expected that the unemployment rate will remain between 8.5 and 9.0 per cent during the forecast period.

Due to the relatively strong job market, the capital region remains attractive for job seekers compared to other parts of the province. This has been one of the main reasons for the continued trend of urbanization, as Islanders continue to move to the capital region from more rural parts of the province.

Migration trends from 2007 to 2012 were very favorable for the housing market in the Charlottetown area. During this period, the area recorded a substantial increase in international immigration combined with a slowdown in-migration to Alberta. International immigration, attributed to the Provincial Nominee Program, brought nearly 11,000 new residents to the Capital region between 2007 and 2012. The large influx of people stimulated housing demand. However, this program came to an end in 2012, and international migration declined significantly in 2013 with further declines expected for 2014. In addition, out-migration to Alberta resumed in 2012, after a three year hiatus. In 2013, approximately 1,000 residents relocated to Alberta.

As such, migration will not provide significant housing demand over the forecast period.

#### Mortgage Rates to see Gradual and Modest Increases by the end of 2015, but will Remain Low by Historical Standards

Consistent with the view of Canadian economic forecasters, CMHC expects interest rates to register gradual and modest increases by the latter part of the 2015 forecast horizon. This will lead to increases in mortgage rates. Despite this, mortgage rates will remain low and will continue to support housing market activity over the forecast horizon.

According to CMHC's base case scenario for 2014, the average for the one-year posted mortgage rate is forecast to be within 3.0 per cent to 3.5 per cent, while the average for the five-year posted mortgage rate is anticipated to be within 5.0 per cent to 5.5 per cent. For 2015, the average for the one-year posted mortgage rate is expected to rise and be in the 3.20 per cent to 4.25 per cent range, while the average for the five-year posted mortgage rate is forecast to be within 5.25 per cent to 6.0 per cent.

#### Trends at a Glance

Key Factors and their Effects of	Throughly out to			
Mortgage Rates	Short term mortgage rates are expected to remain at historical low levels which will continue to support housing demand.			
Employment				
	An increase in employment levels was recorded in 2013, with the majority of the new jobs in the Charlottetown area. Employment in the area continues to remain positive and support demand for all types of housing.			
Income	The increase in the average weekly earnings in Prince Edward Island for 2013 was near the rate of inflation. The net result was no real wage growth, which will have little effect on housing demand.			
Net Migration	Out-migration throughout Prince Edward Island trended upward in 2013, exerting negative pressure on housing demand.			
Natural Population Increase	Overall population growth in Prince Edward Island is minimal. The aging population will impact the tenure of housing demand moving forward.			
Resale Market	Resale market conditions in Charlottetown are expected to remain in the buyers category due to slowing sales and minimal increases in the average sale price. In addition, new listings and the average days on market continue to rise.			
Other	Reduced public-sector capital spending combined with muted, large-scale private-sector investment will limit economic growth in 2014 and 2015.			

#### **Forecast Risks**

This outlook is subject to some risk including:

- Increased out-migration throughout the province and significant declines in international immigration will limit demand over the forecast period.
- A stronger than expected U.S. economic recovery or stronger growth in emerging countries could positively impact Canadian economic growth, contributing to a higher level of activity in Canada's housing market.
- Recent levels of apartment starts are expected to impact the vacancy rate further in 2014 and 2015. If the vacancy rate increases faster than expected, construction projects could be delayed.
- Elevated levels of household debt and house prices in some urban centres have made the country's economy more vulnerable to some economic shocks. If interest rates or unemployment were to increase sharply and significantly, some of the more heavily indebted households could be forced to liquidate some of their assets,

including their homes. This could put downward pressure on house prices and, more generally, on housing market activity.

Forecast Summary Charlottetown CA Spring 2014															
									2011	2012	2013	2014f	% chg	2015f	% chg
201	224	160	145	-9.4	150	3.4									
333	388	278	190	-31.7	155	-18.4									
534	612	438	335	-23.5	305	-9.0									
239,840	272,844	286,344	288,000	0.6	290,000	0.7									
240,000	250,000	240.450	272.000	0.0	277 400	2.0									
240,000	250,000	267,430	272,000	0.9	277,400	2.0									
1.8	0.2	0.5	0.5	-	0.5	-									
	_	_	_	_	_	_									
611	546	575	475	-17.4	450	-5.3									
786	875	924	900	-2.6	875	-2.8									
179,813	199,580	204,319	203,000	-0.6	202,500	-0.2									
	_	_	_	_	_	_									
3.3	5.7	7.9	9.0	1.1	8.0	-1.0									
761	803	804	820	-	850	-									
2 52	3 17	3 00	3.00. 3.50		3 20 4 25										
	4111			-		-									
				- ا ۵		0.8									
				-	,	-									
						-									
				_3 δ -		**									
	2011  201 333 534  239,840  240,000 1.8  611 786 179,813	Charlottetowr Spring 201  2011 2012  201 224 333 388 534 612  239,840 272,844  240,000 250,000  1.8 0.2  611 546 786 875 179,813 199,580  3.3 5.7 761 803  3.52 3.17 5.37 5.27 34,625 35,250 2.1 1.8 8.3 8.3	Charlottetown CA Spring 2014  2011 2012 2013  201 224 160 333 388 278 534 612 438  239,840 272,844 286,344  240,000 250,000 269,450  1.8 0.2 0.5  611 546 575 786 875 924 179,813 199,580 204,319  3.3 5.7 7.9 761 803 804  3.52 3.17 3.08 5.37 5.27 5.24 34,625 35,250 37,025 2.1 1.8 5.0 8.3 8.3 8.7	Charlottetown CA Spring 2014  2011 2012 2013 2014f  201 224 160 145 333 388 278 190 534 612 438 335  239,840 272,844 286,344 288,000  240,000 250,000 269,450 272,000  1.8 0.2 0.5 0.5  611 546 575 475 786 875 924 900 179,813 199,580 204,319 203,000  3.3 5.7 7.9 9.0 761 803 804 820  3.52 3.17 3.08 3.00 - 3.50 5.37 5.27 5.24 5.00 - 5.50 34,625 35,250 37,025 37,700 2.1 1.8 5.0 1.9 8.3 8.3 8.7 8.5	Charlottetown CA           Spring 2014           201         2012         2013         2014f         % chg           201         224         160         145         -9.4           333         388         278         190         -31.7           534         612         438         335         -23.5           239,840         272,844         286,344         288,000         0.6           240,000         250,000         269,450         272,000         0.9           1.8         0.2         0.5         0.5         -           611         546         575         475         -17.4           786         875         924         900         -2.6           179,813         199,580         204,319         203,000         -0.6           3.3         5.7         7.9         9.0         1.1           761         803         804         820         -           3.52         3.17         3.08         3.00 - 3.50         -           5.37         5.27         5.24         5.00 - 5.50         -           34,625         35,250         37,025         37,700         1	Charlottetown CA           Spring 2014           2011         2012         2013         2014f         % chg         2015f           201         224         160         145         -9.4         150           333         388         278         190         -31.7         155           534         612         438         335         -23.5         305           239,840         272,844         286,344         288,000         0.6         290,000           240,000         250,000         269,450         272,000         0.9         277,400           1.8         0.2         0.5         0.5         -         0.5           4611         546         575         475         -17.4         450           786         875         924         900         -2.6         875           179,813         199,580         204,319         203,000         -0.6         202,500           3.3         5.7         7.9         9.0         1.1         8.0           761         803         804         820         -         850           3.52         3.17         3.08         3.00 - 3.50									

 $<sup>\</sup>mathsf{MLS}^{@}$  is a registered trademark of the Canadian Real Estate Association (CREA).

Source: CMHC (Starts and Completions Survey, Market Absorption Survey), adapted from Statistics Canada (CANSIM), CREA, Statistics Canada (CANSIM)

NOTE: Rental universe = Privately initiated rental apartment structures of three units and over

<sup>\*\*</sup> Percent change > 200%

#### DEFINITIONS AND METHODOLOGY

#### **New Home Market**

Historical home starts numbers are collected through CMHC's monthly **Starts and Completions Survey**. Building permits are used to determine construction sites and visits confirm construction stages. A **start** is defined as the beginning of construction on a building, usually when the concrete has been poured for the whole of the structure's footing, or an equivalent stage where a basement will not be part of the structure.

#### **Single-Detached Start:**

The start of a building containing only one dwelling unit, which is completely separated on all sides from any other dwelling or structure.

#### **Semi-Detached Start:**

The start of each of the dwellings in a building containing two dwellings located side-by-side, adjoining no other structure and separated by a common or party wall extending from ground to roof.

#### Row (or Townhouse) Start:

Refers to the commencement of construction on a dwelling unit in a row of three or more attached dwellings separated by a common or party wall extending from ground to roof.

#### **Apartment and other Starts:**

Refers to the commencement of construction on all dwellings other than those described above, including structures commonly known as stacked townhouses, duplexes, triplexes, double duplexes and row duplexes.

#### **Average and Median Single Detached Home Prices:**

Are estimated using CMHC's **Market Absorption Survey**, which collects home prices at absorption and measures the rate at which units are sold or rented after they are completed. Dwellings are enumerated each month after a structure is completed until full absorption occurs. The term "absorbed" means that a housing unit is no longer on the market as it has been sold or rented.

#### **New Home Price Indexes:**

Changes in the New Home Price Indexes are estimated using annual averages of Statistics Canada's monthly values for New Housing Price Indexes (NHPI).

#### Resale Market

Historical resale market data in the summary tables of the Housing Market Outlook Reports refers to residential transactions through the Multiple Listings Services (MLS®) as reported by The Canadian Real Estate Association (CREA). In Quebec, this data is obtained by the Centris® listing system via the Quebec Federation of Real Estate Boards.

#### MLS® (Centris® in the province of Quebec) Sales:

Refers to the total number of sales made through the Multiple Listings Services in a particular year.

#### MLS® (Centris® in the province of Quebec) Average Price:

Refers to the average annual price of residential transactions through the Multiple Listings Services.

#### Rental Market

Rental Market vacancy rates and two bedroom rents information is from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation's (CMHC's) October Rental Market Survey (RMS). Conducted on a sample basis in all urban areas with populations of 10,000 and more, the RMS targets privately initiated structures with at least three rental units, which. have been on the market for at least three months. The survey obtains information from owners, managers, or building superintendents through a combination of telephone interviews and site visits.

#### Vacancy Rate:

The vacancy rate refers to the average vacancy rate of all apartment bedroom types. A unit is considered vacant if, at the time of the survey, it is physically unoccupied and available for immediate rental.

#### Two Bedroom Rent:

The rent refers to the average of the actual amount tenants pay for two bedroom apartment units. No adjustments are made for the inclusion or exclusion of amenities and services such as heat, hydro, parking, and hot water.

#### **Economic Overview**

**Labour Force** variables include the Annual Employment Level, Employment Growth, Unemployment Rate. Source: Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey.

#### **Net Migration:**

Sum of net interprovincial (between provinces), net intra-provincial (within provinces), net international (immigration less emigration), returning Canadians and temporary (non-permanent) residents as provided to the CANSIM database by Statistics Canada's Demography Division. Sources of inter-provincial and intra-provincial migration data include a comparison of addresses from individual income tax returns for two consecutive years from Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) taxation records. The migration estimates are modelled, with the tax file results weighted to represent the whole population.

#### CMHC—HOME TO CANADIANS

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) has been Canada's national housing agency for more than 65 years.

Together with other housing stakeholders, we help ensure that the Canadian housing system remains one of the best in the world. We are committed to helping Canadians access a wide choice of quality, environmentally sustainable and affordable housing solutions that will continue to create vibrant and healthy communities and cities across the country.

For more information, visit our website at www.cmhc.ca or follow us on Twitter, YouTube and Flickr.

You can also reach us by phone at I-800-668-2642 or by fax at I-800-245-9274.

Outside Canada call 613-748-2003 or fax to 613-748-2016.

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation supports the Government of Canada policy on access to information for people with disabilities. If you wish to obtain this publication in alternative formats, call 1-800-668-2642.

The Market Analysis Centre's (MAC) electronic suite of national standardized products is available for free on CMHC's website. You can view, print, download or subscribe to future editions and get market information e-mailed automatically to you the same day it is released. It's quick and convenient! Go to <a href="https://www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation">www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation</a>

For more information on MAC and the wealth of housing market information available to you, visit us today at <a href="https://www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation">www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation</a>

To subscribe to priced, printed editions of MAC publications, call 1-800-668-2642.

©2014 Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation. All rights reserved. CMHC grants reasonable rights of use of this publication's content solely for personal, corporate or public policy research, and educational purposes. This permission consists of the right to use the content for general reference purposes in written analyses and in the reporting of results, conclusions, and forecasts including the citation of limited amounts of supporting data extracted from this publication. Reasonable and limited rights of use are also permitted in commercial publications subject to the above criteria, and CMHC's right to request that such use be discontinued for any reason.

Any use of the publication's content must include the source of the information, including statistical data, acknowledged as follows:

Source: CMHC (or "Adapted from CMHC," if appropriate), name of product, year and date of publication issue.

Other than as outlined above, the content of the publication cannot be reproduced or transmitted to any person or, if acquired by an organization, to users outside the organization. Placing the publication, in whole or part, on a website accessible to the public or on any website accessible to persons not directly employed by the organization is not permitted. To use the content of any CMHC Market Analysis publication for any purpose other than the general reference purposes set out above or to request permission to reproduce large portions of, or entire CMHC Market Analysis publications, please contact: the Canadian Housing Information Centre (CHIC) at <a href="mailto:chic@cmhc.ca">chic@cmhc.ca</a>; 613-748-2367 or 1-800-668-2642.

For permission, please provide CHIC with the following information: Publication's name, year and date of issue.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, no portion of the content may be translated from English or French into any other language without the prior written permission of Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

The information, analyses and opinions contained in this publication are based on various sources believed to be reliable, but their accuracy cannot be guaranteed. The information, analyses and opinions shall not be taken as representations for which Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation or any of its employees shall incur responsibility.

# Housing market intelligence you can count on

#### FREE REPORTS AVAILABLE ON-LINE

- Canadian Housing Statistics
- Housing Information Monthly
- Housing Market Outlook, Canada
- Housing Market Outlook, Highlight Reports Canada and Regional
- Housing Market Outlook, Major Centres
- Housing Market Tables: Selected South Central Ontario Centres
- Housing Now, Canada
- Housing Now, Major Centres
- Housing Now, Regional
- Monthly Housing Statistics
- Northern Housing Outlook Report
- Preliminary Housing Start Data
- Rental Market Provincial Highlight Reports
- Rental Market Reports, Major Centres
- Rental Market Statistics
- Residential Construction Digest, Prairie Centres
- Seniors' Housing Reports

#### Get the market intelligence you need today!

Click www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation to view, download or subscribe.

CMHC's Market Analysis Centre e-reports provide a wealth of detailed local, provincial, regional and national market information.

- Forecasts and Analysis –
   Future-oriented information about local, regional and national housing trends.
- Statistics and Data Information on current housing market activities – starts, rents, vacancy rates and much more.

#### **Housing Market Information Portal**

The housing data you want, the way you want it.

Save and share data, tables and charts

Acces CMHC's housing information quickly and easily

SAN impositive new web tool

