The homicide rate in 2015 increased by 15% from the previous year, but is still 2% lower than the average rate from 2005 to 2014.

In 2015, there were 604 victims of homicide in Canada, 83 more than in 2014.

Aboriginal people represented about 5% of Canada’s total population in 2015 yet accounted for a higher percentage of homicide victims and accused persons.

In 2015, 87% of victims knew the accused. The reported relationships between victims and accused were:

- 12% Criminal Partner
- 35% Acquaintance
- 14% Spouse
- 13% Stranger
- 22% Other Family Member
- 4% Other Intimate Partner (excludes spouse)
- 1% Other
- 25% Unknown
- 33% Aboriginal
- 66% Non-Aboriginal
- 74% Victims

The most common methods of homicide in 2015 were:
- 37% Stabbing
- 30% Shooting
- 23% Beating
- 10% Other Methods (suffocation, motor vehicle impact, fire, poisoning, etc.)

In 2015, the majority of homicide victims were male.