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Statistics Canada weekly

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Canada Year Book, 1970-71 (Cloth-bound 11-2C2, $6.00 — paper-bound 11-205, $4.00).

The political, economic and social development of Canada between April 1969 and December 1970 is presented in this comprehensive reference volume along with pertinent supporting statistics.

Special feature articles cover northern development, the cabinet committee system, population growth and the fertility decline, provincial assistance to artists and cultural organizations, federal research in mineral development, the origin and destination of Canadian manufacturers' shipments, provincial assistance to manufacturing, and Canada's trade with the Pacific rim countries.

BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

Travel Between Canada, the United States and Other Countries, Quarter ended June 30, 1971 — Advance information.

Preliminary estimates of travel expenditures between Canada and all countries for the first six months of 1971 show that Canada's deficit position, though improving slightly from last year, has remained relatively unchanged over the last three years.

Canadian receipts for the first six months of this year were estimated at $413 million as compared to $406 million last year. United States visitor spending increased by $13 million, whereas expenditures incurred by overseas visitors decreased $6 million.

Aggregate Canadian spending abroad was $692 million, as compared to $697 million a year earlier.

Cumulative statistics for the first six months show that 14,351,800 visitors entered Canada, a slight decrease from last year. There was no significant change in the number of visitors from either the United States (14,153,500) or overseas countries (198,300).

Canadian visits abroad decreased 4.4% to 15,354,400, primarily due to 736,500 (4.7%) fewer Canadian re-entries from the United States. Canadian re-entries from overseas increased 4.0% to 438,400.

For further information order June issues of Travel between Canada, the United States and Other Countries (66-001, 30¢/$3) and Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments (67-001, 50¢/$2).

(see table on next page)

B A L A N C E O F P A Y M E N T S (concluded)

Receipts and Payments on International Travel

January - June 1969-1971

	1969	1970	1971(a)	Change 1971/1970
	(Millions, Canadian $)			
United States				
Receipts	294	344	357	+ 3.8
Payments	-454	-469	-459	- 2.1
Balance	-160	-125	-102	-18.4
Overseas Countries				
Receipts	42	62	56	- 9.7
Payments	-155	-228	-233	+ 2.2
Balance	-113	-166	-177	+ 6.6
All Countries				
Receipts	336	406	413	+ 1.7
Payments	-609	-697	-692	- 0.7
Balance	-273	-291	-279	- 4.1

(a) Subject to revision.

Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, August 1971 - Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Canadian August imports, at $1,204.7 million, were $216.8 million or 21.9% higher than in August 1970. However, as the previously reported August exports also advanced strongly, Canada's merchandise trade surplus declined only slightly to $218.0 million from last year's $223.5 million. The positive trade balance for 8 months reached $1,613.9 million on imports of $9,995.4 million and exports of $11,609.3 million. The corresponding merchandise trade surplus in the first 8 months of 1970 stood nearly 10% higher at $1,765.9 million. Contributing to this change was a reduction in Canada's surplus with countries abroad of $444 million, which was in part offset by an increase of $292 million in the surplus with the United States.

Imports from the United States and Japan continued to account for most of the increase in the month of August, while Latin America and the European Economic Community also made substantial increases in sales to Canada. The apparent large increase in imports from the United Kingdom is accounted for in part by the fact that last year's total was depressed by the dock strike in that country.

Imports of crude petroleum and iron and steel fabricated shapes continued to advance, while those of industrial machinery and aircraft and parts declined moderately. As with exports, motor vehicles and parts accounted for a large portion of the growth in August imports, increasing by some $78 million over last year's level. This is accounted for in part by the earlier production and shipment of some new model vehicles in 1971.

Commodity detail for imports from the United States, introduced this month, reveal that of an increase of $128 million, automotive products accounted for $59 million. Imports of office machines and computers, tractors, and fabricated steel materials increased more moderately, while purchases of industrial machinery declined.

Seasonally adjusted imports reached $1,389 million, which in combination with the record exports of $1,601 million yield a seasonally adjusted trade surplus of $212 million for the month, which is at about the level for the second quarter of 1971.

For further information order the August issues of Summary of Exports (65-002, 20¢/$2.00) and Summary of Imports (65-005, 20¢/$2.00).

(see tables on next pages)

Dominion Bureau of Statistics - External Trade Division, September 17, 1971
Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade - August, 1971

	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Percentage Change 1970 to 1971	
	1970	1971	1970	1971	1970	1971	Total Exports %	Imports %
	($ millions)							
Month of August								
United Kingdom	104.5	122.8	50.3	74.9	+ 54.2	+ 47.9	+ 17.5	+ 48.9
Other C'wealth & Pref.	69.9	48.2	55.3	52.7	+ 14.5	- 4.5	- 31.0	- 4.7
United States	745.0	943.5	666.9	795.4	+ 78.1	+ 148.1	+ 26.6	+ 19.3
Japan	65.9	59.6	41.6	64.9	+ 24.3	- 5.3	- 9.6	+ 56.0
European Economic Community	87.5	82.8	69.2	89.2	+ 18.4	- 6.5	- 5.4	+ 28.9
Latin America	41.9	60.1	42.3	62.9	- 0.5	- 2.8	+ 43.4	+ 48.7
Other Countries	96.8	105.7	62.3	64.6	+ 34.5	+ 41.1	+ 9.2	+ 3.7
Total C'wealth & Pref.	174.4	171.0	105.6	127.6	+ 68.8	+ 43.4	- 1.9	+ 20.8
Total Others	1,037.1	1,251.7	882.3	1,077.1	+ 154.8	+ 174.6	+ 20.7	+ 22.1
Grand Total	1,211.4	1,422.7	987.9	1,204.7	+ 223.5	+ 218.0	+ 17.4	+ 21.9
January - August								
United Kingdom	998.4	925.1	493.8	541.7	+ 504.7	+ 383.4	- 7.3	+ 9.7
Other C'wealth & Pref.	508.7	447.0	400.7	370.5	+ 108.0	+ 76.5	- 12.1	- 7.5
United States	7,264.6	7,874.5	6,774.8	7,093.2	+ 489.7	+ 781.3	+ 8.4	+ 4.7
Japan	544.9	506.7	365.8	463.6	+ 179.0	+ 43.0	- 7.0	+ 26.7
European Economic Community	761.3	739.5	519.6	586.2	+ 241.7	+ 153.3	- 2.9	+ 12.8
Latin America	355.2	370.3	361.1	409.4	- 5.9	- 39.0	+ 4.3	+ 13.4
Other Countries	714.8	746.1	466.2	530.8	+ 248.6	+ 215.4	+ 4.4	+ 13.9
Total C'wealth & Pref.	1,507.1	1,372.1	894.4	912.2	+ 612.7	+ 459.9	- 9.0	+ 2.0
Total Others	9,640.8	10,237.2	8,487.6	9,083.2	+ 1,153.2	+ 1,154.0	+ 6.2	+ 7.0
Grand Total	11,147.9	11,609.3	9,382.0	9,995.4	+ 1,765.9	+ 1,613.9	+ 4.1	+ 6.5

Note: Export and Import values for 1971 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.

Proposed Release Date: Tuesday, September 21, 1:00 p.m.

TRADE OF CANADA

Exports (including re-exports)

Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
		($ millions)		
1970 First Quarter	4,256	2,829	350	1,077
Second Quarter	4,217	2,807	368	1,042
Third Quarter	4,209	2,659	392	1,158
Fourth Quarter	4,204	2,693	389	1,122
1971 First Quarter	4,343	2,891	323	1,129
Second Quarter	4,408	3,071	337	1,000
1971 January	1,442	915	140	387
February	1,395	966	91	338
March	1,506	1,010	92	404
April	1,397	999	104	294
May	1,464	1,026	102	336
June	1,550	1,046	132	372
July	1,457	994	124	339
August (preliminary)	1,601	1,023	134	444

TRADE OF CANADA

Imports

Seasonally Adjusted Quarters and Months

	Total	U.S.	U.K.	Other Countries
		($ millions)		
1970 First Quarter	3,537	2,537	184	816
Second Quarter	3,599	2,593	182	824
Third Quarter	3,558	2,551	185	822
Fourth Quarter	3,245	2,225	186	834
1971 First Quarter	3,648	2,561	191	896
Second Quarter	3,804	2,694	194	916
1971 January	1,128	760	63	305
February	1,182	840	61	281
March	1,338	961	67	310
April	1,182	854	59	269
May	1,279	903	62	314
June	1,344	938	73	333
July	1,321	934	73	314
August (preliminary)	1,389	990	73	326

CANADIAN IMPORTS OF SELECTED COMMODITIES

Preliminary Figures for August 1971

Commodities	United States			All Countries		
	1970	1971	Percentage Change 1970-1971	1970	1971	Percentage Change 1970-1971
	($ millions)			($ millions)		
Food	34.4	36.0	+ 4.7	81.2	81.7	+ 0.6
Metals, in ores, concentrates, scrap	10.3	11.6	+ 12.6	17.8	20.0	+ 12.4
Crude petroleum	-	0.5	-	32.9	54.7	+ 66.3
Broad woven fabrics	4.7	5.4	+ 14.9	12.6	15.1	+ 19.8
Chemicals, organic and inorganic	10.9	11.4	+ 4.6	17.1	16.4	- 4.1
Plastic materials and shapes	14.1	15.9	+ 12.8	16.4	18.4	+ 12.2
Petroleum and coal products	5.1	6.7	+ 31.4	16.5	19.9	+ 20.6
Iron and steel fabricated shapes	18.7	27.4	+ 46.5	30.7	50.0	+ 62.9
Non-ferrous metals and alloys	8.8	10.1	+ 14.8	14.8	15.5	+ 4.7
Industrial machinery	95.1	84.0	- 11.7	122.9	113.1	- 8.0
Tractors and parts	9.6	15.5	+ 61.5	11.3	18.8	+ 66.4
Passenger automobiles	28.6	42.8	+ 49.7	41.2	74.7	+ 81.3
Trucks and other motor vehicles	26.9	24.1	- 10.4	29.4	28.8	- 2.0
Motor vehicle engines, engine parts	16.1	22.3	+ 38.5	24.8	27.9	+ 12.5
Motor vehicle parts, except engines	82.5	124.0	+ 50.3	85.1	126.7	+ 48.9
Aircraft and parts	12.2	11.0	- 9.8	13.7	12.2	- 10.9
Communication, related equipment	16.4	21.1	+ 28.7	25.1	33.2	+ 32.3
Office machines, including computers	20.3	27.8	+ 36.9	24.1	32.5	+ 34.9
Apparel, footwear and accessories	2.6	3.7	+ 42.3	27.5	29.6	+ 7.6
Books and other printed matter	17.8	20.0	+ 12.4	20.6	25.5	+ 23.8
a) All selected commodities	435.1	521.4	+ 19.8	666.0	814.4	+ 22.3
b) Total Canadian Imports	666.9	795.4	+ 19.3	987.9	1,204.7	+ 21.9
a) as percent of b)	65.2%	65.6%		67.4%	67.6%	

Prices and Price Indexes (Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities), August 1971 — Advance information

NOTE: A consumer price index for a particular regional city measures the movement in prices, faced by consumers, within the specified city. Thus, consumer price indexes for regional cities cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.

Between July and August, consumer price indexes rose in eleven regional cities and city-combinations and declined in one other. The movements ranged from an increase of 0.7% in St. John's, Nfld., to an decrease of 0.2% in Halifax, N.S. Food indexes increased in all cities chiefly due to higher quotations for most meats, poultry, fresh fruits and increased prices for restaurant meals. The housing components moved up in nine cities reflecting generally higher rents and increased household contents insurance rates. Only one city registered and appreciable increase in clothing prices as sale prices for many items of men's wear were prevalent in most of the cities surveyed. The remaining indexes registered mixed movements accross the country.

CONSUMER PRICE INDEXES FOR REGIONAL CITIES OF CANADA

The indexes in both tables measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.(1)

	All-Items		Group Indexes - August 1971						
	Aug. 1971	July 1971	Food	Housing(2)	Clothing	Transportation	Health & Personal care	Recreation & Reading	Tobacco and Alcohol
					BASE 1961 = 100				
St. John's	125.0	124.1	124.1	119.6	133.1	121.2	136.7	114.0	145.1
Halifax	127.3	127.6	132.0	122.1	122.8	121.8	147.2	138.8	129.3
Saint John	126.2	126.1	130.9	118.1	131.6	126.4	136.7	133.6	127.3
Montreal	127.8	127.2	131.9	119.1	125.8	129.4	132.4	141.1	132.6
Ottawa	132.0	131.8	134.9	125.8	130.0	132.4	144.4	138.6	135.1
Toronto	130.6	130.2	131.1	123.9	132.0	138.4	142.3	132.3	132.9
Winnipeg	129.4	128.9	131.4	118.0	137.7	133.1	153.7	136.6	129.4
Saskatoon -Regina	124.0	123.7	131.8	115.0	130.7	119.9	130.8	130.5	123.1
Edmonton -Calgary	128.8	128.2	134.2	120.7	128.8	127.3	149.8	137.3	125.3
Vancouver	127.6	127.3	134.7	120.0	130.6	127.6	138.5	125.7	122.4
					BASE 1969 = 100				
Quebec City(3)	105.2	104.6	103.9	106.4	100.4	109.2	106.5	107.5	106.0
Thunder Bay(3)	104.6	104.2	105.8	103.1	102.9	107.7	107.5	106.3	101.4

(1) For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 13 of Prices and Price Indexes (Statistics Canada, 62-002).

(2) Includes shelter and household operation.

(3) Historical Consumer Price Indexes for Quebec City and Thunder Bay are available with explanatory notes, on request, from: Retail Prices Section, Prices Division.

(continued)

PRICES AND PRICE INDEXES, September 16, 1971 – Advance information

Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks priced	Sept. 16, 1971	Sept. 9, 1971	Aug. 19, 1971
		This week	Week ago	Month ago
		1961=100		
Investors price index	114	151.4	152.0	147.7
Industrials	80	154.0	155.1	150.2
Industrial mines	4	123.2	126.1	118.3
Foods	10	130.1	130.6	130.7
Beverages	7	194.6	196.2	186.2
Textiles and clothing	5	117.1	118.4	111.7
Pulp and paper	7	89.6	92.5	89.9
Printing and pub.	4	251.1	251.9	245.1
Primary metals	8	89.4	90.1	88.4
Metal fabricating	9	169.6	167.6	165.4
Non-metallic minerals	4	143.4	145.9	141.0
Petroleum	7	241.0	239.9	235.2
Chemicals	4	86.8	89.3	93.7
Construction	4	56.5	56.3	60.7
Retail trade	7	139.3	138.2	132.2
Utilities	20	147.7	147.9	145.7
Pipelines	5	172.1	173.0	169.7
Transportation	4	258.0	252.8	245.6
Telephone	3	91.6	92.8	93.3
Electric power	3	116.9	117.7	116.3
Gas distribution	5	221.5	223.2	218.4
Finance	14	147.1	145.3	140.9
Banks	6	172.2	170.8	164.9
Investment and loan	8	108.4	105.6	103.8
Mining stock price index	24	106.0	107.1	105.1
Golds	6	98.0	96.7	98.0
Base metals	18	111.4	113.8	109.9
Uraniums price index	4	145.8	147.6	142.1
Primary oils and gas	6	483.6	492.9	480.7

For further information, order the September issue of Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40¢/$4).

Prices and Price Indexes (General Wholesale Index), August 1971 — Advance information

The general wholesale index (1935-39=100) moved up 0.3% in August to 292.0 from the July index of 291.0. It was 2.8% higher than the August 1970 index of 284.1. Four of the eight major group indexes were higher, three declined, while the remaining one, non-metallic mineral products was unchanged at 226.7.

The animal products group index rose 1.7% in August to 327.9 from 322.5 on higher prices for fresh meats, livestock, fishery products and milk and its products. A rise of 1.1% to 403.4 from 399.0 in the wood products group index reflected price increases for cedar, spruce, and fir. Increases of 0.1% or less occurred in two major group indexes; iron products to 318.2 from 317.9, and textile products to 262.3 from 262.2.

The vegetable products group index moved down 0.8% to 236.0 from 238.0 mainly on lower prices for grains, rubber and its products and potatoes. A decline of 0.3% to 262.2 from 263.0 in the non-ferrous metal products group index was chiefly attributable to lower prices for copper and its products. The chemical products group index moved 0.2% lower to 240.0 from 240.5.

For further information, order Prices and Price Indexes, August 1971 (62-002, 40¢/$4).

The following table shows some of the more noteworthy changes:

Commodity group and sub-group	Percentage changes		
	August 1971 / July 1971	August 1970 / July 1970	August 1971 / August 1970
Animal products group	+1.7	-0.7	+1.8
Eggs	+7.4	+2.9	-11.6
Meats, fresh	+3.0	-2.6	+4.8
Fishery products	+2.9	+2.4	+1.8
Livestock	+1.5	-2.7	+2.4
Milk and its products	+1.5	+0.3	+7.0
Hides and skins	-1.7	-0.6	-7.7
Meats, cured	-0.6	+0.5	-16.7
Wood products group	+1.1	-1.6	+8.2
Spruce	+8.5	+1.4	+33.9
Cedar	+4.9	+0.2	+29.3
Pine	+2.1	-	+6.3
Fir	+2.0	-8.6	+12.0
Building board	-4.3	-	+5.1
Woodpulp	-1.3	-0.8	-0.6
Vegetable products group	-0.8	-0.7	-0.4
Potatoes	-9.4	-23.7	-24.1
Grains	-4.8	-0.7	+1.5
Fruits, dried	-4.4	-	-11.2
Rubber and its products	-1.6	-0.6	+0.5
Livestock and poultry feed .	+7.4	+10.2	+8.4
Fruits, fresh	+6.7	+1.3	+3.4

Prices and Price Indexes (Industry Selling Price Indexes), August 1971 - Advance information

Industry selling price indexes (1961=100) were higher in August than in July for 34 manufacturing industries, lower for 22 and unchanged for 44.

Increases were recorded in the foods and beverages group, reflecting higher price levels for the slaughtering and meat packing plants, and the butter and cheese plants. Prices were noticeably higher in wood products group with the most pronounced increased occurring in the sawmills, and veneer and plywood mills industries.

Declines were most significant in the primary metals group (due mainly to the smelting and refining industry which dropped back after advances in the two previous months), and in the paper and allied industries group where the pulp and paper mills industry index level fell back to that of May after the sharp rise in June.

The arithmetic average of the 100 industry indexes increased in August to 123.5 from 123.4 in July. The average (unweighted) increase for those industries showing higher price movements was 0.7%, while the comparable figure for those showing decreases was 0.8%.

For further information, order Prices and Price Indexes, August 1971 (62-002, 40¢/$4).

July to August Changes in Industry Indexes

	August/July Number of Industries			Major Group Indexes		
	Increases	Decreases	Unchanged	August 1971	July 1971	August 1970
All industries	34	22	44	(1)	(1)	(1)
Foods and beverages industries	11	5	7	127.6	126.9	123.9
Tobacco and tobacco products industries	-	-	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Rubber products industries	1	1	-	108.2	108.4	108.5
Leather industries	2	-	1	130.3	130.0	126.8
Textile industries	1	1	7	103.2	102.9	104.0
Knitting mills industries	1	-	1	98.9	98.7	98.6
Clothing industries	-	-	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Wood industries	5	1	-	152.3	149.8	131.3
Furniture and fixture industries	1	-	2	123.9	123.7	120.7
Paper and allied industries	-	3	3	119.0	119.8	116.3
Primary metal industries	3	3	1	133.4	134.2	134.2
Metal fabricating industries	2	-	1	(1)	(1)	(1)
Machinery industries	-	1	-	(1)	(1)	(1)
Transportation equipment industries	-	1	2	(1)	(1)	(1)
Electrical Products industries	3	-	4	(1)	(1)	(1)
Non-metallic mineral products industries	2	2	5	127.2	127.2	124.8
Petroleum and coal products industries	1	-	1	115.4	115.4	102.6
Chemical and chemical products industries	-	4	3	102.1	102.8	101.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	1	-	4	(1)	(1)	(1)

(1) Indexes not available at this level of aggregation.

Consumer Price Movements, August 1971 (62-001, 10¢/$1).

The consumer price index for Canada (1961=100) increased 0.7% to 135.0 in August from 134.1 in July. This advance brought the index to a level 3.4% above that of August 1970, thus registering the largest twelve-month increase since the period ending in May 1970. In August all major components registered increases except clothing which declined 0.2%. The major contributor to the advance in the all-items index was a 2.0% increase in the food index. Among the other components that increased, tabacco and alcohol rose 0.7%, transportation 0.5%, housing 0.3%, and recreation and reading 0.2%.

Consumer Price Index and Main Components (1961=100)

	Component weight*	Index 1971 Aug.	Index 1971 July	Index 1970 Aug.	% change August 1971 from July 1971	% change August 1971 from Aug. 1970
All items	100	135.0	134.1	130.5	+ 0.7	+ 3.4
Food	27	135.9	133.3	131.9	+ 2.0	+ 3.0
Restaurant meals		162.3	161.0	155.3	+ 0.8	+ 4.5
Food at home		132.4	129.6	128.8	+ 2.2	+ 2.8
Housing	32	137.5	137.1	131.5	+ 0.3	+ 4.6
Shelter		150.4	149.6	142.6	+ 0.5	+ 5.5
Household operation		120.2	120.3	116.6	- 0.1	+ 3.1
Clothing	11	128.8	129.1	126.2	- 0.2	+ 2.1
Transportation	12	130.7	130.1	125.3	+ 0.5	+ 4.3
Health and Personal care	7	142.5	142.2	140.2	+ 0.2	+ 1.6
Recreation and reading	5	135.8	135.5	132.5	+ 0.2	+ 2.5
Recreation		129.1	128.8	127.0	+ 0.2	+ 1.7
Reading		155.7	155.7	149.0	-	+ 4.5
Tobacco and Alcohol	6	129.6	128.7	126.4	+ 0.7	+ 2.5
Tobacco		138.1	137.7	134.6	+ 0.3	+ 2.6
Alcohol		123.9	122.6	120.9	+ 1.1	+ 2.5
Supplementary Classification						
All items	100	135.0	134.1	130.5	+ 0.7	+ 3.4
Total commodities	70	127.1	126.1	123.8	+ 0.8	+ 2.7
Food	27	135.9	133.3	131.9	+ 2.0	+ 3.0
Non-durables (excluding food)	31	126.7	126.6	123.6	+ 0.1	+ 2.5
Durables**	12	107.9	108.2	106.1	- 0.3	+ 1.7
Total services	30	153.4	152.6	145.9	+ 0.5	+ 5.1
Purchasing power of the 1961 consumer dollar	-	0.74	0.75	0.77		

All items consumer price index converted to 1949=100 is 174.4

* Component weights indicate the relative importance of item groups.

** Includes such items as new passenger cars, refrigerators, stoves, vacuum cleaners, sewing machines, television and radio sets, furniture, floor coverings, and dishes.

Note: For comprehensive detail on these and other price statistics, see Prices and Price Indexes (62-002, 40¢/$4).

The food index increased 2.0% to 135.9 in August from 133.3 in July. This was the largest July-to-August advance in over a decade, and compared with an average increase in the preceding five years of 1.2%. This latest increase brought the food index to a level 8.2% above that of December 1970 and 3.0% above that of August 1970. The component for food consumed at home increased 2.2% in the latest month: the only major element in this component that registered a decrease was in vegetables which declined 6.5% with lower prices for, among other items, cabbages, lettuce, carrots and tomatoes. Fruit prices, however, advanced 2.2% with higher quotations for apples (8.9%), and frozen (2.6%) and canned (1.9%) orange juice; on the other hand, fresh oranges and bananas registered price declines of 2.6% and 1.7% respectively. Egg quotations advanced 1.7%, but to a level nearly 14%below that of August 1970. An increase of 1.6% in the index for dairy products was mainly attributable to a 1.9% increase in fresh milk prices, though higher prices were also recorded for processed (1.4%) and cheddar (1.2%) cheese, and powdered milk (0.9%). The meat, fish and poultry component advanced 1.0% with price increases of 2.5% for poultry, 1.6% for pork, and 0.5% for beef. The price of bakery and cereal products moved up 0.6% reflecting increases for bread (1.1%), cake mix (1.9%), and sweet biscuits (1.3%). Among other food items, the price of butter rose 0.7%, peanut butter 0.7%, salad dressing 0.8%, honey 1.3%, regular coffee 1.7%, and catsup 2.3%. On the other hand, margarine prices dropped 2.6%, soft drinks 1.1%, and tea bags 1.2%. Restaurant meal prices advanced 0.8% in the latest month to a level 4.5% above that of a year earlier.

The housing index rose 0.3% to 137.5 in August from 137.1 in July, as a 0.5% increase in the shelter component outweighed a 0.1% decline in the household operation component. Within shelter, both the rent and home-ownership elements advanced, the latter mainly because of a rise of 1.7% in new houses prices, 4.5% in the dwelling insurance index, and 0.6% for repair charges. Within household operation, fuel oil prices decreased 0.7% as declines in Montreal, Hull and Ottawa outweighed increases in Québec City and London. Sales were the main cause of a 1.2% decrease in the furniture index as declines were recorded for bedroom suites (2.0%), dinette suites (1.4%), living room suites (0.8%), and kitchen sets (0.4%), while scattered reductions for carpets decreased the floor coverings index 0.6%. On the other hand, higher prices for curtains in Toronto and Vancouver moved the textiles index up 0.4%, while increased rates in Ottawa and Toronto were chiefly responsible for a 3.8% advance in the household effects insurance index. Among other housing items, the price of toilet paper rose 2.4%, scouring powder 1.3%, soap flakes 1.1%, light bulbs 0.9% and bleach 0.9%. In the twelve months to August 1971, the housing index advanced 4.6%.

Classified by goods and services, the commodities index advanced 0.8% while that for services rose 0.5%. Within commodities, non-durables excluding food edged up 0.1% while durables declined 0.3%, the former partly because higher prices for cigarette tobacco, beer, curtains, pharmaceuticals and household supplies outweighed lower prices for fuel oil and clothing; the latter mainly as a result of lower prices for new cars, furniture and carpets. The rise in the services index was mostly attributable to higher insurance rates, theatre and football admissions, taxi and dentists' fees.

(continued)

The clothing index, which normally decreases at this time of year, dipped 0.2% to 128.8 in August from 129.1 in July. The only component registering an increase was women's wear which rose 0.3% with higher prices for underwear, hosiery and sweaters. The men's wear component declined 1.3% mainly because of sales on men's suits, and sale prices were also recorded for undershorts, pyjamas, and work shirts and socks. However, higher prices were registered for, among other items, sport shirts, slacks, and nylon socks. The indexes for children's wear and piece goods both edged down 0.1%, the former partly because of sales on girls' cotton dresses and infants' overalls, the latter as a result of sales for wool dress material. The footwear component remained unchanged over the month as higher prices for children's shoes offset reductions for women's shoes. Between August 1970 and August 1971, the clothing index advanced 2.1%.

The transportation index increased 0.5% to 130.7 in August from 130.1 in July mainly as a result of a 0.6% advance in the automobile operation component. Among automobile operation items, insurance rates increased 3.4%, while the price of motor oil rose 0.5%, and gasoline 0.1%. On the other hand, new car prices declined 0.2% as the end of the model year approached. Within the other transportation components, there was an increase in the train fares index, and taxi fares rose 0.3% as increases in Calgary and Peterborough outweighed the removal of an experimental surcharge in Sherbrooke. In the twelve months to August 1971, the transportation index increased 4.3%.

The health and personal care index rose 0.2% to 142.5 in August from 142.2 in July. The health care component moved up 0.3% because of a 0.4% increase in pharmaceuticals prices together with higher dentists' fees in Alberta. A number of pharmaceutical items recorded increases, the most notable being for headache tablets (3.0%), vitamins (2.6%), ointments (0.9%), and antiseptics (0.8%). The personal care component edged up 0.1% with higher charges for men's haircuts in Regina and women's hairdressing in Halifax, Trois Rivières and Brantford. Further, personal care supplies prices rose 0.2% with higher prices for toothpaste (1.6%), cleansing tissues (1.6%) face powder (1.3%), face cream (1.2%), and shaving cream (1.0%). However, reductions were recorded for toilet soap (1.4%) and toothbrushes (0.7%). In August 1971, the health and personal care index stood 1.6% above its level of August 1970.

The recreation and reading index rose 0.2% to 135.8 in August from 135.5 in July, mainly as a result of increased motion picture admission charges in Toronto and Sherbrooke, and higher football admissions in Montreal. On the other hand, the price of camera film including processing declined 0.3%. Between August 1970 and August 1971, the recreation and reading index increased 2.5%.

The tobacco and alcohol index advanced 0.7% to 129.6 in August from 128.7 in July. The alcoholic beverage index increased 1.1% as higher beer prices in Quebec and Newfoundland outweighed some lower liquor prices in eastern Canada. The tobacco component rose 0.3% as a decrease in the package weight in certain cities resulted in an effective price rise of 4.1% for cigarette tobacco. However, mixed price movements across the country resulted in a marginal decrease in the cigarette index. In the twelve months to August 1971, the tobacco and alcohol index rose 2.5%.

Weekly Railway Carloadings, August 31, 1971 – Advance information

Railways loaded 5,896,231 tons of revenue freight in Canada during the 10-day period ended August 31. Thus was 2.3% more than in the comparable period of 1970. Year-to-date loadings increased 2.4%.

For further information order the August issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, 20¢/$2).

10-day period ending August 31	East	West	Canada
All traffic:			
Tons, 1971	3,392,289	2,503,942	5,896,231
1970	3,763,924	2,001,736	5,765,660
% change	- 9.9	+25.1	+ 2.3
Cars, 1971	60,063	46,676	106,739
1970	64,761	38,023	102,784
% change	- 7.3	+22.8	+ 3.8
Piggyback traffic (1):			
Tons, 1971	91,131	60,858	151,989
1970	68,658	48,316	116,974
% change	+32.7	+26.0	+29.9
Cars, 1971	4,711	2,688	7,399
1970	3,592	2,275	5,867
% change	+31.2	+18.2	+26.1
Year-to-date			
All traffic:			
Tons, 1971	81,399,847	56,306,506	137,706,353
1970	83,672,462	50,866,396	134,538,858
%Change	- 2.7	+10.7	+ 2.4
Cars, 1971	1,493,698	1,049,698	2,543,396
1970	1,553,305	977,319	2,530,624
% change	- 3.8	+ 7.4	+ 0.5
Piggyback traffic(1):			
Tons, 1971	2,013,226	1,304,950	3,318,176
1970	1,715,357	1,003,274	2,718,631
% change	+17.4	+30.1	+22.1
Cars, 1971	101,316	59,860	161,176
1970	92,430	48,159	140,589
% change	+ 9.6	+24.3	+14.6

(1) Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

Weekly Railway Carloadings, September 7, 1971 — Advance information

Railways loaded 4,199,357 tons of revenue freight in Canada during the 7-day period ended September 7. This was 4.5% more than in the comparable period of 1970. Year-to-date loadings increased 2.4%.

For further information order the September issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, 20¢/$2).

7-Day period ending September 7	East	West	Canada
All traffic:			
Tons, 1971	2,482,161	1,717,196	4,199,357
1970	2,582,174	1,436,916	4,019,630
% change	-3.9	+19.5	+4.5
Cars, 1971	42,807	32,420	75,227
1970	44,900	27,636	72,536
% change	-4.7	+17.3	+3.7
Piggyback traffic(1):			
Tons, 1971	55,864	42,930	98,794
1970	55,340	34,613	89,953
% change	+0.9	+24.0	+9.8
Cars, 1971	3,127	1,938	5,065
1970	2,816	1,590	4,406
% change	+11.0	+21.9	+15.0
Year-to-date			
All traffic:			
Tons, 1971	83,881,608	58,023,702	141,905,310
1970	86,255,176	52,303,312	138,558,488
% change	-2.8	+10.9	+2.4
Cars, 1971	1,536,634	1,082,118	2,618,752
1970	1,598,205	1,004,955	2,603,160
% change	-3.9	+7.7	+0.6
Piggyback traffic(1):			
Tons, 1971	2,069,090	1,347,880	3,416,970
1970	1,770,697	1,037,887	2,808,584
% change	+16.9	+29.9	+21.7
Cars, 1971	104,443	61,798	166,241
1970	95,246	49,749	144,995
% change	+9.7	+24.2	+14.7

(1) Includes trailers and containers on flat cars.

Employment, Earnings and Hours, June 1971 — Advance information

The June advance estimate of the industrial composite index of employment, not adjusted for seasonal variations, rose by 3.0% from May 1971.

Seasonally-adjusted, the composite index of employment also increased from May. All provinces shared in this increase except Prince Edward Island and Saskatchewan where there were declines. Among the industry divisions only manufacturing, which showed a small decrease, failed to register a gain.

Compared to a year earlier, the June 1971 indexes were higher for all provinces and all industry divisions except manufacturing, where a decrease was recorded.

Average weekly wages and salaries rose by 1.3% at the industrial composite level in June. Increases were recorded in all industry divisions except forestry and mining, which showed declines. All provinces participated in the rise.

Average weekly hours in manufacturing, mining and construction rose in June 1971. Compared to a year earlier, average weekly hours were lower in all three industry divisions.

In June, average hourly earnings rose in manufacturing and declined in mining and construction. In the year-over-year comparison, all three industry divisions registered increases.

For April, May and June 1971, additional industry and area details, other than those presented in the two attached table, are not yet available.

For more information order Employment, Earnings and Hours, June 1971 (72-002, 40¢/$4).

Advance Average Weekly Hours and Hourly Earnings of Hourly rated Wage Earners, June 1971.

Industry division and area	Average Weekly Hours				Average Hourly Earnings			
	June 1971a	May 1971p	April 1971p	June 1970	June 1971a	May 1971p	April 1971p	June 1970
Industry division:								
Mining & milling..	38.7	38.4	39.2	40.5	3.97	3.98	3.96	3.67
Manufacturing	39.6	39.5	39.7	40.1	3.31	3.28	3.24	3.01
Durables	40.2	40.2	40.4	40.6	3.56	3.53	3.50	3.26
Non-durables....	38.9	38.7	39.1	39.6	3.05	3.03	2.98	2.76
Construction.....	39.4	38.8	38.5	40.3	4.62	4.66	4.70	4.09
Building	38.5	38.3	38.1	38.2	4.76	4.79	4.84	4.26
Engineering.....	42.6	41.9	41.0	44.4	4.34	4.37	4.38	3.81
Manufacturing:								
Atlantic Region ..	39.9	39.8	40.1	40.9	2.63	2.65	2.63	2.32
Quebec	39.2	39.7	40.0	40.6	2.95	2.88	2.85	2.70
Ontario	40.0	39.5	39.9	40.3	3.47	3.47	3.43	3.20
Prairie Region....	39.6	39.1	38.6	39.6	3.24	3.20	3.16	2.96
British Columbia..	38.0	37.8	38.1	36.1	4.20	4.11	4.00	3.69

Advance Employment Index Numbers and Average Weekly Wages and Salaries, June 1971

	Employment Index Numbers						Average Weekly Wages and Salaries			
	Unadjusted				Seasonally-adjusted					
	June 1971a	May 1971p	April 1971p	June 1970	June 1971a	May 1971p	June 1971a	May 1971p	April 1971p	June 1970
	1961=100									
Industry Division:									moyenne	
Forestry	102.9	76.2	54.2	96.9	87.7	86.8	144.35	145.81	150.39	124.24
Mining	121.1	115.6	112.0	119.4	117.8	115.6	170.76	171.74	173.89	161.74
Manufacturing	125.1	123.3	120.3	125.5	122.4	123.3	144.38	141.72	141.29	133.25
Durables	135.1	132.3	130.6	135.2	132.9	131.8	155.89	152.50	153.63	143.75
Non-durables	116.9	116.0	112.9	117.5	114.5	116.3	133.56	131.72	129.52	123.46
Construction	129.4	120.4	108.5	120.1	121.7	120.8	182.15	180.18	180.72	166.59
Transportation, Communication and other Utilities	117.3	114.5	112.6	113.9	114.5	113.6	150.37	149.44	146.22	143.02
Trade	141.5	139.4	135.6	139.3	141.4	140.4	109.25	107.53	105.42	102.05
Finance, insurance and real estate	147.7	146.0	144.1	144.9	146.7	146.0	128.89	128.41	128.21	120.11
Service	194.2	188.5	179.1	183.7	187.5	187.1	96.77	96.69	96.25	90.44
Industrial Composite	132.1	128.2	124.9	129.6	129.1	128.2	136.80	135.08	133.64	127.19
Industrial Composite:										
Atlantic region	132.2	123.8	110.8	123.9	126.9	124.8	113.51	112.34	114.14	105.29
Newfoundland	140.8	127.7	112.0	131.1	131.9	131.4	124.28	122.98	121.55	115.84
Prince Edward Island	150.3	143.1	117.9	145.2	138.9	143.4	81.67	89.61	88.25	82.05
Nova Scotia	123.3	119.0	108.3	116.9	119.8	119.7	110.69	110.16	112.71	103.74
New Brunswick	13518	125.4	112.2	125.6	129.3	126.0	111.65	110.12	113.62	102.31
Quebec	122.5	119.1	116.3	122.1	119.8	119.3	130.81	130.18	127.06	122.83
Ontario	136.4	133.9	129.7	134.0	134.6	133.7	140.46	139.40	138.10	132.70
Priairie region	129.7	126.1	123.2	128.9	126.3	126.0	129.77	120.60	127.05	121.77
Manitoba	120.2	117.4	114.9	120.0	117.8	117.3	122.45	121.24	120.63	116.91
Saskatchewan	117.2	115.9	112.7	116.7	113.3	114.8	122.46	121.13	118.63	114.55
Alberta	142.8	137.8	133.2	141.4	139.0	138.2	137.41	136.27	134.37	127.68
British Columbia	147.3	144.0	130.1	138.6	144.4	143.6	149.71	147.53	147.19	136.57
Yukon	..	..	148.1	165.9	..	..	..	..	190.89	176.94
Northwest Territories	..	..	121.6	140.4	..	..	..	..	185.90	173.46
CANADA	132.1	128.2	124.9	129.6	129.1	128.2	136.80	135.08	133.64	127.19

.. Figures not available a: Advance figures p: preliminary figures

The Labour Force, Employment, Week ended August 21, 1971 — Advance information.

The seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate increased to 6.5% in August, after declining to 6.3% in July from 6.4% in June. The increase rate arose in the 14- to 24-year age group.

The unadjusted rate, the actual unemployment as a per cent of the labour force, declined to 5.1% in August from 5.7% in July.

Total employment in Canada decreased between July and Ausust for the third consecutive year as the number of unemployed persons declined by 59,000, to 455,000. Total labour force at 8,972,000 was 96.000 less than in July.

Estimates (not adjusted for seasonality)

	August 1971	July 1971	August 1970
Labour Force (000's)	8,972	9,068	8,720
Employed (000's)	8,517	8,554	8,272
Unemployed (000's)	455	514	448
Unemployment Rate (Unemployed as a percentage of labour force)	5.1	5.7	5.1

Compared to August last year, employment was up by 245,000 (3.0%), and the labour force by 252,000 (2.9%). There was little change in the number of unemployed persons.

The overal July-to-August reduction in employment was the net outcome of a small rise in the employment of men (11.000), and a large reduction among women (48,000), a substantial portion of which was among women 25 years of age and over (28,000).

Among industries, a much larger-than-average employment expansion in manufacturing (50,000) was more than offset by an even larger contraction in community, business and personal service (69,000). There were sizeable declines in public administration (30,000), and in finance, insurance and real estate (13,000). Agricultural employment showed a small gain (10,000).

For further information, order the August issue of Labour Force, (71-001, 20¢/$2).

S E R V I C E S

Gas Utilities, July 1971 — Advance information

Canadian consumers purchased 50.1 billion cubic feet of natural gas in July, up 9.8% from 45.6 billion a year earlier. Exports rose to 70.2 billion cubic feet from 60.7 billion.

For further information order the July issue of Gas Utilities, (55-002, 20¢/$2); or Energy Service Bulletin (57-002, $5 a year).

Oil Pipe Line Transport, July 1971 — Advance information

Canadian oil pipe lines received 2,283,500 barrels per day of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum products in July. This was 15.4% more than the 1,978,300 B/D received a year earlier. Domestic oils increased 15.1% to 1,836,900 B/D, and imported oils 16.8% to 446,600.

For further information order the July issue of Oil Pipe Line Transport (55-001, 20¢/$2), or Energy Service Bulletin Vol. 6 No. 46 (57-002, $5).

M E R C H A N D I S I N G

Consumer Credit, July 1971 — Advance information

Selected credit holders reporting monthly showed $9,318 million outstanding on their books at the end of July.

Personal cash loans by chartered banks rose to $5,346 million, 21.9% more than a year earlier, and life insurance companies' policy loans were up 5.3% to $760 million, but personal cash loans under the Small Loans Act fell 16.0% to $466 million. In addition, sales finance and consumer loan companies held $892-million balances of sales paper and $1,009-million outstandings of personal cash loans. (Since these accounts do not include unearned income, they cannot be compared directly with last year's figures).

The outstanding balances of other monthly reporters -- Quebec savings banks, department stores, furniture stores, appliance stores and motor vehicle dealers -- rose 2.3% to $845 million.

Credit holders reporting quarterly -- other retail stores, oil companies, credit unions and caisses populaires -- reported outstanding balances of $2,187 million, 7.0% more than a year earlier.

Total outstanding balances reached $11,427 million at the end of the second quarter.

For further information, order Consumer Credit, July 1971 (61-004, 20¢/$2).

Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, 1970 — Advance information

Sales of new farm implements, equipment, attachments and repair parts decreased by 16.1% to $344,012,361 in 1970 from $410,060,516 in 1969. The value of repair parts, included in these totals declined to $65,031,758 from $65,751,273, and the value of sales of tractors and engines decreased to $102,597,240 from $118,630,506.

Detailed information will be released in the publication Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, 1970 (63-203, 50¢).

Total Sales

	1969	1970	Change 1970/1969
	$		%
Canada	410,060,516	344,012,361	-16.1
Atlantic Provinces .	14,343,085	13,912,626	-3.0
Québec	64,188,535	57,285,301	-10.8
Ontario	109,451,505	100,259,177	-8.4
Manitoba	41,144,505	34,817,782	-15.4
Saskatchewan	82,331,918	64,255,702	-22.0
Alberta	84,342,040	62,872,688	-25.5
British Columbia ...	14,258,564	10,609,085	-25.6

Retail Trade, Chain and Independent Stores, by Kind of Business

Canada

July 1971

Kind of business	Chain store sales	Independent store sales	All stores	
			Sales	July 1971 / July 1970
	$'000			%
Grocery and combination stores	339,992	312,727	652,719	+ 9.1
All other food stores	5,369	52,939	58,308	+ 3.8
Department stores	241,432	–	241,432	+ 13.4
General merchandise stores	41,087	16,154	57,241	+ 6.7
General stores	8,854	51,946	60,800	+ 7.9
Variety stores	40,862	7,154	48,015	+ 8.0
Motor vehicle dealers	5,105	408,885	413,990	+ 11.5
Service stations and garages	22,162	238,619	260,781	+ 8.0
Men's clothing stores	6,757	31,572	38,329	+ 11.1
Women's clothing stores	20,511	30,116	50,627	+ 13.4
Family clothing stores	9,015	21,643	30,659	+ 12.0
Shoe stores	11,891	15,241	27,132	+ 6.3
Hardware stores	8,297	33,773	42,070	+ 13.3
Furniture, T.V., radio and appliance stores	13,482	67,339	80,821	+ 17.2
Fuel dealers	7,186	15,253	22,439	+ 12.9
Drug stores	11,185	62,868	74,053	+ 10.0
Jewellery stores	4,723	11,242	15,965	+ 7.2
All other stores	163,762	246,293	410,056	+ 8.8
Total, all stores	961,672	1,623,764	2,585,437	+ 9.9

Retail Trade, Chain and Independent Stores, by Province

Newfoundland	12,616	31,933	44,547	+ 6.2
Prince Edward Island	4,134	11,648	15,782	+ 9.8
Nova Scotia	30,099	60,133	90,229	+ 11.0
New Brunswick	24,708	48,730	73,439	+ 13.7
Quebec	199,026	442,490	641,517	+ 8.6
Ontario	406,898	600,780	1,007,676	+ 8.6
Manitoba	45,549	60,628	106,179	+ 10.0
Saskatchewan	32,162	68,216	100,376	+ 14.5
Alberta	79,991	123,297	203,289	+ 8.9
British Columbia(1)	126,491	175,914	302,402	+ 16.2

(1) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories.

Retail Trade, by Kind of Business - Seasonally Adjusted

July 1971

Kind of business	July 1971	June 1971	May 1971	April 1971
	millions of dollars			
Grocery and combination stores	619.9	608.4	592.8	599.7
All other food stores	54.5	54.8	55.7	55.7
Department stores	255.5	265.1	269.7	260.3
General merchandise stores	75.4	73.6	71.6	70.0
General stores	55.2	55.7	55.9	54.6
Variety stores	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Motor vehicle dealers	414.8	418.9	410.8	439.5
Service stations and garages	223.3	221.4	223.7	218.0
Men's clothing stores	40.1	40.4	40.5	38.3
Women's clothing stores	49.5	48.4	51.7	48.1
Family clothing stores	35.2	35.7	35.4	33.8
Shoe stores	26.9	27.8	29.8	28.5
Hardware stores	36.8	38.3	38.6	34.5
Furniture, T.V., radio and applisnce stores	81.3	75.9	76.4	75.6
Fuel dealers	49.4	46.4	44.3	52.9
Drug stores	74.2	71.9	71.5	70.8
Jewellery stores	18.9	20.1	18.6	22.8
All other stores	398.2	382.2	386.2	394.1
Total, all stores	2,548.0	2,528.4	2,520.1	2,520.4

Retail Trade, by Province - Seasonally Adjusted

Newfoundland	41.9	45.6	43.9	47.8
Prince Edward Island	12.3	11.6	11.4	11.2
Nova Scotia	87.3	87.7	85.7	88.5
New Brunswick	69.3	71.3	68.0	65.9
Quebec	648.1	638.8	641.6	656.3
Ontario	983.0	988.8	992.3	995.3
Manitoba	107.2	105.9	104.1	108.8
Saskatchewan	99.7	92.8	91.9	91.0
Alberta	208.0	192.1	192.5	195.8
British Columbia(1)	292.4	299.8	289.8	288.2

(1) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories.
(2) Not available.
Note: Components may not add to totals due to the method employed in seasonally adjusting the data.

Wholesale Trade, 1966 — Advance information

The total volume of trade conducted by Canadian wholesale establishments reached $31,172 million in 1966, as compared with $19,740 million in 1961.

For further information, order Wholesale Trade, 1966, Establishments (97-627, $2).

M A N U F A C T U R I N G

Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, July 1971

The seasonally adjusted value of manufacturers' shipments was estimated at $3,988.6 million in July, 0.3% below the revised June estimate of $3,999.0 million. Shipments of non-durable goods increased 0.7% to $2,118.2 million from $2,104.0 million, while those of durable goods decreased 1.3% to $1,870.4 million from $1,895.0 million.

Seasonally adjusted new orders, estimated at $3,983,6 million in July, were 0.4% lower than the revised June value of $4,000.7 million. Non-durable goods industries' new orders increased 2.1% while those for durable goods industries decreased 3.2%.

Unfilled orders, seasonally adjusted, declined in July to $4,496.1 million from $4,501.1 million in June.

Adjusted total inventory owned edged up to $7,867.7 million from $7,846.3 million, and total inventory held grew slightly to $8,311.1 million from $8,286.5 million. The adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments rose to 1.97 in July from 1.96 in June while that of finished products to shipments remained the same at 0.71.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, the preliminary estimates of shipments in July ranged from 19.1% less than in June in Ontario, to 1.6% more in Saskatchewan. Cumulative shipments for the first seven months of 1971 were estimated at $27,118.3 million, 3.1% higher than the corresponding 1970 estimate of $26,301.6 million. Seven provinces showed cumulative increases while Newfoundland and Nova Scotia had decreases of 3.5% and 0.4%.

For further information, order the July issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, (31-001, 40¢/$4).

Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	July 1971 (P)	July 1970	change %	June 1971(R)	Jan.-July 1971(P)	Jan.-July 1970	change %
	($ million)				($ million)		
Nfld.	19.8	21.3	- 7.0	20.6	128.6	133.3	-3.5
N.S.	60.9	62.3	- 2.2	64.4	424.6	426.4	-0.4
N.B.	63.3	60.3	- 5.0	68.2	406.3	378.4	+7.1
Que.	1,071.7	1,024.8	+ 4.6	1,190.1	7,557.0	7,324.4	+3.2
Ont.	1,835.9	1,782.4	+ 3.0	2,268.8	14,220.8	13,783.9	+3.2
Man.	,109.7	105.6	+ 3.9	110.2	717.2	703.4	+2.0
Sask.	56.2	52.3	+ 7.5	55.3	339.0	331.5	+2.3
Alta.	164.4	159.4	+ 3.1	171.6	1,084.2	1,056.9	+2.6
B.C.	332.3	296.2	+12.2	353.5	2,198.8	2,126.7	+3.4
Canada*	3,722.0	3,569.8	+ 4.2	4,311.4	27,118.3	26,301.6	+3.1

* Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
(P) Preliminary
(R) Revised

Estimated Values of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in all Manufacturing Industries

	July 1971 Preliminary	June 1971 Revised	May 1971	July 1970
	Not adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
	($ million)			
Shipments - Total	3,722.0	4,311.4	4,057.7	3,569.8
New orders:				
Total	3,730.1	4,277.6	3,991.2	3,601.6
Non-Durable	2,039.2	2,187.0	2,099.1	1,969.9
Durable	1,690.9	2,090.6	1,892.1	1,631.6
Unfilled orders:				
Total	4,499.9	4,491.8	4,525.6	4,373.1
Non-Durable	587.7	590.9	588.3	606.3
Durable	3,912.2	3,900.9	3,937.3	3,766.9
Inventory Owned - Total	7,747.2	7,786.6	7,832.9	7,816.7
Inventory Held - Total	8,221.6	8,247.9	8,314.4	8,336.5
Raw materials	3,199.4	3,147.9	3,142.6	3,237.1
Goods in process	2,218.4	2,220.9	2,253.0	2,295.8
Finished products	2,803.8	2,879.2	2,918.7	2,803.6
	Adjusted for Seasonal Variation			
Shipments - Total	3,988.6	3,999.0	3,960.2	3,766.8
New orders:				
Total	3,983.6	4,000.7	3,896.0	3,804.2
Non-Durable	2,134.9	2,090.8	2,083.7	2,045.4
Durable	1,848.7	1,909.9	1,812.3	1,758.8
Unfilled orders:				
Total	4,496.1	4,501.1	4,499.4	4,376.6
Non-Durable	596.6	559.9	573.1	592.8
Durable	3,919.5	3,941.2	3,926.3	3,783.3
Inventory Owned - Total	7,867.7	7,846.3	7,829.0	7,945.7
Inventory Held - Total	8,311.1	8,286.5	8,288.9	8,440.4
Ratio of Total Inventory owned to shipments	1.97	1.96	1.98	2.11
Ratio of finished products to shipments	0.71	0.71	0.72	0.75

Note: Figures may not add due to rounding.

Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products (Cigarettes), August 1971 - Advance information.

During August 1971, 3,843,445,000 cigarettes were produced, down from 3,894,447,000 a year earlier.

Further details will be contained in the August issue of Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, (6507-774, $5).

Footwear Statistics, July 1971 — Advance information

July 1971 production of footwear of all types decreased to 2,641,034 pairs from 2,754,340 a year earlier. January-through-July production decreased to 25,160,590 pairs in 1971 from 25,441,962 in 1970.

For further information, order the July issue of Footwear Statistics (33-002, 20¢/$2).

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, July 1971 — Advance information.

Sawmills in British Columbia produced 679.9 million feet board measure of lumber and ties in July compared to 650.4 million a year earlier. Year-to-date production increased to 4976.8 million feet board measure this year from 4,415.9 million.

For further information, order the July issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia (35-003, 20¢/$2).

Steel Ingots, Week ended September 18, 1971 — Advance information

Steel Ingot production for the week ended September 18, totalled 228,059 tons, an increase of 13.2% from the preceding week's total of 201,438 tons. The comparable week's total in 1970 was 218,134 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 124.5 in the current week, 109.9 a week earlier and 119.1 one year ago.

O T H E R P U B L I C A T I O N S R E L E A S E D

SUMMARIZED IN THE WEEKLY EARLIER

Telegraphic Crop Report, September 15, 1971 (22-007, no charge)
Air Carrier Operations in Canada, January-March 1971 (51-002, $1/$4).
Exports by Countries, January-March 1971 (65-003, $1/$4).
National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Second Quarter 1971 (13-001, 75¢/$3).
Iron Ore, July 1971 (26-005, 10¢/$1).
Gypsum Products, July 1971 (44-003, 10¢/$1).
Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers, July 1971 (46-001, 10¢/$1).
Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, August 1971 (41-002, 10¢/$1).
Oil Burners and Oil-Fired Hot Water Heaters, July 1971 (41-008, 10¢/$1).
Gold Production, July 1971 (26-004, 10¢/$1).
Service Bulletin: Food and Beverage Processing ($5 a year):
Stocks of Canned Fruits and Vegetables held by Canners, by Geographical Areas, July 1971.
Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, September 1971 (32-212, 30¢/$3).

(continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS RELEASED (continued)

Chain Store Sales and Stocks, July 1971 (63-001, 10¢/$1).
Mineral Wool, July 1971 (44-004, 10¢/$1).
Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, May 1971 (26-006, 20¢/$2).
Wooden Box Factories, 1969 (35-209, 50¢).
Bread and Other Bakery Products, Second Quarter 1971 (32-015, 25¢/$1).
Iron Foundries, 1969 (41-226, 50¢).
Bakeries, 1969 (32-203, 50¢).
Metal Rolling, Casting and Extruding Manufacturers, 1969 (41-215, 50¢).
Miscellaneous Furniture Industries, 1969 (35-213, 50¢).
Copper and Nickel Production, July 1971 (26-003, 10¢/$1).
Silver, Lead and Zinc Production, July 1971 (26-008, 10¢/$1).
Service Bulletin; Water Transport, Vol. 1 No. 9, (54-003, $5.00):
Canadian Water Carriers, 1970.
Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, September 1, 1971 (32-010, 20¢/$2).
Summary of Foreign Trade, July 1971 (65-001, 10¢/$1).
Imports by Commodities, July 1971 (65-007, 75¢/$7.50).
Railway Carloadings, July 1971 (52-001, 20¢/$2).
New Vehicle Sales, July 1971 (63-007, 20¢/$2).
Estimates of Labour Income, February-June 1971 (72-005, 20¢/$2).
Building Permits, June 1971 (64-001, 30¢/$3).
Cheques Cashed in Clearing Centres, June 1971 (61-001, 20¢/$2).
Service Bulletin; Aviation Statistics Centre, (51-004,$5).
Vol.3 No.33 Air Carrier Operations in Canada, 1st quarter 1971
Vol.3 No.34 International Air Charter Statistics, 1st quarter 1971
Vol.3 No.35 Canadian Commercial Air Carriers, July 15, 1971.
Canadian Statistical Review Tape, September 1971 ($150.).
Office Furniture Industry, 1969 (35-212, 50¢)
Manufacturers of Miscellaneous Electrical Products, 1969 (43-210, 50¢)
Fish Products Industry, 1969 (32-216, 50¢)
Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, July 1971 (43-002, 10¢/$1)
Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, July 1971 (43-001, 10¢/$1)
Production of Canada's Leading Minerals, July 1971 (26-007, 10¢/$1)
Breweries, July 1971 (32-019, 10¢/$1)
Iron Castings and Cast Iron Pipe and Fittings, July 1971 (41-004, 10¢/$1)
Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, July 1971 (43-005, 10¢/$1)
Products made from Canadian Clays, July 1971 (44-005, 10¢/$1)
Concrete Products, July 1971 (44-002, 10¢/$1)

(continued)

OTHER PUBLICATIONS RELEASED (concluded)

Department Store Sales and Stocks, July 1971 (63-002, 20¢/$2)
Passenger Bus Statistics, July 1971 (53-002, 10¢/$1)
Urban Transit, July 1971 (53-003, 10¢/$1)
Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, July 1971 (62-003, 10¢/$1)
Shipments of Prefabricated Buildings of Own Manufacture, 1970 (35-215, 25¢)
Garment Shipments, Quarter ended March 31, 1971 (34-001 25¢/$1)
Manufacturers of Folding Cartons and Set-Up Boxes, 1969 (36-214, 50¢)
Men's Clothing Industry, 1969 (34-216, 50¢)
Flour Mills, 1969 (32-215, 50¢)
Poultry Processors, 1969 (32-227, 50¢)
Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, July 1971 (25-001, 10¢/$1)
Restaurant Statistics, July 1971 (63-011, 10¢/$1)
Gas Utilities, June 1971 (55-002, 20¢/$2)
Electric Power Statistics, July 1971 (57-001, 20¢/$2)
Mineral Industries: Principal Statistics, 1968 (26-204, 25¢)
Service Bulletin; Food and Beverage Processing ($5 for the series): Fish Freezings and Stocks, Newfoundland, August 1971

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