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Employment, Earnings and Hours, March 1973 – Advance Information.

The first estimate of the seasonally-adjusted industrial composite index of employment (1961=100) for Canada showed a rise of 0.6% in March from the previous month's level. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions except mining, which declined; employment increased in all regions.

Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year.

Average weekly earnings rose 1.2% at the Canada composite level in March. All industry divisions recorded advances except transportation, communication and other utilities, which declined. All regions except the Atlantic Region showed gains.

Among the industry divisions for which data on hourly-rated wage-earners are tabulated, average weekly hours declined in March in mining and manufacturing and rose in construction, while average hourly earnings increased in all three industry divisions.

Preliminary data for February 1973 indicated a rise of 0.6% in the industrial (seasonally-adjusted) composite index of employment for Canada. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions except construction, which declined; the most substantial rises

(continued)

were in forestry (4.1%) and service (1.0%). Gains in Nova Scotia (2.7%), Quebec (0.7%) and Ontario (0.3%) accounted for most of the overall advance.

Average weekly earnings rose to $156.63 in February at Canada composite level; an increase of 0.6% from the previous month. All industry divisions showed rises except forestry, mining and service. All provinces contributed to the overall increase except Newfoundland, Nova Scotia and Manitoba, where declines were recorded. The most substantial increases were in Quebec ($2.21) and Prince Edward Island ($1 52).

Average weekly hours of hourly-rated wage-earners remained unchanged in manufacturing in February whereas declines of 1.9% were recorded in construction and 1.5% in mining. Average hourly earnings increased 0.9% in mining, 0.5% in manufacturing and 1.3% in construction in February.

Detailed information from January and February will be published in the March 1973 issue of *Employment, Earnings and Hours* (72-002, 40¢/$4), and is also available from Mr. R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V2.

(see table on page 3)

Canada's Foreign Trade in Energy Materials, First Quarter 1973 – Published only in the Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Canadian energy material exports to the United States in the first quarter of 1973 jumped 32% to $521.4 million from $395.1 million in the first three months of 1972. The substantial expansion, responding to growing United States energy needs, was led by an increase of $89 million or 37% in the value of crude petroleum shipments. There was an 8% rise to $3.15 a barrel from $2.92 in crude petroleum price.

The higher flow of energy materials to the United States accounted for 70% of the total increase. Smaller increases than were recorded for crude petroleum showed for natural gas, other fuels, electricity and radioactive ores delivered for processing before shipments overseas.

Through 1971 and 1972, over 90% of Canada's exports of crude petroleum, natural gas, other fuels and electricity went to the United States and 23% of Canada's imports came from that country. (See article in Statistics Canada Daily March 29, 1973, for 1968-72 figures.) In the first three months of 1973, the proportion of shipments to the United States was little changed at about 92% but the share of imports of energy commodities from overseas countries rose to 93%. Imports of coal and other energy materials from the United States declined $7 million to $17 million.

A doubling in the volume of coal exports to Japan from a low level of 1.5 million tons in the first quarter of 1972 to about 3 million tons largely accounted for the substantial gain in exports of energy commodities to overseas countries to $46 million from $18 million. Radioactive ores worth some $3 million were shipped to the United Kingdom.

Due mainly to sharply higher imports of crude petroleum, energy imports from overseas countries grew $40 million, or 20% to $240 million from $199 million. Contributing to the increase was a rise of 4% in the average value of crude petroleum to $2.50 a barrel from $2.40.

There were changes in the supply sources for Canadian crude petroleum imports. Value of imports from Iran rose to $36.3 million from $28.6 million in the first three months of 1972. Other increases: Venezuela $104.5 million from $95.4 million; United Arab Emirates $11.9 million from $3.7 million; Nigeria $19.2 million from $13.4 million. Imports from Saudi Arabia declined to $5.5 million from $12.8 million and those from Libya to $9.4 million from $10.2 million.

For further information, order the March issue of *Exports by Commodities* (65-004, 75¢/$7.50) and *Imports by Commodities* (65-007, 75¢/$7.50), or contact W. M. Mac Leod (613-992-8896), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z9.

(see table on page 4)

Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, April 1973 – Published only in Statistics Canada Daily and Weekly.

Seasonally adjusted imports declined to $1,745 million in April, down sharply from March and February and about the same level as January. Most of the decline occurred in overseas purchases. Imports from the United States remained at a high level of $1,264 million. With adjusted exports of $1,981 million, practically unchanged from March, the trade balance for April of $236 million stood considerably above the $97 million for March and $153 million for January.

Unadjusted April imports at $1,820 million were $290 million or 19% higher than April 1972, with 90% attributable to increased imports from the United States. Purchases from the United Kingdom declined 12%, were marginally lower from Japan, but rose 12% from other trading areas.

Imports of automotive and associated products from the United States advanced $133 million. Food, industrial machinery and tractors contributed another $46 million. This combined rise of nearly $180 million accounted for two-thirds of the increase from the United States. Imports from overseas countries of food, crude petroleum and industrial machinery were higher by about $29 million. Imports of automotive products declined $11 million and non-ferrous metals $7 million.

In the first four months of 1973, imports reached $7,057 million, up $1,300 million or 23% from the same period in 1972. The United States accounted

(continued on page 4)

Advance Employment, Earnings and Hours Data, March 1973

Employment Index Numbers

Industry Division	Unadjusted for seasonal variations						Seasonally-adjusted			
	Mar. 1973f	Feb. 1973p	Jan. 1973p	Dec. 1972r	Mar. 1972	Feb. 1972	Mar. 1973f	Feb. 1973p	Jan. 1973p	Dec. 1972r
	1961=100									
Industry Division:										
Forestry	71.3	73.9	74.8	78.5	58.4	63.9	97.4	89.3	85.8	86.1
Mining	110.4	110.4	109.1	108.9	110.7	109.1	111.4	111.8	110.7	111.0
Manufacturing	125.1	124.2	123.6	122.8	121.2	119.9	127.1	126.6	126.0	124.7
Durables	139.2	138.2	136.6	136.1	132.5	131.5	140.2	139.6	138.1	136.5
Non-durables	113.7	112.9	113.1	112.1	112.1	110.5	116.5	115.9	116.3	115.3
Construction	91.7	90.8	91.4	92.3	96.4	94.9	104.1	103.9	104.9	106.1
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities	117.2	114.6	114.3	115.5	113.2	112.5	121.5	118.5	117.9	119.0
Trade	148.3	146.7	148.2	155.6	142.4	139.7	151.5	151.1	150.5	148.0
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	151.6	150.2	149.3	149.1	147.3	146.2	151.9	150.7	149.9	149.7
Service	196.1	192.4	189.9	188.6	186.7	185.2	203.0	200.4	198.5	196.6
Industrial Composite	130.1	128.5	128.4	129.5	126.0	124.7	134.0	133.2	132.4	131.1
Industrial Composite:										
Atlantic Region	117.1	114.2	114.8	118.4	112.3	111.5	125.7	122.6	122.0	122.2
Newfoundland	119.4	116.9	118.2	122.4	113.0	113.1	130.5	129.1	129.5	130.9
Prince Edward Island	125.4	118.3	123.9	133.6	121.8	121.2	148.4	141.0	143.2	138.4
Nova Scotia	115.8	112.9	111.9	114.8	110.8	108.9	121.9	118.9	115.8	116.7
New Brunswick	116.4	113.5	115.1	118.7	112.6	112.6	125.6	121.7	122.6	122.8
Quebec	120.6	118.8	118.5	119.7	116.3	115.3	125.3	123.2	122.4	122.2
Ontario	134.7	134.2	134.0	134.5	130.5	129.4	137.6	137.1	136.7	134.9
Prairie Region	128.9	127.1	127.1	127.6	125.1	123.9	133.2	132.1	131.9	129.9
Manitoba	117.0	115.1	115.0	115.3	114.8	113.8	120.7	119.4	119.1	117.6
Saskatchewan	114.1	112.9	112.5	114.6	111.8	110.8	119.7	119.7	119.3	116.5
Alberta	145.1	143.1	143.4	143.3	139.2	137.6	149.5	147.9	148.4	146.0
British Columbia	151.5	148.2	146.7	149.4	147.9	144.1	154.9	154.0	153.8	151.7
Yukon	153.4	147.4	149.4	153.8	157.1	151.4	160.8	156.8	166.8	165.1
Northwest Territories	130.3	123.2	121.4	124.3	141.1	133.4	145.3	138.3	133.9	136.3
Canada	**130.1**	**128.5**	**128.4**	**129.5**	**126.0**	**124.7**	**134.0**	**133.2**	**132.4**	**131.1**

Average Weekly Earnings

Industry Division and Area	Unadjusted for seasonal variations							Seasonally-adjusted		
	Mar. 1973f	Feb. 1973p	Jan. 1973p	Dec. 1972r	Mar. 1972	Feb. 1972	Mar. 1973f	Feb. 1973p	Jan. 1973p	Dec. 1972r
	dollars									
Industry Division:										
Forestry	206.85	200.26	191.99	172.06	173.50	175.00	196.49	191.07	193.81	177.73
Mining	206.50	205.68	205.83	200.57	187.28	186.66	202.67	201.37	202.41	203.96
Manufacturing	166.15	165.02	163.51	158.41	152.74	151.51	164.96	164.04	163.40	163.36
Durables	178.88	176.80	175.66	169.10	164.14	162.90	178.19	175.87	176.72	176.07
Non-durables	153.51	153.33	151.61	147.89	141.79	140.50	152.14	152.48	150.69	150.19
Construction	230.78	227.12	221.22	199.02	201.13	203.34	228.36	224.40	222.80	240.04
Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities	173.68	174.66	173.09	174.77	165.49	163.89	173.75	174.19	173.06	176.84
Trade	125.97	123.45	121.87	121.15	114.62	113.55	125.86	123.49	122.37	123.41
Finance, Insurance and Real Estate	152.94	149.46	147.92	146.25	139.82	136.68	152.51	150.59	148.26	147.15
Service	114.84	112.94	113.20	112.57	105.56	103.16	114.05	112.33	112.70	114.08
Industrial Composite	158.42	156.94	155.39	151.72	145.88	144.64	158.47	156.63	155.76	156.53
Industrial Composite:										
Atlantic Region	135.09	135.29	134.48	129.60	124.21	123.91	131.63	132.88	132.38	133.73
Newfoundland	143.54	144.45	144.21	137.05	132.53	133.80	139.63	140.93	143.07	142.04
Prince Edward Island	111.45	110.34	108.70	104.61	100.57	97.91	107.96	106.24	104.72	106.18
Nova Scotia	132.94	133.06	132.24	126.99	120.95	119.67	130.08	130.84	132.37	133.48
New Brunswick	134.32	134.17	133.12	130.19	124.95	124.91	131.67	130.20	128.73	131.62
Quebec	151.44	150.50	148.53	145.76	139.04	137.00	151.61	150.65	148.44	149.64
Ontario	164.84	163.09	161.51	156.61	151.30	150.70	165.24	162.78	162.08	162.14
Prairie Region	150.00	148.19	147.21	146.15	139.29	137.70	149.34	147.32	147.34	151.00
Manitoba	142.62	139.37	139.45	139.15	132.47	130.43	142.35	140.04	140.28	142.57
Saskatchewan	140.62	137.82	136.53	137.52	131.02	128.95	141.10	138.00	137.92	139.94
Alberta	158.04	157.51	155.87	153.71	146.72	145.64	157.11	156.06	155.92	159.53
British Columbia	173.96	171.44	170.00	167.00	161.34	159.64	173.61	171.42	170.96	172.56
Yukon	209.52	205.59	206.85	203.35	194.61	189.47	209.98	209.44	214.57	209.14
Northwest Territories	189.49	186.13	183.96	172.78	193.08	191.81	183.40	184.03	183.85	176.05
Canada	**158.42**	**156.94**	**155.39**	**151.72**	**145.88**	**144.64**	**158.47**	**156.63**	**155.76**	**156.53**

Industry Division and Area	Average Weekly Hours				Average Hourly Earnings						Average Weekly Hours				Average Hourly Earnings					
	Unadjusted for seasonal variations												Seasonally-adjusted							
	Mar. 73f	Feb. 73p	Jan. 73p	Dec. 72r	Mar. 1972	Feb. 1972	Mar. 73f	Feb. 73p	Jan. 73p	Dec. 72r	Mar. 1972	Feb. 1972	Mar. 73f	Feb. 73p	Jan. 73p	Dec. 72r	Mar. 73f	Feb. 73p	Jan. 73p	Dec. 72r
	hours						$						hours				$			
Industry Division:																				
Mining including milling	40.9	41.0	41.5	39.7	40.7	40.8	4.70	4.65	4.62	4.67	4.23	4.20	40.4	40.7	41.3	40.5	4.65	4.60	4.56	4.63
Manufacturing	40.2	40.3	40.0	38.5	39.9	39.7	3.75	3.72	3.71	3.69	3.46	3.43	40.1	40.3	40.3	40.4	3.74	3.72	3.70	3.65
Durables	41.1	40.9	40.8	39.1	40.4	40.2	4.04	4.00	4.00	3.95	3.73	3.70	41.1	40.9	41.5	40.9	4.04	4.00	3.98	3.95
Non-durables	39.3	39.6	39.3	37.9	39.3	39.1	3.44	3.42	3.40	3.41	3.18	3.15	39.1	39.5	39.4	39.8	3.42	3.42	3.39	3.35
Construction	40.7	40.2	39.5	34.7	38.6	39.6	5.57	5.57	5.48	5.42	5.09	5.04	41.6	40.3	41.1	43.1	5.49	5.47	5.40	5.41
Building	39.5	38.8	38.7	33.8	37.1	37.7	5.78	5.74	5.67	5.58	5.18	5.16	40.0	38.6	39.4	41.3	5.76	5.68	5.62	5.56
Engineering	43.8	43.6	41.7	36.8	42.3	44.5	5.12	5.19	5.11	5.08	4.88	4.79	45.4	44.3	43.7	45.9	4.97	5.06	5.05	5.14
Manufacturing:																				
Atlantic Region	40.0	39.5	39.9	37.9	40.0	39.3	3.18	3.19	3.19	3.21	2.89	2.91	39.7	39.2	40.0	40.1	3.12	3.10	3.09	3.07
Quebec	40.6	40.9	40.5	38.8	40.1	39.8	3.26	3.22	3.21	3.21	30.4	3.00	40.4	40.7	40.4	41.6	3.26	3.22	3.20	3.18
Ontario	40.5	40.6	40.4	38.8	40.1	40.0	3.96	3.93	3.92	3.87	3.65	3.62	40.6	40.6	40.9	40.9	3.95	3.92	3.91	3.86
Prairie Region	39.3	38.7	38.6	38.0	38.8	38.8	3.66	3.62	3.60	3.58	3.35	3.32	39.1	38.9	38.9	39.6	3.68	3.64	3.61	3.57
British Columbia	38.3	37.8	37.9	36.8	38.2	37.8	4.73	4.74	4.74	4.75	4.31	4.31	37.8	37.4	37.6	38.0	4.71	4.73	4.71	4.69

f - first estimate based on a limited number of returns – p - preliminary figures – r - revised figures.

Canada's Foreign Trade in Energy Commodities, First Quarter 1973

	United States				Other Countries			
	Exports		Imports		Exports		Imports	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
Quantity								
Coal and coke ('000 tons)	51.0	82.2	948.5	384.4	1,516.2	3,044.1	49.9	84.0
Crude petroleum (million bbls)	82.6	104.7	–	–	–	–	75.4	85.5
Natural gas (million cu. ft.)	261.5	267.1	2.0	1.5	–	–	–	–
Naphtha, liquefied petroleum gas (million gals.)	317.1	408.3	1.7	1.4	24.1	28.4	–	–
Fuel oils (million gals.)	318.4	372.1	28.4	47.4	21.7	13.2	189.1	241.1
Gasoline (million gals.)	0.4	5.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	7.1	8.2	6.8
Petroleum and coal products nes (million gals.)	35.6	29.4	5.1	3.9	11.9	6.4	4.2	5.5
Electricity (million KWH)	1.7	3.2	0.6	0.6	–	–	–	–
Value ($ millions)								
Radioactive ores	10.4	18.4	–	–	–	2.7	–	–
Coal and coke	1.2	2.2	16.1	7.9	14.3	38.3	1.8	2.1
Crude petroleum	240.9	329.7	–	–	–	–	180.8	213.9
Natural gas	79.5	84.4	0.9	0.8	–	–	–	–
Naphtha, liquefied petroleum gas	18.1	23.2	0.5	0.7	1.4	1.8	–	–
Fuel oils	29.9	37.8	2.7	5.3	1.9	1.4	15.4	22.2
Gasoline	0.1	0.7	0.1	–	–	1.1	1.1	0.9
Petroleum and coal products nes	3.3	2.4	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.6	0.3	0.8
Electricity	11.7	22.6	3.6	2.2	–	–	–	–
Total	395.1	521.4	24.3	17.3	18.4	45.9	199.4	239.9

for about $1,060 million or four-fifths of the advance, including a rise of $645 million in automotive and related products, industrial machinery, aircraft and food. The United States' share of total imports rose from 69.4% in four months of 1972 to 71.7% in 1973. In imports from other countries, there was a gain of $239 million or 14%, with food, crude petroleum, communication equipment, fabrics and industrial machinery representing 54% of the rise.

For further information, order the April issue of *Summary of Exports* (65-002, 20¢/$2) and *Summary of Imports* (65-005, 20¢/$2).

Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade,

	Total Exports		Imports		Trade Balance		Percentage Change 1971 to 1972	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	Total Exports (%)	Imports (%)
	($ millions)							
Month of April								
United Kingdom	113.8	120.6	83.2	73.6	30.6	47.0	6.0	-11.5
Other Commonwealth and Preferential	46.2	70.4	49.5	58.1	-3.3	12.3	52.4	17.4
United States	1,137.5	1,381.0	1,072.2	1,342.2	65.3	38.8	21.4	25.2
Japan	49.6	145.7	84.4	81.9	-34.8	63.8	193.8	-3.0
European Economic Community*	71.0	97.1	88.5	102.8	-17.5	-5.7	36.8	16.2
Latin America	36.5	40.6	51.0	57.2	-14.5	-16.6	11.2	12.2
Other Countries	72.0	117.0	99.3	104.6	-27.3	12.4	62.5	5.3
Total Commonwealth and Preferential	**160.0**	**191.0**	**132.7**	**131.7**	**27.3**	**59.3**	**19.4**	**-0.8**
Total Others	**1,366.5**	**1,781.5**	**1,395.4**	**1,688.7**	**-28.9**	**92.8**	**30.4**	**21.0**
Grand Total	**1,526.6**	**1,972.5**	**1,528.1**	**1,820.5**	**-1.5**	**152.0**	**29.2**	**19.1**
January-April								
United Kingdom	365.6	462.9	313.5	326.2	52.1	136.7	26.6	4.1
Other Commonwealth and Preferential	181.5	268.2	200.7	238.9	-19.2	29.3	47.8	19.0
United States	4,375.9	5,384.1	3,995.5	5,058.8	380.5	325.3	23.0	26.6
Japan	224.8	455.1	331.7	333.4	-106.9	121.7	102.4	0.5
European Economic Community*	311.7	356.6	339.1	416.1	-27.4	-59.5	14.4	22.7
Latin America	171.5	175.4	202.9	246.3	-31.4	-70.9	2.3	21.4
Other Countries	310.7	422.7	371.1	437.4	-60.4	-14.7	36.0	17.9
Total Commonwealth and Preferential	**547.2**	**731.1**	**514.2**	**565.1**	**33.0**	**166.0**	**33.6**	**9.9**
Total Others	**5,394.6**	**6,794.0**	**5,240.3**	**6,492.0**	**154.3**	**302.0**	**25.9**	**23.9**
Grand Total	**5,941.8**	**7,525.1**	**5,754.5**	**7,057.1**	**187.3**	**468.0**	**26.6**	**22.6**

** Excluding Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom, new members from 1 January, 1973.*
Note: Export and Import values for 1973 are preliminary estimates and may not add because of rounding.

Summary of Imports, March 1973 – Advance Information.

The External Trade Division reports that during March Canada's imports increased to a value of $1,863 million from $1,515 million a year earlier and $1,361 million in the same month of 1971. Imports for the three months increased to $5,237 million in 1973 from $4,227 million in 1972 and $3,430million in 1971.

	March		January to March	
	1972	1973	1972	1973
	($ millions)			
Selected Countries				
United States	1,055.5	1,338.8	2,923.2	3,716.8
United Kingdom	77.1	92.1	230.2	252.6
Japan	100.7	87.7	247.3	251.5
Germany, West	37.5	52.5	110.0	138.4
Venezuela	37.6	31.2	101.6	112.6
France	20.2	23.8	56.0	68.1
Italy	15.5	19.4	46.3	57.8
Australia	13.0	8.2	38.3	45.1
Sweden	11.9	16.1	31.8	42.2
Switzerland	7.1	11.0	22.7	26.8
Netherlands	6.5	10.7	20.7	26.4
Hong Kong	9.5	8.7	25.6	24.0
Mexico	5.9	8.7	14.0	22.0
All Countries	**1,515.4**	**1,862.7**	**4,226.5**	**5,236.9**

Imports by Stage of Fabrication

	Total		Crude materials		Fabricated materials		End products	
	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973	1972	1973
	($ millions)							
All Countries								
March	1,515.4	1,862.7	158.4	201.5	295.5	339.4	1,061.5	1,321.8
January to March	4,226.5	5,236.9	480.8	590.8	863.6	996.2	2,882.1	3,649.9
United States								
March	1,055.5	1,338.8	60.7	84.8	196.4	232.0	798.5	1,022.0
January to March	2,923.2	3,716.8	192.8	244.4	545.2	651.1	2,185.2	2,821.2

Sums of rounded components may not add to rounded totals.

Further information will be contained in *Summary of Imports* (65-002, 20¢/$2).

Real Domestic Product, March and First Quarter 1973 – Advance Information.

In March, seasonally adjusted real domestic product increased 0.5% from the upward revised February level. Major monthly increases were in retail trade and manufacturing, with mining and transportation also contributing.

Within retail trade, output of department stores increased more than 3% for each of the first three months of 1973. In the 15 months from January 1972 department store output increased more than 3% in five month-to-month comparisons. Variety stores, general stores and clothing stores all recorded substantial advances. Mild weather was a factor in a decline in output of fuel dealers in March. Their average output over the period October to March was only 1.3% higher than the corresponding period a year ago.

In manufacturing, durables output increased and non-durables declined. In non-durables, the decline was due mainly to decreases in pulp and paper and synthetic textiles. In textiles, a strike at a major plant accounted for the decrease. For pulp and paper, the decrease followed a substantial advance in February but March output remained at a high level. Some February gain may have been due to purchases made before the effective date of price increases announced for February and March.

For durable manufacturing, main sources of growth were in motor vehicles and household radio and TVs. Increased sales of colour TVs account for most of the March increase. Motor vehicle output increased in all but one month since September 1972, with part of the high growth due to increased popularity of North American vehicles.

In mining, main increases came for iron ore, following decreases in January and February, and miscellaneous metals, where copper production rose. Output of both the petroleum and natural gas industries decreased sharply in March.

In transportation, pipeline transport and water transport recorded the largest advances.

Real domestic product increased by 2.7% in the 1st quarter of 1973 following growth of 3.2% in the 1972 4th quarter. Employment increased by 3.0% in the quarter and unemployment fell to 5.9% from 6.7%.

Manufacturing output increased 3.8% in the 1st quarter, largest jump since the 2nd quarter of 1968. Durables manufacturing output increased 5% with almost all industry components recording increases. The major contribution came from motor vehicle manufacturers but output of household radio and TVs also increased substantially following a strike-affected 4th quarter. Other industries registering strong increases were those connected with construc-

(continued)

tion as well as communications equipment, motor vehicle parts and accessories, iron foundries and agricultural implements.

Non-durable manufacturing output grew 2.5% with pulp and paper contributing the major advance. Virtually all food industries grew sharply in the quarter, with the industry selling price index increasing 5.2%. Industrial chemical output also increased in the first quarter following a decline in the preceding quarter.

Trade output advanced strongly on gains in both wholesale and retail trade. In wholesale trade, the increase for farm machinery was particularly strong.

For further information, order *Real Domestic Product*, March 1973 (61-005, 20¢/$2).

Indexes of Real Domestic Product

(1961=100)

(Seasonally Adjusted)

	1961 percentage weight	1973 Jan.	Feb.	March	% Change	4th Qtr. 1972	1st Qtr. 1973	% Change
Real Domestic Product	100.000	185.0	187.9	188.8	0.5	182.4	187.2	2.7
Agriculture	4.525	147.8	148.5	147.6	– 0.6	144.1	148.0	2.7
Forestry	1.231	150.2	157.5	159.4	1.2	140.0	155.7	11.2
Fishing and trapping	0.259	85.2	79.9	89.2	11.7	141.1	84.7	– 40.0
Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells	4.564	209.8	211.8	215.4	1.7	210.3	212.4	1.0
Manufacturing	24.943	200.8	205.4	206.5	0.5	196.8	204.2	3.8
Non-durable manufacturing	13.933	176.2	180.2	178.8	– 0.7	174.0	178.4	2.6
Durable manufacturing	11.010	231.8	237.4	241.5	1.7	225.7	236.9	5.0
Construction	5.803	167.0	169.3	169.3	–	166.5	168.5	1.2
Transportation, storage and communication	9.910	202.2	204.3	205.5	0.6	197.0	204.0	3.5
Transportation	6.873	208.2	210.7	212.5	0.9	202.2	210.5	4.1
Air transport	0.463	473.4	480.6	483.0	0.5	451.9	479.0	6.0
Railway transport	2.859	208.3	208.5	209.8	0.6	199.2	208.9	4.9
Bus transport, interurban and rural	0.096	202.7	203.3	204.0	0.3	201.5	203.3	0.9
Urban transit systems	0.303	109.4	111.6	110.1	– 1.3	107.0	110.4	3.1
Pipeline transport	0.451	358.5	368.0	376.8	2.4	350.9	367.8	4.8
Storage	0.299	137.6	137.5	138.4	0.6	135.7	137.8	1.5
Grain elevators[d]	0.211	128.4	127.7	126.5	– 0.9	129.0	127.5	– 1.1
Communication	2.738	194.2	195.5	195.4	– 0.1	190.8	195.0	2.2
Electric power, gas and water utilities	2.908	233.9	238.9	234.5	– 1.8	237.3	235.7	– 0.7
Trade	12.973	189.8	195.5	197.2	0.9	185.9	194.2	4.4
Wholesale trade	4.906	204.4	214.1	213.0	– 0.6	198.4	210.5	6.1
Wholesale merchants	3.491	219.7	231.5	229.7	– 0.8	211.4	227.0	7.4
Retail trade	8.067	180.9	184.2	187.7	1.9	178.3	184.2	3.3
Food stores	1.552	155.6	154.8	155.1	0.2	155.0	155.2	0.1
Department stores	1.161	200.3	209.0	217.7	4.2	198.7	209.0	5.2
General stores	0.239	96.3	97.3	100.7	3.5	92.0	98.1	6.7
Variety stores	0.301	230.5	237.3	258.5	8.9	235.5	242.1	2.8
Motor vehicle dealers	0.926	238.8	239.6	246.1	2.7	227.9	241.5	6.0
Clothing stores	0.507	170.1	168.1	177.4	5.5	168.8	171.9	1.8
Shoe stores	0.119	139.3	139.0	147.3	6.0	141.4	141.9	0.4
Hardware stores	0.167	121.7	129.9	130.9	0.8	121.3	127.5	5.1
Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores	0.345	155.9	161.3	162.6	0.8	152.1	159.9	5.2
Drug stores	0.343	198.5	199.0	194.8	– 2.1	193.6	197.4	2.0
Finance, insurance and real estate	11.831	155.5	156.3	157.9	1.0	154.2	156.5	1.5
Community, business and personal service industries	13.821	192.5	193.3	193.9	0.3	190.7	193.2	1.3
Education and related services	3.450	248.9	250.2	249.0	– 0.5	249.2	249.4	0.1
Health and welfare services	3.476	174.3	174.4	174.7	0.2	173.0	174.5	0.8
Motion picture and recreational services	0.400	196.3	198.4	201.3	1.5	191.6	198.7	3.7
Services to business management	1.616	202.8	204.5	208.7	2.1	195.3	205.3	5.2
Personal services	3.766	145.8	146.1	146.7	0.4	144.7	146.2	1.1
Hotels, restaurants and taverns	2.212	160.4	160.9	161.7	0.5	159.7	161.0	0.8
Public administration and defence	7.232	144.3	145.6	145.9	0.2	141.9	145.3	2.4
Special industry groupings								
Real Domestic Product less agriculture	95.475	186.8	189.8	190.8	0.5	184.2	189.1	2.7
Goods-producing industries	44.233	191.9	195.7	196.4	0.4	189.6	194.7	2.7
Goods-producing industries less agriculture	39.708	197.0	201.0	201.9	0.4	194.8	200.0	2.7
Service-producing industries	55.767	179.5	181.7	182.9	0.6	176.6	181.4	2.7
Commercial industries	85.478	187.2	190.4	191.5	0.6	184.4	189.7	2.9
Commercial industries less agriculture	80.953	189.4	192.8	194.0	0.6	186.6	192.1	2.9
Non-commercial industries	14.522	172.0	173.0	172.9	– 0.1	170.5	172.6	1.2
Index of Industrial Production	32.415	205.0	209.3	210.3	0.4	202.4	208.2	2.9

Prices and Price Indexes, April 1973 – Advance Information.

Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing

The industry selling price index for manufacturing (1961=100) moved 0.9% higher in April to 137.7 from the March index of 136.5. It was 8.9% higher than the April 1972 index of 126.5. There was a significant slowdown in the month-to-month rate of increase in prices of food and food-related industries because of sharp declines in pork prices. But the total index, excluding food, continued to show significant monthly increases: up 1.4% December to January, 0.7% January to February, 1.5% February to March and 1.0% March to April.

Notable factors in the total index change were price increases in the wood products group, particularly for sawmills and planing mills, and sash and door and other millwork industries. The food and beverages group continued to rise as higher prices in pasteurizing plants, butter and cheese plants, and condenseries more than offset lower prices in the slaughtering and meat packing industry.

Advances in the paper and allied products group reflected price increases in the pulp and paper industry. April decreases were relatively insignificant.

March to April Changes in Industry Indexes

	April/March Number of Industries			Major Group Indexes		
	In-creases	De-creases	Un-changed	Apr. 1973	Mar. 1973	Apr. 1972
All industries	67	11	23	137.7	136.5	126.5
Foods and beverages industries	15	4	4	152.7	151.7	135.4
Tobacco and tobacco products industries	–	–	1	*	*	*
Rubber products industries	2	–	–	109.6	109.3	109.9
Leather industries	2	1	–	164.3	160.5	142.3
Textile industries	5	1	3	114.0	112.8	106.6
Knitting mills industries	1	–	1	103.8	103.7	99.0
Clothing industries	1	–	–	*	*	*
Wood industries	6	–	–	221.7	216.5	165.3
Furniture and fixture industries	2	–	1	138.4	137.7	128.9
Paper and allied industries	4	–	2	127.0	124.7	119.6
Primary metal industries	6	1	–	148.9	147.0	134.5
Metal fabricating industries	4	–	–	*	*	*
Machinery industries	–	1	–	*	*	*
Transportation equipment industries	–	1	2	*	*	*
Electrical products industries	6	1	–	*	*	*
Non-metallic mineral products industries	5	1	3	139.0	138.7	133.8
Petroleum and coal products industries	1	–	1	122.5	122.4	115.8
Chemical and chemical products industries	6	–	1	107.4	106.8	104.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	1	–	4	*	*	*

** Indexes not available at this level of aggregation.*

For further information,order the April issue of *Prices and Price Indexes*, (62-002, 40¢/$4).

General Wholesale Index,

The general wholesale index (1935–39=100) moved up 0.8% in April to 353.6 from the revised March index of 350.9. It was 16.5% higher than the April 1972 index of 303.4. Six of the eight major group indexes were higher while two declined.

The vegetable products group index rose 1.8% to 299.9 from 294.7 on higher prices for dried fruits, vegetable oils and products, sugar and its products, and tea, coffee and cocoa. An advance of 1.5% to 305.7 from 301.2 in the non-ferrous metal products group index reflected price increases for copper and its products. The wood products group index moved 1.4% higher to 510.5 from 503.3 on higher prices for woodpulp, spruce, hardwoods, fir, cedar and hemlock. Advances to a lesser degreee were recorded in iron products, to 346.2 from 344.1, chemical products, to 254.5 from 253.2, and non-metallic mineral products, to 244.1 from 243.7.

The animal products group index declined 0.5% to 427.4 from 429.4 on sharp price decreases for pork and pork products. The textile products group index dipped to 309.1 from 309.6 because of substantial declines in raw wool prices and slight declines in cotton.

The general wholesale index contains relatively few final product price indexes for commodities such as consumer durable goods, whose prices have changed little during the past year. The industry selling price index for manufacturing, which advanced 8.9% during the same period, includes such products.

(see table on page 8)

Wholesale Price Indexes

	Apr.* 1973	Mar.* 1973	Apr. 1972	Mar. 1972	Change Apr./73 Mar./73	Change Apr./73 Apr./72
					(%)	
General Wholesale Index	**353.6**	**350.9r**	**303.4**	**304.0**	**0.8**	**16.5**
Vegetable products	299.9	294.7r	238.6	241.7	1.8	25.7
Animal products	427.4	429.4r	362.1	363.9	− 0.5	18.0
Textile products	309.1	309.6r	275.5	273.6	− 0.2	12.2
Wood products	510.5	503.3r	422.4	421.8	1.4	20.9
Iron products	346.2	344.1r	322.8	322.2	0.6	7.2
Non-ferrous metals	305.7	301.2r	261.4	261.7	1.5	16.9
Non-metallic minerals	244.1	243.7r	232.0	231.7	0.2	5.2
Chemical products	254.5	253.2r	245.6	244.5	0.5	3.6
Iron and non-ferrous metals (excluding gold)	388.7	385.1r	349.7	349.5	0.9	11.2
Raw and partly manufactured goods	327.9	326.7r	262.4	266.5	0.4	25.0
Fully and chiefly manufactured goods	368.1	364.5r	326.6	325.2	1.0	12.7

* *These indexes are preliminary.*

Prices and Price Indexes May 1973 – Advance Information,

Weekly Security Price Indexes

Index	Number stocks priced	This week	Week ago	Month ago
			1961=100	
Investors Index-Total	114	175.4	177.8	185.4
Industrials-Total	80	185.1	187.9	195.9
Utilities-Total	20	147.2	147.5	153.0
Finance-Total	14	169.5	172.6	181.3
Mining Index Total	22	126.6	130.9	133.4
Uraniums	4	203.3	208.9	220.0
Primary oils and gas	7	401.0	420.2	448.0

For further information, order the May issue of *Prices and Price Indexes* (62-002- 40¢/$4), or contact Mr. J. Boulet (613-992-8270), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Net Farm Income, 1972 – Advance Information.

Farm operators in Canada (excluding Newfoundland) realized an estimated net income of $2,130 million in 1972, a 43% increase over the revised 1971 value of $1,490 million.

This increase in realized net income resulted mainly from an estimated 16.6% expansion in realized gross income to $5,936 million in 1972, from the 1971 revised figure of $5,090 million. All components of gross income contributed to the increase. The largest category, cash receipts from the sale of agricultural products, rose 17.2% with wheat, cattle and hogs making significant contributions. Farm operators incurred operating expenses and depreciation charges totalling an estimated $3,806 million, 5.7% above the 1971 revised figure of $3,601 million. Although expenditures on most farm inputs were above the 1971 levels, the major contributors to the increase in expenses were wages paid to farm labour, interest payments, machinery expenses, fertilizer, feed and other livestock expenses, and depreciation on farm machinery.

The value of inventory change on farm during 1972 is estimated at minus $260 million, largely as a result of a decline in grain inventories. This placed 1972 estimated total farm net income from farming operations (realized net income adjusted for inventory changes) at a level of $1,870 million, a rise over 1971 of 11.3%.

The component series of farm net income have been rebased, where applicable, to updated benchmark data obtained from the 1971 Census of Agriculture and the 1971 Post-Census Survey of Agriculture.

For further details, order *Farm Net Income*, 1972 (21-202, 25¢), or contact J. W. Ross (613-994-9876), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

(see table on page 9)

Department Store Sales by Regions, April 1973 (63-004, $1 a year).

During April 1973, department store sales rose in Canada by 13.3% over the corresponding month last year. Sales were up 19.9% in the Atlantic Provinces; 15.6% in Quebec; 13.7% in Ontario; 8.4% in Manitoba; 13.7% in Saskatchewan; 7.6% in Alberta; and 13.8% in British Columbia.

Income of Farm Operators From Farming Operations, by Province, 1971 and 1972

	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Canada
	thousands of dollars									
1971										
1. Cash receipts	39,111	64,383	51,633	686,044	1,387,619	372,843	908,647	798,040	221,428	4,529,748
2. Income in kind	6,068	7,069	5,221	66,829	188,391	41,252	84,601	91,827	51,166	542,424
3. Supplementary payments*	–	–	–	–	–	5,572	6,810	5,633	240	18,255
4. Realized gross income[1]	45,179	71,452	56,854	752,873	1,576,010	419,667	1,000,058	895,500	272,834	5,090,427
5. Operating and depreciation charges	36,737	55,682	43,091	543,822	1,227,561	282,051	603,396	611,847	196,396	3,600,583
6. Realized net income[2]	8,442	15,770	13,763	209,051	348,449	137,616	396,662	283,653	76,438	1,489,844
7. Value of inventory changes	−2,234	−868	1,614	1,736	−10,240	48,685	112,900	30,154	8,637	190,384
8. Total gross income[3]	42,945	70,584	58,468	754,609	1,565,770	468,352	1,112,958	925,654	281,471	5,280,811
9. Total net income[4]	6,208	14,902	15,377	210,787	338,209	186,301	509,562	313,807	85,075	1,680,228
1972										
1. Cash receipts	44,017	70,147	64,151	766,633	1,573,869	475,091	1,169,173	901,581	242,774	5,307,436
2. Income in kind	6,131	6,116	5,277	67,594	194,188	40,739	86,033	91,931	54,027	552,036
3. Supplementary payments**	–	–	–	7,523	7,495	9,279	31,609	20,213	673	76,792
4. Realized gross income[1]	50,148	76,263	69,428	841,750	1,775,552	525,109	1,286,815	1,013,725	297,474	5,936,264
5. Operating and depreciation charges	38,308	58,349	44,406	579,105	1,286,192	299,672	637,329	650,420	212,539	3,806,320
6. Realized net income[2]	11,840	17,914	25,022	262,645	489,360	225,437	649,486	363,305	84,935	2,129,944
7. Value of inventory changes	−30	1,905	−6,136	−9,831	−11,181	−25,045	−216,094	5,705	604	−260,103
8. Total gross income[3]	50,118	78,168	63,292	831,919	1,764,371	500,064	1,070,721	1,019,430	298,078	5,676,161
9. Total net income[4]	11,810	19,819	18,886	252,814	478,179	200,392	433,392	369,010	85,539	1,869,841

– *NIL*

* *Payments made under the provisions of the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, payments made under the Lower Inventory for Tomorrow (LIFT) Program and payments to Manitoba farmers under the Farm Acreage Payment Program.*

** *Payments made under the the provisions of the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, payments made under the Lower Inventory for Tomorrow (LIFT) Program, payments to farmers under the two-price wheat program and payments to farmers in Quebec and Ontario under the rain damage program.*

[1] *Sums of cash receipts, income in kind and supplementary payments.* [2] *Realized gross income less operating and depreciation charges.* [3] *Realized gross income plus or minus inventory changes.* [4] *Total gross income less operating and depreciation charges.*

Building Permits, March 1973 – Advance Information.

March 1973	Total number of dwelling units	Value of residential and non-residential construction				
		Residential	Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	Total
		($'000)				
Newfoundland	65	1,409	–	778	20	2,207
Prince Edward Island	27	282	–	62	–	344
Nova Scotia	468	6,530	1,621	2,534	2,229	12,914
New Brunswick	247	3,839	211	1,252	910	6,212
Quebec	4,911	64,158	5,788	22,904	9,625	102,475
Ontario	9,936	178,541	25,498	75,341	24,856	304,236
Manitoba	844	10,632	853	3,885	1,902	17,272
Saskatchewan	384	6,530	107	3,040	2,438	12,115
Alberta	2,761	38,180	2,052	31,419	8,898	80,549
British Columbia	2,913	54,820	2,864	13,857	8,545	80,086
Yukon	–	–	–	–	–	–
Northwest Territories	40	1,037	–	40	158	1,235
Canada – Unadjusted	22,596	365,958	38,994	155,112	59,581	619,645
Canada – Adjusted	–	433,321	57,660	174,207	57,400	722,588

Preliminary figures.

For further information order *Building Permits*, March 1973 (64-001, 30¢/$3).

Security Transactions with Non-residents, January 1973 (67-002, 20¢/$2).

Trading in outstanding securities between Canada and other countries during January led to a net sales balance of $17 million, a reduction of $32 million from the net inflow recorded in the previous month. Total transactions in all outstanding issues increased 8% to $624 million with a $59-million increase in transactions with United States investors. While transactions with residents of the United Kingdom were virtually in balance, the net outflow to the United States of $17 million was more than offset by the net inflows of $21 million from continental Europe and $13 million from all other countries.

Non-residents of Canada increased their not holdings of Canadian securities by $24 million during January: $6 million in debt issues and $18 million in equities. Transactions in outstanding foreign securities led to a net outflow of almost $7 million.

Traveller Accommodation, 1972 – Advance Information.

Total receipts of full-year Hotels (50 rooms or more) were 7.9% higher in 1972 than a year earlier. Receipts in Saskatchewan increased by 12.3%, British Columbia 10.8%, Manitoba 9.5%, Quebec 9.1%, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island 9.1%, New Brunswick 8.8%, Alberta 8.4%, Nova Scotia 5.3% and Ontario 4.8%.

For further information, order the 1972 issue of *Traveller Accomodation* (63-204, 50¢), or contact C. Bordeleau (613-992-3754), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A 0T6.

Railway Carloadings, April 1973 – Advance Information.

Using 340,383 freight cars, railways in Canada loaded 19.6 million tons of goods during April 1973, an increase of 9.0% in car use and 12.0% in tons loaded over the corresponding month of 1972.

Interchanges between Canadian carriers and non-carload movements are excluded. Receipts from United States rail connections, in terms of carloads, were up 7.1% to 58,806, while related tonnage at 2.2 million rose 2.3%.

Individual commodities registering notable tonnage gains during the month included sulphur (50.0%), sand (40.2%), pulpwood chips (36.5%), wheat (28.3%) and potash (25.6%). Coal loadings were down more than 7%.

For further information, order the April 1973 issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/$2), or contact L.E. Robbins (613-992-0681), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A 0V5.

Railway Operating Statistics, March 1973 – Advance Information.

Six major railways operating in Canada reported revenues of $181.1 million in March 1973, up 15.9% from the same month a year earlier. Expenses at $166.8 million rose 13.4% and net income rose by more than 50% to $14.3 million from $9.2 million.

Freight ton-miles totalled 10,783.8 million, an increase of 11.1%, and revenue per ton-mile of freight rose slightly to 1.454 cents from 1.427 cents. Passenger miles were down 10.8% to 130.6 million.

During the first quarter of 1973 railway revenues increased 16.9% to $495.7 million with receipts from freight haulage contributing $431.6 million, 87.1% of the total.

Railway expenses, excluding income tax accruals, were up 9.9% to $455.5 million and net income at $29.3 million was more than five times that reported during the first three months of 1972.

Revenue ton-miles rose 15.1% to 30,377.4 million while passenger miles dipped 19.3% to 374.0 million.

For further information, order the March 1973 issue of *Railway Operating Statistics* (52-003, 20¢/$2), or contact L. E. Robbins (613-992-0681), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Railway Transport, Part IV, 1972 – Advance Information.

Railways operating in Canada handled a total of 275.2 million tons of revenue freight in 1972, a slight decline from 275.9 million a year earlier. The figures included double counting resulting from traffic carried by more than one Canadian railway. Ton-miles rose 4.3% to 123,657 million and the average length of haul per ton increased by 19 miles to 518.

Of the 4,616.5 million freight car-miles logged during 1972, 59.0% were run out loaded. This compared with 4,412.5 million freight car miles and a loaded percentage of 58.8 in 1971. Freight train miles were up 3.5% to 66,986 million while the average speed of freight trains remained virtually unchanged at 22.6 miles per hour. The latter includes stops, switching, etc.

The number of revenue passengers carried by the railways declined to $23.0 million in 1972 from 24.1 million. Of these totals 72.3% were trips on commutation tickets, up from 72.2% and the average commuter journey was 12 miles in both years. Intercity passengers travelled an average 289 miles, down 6 miles from 1971. Passenger-miles, the total distance travelled by all persons riding on railways, dipped 6.5% to 2,042.8 million. Passenger car-miles were down 9.3% to 151.2 million and passenger train miles were off the 1971 mark by 6.1% to 24.0 million.

For further information, order *Railway Transport Part IV* 1972 (52-210, 50¢), or contact L.E. Robbins (613-992-0681), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A 0V5.

Weekly Railway Carloadings, May 21, 1973 – Advance Information.

Railways in Canada loaded 5.01 million tons of revenue carload freight during the 7-day period ending May 21. This was 12.1% more than in the comparable period of 1972. Year-to-date loadings increased 14.0%.

For further information order the May issue of *Railway Carloadings* (52-001, 20¢/$2).

Coal and Coke Statistics, March 1973 – Advance Information.

March coal production increased 5.6% to 2,029,049 tons from 1,921,476 (revised) a year earlier. Imports rose to 173,348 tons from 31,763 tons. Industrial consumers used 1,613,878 tons of coal (down 295,296 tons) and 498,864 tons of coke, (up 14,071 tons).

For further information, order the March 1973 issue of *Coal and Coke Statistics*, (45-002, 30¢/$3) or *Energy Statistics Service Bulletin* (57-002, $3), or contact Ian Cavanagh (613-992-4021), Energy and Minerals Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Steel Ingots, Week ended May 26, 1973 – Advance Information.

Preliminary steel ingot production for the week ended May 26, totalled 288,018 tons, an increase of 11.9% from the preceding week's total of 257,468 tons. The comparable week's total in 1972 was 245,444 tons. The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 tons equalling 100 was 157.2 in the current week, 140.5 a week earlier and 134.0 one year ago.

Tobacco and Tobacco Products, 1st Quarter 1973 – Advance Information.

Stocks of unmanufactured tobacco (domestic and imported) held on March 31, 1973 amounted to 188 million pounds compared to 242 million pounds for the same period of 1972.

For further information, order the Quarterly March 31, 1973 issue of *Tobacco and Tobacco Products Statistics*, (32-014, 50¢/$2), or contact Walter Barnes (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Asbestos, April 1973 – Advance Information.

Producers' shipments of asbestos increased to 151,422 tons in April from 127,548 tons in April of 1972. This brought year-to-date shipments to 582,678 tons from 485,316 in the 1972 period.

For further information, order the April issue of *Asbestos*, (26-001, 10¢/$1), or contact Art Symons (613-992-0491), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Publications Released

Seasonally Adjusted Labour Force Statistics, January 1953-December 1972 (71-201, $2.50)

Chain Store Sales and Stocks, March 1973 (63-001, 10¢/$1)

Restaurant Statistics, March 1973 (63-011, 10¢/$1)

Fluid Milk Sales, March 1973 (23-002, 10¢/$1)

Agriculture, Manitoba 1971 Census (96-708, $2)

Imports by Commodities, February 1973 (65-007, 75¢/$7.50)

Railway Transport, Part V, Freight Carried by Principal Commodity Classes, 1971 (52-211, $1.50)

Products Made from Canadian Clays, March 1973 (44-005, 10¢/$1)

Peeler Logs, Veneers and Plywoods, March 1973 (35-001, 20¢/$2)

Footwear Statistics, March 1973 (33-002, 20¢/$2)

Oil Pipe Line Transport, February 1973 (55-001, 20¢/$2)

Sand and Gravel Pits, 1971 (26-215, 50¢)

Oils and Fats, March 1973 (32-006, 20¢/$2)

Consumer Credit, March 1973 (61-004, 20¢/$2)

Farm Input Price Indexes, First Quarter 1973 (62-004, 25¢/$1)

Index to Volume 65 of the Quarterly Bulletin of Agricultural Statistics, 1972 (21-003, $1/$4)

Fruit and Vegetable Preparations, Quarter Ended March 31, 1973 (32-017, 25¢/$1)

Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, April 1972 (32-001, 10¢/$1)

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Imports by Commodities, March 1973 (65-007, 75¢/$7.50)

Canadian Statistical Review, May 1973 (11-003, 50¢/$5)

Electric Power Statistics, March 1973 (57-001, 20¢/$2)

Fisheries Statistics, Ontario, Prairie Provinces and Northwest Territories, 1971 (24-207, 50¢)

Monthly Review of Canadian Fisheries Statistics, March 1973 (24-002, 30¢/$3)

Shipments of Prepared Stock and Poultry Feeds, March 1973 (32-004, 20¢/$2)

Farm Implement and Equipment Sales, January 1, to March 31, 1973 (63-009, $1 a year)

Canadian Mushroom Growers Survey, 1972 (22-003, $1 for the series)

The Dairy Review, April 1973 (23-001, 20¢/$2)

Agriculture, 1971 Census of Canada, British Columbia (96-711, $2.50)

Agriculture, Alberta, 1971 Census (96-710, $2)

New Motor Vehicle Sales, March 1973 (63-007, 20¢/$2)

Department Store Sales and Stocks, March 1973 (63-002, 20¢/$2)

Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Equipment, Quarter Ended March 31, 1973 (43-006, 25¢/$1)

Hardboard, April 1973 (36-001, 10¢/$1)

Preliminary Bulletins – 1971 Census of Manufactures ($3.50 for the series): Concrete Products Manufacturers (44-205-p); Miscellaneous Non-Metallic Mineral Products Industries (44-210-p); Ready-Mix Concrete Manufacturers (44-211-p)

1971 Census of Manufactures ($3.50 for the series): Cordage and Twine Industry (34-203-p); Fibre Processing Mills (34-219-p); Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industries (41-228-p); Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment (43-207-p); Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries (47-205-p)

1971 Census of Manufactures ($3.50 for the series): Miscellaneous Furniture and Fixtures Manufacturers (35-213-p); Publishing and Printing (36-203-p); Abrasives Manufacturers (44-202-p); Cement Manufacturers (44-204-p); Concrete Pipe Manufacturers (44-205-p); Stone Products Manufacturers (44-213-p).

Service Bulletins – Energy Statistics (57-002, $3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 31, Refinery Production in Canada of Selected Petroleum Products, March 1973;

Metals and Minerals (41-010, $2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 8, Consumption of Magnesium Metal, 1972;

Fish and Fish Products (24-003, $1 a year), Advance Release of Fish Landings, April 1973; Vol. 2, No. 32, British Columbia; Vol. 2, No. 33, Newfoundland; Vol. 2, No. 34, Maritimes; Fish Freezings and Stocks, Vol. 2, No. 36, Quebec.

Metals and Minerals (41-010, $2 a year), Vol. 1, No. 4, Consumption of Antimony and Bismuth, 1972; Vol. 1, No. 5, Consumption of Metallic Cadmium, 1972; Vol. 1, No. 7, Consumption of Metallic Mercury, 1972;

Fish and Fish Products (24-003, $1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 31, Fish Freezings and Stocks, Newfoundland, April 1973.

Selected Dairy By-Products (32-024, $1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 7, Production and Inventory of Instant Dry Skim Milk Powder; Vol. 2, No. 8, Production and Inventory of Process Cheese, April 1973;

Energy Statistics (57-002, $3 a year), Vol. 8, No. 30, Sales of Natural Gas, March 1973; Coal Production and Landed Imports of Coal, by Province, April 1973.

Rubber and Plastics Product Industries (47-002, $1 a year), Vol. 2, No. 2, Production and Shipments of Plastic Bottles, Quarter Ended March 31, 1973.

Communications (56-001, $1 a year), Vol. 3, No. 4, Monthly Telephone Statistics, March 1973