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ESTIMATES OF HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES IN CANADA, 1953

NOMBRE ESTIMATIF DE MÉNAGES ET DE FAMILLES AU CANADA, 1953

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ESTIMATES OF HOUSEHOLDS AND FAMILIES IN CANADA, 1953

The estimated number of households in Canada on June 1, 1953 was 3,675,000, an increase of 114,000 or 3.2 per cent since June 1, 1952. The average size of households in Canada in 1953 was 4.0 persons, showing no change from the 1952 figure or the average size recorded at the 1951 Census. The average size of household was largest in Newfoundland, at 5.2 persons, followed by Quebec and Prince Edward Island at 4.5 persons per household. British Columbia showed the smallest average size of household at 3.3 persons.

The estimated number of families in Canada in June, 1953 was 3,477,000 an increase of 64,000 or 1.9 per cent since June 1, 1952. The highest rate of family increase between 1952 and 1953 was in Manitoba at 7.3 per cent, Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia showing declines of 4.3 per cent and 1.3 per cent respectively. Average size of family in Canada in 1953 was 3.8 persons as compared with 3.7 persons in 1952. Average size of family was greatest in Newfoundland, at 4.6 persons per family and lowest in British Columbia at 3.3 persons per family. In this report a family is defined as a group of two or more persons living in the same household and in the relationship, of husband or wife, with or without unmarried children, or as parent and child.

The household and family estimates for 1953, as shown in this bulletin, were derived from the data on these subjects collected in conjunction with the June, 1953 Survey of the Labour Force, covering a sample of approximately 30,000 households throughout Canada. The survey does not include institutional households, representing only a small number of the population. **In addition, although the Labour Force Survey does not cover a few inaccessible areas in the northern parts of the country and Indian reserves, allowance is made for the population living in these areas in the household and family estimates shown in this report.**

Definition of Household.— A household in the Labour Force Survey is defined as a group of persons living in the same dwelling, irrespective of whether they are related to one another by ties of kinship. A dwelling is defined as a structurally separate set of living premises with private entrance from outside the building or from a common hallway or stairway inside.

Definition of Family.— For purposes of comparison with the 1951 Census statistics on families, a family in the sample survey was defined as a group of two or more persons living in a dwelling related to one another either as husband or wife,

NOMBRE ESTIMATIF DE MÉNAGES ET DE FAMILLES AU CANADA, 1953

Le nombre estimatif de ménages au Canada, le 1er juin 1953, était de 3,675,000, soit 114,000 ou 3.2 p. 100 de plus qu'au 1er juin 1952. Le nombre moyen de personnes dans le ménage en 1953 était de 4.0, soit le même qu'en 1952 ou le nombre moyen observé lors du recensement de 1951. Ce sont les ménages de Terre-Neuve qui comptent le plus grand nombre de membres, soit 5.2; ils sont suivis de ceux du Québec, et de l'Île-du-Prince-Édouard, avec 4.5 personnes. C'est en Colombie-Britannique qu'on rencontre les ménages moyens les plus petits, soit de 3.3 personnes.

Le nombre estimatif de familles au Canada, en juin 1953, était de 3,477,000, augmentation de 64,000 ou 1.9 p. 100 sur le 1er juin 1952. C'est le Manitoba qui déclare le taux le plus élevé d'augmentation de la famille entre 1952 et 1953, soit 7.3 p. 100. L'Île-du-Prince-Édouard et la Nouvelle-Écosse, signalent des diminutions respectives de 4.3 et 1.3 p. 100. La famille canadienne comptait en moyenne, en 1953, 3.8 personnes, comparativement à 3.7 en 1952. C'est Terre-Neuve qui a la famille moyenne la plus nombreuse, soit 4.6 personnes, et la Colombie-Britannique, la moins nombreuse, soit 3.3 personnes. Pour les besoins du présent rapport, la famille est un groupe de deux personnes ou plus vivant dans le même ménage et ayant une relation d'époux à épouse (avec ou sans enfants non mariés) ou de parent à enfant.

Les estimations de 1953 sur les ménages et les familles, ainsi que l'indique le présent bulletin, sont tirées des données recueillies sur ces sujets lors du relevé de la main-d'oeuvre de juin 1953 et qui brassent un échantillon de quelque 30,000 ménages. Le relevé ne tient pas compte des ménages dans les institutions, qui ne représentent qu'une petite partie de la population. **En outre, bien que le relevé de la main-d'oeuvre ne s'étende pas à certaines régions inaccessibles du Canada septentrional, on fait la part, dans les estimations des ménages et des familles contenues dans le présent rapport, des populations qui les habitent.**

Définition du ménage.— Aux fins du relevé de la main-d'oeuvre, un ménage est un groupe de personnes, apparentées ou non, vivant sous un même toit. Un logement est une série de pièces d'habitation distincte au point de la structure et qui a son entrée particulière de l'extérieur de la maison ou sur un corridor ou un escalier commun à l'intérieur.

Définition de la famille.— Pour les besoins de la comparaison avec la statistique du recensement de 1951 sur les familles, une famille est un groupe de deux personnes ou plus vivant sous le même toit et ayant une relation d'époux à épouse, avec ou sans

with or without children, or as parent and child. Other relatives living in the same dwelling, including married children, were not counted as members of the family. However, where a married son (or daughter) and children were living with their parents in the same dwelling or household they were counted as a second family in the dwelling.

enfants, ou de parent à enfant. Les autres membres de la parenté qui vivent dans le même logement, y compris les enfants mariés, ne comptent pas parmi les membres de la famille. Toutefois, là où un fils marié ou une fille mariée et ses enfants vivent avec leurs parents dans le même logement ou le même ménage, ils sont comptés comme seconde famille.

TABLE 1. Estimated number of households and families showing number of persons and average size, for Canada[1] and provinces, 1952 and 1953, with comparative data from the 1951 Census

TABLEAU 1. Nombre estimatif de ménages et de familles, indiquant le nombre et la moyenne de personnes dans les ménages et les familles, Canada[1] et provinces, 1952 et 1953, et données comparatives du recensement de 1951

(Including unsampled areas — Y compris les régions non échantillonnées)

Province		Number of households[2] — Nombre de ménages[2]	Percentage increase since 1952 — Pourcentage d'augmentation depuis 1952	Persons in households — Personnes dans les ménages	Average size of household — Grandeur moyenne des ménages	Number of families[2] — Nombre de familles[2]	Percentage increase since 1952 — Pourcentage d'augmentation depuis 1952	Persons in families — Personnes dans les familles	Average size of family — Moyenne de personnes dans les familles
Canada	1951	3,409,295	—	13,572,465	4.0	3,282,445	—	12,196,885	3.7
	1952	3,561,000	—	14,187,000	4.0	3,413,000	—	12,761,000	3.7
	1953	3,675,000	3.2	14,528,000	4.0	3,477,000	1.9	13,051,000	3.8
Newfoundland — Terre-Neuve	1951	70,980	—	352,155	5.0	74,853	—	328,609	4.4
	1952	73,000	—	372,000	5.1	78,000	—	346,000	4.4
	1953	73,000	—	381,000	5.2	78,000	—	357,000	4.6
Prince Edward Island — Île-du-Prince-Édouard.	1951	22,455	—	96,780	4.3	21,381	—	86,105	4.0
	1952	24,000	—	101,000	4.2	23,000	—	96,000	4.2
	1953	23,000	- 4.2	103,000	4.5	22,000	4.3	91,000	4.1
Nova Scotia — Nouvelle-Écosse	1951	149,555	—	622,680	4.2	145,127	—	559,050	3.9
	1952	155,000	—	638,000	4.1	149,000	—	590,000	4.0
	1953	153,000	-1.3	643,000	4.2	147,000	-1.3	581,000	4.0
New Brunswick — Nouveau-Brunswick.	1951	114,010	—	505,500	4.4	111,639	—	460,144	4.1
	1952	119,000	—	514,000	4.3	115,000	—	457,000	4.0
	1953	123,000	3.4	529,000	4.3	116,000	0.9	474,000	4.1
Québec	1951	858,785	—	3,917,995	4.6	856,041	—	3,609,851	4.2
	1952	917,000	—	4,125,000	4.5	890,000	—	3,760,000	4.2
	1953	936,000	2.1	4,218,000	4.5	901,000	1.2	3,839,000	4.3
Ontario	1951	1,131,125	—	4,486,450	3.8	1,162,772	—	3,941,473	3.4
	1952	1,230,000	—	4,688,000	3.8	1,213,000	—	4,150,000	3.4
	1953	1,268,000	3.1	4,815,000	3.8	1,237,000	2.0	4,260,000	3.4
Manitoba	1951	202,400	—	754,750	3.7	191,268	—	679,806	3.6
	1952	206,000	—	784,000	3.8	192,000	—	692,000	3.6
	1953	223,000	8.3	795,000	3.6	206,000	7.3	757,000	3.7
Saskatchewan	1951	221,455	—	813,700	3.7	196,188	—	731,773	3.7
	1952	222,000	—	830,000	3.6	198,000	—	759,000	3.8
	1953	229,000	0.4	852,000	3.7	204,000	3.0	736,000	3.6
Alberta	1951	250,750	—	906,625	3.6	223,326	—	816,050	3.7
	1952	263,000	—	959,000	3.6	237,000	—	863,000	3.6
	1953	282,000	7.2	985,000	3.5	243,000	2.5	883,000	3.6
British Columbia — Colombie-Britannique.	1951	337,780	—	1,115,830	3.3	299,345	—	984,024	3.3
	1952	346,000	—	1,176,000	3.4	318,000	—	1,048,000	3.3
	1953	365,000	5.5	1,207,000	3.3	323,000	1.6	1,073,000	3.3

1. Not including Yukon and Northwest Territories. — A l'exclusion du Yukon et des Territoires du Nord-Ouest.
2. The 1952 and 1953 estimates do not include households and families in institutions while the 1951 Census figures exclude, in addition, a small number of households in hotels, camps and lodging houses with 10 or more rooms to let. — Les estimations de 1952 et 1953 ne comprennent pas les ménages et les familles dans les institutions; les chiffres du recensement de 1951 excluent, en autre, un petit nombre de ménages dans les hôtels, les camps et les maisons de pension de 10 chambres ou plus à louer.

TABLE 2. Estimated number of households by number of persons per household, for Canada[1] and regions, 1952 and 1953 with comparative data from the 1951 Census

(Including unsampled areas)

No.	Region		Total households — Total ménages	Persons in households — Personnes dans les ménages	Average size of household — Moyenne de personnes dans les ménages	Number and percentage of households by number of persons					
						1		2		3	
						No.	Pc.	No.	Pc.	No.	Pc.
1	**Canada**	**1951**	**3,409,295**	**13,572,465**	**4.0**	**252,435**	**7.4**	**711,110**	**20.9**	**688,025**	**20.2**
2		**1952**	**3,561,000**	**14,187,000**	**4.0**	**214,000**	**6.0**	**779,000**	**21.9**	**711,000**	**20.0**
3		**1953**	**3,675,000**	**14,528,000**	**4.0**	**245,000**	**6.7**	**828,000**	**22.5**	**744,000**	**20.3**
4	Newfoundland	1951	70,980	352,155	5.0	2,555	3.6	8,830	12.5	11,655	16.4
5		1952	73,000	372,000	5.1	[2]	—	9,000	12.3	12,000	16.4
6		1953	73,000	381,000	5.2	[2]	—	11,000	15.1	10,000	13.7
7	Maritime Provinces	1951	286,020	1,224,960	4.3	18,915	6.6	50,570	17.7	55,525	19.4
8		1952	298,000	1,253,000	4.2	15,000	5.1	60,000	20.1	55,000	18.5
9		1953	299,000	1,275,000	4.3	17,000	5.7	57,000	19.1	56,000	18.7
10	Quebec	1951	858,785	3,917,995	4.6	38,640	4.5	146,090	17.0	159,615	18.6
11		1952	917,000	4,125,000	4.5	38,000	4.1	162,000	17.7	168,000	18.3
12		1953	936,000	4,218,000	4.5	39,000	4.2	175,000	18.7	174,000	18.6
13	Ontario	1951	1,181,125	4,486,450	3.8	80,870	6.9	267,070	22.6	253,260	21.4
14		1952	1,230,000	4,688,000	3.8	65,000	5.3	293,000	23.8	262,000	21.3
15		1953	1,268,000	4,815,000	3.8	71,000	5.6	301,000	23.7	272,000	21.5
16	Prairie Provinces	1951	674,605	2,475,075	3.7	71,155	10.6	145,595	21.6	137,650	20.4
17		1952	697,000	2,573,000	3.7	63,000	9.0	157,000	22.5	140,000	20.1
18		1953	734,000	2,632,000	3.6	75,000	10.2	178,000	24.2	157,000	21.4
19	British Columbia	1951	337,780	1,115,830	3.3	40,300	11.9	92,955	27.5	70,320	20.8
20		1952	346,000	1,176,000	3.4	31,000	9.0	98,000	28.3	74,000	21.4
21		1953	365,000	1,207,000	3.3	41,000	11.2	106,000	29.0	75,000	20.5

1. Not including Yukon and Northwest Territories.
2. Estimates of less than 5,000 are omitted in the tables owing to the range of sampling error involved.

Table 3. Estimated number of families by number of persons per family, for Canada[1] and regions, 1952 and 1953, with comparative data from the 1951 Census

(Including unsampled areas)

No.	Region		Total families — Total des familles	Persons in families — Personnes dans les familles	Average size of family — Moyenne de personnes dans les familles	Number and percentage of families by number of persons			
						2		3	
						No.	Pc.	No.	Pc.
1	**Canada**	**1951**	**3,282,445**	**12,196,885**	**3.7**	**1,024,488**	**31.2**	**785,902**	**24.0**
2		**1952**	**3,413,000**	**12,761,000**	**3.7**	**1,051,000**	**30.8**	**791,000**	**23.2**
3		**1953**	**3,477,000**	**13,051,000**	**3.8**	**1,096,000**	**31.5**	**800,000**	**23.0**
4	Newfoundland	1951	74,858	328,609	4.4	16,746	22.4	15,327	20.5
5		1952	78,000	346,000	4.4	17,000	21.8	16,000	20.5
6		1953	78,000	357,000	4.6	19,000	24.4	14,000	17.9
7	Maritime Provinces	1951	278,147	1,105,299	4.0	76,800	27.5	64,562	23.2
8		1952	287,000	1,143,000	4.0	78,000	27.2	62,000	21.6
9		1953	285,000	1,146,000	4.0	82,000	28.8	60,000	21.1
10	Quebec	1951	856,041	3,609,851	4.2	222,445	26.0	185,351	21.6
11		1952	890,000	3,760,000	4.2	227,000	25.5	183,000	20.6
12		1953	901,000	3,839,000	4.3	235,000	26.1	185,000	20.5
13	Ontario	1951	1,162,772	3,941,473	3.4	411,540	35.4	298,584	25.7
14		1952	1,213,000	4,150,000	3.4	423,000	34.9	308,000	25.4
15		1953	1,237,000	4,260,000	3.4	430,000	34.8	307,000	24.8
16	Prairie Provinces	1951	610,782	2,227,629	3.6	183,292	30.0	148,767	24.4
17		1952	627,000	2,314,000	3.7	187,000	29.8	144,000	23.0
18		1953	653,000	2,376,000	3.6	208,000	31.9	157,000	24.0
19	British Columbia	1951	299,645	984,024	3.3	113,865	38.0	73,311	24.4
20		1952	318,000	1,048,000	3.3	119,000	37.4	78,000	24.5
21		1953	323,000	1,073,000	3.3	122,000	37.8	77,000	23.8

1. Not including Yukon and Northwest Territories.

TABLEAU 2. Nombre estimatif de ménages selon le nombre de personnes par ménage, Canada[1] et régions, 1952 et 1953 et données comparatives du recensement de 1951

(Y compris les régions non échantillonnées)

Nombre et pourcentage des ménages selon le nombre de personnes								Région	No
4		5		6		7 +			
No.	P.c.	No.	P.c.	No.	P.c.	No.	P.c.		
645,515	18.9	439,875	12.9	268,235	7.9	404,100	11.8	**Canada** 1951	1
712,000	20.0	475,000	13.3	267,000	7.5	403,000	11.3	1952	2
684,000	18.6	472,000	12.8	283,000	7.7	419,000	11.4	1953	3
11,795	16.6	10,585	14.9	8,440	11.9	17,120	24.1	Terre-Neuve 1951	4
11,000	15.1	11,000	15.1	8,000	11.0	20,000	27.4	1952	5
10,000	13.7	11,000	15.1	8,000	10.9	21,000	28.8	1953	6
50,800	17.8	39,175	13.7	26,130	9.1	44,905	15.7	Provinces Maritimes 1951	7
58,000	19.5	41,000	13.7	28,000	9.4	41,000	13.7	1952	8
54,000	18.1	42,000	14.0	25,000	8.4	48,000	16.0	1953	9
153,500	17.9	116,930	13.6	81,850	9.5	162,160	18.9	Québec 1951	10
171,000	18.7	135,000	14.7	81,000	8.8	162,000	17.7	1952	11
164,000	17.5	131,000	14.0	84,000	9.0	169,000	18.0	1953	12
234,900	19.9	151,615	12.8	86,315	7.3	107,095	9.1	Ontario 1951	13
255,000	20.7	157,000	12.8	91,000	7.4	107,000	8.7	1952	14
259,000	20.4	161,000	12.7	94,000	7.4	110,000	8.7	1953	15
130,005	19.3	85,880	12.7	48,080	7.1	56,240	8.3	Provinces des Prairies 1951	16
144,000	20.7	93,000	13.3	45,000	6.5	55,000	7.9	1952	17
130,000	17.7	87,000	11.9	52,000	7.1	55,000	7.5	1953	18
64,515	19.1	35,690	10.6	17,420	5.2	16,580	4.9	Colombie-Britannique 1951	19
73,000	21.1	38,000	11.0	14,000	4.0	18,000	5.2	1952	20
67,000	18.4	40,000	11.0	20,000	5.5	16,000	4.4	1953	21

1. A l'exclusion du Yukon et des Territoires du Nord-Ouest.
2. Les estimations inférieures à 5,000 sont omises dans les tableaux en raison de la marge de l'erreur d'échantillonnage qu'elles comportent.

TABLEAU 3. Nombre estimatif de familles selon le nombre de personnes par famille, Canada[1] et régions, 1952 et 1953, et données comparatives du recensement de 1951

(Y compris les régions non échantillonnées)

Nombre et pourcentage des familles selon le nombre de personnes								Région	No
4		5		6		7 +			
No.	P.c.	No.	P.c.	No.	P.c.	No.	P.c.		
656,595	20.0	361,817	11.0	191,781	5.8	261,882	8.0	**Canada** 1951	1
700,000	20.5	396,000	11.6	205,000	6.0	270,000	7.9	1952	2
675,000	19.4	407,000	11.7	213,000	6.1	286,000	8.3	1953	3
13,507	18.0	10,040	13.4	6,779	9.1	12,459	16.6	Terre-Neuve 1951	4
13,000	18.7	11,000	14.1	8,000	10.2	13,000	16.7	1952	5
11,000	14.1	11,000	14.1	7,000	9.0	16,000	20.5	1953	6
52,568	18.9	33,448	12.0	20,167	7.3	30,802	11.1	Provinces Maritimes 1951	7
58,000	20.2	37,000	12.9	21,000	7.3	31,000	10.8	1952	8
52,000	18.2	36,000	12.6	20,000	7.0	35,000	12.3	1953	9
155,559	16.2	102,741	12.0	65,838	7.7	124,107	14.5	Québec 1951	10
170,000	19.1	114,000	12.8	70,000	7.9	126,000	14.1	1952	11
159,000	17.6	118,000	13.1	70,000	7.8	134,000	14.9	1953	12
238,381	20.5	114,789	9.9	51,564	4.4	47,914	4.1	Ontario 1951	13
251,000	20.7	123,000	10.1	58,000	4.8	50,000	4.1	1952	14
259,000	20.9	128,000	10.3	59,000	4.8	54,000	4.4	1953	15
132,756	21.7	72,152	11.8	35,862	5.9	37,953	6.2	Provinces des Prairies 1951	16
139,000	22.2	80,000	12.7	37,000	5.9	40,000	6.4	1952	17
128,000	19.6	78,000	12.0	42,000	6.4	40,000	6.1	1953	18
63,824	21.3	28,647	9.5	11,571	3.9	8,627	2.9	Colombie-Britannique 1951	19
69,000	21.7	31,000	9.8	11,000	3.5	10,000	3.1	1952	20
66,000	20.4	36,000	11.2	15,000	4.6	7,000	2.2	1953	21

1. A l'exclusion du Yukon et des Territoires du Nord-Ouest.

TABLE 4. Estimated total children in families, and showing the number 14-24 years of age, at school and in the labour force, and number of families by children per family, for Canada[1] and regions, 1952 and 1953, with comparative data from the 1951 Census

(Including unsampled areas)

No.	Region		Total families — Total des familles	Children at home, 24 years and under						
				Total	Average no. of children — Moyenne d'enfants	Under 14 — Moins de 14	14-24 years — ans			
							Total	In labour force — Dans la main-d'oeuvre	At school — A l'école	Other — Autre
1	**Canada**	**1951**	**3,282,445**	**5,534,372**	**1.7**	**3,983,211**	**1,551,161**	**739,023**	**615,657**	**196,481**
2		**1952**	**3,413,000**	**5,803,000**	**1.7**	**4,229,000**	**1,574,000**	**765,000**	**658,000**	**151,000**
3		**1953**	**3,477,000**	**5,995,000**	**1.7**	**4,357,000**	**1,638,000**	**783,000**	**696,000**	**159,000**
4	Newfoundland	1951	74,858	177,028	2.4	133,834	43,194	18,380	17,463	7,351
5		1952	78,000	186,000	2.4	145,000	43,000	18,000	17,000	8,000
6		1953	78,000	200,000	2.6	156,000	44,000	18,000	18,000	8,000
7	Maritime Provinces	1951	278,147	543,160	2.0	399,840	143,320	59,893	64,475	18,952
8		1952	287,000	567,000	2.0	417,000	150,000	62,000	70,000	18,000
9		1953	285,000	569,000	2.0	427,000	142,000	54,000	71,000	17,000
10	Quebec	1951	856,041	1,828,035	2.1	1,282,943	545,092	290,736	158,535	95,821
11		1952	890,000	1,904,000	2.1	1,354,000	550,000	300,000	164,000	86,000
12		1953	901,000	1,979,000	2.2	1,377,000	602,000	326,000	193,000	83,000
13	Ontario	1951	1,102,772	1,602,398	1.4	1,157,456	444,942	218,207	192,011	34,724
14		1952	1,213,000	1,693,000	1.4	1,226,000	467,000	226,000	217,000	24,000
15		1953	1,237,000	1,768,000	1.4	1,305,000	463,000	217,000	222,000	24,000
16	Prairie Provinces	1951	610,782	996,065	1.6	721,243	274,822	111,265	132,412	31,145
17		1952	627,000	1,043,000	1.7	775,000	268,000	120,000	136,000	12,000
18		1953	653,000	1,059,000	1.6	774,000	285,000	125,000	137,000	23,000
19	British Columbia	1951	299,845	387,686	1.3	287,895	99,791	40,542	50,761	8,488
20		1952	318,000	408,000	1.3	312,000	96,000	39,000	54,000	2
21		1953	323,000	420,000	1.3	318,000	102,000	43,000	55,000	2

1. Not including Yukon and Northwest Territories.
2. Estimates of less than 5,000 are omitted in the tables owing to the range of sampling error involved.

TABLEAU 4. Nombre estimatif d'enfants dans les familles, indiquant le nombre d'enfants agés de 14-24 ans à l'école et dans la main-d'oeuvre, et nombre de familles selon le nombre d'enfants par famille, Canada[1] et régions, 1952 et 1953, et données comparatives du recensement de 1951

(Y compris les régions non échantillonnées)

Enfants agés de 24 ans et moins, à la maison — Familles selon le nombre d'enfants								Région		No
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7+			
1,059,430	770,936	649,862	357,643	189,716	103,633	61,107	90,118	Canada	1951	1
1,114,000	755,000	681,000	396,000	203,000	108,000	67,000	89,000		1952	2
1,139,000	773,000	670,000	403,000	213,000	107,000	68,000	104,000		1953	3
17,227	15,464	13,173	9,877	6,799	4,698	3,129	4,486	Terre-Neuve	1951	4
18,000	16,000	13,000	11,000	7,000	5,000	[2]	[2]		1952	5
19,000	14,000	12,000	10,000	7,000	5,000	5,000	6,000		1953	6
78,670	63,801	51,993	33,059	20,225	11,812	7,509	11,048	Provinces Maritimes	1951	7
83,000	57,000	56,000	38,000	22,000	12,000	7,000	12,000		1952	8
87,000	57,000	51,000	35,000	20,000	14,000	8,000	13,000		1953	9
241,612	181,711	151,197	99,151	63,767	41,710	27,547	49,346	Québec	1951	10
258,000	174,000	161,000	109,000	67,000	43,000	28,000	50,000		1952	11
260,000	178,000	152,000	114,000	71,000	36,000	32,000	58,000		1953	12
420,061	292,389	237,003	114,420	51,492	23,138	11,589	12,680	Ontario	1951	13
437,000	296,000	247,000	125,000	59,000	25,000	13,000	11,000		1952	14
436,000	302,000	256,000	131,000	58,000	27,000	13,000	14,000		1953	15
188,838	145,058	131,694	72,035	35,656	17,697	9,247	10,557	Provinces des Prairies	1951	16
196,000	139,000	134,000	81,000	37,000	18,000	12,000	10,000		1952	17
213,000	151,000	130,000	76,000	42,000	21,000	8,000	12,000		1953	18
113,022	72,513	64,797	29,071	11,777	4,578	2,086	2,001	Colombie-Britannique	1951	19
122,000	73,000	70,000	32,000	11,000	5,000	[2]	[2]		1952	20
124,000	71,000	69,000	37,000	15,000	[2]	[2]	[2]		1953	21

1. A l'exclusion du Yukon et des Territoires du Nord-Ouest.
2. Les estimations inférieures à 5,000 sont omises dans les tableaux en raison de la marge de l'erreur d'échantillonnage qu'elles comportent.

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