

Technology changes the nature of stalking



Although the overall prevalence of self-reported stalking in Canada decreased from 9% in 2004 to 6% in 2014, the ways in which victims experienced stalking have changed with increased use of technology. Based on the results of the 2014 General Social Survey on Canadians' Safety (Victimization), almost two million Canadians aged 15 years and older—about 8% of women and 5% of men—reported being stalked in the preceding five years.

Source: [Stalking in Canada, 2014](#)

Number of Employment Insurance beneficiaries falls in November 2017

Regular Employment Insurance beneficiaries totalled 506,700 in November, down slightly from the previous month (-3,500 or -0.7%). The number of beneficiaries in November fell in Ontario and Quebec, while it rose in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Newfoundland and Labrador, Alberta and Nova Scotia.

Source: [Employment Insurance, November 2017](#)

Farm equity grows in 2016

Canadian farm equity increased to \$500.5 billion at year-end 2016, up 4.6% from a year earlier as the increase in the value of assets outpaced that of liabilities.

The total asset value on Canadian farms increased 5.0% from 2015, to \$591.3 billion in 2016.

Source: [Balance sheet of the agricultural sector, December 31, 2016 \(revised data\)](#)



Tracking immigrant business ownership

A new Statistics Canada study examines the duration of business ownership among immigrant and Canadian-born individuals. The study finds that, on average, there was little difference in the duration of ownership between immigrant and Canadian-born owners of private incorporated companies.

Source: [Study: The exit and survival patterns of immigrant entrepreneurs](#)