

Crime rises for a third straight year

Police-reported crime in Canada, as measured by both the crime rate and the Crime Severity Index (CSI), increased for the third consecutive year in 2017. The national crime rate rose 1%, while the police-reported CSI rose 2%. This was the third consecutive increase in the CSI, following an 11-year downward trend from 2003 to 2014.

Source: [Police-reported crime statistics, 2017](#)



Studying the link between poor health and income

For men, labour-market income was approximately \$14,000 lower for those who self-reported poor general health in 2014, compared with those who self-reported good general health. Similarly, for women, labour-market income was approximately \$15,000 lower for those who self-reported poor general health, compared with those who self-reported good health.

Source: [Study: In sickness and in health: The association between health and household income, 2014](#)

University revenues grow more than 10%

Canada's 148 public universities and degree-granting institutions spent \$27.5 billion in 2016/2017, up 1.5% from 2015/2016, while revenues increased 10.7% to \$30.1 billion. Universities and degree-granting colleges receive most of their funding from government sources and tuition fees.



Source: [Financial information of universities and degree-granting colleges, 2016/2017](#)

Average weekly earnings up after five months of little change

The average weekly earnings of non-farm payroll employees totalled \$998 in May, up 0.4% from April, following five months of virtually no change. In the 12 months to May, earnings increased by 2.9%. Non-farm payroll employees worked an average of 32.8 hours per week in May, little changed from April.



Source: [Payroll employment, earnings and hours, May 2018](#)