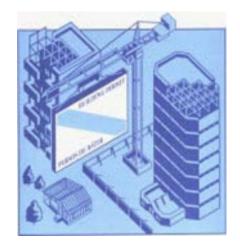


# **Building Permits**

May 2001





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# Statistics Canada Investment and Capital Stock Division Current Investment Indicators Section

# **Building Permits**

May 2001

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# **Symbols**

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- -- amount too small to be expressed.
- p preliminary figures.
- r revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.
- SA Seasonally adjusted at monthly rate.
- SAAR Seasonally adjusted at annual rate.

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# **Geographical Abbreviations**

PD Planning District A.R. Agglomération de recensement Planning District Remainder BOR Borough PDR City/Cité Rural County Remainder С RCR C.A. Census Agglomeration RGM Regional Municipality CC **Chartered Community** R.M.R. Région métropolitaine de recensement CDR Census Division Remainder RDR Regional District Remainder CM County (Municipality) Rural Municipality RMC.M.A. Census Metropolitan Area RVResort Village COM Community SA Special Area Indian Settleman/Établissement indien CR County Remainder S-E CT Canton SCM Subdivision of County Municipality Cantons-Unis CU Sans désignation SD DM District (Municipality) SET Settlement HAM Hamlet SM Specialize Municipality ID Improvement District SRD Subdivision of Regional District IGD Indian Government District SUN Subdivision of Unorganized District **LGD** SV Summer Village Local Government District LOT Lot and Royalty Т Town M Municipalité T.N.O. Territoires du Nord-Ouest MD **Municipal District** TP Township Northern Hamlet UCR **Urban County Remainder** NH NT Northern Town UNO Unorganized/Non organisé NV Northern Village V Ville NorthWest Territories VC Village Cri N.W.T. Village Paroisse VL Parish Village Nordique PAR VN

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# Part I - Analysis

# **Highlights**

# May 2001

- · The value of building permits issued by municipalities declined slightly in May despite a sharp rebound in proposed construction projects for housing. Builders took out \$3.2 billion worth of building permits, down 0.6% from April.
- Building permits for housing increased 9.4% from April to \$1.7 billion, halting three consecutive monthly declines. A substantial gain in permits for multi-family dwellings contributed largely to this jump.
- · However, the gain in housing failed to offset a decline in the non-residential sector, where the value of building intentions fell 10.6% to \$1.4 billion. The decline was led by a decrease in commercial permits.
- For the first five months of 2001, the value of building permits totalled \$16.7 billion, up 13.0% from the same period in 2000. This represents the highest level for any January-to-May period during the last 12 years. Strong advances in both the residential (+7.8% to \$8.9 billion) and non-residential sectors (+19.6% to \$7.7 billion) were behind this result.
- Among the regions, the largest advance (in dollar terms) on a year-to-date basis occurred in Montreal where proposed construction projects in the non-residential sector almost doubled compared with the same period in 2000. The second-largest gain was in the Toronto region where the gain was balanced between the residential and non-residential sectors.

# Monthly Review

# Multi-family permits bounced back

- Following two significant monthly declines, the value of permits for multi-family dwellings rebounded 33.3% in May to \$535 million. Construction intentions for singlefamily dwellings were also back on the rise, reaching \$1.2 billion, up 1.3% from April.
- The sustained growth in per capita disposable income, the high level of employment, advantageous mortgage rates and high occupancy rates for multi-family dwellings help explain May's good result. They also point to an encouraging housing market for the near future.

- Housing intentions increased in all provinces in May, except Prince Edward Island. The largest increase (in dollar terms) occurred in Ontario (+7.8% to \$818 million) due to a large advance in multi-family dwelling permits. Quebec (+10.3%) and Alberta (+9.4%) recorded the next largest gains.
- On a year-to-date basis, the sustained pace in the residential sector between January and May has been largely the result of buoyant intentions for multi-family dwellings (+26.2% to \$2.6 billion). Higher construction intentions for single family dwellings (+1.8% to \$6.3 billion) also contributed to the good performance.
- · For the first five months of 2001, Ontario showed the largest increase (+8.5% to \$4.5 billion), followed by British Columbia (+27.9% to \$1.2 billion). The largest decline occurred in Nova Scotia (-29.0% to \$160 million).

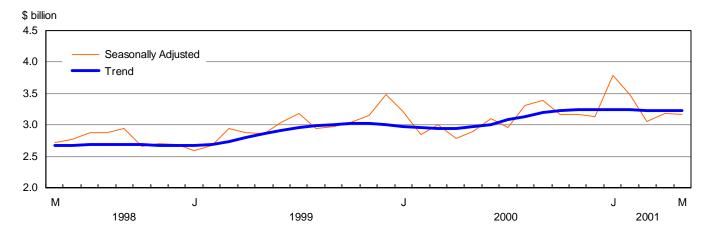
# Non residential sector recorded a third monthly decrease in 2001

- May's 10.6% slide in the value of building permits in the non-residential sector followed a strong 16.3% advance in April. Large declines in the commercial component were largely responsible for the overall decline. However, the cumulative value of non-residential permits for the first five months was still 19.6% higher than the same period last year.
- · Mixed signals have been coming from businesses and consumers. Retail trade rose for the second consecutive month in April. However, corporate operating profits and capacity utilization rates declined in the first quarter of 2001.
- The value of commercial permits fell 18.2% in May to \$739 million, following a 23.3% jump in April. Proposed construction in office buildings, as well as recreational buildings, showed the most significant reductions. Following a strong month, Ontario showed the largest decrease (-36.5% to \$197 million).
- Industrial construction intentions declined for a fourth consecutive month in May (-1.8%) to \$292 million, due solely to the manufacturing building category.

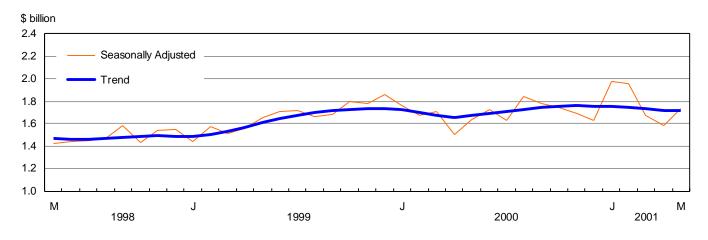
- Institutional building intentions reached \$396 million, their highest monthly level in the last two years. The 0.4% increase was led by gains in medical and social services categories.
- · At the provincial level, the most significant monthly decrease occurred in Ontario (-24.0% to \$444 million) due to a large decline in the commercial component. The Toronto region contributed strongly to this decrease with declines in all three components. In contrast, Alberta posted the largest increase (+16.2% to \$222 million), led by a strong showing in proposed educational projects in the Calgary region.
- On a year-to-date basis, non-residential building intentions reached \$7.7 billion, up 19.6%, their best showing for the first five months of any year since 1989. The year-todate value for commercial building permits in 2001 reached \$4.3 billion, up 17.4% over the same period in 2000, followed by the institutional component at \$1.7 billion, up 29.4%. Construction intentions for industrial projects also contributed to the advance with a 16.1% increase to \$1.7 billion.
- · Among the provinces, Quebec had the largest increase in the non-residential sector on a year-to-date basis (+57.6% to \$1.9 billion) on the strength of planned commercial and industrial projects in the Montreal region. Nova Scotia was one of the few provinces to show a decrease, pulled down by all three components.

# **Building permits - Canada**

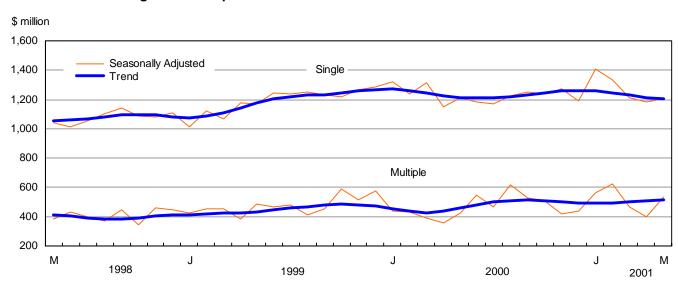
# Total value of building permits



# **Residential value - Total**

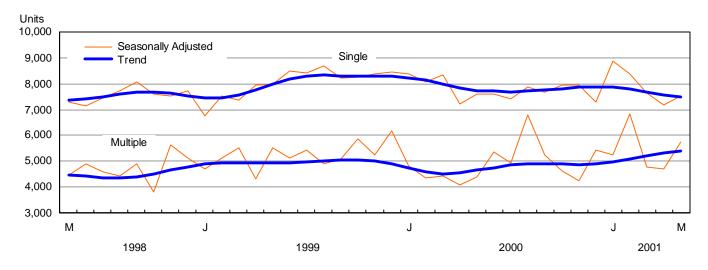


# Residential value - single and multiple

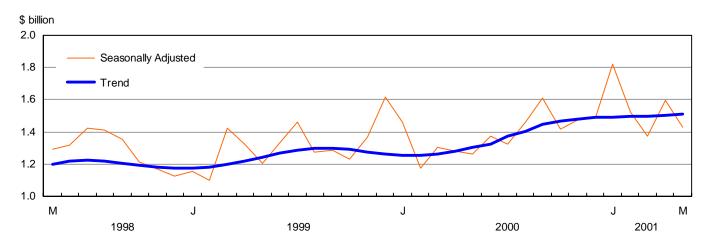


# **Building permits - Canada**

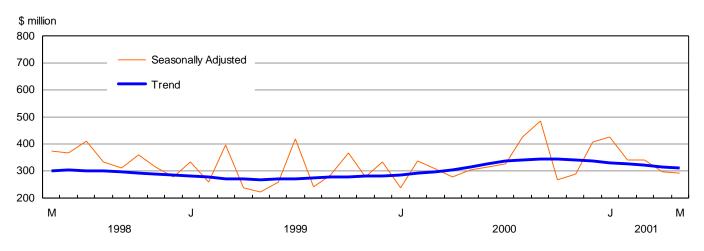
# Number of dwelling units - single and multiple



# Non residential value - Total

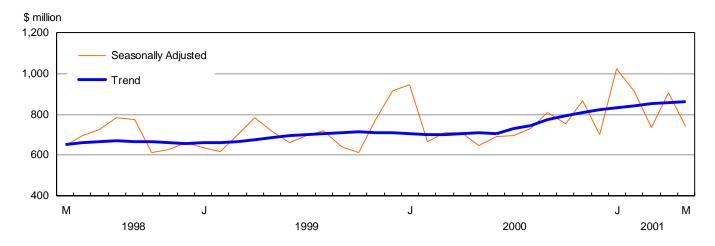


# Industrial value

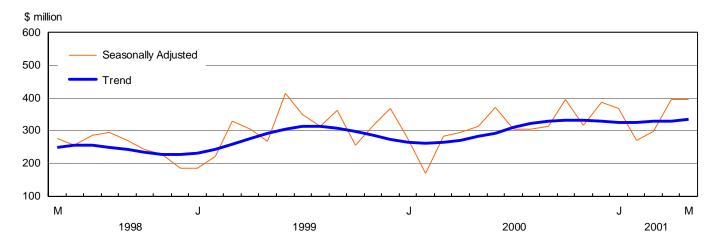


# **Building permits - Canada**

# **Commercial value**



# Institutional and Governmental value



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# Part II – Tables (Seasonally Adjusted)

Table 1 Total Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2001	2001				<b>.</b>		D N
	May <sup>P</sup>		May - Apr.	Apr Mar.	Mar Feb.	Feb Jan.	Jan Dec.	Dec Nov.
	thousands	of dollars			percentaç	je change		
Canada	3,163,313	3,182,602	-0.6	4.4	-12.4	-8.2	21.4	-1.4
Newfoundland	36,929	21,812	69.3	22.4	39.8	-47.5	16.3	-21.1
Prince Edward Island	4,607	8,068	-42.9	17.6	51.5	-59.8	100.6	-30.4
Nova Scotia	79,136	56,947	39.0	39.1	-13.6	-15.0	-7.0	17.5
New Brunswick	54,787	35,516	54.3	16.5	-42.0	44.1	29.1	-37.7
Québec	633,657	617,300	2.6	8.6	-12.9	-25.5	81.6	-24.0
Ontario	1,262,115	1,343,024	-6.0	0.4	-22.9	-4.9	12.0	4.4
Manitoba	68,970	65,072	6.0	-0.7	26.9	-7.4	7.1	-20.7
Saskatchewan	65,898	78,335	-15.9	28.0	18.0	-33.9	149.5	6.8
Alberta	496,526	442,020	12.3	-12.2	18.7	1.1	4.4	-10.4
British Columbia	450,212	504,561	-10.8	22.5	-7.0	9.7	-1.5	38.2
Yukon	3,662	5,905	-38.0	187.2	-51.1	5.5	96.4	28.4
Northwest Territories	1,394	3,241	-57.0	96.3	61.2	-9.3	1,781.7	-91.0
Nunavut	5,420	801	576.7	11.9	-			

Table 2 Non-Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2001	2001	May - Apr.	A Ma	Man Esla	Fals Issu	I. D.	D. N.
	May <sup>P</sup>	May <sup>P</sup> April <sup>R</sup>		Apr Mar.	Mar Feb.	Feb Jan.	Jan Dec.	Dec Nov.
	thousands	of dollars			percentag	e change		
Canada	1,427,066	1,595,385	-10.6	16.3	-10.0	-16.2	22.2	1.1
Newfoundland	19,597	11,356	72.6	19.9	173.8	-15.2	-60.8	-5.5
Prince Edward Island	1,688	3,362	-49.8	10.5	1,211.2	-96.2	313.1	-51.0
Nova Scotia	39,464	26,790	47.3	134.2	-43.8	-7.8	-13.9	68.2
New Brunswick	34,329	18,338	87.2	61.1	-63.4	132.5	107.4	-73.3
Québec	367,421	375,975	-2.3	20.6	-14.2	-25.8	150.7	-45.5
Ontario	443,879	583,836	-24.0	18.3	-25.2	-24.0	-0.1	27.2
Manitoba	43,344	45,207	-4.1	22.2	36.3	5.4	-5.5	-32.3
Saskatchewan	41,675	60,518	-31.1	37.8	32.2	-45.0	276.8	53.5
Alberta	222,277	191,358	16.2	-27.6	69.0	-6.4	-2.8	-14.9
British Columbia	209,185	271,300	-22.9	47.3	-18.5	39.6	-1.8	32.2
Yukon	1,904	4,821	-60.5	932.3	-79.6	383.5	-61.7	76.2
Northwest Territories	40	2,264	-98.2	77.8	34.6	46.0	1,407.0	-91.7
Nunavut	2,263	260	770.4					

Table 3
Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2001	2001				<b>.</b>		D 11
	May <sup>P</sup>		May - Apr.	Apr Mar.	Mar Feb.	Feb Jan.	Jan Dec.	Dec Nov.
	thousands	of dollars			percentag	e change		
Canada	1,736,247	1,587,217	9.4	-5.4	-14.3	-0.7	20.7	-3.6
Newfoundland	17,332	10,456	65.8	25.3	-10.2	-54.0	92.8	-32.3
Prince Edward Island	2,919	4,706	-38.0	23.2	-11.1	-17.3	25.3	-18.2
Nova Scotia	39,672	30,157	31.6	2.2	9.2	-19.8	-1.9	-4.1
New Brunswick	20,458	17,178	19.1	-10.1	-11.2	-7.0	6.0	2.9
Québec	266,236	241,325	10.3	-6.0	-11.3	-25.0	34.5	3.9
Ontario	818,236	759,188	7.8	-10.1	-21.5	12.4	25.9	-13.3
Manitoba	25,626	19,865	29.0	-30.5	16.5	-18.4	20.8	-2.5
Saskatchewan	24,223	17,817	36.0	3.2	-7.3	3.0	17.3	-18.9
Alberta	274,249	250,662	9.4	4.7	-10.6	6.0	9.9	-6.7
British Columbia	241,027	233,261	3.3	2.4	5.0	-10.3	-1.3	42.5
Yukon	1,758	1,084	62.2	-31.8	-17.0	-45.4	342.5	-9.8
Northwest Territories	1,354	977	38.6	158.5	384.6	-83.8	2,729.4	-88.6
Nunavut	3,157	541	483.5	-24.4	-			

Table 4
Number of Dwelling Units Authorized, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rate

Province/Territory	2001	2001	N.A A	A M	Man Esta	Fals Iss	In Dec	Dec. New
		April <sup>R</sup>	May - Apr.	Apr Mar.	Mar Feb.	Feb Jan.	Jan Dec.	Dec Nov.
	uni	ts			percentag	e change		
Canada	159,420	142,368	12.0	-4.7	-18.1	7.5	11.1	4.2
Newfoundland	1,776	1,080	64.4	28.6	-4.1	-54.9	105.1	-42.8
Prince Edward Island	288	528	-45.5	18.9	-31.5	-23.9	102.9	-39.7
Nova Scotia	5,664	2,964	91.1	9.8	8.7	-15.2	-17.0	-22.0
New Brunswick	2,556	2,256	13.3	-10.0	0.5	-11.1	3.5	16.5
Québec	25,872	23,580	9.7	0.8	-9.9	-22.9	32.0	-0.6
Ontario	67,248	59,412	13.2	-20.1	-23.0	28.4	13.2	-3.9
Manitoba	2,268	1,692	34.0	-28.4	4.8	-13.4	26.2	-9.9
Saskatchewan	2,640	1,860	41.9	15.7	-13.5	-2.5	30.3	-35.1
Alberta	29,976	27,924	7.3	14.3	-26.9	0.1	25.6	-0.7
British Columbia	20,616	20,856	-1.2	26.3	5.0	11.6	-38.9	105.0
Yukon	144	108	33.3	-40.0	36.4	-62.1	625.0	-60.0
Northwest Territories	108	72	50.0					
Nunavut	264	36	633.3	-25.0	-		•••	

Table 5 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated value	e of construction	า	
	Singles <sup>1</sup>	Multiples	Total dwellings	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
			aweilings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Canada									
April <sup>R</sup>	7,171	4,693	11,864	1,587,217	297,588	903,248	394,549	1,595,385	3,182,602
May <sup>P</sup>	7,540	5,745	13,285	1,736,247	292,178	738,696 4,311,868	396,192	1,427,066	3,163,313
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	39,615 39,621	27,316 22,069	66,931 61,690	8,928,578 8,281,184	1,696,927 1,461,378	3,673,144	1,728,339 1,335,288	7,737,134 6,469,810	16,665,712 14,750,994
Newfoundland									
April <sup>R</sup>	80	10	90	10,456	213	10,081	1,062	11,356	21,812
May <sup>P</sup>	126	22	148	17,332	303	18,855	439	19,597	36,929
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	479 545	64 43	543 588	65,607 74,750	531 3,434	42,788 21,379	4,639 4,041	47,958 28,854	113,565 103,604
Prince Edward Island									
April <sup>R</sup>	33	11	44	4,706	379	2,802	181	3,362	8,068
May <sup>P</sup>	19	5	24	2,919	-	1,645	43	1,688	4,607
Cumulative Jan May 2001	197	33	230	20,942	551	13,023	823	14,397	35,339
Cumulative Jan May 2000	190	35	225	23,901	3,437	9,601	3,948	16,986	40,887
<b>Nova Scotia</b> April <sup>R</sup>	218	29	247	20.157	E 744	15.007	E 0E0	27.700	E4 047
May <sup>P</sup>	218	29 251	247 472	30,157 39,672	5,744 713	15,087 35,429	5,959 3,322	26,790 39,464	56,947 79,136
Cumulative Jan May 2001	1,061	334	1,395	160,055	16,435	88,896	14,750	120,081	280,136
Cumulative Jan May 2000	1,379	640	2,019	225,407	21,307	110,244	72,056	203,607	429,014
New Brunswick									
April <sup>R</sup>	135	53	188	17,178	1,975	13,362	3,001	18,338	35,516
May <sup>P</sup>	143	70 207	213	20,458	1,095	18,734	14,500	34,329	54,787
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	755 905	297 198	1,052 1,103	101,365 115,311	26,323 20,821	58,422 35,686	23,741 12,532	108,486 69,039	209,851 184,350
Quebec									
AprilR	1,076	889	1,965	241,325	95,977	232,227	47,771	375,975	617,300
May <sup>P</sup>	1,248	908	2,156	266,236	100,096	214,011	53,314	367,421	633,657
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	6,342 6,195	4,698 3,550	11,040 9,745	1,439,621 1,293,920	563,360 359,577	1,097,286 622,572	247,229 228,766	1,907,875 1,210,915	3,347,496 2,504,835
,	0,170	0,000	7,7.10	.,2,0,,20	007,077	022,072	220,700	1,210,710	2/00 1/000
<b>Ontario</b> April <sup>R</sup>	3,178	1,773	4,951	759,188	126,321	310,673	146,842	583,836	1,343,024
May <sup>P</sup>	3,176	2,377	5,604	818,236	98,541	197,248	148,090	443,879	1,262,115
Cumulative Jan May 2001	18,104	12,949	31,053	4,452,493	676,532	1,552,845	819,570	3,048,947	7,501,440
Cumulative Jan May 2000	18,188	10,129	28,317	4,105,370	675,658	1,376,882	526,695	2,579,235	6,684,605
Manitoba									
April <sup>R</sup>	128	13	141	19,865	14,160	26,359	4,688	45,207	65,072
May <sup>P</sup>	167	22	189	25,626	7,176	32,305	3,863	43,344	68,970
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	864 977	68 147	932 1,124	128,618 152,729	43,016 49,149	119,394 116,521	16,030 55,988	178,440 221,658	307,058 374,387
Saskatchewan									
April <sup>R</sup>	100	55	155	17,817	2,629	16,776	41,113	60,518	78,335
May <sup>P</sup>	85	135	220	24,223	12,362	19,725	9,588	41,675	65,898
Cumulative Jan May 2001	591	232	823	96,033	34,392	107,481	97,808	239,681	335,714
Cumulative Jan May 2000	812	193	1,005	111,620	27,058	128,381	49,159	204,598	316,218

Table 5

Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted – Concluded

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	units		Estimated value of construction						
	Singles <sup>1</sup>	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total		
	dwellings			Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total				
		units				thousand	s of dollars				
Alberta											
April <sup>R</sup>	1,591	736	2,327	250,662	25,150	121,372	44,836	191,358	442,020		
May <sup>P</sup>	1,665	833	2,498	274,249	54,123	86,804	81,350	222,277	496,526		
Cumulative Jan May 2001	7,938	4,485	12,423	1,284,614	206,397	590,833	204,053	1,001,283	2,285,897		
Cumulative Jan May 2000	7,273	4,351	11,624	1,245,356	187,885	605,638	198,843	992,366	2,237,722		
British Columbia											
April <sup>R</sup>	614	1,124	1,738	233,261	25,010	152,050	94,240	271,300	504,561		
May <sup>P</sup>	614	1,104	1,718	241,027	17,676	109,934	81,575	209,185	450,212		
Cumulative Jan May 2001	3,179	4,137	7,316	1,160,977	128,018	629,842	294,480	1,052,340	2,213,317		
Cumulative Jan May 2000	3,075	2,664	5,739	908,061	112,658	640,460	181,041	934,159	1,842,220		
Yukon											
April <sup>R</sup>	9	-	9	1,084	-	70	4,751	4,821	5,905		
May <sup>P</sup>	12	-	12	1,758	93	1,703	108	1,904	3,662		
Cumulative Jan May 2001	75	1	76	9,855	127	4,745	5,080	9,952	19,807		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.

Table 6 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted

Calgary, Alberta April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000  Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	625 666 3,105 2,993	units  272 365 1,502 1,516	Total dwellings 897 1,031	Residential	Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	Total	Total
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000  Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001	666 3,105 2,993	272 365 1,502	897	114.817	Industrial		and govern- mental	Total	
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000  Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001	666 3,105 2,993	272 365 1,502		114.817		thousand	s of dollars		
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000  Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001	666 3,105 2,993	365 1,502		114.817			. J. GJIIGI J		
May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000  Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001	666 3,105 2,993	365 1,502		114.817					
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000 Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001	3,105 2,993	1,502	1,031		2,323	50,029	14,411	66,763	181,580
Cumulative Jan May 2000  Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001	2,993			125,279	10,606	23,183	49,859	83,648	208,927
Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001			4,607 4,509	560,812 557,354	40,914 57,432	232,587 276,727	82,991 124,218	356,492 458,377	917,304 1,015,731
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001	20								
May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001		29	57	6,291	2,832	12,804	452	16,088	22,379
Cumulative Jan May 2001	34	18	52	6,819	1,579	2,139	1,103	4,821	11,640
	94	78	172	20,745	8,849	35,001	20,669	64,519	85,264
	92	59	151	20,065	25,100	10,098	7,632	42,830	62,895
Edmonton, Alberta									
April <sup>R</sup>	449	155	604	57,247	8,743	39,244	14,510	62,497	119,744
May <sup>P</sup>	489	188	677	66,970	2,635	28,964	13,138	44,737	111,707
Cumulative Jan May 2001	2,024	1,000	3,024	290,008	29,584	164,923	62,067	256,574	546,582
Cumulative Jan May 2000	1,790	1,375	3,165	292,031	29,018	167,771	17,624	214,413	506,444
Halifax, Nova Scotia April <sup>R</sup>	10/	21	107	15.040	240	4 240	4.255	0.744	24.412
May <sup>P</sup>	106 102	21 216	127 318	15,869 22,090	240 25	4,249 28,322	4,255 2,730	8,744 31,077	24,613 53,167
Cumulative Jan May 2001	503	271	774	86,344	1,384	45,022	7,067	53,473	139,817
Cumulative Jan May 2000	663	552	1,215	127,534	8,381	81,993	55,671	146,045	273,579
Hamilton, Ontario									
April <sup>R</sup>	101	123	224	29,796	16,624	7,712	1,681	26,017	55,813
May <sup>p</sup>	126	56	182	29,143	525	17,426	14,938	32,889	62,032
Cumulative Jan May 2001	685	665	1,350	174,657	38,777	68,280	70,486	177,543	352,200
Cumulative Jan May 2000	765	450	1,215	165,968	17,721	48,734	48,256	114,711	280,679
Hull, Quebec			0.47	40.040	705				
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup>	66 122	181	247	19,968	735	5,145	1,198	7,078	27,046
Cumulative Jan May 2001	132 392	41 279	173 671	19,610 74,095	167 6,851	7,518 89,271	734 6,738	8,419 102,860	28,029 176,955
Cumulative Jan May 2000	232	146	378	45,486	3,933	42,173	11,859	57,965	103,451
Kitchener, Ontario									
April <sup>R</sup>	168	71	239	35,983	10,915	44,761	12,998	68,674	104,657
May <sup>P</sup>	193	302	495	45,995	7,013	19,657	11,870	38,540	84,535
Cumulative Jan May 2001	865	517	1,382	170,908	33,100	114,937	34,316	182,353	353,261
Cumulative Jan May 2000	928	633	1,561	168,602	65,224	52,611	23,489	141,324	309,926
London, Ontario									
April <sup>R</sup>	120	37	157	23,229	1,953	48,193	8,837	58,983	82,212
May <sup>P</sup>	101	126	227	24,855	2,683	3,680	25,273	31,636	56,491
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	518 574	247 333	765 907	98,261 102,847	15,370 19,329	87,964 46,907	84,593 29,063	187,927 95,299	286,188 198,146
Montréal, Quebec									
April <sup>R</sup>	436	443	879	109,834	75,206	166,579	23,989	265,774	375,608
May <sup>P</sup>	514	521	1,035	129,621	68,551	145,263	18,069	231,883	361,504
Cumulative Jan May 2001	2,945	2,912	5,857	756,146	386,869	692,026	110,465	1,189,360	1,945,506
Cumulative Jan May 2000	2,938	2,054	4,992	655,859	174,136	324,604	127,184	625,924	1,281,783

Table 6

Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted – Continued

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated valu	e of construction		
	Singles <sup>1</sup>	Multiples	Total dwellings	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
			uweiiiigs		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Oshawa, Ontario									
April <sup>R</sup>	95	25	120	18,388	235	3,731	3,161	7,127	25,515
May <sup>P</sup>	204	106	310	42,962	-	938	4,460	5,398	48,360
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	791 864	336 451	1,127 1,315	151,789 159,905	18,082 17,224	12,933 37,020	12,520 79,553	43,535 133,797	195,324 293,702
Ottawa, Ontario									
April <sup>R</sup>	241	234	475	60,241	4,128	32,853	19,292	56,273	116,514
May <sup>P</sup>	305	256	561	77,519	13,413	17,689	13,208	44,310	121,829
Cumulative Jan May 2001	1,721	1,115	2,836	364,898	25,425	180,222	55,308	260,955	625,853
Cumulative Jan May 2000	1,371	704	2,075	285,644	29,642	189,086	32,725	251,453	537,097
Québec, Quebec April <sup>R</sup>	138	50	188	24,290	3,267	8,562	3,890	15,719	40,009
May <sup>P</sup>	131	115	246	24,290	1,399	28,277	3,705	33,381	58,519
Cumulative Jan May 2001	650	533	1,183	149,834	20,290	81,201	30,576	132,067	281,901
Cumulative Jan May 2000	573	371	944	111,661	9,692	81,874	41,951	133,517	245,178
Regina, Saskatchewan									
April <sup>R</sup>	18	-	18	2,305	41	8,198	28,997	37,236	39,541
May <sup>P</sup>	7	54	61	8,431		5,315	868	6,183	14,614
Cumulative Jan May 2001	136	56	192	23,712	2,882	30,719	48,969	82,570	106,282
Cumulative Jan May 2000	249	34	283	30,434	3,082	38,227	3,945	45,254	75,688
<b>Saint John, New Brunswick</b> April <sup>R</sup>	21	6	27	3,169	20	3,188	1,940	5,148	8,317
May <sup>P</sup>	19	8	27	3,439	65	1,873	2,748	4,686	8,125
Cumulative Jan May 2001	99	16	115	14,491	803	10,020	6,899	17,722	32,213
Cumulative Jan May 2000	107	23	130	16,682	4,703	7,789	2,335	14,827	31,509
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan									
April <sup>R</sup>	40	37	77	8,022	604	3,144	9,149	12,897	20,919
May <sup>P</sup>	46	67	113	9,726	11,801	8,912	2,307	23,020	32,746
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	240 283	131 124	371 407	38,033 40,717	28,019 21,134	34,919 53,387	26,786 25,384	89,724 99,905	127,757 140,622
Sherbrooke, Quebec									
April <sup>R</sup>	23	23	46	5,278	22	1,520	3,916	5,458	10,736
May <sup>P</sup>	37	22	59	7,220	1,894	2,016	2,177	6,087	13,307
Cumulative Jan May 2001	152	114	266	30,338	4,826	16,515	7,282	28,623	58,961
Cumulative Jan May 2000	158	81	239	30,914	5,330	7,611	1,866	14,807	45,721
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario			2-	4.000	6.535		4	40.000	0.000
April <sup>R</sup>	69	18	87 117	14,330	2,570	5,512	11,806	19,888	34,218
May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001	97 330	19 109	116 439	17,347 64,390	2,307	6,381 59,383	4,465	13,153 92,130	30,500
Cumulative Jan May 2000 Cumulative Jan May 2000	447	96	543	70,573	11,418 12,269	53,659	21,329 8,752	74,680	156,520 145,253
St. John's, Newfoundland									
April <sup>R</sup>	54	6	60	7,081	213	5,303	759	6,275	13,356
May <sup>P</sup>	94	17	111	12,477	240	12,053	259	12,552	25,029
Cumulative Jan May 2001	326	51	377	43,206	454	25,161	4,112	29,727	72,933
Cumulative Jan May 2000	377	38	415	52,988	3,091	12,887	2,175	18,153	71,141

Table 6 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted – Concluded

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units		Estimated value of construction					
	Singles <sup>1</sup>	Multiples	Total dwellings	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total	
			uweiiiigs		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total		
		units				thousand	ls of dollars			
Sudbury, Ontario April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	12 3 35 53	- - - 2	12 3 35 55	2,830 223 6,693 12,344	1,047 38 1,418 2,253	3,144 296 8,472 6,457	765 181 4,725 1,946	4,956 515 14,615 10,656	7,786 738 21,308 23,000	
Thunder Bay, Ontario April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	19 20 51 73	5 2 7 42	24 22 58 115	3,392 3,317 9,221 15,466	110 50 4,771 1,447	385 5,815 14,245 7,308	506 418 11,241 7,130	1,001 6,283 30,257 15,885	4,393 9,600 39,478 31,351	
Toronto, Ontario April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup> Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	1,236 1,162 7,579 7,245	950 1,155 8,135 6,195	2,186 2,317 15,714 13,440	357,160 372,853 2,335,541 2,084,794	66,433 39,074 308,981 276,973	119,979 71,678 737,230 668,204	40,427 39,597 308,349 178,346	226,839 150,349 1,354,560 1,123,523	583,999 523,202 3,690,101 3,208,317	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.

# Part III - Tables (Unadjusted)

Table 7

Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted

Month			N	umber of dwe	elling unit		
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings
Canada							
April <sup>R</sup>	9,143	92	857	1,154	2,052	314	13,612
May <sup>P</sup>	10,549	114	918	1,598	3,817	289	17,285
Cumulative Jan May 2001	38,418	263	4,522	5,779	13,277	1,367	63,626
Cumulative Jan May 2000	39,440	266	4,179	5,996	10,855	962	61,698
Newfoundland							
April <sup>R</sup>	98	2	4	-	2	5	111
May <sup>P</sup>	214	-	=	-	22	7	243
Cumulative Jan May 2001	396	2	14	-	24	18	454
Cumulative Jan May 2000	424	-	28	-	8	1	461
Prince Edward Island	27	_	-		0	2	
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup>	37 25	5	5	-	8	2 1	57 38
Cumulative Jan May 2001	25 98	- 15	- 7	- 4	12 20	4	38 148
Cumulative Jan May 2000	140	10	5	-	14	-	169
Nova Scotia							
April <sup>R</sup>	261	7	-	_	26	9	303
May <sup>P</sup>	362	11	2	8	234	-	617
Cumulative Jan May 2001	986	30	5	8	291	15	1,335
Cumulative Jan May 2000	1,245	30	54	12	538	18	1,897
New Brunswick							
April <sup>R</sup>	159	7	4	4	43	10	227
May <sup>P</sup>	257	8	2	-	139	9	415
Cumulative Jan May 2001	557	19	6	4	214	28	828
Cumulative Jan May 2000	683	14	12	17	137	19	882
<b>Quebec</b> April <sup>R</sup>	1,894	39	129	21	786	127	2,996
May <sup>P</sup>	1,985	38	107	3	801	184	3,118
Cumulative Jan May 2001	7,309	85	457	69	3,549	534	12,003
Cumulative Jan May 2000	7,364	82	429	282	2,637	502	11,296
Ontario							
April <sup>R</sup>	3,789	15	607	729	142	65	5,347
May <sup>P</sup>	4,198	34	558	1,182	1,012	46	7,030
Cumulative Jan May 2001	16,857	55	3,399	4,221	3,887	502	28,921
Cumulative Jan May 2000	17,645	75	3,121	4,040	2,564	234	27,679
Manitoba							
April <sup>R</sup>	172	3	-	5	8	-	188
May <sup>P</sup>	260	5	-	10	12	-	287
Cumulative Jan May 2001	806	10	3	15	50	1	885
Cumulative Jan May 2000	933	14	8	41	91	8	1,095

Table 7 Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted – Concluded

Month	Number of dwelling unit										
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings				
Saskatchewan											
April <sup>R</sup>	142	-	-	7	44	4	197				
May <sup>P</sup>	138	3	55	6	72	2	276				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	502	4	59	21	146	6	738				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	780	4	27	78	86	3	978				
Alberta											
April <sup>R</sup>	1,909	11	102	85	473	81	2,661				
May <sup>P</sup>	2,231	11	174	234	512	17	3,179				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	7,787	33	516	671	2,283	155	11,445				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	7,123	26	324	645	3,066	48	11,232				
British Columbia											
April <sup>R</sup>	667	3	6	303	520	11	1,510				
May <sup>P</sup>	848	4	18	155	985	23	2,033				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	3,055	10	54	766	2,797	103	6,785				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	3,068	4	171	821	1,658	126	5,848				
Yukon											
April <sup>R</sup>	6	-	-	-	-	-	6				
May <sup>P</sup>	15	-	-	-	-	-	15				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	32	-	-	-	-	1	33				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	15	7	-	-	2	2	26				
Northwest Territories											
April <sup>R</sup>	6	-	-	-	-	-	6				
May <sup>P</sup>	8	-	-	-	4	-	12				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	14	-	-	-	4	-	18				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	10	-	-	-	4	1	15				
Nunavut											
April <sup>R</sup>	3	-	-	-	-	-	3				
May <sup>P</sup>	8	-	2	-	12	-	22				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	19	-	2	-	12	-	33				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	10	-	-	60	50	-	120				

Table 8 Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, May 2001

Census Metropolitan Areas	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Calgary, Alberta	864	-	56	66	234	-	1,220			
Chicoutimi-Jonquière	49	2	3	-	6	14	74			
Edmonton, Albe	633	-	72	14	96	2	817			
Halifax, Nova Sc	170	-	-	-	216	-	386			
Hamilton, Ontari	152	-	5	16	44	-	217			
Hull, Quebec	200	-	22	-	28	1	251			
Kitchener, Ontar	233	-	8	75	255	11	582			
London, Ontario	122	-	-	29	117	-	268			
Montréal, Queb	780	-	41	-	488	123	1,432			
Oshawa, Ontari	246	-	52	71	-	-	369			
Ottawa, Ontario	369	-	34	247	1	14	665			
Québec, Quebe	198	1	11	-	121	12	343			
Regina,, Saskat	11	-	52	-	-	2	65			
Saint John, New	30	-	2	-	6	-	38			
Saskatoon, Sas	71	-	1	-	66	-	138			
Sherbrooke, Qu	55	-	12	-	16	1	84			
St. Catharines-Niagara	117	-	6	14	2	-	139			
St. John's, Newf	146	-	-	-	20	-	166			
Sudbury, Ontari	4	-	-	-	-	-	4			
Thunder Bay, O	23	1	-	-	2	-	26			
Toronto, Ontario	1,403	-	365	595	370	6	2,739			
Trois-Rivières, Q	28	-	2	-	2	2	34			
Vancouver, Briti	412	-	2	139	865	19	1,437			
Victoria, British	68	3	-	-	-	4	75			
Windsor, Ontari	119	-	10	-	77	-	206			
Winnipeg, Manit	162	-	-	10	-	-	172			

Table 9 Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, January - May 2001

Census Metropolitan Areas	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Calgary, Alberta	3,145	-	212	272	901	3	4,533			
Chicoutimi-Jonquière	138	3	3	-	41	42	227			
Edmonton, Albe	2,095	-	222	33	539	115	3,004			
Halifax, Nova Sc	523	-	-	-	259	12	794			
Hamilton, Ontari	667	-	21	287	223	77	1,275			
Hull, Quebec	489	1	93	-	218	7	808			
Kitchener, Ontar	851	-	56	213	260	20	1,400			
London, Ontario	519	-	9	122	117	5	772			
Montréal, Queb	3,390	-	212	52	2,189	299	6,142			
Oshawa, Ontari	766	-	97	204	-	9	1,076			
Ottawa, Ontario	1,712	-	167	752	138	47	2,816			
Québec, Quebe	838	2	43	-	362	50	1,295			
Regina,, Saskat	108	-	52	-	2	2	164			
Saint John, New	87	-	2	4	10	-	103			
Saskatoon, Sas	230	-	2	8	118	3	361			
Sherbrooke, Qu	195	-	18	-	102	11	326			
St. Catharines-Niagara	338	1	28	69	7	2	445			
St. John's, Newf	281	-	14	-	20	8	323			
Sudbury, Ontari	40	-	-	-	-	-	40			
Thunder Bay, O	55	2	2	-	2	2	63			
Toronto, Ontario	7,131	-	2,636	2,177	2,598	252	14,794			
Trois-Rivières, Q	117	1	14	-	2	10	144			
Vancouver, Briti	1,399	-	14	686	2,337	75	4,511			
Victoria, British	243	4	3	30	44	19	343			
Windsor, Ontari	669	-	90	5	83	3	850			
Winnipeg, Manit	487	-	-	15	21	-	523			

Table 10
Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted

Month	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)								
	Residential		Non-residential		Total				
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental					
Canada									
April <sup>R</sup>	1,834,141	264,471	885,922	393,734	3,378,268				
May <sup>P</sup>	2,336,322	330,349	806,503	436,494	3,909,668				
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	8,460,143 8,162,401	1,373,555 1,309,720	3,591,738 3,204,188	1,664,281 1,327,536	15,089,717 14,003,845				
Newfoundland									
April <sup>R</sup>	12,918	213	8,994	483	22,608				
May <sup>P</sup>	28,938	303	17,190	516	46,947				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	53,453	531	33,258	2,128	89,370				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	57,875	3,434	14,372	3,730	79,411				
Prince Edward Island	( 25 (	270	2.002	101	0./10				
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup>	6,256 4,043	379	2,802 1,645	181 43	9,618 5,731				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	15,230	- 551	13,023	823	29,627				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	20,025	3,437	9,601	3,948	37,011				
Nova Scotia									
April <sup>R</sup>	37,149	4,359	14,672	5,959	62,139				
May <sup>P</sup>	66,093	1,671	31,102	3,322	102,188				
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	156,345 211,377	11,846 22,779	70,323 98,140	14,750 72,056	253,264 404,352				
New Brunswick									
April <sup>R</sup>	21,954	2,089	13,362	3,001	40,406				
May <sup>P</sup>	39,983	1,363	18,734	14,500	74,580				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	79,960	11,992	58,422	23,741	174,115				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	93,468	15,059	35,686	12,532	156,745				
Quebec	270 120	72.007	220 247	41.015	71.4.100				
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup>	370,132 424,148	73,927 118,906	228,216 198,567	41,915 61,165	714,190 802,786				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	1,496,548	403,794	854,149	210,432	2,964,923				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	1,427,949	270,777	488,596	213,284	2,400,606				
Ontario									
April <sup>R</sup>	821,127	121,650	298,515	145,526	1,386,818				
May <sup>P</sup>	1,011,692	114,611	234,945	159,085	1,520,333				
Cumulative Jan May 2001 Cumulative Jan May 2000	4,077,898 3,947,746	560,232 633,361	1,279,432 1,234,920	769,383 543,046	6,686,945 6,359,073				
Manitoba									
April <sup>R</sup>	25,513	12,656	25,996	4,688	68,853				
May <sup>P</sup>	40,160	7,946	45,258	3,863	97,227				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	118,077	37,000	112,168	16,030	283,275				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	146,627	41,207	98,962	55,988	342,784				
Saskatchewan	22.070	2.420	17 202	27.000	70.070				
April <sup>R</sup> May <sup>P</sup>	22,878 32,683	2,629 12,362	16,282 18,621	37,080 9,650	78,869 73,316				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	85,066	34,392	76,055	79,630	275,143				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	104,985	27,058	105,594	39,460	277,097				

Table 10 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted – Concluded

Month	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)								
	Residential		Non-residential		Total				
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional					
				and governmental					
Alberta									
April <sup>R</sup>	292,990	25,150	128,090	55,805	502,035				
May <sup>P</sup>	367,752	54,123	116,888	102,667	641,430				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	1,255,029	206,397	543,806	247,668	2,252,900				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	1,217,583	187,885	566,164	200,232	2,171,864				
British Columbia									
April <sup>R</sup>	220,992	21,389	146,534	94,240	483,155				
May <sup>P</sup>	314,210	18,971	119,547	81,575	534,303				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	1,109,929	105,448	540,044	294,480	2,049,901				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	913,459	104,329	546,373	181,041	1,745,202				
Yukon									
April <sup>R</sup>	714	-	70	4,751	5,535				
May <sup>P</sup>	2,109	93	1,703	108	4,013				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	4,210	127	4,745	5,080	14,162				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	3,642	314	1,095	2,017	7,068				
Northwest Territories									
April <sup>R</sup>	977	30	2,129	105	3,241				
May <sup>P</sup>	1,354	-	40	-	1,394				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	3,268	1,245	3,790	136	8,439				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	3,046	80	2,653	202	5,981				
Nunavut									
April <sup>R</sup>	541	-	260	-	801				
May <sup>P</sup>	3,157	-	2,263	-	5,420				
Cumulative Jan May 2001	5,130	-	2,523	-	7,653				
Cumulative Jan May 2000	14,619	-	2,032	-	16,651				

Table 11 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, May 2001

Census Metropolitan Areas	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)									
	Residential		Non-residential		Total					
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental						
Calgary	160,704	10,606	30,448	66,731	268,489					
Chicoutimi-Jonquière	10,714	1,702	1,891	1,343	15,650					
Edmonton	86,019	2,635	38,042	17,583	144,279					
Halifax	37,469	25	23,952	2,730	64,176					
Hamilton	34,121	595	20,889	17,277	72,882					
Hull	30,717	180	6,646	894	38,437					
Kitchener	52,816	7,954	23,563	13,728	98,061					
London	27,996	3,043	4,411	29,230	64,680					
Montréal	194,571	73,893	128,406	22,009	418,879					
Oshawa	50,476	-	1,124	5,158	56,758					
Ottawa	89,949	15,213	21,204	15,276	141,642					
Québec	38,659	1,508	24,996	4,513	69,676					
Regina	9,352	-	4,686	885	14,923					
Saint John	4,910	65	1,873	2,748	9,596					
Saskatoon	13,529	11,801	7,857	2,352	35,539					
Sherbrooke	11,153	2,042	1,782	2,652	17,629					
St. Catharines-Niagara	21,115	2,616	7,649	5,164	36,544					
St. John's	18,989	240	10,806	336	30,371					
Sudbury	273	43	355	209	880					
Thunder Bay	4,078	57	6,971	483	11,589					
Toronto	426,635	44,316	85,921	45,797	602,669					
Trois-Rivières	7,065	4	4,099	12,445	23,613					
Vancouver	228,503	6,205	89,936	14,362	339,006					
Victoria	13,821	732	7,694	2,144	24,391					
Windsor	31,274	1,501	906	70	33,751					
Winnipeg	24,940	1,441	23,562	3,647	53,590					

Table 12 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, January - May 2001

Census Metropolitan Areas	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)									
	Residential		Non-residential		Total					
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental						
Calgary	562,129	40,914	216,448	112,430	931,921					
Chicoutimi-Jonquière	27,983	6,306	31,075	19,962	85,326					
Edmonton	294,086	29,584	153,772	76,243	553,685					
Halifax	87,691	1,384	36,745	7,067	132,887					
Hamilton	163,809	33,276	60,724	73,268	331,077					
Hull	87,284	4,003	67,535	4,853	163,675					
Kitchener	165,594	29,907	100,508	35,782	331,791					
London	95,310	13,938	75,568	89,041	273,857					
Montréal	773,845	274,069	534,333	80,481	1,662,728					
Oshawa	143,191	13,948	10,520	13,218	180,877					
Ottawa	357,905	26,033	152,983	53,566	590,487					
Québec	155,119	12,952	64,332	25,231	257,634					
Regina	20,493	2,882	20,837	36,122	80,334					
Saint John	12,817	803	10,020	6,899	30,539					
Saskatoon	36,561	28,019	26,104	21,455	112,139					
Sherbrooke	35,897	3,896	13,562	6,931	60,286					
St. Catharines-Niagara	64,348	9,915	49,453	22,279	145,995					
St. John's	36,766	454	19,644	1,601	58,465					
Sudbury	6,716	1,326	7,155	4,018	19,215					
Thunder Bay	9,779	4,153	12,763	11,004	37,699					
Toronto	2,164,845	257,087	586,253	294,268	3,302,453					
Trois-Rivières	21,803	2,086	11,314	14,962	50,165					
Vancouver	776,789	43,436	367,940	156,163	1,344,328					
Victoria	63,074	11,461	39,141	13,383	127,059					
Windsor	125,832	15,881	28,301	17,820	187,834					
Winnipeg	72,734	8,620	74,387	12,023	167,764					

Table 13 Value of the Non-residential Permits by Type of Building, Provinces and Territories, May 2001

Type of building	Canada	Nfld	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta	B.C.	Yukon	N.W.T.	Nunavut
							thousands o	of dollars						
Total non-residential	1,573,346	18,009	1,688	36,095	34,597	378,638	508,641	57,067	40,633	273,678	220,093	1,904	40	2,263
Industrial	330,349	303	-	1,671	1,363	118,906	114,611	7,946	12,362	54,123	18,971	93	-	-
Factories, plants	187,912	-	-	-	-	87,709	70,063	324	10,890	13,041	5,885	-	-	-
Transportation, utilities	34,564	-	-	-	-	328	3,873	1,490	-	26,773	2,100	-	-	-
Mining and agriculture Minor industrial projects,	45,682	-	-	900	400	12,705	12,257	4,000	295	10,268	4,857	-	-	-
new and improvements <sup>1</sup>	62,191	303	-	771	963	18,164	28,418	2,132	1,177	4,041	6,129	93	-	-
Commercial	806,503	17,190	1,645	31,102	18,734	198,567	234,945	45,258	18,621	116,888	119,547	1,703	40	2,263
Trade and services	239,395	3,066	700	5,200	7,361	64,727	73,622	6,813	7,850	40,619	27,276	-	-	2,161
Warehouses	97,211	402	-	11,510	4,780	11,437	32,563	18,283	-	13,533	4,703	-	-	-
Service stations	21,359	-	-	805	1,766	7,550	4,859	-	-	4,450	1,929	-	-	-
Office buildings	189,351	2,400	325	6,468	1,508	38,802	57,112	1,545	6,344	20,368	54,479	-	-	-
Recreation	31,506	-	-	2,000	-	2,061	13,018	2,650	-	8,943	2,834	-	-	-
Hotels, restaurants	76,042	9,415	-	-	-	22,834	16,057	11,880	300	5,621	8,435	1,500	-	-
Laboratories	15,500	-	-	-	-	15,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minor commercial projects,														
new and improvements <sup>1</sup>	136,139	1,907	620	5,119	3,319	35,656	37,714	4,087	4,127	23,354	19,891	203	40	102
Institutional and														
governmental	436,494	516	43	3,322	14,500	61,165	159,085	3,863	9,650	102,667	81,575	108	-	-
Schools, education	211,712	-	-	1,960	2,390	22,241	78,277	-	3,059	76,070	27,715	-	-	-
Hospitals, medical	77,526	-	-	-	3,615	18,571	19,802	1,090	675	1,655	32,118	-	-	-
Welfare, home	64,078	325	-	-	5,693	7,783	35,707	800	4,550	1,000	8,220	-	-	-
Churches, religion	21,394	-	-	300	325	2,298	10,999	1,200	-	4,620	1,652	-	-	-
Government buildings	33,453	-	-	770	1,122	400	5,591	-	327	16,227	9,016	-	-	-
Minor institutional and governmental projects,														
new and improvements <sup>1</sup>	28,331	191	43	292	1,355	9,872	8,709	773	1,039	3,095	2,854	108	-	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to projects valued at less than \$250,000 for which the breakdown by type of building is not available.

# Part IV – Methodology, Concepts and Data Dissemination

# Introduction

The purpose of the monthly survey of building permits issued by Canadian municipalities is to collect data on construction intentions. The results of this survey are used by C.M.H.C.<sup>1</sup> as a reference base for conducting a monthly survey of housing starts and completions in accordance with its mandate. The statistics on building permits are also essential for the computation of capital expenditures. Furthermore, since the issuance of a building permit is one of the first steps in the construction process, these statistics are widely used as a leading indicator of building activity.

# **Survey Methodology**

The Building Permits Survey covers all Canadian municipalities that issue permits. The number of Canadian municipalities currently surveyed exceeds 2,500, representing all the provinces and territories. They account for 94% of the Canadian population. Participation to the survey is mandatory; the survey does not use a predetermined sample of municipalities. In practice, all urban agglomerations are represented in the survey, as well as a fair percentage of rural municipalities. With certain exceptions, the minimum coverage corresponds to the municipalities already included in the Housing Starts and Completions C.M.H.C.'s Survey. Non-responding municipalities that issue permits are urged on a regular basis to respond to the Building Permit Survey. Therefore, the number of municipalities covered is increasing continually.

# **Collection of Data**

The survey is usually conducted by mail, although certain municipalities choose to respond by telephone. The municipal officer responsible for issuing permits is asked to fill out a form<sup>2</sup> each month describing all major construction projects. The value of the permits reported includes the following expenditures: materials, labour, profit and overhead. The cost of land is never included in the estimated value of the permit while acquisition costs (legal fees, surveying fees and accrued interest) may be included at

The municipalities forward a copy of their completed report to Statistics Canada Head Office and another copy to the local office of the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (C.M.H.C.). To reduce their overhead, an increasing number of respondents are producing a computerized report.

Reports from municipalities which one part of a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration must be received within 20 days following the month of reference. The other municipalities have 30 days to produce their reports. Only those municipalities that are late in reporting and that are included in the above-mentioned C.M.H.C. survey are subject to follow-up by telephone.

The reports received at Statistics Canada Head Office are verified, coded and processed.

# Types of Errors

Since the building permit data are extracted from municipal administrative documents, two types of response errors are possible: errors attributable to the permit applicant and errors in transcription by the responding municipality. However, experience has shown that transcription errors are not very common and the increasing number of municipalities producing computerized reports tends to reduce the frequency of this type of error. Errors attributable to a false statement of the cost of construction are more probable. A qualitative survey conducted among major Canadian municipalities has revealed an underestimation of the declared value of buildings for which permits are issued. Since permit fees are in most cases based on the value of the construction, this leads unquestionably to underestimation of project values. The results of that survey also reveal that, in half of the municipalities covered, the value submitted by the applicant is not subject to any verification by municipal officers.

# **Quality Control**

Strict quality control procedures are applied to ensure that collection, coding and data processing are as accurate as possible. In addition to the usual checks to ensure that the forms are fully completed, quality control procedures established by the Business Survey Methods Division are applied to the coded and processed data. Checks are also performed on totals and the magnitude of data. Reports that fail to meet the quality standards are subject to verification and are corrected as required.

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation

A sample of the Building Permit Form is shown in annex at the end of this section.

# Reliability

Imputations are required for each characteristic for which no report has been received. These are calculated automatically, subject to certain constraints, by applying to previously used values, the mouth-to-mouth and year-toear changes in similar values of responding municipalities and the historical pattern of the missing municipalities. No imputation is done for lack of coverage, concealment or the underevaluation of permits issued. For this reason, the sampling error cannot be computed.

Comparison of data must be done with reservation considering that the methods of issuing permits and the methods of estimating building values can differ from one municipality to another. Also, comparisons involving different periods must take into account the constant increase in the number of municipalities participating in the survey.

The monthly statistics are not corrected for cancelled or expired permits. According to the municipal officers, the proportion of cancelled and unused permits is below 5%.

# **Nature of and Basis for Classification**

The classification used in this publication deals strictly with structures for which a building permit was issued. Permits are generally issued for the following: construction of new buildings, alterations, additions, renovations, etc. Minor repair jobs such as painting, tiling, roofing, etc., for which no permit is required, and engineering work (such as dams, roads, pipelines, etc.), which, by definition, is not a building, are not included in the building permit series. Estimates of such work may be obtained from the publications Capital expenditures by type of asset (cat. no. 61-223) and Private and Public Investment in Canada Intentions (cat. no. 61-205).

The description given by the municipalities as to the type of building (box #6 of Section A on the form) and the type of work involved (box #7 of Section A on the form) forms the basis for classification. The classification of buildings into major groups and subgroups is based on the following: intended use in the case of new buildings; present or intended use of buildings to which improvements are to be made; present use of the existing structure where the proposed construction is intended to provide additional facilities; principal use of the structure where the proposed construction has more than one intended use; however, where the building contains dwellings, the value of the construction is divided between residential and nonresidential use.

# **Building Categories**

This publication, uses the following classification for the

value of permits issued for construction of new buildings or for improvements: residential, industrial, commercial, institutional and government.

Residential. Includes all buildings intended for private occupancy whether on a permanent basis or not. Dwellings are divided into the following types: single-family, mobile, cottage, semi-detached, row house and apartment building.

Industrial. Includes all buildings used for manufacturing and processing; transportation, communication and other utilities, and agriculture, forestry and mining.

Commercial. Includes all buildings used to house activities related to the tertiary sector, such as stores, warehouses, garages, office buildings, theatres, hotels, funeral parlours, beauty salons.

Institutional and Government. Includes expenditures made by the community, public and government for buildings and structures like schools, universities, hospitals, clinics, churches, homes for the aged.

The number of dwelling units indicates the number of self contained dwelling units created. This should not be confused with the number of structures. For example, an apartment building containing six dwellings will be shown as six dwelling units. When an existing structure is converted into additional housing units, the number of units added is included. This publication uses the following classification for dwelling units:

Single-family. Refers to dwellings commonly called "single house". It includes single dwellings that are completely isolated on all sides, including single dwellings linked to other dwellings below ground. Included are bungalows, split levels, two-storey single-family homes built by conventional methods or prefabricated.

Mobile homes. Refers to houses designed and constructed to be transported on their own chassis and for easy moving.

Cottage. Refers to dwellings that cannot be occupied year-round or on a permanent basis because the facilities required for comfort are inadequate.

Double or Semi-detached. Refers to dwellings in which each of the two dwellings are side by side and joined by a common wall or garage, but not attached to any other building and surrounded by open space.

Row Dwellings. Refers to a row of three or more dwellings attached to each other without dwellings above or below.

Apartment Building. Includes dwellings in a variety of

buildings such as duplexes, semi-detached duplexes, triplexes, row duplexes, apartments as such and dwellings adjacent to non-residential structures.

Conversion. Refers to the number of dwellings added by conversion of existing structures.

# **Geographic Classification**

Geographic entities are classified according to Standard Geographical Classification (SGC) used by Statistics Canada. Each reporting entity is assigned a twelve-digit SGC code for identification according to the following geographic levels:

- Province and Territory (PR): There are ten provinces and three territories.
- Economic Region (ER): Refers to intraprovincial regions established by the Standards Division of Statistics Canada. There are seventy-six ERs.
- Census Division (CD): Refers to a group of census subdivisions established by provincial law. There are two hundred and ninety-four CDs (data on this geographic group is available on request).
- Census Metropolitan Area (CMA): Its delineation corresponds to the 1996 Census definition. The term CMA refers to the main labour market area of an urban area (the urbanized core) of at least 100,000 population, based on the Census population figures. The twenty-five CMAs are shown in this publication. Although the 1996 Census defines the Ottawa-Hull area as a single CMA, the area is shown in this publication as two separate entities since it is located in two different provinces.
- Census Agglomeration (CA): Refers to the smaller labour market area of an urbanized core of at least 10,000 population, as defined by the 1996 Census. There are one hundred and seventeen CAs in Canada. When a CA overlaps the boundaries of two provinces. it is shown partly in each province. The Lloydminster agglomeration is an exception to this rule. It is treated as if it was totally located in Alberta.
- Other Municipalities of at Least 10,000 Population: Refers to municipalities not included in census agglomerations but with populations of at least 10,000 inhabitants. The distinction is made between these municipalities and CAs in order to permit comparison between the Building Permits Survey and the Housing Starts and Completions Survey which refers to this geographical concept.

- Rural Area: Refers to all geographic entities not included in a CMA or CA and not identified as an urban centre by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.
- Census Subdivision (CSD): Refers to the general term applying to municipalities, Indian reserves, Indian settlements and unorganized territories. However, since Indian reserves and settlements do not issue building permits, they are not included in this publication.
- Non-standard Geographic Unit: The geographic units shown in this publication do not all satisfy the above definition of census subdivision. Some provincial or municipal administrations producing monthly reports do not correspond to the official geographic entities; they are nevertheless shown in this publication under the geographic entity used by these administrations. These so-called non-standard geographic units are few in number and are mostly concentrated in the Maritime provinces; e.g. 'Commission d'urbanisme de Madawaska', Greater Moncton District, Acadian Peninsula, etc.

# **Territorial Revisions**

Territorial boundaries were established according to the 1996 Census definitions. Changes in boundaries, status or name of census subdivisions between censuses are introduced in this publication on a yearly basis. Changes affecting the other geographic units (CMAs, CAs, CDs and ERs) are introduced every five years, eighteen months following the census.

# Revision of Data

Two types of revisions can affect the results of the Building Permits Survey:

- (1) Revisions Due to the Correction of Coding Errors These types of revisions are done on a monthly basis only to the data pertaining to the month preceding the reference period.
- (2) Revisions Due to the addition of Late Reports Late reports for the month preceding the reference period are incorporated into the survey results on a continuing basis. However, reports received after the two-month deadline following the reference month are introduced only at the end of the year. As a result, the data for the last twelve months are subject to revision.

# Adjustment for Seasonality

Seasonally adjusted data for the total number of housing units as well as for the aggregate value of building permits are obtained indirectly, i.e., by adding their seasonally adjusted components. The total number of dwelling units is obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data for single-family and multiple-use units; the total value of building permits is obtained by summing the following elements: residential, industrial, commercial and institutional. Some series contain no apparent seasonality. In these cases, unadjusted values have been tabulated and agregated to the adjusted values of the other series.

At the end of the year, the chronological series adjusted for seasonality are revised to take into account the most recent seasonal fluctuations. These revisions apply only to the last three years in the series. The revised data are introduced into the CANSIM databank.

# **Availability of Data**

This publication contains only part of the data produced on building permits. However, you may order unpublished tables or address special requests, now available on diskette, to the Current Investment Indicators Section ((613) 951-9689, call collect). The series presented here

is also available on CANSIM in matrices 80 (levels 3-7, 16-32), 129, 137, 443, 987, 989 to 995 and 4073.

# **Related Products and Services**

# **Selected Related Publications**

# Catalogue

62-202 Spending patterns in Canada

75-202 Income in Canada.

61-205 Private and public investment in Canada, intentions

61-206 Private and public investment in Canada, intentions

# **Special Tabulations**

Special tabulations can be produced to your specifications on a cost recovery basis. Inquiries should be directed to the Current Investment Indicators Section.

Further information on these products and other aspects of the surveys can be obtained from the Current Investment Indicators Section, Investment and Capital Stock Division, Statistics Canada, K1A 0T6, (613) 951-6556.



# Building and Permis de construdemolition permits et de démolition

Monthly Report

# Permis de construction

Rapport mensuel

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<del>                                     </del>	nécessaire, veuillez mettre à jour les renseignements correspondants				
	2 Reporting Entity Name – Nom de l'entité rapportante				
	3 Municipal Status (if applicable) – Statut municipal (s'il y a lieu)				
	4 Address – Adresse				
	5 City – Ville 6 Postal Code – Code postal				
	7 Contact Name – Nom du contact				
	8 Contact Title – Titre du contact				
	9 Language of Preference – Langue de préférence				
	1 English 2 Français				
	10 Telephone Number – Numéro de téléphone				
General Information	Renseignements généraux				
Confidential when completed.	Confidentiel une fois rempli.				
The collection of this information is authorized by the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada. 1985. Chapter S19.	La collecte de cette information est autorisée par la Loi sur la statistique, Lois révisées du Canada, 1985, chapitre S19.				
To avoid duplication of enquiry and to provide consistent statistics, this survey is being conducted under cooperative agreements, made in accordance with the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S19 under Section 11 for the exchange of information with: the Manitoba Bureau of Statistics, the Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics and the British Columbia Central Statistics Bureau for respondents in each of the respective provinces; and under Section 12 for joint collection and sharing information with: the Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics and the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.	Afin d'éviter tout chevauchement des enquêtes et de fournir des statistiques uniformes, Statistique Canada mène cette enquête aux termes d'accords conjoints conclus en vertu de l'article 11 de la Loi sur la statistique, Lois révisées du Canada, 1985, chapitre S19 pour l'échange de renseignements avec: le «Manitoba Bureau of Statistics», le «Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics» et le «British Columbia Central Statistics Bureau» pour les répondants de ces différentes provinces; et en vertu de l'article 12 pour le rassemblement conjoint et l'échange de renseignements avec: le «Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics» et la Société canadienne d'hypothèques et de logement.				
Agreements coming under Section 12 of the Canada Statistics Act shall not apply to any respondent who give notice in writing to the Chief Statistician that he/she objects to the sharing of the information.	Les accords aux termes de l'article 12 de la Loi sur la statistique ne s'appliquent pas aux répondants qui s'opposent à l'échange de renseignements dans une lettre jointe au questionnaire dûment rempli et adressé au statisticien en chef du Canada.				
Results of this survey will enable Statistics Canada to estimate residential and non-residential construction activity at various geographical level. The latter are published monthly in Catalogue 64-001, Building Permits.	d'estimer l'activité de la construction résidentielle et non résidentielle à				
PLEASE REFER TO THE SURVEY REPORTING GUIDE AND SELF CODING GUIDE WHEN COMPLETING YOUR REPORT. If you require additional copies of these guides please contact us at 1-888-404-3339.	VEUILLEZ CONSULTER LE GUIDE DE DÉCLARATION DE L'ENQUÊTE ET LE GUIDE POUR AUTOCODAGE POUR REMPLIR VOTRE RAPPORT. Si vous avez besoin des copies supplémentaires, veuillez communiquer au 1-888-404-3339.				
Coverage Profile Update	Mise à jour du profil de couverture				
Is the geographical coverage of this monthly report different from that of your last report due to a change in boundaries, level of administration, etc.	Est-ce que la couverture géographique de ce rapport mensuel est différente de celle de votre rapport précédent dû à un changement de frontières, du niveau d'administration, etc.				
1 Yes Oui	<sup>2</sup> No Non				
12 Reporting Period – Période visée	13 Stock Requirements – Besoins de fournitures				
Please use a separate form for Veuillez utiliser un formulaire each month being reported.  différent pour chaque mois rapporté.	If forms or return envelopes Si vous avez besoin de formulaires ou d'enveloppes de retour, prière de l'indiquer:				
Year Année	1 Forms 2 Statistics Canada Return Envelopes Enveloppes de retour Statistique Canada 3 CMHC Return Envelopes Enveloppes de retour SCHL				
Month	14 Nil Report – Rapport nul				
Mois Report Prepared by – Rapport préparé par	If no permits were issued Si aucun permis n'a été émis durant le during the month, simply mois, cochez simplement la case check the box below: ci-dessous:				
	No Permits				
	I I Aucon bermis				
Signature:	'				
Signature:  Year Month Day Année Mois Jour	·				



Statistics Statistique Canada Canada

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Section A: Major C	Construction Projects – Projets de const	ruction majeurs					Page	of – de	
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ON DE Permit No.	Name and Address of Owner	Name and Address of Builder	Construction Location	Type of Building Code	Type of Work Code	Value of Construction	Dwelling Units Unités de logement	Building Area	Line No. N° de ligne
Numéro du	Nom et adresse du propriétaire	Nom et adresse du constructeur	Site des travaux	Code pour type de bâtiment	Code pour type de travaux	Valeur des travaux	Created Créées	Check one: Cochez:	e No e ligr
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Section B: Minor Residential	Additions and Renovations – Add	ditions et rénovation	ns résidentielles mineu	res	
Permits valued at less than \$50,000			Value of Permits	Number of Permits	
Permis évalués à moins de \$50,000		No. de ligne	Valeur des permis \$	Nombre de permis	
New garages and carports	Single dwellings Logements simples	01	,000,		
Garages et abris d'auto neufs	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	02	,000		
New inground swimming pools	Single dwellings Logements simples	03	,000		
Piscines creusées neuves	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	04	,000		
Other improvements	Single dwellings Logements simples	05	,000		
Autres améliorations	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	06	,000		
Totals for this section  Totaux de cette section			,000		

Permits valued at less than \$250,000 Permis évalués à moins de \$250,000			Value of Permits  Valeur des permis  \$	Number of Permits Nombre de permis	
Industrial	New construction Construction neuve	08	,000		
Industriel	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	09	,000		
Commercial	New construction Construction neuve	10	,000		
	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	11	,000		
Institutional and Governmental	New construction Construction neuves	12	,000		
Institutionnel et gouvernemental	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	13	,000		
Totals for this section  Totaux de cette section			.000		

# Section D: Residential Demolitions – Démolitions résidentielles

Type of dwelling Type de logement	None Aucune (✔)	Single-detached Maison individuelle	Cottage Chalet	Semi-detached Semi-détaché	Row Rangée	Apartment Appartement
No. of dwelling units demolished  Nombre d'unités de logement démolies	1					

# Confidentiality

Statistics Canada is prohibited by law from publishing any statistics which would divulge information obtained from this survey that relates to any identifiable business without the previous written consent of that business. The data reported on this questionnaire will be treated in strict confidence, used for statistical purposes and published in aggregate form only. The confidentiality provisions of the Statistics Act are not affected by either the Access to Information Act or any other legislation.

La loi interdit à Statistique Canada de publier des statistiques recueillies au cours de cette enquête qui permettraient d'identifier une entreprise sans que celle-ci en ait donné l'autorisation par écrit au préalable. Les données déclarées sur ce questionnaire resteront confidentielles. Elles serviront exclusivement à des fins statistiques et elles seront publiées seulement de façons agrégée. Les dispositions de la Loi sur la statistique qui traitent de la confidentialité ne sont modifiées d'aucune façon par la Loi sur l'accès à l'information ou

Confidentialité

# General Instructions

Please complete your monthly report in triplicate and send:

- ▶ one copy to **Statistics Canada** in pre-addressed envelope
- ▶ one copy to the local office of the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation in pre-addressed envelope
- ► keep one copy for your files

Please forward your completed report no later than 10 days after the end of the reporting period.

Note: Shaded cells are for Statistics Canada use only.

# Directives générales

Veuillez remplir votre rapport mensuel en trois exemplaires et:

- ▶ faire parvenir une copie à **Statistique Canada** dans l'enveloppe pré-adressée
- ▶ garder une copie pour vos dossiers

toute autre loi.

Veuillez remplir et nous faire parvenir votre rapport au plus tard 10 jours après la fin du mois.

N.B. Les cases ombrées du formulaire sont strictement réservées à l'usage de Statistique Canada.

# Correspondence

- If you need more forms or return envelopes do ONE ONLY of the following:
  - Check off the appropriate box(es) in the "Stock Requirements" section, page 1, cell 13 of the questionnaire.
  - Telephone us.
  - Send us a FAX.
  - Contact us via "internet e-mail".
- ▶ Do you have questions regarding the survey?
- ► Do you need help in completing the form?
- ▶ Do you require additional copies of the "Survey Reporting Guide" and /or the "Self Coding Guide"?

Telephone: 1-888-404-3339 (toll free) FAX: 1-888-505-8091 (toll free) Internet: bdps@stcinet.statcan.ca

If you chose to transmit the questionnaire or information to Statistics Canada by facsimile or internet e-mail communication, please be advised that there coud be a risk of disclosure during the communication process. However, upon receipt of your communication, Statistics Canada will provide the guaranteed level of protection afforded to all information collected under the authority of the Statistics Act.

# Correspondance

- Si vous avez besoin d'autres formulaires ou d'enveloppes de retour faites seulement un des suivants.
  - Cochez le ou les case(s) appropriée(s) à la section "Besoins de fournitures", page 1, case 13 du questionnaire.
  - Veuillez nous téléphoner.
  - Veuillez nous faire parvenir un FAX.
  - Veuillez nous faire parvenir un message par "courrier électronique".
- ► Avez-vous des questions ayant trait à l'enquête?
- ► Avez-vous besoin d'aide à completer le formulaire?
- Avez-vous besoin des copies supplémentaires du "Guide de déclaration de l'enquête" et/ou le "Guide pour autocodage"?

Téléphone: 1-888-404-3339 (sans frais) FAX: 1-888-505-8091 (sans frais) Internet: bdps@stcinet.statcan.ca

Si vous nous transmettez le questionnaire ou de l'information par télécopieur ou par courrier électronique Statistique Canada tient à vous avertir que la transmission des renseignements peut poser un risque de divulgation. Toutefois, dès la réception du document, Statistique Canada offrira le niveau de protection garanti pour tous les renseignements recueillis aux termes de la Loi sur la statistique.