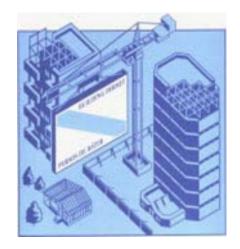


Building Permits

August 2001





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Statistics Canada Investment and Capital Stock Division Current Investment Indicators Section

Building Permits

August 2001

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Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- -- amount too small to be expressed.
- p preliminary figures.
- r revised figures.
- x confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.
- SA Seasonally adjusted at monthly rate.
- SAAR Seasonally adjusted at annual rate.

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Geographical Abbreviations

PD A.R. Planning District Agglomération de recensement Planning District Remainder BOR Borough PDR City/Cité С Rural County Remainder RCR C.A. Census Agglomeration RGM Regional Municipality **Chartered Community** CC R.M.R. Région métropolitaine de recensement CDR Census Division Remainder RDR Regional District Remainder CM County (Municipality) Rural Municipality RMC.M.A. Census Metropolitan Area RVResort Village COM Community SA Special Area CR County Remainder S-E Indian Settleman/Établissement indien CT Canton SCM Subdivision of County Municipality Cantons-Unis CU SD Sans désignation DM District (Municipality) SET Settlement HAM Hamlet SM Specialize Municipality ID Improvement District SRD Subdivision of Regional District IGD Indian Government District SUN Subdivision of Unorganized District **LGD** SV Summer Village Local Government District LOT Lot and Royalty Т Town M Municipalité T.N.O. Territoires du Nord-Ouest MD **Municipal District** TP Township Northern Hamlet UCR **Urban County Remainder** NH NT Northern Town UNO Unorganized/Non organisé NV Northern Village V Ville

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N.W.T.

PAR

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Part I - Analysis

Highlights

August 2001

- · The value of building permits issued by municipalities declined 4.4% in August, halting a series of four straight monthly increases. Builders took out \$3.3 billion worth of building permits.
- The value of non-residential permits fell 11.9% to \$1.4 billion as commercial permits hit their second lowest monthly value this year. A substantial decrease in institutional permits also contributed to the decline.
- In contrast, both single- and multi-family dwelling construction intentions rose, lifting the value of housing permits 2.5% to \$1.8 billion. The increase in the value of single-family dwelling permits was the fourth in a row.
- On a year-to-date basis, municipalities issued building permits worth \$26.8 billion during the first eight months of the year, up 11.2% from the same period in 2000. This was the highest cumulative level for any January-to-August period since 1989. Both the residential and nonresidential sectors showed advances.
- Regionally, the most significant growth (in dollars) came from the Montreal area (+45.5%) where the cumulative value of construction intentions in the commercial sector was double that of the first eight months of 2000. The next- highest increases - Vancouver (+16.3%) and Toronto (+5.2%) - were some distance behind. In contrast, Halifax showed the biggest decline (-38.8%), with drops in both residential and non-residential sectors.

Monthly Review

Construction intentions up for both singleand multi-family dwellings

 The value of building permits for multi-family dwellings rose 6.0% to \$470 million in August, while permits for single-family dwellings increased 1.3% to \$1.4 billion.

- Provincially, the largest gains in the residential sector in August occurred in Ontario (+4.6% to \$866 million) and in Alberta (+11.6% to \$307 million). In both provinces, single- as well as multi-family dwellings contributed to the advances. The largest decline in residential permits occurred in British Columbia (-14.5% to \$203 million), the result of a strong decrease in the value of multi-family permits. It was British Columbia's third consecutive monthly decline in housing permits.
- Despite the weak growth in the economy for the second quarter of 2001, signals from several housing indicators reflected strength in this sector. In August, housing starts were up 11.6%, sales of existing homes in Canada's 25 major markets rose 6.9% and the new housing price index recently recorded its strongest annual increase since 1990. Also contributing to these strong results were advantageous mortgage rates, a high level of full-time employment, an increase in the number of immigrants and the low number of vacant multi-family dwellings.
- The value of housing permits for the first eight months of the year reached a record \$14.6 billion, up 8.0% from the same period in 2000. Cumulative figures for both single- and multi-family dwellings were higher than those from the same period last year.
- · Among the provinces so far this year, the strongest growth (in dollars) in residential construction intentions came from Ontario (+6.0%) while Nova Scotia showed the largest decline (-17.3%).

Commercial and institutional declines hit the non-residential sector

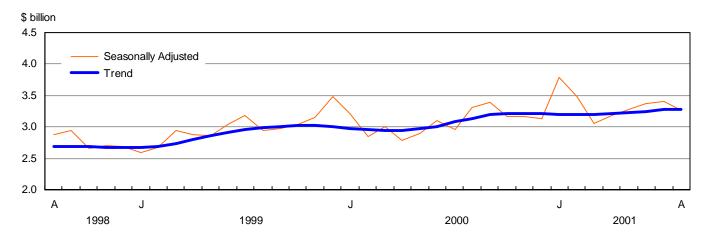
- The value of building permits in the non-residential sector slid in August after a strong 15.3% advance in July. Declines in intentions for both the commercial and institutional components were partially offset by an increase in industrial permits.
- The sector has seen mixed signals from both businesses and consumers. Corporate operating profits rose in the second quarter of 2001. However, retail trade fell for a second consecutive month in July, and in the second quarter of 2001, industries lowered their use of production capacity for a fourth consecutive quarter.

- Industrial construction intentions increased 18.7% to \$288 million in August after two monthly declines. Intentions in the utility and transportation category showed the most significant increase. The greatest growth (in dollar terms) for industrial intentions was in Alberta, where the value of industrial projects far more than doubled (+146.9% to \$105 million), the highest value since October 1999.
- The value of commercial permits fell 16.7% in August to \$721 million, following a 25.5% jump in July. The value of permits in the warehouse category recorded the largest decrease. Ontario posted the largest decline (-22.7% to \$289 million).
- Institutional building intentions fell for the first time in six months (-18.3% to \$420 million). The hospital and medical category showed the most important loss. Following a strong month, British Columbia recorded the most significant decrease due to a decline in the hospital and medical category in the Vancouver area.

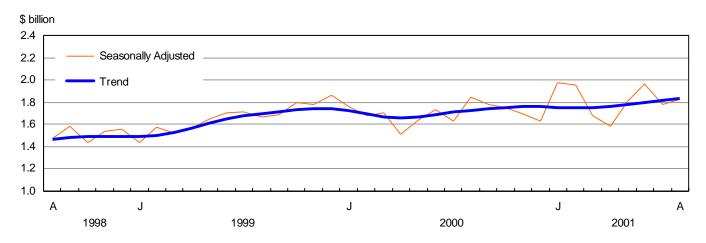
- Among the provinces, Alberta recorded the largest gain in the non-residential sector (+28.4% to \$260 million). In contrast, Ontario recorded the largest decrease (-17.7% to \$595 million) following robust gains in both June and July.
- On a year-to-date basis, non-residential building intentions rose 15.2% to \$12.2 billion, their best showing for the first eight months of any year since 1989. The largest advance was posted by the institutional component (+36.6% to \$3.2 billion). Permits for commercial projects reached \$6.6 billion, up 14.0%, while the industrial component showed a 1.6% decline to \$2.5 billion.
- Among the provinces, Quebec had the largest increase in the non-residential sector on a year-to-date basis (+40.7% to \$2.8 billion) on the strength of the office buildings and trade and services categories in the Montreal area. The largest declines occurred in Nova Scotia and Manitoba.

Building permits - Canada

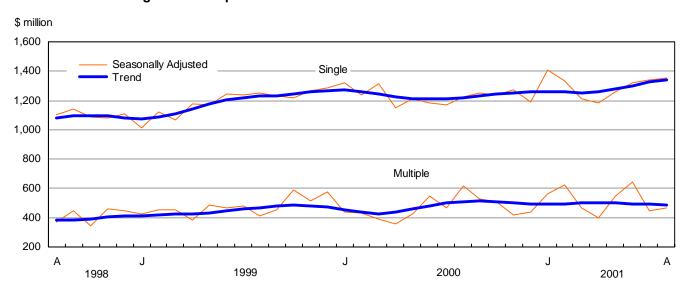
Total value of building permits



Residential value - Total

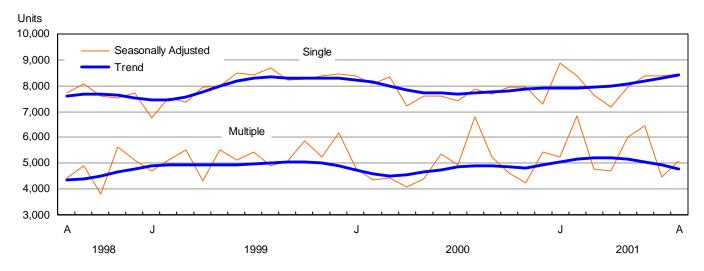


Residential value - single and multiple

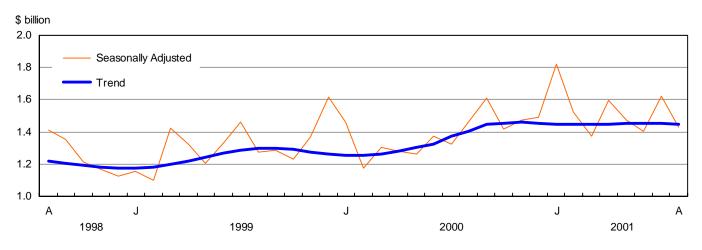


Building permits - Canada

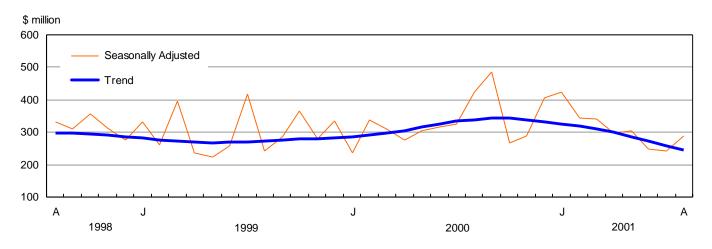
Number of dwelling units - single and multiple



Non residential value - Total

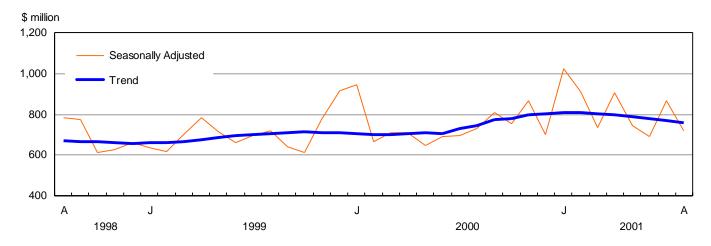


Industrial value

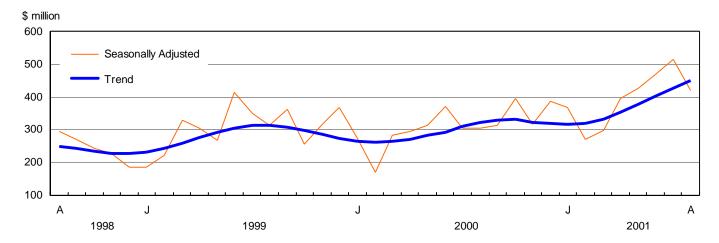


Building permits - Canada

Commercial value



Institutional and Governmental value



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Part II – Tables (Seasonally Adjusted)

Table 1 Total Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2001	2001						
		July ^R	Aug Jul.	Jul Jun.	Jun May	May - Apr.	Apr Mar.	Mar Feb.
	thousands	s of dollars			percentag	e change		
Canada	3,253,525	3,402,399	-4.4	1.0	2.8	3.0	4.4	-12.4
Newfoundland	33,489	29,347	14.1	-7.1	-13.7	67.9	22.4	39.8
Prince Edward Island	32,617	13,705	138.0	-76.2	1,148.2	-42.9	17.6	51.5
Nova Scotia	62,412	83,593	-25.3	38.4	-24.3	40.1	39.1	-13.6
New Brunswick	53,610	47,371	13.2	7.3	-20.0	55.4	16.5	-42.0
Québec	577,787	563,580	2.5	-7.5	-6.3	5.4	8.6	-12.9
Ontario	1,460,443	1,549,597	-5.8	-1.3	16.9	-0.1	0.4	-22.9
Manitoba	55,181	66,005	-16.4	-7.9	12.4	-2.0	-0.7	26.9
Saskatchewan	46,135	72,649	-36.5	59.9	-29.3	-17.9	28.0	18.0
Alberta	566,663	477,248	18.7	9.2	-14.6	15.8	-12.2	18.7
British Columbia	353,161	461,357	-23.5	5.8	-5.0	-9.1	22.5	-7.0
Yukon	2,754	19,108	-85.6	915.8	-47.2	-39.7	187.2	-51.1
Northwest Territories	3,867	15,978	-75.8	457.7	64.3	-46.2	96.3	61.2
Nunavut	5,406	2,861	89.0	151.2	-79.0	576.7	11.9	-

Table 2 Non-Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2001	2001	A Lul	Lat. Lan	L N.4	N.4 A	A M	Man Fala
	August ^P	July ^R	Aug Jul.	Jul Jun.	Jun May	May - Apr.	Apr Mar.	Mar Feb.
	thousands	s of dollars			percentag	e change		
Canada	1,428,748	1,621,905	-11.9	15.3	-4.6	-7.6	16.3	-10.0
Newfoundland	18,180	14,248	27.6	12.4	-32.4	65.2	19.9	173.8
Prince Edward Island	27,200	9,082	199.5	-81.6	2,824.6	-49.8	10.5	1,211.2
Nova Scotia	22,432	32,121	-30.2	174.0	-69.1	41.7	134.2	-43.8
New Brunswick	23,741	24,224	-2.0	21.7	-42.1	87.4	61.1	-63.4
Québec	280,803	270,069	4.0	-7.1	-21.4	-1.6	20.6	-14.2
Ontario	594,770	722,249	-17.7	24.8	18.9	-16.6	18.3	-25.2
Manitoba	24,890	35,419	-29.7	-6.6	11.0	-24.4	22.2	36.3
Saskatchewan	23,105	56,081	-58.8	85.0	-24.3	-33.8	37.8	32.2
Alberta	259,698	202,283	28.4	13.0	-23.8	22.8	-27.6	69.0
British Columbia	150,139	223,807	-32.9	15.8	-8.2	-22.4	47.3	-18.5
Yukon	1,298	16,921	-92.3	1,558.9	-46.4	-60.5	932.3	-79.6
Northwest Territories	1,200	14,395	-91.7	1,918.9	409.3	-93.8	77.8	34.6
Nunavut	1,292	1,006	28.4	14.4	-61.2	770.4		

Table 3
Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2001	2001						
		July ^R	Aug Jul.	Jul Jun.	Jun May	May - Apr.	Apr Mar.	Mar Feb.
	thousands	s of dollars			percentag	e change		
Canada	1,824,777	1,780,494	2.5	-9.3	8.7	13.7	-5.4	-14.3
Newfoundland	15,309	15,099	1.4	-20.2	5.9	70.9	25.3	-10.2
Prince Edward Island	5,417	4,623	17.2	-43.1	178.4	-38.0	23.2	-11.1
Nova Scotia	39,980	51,472	-22.3	5.8	16.3	38.8	2.2	9.2
New Brunswick	29,869	23,147	29.0	-4.5	16.3	21.3	-10.1	-11.2
Québec	296,984	293,511	1.2	-7.9	13.7	16.1	-6.0	-11.3
Ontario	865,673	827,348	4.6	-16.5	15.8	12.7	-10.1	-21.5
Manitoba	30,291	30,586	-1.0	-9.4	14.1	49.0	-30.5	16.5
Saskatchewan	23,030	16,568	39.0	9.5	-37.6	36.2	3.2	-7.3
Alberta	306,965	274,965	11.6	6.6	-6.8	10.5	4.7	-10.6
British Columbia	203,022	237,550	-14.5	-2.2	-2.2	6.5	2.4	5.0
Yukon	1,456	2,187	-33.4	154.0	-48.1	53.0	-31.8	-17.0
Northwest Territories	2,667	1,583	68.5	-26.4	34.2	64.2	158.5	384.6
Nunavut	4,114	1,855	121.8	613.5	-91.8	483.5	-24.4	-

Table 4
Number of Dwelling Units Authorized, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rate

Province/Territory	2001	2001	A Lul	hal has	Luc Mari	Maria Arra	A M	NA E-I-
		 July ^R	Aug Jul.	Jul Jun.	Jun May	May - Apr.	Apr Mar.	Mar Feb.
	uni	ts			percentag	e change		
Canada	162,408	154,176	5.3	-13.1	5.8	17.8	-4.7	-18.1
Newfoundland	1,500	1,536	-2.3	-2.3	-17.1	75.6	28.6	-4.1
Prince Edward Island	684	588	16.3	2.1	118.2	-50.0	18.9	-31.5
Nova Scotia	3,936	4,512	-12.8	-16.4	-6.1	93.9	9.8	8.7
New Brunswick	3,648	2,460	48.3	-16.3	12.4	16.0	-10.0	0.5
Québec	27,264	26,928	1.2	-10.0	11.3	14.0	0.8	-9.9
Ontario	69,096	66,132	4.5	-24.0	18.6	23.4	-20.1	-23.0
Manitoba	2,880	3,420	-15.8	-3.7	39.0	51.1	-28.4	4.8
Saskatchewan	3,216	1,644	95.6	20.2	-48.2	41.9	15.7	-13.5
Alberta	33,912	30,660	10.6	13.7	-10.8	8.3	14.3	-26.9
British Columbia	15,684	15,984	-1.9	-11.1	-14.6	1.0	26.3	5.0
Yukon	96	204	-52.9	41.7	-	33.3	-40.0	36.4
Northwest Territories	96	24	300.0	-60.0	-16.7	-		
Nunavut	396	84	371.4	600.0	-95.5	633.3	-25.0	-

Table 5 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated value	e of constructio	n	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Canada July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	8,390 8,458 65,224 62,534	4,458 5,076 43,566 39,151	12,848 13,534 108,790 101,685	1,780,494 1,824,777 14,565,046 13,487,378	242,742 288,091 2,486,994 2,528,082	865,270 720,586 6,591,363 5,782,325	513,893 420,071 3,162,343 2,314,359	1,621,905 1,428,748 12,240,700 10,624,766	3,402,399 3,253,525 26,805,746 24,112,144
Newfoundland July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	119 111 838 823	9 14 99 66	128 125 937 889	15,099 15,309 115,471 113,556	1,018 3,766 6,183 3,936	10,018 8,817 72,384 33,919	3,212 5,597 13,663 18,213	14,248 18,180 92,230 56,068	29,347 33,489 207,701 169,624
Prince Edward Island July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	37 50 303 292	12 7 79 45	49 57 382 337	4,623 5,417 39,106 36,863	90 4,273 5,675 5,875	8,991 21,703 47,193 16,461	1 1,224 47,178 5,173	9,082 27,200 100,046 27,509	13,705 32,617 139,152 64,372
Nova Scotia July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	268 294 1,882 2,125	108 34 674 1,329	376 328 2,556 3,454	51,472 39,980 302,342 365,504	2,510 7,145 28,202 32,947	16,716 13,843 126,781 145,514	12,895 1,444 29,866 95,824	32,121 22,432 184,849 274,285	83,593 62,412 487,191 639,789
New Brunswick July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	177 167 1,266 1,385	28 137 545 419	205 304 1,811 1,804	23,147 29,869 178,994 177,656	3,680 2,940 33,913 35,816	11,177 12,292 91,707 81,120	9,367 8,509 50,784 33,197	24,224 23,741 176,404 150,133	47,371 53,610 355,398 327,789
Quebec July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,415 1,408 10,562 9,767	829 864 7,573 6,296	2,244 2,272 18,135 16,063	293,511 296,984 2,362,776 2,079,008	46,651 36,410 692,531 620,920	169,991 177,778 1,647,621 970,136	53,427 66,615 412,011 364,808	270,069 280,803 2,752,163 1,955,864	563,580 577,787 5,114,939 4,034,872
Ontario July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	3,603 3,599 29,329 29,084	1,908 2,159 20,744 18,331	5,511 5,758 50,073 47,415	827,348 865,673 7,173,758 6,769,299	114,462 101,045 1,007,261 1,151,075	373,847 288,910 2,444,244 2,317,882	233,940 204,815 1,536,188 961,807	722,249 594,770 4,987,693 4,430,764	1,549,597 1,460,443 12,161,451 11,200,063
Manitoba July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	188 174 1,450 1,537	97 66 327 218	285 240 1,777 1,755	30,586 30,291 227,239 235,287	5,428 8,514 63,289 91,025	20,437 10,841 165,739 178,779	9,554 5,535 38,487 83,962	35,419 24,890 267,515 353,766	66,005 55,181 494,754 589,053
Saskatchewan July ^R August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	117 89 889 1,201	20 179 453 537	137 268 1,342 1,738	16,568 23,030 150,811 180,342	6,510 2,895 56,223 36,384	31,012 15,381 162,119 161,721	18,559 4,829 129,206 79,077	56,081 23,105 347,548 277,182	72,649 46,135 498,359 457,524

Table 5

Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted – Concluded

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units	Estimated value of construction						
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total	
		dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total			
		units				thousand	s of dollars			
Alberta										
July ^R	1,715	840	2,555	274,965	42,605	110,146	49,532	202,283	477,248	
August ^P	1,828	998	2,826	306,965	105,173	83,858	70,667	259,698	566,663	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	13,213	6,859	20,072	2,127,323	415,347	872,000	367,674	1,655,021	3,782,344	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	11,211	6,695	17,906	1,922,652	360,039	936,195	273,887	1,570,121	3,492,773	
British Columbia										
July ^R	727	605	1,332	237,550	19,394	103,592	100,821	223,807	461,357	
August ^P	720	587	1,307	203,022	14,928	85,188	50,023	150,139	353,161	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	5,328	6,163	11,491	1,851,688	175,240	937,397	508,124	1,620,761	3,472,449	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	4,971	5,057	10,028	1,566,042	188,720	916,411	361,607	1,466,738	3,032,780	
Yukon										
July ^R	17	-	17	2,187	300	8,038	8,583	16,921	19,108	
August ^P	8	-	8	1,456	5	480	813	1,298	2,754	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	110	3	113	14,259	794	13,679	14,718	29,191	43,450	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	82	6	88	10,427	382	8,971	21,575	30,928	41,355	
Northwest Territories										
July ^R	2	-	2	1,583	94	549	13,752	14,395	15,978	
August ^P	7	1	8	2,667	15	1,185	-	1,200	3,867	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	26	1	27	9,920	1,354	6,031	14,194	21,579	31,499	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	33	8	41	8,475	738	7,043	630	8,411	16,886	
Nunavut										
July ^R	5	2	7	1,855	-	756	250	1,006	2,861	
August ^P	3	30	33	4,114	982	310	-	1,292	5,406	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	28	46	74	11,359	982	4,468	250	5,700	17,059	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	23	144	167	22,267	225	8,173	14,599	22,997	45,264	

¹ Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.

Table 6 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted

Month	Numb	per of dwelling	gunits			Estimated valu	e of construction	l	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Calgary, Alberta									
July ^R	693	645	1,338	138,905	3,394	36,498	16,814	56,706	195,611
August ^P	720	445	1,165	137,125	2,869	44,353	15,314	62,536	199,661
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	5,153	2,786	7,939	946,444	64,890	345,362	138,892	549,144	1,495,588
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	4,265	2,838	7,103	851,168	93,525	414,736	139,866	648,127	1,499,295
Chicoutimi-Jonquite, Quebec									
July ^R	31	6	37	5,061	1,163	1,821	781	3,765	8,826
August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	26 173	10	36	5,222	364	8,567	201	9,132	14,354
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	173	115 87	288 246	37,120 34,448	11,258 32,593	48,285 17,895	24,584 9,840	84,127 60,328	121,247 94,776
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	137	07	240	34,440	32,373	17,073	7,040	00,320	74,770
Edmonton, Alberta	4.40	04	F04	F/ F7/	0.410	15.007	. 04/	20 544	07.100
July ^R	440	81	521	56,576	8,412	15,886	6,246	30,544	87,120
August ^P Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	479 3,420	346 1,530	825 4,950	78,172 481,239	15,733 59,107	18,630 224,694	18,654 91,961	53,017 375,762	131,189 857,001
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	2,930	1,900	4,830	457,178	51,289	265,634	38,162	355,085	812,263
Jamaian Jam Tag. 2000	2,700	.,,,,	.,000	.07,170	0.,20,	200,001	00,102	000/000	0.2,200
Halifax, Nova Scotia July ^R	112	7.1	186	20 422	27	0 745	257	9,049	27 402
August ^P	154	74 8	162	28,633 21,056	315	8,765 2,195	25 <i>1</i> 15	9,049 2,525	37,682 23,581
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	880	504	1,384	165,008	1,939	59,263	7,408	68,610	233,618
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	984	1,186	2,170	214,515	8,573	101,935	56,777	167,285	381,800
Hamilton, Ontario									
July ^R	154	108	262	35,083	14,413	14,638	2,114	31,165	66,248
August ^P	225	208	433	56,388	471	11,227	29,209	40,907	97,295
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	1,210	1,303	2,513	318,342	58,397	104,884	111,371	274,652	592,994
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,291	689	1,980	266,629	45,575	89,464	76,726	211,765	478,394
Hull, Quebec									
July ^R	152	63	215	24,384	192	2,705	3,277	6,174	30,558
August ^P	130	66	196	23,089	13	3,152	3,116	6,281	29,370
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	799	441	1,240	138,365	7,494	103,385	14,688	125,567	263,932
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	486	237	723	82,707	4,899	71,880	18,986	95,765	178,472
Kitchener, Ontario									
July ^R	194	183	377	40,131	9,738	24,244	48,564	82,546	122,677
August ^P	193	186	379	46,633	13,695	8,679	9,318	31,692	78,325
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	1,448	1,256	2,704	306,696	64,003	160,944	96,664	321,611	628,307
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,464	921	2,385	267,454	86,758	78,171	60,895	225,824	493,278
London, Ontario									
July ^R	120	28	148	18,581	2,574	8,141	2,790	13,505	32,086
August ^P	128	55	183	22,489	1,228	8,780	986	10,994	33,483
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	970 985	407 446	1,377 1,431	171,449 166,855	29,002 25,685	120,567 76,391	159,778 52,956	309,347 155,032	480,796 321,887
_			.,	,3	-,0	-,	,	/	, _ 3 ,
Montr é l, Quebec July ^R	595	336	931	137,206	22,905	132,368	17,101	172,374	309,580
August ^P	651	330 455	1,106	150,012	17,433	132,368	30,337	172,374	306,438
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	4,817	4,460	9,277	1,213,611	452,665	1,065,840	177,522	1,696,027	2,909,638
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	4,554	3,596	8,150	1,019,545	303,504	502,236	174,202	979,942	1,999,487
ŭ									

Table 6

Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted – Continued

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	units	Estimated value of construction						
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	sidential		Total	
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total		
		units				thousand	s of dollars			
Oshawa, Ontario										
July ^R	106	13	119	19,131	1,535	4,779	26,411	32,725	51,856	
August ^P	165	8	173	28,402	4,294	8,004	10,002	22,300	50,702	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	1,292	482	1,774	242,679	33,237	46,069	54,819	134,125	376,804	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,456	931	2,387	276,245	50,985	53,085	91,137	195,207	471,452	
Ottawa, Ontario										
July ^R	281	240	521	63,615	5,975	51,227	10,582	67,784	131,399	
August ^P	266	302	568	72,712	1,315	29,547	6,679	37,541	110,253	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	2,598	1,925	4,523	577,033	36,109	289,440	91,177	416,726	993,759	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	2,300	1,324	3,624	490,814	36,487	307,493	75,067	419,047	909,861	
Qubec, Quebec										
July ^R	137	41	178	25,495	3,758	5,511	12,163	21,432	46,927	
August ^P	126	27	153	23,046	1,657	23,930	13,656	39,243	62,289	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	1,049	747	1,796	235,832	25,918	131,466	63,385	220,769	456,601	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	878	774	1,652	184,694	15,728	112,977	59,765	188,470	373,164	
Regina, Saskatchewan										
July ^R	44	2	46	5,876	1,118	9,156	1,628	11,902	17,778	
August ^P	19	40	59	4,758	49	2,062	2,034	4,145	8,903	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	234	100	334	39,147	4,049	45,932	59,500	109,481	148,628	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	366	86	452	46,782	4,745	44,965	6,225	55,935	102,717	
Saint John, New Brunswick										
July ^R	26	1	27	3,074	197	2,692	655	3,544	6,618	
August ^P	29	-	29	3,454	1,472	3,022	3,338	7,832	11,286	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	174	23	197	24,245	2,692	17,126	11,942	31,760	56,005	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	174	37	211	26,332	7,904	21,624	10,473	40,001	66,333	
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan										
July ^R	33	14	47	5,298	5,121	5,320	2,557	12,998	18,296	
August ^P	44	135	179	14,027	1,403	5,252	872	7,527	21,554	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	346	295	641	62,494	35,887	46,407	30,678	112,972	175,466	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	402	309	711	67,010	26,075	65,135	31,618	122,828	189,838	
Sherbrooke, Quebec										
July ^R	28	149	177	12,439	4,922	243	405	5,570	18,009	
August ^P	21	41	62	5,923	616	921	10	1,547	7,470	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	227	311	538	52,860	10,968	19,715	8,812	39,495	92,355	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	260	177	437	52,515	7,186	13,722	5,026	25,934	78,449	
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	1									
July ^R	82	17	99	17,414	1,720	10,643	5,114	17,477	34,891	
August ^P	104	11	115	16,828	1,037	9,072	8,766	18,875	35,703	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	601	187	788	117,707	14,535	82,746	42,397	139,678	257,385	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	718	169	887	120,035	23,757	90,560	27,653	141,970	262,005	
St. John's, Newfoundland										
July ^R	78	9	87	9,748	498	5,090	80	5,668	15,416	
August ^P	72	13	85	9,993	263	7,591	5,027	12,881	22,874	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	562	86	648	75,154	1,230	41,940	9,419	52,589	127,743	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	569	61	630	79,847	3,229	21,182	9,018	33,429	113,276	

Table 6 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted – Concluded

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	units	Estimated value of construction						
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	sidential		Total	
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total		
		units				thousand	s of dollars			
Sudbury, Ontario										
July ^R	19	-	19	3,780	107	511	265	883	4,663	
August ^P	31 139	-	31	6,251	222	1,848	1,039	3,109	9,360	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	98	2	139 100	27,739 22,992	2,484 3,287	11,769 9,028	7,812 10,035	22,065 22,350	49,804 45,342	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	90	2	100	22,992	3,207	9,020	10,033	22,330	40,342	
Thunder Bay, Ontario	1/		1/	2 (05	27	/ 4/2	FF7	7.04/	0.741	
July ^R August ^P	16 16	- 1	16 17	2,695 2,954	26 39	6,463 364	557 12,320	7,046 12,723	9,741 15,677	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	118	8	126	2,954 19,898	5,146	22,036	27,725	54,907	74,805	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	132	48	180	26,738	5,732	25,510	15,693	46,935	73,673	
ournalative surf. Plag. 2000	102	10	100	20,700	0,702	20,010	10,070	10,700	70,070	
Toronto, Ontario	4 407		0.507	440.450		450.054	0.4.000			
July ^R	1,497	1,039	2,536	413,153	43,591	150,354	84,083	278,028	691,181	
August ^P	1,399	1,081	2,480	390,942	43,327	138,166	101,757	283,250	674,192	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	11,941 11,351	12,495 11,690	24,436 23,041	3,650,308 3,465,188	445,737 485,647	1,121,096 1,165,237	533,579 351,387	2,100,412 2,002,271	5,750,720 5,467,459	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	11,331	11,090	23,041	3,403,100	405,047	1,105,257	331,307	2,002,271	5,407,459	
Trois-Rivièes, Quebec										
July ^R	39	17	56	6,477	1,325	1,756	90	3,171	9,648	
August ^P	33	9	42	5,919	956	2,328	1,463	4,747	10,666	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	167 150	55 94	222 244	33,658 34,247	6,041 3,408	23,266 21,039	15,447 20,411	44,754 44,858	78,412 79,105	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	130	74	244	34,247	3,400	21,039	20,411	44,030	77,103	
Vancouver, British Columbia										
July ^R	316	462	778	147,593	6,539	69,334	54,774	130,647	278,240	
August ^P	335	386	721	123,616	7,751	43,589	20,376	71,716	195,332	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	2,328 2,133	4,798 3,654	7,126 5,787	1,204,098 961,500	79,725 86,937	580,061 609,923	264,602 171,957	924,388 868,817	2,128,486 1,830,317	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	2,133	3,034	5,787	901,300	80,937	009,923	171,957	808,817	1,830,317	
Victoria, British Columbia										
July ^R	74	38	112	22,484	4,128	4,763	4,200	13,091	35,575	
August ^P	58	33	91	13,713	1,819	2,705	2,955	7,479	21,192	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	441 390	190 241	631 631	117,629 107,535	22,698	60,564 58,859	24,014	107,276 89,897	224,905 197,432	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	390	241	031	107,333	6,887	30,039	24,151	09,097	197,432	
Windsor, Ontario										
July ^R	157	61	218	32,199	1,612	30,689	753	33,054	65,253	
August ^P	131	94	225	44,353	2,211	17,590	788	20,589	64,942	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	1,109	373	1,482	235,596	24,433	87,897	25,302	137,632	373,228	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,248	294	1,542	230,859	34,061	47,555	33,811	115,427	346,286	
Winnipeg, Manitoba										
July ^R	109	84	193	18,544	1,735	18,603	5,351	25,689	44,233	
August ^P	99	50	149	18,194	1,482	7,221	4,289	12,992	31,186	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	805	251	1,056	134,249	12,683	125,547	27,040	165,270	299,519	
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	774	69	843	127,512	39,047	129,245	56,905	225,197	352,709	

Part III - Tables (Unadjusted)

Table 7

Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted

Month			N	Number of dwe	elling unit		
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings
Canada							
July ^R	9,323	126	885	949	2,510	200	13,993
August ^P	9,200	149	676	1,708	2,514	236	14,483
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	67,895	691	6,954	10,095	22,203	2,162	110,000
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	65,599	636	7,034	10,873	20,433	1,672	106,247
Newfoundland							
July ^R	184	3	-	-	12	-	199
August ^P	145	1	-	8	6	1	161
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	925	9 7	14 39	11 8	55 16	21	1,035 930
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	856	1	39	8	10	4	930
Prince Edward Island July ^R	4.4	0		4	12		40
August ^P	44 60	8 14	2	4 4	12	-	68 80
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	235	39	10	12	72	6	374
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	261	32	6	-	26	-	325
Nova Scotia							
July ^R	335	31	7	5	86	3	467
August ^P	351	18	10	4	34	3	420
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	2,028	100	26	21	615	33	2,823
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	2,192	76	81	17	1,208	28	3,602
New Brunswick							
July ^R	254	8	2	6	37	6	313
August ^P	213	27	3 19	7 21	173 516	15 84	438
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,286 1,367	66 71	19 26	28	361	62	1,992 1,915
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,307	71	20	20	301	02	1,713
Quebec July ^R	1,119	34	77	2	444	67	1.743
August ^P	1,260	40	80	41	480	70	1,971
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	11,273	201	737	206	5,281	908	18,606
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	10,777	162	584	321	4,598	737	17,179
Ontario							
July ^R	4,141	23	595	660	668	65	6,152
August ^P	4,001	33	443	1,138	343	62	6,020
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	29,960	153	5,007	7,265	6,256	659	49,300
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	30,095	157	5,273	7,107	5,160	563	48,355
Manitoba	222	F			0/	2	200
July ^R August ^P	230 201	5 3	-	-	96 45	2	333
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	201 1,578	3 22	3	- 19	65 303	1 4	270 1,929
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,650	40	18	53	138	10	1,909
Jamaian Jun. May. 2000	1,000	-10	10	55	130	10	1,707

Table 7 Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted – Concluded

Month	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Saskatchewan										
July ^R	152	2	8	-	10	2	174			
August ^P	97	1	4	74	95	7	278			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	873	9	79	108	251	16	1,336			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,255	14	46	183	306	3	1,807			
Alberta										
July ^R	1,908	8	151	120	621	11	2,819			
August ^P	1,981	9	94	180	967	2	3,233			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	13,824	65	899	1,137	4,222	179	20,326			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	11,661	52	655	1,527	4,818	72	18,785			
British Columbia										
July ^R	923	4	45	152	522	44	1,690			
August ^P	860	3	40	252	321	74	1,550			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	5,758	24	156	1,295	4,588	250	12,071			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	5,372	11	294	1,569	3,721	188	11,155			
Yukon										
July ^R	21	-	-	-	-	-	21			
August ^P	13	-	-	-	-	-	13			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	82	2	2	-	-	1	87			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	54	14	-	-	2	4	74			
Northwest Territories										
July ^R	7	-	-	-	-	-	7			
August ^P	15	-	-	-	-	1	16			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	45	1	-	-	-	1	47			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	36	-	-	-	7	1	44			
Nunavut										
July ^R	5	-	-	-	2	-	7			
August ^P	3	-	-	-	30	-	33			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	28	-	2	-	44	-	74			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	23	-	12	60	72	-	167			

Table 8 Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, August 2001

Census Metropolitan Areas	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Calgary, Alberta	745	-	43	140	383	1	1,312			
Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec	22	-	-	-	3	5	30			
Edmonton, Alberta	495	-	18	6	416	1	936			
Halifax, Nova Scotia	161	-	2	4	2	-	169			
Hamilton, Ontario	237	-	8	173	-	-	418			
Hull, Quebec	110	1	13	4	33	2	163			
Kitchener, Ontario	204	-	13	42	105	2	366			
London, Ontario	135	-	4	44	-	-	183			
Montréal, Quebec	558	-	30	27	266	35	916			
Oshawa, Ontario	174	-	3	-	-	4	181			
Ottawa, Ontario	281	-	39	198	18	8	544			
Québec, Quebec	108	-	2	3	14	2	129			
Regina,, Saskatchewan	19	-	-	-	40	-	59			
Saint John, New Brunswick	34	1	-	-	-	-	35			
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	44	-	4	70	55	6	179			
Sherbrooke, Quebec	18	-	2	-	30	-	50			
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	110	-	-	7	-	3	120			
St. John's, Newfoundland	88	-	-	8	4	1	101			
Sudbury, Ontario	33	-	-	-	-	-	33			
Thunder Bay, Ontario	17	-	-	-	-	1	18			
Toronto, Ontario	1,475	-	314	516	102	9	2,416			
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	28	-	6	-	-	1	35			
Vancouver, British Columbia	407	-	2	170	132	65	776			
Victoria, British Columbia	70	-	-	22	2	8	102			
Windsor, Ontario	138	-	14	-	57	11	220			
Winnipeg, Manitoba	116	-	-	-	49	1	166			

Table 9 Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, January - August 2001

Census Metropolitan Areas	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Calgary, Alberta	5,380	-	401	564	1,869	7	8,221			
Chicoutimi-Jonquière, Quebec	206	4	5	-	62	53	330			
Edmonton, Alberta	3,623	-	320	73	1,050	122	5,188			
Halifax, Nova Scotia	974	-	4	13	468	19	1,478			
Hamilton, Ontario	1,238	-	120	597	389	77	2,421			
Hull, Quebec	846	4	137	7	290	11	1,295			
Kitchener, Ontario	1,489	-	81	329	754	32	2,685			
London, Ontario	1,021	-	29	234	115	7	1,406			
Montréal, Quebec	5,071	-	353	162	3,101	507	9,194			
Oshawa, Ontario	1,321	-	122	295	-	16	1,754			
Ottawa, Ontario	2,674	-	252	1,251	225	92	4,494			
Québec, Quebec	1,199	4	61	5	508	80	1,857			
Regina,, Saskatchewan	227	-	53	-	44	3	327			
Saint John, New Brunswick	187	3	2	4	16	1	213			
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	352	1	19	88	179	9	648			
Sherbrooke, Quebec	262	-	22	-	230	12	526			
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	632	2	46	92	33	6	811			
St. John's, Newfoundland	603	-	14	11	49	11	688			
Sudbury, Ontario	155	2	-	-	-	-	157			
Thunder Bay, Ontario	130	2	2	-	2	3	139			
Toronto, Ontario	11,905	-	3,760	3,615	3,902	270	23,452			
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	190	1	26	-	11	12	240			
Vancouver, British Columbia	2,559	-	24	1,089	3,463	201	7,336			
Victoria, British Columbia	471	6	3	66	85	29	660			
Windsor, Ontario	1,160	-	136	55	144	16	1,511			
Winnipeg, Manitoba	910	-	-	19	231	1	1,161			

Table 10
Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted

Month	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)							
	Residential		Non-residential		Total			
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental				
Canada								
July ^R	2,014,763	272,129	980,569	597,599	3,865,060			
August ^P	2,013,625	314,829	756,591	444,768	3,529,813			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	14,961,669 14,174,930	2,269,982 2,550,173	6,055,625 5,600,970	3,189,961 2,385,241	26,477,237 24,711,314			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	14,174,930	2,350,175	5,000,970	2,300,241	24,711,314			
Newfoundland								
July ^R	23,757	1,018	10,988	3,440	39,203			
August ^P	19,646	3,766	10,088	4,790	38,290			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001 Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	128,426 118,877	6,183 3,936	65,867 27,713	10,498 24,307	210,974 174,833			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	110,077	3,730	27,713	24,307	174,033			
Prince Edward Island								
July ^R	6,000	90	8,991	1	15,082			
August ^P	7,289	4,273	21,703	1,224	34,489			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	38,201	5,675	47,193	47,178	138,247			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	37,497	5,875	16,461	5,173	65,006			
Nova Scotia								
July ^R	57,912	3,242	20,778	12,895	94,827			
August ^P	50,575	7,720	14,375	1,444	74,114			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	327,582	25,366	115,566	29,866	498,380			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	381,379	35,420	139,931	95,824	652,554			
New Brunswick								
July ^R	33,701	4,501	11,177	9,367	58,746			
August ^P	38,956	3,196	12,292	8,509	62,953			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	193,883	21,007	91,707	50,784	357,381			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	189,327	33,557	81,120	33,197	337,201			
Quebec								
July ^R	255,737	44,063	192,931	57,195	549,926			
August ^P	296,888	46,143	149,006	83,022	575,059			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	2,456,818	552,638	1,362,786	409,511	4,781,753			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	2,260,352	589,106	835,010	370,304	4,054,772			
Ontario								
July ^R	963,494	142,633	415,950	313,470	1,835,547			
August ^P	926,224	109,523	315,486	207,973	1,559,206			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	7,151,146	957,588	2,261,195	1,539,046	11,908,975			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	6,943,094	1,193,533	2,271,018	1,019,890	11,427,535			
Manitaka								
Manitoba July ^R	38,813	6,938	22,042	9,554	77,347			
August ^P	35,888	11,061	12,912	5,535	65,396			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	246,415	64,590	156,750	38,487	506,242			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	255,978	92,480	173,019	83,962	605,439			
Sackatahawan								
Saskatchewan July ^R	21,683	6,510	41,388	18,921	88,502			
August ^P	25,541	2,895	17,135	4,706	50,277			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	152,369	56,223	147,208	116,218	472,018			
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	188,374	36,384	154,536	74,924	454,218			

Table 10 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted – Concluded

Month	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)								
	Residential		Non-residential		Total				
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental					
Alberta									
July ^R	310,623	42,605	134,460	49,350	537,038				
August ^P	343,794	105,173	103,035	76,729	628,731				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	2,242,667	415,347	891,910	411,087	3,961,011				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	2,024,909	360,039	995,257	279,249	3,659,454				
British Columbia									
July ^R	296,907	20,135	112,521	100,821	530,384				
August ^P	259,777	20,077	98,584	50,023	428,461				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	1,992,195	162,235	891,265	508,124	3,553,819				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	1,735,241	198,498	882,718	361,607	3,178,064				
Yukon									
July ^R	2,698	300	8,038	8,583	19,619				
August ^P	2,266	5	480	813	3,564				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	10,688	794	13,679	14,718	39,879				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	9,160	382	8,971	21,575	40,088				
Northwest Territories									
July ^R	1,583	94	549	13,752	15,978				
August ^P	2,667	15	1,185	-	3,867				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	9,920	1,354	6,031	14,194	31,499				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	8,475	738	7,043	630	16,886				
Nunavut									
July ^R _	1,855	-	756	250	2,861				
August ^P	4,114	982	310	-	5,406				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2001	11,359	982	4,468	250	17,059				
Cumulative Jan Aug. 2000	22,267	225	8,173	14,599	45,264				

Table 11 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, August 2001

Census Metropolitan Areas	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)									
	Residential		Non-residential		Total					
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental						
Calgary	150,084	2,869	48,940	18,047	219,940					
Chicoutimi-Jonquière	4,956	393	6,588	268	12,205					
Edmonton	86,418	15,733	20,557	21,983	144,691					
Halifax	23,781	315	2,606	15	26,717					
Hamilton	56,859	489	12,064	27,946	97,358					
Hull	21,345	14	2,424	4,164	27,947					
Kitchener	46,338	14,211	9,326	8,915	78,790					
London	23,084	1,274	9,435	943	34,736					
Montréal	139,304	18,846	83,553	40,540	282,243					
Oshawa	30,333	4,456	8,601	9,570	52,960					
Ottawa	72,130	1,365	31,750	6,390	111,635					
Québec	21,675	1,791	18,401	18,249	60,116					
Regina	5,022	49	2,732	1,948	9,751					
Saint John	4,667	1,472	3,022	3,338	12,499					
Saskatoon	14,646	1,403	6,960	835	23,844					
Sherbrooke	5,460	666	708	13	6,847					
St. Catharines-Niagara	17,819	1,076	9,749	8,387	37,031					
St. John's	12,264	263	8,675	4,220	25,422					
Sudbury	6,687	230	1,986	994	9,897					
Thunder Bay	3,164	40	391	11,787	15,382					
Toronto	394,152	44,960	148,469	97,357	684,938					
Trois-Rivières	5,608	1,033	1,790	1,955	10,386					
Vancouver	155,948	11,922	44,788	20,376	233,034					
Victoria	17,148	2,797	2,779	2,955	25,679					
Windsor	43,373	2,294	18,902	754	65,323					
Winnipeg	21,969	1,482	8,768	4,289	36,508					

Table 12 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, January - August 2001

Census Metropolitan Areas	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)									
	Residential		Non-residential		Total					
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental						
Calgary	998,077	64,890	357,614	166,102	1,586,683					
Chicoutimi-Jonquière	44,361	8,884	42,162	25,291	120,698					
Edmonton	512,220	59,107	227,907	108,164	907,398					
Halifax	168,511	1,939	53,533	7,408	231,391					
Hamilton	312,602	57,179	100,860	111,992	582,633					
Hull	148,069	4,747	79,849	14,885	247,550					
Kitchener	307,759	65,285	151,340	112,486	636,870					
London	176,050	29,995	112,019	161,817	479,881					
Montréal	1,218,790	346,825	882,875	168,121	2,616,611					
Oshawa	243,850	31,901	45,439	62,812	384,002					
Ottawa	582,892	38,932	272,802	90,072	984,698					
Québec	241,492	18,342	106,226	66,992	433,052					
Regina	39,246	4,049	44,295	51,324	138,914					
Saint John	26,843	2,692	17,126	11,942	58,603					
Saskatoon	64,085	35,887	44,061	25,866	169,899					
Sherbrooke	55,039	9,691	16,206	8,997	89,933					
St. Catharines-Niagara	122,844	13,537	75,236	43,681	255,298					
St. John's	80,820	1,230	35,001	6,254	123,305					
Sudbury	31,074	2,589	10,740	7,053	51,456					
Thunder Bay	22,013	4,612	21,646	26,731	75,002					
Toronto	3,546,575	417,210	1,006,378	532,751	5,502,914					
Trois-Rivières	37,310	4,763	19,641	17,650	79,364					
Vancouver	1,285,962	70,603	555,889	264,602	2,177,056					
Victoria	126,209	18,815	58,295	24,014	227,333					
Windsor	239,905	22,693	85,008	26,282	373,888					
Winnipeg	146,992	12,683	118,027	27,040	304,742					

Table 13 Value of the Non-residential Permits by Type of Building, Provinces and Territories, August 2001

Type of building	Canada	Nfld	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta	B.C.	Yukon	N.W.T.	Nunavut
							thousands o	of dollars						
Total non-residential	1,516,188	18,644	27,200	23,539	23,997	278,171	632,982	29,508	24,736	284,937	168,684	1,298	1,200	1,292
Industrial	314,829	3,766	4,273	7,720	3,196	46,143	109,523	11,061	2,895	105,173	20,077	5	15	982
Factories, plants	129,771	250	2,665	5,560	2,168	23,208	66,686	1,145	374	23,553	4,162	-	-	-
Transportation, utilities	89,984	3,500	1,200	-	-	3,242	1,852	790	300	72,339	5,779	-	-	982
Mining and agriculture Minor industrial projects,	32,463	-	-	555	-	3,615	14,168	6,425	465	2,965	4,270	-	-	-
new and improvements ¹	62,611	16	408	1,605	1,028	16,078	26,817	2,701	1,756	6,316	5,866	5	15	-
Commercial	756,591	10,088	21,703	14,375	12,292	149,006	315,486	12,912	17,135	103,035	98,584	480	1,185	310
Trade and services	233,896	6,520	3,950	6,389	3,047	59,924	99,301	1,075	3,756	29,677	19,331	250	676	-
Warehouses	63,835	-	250	300	-	9,733	26,428	-	300	13,412	13,412	-	-	-
Service stations	21,718	-	-	300	-	3,100	13,006	750	937	2,325	1,300	-	-	-
Office buildings	209,706	647	16,710	2,999	2,280	37,333	100,416	2,900	6,775	18,288	21,358	-	-	-
Recreation	46,463	500	-	-	-	7,920	11,849	-	-	7,934	18,260	-	-	-
Hotels, restaurants	45,747	1,170	-	-	2,075	3,048	25,038	310	1,050	8,377	4,679	-	-	-
Laboratories	287	-	-	-	-	-	287	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minor commercial projects,														
new and improvements ¹	134,939	1,251	793	4,387	4,890	27,948	39,161	7,877	4,317	23,022	20,244	230	509	310
Institutional and														
governmental	444,768	4,790	1,224	1,444	8,509	83,022	207,973	5,535	4,706	76,729	50,023	813	-	-
Schools, education	195,128	4,202	-	-	2,876	25,192	82,815	2,732	2,256	39,349	35,118	588	-	-
Hospitals, medical	42,304	-	-	-	2,666	22,589	1,170	1,521	-	13,411	947	-	-	-
Welfare, home	122,009	400	876	364	-	5,360	103,590	-	860	10,161	398	-	-	-
Churches, religion	18,008	-	-	760	750	6,181	2,905	-	-	6,613	799	-	-	-
Government buildings	25,954	-	-	-	-	14,002	900	-	-	3,567	7,485	-	-	-
Minor institutional and governmental projects,														
new and improvements ¹	41,365	188	348	320	2,217	9,698	16,593	1,282	1,590	3,628	5,276	225	-	-

¹ Refer to projects valued at less than \$250,000 for which the breakdown by type of building is not available.

Part IV – Methodology, Concepts and Data Dissemination

Introduction

The purpose of the monthly survey of building permits issued by Canadian municipalities is to collect data on construction intentions. The results of this survey are used by C.M.H.C.¹ as a reference base for conducting a monthly survey of housing starts and completions in accordance with its mandate. The statistics on building permits are also essential for the computation of capital expenditures. Furthermore, since the issuance of a building permit is one of the first steps in the construction process, these statistics are widely used as a leading indicator of building activity.

Survey Methodology

The Building Permits Survey covers all Canadian municipalities that issue permits. The number of Canadian municipalities currently surveyed exceeds 2,500, representing all the provinces and territories. They account for 94% of the Canadian population. Participation to the survey is mandatory; the survey does not use a predetermined sample of municipalities. In practice, all urban agglomerations are represented in the survey, as well as a fair percentage of rural municipalities. With certain exceptions, the minimum coverage corresponds to the municipalities already included in the Housing Starts and Completions C.M.H.C.'s Survey. Non-responding municipalities that issue permits are urged on a regular basis to respond to the Building Permit Survey. Therefore, the number of municipalities covered is increasing continually.

Collection of Data

The survey is usually conducted by mail, although certain municipalities choose to respond by telephone. The municipal officer responsible for issuing permits is asked to fill out a form² each month describing all major construction projects. The value of the permits reported includes the following expenditures: materials, labour, profit and overhead. The cost of land is never included in the estimated value of the permit while acquisition costs (legal fees, surveying fees and accrued interest) may be included at

The municipalities forward a copy of their completed report to Statistics Canada Head Office and another copy to the local office of the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (C.M.H.C.). To reduce their overhead, an increasing number of respondents are producing a computerized report.

Reports from municipalities which one part of a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration must be received within 20 days following the month of reference. The other municipalities have 30 days to produce their reports. Only those municipalities that are late in reporting and that are included in the above-mentioned C.M.H.C. survey are subject to follow-up by telephone.

The reports received at Statistics Canada Head Office are verified, coded and processed.

Types of Errors

Since the building permit data are extracted from municipal administrative documents, two types of response errors are possible: errors attributable to the permit applicant and errors in transcription by the responding municipality. However, experience has shown that transcription errors are not very common and the increasing number of municipalities producing computerized reports tends to reduce the frequency of this type of error. Errors attributable to a false statement of the cost of construction are more probable. A qualitative survey conducted among major Canadian municipalities has revealed an underestimation of the declared value of buildings for which permits are issued. Since permit fees are in most cases based on the value of the construction, this leads unquestionably to underestimation of project values. The results of that survey also reveal that, in half of the municipalities covered, the value submitted by the applicant is not subject to any verification by municipal officers.

Quality Control

Strict quality control procedures are applied to ensure that collection, coding and data processing are as accurate as possible. In addition to the usual checks to ensure that the forms are fully completed, quality control procedures established by the Business Survey Methods Division are applied to the coded and processed data. Checks are also performed on totals and the magnitude of data. Reports that fail to meet the quality standards are subject to verification and are corrected as required.

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation

A sample of the Building Permit Form is shown in annex at the end of this section.

Reliability

Imputations are required for each characteristic for which no report has been received. These are calculated automatically, subject to certain constraints, by applying to previously used values, the mouth-to-mouth and year-toear changes in similar values of responding municipalities and the historical pattern of the missing municipalities. No imputation is done for lack of coverage, concealment or the underevaluation of permits issued. For this reason, the sampling error cannot be computed.

Comparison of data must be done with reservation considering that the methods of issuing permits and the methods of estimating building values can differ from one municipality to another. Also, comparisons involving different periods must take into account the constant increase in the number of municipalities participating in the survey.

The monthly statistics are not corrected for cancelled or expired permits. According to the municipal officers, the proportion of cancelled and unused permits is below 5%.

Nature of and Basis for Classification

The classification used in this publication deals strictly with structures for which a building permit was issued. Permits are generally issued for the following: construction of new buildings, alterations, additions, renovations, etc. Minor repair jobs such as painting, tiling, roofing, etc., for which no permit is required, and engineering work (such as dams, roads, pipelines, etc.), which, by definition, is not a building, are not included in the building permit series. Estimates of such work may be obtained from the publications Capital expenditures by type of asset (cat. no. 61-223) and Private and Public Investment in Canada Intentions (cat. no. 61-205).

The description given by the municipalities as to the type of building (box #6 of Section A on the form) and the type of work involved (box #7 of Section A on the form) forms the basis for classification. The classification of buildings into major groups and subgroups is based on the following: intended use in the case of new buildings; present or intended use of buildings to which improvements are to be made; present use of the existing structure where the proposed construction is intended to provide additional facilities; principal use of the structure where the proposed construction has more than one intended use; however, where the building contains dwellings, the value of the construction is divided between residential and nonresidential use.

Building Categories

This publication, uses the following classification for the

value of permits issued for construction of new buildings or for improvements: residential, industrial, commercial, institutional and government.

Residential. Includes all buildings intended for private occupancy whether on a permanent basis or not. Dwellings are divided into the following types: single-family, mobile, cottage, semi-detached, row house and apartment building.

Industrial. Includes all buildings used for manufacturing and processing; transportation, communication and other utilities, and agriculture, forestry and mining.

Commercial. Includes all buildings used to house activities related to the tertiary sector, such as stores, warehouses, garages, office buildings, theatres, hotels, funeral parlours, beauty salons.

Institutional and Government. Includes expenditures made by the community, public and government for buildings and structures like schools, universities, hospitals, clinics, churches, homes for the aged.

The number of dwelling units indicates the number of self contained dwelling units created. This should not be confused with the number of structures. For example, an apartment building containing six dwellings will be shown as six dwelling units. When an existing structure is converted into additional housing units, the number of units added is included. This publication uses the following classification for dwelling units:

Single-family. Refers to dwellings commonly called "single house". It includes single dwellings that are completely isolated on all sides, including single dwellings linked to other dwellings below ground. Included are bungalows, split levels, two-storey single-family homes built by conventional methods or prefabricated.

Mobile homes. Refers to houses designed and constructed to be transported on their own chassis and for easy moving.

Cottage. Refers to dwellings that cannot be occupied year-round or on a permanent basis because the facilities required for comfort are inadequate.

Double or Semi-detached. Refers to dwellings in which each of the two dwellings are side by side and joined by a common wall or garage, but not attached to any other building and surrounded by open space.

Row Dwellings. Refers to a row of three or more dwellings attached to each other without dwellings above or below.

Apartment Building. Includes dwellings in a variety of

buildings such as duplexes, semi-detached duplexes, triplexes, row duplexes, apartments as such and dwellings adjacent to non-residential structures.

Conversion. Refers to the number of dwellings added by conversion of existing structures.

Geographic Classification

Geographic entities are classified according to Standard Geographical Classification (SGC) used by Statistics Canada. Each reporting entity is assigned a twelve-digit SGC code for identification according to the following geographic levels:

- Province and Territory (PR): There are ten provinces and three territories.
- Economic Region (ER): Refers to intraprovincial regions established by the Standards Division of Statistics Canada. There are seventy-six ERs.
- Census Division (CD): Refers to a group of census subdivisions established by provincial law. There are two hundred and ninety-four CDs (data on this geographic group is available on request).
- Census Metropolitan Area (CMA): Its delineation corresponds to the 1996 Census definition. The term CMA refers to the main labour market area of an urban area (the urbanized core) of at least 100,000 population, based on the Census population figures. The twenty-five CMAs are shown in this publication. Although the 1996 Census defines the Ottawa-Hull area as a single CMA, the area is shown in this publication as two separate entities since it is located in two different provinces.
- Census Agglomeration (CA): Refers to the smaller labour market area of an urbanized core of at least 10,000 population, as defined by the 1996 Census. There are one hundred and seventeen CAs in Canada. When a CA overlaps the boundaries of two provinces. it is shown partly in each province. The Lloydminster agglomeration is an exception to this rule. It is treated as if it was totally located in Alberta.
- Other Municipalities of at Least 10,000 Population: Refers to municipalities not included in census agglomerations but with populations of at least 10,000 inhabitants. The distinction is made between these municipalities and CAs in order to permit comparison between the Building Permits Survey and the Housing Starts and Completions Survey which refers to this geographical concept.

- Rural Area: Refers to all geographic entities not included in a CMA or CA and not identified as an urban centre by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.
- Census Subdivision (CSD): Refers to the general term applying to municipalities, Indian reserves, Indian settlements and unorganized territories. However, since Indian reserves and settlements do not issue building permits, they are not included in this publication.
- Non-standard Geographic Unit: The geographic units shown in this publication do not all satisfy the above definition of census subdivision. Some provincial or municipal administrations producing monthly reports do not correspond to the official geographic entities; they are nevertheless shown in this publication under the geographic entity used by these administrations. These so-called non-standard geographic units are few in number and are mostly concentrated in the Maritime provinces; e.g. 'Commission d'urbanisme de Madawaska', Greater Moncton District, Acadian Peninsula, etc.

Territorial Revisions

Territorial boundaries were established according to the 1996 Census definitions. Changes in boundaries, status or name of census subdivisions between censuses are introduced in this publication on a yearly basis. Changes affecting the other geographic units (CMAs, CAs, CDs and ERs) are introduced every five years, eighteen months following the census.

Revision of Data

Two types of revisions can affect the results of the Building Permits Survey:

- (1) Revisions Due to the Correction of Coding Errors These types of revisions are done on a monthly basis only to the data pertaining to the month preceding the reference period.
- (2) Revisions Due to the addition of Late Reports Late reports for the month preceding the reference period are incorporated into the survey results on a continuing basis. However, reports received after the two-month deadline following the reference month are introduced only at the end of the year. As a result, the data for the last twelve months are subject to revision.

Adjustment for Seasonality

Seasonally adjusted data for the total number of housing units as well as for the aggregate value of building permits are obtained indirectly, i.e., by adding their seasonally adjusted components. The total number of dwelling units is obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data for single-family and multiple-use units; the total value of building permits is obtained by summing the following elements: residential, industrial, commercial and institutional. Some series contain no apparent seasonality. In these cases, unadjusted values have been tabulated and agregated to the adjusted values of the other series.

At the end of the year, the chronological series adjusted for seasonality are revised to take into account the most recent seasonal fluctuations. These revisions apply only to the last three years in the series. The revised data are introduced into the CANSIM databank.

Availability of Data

This publication contains only part of the data produced on building permits. However, you may order unpublished tables or address special requests, now available on diskette, to the Current Investment Indicators Section ((613) 951-9689, call collect). The series presented here

is also available on CANSIM in matrices 80 (levels 3-7, 16-32), 129, 137, 443, 987, 989 to 995 and 4073.

Related Products and Services

Selected Related Publications

Catalogue

62-202 Spending patterns in Canada

75-202 Income in Canada.

61-205 Private and public investment in Canada, intentions

61-206 Private and public investment in Canada, intentions

Special Tabulations

Special tabulations can be produced to your specifications on a cost recovery basis. Inquiries should be directed to the Current Investment Indicators Section.

Further information on these products and other aspects of the surveys can be obtained from the Current Investment Indicators Section, Investment and Capital Stock Division, Statistics Canada, K1A 0T6, (613) 951-6556.



Building and Permis de construdemolition permits et de démolition

Monthly Report

Permis de construction

Rapport mensuel

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 	nécessaire, veuillez mettre à jour les renseignements correspondants				
	2 Reporting Entity Name – Nom de l'entité rapportante				
	3 Municipal Status (if applicable) – Statut municipal (s'il y a lieu)				
	4 Address – Adresse				
	5 City – Ville 6 Postal Code – Code postal				
	7 Contact Name – Nom du contact				
	8 Contact Title – Titre du contact				
	9 Language of Preference – Langue de préférence				
	1 English 2 Français				
	10 Telephone Number – Numéro de téléphone				
General Information	Renseignements généraux				
Confidential when completed.	Confidentiel une fois rempli.				
The collection of this information is authorized by the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada. 1985. Chapter S19.	La collecte de cette information est autorisée par la Loi sur la statistique, Lois révisées du Canada, 1985, chapitre S19.				
To avoid duplication of enquiry and to provide consistent statistics, this survey is being conducted under cooperative agreements, made in accordance with the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S19 under Section 11 for the exchange of information with: the Manitoba Bureau of Statistics, the Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics and the British Columbia Central Statistics Bureau for respondents in each of the respective provinces; and under Section 12 for joint collection and sharing information with: the Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics and the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.	Afin d'éviter tout chevauchement des enquêtes et de fournir des statistiques uniformes, Statistique Canada mène cette enquête aux termes d'accords conjoints conclus en vertu de l'article 11 de la Loi sur la statistique, Lois révisées du Canada, 1985, chapitre S19 pour l'échange de renseignements avec: le «Manitoba Bureau of Statistics», le «Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics» et le «British Columbia Central Statistics Bureau» pour les répondants de ces différentes provinces; et en vertu de l'article 12 pour le rassemblement conjoint et l'échange de renseignements avec: le «Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics» et la Société canadienne d'hypothèques et de logement.				
Agreements coming under Section 12 of the Canada Statistics Act shall not apply to any respondent who give notice in writing to the Chief Statistician that he/she objects to the sharing of the information.	Les accords aux termes de l'article 12 de la Loi sur la statistique ne s'appliquent pas aux répondants qui s'opposent à l'échange de renseignements dans une lettre jointe au questionnaire dûment rempli et adressé au statisticien en chef du Canada.				
Results of this survey will enable Statistics Canada to estimate residential and non-residential construction activity at various geographical level. The latter are published monthly in Catalogue 64-001, Building Permits.	d'estimer l'activité de la construction résidentielle et non résidentielle à				
PLEASE REFER TO THE SURVEY REPORTING GUIDE AND SELF CODING GUIDE WHEN COMPLETING YOUR REPORT. If you require additional copies of these guides please contact us at 1-888-404-3339.	VEUILLEZ CONSULTER LE GUIDE DE DÉCLARATION DE L'ENQUÊTE ET LE GUIDE POUR AUTOCODAGE POUR REMPLIR VOTRE RAPPORT. Si vous avez besoin des copies supplémentaires, veuillez communiquer au 1-888-404-3339.				
Coverage Profile Update	Mise à jour du profil de couverture				
Is the geographical coverage of this monthly report different from that of your last report due to a change in boundaries, level of administration, etc.	Est-ce que la couverture géographique de ce rapport mensuel est différente de celle de votre rapport précédent dû à un changement de frontières, du niveau d'administration, etc.				
1 Yes Oui	² No Non				
12 Reporting Period – Période visée	13 Stock Requirements – Besoins de fournitures				
Please use a separate form for Veuillez utiliser un formulaire each month being reported. différent pour chaque mois rapporté.	If forms or return envelopes Si vous avez besoin de formulaires ou d'enveloppes de retour, prière de l'indiquer:				
Year Année	1 Forms 2 Statistics Canada Return Envelopes Enveloppes de retour Statistique Canada 3 CMHC Return Envelopes Enveloppes de retour SCHL				
Month	14 Nil Report – Rapport nul				
Mois Report Prepared by – Rapport préparé par	If no permits were issued Si aucun permis n'a été émis durant le during the month, simply mois, cochez simplement la case check the box below: ci-dessous:				
	No Permits				
	I I Aucon bermis				
Signature:	'				
Signature: Year Month Day Année Mois Jour	·				



Statistics Statistique Canada Canada

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Section A: Major C	Construction Projects – Projets de const	ruction majeurs					Page	of – de	
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ON DE Permit No. ON DE PERMIT	Name and Address of Owner	Name and Address of Builder	Construction Location	Type of Building Code	Type of Work Code	Value of Construction	Dwelling Units Unités de logement	Building Area	Line No. N° de ligne
Numéro du	Nom et adresse du propriétaire	Nom et adresse du constructeur	Site des travaux	Code pour type de bâtiment	Code pour type de travaux	Valeur des travaux	Created Créées	Check one: Cochez:	e No e ligr
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Section B: Minor Residential	Additions and Renovations – Add	ditions et rénovation	ns résidentielles mineu	res	
Permits valued at less than \$50,000			Value of Permits	Number of Permits	
Permis évalués à moins de \$50,000		No. de ligne	Valeur des permis \$	Nombre de permis	
New garages and carports	Single dwellings Logements simples	01	,000,		
Garages et abris d'auto neufs	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	02	,000		
New inground swimming pools	Single dwellings Logements simples	03	,000		
Piscines creusées neuves	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	04	,000		
Other improvements	Single dwellings Logements simples	05	,000		
Autres améliorations	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	06	,000		
Totals for this section Totaux de cette section			,000		

Permits valued at less than \$250,000 Permis évalués à moins de \$250,000			Value of Permits Valeur des permis \$	Number of Permits Nombre de permis	
Industrial	New construction Construction neuve	08	,000		
Industriel	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	09	,000		
Commercial	New construction Construction neuve	10	,000		
	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	11	,000		
Institutional and Governmental	New construction Construction neuves	12	,000		
Institutionnel et gouvernemental	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	13	,000		
Totals for this section Totaux de cette section			.000		

Section D: Residential Demolitions - Démolitions résidentielles

Type of dwelling Type de logement	None Aucune (✔)	Single-detached Maison individuelle	Cottage Chalet	Semi-detached Semi-détaché	Row Rangée	Apartment Appartement
No. of dwelling units demolished Nombre d'unités de logement démolies	1					

Confidentiality

Statistics Canada is prohibited by law from publishing any statistics which would divulge information obtained from this survey that relates to any identifiable business without the previous written consent of that business. The data reported on this questionnaire will be treated in strict confidence, used for statistical purposes and published in aggregate form only. The confidentiality provisions of the Statistics Act are not affected by either the Access to Information Act or any other legislation.

La loi interdit à Statistique Canada de publier des statistiques recueillies au cours de cette enquête qui permettraient d'identifier une entreprise sans que celle-ci en ait donné l'autorisation par écrit au préalable. Les données déclarées sur ce questionnaire resteront confidentielles. Elles serviront exclusivement à des fins statistiques et elles seront publiées seulement de façons agrégée. Les dispositions de la Loi sur la statistique qui traitent de la confidentialité ne sont modifiées d'aucune façon par la Loi sur l'accès à l'information ou

Confidentialité

General Instructions

Please complete your monthly report in triplicate and send:

- ▶ one copy to **Statistics Canada** in pre-addressed envelope
- ▶ one copy to the local office of the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation in pre-addressed envelope
- ► keep one copy for your files

Please forward your completed report no later than 10 days after the end of the reporting period.

Note: Shaded cells are for Statistics Canada use only.

Directives générales

Veuillez remplir votre rapport mensuel en trois exemplaires et:

- ▶ faire parvenir une copie à **Statistique Canada** dans l'enveloppe pré-adressée
- ▶ garder une copie pour vos dossiers

toute autre loi.

Veuillez remplir et nous faire parvenir votre rapport au plus tard 10 jours après la fin du mois.

N.B. Les cases ombrées du formulaire sont strictement réservées à l'usage de Statistique Canada.

Correspondence

- If you need more forms or return envelopes do ONE ONLY of the following:
 - Check off the appropriate box(es) in the "Stock Requirements" section, page 1, cell 13 of the questionnaire.
 - Telephone us.
 - Send us a FAX.
 - Contact us via "internet e-mail".
- ▶ Do you have questions regarding the survey?
- ► Do you need help in completing the form?
- ▶ Do you require additional copies of the "Survey Reporting Guide" and /or the "Self Coding Guide"?

Telephone: 1-888-404-3339 (toll free) FAX: 1-888-505-8091 (toll free) Internet: bdps@stcinet.statcan.ca

If you chose to transmit the questionnaire or information to Statistics Canada by facsimile or internet e-mail communication, please be advised that there coud be a risk of disclosure during the communication process. However, upon receipt of your communication, Statistics Canada will provide the guaranteed level of protection afforded to all information collected under the authority of the Statistics Act.

Correspondance

- Si vous avez besoin d'autres formulaires ou d'enveloppes de retour faites seulement un des suivants.
 - Cochez le ou les case(s) appropriée(s) à la section "Besoins de fournitures", page 1, case 13 du questionnaire.
 - Veuillez nous téléphoner.
 - Veuillez nous faire parvenir un FAX.
 - Veuillez nous faire parvenir un message par "courrier électronique".
- ► Avez-vous des questions ayant trait à l'enquête?
- ► Avez-vous besoin d'aide à completer le formulaire?
- Avez-vous besoin des copies supplémentaires du "Guide de déclaration de l'enquête" et/ou le "Guide pour autocodage"?

Téléphone: 1-888-404-3339 (sans frais) FAX: 1-888-505-8091 (sans frais) Internet: bdps@stcinet.statcan.ca

Si vous nous transmettez le questionnaire ou de l'information par télécopieur ou par courrier électronique Statistique Canada tient à vous avertir que la transmission des renseignements peut poser un risque de divulgation. Toutefois, dès la réception du document, Statistique Canada offrira le niveau de protection garanti pour tous les renseignements recueillis aux termes de la Loi sur la statistique.