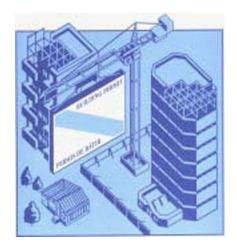


Building Permits

November 2004





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Statistics Canada Investment and Capital Stock Division Current Investment Indicators Section

Building Permits

November 2004

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Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- ^p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

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Geographical Abbreviations

PD Planning District A.R. Agglomération de recensement BOR Borough PDR Planning District Remainder С RCR Rural County Remainder City C.A. Census Agglomeration RGM Regional Municipality **Chartered Community** R.M.R. CC Région métropolitaine de recensement CDR Census Division Remainder RDR Regional District Remainder CM County (Municipality) **Rural Municipality** RM C.M.A. Census Metropolitan Area RV Resort Village COM Community SA Special Area CR County Remainder S-E Indian Settleman/Établissement indien CT Canton SCM Subdivision of County Municipality CU Cantons-Unis SD Sans désignation DM District (Municipality) SET Settlement HAM Hamlet SM Specialize Municipality ID Improvement District **SRD** Subdivision of Regional District IGD Indian Government District SUN Subdivision of Unorganized District **LGD** SV Summer Village Local Government District LOT Lot and Royalty Т Town M Municipalité T.N.O. Territoires du Nord-Ouest MD **Municipal District** TP Township Northern Hamlet **UCR Urban County Remainder** NH NT Northern Town UNO Unorganized/Non organisé NV Northern Village V Ville

Important Notice

N.W.T.

PAR

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Table of Contents

		Page
Par	rt I – Analysis	
Hig	hlights	V
Моі	nthly Review	V
Cha	arts	vii
Par	rt II – Tables (Seasonally Adjusted)	
1.	Total Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted (Current Periods)	1
2.	Non-residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories (Current Periods)	1
3.	Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories (Current Periods)	2
4.	Number of Dwelling Units Authorized, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rate	
_	(Current Periods)	2
5.	Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories	0
6	(Current Periods) Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas	3
0.	(Current Periods)	5
Par	rt III – Tables (Unadjusted)	
7.	Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories (Current Periods)	8
8.	Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas (Current Periods)	10
9.	Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas (Cumulative)	11
	Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories (Current Periods)	12
	Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas (Current Periods)	14
	Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas (Cumulative)	15
13.	Value of the Non-residential Permits by Type of Building, Provinces and Territories (Current Periods)	16
Par	t IV – Monthly Survey of Building Permits – Data Quality, Concepts and Methodology	
Dat	a Quality, Concepts and Methodology	17
Dat	a Sources and Methodology	17
	ncepts and Variables Measured	18
	a Accuracy	19
	mparability of Data and Related Sources	20
	ated Products and Services	20
Sur	vev Form	21

Part I – Analysis

Highlights

The value of building permits surged to their second highest level on record in November in the wake of strong gains in the non-residential sector and continuing growth in the residential sector.

In total, municipalities issued \$5.0 billion in permits, up 9.3% from October. This level was second only to the \$5.4 billion worth of construction intentions in June.

In the non-residential sector, contractors took out permits worth \$1.85 billion, a 20.8% increase from October. This level was the second highest during the past fifteen years, surpassed only by intentions worth \$1.91 billion in June this year.

November's increase was a third consecutive monthly gain for the non-residential sector. The growth was fuelled by strong construction intentions for institutional buildings, and to a lesser extent by the gains in the industrial and commercial components.

In the residential sector, the picture remained positive. The value of housing permits issued by municipalities totalled \$3.1 billion, up 3.5% from October. A surge in demand for new multi-family dwelling units more than offset a decline in the single-family component.

On a year-to-date basis, the total value of building permits reached \$50.5 billion between January and November, up 9.0% from the same period last year. This advance was entirely the result of a 15.2% increase in residential construction intentions. The value of permits in the nonresidential sector fell 1.3%.

The cumulative value so far this year is just \$252 million short of the total value of \$50.8 billion for all of 2003, which was a record. Consequently, the value of building permits will reach a new annual peak in 2004.

Regionally, the metropolitan areas of Vancouver and Montreal recorded by far the largest dollar gains on a yearto-date basis. In both regions, the value of building permits was up by more than \$1 billion dollars compared with the first 11 months of 2003. This was due to tremendous demand for new housing.

Surge in value of multi-family permits

Building permits for multi-family dwellings rose 22.0% in November to \$1.1 billion, as proposed projects for apartment-condominiums units soared. At the same time, the value of permits for single-family units declined 4.7% to \$2.0 billion.

Among the factors that contributed to the strength in the housing sector were: advantageous mortgage rates; creation of full-time jobs in 2004; and tight vacancy rates for apartments in large metropolitan areas such as Vancouver and Montreal.

At the provincial level, all provinces except for Ontario and Saskatchewan showed gains in November in housing intentions. The largest gain (in dollars) occurred in Quebec, where the value of residential permits increased 23.3% to a record high of \$844 million.

Between January and November, the total value of permits for single-family dwellings reached \$22.3 billion, up 12.0% from the same period in 2003. Construction intentions for multi-family dwellings increased 22.0% to \$11.1 billion. The high level of construction for multi-family dwellings helped increase vacancy rates for apartment buildings at the national level.

Since January, municipalities have authorized a total of 222,215 new dwellings units, the highest level for the first 11 months since 1987, when 230,940 new units were approved. Just under half (47%) of these units were multifamily dwellings, the highest proportion since 1982.

Non-residential sector: Several projects in the pipe

Following three monthly declines, construction intentions for buildings in the institutional category totalled \$561 million in November, up a solid 86.3% from October. Simultaneous large increases in the value of permits related to education buildings, medical buildings and social service buildings led this component to its highest value since July 2003.

Construction intentions in the industrial sector recorded their third double-digit increase in a row. In November, they totalled \$396 million, up 13.8%, a gain which was due to projects related to the utility, transportation category.

The value of permits in the commercial component increased 1.3% to \$896 million on the strength of construction intentions for warehouses. Declines in permits for laboratories and hotels and restaurants partly offset the increase.

These results were in line with recent positive indicators, such as record high retail sales in October. Overall, consumer spending in retail stores has been advancing steadily since the start of 2004, except for a decline in April. In addition, third-quarter operating profits rose for a ninth consecutive year-over-year advance. However, signs suggest momentum has slowed for manufacturers because of the rising value of the Canadian dollar and high input prices.

Provincially, the largest gains (in dollars) occurred in British Columbia and Ontario. The 150.2% gain in British Columbia came from projects for manufacturing buildings and social service buildings. In Ontario, an 18.2% increase was related to projects in the medical and educational categories.

On a year-to-date basis, municipalities issued \$17.1 billion worth of building permits from January to November, down 1.3% from the same period in 2003.

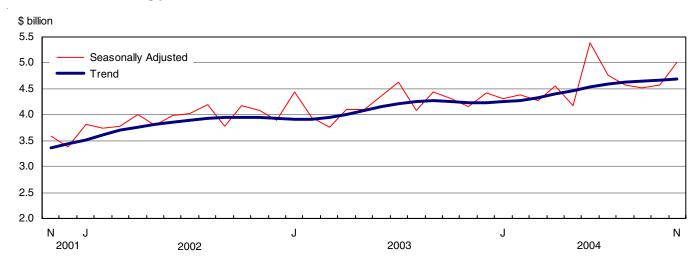
The cumulative value of permits in the commercial sector was up 10.0% from 2003. Construction intentions for industrial permits were down 4.2%, while intentions in the institutional sector were down 16.8%.

Non-residential permits have dropped in five provinces so far this year, the largest decline in Ontario (-5.5%). Quebec posted the largest gain (+6.7%).

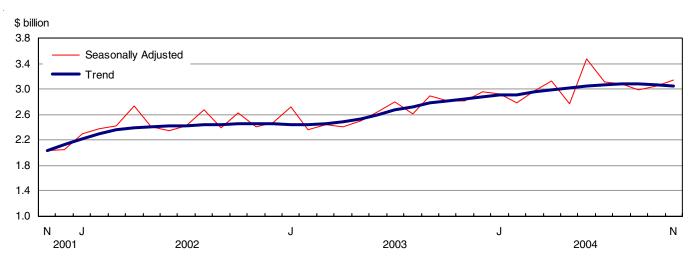
Among the metropolitan areas, strong construction intentions in the commercial sector led Vancouver and Toronto to the strongest dollar advances in the cumulative value of non-residential permits. Increases on a year-todate basis occurred in 15 of 28 metropolitan areas.

Building permits - Canada

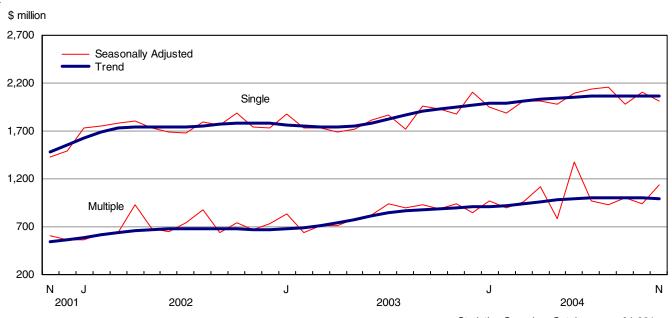
Total value of building permits



Residential value - Total

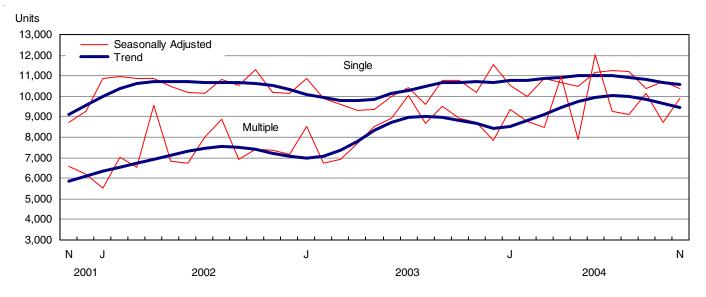


Residential value - single and multiple

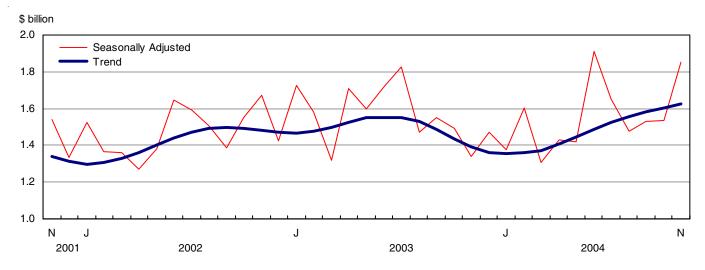


Building permits - Canada

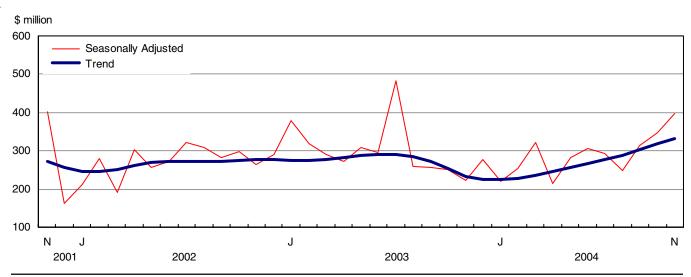
Number of dwelling units - single and multiple



Non residential value - Total

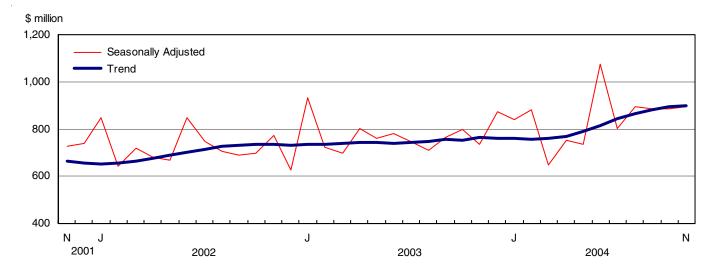


Industrial value

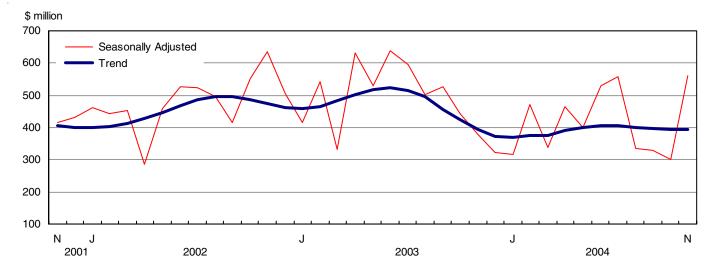


Building permits - Canada

Commercial value



Institutional and Governmental value



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Part II – Tables (Seasonally Adjusted)

Table 1 Total Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2004	2004	N. O.I	0.1. 01	01	A		
	November ^p	October	Nov Oct.	Oct Sept.	Sept Aug.	Aug July	July - June	June - May
	thousands	s of dollars			perce	ntage change		
Canada	5,002,446	4,576,279	9.3	1.4	-1.1	-4.1	-11.5	28.6
Newfoundland and Labrador	42,108	59,431	-29.1	51.4	-18.5	20.5	0.7	-11.6
Prince Edward Island	19,651	30,468	-35.5	112.7	-7.7	-34.1	33.1	34.9
Nova Scotia	102,749	90,887	13.1	13.0	-23.4	-1.0	-0.2	-2.5
New Brunswick	62,267	102,153	-39.0	20.4	29.5	-5.8	-13.5	33.6
Québec	1,177,060	958,856	22.8	2.4	3.3	-4.7	-14.3	17.4
Ontario	1,913,182	1,978,166	-3.3	3.9	-9.0	-1.6	-3.2	35.3
Manitoba	92,145	85,511	7.8	-30.1	37.3	-15.0	-29.0	73.6
Saskatchewan	70,246	69,525	1.0	-17.2	22.8	10.1	13.3	-28.5
Alberta	764,868	631,874	21.0	13.1	1.0	-12.4	16.1	-10.7
British Columbia	752,821	547,573	37.5	-16.3	7.6	-4.1	-40.7	84.0
Yukon	1,772	9,718	-81.8	202.0	-29.9	-3.7	-6.9	-81.5
Northwest Territories	2,928	11,830	-75.2	-57.4	262.8	-11.0	14.3	-3.4
Nunavut	649	287	126.1	-93.2	36.8	53.4	77.5	-41.6

Table 2 Non-Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2004	2004	N. O.I	0.1. 01	01	A	1.1. 1	
	November ^p		Nov Oct.	Oct Sept.	Sept Aug.	Aug July	July - June	June - May
	thousands	s of dollars			perce	ntage change		
Canada	1,852,990	1,533,913	20.8	0.2	3.5	-10.5	-13.6	34.7
Newfoundland and Labrador	7,652	25,500	-70.0	182.3	-52.2	40.6	50.7	-24.0
Prince Edward Island	7,226	20,487	-64.7	1,816.5	-85.5	-43.4	200.8	-12.7
Nova Scotia	40,789	35,006	16.5	24.1	-21.1	42.5	-44.6	24.4
New Brunswick	19,426	61,530	-68.4	33.8	115.1	-34.2	-21.7	90.3
Québec	333,177	274,578	21.3	-3.0	1.7	-7.4	-28.5	38.6
Ontario	851,918	720,646	18.2	1.7	5.0	-15.9	-4.9	44.0
Manitoba	33,866	33,579	0.9	-46.3	72.9	6.7	-57.5	140.3
Saskatchewan	32,571	29,370	10.9	-31.3	50.9	-15.2	18.9	-31.3
Alberta	295,080	231,876	27.3	51.1	-7.2	-26.9	28.6	-17.1
British Columbia	229,015	91,532	150.2	-47.8	-14.3	23.6	-36.3	88.0
Yukon	728	5,220	-86.1	927.6	-61.2	-31.7	103.2	-96.3
Northwest Territories	1,467	4,589	-68.0	-75.3	292.8	73.2	11.7	-45.8
Nunavut	75	0		-100.0	3.2	94.7	47.5	-65.2

Table 3
Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2004	2004	No. Oct	0.1 01	0	A		L M.
	November ^p		Nov Oct.	Oct Sept.	Sept Aug.	Aug July	July - June	June - May
	thousands	s of dollars			perce	ntage change		
Canada	3,149,456	3,042,366	3.5	2.0	-3.4	-0.8	-10.3	25.4
Newfoundland	34,456	33,931	1.5	12.3	3.3	10.3	-13.8	-7.2
Prince Edward Island	12,425	9,981	24.5	-24.7	63.2	-22.4	-21.6	64.1
Nova Scotia	61,960	55,881	10.9	7.0	-24.6	-14.5	32.7	-16.0
New Brunswick	42,841	40,623	5.5	4.5	-12.0	19.2	-4.9	1.4
Québec	843,883	684,278	23.3	4.8	4.1	-3.4	-5.6	7.4
Ontario	1,061,264	1,257,520	-15.6	5.1	-15.6	7.1	-2.2	30.4
Manitoba	58,279	51,932	12.2	-13.3	12.9	-25.3	4.2	31.0
Saskatchewan	37,675	40,155	-6.2	-2.4	2.9	39.6	7.4	-25.2
Alberta	469,788	399,998	17.4	-1.2	4.5	-4.2	10.2	-7.3
British Columbia	523,806	456,041	14.9	-4.7	18.7	-13.9	-42.2	82.7
Yukon	1,044	4,498	-76.8	66.0	-17.4	15.0	-31.8	70.2
Northwest Territories	1,461	7,241	-79.8	-21.3	214.4	-50.1	15.5	54.8
Nunavut	574	287	100.0	-91.2	51.2	40.6	89.5	-19.9

Table 4
Number of Dwelling Units Authorized, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rate

Province/Territory	2004	2004	Nov. Oot	Oot Cont	Cont Aug	Aug luhi	July Juno	luna May
	November ^p	October	Nov Oct.	Oct Sept.	Sept Aug.	Aug July	July - June	June - May
	uni	ts			perce	ntage change		
Canada	243,228	233,568	4.1	-5.2	1.2	-0.9	-11.7	26.0
Newfoundland and Labrador	2,676	2,796	-4.3	10.4	1.4	-10.0	0.4	2.7
Prince Edward Island	1,032	912	13.2	-9.5	47.4	-27.8	-37.3	23.5
Nova Scotia	4,956	4,152	19.4	1.5	-34.0	-18.5	44.1	-28.6
New Brunswick	3,900	4,668	-16.5	9.0	-3.0	33.3	-22.3	-8.3
Québec	64,608	58,140	11.1	-0.4	4.3	-2.5	-0.9	2.6
Ontario	74,724	86,364	-13.5	-0.1	-14.8	10.8	-6.1	36.7
Manitoba	4,620	3,972	16.3	-22.1	20.1	-35.0	-7.9	51.8
Saskatchewan	3,060	4,860	-37.0	13.4	11.2	47.9	5.3	-26.4
Alberta	46,104	35,244	30.8	-7.9	10.5	-17.4	12.4	-7.7
British Columbia	37,368	30,864	21.1	-24.0	40.1	-4.6	-50.4	117.9
Yukon	108	384	-71.9	88.2	-37.0	58.8	-51.4	105.9
Northwest Territories	48	1,188	-96.0	43.5	1,280.0	-66.7	-21.1	137.5
Nunavut	24	24	0.0	-90.9	144.4	-30.8	225.0	-55.6

Table 5 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted, 2004

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated valu	e of constructio	n	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	sidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Canada October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	10,722 10,400 117,602 110,889	8,742 9,869 104,605 92,239	19,464 20,269 222,207 203,128	3,042,366 3,149,456 33,420,731 29,023,129	348,271 396,493 3,199,692 3,341,138	884,597 895,764 9,295,904 8,450,491	301,045 560,733 4,604,142 5,535,820	1,533,913 1,852,990 17,099,738 17,327,449	4,576,279 5,002,446 50,520,469 46,350,578
Newfoundland and Labrador October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	171 170 1,951 1,695	62 53 489 379	233 223 2,440 2,074	33,931 34,456 341,946 265,247	930 1,076 8,565 10,329	18,114 5,774 87,241 80,927	6,456 802 34,152 20,198	25,500 7,652 129,958 111,454	59,431 42,108 471,904 376,701
Prince Edward Island October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	65 63 746 554	11 23 167 232	76 86 913 786	9,981 12,425 114,342 80,647	142 2,290 7,529 7,729	20,305 888 58,270 57,180	40 4,048 11,416 13,120	20,487 7,226 77,215 78,029	30,468 19,651 191,557 158,676
Nova Scotia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	268 245 3,083 2,936	78 168 1,921 1,943	346 413 5,004 4,879	55,881 61,960 683,636 614,713	5,034 14,967 47,983 60,415	27,827 23,138 256,313 204,715	2,145 2,684 57,452 58,581	35,006 40,789 361,748 323,711	90,887 102,749 1,045,384 938,424
New Brunswick October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	233 265 2,832 2,373	156 60 983 1,243	389 325 3,815 3,616	40,623 42,841 460,204 372,378	2,894 3,739 33,117 48,293	17,527 13,812 146,244 177,816	41,109 1,875 114,766 49,816	61,530 19,426 294,127 275,925	102,153 62,267 754,331 648,303
Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	2,416 2,434 24,551 22,010	2,429 2,950 28,637 23,909	4,845 5,384 53,188 45,919	684,278 843,883 7,328,447 5,844,059	50,732 79,783 759,719 776,716	144,390 162,002 1,847,104 1,711,396	79,456 91,392 956,093 852,474	274,578 333,177 3,562,916 3,340,586	958,856 1,177,060 10,891,363 9,184,645
Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	4,117 3,409 45,324 45,107	3,080 2,818 35,412 36,109	7,197 6,227 80,736 81,216	1,257,520 1,061,264 13,539,719 13,064,356	172,719 153,091 1,551,933 1,776,690	415,498 383,732 3,844,061 3,449,523	132,429 315,095 2,344,380 2,966,313	720,646 851,918 7,740,374 8,192,526	1,978,166 1,913,182 21,280,093 21,256,882
Manitoba October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	304 379 3,545 2,722	27 6 881 1,230	331 385 4,426 3,952	51,932 58,279 621,475 475,527	2,817 3,646 59,791 82,352	23,718 24,332 260,808 252,380	7,044 5,888 114,094 173,421	33,579 33,866 434,693 508,153	85,511 92,145 1,056,168 983,680
Saskatchewan October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	146 190 1,786 1,560	259 65 1,329 1,453	405 255 3,115 3,013	40,155 37,675 384,960 323,489	5,814 4,916 46,611 29,371	19,879 22,268 190,185 193,919	3,677 5,387 95,353 147,516	29,370 32,571 332,149 370,806	69,525 70,246 717,109 694,295

Table 5

Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted, 2004 – Concluded

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated valu	e of construction	n	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Alberta October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	1,834 2,090 20,407 19,948	1,103 1,752 15,057 12,648	2,937 3,842 35,464 32,596	399,998 469,788 4,359,396 3,851,593	92,163 64,489 377,461 312,190	129,570 162,836 1,386,012 1,231,599	10,143 67,755 427,941 698,709	231,876 295,080 2,191,414 2,242,498	631,874 764,868 6,550,810 6,094,091
British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	1,138 1,140 13,016 11,643	1,434 1,974 19,474 12,835	2,572 3,114 32,490 24,478	456,041 523,806 5,496,774 4,045,315	14,598 68,221 302,203 232,984	61,541 96,132 1,166,450 1,039,602	15,393 64,662 403,889 473,312	91,532 229,015 1,872,542 1,745,898	547,573 752,821 7,369,316 5,791,213
Yukon Territory October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	22 9 180 184	10 0 36 15	32 9 216 199	4,498 1,044 32,078 25,966	0 190 1,188 562	4,952 143 8,982 15,075	268 395 27,573 6,963	5,220 728 37,743 22,600	9,718 1,772 69,821 48,566
Northwest Territories October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	8 4 158 131	91 0 152 184	99 4 310 315	7,241 1,461 45,943 45,867	428 10 3,517 3,503	1,276 707 42,082 18,463	2,885 750 4,933 8,718	4,589 1,467 50,532 30,684	11,830 2,928 96,475 76,551
Nunavut October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	0 2 23 26	2 0 67 59	2 2 90 85	287 574 11,811 13,972	0 75 75 4	0 0 2,152 17,896	0 0 12,100 66,679	0 75 14,327 84,579	287 649 26,138 98,551

¹ Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.

Table 6 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted, 2004

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	j units			Estimated value	e of construction	1	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	sidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Abbotsford, British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	52 92 648 724	0 28 240 137	52 120 888 861	10,129 19,146 123,110 110,323	1,568 903 32,009 15,986	782 514 8,438 21,980	0 4,415 16,296 11,410	2,350 5,832 56,743 49,376	12,479 24,978 179,853 159,699
Calgary, Alberta October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	658 782 7,584 7,784	665 607 6,198 4,759	1,323 1,389 13,782 12,543	178,284 180,090 1,799,628 1,642,917	4,742 9,984 62,420 85,842	35,926 56,246 590,586 493,892	3,155 11,111 173,359 373,484	43,823 77,341 826,365 953,218	222,107 257,431 2,625,993 2,596,135
Edmonton, Alberta October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	578 596 6,155 5,811	190 760 6,183 5,144	768 1,356 12,338 10,955	95,030 132,322 1,292,750 1,100,143	40,674 16,595 105,836 53,657	43,702 72,803 396,118 322,793	4,337 21,105 83,405 123,337	88,713 110,503 585,359 499,787	183,743 242,825 1,878,109 1,599,930
Greater Sudbury, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	31 28 318 288	1 3 13 11	32 31 331 299	5,770 4,855 56,508 52,941	2,716 858 8,242 4,032	1,363 3,909 27,704 19,100	420 3,793 22,859 18,003	4,499 8,560 58,805 41,135	10,269 13,415 115,313 94,076
Halifax, Nova Scotia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	121 103 1,404 1,389	50 142 1,496 1,548	171 245 2,900 2,937	29,737 36,640 401,796 369,929	2,420 12,123 20,757 28,281	18,712 12,552 109,761 108,338	817 998 37,741 26,607	21,949 25,673 168,259 163,226	51,686 62,313 570,055 533,155
Hamilton, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	109 153 1,986 1,588	78 84 1,863 1,408	187 237 3,849 2,996	39,615 41,029 606,356 455,228	379 1,801 39,010 95,654	9,434 15,904 160,260 123,702	791 1,967 79,779 345,806	10,604 19,672 279,049 565,162	50,219 60,701 885,405 1,020,390
Kingston, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	44 86 671 683	0 7 275 410	44 93 946 1,093	6,989 12,986 119,590 121,366	1,735 250 6,310 5,308	6,266 973 31,686 41,643	136 9,862 52,051 28,760	8,137 11,085 90,047 75,711	15,126 24,071 209,637 197,077
Kitchener, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	217 202 2,069 2,386	208 125 1,529 1,608	425 327 3,598 3,994	56,412 50,380 511,327 542,550	6,610 3,922 65,930 62,106	10,948 25,889 173,276 165,888	5,803 462 114,028 80,534	23,361 30,273 353,234 308,528	79,773 80,653 864,561 851,078
London, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	171 158 2,016 1,672	57 39 862 910	228 197 2,878 2,582	36,466 31,604 419,094 332,282	3,916 2,820 36,016 53,592	24,982 6,934 119,631 131,357	9,448 30,690 190,755 152,090	38,346 40,444 346,402 337,039	74,812 72,048 765,496 669,321
Montréal, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	1,148 1,098 10,948 9,515	1,437 1,880 17,993 14,221	2,585 2,978 28,941 23,736	379,951 497,950 3,994,056 3,046,172	19,128 38,995 321,200 235,857	85,845 84,354 953,458 973,452	48,436 82,513 555,546 472,447	153,409 205,862 1,830,204 1,681,756	533,360 703,812 5,824,260 4,727,928

Table 6

Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted, 2004 – Continued

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated valu	e of construction		
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Oshawa, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	103 82 1,450 2,374	132 45 1,262 1,337	235 127 2,712 3,711	38,422 24,478 474,356 645,887	3,700 11,167 36,226 110,197	7,204 10,290 109,397 101,707	10,103 5,185 64,304 194,066	21,007 26,642 209,927 405,970	59,429 51,120 684,283 1,051,857
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part,									
Ontario/Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	245 229 2,912 2,988	383 471 4,351 3,476	628 700 7,263 6,464	86,503 108,295 1,081,548 965,924	849 2,867 13,944 24,242	30,748 27,963 372,551 452,964	1,908 12,767 105,559 137,560	33,505 43,597 492,054 614,766	120,008 151,892 1,573,602 1,580,690
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec									
October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	132 138 1,553 1,471	109 128 1,257 1,537	241 266 2,810 3,008	28,450 34,443 372,447 354,001	2,920 47 13,881 4,244	2,616 10,715 104,553 69,420	1,469 1,179 17,815 36,239	7,005 11,941 136,249 109,903	35,455 46,384 508,696 463,904
Québec, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	234 204 2,413 2,581	236 384 3,351 2,970	470 588 5,764 5,551	60,997 74,167 706,983 625,906	1,580 2,351 24,378 38,298	13,162 19,198 252,998 217,497	4,549 760 118,821 60,664	19,291 22,309 396,197 316,459	80,288 96,476 1,103,180 942,365
Regina, Saskatchewan October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	39 59 545 482	34 53 417 420	73 112 962 902	9,349 12,986 118,989 95,848	3,379 411 22,104 2,443	3,609 11,819 60,248 88,756	2,025 941 25,817 58,223	9,013 13,171 108,169 149,422	18,362 26,157 227,158 245,270
Saguenay, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	28 10 242 256	22 14 170 176	50 24 412 432	6,400 3,864 60,905 61,374	663 842 11,403 12,047	1,176 1,851 27,997 33,671	2,258 307 11,663 21,466	4,097 3,000 51,063 67,184	10,497 6,864 111,968 128,558
Saint John, New Brunswick October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	32 57 463 430	37 4 125 148	69 61 588 578	7,956 7,007 74,130 66,474	108 1,591 6,196 4,792	1,578 1,439 18,869 34,441	1,310 319 10,988 6,989	2,996 3,349 36,053 46,222	10,952 10,356 110,183 112,696
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	66 57 689 618	200 5 768 996	266 62 1,457 1,614	21,582 9,506 157,252 149,211	630 2,446 11,696 11,482	9,942 5,590 64,947 44,070	694 2,856 14,329 29,808	11,266 10,892 90,972 85,360	32,848 20,398 248,224 234,571
Sherbrooke, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	45 59 567 581	195 41 759 614	240 100 1,326 1,195	22,069 14,070 156,663 137,022	712 447 8,885 12,558	4,612 3,419 50,352 28,622	2,113 77 13,482 29,562	7,437 3,943 72,719 70,742	29,506 18,013 229,382 207,764
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	94 91 1,176 1,083	17 33 473 271	111 124 1,649 1,354	22,143 23,769 289,090 227,722	2,879 2,655 24,003 19,599	7,408 9,031 127,673 112,579	1,779 1,109 35,503 98,151	12,066 12,795 187,179 230,329	34,209 36,564 476,269 458,051

Table 6 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted, 2004 -Concluded

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	units			Estimated valu	e of construction	1	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
		ugo	dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador October' November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	126 94 1,370 1,149	34 52 414 323	160 146 1,784 1,472	25,313 22,823 250,509 191,049	0 144 4,625 4,232	15,921 4,937 67,749 53,245	5,689 642 26,908 14,416	21,610 5,723 99,282 71,893	46,923 28,546 349,791 262,942
Thunder Bay, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	19 23 230 226	5 2 15 86	24 25 245 312	4,656 4,418 45,284 43,637	170 579 12,796 14,771	1,122 932 28,634 20,122	3,425 138 15,725 29,454	4,717 1,649 57,155 64,347	9,373 6,067 102,439 107,984
Toronto, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	1,550 901 17,071 17,738	1,805 1,562 20,840 23,476	3,355 2,463 37,911 41,214	627,740 424,404 6,624,190 6,808,661	102,734 96,903 788,743 852,091	236,106 218,889 1,968,679 1,642,965	56,739 221,616 1,170,584 1,248,603	395,579 537,408 3,928,006 3,743,659	1,023,319 961,812 10,552,196 10,552,320
Trois-Rivières, Quebec October ^f November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	39 35 369 317	48 35 441 347	87 70 810 664	11,789 9,947 103,791 91,650	590 898 14,398 34,791	1,964 937 32,660 31,836	4,352 573 27,499 32,678	6,906 2,408 74,557 99,305	18,695 12,355 178,348 190,955
Vancouver, British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	429 396 5,022 4,824	1,098 1,406 14,595 8,702	1,527 1,802 19,617 13,526	274,025 286,274 3,408,981 2,462,106	4,030 43,152 127,617 86,107	31,942 56,485 766,110 534,550	6,938 26,133 171,310 209,613	42,910 125,770 1,065,037 830,270	316,935 412,044 4,474,018 3,292,376
Victoria, British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	87 86 1,051 1,027	161 73 957 907	248 159 2,008 1,934	40,576 34,951 353,663 290,704	641 252 7,858 20,250	1,834 12,362 62,283 131,234	708 177 59,007 73,932	3,183 12,791 129,148 225,416	43,759 47,742 482,811 516,120
Windsor, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	109 89 1,412 1,570	111 60 824 701	220 149 2,236 2,271	34,190 23,771 346,439 349,296	1,190 761 18,383 47,556	17,742 3,651 121,580 96,137	10,931 232 23,842 66,404	29,863 4,644 163,805 210,097	64,053 28,415 510,244 559,393
Winnipeg, Manitoba October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	169 196 2,094 1,547	1 0 594 924	170 196 2,688 2,471	26,910 32,992 369,983 287,696	849 2,050 29,628 27,946	22,255 17,707 181,755 196,918	3,275 3,198 91,902 120,984	26,379 22,955 303,285 345,848	53,289 55,947 673,268 633,544

 $^{^{1} \}quad \textit{Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.}$

Part III - Tables (Unadjusted)

Table 7

Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted, 2004

Month			ľ	Number of dwe	elling unit		
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings
Canada							
October ^r	10,893	77	1,439	1,948	4,619	627	19,603
November ^p	9,012	44	934	2,310	7,574	282	20,156
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	121,699 114,446	814 778	11,137 11,988	21,094 19,272	66,214 56,249	4,477 4,654	225,435 207,387
Newfoundland and Labrado ^r							
October ^r	202	1	22	2	54	2	283
November ^p	122	0	55	0	16	1	194
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	1,967	15	145	42	284	60	2,513
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	1,791	22	16	78	274	34	2,215
Prince Edward Island	CE	0	0	0	0	0	70
October ^r November ^p	65 49	3 1	0 3	3 0	8 19	0 2	79 74
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	724	48	44	43	72	9	940
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	544	40	22	35	156	19	816
Nova Scotia							
October ^r	278	12	18	0	87	4	399
November ^p	205	7	6	28	140	8	394
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	3,206	98	164	87	1,602	56	5,213
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	2,981	98	263	121	1,476	88	5,027
New Brunswick October ^r	242	0	0.5	21	103	0	407
November ^p	171	8 13	25 8	5	32	8 15	407 244
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	2,805	97	122	128	658	77	3,887
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	2,498	67	103	88	965	89	3,810
Quebec							
October ^r	2,355	24	309	93	1,914	137	4,832
November ^p	2,128	16	297	115	3,426	140	6,122
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	25,188	282	2,522	1,260	21,644	2,082	52,978
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	22,810	282	1,849	854	18,562	2,152	46,509
Ontario Ontario	4.407	00	000	4.405	000	444	7.004
October ^r	4,407	20	802	1,125	839	141	7,334
November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	2,933 47,680	5 163	275 5,080	1,289 12,136	1,657 16,330	81 1,122	6,240 82,511
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	46,653	163	7,100	11,761	15,849	1,725	83,251
Manitoba							
October ^r	306	2	1	0	26	0	335
November ^p	268	0	2	0	4	1	275
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	3,656	37	57	14	808	5	4,577
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	2,863	21	63	43	1,117	7	4,114

Table 7 **Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted, 2004** – Concluded

Month	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Saskatchewan October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	133 138 1,780 1,599	1 2 7 11	24 4 102 50	184 7 337 463	51 53 858 874	2 1 35 69	395 205 3,119 3,066			
Alberta October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	1,784 1,992 21,035 20,347	1 0 24 50	179 228 2,191 1,857	189 501 2,045 2,248	800 928 10,321 8,529	3 3 398 104	2,956 3,652 36,014 33,135			
British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	1,069 993 13,276 12,013	5 0 36 20	59 56 698 637	331 365 4,992 3,518	634 1,299 13,412 8,286	330 30 625 361	2,428 2,743 33,039 24,835			
Yukon Territory October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	42 8 217 181	0 0 7 3	0 0 7 2	0 0 10 0	10 0 17 10	0 0 2 3	52 8 260 199			
Northwest Territories October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	10 3 142 141	0 0 0	0 0 5 0	0 0 0 63	91 0 147 121	0 0 0	101 3 294 325			
Nunavut October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	0 2 23 25	0 0 0	0 0 0 26	0 0 0 0	2 0 61 30	0 0 6 3	2 2 90 85			

Table 8 Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, November 2004

Census Metropolitan Areas	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Abbotsford, British Columbia	85	0	0	0	24	0	109			
Calgary, Alberta	772	0	46	73	447	0	1,338			
Edmonton, Alberta	589	0	166	234	307	1	1,297			
Greater Sudbury, Ontario	25	0	0	0	4	0	29			
Halifax, Nova Scotia	99	1	4	28	105	5	242			
Hamilton, Ontario	136	0	12	70	19	0	237			
Kingston, Ontario	76	0	2	6	0	0	84			
Kitchener, Ontario	179	0	4	72	71	4	330			
London, Ontario	140	0	0	45	2	0	187			
Montréal, Quebec	1,074	0	109	43	2,392	47	3,665			
Oshawa, Ontario	73	0	17	37	0	1	128			
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec	337	0	66	257	407	17	1,084			
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec	203	0	22	257	282	9	773			
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec	134	0	44	0	125	8	311			
Québec, Quebec	200	0	38	63	406	22	729			
Regina, Saskatchewan	54	0	0	0	53	0	107			
Saguenay, Quebec	10	0	10	0	8	1	29			
Saint John, New Brunswick	40	2	0	0	4	0	46			
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	53	0	4	0	0	1	58			
Sherbrooke, Quebec	57	0	2	0	54	2	115			
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	81	0	8	26	5	1	121			
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	85	0	55	0	16	0	156			
Thunder Bay, Ontario	20	0	2	0	0	0	22			
Toronto, Ontario	799	0	130	595	1,127	36	2,687			
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	34	0	28	0	16	4	82			
Vancouver, British Columbia	366	0	34	308	833	22	1,563			
Victoria, British Columbia	79	0	4	5	48	5	141			
Windsor, Ontario	79	0	16	11	45	0	151			
Winnipeg, Manitoba	159	0	0	0	0	0	159			

Table 9 Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, January - November 2004

Census Metropolitan Areas		Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings				
Abbotsford, British Columbia	658	0	0	20	232	1	911				
Calgary, Alberta	7,733	0	767	962	4,442	22	13,926				
Edmonton, Alberta	6,303	0	1,016	577	4,129	363	12,388				
Greater Sudbury, Ontario	342	1	4	0	11	0	358				
Halifax, Nova Scotia	1,476	3	84	79	1,304	30	2,976				
Hamilton, Ontario	2,117	0	111	945	625	123	3,921				
Kingston, Ontario	722	4	24	36	214	3	1,003				
Kitchener, Ontario	2,134	0	152	607	686	58	3,637				
London, Ontario	2,110	0	14	447	429	19	3,019				
Montréal, Quebec	11,291	0	881	858	13,977	1,257	28,264				
Oshawa, Ontario	1,570	0	584	543	34	10	2,741				
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec	4,637	10	655	2,508	2,222	107	10,139				
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec	3,077	1	294	2,481	1,422	48	7,323				
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec	1,560	9	361	27	800	59	2,816				
Québec, Quebec	2,525	11	386	251	2,484	173	5,830				
Regina, Saskatchewan	559	1	2	0	414	1	977				
Saguenay, Quebec	252	6	40	1	73	51	423				
Saint John, New Brunswick	475	20	6	2	110	7	620				
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	714	0	84	322	345	19	1,484				
Sherbrooke, Quebec	596	0	26	0	722	41	1,385				
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	1,248	0	69	231	153	21	1,722				
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	1,400	0	135	42	230	48	1,855				
Thunder Bay, Ontario	254	1	10	5	0	2	272				
Toronto, Ontario	17,813	1	3,139	5,392	11,615	427	38,387				
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	386	1	90	0	272	21	770				
Vancouver, British Columbia	5,119	0	244	4,015	10,075	490	19,943				
Victoria, British Columbia	1,057	11	34	179	699	49	2,029				
Windsor, Ontario	1,485	0	179	262	311	1	2,238				
Winnipeg, Manitoba	2,173	0	46	5	543	0	2,767				

Table 10
Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted, 2004

Month	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)									
	Residential		Non-residential		Total					
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and						
				governmental						
Canada										
October ^r	3,070,973	369,852	996,169	338,170	4,775,164					
November ^p	3,010,066	384,821	917,213	710,429	5,022,529					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	34,327,161	3,193,875	9,338,976	4,684,066	51,544,078					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	29,864,446	3,361,055	8,574,808	5,524,378	47,324,687					
Newfoundland and Labrador										
October	37,768	930	26,143	6,456	71,297					
November ^p	26,314	1,076	10,539	802	38,731					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	343,798	8,565	91,990	34,152	478,505					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	284,100	10,329	86,474	20,198	401,101					
Prince Edward Island	0.077	440	00.005	40	22.224					
October ^r	9,877	142	20,305	40	30,364					
November ^p	9,036	2,290	888	4,048	16,262					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	116,128	7,529	58,270	11,416	193,343					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	86,020	7,729	57,180	13,120	164,049					
Nova Scotia	50.407	5.004	00.705	0.445	05 074					
October ^r	59,427	5,034	28,765	2,145	95,371					
November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	55,821	14,967	24,894	2,684	98,366					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	726,146 638,235	47,983 60,415	240,422 208,664	57,452 58,581	1,072,003 965,895					
New Brunswick										
October ^r	44,796	2,894	17,527	41,109	106,326					
November ^p	30,839	3,739	13,812	1,875	50,265					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	466,018	33,117	146,244	114,766	760,145					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	398,207	48,293	177,816	49,816	674,132					
Quebec										
October ^r	698,382	57,309	201,943	82,446	1,040,080					
November ^p	861,323	82,982	211,421	112,185	1,267,911					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	7,506,927	728,271	1,809,845	944,504	10,989,547					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	6,002,608	769,995	1,713,213	863,606	9,349,422					
Ontario										
October ^r	1,290,299	187,723	417,657	166,564	2,062,243					
November ^p	1,039,866	138,220	410,439	443,998	2,032,523					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	14,037,602	1,577,564	3,933,972	2,435,893	21,985,031					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	13,447,785	1,803,328	3,505,176	2,943,739	21,700,028					
Manitoba										
October	51,745	2,817	28,097	7,044	89,703					
November ^p	40,697	3,646	21,287	5,888	71,518					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	645,523 498,828	59,791 82,352	262,524 256,565	114,094 173,421	1,081,932 1,011,166					
Cookatahawan	•	•	•	-						
Saskatchewan October ^r	37,569	5,814	17,033	3,677	64,093					
November ^p	26,500	4,916	20,957	5,387	57,760					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	387,438	46,611	203,308	95,353	732,710					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	332,963	29,371	201,491	147,516	711,341					

Table 10 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted, 2004 – Concluded

Month	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)									
	Residential		Non-residential		Total					
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental						
Alberta										
October	395,535	92,163	148,408	10,143	646,249					
November ^p	448,668	64,489	125,236	67,755	706,148					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	4,449,027	377,461	1,415,601	427,941	6,670,030					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	3,942,697	312,190	1,267,534	698,709	6,221,130					
British Columbia										
October ^r	431,030	14,598	84,063	15,393	545,084					
November ^p	467,714	68,221	76,890	64,662	677,487					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	5,553,907	302,203	1,123,584	403,889	7,383,583					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	4,144,935	232,984	1,049,261	473,312	5,900,492					
Yukon Territory										
October ^r	7,017	0	4,952	268	12,237					
November ^p	1,253	190	143	395	1,981					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	36,893	1,188	8,982	27,573	74,636					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	28,229	562	15,075	6,963	50,829					
Northwest Territories										
October ^r	7,241	428	1,276	2,885	11,830					
November ^p	1,461	10	707	750	2,928					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	45,943	3,517	42,082	4,933	96,475					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	45,867	3,503	18,463	8,718	76,551					
Nunavut										
October ^r	287	0	0	0	287					
November ^p	574	75	0	0	649					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2004	11,811	75	2,152	12,100	26,138					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	13,972	4	17,896	66,679	98,551					

Table 11
Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, November 2004

Census Metropolitan Areas		Value of c	onstruction (thousand	ls of dollars)	
	Residential		Non-residential		Total
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	
Abbotsford, British Columbia	17,111	903	387	4,415	22,816
Calgary, Alberta	182,280	9,984	39,221	11,111	242,596
Edmonton, Alberta	136,133	16,595	50,766	21,105	224,599
Greater Sudbury, Ontario	4,446	745	4,094	5,515	14,800
Halifax, Nova Scotia	35,333	12,123	12,552	998	61,006
Hamilton, Ontario	39,800	1,564	16,656	2,860	60,880
Kingston, Ontario	11,894	217	1,019	14,340	27,470
Kitchener, Ontario	49,930	3,406	27,114	672	81,122
London, Ontario	30,027	2,449	7,262	44,626	84,364
Montréal, Quebec	549,376	41,857	115,233	103,184	809,650
Oshawa, Ontario	23,920	9,698	10,777	7,539	51,934
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec	154,227	2,540	43,924	20,038	220,729
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec	117,531	2,490	29,286	18,564	167,871
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec	36,696	50	14,638	1,474	52,858
Québec, Quebec	81,935	2,524	26,226	950	111,635
Regina, Saskatchewan	11,503	411	11,348	941	24,203
Saguenay, Quebec	4,209	904	2,529	384	8,026
Saint John, New Brunswick	6,167	1,591	1,439	319	9,516
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	8,008	2,446	5,367	2,856	18,677
Sherbrooke, Quebec	14,625	480	4,670	96	19,871
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	22,723	2,306	9,458	1,613	36,100
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	20,981	144	9,081	642	30,848
Thunder Bay, Ontario	4,002	503	976	200	5,681
Toronto, Ontario	450,710	84,153	229,244	322,245	1,086,352
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	10,459	964	1,280	716	13,419
Vancouver, British Columbia	270,848	43,152	42,534	26,133	382,667
Victoria, British Columbia	32,182	252	9,309	177	41,920
Windsor, Ontario	23,418	661	3,824	337	28,240
Winnipeg, Manitoba	25,412	2,050	15,113	3,198	45,773

Table 12 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, January – November 2004

Census Metropolitan Areas		Value of c	onstruction (thousand	ls of dollars)	
	Residential		Non-residential		Total
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	
Abbotsford, British Columbia	124,240	32,009	8,310	16,296	180,855
Calgary, Alberta	1,826,424	62,420	597,113	173,359	2,659,316
Edmonton, Alberta	1,316,373	105,836	396,698	83,405	1,902,312
Greater Sudbury, Ontario	61,228	8,545	30,036	24,253	124,062
Halifax, Nova Scotia	412,673	20,757	109,761	37,741	580,932
Hamilton, Ontario	624,896	39,646	169,467	79,707	913,716
Kingston, Ontario	128,657	6,316	33,190	55,917	224,080
Kitchener, Ontario	522,970	67,383	179,706	93,218	863,277
London, Ontario	436,354	36,861	112,582	200,012	785,809
Montréal, Quebec	4,055,567	295,310	929,765	562,497	5,843,139
Oshawa, Ontario	490,687	35,387	119,648	64,754	710,476
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario/Quebec	1,495,075	26,428	494,402	115,192	2,131,097
Ottawa-Gatineau, Ontario part, Ontario/Quebec	1,115,490	13,793	388,613	99,072	1,616,968
Ottawa-Gatineau, Quebec part, Ontario/Quebec	379,585	12,635	105,789	16,120	514,129
Québec, Quebec	722,536	22,639	238,138	110,074	1,093,387
Regina, Saskatchewan	122,460	22,104	62,697	25,817	233,078
Saguenay, Quebec	65,562	11,223	28,186	12,379	117,350
Saint John, New Brunswick	77,188	6,196	18,869	10,988	113,241
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	161,503	11,696	69,259	14,329	256,787
Sherbrooke, Quebec	164,694	8,096	47,950	13,305	234,045
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	302,964	24,490	122,927	31,850	482,231
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	251,703	4,625	73,909	26,908	357,145
Thunder Bay, Ontario	50,012	13,640	30,433	14,893	108,978
Toronto, Ontario	6,801,095	805,769	1,988,702	1,278,697	10,874,263
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	106,685	12,794	32,214	27,425	179,118
Vancouver, British Columbia	3,439,672	127,617	736,074	171,310	4,474,673
Victoria, British Columbia	358,625	7,858	57,234	59,007	482,724
Windsor, Ontario	356,558	17,882	123,540	24,863	522,843
Winnipeg, Manitoba	383,610	29,628	183,345	91,902	688,485

Table 13 Value of the Non-residential Permits by Type of Building, Provinces and Territories, November 2004

Type of building	Canada	N.L.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta	B.C.	Yukon	N.W.T.	Nunavut
							thousands o	of dollars						
Total non-residential	2,012,463	12,417	7,226	42,545	19,426	406,588	992,657	30,821	31,260	257,480	209,773	728	1,467	75
Industrial	384,821	1,076	2,290	14,967	3,739	82,982	138,220	3,646	4,916	64,489	68,221	190	10	75
Factories, plants	231,980	0	250	1,000	768	57,199	98,014	2,675	1,280	12,423	58,371	0	0	0
Transportation, utilities	71,241	592	1,950	12,000	690	8,557	5,529	0	1,874	38,949	1,100	0	0	0
Mining and agriculture Minor industrial projects,	24,814	0	0	880	900	3,556	7,595	0	0	7,208	4,675	0	0	0
new and improvements ¹	56,786	484	90	1,087	1,381	13,670	27,082	971	1,762	5,909	4,075	190	10	75
Commercial	917,213	10,539	888	24,894	13,812	211,421	410,439	21,287	20,957	125,236	76,890	143	707	0
Trade and services	259,090	5,795	400	17,430	3,687	88,653	101,864	8,338	7,115	19,320	6,488	0	0	0
Warehouses	149,268	0	0	0	0	24,986	82,108	0	4,143	28,287	9,487	0	257	0
Service stations	17,524	0	0	964	5,377	2,800	1,560	750	0	3,723	2,350	0	0	0
Office buildings	173,461	1,200	0	1,947	391	34,446	71,679	1,750	5,920	30,489	25,639	0	0	0
Recreation	92,622	0	0	650	350	11,258	69,860	935	336	3,713	5,520	0	0	0
Hotels, restaurants	68,238	2,350	0	0	0	14,399	23,370	3,959	0	16,529	7,631	0	0	0
Laboratories	835	0	0	0	0	0	835	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Minor commercial projects,														
new and improvements ¹	156,175	1,194	488	3,903	4,007	34,879	59,163	5,555	3,443	23,175	19,775	143	450	0
Institutional and														
governmental	710,429	802	4,048	2,684	1,875	112,185	443,998	5,888	5,387	67,755	64,662	395	750	0
Schools, education	287,369	0	3,824	0	0	73,247	176,172	1,670	2,663	19,835	9,958	0	0	0
Hospitals, medical	211,374	0	0	0	620	5,147	192,557	710	0	11,351	989	0	0	0
Welfare, home	138,857	0	0	0	0	13,857	43,813	330	522	33,550	46,785	0	0	0
Churches, religion	8,197	0	0	750	0	1,289	2,560	1,670	328	650	950	0	0	0
Government buildings Minor institutional and governmental projects,	33,637	0	0	1,035	0	11,913	15,862	912	370	300	2,495	0	750	0
new and improvements ¹	30,995	802	224	899	1,255	6,732	13,034	596	1,504	2,069	3,485	395	0	0

¹ Refer to projects valued at less than \$250,000 for which the breakdown by type of building is not available.

Part IV – Monthly Survey of Building Permits - Data Quality, Concepts and Methodology

The following information should be used to ensure a clear understanding of the basic concepts that define the data provided in this product, of the underlying methodology of the survey, and of key aspects of the data quality. This information will provide you with a better understanding of the strengths and limitations of the data, and of how they can be effectively used and analysed. The information may be of particular importance to you when making comparisons with data from other surveys or sources of information, and in drawing conclusions regarding change over time.

Data Sources and Methodology

The purpose of the Monthly Survey of Building Permits issued by Canadian municipalities is to collect data on construction intentions. The results of this survey are used by C.M.H.C. (Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation) as a reference base for conducting a monthly survey of housing starts and completions in accordance with its mandate. The statistics on building permits are also essential for the computation of capital expenditures. Furthermore, since the issuance of a building permit is one of the first steps in the construction process, these statistics are widely used as a leading indicator of building activity.

General methodology: The Building Permits Survey covers all Canadian municipalities that issue permits. The number of Canadian municipalities currently surveyed exceeds 2,350, representing all the provinces and territories. They account for 95% of the Canadian population. Participation in the survey is mandatory; the survey does not use a predetermined sample of municipalities. The communities representing the other 5% of the population are very small, and their level of building activity have little impact on the total. In practice, all urban agglomerations are represented in the survey, as well as a fair percentage of rural municipalities. With certain exceptions, the minimum coverage corresponds to the municipalities already included in the Housing Starts and Completions C.M.H.C.'s Survey. Non-responding municipalities that issue permits are urged on a regular basis to respond to the Building Permit Survey. Therefore, the number of municipalities covered is increasing continually.

The survey is usually conducted by mail, although certain municipalities choose to respond by telephone. The municipal officer responsible for issuing permits is asked to fill out a form each month describing all major construction projects.

The municipalities forward a copy of their completed report to Statistics Canada Head Office and another copy to the local office of the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (C.M.H.C.). To reduce their overhead, an increasing number of respondents are producing a computerized report. Only those municipalities that are late in reporting and that are included in the above-mentioned C.M.H.C. survey are subject to follow-up by telephone.

The reports received at Statistics Canada Head Office are verified, coded and processed.

Strict quality control procedures are applied to ensure that collection, coding and data processing are as accurate as possible. Checks are also performed on totals and the magnitude of data. Reports that fail to meet the quality standards are subject to verification and are corrected as required.

Imputations are required for each characteristic for which no report has been received. These are calculated automatically, subject to certain constraints, by applying to previously used values, the month-to-month and year-toyear changes in similar values of responding municipalities and the historical pattern of the missing municipalities. No estimation is done for lack of coverage, concealment or the underevaluation of permits issued. For this reason, the sampling error cannot be computed.

The monthly statistics are not corrected for cancelled or expired permits. According to the municipal officers, the proportion of cancelled and unused permits is below 5%.

Reference period: The reference period for data collection purposes is the calendar month. Reports from municipalities which are part of a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration must be received within 20 days following the month of reference. The other municipalities have 30 days to produce their reports. Results are released between 35 and 40 days after the end of the reference month. Annual data for the preceding calendar year are released with the data for the January survey month.

Revisions: Two types of revisions can affect the results of the Building Permits Survey:

Revisions Due to the Correction of Coding Errors

These types of revisions are done on a monthly basis only to the data pertaining to the month preceding the reference period.

Revisions Due to the addition of Late Reports

Late reports for the month preceding the reference period are incorporated into the survey results on a continuing basis. However, reports received after the two-month deadline following the reference month are introduced only at the end of the year. As a result, the data for the last twelve months are subject to revision.

Seasonal Adjustment: Seasonal changes cause predictable fluctuations in the data. The data series disseminated includes both seasonally adjusted (i.e., excludes predictable annual influences) and the unadjusted data. Seasonally adjusted data for the total number of housing units as well as for the aggregate value of building permits are obtained indirectly, i.e., by adding their seasonally adjusted components. The total number of dwelling units is obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data for single-family and multiple-use units; the total value of building permits is obtained by summing the following elements: single-family and multiple-family dwellings, industrial, commercial and institutional. Some series contain no apparent seasonality. In these cases, unadjusted values have been tabulated and agregated to the adjusted values of the other series. At the end of the year, the chronological series adjusted for seasonality are revised to take into account the most recent seasonal fluctuations. Generally, these revisions apply only to the last three years in the series. The revised data are introduced into the CANSIM databank.

Concepts and Variables Measured

The statistical data presented in this product refers to the number of dwelling units authorized and the value of building permits. The value of the permits reported includes the following expenditures: materials, labour, profit and overhead. The cost of land is never included in the estimated value of the permit while acquisition costs (legal fees, surveying fees and accrued interest) may be included at times.

The classification used in this publication deals strictly with structures for which a building permit was issued. Permits are generally issued for the following: construction of new buildings, alterations, additions, renovations, etc. Minor repair jobs such as painting, tiling, roofing, etc., for which no permit is required, and engineering work (such as dams, roads, pipelines, etc.), which, by definition, is not a building, are not included in the building permit series. Estimates of such work may be obtained from the publications Capital expenditures by type of asset (cat. no. 61-223) and Private and Public Investment in Canada Intentions (cat. no. 61-205).

The description given by the municipalities as to the type of building (box #6 of Section A on the form) and the type of work involved (box #7 of Section A on the form) forms

the basis for classification. The classification of buildings into major groups and subgroups is based on the following: intended use in the case of new buildings; present or intended use of buildings to which improvements are to be made; present use of the existing structure where the proposed construction is intended to provide additional facilities; principal use of the structure where the proposed construction has more than one intended use; however, where the building contains dwellings, the value of the construction is divided between residential and nonresidential use.

Building Categories

This publication, uses the following classification for the value of permits issued for construction of new buildings or for improvements: residential, industrial, commercial, institutional and government.

Residential. Includes all buildings intended for private occupancy whether on a permanent basis or not. Dwellings are divided into the following types: single-family, mobile, cottage, semi-detached, row house and apartment building.

Industrial. Includes all buildings used for manufacturing and processing; transportation, communication and other utilities, and agriculture, forestry and mining.

Commercial. Includes all buildings used to house activities related to the tertiary sector, such as stores, warehouses, garages, office buildings, theatres, hotels, funeral parlours and beauty salons.

Institutional and Government. Includes expenditures made by the community, public and government for buildings and structures like schools, universities, hospitals, clinics, churches, homes for the aged.

The **number of dwelling units** indicates the number of self contained dwelling units created. This should not be confused with the number of structures. For example, an apartment building containing six dwellings will be shown as six dwelling units. When an existing structure is converted into additional housing units, the number of units added is included. This publication uses the following classification for dwelling units:

Single-family. Refers to dwellings commonly called "single house". It includes single dwellings that are completely isolated on all sides, including single dwellings linked to other dwellings below ground. Included are bungalows, split levels, two-storey single-family homes built by conventional methods or prefabricated.

Mobile homes. Refers to houses designed and constructed to be transported on their own chassis and for easy moving. Cottage. Refers to dwellings that cannot be occupied yearround or on a permanent basis because the facilities required for comfort are inadequate.

Double or Semi-detached. Refers to dwellings in which each of the two dwellings are side by side and joined by a common wall or garage, but not attached to any other building and surrounded by open space.

Row Dwellings. Refers to a row of three or more dwellings attached to each other without dwellings above or below.

Apartment Building. Includes dwellings in a variety of buildings such as duplexes, semi-detached duplexes, triplexes, row duplexes, apartments as such and dwellings adjacent to non-residential structures.

Conversion. Refers to the number of dwellings added by conversion of existing structures.

Geographic Classification

Geographic entities are classified according to Standard Geographical Classification (SGC) used by Statistics Canada. Each reporting entity is assigned a twelve-digit SGC code for identification according to the following geographic levels:

Province and Territory (PR): There are ten provinces and three territories.

Economic Region (ER): Refers to intraprovincial regions established by the Standards Division of Statistics Canada. There are seventy-six ERs.

Census Division (CD): Refers to a group of census subdivisions established by provincial law. There are two hundred and ninety-one CDs (data on this geographic group is available on request).

Census Metropolitan Area (CMA): Its delineation corresponds to the 2001 Census definition. The term CMA refers to the main labour market area of an urban area (the urbanized core) of at least 100,000 population, based on the Census population figures. The twenty-seven CMAs are shown in this publication. Although the 2001 Census defines the Ottawa-Gatineau area as a single CMA, the area is also shown in this publication as two separate entities since it is located in two different provinces.

Census Agglomeration (CA): Refers to the smaller labour market area of an urbanized core of at least 10.000 population, as defined by the 2001 Census. There are one hundred and eighteen CAs in Canada. When a CA overlaps the boundaries of two provinces, it is shown partly in each province. The Lloydminster agglomeration is an exception to this rule. It is treated as if it was totally located in Alberta.

Other Municipalities of at Least 10,000 Population : Refers to municipalities not included in census agglomerations but with populations of at least 10,000 inhabitants. The distinction is made between these municipalities and CAs in order to permit comparison between the Building Permits Survey and the Housing Starts and Completions Survey which refers to this geographical concept.

Rural Area: Refers to all geographic entities not included in a CMA or CA and not identified as an urban centre by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Census Subdivision (CSD): Refers to the general term applying to municipalities, Indian reserves, Indian settlements and unorganized territories. However, since Indian reserves and settlements do not issue building permits, they are not included in this publication.

Non-standard Geographic Unit: The geographic units shown in this publication do not all satisfy the above definition of census subdivision. Some provincial or municipal administrations producing monthly reports do not correspond to the official geographic entities; they are nevertheless shown in this publication under the geographic entity used by these administrations. These so-called nonstandard geographic units are few in number and are mostly concentrated in the Maritime provinces.

Territorial revisions

Territorial boundaries were established according to the 2001 Census definitions. Changes in boundaries, status or name of census subdivisions between censuses are introduced in this publication on a yearly basis. Changes affecting the other geographic units (CMAs, CAs, CDs and ERs) are introduced every five years, eighteen months following the census.

Data Accuracy

Since the building permit data are extracted from municipal administrative documents, two types of response errors are possible: errors attributable to the permit applicant and errors in transcription by the responding municipality. However, experience has shown that transcription errors are not very common and the increasing number of municipalities producing computerized reports tends to reduce the frequency of this type of error. Errors attributable to an understatement of the cost of construction are more probable. Since permit fees are in most cases based on the value of the construction, this leads unquestionably to under-estimation of project values.

The other source of error are the processing error and the non-response error. In 2003, 99% of the municipalities covered by the survey sent their monthly Building Permits reports.

Comparability of Data and Related Sources

Comparison of data must be done with reservation considering that the methods of issuing permits and the methods of estimating building values can differ from one municipality to another. Also, comparisons involving different periods must take into account the constant increase in the number of municipalities participating in the survey.

This publication contains only part of the data produced on building permits. However, you may order unpublished tables or address special requests, to the Current Investment Indicators Section ((613) 951-4646 or 1-800-579-8533). The series presented here is also available on CANSIM: Tables 026-0001 to 026-0008, 026-0010 and 026-0015.

Related Products and Services

Selected Related Publications

Catalogue

62-202 Spending patterns in Canada

75-202 Income in Canada.

61-205 Private and public investment in Canada, intentions

61-206 Private and public investment in Canada, intentions



Building and demolition permits

Monthly Report

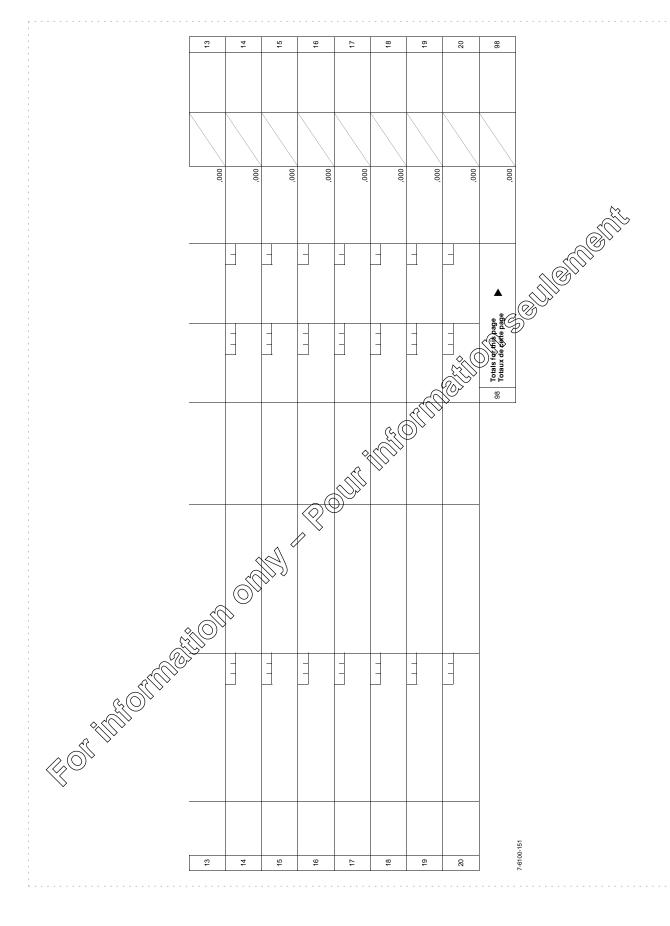
Permis de construction et de démolition

Rapport mensuel

	❸
1	If necessary, please update corresponding information – Si nécessaire, veuillez mettre à jour les renseignements correspondants
	2 Reporting Entity Name – Nom de l'entité rapportante
	3 Municipal Status (if applicable) – Statut municipal (s'il y a lieu)
	4 Address – Adresse
	5 City – Ville 6 Postal Code – Code postal
	7 Contact Name – Nom du contact
	8 Contact Title – Titre du contact
	9 Language of Preference – Langue de préférence
	10 Telephone Number – Numéro de téléphone
General Information	Renseignements généraux
Confidential when completed.	Confidentiel une fois rempli.
The collection of this information is authorized by the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada. 1985. Chapter S19.	La collecte de cette information est autorisée par la Loi sur la statistique, Lois révisées du Canada, 1985, chapitre S19.
To avoid duplication of enquiry and to provide consistent statistics, this survey is being conducted under cooperative agreements, made in accordance with the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S19 under Section 11 for the exchange of information with: the Manitoba Bureau of Statistics, the Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics and the British Columbia Central Statistics Bureau for respondents in each of the respective provinces; and under Section 12 for joint collection and sharing information with: the Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics and the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.	Afin d'éviter tout de varichement des enquêtes et de fournir des statistiques unif (mes.) Statistique Canada mène cette enquête aux termes d'accards conjoints conclus en vertu de l'article 11 de la Loi sur la statistique de renseignements avec: le «Manitoba Bureau of Statistics» le «Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics» et le «British Coloribia Central Statistics Bureau» pour les répondants de ces afficientes provinces; et en vertu de l'article 12 pour le rassemblement conjoint et l'échange de renseignements avec: le «Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics» et la Société canadienne d'hypothèques et de logement.
Agreements coming under Section 12 of the Canada Statistics Act shall not apply to any respondent who give notice in writing to the Chief Statistician that he/she objects to the sharing of the information.	Les accords aux termes de l'article 12 de la Loi sur la statistique ne s'appliquent pas aux répondants qui s'opposent à l'échange de renseignements dans une lettre jointe au questionnaire dûment rempli et adressé au statisticien en chef du Canada.
Results of this survey will enable Statistics Canada to estimate residential and non-residential construction activity at various geographical level. The latter are published monthly in Catalogue 64-001, Building Permits.	Les résultats de cette enquête permettront à Statistique Canada d'estimer l'activité de la construction résidentielle et non résidentielle à différents niveaux géographiques. Ces derniers sont publiés mensuellement dans Permis de bâtir, n° 64-001 au catalogue.
PLEASE REFER TO THE SURVEY REPORTING GUIDE AND SELF CODING GUIDE WHEN COMPLETING YOUR REPORT. If you require additional copies of tress guides please contact us at 1-888-404-3339.	VEUILLEZ CONSULTER LE GUIDE DE DÉCLARATION DE L'ENQUÊTE ET LE GUIDE POUR AUTOCODAGE POUR REMPLIR VOTRE RAPPORT. Si vous avez besoin des copies supplémentaires, veuillez communiquer au 1-888-404-3339.
11 Coverage Profile Update	Mise à jour du profil de couverture
Is the geographical experage of this monthly report different from that of your last report due to a change in boundaries, level of administration sets:	Est-ce que la couverture géographique de ce rapport mensuel est différente de celle de votre rapport précédent dû à un changement de frontières, du niveau d'administration, etc.
¹ ☐ Yes Oui	² No Non
12 Reporting Period – Période visée	13 Stock Requirements – Besoins de fournitures
Please use a separate form for Veuillez utiliser un formulaire each month being reported. Veuillez utiliser un formulaire différent pour chaque mois rapporté.	If forms or return envelopes Si vous avez besoin de formulaires ou d'enveloppes de retour, prière de l'indiquer:
Year	1 Forms Statistics Canada Return Envelopes Enveloppes de retour Statistique Canada
Année L.	3 CMHC Return Envelopes Enveloppes de retour SCHL
Month Mois	14 Nil Report – Rapport nul If no permits were issued Si aucun permis n'a été émis durant le
Report Prepared by – Rapport préparé par	during the month, simply mois, cochez simplement la case check the box below: ci-dessous: No Permits
Signature:	¹ ☐ Aucun permis
Year Month Day	Statitics Canada Use – Usage Statistique Canada
Année Mois Jour	MP T Status-État Int I.D. – Id. de l'int.

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	Line No. N° de ligne		6	05	03	04	02	90	07	80	60	10	-	12	13	4
of – de	Duilding Area Aire totale du bâtiment Check one: Cochez:	1 ☐ FT²/Pl² 2 ☐ M²														
Page	Dwelling Units Unités de logement Created Créées	Lost Supprimées														
	Value of Construction	ь.	000'	000,	000'	000'	000'	000'	000'	000'	000'	000'	000'	000'	000'	
	7 Type of Work Code Code pour type de travaux					_				_						
	Type of Building Code Code pour type de bâtiment		_			=	_			H <> ((<u> </u>				
	Construction Location Site des travaux									~						
ction majeurs	Name and Address of Builder Nom et adresse du constructeur	27.5														
Section A: Major Construction Projects – Projets de construction	Name and Address (On) ner Nom et adresse du propréselle		<u></u>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
on A: Major Co	Permit No. Numéro du permis															
Secti	Line No. — No de ligne		Б	03	03	40	92	98	20	80	60	10	7	12	13	4



Section B: Minor Residential Ad	ditions	and Renov	ations – Ad	ditions	et rénovatio	ns résidentielle	s mineu	res	
Permits valued	l at loce t	han \$50 000			Line No.	Value of Perr	nits	Num	ber of Permits
Permis évalué					No. de ligne	Valeur des pe \$	rmis		ibei di Fermis ibre de permis
		e dwellings			01	φ			
New garages and carports Garages et abris d'auto neufs		ments simple ple dwellings	S		02		,000		
Garages et abris d'adio fiedis		ments multiple dwellings	les		+ -		,000		
New inground swimming pools	Loge	ments simple			03		,000		
Piscines creusées neuves	Loge	ments multiple dwellings			04		,000		
Other improvements	Loge	ments simple			05		,000		
Autres améliorations	Loge	ple dwellings ments multipl	les		06		,000		
		or this section de cette sect		•	07		,000		
Section C: Minor Non-Resident	ial Proje	ects – Proj	ets non rési	dentiels	mineurs				
Permits valued	at less th	nan \$250 000			Line No.	Value of Perr	nits	Num	ber of Permits
Permis évalués			No. de ligne	Valeur des pe \$	rmis		bre de permis		
		construction			08	Ψ			- (())-
Industrial Industriel	Addit	struction neuv tions and rend	ovations		09		,000	^	(%) >
madatio		tions et rénov construction	ations		10		,000	$\frac{C}{C}$	<i>></i>
Commercial		struction neuv			+		,000	<u>~</u>	
	Addit	tions et rénov construction			11		,000)	
Institutional and Governmental	Cons	struction neuv			12		(),000		
Institutionnel et gouvernemental	Addit	tions et rénov	ations		13	<u> </u>	,000		
		or this section de cette sect		•	14		,000		
Section D: Residential Demoliti	ons – D	émolitions	résidentielle	es					
Type of dwelling		None	Single-deta	ched	Cottage	Semi-detached	Rov	v	Apartment
Type de logement		Aucune	Maison indiv	iduelle	Charles (Semi-détaché	Rang	ée	Appartemen
		(✓)			×(1)				
No. of dwelling units demolished		Ϊп		. </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Nombre d'unités de logement démolie Confider					>	Confidenti	olitó		
Statistics Canada is prohibited by I			(<u>) </u>	:				4-41-41
which would divulge information obtain	ained fror	n this survey	that relates	recuei	llies au cours	tatistique Canada de cette enquête	e qui perr	nettraie	ent d'identifier
to any identifiable business without that business. The data reported on	this que	stionnaire will	be treated	au pré	alable. Les do	que celle-ci en ai onnées déclarées	sur ce qu	estionn	aire resteront
in strict confidence, used for statis aggregate form only. The confiden	tiality pro	visions of th	e\Statistics			serviront exclusive seulement de faç			
Act are not affected by either the A other legislation.	Access to	Information	Act or any	de la	Loi sur la stat	tistique qui traiten façon par la Loi	t de la co	nfident	tialité ne sont
other legislation.					autre loi.	iaçon par la Loi	Sui racce	5 a 111	ilorriation ou
General Ins	truction	s				Directives gé	nérales		
Please complete your monthly repor ▶ one copy to Statistics Canada				► faire	e parvenir une	e rapport mensuel e copie à Statisti e			
one copy to the local office. Housing Corporation in pre-add	of the C ressed e	Canada Mort	tgage and	► faire can	adienne d'hy	ne copie au bur pothèques et de			
keep one copy for your files					-adressée der une copie	pour vos dossiers			
Please forward your completed repo end of the reporting period.	ort no late	er than 10 day	s after the		z remplir et n après la fin du	ous faire parvenir	votre rap	port au	plus tard 10
Note: Shader cells are for Statistics	Canada	use only.		N.B. Le	es cases omb	rées du formulaire stique Canada.	e sont stri	ctemen	t réservées à
Correspon	ndence					Correspond	lance		
Mayou need more forms or retu	rn envel	opes do ON	E ONLY of			soin d'autres for		ou d'en	veloppes de
the following: Check off the appropria	te box	(es) in the	e "Stock			lement un des su les case(s) approp		la sect	ion " <i>Besoins</i>
	Requirements" section, page 1, cell 13 of the questionnaire.						du quest	ionnaire	Э.
Telephone us.Send us a FAX.	·					Veuillez nous téléphoner.Veuillez nous faire parvenir un FAX.			
Contact us via "internet e-mail	".			 Veuillez nous faire parvenir un message par "courrier électronique". 				oar "courrier	
Do you have questions regarding				Avez-vous des questions ayant trait à l'enquête?					-0
 Do you need help in completing Do you require additional cop 			Reportina			n d'aide à comple in des copies su			
Guide" and /or the "Self Coding			. •	 Avez-vous besoin des copies supplémentaires du "Guide de déclaration de l'enquête" et/ou le "Guide pour autocodage"? Táláphone: 1.888.404.3339 (sans frais) 					

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Si vous nous transmettez le questionnaire ou de l'information par télécopieur ou par courrier électronique Statistique Canada tient à vous avertir que la transmission des renseignements peut poser un risque de divulgation. Toutefois, dès la réception du document, Statistique Canada offrira le niveau de protection garanti pour tous les renseignements recueillis aux termes de la Loi sur la statistique.

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