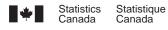


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Legal Aid in Canada: Resource and Caseload Statistics 2002/03





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Legal Aid in Canada: Resource and Caseload Statistics 2002/03

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- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- ^p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

Also used in this publication is:

e estimated

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Highlights

- In 2002/03, overall government contributions to legal aid plans decreased by 3%, falling to \$518 million. Government contributions represented 90% of the total legal aid plan revenue. The remainder of the revenue came from client contributions and cost recoveries (4%), legal profession contributions (1%), and other sources (5%), such as research sales and interest earnings.
- Total legal aid plan expenditures at the national level dropped to \$582 million in 2002/03, representing a decrease of 2% from the year before.
- Expenditures on direct legal aid services remained relatively stable at \$489 million in 2002/03 and accounted for 84% of total expenditures for the year. The remaining 16% was spent on central administrative costs and other expenditures including external projects, legal research, public legal education, and grants to other agencies.
- Just over one-half, or approximately 55% of direct legal services expenditures were spent on cases involving civil matters, with the remainder being spent on criminal matters.
- In 2002/03, 814,025 applications for legal assistance were submitted to legal aid plans across Canada, representing a 4% decrease from the previous year. Counts for total applications include both summary (legal advice, information or other minimal service) and full service applications (approved for a legal aid certificate or other authorization for entitlement to legal services).
- In 2002/03, the number of approved legal aid applications declined. There were 493,976 applications approved for full legal aid services in Canada, 3% less than the previous year.
- Across Canada, 11,359 lawyers from both the private sector and legal aid plans, provided legal aid assistance in 2002/03. This represents approximately 20% of the total number of lawyers registered as insured practising members of the provincial/territorial bars.
- The total number of personnel in legal aid offices in Canada in 2002/03 remained relatively stable from the previous year at 3,103. Lawyers accounted for 36% of all legal aid plan staff.

Introduction

Access to justice in Canada is a concern for governments and policy-makers, legal professionals, and the public. One aspect of accessibility is access to legal services. Not all Canadians have the resources to pay for a lawyer. Legal aid plans have been established in all provinces and territories, with the common goal of assisting low-income Canadians who require professional legal counsel.

This report presents information on the operation of Canada's 13 legal aid plans.¹ The report includes information on legal aid delivery systems; on legal aid plan revenues, expenditures and personnel; and on applications for legal aid. A glossary is included in order to provide details on legal aid concepts and terminology included in this report.

Both the federal and provincial/territorial governments are responsible for matters pertaining to the provision of legal aid services in Canada. The federal government has a shared responsibility for criminal legal aid because of its responsibility for developing criminal law and provincial/territorial governments are responsible for matters pertaining to the administration of justice, which includes both criminal and civil legal aid.

Because the administration of justice is a provincial/territorial responsibility, the organizational structure, eligibility requirements, and operation of the legal aid plans vary from one jurisdiction to the next.² As a result, not all survey data elements are reported by each of the 13 legal aid plans. Considering these fundamental differences and data limitations, caution must be used when making inter-jurisdictional comparisons of legal aid plans or when examining the national picture of legal aid in Canada.

Most of the information for the report is based on data collected from the Legal Aid Survey, conducted annually by the Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics. Some information, such as government contributions to legal aid plans, is collected from other sources (see the Methodology section for more details).

Overview of Legal Aid in Canada

Legal aid delivery systems

Canada provides legal aid through separate legal aid plans in each of the provinces and territories. Though each provincial/territorial government has developed its own individual legal aid scheme, three general models have been adopted to deliver legal aid services: judicare, staff and mixed.

Judicare, a fee-for-service system, uses private lawyers who bill the legal aid plan for their services. The client may retain any lawyer who is willing to accept the case. Ontario, Alberta and British Columbia are the only provinces which operate judicare systems.³

A **staff system** directly employs lawyers to provide legal aid services. Newfoundland and Labrador,⁴ Nova Scotia, Saskatchewan, Yukon Territory and Nunavut have adopted this approach. Even in staff systems, the private bar is used when circumstances warrant, such as conflict of interest, or unavailability of a staff lawyer.

¹ Data from Newfoundland and Labrador, which have not been available since 1998/99, are now partially available for 1999/00 to 2002/03. No financial data are available for 2001/02 and 2002/03, however, there are data for applications and personnel.

² For specific information related to the administration of legal aid in each province and territory, please see the report entitled Legal Aid in Canada: Description of Operations, March 2001 (Catalogue no. 85-217).

³ Although Legal Aid Ontario, the Legal Aid Society of Alberta, and the Legal Aid Society of British Columbia consider their delivery system a 'mixed' model of service, these three jurisdictions are presented here as a 'primarily' judicare model, since such a high proportion of direct legal expenditures is directed to private lawyers who provide legal aid services. Ontario's staff-administered community legal clinics supplement the judicare system, in such areas as housing, social assistance, pensions, workers' compensation, employment insurance, immigration and employment rights.

⁴ Although the Newfoundland and Labrador Legal Aid Commission considers its delivery system a 'mixed' model of service, Newfoundland and Labrador is presented here as a 'primarily' staff model, since such a high proportion of direct legal expenditures is directed to staff lawyers in the provision of legal aid services.

A combination of the judicare and staff systems, a **mixed system** utilizes both private and staff lawyers in the provision of legal services. The remaining jurisdictions (Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba, and Northwest Territories) operate mixed systems of legal aid. In most of these jurisdictions the client has the right to choose counsel, either staff or private, from a 'panel' of lawyers providing legal aid services.

Legal aid services

The services provided by legal aid plans may include legal representation, advice, referrals, and information services. Generally, both criminal and civil cases are covered by all legal aid plans, although the extent of coverage varies among the provinces and territories.

Criminal matters

The federal government contributes to the costs of criminal legal aid through a series of contribution agreements with the provinces and territories. As a result, criminal legal aid coverage is, in part, determined by the details indicated in these federal/provincial/territorial cost-sharing agreements. For example, these funding agreements outline minimum coverage standards for criminal matters throughout Canada.

In most jurisdictions, coverage is available for those charged with indictable offences.⁵ Generally, the coverage of summary conviction offences⁶ is limited to cases where there is a likelihood of imprisonment or a danger of loss of livelihood. However, in Ontario and British Columbia, both indictable and summary offence cases are covered only when there is a threat of imprisonment.⁷ Legal aid plans will typically take special circumstances into consideration. For example, British Columbia will consider cases where there is a risk of loss of livelihood or deportation, if convicted, while Alberta will consider cases where there are special circumstances such as mental health or language issues.

The provinces and territories pay part of the costs of legal aid and they are responsible for the operation of their own plans. They therefore make decisions on the type of matters that will be covered above minimum standards. They also determine the eligibility criteria for applicants and how legal aid plans should provide services.

Civil matters

Civil cases are eligible for legal aid coverage everywhere in Canada. In Manitoba,Saskatchewan and New Brunswick, it is exclusively family matters that are covered. As well, family matters account for a substantial number of the civil cases handled by legal aid in Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, Alberta, Yukon Territory, Northwest Territories and Nunavut. Other jurisdictions extend coverage to a broader range of civil matters (i.e., landlord-tenant disputes, consumer protection, property actions, and social assistance matters). Refugee cases and cases involving the various provincial and territorial Mental Health Acts are also eligible for coverage under legal aid plans in several jurisdictions.⁸

Other services

Apart from criminal and civil services, legal aid plans in many jurisdictions also take part in establishing, funding, and maintaining certain specialized services or programs related to legal aid. Often these services go beyond the specific problems of individual clients and address the needs of the low-income community as a whole.

A wide variety of services may be offered including Brydges Services (a 24-hour, toll-free phone access to lawyers), advocacy programs, community education projects, and legal research services. One program currently in place in Manitoba, for example, is The Poverty Law Program. This program aids those people with legal problems that are unique to poor people, such as welfare problems, pension benefit concerns, etc. In most cases, legal aid will be provided through the program without going through the formal application process.

⁵ Indictable offences are more serious offences and most carry a maximum sentence of five years in prison. However, some offences carry a maximum term of life imprisonment without eligibility for parole for 25 years.

⁶ Summary offences are the least serious offences in the Criminal Code. Generally the penalty associated with these offences is a fine of not more than \$2,000 or imprisonment of not more than six months.

⁷ Those who do not qualify for full legal aid representation may receive assistance through other programs such as duty counsel, student legal clinics or community legal clinics.

⁸ Readers are invited to consult Legal Aid in Canada: Description of Operations (Catalogue no. 85-217), where a more complete description of legal aid coverage is provided for each province and territory.

Determination of eligibility

There are considerable inter-jurisdictional differences in legal aid eligibility criteria. However, an assessment of the financial situation of each applicant is common to all plans. This assessment often takes into consideration the individual's income, assets, and family size, which are compared to a set of financial guidelines that have been established by the jurisdiction. These guidelines are most often applied with some flexibility and are considered in combination with other factors.

Legal aid plans also typically assess legal merit and urgency, the nature of the service applied for, the cost of the proceedings, the chance of successfully winning the case, and the client's history. Also taken into consideration is whether or not a reasonable person who had to pay a lawyer would spend the money to advance the case.

Costs of legal aid

Legal aid is not necessarily free legal assistance. As previously indicated, financial eligibility guidelines are used to assess the applicant's ability to afford legal counsel. Applicants may be eligible for free legal aid or they may have to repay all or some of the legal fees incurred. If a client is asked to contribute to the cost of services, an agreement between the client and the plan specifies the amount due and how it is to be paid (for more information see the "Client contributions and cost recoveries" section below).

In 2002/03, Manitoba had a \$25, non-refundable application fee. However, many persons were excluded from paying (i.e., recipients of social assistance). Application fees did not exist in any other jurisdiction in 2002/03.

Results of the Legal Aid Survey

Legal aid plan revenues

Revenues refer to all monies received by the legal aid plan for assistance in the provision of legal aid services. Legal aid plan revenues amounted to \$574 million in 2002/03, a drop of 4% from the previous year.⁹ For the year, Prince Edward Island, Quebec, Saskatchewan, Northwest Territories and Nunavut were the only jurisdictions to register an increase in revenues. The legal aid plans in British Columbia, Yukon Territory, and New Brunswick experienced the largest declines in percentage terms (Table 1).

Funding is received by legal aid plans from three main sources: government contributions; client contributions and cost recoveries; and contributions from the legal profession.

Government contributions

Government contributions include monies allocated to the legal aid plans from both the federal and provincial/territorial governments.¹⁰ In 2002/03, overall government contributions amounted to \$518 million, a decrease of 3% from the previous year.¹¹ New Brunswick, Ontario, British Columbia, and Yukon Territory were the only provinces/territories to report a decrease in government contributions in 2002/03 (Table 1).

Government contributions represented 90% of the total legal aid plan revenues, a figure that has remained relatively stable over the last five years. While government funding accounted for the large majority of revenue for all legal aid plans, there were differences in the proportion. For example, in New Brunswick and Alberta in 2002/03, government funding accounted for 80% and 81% of the legal aid plan's revenue, respectively. In contrast, in Nova Scotia, Quebec, Saskatchewan and Yukon Territory, monies allocated by both the federal and provincial/territorial governments accounted for 98% of plan revenue (Table 1).

⁹ This figure excludes Newfoundland and Labrador, as they were unable to provide the information.

¹⁰ When summed, provincial/territorial contributions (Table 3) plus federal contributions (Table 2) may not equal total government contributions (Table 1) for the following reasons: (i) the total government contributions figure in Table 1 is provided by the legal aid plans, whereas the provincial/territorial and federal contributions figures are obtained from the appropriate government department; (ii) any difference in accounting methods (i.e. cash versus accrual) may cause differences in the fiscal period that contributions are accounted for; (iii) legal aid plans may have submitted back claims to the federal government, which are accounted for in the total government contributions figure.

¹¹ This figure excludes Newfoundland and Labrador, as they were unable to provide the information.

Federal contributions to legal aid

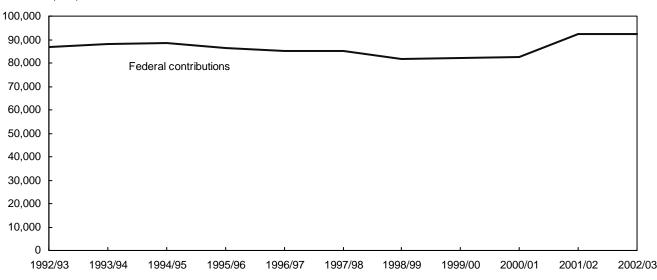
Agreements currently exist between the federal and provincial/territorial governments for the shared responsibility for criminal law matters, including legal aid proceedings under the *Young Offenders Act* (YOA) and the new *Youth Criminal Justice Act* (YCJA). Provincial statute matters such as violations under liquor and traffic laws are not cost-shared. The federal contribution to criminal legal aid made by Justice Canada in 2002/03 amounted to \$92 million, unchanged from 2001/02. This amounts to about \$3 per Canadian (Table 2).

Nationally, over the last decade, the federal government funding of legal aid had been relatively stable with the exception of 2001/02. Between the years 1992/93 and 1994/95, annual federal contributions increased gradually to a high of \$88 million. Beginning in 1995/96, the amount of funding decreased steadily, reaching a low of \$82 million in 1998/99. Funding remained at that level for two more years, until 2001/02 when federal contributions jumped 12% to \$92 million (Figure 1).

Figure 1

Federal Contributions to Legal Aid in Canada, 1992/93 to 2002/03

Current \$ ('000)



Note: Federal contributions figures prior to 1995/96 include federal contributions to civil legal aid under the Canada Assistance Plan (CAP).

Source: Department of Justice Canada.

The drop in federal contributions for 1995/96 reflects the fact that this is the first year that figures for civil legal aid are excluded (Box 1). The higher levels of funding reported in 2001/02 and 2002/03 are in part explained by the one-time agreement made between the federal and provincial/territorial governments whereby the federal government agreed to provide additional funding for criminal legal aid for these two years in order to alleviate some of the financial pressures the provinces and territories were facing.

Box 1: Federal Funding of Civil Legal Aid

Prior to 1995/96, the federal government contributed to the cost of civil legal aid with the provinces and territories under the Canada Assistance Plan (CAP), administered by the then Department of Health and Welfare. On April 1, 1996, the CAP was absorbed into the Canadian Health and Social Transfer (CHST), a federal transfer provided to each province and territory to support provincial health care, post-secondary education, social assistance and social services. Since the provinces and territories are now responsible for the allocation of monies received from the federal government under the CHST, they have more flexibility in distributing the resources according to their own funding priorities. Because of this arrangement, however, figures for federal contributions no longer include contributions to civil legal aid given that they are not available through the data currently reported to the Legal Aid Survey.

Provincial and territorial contributions to legal aid

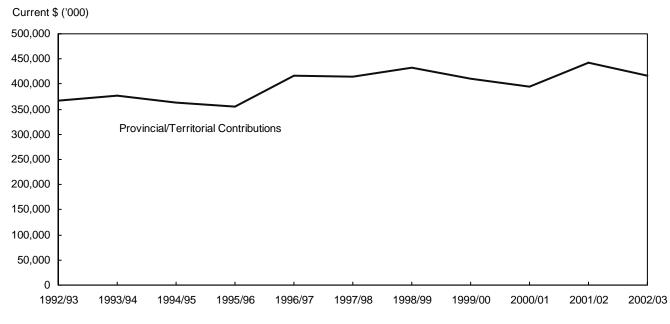
Overall in 2002/03, provincial and territorial government contributions to legal aid plans for both criminal and civil matters amounted to \$416 million,¹² the equivalent of \$13 per capita. This figure represents a 6% decrease from the previous year (excluding Newfoundland and Labrador) (Table 3).

Among the jurisdictions, there was considerable variation in the contribution levels. Compared to the previous year, the legal aid plans in British Columbia (-31%) and Yukon Territory (-12%) experienced significant decreases in provincial/ territorial government contributions in 2002/03. In contrast, the legal aid plans in both Nova Scotia and Saskatchewan saw contributions rise 9% (Table 3). In British Columbia, part of the decline was the result of a reduction in legal aid funding for civil law matters (e.g. poverty law and family law services).

At the national level, the trend in provincial/territorial government funding has fluctuated over the period from 1992/93 to 2002/03. After a 3% increase from 1992/93 to 1993/94, provincial/territorial contributions to both criminal and civil legal aid remained relatively stable until rising considerably in 1996/97 to \$416 million. Small decreases were reported in both 1999/00 and 2000/01, before funding increased to the ten-year high of \$442 million in 2001/02 (Figure 2). The rise in provincial/territorial contributions reported in 1996/97 may reflect the change from CAP to CHST as the major provincial/territorial funding mechanism for civil legal aid (Box 1).



Provincial/Territorial Contributions to Legal Aid in Canada, 1992/93 to 2002/03



Source: Provincial and Territorial Departments of Justice.

Client contributions and cost recoveries

Client contributions refer to monies collected from individuals receiving legal aid services, while cost recoveries consist of the monies recovered from a judgement, award, or settlement. In 2002/03, client contributions to legal aid and cost recoveries amounted to \$21 million, virtually unchanged from the previous year. The figure for client contributions and cost recoveries as a proportion of total revenues has remained stable over the last 5 years, ranging from 3% to 4% of total legal aid plan revenues (Table 1).

There is some variation among jurisdictions in the share of client contributions and cost recoveries as a proportion of total revenues. The figure ranged from a low of less than 1% in Nova Scotia, Saskatchewan, British Columbia and Nunavut to a high of 9% in Manitoba and Alberta in 2002/03.

¹² This figure excludes Newfoundland and Labrador, as they were unable to provide the information.

Contributions from the legal profession

Contributions from the legal profession include all monies received from the law profession (i.e. levies) other than trust account interest amounts. In 2002/03, contributions of the legal profession amounted to \$5 million, representing 1% of legal aid plan revenues. This figure has remained stable since declining from 2% to 1% in 1999/00 (Table 1).

The drop in funding by the legal profession can be accounted for by changes to legal aid in Ontario. In April 1999, the Law Society of Upper Canada relinquished the control and administration of legal aid.¹³ In addition, funding by its members to legal aid was eliminated. In 1998/1999 contributions by the Law Society of Upper Canada accounted for 50% of the total contributions of the legal profession in Canada. The elimination of Ontario's contribution explains almost all of the decrease observed from 1998/99 to 1999/00.

Contributions from the legal profession, as a proportion of total legal aid plan revenues, vary somewhat among the provinces and territories. In 2002/03, among jurisdictions where there were such contributions, the proportion ranged from 3% in New Brunswick to 6% in Manitoba (Table 1).

Other sources of revenue

Other income sources include revenue from investments, publication sales, and federal/provincial/territorial grants. The overall total from other sources of income in 2002/03 was \$29 million, a figure that accounted for 5% of total legal aid plan revenues and represented an 18% decline from the previous year. Ontario, with other revenues of \$23 million, made up a significant proportion of the total and was largely responsible for the 18% decline (Table 1).

There were large inter-jurisdictional variations in the proportion of total revenue from other sources of income. In 2002/03, the highest proportion of legal aid plan revenues from other income sources was reported by New Brunswick (15%), while the lowest proportion was reported by the Quebec legal aid plan at less than 1% (Table 1).

Legal aid plan expenditures

In 2002/03, legal aid plan expenditures amounted to \$582 million, the equivalent of \$19 per capita (Table 4).¹⁴ This figure represents a decrease of 2% from the previous year. Of the \$582 million that was spent, 84% was spent on direct legal services, meaning money spent on the provision of legal advice, information, referrals to other agencies, and representation (Table 6). This includes payments made to private lawyers (Box 2), as well as service delivery by legal aid plan staff. The remaining 16% of expenses incurred by legal aid plans were for central administrative costs and other expenditures including external projects, legal research, public legal education, and grants to other agencies (Table 5).

Box 2: Legal Aid Tariffs¹⁵

Legal aid tariffs or fees apply to private lawyer services and have been established in all jurisdictions. These tariffs outline the standards and guidelines for the amount that private lawyers' accounts should be paid in the areas of criminal, family, and other civil law. Given that the legal aid plans use these tariffs when providing private lawyers with payment for their legal aid cases, they can have a large impact on the amount of plan expenditures allocated to the provision of direct legal aid services.

The tariff may provide for an hourly rate (which currently ranges from \$45 to \$102), or block fees (i.e., a flat fee prescribed for certain types of cases and/or services). In several jurisdictions, the tariff may also depend on the lawyer's years of experience, the type of case, and the level of court in which proceedings will take place. General preparation fees are also covered in the tariffs, and are often specified by the jurisdictions.

The figure for legal aid plan expenditures has fluctuated over the last 10 years. After peaking at \$646 million in 1994/95, expenditures declined for the next three years. There was no change from 1998/99 to 1999/00, but total expenditures increased in 2000/01 (5%) and 2001/02 (14%) before declining slightly in 2002/03 (-2%) (Figure 3 and Table 4).

¹³ The Ontario Government passed legislation replacing the Legal Aid Act. The new Legal Aid Services Act, 1998 created an armslength agency as of April 1, 1999 that is called Legal Aid Ontario (LAO). LAO replaced the Law Society of Upper Canada as the governor of legal aid. It operates independently from the Government of Ontario but is accountable to the government for the expenditure of public funds.

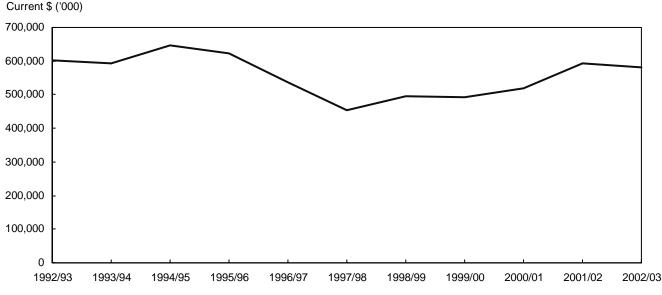
¹⁴ This figure excludes Newfoundland and Labrador, as they were unable to provide the information.

¹⁵ The reader is invited to refer to the publication Legal Aid in Canada: Description of Operations, (*Catalogue no. 85-217*), for more detailed information pertaining to legal aid tariffs in each jurisdiction.

There is considerable variation in per capita expenditures for legal aid in the provinces and territories. In 2002/03, the three territories led the way, followed by Ontario at \$24, compared to the national average of \$19 per person, while the lowest per capita figure was reported by New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island at \$6 (Table 4). In addition to budget size, these differences partly reflect variations in the nature of the legal aid plans, including the types of legal cases covered, financial eligibility, and mode of service delivery. Other factors may include the socio-economic characteristics of the region and the crime rate. The high per capita expenditure figures reported in the territories could in part reflect the high costs associated with providing services in remote, sparsely populated areas. This is true for the cost of other justice services, such as police, courts and adult corrections.¹⁶

Figure 3

Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures, Canada, 1992/93 to 2002/03



Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey.

Expenses incurred for civil and criminal cases

Just over one-half of the \$489 million spent on direct legal services in 2002/03 was spent on cases involving civil matters rather than criminal matters (54% versus 46%, respectively), a distribution relatively unchanged for the last five years (Table 6).¹⁷

There is considerable inter-jurisdictional variation in the proportion of direct legal aid expenses spent in criminal versus civil matters. For example, in 2002/03, over one-half of the direct legal service expenditures in Quebec (62%) and Ontario (57%) were for civil cases. In contrast, legal aid services provided for criminal cases accounted for 71% of direct legal aid expenditures in Yukon Territory and 68% in Saskatchewan (Table 6). To some extent, this variation may reflect differences in criminal and civil case volumes across jurisdictions, as well as different provincial/territorial priorities in terms of coverage.

Applications for legal aid

The number of applications that the provinces and territories receive indicates, to a great extent, the need for legal aid services in Canada. However, since applicants are screened to some degree before an application is filed, the number of applications does not reflect all requests for legal aid assistance. As well, coverage and eligibility requirements change over time, often imposing further restrictions on the types of cases taken on by the legal aid plans.

As mentioned previously, several factors are taken into consideration when assessing legal aid applications. Applicants must meet certain financial eligibility requirements, the matter must meet coverage provisions, and in some cases, the matter must have legal merit. An applicant may be approved for either **summary** or **full services**. **Summary**

¹⁶ For further information, see A. Taylor-Butts "Justice Spending in Canada, 2000/01." Juristat. Catalogue no. 85-002-XPE,

Vol. 22, no. 11. Ottawa: Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, 2002.

¹⁷ These proportions exclude data from Newfoundland and Labrador and Northwest Territories.

services include the provision of legal advice, information, or any other type of minimal legal service granted to an individual during a formal interview. Alternatively, **full services** constitute more extensive legal assistance. An applicant receiving full service is granted a legal aid certificate or other authorization denoting entitlement to legal services, which may include court representation, in addition to information and advice (Figure 4).

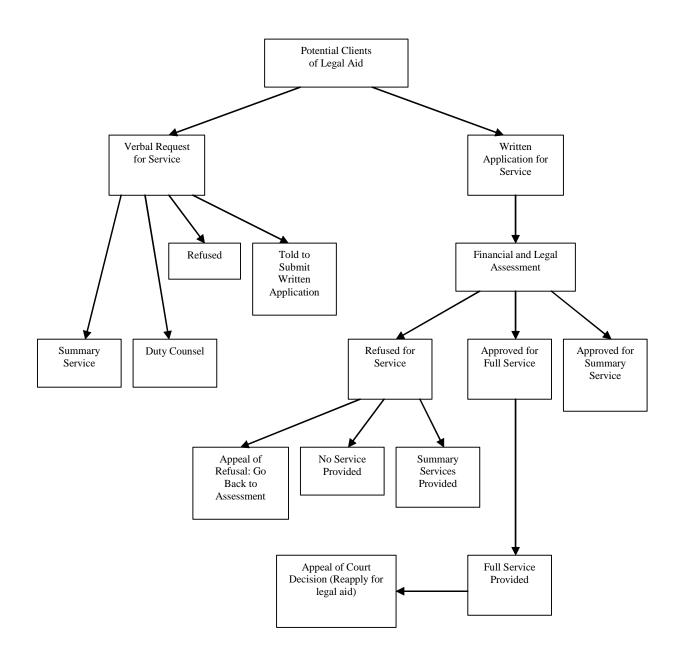


Figure 4 : A Model of the Legal Aid Process

In 2002/03, 814,025 applications¹⁸ for legal assistance (both summary and full services) were submitted to legal aid plans across Canada, a 4% decrease from 2001/02, and the first decrease in total applications since 1997/98 (Figure 5 and Table 10). Applications for criminal matters declined approximately 3%, while applications for civil matters fell about 13%.¹⁹

¹⁸ All total application figures mentioned in this report do not include Prince Edward Island, since only counts of approved applications are maintained.

¹⁹ This excludes Ontario, which is unable to provide separate totals for civil and criminal applications.

After peaking at about 1.2 million in 1992/93, applications for legal aid services at the national level decreased steadily, reaching a low of 801,904 in 1997/98. A number of factors specific to the plans themselves may have contributed to this decline including: pre-screening procedures, changes in legal aid coverage, stricter eligibility requirements, and an increased use of duty counsel or *pro bono* services (services without charge) provided by private lawyers. Following five years of decline, the total number of legal aid applications rose again for the next four years until declining in 2002/03 (Figure 5 and Table 10).

Northwest Territories (20%) and Newfoundland and Labrador (19%) reported the largest increases in the number of applications in 2002/03. Criminal matters accounted for much of the increase in applications in Northwest Territories and may be the result of an increase in the crime rate. British Columbia reported the largest decrease (-42%). This was due in part to a reduction in legal aid coverage for family and other civil matters.²⁰ Other jurisdictions reported changes of less than 5% in total applications.

In most jurisdictions, the majority of legal aid applications received in 2002/03 were for criminal matters rather than civil matters. For example, in New Brunswick almost 9 in 10 applications for legal aid (86%) were for criminal matters. High proportions were also reported by Newfoundland and Labrador (80%), Yukon Territory (75%), and Saskatchewan (73%). In contrast, in Quebec, the majority of applications (58%) were for civil matters. Generally, the large majority of criminal matters involved an adult applicant, and the civil matters were primarily family-related cases (Table 11).

Approved legal aid applications

Unlike the counts for total and refused applications, those for approved legal aid applications refer to full service applications only. Many jurisdictions cannot report the number of approved summary service applications to the Legal Aid Survey and, as a result, an "approval rate" for legal aid applications cannot be calculated (Box 3).

In 2002/03, 493,976 applications were approved for full legal aid services in Canada, representing a 3% decrease from the previous year and the second consecutive yearly decrease (Table 12).

Box 3: Approval Rates for Legal Aid

An approval "rate" for legal aid applications cannot be calculated using data from the Legal Aid Survey because the counts for approved applications do not include the number of approved applications for summary services. Therefore the rates would underestimate the extent of legal aid services provided. As well, approved and/or refused applications are carried over from one year to another and those delayed in processing cannot be separated from current fiscal year applications.

As with total legal aid applications, the year 1992/93 marked a 10-year high for approved applications at 768,788. Following this, there was a consistent year-to-year decline until 1997/98. Approved applications rose slightly for the next three years before declining again in 2001/02 and 2002/03 (Figure 5).

Approved full service applications for 2002/03 decreased considerably in British Columbia (-33%). This decrease reflects the overall decline in legal aid funding for British Columbia in 2002/03. Many other jurisdictions²¹ reported decreases in approved applications in 2002/03, including Saskatchewan²² (-8%) and Ontario (-5%). Alternatively, Northwest Territories reported a substantial increase (49%) in approved full service applications, which parallels their increase in total applications. Manitoba and New Brunswick also reported increases in approved applications with figures of 28% and 14% respectively (Table 12).²³

Types of matters approved for legal aid services

In 2002/03, civil matters accounted for one-half (50%) of approved full service legal aid cases at the national level, down slightly from the previous year's figure of 52% (Table 12).

²⁰ Nova Scotia and Nunavut also reported large decreases in the number of applications received in 2002/03. However, part of the decline in Nova Scotia was due to a change in reporting methods — beginning in 2002/03, Nova Scotia stopped including duty counsel services in total applications. In Nunavut, the decline in applications was due to complications experienced with their database.

²¹ Nunavut reported a large decrease in approved applications due to complications experienced with their database.

²² In 2001/02, the Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission implemented a duty counsel project for adults detained in custody. Previously, clients that would have been included in this figure, are now reported under 'duty counsel services'.

²³ Yukon also reported a large increase in approved applications. This is due to the fact that prior to 2002/03, Yukon did not include circuit court matters in the count of approved applications.

In contrast to the national picture, most jurisdictions approved more criminal applications than civil, though there was wide variation in the proportions. For instance, in 2002/03, a large majority of the approved full service applications in New Brunswick (86%) and Prince Edward Island (80%) were for criminal cases. In contrast, civil matters accounted for almost six in ten approved full service applications in Quebec (59%) and Ontario (56%) (Table 12).

These differences may be explained by the coverage requirements that each jurisdiction adopts in its legal aid plan. For example, Quebec provides for much broader coverage of civil cases than most of the other jurisdictions. This coverage includes applications for income security, auto and employment insurance, and workers compensation benefits. Prince Edward Island, on the other hand, extends coverage to few civil cases.

Refused legal aid applications

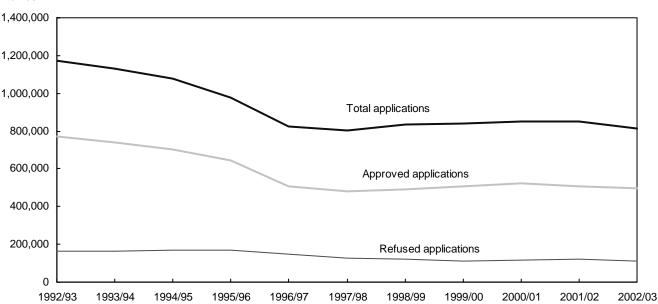
Legal aid plans screen applicants to some degree before an application is filed. For example, when potential clients inquire about legal aid services, they may find out that their type of case is not covered by the legal aid plan and therefore they do not submit an application (Figure 4). The counts for refused legal aid applications reported to the Legal Aid Survey do not include refusals that result from pre-screening measures.

The number of refused legal aid applications decreased 9% in 2002/03, totalling 110,736, compared to 121,366 in 2001/02²⁴ (Table 17). In the last decade, as with total applications and approved full service applications, the number of refused applications peaked in 1992/93 at 164,881. Since then the figure has fluctuated from one year to the next, but generally the trend has been down (Figure 5).

With the exception of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and the Northwest Territories, each of the provinces and territories reporting data on refused applications reported a decrease in the number of refused applications in 2002/03. The largest decrease was observed in Yukon Territory at -69%, followed by British Columbia and Nunavut, at -44% and -19%, respectively (Table 17). Two factors that contributed to the decline in Yukon were the use of less stringent financial eligibility criteria and an expansion in coverage for certain matters such as support variation. The decline in refused applications for British Columbia is consistent with the decline in total applications.

Figure 5

Legal Aid Applications, Approved and Refused, Canada, 1992/93 to 2002/03 ¹



Number

¹ The sum of approved and refused applications may not equal the total applications count for two reasons: (i) a decision to accept or reject an application may not occur in the time period the application is made. Typically most applications are filed and assessed within the same time period so the number carried into the next fiscal year is comparatively small. (ii) the approved application counts refer to full service applications only, whereas the total application count is the sum of applications for service, including full and summary service, and applications refused.

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey.

²⁴ Refused application counts exclude Prince Edward Island since only counts of approved applications are maintained.

Many jurisdictions are able to report why applications for legal aid services are refused. Financial ineligibility and coverage restrictions tend to be the primary reasons. For example, there were 1,613 refused applications in Saskatchewan in 2002/03. Of these, more than two-thirds (72%) were found to be financially ineligible, 16% were refused because of coverage restrictions, and 8% were not approved because of lack of merit. In Quebec, more than half (60%) of the 39,221 refused applications in 2002/03 were refused because the applicant was financially ineligible. Another 21% were not approved because of coverage restrictions, and 5% showed a lack of merit (Table 17).

Legal aid duty counsel services

In addition to legal aid services, most jurisdictions have a duty counsel system administered by the legal aid plans. Duty counsel is legal assistance rendered without charge to unrepresented individuals who, in many cases, are about to make a court appearance. Duty counsel lawyers are available to guide clients in obtaining legal services, give on-the-spot advice or representation, and provide immediate assistance at arrest and detention.

Lawyers who provide duty counsel services are most often at a location other than a legal aid office. Instead, they may be located in criminal courts (both adult and youth), family courts, or at points of entry into Canada, psychiatric institutions and other civil venues.²⁵ The extent to which they are present in these locations differs by jurisdiction. Duty counsel services are provided by staff lawyers in some jurisdictions, and by private lawyers in others. The provision of duty counsel services does not bar the recipient from subsequent application for legal aid services.

In Prince Edward Island, formal duty counsel is not provided unless persons are eligible for legal aid. Instead, staff lawyers working for the legal aid plans may provide legal advice and assistance in family and criminal matters to applicants, if necessary.²⁶

Duty counsel services totalled 1,326,799 units in 2002/03.²⁷ This represents an increase of roughly 30% and continues the steady increase in duty counsel services over the past five years (Table 21). Ontario was responsible for the large majority of duty counsel services in 2002/03, providing the service 1,116,243 times (Table 21). While the large majority (78%) of these service events involved criminal matters, more than 1 in 5 (22%) did involve civil matters. Six in ten service events involving civil matters in Ontario in 2002/03 were for cases involving family matters (Table 22).

In comparison, duty counsel services were provided 6,760 times in Nova Scotia in 2002/03 (Table 21). Almost all of these services were used for criminal matters and the large majority (89%) involved an adult in need of services, rather than a youth (Table 22).

Legal aid services for appeals

In some instances, legal aid plans will provide coverage for the appeal of a decision made by a lower court or administrative tribunal. In 2002/03, legal aid was provided for 3,327 appeals, down 6% from the previous year. Over half (54%) were for civil matters (Table 23).

Ontario (1,051), British Columbia (828) and Quebec (790), the three most populous provinces, reported the highest total of approved appeals. The majority of the appeals in these three provinces were for civil matters (Table 23).

Participation of lawyers in the delivery of legal aid services

Across Canada, 11,359 lawyers provided legal aid assistance in 2002/03, representing an estimated 21% of insured bar members.²⁸ The large majority of these lawyers (90%) were private lawyers – totaling 10,254 in 2002/03 (Table 20). The remaining 10% of lawyers (1,105) providing legal aid assistance were legal aid plan (staff) lawyers. The number and distribution of private and staff lawyer's participating in the provision of legal aid services has remained relatively stable over the past 5 years.

²⁵ For further information, see Prairie Research Associates Legal Aid Duty Counsel Systems in Canada: Summary Report. Ottawa: Department of Justice Canada, 1994.

²⁶ The reader is invited to refer to the publication Legal Aid in Canada: Description of Operations, (Catalogue no. 85-217), for more detailed information pertaining to legal aid coverage and duty counsel in each jurisdiction.

²⁷ A unit represents the number of times duty counsel services were provided. This figure excludes the number of units for Prince Edward Island and Quebec.

²⁸ There were 53,873 lawyers registered as insured, practicing members of the provincial and territorial bars in 2002. The Bar member counts are provided by the Federation of Law Societies of Canada and represent insured practicing lawyers. The data are based on end of December counts rather than fiscal year counts.

While private lawyers consistently make up the majority of lawyers providing legal aid, the proportions among the provinces and territories do vary. For example, of the 1,103 lawyers who provided legal aid services in British Columbia, 98% of them were private lawyers. In contrast, private lawyers represented 10% of those providing legal aid in Newfoundland and Labrador (Table 20). This is related to the type of delivery system in place. Generally, the provinces with judicare systems tend to employ fewer lawyers than the provinces operating staff systems. For example, 27% of staff in Alberta were lawyers, compared to 52% in Saskatchewan (Table 19).

Staffing

The total number of personnel in legal aid offices in Canada in 2002/03 was 3,103; roughly unchanged from the previous year, but up 11% from 1998/99. Among the provinces and territories, the number of total legal aid plan personnel ranged from 9 in Prince Edward Island to 1,244 in Ontario in 2002/03 (Table 19).

In 2002/03, non-lawyers accounted for 64% of all legal aid plan staff; a figure relatively unchanged over the past 5 years. This includes administrative staff, law students, accountants, research staff, librarians and others who ensure the accessibility and productivity of the legal aid plans. The remaining 36% of staff were lawyers (Table 19).

Methodology

The Legal Aid Survey is an annual survey first conducted in 1983/84. Data are collected through a survey questionnaire that is completed by the 13 legal aid plans in Canada. The survey provides the justice community, academics and the public with information on revenues, expenditures, personnel, and caseload statistics associated with the delivery and administration of legal aid in Canada.

It is important to note that some limitations on coverage of the survey do exist. While the Legal Aid Survey is intended to be a national survey, some legal aid plans are unable to report all of the survey data elements. The absence of data makes it difficult to make direct comparisons between jurisdictions or create a full national picture of legal aid in Canada.

The majority of information presented in this publication comes from the Legal Aid Survey. However, data on provincial/ territorial government financial contributions are obtained from the appropriate departments responsible for justice matters. Justice Canada provides the figures for federal contributions for criminal legal aid. Data on provincial and territorial Bar membership are obtained from the Federation of Law Societies of Canada.

Per capita figures are based on population estimates that come from the *Annual Demographic Statistics, 2002* report produced by Statistics Canada, Demography Division. Populations are as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 1998 to 1999; updated postcensal estimates for 2000 to 2001; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002 (Table 26).

To adjust for the effects of inflation, constant 1992/1993 dollar figures have been calculated using Statistics Canada's *Consumer Price Index* (CPI) with a base year of 1992=100 (Catalogue No. 62-001, January 2003) (Table 27), for all jurisdictions except Nunavut. For Nunavut, the CPI is calculated using a base year of 2002=100. In 2002/03, rather than using the overall average CPI for Canada to adjust the figures for the provinces and territories, the specific CPI's for each province and territory were used. This has resulted in minor changes to previously released inflation adjusted figures.

Glossary

Accrual based accounting refers to the recognition of revenues in the period in which they are earned and the deduction of expenses incurred in generating these revenues.

Active bar members include the total number of lawyers certified and insured to practise in the jurisdiction.

Adult refers to persons 18 years of age and older.

Appeal refers to an appeal of a lower court or administrative tribunal decision, not an appeal of a refused application. Each application (dossier) is counted despite the fact that the matter may have been dealt with by the plan in the past.

An **application** refers to a formal request, evidenced in writing, whereby a person applies to a legal aid office for assistance. When aggregated, the total number of applications reflects the number of individual requests for summary and full service assistance, rather than the total number of persons seeking assistance. Formal requests for assistance are recorded on the intake document used by the legal aid office. Related legal matters enumerated at the time of contact with the office are included on one application, regardless of the requirement for a court appearance. If a matter related to that on the original application arises at a later date (other than appeal), a new application is not filed. Separate applications are counted for criminal and civil matters. The total number of applications reported for the fiscal year includes all such applications filed during that time, irrespective of when the application was approved or rejected. The count excludes requests for duty counsel services.

Approved application for full service refers to an application for legal assistance which is granted legal aid as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal services. Once an application is approved for full service, it is not subsequently counted as a summary service although in some cases, relatively little service may be required to fulfil the request. This count measures the number of units of service rather than the number of persons assisted, and is mutually exclusive of all summary service (including written legal opinions) and duty counsel services.

Approved application for summary services refers to the provision of legal advice, information, or any other type of minimal legal service to an individual during a formal interview. It can include simple legal tasks such as making a telephone call or drafting a letter on behalf of a client. Excluded are inquiries made at the "front desk" of the legal aid office or telephone ("hot-line") inquiries. Summary services are provided to individuals in two circumstances: a written request has been submitted at the office, or a verbal request has been made. Only written requests are included in the count. No file (dossier) is opened for the client provided summary services. This count excludes: any application which requested extensive legal assistance (full service) but received summary services; and duty counsel services. The count measures the number of units of service provided rather than the number of persons assisted.

Cash basis accounting – refers to a system in which revenues are not recorded until received in cash and expenses are assigned to the period in which cash payment is made.

Central administrative expenditures include monies spent on head office functions and on offices that do not employ staff to advise and represent clients.

Client contributions refer to monies received from the aided person for legal assistance; flat user fees are included.

Contributions of the legal profession refer to monies received from the law profession (i.e., levies) other than trust account interest reported separately.

Cost recoveries refer to the party costs ordered or agreed to be recovered in the case. They include monies recovered from a judgement, award or settlement.

Coverage restrictions refer to applications refused on the grounds that the legal matter is not covered by the legal aid plan.

Criminal duty counsel refers to services in criminal matters that are generally provided at a court or place of detention.

Direct legal service expenditures are the sum of payments made to private law firms and the costs of legal service delivery by Plan staff. These expenditures include monies spent on the provision of legal advice and representation services to clients including special target groups. All law office and contracted community clinic expenses are included (i.e., staff salaries, benefits and overhead expenses). Central administrative expenses and other expenses of the Plan are excluded.

Direct legal service staff refers to persons whose primary function is to deliver legal assistance and/or legal representation directly to clients. Notaries are included in the staff lawyer count. Paralegals are included in the non-lawyer count.

Duty counsel services refer to legal services provided without charge by a lawyer at a location other than a legal aid office, where the person assisted had not previously applied in writing for services to be rendered. Cases coming before a circuit court are typically provided duty counsel services. Consequently, circuit court cases are included in the duty counsel service count rather than in the approved application count. Only circuit court matters granted a delay are included in the approved application count. The provision of duty counsel services does not bar the recipient from subsequent application for legal aid services. This count measures the number of times duty counsel services were provided rather than the number of persons assisted, and is mutually exclusive of both the summary service and approved application counts.

Expenditures refer to the actual gross dollars expended by the Plan in a given fiscal year. Expenditures made on behalf of the Plan by other agencies are not included. Total expenditures are the sum of expenditures on direct legal service, other program expenditures, central administrative expenditures and any other expenditure.

External project expenditures (included in Other program expenditures) refer to monies expended by the Plan on projects undertaken external to the Plan (e.g. university clinics). Note that funding of community clinics is not included here.

Family matters refer to proceedings related to divorce, separation, maintenance, custody/access, wardship/child protection, and all other matters of a family law nature (e.g. adoption, change of name and mediation proceedings.

Federal government contribution to criminal legal aid refers to monies contributed by the Department of Justice.

Financial ineligibility refers to a refusal for legal aid based on some financial information disclosed by the applicant pertaining to his/her income, assets and liabilities.

Government contributions figures are reported by the legal aid plans and refer to both federal and provincial/ territorial monies allocated to the Plan through the provincial or territorial government. A detailed breakdown of federal contributions made through the separate federal/provincial or territorial cost-sharing agreements to criminal adult legal aid, young offender legal aid and civil legal aid are not reported to the Legal Aid Survey since monies are generally directed to the consolidated revenue fund of the province and not to the Plans directly.

Interprovincial Reciprocity Agreement refers to the informal agreement among legal aid plans in Canada to handle non-resident civil dossiers. Under the terms of the agreement, applicants must request legal aid in their province or territory of residence rather than in the province or territory where the legal recourse is sought. An approved application is then forwarded to the Plan which will provide the legal aid service. Incoming dossiers refer to the number of applications approved for civil legal aid by other provincial or territorial Plans and forwarded to the Plan for service. Outgoing dossiers refer to the number of applications for civil legal aid that are approved by the Plan and then forwarded to other provincial or territorial Plans for service.

Lack of merit refers to applications refused because the nature of the case or the seriousness of the matter does not warrant legal assistance.

Legal research expenditures (included in Other program expenditures) refer to monies expended by the Plan for conducting research related to legal matters. This component excludes the cost of maintaining libraries.

Legal research staff (included in Other staff) refers to persons working within a specific program area conducting research related to legal matters. This excludes persons maintaining Plan libraries.

Non-compliance/abuse refers to a refusal for legal aid based on either an applicant's prior or current experience with the Plan. These refusals include applications where similar services were already rendered; services applied for are abusive of the legal process; or failure to cooperate with the legal aid lawyer.

Non-resident lawyers refers to those lawyers who practise law in a particular province or territory, however do not permanently reside in that same province or territory.

Number of private bar lawyers who provided services includes those active members of the private bar who actually delivered legal services and billed the Plan during the fiscal year. Active bar members include the total number of lawyers certified and insured to practice in the jurisdiction. Government employed and legal aid staff lawyers are excluded. Notaries are included in the total counts provided.

Other expenditures refer to any other monies expended by the Plan on functions not accounted for in any other expenditure category (e.g. capital expenditures).

Other civil matters refer to all other civil proceedings which are not of a family nature.

Other program expenditures includes monies spent on external project expenditures, legal research activities, public legal education and grants to other agencies.

Other reasons refer to reasons for refusing an application other than financial ineligibility. Other reasons may include: coverage restrictions, lack of merit or non-compliance/abuse.

Other revenues refer to revenues that have not already been accounted for in any other revenue category. The other category may include, among others, revenues from investments, research sales, and general interest earnings.

Other staff refers to persons whose primary function does not involve the provision of legal advice and/or representation directly to clients; for example, lawyers performing primarily administrative functions, article clerks, accountants, librarians, law students, clerical staff, public legal education staff, and legal research staff.

Personnel resources refer to the actual number of staff employed by the Plan, as of March 31. These data are broken down in two ways: by type of service provided and by type of personnel. The type of personnel on staff with the Plans are divided into: lawyer and non-lawyer counts. Staff lawyers refer to lawyers who are hired by the legal aid plan to work from the legal aid office. Salaries are paid by the Plan.

Private law firm expenditures include fees and disbursements, together with other specific costs (e.g. travel expenses) incurred by private lawyers for the provision of legal services to legal aid clients.

Provincial and territorial contributions refer to monies contributed by the provinces and territories to the legal aid plans.

Provincial and territorial matters refer to those offences under provincial or territorial statutory responsibility. Also included are infractions under municipal by-laws.

Public legal education expenditures (included in Other program expenditures) refer to monies expended by the Plan on preventive law programs, educational programs and publicity.

Public legal education staff (included in Other staff) refers to persons working within a specific program area conducting preventive law programs, educational programs and/or publicity.

Refused applications refer to all formal requests for legal aid evidenced in writing that have been denied legal services. This total includes applications for which no services have been approved, as well as those applications denied for full service that subsequently receive summary service. An application can be refused, appealed and still refused. Only the initial refusal is counted. Reasons for refusal are a product of legislative and policy restrictions. If an application involves two reasons for refusal, the most important is counted as the main reason.

Revenue refers to all monies received directly by the legal aid plan during a given fiscal year. Funds received for specific projects from agencies external to the Plan are not included as revenue.

Rowbotham costs refer to costs of court ordered funding for legal aid. A Rowbotham application is a Charter application to the court where the accused argues that the state must provide him or her with an appropriate level of legal funding to ensure that he or she receives a fair trial. The court can stay the proceeding if it feels that the accused would not receive a fair trial without counsel. In the original Rowbotham case (an Ontario court case), the court held that denying counsel to those who face complex and serious charges, and who cannot afford a lawyer, violates their rights under the Charter to make full answer and defence.

Staff direct legal service expenditures include monies spent on the provision of legal advice and representation services by Plan staff to clients, including special target groups. All law office and contracted community clinic expenses are included (i.e. staff salaries, benefits, and overhead expenses). These expenditures include, for example, professional and support staff salaries and benefits, legal disbursements and overhead costs of direct legal service offices. Associated overhead includes the cost of office supplies, equipment and maintenance, conferences, meetings, membership expenses, rent, etc. **Central administrative expenses and other expenses (e.g. capital expenditures) are excluded.**

Summary service refers to the provision of legal advice, information, or any other type of minimal legal service to an individual during a formal interview. It can include simple legal tasks such as making a telephone call or drafting a letter on behalf of a client. Excluded are inquiries made at the "front desk" of the legal aid office, or telephone ("hot line") inquiries. Summary services are provided to individuals in two circumstances: a written request has been submitted at the office, or a verbal request has been made. Only written requests are included in the count. A **written request** refers to a request of assistance as evidenced by the completion of a legal aid application. A **verbal request** refers to a request by a non-applicant made in-person at a legal aid office or by telephone to a direct legal service professional. Summary services may be provided to fulfil the request itself or follow the refusal of a written request for more extensive legal service (full-service). Once an application is approved for full service, it is not subsequently included in a summary service count although relatively little service may be provided. Also, no file (dossier) is opened for the client provided summary services. Summary service counts measure the number of units of service provided rather than the number of persons assisted, and are mutually exclusive of both the approved full service application and duty counsel counts.

Total Bar member count refers to the number of insured practising lawyers listed by the Federation of Law Societies of Canada. Lawyers who are retired or non-active are excluded. Private and public sector lawyers are included. Non-resident lawyers are included in the province of practice.

Youth refers to persons who are 12 years of age or older, but under 18 years of age under federal and provincial statutes. Two provinces (Ontario and Nova Scotia) have designated maximum age for youth at 15 years of age for most provincial/municipal matters.

Data Tables

Table 1 Legal Aid Plan Revenues by Type of Revenue

Province/Territory and year	Total revenue	Goveri contrib		Clie contrib and c recove	utions cost	Contribut of the le profess	gal	Other ²	
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	5,899 5,787' 6,011' 	5,488 5,371 ^r 5,456 ^r 	93 93 91 	27 10 ^r 20 ^r 	0 0 0 	334 364 ^r 505 ^r 	6 6 8 	50 42r 30r 	1 1 0
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	595 695 736 777 853	561 610 655 702 766	94 88 89 90 90	··· ··· ···	 	···· ··· ···	 	34 85 81 75 87	6 12 11 10 10
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	10,950 11,435 11,654 13,070 12,880	10,734 11,207 11,375 12,526 12,656	98 98 98 96 98	37 13 15 3 4	0 0 0 0	 	 	179 215 264 541 220	2 2 4 2
New Brunswick ³ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	4,050 5,058 4,650 4,729 4,455	3,524 4,521 3,913 3,873 3,550	87 89 84 82 80	98 101 93 122 86	2 2 3 2	160 100 295 150 150	4 2 6 3 3	268 336 349 583 669	7 7 8 12 15
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	129,645 105,481 107,996 120,958 121,669	128,268 103,874 106,097 119,087 119,751	99 98 98 98 98	914 1,123 1,389 1,511 1,743	1 1 1 1	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	463 484 510 360 175	0 0 0 0
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	272,854 268,539 249,544 288,316 282,247	231,588 230,992 201,626 246,695 244,966	85 86 81 86 87	12,361 10,807 9,791 15,001 14,422	5 4 4 5 5	4,365 	2 	24,540 26,740 38,127 26,620 22,859	9 10 15 9 8
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	15,335 17,590 18,060 19,348 19,153	12,994 14,179 14,657 15,446 15,978	85 81 81 80 83	1,478 1,694 1,838 1,711 1,718	10 10 10 9 9	835 1,687 1,524 2,089 1,218	5 10 8 11 6	28 30 41 102 239	0 0 1 1
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	9,953 10,690 11,052 11,744 12,211	9,825 10,565 10,897 11,415 11,915	99 99 99 97 98	55 52 43 39 33	1 0 0 0	 	 	73 73 112 290 263	1 1 2 2
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	27,012 27,680 29,545 35,529 34,840	22,542 20,742 22,542 27,242 28,187	83 75 76 77 81	2,166 2,360 2,579 2,674 3,076	8 9 9 8 9	 	 	2,304 4,578 4,424 5,613 3,577	9 17 15 16 10

Table 1 Legal Aid Plan Revenues by Type of Revenue – Concluded

Province/Territory and year	Total revenue		nment outions ¹	Clie contribu and c recove	utions ost	Contribut of the le professi	gal	Othe	r ²
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
British Columbia									
1998-99	86,213	82,035	95	187	0	2,975	3	1,016	1
1999-00	86,545	81,810	95	199	0	3,175	4	1,361	2
2000-01	88,324	82,953	94	533	1	3,289	4	1,549	2
2001-02	93,718	88,776	95	231	0	3,389	4	1,322	1
2002-03	76,327	71,545	94	49	0	3,674	5	1,059	1
Yukon Territory									
1998-99	938	931	99	7	1			0	0
1999-00	978	968	99	10	1			0	0
2000-01	1,391	1,356	97	34	2			1	0
2001-02	1,429	1,389	97	24	2			16	1
2002-03	1,277	1,256	98	9	1			12	1
Northwest Territories ^{4,5}									
1998-99	5,412	5,412	100						
1999-00	6,257	5,697	91					560	9
2000-01	3,511	3,511	100						
2001-02	3,747	3,747	100						
2002-03	3,764	3,764	100					0	0
Nunavut ⁵									
1998-99									
1999-00									
2000-01	3,365 ^r	3,363 ^r	100	2	0				
2001-02	3,565 ^r	3,352 ^r	94	1	0			212	6
2002-03	4,231	3,909	92	3	0			319	8
Total									
1998-99	568,856	513,902	90	17,330	3	8,669	2	28,955	5
1999-00	546,735 ^r	490,536 ^r	90	16,369 ^r	3	5,326 ^r	1	34,504 ^r	6
2000-01	535,839 ^r	468,401 ^r	87	16,337 ^r	3	5,613 ^r	1	45,488 ^r	8
2001-02	596,930 ^r	534,250 ^r	89	21,317	4	5,628	1	35,734	6
2002-03	573,907	518,243	90	21,143	4	5,042	1	29,479	5

. not available for any reference period

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¹ When summed, provincial/territorial contributions (Table 3) plus federal contributions (Table 2) may not equal total government contributions (Table 1) for the following reasons: (i) the total government contributions figure in Table 1 is provided by the legal aid plans, whereas the provincial/territorial and federal contributions figures are obtained from the appropriate government department; (ii) any difference in accounting methods (i.e. cash versus accrual) may cause differences in the fiscal period that contributions are accounted for; and (iii) legal aid plans may have submitted back claims to the federal government, which are accounted for in the total government contributions figure.

² The other category may include, among others, revenue from investments, research sales, and general interest earnings.

³ Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

 years.
 ⁴ Total revenue includes client contributions credited to the Government of the Northwest Territories consolidated revenue fund and are not available to the plan. In 1999/00, government contributions for the Northwest Territories include \$2,410,882 for Nunavut.

⁵ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey.

Table 2 Federal Government Contributions to Legal Aid Plans, Criminal Matters, Current and Constant Dollars¹

	Curren	t dollars	1992 Const	tant dollars ²
Province/Territory and year	Total	Per capita ³	Total	Per capita ³
	\$'000	\$	\$'000	\$
Newfoundland and Labrador				
1998-99	1,571	2.88	1,449'	2.66
1999-00	1,557	2.88	1,415 ^r	2.62 ^r
2000-01	1,546	2.87 ^r	1,365 ^r 1.473 ^r	2.54 r
2001-02 2002-03	1,687 1,672	3.16 3.15	1,475	2.76 ^r 2.68
Prince Edward Island				
1998-99	248	1.81	234 ^r	1.71 ^r
1999-00	254	1.84 ^r	237 '	1.72 ^r
2000-01	262	1.89 ^r	235 r	1.70 ^r
2001-02	321	2.31	280 r	2.02 r
2002-03	325	2.32	276	1.97
Nova Scotia 1998-99	2,858	3.05	2,634 ^r	2.81 ^r
1999-00	2,831	3.05	2,034	2.73 ^r
2000-01	2,808	2.98	2,459 ^r	2.61
2001-02	3,039	3.22	2,613 ^r	2.77 ^r
2002-03	3,013	3.19	2,515	2.66
New Brunswick ⁴				
1998-99	1,327	1.76	1,234	1.64 r
1999-00 2000-01	1,363 1,401	1.80 ^r 1.85	1,248 ^r 1,242 ^r	1.65 ^r 1.64 ^r
2001-02	1,724	2.28	1,242 1,503 ^r	1.99 ^r
2002-03	1,750	2.31	1,476	1.95
Quebec				
1998-99	16,396	2.24	15,410 ^r	2.10 ^r
1999-00	16,535	2.25	15,310	2.08 ^r
2000-01 2001-02	16,683 19,350	2.26 2.61	15,084 ^r 17,094 ^r	2.04 ^r 2.30 ^r
2002-03	19,449	2.61	16,839	2.26
Ontario				
1998-99	36,438	3.20	33,460 ^r	2.94 ^r
1999-00	36,066	3.13	32,492 ^r	2.82 r
2000-01 2001-02	35,725 38,512	3.05 ^r 3.24	31,283' 32,720'	2.67 2.75 ^r
2002-03	38,268	3.17	31,863	2.64
Manitoba				
1998-99	3,154	2.77	2,791 ^r	2.45 ^r
1999-00	3,145	2.75	2,730 ^r	2.39 ^r
2000-01	3,135	2.73 r	2,655 r	2.32 r
2001-02 2002-03	3,463 3,447	3.01 3.00	2,857 ^r 2,800	2.49 ^r 2.43
Saskatchewan				
1998-99	2,465	2.41 ^r	2,205 ^r	2.15 ^r
1999-00	2,480	2.42	2,181 ^r	2.13 ^r
2000-01	2,490	2.44	2,134 ^r	2.09 r
2001-02 2002-03	2,831 2,832	2.78 ^r 2.80	2,353 ^r 2,289	2.31 ^r 2.26
Alberta				
1998-99	6,441	2.22	5,818 ^r	2.00 ^r
1999-00	6,544	2.21	5,771 ^r	1.95 ^r
2000-01	6,630	2.20	5,647	1.88 ^r
2001-02 2002-03	7,752 7,830	2.53 2.51	6,455 ^r 6,304	2.11 ^r 2.02
2002-03	1,000	2.01	0,304	2.02

Table 2

Federal Government Contributions to Legal Aid Plans, Criminal Matters, Current and Constant Dollars¹ - Concluded

	Curren	t dollars	1992 Const	ant dollars ²
Province/Territory and year	Total	Per capita ³	Total	Per capita ³
	\$'000	\$	\$'000	\$
British Columbia				
1998-99	8,929	2.23	8,117 ^r	2.03
1999-00	9,052	2.25	8,140	2.02
2000-01	9,148	2.25	8,074 ^r	1.99
2001-02	10,648	2.60	9,243 r	2.25
2002-03	10,742	2.59	9,111	2.20
Yukon Territory				
1998-99	427	13.56 ^r	385 r	12.21
1999-00	427	13.69 ^r	381 ^r	12.21
2000-01	427	13.95	373 r	12.18
2001-02	527	17.45 ^r	451	14.93
2002-03	527	17.57	448	14.92
Northwest Territories ⁵				
1998-99	1,658	24.56	1,532 ^r	22.70
1999-00	1,040	25.37	952 r	23.21
2000-01	1,200	29.34	1,079 ^r	26.38
2001-02	1,423	34.54 ^r	1,259 ^r	30.57
2002-03	1,423	34.37	1,224	29.55
Nunavut ⁵				
1998-99				
1999-00	874	32.49		
2000-01	931	33.85 ^r		
2001-02	1,108	39.43 ^r		
2002-03	1,108	38.61	1,108	38.61
Total				
1998-99	81,912	2.71 ^r	75,270 ^r	2.49
1999-00	82,168	2.69 ^r	73,424 ^r	2.41
2000-01	82,386	2.68 r	71,628 ^r	2.33
2001-02	92,385	2.97 r	78,302 ^r	2.52
2002-03	92,386	2.94	77,679	2.47

. not available for any reference period

.. not available for a specific reference period

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¹ Figures for federal contributions to civil legal aid are not available through the data reported to the Legal Aid Survey since funds are provided through the Canadian Health and Social Transfer (CHST). The provinces and territories are responsible for the allocation of monies received from the federal government under the CHST.

² In order to create constant dollar figures with the effects of inflation removed, figures were converted to a base of 1992=100 using Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index. For Nunavut, the CPI has a base year of 2002=100.

³ The population estimates used to calculate per capita figures are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 1998 to 1999; updated postcensal estimates for 2000 to 2001; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002.

⁴ Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02, figures are not comparable with previous years.

⁵ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey.

Table 3	
Provincial and Territorial Government Contributions to Legal Aid Plans,	Current and Constant Dollars

Dravinas (Tarritary, and year		Current dollars		19	92 Constant dolla	ars ¹
Province/Territory and year	Total	% change	Per capita ²	Total	% change	Per capita ²
	\$'000	%	\$	\$'000	%	\$
Newfoundland and Labrador						
1998-99	4,467	12	8.19	4,121 ^r	11	7.56
1999-00 2000-01	4,432 4,447	-1 0	8.19 ^r 8.27 ^r	4,029 ^r 3,925 ^r	-2 -3	7.45 ^r 7.30 ^r
2000-01	4,447 4,724	6	8.85	4,126 ^r	-3 5	7.30 ⁻ 7.73 ^r
2002-03						
Prince Edward Island						
1998-99	313	2	2.29 r	295 r	4	2.16 ^r
1999-00 2000-01	456 391	46 -14	3.31 2.83	425 ^r 350 ^r	44 -18	3.08 ^r 2.53 ^r
2000-01 2001-02	423	-14 8	2.83 3.05	369 ^r	-18	2.53 ⁺ 2.66 ^r
2002-03	441	4	3.15	375	2	2.68
Nova Scotia						
1998-99	7,878	4	8.42	7,261 ^r	3	7.76 ^r
1999-00	8,776	11	9.32 r	7,956 ^r	10	8.45 r
2000-01 2001-02	9,349 9,597 '	7 3	9.92 ^r 10,18 ^r	8,187 ^r 8,252 ^r	3 1	8.69 8.75 ^r
2002-03	10,479	9	11.09	8,747	6	9.26
New Brunswick ³						
1998-99	3,524	8	4.68	3,278 ^r	7	4.35 ^r
1999-00	3,607	2	4.77 ^r	3,303 ^r	1	4.37 r
2000-01 2001-02	2,512' 2,991'	-30 19	3.32 ^r 3.96 ^r	2,227 ^r 2,608 ^r	-33 17	2.95 ^r 3.45 ^r
2002-03	3,008	1	3.98	2,536	-3	3.35
Quebec						
1998-99	111,873	14	15.28	105,1441	15	14.36 ^r
1999-00 2000-01	87,340 89,415 ^r	-22	11.88 12.11 ^r	80,870 ^r 80,845 ^r	-23	11.00 ^r 10.95 r
2001-02	97,383 ^r	2 9	13.13 ^r	86,027 ^r	0 6	11.60 ^r
2002-03	97,738	Ö	13.11	84,622	-2	11.35
Ontario						
1998-99	194,500	2	17.08	178,6041	0	15.68 ^r
1999-00 2000-01	194,792 171,126	0 -12	16.90 ^r 14.63 ^r	175,488 ^r 149,848 ^r	-2 -15	15.22r 12.81
2001-02	197,317	15	16.59 ^r	167,644 ^r	-15	12.01 14.09 ^r
2002-03	198,501	1	16.45	165,280	-1	13.70
Manitoba						
1998-99	9,850	0	8.66	8,717 ^r	-5	7.66r
1999-00 2000-01	11,044 11,522	12 4	9.67 10.05	9,587 ^r 9,756 ^r	10 2	8.39 ^r 8.51 ^r
2001-02	11,946	4	10.40 ^r	9,856 ^r	1	8.58 ^r
2002-03	12,502	5	10.86	10,156	3	8.83
Saskatchewan						
1998-99	7,360	6	7.18	6,583 ^r	2 8	6.42 r
1999-00 2000-01	8,084 8,407	10 4	7.88 8.23	7,110 [,] 7,204 [,]	8 1	6.93 ^r 7.05 ^r
2001-02	8,335	-1	8.19 ^r	6,929 ^r	-4	6.81 ^r
2002-03	9,083	9	8.98	7,737	12	7.65
Alberta						
1998-99	16,100	0	5.54	14,544 ^r	-3	5.00 r
1999-00 2000-01	14,198 15,912	-12 12	4.80 5.29	12,520 [,] 13,554,	-14 8	4.23 ^r 4.50 ^r
2001-02	19,332	21	6.32 ^r	16,097 ^r	19	5.26 ^r
2002-03	20,363	5	6.54	16,395	2	5.27

Table 3 Provincial and Territorial Government Contributions to Legal Aid Plans, Current and Constant Dollars – Concluded

Distance the sectors		Current dollars		19	92 Constant dolla	ars ¹
Province/Territory and year	Total	% change	Per capita ²	Total	% change	Per capita ²
	\$'000	%	\$	\$'000	%	\$
British Columbia ⁴						
1998-99	73,600	1	18.41	66,909 ^r	-2	16.74 ^r
1999-00	74,100	1	18.39 ^r	66,637	0	16.54
2000-01	75,123	1	18.50 ^r	66,305 ^r	0	16.33 ^r
2001-02	83,798	12	20.43 ^r	72,741	10	17.73 ^r
2002-03	57,492	-31	13.88	48,763	-33	11.77
Yukon Territory						
1998-99	504	17	16.00 ^r	454 ^r	14	14.41 ^r
1999-00	828	64	26.54 ^r	739 ^r	63	23.67 ^r
2000-01	929	12	30.36	811 ^r	10	26.49 r
2001-02	829	-11	27.45 ^r	709	-13	23.48
2002-03	729	-12	24.30	619	-13	20.65
Northwest Territories ⁵						
1998-99	3,124	-7	46.28	2.887 ^r	-8	42.77 ^r
1999-00	3,521	13	85.88	3,221	12	78.57 ^r
2000-01	2,199	-38	53.77	1,978 ^r	-39	48.35 r
2001-02	2,177	-1	52.84 r	1,927	-3	46.76
2002-03	2,246	3	54.25	1,931	0	46.65
Nunavut ⁵						
1998-99						
1999-00						
2000-01	3,347		121.71 ^r			
2001-02	3,365	1	119.75 ^r			
2002-03	3,357	0	116.97	3,357		116.97
Total						
1998-99	433,093	5	14.32 ^r	398,797 ^r	3	13.18
1999-00	411,178	-5	13.48 ^r	371,886 ^r	-7	12.19
2000-01	394,679 ^r	-4	12.82 ^r	344,988 ^r	-7	11.20
2001-02	442,217 ^r	12	14.21 ^r	377,284 ^r	9	12.13
2002-03	415,939	-6	13.24	350,518	-7	11.16

. not available for any reference period

.. not available for a specific reference period

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¹ In order to create constant dollar figures with the effects of inflation removed, figures were converted to a base of 1992=100 using Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index. For Nunavut, the CPI has a base year of 2002=100.

² The population estimates used to calculate per capita figures are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 1998 to 1999; updated postcensal estimates for 2000 to 2001; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002.

³ Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

⁴ The figures for British Columbia do not include fees and disbursements on large legal aid cases and Rowbothams (approx. \$3,000,000) funded directly by the provincial government.

⁵ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey.

Table 4 Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures, Current and Constant Dollars

Province/Territory and year		Current dollars		19	92 Constant dolla	ars ¹
Province/remoty and year	Total	% change	Per capita ²	Total	% change	Per capita ²
	\$'000	%	\$	\$'000	%	\$
Newfoundland and Labrador						
1998-99	5,674	3	10.41 r	5,234 ^r	2	9.60 ^r
1999-00 2000-01	5,900 ^r 7,608 ^r	4 29	10.91 ^r 14.14 ^r	5,364 ^r 6,715 ^r	2 25	9.92 ^r 12.48 ^r
2001-02	7,000	29		0,715	25	12.40
2002-03						
Prince Edward Island						
1998-99	595	10	4.35 ^r	561 ^r	11	4.10 ^r
1999-00	695	17	5.04 ^r	648 ^r	15	4.70 r
2000-01 2001-02	736 777	6 6	5.32 ^r 5.59 ^r	659 ^r 678 ^r	2 3	4.76 ^r 4.88 ^r
2002-03	853	10	6.10	725	3 7	5.18
Nova Coatia						
Nova Scotia 1998-99	10,965	8	11.71	10,106'	7	10.80 ^r
1999-00	11,117	1	11.81 ^r	10,079 ^r	0	10.71 ^r
2000-01	11,031	-1	11.71 ^r	9,659 ^r	-4	10.25
2001-02 2002-03	12,993	18 1	13.78 13.95	11,172 ^r	16 -2	11.85 ^r 11.64
	13,178	I	13.95	11,000	-2	11.04
New Brunswick ³ 1998-99	4,038	14	5.36	3,756 ^r	14	4.99 ^r
1990-00	4,087	14	5.41 ^r	3,743 ^r	0	4.99 ^r 4.95 ^r
2000-01	4,104	0	5.43	3,638 ^r	-3	4.82 ^r
2001-02	5,437	32	7.19 ^r	4,740 ^r	30	6.27 ^r
2002-03	4,849	-11	6.41	4,089	-14	5.40
Quebec					10	45 55 4
1998-99 1999-00	121,180 101,943	11 -16	16.55 13.87	113,891 ^r 94,392 ^r	12 -17	15.55 ^r 12.84 ^r
2000-01	103,208	-10	13.98 ^r	93,316 ^r	-1/	12.64 ^r
2001-02	118,196	15	15.93 ^r	104,413 ^r	12	14.08 r
2002-03	122,882	4	16.48	106,391	2	14.27
Ontario						
1998-99	217,208	16	19.07 r	199,456 ^r	15	17.52 r
1999-00 2000-01	223,608 241,835	3	19.40 ^r 20.67 ^r	201,449 ⁺ 211,764 ⁺	1 5	17.47 ^r 18.10 ^r
2001-02	293,516	8 21	20.07 ^r 24.68 ^r	249,376 ^r	18	20.96 r
2002-03	291,704	-1	24.17	242,884	-3	20.13
Manitoba						
1998-99	15,160	-4	13.32	13,416 ^r	-9	11.79 ^r
1999-00	17,637	16	15.44	15,310 ^r	14	13.40 ^r
2000-01 2001-02	18,095 19,534	3 8	15.78 ^r 17.00 ^r	15,322 ' 16,117 '	0 5	13.37 ^r 14.03 ^r
2002-03	18,906	-3	16.43	15,358	-5	13.35
Saskatchewan						
1998-99	10,111	6 5	9.87 ^r	9,044 ^r	2 3	8.82 ^r
1999-00	10,616	5	10.35	9,337 ^r	3	9.10 ^r
2000-01 2001-02	10,989 11,904	4 8	10.75 11.70 ^r	9,416 ^r 9,895 ^r	1 5	9.21 ^r 9.73 ^r
2001-02 2002-03	12,239	о З	12.10	9,894	5 0	9.73
Alberta						
1998-99	22,903	3	7.88	20,689 ^r	-1	7.12 ^r
1999-00	26,142	14	8.83	23,053 ^r	11	7.79 ^r
2000-01 2001-02	27,215 32,438	4 19	9.04 10.60 ^r	23,181 ^r 27,009 ^r	1 17	7.70 ^r 8.83 ^r
2001-02	32,438 36,670	13	11.78	29,525	9	9.48
2002 00	50,010	10	11.70	20,020	0	0.10

Table 4 Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures, Current and Constant Dollars – Concluded

Province/Territory and year		Current dollars	;	1992 Constant dollars ¹			
	Total	% change	Per capita ²	Total	% change	Per capita ²	
	\$'000	%	\$	\$'000	%	\$	
British Columbia							
1998-99	80,335	-6	20.10 ^r	73,032 ^r	-8	18.27 ^r	
1999-00	83,650	4	20.77	75,225	3	18.67 ^r	
2000-01	87,515	5	21.55 ^r	77,242 ^r	3	19.02 ^r	
2001-02	89,966	3	21.93 ^r	78,095 ^r	1	19.04 ^r	
2002-03	71,353	-21	17.23	60,520	-23	14.61	
Yukon Territory							
1998-99	1,033	17	32.79 ^r	931 ^r	13	29.54 ^r	
1999-00	1,245	21	39.90 ^r	1,111'	19	35.60 ^r	
2000-01	1,032	-17	33.73		-19	29.43 r	
2001-02	1,111	8	36.79 ^r	950 r	6	31.47 r	
2002-03	1,281	15	42.70	1,088	15	36.28	
Northwest Territories ^{4,5}							
1998-99	5,207	-4	77.14	4,812 ^r	-4	71.29 ^r	
1999-00	6,366	22	155.27 ^r	5,824 ^r	21	142.06 r	
2000-01	3,511	-45	85.84	3,157 ^r	-46	77.20 r	
2001-02	3,747	7	90.95 ^r	3,316 ^r	5	80.48 r	
2002-03	3,767	1	90.99	3,239	-2	78.24	
Nunavut ⁵							
1998-99							
1999-00							
2000-01	2,836		103.13 ^r				
2001-02	3,499	23	124.52 ^r				
2002-03	3,920	12	136.59	3,920		136.59	
Total					_		
1998-99	494,409	9	16.35 ^r	454,929 ^r	7	15.04 ^r	
1999-00	493,006 ^r	0	16.16 ^r	445,533 ^r	-2	14.61 ^r	
2000-01	519,715 ^r	5	16.88 ^r	454,972 ^r	2	14.78 ^r	
2001-02	593,118	14	19.06 ^r	505,763 ^r	11	16.26 ^r	
2002-03	581,602	-2	18.51	488,633	-3	15.55	

. not available for any reference period

.. not available for a specific reference period

... not applicable

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e estimated

¹ In order to create constant dollar figures with the effects of inflation removed, figures were converted to a base of 1992=100 using Statistics Canada's Consumer Price Index. For Nunavut, the CPI has a base year of 2002=100.

² The population estimates used to calculate per capita figures are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 1998 to 1999; updated postcensal estimates for 2000 to 2001; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002.

³ Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

⁴ The 1999/00 Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures figures for the Northwest Territories include \$2,651,402 for Nunavut expenditures.

⁵ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey.

Table 5 Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures by Type of Expenditure¹

Province/Territory and year	Total	Direct legal service expenditures			Central administrative		Other expenditures		
		Criminal matters		Civil matters		expenditures		experialities	
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01	5,674 5,900 ^r 7,608 ^r	3,489 3,325 ^r 4,166 ^r	61 56 55	2,185 1,918 ^r 2,289 ^r	39 33 30	0 623 ^r 1,153 ^r	0 11 15	0 34 ^r 0 ^r	0 1 0
2001-02 2002-03	7,000° 	4,100		2,209" 	 	1,155 [.] 			
Prince Edward Island 1998-99	595	380	64	129	22			86	14
1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	695 736 777 853	492 525 547 564	71 71 70 66	118 130 229 289	17 18 29 34	 	 	85 81 	12 11
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02	10,965 11,117 11,031 12,993	5,291 5,454 5,491 6,164	48 49 50 47	4,950 4,768 4,629 5,198	45 43 42 40	717 895 888 1,366	7 8 8 11	7 0 23 265	0 0 0 2
2002-03 New Brunswick ²	13,178	6,522	49	5,337	40	1,227	9	92	2 1
1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	4,038 4,087 4,104 5,437 4,849	1,936 1,992 1,884 2,433 2,461	48 49 46 45 51	1,341 1,370 1,618 1,243 1,597	33 34 39 23 33	761 725 592 655 765	19 18 14 12 16	0 0 9 1,107 26	0 0 20 1
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	121,180 101,943 103,208 118,196 122,882	32,749° 32,326° 33,179° 40,949° 42,743°	27 32 32 35 35	58,410 ^e 59,692 ^e 59,724 ^e 66,914 ^e 69,201 ^e	48 59 58 57 56	29,155° 9,175° 9,457° 9,450° 10,069°	24 9 9 8 8	866 750 848 883 869	1 1 1 1
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	217,208 223,608 241,835 293,516 291,704	77,988 82,881 84,254 97,336 98,957	36 37 35 33 34	98,434 90,674 103,639 122,709 131,972	45 41 43 42 45	34,629 41,013 43,951 60,236 56,374	16 18 18 21 19	6,157 9,040 9,991 13,235 4,401	3 4 5 2
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	15,160 17,637 18,095 19,534 18,906	5,558 6,346 8,961 8,399 8,310	37 36 50 43 44	6,983 7,343 5,227 6,948 7,201	46 42 29 36 38	2,194 3,414 3,418 3,663 2,659	14 19 19 19 14	425 534 489 524 736	3 3 3 4
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	10,111 10,616 10,989 11,904 12,239	5,788 6,294 6,497 7,444 7,754	57 59 59 63 63	3,442 3,415 3,319 3,581 3,608	34 32 30 30 29	881 907 1,173 758 830	9 9 11 6 7	 121 47	 1 0
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	22,903 26,142 27,215 32,438 36,670	12,926 13,911 15,510 16,998 19,402	56 53 57 52 53	6,931 9,008 8,353 12,012 13,481	30 34 31 37 37	3,046 3,223 3,352 3,267 3,613	13 12 12 10 10	 161 174	 0 0

Table 5 Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures by Type of Expenditure¹ – Concluded

Province/Territory and year	Total	Direct legal service expenditures			S	Central administrative expenditures		Other expenditures	
		Criminal matters		Civil matters					
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
British Columbia									
1998-99	80,335	30,278	38	42,015	52	6,387	8	1,655	2 2 3 3
1999-00	83,650	31,434	38	43,278	52	7,225	9	1,713	2
2000-01	87,515	32,113	37	45,807	52	7,651	9	1,944	2
2001-02	89,966	33,024	37	46,837	52	7,436	8	2,669	3
2002-03	71,353	32,759	46	29,772	42	6,566	9	2,256	3
Yukon Territory									
1998-99	1,033	663	64	133	13	237	23	0	0
1999-00	1,245	718	58	223	18	304	24	0	0
2000-01	1,032	624	60	161	16	247	24	0	0
2001-02	1,111	603	54	257	23	251	23	0	0
2002-03	1,281	723	56	296	23	262	20	0	0
Northwest Territories ^{3,4}									
1998-99	5,207	782	15	713	14	2,134	41	1,578	30
1999-00	6,366	471	7	640	10	1,007	16	4,247	67
2000-01	3,511	479	14	631	18	544	15	1,857	53
2001-02	3,747	399	11	694	19	691	18	1,962	52
2002-03	3,767					572	15	47	1
Nunavut ⁴									
1998-99									
1999-00									
2000-01	2,836	178	6	35	1	1,530	54	1,093	39
2001-02	3,499	869	25	296	8	802	23	1,532	44
2002-03	3,920	1,536	39	893	23	1,133	29	358	9
Total									
1998-99	494,409 ^r	177,828	36	225,666	46	80,141	16	10,774	2
1999-00	493,006 ^r	185,644 ^r	38	222,447 r	45	68,511 ^r	14	16,403 ^r	2 3
2000-01	519,715 ^r	193,861 ^r	37	235,562 r	45	73,956 ^r	14	16,335 ^r	3
2001-02	593,118	215,165	36	266,918	45	88,575	15	22,459	4
2002-03	581,602	·		·		84,070	14	9,006	2

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¹ For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

² Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

³ The 1999/00 Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures figures for the Northwest Territories include \$2,651,402 for Nunavut expenditures. For the first time in 2002/03, direct legal service staff expenditures for Northwest Territories are included in total direct legal aid expenditures rather than other program expenditures. A breakdown of direct legal aid expenditures by type of matter is not available, but they are included in the figure for total expenditures.

⁴ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Legal Aid Survey.

Table 6 Legal Aid Plan Direct Legal Service Expenditures¹

				Dire	ect legal serv	rice expenditures	
Province/Territory and year		Total direct expenditures		Criminal m	Civil matters		
	Total		% of total	% of direct expenditures			% of direct expenditures
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02	5,674 5,900 ' 7,608 ' 	5,674 5,243 ^r 6,455 ^r 	100 89 85	3,489 3,325 ^r 4,166 ^r 	61 63 65	2,185 1,918 ^r 2,289 ^r 	39 37 35
2002-03							
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	595 695 736 777 853	509 610 655 776 853	86 88 89 100 100	380 492 525 547 564	75 81 80 70 66	129 118 130 229 289	25 19 20 30 34
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	10,965 11,117 11,031 12,993 13,178	10,241 10,222 10,120 11,362 11,859	93 92 92 87 90	5,291 5,454 5,491 6,164 6,522	52 53 54 54 55	4,950 4,768 4,629 5,198 5,337	48 47 46 46 45
New Brunswick ² 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	4,038 4,087 4,104 5,437 4,849	3,277 3,362 3,502 3,675 4,058	81 82 85 68 84	1,936 1,992 1,884 2,433 2,461	59 59 54 66 61	1,341 1,370 1,618 1,243 1,597	41 41 46 34 39
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	121,180 101,943 103,208 118,196 122,882	91,159° 92,018° 92,903° 107,863° 111,944°	75 90 90 91 91	32,749° 32,326° 33,179° 40,949° 42,743°	36 35 36 38 38	58,410° 59,692° 59,724° 66,914° 69,201°	64 65 64 62 62
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	217,208 223,608 241,835 293,516 291,704	176,422 173,555 187,893 220,045 230,929	81 78 78 75 79	77,988 82,881 84,254 97,336 98,957	44 48 45 44 43	98,434 90,674 103,639 122,709 131,972	56 52 55 56 57
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	15,160 17,637 18,095 19,534 18,906	12,541 13,689 14,188 15,347 15,511	83 78 78 79 82	5,558 6,346 8,961 8,399 8,310	44 46 63 55 54	6,983 7,343 5,227 6,948 7,201	56 54 37 45 46
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	10,111 10,616 10,989 11,904 12,239	9,230 9,709 9,816 11,025 11,362	91 91 89 93 93	5,788 6,294 6,497 7,444 7,754	63 65 66 68 68	3,442 3,415 3,319 3,581 3,608	37 35 34 32 32
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	22,903 26,142 27,215 32,438 36,670	19,857 22,919 23,863 29,010 32,883	87 88 88 89 90	12,926 13,911 15,510 16,998 19,402	65 61 65 59 59	6,931 9,008 8,353 12,012 13,481	35 39 35 41 41

Table 6 Legal Aid Plan Direct Legal Service Expenditures¹ - Concluded

				Dire	ect legal serv	vice expenditures	
Province/Territory and year				Criminal m	atters	Civil ma	itters
	Total	Total direct expenditures	% of total		of direct enditures		of direct nditures
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	80,335 83,650 87,515 89,966 71,353	72,293 74,712 77,920 79,861 62,531	90 89 89 89 88	30,278 31,434 32,113 33,024 32,759	42 42 41 41 52	42,015 43,278 45,807 46,837 29,772	58 58 59 59 48
Yukon Territory 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,033 1,245 1,032 1,111 1,281	796 941 785 860 1,019	77 76 76 77 80	663 718 624 603 723	83 76 79 70 71	133 223 161 257 296	17 24 21 30 29
Northwest Territories ^{3,4} 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	5,207 6,366 3,511 3,747 3,767	1,495 1,112 1,110 1,093 3,148	29 17 32 29 84	782 471 479 399	52 42 43 37	713 640 631 694	48 58 57 63
Nunavut ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	2,836 3,499 3,920	213 1,165 2,429	 8 33 62	 178 869 1,536	 84 75 63	35 296 893	 16 25 37
Total 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	494,409' 493,006' 519,715' 593,118 581,602	403,494 408,092 ^r 429,423 ^r 482,082 488,526	82 83 83 81 84	177,828 185,644 ' 193,861 ' 215,165 	44 45 45 45	225,666 222,447 235,562 266,918 	56 55 55 55

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1 For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous 2

3

years. The 1999/00 Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures figures for the Northwest Territories include \$2,651,402 for Nunavut expenditures. For the first time in 2002/03, direct legal service staff expenditures for Northwest Territories are included in total direct legal aid expenditures rather than other program expenditures. Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid 4

Table 7 Legal Aid Plan Direct Legal Service Expenditures, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Matter¹

		Tota	al				Criminal r	natters	6			Civil	matter	S	
Province/Territory and year	Total	Sta lawye		Priv Iawy		Total	St lawy	taff ers	Priv Iawy	vate /ers	Total	St lawy	aff ers		vate yers
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02	5,674 5,243 ^r 6,455 ^r 	5,537 5,041 r 6,098 r 	98 96 94 	137 202 r 357 r	2 4 6	3,489 3,325 ^r 4,166 ^r 	3,378 3,146 ^r 3,827 ^r 	97 95 92	111 179' 339' 	3 5 8	2,185 1,918 ^r 2,289 ^r 	2,159 1,895 ^r 2,271 ^r 	99 99 99	26 23 ^r 18 ^r	
2002-03															
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	509 610 655 776 853	441 516 543 563 558	87 85 83 73 65	68 94 112 213 295	13 15 17 27 35	380 492 525 547 564	333 435 452 473 457	88 88 86 86 81	47 57 73 74 107	12 12 14 14 19	129 118 130 229 289	108 81 91 90 101	84 69 70 39 35	21 37 39 139 188	16 31 30 61 65
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	10,241 10,222 10,120 11,362 11,859	8,183 8,292 8,351 9,266 9,627	80 81 83 82 81	2,058 1,930 1,769 2,096 2,232	20 19 17 18 19	5,291 5,454 5,491 6,164 6,522	4,395 4,508 4,634 5,121 5,349	83 83 84 83 82	896 946 857 1,043 1,173	17 17 16 17 18	4,950 4,768 4,629 5,198 5,337	3,788 3,784 3,717 4,145 4,278	77 79 80 80 80	1,162 984 912 1,053 1,059	23 21 20 20 20
New Brunswick ² 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	3,277 3,362 3,502 3,675 4,058	1,029 1,068 1,299 758 1,603	31 32 37 21 40	2,248 2,294 2,203 2,916 2,455	69 68 63 79 60	1,936 1,992 1,884 2,433 2,461	0 0 0 76 146	0 0 0 3 6	1,936 1,992 1,884 2,357 2,315	100 100 100 97 94	1,341 1,370 1,618 1,243 1,597	1,029 1,067 1,299 683 1,457	77 78 80 55 91	312 303 319 560 140	23 22 20 45 9
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	91,159° 92,018° 92,903° 107,863° 111,944°	54,906 ° 54,611 ° 55,831 ° 60,692 ° 59,724 °	60 59 60 56 53	36,253 37,407 37,072 47,171 52,220	40 41 40 44 47	32,749° 32,326° 33,179° 40,949° 42,743°	18,168° 17,903° 18,739° 21,517° 20,234°	55 55 56 53 47	14,581 14,423 14,440 19,432 22,509	45 45 44 47 53	58,410° 59,692° 59,724° 66,914° 69,201°	36,738° 36,708° 37,092° 39,175° 39,490°	63 61 62 59 57	21,672 22,984 22,632 27,739 29,711	37 39 38 41 43
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	176,422 173,555 187,893 220,045 230,929	38,329 36,963 45,720 54,324 65,662	22 21 24 25 28	138,093 136,592 142,173 165,721 165,267	78 79 76 75 72	77,988 82,881 84,254 97,336 98,957	2,788 2,700 3,122 4,002 5,039	4 3 4 5	75,200 80,181 81,132 93,334 93,918	96 97 96 95	98,434 90,674 103,639 122,709 131,972	35,541 34,263 42,598 50,322 60,623	36 38 41 41 46	62,893 56,411 61,041 72,387 71,349	64 62 59 59 54
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	12,541 13,689 14,188 15,347 15,511	6,155 6,760 6,734 7,052 7,331	49 49 47 46 47	6,386 6,929 7,454 8,295 8,180	51 51 53 54 53	5,558 6,346 8,961 8,399 8,310	2,073 2,545 4,650 3,078 3,259	37 40 52 37 39	3,485 3,801 4,311 5,321 5,051	63 60 48 63 61	6,983 7,343 5,227 6,948 7,201	4,082 4,215 2,084 3,974 4,072	58 57 40 57 57	2,901 3,128 3,143 2,974 3,129	42 43 60 43 43
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	9,230 9,709 9,816 11,025 11,362	8,447 8,832 9,126 9,952 10,383	92 91 93 90 91	783 877 690 1,073 979	8 9 7 10 9	5,788 6,294 6,497 7,444 7,754	5,342 5,627 5,915 6,539 6,922	92 89 91 88 89	446 667 582 905 832	8 11 9 12 11	3,442 3,415 3,319 3,581 3,608	3,105 3,205 3,211 3,413 3,461	90 94 97 95 96	337 210 108 168 147	10 6 3 5 4
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	19,857 22,919 23,863 29,010 32,883	1,832 2,090 2,580 5,140 7,206	9 9 11 18 22	18,025 20,829 21,283 23,870 25,677	91 91 89 82 78	12,926 13,911 15,510 16,998 19,402	1,652 1,883 2,374 2,388 2,554	13 14 15 14 13	11,274 12,028 13,136 14,610 16,848	87 86 85 86 87	6,931 9,008 8,353 12,012 13,481	180 207 206 2,752 4,652	3 2 23 35	6,751 8,801 8,147 9,260 8,829	97 98 98 77 65
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	72,293 74,712 77,920 79,861 62,531	24,541 25,670 27,586 28,524 16,301	34 34 35 36 26	47,752 49,042 50,334 51,337 46,230	66 66 65 64 74	30,278 31,434 32,113 33,024 32,759	8,098 8,509 8,976 9,583 6,412	27 27 28 29 20	22,180 22,925 23,137 23,441 26,347	73 73 72 71 80	42,015 43,278 45,807 46,837 29,772	16,443 17,161 18,610 18,941 9,889	39 40 41 40 33	25,572 26,117 27,197 27,896 19,883	61 60 59 60 67

Table 7 Legal Aid Plan Direct Legal Service Expenditures, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Matter¹ - Concluded

		Tot	al				Criminal	matters				Civil	matters	5	
Province/Territory and year	Total	Sta lawye		Priv lawy		Total	S Iawy	taff 'ers	Priv Iawy		Total	St Iawy	aff ers		vate yers
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Yukon Territory															
1998-99	796	434	55	362	45	663	376	57	287	43	133	58	44	75	56
1999-00	941	484	51	457	49	718	347	48	371	52	223	137	61	86	39
2000-01	785	468	60	317	40	624	353	57	271	43	161	115	71	46	29
2001-02	860	622	72	238	28	603	459	76	144	24	257	163	63	94	37
2002-03	1,019	801	79	218	21	723	569	79	154	21	296	232	78	64	22
Northwest Territories ^{3,4}															
1998-99	1,495					782					713				
1999-00	1,112					471					640				
2000-01	1,110					479					631				
2001-02	1,093					399					694				
2002-03	3,148	1,435	46	1,712	54										
Nunavut ⁴															
1998-99															
1999-00															
2000-01	213					178					35				
2001-02	1,165	692	59	473	41	869	495	57	374	43	296	197	67	99	33
2002-03	2,429	1,725	71	704	29	1,536	982	64	554	36	893	743	83	150	17
Total															
1998-99	403,494					177,828					225,666				
1999-00	408,092 ^r					185,644 ^r					222,447 r				
2000-01	429,423 ^r					193,861 <i>'</i>					235,562 ^r				
2001-02	482,082					215,165					266,918				
2002-03	488,526	182,356	37	306,169	63										

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period

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2 Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous

years. The 1999/00 Total Legal Aid Plan Expenditures figures for the Northwest Territories include \$2,651,402 for Nunavut expenditures. For the first time, in 2002/ 3 03, direct legal service staff expenditures for Northwest Territories are included in total direct legal aid expenditures rather than other program expenditures.

4 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 8 Legal Aid Plan Direct Legal Service Expenditures, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Criminal Matter¹

Drovingo/Torritory		Total	crim	inal			Crimina	ıl – adı	ılt			Crimina	l – you	uth			Provincia	al offen	ces	
Province/Territory and year	Total		taff /yers		ivate vyers	Total	Sta lawy		Priv Iaw		Total		taff vyers	Priv lawy		Total	Sta Iawy			vate yers
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Newfoundland and Labrador ²																				
1998-99	3,489	3,378	97	111	3	2,981	2,880	97	101	3	508	498	98	10	2					
1999-00 2000-01	3,325 ^r 4,166 ^r	3,146 ^r 3,827 ^r		179 ' 339 '		2,786 ^r 3,550 ^r	2,608 ^r 3,216 ^r	94 91	178 ' 334 '	6 9	539 ^r 616 ^r	538 ^r 611 ^r	100 99	1 r 5 r	0	•	•	•		
2001-02	4,100	3,027	92		0	3,550	3,210			9			99			•				
2002-03																				
Prince Edward Island																				
1998-99	380	333	88	47	12	327	292	89	35	11	53	41	77	12	23					
1999-00 2000-01	492 525	435 452	88 86	57 73	12 14	427 455	379 390	89 86	48 65	11 14	65 70	56 62	86 89	9 8	14 11					
2001-02	547	473	86	74	14	488	417	85	71	15	59	56	95	3	5					
2002-03	564	457	81	107	19	499	396	79	103	21	65	61	94	4	6					
Nova Scotia																				
1998-99	5,291	4,395	83	896	17	4,269	3,489	82	780	18	1,022	906	89	116	11				0	0
1999-00 2000-01	5,454 5,491	4,508 4,634	83 84	946 857	17 16	4,402 4,457	3,607 3,752	82 84	795 705	18 16	1,052 1,034	901 882	86 85	151 152	14 15			•	0 0	0 0
2001-02	6,164	5,121	83	1,043	17	5,002	4,136	83	866	17	1,162	985	85	177	15	•			0	0
2002-03	6,522	5,349	82	1,173	18	5,308	4,335	82	973	18	1,214	1,014	84	200	16				0	0
New Brunswick																				
1998-99	1,936			1,936	100	1,771			1,771	100	135			135	100	30	0	0	30	100
1999-00	1,992			1,992	100				1 740							43	0	0	43	100
2000-01 2001-02	1,884 2,433	 76		1,884 2,357	100 97	1,740 2,193	38	 2	1,740 2,155	100 98	110 174	38	 22	110 136	100 78	35 66	0 0	0 0	35 66	100 100
2002-03	2,461	146	6	2,315	94	2,221	146	7	2,075	93	119	0	0	119	100	121	0	0	121	100
Quebec																				
1998-99	32,749 ^e	18,168 ^e		14,581	45	25,699 ^e	13,985 ^e	54	11,714	46	4,655 ^e	3,028 ^e		1,627	35	2,395 e	1,155 °	48	1,240	52
1999-00	32,326 ^e	17,903 ^e		14,423	45	25,029 ^e	13,723 °	55	11,306	45	4,581 ^e	2,999 ^e	65	1,582	35	2,716 ^e	1,181 °	43	1,535	57
2000-01 2001-02	33,179° 40,949°	18,739 ° 21,517 °		14,440 19,432	44 47	26,060 ^e 32,427 ^e	14,960 ^e 17,014 ^e		11,100 15,413	43 48	4,688 ^e 5,942 ^e	2,806 ^e 3,667 ^e	60 62	1,882 2,275	40 38	2,431 ° 2,580 °	973 ° 836 °	40 32	1,458 1,744	60 68
2002-03	42,743 ^e	20,234 ^e		22,509	53	34,761 °	15,861 ^e		18,900	54	5,674 ^e	3,630 ^e	64	2,044	36	2,308 °	743 ^e	32	1,565	68
Ontario ³																				
1998-99	77,988	2,788	4	75,200	96	67,807	2,185	3	65,622	97	9,447	603	6	8,844	94	734	0	0	734	100
1999-00 2000-01	82,881 84,254	2,700 3,122	3 4	80,181 81,132	97 96	72,912	2,106	3	70,806	97	9,074	594	7	8,480	93	895 900	0 0	0 0	895 900	100 100
2001-02	97,336	4,002	4	93,334	96	 79,714	3,002	 4	 76,712	 96	 17,623	 1,001	 6	 16,622	 94	300	0		500	100
2002-03	98,957	5,039	5	93,918	95	81,607	3,779	5	77,828	95	17,350	1,260	7	16,090	93					
Vanitoba																				
1998-99	5,558	2,073	37	3,485	63	4,454	1,506	34	2,948	66	1,088	565	52	523	48	16	2	13	14	88
1999-00 2000-01	6,346 8,961	2,545 4,650	40 52	3,801 4,311	60 48	5,235 7,069	1,930 3,290	37 47	3,305 3,779	63 53	1,085 1,869	594 1,344	55 72	491 525	45 28	26 23	21 16	81 70	5 7	19 30
2001-02	8,399	3,078	37	5,321	63	6,798	2,151	32	4,647	68	1,574	909	58	665	42	27	18	67	9	33
2002-03	8,310	3,259	39	5,051	61	6,921	2,502	36	4,419	64	1,342	737	55	605	45	47	20	43	27	57
Saskatchewan																				
1998-99	5,788	5,342	92	446	8		4,266					1,074				5	2	40	3	60
1999-00 2000-01	6,294 6,497	5,627 5,915	89 91	667 582	11 9	4,859 4,963	4,279 4,490	88 90	580 473	12 10	1,430 1,529	1,345 1,423	94 93	85 106	6 7	5 5	3 2	60 40	2 3	40 60
2001-02	7,444	6,539	88	905	12	5,757	4,995	87	762	13	1,679	1,539	92	140	8	8	5	63	3	38
2002-03	7,754	6,922	89	832	11	6,060	5,334	88	726	12	1,691	1,587	94	104	6	3	1	33	2	67
Nberta																				
1998-99	12,926	1,652	13	11,274	87	9,414	215	2	9,199	98	3,448	1,437	42	2,011	58	64	0	0	64	100
1999-00 2000-01	13,911 15,510	1,883 2,374	14 15	12,028 13,136	86 85	10,237 11,604	380 584	4 5	9,857 11,020	96 95	3,607 3,814	1,503 1,790	42 47	2,104 2,024	58 53	67 92	0 0	0 0	67 92	100 100
2001-02	16,998	2,374	14	14,610	86	12,878	505	4	12,373	96	4,041	1,883	47	2,024	53	79	0	0	79	100
2002-03	19,402	2,554	13	16,848	87	14,751	484	3	14,267	97	4,520	2,070	46	2,450	54	131	0	0	131	100
ritish Columbia																				
1998-99	30,278	8,098	27	22,180	73	24,484	5,518	23	18,966	77	5,571	2,532	45	3,039	55	223	48	22	175	78
1999-00	31,434	8,509	27	22,925	73	25,548	5,724	22	19,824	78	5,609	2,735	49	2,874	51	277	50	18	227	82
2000-01 2001-02	32,113 33,024	8,976 9,583	28 29	23,137 23,441	72 71	26,647 27,405	6,116 6,490	23 24	20,531 20,915	77 76	4,981 4,932	2,536 2,592	51 53	2,445 2,340	49 47	485 687	324 501	67 73	161 186	33 27
2002-03	32,759	6,412	20	26,347	80	28,208	4,703	17	23,505	83	4,352	1,522	37	2,642	63	387	187	48	200	52
	. ,	., -		.,		.,	.,		2,500		.,	.,		-,					200	52

Table 8 Legal Aid Plan Direct Legal Service Expenditures, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Criminal Matter¹ – Concluded

		Tota	l crimi	nal			Crimin	al – adu	ılt			Crimina	al – you	ıth			Provinci	al offen	ces	
Province/Territory and year	Total		staff vyers		ivate /yers	Total	Sta lawy		Priv Iawy		Total		taff vyers	Priv lawy		Total	Sta lawy			vate yers
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Yukon Territory																				
1998-99	663	376	57	287	43	475	231	49	244	51	188	145	77	43	23	0	0	0	0	0
1999-00	718	347	48	371	52	573	246	43	327	57	145	101	70	45	31	0	0	0	0	C
2000-01	624	353	57	271	43	578	319	55	259	45	46	34	74	12	26	0	0	0	0	0
2001-02	603	459	76	144	24	504	366	73	138	27	99	93	94	6	6	0	0	0	0	0
2002-03	723	569	79	154	21	674	530	79	144	21	49	39	80	10	20	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Territorie	s ⁴																			
1998-99	782					772					10									
1999-00	471					452					19									
2000-01	479					462					17									
2001-02	399					391					9									
2002-03																				
Nunavut ⁴																				
1998-99																				
1999-00																				
2000-01	178					175					3									
2001-02	869	495	57	374	43	867	495	57	372	43	2	0	0	2	100	0	0	0	0	0
2002-03	1,536	982	64	554	36	1,487	982	66	505	34	49	0	0	49	100	0	0	0	0	0
Total																				
1998-99	177,828																			
1999-00	185,644 ^r																			
2000-01	193,861 ^r																			
2001-02	215,165																			
2002-03	221,731																			

. not available for any reference period

.. not available for a specific reference period

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e estimated

¹ For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

² In Newfoundland and Labrador, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences are included under criminal matters.

³ In Ontario, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences are included under criminal matters.

⁴ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 9 Legal Aid Plan Direct Legal Service Expenditures, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Civil Matter¹

		To	tal civil				Civil –	family				Civil –	other		
Province/Territory and year	Total	Staf lawye		Priva		Total	Staf lawye		Priva lawye		Total	Stat lawye		Priva Iawye	
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	2,185 1,918 ^r 2,289 ^r 	2,159 1,895 ^r 2,271 ^r 	99 99 99 	26 23 r 18 r 	1 1 1 	1,918 	1,895 ^{r.} 	 99 	23 r 	 1 					
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	129 118 130 229 289	108 81 91 90 101	84 69 70 39 35	21 37 39 139 188	16 31 30 61 65	129 118 130 229 202	108 81 91 90 101	84 69 70 39 50	21 37 39 139 101	16 31 30 61 50	 87	 0	 0	 87	 100
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	4,950 4,768 4,629 5,198 5,337	3,788 3,784 3,717 4,145 4,278	77 79 80 80 80	1,162 984 912 1,053 1,059	23 21 20 20 20	4,950 4,768 4,629 5,198 5,337	3,788 3,784 3,717 4,145 4,278	77 79 80 80 80	1,162 984 912 1,053 1,059	23 21 20 20 20	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
New Brunswick ² 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,341 1,370 1,618 1,243 1,597	1,029 1,067 1,299 683 1,457	77 78 80 55 91	312 303 319 560 140	23 22 20 45 9	702 665 580 968 1,515	390 362 425 683 1,375	56 54 73 71 91	312 303 155 286 140	44 46 27 30 9	639 705 1,038 275 82	639 705 874 0 82	100 100 84 0 100	0 0 164 275 0	0 0 16 100 0
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	58,410° 59,692° 59,724° 66,914° 69,201°	36,738° 36,708° 37,092° 39,175° 39,490°	63 61 62 59 57	21,672 22,984 22,632 27,739 29,711	37 39 38 41 43	36,765° 38,470° 38,233° 45,172° 48,770°	23,261 ° 24,058 ° 24,011 ° 26,582 ° 27,543 °	63 63 63 59 56	13,504 14,412 14,222 18,590 21,227	37 37 37 41 44	21,645° 21,222° 21,491° 21,742° 20,431°	13,477° 12,650° 13,081° 12,593° 11,947°	62 60 61 58 58	8,168 8,572 8,410 9,149 8,484	38 40 39 42 42
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	98,434 90,674 103,639 122,709 131,972	35,541 34,263 42,598 50,322 60,623	36 38 41 41 46	62,893 56,411 61,041 72,387 71,349	64 62 59 59 54	32,845 35,179 	1,066 1,028 	3 3 	31,779 34,151 48,877 47,584	97 97 	65,589 55,495 	34,475 33,235 	53 60 	31,114 22,260 23,510 23,765	47 40
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	6,983 7,343 5,227 6,948 7,201	4,082 4,215 2,084 3,974 4,072	58 57 40 57 57	2,901 3,128 3,143 2,974 3,129	42 43 60 43 43	6,983 7,343 5,227 6,948 7,201	4,082 4,215 2,084 3,974 4,072	58 57 40 57 57	2,901 3,128 3,143 2,974 3,129	42 43 60 43 43					
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	3,442 3,415 3,319 3,581 3,608	3,105 3,205 3,211 3,413 3,461	90 94 97 95 96	337 210 108 168 147	10 6 3 5 4	3,435 3,409 3,311 3,573 3,605	3,098 3,199 3,203 3,405 3,458	90 94 97 95 96	337 210 108 168 147	10 6 3 5 4	7 6 8 8 3	7 6 8 8 3	100 100 100 100 100	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	6,931 9,008 8,353 12,012 13,481	180 207 206 2,752 4,652	3 2 2 23 35	6,751 8,801 8,147 9,260 8,829	97 98 98 77 65	4,510 5,773 6,120 7,084	116 174 173 0	3 3 3 0	4,394 5,599 5,947 7,084 	97 97 97 100	2,421 3,235 2,233 4,928 6,727	64 33 33 2,752 4,652	3 1 1 56 69	2,357 3,202 2,200 2,176 2,075	97 99 99 44 31
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	42,015 43,278 45,807 46,837 29,772	16,443 17,161 18,610 18,941 9,889	39 40 41 40 33	25,572 26,117 27,197 27,896 19,883	61 60 59 60 67		- - - -	•							
Yukon Territory 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	133 223 161 257 296	58 137 115 163 232	44 61 71 63 78	75 86 46 94 64	56 39 29 37 22	123 210 150 243 277	53 129 104 151 214	43 61 69 62 77	70 81 46 92 63	57 39 31 38 23	11 13 11 14 19	6 8 11 12 18	55 62 100 86 95	5 5 0 2 1	45 38 0 14 5

Table 9 Legal Aid Plan Direct Legal Service Expenditures, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Civil Matter¹ - Concluded

		To	tal civil				Civil –	family				Civil –	other		
Province/Territory and year	Total	Staf lawye		Priva lawy		Total	Staf lawye		Priva Iawye		Total	Staff lawye		Priv lawy	
	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%	\$'000	\$'000	%	\$'000	%
Northwest Territories ³															
1998-99	713					654					59				
1999-00	640	•	·		÷	620	•	·			20	•	·		
2000-01	631					594					38				
2001-02	694					672					22				
2002-03															
Nunavut ³															
1998-99															
1999-00															
2000-01	35					34					1	0	0		
2001-02	296	197	67	99	33	293	197	67	96	33	3	0	0	3	100
2002-03	893	743	83	150	17	871	743	85	128	15	22	0	0	22	100
Total															
1998-99	225,666														
1999-00	222,447														
2000-01	235,562 r														
2001-02	266,918														
2002-03	263,647														

not available for any reference period .

not available for a specific reference period

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1 For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

2 Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

3 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 10 Total Legal Aid Applications by Type of Matter^{1,2}

	Total app	lications ¹	C	riminal matters			Civil matters	
Province/Territory and year	Total	% change	Total	% change	% of total	Total	% change	% of total
	#	%	#	%	%	#	%	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	14,553 11,340 ' 10,751 ' 11,548 ' 13,698	-7 -22 -5 7 19	8,435 8,283 r 7,991 r 8,753 r 10,969	-7 -2 -4 10 25	58 73 74 76 80	6,118 3,057 ^r 2,760 ^r 2,795 ^r 2,729	-7 -50 -10 1 -2	42 27 26 24 20
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03		- - - - -				- - - - -		- - - - -
Nova Scotia ³ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	19,734 24,003 24,087 25,946 18,674	-5 22 0 8 -28	11,449 15,653 15,739 18,027 10,810	0 37 1 15 -40	58 65 65 69 58	8,285 8,350 8,348 7,919 7,864	-10 1 0 -5 -1	42 35 35 31 42
New Brunswick ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	5,055 5,186 5,278 2,468 2,382	-7 3 2 -53 -3	1,969 2,026 1,883 2,118 2,038	-19 3 -7 12 -4	39 39 36 86 86	3,086 3,160 3,395 350 344	2 2 7 -90 -2	61 61 64 14
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	258,763 257,673 253,326 264,270 266,037	-1 0 -2 4 1	95,209 95,625 96,363 109,993 112,402	-2 0 1 14 2	37 37 38 42 42	163,554 162,048 156,963 154,277 153,635	0 -1 -3 -2 0	63 63 62 58 58
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	347,522 350,658 365,077 358,376 362,586	12 1 4 -2 1		- - - - - -				
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	22,155 22,042 21,705 21,509 21,199	-1 -1 -2 -1 -1	11,572 11,838 11,451 11,449 11,449	1 2 -3 0 0	52 54 53 53 54	10,583 10,204 10,254 10,060 9,750	-3 -4 0 -2 -3	48 46 47 47 46
Saskatchewan ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	23,981 24,469 23,530 22,213 21,946	2 2 -4 -6 -1	17,985 17,858 17,513 16,657 16,001	2 -1 -2 -5 -4	75 73 74 75 73	5,996 6,611 6,017 5,556 5,945	1 10 -9 -8 7	25 27 26 25 27
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	39,409 42,365 45,386 48,185 50,533	10 8 7 6 5	27,370 29,019 30,594 33,054 34,826	10 6 5 8 5	69 68 67 69 69	12,039 13,346 14,792 15,131 15,707	10 11 11 2 4	31 32 33 31 31

Table 10 Total Legal Aid Applications by Type of Matter^{1,2} – Concluded

	Total app	lications ¹	C	riminal matters			Civil matters	
Province/Territory and year	Total	% change	Total	% change	% of total	Total	% change	% of total
	#	%	#	%	%	#	%	%
British Columbia								
1998-99	99,331	-3	39,523	-5	40	59,808	-1	60
1999-00	98,535	-1	38,409	-3	39	60,126	1	61
2000-01	96,880	-2	35,713	-7	37	61,167	2	63
2001-02	92,232	-5	33,662	-6	36	58,570	-4	64
2002-03	53,606	-42	28,837	-14	54	24,769	-58	46
Yukon Territory ⁶								
1998-99	1,186	1	743	1	63	443	1	37
1999-00	1,015	-14	774	4	76	241	-46	24
2000-01	1,291	27	918	19	71	373	55	29
2001-02	1,384	7	974	6	70	410	10	30
2002-03	1,438	4	1,077	11	75	361	-12	25
Northwest Territories ^{7,8}								
1998-99	1,752	-20	802	-31	46	950	-8	54
1999-00	1,707	-3	862	7	50	845	-11	50
2000-01	1,273	-25	547	-37	43	726	-14	57
2001-02	1,147	-10	537	-2	47	610	-16	53
2002-03	1,376	20	711	32	52	665	9	48
Nunavut ⁸								
1998-99								
1999-00								
2000-01	785		439		56	346		44
2001-02	831	6	482	10	58	349	1	42
2002-03	550	-34	288	-40	52	262	-25	48
Total								
1998-99	833,441	4						
1999-00	838,993 ^r	1						
2000-01	849,369 ^r	1						
2001-02	850,109 [,]	0						
2002-03	814,025	-4						

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e estimated

¹ For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

² The sum of approved and refused applications does not equal the total applications count for two reasons: (i) a decision to accept or reject an application may not occur in the same time period the application is made, although the number of applications carried into the next fiscal year is comparatively small. (ii) the approved application counts refer to full service applications only, whereas the total applications count is the sum of applications for service, including full and summary service, and applications refused.

³ In 2002/03 Nova Scotia stopped reporting duty counsel services under total legal aid applications.

⁴ Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

⁵ Beginning in 2001/02, the Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission implemented a duty counsel project for adults detained in custody. As a result, clients served by this project are included under duty counsel services (Table 21), rather than legal aid applications (adult criminal).

⁶ Data for the Yukon Territory include full service duty counsel counts.

⁷ Data for the Northwest Territories include duty counsel counts. In 1997/98, the Northwest Territories began a practice known as "presumed eligibility", whereby persons appearing unrepresented at court are not required to apply for legal services but instead are presumed eligible and provided with legal aid services. Presumed eligibility counts have been included in the data from the Northwest Territories since 1998/99.

⁸ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 11 Total Legal Aid Applications by Type of Criminal and Civil Matter $^{\rm 1,2}$

				Crimi	inal matters	6				Civi	I matters	S	
Province/Territory and year	Total applications ¹	Total	Ac	lult	Yo	outh	Provir	ncial	Total	Far	nily	Oth	ner
	#	#	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrado 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	r ³ 14,553 11,340' 10,751' 11,548' 13,698	8,435 8,283 r 7,991 r 8,753 r 10,969	6,537 ^r 6,341 ^r 6,798 ^r 7,458	 79 79 78 68	1,746 ^r 1,650 ^r 1,955 ^r 3,511	 21 21 22 32			6,118 3,057 2,760 2,795 2,795		• • •		
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03			• • •				• • • •						
Nova Scotia ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	19,734 24,003 24,087 25,946 18,674	11,449 15,653 15,739 18,027 10,810	9,163 12,712 12,843 14,802 8,320	80 81 82 82 77	2,173 2,813 2,791 3,105 2,416	19 18 18 17 22	113 128 105 120 74	1 1 1 1	8,285 8,350 8,348 7,919 7,864	7,708 7,663 7,676 7,423 7,372	93 92 92 94 94	577 687 672 496 492	7 8 6 6
New Brunswick ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	5,055 5,186 5,278 2,468 2,382	1,969 2,026 1,883 2,118 2,038	1,674 1,723 1,584 1,759 1,701	85 85 84 83 83	251 237 209 267 206	13 12 11 13 10	44 66 90 92 131	2 3 5 4 6	3,086 3,160 3,395 350 344	2,819 3,160 3,170 125 153	91 100 93 36 44	267 0 225 225 191	9 0 7 64 56
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	258,763 257,673 253,326 264,270 266,037	95,209 95,625 96,363 109,993 112,402	73,697 74,542 76,605 89,331 91,628	77 78 79 81 82	12,623 12,434 11,974 13,315 13,538	13 13 12 12 12	8,889 8,649 7,784 7,347 7,236	9 9 8 7 6	163,554 162,048 156,963 154,277 153,635	97,881 100,423 96,594 94,600 95,193	60 62 61 62	65,673 61,625 60,369 59,677 58,442	40 38 38 39 38
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	347,522 350,658 365,077 358,376 362,586				· · · ·		- - - -			- - - -			
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	22,155 22,042 21,705 21,509 21,199	11,572 11,838 11,451 11,449 11,449	9,366 9,742 9,581 9,658 9,503	81 82 84 84 83	2,206 2,096 1,870 1,791 1,946	19 18 16 16 17			10,583 10,204 10,254 10,060 9,750	10,583 10,204 10,254 10,060 9,750	100 100 100 100 100		
Saskatchewan ⁶ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	23,981 24,469 23,530 22,213 21,946	17,985 17,858 17,513 16,657 16,001	13,567 14,784 13,764 12,591 12,393	75 83 79 76 77	4,382 3,060 3,727 4,046 3,598	24 17 21 24 22	36 14 22 20 10	0 0 0 0	5,996 6,611 6,017 5,556 5,945	5,980 6,597 6,006 5,549 5,942	100 100 100 100 100	16 14 11 7 3	0 0 0 0
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	39,409 42,365 45,386 48,185 50,533	27,370 29,019 30,594 33,054 34,826	20,367 22,083 23,698 25,712 27,396	74 76 77 78 79	6,816 6,782 6,687 7,123 7,142	25 23 22 22 21	187 154 209 219 288	1 1 1 1	12,039 13,346 14,792 15,131 15,707	10,936 12,324 13,811 14,019 14,496	91 92 93 93 92	1,103 1,022 981 1,112 1,211	9 8 7 7 8

Table 11 Total Legal Aid Applications by Type of Criminal and Civil Matter^{1,2} – Concluded

				Crimi	nal matter	S				Civil	matters	6	
Province/Territory and year	Total applications ¹	Total	A	dult	Yo	outh	Provi	ncial	Total	Fan	nily	Ot	her
	#	#	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
British Columbia													
1998-99	99,331	39,523	32,029	81	6,654	17	840	2	59,808	24,556	41	35,252	59
1999-00	98,535	38,409	31,379	82	6,101	16	929	2	60,126	24,386	41	35,740	59
2000-01	96,880	35,713	29,368	82	5,387	15	958	3	61,167	25,217	41	35,950	59
2001-02	92,232	33,662	27,555	82	4,988	15	1,119	3	58,570	23,168	40	35,402	60
2002-03	53,606	28,837	23,896	83	4,263	15	678	2	24,769	11,029	45	13,740	55
Yukon Territory ⁷													
1998-99	1,186	743	545	73	198	27	0	0	443	387	87	56	13
1999-00	1,015	774	589	76	185	24	0	0	241	222	92	19	8
2000-01	1,291	918	729	79	189	21	0	0	373	329	88	44	12
2001-02	1,384	974	808	83	166	17	0	0	410	379	92	31	8
2002-03	1,438	1,077	872	81	205	19	0	0	361	342	95	19	5
Northwest Territories ^{8,9}													
1998-99	1,752	802	731	91	56	7	15	2	950	888	93	62	7
1999-00	1,707	862	782	91	62	7	18	2	845	803	95	42	5
2000-01	1,273	547	491	90	44	8	12	2	726	680	94	46	6
2001-02	1,147	537	453	84	54	10	30	6	610	569	93	41	7
2002-03	1,376	711	625	88	86	12			665	612	92	53	8
Nunavut ⁹													
1998-99													
1999-00													
2000-01	785	439	416	95	23	5			346	321	93	25	7
2001-02	831	482	440	91	42	9			349	314	90	35	10
2002-03	550	288	269	93	19	7			262	246	94	16	6
Total													
1998-99	833,441												
1999-00	838,993 ^r												
2000-01	849,369 ^r												
2001-02	850,109 ^r												
2002-03	814,025												

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period

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For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

2 The sum of approved and refused applications may not equal the total applications count for two reasons: (i) a decision to accept or reject an application may not occur in the same time period the application is made, although the number of applications carried into the next fiscal year is comparatively small. (ii) the approved application counts refer to full service applications only, whereas the total applications count is the sum of applications for service, including full and summary service, and applications refused.

3 In Newfoundland and Labrador, direct legal services expenditures for provincial/territorial offences are included under criminal matters.

In 2002/03 Nova Scotia stopped reporting duty counsel services under total legal aid applications.

5 Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous vears.

Beginning in 2001/02, the Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission implemented a duty counsel project for adults detained in custody. As a result, clients served by this project are included under duty counsel services (Table 21), rather than legal aid applications (adult criminal).

Data for the Yukon Territory include full service duty counsel counts.

Data for the Northwest Territories include duty counsel counts. In 1997/98, the Northwest Territories began a practice known as "presumed eligibility", whereby persons appearing unrepresented at court are not required to apply for legal services but instead are presumed eligible and provided with legal aid services. Presumed eligibility counts have been included in the Data from the Northwest Territories since 1998/99. Data for the Northwest Territories excludes territorial offences.

Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 12 Approved Legal Aid Applications by Type of Matter^{1,2}

	Total	approved a	oplications ³		Criminal	matters			Civil m	natters	
Province/Territory and year	Total	% change	Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	Total criminal	% change	% of total	Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	Total civil	% change	% of total	Rate per 1,000 population ⁴
	#	%		#	%	%		#	%	%	
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	5,622 ' 4,408 ' 4,529 ' 4,731	 -22 3 4	 10 8 8 9	3,197 ^r 2,560 ^r 2,662 ^r 3,049	 -20 4 15	57 58 59 64	 6 5 5 6	., 2,425 ^r 1,848 ^r 1,867 ^r 1,682	 -24 1 -10	 43 42 41 36	 4 3 3 3
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,098 1,209 1,185 1,385 1,478	-14 10 -2 17 7	8 9 9 10 11	1,019 1,133 1,083 1,132 1,187	-15 11 -4 5 5	93 94 91 82 80	7 8 8 8 8	79 76 102 253 291	-2 -4 34 148 15	7 6 9 18 20	1 1 1 2 2
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	14,575 15,481 15,150 14,759 14,685	-7 6 -2 -3 -1	16 16 16 16 16	8,996 9,745 9,551 9,445 9,404	-7 8 -2 -1 0	62 63 63 64 64	10 10 10 10 10	5,579 5,736 5,599 5,314 5,281	-7 3 -2 -5 -1	38 37 37 36 36	6 6 6 6
New Brunswick ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	3,965 4,637 3,935 1,673 1,914	1 17 -15 -57 14	5 6 5 2 3	1,278 1,285 1,226 1,399 1,638	-9 1 -5 14 17	32 28 31 84 86	2 2 2 2 2	2,687 3,352 2,709 274 276	6 25 -19 -90 1	68 72 69 16 14	4 4 4 0 0
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	216,790 215,991 212,192 217,574 219,570	1 0 -2 3 1	30 29 29 29 29 29	78,084 77,525 78,951 87,484 89,925	1 -1 2 11 3	36 36 37 40 41	11 11 11 12 12	138,706 138,466 133,241 130,090 129,645	1 0 -4 -2 0	64 64 63 60 59	19 19 18 18 17
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	131,512 140,903 159,338 145,227' 137,693	14 7 13 -9 -5	12 12 14 12 11	61,250 62,054 65,279 63,201 61,076	12 1 5 -3 -3	47 44 41 44 44	5 5 6 5 5	70,262 78,849 94,059 82,026 r 76,617	16 12 19 -13 -13	53 56 59 56 56	6 7 8 7 6
Manitoba ⁶ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	17,306 17,374 17,627 17,518 22,498	2 0 -1 28	15 15 15 15 20	8,580 8,871 9,028 9,144 14,272	8 3 2 1 56	50 51 51 52 63	8 8 8 12	8,726 8,503 8,599 8,374 8,226	-4 -3 1 -3 -2	50 49 49 48 37	8 7 8 7 7
Saskatchewan ⁷ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	22,401 21,891 22,057 20,677 19,119	2 -2 1 -6 -8	22 21 22 20 19	16,971 16,419 16,585 15,596 14,197	3 -3 1 -6 -9	76 75 75 75 74	17 16 16 15 14	5,430 5,472 5,472 5,081 4,922	-9 1 0 -7 -3	24 25 25 25 26	5 5 5 5 5
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	30,294 32,051 33,799 36,420 37,822	7 6 5 8 4	10 11 11 12 12	22,253 23,378 24,429 26,589 27,711	8 5 4 9 4	73 73 72 73 73	8 8 9 9	8,041 8,673 9,370 9,831 10,111	5 8 5 3	27 27 28 27 27	3 3 3 3 3
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	50,738 51,534 50,513 46,889 31,537	-2 2 -2 -7 -33	13 13 12 11 8	28,043 27,479 25,845 24,288 21,970	-2 -2 -6 -10	55 53 51 52 70	7 7 6 5	22,695 24,055 24,668 22,601 9,567	-2 6 3 -8 -58	45 47 49 48 30	6 6 6 2

Table 12 Approved Legal Aid Applications by Type of Matter^{1,2} – Concluded

	Total	approved ap	plications ³		Criminal	matters			Civil n	natters	
Province/Territory and year	Total	% change	Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	Total criminal	% change	% of total	Rate per 1,000 population ⁴	Total civil	% change	% of total	Rate per 1,000 population ⁴
	#	%		#	%	%		#	%	%	
Yukon Territory ⁸											
1998-99	1,032	-1	33	685	-1	66	22	347	-1	34	11
1999-00	1,003	-3	32	767	12	76	25	236	-32	24	8
2000-01	800	-20	26	554	-28	69	18	246	4	31	8
2001-02	957	20	32	689	24	72	23	268	9	28	9
2002-03	1,391	45	46	1,056	53	76	35	335	25	24	11
Northwest Territories ^{9,10}											
1998-99	1,131	-14	17	660	-24	58	10	471	4	42	7
1999-00	1,000	-12	24	659	0	66	16	341	-28	34	8
2000-01	813	-19	20	445	-32	55	11	368	8	45	9
2001-02	782	-4	19	460	3	59	11	322	-13	41	8
2002-03	1,169	49	28	697	52	60	17	472	47	40	11
Nunavut ¹⁰											
1998-99											
1999-00											
2000-01	785		29	439		56	16	346		44	13
2001-02	768	-2	27	456	4	59	16	312	-10	41	11
2002-03	369	-52	13	258	-43	70	9	111	-64	30	4
Total											
1998-99	490,842	2	16	227,819	0	46	8	263,023	3	54	9
1999-00	508,696	4	17	232,512		46	8	276.184 ^r	5	54	9
2000-01	522.602 ^r	3	17	235.975		45	8	286.627 r	4	55	9
2001-02	509,158 ^r	-3	16	242,545		48	8	266,613 ^r	-7	52	9
2002-03	493,976	-3	16	246,440	2	50	8	247,536	-7	50	8

. not available for any reference period

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¹ For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

² Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to legal assistance which is granted legal aid as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal services.

³ For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

⁴ The population estimates used to calculate rates are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 1998 to 1999; updated postcensal estimates for 2000 to 2001; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002.

⁵ Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

⁶ The increase in approved legal aid applications in Manitoba in 2002/03 is due to the re-classification of certificate equivalents from summary to certificate (full service) work.

⁷ Beginning in 2001/02, the Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission implemented a duty counsel project for adults detained in custody. As a result, clients served by this project are included under duty counsel services (Table21), rather than legal aid applications (adult criminal).

⁸ No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in the Yukon Territory. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for the Yukon Territory include full service duty counsel counts.

⁹ Data for the Northwest Territories include duty counsel counts. In 1997-98, the Northwest Territories began a practice known as "presumed eligibility", whereby persons appearing unrepresented at court are not required to apply for legal services but instead are presumed eligible and provided with legal aid services. Presumed eligibility counts have been included in the data from the Northwest Territories since 1998/99. Data for Northwest Territories excludes territorial offences.

¹⁰ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 13 Approved Legal Aid Applications, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Matter^{1,2}

Province/Territory and year		Total app	proved a	applications ³	3		Crimir	nal mat	ters			Civil	matters	6	
riovinee remory and year	Total		taff vyers		ivate vyers	Total		Staff vyers		vate yers	Total		aff yers		ivate wyers
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	# 5,622 r 4,408 r 4,529 r 4,731	# 5,509 r 4,357 r 4,507 r 4,716	% 98 99 100 100	# 1131 511 221 15	% 2 1 0 0	# 3,197 r 2,560 r 2,662 r 3,049	# 3,107 r 2,526 r 2,644 r 3,037	% 97 99 99 100	# 90 r 34 r 18 r 12	% 3 1 0	# 2,425 r 1,848 r 1,867 r 1,682	# 2,402 r 1,831 r 1,863 r 1,679	% 99 99 100 100	# 23 r 17 r 4 r 3	% 1 0 0
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,098 1,209 1,185 1,385 1,478	992 1,045 1,032 1,081 1,141	90 86 87 78 77	106 164 153 304 337	10 14 13 22 23	1,019 1,133 1,083 1,132 1,187	935 995 961 1,034 1,084	92 88 89 91 91	84 138 122 98 103	8 12 11 9 9	79 76 102 253 291	57 50 71 47 57	72 66 70 19 20	22 26 31 206 234	28 34 30 81 80
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	14,575 15,481 15,150 14,759 14,685	12,095 12,567 12,279 11,779 11,592	83 81 81 80 79	2,480 2,914 2,871 2,980 3,093	17 19 19 20 21	8,996 9,745 9,551 9,445 9,404	7,959 8,583 8,216 8,016 7,834	88 88 86 85 83	1,037 1,162 1,335 1,429 1,570	12 12 14 15 17	5,579 5,736 5,599 5,314 5,281	4,136 3,984 4,063 3,763 3,758	74 69 73 71 71	1,443 1,752 1,536 1,551 1,523	26 31 27 29 29
New Brunswick ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	3,965 4,637 3,935 1,673 1,914	1,253 1,311 1,298 15 7	32 28 33 1 0	2,712 3,326 2,637 1,658 1,907	68 72 67 99 100	1,278 1,285 1,226 1,399 1,638	 6 7	 0 0	1,278 1,285 1,226 1,393 1,631	100 100 100 100 100	2,687 3,352 2,709 274 276	1,253 1,311 1,298 9 0	47 39 48 3 0	1,434 2,041 1,411 265 276	53 61 52 97 100
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	216,790 215,991 212,192 217,574 219,570	103,733 103,390 106,689 106,319 104,490	48 48 50 49 48	113,057 112,601 105,503 111,255 115,080	52 52 50 51 52	78,084 77,525 78,951 87,484 89,925	28,760 28,514 31,327 33,654 32,982	37 37 40 38 37	49,324 49,011 47,624 53,830 56,943	63 63 60 62 63	138,706 138,466 133,241 130,090 129,645	74,973 74,876 75,362 72,665 71,508	54 54 57 56 55	63,733 63,590 57,879 57,425 58,137	46 46 43 44 45
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	131,512 140,903 159,338 145,227 ' 137,693	29,365 33,359 41,789 32,384 32,007	22 24 26 21 23	102,147 107,544 117,549 112,843 105,686	78 76 74 78 77	61,250 62,054 65,279 63,201 61,076	···· ··· 47	 0	61,250 62,054 65,279 63,201 61,029	100 100 100 100 100	70,262 78,849 94,059 82,026 r 76,617	29,365 33,359 41,789 32,384 ^r 31,960	42 42 44 39 42	40,897 45,490 52,270 49,642 44,657	58 58 56 61 58
Manitoba ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	17,306 17,374 17,627 17,518 22,498	4,806 4,746 4,133 3,767 9,127	28 27 23 22 41	12,500 12,628 13,494 13,751 13,371	72 73 77 78 59	8,580 8,871 9,028 9,144 14,272	1,633 1,732 1,434 1,101 6,108	19 20 16 12 43	6,947 7,139 7,594 8,043 8,164	81 80 84 88 57	8,726 8,503 8,599 8,374 8,226	3,173 3,014 2,699 2,666 3,019	36 35 31 32 37	5,553 5,489 5,900 5,708 5,207	64 65 69 68 63
Saskatchewan ⁶ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	22,401 21,891 22,057 20,677 19,119	21,251 20,722 21,024 19,177 18,316	95 95 93 96	1,150 1,169 1,033 1,500 803	5 5 7 4	16,971 16,419 16,585 15,596 14,197	16,604 15,624 15,851 14,422 13,574	98 95 96 92 96	367 795 734 1,174 623	2 5 4 8 4	5,430 5,472 5,472 5,081 4,922	4,647 5,098 5,173 4,755 4,742	86 93 95 94 96	783 374 299 326 180	14 7 5 6 4
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	30,294 32,051 33,799 36,420 37,822	2,823 3,035 3,002 4,958 5,633	9 9 9 14 15	27,471 29,016 30,797 31,462 32,189	91 91 91 86 85	22,253 23,378 24,429 26,589 27,711	2,748 2,827 2,801 2,928 2,970	12 12 11 11 11	19,505 20,551 21,628 23,661 24,741	88 88 89 89 89	8,041 8,673 9,370 9,831 10,111	75 208 201 2,030 2,663	1 2 2 21 26	7,966 8,465 9,169 7,801 7,448	99 98 98 79 74
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	50,738 51,534 50,513 46,889 31,537	12,905 12,244 11,672 10,745 2,080	25 24 23 23 7	37,833 39,290 38,841 36,144 29,457	75 76 77 77 93	28,043 27,479 25,845 24,288 21,970	4,793 4,390 4,260 3,939 780	17 16 16 16 4	23,250 23,089 21,585 20,349 21,190	83 84 84 84 96	22,695 24,055 24,668 22,601 9,567	8,112 7,854 7,412 6,806 1,300	36 33 30 30 14	14,583 16,201 17,256 15,795 8,267	64 67 70 70 86
Yukon Territory ⁷ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,032 1,003 800 957 1,391	647 592 566 749 1,211	63 59 71 78 87	385 411 234 208 180	37 41 29 22 13	685 767 554 689 1,056	426 423 393 574 935	62 55 71 83 89	259 344 161 115 121	38 45 29 17 11	347 236 246 268 335	221 169 173 175 276	64 72 70 65 82	126 67 73 93 59	36 28 30 35 18

Table 13 Approved Legal Aid Applications, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Matter^{1,2} – Concluded

De las Telles estes		Total app	roved	applications ³			Crimin	al ma	tters			Civil	matter	S	
Province/Territory and year	Total		taff yers		vate yers	Total		taff /yers	Priv lawy		Total		aff yers		ivate wyers
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Northwest Territories ^{8,9} 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,131 1,000 813 782 1,169	409 265 278 242 311	36 27 34 31 27	722 735 535 540 858	64 74 66 69 73	660 659 445 460 697	262 193 144 131 156	40 29 32 28 22	398 466 301 329 541	60 71 68 72 78	471 341 368 322 472	147 72 134 111 155	31 21 36 34 33	324 269 234 211 317	69 79 64 66 67
Nunavut ⁹ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	 785 768 369	 366 314 227	 47 41 62	419 454 142	 53 59 38	 439 456 258	 311 148 116	 71 32 45	 128 308 142	 29 68 55	 346 312 111	 55 166 111	 16 53 100	 291 146 0	 84 47 0
Total 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	490,842 508,696 ^r 522,602 ^r 509,158 ^r 493,976	190,279 198,785 ^r 208,485 ^r 196,037 ^r 190,858	39 39 40 39 39	300,563 309,911 ' 314,117 ' 313,121 ' 303,118	61 61 60 61 61	227,819 232,512 ' 235,975 ' 242,545 ' 246,440	64,120 66,388 ^r 68,224 ^r 68,597 ^r 69,630	28 29 29 28 28	163,699 166,124 ' 167,751 ' 173,948 ' 176,810	72 71 71 72 72	263,023 276,184 ^r 286,627 ^r 266,613 ^r 247,536	126,159 132,397 ' 140,261 ' 127,440 ' 121,228	48 48 49 48 49	136,864 143,787 ' 146,366 ' 139,173 ' 126,308	52 52 51 52 51

. not available for any reference period

.. not available for a specific reference period

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e estimated

¹ For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

² Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to legal assistance which is granted legal aid as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal services.

³ For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

⁴ Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

⁵ The increase in approved legal aid applications in Manitoba in 2002/03 is due to the re-classification of certificate equivalents from summary to certificate (full service) work.

⁶ Beginning in 2001/02, the Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission implemented a duty counsel project for adults detained in custody. As a result, clients served by this project are included under duty counsel services (Table21), rather than legal aid applications (adult criminal).

⁷ No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in the Yukon Territory. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for the Yukon Territory include full service duty counsel counts.

⁸ Data for the Northwest Territories include duty counsel counts. In 1997-98, the Northwest Territories began a practice known as "presumed eligibility", whereby persons appearing unrepresented at court are not required to apply for legal services but instead are presumed eligible and provided with legal aid services. Presumed eligibility counts have been included in the data from the Northwest Territories since 1998/99. Data for the Northwest Territories exclude territorial offences.

⁹ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 14 Approved Legal Aid Applications, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Criminal Matter^{1,2}

Drovings /Tit		Tota	crim	inal			Crimina	ıl – adı	ılt			Crimina	ıl – yoı	uth			Provinci	al offer	ices	
Province/Territory and year	Total ³		taff /yers		ivate vyers	Total	Sta Iawyo		Priv	vate vers	Total		taff /yers	Priv lawy		Total	Sta lawy			ivate vyers
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99																				
1999-00 2000-01 2001-02	3,197 ^r 2,560 ^r 2,662 ^r	3,107 ^r 2,526 ^r 2,644 ^r	99	90' 34' 18'	1	2,408 ^r 1,902 ^r 1,948 ^r	2,342 ^r 1,877 ^r 1,930 ^r	97 99 99	66 ' 25 ' 18 '	3 1 1	741 ^r 611 ^r 650 ^r	718 ^r 603 ^r 650 ^r		23 r 8 ^r 0 ^r		48 ^r 47 ^r 64 ^r	47 ^r 46 ^r 64 ^r	98 98 100	1 1 0	r 2
2002-03	3,049	3,037	100	12	0	2,064	2,052	99	12	1	886	886	100	0	0	99	99	100	0	0
Prince Edward Island 1998-99	1,019	935	92	84	8	769	709	92	60	8	250	226	90	24	10					
1999-00 2000-01	1,133 1,083	995 961	88 89	138 122	12 11	880 857	771 761	88 89	109 96	12 11	253 226	224 200	89 88	29 26	11 12					
2001-02	1,132	1,034	91	98	9	901	815	90	86	10	231	219	95	12	5					
2002-03	1,187	1,084	91	103	9	981	887	90	94	10	206	197	96	9	4					
Nova Scotia 1998-99	8,996	7,959	88	1,037	12	6,965	6,170	89	795	11	2,006	1,765	88	241	12	25	24	96	1	4
1999-00 2000-01	9,745 9,551	8,583 8,216	88 86	1,162 1,335	12 14	7,459 7,356	6,576 6,288	88 85	883 1,068	12 15	2,257 2,177	1,978 1,910	88 88	279 267	12 12	29 18	29 18	100 100	0 0	
2001-02	9,445	8,016	85	1,429	15	7,227	6,124	85	1,103	15	2,180	1,854	85	326	15	38	38	100	0	0
2002-03	9,404	7,834	83	1,570	17	7,045	5,876	83	1,169	17	2,341	1,940	83	401	17	18	18	100	0	0
New Brunswick ⁴ 1998-99	1,278			1,278	100	1,000			1,000	100	251			251	100	27	0	0	27	100
1999-00 2000-01	1,285 1,226			1,285 1,226	100 100	1,100 1,038			1,100 1,038	100 100	155 152			155 152	100 100	30 36	0 0	0 0	30 36	
2001-02	1,399	6	0	1,393	100	1,207	5	0	1,202	100	160	1	1	159	99	32	0	0	32	100
2002-03	1,638	7	0	1,631	100	1,423	5	0	1,418	100	155	2	1	153	99	60	0	0	60	100
Quebec 1998-99	78,084	28,760	37	49,324	63	58,748	21,037	36	37,711	64	12,458	6,073	49	6,385	51	6,878	1,650	24	5,228	76
1999-00 2000-01	77,525 78,951	28,514 31,327	37 40	49,011 47,624	63 60	58,294 60,877	20,708 24,011	36 39	37,586 36,866	64 61	12,196 11,724	5,936 5,974	49 51	6,260 5,750	51 49	7,035 6,350	1,870 1,342	27 21	5,165 5,008	
2001-02	87,484	33,654	38	53,830	62	68,570	25,585	37	42,985	63	13,025	6,849	53	6,176	47	5,889	1,220	21	4,669	79
2002-03	89,925	32,982	37	56,943	63	70,959	25,126	35	45,833	65	13,249	6,670	50	6,579	50	5,717	1,186	21	4,531	79
Ontario 1998-99	61,250			61,250	100	45,595			45,595	100	15,655			15,655	100					
1999-00 2000-01	62,054 65,279			62,054 65,279	100 100	50,981			50,981 	100	11,073 			11,073 	100					
2001-02	63,201			63,201	100	48,728			48,728	100	14,473			14,473	100					
2002-03	61,076	47	0	61,029	100	47,743	47	100	47,696	100	13,333			13,333	100					
Manitoba ⁵ 1998-99	8,580	1,633	19	6,947	81	6,995	1,377	20	5,618	80	1,545	244	16	1,301	84	40	12	30	28	
1999-00 2000-01	8,871 9,028	1,732 1,434	20 16	7,139 7,594	80 84	7,351 7,511	1,483 1,235	20 16	5,868 6,276	80 84	1,499 1,484	240 191	16 13	1,259 1,293	84 87	21 33	9 8	43 24	12 25	
2001-02 2002-03	9,144 14,272	1,101 6,108	12 43	8,043 8,164	88 57	7,626 11,605	963 4,865	13 42	6,663 6,740	87 58	1,475 2,633	129 1,239	9 47	1,346 1,394	91 53	43 34	9 4	21 12	34 30	
	14,272	0,100	40	0,104	57	11,005	4,005	42	0,740	50	2,000	1,200	47	1,554	55	54	7	12	50	00
Saskatchewan ⁶ 1998-99	16,971	16,604	98	367	2	12,939	12,636	98	303	2	4,015	3,951	98	64	2	17	17	100	0	
1999-00 2000-01	16,419 16,585	15,624 15,851	95 96	795 734	5 4	13,711 13,188	13,019 12,601	95 96	692 587	5 4	2,704 3,386	2,601 3,239	96 96	103 147	4 4	4 11	4 11	100 100	0	
2001-02	15,596	14,422	92	1,174	8	11,951	10,993	92	958	8	3,644	3,428	94	216	6	1	1	100	0	0
2002-03	14,197	13,574	96	623	4	11,062	10,542	95	520	5	3,133	3,030	97	103	3	2	2	100	0	0
Alberta 1998-99	22,253	2,748	12	19,505	88	15,250	5	0	15,245	100	6,816	2,743	40	4,073	60	187	0	0	187	
1999-00 2000-01	23,378 24,429	2,827 2,801	12 11	20,551 21,628	88 89	16,442 17,533	114 72	1 0	16,328 17,461	99 100	6,782 6,687	2,713 2,729	40 41	4,069 3,958	60 59	154 209	0 0	0 0	154 209	
2001-02	26,589	2,928	11	23,661	89	19,247	60	0	19,187	100	7,123	2,858	40	4,265	60	219	10	5	209	95
2002-03	27,711	2,970	11	24,741	89	20,281	37	0	20,244	100	7,142	2,915	41	4,227	59	288	18	6	270	94
British Columbia 1998-99	28,043	4,793	17	23,250	83	21,093	3,150	15	17,943	85	6,450	1,510	23	4,940	77	500	133	27	367	73
1999-00	27,479	4,390	16	23,089	84	21,030	2,851	14	18,179	86	5,911	1,409	24	4,502	76	538	130	24 28	408	76
2000-01 2001-02	25,845 24,288	4,260 3,939	16 16	21,585 20,349	84 84	20,044 18,761	2,889 2,656	14 14	17,155 16,105	86 86	5,226 4,823	1,210 1,079	23 22	4,016 3,744	77 78	575 704	161 204	29	414 500	71
2002-03	21,970	780	4	21,190	96	17,377	586	3	16,791	97	4,146	168	4	3,978	96	447	26	6	421	94

Table 14 Approved Legal Aid Applications, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Criminal Matter^{1,2} – Concluded

De la come la		Total	crim	ninal			Crimina	I – ad	lult			Crimina	l – yoi	uth			Provincia	al offer	ces	
Province/Territory and year	Total ³		taff yers		vate yers	Total	Stat Iawye		Priva Iawy		Total		taff vyers	Priva Iawy		Total	Sta Iawy		Priv lawy	
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Yukon Territory ⁷																				
1998-99	685	426	62	259	38	490	291	59	199	41	195	135	69	60	31	0	0	0	0	0
1999-00	767	423	55	344	45	582	292	50	290	50	185	131	71	54	29	0	0	0	0	0
2000-01	554	393	71	161	29	452	308	68	144	32	102	85	83	17	17	0	0	0	0	0
2001-02	689	574	83	115	17	557	455	82	102	18	132	119	90	13	10	0	0	0	0	0
2002-03	1,056	935	89	121	11	851	735	86	116	14	205	200	98	5	2	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Territorie	es ^{8,9}																			
1998-99	660	262	40	398	60	594	232	39	362	61	56	30	54	26	46	10	0	0	10	100
1999-00	659	193	29	466	71	597	175	29	422	71	51	16	31	35	69	11	2	18	9	82
2000-01	445	144	32	301	68	395	125	32	270	68	40	17	43	23	58	10	2	20	8	80
2001-02	460	131	28	329	72	390	107	27	283	73	51	14	27	37	73	19	10	53	9	47
2002-03	697	156	22	541	78	613	137	22	476	78	84	19	23	65	77					
Nunavut ⁹																				
1998-99																				
1999-00																				
2000-01	439	311	71	128	29	416	288	69	128	31	23	23	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2001-02	456	148	32	308	68	416	128	31	288	69	40	20	50	20	50	0	0	0	0	0
2002-03	258	116	45	142	55	239	97	41	142	59	19	19	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total																				
1998-99	227,819	64,120	28	163,699	72	170,438	45,607	27	124,831	73	49,697	16,677	34	33,020	66	7,684	1,836	24	5,848	76
1999-00	232,512 r	66,388 ^r	29	166,124 ^r	71	180,835 ^r	48,331 r	27	132,504 ^r	73	43,807 r	15,966 ^r	36	27,841 r	64	7,870 r	2,091 r	27	5,779 r	73
2000-01	235,975 ^r	68,224 ^r	29	167,751 ^r	71															
2001-02	242,545 r	68,597 ^r	28	173,948 r	72	187,529 ^r	49,821 r	27	137,708 ^r	73	48,007 ^r	17,220 ^r	36	30,787 ^r	64	7,009 r	1,556 ^r	22	5,453 r	78
2002-03	246,440	69,630	28	176,810	72	192,243	50,992	27	141,251	73	47,532	17,285	36	30,247	64	6,665	1,353	20	5,312	80

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period

not applicable r

revised

е estimated

For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to legal assistance which is granted legal aid as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal services.

For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

The increase in approved legal aid applications in Manitoba in 2002/03 is due to the re-classification of certificate equivalents from summary to certificate (full service) work.

Beginning in 2001/02, the Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission implemented a duty counsel project for adults detained in custody. As a result, clients served by this project are included under duty counsel services (Table21), rather than legal aid applications (adult criminal).

No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in the Yukon Territory. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for the Yukon Territory include full service duty counsel counts.

Data for the Northwest Territories include duty counsel counts. In 1997-98, the Northwest Territories began a practice known as "presumed eligibility", whereby persons appearing unrepresented at court are not required to apply for legal services but instead are presumed eligible and provided with legal aid services. Presumed eligibility counts have been included in the data from the Northwest Territories since 1998/99. Data for the Northwest Territories exclude territorial offences.

Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 15 Approved Legal Aid Applications, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Civil Matter^{1,2}

			Total ci	vil			Civil	– fami	ly			Civil	– other		
Province/Territory and year	Total ³		taff vyers		vate vyers	Total		taff vyers		/ate /ers	Total		aff yers		ivate wyers
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	2,425 ' 1,848 ' 1,867 ' 1,682	 2,402 r 1,831 r 1,863 r 1,679	 99 99 100 100	23 r 17 r 4 r 3	 1 1 0 0	2,167 [°] 1,663 [°] 1,715 [°] 1,550	2,146 ^r 1,648 ^r 1,712 ^r 1,547	 99 99 100 100	21 ' 15 ' 3 ' 3	 1 1 0 0	258 r 185 r 152 r 132	256 r 183 r 151 r 132	 99 99 99 100	2 r 2 r 1 r 0	 1 1 1 0
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	79 76 102 253 291	57 50 71 47 57	72 66 70 19 20	22 26 31 206 234	28 34 30 81 80	79 76 102 253 291	57 50 71 47 57	72 66 70 19 20	22 26 31 206 234	28 34 30 81 80	 	 	 	 	
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	5,579 5,736 5,599 5,314 5,281	4,136 3,984 4,063 3,763 3,758	74 69 73 71 71	1,443 1,752 1,536 1,551 1,523	26 31 27 29 29	5,352 5,395 5,361 5,096 5,060	3,928 3,783 3,847 3,573 3,568	73 70 72 70 71	1,424 1,612 1,514 1,523 1,492	27 30 28 30 29	227 341 238 218 221	208 201 216 190 190	92 59 91 87 86	19 140 22 28 31	8 41 9 13 14
New Brunswick ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	2,687 3,352 2,709 274 276	1,253 1,311 1,298 9 0	47 39 48 3 0	1,434 2,041 1,411 265 276	53 61 52 97 100	2,509 3,352 2,525 97 276	1,253 1,311 1,298 9 0	50 39 51 9 0	1,256 2,041 1,227 88 276	50 61 49 91 100	178 0 184 177 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	178 0 184 177 0	100 0 100 100 0
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	138,706 138,466 133,241 130,090 129,645	74,973 74,876 75,362 72,665 71,508	54 54 57 56 55	63,733 63,590 57,879 57,425 58,137	46 46 43 44 45	88,171 90,602 86,190 83,641 84,328	47,702 49,200 48,795 46,897 45,740	54 54 57 56 54	40,469 41,402 37,395 36,744 38,588	46 46 43 44 46	50,535 47,864 47,051 46,449 45,317	27,271 25,676 26,567 25,768 25,768	54 54 56 55 57	23,264 22,188 20,484 20,681 19,549	46 46 44 45 43
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	70,262 78,849 94,059 82,026 ^r 76,617	29,365 33,359 41,789 32,384 ^r 31,960	42 42 44 39 42	40,897 45,490 52,270 49,642 44,657	58 58 56 61 58	 34,266 42,161 29,934 27,160	4,128 9,374 1,217 ^r 800	 12 22 4 3	28,138 30,138 32,787 28,717 26,360	88 78 96 97	 44,583 51,898 52,092 49,457	 29,231 32,415 31,167 31,160	66 62 60 63	12,759 15,352 19,483 20,925 18,297	 34 38 40 37
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	8,726 8,503 8,599 8,374 8,226	3,173 3,014 2,699 2,666 3,019	36 35 31 32 37	5,553 5,489 5,900 5,708 5,207	64 65 69 68 63	8,726 8,503 8,599 8,374 8,226	3,173 3,014 2,699 2,666 3,019	36 35 31 32 37	5,553 5,489 5,900 5,708 5,207	64 65 69 68 63	• • •	- - - -		- - - -	•
Saskatchewan ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	5,430 5,472 5,472 5,081 4,922	4,647 5,098 5,173 4,755 4,742	86 93 95 94 96	783 374 299 326 180	14 7 5 6 4	5,425 5,470 5,470 5,079 4,919	4,642 5,096 5,171 4,753 4,739	86 93 95 94 96	783 374 299 326 180	14 7 5 6 4	5 2 2 2 3	5 2 2 2 3	100 100 100 100 100	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	8,041 8,673 9,370 9,831 10,111	75 208 201 2,030 2,663	1 2 21 26	7,966 8,465 9,169 7,801 7,448	99 98 98 79 74	6,938 7,651 8,389 8,719 8,900	48 175 170 1,926 2,557	1 2 22 29	6,890 7,476 8,219 6,793 6,343	99 98 98 78 71	1,103 1,022 981 1,112 1,211	27 33 31 104 106	2 3 9 9	1,076 989 950 1,008 1,105	98 97 97 91 91
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	22,695 24,055 24,668 22,601 9,567	8,112 7,854 7,412 6,806 1,300	36 33 30 30 14	14,583 16,201 17,256 15,795 8,267	64 67 70 70 86	13,177 13,828 15,526 13,991 6,454	1,792 1,548 1,491 1,413 528	14 11 10 10 8	11,385 12,280 14,035 12,578 5,926	86 89 90 90 92	9,518 10,227 9,142 8,610 3,113	6,320 6,306 5,921 5,393 772	66 62 65 63 25	3,198 3,921 3,221 3,217 2,341	34 38 35 37 75
Yukon Territory ⁶ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	347 236 246 268 335	221 169 173 175 276	64 72 70 65 82	126 67 73 93 59	36 28 30 35 18	306 217 219 247 316	194 158 151 157 260	63 73 69 64 82	112 59 68 90 56	37 27 31 36 18	41 19 27 21 19	27 11 22 18 16	66 58 81 86 84	14 8 5 3 3	34 42 19 14 16

Table 15 Approved Legal Aid Applications, Staff and Private Lawyers by Type of Civil Matter^{1,2} – Concluded

Description (Territory and second			Total o	civil			Civil	– fam	ily			Civil	– othei		
Province/Territory and year	Total ³		taff /yers		vate vyers	Total		staff vyers	Priv lawy		Total		aff /ers		rivate wyers
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Northwest Territories ^{7,8}															
1998-99	471	147	31	324	69	460	140	30	320	70	11	7	64	4	36
1999-00	341	72	21	269	79	328	70	21	258	79	13	2	15	11	85
2000-01	368	134	36	234	64	352	132	38	220	63	16	2	13	14	88
2001-02	322	111	34	211	66	306	108	35	198	65	16	3	19	13	81
2002-03	472	155	33	317	67	451	148	33	303	67	21	1	33	14	67
Nunavut ⁸															
1998-99															
1999-00															
2000-01	346	55	16	291	84	321	55	17	266	83	25	0	0	25	100
2001-02	312	166	53	146	47	299	162	54	137	46	13	4	31	9	69
2002-03	111	111	100	0	0	93	93	100	0	0	18	18	100	0	0
Total															
1998-99	263.023	126.159	48	136.864	52										
1999-00	276,184 ^r	132,397	48	143,787	52	 171,855 '	 70,679 '	41	 101,176 '	59	 104,329 '	61,718 ^r	59	42,611 ^r	41
2000-01	286.627	140,261	49	146,366	51	176.878	74,902 ^r	42	101,976 ^r	58	109,749 ^r	65.359 ^r	60	44,390	40
2001-02	266.613		48	139,173	52	157,751	64,640 ^r	41	93,111 ^r	59	108.862 ^r	62.800 r	58	46,062	42
2002-03	247,536	121,228	49	126,308	51	148,024	63,056	43	84,968	57	99,512	58,172	58	41,340	42

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... not appli

e estimated

¹ For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

² Approved legal aid application counts refer to full service applications only. An approved application for full service refers to legal assistance which is granted legal aid as described in a certificate, referral, or any other authorization denoting that the applicant is entitled to legal services.

³ For civil cases, there is one matter per application. For criminal, there can be multiple charges per application and these can be handled separately (i.e., by different lawyers).

⁴ Most of the civil legal aid services formerly provided by New Brunswick Justice are now administered by Legal Aid New Brunswick. Although there has been little change in the level of legal aid service overall, these administrative changes mean that beginning in 2001/02 figures are not comparable with previous years.

⁵ Beginning in 2001/02, the Saskatchewan Legal Aid Commission implemented a duty counsel project for adults detained in custody. As a result, clients served by this project are included under duty counsel services (Table21), rather than legal aid applications (adult criminal).

⁶ No distinction is made between summary and full service applications in the Yukon Territory. All applications are counted as full service applications. Data for the Yukon Territory include full service duty counsel counts.

⁷ Data for the Northwest Territories include duty counsel counts. In 1997/98, the Northwest Territories began a practice known as "presumed eligibility", whereby persons appearing unrepresented at court are not required to apply for legal services but instead are presumed eligible and provided with legal aid services. Presumed eligibility counts have been included in the data from the Northwest Territories since 1998/99. Data for the Northwest Territories exclude territorial offences.

⁸ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 16 Approved Legal Aid Applications for Summary Services^{1,2}

		Total approved summary service applica	tions
Province/Territory and year	Total	% change	Rate per 1,000 population ³
	#	%	
Newfoundland and Labrador			
1998-99			
1999-00 2000-01	3,488 ^r 3,078 ^r	-12	6 6
2001-02	3,267 ^r	6	6
2002-03	3,023	-7	6
Prince Edward Island			
1998-99			
1999-00 2000-01	•		•
2001-02			
2002-03			
Nova Scotia			
1998-99	1,644	-26	2 2
1999-00 2000-01	1,586 1,299	-4 -18	2
2001-02	1,088	-16	1
2002-03	1,130	4	1
New Brunswick			
1998-99			
1999-00			
2000-01 2001-02	•	•	
2002-03			
Quebec			
1998-99			
1999-00 2000-01			
2001-02			•
2002-03			
Ontario			
1998-99	177,493	6	16
1999-00	183,826	4	16
2000-01 2001-02	183,927 177,158	0 -4	16 15
2002-03	185,976	5	15
Manitoba ⁴			
1998-99	23,108	19	20
1999-00 2000-01	21,572 21,706	-7 1	19 19
2000-01	22,134	2	19
2002-03	18,664	-16	16
Saskatchewan			
1998-99	6,210	-4	6
1999-00	5,816	-6	6
2000-01 2001-02	6,217 5,968	7 -4	6 6
2002-03	4,523	-24	4
Alberta			
1998-99			
1999-00			
2000-01 2001-02	•	•	
2002-03			•

Table 16 Approved Legal Aid Applications for Summary Services^{1,2} – Concluded

Drawings (Tarritory, and year		Total approved summary service applica	tions
Province/Territory and year	Total	% change	Rate per 1,000 population ³
	#	%	
British Columbia			
1998-99	23,735	-10	6 8
1999-00	30,460	28	8
2000-01	33,920	11	8
2001-02	33,454	-1 -55	8 4
2002-03	14,905	-00	4
Yukon Territory			
1998-99			
1999-00			
2000-01			
2001-02 2002-03	•	•	•
2002-03			
Northwest Territories ⁵			
1998-99			
1999-00			
2000-01 2001-02	•	•	•
2002-03		•	
2002 00	·	·	
Nunavut ⁵			
1998-99			
1999-00			
2000-01 2001-02			
2002-03	191		
2002 00	151		,
Total			
1998-99	232,190	0	8
1999-00	246,748 ^r	6	8 8
2000-01 2001-02	250,147 ^r 243,069 ^r	1 -3	8 8
2002-03	243,009	-3 -6	7
	LLU,TIL	v	1

not available for any reference period

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For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary. 1

2 An approved application for summary service refers to the provision of legal advice, information, or any other types of minimal legal service to an individual upon written request during a formal interview. Only written requests are included.

The population estimates used to calculate rates are provided by Statistics Canada, Census and Demographic Statistics, Demography Division. Populations 3 as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 1998 to 1999; updated postcensal estimates for 2000 to 2001; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002.

The decline in summary service applications in Manitoba in 2002/03 is due to the re-classification of certificate equivalents from summary to certificate (full service) work.

5 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 17 Refused Legal Aid Applications by Reason for Refusal^{1,2}

Province/Territory and year	Total	Financ ineligib		Covera restrict		Lack mer		Non-com abu		Oth reaso	
	#	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	3,471 ^r 3,001 ^r 2,875 ^r 2,763	554 r 561 r 775 r 732	16 19 27 26	232 r 215 r 190 r 161	 7 7 7 6	2,269 ^r 1,588 ^r 1,256 ^r 1,055	65 53 44 38	0 r 0 r 0 r 0	 0 0 0 0	416 r 637 r 654 r 815	 12 21 23 29
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03		- - - -				- - - -					- - - -
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,997 2,160 2,024 2,518 2,317	847 966 943 1,072 1,101	42 45 47 43 48	89 51 35 43 34	4 2 2 2 1	576 583 457 356 351	29 27 23 14 15	24 57 55 71 85	1 3 3 3 4	461 503 534 976 746	23 23 26 39 32
New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	780 793 723 810 498	- - - - -		30 	4 	- - - - -	• • •	- - - -		750 793 723 810 ^r 498	96 100 100 100 100
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	38,178 36,390 36,826 40,132 39,221	18,789 19,017 21,149 24,349 23,369	49 52 57 61 60	10,808 9,207 8,042 8,131 8,335	28 25 22 20 21	1,784 1,596 1,566 1,565 1,767	5 4 4 5	53 53 63 46 55	0 0 0 0	6,744 6,517 6,006 6,041 5,695	18 18 16 15 15
Ontario ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	38,517 30,057 31,186 35,521 35,324	6,737 7,122 7,907 7,481	17 23 22 21	10,847 7,083 9,790 11,243	28 23 28 32	 14,475	 41	 0	 0	20,933 16,981 17,824 2,125	54 54 50 6
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	2,102 2,380 2,729 2,952 3,039	302 319 338 338 312	14 13 12 11 10	67 90 101 85 77	3 4 4 3 3	311 294 265 464 579	15 12 10 16 19	 7 2 7	 0 0 0 0	1,422 1,670 2,018 2,063 2,064	68 70 74 70 68
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,580 1,429 1,473 1,536 1,613	1,165 1,072 1,094 1,194 1,161	74 75 74 78 72	206 191 196 188 260	13 13 13 12 16	115 92 93 71 124	7 6 6 5 8	28 21 13 27 24	2 1 1 2 1	66 53 77 56 44	4 4 5 4 3
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	9,115 10,314 11,587 11,765 12,711	2,559 2,833 3,561 3,623 3,817	28 27 31 31 30	1,201 2,019 2,249 2,211 2,565	13 20 19 19 20	1,547 1,225 1,240 1,132 1,175	17 12 11 10 9	621 537 610 566 588	7 5 5 5 5	3,187 3,700 3,927 4,233 4,566	35 36 34 36 36
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	27,867 25,865 23,561 22,786 12,655	8,135 7,915 6,986 6,960 3,240	29 31 30 31 26	12,065 10,733 9,728 9,237 6,495	43 41 41 41 51	- - - - -				7,667 7,217 6,847 6,589 2,920	28 28 29 29 23

Table 17 Refused Legal Aid Applications by Reason for Refusal^{1,2} - Concluded

Province/Territory and year	Total	Financ ineligib		Covera restricti		Lack meri		Non-com abu		Othe reasor	
	#	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Yukon Territory ⁵											
1998-99	154	86	56	58	38	7	5	0	0	3	2
1999-00	12	5	42	6	50	1	8	0	0	0	0
2000-01	146	93	64	50	34	2	1	0	0	1	1
2001-02	150	53	35	51	34	6	4	40	27	0	0
2002-03	47	28	60	7	15	5	11	0	0	7	15
Northwest Territories ⁶											
1998-99	627	83	13	50	8	177	28	238	38	79	13
1999-00	380	70	18	19	5	85	22	206	54	0	0
2000-01	345	59	17	14	4	99	29	173	50	0	0
2001-02	257	52	20	14	5	84	33	105	41	2	1
2002-03	496	138	28	133	27	48	10	177	36	0	0
Nunavut ⁶											
1998-99											
1999-00											
2000-01	83	9	11	46	55	28	34	0	0	0	0
2001-02	64	13	20	22	34	4	6	25	39	0	0
2002-03	52	6	12	41	79	5	10	0	0	0	0
Total											
1998-99	120,917	38,703	32	35,421	29	4,517	4	964	1	41,312	34
1999-00	113,251		.::		.::						
2000-01	113,684 ^r	41,915 '	37	27,759 ^r	24	5,338 ^r	5	921 '	1	37,751	33
2001-02	121,366 ^r	46,336 ^r	38	29,962 r	25	4,938 ^r	4	882 r	1	39,248 ^r	32
2002-03	110,736	41,385	37	29,351	27	19,584	18	936	1	19,480	18

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period ...

not applicable

.... r revised

е estimated

1 For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

2 The refused application count does not include those who are denied services through pre-screening measures. Legal aid plans screen applicants to some degree before an application is filed.

3 Other reasons for refusal may include, among others, client cancelled/abandoned, coverage cancelled, or duplicate application. 4

Until 2002/03, in Ontario counts for lack of merit and non-compliance were not tracked separately but were included in the "other" category.

5 Total refused applications reported by the Yukon Territory in 1999/00 are not comparable to other years due to different counting procedures.

6 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 18 Refused Legal Aid Applications by Reason for Refusal, Criminal and Civil Matters $^{\rm 1,2}$

Province/Territory		Т	otal				Financia	al inelig	libility			Coverage	restric	tions	
and year	Total		ninal tters	Civ matt		Total		ninal tters	Ci mat		Total		ninal ters		Civil atters
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	3,471 ^r 3,001 ^r 2,875 ^r 2,763	1,108 r 966 r 984 r 1,007	.: 32 32 34 36	2,363 r 2,035 r 1,891 r 1,756	68 68 66 64	554 r 561 r 775 r 732	214 r 232 r 326 r 332	 39 41 42 45	340 r 329 r 449 r 400	61 59 58 55	232 r 215 r 190 r 161	227 r 212 r 188 r 158	98 99 99 98	 5 r 3 r 2 r 3	1
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03				• • •			• • • •		• • • •						•
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,997 2,160 2,024 2,518 2,317	749 833 845 1,292 1,025	38 39 42 51 44	1,248 1,327 1,179 1,226 1,292	62 61 58 49 56	847 966 943 1,072 1,101	249 344 307 377 359	29 36 33 35 33	598 622 636 695 742	71 64 67 65 67	89 51 35 43 34	28 27 20 30 24	31 53 57 70 71	61 24 15 13 10	69 47 43 30 29
New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	780 793 723 810 498	691 745 682 725 450	89 94 94 90 90	89 48 41 85 48	11 6 6 10 10						30 			30 	100
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	38,178 36,390 36,826 40,132 39,221	13,901 13,681 13,670 16,717 15,819	36 38 37 42 40	24,277 22,709 23,156 23,415 23,402	64 62 63 58 60	18,789 19,017 21,149 24,349 23,369	6,954 7,626 8,633 11,312 10,279	37 40 41 46 44	11,835 11,391 12,516 13,037 13,090	63 60 59 54 56	10,808 9,207 8,042 8,131 8,335	5,914 5,006 4,087 4,165 4,382	55 54 51 51 53	4,894 4,201 3,955 3,966 3,953	45 46 49 49 47
Ontario ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	38,517 30,057 31,186 35,521 35,324	23,096 17,343 	60 58 	15,421 12,714 	40 42 	6,737 7,122 7,907 7,481	4,040 	60 	2,697 	40 	10,847 7,083 9,790 11,243	6,504 	60 	4,343 	40 0
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	2,102 2,380 2,729 2,952 3,039	858 1,003 1,175 1,105 1,048	41 42 43 37 34	1,244 1,377 1,554 1,847 1,991	59 58 57 63 66	302 319 338 338 312	101 108 114 112 101	33 34 34 33 32	201 211 224 226 211	67 66 66 67 68	67 90 101 85 77	2 9 12 10 3	3 10 12 12 4	65 81 89 75 74	97 90 88 88 96
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,580 1,429 1,473 1,536 1,613	1,014 925 928 1,061 1,090	64 65 63 69 68	566 504 545 475 523	36 35 37 31 32	1,165 1,072 1,094 1,194 1,161	773 712 706 845 784	66 66 65 71 68	392 360 388 349 377	34 34 35 29 32	206 191 196 188 260	166 156 166 166 244	81 82 85 88 94	40 35 30 22 16	19 18 15 12 6
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	9,115 10,314 11,587 11,765 12,711	5,117 5,641 6,165 6,465 7,115	56 55 53 55 56	3,998 4,673 5,422 5,300 5,596	44 45 47 45 44	2,559 2,833 3,561 3,623 3,817	1,512 1,595 1,892 1,909 1,999	59 56 53 53 52	1,047 1,238 1,669 1,714 1,818	41 44 47 47 48	1,201 2,019 2,249 2,211 2,565	967 1,305 1,268 1,367 1,578	81 65 56 62 62	234 714 981 844 987	19 35 44 38 38
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	27,867 25,865 23,561 22,786 12,655	11,480 10,930 9,868 9,374 6,867	41 42 42 41 54	16,387 14,935 13,693 13,412 5,788	59 58 58 59 46	8,135 7,915 6,986 6,960 3,240	3,141 3,172 2,587 2,585 1,883	39 40 37 37 58	4,994 4,743 4,399 4,375 1,357	61 60 63 63 42	12,065 10,733 9,728 9,237 6,495	5,333 4,946 4,518 4,157 3,023	44 46 46 45 47	6,732 5,787 5,210 5,080 3,472	56 54 54 55 53
Yukon Territory ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	154 12 146 150 47	58 7 51 35 21	38 58 35 23 45	96 5 95 115 26	62 42 65 77 55	86 5 93 53 28	31 2 33 10 9	36 40 35 19 32	55 3 60 43 19	64 60 65 81 68	58 6 50 51 7	22 4 18 13 3	38 67 36 25 43	36 2 32 38 4	62 33 64 75 57

Table 18	
Refused Legal Aid Applications by Reason for Refusal, Cr	riminal and Civil Matters ^{1,2}

	Lack of	merit			Nor	n-compliar	ice/abus	e			Other reasc	ns ³			Province/Territory
Total	Crimin matter		Civi matte		Total	Crimina matters		Civil matte		Total	Crimina matters		Civil matter	S	and year
#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	
2,269 r 1,588 r 1,256 r 1,055	400 r 234 r 164 r 113	 18 15 13 11	1,869 r 1,354 r 1,092 r 942	 82 85 87 89	 0 r 0 r 0 r 0		 0 0 0 0	 0 r 0 r 0	 0 0 0 0	416 ^r 637 ^r 654 ^r 815	 267 r 288 r 306 r 404	 64 45 47 50	149 r 349 r 348 r 411	36 55 53 50	Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
					- - - -	• • • •		• • •		- - - -					Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
576 583 457 356 351	259 236 242 177 172	45 40 53 50 49	317 347 215 179 179	55 60 47 50 51	24 57 55 71 85	9 38 32 32 47	38 67 58 45 55	15 19 23 39 38	63 33 42 55 45	461 503 534 976 746	204 188 244 676 423	44 37 46 69 57	257 315 290 300 323	56 63 54 31 43	Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
	• • • •		• • •		- - - -		• • •	• • •		750 793 723 810 498	691 745 682 725 450	92 94 94 90 90	59 48 41 85 48	8 6 10 10	New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
1,784 1,596 1,566 1,565 1,767	132 80 93 84 100	7 5 6 5 6	1,652 1,516 1,473 1,481 1,667	93 95 94 95 94	53 53 63 46 55	1 2 0 2 2	2 4 0 4 4	52 51 63 44 53	98 96 100 96 96	6,744 6,517 6,006 6,041 5,695	900 967 857 1,154 1,056	13 15 14 19 19	5,844 5,550 5,149 4,887 4,639	87 85 86 81 81	Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
 14,475	- - - -				- - - -	- - - -				20,933 16,981 17,824 2,125	12,552 	60 	8,381 	40 	Ontario ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
311 294 265 464 579	46 39 49 32 40	15 13 18 7 7	265 255 216 432 539	85 87 82 93 93	 7 2 7	 2 0 1	29 0 14	:. 5 7 2 6	 71 100 100 86	1,422 1,670 2,018 2,063 2,064	709 845 1,000 951 903	50 51 50 46 44	713 825 1,018 1,112 1,161	50 49 50 54 56	Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
115 92 93 71 124	24 18 17 7 15	21 20 18 10 12	91 74 76 64 109	79 80 82 90 88	28 21 13 27 24	24 17 6 18 20	86 81 46 67 83	4 4 7 9 4	14 19 54 33 17	66 53 77 56 44	27 22 33 25 27	41 42 43 45 61	39 31 44 31 17	59 58 57 55 39	Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
1,547 1,225 1,240 1,132 1,175	375 289 305 278 281	24 24 25 25 24	1,172 936 935 854 894	76 76 75 75 76	621 537 610 566 588	354 286 325 310 305	57 53 53 55 52	267 251 285 256 283	43 47 47 45 48	3,187 3,700 3,927 4,233 4,566	1,909 2,166 2,375 2,601 2,952	60 59 60 61 65	1,278 1,534 1,552 1,632 1,614	40 41 40 39 35	Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
										7,667 7,217 6,847 6,589 2,920	3,006 2,812 2,763 2,632 1,961	39 39 40 40 67	4,661 4,405 4,084 3,957 959	61 61 60 60 33	British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03
7 1 2 6 5	5 1 0 1 2	71 100 0 17 40	2 0 2 5 3	29 0 100 83 60	0 0 40 0	0 0 11 0	0 0 28 0	0 0 29 0	0 0 73 0	3 0 1 0 7	0 0 0 7	0 0 0 100	3 0 1 0 0	100 0 100 0 0	Yukon Territory ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03

Table 18 Refused Legal Aid Applications by Reason for Refusal, Criminal and Civil Matters^{1,2} – Concluded

Dura in a Tamitana		Т	otal				Financia	al ineligit	bility		(Coverage	restrictio	ns	
Province/Territory and year	Total		minal Itters	Civ matt		Total		ninal tters	Ci mat		Total		ninal ters		Civil atters
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Northwest Territories ⁶ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	627 380 345 257 496	 153	 31	 343	 69	83 70 59 52 138	15 10 16 34	 21 17 31 25	55 49 36 104	 79 83 69 75	50 19 14 14 133	 46	 35	 87	 65
Nunavut ⁶ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	 83 64 52	 43 26 12	 52 41 23	 40 38 40	 48 59 77	 9 13 6	 5 10 2	56 77 33	 4 3 4	 44 23 67	46 22 41	 30 0 7	 65 0 17	 16 22 34	 35 100 83
Total 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	120,917 113,251 ' 113,684 ' 121,366 ' 110,736										-				

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period

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For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary. The refused application count does not include those who are denied services through pre-screening measures. Legal aid plans screen applicants to some 2 degree before an application is filed.

3 Other reasons for refusal may include, among others, client cancelled/abandoned, coverage cancelled, or duplicate application.

4 Until 2002/03, in Ontario counts for lack of merit and non-compliance counts were not tracked separately but were included in the "other" category.

5 Total refused applications reported by the Yukon Territory in 1999/00 are not comparable to other years due to different counting procedures.

6 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

	Lack of	merit			No	n-complia	nce/abus	е			Other reaso	ons ³			Drevines/Territer
otal	Crimir matter		Civi matte		Total	Criminal matters		Civi matte		Total	Criminal matters		Civil matte		Province/Territory and year
#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	
															Northwest Territories
177					238					79					1998-99
85					206					0	0	0	0	0	1999-00
99					173					Ő	ŏ	Õ	Õ	ŏ	2000-01
84					105					ž					2001-02
48	23	48	25	52	177	 50	28	127	72						2002-03
40	20	40	20	52	177	50	20	121	12						2002 00
															Nunavut ⁶
															1998-99
															1999-00
				 71					 0						
28	8	29	20		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	2000-01
4	1	25	3	75	25	15	60	10	40	0	0	0	0	0	2001-02
5	3	60	2	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2002-03
															Total
															1998-99
•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		÷	1999-00
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		2000-01
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2001-02
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
•			•											•	2002-03

Table 18 Refused Legal Aid Applications by Reason for Refusal, Criminal and Civil Matters^{1,2} – Concluded

Table 19 Legal Aid Personnel as of March 31¹

		Т	otal			D	irect lega	l servic	e staff			Othe	r staff ²		
Province/Territory and year	Total	Lawye	rs	Non-law	yers	Total	Lawye	ers	Non-law	/ers	Total	Lawye	rs	Non-la	wyers
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	90 78 ' 111 ' 119 ' 119	44 42 r 46 r 43 r 43	49 54 41 36 36	46 36 r 65 r 76 r 76	51 46 59 64 64	90 42 ^r 111 ^r 119 ^r 119	44 42 r 46 r 43 r 43	49 100 41 36 36	46 0 r 65 r 76 r 76	51 0 59 64 64	0 36 ^r 0 ^r 0 ^r 0	0 0 r 0 r 0 r	0 0 0 0	0 36 r 0 r 0 r	0 100 0 0 0
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	7 7 7 7 9	4 4 4 5	57 57 57 57 57 56	3 3 3 4	43 43 43 43 43 44	4 4 4 5	4 4 4 5	100 100 100 100 100	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 3 3 4	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 3 3 3 4	100 100 100 100 100
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	120 121 125 123 127	66 67 67 66 66	55 55 54 54 52	54 54 58 57 61	45 45 46 46 48	64 65 65 113 117	64 65 65 64 64	100 100 100 57 55	0 0 49 53	0 0 43 45	56 56 60 10 10	2 2 2 2 2	4 4 3 20 20	54 54 58 8 8	96 96 97 80 80
New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	35 38 41 29 29	9 9 10 10 11	26 24 24 34 38	26 29 31 19 18	74 76 76 66 62	8 8 9 10	8 8 9 10	100 100 100 100 100	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	27 30 33 20 19	1 1 2 1 1	4 3 6 5 5	26 29 31 19 18	96 97 94 95 95
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	795 785 836 826 853	335 337 347 345 356	42 43 42 42 42	460 448 489 481 498	58 57 58 58 58	321 331 354 352 363	306 310 319 318 326	95 94 90 90 90	15 21 35 34 37	5 6 10 10 10	474 454 483 475 490	29 27 29 28 30	6 6 6 6	445 427 454 447 461	94 94 94 94 94
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	950 1,045 1,135 1,136 1,244	308 326 349 354 392	32 31 31 31 32	642 719 786 782 852	68 69 69 69 68	334 359 369 540 620	222 238 252 234 274	66 66 68 43 44	112 121 117 306 346	34 34 32 57 56	616 686 766 596 624	86 88 97 120 118	14 13 13 20 19	530 598 669 476 506	86 87 87 80 81
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	136 142 141 134 147	50 53 51 55 56	37 37 36 41 38	86 89 90 79 91	63 63 64 59 62	64 68 70 97 111	42 45 47 50 51	66 66 67 52 46	22 23 23 47 60	34 34 33 48 54	72 74 71 37 36	8 8 4 5 5	11 11 6 14 14	64 66 67 32 31	89 89 94 86 86
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	132 130 135 136 139	63 62 65 69 72	48 48 48 51 52	69 68 70 67 67	52 52 52 49 48	83 80 84 83 87	62 61 64 68 71	75 76 76 82 82	21 19 20 15 16	25 24 24 18 18	49 50 51 53 52	1 1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2	48 49 50 52 51	98 98 98 98 98
Alberta ³ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	128 136 132 201 216	29 28 28 59 58	23 21 21 29 27	99 108 104 142 158	77 79 79 71 73	26 25 25 60 62	26 25 25 56 55	100 100 100 93 89	 4 7	 7 11	102 111 107 141 154	3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 2 2	99 108 104 138 151	97 97 97 98 98
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	331 315 325 326 148	84 73 81 71 25	25 23 25 22 17	247 242 244 255 123	75 77 75 78 83	181 96 97 86 54	80 66 69 59 17	44 69 71 69 31	101 30 28 27 37	56 31 29 31 69	150 219 228 240 94	4 7 12 12 8	3 3 5 9	146 212 216 228 86	97 97 95 95 91

Table 19 Legal Aid Personnel as of March 31¹ - Concluded

		Тс	otal			D	irect lega	l servic	e staff			Othe	er staff ²		
Province/Territory and year	Total	Lawyer	ſS	Non-lawy	/ers	Total	Lawye	rs	Non-law	/ers	Total	Lawye	ers	Non-la	wyers
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Yukon Territory															
1998-99	9	5	56	4	44	6	4	67	2	33	3	1	33	2	67
1999-00	8	4	50	4	50	5	3	60	2	40	3	1	33	2	67
2000-01	10	5	50	5	50	6	4	67	2	33	4	1	25	3	75
2001-02	12	6	50	6	50	5	5	100	0 0	0	7	1	14	6	86
2002-03	11	6	55	5	45	11	6	55	5	45	0	0	0	0	0
Northwest Territories ⁴															
1998-99	51	11	22	40	78	35	11	31	24	69	16	0	0	16	100
1999-00	45	9	20	36	80	32	9	28	23	72	13	Ő	ŏ	13	100
2000-01	25	6	24	19	79	19	5	26	14	74	6	1	17	5	83
2001-02	25	5	20	20	80	20	5	25	15	75	5	0	0	5	100
2002-03	26	6	23	20	77	16	5	31	11	69	10	1	10	9	90
Nunavut ⁴															
1998-99															
1999-00															
2000-01	32	17	53	15	47	18	7	39	11	61	14	10	71	4	29
2001-02	46	21	46	25	54	23	8	35	15	65	23	13	57	10	43
2002-03	35	9	26	26	74	33	9	27	24	73	2	0	0	2	100
Total															
1998-99	2.784	1.008	36	1.776	64	1.216	873	72	343	28	1.568	135	9	1.433	91
1999-00	2,850 r	1.014	36	1.836 r	64	1.115	876 r	79	239	21	1.735 ^r	138	8	1,597	92
2000-01	3,055 r	1.076	35	1,979 ^r	65	1,230 ^r	915 r	74	315 r	26	1,826	162	ĝ	1,664	91
2001-02	3,120 ^r	1,108 ^r	36	2,012 ^r	64	1,511'	923 r	61	588 r	39	1,610	186	12	1,424	88
2002-03	3,103	1,105	36	1,999	64	1,608	936	58	672	42	1,495	169	11	1,327	89

not available for any reference period not available for a specific reference period not applicable

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For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

2 The Other Staff category may include, among others, accountants, librarians and clerical staff.

3 Personnel figures for Alberta in 2001/02 include staff hired for the Family Law Office Pilot Project.

4 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 20 Legal Aid Service Delivery by Private and Staff Lawyers

Province/Territory and year	Total ¹	Private	e lawyers	Legal aid plan staff lawyers ²			
	#	#	%	#	%		
Newfoundland and Labrador							
1998-99	59	15	25	44	75		
1999-00				42 r	 72		
2000-01 2001-02	64 ^r 61 ^r	18 ^r 18 ^r	28 30	46 ^r 43 ^r	72 70		
2001-02 2002-03	48	5	10	43	90		
Prince Edward Island							
1998-99	25	21	84	4	16		
1999-00	25	21	84	4	16		
2000-01	24	20	83	4	17		
2001-02	37	33	89	4	11		
2002-03	32	27	84	5	16		
Nova Scotia	260	200	80	66	10		
1998-99 1999-00	368 345	302 278	82 81	66 67	18 19		
2000-01	345	260	80	67	20		
2001-02	310	244	79	66	21		
2002-03	296	230	78	66	22		
New Brunswick							
1998-99	319	310	97	9	3		
1999-00	229	220	96	9	3 4 5 5 6		
2000-01	218	208	95	10	5		
2001-02 2002-03	205 199	195 188	95 94	10 11	5		
	199	100	54	11	0		
Quebec 1998-99	3,458	3,123	90	335	10		
1999-00	3,351	3,014	90	337	10		
2000-01	3,270	2,923	89	347	11		
2001-02	3,157	2,812	89	345	11		
2002-03	2,900	2,544	88	356	12		
Ontario							
1998-99	5,353	5,045	94	308	6		
1999-00 2000-01	5,101 4,960	4,775 4,611	94 93	326 349	6 6 7		
2001-02	4,742	4,388	93	354	7		
2002-03	4,851	4,459	92	392	8		
Manitoba							
1998-99	594	544	92	50	8		
1999-00	490	437	89	53	11		
2000-01	459	408	89	51	11		
2001-02 2002-03	431 414	376 358	87 86	55 56	13 14		
Saskatchewan							
1998-99	261	198	76	63	24		
1999-00	293	231	79	62	21		
2000-01	249	184	74	65	26		
2001-02	250 237	181 165	72 70	69 72	28 30		
2002-03	231	100	70	12	30		
Alberta 1998-99	1,228	1,199	98	29	0		
1999-00	1,167	1,139	98	28	2		
2000-01	1,378	1,350	98	28	2 2 2 4 5		
2001-02	1,470	1,411	96	59	4		
2002-03	1,206	1,148	95	58	5		

Table 20 Legal Aid Service Delivery by Private and Staff Lawyers - Concluded

Province/Territory and year	Total ¹	Private	Legal aid plan staff lawyers ²		
	#	#	%	#	%
British Columbia					
1998-99	1,718	1,634	95	84	5
1999-00	1,593	1,520	95	73	5
2000-01	1,450	1,369	94	81	5 5 6 5 2
2001-02	1,334	1,263	95	71	5
2002-03	1,103	1,078	98	25	2
Yukon Territory					
1998-99	25	20	80	5	20
1999-00	16	12	75	4	25
2000-01	13	8	62	5	38
2001-02	19	13	68	6	32
2002-03	20	14	70	6	30
Northwest Territories ³					
1998-99	56	45	80	11	20
1999-00	52	43	83	9	17
2000-01	43	38	88	5	12
2001-02	35	30	86	5 6	14
2002-03	30	24	80	6	20
Nunavut ³					
1998-99					
1999-00					
2000-01	27	10	37	17	63
2001-02	34	13	38	21	62
2002-03	23	14	61	9	39
Total					
1998-99	13,464	12,456	93	1,008	7
1999-00				1,014 ^r	
2000-01	12,482 ^r	11,407 ^r	91	1,075 ^r	 9 9
2001-02	12,085 ^r	10,977 ^r	91	1,108 ^r	9
2002-03	11,359	10,254	90	1,105	10

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period ...

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1 The "total" count represents the number of lawyers providing legal aid services across Canada as reported by legal aid plans.

2 Figures are as of March 31.

3 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 21Duty Counsel Services by Type of Matter1,2,3

Province/Territory and year	Total	Crimin	al matters	Civil	matters
	#	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	4,649 11,307' 13,322' 13,264' 14,073	11,307 ^r 13,322 ^r 13,264 ^r 14,073	 100 100 100 100	···· ··· ···	
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	- - - - - -				- - - - -
Nova Scotia ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,234 4,518 4,828 6,891 6,760	1,230 4,507 4,818 6,881 6,757	100 100 100 100 100	4 11 10 10 3	0 0 0 0
New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	15,413 16,336 14,613 14,938 14,644	14,335 14,695 13,509 14,914 14,203	93 90 92 100 97	1,078 1,641 1,104 24 441	7 10 8 0 3
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03				- - - - -	· · · ·
Ontario ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	600,559 615,028 675,813 811,591' 1,116,243	505,754 513,996 557,132 660,003 866,378	84 84 82 81 78	94,805 101,032 118,681 151,588 249,865	16 16 18 19 22
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	50,686 41,993 33,716 34,533 35,181	- - - - -			- - - - -
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	8,435 8,602 10,061 12,636 13,831	8,423 8,354 9,687 12,230 13,449	100 97 96 97 97	12 248 374 406 382	0 3 4 3 3
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	57,019 61,053 60,555 61,060 60,910	56,723 60,700 60,195 60,283 60,476	99 99 99 99 99	296 353 360 777 434	1 1 1 1

Table 21 Duty Counsel Services by Type of Matter^{1,2,3} - Concluded

Province/Territory and year	Total	Crimin	al matters	Civil r	natters
	#	#	%	#	%
British Columbia					
1998-99	61,058				
1999-00	60,361	·	•	•	•
2000-01	49,872	·	•	•	•
2001-02	58,311	·	•	•	
2002-03	60,340				
Yukon Territory					
1998-99	533	533	100	0	0
1999-00	601	600	100	1	0
2000-01	529	528	100	1	0
2001-02	1,064	1,064	100	0	0
2002-03	1,399	1,333	95	66	0 5
Northwest Territories ⁶					
1998-99					
1999-00					
2000-01					
2001-02					
2002-03	3,238	3,238	100		
Nunavut ⁶					
1998-99					
1999-00					
2000-01					
2001-02					
2002-03	180	180	100	0	0
Total					
1998-99	799,586				
1999-00	819,799 ^r				
2000-01	863,309 ^r				
2001-02	1,014,288 ^r				
2002-03	1,326,799				

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period

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estimated

For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

2 Duty counsel is legal assistance rendered without charge to unrepresented individuals who, in many cases, are about to make an appearance in court.

3 Data represent a count of the number of times duty counsel services were provided.

4 The significant increase in duty counsel services in Nova Scotia is a result of staffing a full-time lawyer in May 1998. Duty counsel services are now provided at criminal court for persons arrested and detained. Nova Scotia reports duty counsel services based on the number of persons assisted rather than the units of service provided.

5 In 2002/03, Ontario began to report duty counsel services based on units of service provided rather than the number of persons assisted. This contributed to the increase in duty counsel services.

6 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 22		
Duty Counsel Services,	by Type of Criminal and Civil Matter ^{1,2,3}	

			Crim	inal matte	ers			Civ	il matters		
Province/Territory and year	Total	Total	Adu	ılts	Yo	outh	Total	Fa	mily	0	ther
	#	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	4,649 11,307 ' 13,322 ' 13,264 ' 14,073	 11,307 r 13,322 r 13,264 r 14,073	10,102 ^r 11,895 ^r 11,621 ^r 11,061	 89 89 88 79	1,205 [°] 1,427 [°] 1,643 [°] 3,012	 11 11 12 21	···· ··· ···	 	···· ··· ···	 	
	14,073	14,073	11,001	79	3,012	21					
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03		• • • •	• • • •	• • •	• • • •		- - - - -	• • • •	- - - -		
Nova Scotia ⁴ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,234 4,518 4,828 6,891 6,760	1,230 4,507 4,818 6,881 6,757	1,151 4,041 4,328 6,032 6,025	94 90 90 88 89	79 466 490 849 732	6 10 10 12 11	4 11 10 10 3	3 10 7 8 3	75 91 70 80 100	1 1 3 2 0	25 9 30 20 0
New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	15,413 16,336 14,613 14,938 14,644	14,335 14,695 13,509 14,914 14,203	11,487 11,987 11,078 12,387 11,948	80 82 82 83 84	2,848 2,708 2,431 2,527 2,255	20 18 18 17 16	1,078 1,641 1,104 24 441	1,070 1,641 1,091 0 441	99 100 99 0 100	8 0 13 24 0	1 0 1 100 0
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03				- - - -	- - - -		- - - -				
Ontario ⁵ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	600,559 615,028 675,813 811,591 ^r 1,116,243	505,754 513,996 557,132 660,003 866,378	 380,724 736,773	 58 85	 279,279 129,605	 42 15	94,805 101,032 118,681 151,588 ^r 249,865	 108,231 ^r 140,589	 71 56	 43,357 109,276	 29 44
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	50,686 41,993 33,716 34,533 35,181			- - - -	- - - -					• • •	
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	8,435 8,602 10,061 12,636 13,831	8,423 8,354 9,687 12,230 13,449	6,648 6,570 7,521 10,022 11,431	79 79 78 82 85	1,775 1,784 2,166 2,208 2,018	21 21 22 18 15	12 248 374 406 382	 7 13 8 7	 3 2 2	241 361 398 375	97 97 98 98
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	57,019 61,053 60,555 61,060 60,910	56,723 60,700 60,195 60,283 60,476	47,411 47,228 46,620 46,014 47,507	84 78 77 76 79	9,312 13,472 13,575 14,269 12,969	16 22 23 24 21	296 353 360 777 434	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	296 353 777 434	100 100 100 100
British Columbia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	61,058 60,361 49,872 58,311 60,340	- - - - -			- - - -			- - - - -	•		

Table 22 Duty Counsel Services, by Type of Criminal and Civil Matter^{1,2,3} – Concluded

			Crim	inal matters	3		Civil matters						
Province/Territory and year	Total	Total	Adı	ults	Yo	outh	Total	Fai	mily	Other			
	#	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%		
Yukon Territory													
1998-99	533	533	422	79	111	21	0	0	0	0	0		
1999-00	601	600	476	79	124	21	1	0	Ō	1	100		
2000-01	529	528	437	83	91	17	1	0	Ō	1	100		
2001-02	1,064	1,064	957	90	107	10	0	0	Ō	0	0		
2002-03	1,399	1,333	1,132	85	201	15	66	66	100	Ő	Ũ		
Northwest Territories ⁶													
1998-99													
1999-00				•									
2000-01													
2001-02				•									
2002-03	3,238	3,238											
Nunavut ⁶													
1998-99													
1999-00													
2000-01													
2001-02													
2002-03	180	180	180	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total													
1998-99	799,586												
1999-00	819,799 ^r										:		
2000-01	863,309 ^r				÷								
2001-02	1,014,288 ^r		•	•	•	•	•		•	•			
2002-03	1,326,799												
	1,020,100	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			

not available for any reference period

.. not available for a specific reference period

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¹ For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

² Duty counsel is legal assistance rendered without charge to unrepresented individuals who, in many cases, are about to make an appearance in court.

³ Data represent a count of the number of times duty counsel services were provided.

⁴ The significant increase in duty counsel services in Nova Scotia is a result of staffing a full-time lawyer in May 1998. Duty counsel services are now provided at criminal court for persons arrested and detained. Nova Scotia reports duty counsel services based on the number of persons assisted rather than the units of service provided.

⁵ In 2002/03, Ontario began to report duty counsel services based on units of service provided rather than the number of persons assisted. This contributed to the increase in duty counsel services.

⁶ Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 23 Appeals, Approved and Refused for Legal Aid Services, Criminal and Civil Matters $^{\rm 1,2}$

		Total ap	opeals				Appro	ved				Refus	sed		
Province/Territory and year	Total		ninal tters		Civil tters	Total		ninal tters		Civil tters	Total	Crim mat	ninal ters	ma	Civil atters
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	48 r 46 r 70 r 66	39 r 37 r 61 r 46	81 80 87 70	 9 r 9 r 9 r 20	19 20 13 30	 22 r 24 r 28 r 35	 22 r 18 r 25 r 24	 100 75 89 69	 0 r 6 r 3 r 11	0 25 11 31	26 r 22 r 42 r 31	17 r 19 r 36 r 22	65 86 86 71	9 r 3 ^r 6 ^r 9	 35 14 14 29
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	 6	 4	 67	 2	 33	 4	 2	 50	 2	 50	 2	 2	 100	 0	 0
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	175 103 88 88	57 61 61 62	33 59 69 70	 118 42 27 26	 67 41 31 30	125 77 70 74	49 48 52 54	 39 62 74 73	 76 29 18 20	61 38 26 27	50 26 18 14	 8 13 9 8	16 50 50 57	 42 13 9 6	 84 50 50 43
New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	 16	 8	 50	 8	 50	 8	 3	 38	 5	 63	 8	 5	 63	 3	 38
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,430 1,201 1,161 1,105 1,324	681 521 518 510 677	48 43 45 46 51	749 680 643 595 647	52 57 55 54 49	937 820 771 707 790	452 357 363 319 386	48 44 47 45 49	485 463 408 388 404	52 56 53 55 51	493 381 390 398 534	229 164 155 191 291	46 43 40 48 54	264 217 235 207 243	54 57 60 52 46
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	4,967 5,035 4,740 1,249 	2,979 2,905 557 	60 58 45 	1,988 2,130 692 	40 42 55	3,847 3,995 4,084 1,249 1,051	2,307 2,305 557 465	60 58 45 44	1,540 1,690 692 586	40 42 55 56	1,120 1,040 656 	672 600 	60 58 	448 440 	40 42
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	- - - -					168 141 156 123 112	136 111 112 90 80	81 79 72 73 71	32 30 44 33 32	19 21 28 27 29				- - - -	
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	11 51 44 33 39	11 51 44 33 39	100 100 100 100 100	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	8 47 39 30 34	8 47 39 30 34	100 100 100 100 100	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	3 4 5 3 5	3 4 5 3 5	100 100 100 100 100	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	779 971 1,083 940 862	637 606 662 628 545	82 62 61 67 63	142 365 421 312 317	18 38 39 33 37	476 530 499 426 378	334 325 311 281 244	70 61 62 66 65	142 205 188 145 134	30 39 38 34 35	303 441 584 514 484	303 281 351 347 301	100 64 60 68 62	0 160 233 167 183	0 36 40 32 38
British Columbia ³ 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	1,964 2,640 2,224 1,731 1,485	834 880 855 666 590	42 33 38 38 40	1,130 1,760 1,369 1,065 895	58 67 62 62 60	1,250 1,570 1,234 886 828	412 425 398 293 229	33 27 32 33 28	838 1,145 836 593 599	67 73 68 67 72	714 1,070 990 845 657	422 455 457 373 361	59 43 46 44 55	292 615 533 472 296	41 57 54 56 45

Table 23 Appeals, Approved and Refused for Legal Aid Services, Criminal and Civil Matters^{1,2} - Concluded

		Total a	ppeals				Appro	oved				Refu	sed		
Province/Territory and year	Total		minal atters		Civil ters	Total		ninal itters		Civil tters	Total	Crin ma	ninal tters	ma	Civil atters
	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%	#	#	%	#	%
Yukon Territory															
1998-99	14	13	93	1	7	9	8	89	1	11	5	5	100	0	0
1999-00	21	20	95	1	5	20	19	95	1	5	1	1	100	Ō	Ō
2000-01	7	7	100	Ó	0	6	6	100	0	0	1	1	100	Ō	Ō
2001-02	8	8	100	Õ	Ő	6	6	100	Õ	Õ	2	2	100	Ő	Ő
2002-03	11	11	100	Ő	Ö	7	7	100	Ő	Ő	4	4	100	Ő	0
Northwest Territories ⁴															
1998-99	54	54	100	0	0	33	33	100	0	0	21	21	100	0	0
1999-00	47	47	100	Ō	Ō	29	29	100	0	Ō	18	18	100	Ō	Ō
2000-01	43	43	100	Õ	ŏ	24	24	100	Õ	Õ	19	19	100	Ő	Ő
2001-02	44	44	100	Õ	ŏ	23	23	100	Õ	Õ	21	21	100	Õ	Ő
2002-03															
Nunavut ⁴															
1998-99															
1999-00															
2000-01	10	10	100	0	0	10	10	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2001-02	7	7	100	Ō	0	7	7	100	0	Ō	0	Ō	Ō	Ō	0
2002-03	7	7	100	Ő	Õ	6	6	100	Ő	Ő	1	1	100	Ő	Ő
Total															
1998-99						6,728	3,690	55	3,038	45					
1999-00						7,299	3,689	51	3,610	49					
2000-01						6,924						-		-	
2001-02					:	3,555	1,683	47	1,872	53					
2002-03		•	•	•	•	3,327	1,534	46	1,793	54	•	•	•	•	•

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period

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For more details on legal aid concepts and terminology please refer to the glossary.

2 Appeal refers to an appeal of a lower court or administrative tribunal decision, not an appeal of a refused application. Each dossier is counted in spite of the fact that the matter may have been dealt with by the legal aid plan in the past. 3

Civil matter refusal counts from British Columbia include those who receive summary services.

4 Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000.

Table 24	
Incoming Civil Legal Aid Dossiers Processed Under the Interprovincial Reciprocity A	greement ¹

(To)								(Froi	m)						
Province/Territory and year	Total	N.L.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Y.T.	N.W.T.	Nvt.	Outside Canada
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	 30' 21' 47' 19	 	 0 0 2 0	 4 7 11 5	 0 1 1	 1 1 2 1	 15 8 13 7	# 1 0 4 0	 0 0 0 0	 4 8 5	 5 1 4 0	 0 0 1 0	 0 0 1 0	 0 0 0	 0 0 0 0
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	5 3 9 6 8	0 0 1 1 1	 	1 1 1 2 4	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 2 1 1	1 1 3 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 2 2 1	2 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	66 67 77 75 66	11 4 12 5 9	1 0 2 2 0	 	7 3 4 5 9	6 4 8 4 7	18 32 29 27 25	4 3 1 4 1	2 1 3 4 0	8 10 4 13 9	7 9 14 9 4	0 0 1 1	1 1 0 1 1	 0 0 0	1 0 0 0
New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	46 34 35 48 45	0 1 0 1 1	0 0 0 0 0	15 2 12 15 13	 	13 15 13 14 18	10 9 5 10 4	1 0 1 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	3 6 3 5 6	3 0 1 3 2	0 0 0 0 0	0 1 0 1	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	140 154 178 174 155	2 3 2 2 6	0 0 1 0 1	9 11 13 4 1	13 6 3 11 9	 	88 103 122 112 124	2 2 4 5 2	2 2 1 2 0	3 6 11 7	20 21 26 27 5	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	268 294 332 345 319	7 15 9 20 11	1 0 1 0 4	29 21 24 43 31	2 5 5 9 7	75 87 88 86 97	 	25 34 29 34 38	13 16 15 10 8	47 46 61 43 48	54 68 82 66 29	1 0 0 3 1	2 2 3 0 0	 0 0 1	12 0 15 31 44
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	47 37 113 111 81	0 0 2 1 0	0 0 0 1	3 1 1 2 1	0 1 0 0 0	0 0 3 2 2	9 6 20 20 15	 	9 7 30 23 18	10 11 21 31 28	15 10 33 30 11	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 1	 0 0 2	1 1 2 2 2
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	94 117 111 100 70	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	2 3 1 0 1	0 0 0 1	2 1 2 4 0	10 8 7 4 5	15 17 25 28 28	 	42 60 50 46 25	21 26 25 17 8	0 0 1 0 0	1 2 0 0 2	 0 1 0	0 0 0 0
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	413 368 388 364 238	10 10 5 8 6	0 0 1 0 0	9 7 12 11 10	3 1 3 2 3	11 11 9 14 10	50 45 66 35 34	33 31 29 26 27	95 83 70 67 58	 	192 169 178 189 82	3 2 2 3 2	7 7 13 9 4	 0 0 0	0 2 0 2 2

Table 24 Incoming Civil Legal Aid Dossiers Processed Under the Interprovincial Reciprocity Agreement¹ – Concluded

(To)								(Fro	m)						
Province/Territory and year	Total	N.L.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Y.T.	N.W.T.	Nvt.	Outside Canada
								#							
British Columbia															
1998-99	302	5	1	8	2	18	60	25	28	141		7	3		4
1999-00	234	3	0	8	2	13	31	27	29	109		4	8		0
2000-01	235	2	0	7	1	8	37	35	29	105		3	0	0	8 3
2001-02	242	1	1	11	0	14	32	25	23	124		4	4	0	
2002-03	149	2	0	4	2	7	13	14	16	87		3	0	0	1
Yukon Territory															
1998-99	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	11		1		0
1999-00	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	11		3		0
2000-01	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	8		0	0	0
2001-02	15	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	3	9		0	0	0
2002-03	8	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	4		1	0	0
Northwest Territories ²															
1998-99															
1999-00															
2000-01															
2001-02															
2002-03	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1		1	0
Nunavut ²															
1998-99															
1999-00															
2000-01															
2001-02															
2002-03	4	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2		0
Total															
1998-99	1,397	36	3	76	27	125	246	107	151	256	325	11	16		18
1999-00	1,358'	36	0	58	18	132	250	115	138	259	319	6	24		3
2000-01	1,509'	33	5	78	16	134	297	124	149	257	368	6	17	0	25
2001-02	1,527'	39	5	99	28	142	253	127	130	286	354	12	15	1	36
2002-03	1,168	38	6	71	32	143	229	110	101	219	146	8	12	4	49

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period ... not applicable

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1 Interprovincial reciprocity agreement refers to the informal agreement among legal aid plans in Canada to handle non-resident civil dossiers.

Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000. 2

Table 25	
Outgoing Civil Legal Aid Dossiers Processed Under the Interprovincial Reciprocity Agreer	nent ¹

(From)								(To)						
Province/Territory and year	Total	N.L.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Y.T.	N.W.T.	Nvt.	Outside Canada
Newfoundland and Labrador 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	 18' 14' 27' 20	 	 0 0 0 1	 0 4 5 5	 0 0 1 0	 1 2 0 2	 9 5 17 6	# 1 0 0 0	 0 0 0 0	 4 2 4 5	 3 1 0 0	 0 0 0 1	 0 0 0 0	 0 0 0	 0 0 0 0
Prince Edward Island 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	2 0 4 4 6	0 0 0 1	 	1 0 2 2 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 0 3	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 1 0	1 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Nova Scotia 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	107 81 97 109 75	13 7 10 13 6	2 3 4 5	 	16 2 12 14 14	9 11 10 4 0	44 34 32 50 37	3 2 2 2 0	2 4 2 0 1	9 7 16 11 9	9 8 9 10 3	0 0 0 0 0	0 3 0 1 0	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
New Brunswick 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	23 24 9 31 44	1 2 0 1 2	0 0 0 0 0	5 3 1 4 10	 	9 7 3 9	2 7 3 14 16	0 3 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	4 0 2 3 4	1 2 0 0 2	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Quebec 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	148 187 179 167 183	1 1 2 1 1	0 0 4 2 1	6 6 8 4 8	10 15 12 12 18	 	99 129 124 113 128	0 3 3 2 3	2 2 3 3 0	11 12 13 11 10	19 17 10 18 12	0 0 1 0	0 2 0 0 2	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Ontario 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	275 248 274 267 231	12 17 19 19 3	2 1 2 0 0	13 27 28 23 23	8	83 91 107 106 120	 	21 33 20 25 20	10 9 9 6 6	45 33 37 38 29	43 31 39 41 24	8 0 0 1	2 0 2 1 0	 1 0 0	25 2 4 0
Manitoba 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	65 71 138 125 118	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 1 2 5 1	0 0 1 0 0	2 1 4 5 2	15 27 35 37 45	 	7 8 27 28 27	18 14 35 25 27	18 18 32 22 16	0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 1 0	 1 1 0	1 2 1 1 0
Saskatchewan 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	153 158 152 122 94	1 1 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 4 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 2 1 2 0	13 18 18 10 8	34 34 35 23 19	 	84 78 67 62 51	18 23 30 19 13	1 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1 1	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
Alberta 1998-99 1999-00 2000-01 2001-02 2002-03	304 354 375 344 281	6 7 9 5	2 2 1 4 1	7 10 12 13 10	2 7 3 6 8	3 8 9 11 6	50 70 51 53 61	36 46 39 35 35	56 66 70 56 39	···· ··· ···	132 125 170 141 111	2 6 1 4 2	8 7 10 12 3	 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0

able 25	
lutgoing Civil Legal Aid Dossiers Processed Under the Interprovincial Reciprocity Agreement ¹ – Concluded	

(From)								(To)						
Province/Territory and year	Total	N.L.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Y.T.	N.W.T.	Nvt.	Outside Canada
								#							
British Columbia															
1998-99	477	8	3	9	2	30	115	52	28	213		11	1		5
1999-00 2000-01	297 386	5 3	0 0	7 14	1	17 21	66 96	27 37	24 35	138 168		9 3	3 4	 0	0 4
2000-01	370	3	0	10	3	23	90 93	34	18	175		6	4 5	0	4
2002-03	100	1	0	3	1	6	21	11	6	48		2	0	Ő	1
Yukon Territory															
1998-99	11	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	4		1		0
1999-00	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	11		0		0
2000-01	14	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	4	6		2	0	0
2001-02 2002-03	14 13	2 0	1 0	0 2	0	0 0	3 2	1 0	0 0	3 3	4 5		0 1	0 0	0 0
2002-03	13	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	3	5		I	0	0
Northwest Territories ²															
1998-99															
1999-00															
2000-01 2001-02															
2002-03	 10	 0	 0		 0	 0	 0			 3	 2	 1		 0	 0
2002 00		0	0	-	0	0	Ŭ			Ŭ	-			0	•
Nunavut ²															
1998-99															
1999-00 2000-01															
2000-01															
2002-03		 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 0	 1		 0
Total	4 505	40		40		407		440	405		0.45		45		
1998-99 1999-00	1,565 1,454 '	43 40	9 6	43 55	41 29	137 138	340 360	146 149	105 113	388 291	245 238	22 15	15 16		31
2000-01	1,454 ⁻ 1,642 ⁻	40 43	11	55 72	29 35	158	360	149	147	344	238	4	10	2	4 9
2001-02	1,580 ^r	48	11	70	44	160	390	122	111	333	256	12	21	1	1
2002-03	1,176	20	8	64	46	146	327	90	81	189	188	8	8	Ó	1

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1 Interprovincial reciprocity agreement refers to the informal agreement among legal aid plans in Canada to handle non-resident civil dossiers.

Although Nunavut officially became a Canadian territory April 1, 1999, Northwest Territories Legal Aid Services Board remained the provider of Legal Aid Services in Nunavut until June 30, 2000. 2

Table 26 Population Estimates, Canada, Provinces and Territories¹

Province/Territory and year	Population	Province/Territory and year	Population
	'000		·000
Newfoundland and Labrador		Saskatchewan	
1998-99	545.3 ^r	1998-99	1,024.9 ^r
1999-00	540.9 ^r	1999-00	1,025.6 ^r
2000-01	537.9 ^r	2000-01	1,022.0
2001-02	533.8	2001-02	1,017.1 ^r
2002-03	531.6	2002-03	1,011.8
Prince Edward Island		Alberta	
1998-99	136.9 ^r	1998-99	2,906.8 ^r
1999-00	137.8 ^r	1999-00	2,959.6 ^r
2000-01	138.3 ^r	2000-01	3,009.9 ^r
2001-02	138.9 ^r	2001-02	3,059.1 ^r
2002-03	139.9	2002-03	3,113.6
lova Scotia		British Columbia	
1998-99	936.1	1998-99	3,997.1 ^r
1999-00	941.2 r	1999-00	4,028.3 ^r
2000-01	941.2* 942.3 r	2000-01	4,020.3
2001-02			
	942.9 ^r	2001-02	4,101.6 ^r
2002-03	944.8	2002-03	4,141.3
lew Brunswick		Yukon Territory	
1998-99	753.3 ^r	1998-99	31.5 ^r
1999-00	755.5 ^r	1999-00	31.2 ^r
2000-01	755.6 ^r	2000-01	30.6
2001-02	756.0 ^r	2001-02	30.2 ^r
2002-03	756.7	2002-03	30.0
Quebec		Northwest Territories	
1998-99	7,323.6 ^r	1998-99	67.5
1999-00	7,351.2 ^r	1999-00	41.0
2000-01	7,381.8 ^r	2000-01	40.9
2001-02	7,417.7	2001-02	41.2 ^r
2002-03	7,455.2	2002-03	41.4
Intario		Nunavut	
	11 907 Ar		
1998-99	11,387.4 ^r	1998-99	
1999-00	11,527.9 ^r	1999-00	26.9
2000-01	11,697.6 ^r	2000-01	27.5 r
2001-02	11,894.9 ^r	2001-02	28.1 r
2002-03	12,068.3	2002-03	28.7
Manitoba		Canada	
1998-99	1,137.9 ^r	1998-99	30,246.9 ^r
1999-00	1,142.5 ^r	1999-00	30,499.2 ^r
2000-01	1,146.4 ^r	2000-01	30,790.8 ^r
2001-02	1,149.1 ^r	2001-02	31,110.6 ^r
2002-03	1,150.8	2002-03	31,414.1

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not available for a specific reference period

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1 Populations as of July 1st: final postcensal estimates for 1998 to 1999; updated postcensal estimates for 2000 to 2001; and preliminary postcensal estimates for 2002.

Table 27 **Consumer Price Index, Canada, Provinces and Territories**

Province/Territory and year	CPI ¹ 1992/93 = 100	Province/Territory and year	CPI ¹ 1992/93 = 100
Newfoundland and Labrador		Saskatchewan	
1998-99	108.4 ^r	1998-99	111.8 ^r
1999-00	110.0 ^r	1999-00	113.7 ^r
2000-01	113.3 ^r	2000-01	116.7 r
2001-02	114.5 r	2001-02	120.3 r
2002-03	117.3	2002-03	123.7
Prince Edward Island		Alberta	
1998-99	106.0 ^r	1998-99	110.7 ^r
1999-00	107.3 ^r	1999-00	113.4 ^r
2000-01	111.7 ^r	2000-01	117.4 ^r
2001-02	114.6 ^r	2001-02	120.1 ^r
2002-03	117.7	2002-03	124.2
Nova Scotia		British Columbia	
1998-99	108.5 ^r	1998-99	110.0 ^r
1999-00	110.3 ^r	1999-00	111.2
2000-01	114.2 ^r	2000-01	113.3 r
2001-02	116.3 ^r	2001-02	115.2 r
2002-03	119.8	2002-03	117.9
New Brunswick		Yukon Territory	
1998-99	107.5 ^r	1998-99	111.0 ^r
1999-00	109.2 r	1999-00	112.1 r
2000-01	112.8 ^r	2000-01	114.6 r
2001-02	114.7 r	2001-02	116.9
2002-03	118.6	2002-03	117.7
Quebec		Northwest Territories	
1998-99	106.4r	1998-99	108.2 ^r
1999-00	108.0r	1999-00	109.3 ^r
2000-01	110.6r	2000-01	111.2 r
2001-02	113.2r	2001-02	113.0 ^r
2002-03	115.5	2002-03	116.3
Ontario		Nunavut	
1998-99	108.9 ^r	1998-99	
1999-00	111.0 ^r	1999-00	
2000-01	114.2 ^r	2000-01	
2001-02	117.7r	2001-02	
2002-03	120.1	2002-03	100.0
Manitoba	440.07	Canada	400.01
1998-99	113.0 r	1998-99	109.3 ^r
1999-00	115.2 ^r	1999-00	111.0'
2000-01	118.1 ^r	2000-01	114.1'
2001-02	121.2 ^r	2001-02	116.7
2002-03	123.1	2002-03	117.9

not available for any reference period

not available for a specific reference period

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1 In previously published figures, the Canada-level CPI was used to deflate all provincial/territorial financial figures. For the 2002/03 publication, provincial/ territorial-level CPI figures were used.

Source: Statistics Canada, Consumer Price Index (CPI), with a base year of 1992=100 (Catalogue No. 62-001, January 2003). For Nunavut, the CPI has a base year of 2002=100.