



Monthly Survey of Manufacturing

March 2003





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March 2003

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- . not available for any reference period.
- .. not available for a specific reference period.
- ... not applicable.
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act.

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Estimates in this publication are subject to revision to accommodate newly received information. It is advisable to always use data from the most recent issue.

In the following tables, some components may not add exactly to the total, because of rounding.

For a complete description of concepts, methodology and definitions, please refer to the "Survey Documentation" section at the end of this publication or consult Statistics Canada's Website at www.statcan.ca/english/sdds/2101.htm .

A note on CANSIM

The data published in Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (Tables 304-0014 and 304-0015) (Catalogue No. 31-001-XIE) are also available in machine-readable form through CANSIM (Canadian Socio-Economic Information Management System). Users interested in accessing date via CANSIM should contact one of Statistics Canada's regional centres at the numbers listed on the inside front cover of this Publication, or contact the Marketing Division, Statistics Canada R.H. Coats Building, Ottawa, Ontario, KIA OT6 (613) 951-8200.

Acknowledgement

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Highlights

A boost in motor vehicle manufacturing, coupled with a pricedriven rise in shipments of petroleum and coal products, contributed to a 1.4% increase in manufacturing shipments in March. Shipments rose to \$44.7 billion, the highest level since November 2000.

Despite global uncertainty in the wake of the war in Iraq and the tenuous state of the US economy, the Canadian manufacturing sector held its own in recent months. Manufacturers posted a 2.2% increase in shipments in the first quarter, more than enough to compensate for the 0.9% decline in the fourth quarter of 2002. Since the sharp downturn in manufacturing activity during 2001, Canadian manufacturers have reported higher shipments in four of the last five quarters.

The majority of manufacturing industries increase in March

Of the 21 manufacturing industries, representing 65% of total shipments, 13 reported increases in March. The non-durable and durable goods sectors were both up. Soaring petroleum shipments contributed to a 1.6% rise among non-durable goods manufacturers, the fourth increase in a row. Motor vehicle manufacturing boosted shipments of durable goods by 1.2% to \$25.1 billion.

Ontario and Alberta lead all provinces

Ontario led the seven provinces and all territories that reported higher shipments in March. Manufacturers of motor vehicles and petroleum and coal products contributed to a \$559 million increase (+2.4%) in shipments. Ontario, Canada's key manufacturing province, reported shipments of \$23.9 billion in March.

Alberta's manufacturers posted a \$115.7 million (+3.0%) increase in shipments. Machinery and fabricated metal products industries contributed to the fifth consecutive monthly gain in shipments for the province. New Brunswick rounded out the top three provinces. Shipments were up \$94.5 million (+8.5%) to \$1.2 billion in March.

Manufacturers apprehensive about the second quarter

Despite the strength of the Canadian manufacturing sector in the first guarter, there are some underlying concerns. Record high petroleum and coal product prices, which contributed to the advance in manufacturing shipments during the first quarter, have since fallen significantly. As well, fluctuations in the motor vehicle industry have been a key influence. Waning consumer demand for motor vehicles in the United States and Canada and rising retail inventories have contributed to the recent volatility of the sector.

Shipments by province and territory

	February 2003	March 2003	February to March 2003						
	Seasonally adjusted								
	\$ n	% change							
Newfoundland and Labrador	173	177	2.4						
Prince Edward Island	107	111	4.0						
Nova Scotia	770	785	1.9						
New Brunswick	1,107	1,201	8.5						
Quebec	10,383	10,219	-1.6						
Ontario	23,295	23,854	2.4						
Manitoba	998	977	-2.1						
Saskatchewan	604	613	1.6						
Alberta	3,821	3,937	3.0						
British Columbia	2,826	2,814	-0.4						
Yukon, Northwest Territories									
and Nunavut	5	6	21.1						

Excluding the motor vehicle and parts industries and the petroleum and coal products industry, shipments increased a more modest 0.3% in March.

Global uncertainty and the recent surge in the value of the Canadian dollar have contributed to additional unease among manufacturers. According to April's quarterly Business Conditions Survey, manufacturers were concerned with lower levels of orders and future production. In April, 31% of manufacturers stated that they anticipated decreasing production during the second quarter, and 26% said their levels of unfilled orders were lower than normal.

In March, unfilled orders fell 0.4% to \$42.9 billion. This was the seventh consecutive decline and the longest series of monthly decreases of unfilled orders since 1990-1991.

Factory jobs lost

Employment in manufacturing continued to weaken in April, down 0.3%. This followed a sharp decline in March (-1.6%). According to the latest release of the Labour Force Survey, manufacturers have cut 38,000 (-1.6%) jobs since the start of the year. The largest declines in the first four months of 2003 were in computer and electronic products. On the positive side, offsetting employment gains were reported in motor vehicle and parts manufacturing from January to April.

Automakers boost manufacturing in March

The motor vehicle industry, subject to considerable variation in recent months, reported a 6.2% jump in shipments in March. Shipments rose to \$5.7 billion, the highest level since the summer of 2002. This is a reversal of February's drop (-2.5%), and was preceded by soaring shipments in January (+15.9%). Some manufacturers noted that they had increased production levels in order to build up stock of new models.

The trend for shipments of motor vehicles returned to the positive side in March for the first time since July 2002.

Prior to the first quarter of 2003, there had been a general deceleration in motor vehicle manufacturing during the later half of 2002. Higher retail inventories and heightened uncertainty regarding the sustainability of demand in 2003 contributed to the sharp slowdown in manufacturing of motor vehicles in the fourth quarter of 2002. According to the latest release of new motor vehicle sales for March, sales declined 4.4% following large monthly fluctuations in February (+14.0%) and January (-14.6%).

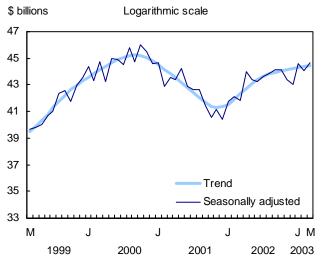
Petroleum and coal product manufacturers post record high shipments

Rising prices continued to push petroleum and coal product shipments to record levels. Shipments jumped 5.5% to \$3.6 billion in March and are now up more than 25% since November.

Petroleum prices increased 1.8% in March, and have soared 20% during the first three months of 2003. The start of the war in Iraq coupled with a colder-than-normal winter in North America, contributed to international concerns for adequate supplies of petroleum products.

The paper and machinery industries also contributed to higher shipments in March. Paper shipments rose 3.0% to \$2.8 billion. Manufacturers of machinery posted a 2.5% rise in shipments to \$2.0 billion, the highest level since October. Decreases in shipments of wood products (-4.2%) and primary metals (-2.0%) partly offset some of the increase in total shipments in March.

Manufacturers regain lost ground in March



Manufacturers' inventories continue to accumulate

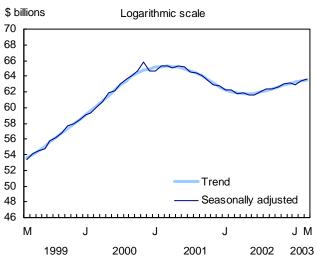
Following a 0.8% gain in February, manufacturers' inventories increased an additional 0.4% in March. Inventories stood at \$63.7 billion, the highest level in 18 months. The trend for inventories has been positive for ten consecutive months.

Finished-product inventories highest since June 2001

Finished-product inventories increased 1.0% to \$20.0 billion in March, just short of June 2001's peak of \$20.2 billion. The accumulation of finished-product inventories in recent months may be a sign of weakening demand, partly the result of ongoing economic uncertainty of Canada's largest trading partner, the United States.

Raw material inventories also increased in March, up 0.5% to \$27.8 billion. Manufacturers reduced goods-in-process inventories by 0.4% to \$15.9 billion, the third decrease in four months.

Inventories hit 18-month high



The main contributors to March's increase in inventories were the chemical products and wood products industries. Inventories of chemical products climbed 2.1% to \$5.9 billion. In recent months, pharmaceutical and chemical fertilizer manufacturers have been increasing stock to meet product demand. Higher industrial prices for chemical and petroleum products also boosted the value of chemical inventories.

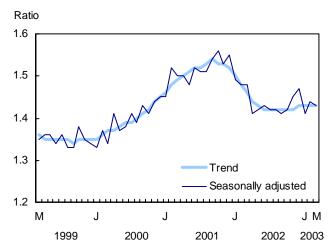
A gradual slowdown in construction of new housing, coupled with falling industrial prices, contributed to a build-up of wood product inventories in 2003. Inventories increased 2.1% to \$4.6 billion, the highest level since October 2001.

Higher shipments contribute to a lower inventory-toshipment ratio

The inventory-to-shipment ratio settled back to 1.43 in March from 1.44 in February. March's increase in shipments outpaced the 0.4% rise in inventories, contributing to the lower

The finished-product inventory-to-shipment ratio remained stable at 0.45 in March, the result of comparable increases in both shipments and finished-product inventories. The ratio is a measure of the time that would be required in order to exhaust finished-product inventories if shipments were to remain at their current level.

The inventory-to-shipment ratio edges back in March



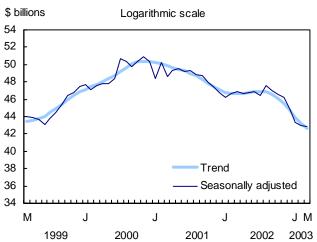
Fewer unfilled orders for aerospace products pull down total manufacturing

In March, Canadian manufacturers reported the seventh consecutive decline in unfilled orders. Orders decreased 0.4% to \$42.9 billion, the lowest level since January 1999. Ongoing weakness in the global aviation sector was partly responsible for the decline. Excluding the aerospace products and parts industry, unfilled orders improved by 0.7% in March.

Manufacturers of aerospace products and parts reported a 2.5% drop in orders to \$13.8 billion, the lowest level in more than four years. The threat of terrorism, the war in Iraq and a significant downturn in business travel have all contributed to the persistent slump in the aerospace products and parts industry.

Unfilled orders increased in the machinery (+6.5%) and the plastics and rubber products industries (+10.0), partly offsetting the overall decrease in March.

Unfilled orders decrease for the seventh consecutive month



New orders rise for the third month in a row

In March, new orders rose to their highest level since August 2002. Manufacturers reported \$44.5 billion worth of new orders on their books in March, up 1.6% from February. Motor vehicles, computers and plastic and rubber products industries were the top contributors.

Note to readers

In addition to current-month estimates, data for the previous three months are regularly revised. Factors influencing revisions include late receipt of company data, incorrect information reported earlier, replacement of estimates with actual figures (once available), and seasonal adjustments. Consult the appropriate CANSIM tables for revised data.

Non-durable goods industries include food, beverage and tobacco products, textile mills, textile product mills, leather and allied products, paper, printing and related support activities, petroleum and coal products, chemicals and plastic and rubber products.

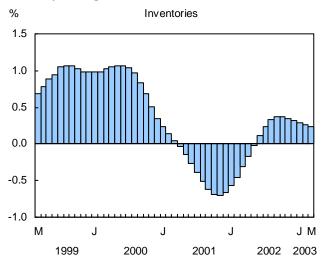
Durable goods industries include clothing, wood products, non-metallic mineral products, primary metals, fabricated metal products, machinery, computer and electronic products, electrical equipment, appliance and components, transportation equipment, furniture and related products, and miscellaneous manufacturing.

Unfilled orders are a stock of orders that will contribute to future shipments assuming that the orders are not cancelled.

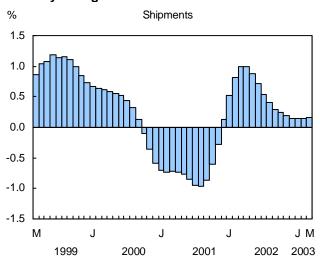
New orders are those received whether shipped in the current month or not. They are measured as the sum of shipments for the current month plus the change in unfilled orders. Some people interpret new orders as orders that will lead to future demand. This is inappropriate since the "new orders" variable includes orders that have already been shipped. Readers should take note that the month-to-month change in new orders may be volatile. This will happen particularly if the previous month's change in unfilled orders is closely related to the current month's change.

Not all orders will be translated into Canadian factory shipments because portions of large contracts can be subcontracted out to manufacturers in other countries.

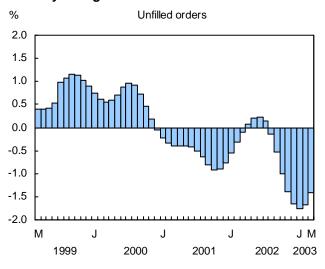
Monthly change in trend



Monthly change in trend



Monthly change in trend



Products and Services

Related Products and Data Sources

- Manufacturing Industries of Canada, 31-203-XPB
- Business Condition Survey, CANSIM (\$) tables 302-0007 and 302-0008
- Perspectives on Labour and Income, 75-001-XIE or 75-001-XPE

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Schedule of releases	Monthly Survey of Manufacturing
Reference period	Release date
November 2002	January 22, 2003
December 2002	February 18, 2003
January 2003	March 18, 2003
February 2003	April 16, 2003
March 2003	May 15, 2003
April 2003	June 13, 2003
May 2003	July 16, 2003
June 2003	August 14, 2003
July 2003	September 16, 2003
August 2003	October 15, 2003
September 2003	November 14, 2003
October 2003	December 16, 2003
November 2003	January 21, 2004
December 2003	February 13, 2004

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E-mail: manufact@statcan.ca

Table 1 All manufacturing industries

		U	nadjusted					Seaso	nally adju	sted	
Period	Shipments	Invent		illed ders	New orders	Ship	ments	Invento	ries	Unfilled orders	New orders
					\$ mil	lions					
March 2002	43,111	62	2,802 46	,430	43,060	4	41,803	61	724	46,931	42,137
April 2002	44,708	62	2,485 46	,864	45,142	4	43,982	61	861	46,641	43,693
May 2002	46,742	61	,933 47	,099	46,978	4	43,380	61	657	46,761	43,500
June 2002	44,509	61	,190 46	,755	44,165	4	43,228	61,	612	46,933	43,400
July 2002	39,887	61	,205 46	,885	40,016	4	43,649	61	958	46,440	43,156
August 2002	45,110	62	2,231 48	,159	46,122	4	43,851	62,	407	47,556	44,968
September 2002	45,149	62	2,193 47	,324	44,308	4	44,134	62	320	46,963	43,541
October 2002	47,191	62	2,295 46	,773	46,640	4	14,132	62,	580	46,491	43,660
November 2002	44,305	63	3,129 46	,202	43,734	4	43,385	62	989	46,127	43,021
December 2002	39,721	62	2,389 44	,536	38,054	4	12,998	63,	161	44,820	41,690
January 2003	41,875	62	.582 42	,745	40,085	4	44,586	62,	914	43,266	43,032
February 2003	40,828	64	,131 42	,733	40,816	4	44,088	63,	436	43,017	43,839
March 2003	45,639	64	,822 42	,511	45,417	4	14,694	63	695	42,856	44,533
	Mo	Month to month % change			Invento	ry to		Mor	nth to mo	nth % change	
	Shipmer	ts	Invento	ries	shipment	s ratio U		Unfilled orders		New orders	
	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend		asonally idjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
March 2002	-0.9	1.0	-0.8	-0.3	1.48	1.46		0.7	-0.1	-1.1	1.2
April 2002	5.2	1.0	0.2	-0.2	1.41	1.44		-0.6	0.1	3.7	1.2
May 2002	-1.4	0.9	-0.3	0.0	1.42	1.43		0.3	0.2	-0.4	1.0
June 2002	-0.3	0.7	-0.1	0.1	1.43	1.42		0.4	0.2	-0.2	0.7
July 2002	1.0	0.5	0.6	0.2	1.42	1.42		-1.1	0.1	-0.6	0.4
August 2002	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.3	1.42	1.42		2.4	-0.1	4.2	0.1
September 2002	0.6	0.3	-0.1	0.4	1.41	1.42		-1.2	-0.5	-3.2	-0.1
October 2002	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.42	1.42		-1.0	-1.0	0.3	-0.2
November 2002	-1.7	0.2	0.7	0.3	1.45	1.42		-0.8	-1.4	-1.5	-0.2
December 2002	-0.9	0.2	0.3	0.3	1.47	1.43		-2.8	-1.7	-3.1	-0.1
January 2003	3.7	0.1	-0.4	0.3	1.41	1.43		-3.5	-1.8	3.2	0.1
February 2003	-1.1	0.2	0.8	0.3	1.44	1.43		-0.6	-1.7	1.9	0.3
March 2003	1.4	0.2	0.4	0.2	1.43	1.43		-0.4	-1.4	1.6	0.4

Table 2
Motor vehicle, and parts and accessories industries

		l	Jnadjusted						Seaso	nally adju	ısted	
Period	Shipments	Inven		filled ders	New orders		Ship	ments	Invento	ries	Unfilled orders	New orders
					\$	millio	ns					
March 2002	8,573		3,339 1	,628	8,612			7,847	3,	362	1,632	7,891
April 2002	9,372		3,454 1	,633	9,376			8,879	3,	430	1,672	8,919
May 2002	9,399		3,511 1	,702	9,468			8,322	3,	478	1,715	8,365
June 2002	8,707		3,356 1	,697	8,702			8,363	3,	439	1,699	8,348
July 2002	5,546		3,527 1	,776	5,625			8,803	3,	576	1,733	8,837
August 2002	8,832		3,490 1	,939	8,995			8,590	3,	493	1,894	8,750
September 2002	8,417		3,525 2	,060	8,537			8,347	3,	512	2,031	8,485
October 2002	9,054		3,445 1	,968	8,962			8,298	3,	450	1,959	8,226
November 2002	8,695		3,660 1	,933	8,660			8,124	3,	586	1,932	8,097
December 2002	6,157		3,689 1	,855	6,079			7,258	3,	751	1,853	7,179
January 2003	8,163		3,585 1	,834	8,142			8,267	3,	550	1,818	8,232
February 2003	8,217		3,631 1	,787	8,170			8,118	3,	581	1,784	8,083
March 2003	8,913		3,521 1	,715	8,841			8,433	3,	486	1,730	8,380
	Mo	nth to m	nonth % change	Inve	entory	to to		Mor	nth to mo	nth % change		
	Shipmen	ts	Invento	ries	shipm	nents	ratio	Ur	nfilled or	ders	New ord	ders
	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Season adjus		Trend		sonally djusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
March 2002	-4.3	2.0	-1.5	0.6	0	1.43	0.42		2.7	2.3	-3.6	2.0
April 2002	13.1	1.7	2.0	0.6		.39	0.41		2.4	2.6	13.0	1.8
May 2002	-6.3	1.2	1.4	0.6		.42	0.41		2.6	2.8	-6.2	1.3
June 2002	0.5	0.7	-1.1	0.6		.41	0.41		-0.9	3.1	-0.2	0.7
July 2002	5.3	0.1	4.0	0.6		.41	0.41		2.0	3.1	5.9	0.2
August 2002	-2.4	-0.2	-2.3	0.5		.41	0.41		9.2	2.7	-1.0	-0.3
September 2002	-2.8	-0.4	0.6	0.4		1.42	0.42		7.3	1.9	-3.0	-0.6
October 2002	-0.6	-0.5	-1.8	0.4	0	.42	0.42		-3.5	0.7	-3.1	-0.8
November 2002	-2.1	-0.5	3.9	0.3		1.44	0.43		-1.4	-0.5	-1.6	-0.8
December 2002	-10.7	-0.5	4.6	0.2		.52	0.43		-4.1	-1.5	-11.3	-0.7
January 2003	13.9	-0.4	-5.4	0.1	0	.43	0.43		-1.9	-2.1	14.7	-0.5
February 2003	-1.8	-0.1	0.9	0.1		.44	0.43		-1.9	-2.2	-1.8	-0.2
March 2003	3.9	0.1	-2.7	0.1		.41	0.43		-3.0	-2.1	3.7	0.1

Table 3 All manufacturing industries except motor vehicle, parts and accessories industries

		U	nadjusted						Seaso	nally adju	sted	
Period	Shipments	Invent		illed ders	New orders		Shipr	nents	Invento	ries	Unfilled orders	New orders
					\$	millio	ns					
March 2002	34,538	59	9,463 44	,801	34,449		33	3,955	58,	362	45,299	34,247
April 2002	35,336	59	9,031 45	,231	35,766		3	5,103	58,	431	44,970	34,774
May 2002	37,343	58	3,421 45	,397	37,511		3	5,058	58,	179	45,046	35,135
June 2002	35,801	57	7,834 45	,058	35,462		34	4,865	58,	174	45,234	35,052
July 2002	34,340	57	7,678 45	,109	34,391		34	4,846	58,	383	44,707	34,319
August 2002	36,279	58	3,740 46	,220	37,127		3	5,261	58,	914	45,663	36,218
September 2002	36,732	58	3,668 45	,264	35,771		3	5,787	58,	808	44,932	35,056
October 2002	38,137	58	3,850 44	,804	37,678		3	5,834	59,	130	44,532	35,434
November 2002	35,610	59	9,468 44	,269	35,075		3	5,260	59,	403	44,195	34,923
December 2002	33,564	58	3,700 42	,681	31,975		3	5,740	59,	410	42,967	34,511
January 2003	33,712	58	3,997 40	,911	31,943		30	5,319	59,	364	41,448	34,800
February 2003	32,611	60),500 40	,946	32,646		3	5,971	59,	856	41,233	35,756
March 2003	36,726	61	,302 40	,796	36,576		30	5,260	60,	209	41,125	36,153
March 2003	Mo	Month to month % change				ntory			Mor	nth to mo	nth % change	
	Shipmen	ts	Invento	ries	shipments		s ratio U		Unfilled orders		New orders	
	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasona adjus		Trend		sonally djusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
March 2002	0.0	0.7	-0.7	-0.4	1.	.72	1.71		0.6	-0.2	-0.4	1.(
April 2002	3.4	0.8	0.1	-0.2		.66	1.69		-0.7	0.0	1.5	1.0
May 2002	-0.1	0.8	-0.4	-0.1		.66	1.68		0.2	0.1	1.0	0.9
June 2002	-0.6	0.7	0.0	0.1		.67	1.67		0.4	0.1	-0.2	0.6
July 2002	-0.1	0.6	0.4	0.2		.68	1.66		-1.2	0.0	-2.1	0.6
August 2002	1.2	0.5	0.9	0.3		.67	1.66		2.1	-0.3	5.5	0.2
September 2002	1.5	0.5	-0.2	0.4		.64	1.66		-1.6	-0.6	-3.2	0.0
October 2002	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.4		.65	1.65		-0.9	-1.1	1.1	-0.
November 2002	-1.6	0.4	0.5	0.3		.68	1.65		-0.8	-1.4	-1.4	-0.
December 2002	1.4	0.3	0.0	0.3		.66	1.65		-2.8	-1.7	-1.2	0.0
January 2003	1.6	0.3	-0.1	0.3		.63	1.66		-3.5	-1.7	0.8	0.2
February 2003	-1.0	0.2	0.8	0.3		.66	1.66		-0.5	-1.7	2.7	0.4
March 2003	0.8	0.2	0.6	0.3					-0.3	-1.4	1.1	0.5

Table 4 Shipments by major group and selected industries

				Unadjusted	l			
				Curre	ent periods			
	NAICS Code	March 2003	Fe	ebruary 2003	January 2003		December 2002	
				\$ millions				
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	311 312 313 314 315 316 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 331 332 333 334 335 336 336 336 336 336 336	5,203 1,085 266 194 557 49 2,321 2,787 906 3,574 3,535 1,967 832 2,930 2,340 2,148 1,766 801 10,853 6,050 259		4,745 907 233 183 534 45 2,172 2,518 773 3,214 3,116 1,783 697 2,729 2,108 1,822 1,391 697 9,767 5,513 202	4,840 846 235 177 482 46 2,169 2,681 792 3,175 3,305 1,861 711 2,951 2,140 1,814 1,395 730 10,129 5,411		5,357 1,206 223 177 445 54 2,050 2,633 815 3,070 3,129 1,588 748 2,549 1,914 1,931 1,820 692 7,963 4,043 2,050	
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Railroad rolling stock manufacturing Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	3363 3364 3365 3366 337 339	2,862 1,094 292 102 1,059 467		2,704 930 217 75 970 424	2,752 1,128 303 79 999 399		2,114 1,121 225 62 917 439	
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		19,565 26,074 45,639		17,516 23,312 40,828	17,956 23,919 41,875		18,252 21,469 39,721	
		Previous year		Year-to-date		Annua	nnual	
		March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002	
	•			\$ millions				
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	311 312 313 314 315 316 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 331 332 333 334 335 336 3361 3362 3363 3364 3365 3363	4,982 1,055 281 212 588 62 2,559 2,673 871 2,434 3,014 1,863 728 2,678 2,226 2,108 2,104 815 10,384 5,737 238 2,835 1,135 255 105 1,054 420	4,606 851 274 193 576 51 2,246 2,496 772 1,995 2,753 1,708 637 2,450 2,112 1,824 1,600 743 9,940 5,774 206 2,600 886 245 152 965 409	3.5 2.9 -9.2 -6.0 -3.4 -16.3 -3.9 2.2 2.7 52.1 15.8 6.9 12.2 12.0 2.8 -2.0 -13.0 -3.6 3.5 3.9 3.8 -1.7 11.5 -26.0 2.7 5.9	14,788 2,837 733 554 1,573 139 6,662 7,986 2,470 9,963 9,956 5,611 2,240 8,610 6,589 5,784 4,552 2,228 30,749 16,975 685 8,318 3,152 812 256 3,029 1,290	1.1 3.7 -3.7 0.5 -3.0 -9.9 7.2 -4.4 -4.1 1.1 4.0 6.7 9.7 8.8 2.8 1.3 -16.5 -7.6 4.6 5.7 8.5 10.2 -15.0 5.4 2.4 8.5	62,911 13,304 3,210 2,520 6,785 777 29,498 32,726 10,061 32,350 37,769 23,002 211,586 32,216 27,510 24,113 21,255 9,335 119,746 65,797 2,704 12,472 2,878 1,242 2,878 1,242 2,878 1,242 2,303 5,527	
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		17,448 25,663 43,111	15,697 23,501 39,198	11.8 1.9 5.9	55,037 73,305 128,342	1.1 2.5 1.9	218,631 299,874 518,505	

Table 4 Shipments by major group and selected industries - concluded

				Sea	sonally adjuste	t		
	•	Oh			Current p	periods		
	NAICS Code	Change from February		March 2003	February 2003	J	anuary 2003	December 2002
					\$ mill	ions		
Food manufacturing	311	-6		5,367	5,372		5,377	5,344
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills	312 313	20 6		1,139 252	1,119 247		1,131 253	1,130 260
Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing	314 315	-8 -9		192 526	201 535		201 567	201 587
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	0		57	57		60	69
Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing	321 322	-99 79		2,275 2,751	2,374 2,672		2,393 2,727	2,448 2,756
Printing and related support activities	323 324	9		859	851		853	862
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing	325	190 35		3,632 3,445	3,442 3,410		3,267 3,420	3,105 3,395
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	326 327	-22 20		1,941 1,038	1,963 1,018		2,021 1,037	1,937 1,011
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-58		2,814	2,871		2,916	2,772
Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing	332 333	2 49		2,345 2.004	2,343 1,955		2,346 1,948	2,239 1,927
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	-20		1,547	1,567		1,630	1,600
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing	335 336	2 426	1	748 0,269	746 9,843		782 10,124	736 9,053
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3361 3362	333 17		5,674 241	5,342 224		5,476 234	4,724 235
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	-17		2,759	2,776		2,790	2,534
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3364 3365	-3 27		1,072 246	1,075 219		1,029 271	1,051 239
Ship and boat building	3366	5		84	79		92	76
Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	337 339	-17 5		1,019 474	1,036 468		1,063 470	1,069 497
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		303 302 605	2	9,636 5,058 4,694	19,333 24,755 44,088	2	19,310 25,276 14,586	19,058 23,940 42,998
		Change fr	om previous month		Tren	Trend change from previous mor		
		March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	December 2002
					percentage			
Food manufacturing	311 312	-0.1	-0.1 -1.0	0.6 0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4 0.2
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills	313	1.8 2.3	-1.0 -2.6	-2.5	0.1 -0.3	0.2 -0.5	0.2 -0.7	-0.9
Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing	314 315	-4.2 -1.7	-0.2 -5.7	-0.1 -3.4	-0.7 -1.4	-0.9 -1.4	-1.1 -1.1	-1.2 -0.5
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	0.4	-5.4	-12.1	-1.6	-2.0	-2.2	-2.0
Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing	321 322	-4.2 3.0	-0.8 -2.0	-2.3 -1.0	-1.2 0.1	-1.2 -0.1	-1.0 -0.3	-0.8 -0.4
Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	323 324	1.0 5.5	-0.3 5.4	-1.0 5.2	0.3 2.3	0.5 2.4	0.5 2.5	0.5 2.6
Chemical manufacturing	325	1.0	-0.3	0.7	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.2
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	326 327	-1.1 1.9	-2.9 -1.8	4.3 2.6	0.1 0.5	0.1 0.7	0.1 0.9	0.1 1.0
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-2.0	-1.5	5.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.7
Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing	332 333	0.1 2.5	-0.1 0.4	4.8 1.1	0.4 0.2	0.4 -0.2	0.4 -0.5	0.3 -0.8
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	-1.3	-3.9	1.9	-0.9	-1.2	-1.6	-1.9
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing	335 336	0.3 4.3	-4.5 -2.8	6.2 11.8	-0.1 0.0	-0.2 -0.1	-0.3 -0.3	-0.4 -0.3
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3361 3362	6.2 7.6	-2.5 -4.2	15.9 -0.8	0.2 0.5	-0.1 0.6	-0.4 0.6	-0.7 0.6
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	-0.6	-0.5	10.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3364 3365	-0.3 12.2	4.5 -19.0	-2.1 13.2	0.2 -1.0	0.6 -1.0	0.9 -1.0	1.2 -0.9
Ship and boat building	3366	5.9	-13.9	21.4	1.3	0.5	-0.8	-2.6
Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	337 339	-1.6 1.2	-2.6 -0.4	-0.6 -5.3	-0.5 0.1	-0.4 0.1	-0.2 0.0	0.0 0.0
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		1.6 1.2 1.4	0.1 -2.1 -1.1	1.3 5.6 3.7	0.6 -0.2 0.2	0.6 -0.2 0.2	0.7 -0.3 0.1	0.7 -0.3 0.2

Table 5
Inventories by major group and selected industries

				Unadjuste	d		
	·			Curr	ent periods		
	NAICS Code	March 2003	F	ebruary 2003	January 2003		December 2002
				\$ millions	i		
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills	311 312 313 314	4,930 1,804 460 319		4,872 1,766 459 307	4,866 1,705 459 300		4,840 1,647 447 309
Toking product minis Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing	315 316 321 322	1,186 123 5,430 3,622		1,169 124 5,167 3,575	1,143 121 4,709 3,496		1,130 118 4,346 3,460
Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing	323 324 325	708 1,702 6,115		669 1,615 5,914	639 1,638 5,593		654 1,526 5,534
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing	326 327 331 332	2,223 1,232 4,837 3,702		2,155 1,225 4,950 3,666	2,148 1,221 4,987 3,594		2,132 1,191 5,056 3,425
Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing	333 334 335 336 3361	4,701 4,266 1,369 13,453 1,598		4,717 4,421 1,347 13,438 1,680	4,612 4,425 1,344 13,008 1,650		4,489 4,367 1,327 13,875 1,785
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Railroad rolling stock manufacturing Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing	3362 3363 3364 3365 3366 337	499 1,923 7,866 1,232 131 1,546		509 1,951 7,677 1,282 133 1,492	452 1,935 7,326 1,322 135 1,482		434 1,904 7,965 1,431 133 1,449
Miscellaneous manufacturing Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing	339	1,095 22,005 42,817 64,822		1,083 21,457 42,674 64,131	1,093 20,964 41,618 62,582		1,066 20,667 41,722 62,389
•		Previous year		Year-to-da	ate	Average per	month
	•	March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	Average 2003	% Change from 2001	2002
	•			\$ millions	;		
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Palated blis extended the interest of	311 312 313 314 315 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 331 332 333 334 335 336 3363 3362 3363 3364	4,722 1,743 521 323 1,178 130 5,222 3,626 734 1,644 5,258 2,014 1,262 4,452 3,465 4,645 4,645 4,819 1,412 13,219 1,650 428 1,689 7,838	4,732 1,682 531 311 1,146 123 5,109 3,638 712 1,715 5,131 2,014 1,226 4,495 3,454 4,715 5,160 1,404 13,214 1,772 428 1,683 7,612	2.8 4.3 -12.3 -2.5 -1.2 -2.4 -1.4 -1.8 -6.6 -0.8 13.6 8.2 0.9 9.3 6.4 -0.1 -13.8 -3.0 -1.5 -4.7 18.2 14.3 0.5	4,890 1,758 460 309 1,166 123 5,102 3,564 672 1,652 5,874 2,175 1,226 4,925 3,654 4,677 4,371 1,353 13,300 1,643 487 1,936 7,623	3.4 5.0 -9.3 -13.1 -12.5 -8.9 -6.3 -7.0 -5.7 -10.6 4.0 0.8 2.0 0.4 2.1 1.2 -22.5 -16.3 -1.3 2.9 -6.3 3.9 0.3	4,832 1,717 486 324 1,174 137 4,449 3,548 702 1,614 5,277 2,039 1,206 4,657 3,492 4,609 4,654 1,384 13,441 1,730 1,762 7,817
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	3365 3366 337 339	1,233 129 1,386 1,028	1,266 251 1,383 1,010	0.8 -36.3 10.2 7.7	1,278 133 1,507 1,090	-14.0 -35.7 1.1 3.3 - 0.7	1,338 149 1,427 1,059
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		20,715 42,087 62,802	20,589 42,314 62,903	4.2 1.0 2.0	21,475 42,370 63,845	-0.7 -4.7 -3.4	20,676 41,553 62,229

Table 5 Inventories by major group and selected industries - concluded

			Seasonally adjusted							
		0.5			Current _I	periods				
	NAICS Code	Change from February	-	March 2003	February 2003	J	anuary 2003	December 2002		
					\$ millions					
Food manufacturing	311	46		5,014	4,968		4,909	4,909		
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills	312 313	-5 3		1,746 453	1,751 450		1,728 453	1,715 450		
Textile product mills	314 315	8		314	306		301	313		
Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	-5 -8		1,192 129	1,198 136		1,184 133	1,175 133		
Nood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing	321 322	94 23		4,644 3,539	4,549 3,517		4,474 3.482	4,443 3,527		
Printing and related support activities	323	22		691	669		652	680		
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing	324 325	36 120		1,632 5,901	1,595 5,781		1,631 5,568	1,62 ⁻ 5,63 ⁻		
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	326 327	40 -24		2,173 1.179	2,133 1,204		2,144 1,224	2,17 1,22		
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-6		5,011	5,017		4,967	4,90		
Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing	332 333	35 22		3,674 4,705	3,640 4,683		3,596 4,637	3,465 4,602		
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	-61		4,293	4,353		4,387	4,42		
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Fransportation equipment manufacturing	335 336	4 -148		1,362 3,416	1,358 13,565		1,361 13,470	1,36 13,80		
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	-70		1,576	1,645		1,642	1,83		
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3362 3363	-18 -25		471 1,910	489 1,935		466 1,908	45 1,92		
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3364 3365	37 -50		7,898 1,232	7,861 1,282		7,781 1,322	7,81 1,43		
Ship and boat building	3366	1		125	125		128	12		
Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	337 339	54 9		1,541 1,085	1,487 1,077		1,498 1,115	1,480 1,111		
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		286 -27 258	4	1,593 2,102 3,695	21,307 42,130 63,436	4	21,002 11,913 62,914	21,158 42,003 63,161		
		Change from previous month			Tren	d change fron	n previous mo	onth		
		March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	December 2002		
					percentage					
Food manufacturing	311	0.9	1.2	0.0	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5		
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills	312 313	-0.3 0.7	1.3 -0.6	0.7 0.8	-0.1 -0.3	-0.1 -0.5	-0.1 -0.6	-0. ⁻		
Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing	314	2.6 -0.4	1.5	-3.6	0.0 0.1	-0.4	-0.8	-1.3		
Leather and allied product manufacturing	315 316	-5.6	1.1 2.5	0.8 0.1	-0.1	0.2 -0.3	0.2 -0.5	0. -0.		
Nood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing	321 322	2.1 0.6	1.7 1.0	0.7 -1.3	0.7 0.1	0.7 0.1	0.7 0.0	0. 0.		
Printing and related support activities	323	3.3	2.7	-4.1	0.5	0.3	0.0	-0.		
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing	324 325	2.3 2.1	-2.2 3.8	0.6 -1.2	0.1 1.1	0.1 1.3	0.0 1.4	0. 1.		
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	1.9	-0.5	-1.5	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.		
lon-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing	327 331	-2.0 -0.1	-1.7 1.0	0.2 1.3	-0.6 0.5	-0.6 0.6	-0.4 0.8	-0. 1.		
abricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing	332 333	1.0 0.5	1.2 1.0	3.8 0.8	0.6 0.3	0.7 0.4	0.6 0.4	0. 0.		
computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	-1.4	-0.8	-0.8	-0.4	-0.5	-0.5	-0.		
lectrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing ransportation equipment manufacturing	335 336	0.3 -1.1	-0.2 0.7	-0.3 -2.4	0.0 -0.1	-0.1 -0.1	-0.2 -0.1	-0. 0.		
lotor vehicle manufacturing	3361	-4.2	0.2	-10.3	-1.2	-1.4	-1.4	-1.		
Notor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing Notor vehicle parts manufacturing	3362 3363	-3.7 -1.3	4.9 1.4	2.7 -0.6	0.9 1.2	1.4 1.4	1.8 1.5	2. 1.		
verospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	0.5	1.0	-0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.		
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing Ship and boat building	3365 3366	-3.9 0.6	-3.0 -2.8	-7.6 1.0	-2.1 -0.9	-2.5 -0.4	-2.4 0.1	-1. 0.		
urniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	337 339	3.6 0.8	-0.7 -3.4	1.0	0.3 -0.4	0.4 -0.4	0.5 -0.3	0.6		
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries		1.3 -0.1	1.5 0.5	-0.7 -0.2	0.5 0.1	0.5 0.1	0.5 0.2	0.5 0.2		
Manufacturing		0.4	0.8	-0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0. 0.		

Table 6
Unfilled orders by selected major group and industries

				Unadjust	ed		
	•			Current per	iods		
	NAICS Code	March 2003		February 2003	January 2003		December 2002
				\$ million	ıs		
Textile mills	313	270		266	265		262
Textile product mills	314	67		74	75		60
Clothing manufacturing	315	331		284	280		276
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	31		25	22		22
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	1,307		1,250	1,328		1,361
Primary metal manufacturing	331	1,801		1,840	1,838		1,798
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	2,885		2,886	2,872		2,785
Machinery manufacturing	333	7,271		6,826	6,409		6,497
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	4,072		4,012	4,186		4,097
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	1,014		1,032	1,041		1,003
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	20,574		21,320	21,543		23,579
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	861		912	921		987
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	619		647	648		574
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	854		874	913		868
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	13,382		13,761	14,135		16,001
Ship and boat building	3366	33		36	25		23
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	164		181	213		214
Non-durable goods industries		3,032		3,031	3,001		2,968
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		39,479 42,511		39,702 42,733	39,744 42,745		41,567 44,536
	-	Previou	ıs year	Year-to-c	late	Average per	month
	-	March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	Average 2003	% Change from 2001	2002
	-			\$ million	S		
Textile mills	313	294	279	-4.0	267	9.3	276
Textile product mills	314	52	49	44.5	72	2.7	55
Clothing manufacturing	315	356	328	-11.5	298	-7.0	324
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	28	22	1.2	26	-18.2	31
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	1,225	1,252	5.4	1,295	15.6	1,254
Primary metal manufacturing	331	1,805	1,730	8.0	1,827	25.1	1,795
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	3,007	3,015	-1.5	2,881	0.3	2,878
Machinery manufacturing	333	7,056	7,028	-1.9	6,835	4.3	6,709
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	3,698	3,568	13.3	4,090	-8.4	3,977
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	951	970	8.4	1,029	-30.5	977
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	25,369	25,634	-17.4	21,146	-8.7	25,566
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	989	956	-7.4	898	4.2	1,052
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	599	585	9.1	638	8.4	590
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	640	633	39.3	881	24.2	729
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	18,611	18,834	-27.0	13,759	-12.0	17,877
Ship and boat building	3366	18	16,034	89.2	32	-37.0	17,077
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	220	245	-21.1	186	-12.1	226
Non-durable goods industries		2,800	2,806	8.3	3,021	15.3	2,867
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		43,630 46,430	43,709 46,515	-8.7 -7.7	39,642 42,663	-5.4 -4.3	43,740 46,606

Table 6 Unfilled orders by selected major group and industries - concluded

	_			Sea	sonally adjuste	d		
	-	01			Current _l	periods		
	NAICS Code	Change from February		March 2003	February 2003	J	anuary 2003	December 2002
					\$ mill	ions		
Textile mills	313	-2		249	251		268	277
Textile product mills	314	-10		66	76		75	67
Clothing manufacturing	315	17		314	297		290	305
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	-4		31			34	33
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	119		1,317	1,197		1,287	1,307
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-22		1,755	1,777		1,854	1,908
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	-1		2,885	2,886		2,872	2,785
Machinery manufacturing	333	446		7,271	6,826		6,409	6,497
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	60		4,072 1,014	4,012 1,032		4,186	4,097
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	-17 -694		1,014	21,682		1,041 22,032	1,003 23,659
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	-694 -52	2	861	912	•	921	23,039
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	-23		574	597		625	587
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362 3363	-23 -1		870	871		897	866
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	-351	1	3,823	14,174		14,660	16.068
Ship and boat building	3366	-4		34	38		27	25
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	-7		168	175		205	217
Non-durable goods industries		44		3,020	2,976		2,976	2,948
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		-205 -161		9,836 2,856	40,041 43,017		10,290 13,266	41,872 44,820
	-	Change fro	om previous n	revious month Trend change from previous mont				onth
	-	March	February	January	March	February	January	December
	-	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2002
					percentage			
Textile mills	313	-0.7	-6.4	-3.2	-2.2	-2.2	-2.0	-1.4
Textile product mills	314	-12.8	1.3	11.2	0.4	1.8	3.2	4.4
Clothing manufacturing	315	5.6 -11.5	2.7 1.2	-5.1 2.3	1.3 -1.0	1.0 -0.5	0.5 0.4	-0.1 1.5
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316 326	10.0	-6.9	2.5 -1.5	0.0	-0.5 -0.1	0.4	0.1
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing	331	-1.2	-0.9 -4.2	-1.5 -2.8	-1.6	-0.1 -1.3	-0.8	-0.3
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	0.0	0.5	3.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1
Machinery manufacturing	333	6.5	6.5	-1.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	-0.1
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	1.5	-4.2	2.2	-0.7	-0.6	-0.4	-0.1
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	-1.7	-0.9	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	-3.2	-1.6	-6.9	-2.6	-3.1	-3.3	-3.1
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	-5.7	-0.9	-6.7	-4.0	-4.8	-5.0	-4.5
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	-3.8	-4.5	6.4	-1.3	-1.3	-1.2	-1.1
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	-0.2	-2.9	3.6	0.0	0.6	1.4	2.3
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	-2.5	-3.3	-8.8	-2.6	-3.2	-3.4	-3.4
Ship and boat building	3366	-10.0	41.6	10.3	7.7	9.9	11.9	13.4
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	-3.9	-15.0	-5.5	-5.2	-5.4	-4.7	-3.3
Non-durable goods industries		1.5	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3
Durable goods industries		-0.5	-0.6	-3.8	-1.5	-1.8	-1.9	-1.8
Manufacturing		-0.4	-0.6	-3.5	-1.4	-1.7	-1.8	-1.7

Table 7 New orders by selected major group and industries

				Unadju	sted		
				Current p	eriods		
	NAICS Code	March 2003		February 2003	January 2003		December 2002
				\$ milli	ons		
Textile mills	313	270		233	238		214
Textile product mills	314	186		182	192		176
Clothing manufacturing	315	605		537	487		439
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	55		48	45		53
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	2,025		1,706	1,827		1,542
Primary metal manufacturing	331	2,891		2,731	2,990		2,521
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	2,339		2,122	2,228		1,793
Machinery manufacturing	333 334	2,593 1,826		2,239	1,725		2,060 1,728
Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	784		1,216 688	1,484 768		692
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	10,108		9,544	8,093		6,693
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	5,999		5,505	5,345		4,008
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	231		201	297		210
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	2,842		2,665	2,797		2,071
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	716		555	-738		401
Ship and boat building	3366	99		87	81		63
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	449		393	398		404
Non-durable goods industries		19,566		17,546	17,989		18,177
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		25,851 45,417		23,270 40,816	22,096 40,085		19,878 38,054
		Previou	ıs year	Year-to	-date	Average per	month
		March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002		% Change from 2001	2002
		2002	2002	\$ milli		110111 2001	2002
Textile mills	313	296	291	-16.1		-0.8	3,253
Textile product mills	314	215	195	-6.3		2.0	2,527
Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing	315 316	617 67	577 47	-3.9 -10.1	,	-2.2 -10.6	6,769 770
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	1,836	1,750	7.0		6.2	23,082
Primary metal manufacturing	331	2,752	2,641	5.9	,	10.9	32,658
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	2,254	2,377	0.1	,	2.6	27,584
Machinery manufacturing	333	2,136	2,035	7.0	,	-3.3	23,507
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	2,234	1,600	-14.1	- ,	-8.9	21,693
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	795	786	1.8	,	1.6	9,275
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	10,119	9,811	-3.9		3.6	117,133
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	5,770	5,764	2.6	16,848	6.4	65,879
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	251	220	1.1		8.7	2,741
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	2,842	2,610	3.2	8,304	11.0	33,006
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	912	641	-77.4	533	-39.5	9,017
Ship and boat building	3366	107	153	-23.6		24.0	1,248
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	394	413	2.9	1,240	8.5	5,508
Non-durable goods industries		17,442	15,741	11.9		1.0	218,796
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		25,619 43,060	24,236 39,977	-1.4 4.0		3.2 2.3	297,812 516,608

Table 7 New orders by selected major group and industries - concluded

	_			Sea	sonally adjuste	d		
	_	01			Current p	periods		
	NAICS Code	Change from February	ı	March 2003	February 2003	J	anuary 2003	December 2002
					\$ mill	ions		
Textile mills	313	21		250	229		244	250
Textile product mills	314	-19		182	202		208	207
Clothing manufacturing	315	0		543	543		552	590
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	-4		53	58		61	69
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	187		2,060	1,874		2,001	1,940
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-2		2,792	2,794		2,862	2,739
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	-13		2,344	2,357		2,433	2,117
Machinery manufacturing	333	77		2,449	2,372		1,859	2,057
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	215		1,607	1,392		1,719	1,508
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	-6		731	737		819	736
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	83		9,575	9,493		8,497	8,007
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	289		5,623	5,333		5,411	4,689
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	22		218	196		271	234
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	8		2,758	2,750		2,821	2,490
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	131		721	590		380	560
Ship and boat building	3366	-10		80	91		95	80
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	29		467	438		458	478
Non-durable goods industries		348		9,681	19,333		19,338	19,037
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		346 694		4,852 4,533	24,506 43,839		23,694 13,032	22,653 41,690
	-	Change fro	om previous m	nonth	Tren	d change fron	n previous m	onth
	-	March	February	January	March	February	January	December
	-	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2003	2002
					percentage			
Textile mills	313	9.2	-6.1	-2.2	-0.2	-0.8	-1.3	-1.6
Textile product mills	314	-9.5	-3.3	0.8	-1.1	-1.3	-1.4	-1.3
Clothing manufacturing	315	0.0	-1.6	-6.5	-1.3	-1.1	-0.7	-0.1
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	-7.2	-5.9	-11.5	-1.9	-2.5	-2.7	-2.4
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	10.0	-6.4	3.2	0.2	0.1	0.0	-0.1
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-0.1	-2.4	4.5	-0.2	-0.1	0.1	0.4
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	-0.5	-3.1	14.9	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.7
Machinery manufacturing	333	3.3	27.6	-9.6	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.2
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	15.5	-19.0	14.0	-1.0	-1.7	-2.5	-3.1
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	-0.8	-10.1	11.3	-0.2	-0.4	-0.6	-0.8
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	0.9	11.7	6.1	1.3	0.5	-0.4	-1.3
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3361	5.4	-1.4	15.4	0.4	0.0	-0.5	-0.9 0.0
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3362 3363	11.4	-27.8 -2.5	15.6 13.3	0.7 -0.4	0.5 -0.5	0.3 -0.5	-0.3
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	0.3 22.2		-32.2	-0.4 17.0		-0.5 4.3	-0.3 -3.1
Ship and boat building	3366	-11.5	55.4 -4.3	-32.2 19.2	0.8	12.1 0.3	-0.8	-3.1 -2.2
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	6.7	-4.5 -4.5	-4.1	0.8	-0.1	-0.5	-2.2 -0.8
Non-durable goods industries		1.8	0.0	1.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Durable goods industries		1.4	3.4	4.6	0.4	0.0	-0.4	-0.7
Manufacturing		1.6	1.9	3.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	-0.1

Table 8a Shipments for selected industries, unadjusted

			Current pe	riods	
	NAICS Code	March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	December 2002
			\$ millio	ns	
Food manufacturing	311				
Animal food manufacturing	3111	430	405	446	450
Starch and vegetable fat and oil manufacturing	31122	268	232	231	238
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	338	304	266	357
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	482	443	468	496
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	874	802	835	862
Meat product manufacturing	3116	1,465	1,337	1,381	1,533
Cookie, cracker and pasta manufacturing Other food manufacturing	31182 3119	112 506	112 430	102 425	117 506
·		300	430	423	300
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	010	0.40	007	000
Soft drink and ice manufacturing Breweries	31211 31212	316 300	248 236	227 226	330 374
Wineries	31212	46	38	34	55
Distilleries	31214	96	93	97	105
Tobacco manufacturing	3122	327	291	261	343
v		02.	20.	20.	0.0
Textile mills	313	20	0.5	00	20
Fibre, yarn and thread mills Fabric mills	3131 3132	39 176	35 150	33 155	30 147
Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating	3133	50	48	48	46
ů ů		30	40	40	40
Textile product mills	314	70	00	0.0	6.4
Carpet and rug mills	31411	73 24	68	68	64
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	24	22	18	25
Clothing manufacturing	315				
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	39	35	40	39
Other clothing knitting mills	31519	39 179	43	42 170	45
Men's and boys' cut and sew clothing manufacturing Women's and girls' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31522 31523	208	181 188	170	172 125
Clothing accessories and other clothing manufacturing	3159	19	16	17	123
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Leather and allied product manufacturing Footwear manufacturing	316 3162	27	25	27	36
Wood product manufacturing	321				
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	1,323	1,225	1,238	1,173
Veneer, plywood and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	524	499	496	455
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	474	449	435	422
Paper manufacturing	322				
Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	3221	1,954	1,764	1,905	1,913
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	472	418	427	389
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing	32222	192	179	179	161
Other converted paper product manufacturing	32229	132	121	133	132
Printing and related support activities	323				
Printing	32311	861	732	754	775
Support activities for printing	32312	44	40	38	40
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324				
Petroleum refineries	32411	3,394	3,036	2,988	2,877
Chemical manufacturing	325				
Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	240	237	247	227
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	32519	264	210	232	234
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibres and					
filaments manufacturing	3252	633	544	574	490
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	32532	73	37	29	11
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	754	619	715	837
Paint and coating manufacturing Adhesive manufacturing	32551 32552	169 55	136 50	139 44	107 36
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing	32561	123	119	125	112
Toilet preparation manufacturing	32562	157	149	148	135
Printing ink manufacturing	32591	35	33	33	29
All other chemical product manufacturing	32599	366	349	345	325
The Said Storing product manufacturing	02000	000	040	0-10	020

Table 8a Shipments for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

			Current pe	riods	
	NAICS Code	March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	December 2002
			\$ millio	ns	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Plastic pipe, pipe fitting and unsupported profile shape	326				
manufacturing	32612	142	128	126	105
Polystyrene foam product manufacturing	32614	29	22	21	21
Other plastic product manufacturing	32619	763	681	741	659
Other rubber product manufacturing	32629	223	193	194	158
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	327				
Clay product and refractory manufacturing	3271	53	47	47	42
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	201	173	186	149
Cement manufacturing	32731	79	58	58	76
Ready-mix concrete manufacturing Other concrete product manufacturing	32732 32739	122 83	94 57	89 55	132 79
Other concrete product manufacturing Abrasive product manufacturing	32791	40	36	39	40
All other non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	32799	109	104	110	109
·		103	104	110	103
Primary metal manufacturing	331				
Iron and steel mills and ferro-alloy manufacturing	3311	923	866	1,036	811
Iron and steel pipes and tubes manufacturing from purchased steel	33121	262	252	258	206
Foundries	3315	298	266	279	217
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332				
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322	51	47	47	42
Plate work and fabricated structural product manufacturing	33231	340	288	332	304
Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	33241	107	80	74	84
Spring and wire product manufacturing	3326	120	114	120	96
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328	238	220	228	187
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	260	251	235	185
Machinery manufacturing	333				
Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311	215	175	150	161
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning and commercial	0004	107	101	100	150
refrigeration equipment manufacturing All other general-purpose machinery manufacturing	3334 33399	187 173	161 108	168 144	158 167
All other general-purpose machinery manufacturing	33333	173	100	144	107
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334				
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	446	269	251	400
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	492	399	388	685
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	14	17	17	21
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335				
Lighting fixture manufacturing	33512	64	60	71	63
Small electrical appliance manufacturing	33521	22	17	21	19
Major appliance manufacturing	33522	130	122	122	104
Battery manufacturing	33591	13	11	12	12
Communication and energy wire and cable manufacturing All other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	33592 33599	108 63	88 62	85 66	89 61
	33399	03	02	00	01
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336				
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	6,050	5,513	5,411	4,043
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	2,862	2,704	2,752	2,114
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364 3365	1,094 292	930 217	1,128 303	1,121 225
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing Ship and boat building	3366	102	75	79	62
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337	102	70	7.0	02
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet	0074	F70	F 47	500	500
manufacturing Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3371	576	547	562	508
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3372	417	365	372	350
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339				
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	124	110	104	111
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	342	315	295	328

Table 8a
Shipments for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

		Previou	ıs year	Year-to-d	ate	Annual	
	NAICS Code	March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
				\$ million	1S		_
Food manufacturing	311						
Animal food manufacturing	3111	452	394	-0.1	1,281	6.1	5,392
Starch and vegetable fat and oil manufacturing	31122	213	205	14.5	731	3.3	2,811
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	299	277	11.9	908	1.4	3,846
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	484	462	-2.9	1,392	-1.7	5,923
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	809	741	8.9	2,510	1.2	9,887
Meat product manufacturing Cookie, cracker and pasta manufacturing	3116 31182	1,499 115	1,357 124	-1.9 -9.7	4,183 327	-6.6 -7.7	17,674 1,425
Other food manufacturing	31102	455	402	8.1	1,361	11.9	5,723
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312						
Soft drink and ice manufacturing	31211	281	220	10.3	791	5.2	3,688
Breweries	31212	313	250	-3.5	762	2.0	4,103
Vineries	31213	41	31	14.2	117	11.8	585
Distilleries	31214	84	69	7.6	286	9.1	1,265
Tobacco manufacturing	3122	336	281	0.0	880	1.3	3,663
Textile mills	313						
Fibre, yarn and thread mills	3131	42	40	-11.5	107	-5.0	465
Fabric mills Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating	3132 3133	183 56	179 55	-8.4 -10.0	481 146	-3.2 -4.1	2,067 678
· · ·	314	00	00	10.0	110		0.0
Textile product mills Carpet and rug mills	31411	77	71	-1.7	209	-3.6	890
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	35	30	-35.3	64	7.2	429
Clothing manufacturing	315						
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	43	41	-7.3	114	0.4	511
Other clothing knitting mills	31519	31	32	32.2	123	0.1	519
Men's and boys' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31522	204	196	-4.2	531	-4.9	2,360
Women's and girls' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31523	213	211	-5.6	552	-3.7	2,221
Clothing accessories and other clothing manufacturing	3159	21	15	1.1	52	-4.0	242
Leather and allied product manufacturing Footwear manufacturing	316 3162	41	31	-26.6	79	-5.8	518
Wood product manufacturing	321						
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	1,619	1,427	-13.4	3,785	4.4	17,697
Veneer, plywood and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	530	465	4.1	1,519	6.1	6,230
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	411	354	23.3	1,358	18.2	5,571
Paper manufacturing	322						
Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	3221	1,944	1,805	-0.6	5,622	-6.8	23,505
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	379	359	17.6	1,316	3.4	4,914
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing	32222	187	174 121	0.9	549	3.0	2,212 1,610
Other converted paper product manufacturing	32229	125	121	2.1	386	0.6	1,010
Printing and related support activities Printing	323 32311	830	730	2.7	2,348	-1.4	9,557
Support activities for printing	32312	41	41	3.4	122	-37.0	504
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324						
Petroleum refineries	32411	2,264	1,835	55.9	9,417	0.8	29,276
Chemical manufacturing	325						
Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	209	201	17.1	724	6.8	2,726
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	32519	228	193	17.4	706	1.8	2,521
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibres and	0050	F 40	470	45.0	4 750	2.2	0.070
filaments manufacturing Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	3252 32532	540 57	479 39	15.2 8.2	1,750 140	0.6 -13.4	6,379 341
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	32532 3254	652	39 594	8.2 12.9	2,088	-13.4 22.0	8,402
Paint and coating manufacturing	32551	167	136	2.6	2,000 445	-1.4	1,875
Adhesive manufacturing	32552	54	47	0.6	148	12.2	624
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing	32561	129	115	0.0	367	-7.5	1,516
Toilet preparation manufacturing	32562	137	139	6.0	454	3.2	1,663
Printing ink manufacturing	32591	36	30	2.6	101	13.3	419
All other chemical product manufacturing	32599	325	299	13.0	1,060	2.6	4,104

Table 8a Shipments for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

		Previou	ıs year	Year-to-d	ate	Annual	
	NAICS Code	March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
				\$ million	าร		
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Plastic pipe, pipe fitting and unsupported profile shape	326						
manufacturing	32612	125	107	16.5	396	4.2	1,758
Polystyrene foam product manufacturing	32614	25	21	4.7	72	3.8	321
Other plastic product manufacturing	32619	744	678	5.4	2,185	8.6	9,435
Other rubber product manufacturing	32629	204	194	4.3	610	0.0	2,409
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	327						
Clay product and refractory manufacturing	3271	47	40	13.9	146	5.0	613
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	183	167	9.0	560	6.2	2,396
Cement manufacturing	32731	75	63	-2.7	195	5.7	1,425
Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	32732	117	97	-1.6	305	9.1	2,337
Other concrete product manufacturing	32739	62	49	27.2	195	1.3	1,127
All other page matellia mineral product manufacturing	32791	37	34 73	18.4	115	36.5	450
All other non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	32799	85	73	36.1	323	28.8	1,314
Primary metal manufacturing	331						
Iron and steel mills and ferro-alloy manufacturing	3311	827	772	17.9	2,825	11.3	10,368
Iron and steel pipes and tubes manufacturing from purchased steel	33121	196	197	26.9	772	1.4	2,529
Foundries	3315	272	252	7.3	842	8.7	3,161
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332						
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322	37	37	32.3	145	6.3	467
Plate work and fabricated structural product manufacturing	33231	326	305	0.6	960	0.4	4,286
Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	33241	69	79	20.6	261	7.6	1,022
Spring and wire product manufacturing	3326	124	117	0.7	354	9.8	1,477
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328	225	202	10.2	685	20.0	2,633
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	245	239	4.6	747	9.5	3,005
Machinery manufacturing	333						
Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311	223	196	-9.9	540	6.1	2,323
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning and commercial	0004	470	400	0.4	E40	0.7	0.000
refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	178	160	2.1	516	9.7	2,298
All other general-purpose machinery manufacturing	33399	196	159	-18.0	425	15.4	2,275
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334						
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	476	377	-21.0	966	-16.6	4,699
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	762	497	-27.5	1,278	-23.7	7,137
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	17	17	-11.2	48	-7.2	218
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335						
Lighting fixture manufacturing	33512	71	64	-2.2	195	-3.7	877
Small electrical appliance manufacturing	33521	17	16	14.4	59	-9.3	250
Major appliance manufacturing	33522	134	120	-0.3	374	12.4	1,529
Battery manufacturing	33591	12	11	3.2	36	-15.1	139
Communication and energy wire and cable manufacturing All other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	33592 33599	136 61	119 64	-28.2 -0.2	281 191	-42.2 -2.3	1,436 772
		01	04	0.2	101	2.0	112
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	E 707	E 774	2.0	10.075	F 7	CE 707
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	5,737	5,774	3.9	16,975	5.7	65,797
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3363 3364	2,835 1,135	2,600 886	3.8 -1.7	8,318 3,152	10.2 -15.0	32,741 12,472
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	255	245	11.5	812	5.4	2,878
Ship and boat building	3366	105	152	-26.0	256	20.6	1,242
Furniture and related product manufacturing Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet	337						,
manufacturing	3371	619	593	-4.3	1,685	7.7	7,133
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3372	369	307	16.2	1,154	-6.0	4,319
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339						
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	131	116	-5.4	338	5.3	1,432
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	289	292	10.5	952	9.7	4,095
-							

Table 8b Inventory owned for selected industries, unadjusted

			Current pe	riods	
	NAICS Code	March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	December 2002
			\$ millio	ns	
Food manufacturing	311				
Animal food manufacturing	3111	282	274	258	258
Starch and vegetable fat and oil manufacturing	31122	216	236	224	219
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	348	347	353	346
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	873	890	911	927
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	828	783	763	762
Meat product manufacturing	3116	873	861	840	812
Cookie, cracker and pasta manufacturing	31182 3119	125 476	124 473	126 465	124 457
Other food manufacturing		470	473	400	437
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312				
Soft drink and ice manufacturing	31211	252	239	218	216
Breweries	31212	166	163	161	157
Wineries Distilleries	31213 31214	228 506	227 502	225 506	220 492
Tobacco manufacturing	31214	652	635	595	563
•		002	033	333	303
Textile mills	313				
Fibre, yarn and thread mills	3131	56	55	53	52
Fabric mills	3132	334	333	335	327
Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating	3133	70	71	71	67
Textile product mills	314				
Carpet and rug mills	31411	80	76	76	75
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	51	50	50	55
Clothing manufacturing	315				
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	145	139	125	126
Other clothing knitting mills	31519	108	102	96	95
Men's and boys' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31522	419	391	377	373
Women's and girls' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31523	310	343	359	352
Clothing accessories and other clothing manufacturing	3159	68	68	63	60
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316				
Footwear manufacturing	3162	80	79	76	74
Wood product manufacturing	321				
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	3,720	3,515	3,147	2,831
Veneer, plywood and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	807	765	704	664
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	903	887	858	852
Paper manufacturing	322				
Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	3221	2,553	2,529	2,488	2,478
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	539	541	510	492
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing	32222	280	267	269	273
Other converted paper product manufacturing	32229	155	148	143	141
Printing and related support activities	323				
Printing	32311	697	658	628	643
Support activities for printing	32312	10	11	11	11
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324				
Petroleum refineries	32411	1,405	1,321	1,338	1,234
		1,400	1,021	1,000	1,204
Chemical manufacturing	325	400	477	474	100
Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	182	177	174	180
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibres and	32519	177	165	151	158
filaments manufacturing	3252	572	541	528	532
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	32532	132	118	119	116
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	3,200	3,134	2,942	2,895
Paint and coating manufacturing	32551	260	251	242	229
Adhesive manufacturing	32552	94	85	84	81
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing	32561	104	105	108	100
Toilet preparation manufacturing	32562	188	184	188	180
Printing ink manufacturing All other chemical product manufacturing	32591 32599	47 324	52 323	52 316	49 314

Table 8b Inventory owned for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

			Current pe	riods	
	NAICS Code	March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	December 2002
			\$ millio	ns	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326				
Plastic pipe, pipe fitting and unsupported profile shape					
manufacturing	32612	234	225	225	227
Polystyrene foam product manufacturing	32614	40	37	39	35
Other plastic product manufacturing	32619	946	908	908	898
Other rubber product manufacturing	32629	188	188	191	194
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	327				
Clay product and refractory manufacturing	3271	92	89	90	9(
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	283	277	275	265
Cement manufacturing	32731	202	204	203	184
Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	32732	98	95	94	102
Other concrete product manufacturing	32739	87	88	84	80
Abrasive product manufacturing	32791	130	137	138	134
All other non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	32799	149	145	145	142
Primary metal manufacturing	331				
Iron and steel mills and ferro-alloy manufacturing	3311	2,039	2,172	2,226	2,316
Iron and steel pipes and tubes manufacturing from purchased steel	33121	622	594	595	659
Foundries	3315	309	304	291	292
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332				
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322	95	92	91	84
Plate work and fabricated structural product manufacturing	33231	465	455	439	430
Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	33241	176	173	175	156
Spring and wire product manufacturing	3326	149	160	161	148
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328	165	170	168	165
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	567	555	564	547
					-
Machinery manufacturing Agricultural implement manufacturing	333 33311	554	550	550	528
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning and commercial	33311	334	330	330	320
refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	335	336	327	319
All other general-purpose machinery manufacturing	33399	356	361	379	386
				0.0	
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	500	007	504	000
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	580	607	594	600
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	2,153	2,276	2,283	2,212
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	58	56	56	55
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335				
Lighting fixture manufacturing	33512	147	146	151	155
Small electrical appliance manufacturing	33521	48	47	47	46
Major appliance manufacturing	33522	190	171	163	161
Battery manufacturing	33591	62	64	62	60
Communication and energy wire and cable manufacturing	33592	260	264	265	264
All other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	33599	105	106	110	104
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336				
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	1,598	1,680	1,650	1,785
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	1,923	1,951	1,935	1,904
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	7,866	7,677	7,326	7,965
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	1,232	1,282	1,322	1,43
Ship and boat building	3366	131	133	135	133
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337				
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet	007				
manufacturing	3371	854	824	817	806
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3372	425	405	414	400
		0	.00		100
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	101		400	,
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	161	171	169	167
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	935	912	924	900

Table 8b Inventory owned for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

		Previou	us year	Year-to-	date	Average per mo	onth
	NAICS Code	March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	Average 2003	% Change from 2001	2002
				\$ millio	ons		
Food manufacturing	311						
Animal food manufacturing	3111	258	261	3.3	271	7.2	263
Starch and vegetable fat and oil manufacturing	31122	180	184	20.9	225	6.5	189
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	338	345	-1.8	349	-1.3	359
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	830	837	5.5	891	7.6	868
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	755	715	9.3	791	5.3	748
Meat product manufacturing	3116	943	969	-9.1	858	-1.6	884
Cookie, cracker and pasta manufacturing	31182	101	127	5.6	125	-1.9	115
Other food manufacturing	3119	464	453	3.1	471	4.4	482
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	0.40	222	7.4		40.0	050
Soft drink and ice manufacturing	31211	242	206	7.4	236	13.8	253
Breweries	31212	157	148	9.8	163	10.2	168
Wineries Distilleries	31213 31214	210 458	212 442	8.8 13.4	227 505	12.6 12.1	209 484
Tobacco manufacturing	31214	436 676	675	-5.4	628	-6.2	602
		070	073	-3.4	020	-0.2	002
Textile mills	313						
Fibre, yarn and thread mills	3131	62	63	-14.4	55	-22.3	58
Fabric mills	3132	402	411	-16.8	334	-7.1	368
Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating	3133	58	57	21.2	70	-7.4	60
Textile product mills	314						
Carpet and rug mills	31411	80	76	-2.3	77	-21.6	81
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	66	64	-21.4	50	5.1	67
Clothing manufacturing	315						
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	137	132	3.9	136	-0.7	136
Other clothing knitting mills	31519	95	91	10.2	102	0.2	103
Men's and boys' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31522	359	357	12.3	396	-19.9	369
Women's and girls' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31523	362	330	-1.2	338	-7.8	351
Clothing accessories and other clothing manufacturing	3159	64	62	5.1	66	-14.6	64
Leather and allied product manufacturing Footwear manufacturing	316 3162	83	78	-1.8	78	-10.9	92
·			. •		. •		02
Wood product manufacturing	321	2 700	2 620	0.7	2.461	0.0	2 006
Sawmills and wood preservation Veneer, plywood and engineered wood product manufacturing	3211 3212	3,708 721	3,629 697	-2.7 9.3	3,461 759	-9.8 -4.4	2,996 652
Other wood product manufacturing	3212	721	783	13.6	883	7.2	801
		755	700	10.0	000	1.2	001
Paper manufacturing	322	0.000	0.000	0.0	0.500	0.5	0.540
Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	3221 32221	2,609 526	2,633 522	-3.8	2,523 530	-8.5	2,549 514
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing	32221	252	256	1.3 7.9	272	-5.0 2.2	254
Other converted paper product manufacturing	32229	144	139	5.0	149	-3.8	147
			.00	0.0		0.0	
Printing and related support activities	323	710	000	F 0	001	4.4	000
Printing Support activities for printing	32311 32312	719 15	696 17	-5.9 -33.4	661 11	-4.4 -42.6	688 14
		15	17	-33.4	11	-42.0	14
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324						
Petroleum refineries	32411	1,352	1,439	-2.6	1,355	-12.4	1,322
Chemical manufacturing	325						
Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	205	204	-13.5	178	-4.3	184
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	32519	145	149	6.2	164	-23.8	146
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibres and		===		= =		, = -	
filaments manufacturing	3252	536	548	-0.3	547	-18.9	525
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	32532	208	141	-25.4	123	-20.3	133
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	2,481	2,464	26.6	3,092	32.8	2,665
Paint and coating manufacturing Adhesive manufacturing	32551 32552	255 85	262 82	-2.4 6.2	251 88	-9.1 15.5	249 81
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing	32552 32561	65 147	82 145	-26.6	106	-11.8	129
Toilet preparation manufacturing	32562	147	156	21.0	187	-11.0 -6.8	162
Printing ink manufacturing	32591	61	49	-4.6	50	-4.2	50
All other chemical product manufacturing	32599	296	301	7.6	321	-0.9	312
Janear on our product managed my	02000	200	501	7.0	021	0.0	312

Table 8b Inventory owned for selected industries, unadjusted - concluded

26 12 14 19 29 27 71 72 31 32 39 91	235 31 823 186 91 298 217	February 2002 229 29 819 192	% Change from 2002 \$ millio -0.1 29.9 13.1 -2.9	228 38 921	% Change from 2001	2002
12 14 19 29 27 71 72 31 32 39 91	31 823 186 91 298	29 819 192	-0.1 29.9 13.1	228 38 921		
12 14 19 29 27 71 72 31 32 39 91	31 823 186 91 298	29 819 192	29.9 13.1	38 921		
14 19 29 27 71 72 31 32 39	31 823 186 91 298	29 819 192	29.9 13.1	38 921		
14 19 29 27 71 72 31 32 39	31 823 186 91 298	29 819 192	29.9 13.1	38 921		
19 29 27 71 72 31 32 39	823 186 91 298	819 192	13.1	921		223
29 27 71 72 31 32 39 91	186 91 298	192			7.8	31 848
71 72 31 32 39	298	92		189	-7.2	189
72 31 32 39 91	298	92				
31 32 39 91			-0.8	90	-12.2	89
32 39 91		278	-1.0	278	2.8	272
39 91	105	218 104	-3.4 -9.7	203 96	-1.9 -8.6	187 102
91	90	87	-9.7 2.2	96 86	1.3	82
	150	139	1.6	135	32.0	151
99	127	128	12.6	146	0.9	141
31						
11	1,875	1,937	11.4	2,146	-1.1	2,050
21	487	491	21.0	604	6.7	543
15	290	286	4.2	301	1.0	287
32						
22	80	81	15.6	93	9.3	83
31	451	438	2.4	453	2.9	448
41 26	149 151	143 151	26.5 3.2	175 157	27.1 -7.4	148 154
						156
	542	545	3.2	562	3.6	548
33						
11	520	519	6.8	551	1.5	510
34	359	356	-5.2	333	6.8	345
	312	365	6.7	365	12.2	363
	641	623	-6.0	594	-42.7	607
	,					2,447
	44	45	26.5	57	-10.6	51
	164	165	-10.2	148	-27	160
						43
	174	155	8.2	174	10.6	160
91	76	76	-12.1	63	44.2	70
	306	307		263		291
	120	118	-10.7	107	-24.2	111
	1 650	1 770	17	1 642	2.0	1 720
						1,730 1,762
						7,817
						1,338
	129	251	-36.3	133	-35.7	145
37						
	724	726	16.3	832	9.7	772
	396	399	4.8	415	-11.1	398
39 91	176	177	-5.8	167	-5.8	180
	28 29 33 31 11 34 99 41 42 43 35 11 22 21 22 99 99 36 61 63 64 65 66 66 37	29 542 33 11 520 34 359 99 312 41 641 42 2,570 43 44 35 12 164 21 37 22 174 91 76 92 306 99 120 36 61 1,650 63 1,689 64 7,838 65 1,233 66 129 37 71 724 72 396	29 542 545 33 11 520 519 34 359 356 99 312 365 41 641 623 42 2,570 2,798 43 44 45 35 12 164 165 21 37 37 22 174 155 91 76 76 92 306 307 99 120 118 36 61 1,650 1,772 63 1,689 1,683 64 7,838 7,612 65 1,233 1,266 66 129 251 37 71 724 726 72 396 399	29 542 545 3.2 33 11 520 519 6.8 34 359 356 -5.2 99 312 365 6.7 41 641 623 -6.0 42 2,570 2,798 -18.8 43 44 45 26.5 35 12 164 165 -10.2 21 37 37 27.0 22 174 155 8.2 91 76 76 -12.1 92 306 307 -13.6 99 120 118 -10.7 36 61 1,650 1,772 -4.7 63 1,689 1,683 14.3 64 7,838 7,612 0.5 65 1,233 1,266 0.8 66 129 251 -36.3 37	29 542 545 3.2 562 33 11 520 519 6.8 551 34 359 356 -5.2 333 99 312 365 6.7 365 41 641 623 -6.0 594 42 2,570 2,798 -18.8 2,237 43 44 45 26.5 57 35 12 164 165 -10.2 148 21 37 37 27.0 47 22 174 155 8.2 174 91 76 76 -12.1 63 92 306 307 -13.6 263 99 120 118 -10.7 107 36 61 1,650 1,772 -4.7 1,643 63 1,689 1,683 14.3 1,936 64 7,838 7,612 0.5 7,623 65 1,233 1,266 0.8 1,278 66 129 251 -36.3 133 37 71 724 726 16.3 832 72 396 399	29 542 545 3.2 562 3.6 33 11 520 519 6.8 551 1.5 34 359 356 -5.2 333 6.8 99 312 365 6.7 365 12.2 41 641 623 -6.0 594 -42.7 42 2,570 2,798 -18.8 2,237 -19.6 43 44 45 26.5 57 -10.6 35 12 164 165 -10.2 148 -2.7 21 37 37 27.0 47 -19.2 22 174 155 8.2 174 10.6 91 76 76 -12.1 63 44.2 92 306 307 -13.6 263 -42.2 99 120 118 -10.7 107 -24.2 36 61 1,650 1,772 -4.7 1,643 2.9 63 1,689 1,683 14.3 1,936 3.9 64 7,838 7,612 0.5 7,623 0.3 65 1,233 1,266 0.8 1,278 </td

Table 9
Inventories owned by stage of fabrication

		Unadju	sted						
Period covered	Raw materials	Goods in process	Finished products	Tota inventories					
March 2002	27,254	15,674	19,875	62,802					
April 2002	27,133	15,604	19,748	62,485					
May 2002	26,681	15,831	19,740	61,933					
June 2002	26,301	15,759	19,130	61,190					
		15,759	•	*					
July 2002	26,991	,	18,660	61,205					
August 2002	27,198	16,209	18,823	62,231					
September 2002	27,108	15,941	19,144	62,193					
October 2002	27,379	15,975	18,942	62,295					
November 2002	27,237	16,282	19,610	63,129					
December 2002	27,600	15,742	19,047	62,389					
January 2003	27,872	15,364	19,346	62,582					
February 2003	28,296	15,896	19,939	64,131					
March 2003	28,387	15,926	20,510	64,822					
		Seasonally adjusted							
	Raw materials	Goods in process	Finished products	Tota inventories					
March 2002	26,689	15,531	19,505	61,724					
April 2002	26,882	15,628	19,351	61,861					
May 2002	26,985	15,593	19,078	61,657					
June 2002	26,840	15,780	18,992	61,612					
July 2002	27,334	15,814	18,811	61,958					
August 2002	27,420	16,152	18,835	62,407					
September 2002	27,319	15,812	19,189	62,320					
October 2002	27,450	15,913	19,217	62,580					
November 2002	27,331	16,014	19,643	62,989					
December 2002	27,591	15,943	19,626	63,161					
January 2003	27,490	15,794	19,631	62,914					
February 2003	27,668	15,930	19,839	63,436					
March 2003	27,793	15,860	20,042	63,695					

Table 10 Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted

		Current year				
Province	March	February	January	December		
	2003	2003	2003	2002		
		\$ m	illions			
Total Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan	146	132	145	177		
	88	77	86	100		
	757	693	698	725		
	1,123	969	1,028	1,086		
	10,431	9,303	9,487	9,735		
	24,771	22,184	22,798	20,264		
	990	916	916	931		
	656	567	596	559		
Alberta	3,844	3,391	3,525	3,451		
British Columbia	2,829	2,593	2,591	2,691		
311 Food manufacturing						
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	36	37	35	55		
	63	53	64	76		
	185	168	157	205		
	106	97	109	130		
	1,132	1,076	1,059	1,188		
	2,125	1,903	1,942	2,144		
	255	234	246	268		
	150	137	152	166		
	795	731	750	744		
	356	308	326	381		
312 Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Nova Scotia	18	15	12	20		
Quebec Ontario Saskatchewan British Columbia	342	252	265	378		
	532	482	420	581		
	5	4	3	5		
	78	64	60	94		
313 Textile mills Quebec Ontario	169	149	146	149		
	72	66	69	56		
314 Textile product mills Quebec Ontario Alberta British Columbia	80	73	68	71		
	88	87	88	77		
	2	2	2	2		
	9	7	7	13		
315 Clothing manufacturing Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	341	323	278	251		
	157	149	143	134		
	24	26	24	27		
	2	2	2	2		
	7	6	7	7		
	22	23	23	18		
316 Leather and allied product manufacturing Quebec Ontario	24 15	23 12	24 13	24 21		
321 Wood product manufacturing Nova Scotia Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	40	37	39	38		
	653	605	595	541		
	445	411	423	383		
	38	31	37	35		
	40	39	36	35		
	175	168	174	157		
	801	774	755	746		

Table 10
Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - continued

		Current year				
Province	March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	December 2002		
		\$ m	nillions			
322 Paper manufacturing						
Nova Scotia Quebec	78 976	71 888	66 940	79 932		
Ontario	869	791	826	769		
Alberta	127	124	124	137		
British Columbia	445	387	421	416		
323 Printing and related support activities						
Quebec	247	223	223	219		
Ontario Manitoba	489 33	399 31	416 30	438 34		
Saskatchewan	11	8	8	9		
Alberta	49	43	45	45		
British Columbia	46	42	43	43		
324 Petroleum and coal products manufacturing						
Quebec	776	751	703	678		
Ontario Alberta	1,061 839	910 748	939 714	932 646		
British Columbia	63	63	64	58		
225 Chamical manufacturing						
325 Chemical manufacturing Quebec	747	655	652	690		
Ontario	1,906	1,671	1,799	1,645		
Manitoba	51	53	61	54		
Saskatchewan	77	53	55	23		
Alberta British Columbia	636 103	572 96	628 92	615 89		
226 Blootice and withhou products manufacturing						
326 Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Nova Scotia	83	82	92	70		
Quebec	475	411	405	360		
Ontario	1,173	1,080	1,158	963		
Manitoba	42 10	42 8	40 7	35 6		
Saskatchewan Alberta	84	72	7 72	69		
British Columbia	83	76	74	72		
327 Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	10	6	9	9		
Quebec	182	136	142	144		
Ontario Saskatchewan	377 4	327 3	333 3	366 4		
Alberta	106	97	101	103		
British Columbia	118	100	97	93		
331 Primary metal manufacturing						
Quebec	1,094	1,036	1,088	1,003		
Ontario Alberta	1,508 91	1,368 89	1,510 96	1,220 84		
	91	09	90	04		
332 Fabricated metal product manufacturing	0		0	7		
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island	8 2	8 3	8 1	7 3		
lova Scotia	18	19	19	23		
New Brunswick	22	19	18	19		
Quebec	416	369	382	373		
Ontario Manitoba	1,342 73	1,227 81	1,255 66	1,078 63		
Saskatchewan	38	30	31	29		
Alberta	280	221	238	209		
British Columbia	141	130	122	110		

Table 10 Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - continued

				Current year			
Province	March 2003	February 2003	January 2003	December 2002			
		\$ m	illions				
333 Machinery manufacturing							
Quebec	420	347	336	394			
Ontario Manitoba	1,100 84	952 74	970 74	1,002 74			
Saskatchewan	65	52	46	47			
Alberta	298	217	234	226			
British Columbia	143	145	125	157			
334 Computer and electronic product manufacturing							
Quebec	532	436	417	572			
Ontario Saskatchewan	1,031 9	786 7	794 8	969 9			
Alberta	91	72	88	157			
British Columbia	69	58	55	82			
335 Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing							
Quebec	254	220	244	218			
Ontario	449	389	395	383			
Manitoba	13	12	13	15			
Saskatchewan Alberta	13 29	9 27	10 27	11 24			
British Columbia	33	30	29	29			
336 Transportation equipment manufacturing							
Nova Scotia	69	47	53	44			
Quebec	1,145	957	1,169	1,183			
Ontario	9,240	8,434	8,571	6,420			
Manitoba Saskatchewan	169 28	135 25	128 30	131 22			
Alberta	81	67	72	66			
British Columbia	104	89	90	80			
337 Furniture and related product manufacturing							
Quebec	293	253	241	227			
Ontario	571	534	570	505			
Manitoba Saskatchewan	63 7	60 6	55 6	55 6			
Alberta	66	59	67	66			
British Columbia	43	44	45	46			
339 Miscellaneous manufacturing							
Newfoundland and Labrador	1	1	0	0			
Quebec	134	119	110	139			
Ontario Manitaha	222	203	167	178			
Manitoba Saskatchewan	8 4	8 3	7 4	8 4			
Alberta	29	28	43	33			
British Columbia	49	44	48	57			

Table 10
Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - continued

	Previous	Previous year		Year-to-date		
	March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
			\$ millio	ns		
Total Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island	147 84	141 79	0.7 1.2	422 251	1.3 9.5	2,234 1,316
Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec	644 935 10,196	642 785 9,052	13.3 22.8 2.5	2,148 3,120 29,222	1.3 3.1 0.9	8,646 12,632 122,059
Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan	23,485 932 618	21,655 861 559	5.4 4.3 3.9	69,753 2,822 1,819	3.4 0.6 1.3	277,581 11,538 7,239
Alberta British Columbia	3,173 2,893	2,875 2,545	18.4 2.0	10,761 8,013	-3.4 0.4	40,966 34,236
311 Food manufacturing						
Newfoundland and Labrador	49	43	-17.6	109	10.3	891
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia	58 162	57 166	0.7 5.6	180 510	8.0 2.2	952 2,234
New Brunswick	106	97	0.3	313	4.6	2,004
Quebec Ontario	1,113 2,056	1,028 1,875	3.4 2.0	3,268 5,969	1.4 -0.1	13,573 25,085
Manitoba	237	226	3.2	735	4.3	3,023
Saskatchewan	132	140	6.2	439	3.3	1,825
Alberta British Columbia	737 332	676 297	7.1 7.2	2,276 990	-1.0 3.4	9,055 4,270
312 Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	15	14	16.6	46	1.5	213
Quebec Ontario	335 519	260 425	1.6 3.0	859 1,433	5.7 2.6	4,093 6,514
Saskatchewan	8	7	-44.9	1,433	-7.8	92
British Columbia	72	56	12.7	202	9.1	990
313 Textile mills Quebec	185	174	-10.8	464	-2.6	2,069
Ontario	78	81	-10.6	207	-5.3	912
314 Textile product mills						
Quebec Ontario	85 99	79 89	-6.4 -4.8	221 262	-2.1 3.8	1,020 1,138
Alberta	2	2	-2.1	6	-14.4	28
British Columbia	12	11	-31.9	23	4.0	153
315 Clothing manufacturing Quebec	342	356	-2.5	942	-7.4	3,937
Ontario	186	168	-9.2	450	6.6	2,020
Manitoba Saykatahayyan	27	19	16.5	74	13.1	376
Saskatchewan Alberta	1 6	1 7	23.4 -7.1	6 20	-5.6 -6.8	22 89
British Columbia	20	21	4.7	68	-15.8	263
316 Leather and allied product manufacturing	00	0.7	F 7	74	10.0	400
Quebec Ontario	23 29	27 15	-5.7 -37.5	71 40	-18.8 11.9	430 225
321 Wood product manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	45	38	-3.3	115	10.1	530
Quebec Ontario	662 478	571 423	5.6 -2.7	1,853 1,279	11.9 7.7	7,637 5,622
Manitoba	39	35	-3.0	105	-13.5	501
Saskatchewan Alborta	34	24	37.6	115	39.0	430
Alberta British Columbia	186 976	166 882	-1.1 -12.8	517 2,331	2.8 4.8	2,265 10,830
	310	002	-12.0	۱ ۵۰,۵	4.0	10,000

Table 10 Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - continued

	Previous	Previous year		te	Annual	
	March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
			\$ million	18		
322 Paper manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	70	68	3.5	214	-17.9	881
Quebec Ontario	971 817	888 787	-0.3 1.2	2,804 2,487	-2.7 -3.6	11,729 10,091
Alberta	119	117	-0.1	375	4.0	1,553
British Columbia	417	370	10.3	1,252	-11.7	4,790
323 Printing and related support activities						
Quebec	228	222	5.8	692	-11.3	2,749
Ontario Manitoba	478 35	403 36	0.6 -10.1	1,304 94	2.0 -6.4	5,351 436
Saskatchewan	10	7	15.6	27	6.1	106
Alberta	50	45	1.7	137	-5.4	574
British Columbia	57	47	-14.0	131	-10.7	608
324 Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	405	44.4	05.4	0.000	0.7	0.045
Quebec Ontario	495 738	411 612	65.4 45.3	2,230 2,910	6.7 -2.9	6,845 9,861
Alberta	554	452	57.0	2,300	1.0	7,491
British Columbia	64	57	2.9	191	-4.8	754
325 Chemical manufacturing						
Quebec	687	677	0.8	2,054	6.8	8,711
Ontario Manitoba	1,647 38	1,448 43	16.6 25.1	5,375 165	7.8 -12.6	20,076 616
Saskatchewan	30 72	43 47	13.0	185	-10.8	562
Alberta	467	448	34.1	1,836	-6.7	6,456
British Columbia	85	73	26.2	291	7.1	1,076
326 Plastics and rubber products manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	91	85	-3.2	257	6.9	1,141
Quebec Ontario	433 1,115	382 1,054	9.6 6.4	1,291 3,411	10.7 6.9	5,208 13,805
Manitoba	44	37	5.8	124	7.5	508
Saskatchewan	9	7	7.3	26	5.4	98
Alberta British Columbia	75 79	63 68	10.2 10.0	228 233	-4.0 -3.1	1,023 1,008
	73	00	10.0	200	0.1	1,000
327 Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Nova Scotia	9	7	7.3	25	1.2	162
Quebec	165	135	9.6	461	10.8	2,701
Ontario	346	306	7.1	1,037	4.9	5,264
Saskatchewan Alberta	4 83	4 78	-11.9 25.4	10 303	-8.2 24.1	113 1,510
British Columbia	92	83	24.7	315	17.0	1,357
331 Primary metal manufacturing						
Quebec	1,086	991	3.2	3,218	7.8	12,712
Ontario	1,289	1,201	17.9	4,386	11.9	16,003
Alberta	69	67	27.5	277	-10.7	896
332 Fabricated metal product manufacturing	_					•
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island	6 1	4 1	99.9 77.5	25 7	-15.5 -1.5	88 25
Nova Scotia	20	17	5.0	57	-1.5 17.2	264
New Brunswick	22	19	-3.8	59	-5.7	268
Quebec	410	394	-0.2	1,167	1.8	5,329
Ontario Manitoba	1,362 55	1,288 48	-2.4 49.2	3,824 220	4.7 -2.0	16,165 707
Saskatchewan	31	28	17.3	99	-6.5	416
Alberta	196	198	22.9	738	-2.7	2,637
British Columbia	123	116	10.6	393	2.2	1,609

Table 10 Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - concluded

	Previous year		Year-to-date		Annual	
	March 2002	February 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
			\$ millio	ns		
333 Machinery manufacturing						
Quebec	405	331	-4.1	1,103	0.2	4,587
Ontario	1,117	973 78	-2.4	3,022 231	4.1 9.4	12,943
Manitoba Saskatchewan	93 68	78 68	-12.5 -16.2	163	9.4 7.4	1,042 662
Alberta	263	241	-3.7	748	-14.5	2,872
British Columbia	129	108	24.6	414	8.7	1,594
334 Computer and electronic product manufacturing						
Quebec	667	495	-14.4	1,385	-18.1	6,588
Ontario	1,199	928	-13.2	2,611	-13.9	11,900
Saskatchewan	8	6	13.3	24	12.7	94
Alberta	118	84	-14.9	251	-29.9	1,392
British Columbia	77	55	-4.7	182	-17.7	879
335 Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	0.47	000	0.0	747	40.0	0.000
Quebec Ontario	247 465	222 427	3.6 -7.1	717 1.234	10.6 -12.2	2,930 5,210
Manitoba	18	12	-7.1 -11.1	37	-12.2 -14.7	183
Saskatchewan	21	20	-49.9	32	-45.0	208
Alberta	23	25	13.3	83	9.5	328
British Columbia	31	27	8.4	92	-32.9	345
336 Transportation equipment manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	63	106	-27.5	168	29.7	862
Quebec	1,245	1,019	-9.5	3,271	-7.0	14,134
Ontario	8,711	8,465	5.9	26,245	6.5	100,483
Manitoba Saskatchewan	132 26	132 28	3.8 1.0	432 82	0.2 21.7	1,603 349
Alberta	70	64	8.6	220	0.5	785
British Columbia	115	103	-6.2	282	-4.9	1,283
337 Furniture and related product manufacturing						
Quebec	280	269	1.6	787	11.4	3,293
Ontario	583	509	3.8	1,675	-2.2	6,629
Manitoba	62	60	-1.9	178	11.3	743
Saskatchewan	7	7	-3.9	20	3.3	89
Alberta British Columbia	69 40	64 42	-4.4 10.2	192 132	-3.9 14.4	838 525
	10		10.2	102		020
339 Miscellaneous manufacturing Newfoundland and Labrador	2	1	-45.9	2	22.1	18
Quebec	133	122	0.3	363	11.3	1,785
Ontario	173	178	11.0	592	6.8	2,284
Manitoba	11	9	-13.2	23	-11.0	107
Saskatchewan	3	3	11.6	.11	-2.0	44
Alberta	30	30	3.3	100	7.8	440
British Columbia	47	44	10.1	142	15.0	606

Survey documentation

- About the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing
- Concepts and definitions
- Survey Design and Methodology
- **Data Quality**

About the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing

The statistics contained in this publication are based on information obtained through a sample survey of 11.000 representative manufacturing establishments across Canada. The Monthly Survey of Manufacturers started in 1947 and although its content has remained essentially the same, it underwent a major redesign with respect to the frame in 1999.

The values (in Canadian dollars) of shipments, inventories and orders are used as indicators of the economic condition of manufacturing industries; as inputs to Canada's Gross Domestic Product; as two components in the Statistics Canada composite indicator; as input to macro- and microeconomic studies and in econometric models (e.g. to determine market share, apparent domestic availability, etc.).

Since 1999, Statistics Canada's Business Register provides the sampling frame for the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (MSM). The target population for the MSM consists of all statistical establishments on the business register that are classified to the manufacturing sector. The sampling frame for the MSM is determined from the target population after subtracting establishments that represent the bottom 2% of the total manufacturing shipments estimate for each province. These establishments are excluded from the frame so that the sample size can be reduced without significantly affecting quality.

Concepts and Definitions

The Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (MSM) publishes statistical series for manufacturers – shipments, inventories. unfilled orders and new orders. The values of these characteristics represent current monthly estimates of the more complete Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) data.

The MSM is a sample survey of approximately 11,000 Canadian manufacturing establishments, which are categorized into over 200 industries. Industries are classified according to the 1997 North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS), which replaced the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. Reference year 2000 is the last year for which data are released on a SIC basis. The MSM adopted the NAICS for its 2001 reference, while previous years' data have been re-calculated to the new classification system back to 1992. Seasonally adjusted series are available for the main aggregates.

An establishment comprises the smallest manufacturing unit capable of reporting the variables of interest. Data collected by the MSM provides a current 'snapshot' of shipment values by the Canadian manufacturing sector, enabling analysis of the state of the Canadian economy, as well as the health of specific industries in the short- to medium-term. The information is used by both private and public sectors including Statistics Canada, federal and provincial governments, business and trade entities, international and domestic nongovernmental organizations, consultants, the business press and private citizens. The data are used for analyzing market share, trends, corporate benchmarking, policy analysis, program development, tax policy and trade policy.

1. Shipments

Shipments are defined as the value of goods manufactured by establishments that have been shipped to a customer. Shipments exclude any wholesaling activity, and any revenues from the rental of equipment or the sale of electricity. Note that in practice, some respondents report financial trans-actions rather than payments for work done. Shipments are available by 3-digit NAICS, broken down by province.

For the aerospace product and parts, and shipbuilding industries, the value of production is used instead of shipments. This value is calculated by adjusting monthly shipments by the monthly change in goods in process and finished product inventories. Raw materials are not included in the calculation since production tries to measure "work done" during the month. This is done in order to reduce distortions caused by the shipment of high value items as completed sales.

2. Inventories

Measurement of component values of inventory is important for economic studies as well as for derivation of production values. Respondents are asked to report their book values (at cost), of raw materials, any goods in process, and finished product inventories separate-ly. In some cases, respondents estimate a total inventory figure, which is allocated on the basis of proportions reported on the ASM. Inventory levels are calculated on a Canadawide basis, not by province.

3. Orders

a) Unfilled Orders

Unfilled orders represent a backlog or stock of orders that will generate future shipments assuming that they are not cancelled. As with inventories, unfilled orders and new orders levels are calculated on a Canadawide basis, not by province.

The MSM produces estimates for unfilled orders for all industries except for those industries where orders are customarily filled from stocks on hand and order books are not gen-erally maintained. In the case of the aircraft companies, options to purchase are not treated as orders until they are entered into the account-ing system.

b) New Orders

New orders represent current demand for manufactured products. Estimates of new orders are derived from shipments and unfilled orders data. All shipments within a month result from either an order received during the month or at some earlier time. New orders can be calculated as the sum of shipments adjusted for the monthly change in unfilled orders.

4. Non-Durable / Durable goods

a) Non-durable goods industries

Non-durable goods industries include Food (NAICS 311), Beverage and Tobacco Products (312), Textile Mills (313), Textile Product Mills (314), Leather and Allied Products (316), Paper (322), Printing and Related Support Activities (323), Petroleum and Coal Products (324), Chemicals (325) and Plastic and Rubber Products (326)

b) Durable goods industries

Durable goods industries include Clothing (NAICS 315), Wood Products (321), Non-Metallic Mineral Products (327), Primary Metals (331), Fabricated Metal Products (332), Machinery (333), Computer and Electronic Products (334), Electrical Equipment, Appliance and Components (335), Transportation Equipment (336), Furniture and Related Products (337) and Miscellaneous Manufacturing (339).

Survey Design and Methodology

Beginning with the August 1999 reference month, the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (MSM) has undergone an extensive redesign.

Concept Review

It was decided that before any redesign work could begin the basic concepts and definitions of the program would be confirmed.

This was done in two ways: First, a review of user requirements was initiated. This involved revisiting an internal report to ensure that the user requirements from that exercise were being satisfied. As well, another round of internal review with the major users in the National Accounts was undertaken. This was to specifically focus on any data gaps that could be identified.

Secondly, with these gaps or requirements in hand, a survey was conducted in order to ascertain respondent's ability to report existing and new data. The study was also to confirm that respondents understood the definitions, which were being asked by survey analysts.

The result of the concept review was a reduction of the number of questions for the survey from sixteen to seven. Most of the questions that were dropped had to do with the reporting of shipments for work that was partially completed.

Methodology

The new sample design incorporates the 1997 North American Industrial Classification Standard (NAICS) and gives a much higher profile to provincial estimates. Stratification is done by province with equal quality requirements for each province. Large size units are selected with certainty and small units are selected with a probability based on the desired quality of the estimate within a cell.

The opportunity was also taken at this time to allow for the introduction of sample rotation into the survey design. Most of the smaller companies who are asked to participate in the survey will do so only for a set period.

The estimation system generates estimates using the NAICS. The estimates will also continue to be reconciled to the ASM. Provincial estimates for all variables will be produced. A measure of quality (CV) will also be produced.

Components of the Redesigned Survey

Target Population and Sampling Frame

Statistics Canada's business register provides the sampling frame for the MSM. The target population for the MSM consists of all statistical establishments on the business register that are classified to the manufacturing sector (by NAICS). The sampling frame for the MSM is determined from the target population after subtracting establishments that represent the bottom 2% of the total manufacturing shipments estimate for each province. These establishments were excluded from the frame so that the sample size could be reduced without significantly affecting quality.

The Sample

The MSM sample is a probability sample comprised of approximately 11,000 establishments.

Prior to selection, the sampling frame is subdivided into industry-province cells. For the most part, NAICS codes were used. Depending upon the number of establishments within each cell, further subdivisions were made to group similar sized establishments' together (called stratum). An establishment's size was based on its most recently available annual shipments or sales value.

Each industry by province cell has a 'take-all' stratum composed of establishments sampled each month with certainty. This 'take-all' stratum is composed of establishments that are the largest statistical enterprises, and have the largest impact on estimates within a particular industry by province cell. These large statistical enterprises comprise 45% of the national manufacturing shipment estimates.

Each industry - province cell can have at most three 'takesome' strata. Not all establishments within these stratums need to be sampled with certainty. A random sample is drawn from the remaining strata. The responses from these sampled establishments are weighted according to the inverse of their probability of selection.

The initial sample was selected in late 1998 and has been refreshed each month by including a sample of new entrants in the frame.

Data Collection

Data collection, data capture, preliminary edit and follow-up of non-respondents are all performed in Statistics Canada regional offices. Sampled establishments are contacted by mail or telephone according to the preference of the respondent. Data capture and preliminary editing are performed simultaneously to ensure the validity of the data.

In some cases, combined reports are received from enterprises or companies with more than one establishment in the sample where respondents prefer not to provide individual establishment reports. Businesses, which do not report or whose reports contain errors, are followed up immediately.

Data Quality

Statistical Edit and Imputation

Data are analyzed within each industry-province cell. Extreme values are listed for inspection by the magnitude of the deviation from average behavior. Respondents are contacted to verify extreme values. Records that fail statistical edits are considered outliers and are not used for imputation.

Values are imputed for the non-responses, for establishments that do not report or only partially complete the survey form. A number of imputation methods are used depending on the variable requiring treatment. Methods include using industryprovince cell trends, historical responses, or reference to the ASM. Following imputation, the MSM staff performs a final verification of the responses that have been imputed.

Revisions

In conjunction with preliminary estimates for the current month, estimates for the previous three months are revised to account for any late returns. Data are revised when late responses are received or if an incorrect response was reported earlier.

Estimation

Estimates are calculated by multiplying an estimation weight to an establishment's reported responses. The estimation weight is the inverse of the sampled establishment's probability of selection. Take all units are self-representative.

Benchmarking

The MSM is periodically benchmarked to the most recent results of the Annual Survey of Manufactures (approximately eighteen months after the end of the reference year). Benchmarking is a process designed to calibrate the monthly estimates to the level of the more complete Annual Survey of Manufacturers. The result is that the two surveys have consistent totals at the aggregated level. The MSM estimates were benchmarked to the 1998 ASM with the release of the January 2001 reference month.

Sampling and Non-sampling Errors

The statistics in this publication are estimates derived from a sample survey and, as such, can be subject to errors. The following material is provided to assist the reader in the interpretation of the estimates published.

Estimates derived from a sample survey are subject to a number of different kinds of errors. These errors can be broken down into two major types: sampling and nonsampling.

1. Sampling Errors

Sampling errors are an inherent risk of sample surveys. They result from the difference between the value of a variable if it is randomly sampled and its value if a census is taken (or the average of all possible random values). These errors are present because observations are made only on a sample and not on the entire population.

The sampling error depends on factors such as the size of the sample, variability in the population, sampling design and method of estimation. For example, for a given sample size, the sampling error will depend on the stratification procedure employed, allocation of the sample, choice of the sampling units and method of selection. (Further, even for the same sampling design, we can make different calculations to arrive at the most efficient estimation procedure.) The most important feature of probability sampling is that the sampling error can be measured from the sample itself.

2. Non-sampling Errors

Non-sampling errors result from a systematic flaw in the structure of the data-collection procedure or design of any or all variables examined. They create a difference between the value of a variable obtained by sampling or census methods and the variable's true value. These errors are present whether a sample or a complete census of the population is taken. Non-sampling errors can be attributed to one or more of the following sources:

- a) Coverage error: This error can result from incomplete listing and inadequate coverage of the population of interest.
- b) Data response error: This error may be due to questionnaire design, the characteristics of a question, inability or unwillingness of the respondent to provide correct information, misinterpretation of the questions or definitional problems.
- c) Non-response error: Some respondents may refuse to answer questions, some may be unable to respond, and others may be too late in responding. Data for the non-responding units can be imputed using the data from responding units or some earlier data on the non-responding units if available.

The extent of error due to imputation is usually unknown and is very much dependent on any characteristic differences between the respondent group and the non-respondent group in the survey. This error generally decreases with increases in the response rate and attempts are therefore made to obtain as high a response rate as possible.

d) Processing error: These errors may occur at various stages of processing such as coding, data entry, verification, editing, weighting, and tabulation, etc. Non-sampling errors are difficult to measure. More important, non-sampling errors require control at the level at which their presence does not impair the use and interpretation of the results.

Measures have been undertaken to minimize the nonsampling errors. For example, units have been defined in a most precise manner and the most up-to-date listings have been used. Questionnaires have been carefully designed to minimize different interpretations. As well, detailed acceptance testing has been carried out for the different stages of editing and processing and every possible effort has been made to reduce the non-response rate as well as the response burden.

Measures of Sampling and Non-sampling Errors

1. Sampling Error Measures

The sample used in this survey is one of a large number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design under the same general conditions. If it was possible that each one of these samples could be surveyed under essentially the same conditions, with an estimate calculated from each sample, it would be expected that the sample estimates would differ from each other.

The average estimate derived from all these possible sample estimates is termed the expected value. The expected value can also be expressed as the value that would be obtained if a census enumeration were taken under identical conditions of collection and processing. An estimate calculated from a sample survey is said to be precise if it is near the expected value.

Sample estimates may differ from this expected value of the estimates. However, since the estimate is based on a probability sample, the variability of the sample estimate with respect to its expected value can be measured. The variance of an estimate is a measure of the precision of the sample estimate and is defined as the average, over all possible samples, of the squared difference of the estimate from its expected value.

The standard error is a measure of precision in absolute terms. The coefficient of variation, defined as the standard error divided by the sample estimate, is a measure of precision in relative terms. For comparison purposes, one may more readily compare the sampling error of one estimate to the sampling error of another estimate by using the coefficient of variation.

In this publication, the coefficient of variation is used to measure the sampling error of the estimates. However, since the coefficient of variation published for this survey is calculated from the responses of individual units, it also measures some non-sampling error.

The formula used to calculate the published coefficients of variation (CV) in Table 1 is:

$$CV(X) = \frac{S(X)}{X}$$

where X denotes the estimate and S(X) denotes the standard error of X.

In this publication, the coefficient of variation is expressed as a percentage.

Confidence intervals can be constructed around the estimate using the estimate and the coefficient of variation. Thus, for our sample, it is possible to state with a given level of confidence that the expected value will fall within the confidence interval constructed around the estimate. For example, if an estimate of \$12,000,000 has a coefficient of variation of 10%, the standard error will be \$1,200,000 or the estimate multiplied by the coefficient of variation. It can then be stated with 68% confidence that the expected value will fall within the interval whose length equals the standard deviation about the estimate, i.e., between \$10,800,000 and \$13,200,000. Alternatively, it can be stated with 95% confidence that the expected value will fall within the interval whose length equals two standard deviations about the estimate, i.e., between \$9,600,000 and \$14,400,000.

The table below contains the national level CVs, expressed as a percentage, for all manufacturing for the MSM characteristics. For CVs at other aggregate levels, contact the Marketing and Dissemination Section at (613) 951-9497. toll free: 1-866-873-8789 or by e-mail at manufact@statcan.ca.

National Level CVs by Characteristic

Month	Shipments	Raw Material Inven- tories	Goods in Process Inven- tories	Finished Product Inven- tories	Unfilled Orders
			%		
March 2002 April 2002 May 2002 June 2002 July 2002 August 2002 September 2002 October 2002 November 2002	0.53	1.30 1.34 1.38 1.41 0.88 0.88 0.90 0.93	0.79 0.81 0.75 0.73 0.62 0.65 0.73 0.72	1.50 1.52 1.44 1.51 1.34 1.36 1.40 1.33	1.50 1.39 1.37 1.37 1.37 1.42 1.52 1.86
December 2002 January 2003 February 2003 March 2003		0.92 0.89 0.88 0.91	0.74 0.75 0.73 0.76	1.20 1.24 1.24 1.26	1.82 1.80 1.77 1.75

2. Non-sampling Error Measures

The exact population value is aimed at or desired by both a sample survey as well as a census. We say the estimate is accurate if it is near this value. Although this value is desired, we cannot assume that the exact value of every unit in the population or sample can be obtained and processed without error. Any difference between the expected value and the exact population value is termed the bias. Systematic biases in the data cannot be measured by the probability measures of sampling error as previously described. The accuracy of a survey estimate is determined by the joint effect of sampling and non-sampling errors.

Three sources of non-sampling error in the MSM are nonresponse error, imputation error and the error due to editing. To assist users in evaluating these errors, weighted rates that are related to these three types of error are given in Table 2. The following is an example of what is meant by a weighted rate. A cell with a sample of 20 units in which five respond for a particular month would have a response rate of 25%. If these five reporting units represented \$8 million out of a total estimate of \$10 million, the weighted response rate would be 80%.

The definitions of the three weighted rates noted in Table 2 follow. The weighted response rate is the proportion of a characteristic's total estimate that is based upon reported data (excluding data that has been edited). The weighted imputation rate is the proportion of a characteristic's total estimate that is based upon imputed data. The weighted editing rate is the proportion of a characteristic's total estimate that is based upon data that was edited (edited data may have been originally reported or imputed).

The table below contains the three types of weighted rates for each of the characteristics at the national level for all of manufacturing. In the table, the rates (expressed as percentages) are averages over the last thirteen months.

Average National Weighted Rates by Characteristic

Characteristic	Response	Imputation	Editing
		%	
Shipments Raw Materials Goods in Process Finished Products Unfilled Orders	93.21 79.58 84.75 80.98 88.85	4.81 17.58 10.83 14.54 5.61	1.99 2.85 4.42 4.48 5.54

Joint Interpretation of Measures of Error

The measure of non-response error as well as the coefficient of variation must be considered jointly to have an overview of the quality of the estimates. The lower the coefficient of variation and the higher the weighted response rate, the better will be the published estimate.

Seasonal Adjustment

Economic time series contain the elements essential to the description, explanation and forecasting of the behavior of an economic phenomenon. They are statistical records of

the evolution of economic processes through time. In using time series to observe economic activity, economists and statisticians have identified four characteristic behavioral components: the long-term movement or trend, the cycle, the seasonal variations and the irregular fluctuations. These movements are caused by various economic, climatic or institutional factors. The seasonal variations occur periodically on a more or less regular basis over the course of a year. These variations occur as a result of seasonal changes in weather, statutory holidays and other events that occur at fairly regular intervals and thus have a significant impact on the rate of economic activity.

In the interest of accurately interpreting the fundamental evolution of an economic phenomenon and producing forecasts of superior quality, Statistics Canada uses the X11ARIMA/88 seasonal adjustment method to seasonally adjust its time series. This method minimizes the impact of seasonal variations on the series and essentially consists of adding one year of estimated raw data to the end of the original series before it is seasonally adjusted per se. The estimated data are derived from forecasts using ARIMA (Auto Regressive Integrated Moving Average) models of the Box-Jenkins type.

The X-11 part of the X11ARIMA/88 program uses primarily a ratio-to-moving average method. It is used to smooth the modified series and obtain a preliminary estimate of the trendcycle. It also calculates the ratios of the original series (fitted) to the estimates of the trend-cycle and estimates the seasonal factors from these ratios. The final seasonal factors are produced only after these operations have been repeated several times.

The procedures to determine the seasonal factors necessary to calculate the final seasonally adjusted data are executed every month. This approach ensures that the estimated seasonal factors are derived from an unadjusted series that includes all the available information about the series, i.e. the current month's unadjusted data as well as the previous month's revised unadjusted data.

While seasonal adjustment permits a better understanding of the underlying trend-cycle of a series, the seasonally adjusted series still contains an irregular component. Slight month-to-month variations in the seasonally adjusted series may be simple irregular movements. To get a better idea of the underlying trend, users should examine several months of the seasonally adjusted series.

The Canada seasonally adjusted total is derived indirectly by the summation of the individually seasonally adjusted kinds of business.

Trend

A seasonally adjusted series may contain the effects of irregular influences and special circumstances and these can mask the trend. The short term trend shows the underlying direction in seasonally adjusted series by averaging across months, thus smoothing out the effects of irregular influences. The result is a more stable series. The trend for the last month may be, subject to significant revision as values in future months are included in the averaging process.