



Monthly Survey of Manufacturing

June 2003





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June 2003

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- . not available for any reference period.
- .. not available for a specific reference period.
- ... not applicable.
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act.

Notice to users

Estimates in this publication are subject to revision to accommodate newly received information. It is advisable to always use data from the most recent issue.

In the following tables, some components may not add exactly to the total, because of rounding.

For a complete description of concepts, methodology and definitions, please refer to the "Survey Documentation" section at the end of this publication or consult Statistics Canada's Website at www.statcan.ca/english/sdds/2101.htm .

A note on CANSIM

The data published in Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (Tables 304-0014 and 304-0015) (Catalogue No. 31-001-XIE) are also available in machine-readable form through CANSIM (Canadian Socio-Economic Information Management System). Users interested in accessing data via CANSIM should contact one of Statistics Canada's regional centres at the numbers listed on the inside front cover of this Publication, or contact the Marketing Division, Statistics Canada R.H. Coats Building, Ottawa, Ontario, KIA 0T6 (613) 951-8200.

Acknowledgement

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Highlights

Manufacturing shipments decreased 0.5% to \$41.9 billion in June, culminating a lacklustre second quarter. Manufacturers sliced 4.4% off shipments in the second quarter, wiping out the first quarter's gains.

Other manufacturing indicators reported mixed signals. Unfilled orders continued to slide in June (-1.3%), the tenth consecutive decline. On the positive front, inventory levels decreased for the second month in a row and new orders also picked up in June, following a two-month decline.

Decreases in shipments were extensive in June, including 14 of 21 industries, accounting for 78% of total shipments. Meanwhile, the trend for shipments has remained negative for the eighth consecutive month.

Motor vehicle manufacturing pulls down Ontario shipments

Ontario bore the brunt of the drop, as six provinces reported lower shipments in June. Shipments in Ontario fell by \$410 million (-1.8%) to \$22.3 billion, a four-month low in 2003. Motor vehicles, primary metals and machinery manufacturing contributed to the decline.

Shipments in British Columbia contracted by \$41.2 million (-1.5%) to \$2.7 billion. The slide was concentrated in the paper and chemical industries, and marked the sixth consecutive drop in manufacturing activity.

Quebec made up lost ground in June, partly offsetting Canada's overall decline in shipments during the month. Shipments rose by \$164.6 million (+1.7) to \$9.7 billion, following a string of three monthly decreases. A boost in quarter-end production of computer and electronic products contributed to the rise.

Alberta was badly hit by the closure of the international export market for beef products. Shipments went down by 143 million (-4.0%).

Weak second quarter

Although the manufacturing sector started the year on a relatively positive note, the second quarter was far from stellar. Fewer new orders filled the books in the second quarter and the level of unfilled orders continued to weaken. Manufacturers cut shipments by a sizable 4.4% to \$126.6 billion in the second quarter, after posting a 1.5% rise in the first.

A significantly stronger Canadian dollar, coupled with the ongoing adverse affects of the single case of bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE), or mad cow disease, detected in Alberta in May, contributed to the downturn in manufacturing activity this quarter. The US economy, however, is showing some early indications of a modest recovery.

Shipments by province and territory

	May 2003	June 2003	May to June 2003
	Seas	ed	
	\$1	% change	
Newfoundland and Labrador	196	220	12.4
Prince Edward Island	114	113	-1.5
Nova Scotia	730	711	-2.5
New Brunswick	1,015	1,072	5.6
Quebec	9,570	9,734	1.7
Ontario	22,759	22,349	-1.8
Manitoba	940	938	-0.3
Saskatchewan	613	622	1.5
Alberta	3,478	3,472	-0.2
British Columbia	2,708	2,667	-1.5
Yukon, Northwest Territories			
and Nunavut	5	5	3.2

Manufacturers' concerns linger

In July, manufacturers noted concerns with lower levels of unfilled orders and higher finished-product inventories. According to the recent release of the Business Conditions Survey, manufacturers do not expect to increase production in the coming three months.

Manufacturing employment increased slightly in July

According to the latest release of the Labour Force Survey, employment in manufacturing increased slightly in July (+0.1%). Employment has declined 61,000 (-2.6%) over the first seven months of 2003, primarily the result of continued weakness in Ontario. In the United States, factory employment has fallen 2.7% over the same period.

US manufacturers boast a second consecutive monthly increase in shipments

While Canadian manufacturers faced a dismal second quarter, their US counterparts began to stir. After an extended period of weakness, dating back to the 2001 recession, US shipments rose a healthy 1.1% in June, following a 0.3% increase in May. Durable and non-durable goods manufacturers both contributed to the rise.

Manufacturers in the US also reported optimistic results for inventories and orders. Inventories fell back 0.2%, the fourth consecutive decline. Meanwhile, unfilled orders were up 0.3%.

Autos and machinery drive down Canadian shipments

In June, shipments of motor vehicles decreased 3.4% to \$5.3 billion, the third decline in 2003. Shipments are the lowest since last December (\$4.7 billion). The start of summer's annual shutdowns in late June at some plants, and manufacturers' ongoing efforts to reduce retail inventory levels, contributed to the lower shipments. Quarterly shipments edged back 1.4%, following a robust first quarter (+5.3%).

The machinery and paper industries also reported sharp declines in June. Shipments of machinery fell 5.4% to \$1.8 billion, following May's strong gain (+3.0%). The completion of several contracts contributed to May's rise. Paper manufacturing declined for the third straight month to \$2.6 billion (-2.8%).

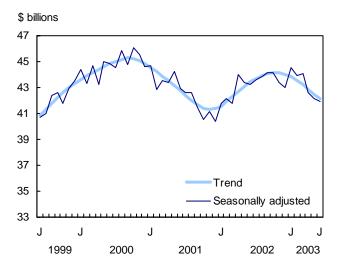
Mad cow disease hammers meat processors

The food industry also reported lower shipments in June, as the effects of mad cow disease battered parts of the industry. Food shipments fell 1.0% to \$5.2 billion, following a 1.3% drop in May. Shipments are at the lowest level since July 2002.

Key international export markets for Canadian beef products remained closed in June following the diagnosis of a single case of mad cow disease in an Alberta cow on May 20. Manufacturers of the animal (except poultry) slaughtering industry reported shipments of \$638.7 million, down 15.5% from May, and well off June 2002 levels (-27%).

In Alberta, the province hit hardest by the closure of the international export market for beef products, shipments of slaughtered animals (excluding poultry) plunged a staggering 33.7% in June. This follows an 8.4% drop in May. Processing and meat-packing plants have been adversely affected by the export ban, as many farmers held on to their herds of slaughter cattle, pending a lift of the ban.

Shipments decline three months in a row



Manufacturers reduce inventory levels in June

For the second straight month, manufacturers reported lower inventory levels. In June, inventories fell back 0.9% to \$62.9 billion, following a 0.7% drop in May. The inventory trend remained unchanged for a third month.

Since mid-2002, inventories had been on a steady rise as manufacturers faced weak global demand. Total inventories, which had bottomed out at \$61.6 billion one year ago, peaked again by April 2003 at \$63.9 billion, the highest level since mid-2001. Production slowdowns during the second guarter of 2003 contributed to a \$1.0 billion decline in inventories over the last two months.

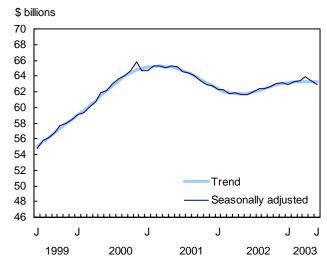
Manufacturers of primary metals (-2.8%) and computers and electronic products (-2.8%) were the main contributors to the lower inventories in June.

All three stages of fabrication were responsible for the decline in June's inventories. Raw materials decreased 0.8% to \$27.2 billion, the third consecutive drop. Meanwhile, goods-inprocess inventories fell 1.1%, the fourth decrease since the start of the year.

Finished-product inventories decline for the first time since January

Finished-product inventories, which increased almost 3.0% from January to May, fell back 0.7% to \$19.9 billion in June, the first decline in five months. The trend, which remained positive since July 2002, continued to slow in recent months.

Inventories decline for a second month in a row



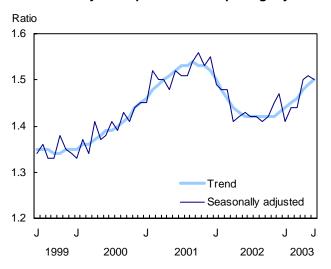
Inventory-to-shipment ratio remains high

Following a significant jump in April, the inventory-to-shipment ratio remained near record highs for the third month in a row. In June, the ratio edged back slightly to 1.50 from May's 1.51. which was the highest level since December 2001 (1.55). Lower shipments and inventories contributed to the relatively stable ratio.

The inventory-to-shipment ratio hovered around 1.43 from January to March. A higher ratio indicates some difficulty by manufacturers to clear inventories due to weakening demand.

The finished-product inventory-to-shipment ratio dropped slightly to 0.47. The ratio has been on an upward trend since the autumn of 2002. The ratio is a measure of the time that would be required in order to exhaust finished-product inventories if shipments were to remain at their current level.

The inventory-to-shipment ratio slips slightly



Unfilled orders fall ten months straight

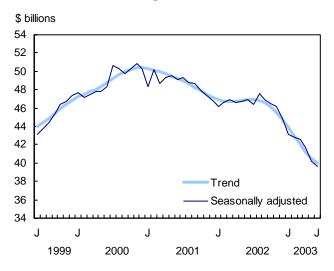
Fewer unfilled orders continued to impede the manufacturing sector. In June, unfilled orders declined a further 1.3% to \$39.6 billion, the lowest level in almost six years, and the tenth consecutive decrease. This remains the longest string of declines since the 1990-1991 recession.

More than one-third (34%) of manufacturers reported in July's Business Conditions Survey that their level of unfilled orders was lower than normal. Only 6% said it was higher than normal.

Widespread weaknesses in unfilled orders were reported in June, and were led by the beleaguered aerospace products and parts industry. Unfilled orders dropped 2.7% to \$12.3 billion, the twenty-first consecutive decrease by aerospace manufacturers. Manufacturers have received fewer orders for new aircraft and parts, as many global airlines continue to struggle financially during the current downturn of the aviation sector.

The computer and electronic products industry reported an 8.0% decline in unfilled orders. Orders were \$3.6 billion in June, the lowest level in 16 months. Machinery manufacturers also reported a 3.7% decline in unfilled orders to \$6.0 billion. This follows an 11.0% drop in May.

Unfilled orders slide again



New orders pick up in June

New orders rose 2.0% to \$41.4 billion in June, following decreases in April (-5.0%) and May (-2.7%). Increases in the transportation equipment and machinery industries offset a sharp decline in new orders for computers.

Note to readers

In addition to current-month estimates, data for the previous three months are regularly revised. Factors influencing revisions include late receipt of company data, incorrect information reported earlier, replacement of estimates with actual figures (once available), and seasonal adjustments. Consult the appropriate CANSIM tables for revised data.

Non-durable goods industries include food, beverage and tobacco products, textile mills, textile product mills, leather and allied products, paper, printing and related support activities, petroleum and coal products, chemicals and plastic and rubber products.

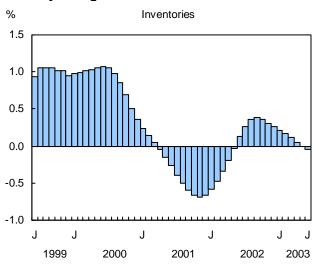
Durable goods industries include clothing, wood products, non-metallic mineral products, primary metals, fabricated metal products, machinery, computer and electronic products, electrical equipment, appliance and components, transportation equipment, furniture and related products and miscellaneous manufacturing.

Unfilled orders are a stock of orders that will contribute to future shipments assuming that the orders are not

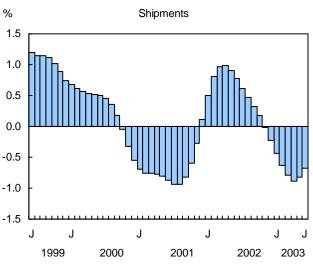
New orders are those received whether shipped in the current month or not. They are measured as the sum of shipments for the current month plus the change in unfilled orders. Some people interpret new orders as orders that will lead to future demand. This is inappropriate since the "new orders" variable includes orders that have already been shipped. Readers should take note that the monthto-month change in new orders may be volatile. This will happen particularly if the previous month's change in unfilled orders is closely related to the current month's change.

Not all orders will be translated into Canadian factory shipments because portions of large contracts can be subcontracted out to manufacturers in other countries.

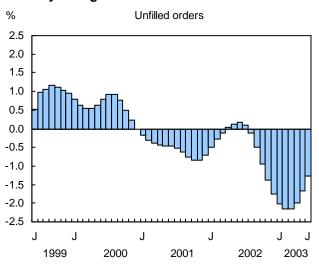
Monthly change in trend



Monthly change in trend



Monthly change in trend



Products and Services

Related Products and Data Sources

- Manufacturing Industries of Canada, 31-203-XPB
- Business Condition Survey, CANSIM (\$) tables 302-0007 and 302-0008
- Perspectives on Labour and Income, 75-001-XIE or 75-001-XPE
- Industrial Product Price Indexes, 62-011-XIE or 62-011-XPB
- Industrial Capacity Utilization Rates CANSIM II table 028-0002

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Schedule of releases	Monthly Survey of Manufacturing
Reference period	Release date
November 2002	January 22, 2003
December 2002	February 18, 2003
January 2003	March 18, 2003
February 2003	April 16, 2003
March 2003	May 15, 2003
April 2003	June 13, 2003
May 2003	July 16, 2003
June 2003	August 14, 2003
July 2003	September 16, 2003
August 2003	October 15, 2003
September 2003	November 14, 2003
October 2003	December 16, 2003
November 2003	January 21, 2004
December 2003	February 13, 2004

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To view the MSM survey questionnaire www.statcan.ca/english/sdds/2101.htm

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Table 1 All manufacturing industries

		U	nadjusted						Seaso	nally adju	sted	
Period	Shipments	Invent		filled ders	New orders		Shipm	nents	Invento	ries	Unfilled orders	New orders
					(\$ millio	ns					
June 2002	44,509	61	,190 46	,755	44,165		43	,228	61,	612	46,933	43,400
July 2002	39,887	61	,205 46	,885	40,016		43	,649	61,	958	46,440	43,156
August 2002	45,110	62	2,231 48	,159	46,122		43	,851	62,	407	47,556	44,968
September 2002	45,149	62	2,193 47	,324	44,308		44	,134	62,	320	46,963	43,541
October 2002	47,191	62	2,295 46	,773	46,640		44	,132	62,	580	46,491	43,660
November 2002	44,305	63	3,129 46	,202	43,734		43	,385	62,	989	46,127	43,021
December 2002	39,721	62	2,389 44	,536	38,054		42	,998	63,	161	44,820	41,690
January 2003	41,879	62	2,601 42	,643	39,986		44	,520	62,	929	43,123	42,823
February 2003	40,817	63	3,980 42	,588	40,762		43	,901	63,	307	42,807	43,584
March 2003	45,280	64	,512 42	,467	45,159		44	,070	63,	368	42,616	43,879
April 2003	43,099	64	l,519 41	,336	41,967		42	,587	63,	896	41,707	41,679
May 2003	44,494	63	3,627 40	,097	43,255		42	,128	63,	450	40,149	40,570
June 2003	43,522	62	2,407 39	,279	42,705		41	,903	62,	895	39,610	41,364
	Mo	nth to mo	onth % change		Inv	ventory	' to		Mor	ith to mo	nth % change	
	Shipmen	ts	Invento	shipments ratio		Uni	Unfilled orders		New or	ders		
	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seaso adju	nally isted	Trend		onally justed	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
June 2002	-0.3	0.8	-0.1	0.1		1.43	1.42		0.4	0.2	-0.2	0.8
July 2002	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.3		1.42	1.42		-1.1	0.1	-0.6	0.5
August 2002	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.4		1.42	1.42		2.4	-0.1	4.2	0.2
September 2002	0.6	0.3	-0.1	0.4		1.41	1.42		-1.2	-0.5	-3.2	-0.1
October 2002	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.4		1.42	1.42		-1.0	-1.0	0.3	-0.3
November 2002	-1.7	0.0	0.7	0.3		1.45	1.42		-0.8	-1.4	-1.5	-0.5
December 2002	-0.9	-0.2	0.3	0.3		1.47	1.43		-2.8	-1.8	-3.1	-0.6
January 2003	3.5	-0.4	-0.4	0.2		1.41	1.44		-3.8	-2.0	2.7	-0.7
February 2003	-1.4	-0.6	0.6	0.2		1.44	1.45		-0.7	-2.1	1.8	-0.7
March 2003	0.4	-0.8	0.1	0.1		1.44	1.46		-0.4	-2.1	0.7	-0.8
April 2003	-3.4	-0.9	0.8	0.0		1.50	1.48		-2.1	-2.0	-5.0	-0.7
May 2003	-1.1	-0.8	-0.7	0.0		1.51	1.49		-3.7	-1.7	-2.7	-0.5
June 2003	-0.5	-0.7	-0.9	0.0		1.50	1.50		-1.3	-1.3	2.0	-0.3

Table 2 Motor vehicle, and parts and accessories industries

		I	Unadjusted						Seaso	nally adju	ısted	
Period	Shipments	Inver		Infilled orders	New orders		Ship	ments	Invento	ories	Unfilled orders	New orders
						\$ millio	ons					
June 2002	8,707		3,356	1,697	8,702			8,363	3.	,439	1,699	8,348
July 2002	5,546		3,527	1,776	5,625			8,803	3	,576	1,733	8,837
August 2002	8,832		3,490	1,939	8,995			8,590	3	,493	1,894	8,750
September 2002	8,417		3,525	2,060	8,537			8,347	3	,512	2,031	8,485
October 2002	9,054		3,445	1,968	8,962			8,298	3	,450	1,959	8,226
November 2002	8,695		3,660	1,933	8,660			8,124	3	,586	1,932	8,097
December 2002	6,157		3,689	1,855	6,079			7,258	3	,751	1,853	7,179
January 2003	8,166		3,585	1,834	8,145			8,236	3	,552	1,816	8,199
February 2003	8,211		3,630	1,787	8,164			8,076	3	,580	1,779	8,039
March 2003	8,926		3,529	1,724	8,863			8,335	3	,495	1,730	8,286
April 2003	8,538		3,501	1,630	8,444			8,010	3	,496	1,687	7,967
May 2003	8,739		3,415	1,588	8,697			7,981	3	,399	1,624	7,918
June 2003	8,412		3,217	1,591	8,415			7,847	3,	,293	1,632	7,854
	Me	Month to month % change					/ to		Mor	nth to mo	nth % change	
	Shipmer	its	Inven	tories	sh	nipments	ratio	U	nfilled or	ders	New ord	ders
	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonall adjuste			sonally djusted	Trend		asonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend
June 2002	0.5	0.8	-1.	1 0.6		0.41	0.41		-0.9	3.2	-0.2	0.9
July 2002	5.3	0.4	4.			0.41	0.41		2.0	3.1	5.9	0.4
August 2002	-2.4	0.0	-2.			0.41	0.41		9.2	2.7	-1.0	-0.1
September 2002	-2.8	-0.3	0.			0.42	0.42		7.3	1.8	-3.0	-0.5
October 2002	-0.6	-0.5	-1.			0.42	0.42		-3.5	0.7	-3.1	-0.8
November 2002	-2.1	-0.7	3.			0.44	0.43		-1.4	-0.6	-1.6	-1.0
December 2002	-10.7	-0.8	4.	6 0.0		0.52	0.43		-4.1	-1.6	-11.3	-1.0
January 2003	13.5	-0.8	-5.			0.43	0.43		-2.0	-2.4	14.2	-0.9
February 2003	-1.9	-0.7	0.			0.44	0.43		-2.1	-2.7	-2.0	-0.8
March 2003	3.2	-0.7	-2.			0.42	0.43		-2.8	-2.8	3.1	-0.7
April 2003	-3.9	-0.8	0.			0.44	0.43		-2.5	-2.4	-3.8	-0.7
May 2003	-0.4	-0.8	-2.			0.43	0.43		-3.7	-1.7	-0.6	-0.6
June 2003	-1.7	-0.7	-3.			0.42	0.43		0.5	-1.0	-0.8	-0.5

Table 3 All manufacturing industries except motor vehicle, parts and accessories industries

		Un	adjusted					Seaso	nally adju	sted	
Period	Shipments	Invento		filled ders	New orders	S	hipments	Invento	ories	Unfilled orders	New orders
					\$ m	illions					
June 2002	35,801	57,	,834 45	,058	35,462		34,865	58	,174	45,234	35,052
July 2002	34,340	57,	,678 45	,109	34,391		34,846	58	,383	44,707	34,319
August 2002	36,279	58,	,740 46	,220	37,127		35,261	58	,914	45,663	36,218
September 2002	36,732	58,	,668 45	,264	35,771		35,787	58	,808	44,932	35,056
October 2002	38,137	58,	,850 44	,804	37,678		35,834	59	,130	44,532	35,434
November 2002	35,610	59,	,468 44	,269	35,075		35,260	59	,403	44,195	34,923
December 2002	33,564	58,	,700 42	,681	31,975		35,740	59	,410	42,967	34,511
January 2003	33,713	59,	,016 40	,809	31,841		36,284	59	,376	41,307	34,624
February 2003	32,607	60,	,350 40	,801	32,598		35,825	59	,728	41,027	35,546
March 2003	36,354	60,	,983 40	,743	36,296		35,735	59	,873	40,886	35,593
April 2003	34,561	61,	,019 39	,705	33,524		34,577	60	,400	40,020	33,711
May 2003	35,755	60,	,212 38	,509	34,558		34,147	60	,051	38,525	32,652
June 2003	35,110	59,	,190 37	,688	34,290		34,056	59	,602	37,978	33,510
uno 2000	Mo	Month to month % change						Mor	nth to mo	nth % change	
	Shipmen	ts	Invento	ries	shipments ratio		U	nfilled or	ders	New or	ders
	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonal adjuste		Se nd a	asonally adjusted	Trend	Seasonally adjusted	Trenc
June 2002	-0.6	0.8	0.0	0.1	1.6	7 1.6	67	0.4	0.1	-0.2	0.8
July 2002	-0.1	0.7	0.4	0.2	1.6			-1.2	0.0	-2.1	0.6
August 2002	1.2	0.6	0.9	0.3	1.6			2.1	-0.2	5.5	0.3
September 2002	1.5	0.5	-0.2	0.4	1.6			-1.6	-0.6	-3.2	
October 2002	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.4	1.6			-0.9	-1.0	1.1	-0.2
November 2002	-1.6	0.1	0.5	0.3	1.6			-0.8	-1.4	-1.4	-0.3
December 2002	1.4	-0.1	0.0	0.3	1.6			-2.8	-1.8	-1.2	
January 2003	1.5	-0.4	-0.1	0.2	1.6			-3.9	-2.0	0.3	-0.6
February 2003	-1.3	-0.6	0.6	0.2	1.6			-0.7	-2.1	2.7	-0.7
March 2003	-0.3	-0.8	0.2	0.2	1.6			-0.3	-2.1	0.1	-0.8
April 2003	-3.2	-0.9	0.9	0.1	1.7			-2.1	-2.0	-5.3	-0.7
May 2003	-1.2	-0.8	-0.6	0.0	1.7			-3.7	-1.7	-3.1	-0.5

Table 4
Shipments by major group and selected industries

				Unadjusted	t		
				Curr	ent periods		
	NAICS Code	June 2003		May 2003	April 2003		March 2003
				\$ millions			
Durable goods industries	311 312 313 314 315 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 331 332 333 334 335 336 3361 3362 3363 3364 3365 3366 337 339	5,454 1,279 260 203 440 42 2,341 2,571 804 2,719 3,423 1,999 1,156 2,630 2,454 1,887 1,645 799 9,912 5,703 232 2,710 778 273 84 1,049 456		5,556 1,210 267 213 476 48 2,382 2,690 857 2,777 3,762 2,079 1,122 2,748 2,374 1,978 1,421 771 10,254 6,010 263 2,729 776 258 115 1,054 454	5,226 1,073 261 194 511 44 2,326 2,723 861 2,766 3,426 2,055 948 2,818 2,300 1,887 1,342 735 10,112 5,868 255 2,670 843 234 99 1,041		5,203 1,078 265 195 545 49 2,330 2,785 901 3,580 3,542 1,979 2,942 2,310 2,085 1,713 805 10,605 6,051 2599 2,875 839 292 1000 1,069 469
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		18,754 24,768 43,522		19,458 25,035 44,494	18,628 24,471 43,099		19,577 25,703 45,280
		Previou	s year	Year-to-da	nte	Annua	l
		June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
	·			\$ millions			
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Railroad rolling stock manufacturing Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	311 312 313 314 315 316 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 331 332 333 334 335 336 3361 3363 3363 3364 3365 3363	5,425 1,277 285 217 489 53 2,510 2,701 803 2,569 3,188 2,064 1,081 2,668 2,325 2,056 1,967 794 10,555 5,831 237 2,876 1,083 254 173 1,016 465	5,555 1,175 298 234 528 53 2,896 2,706 878 2,612 3,611 2,167 1,122 2,911 2,445 2,128 1,905 816 11,127 6,311 253 3,088 973 238 147 1,054 520	2.3 1.9 -9.6 -7.9 -7.4 -15.1 -9.3 0.4 28.5 10.5 1.7 6.3 4.9 1.1 -6.1 -17.1 -4.4 -2.9 -1.0 1.7 -3.0 -15.5 10.5 -31.4 2.0	31,009 6,388 1,520 1,164 2,984 273 13,724 15,967 4,988 18,231 20,574 11,754 5,467 16,835 13,670 11,453 8,935 4,537 60,774 34,555 1,434 16,436 5,293 1,577 552 6,186 2,654	1.1 3.7 -3.7 0.5 -3.0 -9.9 7.2 -4.4 -4.1 1.1 4.0 6.7 9.7 8.8 2.8 1.3 -16.5 -7.6 4.6 5.7 8.5 10.2 -15.0 5.4 20.6 2.4 8.5	62,911 13,304 3,210 2,520 6,785 777 29,498 32,726 10,061 32,350 37,769 23,002 11,586 32,216 27,510 24,113 21,255 9,335 119,746 65,797 2,704 12,472 2,878 1,242 2,878 1,242 12,303 5,527
Miscellaneous manufacturing Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing	339	465 18,582 25,927 44,509	19,289 27,452 46,742	0.3 6.5 -3.2 0.8	2,654 111,869 147,221 259,090	8.5 1.1 2.5 1.9	5,527 218,631 299,874 518,505

Table 4 Shipments by major group and selected industries - concluded

				Seas	onally adjusted			
	_	01			Current pe	riods		
	NAICS Code	Change from May		June 2003	May 2003		April 2003	March 2003
					\$ millio	ns		
Food manufacturing	311	-51		,246	5,296		5,367	5,349
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills	312 313	-21 -4		,112 244	1,132 248	1	,114 248	1,129 251
Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing	314 315	-2 -12		193 503	195 514		191 522	192 513
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	-3		52	55	,	56	57
Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing	321 322	15 -74		,176 ,618	2,161 2,692		2,197 2,731	2,262 2,746
Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	323 324	-9 -36		834 .801	843 2,837	,	834 2,942	852 3,608
Chemical manufacturing	325	-9	3,	,309	3,318	3	3,289	3,412
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	326 327	-27 25		,865 .009	1,892 984	1	,932 994	1,936 1,023
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-20	2,	,609	2,629		2,724	2,791
Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing	332 333	90 -103		,369 ,818	2,279 1,921		2,322 .866	2,312 1,939
Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	334 335	97 13		,541 767	1,444 754	1	,481 740	1,502 751
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	-108	9,	,362	9,471		,555	9,948
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3361 3362	-186 -7		,272 221	5,458 229	5	5,448 218	5,624 241
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	52	2,	,575	2,523	2	2,562	2,711
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3364 3365	11 -1		827 256	817 257		831 269	851 248
Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing	3366 337	-6 0	1	.77 .031	83 1,030	1	.031	84 1,028
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	12		446	434		453	467
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		-234 10 -225	23,	,274 ,629 ,903	18,508 23,620 42,128	23	,703 ,885 ,587	19,533 24,537 44,070
	_	Change from previous month			Trend	change from	previous mor	ıth
		June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003
	_			I	percentage			
Food manufacturing	311	-1.0	-1.3	0.3	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2	-0.1
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills	312 313	-1.8 -1.6	1.6 0.0	-1.3 -1.4	0.0 -0.4	-0.2 -0.5	-0.2 -0.6	-0.2 -0.7
Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing	314 315	-1.0 -2.3	1.9 -1.5	-0.7 1.9	-0.1 -1.1	-0.3 -1.5	-0.6 -1.9	-0.9 -2.1
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	-5.0	-1.4	-1.9	-1.0	-1.5	-2.0	-2.4
Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing	321 322	0.7 -2.8	-1.6 -1.4	-2.9 -0.5	-1.0 -0.7	-1.5 -0.7	-1.8 -0.7	-1.9 -0.6
Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	323 324	-1.1 -1.3	1.1 -3.6	-2.1 -18.5	-0.3 -1.7	-0.3 -1.9	-0.3 -1.8	-0.1 -1.4
Chemical manufacturing	325	-0.3	0.9	-3.6	-0.5	-0.6	-0.6	-0.3
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	326 327	-1.4 2.5	-2.1 -1.0	-0.2 -2.8	-0.7 -0.2	-0.7 -0.4	-0.6 -0.4	-0.5 -0.2
Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing	331 332	-0.8	-3.5	-2.4	-1.3	-1.4	-1.3	-1.0
Machinery manufacturing	333	4.0 -5.4	-1.9 3.0	0.4 -3.8	0.3 -0.7	0.3 -0.9	0.3 -1.0	0.2 -1.1
Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	334 335	6.7 1.8	-2.5 1.8	-1.4 -1.5	-1.5 0.3	-1.9 0.3	-2.2 0.1	-2.2 -0.1
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	-1.1	-0.9	-3.9	-0.7	-1.0	-1.1	-1.1
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3361 3362	-3.4 -3.3	0.2 5.0	-3.1 -9.4	-0.6 -0.5	-0.6 -0.7	-0.4 -0.7	-0.3 -0.6
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3363 3364	2.1 1.3	-1.5 -1.7	-5.5 -2.4	-0.9 -2.1	-1.2 -3.4	-1.5 -4.2	-1.5 -4.2
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	-0.4	-4.4	8.3	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7
Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing	3366 337	-7.2 0.0	-1.0 -0.1	0.8 0.3	0.1 -0.1	0.5 -0.2	0.8 -0.3	0.9 -0.3
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	2.8	-4.2	-3.1	-0.6	-0.8	-1.0	-0.9
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		-1.3 0.0 -0.5	-1.0 -1.1 -1.1	-4.2 -2.7 -3.4	-0.7 -0.7 -0.7	-0.7 -0.9 -0.8	-0.7 -1.0 -0.9	-0.5 -1.0 -0.8

Table 5 Inventories by major group and selected industries

	_			Unadjusted	d		
	_			Curr	ent periods		
	NAICS Code	June 2003		May 2003	April 2003		March 2003
				\$ millions			
Durable goods industries Manufacturing	311 312 313 314 315 316 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 331 332 333 334 335 3361 3362 3363 3363 3364 3365 3363 3363 3363	4,808 1,703 448 307 1,339 149 4,308 3,629 701 1,676 6,039 2,156 1,224 4,745 3,643 4,456 4,061 1,338 13,145 1,327 474 1,890 8,035 1,095 1,133 1,530 1,002		4,774 1,743 456 314 1,250 137 4,602 3,632 699 1,599 6,074 2,249 1,242 4,863 3,686 4,600 4,298 1,390 13,483 1,471 471 1,945 8,122 1,142 118 1,521 1,016	4,795 1,752 460 327 1,213 130 5,022 3,647 712 1,760 6,170 2,244 1,255 4,860 3,722 4,526 4,306 1,424 13,613 1,505 485 1,996 8,111 111 1,196 1,255 1,529 1,053		4,892 1,771 466 325 1,199 122 5,487 3,624 714 1,691 6,108 2,217 1,233 4,868 3,664 4,454 4,23 1,388 13,437 1,582 1,931 7,883 1,185 1,
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		21,616 40,791 62,407		21,677 41,950 63,627	21,997 42,522 64,519		21,926 42,586 64,512
	_	Previous	year	Year-to-da	ite	Average per	month
		June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	Average 2003	% Change from 2001	2002
	-			\$ millions			
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing Textile mills Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Railroad rolling stock manufacturing Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing Miscellaneous manufacturing	311 312 313 314 315 316 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 331 332 333 334 335 336 3363 3364 3365 3365 336	4,763 1,763 474 333 1,259 1,57 4,155 3,487 680 1,566 5,049 2,022 1,227 4,483 3,553 4,473 4,489 1,395 13,379 1,594 408 1,762 7,938 1,291 115 1,403 1,079	4,747 1,769 495 326 1,201 147 4,289 3,619 692 1,595 5,180 2,024 1,626 4,626 4,626 4,628 1,406 13,475 1,750 421 1,761 7,878 1,293 117 1,402 1,037	1.8 0.9 -10.5 -1.8 3.2 -4.6 3.6 -0.1 -2.7 1.5 15.4 8.8 0.3 9.0 5.1 -2.3 -12.0 -2.0 1.1 -10.0 16.0 12.9 2.2 -5.7 -23.5 9.7 2.6	4,835 1,740 457 316 1,218 131 4,883 3,601 689 1,662 5,982 2,194 1,233 4,890 3,656 4,530 4,290 1,371 13,357 1,538 482 1,941 7,862 1,205 126 1,522 1,052	3.4 5.0 -9.3 -13.1 -12.5 -8.9 -6.3 -7.0 -5.7 -10.6 4.0 0.8 2.0 0.4 2.1 1.2 -22.5 -16.3 -1.3 2.9 -6.3 3.9 0.3 -14.0 -35.7	4,832 1,717 486 324 1,174 137 4,449 3,548 702 1,614 5,277 2,039 1,206 4,657 3,492 4,659 4,654 1,384 13,441 1,730 4,17 1,762 7,817 1,338 1,45 1,427 1,059
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		20,294 40,896 61,190	20,595 41,338 61,933	4.9 0.9 2.2	21,606 42,001 63,608	-0.7 -4.7 -3.4	20,676 41,553 62,229

Table 5 Inventories by major group and selected industries - concluded

				Seas	onally adjusted			
	-	04			Current pe	riods		
	NAICS Code	Change from May		une 003	May 2003		April 2003	March 2003
					\$ millio	ns		
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	311 312	18 -14		869 670	4,851 1,684		1,884 ,692	4,956 1,711
Textile mills	313 314	0	,	453	453		455	456
Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing	315	-5 16	1,	306 228	312 1,212	1	322 ,217	319 1,199
Leather and allied product manufacturing Wood product manufacturing	316 321	4 -77		133 619	129 4,696	4	130 1,667	128 4,671
Paper manufacturing Printing and related support activities	322 323	64 14		639 724	3,575 710	3	3,574 710	3,551 698
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324 325	57	1,	653	1,596		,724	1,635
Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	61 -5 <u>5</u>	2,	174 155	6,113 2,210	2	5,950 2,183	5,914 2,167
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing	327 331	-7 -140		201 820	1,208 4,960	1	,209 ,996	1,180 5,022
Fabricated metal product manufacturing Machinery manufacturing	332 333	-38 -79		614 530	3,653 4,609	3	3,700 1,524	3,641 4,492
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	-119	4,	164	4,283	4	,266	4,261
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Transportation equipment manufacturing	335 336	-44 -207	13,	313 104	1,357 13,310	13	,403 3,737	1,376 13,395
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3361 3362	-62 11		385 474	1,447 463	1	,508 459	1,575 470
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3363 3364	-44 -51	1,	908 933	1,952 7,984		,988 3,260	1,921 7,910
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	-47	1,	095	1,142		,196	1,189
Ship and boat building Furniture and related product manufacturing	3366 337	-3 10	1,	121 531	124 1,521	1	125 ,514	125 1,548
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	-14		994	1,008		,041	1,049
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries Manufacturing		143 -698 -555	41,	776 119 895	21,633 41,817 63,450	42	,624 ,272 ,896	21,534 41,834 63,368
3HUTACLUTTING	-	Change fror	n previous mo	nth	Trend	Trend change from previous mon		
		June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003
	-				percentage			
Food manufacturing Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	311 312	0.4 -0.9	-0.7 -0.4	-1.4 -1.1	-0.2 -0.6	-0.2 -0.7	-0.2 -0.7	-0.1 -0.7
Textile mills	313	0.0	-0.5	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2
Textile product mills Clothing manufacturing	314 315	-1.7 1.3	-3.1 -0.4	0.8 1.5	-0.6 0.3	-0.6 0.4	-0.4 0.4	-0.4 0.5
Leather and allied product manufacturing Nood product manufacturing	316 321	2.8 -1.6	-0.2 0.6	1.4 -0.1	0.4 0.0	0.2 0.2	-0.1 0.4	-0.4 0.6
Paper manufacturing	322 323	1.8 2.0	0.0 -0.1	0.6 1.8	0.6 0.6	0.6 0.7	0.5 0.8	0.4 0.7
Printing and related support activities Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	3.6	-7.5	5.5	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.9
Chemical manufacturing Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	325 326	1.0 -2.5	2.7 1.2	0.6 0.7	1.0 -0.2	1.3 -0.1	1.5 0.1	1.6 0.3
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing Primary metal manufacturing	327 331	-0.6 -2.8	0.0 -0.7	2.4 -0.5	-0.1 -0.6	-0.2 -0.5	-0.2 -0.3	-0.2 0.0
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	-1.0	-1.3	1.6	0.1 -0.3	0.3 -0.3	0.4	0.5 -0.4
Machinery manufacturing Computer and electronic product manufacturing	333 334	-1.7 -2.8	1.9 0.4	0.7 0.1	-0.5	-0.7	-0.4 -0.7	-0.8
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing Fransportation equipment manufacturing	335 336	-3.2 -1.6	-3.3 -3.1	1.9 2.5	-0.8 -0.2	-0.6 -0.2	-0.4 -0.3	-0.2 -0.3
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3361 3362	-4.3 2.3	-4.1 1.0	-4.2 -2.4	-2.1 -0.3	-2.6 -0.1	-3.0 0.3	-3.0 0.8
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3363 3364	-2.2 -0.6	-1.8 -3.3	3.5 4.4	0.3 0.5	0.5 0.6	0.7 0.6	0.9 0.6
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	-4.1	-4.5	0.6	-2.5	-3.2	-3.6	-3.7
Ship and boat building -urniture and related product manufacturing	3366 337 339	-2.4 0.7 -1.4	-1.0 0.5 -3.3	-0.3 -2.2 -0.7	-1.1 0.0 -1.5	-1.2 0.1 -1.7	-1.1 0.2 -1.8	-0.9 0.3 -1.7
Miscellaneous manufacturing Non-durable goods industries	৩৩খ	-1.4 0.7	-3.3 0.0	-0.7 0.4	-1.5 0.4	0.5	-1.8 0.5	0.5
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		-1.7 -0.9	-1.1 -0.7	1.0 0.8	-0.3 0.0	-0.2 0.0	-0.2 0.0	-0.1 0.1

Table 6
Unfilled orders by selected major group and industries

				Unadjust	ed		
				Current per	iods		
	NAICS Code	June 2003		May 2003	April 2003		March 2003
				\$ million	S		
Textile mills	313	212		220	233		242
Textile product mills	314	55		62	72		75
Clothing manufacturing	315	345		341	357		339
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	42		36	36		31
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	1,009		1,198	1,290		1,307
Primary metal manufacturing	331	1,632		1,691	1,707		1,703
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	2,721		2,715	2,757		2,842
Machinery manufacturing	333	6,018		6,250	7,021		7,210
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	3,601		3,914	3,895		4,048
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335 336	930		1,005	1,014		1,014 20,696
Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	19,646 766		19,762 759	19,937 812		861
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	581		620	619		631
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	825		829	818		864
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	12,182		12,640	12,675		13,382
Ship and boat building	3366	55		57	57		32
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	161		162	158		171
Non-durable goods industries		2,801		2,853	3,048		3,014
Durable goods industries Nanufacturing		36,478 39,279		37,244 40,097	38,288 41,336		39,453 42,467
	•	Previous	Previous year Year-to-d		late	Average per	month
	•	June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	Average 2003	% Change from 2001	2002
				\$ million			
Textile mills	313	280	281	-14.6	240	9.3	276
Textile product mills	314	52	51	34.0	69	2.7	55
Clothing manufacturing	315	352	351	-6.1	324	-7.0	324
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	45	44	-6.2	32	-18.2	31
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	1,057	1,128	4.3	1,230	15.6	1,254
Primary metal manufacturing	331	1,896	1,947	-5.8	1,700	25.1	1,795
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	2,871	2,834	-3.4	2,798	0.3	2,878
Machinery manufacturing	333	6,713	6,688	-3.1	6,607	4.3	6,709
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	4,136	3,865	4.3	3,945	-8.4	3,977
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	955	969	5.9	1,007	-30.5	977
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	25,687	26,257	-20.6	20,488	-8.7	25,566
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	1,041	1,039	-16.2	838	4.2	1,052
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	602	614	4.6	629	8.4	590
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	656	663	33.7	854	24.2	729
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	18,078	18,523	-29.4	13,129	-12.0	17,877
Ship and boat building	3366	16	18	153.3	44	-37.0	18
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	181	202	-19.1	176	-12.1	226
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries		2,647 44,109	2,690 44,409	7.7 -12.3	2,958 38,444	15.3 -5.4	2,867 43,740
Manufacturing		46,755	47,099	-11.1	41,402	-4.3	46,606

Table 6 Unfilled orders by selected major group and industries - concluded

				Seaso	nally adjusted			
		0.5	Current periods					
	NAICS Code	Change from May		June 2003	May 2003		April 2003	March 2003
					\$ millio	ns		
Textile mills	313	-3		214	217		223	223
Textile product mills	314	-9		56	65		68	73
Clothing manufacturing	315	-1		312	313		326	321
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	3	4	29	26		28	30
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	-70 -18		,237 ,590	1,307 1,607		∖,319 ∖,631	1,308 1,661
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-10		,590 ,721	2,715		2,757	2,842
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	-231		,018	6,250		,,737 7,021	7,210
Machinery manufacturing	333	-313		,601	3,914		,021 3,895	4,048
Computer and electronic product manufacturing Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	334 335	-75	5	930	1,005		,014	1,014
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	30	19	,826	19,796),384	20,932
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	7	10	766	759		812	861
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	-12		588	599		563	584
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	0		866	866		875	870
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	-348	12	,317	12,664	13	3,120	13,658
Ship and boat building	3366	2		53	51		58	34
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	12		186	175		165	177
Non-durable goods industries		69		,019 ,590	2,951 37,198		,054	2,993 39,623
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		-608 -539		,590 ,610	40,149		,652 ,707	39,623 42,616
	_	Change from previous month		Trend	change from	previous mor	nth	
		June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003
	_				ercentage			
Textile mills	313	-1.3	-2.4	0.0	-2.7	-3.6	-4.2	-4.3
Textile product mills	314	-13.9	-4.8	-5.9	-2.7	-2.1	-1.1	0.2
Clothing manufacturing	315	-0.5	-4.0	1.5	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	12.1	-7.4	-6.5	-0.8	-2.0	-3.0	-3.2
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	-5.3	-0.9	0.9	-0.8	-0.9	-0.9	-0.8
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-1.1	-1.5	-1.8	-1.2	-1.8	-2.3	-2.5
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	0.2	-1.5	-3.0	-0.6	-0.7	-0.8	-0.6
Machinery manufacturing	333	-3.7	-11.0	-2.6	-0.6	-0.6	-0.4	-0.1
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	-8.0	0.5	-3.8	-2.5	-2.6	-2.5	-2.2
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	-7.4	-0.9	0.0	-1.9	-1.8	-1.4	-0.9
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	0.1	-2.9	-2.6	-1.6	-2.3	-3.0	-3.4
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	1.0	-6.6	-5.7	-1.4	-3.0	-4.4	-5.3
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	-2.0	6.5	-3.5	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	0.0	-1.1	0.7	-0.6	-0.6	-0.5	-0.1
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	-2.7	-3.5	-3.9	-2.1	-2.9	-3.6	-4.1
Ship and boat building Miscellaneous manufacturing	3366 339	3.6 6.7	-11.4 5.9	69.8 -6.9	6.6 0.2	8.9 -1.3	11.3 -3.0	13.5 -4.3
Non-durable goods industries		2.3	-3.4	2.0	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Durable goods industries		-1.6	-3.8	-2.4	-1.4	-1.8	-2.1	-2.3
Manufacturing		-1.3	-3.7	-2.1	-1.3	-1.7	-2.0	-2.1

Table 7 New orders by selected major group and industries

				Unac	ljusted		
	_			Curren	t periods		
	NAICS	June		May	Apri	ļ	March
	Code	2003		2003	2003	3	2003
				\$ m	illions		
Textile mills	313	251		254	252)	241
Textile product mills	314	196		203	192	2	196
Clothing manufacturing	315	443		461	529		603
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	48		49	49		55
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	1,810		1,987	2,038		2,036
Primary metal manufacturing	331	2,570		2,732	2,822		2,902
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	2,460		2,333	2,215		2,271
Machinery manufacturing	333	1,655		1,207	1,697		2,559
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	1,332		1,440	1,188		1,735
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335 336	724 9,797		762 10,079	735 9,352		784 9,969
Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	5,797 5,710		5,956	5,819		5,999
Motor vehicle handlacturing Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	193		264	243		229
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	2,705		2,740	2,624		2,864
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	320		742	136		460
Ship and boat building	3366	82		114	124		97
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	455		458	438		450
•							
Non-durable goods industries Durable goods industries		18,702 24,003		19,263 23,991	18,662 23,306		19,560 25,599
Manufacturing		42,705		43,255	41,967		45,159
	_	Previous	s year	Year	-to-date	Annua	al
		June	May	% Char		% Change	
	_	2002	2002	from 20	02 2003	from 2001	2002
				\$ m	illions		
Textile mills	313	284	290	-18	5.7 1,470	-0.8	3,253
Textile product mills	314	217	228	-8	3.9 1,159	2.0	2,527
Clothing manufacturing	315	491	524		7.0 3,053	-2.2	6,769
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	54	57		3.0 293	-10.6	770
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	1,993	2,089		0.7 11,402	6.2	23,082
Primary metal manufacturing	331	2,616	2,952		0.5 16,669	10.9	32,658
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	2,363	2,371		0.4 13,607	2.6	27,584
Machinery manufacturing	333	2,082	2,192		9.2 10,974	-3.3	23,507
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	2,237	1,915		5.0 8,439	-8.9	21,693
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	781	855		3.8 4,464	1.6	9,275
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	9,985	11,209		3.4 56,842	3.6	117,133
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	5,833	6,335		2.0 34,334	6.4	65,879
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	225	230		2.3 1,441	8.7	2,741
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363 3364	2,869	3,132 1,119		3.6 16,394 9.8 1,474	11.0 -39.5	33,006 9,017
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing Ship and boat building	3364 3366	638 171	1,119		9.8 1,474 7.3 584	-39.5 24.0	1,248
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	444	508		0.3 2,601	8.5	5,508
Non-durable goods industries		18,538	19,205	1	6.4 111,702	1.0	218,796
Durable goods industries		25,626	27,773		7.0 142,132	3.2	297,812
Manufacturing		44,165	46,978		1.5 253,834	2.3	516,608

Table 7 New orders by selected major group and industries - concluded

	_			Seaso	nally adjusted			
		01			Current pe	riods		
	NAICS Code	Change from May		June 1003	May 2003		April 2003	March 2003
					\$ millio	ns		
Textile mills	313	-1		241	242		248	224
Textile product mills	314	-8		184	191		187	190
Clothing manufacturing	315	0		501	501		527	537
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	2		55	53		54	53
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	-84		795	1,880		,943	2,047
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-13		591	2,605		2,694	2,751
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	137		375	2,238		2,237	2,273
Machinery manufacturing	333	436		586	1,150		,676	2,412
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	-234		228	1,463	1	,327	1,525
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	-52		692	744	_	740	730
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	509		392	8,883		9,007	9,263
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	-126		279	5,405	5	5,399	5,572
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	-56		210	265		197	215
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	62		575	2,513	2	2,568	2,714
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	119		480	360		293	406
Ship and boat building	3366	2		79	77		108	81
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	14		457	443		441	462
Non-durable goods industries				18,404		,764	19,553	
Durable goods industries Manufacturing		856 794		022 364	22,166 40,570		,914 ,679	24,326 43,879
	-	Change fron	n previous mo	onth	Trend	change from	previous mor	ıth
		June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003
	_				ercentage			
Textile mills	313	-0.6	-2.2	10.5	0.6	0.3	-0.2	-0.8
Textile product mills	314	-4.0	2.5	-1.7	-0.3	-0.7	-1.1	-1.4
Clothing manufacturing	315	0.0	-4.9	-2.0	-1.2	-1.6	-2.0	-2.1
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316	4.6	-1.6	2.4	-0.3	-1.0	-1.9	-2.9
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326	-4.5	-3.3	-5.1	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-0.6
Primary metal manufacturing	331	-0.5	-3.3	-2.1	-1.0	-1.1	-1.2	-1.1
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	6.1	0.0	-1.6	0.5	0.4	0.1	-0.1
Machinery manufacturing	333	37.9	-31.4	-30.5	-0.7	-1.4	-2.0	-2.0
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334	-16.0	10.2	-13.0	-1.0	-2.2	-3.1	-3.7
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335	-7.0	0.6	1.3	0.2	-0.2	-0.5	-0.7
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	5.7	-1.4	-2.8	0.9	0.6	0.1	-0.4
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	-2.3	0.1	-3.1	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2
Motor vehicle body and trailer manufacturing	3362	-21.0	34.4	-8.3	-0.2	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	2.5	-2.1	-5.4	-0.9	-1.3	-1.6	-1.7
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	33.1	23.0	-27.8	20.4	20.4	13.3	1.8
Ship and boat building	3366	3.2	-28.9	33.5	-0.8	-0.1	0.5	1.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	3.2	0.6	-4.6	0.0	-0.1	-0.4	-0.7
Non-durable goods industries		-0.3	-1.9	-4.0	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	-0.5
Durable goods industries		3.9	-3.3	-5.8	0.0	-0.3	-0.7	-1.0
Manufacturing		2.0	-2.7	-5.0	-0.3	-0.5	-0.7	-0.8

Table 8a Shipments for selected industries, unadjusted

			Current per	iods	
	NAICS Code	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003
			\$ million	s	
Food manufacturing	311				
Animal food manufacturing	3111	417	455	446	426
Starch and vegetable fat and oil manufacturing	31122	238	275	264	268
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	335	333	348	333
ruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	447	472	470	488
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	962	972	915	879
Meat product manufacturing	3116 31182	1,297 109	1,450 113	1,409 116	1,466 112
Cookie, cracker and pasta manufacturing Other food manufacturing	3119	529	530	515	497
Severage and tobacco product manufacturing	312				
Soft drink and ice manufacturing	31211	389	380	329	319
Breweries	31212	415	384	308	300
Vineries	31213	53	52	45	45
Distilleries	31214	68	69	101	96
Tobacco manufacturing	3122	354	326	288	319
Textile mills	313				
Fibre, yarn and thread mills	3131	33	35	37	39
Fabric mills Fextile and fabric finishing and fabric coating	3132 3133	170 57	177 56	171 53	175 51
· · ·		31	30	30	31
Textile product mills Carpet and rug mills	314 31411	74	78	75	75
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	31	29	24	24
Clothing manufacturing	315				
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	34	41	36	39
Other clothing knitting mills	31519	41	40	41	38
Men's and boys' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31522	150	163	167	180
Nomen's and girls' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31523	143	151	179	206
Clothing accessories and other clothing manufacturing	3159	19	22	19	19
eather and allied product manufacturing ootwear manufacturing	316 3162	25	27	22	27
Nood product manufacturing	321				
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	1,229	1,277	1,288	1,326
/eneer, plywood and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	577	557	539	525
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	535	548	499	478
Paper manufacturing	322				
Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	3221	1,779	1,863	1,920	1,959
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221 32222	438	459 177	449	464 192
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing Other converted paper product manufacturing	32222	167 137	148	181 133	131
Printing and related support activities	323	107	110	100	101
Printing	32311	764	811	817	857
Support activities for printing	32312	39	45	44	44
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324				
Petroleum refineries	32411	2,456	2,540	2,582	3,388
Chemical manufacturing	325				
Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	241	246	232	241
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	32519	221	219	241	264
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibres and	2050	F 40	F00	F70	000
filaments manufacturing Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	3252 32532	540 81	569 71	579 70	633 73
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	32332		7 i 753	70 739	73 762
harmacelitical and medicine manufacturing	3254	/h')			
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing Paint and coating manufacturing	3254 32551	762 188			
Paint and coating manufacturing	32551	188	180	168	169
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					169 55
Paint and coating manufacturing Adhesive manufacturing	32551 32552	188 57	180 68	168 61	169 55 124
Paint and coating manufacturing Adhesive manufacturing Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing	32551 32552 32561	188 57 120	180 68 116	168 61 120	169 55

Table 8a Shipments for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

			Current peri	iods	
	NAICS Code	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003
			\$ million	S	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326				
Plastic pipe, pipe fitting and unsupported profile shape					
manufacturing	32612	162	160	156	141
Polystyrene foam product manufacturing	32614	34	29	27	29
Other plastic product manufacturing	32619	838	891	865	765
Other rubber product manufacturing	32629	199	208	208	223
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	327				
Clay product and refractory manufacturing	3271	60	65	58	52
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	220	224	209	197
Cement manufacturing	32731	154	140	106	80
Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	32732	261	230	162	127
Other concrete product manufacturing	32739	114	105	76	81
Abrasive product manufacturing	32791	32	37	37	40
All other non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	32799	114	122	128	109
Primary metal manufacturing	331				
Iron and steel mills and ferro-alloy manufacturing	3311	846	902	926	923
Iron and steel pipes and tubes manufacturing from		0.0	002	020	020
purchased steel	33121	216	214	206	261
Foundries	3315	279	283	273	298
Fabricated matel and set manufacturing	000				
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	40	40	40	40
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322	43	49	46	43
Plate work and fabricated structural product manufacturing	33231	370	312	321 100	327
Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing Spring and wire product manufacturing	33241 3326	192 115	104 119	115	109 118
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328	208	222	234	238
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	255	260	274	257
·		200	200	214	201
Machinery manufacturing	333				
Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311	166	183	219	224
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning and commercial	0004	474	400	400	
refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	174	169	186	184
All other general-purpose machinery manufacturing	33399	124	146	150	174
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334				
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	386	276	239	401
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	525	352	379	471
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	15	15	18	14
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335				
Lighting fixture manufacturing	33512	69	70	62	67
Small electrical appliance manufacturing	33521	19	21	19	21
Major appliance manufacturing	33522	132	132	133	130
Battery manufacturing	33591	12	12	12	12
Communication and energy wire and cable manufacturing	33592	107	94	95	108
All other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	33599	64	74	63	65
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336				
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	5,703	6,010	5,868	6,051
Motor vehicle manufacturing Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	2,710	2,729	2,670	2,875
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	778	776	843	839
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	273	258	234	292
Ship and boat building	3366	84	115	99	100
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337				
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet	2271	500	602	590	E70
manufacturing Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3371 3372	590	603 371	590 381	579 424
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3372	382	3/1	301	424
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339				
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	128	114	109	122
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	328	340	341	347

Table 8a
Shipments for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

		Previous	year	Year-to-d	ate	Annual	
	NAICS Code	June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
				\$ million	18		
Food manufacturing	311						
Animal food manufacturing	3111	439	465	-1.9	2,594	6.1	5,392
Starch and vegetable fat and oil manufacturing	31122	214	235	13.4	1,507	3.3	2,811
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	312	313	10.8	1,919	1.4	3,846
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing Dairy product manufacturing	3114 3115	453 827	481 866	-2.1 11.1	2,788 5,354	-1.7 1.2	5,923 9,887
Meat product manufacturing	3116	1,554	1,562	-5.6	8,340	-6.6	17,674
Cookie, cracker and pasta manufacturing	31182	111	112	-4.3	664	-7.7	1,425
Other food manufacturing	3119	472	500	8.8	2,924	11.9	5,723
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	050	220	11.4	1 000	F 0	2 600
Soft drink and ice manufacturing Breweries	31211 31212	358 409	338 376	11.4 -1.3	1,893 1,870	5.2 2.0	3,688 4,103
Wineries	31212	57	45	8.3	267	11.8	585
Distilleries	31214	107	92	-5.6	524	9.1	1,265
Tobacco manufacturing	3122	347	324	-2.1	1,835	1.3	3,663
Textile mills	313						
Fibre, yarn and thread mills	3131	41	43	-14.0	211	-5.0	465
Fabric mills	3132 3133	183 60	189 66	-8.2 -10.7	998	-3.2	2,067 678
Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating		00	00	-10.7	311	-4.1	0/0
Textile product mills Carpet and rug mills	314 31411	81	79	-3.0	438	-3.6	890
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	41	45	-34.0	148	7.2	429
Clothing manufacturing	315						
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	36	41	-4.4	226	0.4	511
Other clothing knitting mills	31519	29	34	31.4	246	0.1	519
Men's and boys' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31522	172	185	-9.4	1,010	-4.9	2,360
Women's and girls' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31523	152	166	-7.6	1,022	-3.7	2,221
Clothing accessories and other clothing manufacturing	3159	19	22	-1.9	113	-4.0	242
Leather and allied product manufacturing Footwear manufacturing	316 3162	29	27	-19.8	153	-5.8	518
Wood product manufacturing	321						
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	1,491	1,793	-19.5	7,585	4.4	17,697
Veneer, plywood and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	538	569	2.3	3,193	6.1	6,230
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	481	534	13.8	2,946	18.2	5,571
Paper manufacturing Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	322 3221	1,945	1,913	-2.0	11,188	-6.8	23,505
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	394	411	14.7	2,656	3.4	4,914
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing	32222	191	202	-5.4	1,074	3.0	2,212
Other converted paper product manufacturing	32229	129	138	3.7	804	0.6	1,610
Printing and related support activities	323						
Printing	32311	760	836	0.3	4,737	-1.4	9,557
Support activities for printing	32312	43	42	1.5	251	-37.0	504
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Petroleum refineries	324 32411	2,272	2,342	31.5	16,990	0.8	29,276
	325	2,212	2,042	01.0	10,000	0.0	25,270
Chemical manufacturing Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	227	234	10.5	1,442	6.8	2,726
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	32519	204	226	9.8	1,387	1.8	2,521
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibres and	0050	·			0.400	2.2	0.070
filaments manufacturing	3252 32532	554 58	578 36	6.9 20.5	3,439 361	0.6 -13 /	6,379
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	32532	58 664	703	20.5 12.9	4,350	-13.4 22.0	341 8,402
Paint and coating manufacturing	32551	182	190	-0.5	981	-1.4	1,875
Adhesive manufacturing	32552	55	67	1.4	334	12.2	624
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing	32561	129	132	-4.2	724	-7.5	1,516
Toilet preparation manufacturing	32562	144	128	4.7	898	3.2	1,663
Printing ink manufacturing	32591	36	36	0.5	207	13.3	419
All other chemical product manufacturing	32599	327	366	6.2	2,086	2.6	4,104

Table 8a Shipments for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

		Previous	year	Year-to-c	late	Annual	
	NAICS Code	June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
				\$ millio	ns		
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing Plastic pipe, pipe fitting and unsupported profile shape	326						
manufacturing	32612	169	185	2.8	872	4.2	1,758
Polystyrene foam product manufacturing	32614	29	32	4.6	161	3.8	321
Other plastic product manufacturing	32619	875	897	1.6	4,781	8.6	9,435
Other rubber product manufacturing	32629	215	221	-1.4	1,223	0.0	2,409
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	327	50				5.0	0.4.0
Clay product and refractory manufacturing	3271	56	57	11.1	328	5.0	613
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272 32731	213	229 144	2.9 -0.8	1,208 598	6.2	2,396
Cement manufacturing Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	32731	145 239	227	1.3	963	5.7 9.1	1,425 2,337
Other concrete product manufacturing	32732	116	115	5.7	488	1.3	1,127
Abrasive product manufacturing	32791	36	39	4.5	222	36.5	450
All other non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	32799	106	124	18.8	686	28.8	1,314
·		100	124	10.0	000	20.0	1,514
Primary metal manufacturing Iron and steel mills and ferro-alloy manufacturing	331 3311	871	933	8.1	5,500	11.0	10.260
Iron and steel nins and terro-anoy manufacturing Iron and steel pipes and tubes manufacturing from	3311	0/1	933	0.1	5,500	11.3	10,368
purchased steel	33121	215	216	14.1	1,411	1.4	2,529
Foundries	3315	270	296	2.8	1,677	8.7	3,161
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332						
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322	35	41	18.0	268	6.3	467
Plate work and fabricated structural product manufacturing	33231	354	397	-5.3	1,945	0.4	4,286
Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	33241	91	90	34.7	658	7.6	1,022
Spring and wire product manufacturing	3326	123	136	-6.0	702	9.8	1,477
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3328 3329	217 251	234 266	3.4 2.5	1,349 1,532	20.0 9.5	2,633 3,005
Machinery manufacturing	333	201	200	2.0	1,002	0.0	0,000
Agricultural implement manufacturing	33311	200	240	-14.0	1,122	6.1	2,323
Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning and commercial	30011	200	240	14.0	1,122	0.1	2,020
refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	194	233	-7.0	1,043	9.7	2,298
All other general-purpose machinery manufacturing	33399	190	196	-21.0	847	15.4	2,275
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334						
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	487	372	-27.5	1,819	-16.6	4,699
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	746	745	-33.0	2,512	-23.7	7,137
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	15	16	-5.7	96	-7.2	218
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335						
Lighting fixture manufacturing	33512	73	80	-7.4	400	-3.7	877
Small electrical appliance manufacturing	33521	18	21	6.0	118	-9.3	250
Major appliance manufacturing	33522	134	152	-4.1	771	12.4	1,529
Battery manufacturing	33591	11	12	1.0	71	-15.1	139
Communication and energy wire and cable manufacturing All other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	33592 33599	123 66	118 70	-25.1 1.0	577 394	-42.2 -2.3	1,436 772
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336	00	70	1.0	004	2.0	112
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	5,831	6,311	-1.0	34,555	5.7	65,797
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	2,876	3,088	-3.0	16,436	10.2	32,741
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	1,083	973	-15.5	5,293	-15.0	12,472
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	254	238	10.5	1,577	5.4	2,878
Ship and boat building	3366	173	147	-31.4	552	20.6	1,242
Furniture and related product manufacturing Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet	337						
manufacturing	3371	596	633	-4.3	3,473	7.7	7,133
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3372	348	345	13.7	2,296	-6.0	4,319
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339						
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	121	138	-7.5	684	5.3	1,432
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	345	382	3.3	1,969	9.7	4,095

Table 8b Inventory owned for selected industries, unadjusted

			Current per	iods		
	NAICS Code	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003	
			\$ million	S		
Food manufacturing	311					
Animal food manufacturing	3111	284	271	279	283	
Starch and vegetable fat and oil manufacturing	31122	171	167	208	216	
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	385	360	342	348	
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	826	843	843	869	
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	809	799	794	809	
Meat product manufacturing	3116	781	779	842	870	
Cookie, cracker and pasta manufacturing	31182	130	127	129	123	
Other food manufacturing	3119	479	489	472	470	
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	074	000	224	0.50	
Soft drink and ice manufacturing	31211	274	282	264	252	
Breweries Winarias	31212	180	183	174	166	
Wineries Distilleries	31213 31214	222 450	214 456	217 460	224 504	
Tobacco manufacturing	31214	577	608	636	625	
•		311	000	030	023	
Textile mills	313	50	50	50	50	
Fibre, yarn and thread mills	3131	58	53	52	56	
Fabric mills Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating	3132 3133	328 62	336 68	340 67	336 70	
· ·		02	00	07	70	
Textile product mills	314	0.0	0.5	0.7	0.0	
Carpet and rug mills	31411	86	85	87	88	
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	46	49	50	51	
Clothing manufacturing	315	405	454	454		
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	165	154	154	145	
Other clothing knitting mills	31519 31522	138 442	129 418	125 410	114 418	
Men's and boys' cut and sew clothing manufacturing Women's and girls' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31523	362	328	312	313	
Clothing accessories and other clothing manufacturing	3159	78	75	73	67	
Leather and allied product manufacturing	316					
Footwear manufacturing	3162	106	95	87	79	
Wood product manufacturing	321					
Sawmills and wood preservation	3211	2,753	2,988	3,369	3,767	
Veneer, plywood and engineered wood product manufacturing	3212	677	726	770	815	
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	878	888	882	905	
Paper manufacturing	322					
Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	3221	2,515	2,521	2,546	2,552	
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	567	564	562	540	
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing	32222	276	275	279	282	
Other converted paper product manufacturing	32229	161	155	154	154	
Printing and related support activities	323					
Printing	32311	693	690	704	704	
Support activities for printing	32312	8	9	8	10	
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324					
Petroleum refineries	32411	1,372	1,293	1,449	1,403	
Chemical manufacturing	325					
Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	194	193	192	181	
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	32519	157	163	164	166	
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibres and	0050	500	000	005		
filaments manufacturing	3252	589	633	625	573	
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	32532	109	111	135	132	
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254 32551	3,266 271	3,225 266	3,169 273	3,207 263	
Paint and coating manufacturing Adhesive manufacturing	32552	92	88	273 91	263 90	
•	32561	107	112	105	106	
Soan and cleaning compound manufacturing				100	100	
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing Toilet preparation manufacturing				191	188	
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing Toilet preparation manufacturing Printing ink manufacturing	32562 32591	184 53	192 52	191 49	188 48	

Table 8b Inventory owned for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

			Current per	iods	
	NAICS Code	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003
			\$ million	S	
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326				
Plastic pipe, pipe fitting and unsupported profile shape					
manufacturing	32612	225	229	235	233
Polystyrene foam product manufacturing	32614	37	38	39	40
Other plastic product manufacturing	32619	896	938	920	941
Other rubber product manufacturing	32629	184	191	193	188
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	327				
Clay product and refractory manufacturing	3271	90	96	96	92
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	274	278	279	280
Cement manufacturing	32731	185	193	201	202
Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	32732	100	99	96	96
Other concrete product manufacturing	32739	92	94	93	87
Abrasive product manufacturing	32791	124	131	133	130
All other non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	32799	144	144	147	149
Primary metal manufacturing	331				
Iron and steel mills and ferro-alloy manufacturing	3311	1,996	2,045	2,072	2,080
Iron and steel pipes and tubes manufacturing from					
purchased steel	33121	601	632	624	612
Foundries	3315	299	309	298	307
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332				
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322	80	80	82	88
Plate work and fabricated structural product manufacturing	33231	484	484	476	457
Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	33241	163	187	191	187
Spring and wire product manufacturing	3326	157	155	155	153
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328	147	154	167	165
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	551	560	567	564
	333				
Machinery manufacturing	333 33311	517	526	548	547
Agricultural implement manufacturing Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning and commercial	33311	317	320	340	347
refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	345	341	333	336
All other general-purpose machinery manufacturing	33399	408	395	360	376
		400	000	000	070
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334				
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	565	592	576	572
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	1,997	2,164	2,166	2,138
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	56	58	59	58
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335				
Lighting fixture manufacturing	33512	130	131	139	146
Small electrical appliance manufacturing	33521	47	47	49	48
Major appliance manufacturing	33522	174	192	197	190
Battery manufacturing	33591	55	59	62	61
Communication and energy wire and cable manufacturing	33592	283	291	293	279
All other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	33599	106	108	108	105
Transportation equipment manufacturing	336				
Motor vehicle manufacturing	3361	1,327	1,471	1,505	1,598
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	1,890	1,945	1,996	1,931
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	8,035	8,122	8,111	7,883
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	1,095	1,142	1,196	1,189
Ship and boat building	3366	113	118	125	130
Furniture and related product manufacturing	337				
Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet	0074	222	0.46	0.45	
manufacturing	3371	839	843	840	861
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3372	440	428	426	433
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339				
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	172	169	169	166
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	829	847	883	897

Table 8b Inventory owned for selected industries, unadjusted - continued

		Previous	year	Year-to-	date	Average per mo	onth
	NAICS Code	June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	Average 2003	% Change from 2001	2002
				\$ millio	ns		
Food manufacturing	311						
Animal food manufacturing	3111	260	259	5.1	275	7.2	263
Starch and vegetable fat and oil manufacturing	31122	171	171	13.1	204	6.5	189
Sugar and confectionery product manufacturing	3113	369	352	0.1	356	-1.3	359
Fruit and vegetable preserving and specialty food manufacturing	3114	803	788	5.5	864	7.6	868
Dairy product manufacturing	3115	773	790	5.3	793	5.3	748
Meat product manufacturing	3116	866	908	-10.0	829	-1.6	884
Cookie, cracker and pasta manufacturing	31182	109	110	12.3	127	-1.9	115
Other food manufacturing	3119	499	489	0.1	474	4.4	482
Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	312	077	200		055	40.0	050
Soft drink and ice manufacturing	31211	277	269	4.0	255	13.8	253
Breweries	31212	173	185	5.1	171	10.2	168
Wineries Distilleries	31213 31214	205 490	200 485	7.6 3.4	222 480	12.6 12.1	209 484
Tobacco manufacturing	31214	619	630	-5.4	613	-6.2	602
v		019	030	-3.4	010	-0.2	002
Textile mills	313						
Fibre, yarn and thread mills	3131	52	60	-11.0	55	-22.3	58
Fabric mills	3132	365	377	-14.5	335	-7.1	368
Textile and fabric finishing and fabric coating	3133	57	58	17.2	68	-7.4	60
Textile product mills	314						
Carpet and rug mills	31411	85	84	5.4	85	-21.6	81
Textile bag and canvas mills	31491	76	69	-27.3	49	5.1	67
Clothing manufacturing	315						
Hosiery and sock mills	31511	137	139	9.2	147	-0.7	136
Other clothing knitting mills	31519	119	111	16.2	118	0.2	103
Men's and boys' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31522	403	379	11.8	409	-19.9	369
Women's and girls' cut and sew clothing manufacturing	31523	369	342	-3.1	336	-7.8	351
Clothing accessories and other clothing manufacturing	3159	63	61	12.8	71	-14.6	64
Leather and allied product manufacturing Footwear manufacturing	316 3162	111	99	-3.8	87	-10.9	92
•	321						
Wood product manufacturing Sawmills and wood preservation	321	2,738	2,858	0.0	3,256	-9.8	2,996
Veneer, plywood and engineered wood product manufacturing	3211	621	646	10.5	743	-4.4	652
Other wood product manufacturing	3219	797	786	12.6	884	7.2	801
				.2.0			
Paper manufacturing Pulp, paper and paperboard mills	322 3221	2,487	2,596	-2.7	2,525	-8.5	2,549
Paperboard container manufacturing	32221	2,407 511	516	5.0	548	-5.0	514
Paper bag and coated and treated paper manufacturing	32222	246	256	9.3	276	2.2	254
Other converted paper product manufacturing	32229	151	150	5.1	153	-3.8	147
Printing and related support activities	323						
Printing	32311	665	680	-1.9	680	-4.4	688
Support activities for printing	32312	15	12	-35.8	9	-42.6	14
	324						
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Petroleum refineries	324 32411	1,248	1,283	1.2	1,363	-12.4	1,322
		1,240	1,200	1.2	1,505	-12.4	1,022
Chemical manufacturing	325	475	405		405	4.0	404
Other basic inorganic chemical manufacturing	32518	175	185	-5.3	185	-4.3	184
Other basic organic chemical manufacturing	32519	126	136	10.6	160	-23.8	146
Resin, synthetic rubber, and artificial and synthetic fibres and filaments manufacturing	3252	470	514	10.2	581	-18.9	525
Pesticide and other agricultural chemical manufacturing	32532	102	160	-22.5	121	-20.3	133
Pharmaceutical and medicine manufacturing	3254	2,646	2,611	24.7	3,157	32.8	2,665
Paint and coating manufacturing	32551	247	255	2.3	261	-9.1	249
Adhesive manufacturing	32552	80	82	7.1	88	15.5	81
Soap and cleaning compound manufacturing	32561	137	144	-25.1	107	-11.8	129
	32562	144	144	25.3	188	-6.8	162
Toilet preparation manufacturing							
Printing ink manufacturing All other chemical product manufacturing	32591 32599	50 319	49 312	0.5 4.8	51 320	-4.2 -0.9	50 312

Table 8b Inventory owned for selected industries, unadjusted - concluded

		Previous	year	Year-to-	date	Average per mo	onth
	NAICS Code	June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	Average 2003	% Change from 2001	2002
				\$ millio	ns		
Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	326						
Plastic pipe, pipe fitting and unsupported profile shape	20212	222	0.10		000		
manufacturing	32612	209	212	2.9	229	-6.3	223
Polystyrene foam product manufacturing Other plastic product manufacturing	32614 32619	32 851	32 847	23.9 10.6	38 918	1.6 7.8	31 848
Other rubber product manufacturing	32629	179	189	-0.2	189	-7.2	189
Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	327						
Clay product and refractory manufacturing	3271	88	88	2.6	92	-12.2	89
Glass and glass product manufacturing	3272	266	277	-0.6	277	2.8	272
Cement manufacturing	32731	198	199	-4.7	197	-1.9	187
Ready-mix concrete manufacturing	32732	103	101	-6.6	97	-8.6	102
Other concrete product manufacturing	32739	82	86	6.1	90	1.3	82
Abrasive product manufacturing	32791	167	167	-11.6	132	32.0	151
All other non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	32799	141	143	7.0	146	0.9	141
Primary metal manufacturing	331						
Iron and steel mills and ferro-alloy manufacturing Iron and steel pipes and tubes manufacturing from	3311	1,953	1,893	10.1	2,112	-1.1	2,050
purchased steel	33121	526	524	19.2	607	6.7	543
Foundries	3315	279	293	3.4	300	1.0	287
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332						
Cutlery and hand tool manufacturing	3322	84	82	4.3	85	9.3	83
Plate work and fabricated structural product manufacturing	33231	456	456	4.0	464	2.9	448
Power boiler and heat exchanger manufacturing	33241	154	136	26.8	179	27.1	148
Spring and wire product manufacturing	3326	152	153	3.8	156	-7.4	154
Coating, engraving, heat treating and allied activities	3328	148	146	8.8	162	16.4	156
Other fabricated metal product manufacturing	3329	562	555	1.7	560	3.6	548
Machinery manufacturing	333	101	500	F 0	500	4.5	540
Agricultural implement manufacturing Ventilation, heating, air-conditioning and commercial	33311	491	502	5.9	539	1.5	510
refrigeration equipment manufacturing	3334	349	342	-4.1	336	6.8	345
All other general-purpose machinery manufacturing	33399	330	322	13.8	380	12.2	363
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	334						
Computer and peripheral equipment manufacturing	3341	612	622	-6.6	582	-42.7	607
Communications equipment manufacturing	3342	2,304	2,477	-16.8	2,171	-19.6	2,447
Audio and video equipment manufacturing	3343	53	50	21.3	57	-10.6	51
Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	335						
Lighting fixture manufacturing	33512	160	163	-14.6	140	-2.7	160
Small electrical appliance manufacturing	33521	44	42	21.9	48	-19.2	43
Major appliance manufacturing	33522	156	161	12.0	181	10.6	160
Battery manufacturing	33591	73	75	-17.1	60	44.2	70
Communication and energy wire and cable manufacturing	33592	299	295	-7.4	279	-42.2	291
All other electrical equipment and component manufacturing	33599	104	109	-6.3	107	-24.2	111
Transportation equipment manufacturing Motor vehicle manufacturing	336 3361	1,594	1,750	-10.0	1,538	2.9	1,730
Motor vehicle parts manufacturing	3363	1,762	1,761	12.9	1,941	3.9	1,762
Aerospace product and parts manufacturing	3364	7,938	7,878	2.2	7,862	0.3	7,817
Railroad rolling stock manufacturing	3365	1,291	1,293	-5.7	1,205	-14.0	1,338
Ship and boat building	3366	115	117	-23.5	126	-35.7	145
Furniture and related product manufacturing Household and institutional furniture and kitchen cabinet	337						
manufacturing	3371	769	772	13.5	839	9.7	772
Office furniture (including fixtures) manufacturing	3372	377	378	8.6	426	-11.1	398
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339						
Medical equipment and supplies manufacturing	3391	186	191	-6.3	171	-5.8	180
Other miscellaneous manufacturing	3399	893	845	4.5	882	5.4	879

Table 9 Inventories owned by stage of fabrication

		Unadju	sted						
Period covered	Raw materials	Goods in process	Finished products	Tota inventories					
June 2002	26.301	15,759	19,130	61,190					
July 2002	26,991	15,759	18,660	61,205					
August 2002	27,198	16,209	18,823	62,231					
September 2002	27,196	15,941	19,144	62,193					
October 2002	27,100	15,975	18,942	62,295					
November 2002	27,237	16,282	19,610	63,129					
December 2002	27,600	15,742	19,047	62,389					
January 2003	27,863	15,527	19,210	62,601					
February 2003	28,300	15,874	19,806	63,980					
March 2003	28,431	15,820	20,261	64,512					
April 2003	27,940	16,148	20,431	64,519					
May 2003	27,083	16,165	20,379	63,627					
June 2003	26,592	15,796	20,019	62,407					
		Seasonally adjusted							
	Raw materials	Goods in process	Finished products	Tota inventories					
June 2002	26,840	15,780	18,992	61,612					
July 2002	27,334	15,814	18,811	61,958					
August 2002	27,420	16,152	18,835	62,407					
September 2002	27,319	15,812	19,189	62,320					
October 2002	27,450	15,913	19,217	62,580					
November 2002	27,331	16,014	19,643	62,989					
December 2002	27,591	15,943	19,626	63,161					
January 2003	27,471	15,952	19,506	62,929					
February 2003	27,661	15,917	19,730	63,307					
March 2003	27,779	15,774	19,815	63,368					
April 2003	27,741	16,143	20,012	63,896					
May 2003	27,447	15,950	20,053	63,450					
June 2003	27,220	15,772	19,904	62,895					

Table 10 Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted

	Current year					
Province	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003		
		\$ m	illions			
Total Newfoundland and Labrador	279	207	157	151		
Prince Edward Island	151	133	89	86		
Nova Scotia	719	744	682	754		
New Brunswick Quebec	1,190 9,813	1,100 9,973	1,056 9,670	1,119 10,180		
Ontario	23,417	24,150	23,560	24,690		
Manitoba	976	1,022	1,006	995		
Saskatchewan Albarta	647	665	647	657		
Alberta British Columbia	3,502 2,821	3,645 2,850	3,406 2,820	3,816 2,826		
311 Food manufacturing						
Newfoundland and Labrador	127	78	37	38		
Prince Edward Island	109	93	57	62		
Iova Scotia	174	175	162	185		
New Brunswick	280	175	103	106		
Quebec Ontario	1,206 2,123	1,226 2,226	1,129 2,163	1,134 2,126		
Manitoba	248	258	249	252		
Saskatchewan	155	164	170	151		
Alberta	636	775	787	793		
British Columbia	397	386	368	355		
312 Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing						
lova Scotia	23	21	19	18		
Quebec Ontario	425 588	383 572	321 534	334 534		
askatchewan	6	6	5	5		
British Columbia	99	96	84	78		
313 Textile mills						
Quebec	170	173	168	168		
Ontario	68	73	72	73		
314 Textile product mills						
Quebec Ontario	84 91	83 102	81 88	84 86		
Alberta	3	3	3	2		
British Columbia	9	9	8	9		
815 Clothing manufacturing						
Quebec Ontario	265 115	277 142	318 135	338 148		
Manitoba	22	26	25	24		
Saskatchewan	1	2	2	2		
Alberta	6	7	7	7		
British Columbia	25	17	20	22		
316 Leather and allied product manufacturing						
Quebec	23	26	22	24		
Ontario	12	13	12	15		
321 Wood product manufacturing						
lova Scotia	46	49	41	40		
Quebec Ontario	650 447	677 466	667 442	653 446		
Manitoba	47	44	41	38		
Saskatchewan	42	43	38	40		
Alberta	200	183	179	173		
British Columbia	760	772	780	812		

Table 10
Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - continued

		Current year				
Province	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003		
		\$ mi	llions			
322 Paper manufacturing						
Nova Scotia Quebec	75 880	79 937	81 934	78 968		
Ontario	786	813	820	868		
Alberta	126	127	129	134		
British Columbia	411	441	443	445		
323 Printing and related support activities	000	000	0.45	0.40		
Quebec Ontario	208 435	239 443	245 453	242 490		
Manitoba	37	40	36	33		
Saskatchewan Alberta	8 45	9 48	8 47	11 50		
British Columbia	42	42	43	46		
324 Petroleum and coal products manufacturing						
Quebec	537	554	583	770		
Ontario	803	843	836	1,074		
Alberta British Columbia	680 64	689 63	603 63	839 63		
		00	00	00		
325 Chemical manufacturing Quebec	770	850	754	745		
Ontario	1,791	1,812	1,814	1,906		
Manitoba Seeketahayyan	58	94	67 81	59 76		
Saskatchewan Alberta	87 565	111 734	571	76 635		
British Columbia	109	117	117	105		
326 Plastics and rubber products manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	87	92	88	84		
Quebec Ontario	467 1,176	484 1,238	492 1,228	485 1,174		
Manitoba	43	49	45	41		
Saskatchewan Alberta	10 97	10 86	10 81	10 84		
British Columbia	99	100	93	84		
327 Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	16	17	10	8		
Quebec Ontario	294 522	296 504	215 450	181 381		
Saskatchewan	13	12	6	4		
Alberta British Columbia	130 130	115 129	104 123	102 117		
	130	129	123	117		
331 Primary metal manufacturing Quebec	1,010	1,043	1,098	1,094		
Ontario	1,295	1,424	1,436	1,508		
Alberta	75	66	74	104		
332 Fabricated metal product manufacturing						
Newfoundland and Labrador Prince Edward Island	14 2	14 1	11 3	10 2		
Nova Scotia	28	21	19	18		
New Brunswick	27	20	17	18		
Quebec Ontario	467 1,335	453 1,374	417 1,340	419 1,336		
Manitoba	85	69	77	65		
Saskatchewan	39 321	38	37 246	38 270		
Alberta British Columbia	137	248 135	134	133		
	-		-			

Table 10 Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - continued

	Current year				
Province	June 2003	May 2003	April 2003	March 2003	
		\$ millions			
333 Machinery manufacturing					
Quebec	367	363	341	422	
Ontario Manitoba	983 83	1,078 83	989 82	1,056 93	
Saskatchewan	39	48	66	66	
Alberta	239	221	231	268	
British Columbia	141	144	135	143	
334 Computer and electronic product manufacturing					
Quebec	522	415	377	513	
Ontario	919	836	778	997	
Saskatchewan Alberta	9 97	7 63	8 74	9 91	
British Columbia	64	67	71	67	
335 Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing					
Quebec	264	244	230	253	
Ontario	436	422	408	452	
Manitoba	11	12	14	12	
Saskatchewan	13	12	12	13	
Alberta British Columbia	37 27	33 35	33 28	31 34	
336 Transportation equipment manufacturing					
Nova Scotia	56	64	57	69	
Quebec	819	828	886	927	
Ontario	8,682	8,989	8,769	9,215	
Manitoba	133	142	165	168	
Saskatchewan Alberta	23 74	32 74	29 81	28 81	
British Columbia	105	101	102	100	
337 Furniture and related product manufacturing					
Quebec	262	294	283	293	
Ontario	592	565	561	580	
Manitoba	61	59	60	63	
Saskatchewan Alberta	7 66	7 68	6 67	7 66	
British Columbia	43	45	46	44	
339 Miscellaneous manufacturing					
Newfoundland and Labrador	1	1	1	1	
Quebec	123	126	110	134	
Ontario	218	215	231	227	
Manitoba Saskatohawan	7	7 4	7 5	7	
Saskatchewan Alberta	4 31	34	30	27	
British Columbia	52	47	47	49	

Table 10
Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - continued

	Previous year		Year-to-date		Annual		
	June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002	
			\$ millio	ns			
Total Newfoundland and Labrador	269	192	3.8	1,074	1.3	2,234	
Prince Edward Island	148	127	1.6	622	9.5	1,316	
lova Scotia	755	696	6.5	4,289	1.3	8,646	
New Brunswick	1,178	1,196	8.5	6,461	3.1	12,632	
Quebec Ontario	10,340 23,829	10,937 25,134	-2.6 0.7	58,433 140,789	0.9 3.4	122,059 277,581	
Manitoba	965	1,046	1.8	5,826	0.6	11,538	
Saskatchewan	612	631	3.3	3,778	1.3	7,239	
Alberta British Columbia	3,445 2,962	3,640 3,137	9.7 -2.5	21,293 16,496	-3.4 0.4	40,966 34,236	
l11 Food manufacturing	,	,		,		,	
Newfoundland and Labrador	150	80	-14.0	353	10.3	891	
Prince Edward Island	105	91	0.9	439	8.0	952	
lova Scotia Iew Brunswick	174	172	2.2	1,021	2.2	2,234	
Quebec	237 1,118	269 1,185	-8.2 4.4	871 6,829	4.6 1.4	2,004 13,573	
Ontario	2,090	2,166	2.3	12,472	-0.1	25,085	
Manitoba	253	257	0.5	1,486	4.3	3,023	
Saskatchewan	139	156	7.9	931	3.3	1,825	
Alberta British Columbia	774 386	794 386	0.9 5.1	4,471 2,139	-1.0 3.4	9,055 4,270	
312 Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	000	000	0.1	2,100	0.1	1,270	
Nova Scotia	20	19	16.9	109	1.5	213	
Quebec	405	371	1.2	1,975	5.7	4,093	
Ontario	607	568	1.5	3,129	2.6	6,514	
Saskatchewan British Columbia	11 98	10 85	-43.6 9.4	28 480	-7.8 9.1	92 990	
213 Textile mills							
Quebec	184	190	-9.9	974	-2.6	2,069	
Ontario	78	89	-13.1	420	-5.3	912	
t <mark>14 Textile product mills</mark> Quebec	85	96	6.6	472	0.1	1 020	
Ontario	100	105	-6.6 -7.4	540	-2.1 3.8	1,020 1,138	
Alberta	2	3	3.8	14	-14.4	28	
British Columbia	12	13	-34.8	49	4.0	153	
215 Clothing manufacturing							
Quebec Ontario	288	321	-5.7 -14.4	1,799	-7.4	3,937	
Manitoba	139 28	148 25	3.7	827 147	6.6 13.1	2,020 376	
Saskatchewan	1	1	18.1	11	-5.6	22	
Alberta	6	8	-6.9	40	-6.8	89	
British Columbia	20	19	5.8	131	-15.8	263	
316 Leather and allied product manufacturing	20	20	0.4	140	40.0	420	
Quebec Ontario	28 13	29 12	-9.1 -27.0	142 76	-18.8 11.9	430 225	
321 Wood product manufacturing							
lova Scotia	49	51	-5.7	251	10.1	530	
Quebec	674	768	-1.6	3,850	11.9	7,637	
		F10					
Ontario	474	518 47	-6.8 -1.8	2,636 237	7.7 -13.5	5,622 501	
Ontario Manitoba	474 44	47	-1.8	237	-13.5	501	
Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	474						

Table 10 Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - continued

	Previous	Previous year		te	Annual	
	June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
			\$ millior	ıs		
322 Paper manufacturing						
Nova Scotia Quebec	64 933	52 989	13.6 -2.4	450 5,548	-17.9 -2.7	881 11,729
Ontario	833	866	-2.4	4,905	-3.6	10,091
Alberta	135	115	4.1	764	4.0	1,553
British Columbia	424	377	10.8	2,548	-11.7	4,790
323 Printing and related support activities						
Quebec Ontario	222 430	254 454	1.0 -1.0	1,381 2,636	-11.3 2.0	2,749 5,351
Manitoba	35	40	-4.4	2,030	-6.4	436
Saskatchewan	8	8	11.2	53	6.1	106
Alberta	45 48	51 55	-2.2 -16.1	277 258	-5.4 -10.7	574 608
British Columbia	40	33	-10.1	230	-10.7	000
324 Petroleum and coal products manufacturing Quebec	522	533	33.6	3,898	6.7	6,845
Ontario	757	827	24.3	5,405	-2.9	9,861
Alberta	594	608	33.3	4,272	1.0	7,491
British Columbia	67	65	0.8	380	-4.8	754
325 Chemical manufacturing						
Quebec	727	810	3.0	4,429	6.8	8,711
Ontario Manitoba	1,697 52	1,821 79	9.6 26.0	10,792 392	7.8 -12.6	20,076 616
Saskatchewan	68	70	16.2	462	-10.8	562
Alberta	503	693	19.8	3,706	-6.7	6,456
British Columbia	97	99	24.5	636	7.1	1,076
326 Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	05	106	7.5	EOE	6.0	4 4 4 4
Nova Scotia Quebec	95 454	106 490	-7.5 6.2	525 2,743	6.9 10.7	1,141 5,208
Ontario	1,244	1,298	0.6	7,054	6.9	13,805
Manitoba	47	48	0.8	260	7.5	508
Saskatchewan Alberta	8 97	8 95	14.5 1.3	56 492	5.4 -4.0	98 1,023
British Columbia	98	99	5.9	525	-3.1	1,008
327 Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	16	17	-2.8	66	1.2	162
Quebec	267	285	5.4	1,265	10.8	2,701
Ontario Saskatchewan	469 14	484 14	6.8 -11.7	2,521 41	4.9 -8.2	5,264 113
Alberta	146	145	1.9	649	24.1	1,510
British Columbia	122	129	12.6	696	17.0	1,357
331 Primary metal manufacturing						
Quebec	1,034	1,159	-0.6	6,370	7.8	12,712
Ontario Alberta	1,348 73	1,463 75	7.5 21.8	8,545 518	11.9 -10.7	16,003 896
332 Fabricated metal product manufacturing Newfoundland and Labrador	10	6	77.7	65	-15.5	88
Prince Edward Island	2	2	17.0	12	-1.5	25
Nova Scotia	20	21	7.2	124	17.2	264
New Brunswick Quebec	23 478	25 493	-8.2 -2.6	119 2,507	-5.7 1.8	268 5,329
Ontario	1,343	1,431	-3.2	7,862	4.7	16,165
Manitoba	61	65	33.6	436	-2.0	707
Saskatchewan Alberta	43 202	36 222	7.2 25.7	213 1,544	-6.5 -2.7	416 2,637
British Columbia	143	144	0.6	787	2.2	1,609

Table 10 Shipments by major group and province, unadjusted - concluded

	Previous year		Year-to-da	ite	Annual	
	June 2002	May 2002	% Change from 2002	2003	% Change from 2001	2002
			\$ million	ıs		
333 Machinery manufacturing						
Quebec	400	361	-5.5	2,176	0.2	4,587
Ontario Manitoba	1,109 93	1,221 106	-8.4 -14.0	6,006 492	4.1 9.4	12,943 1,042
Saskatchewan	44	52	-13.3	317	7.4	662
Alberta	228	214	-4.5	1,408	-14.5	2,872
British Columbia	144	127	14.7	834	8.7	1,594
334 Computer and electronic product manufacturing						
Quebec	588	653	-18.9	2,683	-18.1	6,588
Ontario	1,114	1,006	-16.7	5,134	-13.9	11,900
Saskatchewan	7	9	4.3	48	12.7	94
Alberta	158	140	-26.9	485	-29.9	1,392
British Columbia	69	64	-2.7	379	-17.7	879
335 Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing						
Quebec	251	265	-0.5	1,457	10.6	2,930
Ontario	447	445	-6.7	2,501	-12.2	5,210
Manitoba Saskatchewan	18 17	21 19	-25.7 -43.5	73 70	-14.7 -45.0	183 208
Alberta	27	25	-43.5 23.0	188	-45.0 9.5	328
British Columbia	25	32	6.5	182	-32.9	345
336 Transportation equipment manufacturing						
Nova Scotia	132	84	-33.2	345	29.7	862
Quebec	1,227	1,211	-23.9	5,586	-7.0	14,134
Ontario	8,812	9,442	0.4	52,657	6.5	100,483
Manitoba	126	143	3.8	871	0.2	1,603
Saskatchewan	34	33	-9.6	166	21.7	349
Alberta	78	64	8.6	450	0.5	785
British Columbia	122	131	-16.3	583	-4.9	1,283
337 Furniture and related product manufacturing						
Quebec	293	314	-2.5	1,627	11.4	3,293
Ontario	538	537	4.8	3,403	-2.2	6,629
Manitoba Saskatchewan	54 10	61 9	-1.2 -16.0	358 40	11.3 3.3	743 89
Alberta	66	72	-3.9	393	-3.9	838
British Columbia	40	43	9.8	267	14.4	525
339 Miscellaneous manufacturing						
Newfoundland and Labrador	2	2	-43.2	6	22.1	18
Quebec	163	161	-11.4	722	11.3	1,785
Ontario	188	231	10.1	1,266	6.8	2,284
Manitoba	8	9	-14.1	44	-11.0	107
Saskatchewan	4	4	9.5	23	-2.0	44
Alberta	37	36	-6.0	191	7.8	440
British Columbia	47	53	2.5	285	15.0	606

Survey documentation

- About the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing
- Concepts and definitions
- Survey Design and Methodology
- **Data Quality**

About the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing

The statistics contained in this publication are based on information obtained through a sample survey of 11,000 representative manufacturing establishments across Canada. The Monthly Survey of Manufacturers started in 1947 and although its content has remained essentially the same, it underwent a major redesign with respect to the frame in 1999.

The values (in Canadian dollars) of shipments, inventories and orders are used as indicators of the economic condition of manufacturing industries; as inputs to Canada's Gross Domestic Product; as two components in the Statistics Canada composite indicator; as input to macro- and microeconomic studies and in econometric models (e.g. to determine market share, apparent domestic availability, etc.).

Since 1999, Statistics Canada's Business Register provides the sampling frame for the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (MSM). The target population for the MSM consists of all statistical establishments on the business register that are classified to the manufacturing sector. The sampling frame for the MSM is determined from the target population after subtracting establishments that represent the bottom 2% of the total manufacturing shipments estimate for each province. These establishments are excluded from the frame so that the sample size can be reduced without significantly affecting quality.

Concepts and Definitions

The Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (MSM) publishes statistical series for manufacturers – shipments, inventories. unfilled orders and new orders. The values of these characteristics represent current monthly estimates of the more complete Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) data.

The MSM is a sample survey of approximately 11,000 Canadian manufacturing establishments, which are categorized into over 200 industries. Industries are classified according to the 1997 North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS), which replaced the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. Reference year 2000 is the last year for which data are released on a SIC basis. The MSM adopted the NAICS for its 2001 reference, while previous years' data have been re-calculated to the new classification system back to 1992. Seasonally adjusted series are available for the main aggregates.

An establishment comprises the smallest manufacturing unit capable of reporting the variables of interest. Data collected by the MSM provides a current 'snapshot' of shipment values by the Canadian manufacturing sector, enabling analysis of the state of the Canadian economy, as well as the health of specific industries in the short- to medium-term. The information is used by both private and public sectors including Statistics Canada, federal and provincial governments, business and trade entities, international and domestic nongovernmental organizations, consultants, the business press and private citizens. The data are used for analyzing market share, trends, corporate benchmarking, policy analysis, program development, tax policy and trade policy.

1. Shipments

Shipments are defined as the value of goods manufactured by establishments that have been shipped to a customer. Shipments exclude any wholesaling activity, and any revenues from the rental of equipment or the sale of electricity. Note that in practice, some respondents report financial trans-actions rather than payments for work done. Shipments are available by 3-digit NAICS, broken down by province.

For the aerospace product and parts, and shipbuilding industries, the value of production is used instead of shipments. This value is calculated by adjusting monthly shipments by the monthly change in goods in process and finished product inventories. Raw materials are not included in the calculation since production tries to measure "work done" during the month. This is done in order to reduce distortions caused by the shipment of high value items as completed sales.

2. Inventories

Measurement of component values of inventory is important for economic studies as well as for derivation of production values. Respondents are asked to report their book values (at cost), of raw materials, any goods in process, and finished product inventories separate-ly. In some cases, respondents estimate a total inventory figure, which is allocated on the basis of proportions reported on the ASM. Inventory levels are calculated on a Canadawide basis, not by province.

3. Orders

a) Unfilled Orders

Unfilled orders represent a backlog or stock of orders that will generate future shipments assuming that they are not cancelled. As with inventories, unfilled orders and new orders levels are calculated on a Canadawide basis, not by province.

The MSM produces estimates for unfilled orders for all industries except for those industries where orders are customarily filled from stocks on hand and order books are not gen-erally maintained. In the case of the aircraft companies, options to purchase are not treated as orders until they are entered into the account-ing system.

b) New Orders

New orders represent current demand for manufactured products. Estimates of new orders are derived from shipments and unfilled orders data. All shipments within a month result from either an order received during the month or at some earlier time. New orders can be calculated as the sum of shipments adjusted for the monthly change in unfilled orders.

4. Non-Durable / Durable goods

a) Non-durable goods industries

Non-durable goods industries include Food (NAICS 311), Beverage and Tobacco Products (312), Textile Mills (313), Textile Product Mills (314), Leather and Allied Products (316), Paper (322), Printing and Related Support Activities (323), Petroleum and Coal Products (324), Chemicals (325) and Plastic and Rubber Products (326)

b) Durable goods industries

Durable goods industries include Clothing (NAICS 315), Wood Products (321), Non-Metallic Mineral Products (327), Primary Metals (331), Fabricated Metal Products (332), Machinery (333), Computer and Electronic Products (334), Electrical Equipment, Appliance and Components (335), Transportation Equipment (336), Furniture and Related Products (337) and Miscellaneous Manufacturing (339).

Survey Design and Methodology

Beginning with the August 1999 reference month, the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (MSM) has undergone an extensive redesign.

Concept Review

It was decided that before any redesign work could begin the basic concepts and definitions of the program would be confirmed.

This was done in two ways: First, a review of user requirements was initiated. This involved revisiting an internal report to ensure that the user requirements from that exercise were being satisfied. As well, another round of internal review with the major users in the National Accounts was undertaken. This was to specifically focus on any data gaps that could be identified.

Secondly, with these gaps or requirements in hand, a survey was conducted in order to ascertain respondent's ability to report existing and new data. The study was also to confirm that respondents understood the definitions, which were being asked by survey analysts.

The result of the concept review was a reduction of the number of questions for the survey from sixteen to seven. Most of the questions that were dropped had to do with the reporting of shipments for work that was partially completed.

Methodology

The new sample design incorporates the 1997 North American Industrial Classification Standard (NAICS) and gives a much higher profile to provincial estimates. Stratification is done by province with equal quality requirements for each province. Large size units are selected with certainty and small units are selected with a probability based on the desired quality of the estimate within a cell.

The opportunity was also taken at this time to allow for the introduction of sample rotation into the survey design. Most of the smaller companies who are asked to participate in the survey will do so only for a set period.

The estimation system generates estimates using the NAICS. The estimates will also continue to be reconciled to the ASM. Provincial estimates for all variables will be produced. A measure of quality (CV) will also be produced.

Components of the Redesigned Survey

Target Population and Sampling Frame

Statistics Canada's business register provides the sampling frame for the MSM. The target population for the MSM consists of all statistical establishments on the business register that are classified to the manufacturing sector (by NAICS). The sampling frame for the MSM is determined from the target population after subtracting establishments that represent the bottom 2% of the total manufacturing shipments estimate for each province. These establishments were excluded from the frame so that the sample size could be reduced without significantly affecting quality.

The Sample

The MSM sample is a probability sample comprised of approximately 11,000 establishments.

Prior to selection, the sampling frame is subdivided into industry-province cells. For the most part, NAICS codes were used. Depending upon the number of establishments within each cell, further subdivisions were made to group similar sized establishments' together (called stratum). An establishment's size was based on its most recently available annual shipments or sales value.

Each industry by province cell has a 'take-all' stratum composed of establishments sampled each month with certainty. This 'take-all' stratum is composed of establishments that are the largest statistical enterprises, and have the largest impact on estimates within a particular industry by province cell. These large statistical enterprises comprise 45% of the national manufacturing shipment estimates.

Each industry - province cell can have at most three 'takesome' strata. Not all establishments within these stratums need to be sampled with certainty. A random sample is drawn from the remaining strata. The responses from these sampled establishments are weighted according to the inverse of their probability of selection.

The initial sample was selected in late 1998 and has been refreshed each month by including a sample of new entrants in the frame.

Data Collection

Data collection, data capture, preliminary edit and follow-up of non-respondents are all performed in Statistics Canada regional offices. Sampled establishments are contacted by mail or telephone according to the preference of the respondent. Data capture and preliminary editing are performed simultaneously to ensure the validity of the data.

In some cases, combined reports are received from enterprises or companies with more than one establishment in the sample where respondents prefer not to provide individual establishment reports. Businesses, which do not report or whose reports contain errors, are followed up immediately.

Data Quality

Statistical Edit and Imputation

Data are analyzed within each industry-province cell. Extreme values are listed for inspection by the magnitude of the deviation from average behavior. Respondents are contacted to verify extreme values. Records that fail statistical edits are considered outliers and are not used for imputation.

Values are imputed for the non-responses, for establishments that do not report or only partially complete the survey form. A number of imputation methods are used depending on the variable requiring treatment. Methods include using industryprovince cell trends, historical responses, or reference to the ASM. Following imputation, the MSM staff performs a final verification of the responses that have been imputed.

Revisions

In conjunction with preliminary estimates for the current month, estimates for the previous three months are revised to account for any late returns. Data are revised when late responses are received or if an incorrect response was reported earlier.

Estimation

Estimates are calculated by multiplying an estimation weight to an establishment's reported responses. The estimation weight is the inverse of the sampled establishment's probability of selection. Take all units are self-representative.

Benchmarking

The MSM is periodically benchmarked to the most recent results of the Annual Survey of Manufactures (approximately eighteen months after the end of the reference year). Benchmarking is a process designed to calibrate the monthly estimates to the level of the more complete Annual Survey of Manufacturers. The result is that the two surveys have consistent totals at the aggregated level. The MSM estimates were benchmarked to the 1998 ASM with the release of the January 2001 reference month.

Sampling and Non-sampling Errors

The statistics in this publication are estimates derived from a sample survey and, as such, can be subject to errors. The following material is provided to assist the reader in the interpretation of the estimates published.

Estimates derived from a sample survey are subject to a number of different kinds of errors. These errors can be broken down into two major types: sampling and nonsampling.

1. Sampling Errors

Sampling errors are an inherent risk of sample surveys. They result from the difference between the value of a variable if it is randomly sampled and its value if a census is taken (or the average of all possible random values). These errors are present because observations are made only on a sample and not on the entire population.

The sampling error depends on factors such as the size of the sample, variability in the population, sampling design and method of estimation. For example, for a given sample size, the sampling error will depend on the stratification procedure employed, allocation of the sample, choice of the sampling units and method of selection. (Further, even for the same sampling design, we can make different calculations to arrive at the most efficient estimation procedure.) The most important feature of probability sampling is that the sampling error can be measured from the sample itself.

2. Non-sampling Errors

Non-sampling errors result from a systematic flaw in the structure of the data-collection procedure or design of any or all variables examined. They create a difference between the value of a variable obtained by sampling or census methods and the variable's true value. These errors are present whether a sample or a complete census of the population is taken. Non-sampling errors can be attributed to one or more of the following sources:

- a) Coverage error: This error can result from incomplete listing and inadequate coverage of the population of interest.
- b) Data response error: This error may be due to questionnaire design, the characteristics of a question, inability or unwillingness of the respondent to provide correct information, misinterpretation of the questions or definitional problems.
- c) Non-response error: Some respondents may refuse to answer questions, some may be unable to respond, and others may be too late in responding. Data for the non-responding units can be imputed using the data from responding units or some earlier data on the non-responding units if available.

The extent of error due to imputation is usually unknown and is very much dependent on any characteristic differences between the respondent group and the non-respondent group in the survey. This error generally decreases with increases in the response rate and attempts are therefore made to obtain as high a response rate as possible.

d) Processing error: These errors may occur at various stages of processing such as coding, data entry, verification, editing, weighting, and tabulation, etc. Non-sampling errors are difficult to measure. More important, non-sampling errors require control at the level at which their presence does not impair the use and interpretation of the results.

Measures have been undertaken to minimize the nonsampling errors. For example, units have been defined in a most precise manner and the most up-to-date listings have been used. Questionnaires have been carefully designed to minimize different interpretations. As well, detailed acceptance testing has been carried out for the different stages of editing and processing and every possible effort has been made to reduce the non-response rate as well as the response burden.

Measures of Sampling and Non-sampling Errors

1. Sampling Error Measures

The sample used in this survey is one of a large number of all possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design under the same general conditions. If it was possible that each one of these samples could be surveyed under essentially the same conditions, with an estimate calculated from each sample, it would be expected that the sample estimates would differ from each other.

The average estimate derived from all these possible sample estimates is termed the expected value. The expected value can also be expressed as the value that would be obtained if a census enumeration were taken under identical conditions of collection and processing. An estimate calculated from a sample survey is said to be precise if it is near the expected value.

Sample estimates may differ from this expected value of the estimates. However, since the estimate is based on a probability sample, the variability of the sample estimate with respect to its expected value can be measured. The variance of an estimate is a measure of the precision of the sample estimate and is defined as the average, over all possible samples, of the squared difference of the estimate from its expected value.

The standard error is a measure of precision in absolute terms. The coefficient of variation, defined as the standard error divided by the sample estimate, is a measure of precision in relative terms. For comparison purposes, one may more readily compare the sampling error of one estimate to the sampling error of another estimate by using the coefficient of variation.

In this publication, the coefficient of variation is used to measure the sampling error of the estimates. However, since the coefficient of variation published for this survey is calculated from the responses of individual units, it also measures some non-sampling error.

The formula used to calculate the published coefficients of variation (CV) in Table 1 is:

$$CV(X) = \frac{S(X)}{X}$$

where X denotes the estimate and S(X) denotes the standard error of X.

In this publication, the coefficient of variation is expressed as a percentage.

Confidence intervals can be constructed around the estimate using the estimate and the coefficient of variation. Thus, for our sample, it is possible to state with a given level of confidence that the expected value will fall within the confidence interval constructed around the estimate. For example, if an estimate of \$12,000,000 has a coefficient of variation of 10%, the standard error will be \$1,200,000 or the estimate multiplied by the coefficient of variation. It can then be stated with 68% confidence that the expected value will fall within the interval whose length equals the standard deviation about the estimate, i.e., between \$10,800,000 and \$13,200,000. Alternatively, it can be stated with 95% confidence that the expected value will fall within the interval whose length equals two standard deviations about the estimate, i.e., between \$9,600,000 and \$14,400,000.

The table below contains the national level CVs, expressed as a percentage, for all manufacturing for the MSM characteristics. For CVs at other aggregate levels, contact the Marketing and Dissemination Section at (613) 951-9497. toll free: 1-866-873-8789 or by e-mail at manufact@statcan.ca.

National Level CVs by Characteristic

Month	Shipments	Raw Material Inven- tories	Goods in Process Inven- tories	Finished Product Inven- tories	Unfilled Orders
			%		
June 2002 July 2002 August 2002 September 2002 October 2002 November 2002 December 2003 January 2003 February 2003 March 2003 April 2003 May 2003 June 2003	0.53 0.50	1.41 0.88 0.88 0.90 0.93 0.91 0.92 0.89 0.92 0.91	0.73 0.62 0.65 0.73 0.72 0.72 0.74 0.75 0.73 0.76 0.73	1.51 1.34 1.36 1.40 1.33 1.25 1.20 1.25 1.25 1.26 1.29 1.30 1.36	1.37 1.37 1.42 1.52 1.86 1.85 1.82 1.81 1.78 1.75 1.68 1.60

2. Non-sampling Error Measures

The exact population value is aimed at or desired by both a sample survey as well as a census. We say the estimate is accurate if it is near this value. Although this value is desired, we cannot assume that the exact value of every unit in the population or sample can be obtained and processed without error. Any difference between the expected value and the exact population value is termed the bias. Systematic biases in the data cannot be measured by the probability measures of sampling error as previously described. The accuracy of a survey estimate is determined by the joint effect of sampling and non-sampling errors.

Three sources of non-sampling error in the MSM are nonresponse error, imputation error and the error due to editing. To assist users in evaluating these errors, weighted rates that are related to these three types of error are given in Table 2. The following is an example of what is meant by a weighted rate. A cell with a sample of 20 units in which five respond for a particular month would have a response rate of 25%. If these five reporting units represented \$8 million out of a total estimate of \$10 million, the weighted response rate would be 80%.

The definitions of the three weighted rates noted in Table 2 follow. The weighted response rate is the proportion of a characteristic's total estimate that is based upon reported data (excluding data that has been edited). The weighted imputation rate is the proportion of a characteristic's total estimate that is based upon imputed data. The weighted editing rate is the proportion of a characteristic's total estimate that is based upon data that was edited (edited data may have been originally reported or imputed).

The table below contains the three types of weighted rates for each of the characteristics at the national level for all of manufacturing. In the table, the rates (expressed as percentages) are averages over the last thirteen months.

Average National Weighted Rates by Characteristic

Characteristic	Response	Imputation	Editing
		%	
Shipments Raw Materials Goods in Process Finished Products Unfilled Orders	93.32 79.39 80.02 80.71 87.64	3.77 17.32 10.80 14.79 5.95	2.91 3.30 9.19 4.50 6.41

Joint Interpretation of Measures of Error

The measure of non-response error as well as the coefficient of variation must be considered jointly to have an overview of the quality of the estimates. The lower the coefficient of variation and the higher the weighted response rate, the better will be the published estimate.

Seasonal Adjustment

Economic time series contain the elements essential to the description, explanation and forecasting of the behavior of an economic phenomenon. They are statistical records of

the evolution of economic processes through time. In using time series to observe economic activity, economists and statisticians have identified four characteristic behavioral components: the long-term movement or trend, the cycle, the seasonal variations and the irregular fluctuations. These movements are caused by various economic, climatic or institutional factors. The seasonal variations occur periodically on a more or less regular basis over the course of a year. These variations occur as a result of seasonal changes in weather, statutory holidays and other events that occur at fairly regular intervals and thus have a significant impact on the rate of economic activity.

In the interest of accurately interpreting the fundamental evolution of an economic phenomenon and producing forecasts of superior quality, Statistics Canada uses the X11ARIMA/88 seasonal adjustment method to seasonally adjust its time series. This method minimizes the impact of seasonal variations on the series and essentially consists of adding one year of estimated raw data to the end of the original series before it is seasonally adjusted per se. The estimated data are derived from forecasts using ARIMA (Auto Regressive Integrated Moving Average) models of the Box-Jenkins type.

The X-11 part of the X11ARIMA/88 program uses primarily a ratio-to-moving average method. It is used to smooth the modified series and obtain a preliminary estimate of the trendcycle. It also calculates the ratios of the original series (fitted) to the estimates of the trend-cycle and estimates the seasonal factors from these ratios. The final seasonal factors are produced only after these operations have been repeated several times.

The procedures to determine the seasonal factors necessary to calculate the final seasonally adjusted data are executed every month. This approach ensures that the estimated seasonal factors are derived from an unadjusted series that includes all the available information about the series, i.e. the current month's unadjusted data as well as the previous month's revised unadjusted data.

While seasonal adjustment permits a better understanding of the underlying trend-cycle of a series, the seasonally adjusted series still contains an irregular component. Slight month-to-month variations in the seasonally adjusted series may be simple irregular movements. To get a better idea of the underlying trend, users should examine several months of the seasonally adjusted series.

The Canada seasonally adjusted total is derived indirectly by the summation of the individually seasonally adjusted kinds of business.

Trend

A seasonally adjusted series may contain the effects of irregular influences and special circumstances and these can mask the trend. The short term trend shows the underlying direction in seasonally adjusted series by averaging across months, thus smoothing out the effects of irregular influences. The result is a more stable series. The trend for the last month may be, subject to significant revision as values in future months are included in the averaging process.



Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division

Monthly Survey of Manufacturing

Division de la fabrication, de la construction et de l'énergie

| | | | | -

Enquête mensuelle sur les industries manufacturières

Confidential when completed

Collected under the authority of the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S19.

Confidentiel une fois rempli

Y–A	М

Renseignements recueillis en vertu de La Loi sur la statistique, Lois révisées du Canada, 1985, chapitre S19.

If you need assistance, please call telephone No. below. Si vous avez besoin d'aide, veuillez téléphoner au n° suivant.

Telephone/Téléphone:

Toll Free/Numéro sans frais:

Fax/Télécopieur:

Toll Free Fax/Télécopieur sans frais:



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INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENTS:

To reduce response burden and to ensure more uniform statistics, Statistics Canada has entered into agreements with government departments and agencies for the sharing of data. See the second page for details of the agreements concerning this survey.

ENTENTES DE PARTAGE DES DONNÉES:

Pour alléger le fardeau de réponse et assurer des statistiques plus uniformes, Statistique Canada a conclu des ententes avec des ministères et organismes publics en vue d'un échange de données. Voir la deuxième page pour détails sur les accords concernant cette enquête.

Please correct name, address and establishment coverage if necessary - Veuillez corriger le nom, l'adresse et le regroupement d'établissements s'il y a lieu.

- When values are not available by the due date, estimates are acceptable.
- Do not report cumulative or year-to-date values.
- Leave blank spaces only where values are not normally
- Lorsque les valeurs ne sont pas disponibles à la date d'échéance, on peut accepter un estimé de ces valeurs.
- Ne donnez pas des chiffres cumulatifs.
- Laissez un espace en blanc seulement où les valeurs

reported.	os are norman,	ne sont pas normalement rapportées.		
1. Shipments – Livraisons		2. Inventories – Stocks manufact	turiers	
	Omit cents – Omettre les cents			
a) Goods of own manufacture	01	Raw materials, fuel, supplies, Matières premières, combustible,	04	
Produits de propre fabrication	02	fournitures	05	
b) Goods purchased for resale Produits achetés pour la revente	03	b) Goods in Process (gross value) Produits en cours (valeur brute)		
TOTAL		c) Finished products of own manufacture	06	
		Produits finis de propre fabrication	07	
		d) Goods purchased for resale Produits achetés pour la revente		
		·	08	. >
		TOTAL		
3. Orders – Commandes		4. Period – Période		
Unfilled orders at month end Commandes non remplies à la fin du mois	09	Closing date of accounting period covered Date de clôture de la période comptable		Day – Jour
Name of contact – Nom de la personne-res	ssource	Tel. No. – N° de tél.	Date	
		Area code. Ind. rég.	Y–A	M D–J
Position – Fonction				

Thank you for your cooperation – Merci de votre collaboration





Statistics Canada

Statistique Canada



INFORMATION SHARING AGREEMENTS:

Section 11 of the federal Statistics Act provides for the joint collection and sharing of information with provincial statistical agencies which (1) have been established under provincial legis—lation providing substantially the same provisions for confidentiality and penalties for disclosure of confidential information as the federal Statistics Act, and (2) have the provincial or territorial legislative authority to collect this information on their own. Section 11 therefore was designed to reduce response burden and to facilitate the production of consistent and high quality national and provincial statistics.

A Section 11 agreement is in effect with the Institut de la statistique du Québec with respect to establishments located within the boundaries of that province.

ACCORDS DE PARTAGE DES DONNÉES:

L'article 11 de la Loi fédérale sur la statistique prévoit la collecte conjointe et le partage des données avec les organismes statistiques provinciaux qui 1) ont été établis en vertu d'une loi provinciale prévoyant essentiellement le même degré de protection de la confidentialité et les mêmes sanctions relatives à la divulgation d'information confidentielle que la Loi fédérale sur la statistique, et 2) sont autorisés légalement, par leur province ou leur territoire à recueillir eux-mêmes l'information. L'article 11 vise donc à réduire le fardeau de réponse et à faciliter la production de statistiques cohérentes et de bonne qualité aux niveaux fédéral et provincial.

L'accord en vertu de l'article 11 a été conclu avec l'Institut de la statistique du Québec en ce qui a trait aux établissements situés à l'intérieur des limites de cette province.

Comments - Commentaires	
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