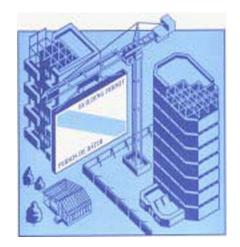


Building Permits

November 2003





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Statistics Canada Investment and Capital Stock Division Current Investment Indicators Section

Building Permits

November 2003

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- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- ^p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

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Geographical Abbreviations

PD Planning District A.R. Agglomération de recensement BOR Borough PDR Planning District Remainder С RCR Rural County Remainder City C.A. Census Agglomeration RGM Regional Municipality CC **Chartered Community** R.M.R. Région métropolitaine de recensement CDR Census Division Remainder RDR Regional District Remainder CM County (Municipality) **Rural Municipality** RM C.M.A. Census Metropolitan Area RV Resort Village COM Community SA Special Area CR County Remainder S-E Indian Settleman/Établissement indien CT Canton SCM Subdivision of County Municipality CU Cantons-Unis SD Sans désignation DM District (Municipality) SET Settlement HAM Hamlet SM Specialize Municipality ID Improvement District SRD Subdivision of Regional District IGD Indian Government District SUN Subdivision of Unorganized District **LGD** SV Summer Village Local Government District LOT Lot and Royalty Т Town M Municipalité T.N.O. Territoires du Nord-Ouest MD **Municipal District** TP Township Northern Hamlet **UCR Urban County Remainder** NH NT Northern Town UNO Unorganized/Non organisé NV Northern Village \/ Ville N.W.T. NorthWest Territories VC Village Cri

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PAR

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Part I – Analysis

Highlights

The value of building permits issued by municipalities fell for the second month in a row in November, the result of weakness in all three components of the non-residential sector.

Builders took out \$4.1 billion worth of permits, down 3.9% from October. This followed a 5.0% decline the month before.

Construction intentions in the non-residential sector declined 12.1% to \$1.3 billion, the lowest level in 19 months. All three components - industrial, commercial and institutional - experienced a second consecutive month of weakening. Among the provinces, Ontario recorded the largest drop in non-residential intentions.

The value of housing permits edged up 0.4% to \$2.8 billion as multi-residential projects continued to exhibit strength. The value of permits for single-family homes declined marginally from September's record level of \$2.0 billion.

On a year-to-date basis, municipalities issued \$46.8 billion in permits between January and November, 8.2% higher than the first 11 months of 2002. This total is just short of the record of \$47.3 billion for 2002 as a whole and points to a new annual record. It will mark the third consecutive year of new annual records, and eighth year in a row in which the value of permits has risen.

Builders have taken out \$29.2 billion in housing permits, up 8.1% from the first 11 months of 2002, and just under the record \$29.6 billion in residential intentions for 2002 as a whole.

In the non-residential sector, municipalities issued \$17.5 billion in building permits between January and November, 8.3% higher than the same period in 2002. All components contributed to the strong performance.

Among census metropolitan areas, Toronto posted the biggest year-to-date increase in permits, gaining 9.4% to \$10.5 billion, on the strength of demand for industrial and commercial projects. Montreal came in a close second with a 17.0% increase to \$4.8 billion, with a red hot residential sector igniting the gain.

Housing: Second consecutive monthly decline for single-family permits

Municipalities issued \$1.9 billion in permits for single-family dwellings in November, down 0.4% from October. This marks as second consecutive month of decline after a record in September. However, November's level remains well above the monthly average for 2003.

Multi-family permits edged up 2.2% to \$913 million, recovering ground lost in October. This marks only the fourth time that the value of multi-family permits has surpassed the \$900 million mark, though it is the third time this year.

The year 2003 has proved extremely favourable for the housing sector, with low mortgage rates, high levels of employment and consumer confidence bolstering demand for housing stock.

Provincially, the greatest gains came in Ontario (+4.1% to \$1.2 billion) where strong demand for multi-family permits more than offset the decline in single-family permit value. British Columbia experienced the greatest decline (-12.3% to \$360 million) as gains in single family dwelling permit value failed to counter dropping multi-family approvals.

In 11 months in 2003, municipalities approved construction of 112,651 single-family units and 94,175 multi-family units.

With only December's total to come in 2003, the cumulative value of permits for single-family homes totalled \$20.1 billion, 4.4% greater than for the first 11 months of 2002.

The demand for multi-family dwellings has been so strong in 2003 that the value of permits has exceeded the total for 2002 as a whole with one month remaining. In 11 months, municipalities have issued \$9.1 billion in multi-family permits, 17.3% higher than for the same period in 2002.

Provincially, only Alberta and Prince Edward Island have failed to match the pace of residential intentions in 2002. Alberta's residential intentions for the first 11 months of 2003 were 6.3% lower than for the same period in 2002, while Prince Edward Island's were 12.0% lower. The greatest gains (in dollars) were recorded in Quebec (25.2% to \$6.0 billion) and British Columbia (18.2% to \$4.1 billion).

Non-residential: Biggest decline in commercial intentions

After two very strong months, commercial intentions experienced the biggest decline in November, falling 13.4% to \$709 million. This was the lowest level since March 2003. The decline came about principally as permits for trade and service buildings fell in Ontario.

Institutional permits slid 13.6% to \$368 million. Manitoba was the only province recording a gain in this category in November.

Since hitting a five year high in July, the industrial component has seen steady declines. In November, the value of industrial permits fell 4.8% to \$220 million. Provincially, declines were led by British Columbia, where industrial intentions fell 33.7% to \$20 million as a result of lower demand for factory buildings.

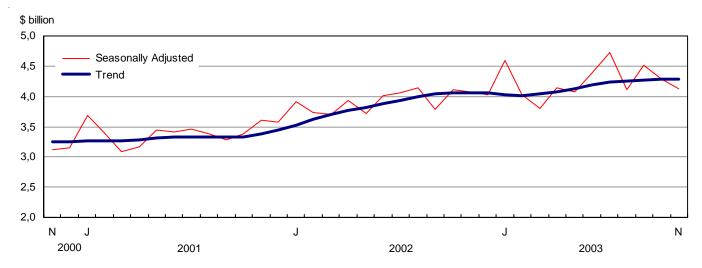
Canada's business sector experienced a number of challenges in 2003, including the rapid gain in the value of the Canadian dollar which contributed in part to a 0.4% decline in industrial product prices during November. Industrial capacity use also declined in the third guarter of 2003 to its lowest level since the fourth quarter of 2001. However, the recovering American economy has contributed a positive economic stimulus worldwide.

Among the provinces, Ontario recorded the largest decline in non-residential permits (-26.4% to \$594 million) after showing the biggest gains in October. Buoyed by the value of commercial permit issues, British Columbia posted the greatest monthly gains for November, increasing 46.6% to \$175 million.

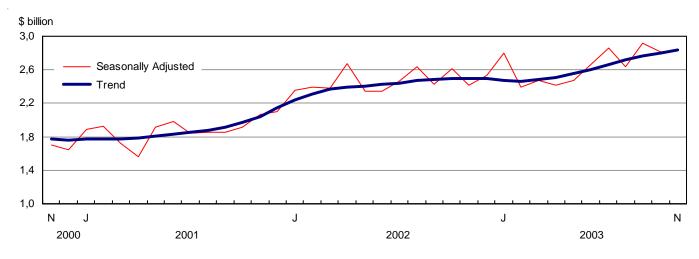
On a year-to-date basis, intentions in all three components have increased. Between January and November 2003, builders took out \$8.7 billion in commercial permits, up 8.1% from the same period in 2002. Industrial projects are up 14.8% to \$3.4 billion, while institutional intentions are up 5.0% to \$5.5 billion.

Building permits - Canada

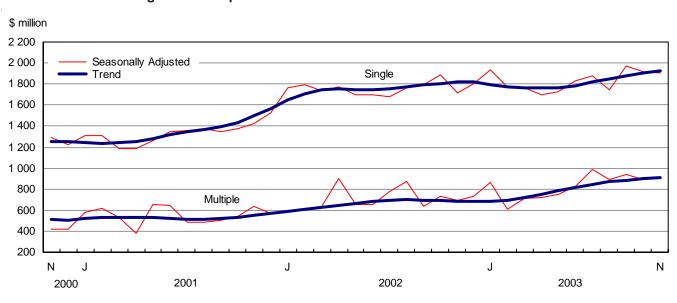
Total value of building permits



Residential value - Total

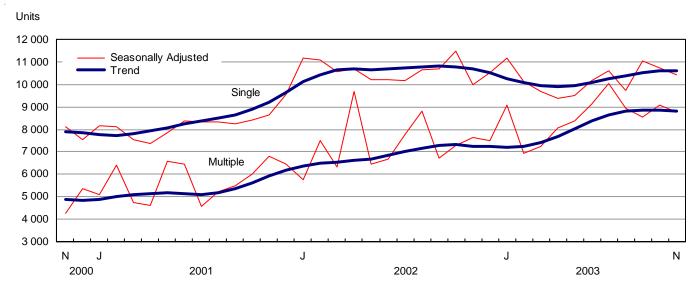


Residential value - single and multiple

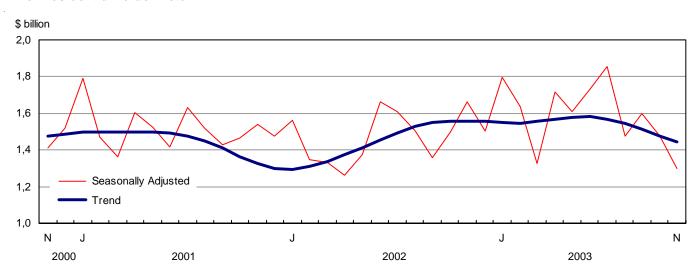


Building permits - Canada

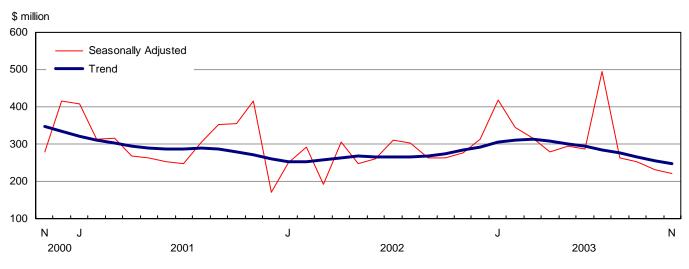
Number of dwelling units - single and multiple



Non residential value - Total

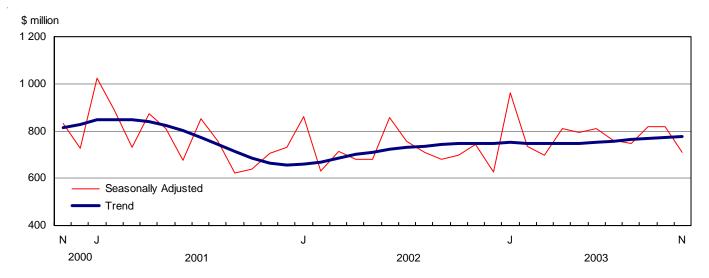


Industrial value

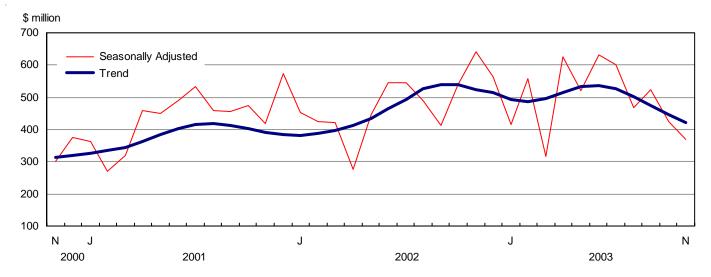


Building permits - Canada

Commercial value



Institutional and Governmental value



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Part II – Tables (Seasonally Adjusted)

Table 1 Total Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2003	2003	No. Oct	0.1 01	01	A	11 1	M.
	November ^p		Nov Oct.	Oct Sept.	Sept Aug.	Aug July	July - June	June - May
	thousands	s of dollars			percentag	je change		
Canada	4,119,420	4,286,317	-3.9	-5.0	9.7	-12.9	7.6	7.5
Newfoundland and Labrador	41,211	41,989	-1.9	3.2	12.8	33.8	-40.3	36.2
Prince Edward Island	7,033	8,650	-18.7	-17.3	76.3	-74.0	30.6	-56.6
Nova Scotia	93,132	73,442	26.8	-10.4	6.1	-21.2	-2.1	-6.9
New Brunswick	63,989	61,936	3.3	-15.7	29.5	-24.1	1.9	37.1
Québec	870,579	860,215	1.2	1.7	-3.7	-21.7	34.4	9.1
Ontario	1,825,126	1,989,621	-8.3	-2.4	10.8	-8.8	2.5	4.1
Manitoba	71,942	72,294	-0.5	-12.9	-12.3	18.6	9.9	-12.4
Saskatchewan	51,082	50,191	1.8	-21.6	-32.4	79.9	-8.7	-23.5
Alberta	537,866	583,313	-7.8	4.0	11.4	-6.6	-24.7	37.9
British Columbia	534,426	529,186	1.0	-23.5	34.1	-15.8	25.9	1.0
Yukon	971	2,752	-64.7	-60.7	54.5	-9.9	14.0	-48.1
Northwest Territories	7,313	12,280	-40.4	10.0	148.5	-13.9	-54.3	-36.7
Nunavut	14,750	448	3,192.4	-81.7	59.0	-97.7	9,191.9	-91.2

Table 2 Non-Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2003	2003	N. O.I	0.1. 01	01	Δ		
	November ^p		Nov Oct.	Oct Sept.	Sept Aug.	Aug July	July - June	June - May
	thousands	s of dollars			percentaç	je change		
Canada	1,297,662	1,476,815	-12.1	-7.5	8.0	-20.4	7.3	7.6
Newfoundland and Labrador	11,509	12,340	-6.7	20.6	-17.7	109.8	-70.1	127.3
Prince Edward Island	3,032	1,877	61.5	49.8	-43.1	-83.2	37.1	-69.3
Nova Scotia	24,567	25,087	-2.1	-10.9	-11.2	-32.0	153.7	-49.8
New Brunswick	24,872	30,962	-19.7	-24.9	62.6	-34.9	3.1	91.6
Québec	227,986	232,039	-1.7	-17.5	-4.8	-37.7	28.1	16.0
Ontario	594,006	806,837	-26.4	12.4	8.5	-12.9	9.7	-10.9
Manitoba	30,417	24,102	26.2	-31.0	-1.4	5.8	8.6	-33.6
Saskatchewan	22,909	21,543	6.3	-34.5	-42.6	96.8	-18.9	-19.4
Alberta	170,650	200,785	-15.0	0.5	6.6	4.9	-51.1	113.4
British Columbia	174,850	119,253	46.6	-51.2	49.2	-21.8	48.1	9.9
Yukon	192	231	-16.9	-90.4	1.4	26.6	-27.1	-58.3
Northwest Territories	1,997	1,654	20.7	32.6	-53.1	37.9	-70.5	-48.0
Nunavut	10,675	105	10,066.7	-85.6	18.5	-99.0	31,326.5	-97.2

Table 3
Residential Value of Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted

Province/Territory	2003	2003	Nav. Oak	0-4 04	Cook Ave	A	luka luma	luna Mau
	Novemberp	- October ^r	Nov Oct.	Oct Sept.	Sept Aug.	Aug July	July - June	June - May
	thousands	s of dollars			percentag	je change		
Canada	2,821,758	2,809,502	0.4	-3.6	10.7	-8.0	7.8	7.4
Newfoundland	29,702	29,649	0.2	-2.6	28.8	12.4	-16.9	3.7
Prince Edward Island	4,001	6,773	-40.9	-26.5	146.9	-61.8	22.8	-13.7
Nova Scotia	68,565	48,355	41.8	-10.1	18.2	-11.3	-37.2	15.1
New Brunswick	39,117	30,974	26.3	-4.1	2.8	-12.3	0.7	5.4
Québec	642,593	628,176	2.3	11.3	-3.1	-9.9	39.4	4.2
Ontario	1,231,120	1,182,784	4.1	-10.4	12.2	-6.3	-1.5	14.6
Manitoba	41,525	48,192	-13.8	0.2	-18.8	27.8	10.9	14.4
Saskatchewan	28,173	28,648	-1.7	-8.0	-16.8	59.0	8.2	-29.5
Alberta	367,216	382,528	-4.0	5.9	14.3	-12.4	2.7	0.8
British Columbia	359,576	409,933	-12.3	-8.3	27.0	-12.7	16.8	-2.3
Yukon	779	2,521	-69.1	-45.2	113.0	-31.6	71.5	-21.1
Northwest Territories	5,316	10,626	-50.0	7.2	441.4	-44.3	-32.4	-10.8
Nunavut	4,075	343	1,088.0	-80.0	85.9	-56.8	320.6	-39.5

Table 4
Number of Dwelling Units Authorized, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rate

Province/Territory	2003	2003	Na. Oak	0-4 04	Ot A	A.c. lede	lada lama	Ia Marr
	Novemberp	October	Nov Oct.	Oct Sept.	Sept Aug.	Aug July	July - June	June - May
	uni	ts			percentag	je change		
Canada	230,292	237,960	-3.2	1.2	4.8	-9.4	7.2	7.8
Newfoundland and Labrador	2,664	2,964	-10.1	5.1	14.6	22.0	-5.1	-8.8
Prince Edward Island	336	1,092	-69.2	19.7	181.5	-72.2	36.6	-31.1
Nova Scotia	6,516	4,248	53.4	-6.8	25.8	-24.7	-47.1	21.9
New Brunswick	4,932	3,444	43.2	4.4	-1.1	-9.4	-13.5	16.0
Québec	55,764	61,140	-8.8	19.8	-5.7	-21.2	59.7	-1.6
Ontario	95,076	89,424	6.3	-6.3	0.3	2.7	-7.9	20.7
Manitoba	3,384	4,596	-26.4	-13.2	-42.8	87.6	28.8	24.6
Saskatchewan	2,568	3,744	-31.4	14.3	-26.0	114.5	1.2	-46.4
Alberta	34,020	36,360	-6.4	4.3	27.6	-26.3	-8.5	0.9
British Columbia	24,072	29,676	-18.9	-8.2	34.4	-20.1	22.9	-2.0
Yukon	84	228	-63.2	-26.9	62.5	-40.7	107.7	-23.5
Northwest Territories	528	996	-47.0	2.5	1,250.0	-53.8	-23.5	-57.5
Nunavut	348	48	625.0	-50.0	33.3	-53.8	550.0	-33.3

Table 5 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted, 2003

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated valu	e of constructio	n	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	sidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Canada October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	10,748 10,437 112,644 116,825	9,082 8,754 94,172 80,494	19,830 19,191 206,816 197,319	2,809,502 2,821,758 29,241,950 27,057,658	231,528 220,478 3,400,704 2,963,128	819,184 709,100 8,666,326 8,014,466	426,103 368,084 5,453,671 5,193,236	1,476,815 1,297,662 17,520,701 16,170,830	4,286,317 4,119,420 46,762,651 43,228,488
Newfoundland and Labrador October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	187 196 1,635 1,645	60 26 361 328	247 222 1,996 1,973	29,649 29,702 259,435 229,227	893 1,959 10,329 18,184	6,146 8,606 84,361 75,994	5,301 944 20,198 31,485	12,340 11,509 114,888 125,663	41,989 41,211 374,323 354,890
Prince Edward Island October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	25 25 549 689	66 3 280 270	91 28 829 959	6,773 4,001 78,962 89,758	40 15 7,673 7,097	1,796 3,017 57,197 25,571	41 0 13,120 14,532	1,877 3,032 77,990 47,200	8,650 7,033 156,952 136,958
Nova Scotia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	264 261 2,893 3,289	90 282 1,928 1,359	354 543 4,821 4,648	48,355 68,565 600,999 573,589	4,114 3,983 62,401 52,619	15,417 17,667 213,266 143,080	5,556 2,917 58,591 30,757	25,087 24,567 334,258 226,456	73,442 93,132 935,257 800,045
New Brunswick October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	215 207 2,398 2,304	72 204 1,459 1,040	287 411 3,857 3,344	30,974 39,117 370,493 336,829	5,165 9,351 48,293 58,276	18,302 13,962 177,960 167,807	7,495 1,559 48,662 50,725	30,962 24,872 274,915 276,808	61,936 63,989 645,408 613,637
Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	2,417 2,534 23,226 20,464	2,678 2,113 24,914 17,551	5,095 4,647 48,140 38,015	628,176 642,593 6,018,141 4,808,427	49,683 54,726 790,953 681,008	120,614 116,839 1,756,094 1,569,732	61,742 56,421 840,465 811,150	232,039 227,986 3,387,512 3,061,890	860,215 870,579 9,405,653 7,870,317
Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	4,138 3,780 45,136 50,314	3,314 4,143 36,570 33,453	7,452 7,923 81,706 83,767	1,182,784 1,231,120 13,024,470 12,641,896	108,362 106,871 1,820,669 1,394,047	445,118 265,636 3,547,839 3,443,701	253,357 221,499 2,886,223 3,062,235	806,837 594,006 8,254,731 7,899,983	1,989,621 1,825,126 21,279,201 20,541,879
Manitoba October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	284 262 2,807 2,391	99 20 1,226 541	383 282 4,033 2,932	48,192 41,525 488,479 405,254	4,624 1,726 82,528 118,945	16,603 25,252 257,325 188,303	2,875 3,439 173,743 106,045	24,102 30,417 513,596 413,293	72,294 71,942 1,002,075 818,547
Saskatchewan October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	130 153 1,587 1,489	182 61 1,643 767	312 214 3,230 2,256	28,648 28,173 332,574 251,252	1,228 2,134 29,521 36,075	11,434 12,339 217,413 182,715	8,881 8,436 147,628 141,325	21,543 22,909 394,562 360,115	50,191 51,082 727,136 611,367

Table 5

Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Seasonally Adjusted, 2003 – Concluded

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated valu	e of construction	1	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	sidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Alberta October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	1,858 1,749 20,285 23,568	1,172 1,086 12,990 12,875	3,030 2,835 33,275 36,443	382,528 367,216 3,895,758 4,156,589	26,602 18,707 311,150 371,973	120,621 116,869 1,244,143 1,176,202	53,562 35,074 709,713 515,797	200,785 170,650 2,265,006 2,063,972	583,313 537,866 6,160,764 6,220,561
British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	1,189 1,235 11,788 10,354	1,284 771 12,536 11,898	2,473 2,006 24,324 22,252	409,933 359,576 4,092,073 3,463,411	30,604 20,296 233,084 218,127	61,361 127,530 1,059,034 1,026,917	27,288 27,024 473,809 383,836	119,253 174,850 1,765,927 1,628,880	529,186 534,426 5,858,000 5,092,291
Yukon October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	19 7 139 158	0 0 15 15	19 7 154 173	2,521 779 22,387 19,206	13 0 562 1,184	218 16 14,991 3,656	0 176 6,944 3,724	231 192 22,497 8,564	2,752 971 44,884 27,770
Northwest Territories October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	20 24 174 124	63 20 186 231	83 44 360 355	10,626 5,316 46,585 51,572	200 710 3,531 4,409	1,454 1,287 18,532 6,824	0 0 8,748 26,099	1,654 1,997 30,811 37,332	12,280 7,313 77,396 88,904
Nunavut October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	2 4 27 36	2 25 64 166	4 29 91 202	343 4,075 11,594 30,648	0 0 10 1,184	100 80 18,171 3,964	5 10,595 65,827 15,526	105 10,675 84,008 20,674	448 14,750 95,602 51,322

¹ Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.

Table 6 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted, 2003

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated valu	e of construction	1	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Abbotsford, British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	89 60 726 570	24 0 159 406	113 60 885 976	14,956 8,606 111,234 115,036	679 1,994 15,986 19,693	878 1,676 22,033 18,212	0 2,350 11,410 18,713	1,557 6,020 49,429 56,618	16,513 14,626 160,663 171,654
Calgary, Alberta October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	749 753 7,963 8,885	509 328 4,909 5,116	1,258 1,081 12,872 14,001	170,195 169,009 1,667,366 1,784,400	4,998 1,610 85,035 47,392	27,934 47,258 510,445 470,718	19,328 24,399 375,275 138,129	52,260 73,267 970,755 656,239	222,455 242,276 2,638,121 2,440,639
Edmonton, Alberta October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	550 510 5,826 6,701	341 602 5,240 4,621	891 1,112 11,066 11,322	97,853 106,443 1,095,431 1,114,815	3,087 5,126 53,657 110,831	38,929 35,884 328,703 316,095	7,597 602 139,417 86,356	49,613 41,612 521,777 513,282	147,466 148,055 1,617,208 1,628,097
Gatineau, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	194 159 1,510 1,589	231 117 1,595 988	425 276 3,105 2,577	41,844 32,792 354,292 298,923	477 154 4,704 6,577	11,834 1,580 77,312 100,418	382 849 34,878 42,379	12,693 2,583 116,894 149,374	54,537 35,375 471,186 448,297
Halifax, Nova Scotia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	113 113 1,376 1,700	35 218 1,548 1,164	148 331 2,924 2,864	23,119 46,410 365,298 351,725	1,294 0 28,281 9,372	8,253 11,696 111,338 66,044	2,300 86 26,607 5,255	11,847 11,782 166,226 80,671	34,966 58,192 531,524 432,396
Hamilton, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	34 138 1,503 2,135	174 116 1,438 1,594	208 254 2,941 3,729	24,250 41,282 440,701 520,977	2,095 2,007 90,152 81,910	17,120 11,112 130,185 204,157	36,107 36,360 351,338 209,147	55,322 49,479 571,675 495,214	79,572 90,761 1,012,376 1,016,191
Kingston, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	41 45 650 775	168 104 397 40	209 149 1,047 815	14,052 11,444 115,989 107,443	97 81 5,225 6,304	133 2,348 43,607 62,160	46 23 29,128 95,211	276 2,452 77,960 163,675	14,328 13,896 193,949 271,118
Kitchener, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	198 188 2,418 2,775	209 106 1,647 1,362	407 294 4,065 4,137	55,192 39,424 553,965 548,888	7,106 4,386 65,545 90,143	24,360 11,171 163,173 141,994	8,628 1,831 82,776 113,326	40,094 17,388 311,494 345,463	95,286 56,812 865,459 894,351
London, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	122 130 1,673 1,755	67 19 917 509	189 149 2,590 2,264	24,976 20,680 333,958 298,690	15,383 514 55,557 58,955	19,946 11,668 127,118 88,479	1,523 1,326 156,193 210,184	36,852 13,508 338,868 357,618	61,828 34,188 672,826 656,308
Montréal, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	1,021 1,157 10,239 9,506	1,714 1,335 14,604 10,400	2,735 2,492 24,843 19,906	343,190 359,747 3,144,746 2,512,167	26,610 26,030 235,743 309,656	61,470 66,962 985,477 949,878	36,721 38,836 468,364 360,644	124,801 131,828 1,689,584 1,620,178	467,991 491,575 4,834,330 4,132,345

Table 6

Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted, 2003 – Continued

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	j units			Estimated valu	e of construction		
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total dwellings	Residential		Non-re	sidential		Total
			uweiiiigs		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Oshawa, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	221 126 2,330 2,210	205 49 1,416 830	426 175 3,746 3,040	70,466 35,329 642,409 435,375	1,952 8,620 123,309 65,655	27,263 2,500 95,687 79,653	5,839 6,974 176,665 140,149	35,054 18,094 395,661 285,457	105,520 53,423 1,038,070 720,832
Ottawa, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	293 246 2,908 3,541	418 288 3,624 3,753	711 534 6,532 7,294	103,560 73,760 956,723 949,999	1,649 415 26,708 44,085	30,987 34,144 453,303 375,328	5,626 5,687 134,747 173,966	38,262 40,246 614,758 593,379	141,822 114,006 1,571,481 1,543,378
Québec, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	255 228 2,619 2,178	118 171 3,257 2,153	373 399 5,876 4,331	46,531 47,179 631,632 474,514	3,317 1,181 34,917 54,244	8,056 11,404 234,413 139,377	5,982 3,554 65,080 70,340	17,355 16,139 334,410 263,961	63,886 63,318 966,042 738,475
Regina, Saskatchewan October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	41 48 491 470	60 0 610 123	101 48 1,101 593	8,794 6,505 105,084 65,981	100 64 2,443 6,933	4,587 2,917 94,310 63,333	225 6,997 58,223 8,277	4,912 9,978 154,976 78,543	13,706 16,483 260,060 144,524
Saguenay, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	9 15 223 262	8 0 187 292	17 15 410 554	3,451 2,915 56,405 74,788	688 5,149 12,207 8,129	3,977 735 34,996 30,276	412 758 20,918 51,406	5,077 6,642 68,121 89,811	8,528 9,557 124,526 164,599
Saint John, New Brunswick October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	45 39 435 355	7 2 148 72	52 41 583 427	6,383 6,086 66,019 54,809	83 350 4,792 8,098	8,390 2,321 34,441 25,764	875 50 6,989 4,556	9,348 2,721 46,222 38,418	15,731 8,807 112,241 93,227
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	47 60 637 620	115 53 996 566	162 113 1,633 1,186	12,285 14,160 149,674 117,135	1,046 1,894 11,482 10,356	3,461 4,770 49,462 68,977	5,424 388 29,808 73,944	9,931 7,052 90,752 153,277	22,216 21,212 240,426 270,412
Sherbrooke, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	49 45 580 459	58 110 598 515	107 155 1,178 974	12,564 12,760 134,073 107,978	621 1,876 12,190 10,638	1,215 986 30,171 21,696	665 2,563 30,624 35,143	2,501 5,425 72,985 67,477	15,065 18,185 207,058 175,455
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	117 112 1,096 986	27 19 275 261	144 131 1,371 1,247	24,317 24,594 230,906 193,500	2,917 1,208 20,174 17,119	5,774 5,959 128,832 357,929	27,339 12,861 87,808 79,136	36,030 20,028 236,814 454,184	60,347 44,622 467,720 647,684
St. John's, Newfoundland and l October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	122 151 1,134 1,061	55 16 305 265	177 167 1,439 1,326	21,189 22,878 190,996 153,249	370 800 4,232 12,923	3,487 5,722 51,556 50,578	4,994 269 14,416 12,381	8,851 6,791 70,204 75,882	30,040 29,669 261,200 229,131

Table 6 Dwelling Units, Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Seasonally Adjusted, 2003 -Concluded

Month	Numb	er of dwelling	g units			Estimated valu	e of construction	n	
	Singles ¹	Multiples	Total	Residential		Non-re	esidential		Total
			dwellings		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and govern- mental	Total	
		units				thousand	s of dollars		
Sudbury, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	31 2 275 278	2 0 11 6	33 2 286 284	5,365 904 49,510 51,270	15 423 3,889 23,984	3,239 566 18,540 21,123	3,572 68 18,543 67,296	6,826 1,057 40,972 112,403	12,191 1,961 90,482 163,673
Thunder Bay, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	14 14 213 200	2 0 13 39	16 14 226 239	2,439 2,317 35,129 37,645	53 227 18,583 16,250	2,144 562 27,075 9,822	2,810 7,741 27,070 112,062	5,007 8,530 72,728 138,134	7,446 10,847 107,857 175,779
Toronto, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	1,685 1,547 17,870 21,162	1,723 3,142 23,685 21,590	3,408 4,689 41,555 42,752	584,130 728,026 6,778,694 6,712,631	40,025 39,512 863,166 456,943	250,196 131,070 1,713,184 1,418,875	81,247 111,390 1,193,521 1,056,443	371,468 281,972 3,769,871 2,932,261	955,598 1,009,998 10,548,565 9,644,892
Trois-Rivières, Quebec October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	47 46 313 243	30 25 389 252	77 71 702 495	10,338 10,959 92,571 62,295	142 1,206 33,078 19,960	3,316 2,076 33,036 39,722	161 2,027 29,830 38,752	3,619 5,309 95,944 98,434	13,957 16,268 188,515 160,729
Vancouver, British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	479 497 4,919 4,669	971 465 8,469 8,603	1,450 962 13,388 13,272	259,302 190,222 2,484,648 2,199,529	9,160 9,467 86,119 121,647	45,839 71,737 556,196 672,934	6,025 5,719 209,613 185,921	61,024 86,923 851,928 980,502	320,326 277,145 3,336,576 3,180,031
Victoria, British Columbia October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	106 110 1,043 862	32 69 909 820	138 179 1,952 1,682	23,333 28,179 294,981 251,640	4,580 181 20,250 8,547	1,049 25,483 145,539 99,176	2,511 11,802 73,957 60,945	8,140 37,466 239,746 168,668	31,473 65,645 534,727 420,308
Windsor, Ontario October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	149 112 1,569 1,565	74 133 676 769	223 245 2,245 2,334	33,937 27,948 345,668 355,241	1,234 3,266 51,524 56,275	17,466 6,784 99,366 143,768	1,641 2,428 68,319 142,364	20,341 12,478 219,209 342,407	54,278 40,426 564,877 697,648
Winnipeg, Manitoba October ^r November ^p Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	171 149 1,595 1,389	46 16 924 206	217 165 2,519 1,595	29,191 24,788 292,889 234,052	1,209 687 27,976 19,013	12,185 21,179 206,373 140,065	1,745 2,806 120,984 35,285	15,139 24,672 355,333 194,363	44,330 49,460 648,222 428,415

¹ Included in this category are the following types of dwellings: single-detached, mobile home and cottage.

Part III - Tables (Unadjusted)

Table 7

Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted, 2003

Month			N	lumber of dwe	elling unit		
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Tota dwellings
Canada	44 000	74	4.407	0.070	5 745	400	00.404
October ^r November ^p	11,093 8,510	71 45	1,137 934	2,070 1,868	5,715 6,566	408 592	20,494 18,515
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	114,847	768	11,954	19,422	56,435	4,726	208,153
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	120,249	914	10,694	17,969	47,564	4,937	202,327
Newfoundland and Labrador							
October ^r	207	3	10	10	42	23	295
November ^p	150 1,787	2 22	0 16	0 78	26 274	2 34	180
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	1,680	25 25	14	3	284	30	2,211 2,036
Prince Edward Island							
October ^r	26	0	1	0	47	0	74
November ^p	20	0	0	0	4	0	24
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	539 632	40 89	22 16	35 64	156 173	19 18	811 992
Nova Scotia							
October ^r	279	12	22	30	59	2	404
November ^p	200	7	4	6	282	4	503
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	2,978	98	263	121	1,474	90	5,024
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	3,278	140	76	116	1,104	82	4,796
New Brunswick	0.1.1	4.0		_			0.40
October ^r November ^p	244 132	10	4 26	7 14	77 126	4 17	346 322
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	2,500	7 67	103	49	965	89	3,773
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	2,362	71	53	88	788	168	3,530
Quebec							
October	2,339	23	175	64	2,421	253	5,275
November ^p	1,891	18	234	96	1,920	231	4,390
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003 Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	23,112 21,073	274 268	1,845 1,293	854 906	18,524 13,124	2,222 2,112	46,832 38,776
	,		,		- /	,	
Ontario October ^r	4,366	19	647	1,129	1,181	100	7,442
November ^p	3,338	6	442	1,123	3,202	319	8,551
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	46,678	162	7,094	11,838	15,798	1,722	83,292
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	51,916	185	6,407	11,462	14,144	1,782	85,896
Manitoba	000	ı		0	0.5	0	000
October ^r November ^p	299 171	1 2	14 0	0 12	85 8	0 0	399 193
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	2,869	21	63	43	0 1,113	0 7	4,116
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	2,503	19	40	9	447	49	3,067

Table 7 **Dwelling Units, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted, 2003** – Concluded

Month	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Saskatchewan										
October ^r	127	0	9	95	76	2	309			
NovemberP	103	1	2	0	59	0	165			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	1,595	11	50	463	1,064	69	3,252			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	1,525	16	54	29	674	11	2,309			
Alberta										
October ^r	1,956	2	175	290	952	2	3,377			
November ^p	1,490	1	179	232	555	5	2,462			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	20,439	49	1,852	2,360	8,598	103	33,401			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	24,171	65	2,112	2,117	8,663	193	37,321			
British Columbia										
October ^r	1,191	1	80	382	775	20	2,449			
November ^p	988	0	46	264	340	14	1,652			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	12,000	20	637	3,518	8,286	361	24,822			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	10,771	31	617	3,138	7,809	483	22,849			
Yukon										
October ^r	34	0	0	0	0	0	34			
November ^p	6	1	0	0	0	0	7			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	181	3	2	0	10	3	199			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	162	5	6	0	0	9	182			
Northwest Territories										
October ^r	23	0	0	63	0	0	86			
November ^p	17	0	0	0	20	0	37			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	143	0	2	63	121	0	329			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	140	0	4	0	227	0	371			
Nunavut										
October ^r	2	0	0	0	0	2	4			
November ^p	4	0	1	0	24	0	29			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	26	1	5	0	52	7	91			
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	36	0	2	37	127	0	202			

Table 8 Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, November 2003

Census Metropolitan Areas	Number of dwelling unit									
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings			
Abbotsford, British Columbia	50	0	0	0	0	0	50			
Calgary, Alberta	659	0	63	83	156	2	963			
Edmonton, Alberta	447	0	102	114	339	2	1,004			
Gatineau, Quebec	134	0	60	0	73	4	271			
Halifax, Nova Scotia	99	0	4	6	204	4	317			
Hamilton, Ontario	128	0	34	107	0	7	276			
Kingston, Ontario	41	1	4	10	118	0	174			
Kitchener, Ontario	174	0	6	42	82	5	309			
London, Ontario	120	0	0	24	0	0	144			
Montréal, Quebec	974	0	94	40	1,236	190	2,534			
Oshawa, Ontario	117	0	24	0	36	2	179			
Ottawa, Ontario	228	0	18	213	129	7	595			
Québec, Quebec	190	2	28	8	148	16	392			
Regina, Saskatchewan	38	0	0	0	0	0	38			
Saguenay, Quebec	11	2	0	0	0	0	13			
Saint John, New Brunswick	27	2	0	0	2	0	31			
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	48	0	2	0	51	0	101			
Sherbrooke, Quebec	38	0	0	0	126	2	166			
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	104	0	0	21	2	1	128			
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	133	0	0	0	18	0	151			
Sudbury, Ontario	2	0	0	0	0	0	2			
Thunder Bay, Ontario	13	0	0	0	0	0	13			
Toronto, Ontario	1,433	0	312	768	2,645	282	5,440			
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	39	0	4	0	24	1	68			
Vancouver, British Columbia	417	0	26	166	148	9	766			
Victoria, British Columbia	92	0	2	45	2	3	144			
Windsor, Ontario	104	0	12	19	139	0	274			
Winnipeg, Manitoba	107	0	0	12	4	0	123			

Table 9 Dwelling Units, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, January - November 2003

Census Metropolitan Areas			N	lumber of dwe	elling unit		
	Singles, includes mobile homes	Cottages	Doubles	Rows	Apartments	Conversions	Total dwellings
Abbotsford, British Columbia	737	0	4	69	60	1	871
Calgary, Alberta	7,947	0	672	1,162	3,034	5	12,820
Edmonton, Alberta	5,905	0	782	680	3,663	63	11,093
Gatineau, Quebec	1,517	6	319	72	1,055	47	3,016
Halifax, Nova Scotia	1,436	5	212	81	1,208	47	2,989
Hamilton, Ontario	1,531	0	121	1,021	199	51	2,923
Kingston, Ontario	688	9	66	51	291	1	1,106
Kitchener, Ontario	2,494	0	129	829	584	74	4,110
London, Ontario	1,724	0	37	381	478	24	2,644
Montréal, Quebec	10,226	0	649	495	11,427	1,159	23,957
Oshawa, Ontario	2,435	0	653	525	148	15	3,776
Ottawa, Ontario	3,039	0	296	2,048	1,010	139	6,532
Québec, Quebec	2,638	3	292	120	2,309	202	5,564
Regina, Saskatchewan	495	0	2	89	519	0	1,105
Saguenay, Quebec	243	13	2	12	84	78	432
Saint John, New Brunswick	436	7	5	14	124	5	591
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	629	1	48	362	520	69	1,629
Sherbrooke, Quebec	579	1	12	0	572	26	1,190
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	1,128	0	42	177	20	33	1,400
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	1,205	1	14	73	233	26	1,552
Sudbury, Ontario	292	5	12	0	0	0	309
Thunder Bay, Ontario	226	8	8	0	5	0	247
Toronto, Ontario	18,419	0	5,054	5,727	11,915	1,046	42,161
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	334	0	100	14	175	47	670
Vancouver, British Columbia	5,012	0	319	2,422	5,737	184	13,674
Victoria, British Columbia	1,054	5	28	258	522	98	1,965
Windsor, Ontario	1,611	0	198	150	350	6	2,315
Winnipeg, Manitoba	1,618	1	51	31	841	1	2,543

Table 10 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted, 2003

Month		Value of o	construction (thousands	s of dollars)						
	Residential		Non-residential		Total					
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and						
				governmental						
Canada										
October	2,898,554	256,682	916,747	515,069	4,587,052					
November ^p	2,662,455	202,472	700,732	415,179	3,980,838					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	29,928,919	3,348,855	8,554,810	5,522,711	47,355,295					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	27,887,502	3,000,045	8,124,901	5,275,927	44,288,375					
Newfoundland and Labrador										
October	33,557	893	7,659	5,301	47,410					
November ^p	23,744	1,959	14,337	944	40,984					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	283,440	10,329	85,664	20,198	399,631					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	238,132	18,184	83,090	31,485	370,891					
Prince Edward Island										
October ^r	6,857	40	1,796	41	8,734					
November ^p	2,879	15	3,017	0	5,911					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	85,508	7,673	57,197	13,120	163,498					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	93,855	7,097	25,571	14,532	141,055					
Nova Scotia										
October ^r	54,320	4,672	16,376	5,556	80,924					
November ^p	63,132	2,011	20,273	2,917	88,333					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	637,576	60,720	215,228	58,591	972,115					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	591,534	53,171	150,381	30,757	825,843					
New Brunswick										
October ^r	37,191	5,165	18,302	7,495	68,153					
November ^p	28,367	9,351	13,962	1,559	53,239					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	398,448	48,293	177,960	48,662	673,363					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	358,976	58,276	167,807	50,725	635,784					
Quebec										
October ^r	656,826	68,612	172,149	71,414	969,001					
November ^p	567,885	49,299	148,042	67,586	832,812					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	6,042,188	764,086	1,709,758	870,279	9,386,311					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	4,979,801	671,898	1,563,855	815,848	8,031,402					
Ontario										
October ^r	1,212,508	114,029	442,384	337,985	2,106,906					
November ^p	1,308,170	96,264	279,715	265,806	1,949,955					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	13,448,327	1,797,368	3,509,947	2,942,663	21,698,305					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	13,001,374	1,439,522	3,485,785	3,132,842	21,059,523					
Manitoba										
October	51,311	4,624	18,938	2,875	77,748					
November ^p	26,376	1,726	24,424	3,439	55,965					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	498,145	82,528	254,741	173,743	1,009,157					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	425,281	118,945	192,789	106,045	843,060					
Saskatchewan										
October ^r	29,034	1,228	10,969	8,881	50,112					
November ^p	20,568	2,134	10,284	8,436	41,422					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	340,905	29,521	191,146	147,628	709,200					
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	259,738	36,075	184,973	141,325	622,111					
	•	,	•	,	,					

Table 10 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Provinces and Territories, Unadjusted, 2003 – Concluded

Month		Value of c	onstruction (thousands	s of dollars)	
	Residential		Non-residential		Total
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	
Alberta					
October ^r	397,913	26,602	139,796	48,228	612,539
November ^p	319,242	18,707	91,405	26,697	456,051
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	3,963,054	311,150	1,252,008	692,499	6,218,711
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	4,271,325	371,973	1,215,231	523,183	6,381,712
British Columbia					
October ^r	403,529	30,604	86,606	27,288	548,027
November ^p	291,920	20,296	93,890	27,024	433,130
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	4,145,026	233,084	1,049,467	473,809	5,901,386
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	3,564,062	218,127	1,040,975	383,836	5,207,000
Yukon					
October ^r	4,539	13	218	0	4,770
November ^p	781	0	16	176	973
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	28,123	562	14,991	6,944	50,620
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	21,204	1,184	3,656	3,724	29,768
Northwest Territories					
October ^r	10,626	200	1,454	0	12,280
November ^p	5,316	710	1,287	0	7,313
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	46,585	3,531	18,532	8,748	77,396
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	51,572	4,409	6,824	26,099	88,904
Nunavut					
October ^r	343	0	100	5	448
November ^p	4,075	0	80	10,595	14,750
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2003	11,594	10	18,171	65,827	95,602
Cumulative Jan Nov. 2002	30,648	1,184	3,964	15,526	51,322

Table 11
Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, November 2003

Census Metropolitan Areas		Value of co	onstruction (thousand	ls of dollars)	
	Residential		Non-residential		Total
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental	
Abbotsford, British Columbia	6,900	1,994	1,133	2,350	12,377
Calgary, Alberta	152,016	1,610	35,951	16,224	205,801
Edmonton, Alberta	99,182	5,126	27,298	400	132,006
Gatineau, Quebec	30,999	150	2,116	1,055	34,320
Halifax, Nova Scotia	44,301	0	11,696	86	56,083
Hamilton, Ontario	43,191	1,744	11,376	44,334	100,645
Kingston, Ontario	12,906	70	2,404	28	15,408
Kitchener, Ontario	40,544	3,812	11,437	2,233	58,026
London, Ontario	19,969	447	11,946	1,617	33,979
Montréal, Quebec	347,699	25,378	89,683	48,285	511,045
Oshawa, Ontario	35,068	7,491	2,559	8,504	53,622
Ottawa, Ontario	79,145	361	34,956	6,934	121,396
Québec, Quebec	44,708	1,151	15,273	4,419	65,551
Regina, Saskatchewan	5,006	64	2,177	6,997	14,244
Saguenay, Quebec	2,513	5,020	984	942	9,459
Saint John, New Brunswick	4,714	350	2,321	50	7,435
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	12,226	1,894	3,559	388	18,067
Sherbrooke, Quebec	12,923	1,829	1,320	3,187	19,259
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	23,630	1,050	6,101	15,682	46,463
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	20,697	800	9,890	269	31,656
Sudbury, Ontario	842	368	579	83	1,872
Thunder Bay, Ontario	2,117	197	575	9,439	12,328
Toronto, Ontario	842,611	34,338	134,189	135,818	1,146,956
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	9,938	1,176	2,780	2,520	16,414
Vancouver, British Columbia	161,903	9,467	48,495	5,719	225,584
Victoria, British Columbia	23,904	181	17,227	11,802	53,114
Windsor, Ontario	29,449	2,838	6,945	2,961	42,193
Winnipeg, Manitoba	16,961	687	20,357	2,806	40,811

Table 12 Value of Residential and Non-residential Building Permits, Census Metropolitan Areas, Unadjusted, January – November 2003

Census Metropolitan Areas	Value of construction (thousands of dollars)								
	Residential		Non-residential		Total				
		Industrial	Commercial	Institutional and governmental					
Abbotsford, British Columbia	112,376	15,986	22,073	11,410	161,845				
Calgary, Alberta	1,680,536	85,035	499,744	374,141	2,639,456				
Edmonton, Alberta	1,118,895	53,657	333,218	123,337	1,629,107				
Gatineau, Quebec	359,768	4,246	69,171	36,592	469,777				
Halifax, Nova Scotia	377,841	28,281	111,338	26,607	544,067				
Hamilton, Ontario	445,831	94,853	124,158	343,597	1,008,439				
Kingston, Ontario	123,739	5,399	42,040	28,724	199,902				
Kitchener, Ontario	560,392	64,095	167,846	79,416	871,749				
London, Ontario	341,642	53,877	131,812	150,380	677,711				
Montréal, Quebec	3,120,426	231,622	966,982	481,981	4,801,011				
Oshawa, Ontario	659,028	110,205	102,733	193,594	1,065,560				
Ottawa, Ontario	978,079	24,408	455,567	136,295	1,594,349				
Québec, Quebec	633,560	37,909	215,302	60,885	947,656				
Regina, Saskatchewan	106,587	2,443	80,384	58,223	247,637				
Saguenay, Quebec	62,300	12,044	33,596	21,525	129,465				
Saint John, New Brunswick	68,130	4,792	34,441	6,989	114,352				
Saskatoon, Saskatchewan	151,102	11,482	44,555	29,808	236,947				
Sherbrooke, Quebec	136,589	12,107	28,514	30,889	208,099				
St. Catharines-Niagara, Ontario	236,526	19,984	112,655	98,038	467,203				
St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador	201,066	4,232	56,222	14,416	275,936				
Sudbury, Ontario	54,367	4,096	19,216	17,984	95,663				
Thunder Bay, Ontario	38,198	14,773	27,037	29,487	109,495				
Toronto, Ontario	6,981,414	855,670	1,664,512	1,230,688	10,732,284				
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	93,538	34,693	31,728	32,712	192,671				
Vancouver, British Columbia	2,506,776	86,119	542,325	209,613	3,344,833				
Victoria, British Columbia	297,512	20,250	131,393	73,957	523,112				
Windsor, Ontario	356,564	47,885	96,805	65,595	566,849				
Winnipeg, Manitoba	297,949	27,976	200,328	120,984	647,237				

Table 13 Value of the Non-residential Permits by Type of Building, Provinces and Territories, November 2003

Type of building	Canada	N.L.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta	B.C.	Yukon	N.W.T.	Nunavut
							thousands o	of dollars						
Total non-residential	1,318,383	17,240	3,032	25,201	24,872	264,927	641,785	29,589	20,854	136,809	141,210	192	1,997	10,675
Industrial	202,472	1,959	15	2,011	9,351	49,299	96,264	1,726	2,134	18,707	20,296	0	710	0
Factories, plants	83,107	0	0	748	7,200	29,387	33,657	0	480	8,296	3,339	0	0	0
Transportation, utilities	34,326	1,657	0	0	0	3,144	22,751	0	600	2,110	3,364	0	700	0
Mining and agriculture Minor industrial projects,	32,350	0	0	300	820	4,839	15,656	0	0	1,945	8,790	0	0	0
new and improvements ¹	52,689	302	15	963	1,331	11,929	24,200	1,726	1,054	6,356	4,803	0	10	0
Commercial	700,732	14,337	3,017	20,273	13,962	148,042	279,715	24,424	10,284	91,405	93,890	16	1,287	80
Trade and services	189,371	1,002	800	8,500	4,768	33,007	95,847	10,450	1,650	20,016	13,331	0	0	0
Warehouses	86,641	7,000	0	3,240	2,125	27,026	19,495	4,307	1,150	9,649	12,649	0	0	0
Service stations	19,385	0	0	0	0	0	15,825	0	1,635	1,650	275	0	0	0
Office buildings	133,841	0	550	1,147	1,025	21,746	60,510	3,908	1,157	24,441	19,357	0	0	0
Recreation	37,844	3,000	0	0	500	865	19,109	700	0	4,747	8,923	0	0	0
Hotels, restaurants	74,132	1,517	360	1,850	550	15,256	21,453	650	255	13,119	19,122	0	0	0
Laboratories	20,656	0	1,038	0	250	17,000	0	0	0	1,028	370	0	970	0
Minor commercial projects,														
new and improvements ¹	138,862	1,818	269	5,536	4,744	33,142	47,476	4,409	4,437	16,755	19,863	16	317	80
Institutional and														
governmental	415,179	944	0	2,917	1,559	67,586	265,806	3,439	8,436	26,697	27,024	176	0	10,595
Schools, education	166,466	0	0	0	533	19,561	119,502	550	1,163	4,006	11,451	0	0	9,700
Hospitals, medical	52,489	0	0	0	0	14,858	30,944	1,300	0	0	5,387	0	0	0
Welfare, home	104,976	0	0	0	0	9,401	69,007	0	6,396	17,302	2,870	0	0	0
Churches, religion	21,564	670	0	0	0	1,350	13,815	0	0	2,800	2,034	0	0	895
Government buildings Minor institutional and	45,917	0	0	2,508	0	13,912	26,000	0	311	0	3,186	0	0	0
governmental projects, new and improvements ¹	23,767	274	0	409	1,026	8,504	6,538	1,589	566	2,589	2,096	176	0	0

¹ Refer to projects valued at less than \$250,000 for which the breakdown by type of building is not available.

Part IV - Monthly Survey of Building Permits - Data Quality, Concepts and Methodology

The following information should be used to ensure a clear understanding of the basic concepts that define the data provided in this product, of the underlying methodology of the survey, and of key aspects of the data quality. This information will provide you with a better understanding of the strengths and limitations of the data, and of how they can be effectively used and analysed. The information may be of particular importance to you when making comparisons with data from other surveys or sources of information, and in drawing conclusions regarding change over time.

Data Sources and Methodology

The purpose of the Monthly Survey of Building Permits issued by Canadian municipalities is to collect data on construction intentions. The results of this survey are used by C.M.H.C. (Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation) as a reference base for conducting a monthly survey of housing starts and completions in accordance with its mandate. The statistics on building permits are also essential for the computation of capital expenditures. Furthermore, since the issuance of a building permit is one of the first steps in the construction process, these statistics are widely used as a leading indicator of building activity.

General methodology: The Building Permits Survey covers all Canadian municipalities that issue permits. The number of Canadian municipalities currently surveyed exceeds 2,350, representing all the provinces and territories. They account for 95% of the Canadian population. Participation in the survey is mandatory; the survey does not use a predetermined sample of municipalities. The communities representing the other 5% of the population are very small, and their level of building activity have little impact on the total. In practice, all urban agglomerations are represented in the survey, as well as a fair percentage of rural municipalities. With certain exceptions, the minimum coverage corresponds to the municipalities already included in the Housing Starts and Completions C.M.H.C.'s Survey. Non-responding municipalities that issue permits are urged on a regular basis to respond to the Building Permit Survey. Therefore, the number of municipalities covered is increasing continually.

The survey is usually conducted by mail, although certain municipalities choose to respond by telephone. The municipal officer responsible for issuing permits is asked to fill out a form each month describing all major construction projects.

The municipalities forward a copy of their completed report to Statistics Canada Head Office and another copy to the local office of the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (C.M.H.C.). To reduce their overhead, an increasing number of respondents are producing a computerized report. Only those municipalities that are late in reporting and that are included in the above-mentioned C.M.H.C. survey are subject to follow-up by telephone.

The reports received at Statistics Canada Head Office are verified, coded and processed.

Strict quality control procedures are applied to ensure that collection, coding and data processing are as accurate as possible. Checks are also performed on totals and the magnitude of data. Reports that fail to meet the quality standards are subject to verification and are corrected as required.

Imputations are required for each characteristic for which no report has been received. These are calculated automatically, subject to certain constraints, by applying to previously used values, the month-to-month and year-toyear changes in similar values of responding municipalities and the historical pattern of the missing municipalities. No estimation is done for lack of coverage, concealment or the underevaluation of permits issued. For this reason, the sampling error cannot be computed.

The monthly statistics are not corrected for cancelled or expired permits. According to the municipal officers, the proportion of cancelled and unused permits is below 5%.

Reference period: The reference period for data collection purposes is the calendar month. Reports from municipalities which are part of a census metropolitan area or a census agglomeration must be received within 20 days following the month of reference. The other municipalities have 30 days to produce their reports. Results are released between 35 and 40 days after the end of the reference month. Annual data for the preceding calendar year are released with the data for the January survey month.

Revisions: Two types of revisions can affect the results of the Building Permits Survey:

Revisions Due to the Correction of Coding Errors

These types of revisions are done on a monthly basis only to the data pertaining to the month preceding the reference period.

Revisions Due to the addition of Late Reports

Late reports for the month preceding the reference period are incorporated into the survey results on a continuing basis. However, reports received after the two-month deadline following the reference month are introduced only at the end of the year. As a result, the data for the last twelve months are subject to revision.

Seasonal Adjustment: Seasonal changes cause predictable fluctuations in the data. The data series disseminated includes both seasonally adjusted (i.e., excludes predictable annual influences) and the unadjusted data. Seasonally adjusted data for the total number of housing units as well as for the aggregate value of building permits are obtained indirectly, i.e., by adding their seasonally adjusted components. The total number of dwelling units is obtained by summing the seasonally adjusted data for single-family and multiple-use units; the total value of building permits is obtained by summing the following elements: single-family and multiple-family dwellings, industrial, commercial and institutional. Some series contain no apparent seasonality. In these cases, unadjusted values have been tabulated and agregated to the adjusted values of the other series. At the end of the year, the chronological series adjusted for seasonality are revised to take into account the most recent seasonal fluctuations. Generally, these revisions apply only to the last three years in the series. The revised data are introduced into the CANSIM databank.

Concepts and Variables Measured

The statistical data presented in this product refers to the number of dwelling units authorized and the value of building permits. The value of the permits reported includes the following expenditures: materials, labour, profit and overhead. The cost of land is never included in the estimated value of the permit while acquisition costs (legal fees, surveying fees and accrued interest) may be included at times.

The classification used in this publication deals strictly with structures for which a building permit was issued. Permits are generally issued for the following: construction of new buildings, alterations, additions, renovations, etc. Minor repair jobs such as painting, tiling, roofing, etc., for which no permit is required, and engineering work (such as dams, roads, pipelines, etc.), which, by definition, is not a building, are not included in the building permit series. Estimates of such work may be obtained from the publications Capital expenditures by type of asset (cat. no. 61-223) and Private and Public Investment in Canada Intentions (cat. no. 61-205).

The description given by the municipalities as to the type of building (box #6 of Section A on the form) and the type of work involved (box #7 of Section A on the form) forms

the basis for classification. The classification of buildings into major groups and subgroups is based on the following: intended use in the case of new buildings; present or intended use of buildings to which improvements are to be made; present use of the existing structure where the proposed construction is intended to provide additional facilities; principal use of the structure where the proposed construction has more than one intended use; however, where the building contains dwellings, the value of the construction is divided between residential and nonresidential use.

Building Categories

This publication, uses the following classification for the value of permits issued for construction of new buildings or for improvements: residential, industrial, commercial, institutional and government.

Residential. Includes all buildings intended for private occupancy whether on a permanent basis or not. Dwellings are divided into the following types: single-family, mobile, cottage, semi-detached, row house and apartment building.

Industrial. Includes all buildings used for manufacturing and processing; transportation, communication and other utilities, and agriculture, forestry and mining.

Commercial. Includes all buildings used to house activities related to the tertiary sector, such as stores, warehouses, garages, office buildings, theatres, hotels, funeral parlours and beauty salons.

Institutional and Government. Includes expenditures made by the community, public and government for buildings and structures like schools, universities, hospitals, clinics, churches, homes for the aged.

The **number of dwelling units** indicates the number of self contained dwelling units created. This should not be confused with the number of structures. For example, an apartment building containing six dwellings will be shown as six dwelling units. When an existing structure is converted into additional housing units, the number of units added is included. This publication uses the following classification for dwelling units:

Single-family. Refers to dwellings commonly called "single house". It includes single dwellings that are completely isolated on all sides, including single dwellings linked to other dwellings below ground. Included are bungalows, split levels, two-storey single-family homes built by conventional methods or prefabricated.

Mobile homes. Refers to houses designed and constructed to be transported on their own chassis and for easy moving. Cottage. Refers to dwellings that cannot be occupied yearround or on a permanent basis because the facilities required for comfort are inadequate.

Double or Semi-detached. Refers to dwellings in which each of the two dwellings are side by side and joined by a common wall or garage, but not attached to any other building and surrounded by open space.

Row Dwellings. Refers to a row of three or more dwellings attached to each other without dwellings above or below.

Apartment Building. Includes dwellings in a variety of buildings such as duplexes, semi-detached duplexes, triplexes, row duplexes, apartments as such and dwellings adjacent to non-residential structures.

Conversion. Refers to the number of dwellings added by conversion of existing structures.

Geographic Classification

Geographic entities are classified according to Standard Geographical Classification (SGC) used by Statistics Canada. Each reporting entity is assigned a twelve-digit SGC code for identification according to the following geographic levels:

Province and Territory (PR): There are ten provinces and three territories.

Economic Region (ER): Refers to intraprovincial regions established by the Standards Division of Statistics Canada. There are seventy-six ERs.

Census Division (CD): Refers to a group of census subdivisions established by provincial law. There are two hundred and ninety-one CDs (data on this geographic group is available on request).

Census Metropolitan Area (CMA): Its delineation corresponds to the 1996 Census definition. The term CMA refers to the main labour market area of an urban area (the urbanized core) of at least 100,000 population, based on the Census population figures. The twenty-seven CMAs are shown in this publication. Although the 1996 Census defines the Ottawa-Hull area as a single CMA, the area is shown in this publication as two separate entities since it is located in two different provinces.

Census Agglomeration (CA): Refers to the smaller labour market area of an urbanized core of at least 10,000 population, as defined by the 1996 Census. There are one hundred and eighteen CAs in Canada. When a CA overlaps the boundaries of two provinces, it is shown partly in each province. The Lloydminster agglomeration is an exception to this rule. It is treated as if it was totally located in Alberta.

Other Municipalities of at Least 10,000 Population : Refers to municipalities not included in census agglomerations but with populations of at least 10,000 inhabitants. The distinction is made between these municipalities and CAs in order to permit comparison between the Building Permits Survey and the Housing Starts and Completions Survey which refers to this geographical concept.

Rural Area: Refers to all geographic entities not included in a CMA or CA and not identified as an urban centre by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Census Subdivision (CSD): Refers to the general term applying to municipalities, Indian reserves, Indian settlements and unorganized territories. However, since Indian reserves and settlements do not issue building permits, they are not included in this publication.

Non-standard Geographic Unit: The geographic units shown in this publication do not all satisfy the above definition of census subdivision. Some provincial or municipal administrations producing monthly reports do not correspond to the official geographic entities; they are nevertheless shown in this publication under the geographic entity used by these administrations. These so-called nonstandard geographic units are few in number and are mostly concentrated in the Maritime provinces.

Territorial revisions

Territorial boundaries were established according to the 1996 Census definitions. Changes in boundaries, status or name of census subdivisions between censuses are introduced in this publication on a yearly basis. Changes affecting the other geographic units (CMAs, CAs, CDs and ERs) are introduced every five years, eighteen months following the census.

Data Accuracy

Since the building permit data are extracted from municipal administrative documents, two types of response errors are possible: errors attributable to the permit applicant and errors in transcription by the responding municipality. However, experience has shown that transcription errors are not very common and the increasing number of municipalities producing computerized reports tends to reduce the frequency of this type of error. Errors attributable to an understatement of the cost of construction are more probable. Since permit fees are in most cases based on the value of the construction, this leads unquestionably to under-estimation of project values.

The other source of error are the processing error and the non-response error. In 2001, 99.5% of the municipalities covered by the survey sent their monthly Building Permits reports.

Comparability of Data and Related Sources

Comparison of data must be done with reservation considering that the methods of issuing permits and the methods of estimating building values can differ from one municipality to another. Also, comparisons involving different periods must take into account the constant increase in the number of municipalities participating in the survey.

This publication contains only part of the data produced on building permits. However, you may order unpublished tables or address special requests, now available on diskette, to the Current Investment Indicators Section ((613) 951-4646 or 1-800-579-8533). The series presented here is also available on CANSIM: Tables 026-0001 to 026-0008, 026-0010 and 026-0015.

Related Products and Services

Selected Related Publications

Catalogue

62-202 Spending patterns in Canada

75-202 Income in Canada.

61-205 Private and public investment in Canada, intentions

61-206 Private and public investment in Canada, intentions



Building and Permis de construdemolition permits et de démolition

Monthly Report

Permis de construction

Rapport mensuel

 	nécessaire, veuillez mettre à jour les renseignements correspondants					
	2 Reporting Entity Name – Nom de l'entité rapportante					
	3 Municipal Status (if applicable) – Statut municipal (s'il y a lieu)					
	1 Address Advesse					
	4 Address – Adresse					
	5 City – Ville 6 Postal Code – Code postal					
	7 Contact Name – Nom du contact					
	8 Contact Title – Titre du contact					
	9 Language of Preference – Langue de préférence					
	1 English 2 Français					
	10 Telephone Number – Numéro de téléphone					
General Information	Renseignements généraux					
Confidential when completed.	Confidentiel une fois rempli.					
The collection of this information is authorized by the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada. 1985. Chapter S19.	La collecte de cette information est autorisée par la Loi sur la statistique, Lois révisées du Canada, 1985, chapitre S19.					
To avoid duplication of enquiry and to provide consistent statistics, this survey is being conducted under cooperative agreements, made in accordance with the Statistics Act, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1985, Chapter S19 under Section 11 for the exchange of information with: the Manitoba Bureau of Statistics, the Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics and the British Columbia Central Statistics Bureau for respondents in each of the respective provinces; and under Section 12 for joint collection and sharing information with: the Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics and the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.	Afin d'éviter tout chevauchement des enquêtes et de fournir des statistiques uniformes, Statistique Canada mène cette enquête aux termes d'accords conjoints conclus en vertu de l'article 11 de la Loi sur la statistique, Lois révisées du Canada, 1985, chapitre S19 pour l'échange de renseignements avec: le «Manitoba Bureau of Statistics», le «Saskatchewan Bureau of Statistics» et le «British Columbia Central Statistics Bureau» pour les répondants de ces différentes provinces; et en vertu de l'article 12 pour le rassemblement conjoint et l'échange de renseignements avec: le «Northwest Territories Bureau of Statistics» et la Société canadienne d'hypothèques et de logement.					
Agreements coming under Section 12 of the Canada Statistics Act shall not apply to any respondent who give notice in writing to the Chief Statistician that he/she objects to the sharing of the information.	Les accords aux termes de l'article 12 de la Loi sur la statistique ne s'appliquent pas aux répondants qui s'opposent à l'échange de renseignements dans une lettre jointe au questionnaire dûment rempli et adressé au statisticien en chef du Canada.					
Results of this survey will enable Statistics Canada to estimate residential and non-residential construction activity at various geographical level. The latter are published monthly in Catalogue 64-001, Building Permits.	d'estimer l'activité de la construction résidentielle et non résidentielle à					
PLEASE REFER TO THE SURVEY REPORTING GUIDE AND SELF CODING GUIDE WHEN COMPLETING YOUR REPORT. If you require additional copies of these guides please contact us at 1-888-404-3339.	VEUILLEZ CONSULTER LE GUIDE DE DÉCLARATION DE L'ENQUÊTE ET LE GUIDE POUR AUTOCODAGE POUR REMPLIR VOTRE RAPPORT. Si vous avez besoin des copies supplémentaires, veuillez communiquer au 1-888-404-3339.					
Coverage Profile Update	Mise à jour du profil de couverture					
Is the geographical coverage of this monthly report different from that of your last report due to a change in boundaries, level of administration, etc.	Est-ce que la couverture géographique de ce rapport mensuel est différente de celle de votre rapport précédent dû à un changement de frontières, du niveau d'administration, etc.					
1 Yes Oui	² No Non					
12 Reporting Period – Période visée	13 Stock Requirements – Besoins de fournitures					
Please use a separate form for Veuillez utiliser un formulaire each month being reported. différent pour chaque mois rapporté.	If forms or return envelopes Si vous avez besoin de formulaires ou d'enveloppes de retour, prière de l'indiquer:					
Year Année	The Forms of the state of the s					
	Enveloppes de retour SCHL					
Month Mois	14 Nil Report – Rapport nul If no permits were issued Si aucun permis n'a été émis durant le during the month, simply mois, cochez simplement la case					
Report Prepared by – Rapport préparé par	check the box below: ci-dessous:					
	1 No Permits					
Signatura	¹					
Signature:						
Signature: Year Month Day Année Mois Jour	¹					



Statistics Statistique Canada Canada

Canadä

Section A: Major C	Construction Projects – Projets de const	ruction majeurs					Page	of – de	
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	 	11
Permit No. Numéro du permis	Name and Address of Owner	Name and Address of Builder	Construction Location	Type of Building Code	Type of Work Code	Value of Construction	Dwelling Units Unités de logement	Building Area	Line No. N° de ligne
Numéro du	Nom et adresse du propriétaire	Nom et adresse du constructeur	Site des travaux	Code pour type de bâtiment	Code pour type de travaux	Valeur des travaux	Created Créées	Check one: Cochez:	e No.
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Section B: Minor Residential	Additions and Renovations – Add	ditions et rénovation	ns résidentielles mineu	res	
Permits valued at less than \$50,000			Value of Permits	Number of Permits	
Permis évalués à moins de \$50,000		No. de ligne	Valeur des permis \$	Nombre de permis	
New garages and carports	Single dwellings Logements simples	01	,000,		
Garages et abris d'auto neufs	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	02	,000		
New inground swimming pools	Single dwellings Logements simples	03	,000		
Piscines creusées neuves	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	04	,000		
Other improvements	Single dwellings Logements simples	05	,000		
Autres améliorations	Multiple dwellings Logements multiples	06	,000		
Totals for this section Totaux de cette section			,000		

Permits valued at less than \$250,000 Permis évalués à moins de \$250,000			Value of Permits Valeur des permis \$	Number of Permits Nombre de permis	
Industrial	New construction Construction neuve	08	,000		
Industriel	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	09	,000		
Commercial	New construction Construction neuve	10	,000		
	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	11	,000		
Institutional and Governmental	New construction Construction neuves	12	,000		
Institutionnel et gouvernemental	Additions and renovations Additions et rénovations	13	,000		
Totals for this section Totaux de cette section			.000		

Section D: Residential Demolitions – Démolitions résidentielles

Type of dwelling Type de logement	None Aucune (✔)	Single-detached Maison individuelle	Cottage Chalet	Semi-detached Semi-détaché	Row Rangée	Apartment Appartement
No. of dwelling units demolished Nombre d'unités de logement démolies	1					

Confidentiality

Statistics Canada is prohibited by law from publishing any statistics which would divulge information obtained from this survey that relates to any identifiable business without the previous written consent of that business. The data reported on this questionnaire will be treated in strict confidence, used for statistical purposes and published in aggregate form only. The confidentiality provisions of the Statistics Act are not affected by either the Access to Information Act or any other legislation.

La loi interdit à Statistique Canada de publier des statistiques recueillies au cours de cette enquête qui permettraient d'identifier une entreprise sans que celle-ci en ait donné l'autorisation par écrit au préalable. Les données déclarées sur ce questionnaire resteront confidentielles. Elles serviront exclusivement à des fins statistiques et elles seront publiées seulement de façons agrégée. Les dispositions de la Loi sur la statistique qui traitent de la confidentialité ne sont modifiées d'aucune façon par la Loi sur l'accès à l'information ou

Confidentialité

General Instructions

Please complete your monthly report in triplicate and send:

- ▶ one copy to **Statistics Canada** in pre-addressed envelope
- ▶ one copy to the local office of the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation in pre-addressed envelope
- ► keep one copy for your files

Please forward your completed report no later than 10 days after the end of the reporting period.

Note: Shaded cells are for Statistics Canada use only.

Directives générales

Veuillez remplir votre rapport mensuel en trois exemplaires et:

- ▶ faire parvenir une copie à **Statistique Canada** dans l'enveloppe pré-adressée
- ▶ garder une copie pour vos dossiers

toute autre loi.

Veuillez remplir et nous faire parvenir votre rapport au plus tard 10 jours après la fin du mois.

N.B. Les cases ombrées du formulaire sont strictement réservées à l'usage de Statistique Canada.

Correspondence

- If you need more forms or return envelopes do ONE ONLY of the following:
 - Check off the appropriate box(es) in the "Stock Requirements" section, page 1, cell 13 of the questionnaire.
 - Telephone us.
 - Send us a FAX.
 - Contact us via "internet e-mail".
- ▶ Do you have questions regarding the survey?
- ► Do you need help in completing the form?
- ▶ Do you require additional copies of the "Survey Reporting Guide" and /or the "Self Coding Guide"?

Telephone: 1-888-404-3339 (toll free) FAX: 1-888-505-8091 (toll free) Internet: bdps@stcinet.statcan.ca

If you chose to transmit the questionnaire or information to Statistics Canada by facsimile or internet e-mail communication, please be advised that there coud be a risk of disclosure during the communication process. However, upon receipt of your communication, Statistics Canada will provide the guaranteed level of protection afforded to all information collected under the authority of the Statistics Act.

Correspondance

- Si vous avez besoin d'autres formulaires ou d'enveloppes de retour faites seulement un des suivants.
 - Cochez le ou les case(s) appropriée(s) à la section "Besoins de fournitures", page 1, case 13 du questionnaire.
 - Veuillez nous téléphoner.
 - Veuillez nous faire parvenir un FAX.
 - Veuillez nous faire parvenir un message par "courrier électronique".
- ► Avez-vous des questions ayant trait à l'enquête?
- ► Avez-vous besoin d'aide à completer le formulaire?
- Avez-vous besoin des copies supplémentaires du "Guide de déclaration de l'enquête" et/ou le "Guide pour autocodage"?

Téléphone: 1-888-404-3339 (sans frais) FAX: 1-888-505-8091 (sans frais) Internet: bdps@stcinet.statcan.ca

Si vous nous transmettez le questionnaire ou de l'information par télécopieur ou par courrier électronique Statistique Canada tient à vous avertir que la transmission des renseignements peut poser un risque de divulgation. Toutefois, dès la réception du document, Statistique Canada offrira le niveau de protection garanti pour tous les renseignements recueillis aux termes de la Loi sur la statistique.