# CANADA PENSION PLAN 

## Seventeenth Actuarial Report

as at 31 December 1997

Canada

15 December 1998

The Honourable Paul Martin, P.C., M.P.
Minister of Finance
House of Commons
Ottawa, Ontario
K1A 0G5

Dear Minister:

Subject: Seventeenth Actuarial Report on the Canada Pension Plan
In accordance with subsection 115(3) of the Canada Pension Plan, which provides that an actuarial report shall be prepared every three years for purposes of the contribution rates review by the Minister of Finance and the ministers of the Crown of the provinces, I am pleased to submit the Seventeenth Actuarial Report on the Canada Pension Plan, prepared as at 31 December 1997.

Yours sincerely,

Michael Hafeman
Acting Chief Actuary

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CANADA PENSION PLAN

Seventeenth Actuarial Report
As At 31 December 1997

## I. Introduction

This is the Seventeenth Actuarial Report since the inception of the Canada Pension Plan (CPP) in 1966. It presents the results of an actuarial examination of the status of the CPP as at 31 December 1997, and includes projections of future experience through the year 2100. The Sixteenth Actuarial Report, dated September 1997, was a special report prepared in connection with the introduction in the House of Commons of Bill C-2 to amend the CPP and was based on the methods and assumptions of the most recent comprehensive CPP report, the Fifteenth Actuarial Report as at 31 December 1993.

## A. Purposes of the Report

Section 113.1 of the Canada Pension Plan provides that once every three years, the Minister of Finance and ministers of the Crown of the provinces shall review the state of the CPP and may make recommendations as to whether the benefits or contribution rates or both should be changed. It identifies factors they are to consider in their review, including information to be provided by the Chief Actuary.

Section 115 requires the Chief Actuary to prepare a report during the first year of each such three-year period setting out the results of an actuarial examination of the CPP as at a date not earlier than the preceding 31 December. It also specifies certain information that must be included in the report. This report has been prepared in compliance with both the timing and information requirements of the CPP.

Another important purpose of the report is to inform CPP contributors and beneficiaries of the current and projected future financial status of the CPP. Such information should facilitate a better understanding of the financing basis of the CPP and the factors that influence its cost, contributing to an informed public discussion of issues related to the CPP.

## B. Overview of the Report

The actuarial status of the CPP is traditionally evaluated over a very long period of time. The actuarial estimates in this report are based on the current provisions of the CPP, data regarding the starting point for the projections, assumptions regarding future demographic and economic experience, and a methodology for translating this information into estimates of future CPP revenues and expenditures. The information required by statute has been derived using assumptions which reflect my best judgement regarding future experience. Section II presents the results of these actuarial projections. It includes information on trends in key demographic and financial indicators, highlights of the projections of the income, expenditures and assets of the CPP, and the steady-state contribution rate determined on the basis of these projections.

Section III describes the key "best-estimate" assumptions that underlie the results presented in Section II.

A wide variety of factors influence both the current and the projected financial positions of the CPP. Accordingly, the results shown in this report differ from those shown in previous reports. Section IV provides an analysis of the changes between the results shown in this report and those presented in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Actuarial Reports.

Likewise, future actuarial examinations will reveal actual results that differ from the projections included in this report. Section V summarises the results of tests of the sensitivity of projected results to changes in key actuarial assumptions, both individually and under combined "low-cost" and "high-cost" scenarios.

Section VI consists of my formal opinion regarding this actuarial examination.
The appendices in Section VII provide a summary of the main provisions of the CPP and detailed descriptions of the data, assumptions and methods employed in the actuarial examination. They also include detailed tables setting out the results of projections under both the best-estimate and sensitivity-test assumptions. Supplementary information, such as the actuarial position of the CPP if a private pension plan valuation method were to be applied, and the expected internal rate of return to various generations of CPP participants, is contained in the final appendix.

## II. Results Based on Best-Estimate Assumptions

## A. Overview

The results of the actuarial projections of the financial position of the CPP presented in this report are generally consistent with the trends revealed in the Sixteenth Actuarial Report. For example:

- demographic changes will have a major impact on the ratio of retirees to workers; the ratio of the number of people ages 65 and over to the number ages 20 to 64 is expected to grow from about $20 \%$ in 1997 to $40 \%$ in 2050;
- the pay-as-you-go rate is expected to increase steadily from its 1997 level of $8.67 \%$ to a high of $11.21 \%$ in 2034, driven largely by the retirement of the baby boom generation;
- under the current schedule of contribution rates, the funding level is expected to increase significantly over the next 25 years, with the ratio of assets to the following year's expenditures growing from 2.0 in 1997 to 5.0 or more in 2017 and thereafter;
- the steady-state contribution rate for 2003 and thereafter determined by this actuarial review is $9.8 \%$ of contributory earnings, slightly lower than the $9.9 \%$ rate currently scheduled.

These trends are evident from the graphs below.

## Results Based on Best-Estimate Assumptions

Graph II. $1 \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Distribution of Historical and Projected Population by Age } \\ & \text { Group }\end{aligned}$


Graph II. 2 Historical and Projected Pay-As-You-Go Rates


Graph II. 3 Historical and Projected Ratios of Assets to Expenditures


## B. Financial Projections

Table II. 1 provides a summary of the historical financial development of the CPP, which forms the basis for the projections. The tables that follow present the results of projections using the best-estimate assumptions described in Section III:

- Table II. 2 shows the projected financial development of the CPP, assuming the current schedule of contribution rates is maintained; the impact of adopting the steady-state contribution rate of $9.8 \%$ determined by this actuarial review is discussed in subsection II.C;
- Table II. 3 provides additional information regarding projected expenditures, showing expenses and the various components of benefits separately; and
- Table II. 4 shows the same components of expenditures as the previous table, but expresses them as percentages of projected contributory earnings, i.e., as pay-as-you-go rates.


## Results Based on Best-Estimate Assumptions

Table II. $1 \quad$ Historical Results (millions of dollars)

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Paygo } \\ & \text { Rate \% } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Contribution } \\ \text { Rate \% } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | Assets at $31 \text { Dec. }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets / <br> Expenditures Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1966 | 0.05 | 3.60 | 14,744 | 531 | 8 | 523 | 5 | 525 | 525 | 1.76 | 52.47 |
| 1967 | 0.06 | 3.60 | 17,316 | 623 | 10 | 614 | 37 | 651 | 1,175 | 4.14 | 48.98 |
| 1968 | 0.13 | 3.60 | 19,056 | 686 | 24 | 662 | 79 | 741 | 1,916 | 5.04 | 35.49 |
| 1969 | 0.26 | 3.60 | 20,485 | 737 | 54 | 683 | 128 | 811 | 2,727 | 5.49 | 28.12 |
| 1970 | 0.45 | 3.60 | 21,475 | 773 | 97 | 676 | 193 | 869 | 3,596 | 6.17 | 24.14 |
| 1971 | 0.66 | 3.60 | 22,663 | 816 | 149 | 666 | 260 | 927 | 4,523 | 6.51 | 21.33 |
| 1972 | 0.88 | 3.60 | 24,148 | 869 | 212 | 657 | 333 | 990 | 5,513 | 6.78 | 19.83 |
| 1973 | 1.07 | 3.60 | 26,072 | 939 | 278 | 661 | 406 | 1,065 | 6,578 | 6.87 | 16.78 |
| 1974 | 1.17 | 3.60 | 33,429 | 1,203 | 392 | 812 | 497 | 1,308 | 7,887 | 7.03 | 14.06 |
| 1975 | 1.42 | 3.60 | 39,617 | 1,426 | 561 | 865 | 608 | 1,472 | 9,359 | 7.23 | 11.47 |
| 1976 | 1.80 | 3.60 | 45,288 | 1,630 | 816 | 815 | 746 | 1,561 | 10,920 | 7.58 | 10.48 |
| 1977 | 2.05 | 3.60 | 50,782 | 1,828 | 1,042 | 786 | 889 | 1,675 | 12,596 | 7.81 | 9.72 |
| 1978 | 2.31 | 3.60 | 56,176 | 2,022 | 1,296 | 727 | 1,043 | 1,770 | 14,365 | 8.01 | 9.03 |
| 1979 | 2.47 | 3.60 | 64,374 | 2,317 | 1,590 | 727 | 1,235 | 1,962 | 16,328 | 8.34 | 8.31 |
| 1980 | 2.72 | 3.60 | 72,325 | 2,604 | 1,965 | 638 | 1,467 | 2,105 | 18,433 | 8.78 | 7.64 |
| 1981 | 2.89 | 3.60 | 83,566 | 3,008 | 2,413 | 595 | 1,785 | 2,379 | 20,812 | 9.50 | 7.03 |
| 1982 | 2.91 | 3.60 | 101,810 | 3,665 | 2,958 | 707 | 2,160 | 2,867 | 23,679 | 10.17 | 6.58 |
| 1983 | 3.73 | 3.60 | 96,507 | 3,474 | 3,598 | -124 | 2,494 | 2,369 | 26,049 | 10.53 | 6.22 |
| 1984 | 3.66 | 3.60 | 114,386 | 4,118 | 4,185 | -67 | 2,829 | 2,763 | 28,811 | 10.84 | 5.97 |
| 1985 | 4.31 | 3.60 | 111,993 | 4,032 | 4,826 | -795 | 3,114 | 2,319 | 31,130 | 10.79 | 5.66 |
| 1986 | 4.20 | 3.60 | 131,131 | 4,721 | 5,503 | -782 | 3,395 | 2,613 | 33,743 | 10.91 | 4.73 |
| 1987 | 5.02 | 3.80 | 141,927 | 5,393 | 7,130 | -1,736 | 3,653 | 1,917 | 35,660 | 10.82 | 4.31 |
| 1988 | 5.41 | 4.00 | 152,832 | 6,113 | 8,272 | -2,159 | 3,885 | 1,727 | 37,387 | 10.90 | 3.98 |
| 1989 | 5.89 | 4.20 | 159,373 | 6,694 | 9,391 | -2,698 | 4,162 | 1,465 | 38,852 | 11.13 | 3.72 |
| 1990 | 5.82 | 4.40 | 179,290 | 7,889 | 10,438 | -2,549 | 4,387 | 1,838 | 40,689 | 11.30 | 3.53 |
| 1991 | 6.31 | 4.60 | 182,518 | 8,396 | 11,518 | -3,122 | 4,476 | 1,353 | 42,043 | 11.02 | 3.22 |
| 1992 | 7.07 | 4.80 | 185,062 | 8,883 | 13,076 | -4,193 | 4,498 | 305 | 42,347 | 10.75 | 2.97 |
| 1993 | 7.79 | 5.00 | 183,329 | 9,166 | 14,273 | -5,106 | 4,479 | -627 | 41,720 | 10.59 | 2.72 |
| 1994 | 8.33 | 5.20 | 184,324 | 9,585 | 15,362 | -5,778 | 4,404 | -1,374 | 40,346 | 10.56 | 2.52 |
| 1995 | 7.91 | 5.40 | 202,061 | 10,911 | 15,986 | -5,075 | 4,411 | -664 | 39,683 | 10.95 | 2.37 |
| 1996 | 8.71 | 5.60 | 192,084 | 10,757 | 16,723 | -5,966 | 4,178 | -1,788 | 37,894 | 10.55 | 2.16 |
| 1997 | 8.67 | 6.00 | 202,756 | 12,165 | 17,570 | -5,405 | 3,971 | -1,434 | 36,460 | 10.45 | 2.00 |

## Financial Projections

Table II. 2 Projected Financial Development (millions of dollars)

| Year | Paygo Rate \% | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | Assets <br> At 31 Dec. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets / <br> Expenditures <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -169 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 7.00 | 231,677 | 16,217 | 18,967 | -2,750 | 3,795 | 1,045 | 37,336 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.16 | 7.80 | 242,196 | 18,891 | 19,770 | -879 | 3,763 | 2,884 | 40,220 | 10.03 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.13 | 8.60 | 254,455 | 21,883 | 20,684 | 1,199 | 3,822 | 5,021 | 45,241 | 9.34 | 2.08 |
| 2002 | 8.09 | 9.40 | 268,567 | 25,245 | 21,738 | 3,507 | 3,997 | 7,504 | 52,745 | 8.44 | 2.30 |
| 2003 | 8.06 | 9.90 | 284,703 | 28,186 | 22,956 | 5,230 | 4,313 | 9,543 | 62,288 | 7.72 | 2.56 |
| 2004 | 8.05 | 9.90 | 302,690 | 29,966 | 24,365 | 5,601 | 4,872 | 10,473 | 72,760 | 7.42 | 2.81 |
| 2005 | 8.05 | 9.90 | 321,666 | 31,845 | 25,904 | 5,941 | 5,440 | 11,381 | 84,142 | 7.13 | 3.05 |
| 2006 | 8.07 | 9.90 | 341,621 | 33,820 | 27,560 | 6,260 | 6,131 | 12,392 | 96,534 | 6.98 | 3.29 |
| 2007 | 8.10 | 9.90 | 362,505 | 35,888 | 29,364 | 6,524 | 6,905 | 13,429 | 109,963 | 6.88 | 3.51 |
| 2008 | 8.15 | 9.90 | 384,160 | 38,032 | 31,328 | 6,704 | 7,770 | 14,474 | 124,437 | 6.82 | 3.72 |
| 2009 | 8.21 | 9.90 | 407,388 | 40,331 | 33,437 | 6,894 | 8,703 | 15,598 | 140,035 | 6.77 | 3.92 |
| 2010 | 8.27 | 9.90 | 431,278 | 42,697 | 35,682 | 7,015 | 9,724 | 16,738 | 156,773 | 6.74 | 4.12 |
| 2011 | 8.39 | 9.90 | 453,439 | 44,890 | 38,062 | 6,828 | 10,784 | 17,613 | 174,386 | 6.70 | 4.29 |
| 2012 | 8.51 | 9.90 | 476,918 | 47,215 | 40,603 | 6,612 | 11,932 | 18,544 | 192,930 | 6.69 | 4.45 |
| 2013 | 8.65 | 9.90 | 501,275 | 49,626 | 43,337 | 6,289 | 13,170 | 19,459 | 212,389 | 6.70 | 4.59 |
| 2014 | 8.79 | 9.90 | 525,894 | 52,064 | 46,244 | 5,820 | 14,512 | 20,332 | 232,721 | 6.72 | 4.72 |
| 2015 | 8.94 | 9.90 | 551,896 | 54,638 | 49,326 | 5,312 | 15,906 | 21,218 | 253,938 | 6.74 | 4.83 |
| 2016 | 9.09 | 9.90 | 578,372 | 57,259 | 52,592 | 4,667 | 17,355 | 22,022 | 275,961 | 6.76 | 4.92 |
| 2017 | 9.25 | 9.90 | 606,195 | 60,013 | 56,053 | 3,960 | 18,861 | 22,821 | 298,782 | 6.78 | 5.00 |
| 2018 | 9.41 | 9.90 | 634,884 | 62,854 | 59,726 | 3,128 | 20,419 | 23,547 | 322,329 | 6.79 | 5.07 |
| 2019 | 9.57 | 9.90 | 664,512 | 65,787 | 63,621 | 2,166 | 22,037 | 24,203 | 346,532 | 6.81 | 5.11 |
| 2020 | 9.75 | 9.90 | 695,029 | 68,808 | 67,751 | 1,057 | 23,721 | 24,778 | 371,310 | 6.83 | 5.15 |
| 2021 | 9.93 | 9.90 | 726,538 | 71,927 | 72,119 | -192 | 25,464 | 25,273 | 396,582 | 6.85 | 5.17 |
| 2022 | 10.10 | 9.90 | 759,648 | 75,205 | 76,710 | -1,505 | 27,260 | 25,756 | 422,338 | 6.87 | 5.18 |
| 2023 | 10.27 | 9.90 | 793,840 | 78,590 | 81,534 | -2,944 | 29,073 | 26,129 | 448,467 | 6.88 | 5.18 |
| 2024 | 10.44 | 9.90 | 829,314 | 82,102 | 86,582 | -4,480 | 30,871 | 26,391 | 474,858 | 6.88 | 5.17 |
| 2025 | 10.59 | 9.90 | 866,768 | 85,810 | 91,825 | -6,015 | 32,686 | 26,671 | 501,528 | 6.88 | 5.16 |
| 2026 | 10.73 | 9.90 | 906,004 | 89,694 | 97,233 | -7,539 | 34,519 | 26,980 | 528,508 | 6.88 | 5.14 |
| 2027 | 10.85 | 9.90 | 947,597 | 93,812 | 102,771 | -8,959 | 36,372 | 27,413 | 555,922 | 6.88 | 5.13 |
| 2028 | 10.94 | 9.90 | 991,448 | 98,153 | 108,447 | -10,294 | 38,256 | 27,962 | 583,884 | 6.88 | 5.11 |
| 2029 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 1,037,117 | 102,675 | 114,300 | -11,625 | 40,176 | 28,551 | 612,435 | 6.88 | 5.09 |
| 2030 | 11.09 | 9.90 | 1,085,137 | 107,429 | 120,341 | -12,912 | 42,137 | 29,225 | 641,659 | 6.88 | 5.07 |
| 2035 | 11.21 | 9.90 | 1,365,842 | 135,218 | 153,096 | -17,878 | 52,845 | 34,967 | 803,301 | 6.88 | 5.01 |
| 2040 | 11.12 | 9.90 | 1,723,263 | 170,603 | 191,704 | -21,101 | 66,105 | 45,004 | 1,006,199 | 6.88 | 5.02 |
| 2045 | 11.03 | 9.90 | 2,166,730 | 214,506 | 238,980 | -24,474 | 83,418 | 58,944 | 1,271,612 | 6.88 | 5.09 |
| 2050 | 11.00 | 9.90 | 2,713,442 | 268,631 | 298,525 | -29,894 | 105,997 | 76,102 | 1,616,534 | 6.88 | 5.18 |
| 2055 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 3,391,204 | 335,729 | 373,672 | -37,943 | 134,927 | 96,984 | 2,057,305 | 6.88 | 5.26 |
| 2060 | 11.00 | 9.90 | 4,243,739 | 420,130 | 466,852 | -46,722 | 172,011 | 125,290 | 2,623,590 | 6.89 | 5.38 |
| 2065 | 10.96 | 9.90 | 5,316,259 | 526,310 | 582,715 | -56,405 | 220,246 | 163,840 | 3,361,366 | 6.89 | 5.52 |
| 2070 | 10.94 | 9.90 | 6,657,443 | 659,087 | 728,245 | -69,158 | 283,399 | 214,241 | 4,326,712 | 6.89 | 5.68 |
| 2075 | 10.96 | 9.90 | 8,323,300 | 824,007 | 912,216 | -88,209 | 365,740 | 277,531 | 5,582,395 | 6.89 | 5.85 |
| 2080 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 10,389,314 | 1,028,542 | 1,145,019 | -116,477 | 471,898 | 355,421 | 7,197,207 | 6.90 | 6.01 |
| 2085 | 11.09 | 9.90 | 12,961,032 | 1,283,142 | 1,437,567 | -154,425 | 607,517 | 453,092 | 9,257,954 | 6.90 | 6.15 |
| 2090 | 11.15 | 9.90 | 16,175,266 | 1,601,351 | 1,803,028 | -201,677 | 780,544 | 578,867 | 11,887,633 | 6.90 | 6.30 |
| 2095 | 11.19 | 9.90 | 20,192,664 | 1,999,074 | 2,259,486 | -260,412 | 1,001,958 | 741,546 | 15,253,444 | 6.90 | 6.45 |
| 2100 | 11.23 | 9.90 | 25,206,020 | 2,495,396 | 2,831,335 | -335,939 | 1,285,755 | 949,816 | 19,566,096 | 6.91 | 6.61 |

## Results Based on Best-Estimate Assumptions

Table II. 3 Projection of Total Expenditures (millions of dollars)

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  | Survivor |  |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | Grand <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Children | Sub- <br> Total | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Sub- <br> Total |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 12,217 | 1,262 | 1,285 | 235 | 2,782 | 339 | 2,223 | 2,563 | 212 | 238 | 240 | 18,252 |
| 1999 | 12,763 | 1,267 | 1,290 | 235 | 2,792 | 351 | 2,325 | 2,675 | 222 | 245 | 269 | 18,967 |
| 2000 | 13,359 | 1,286 | 1,310 | 239 | 2,835 | 357 | 2,431 | 2,788 | 232 | 254 | 303 | 19,770 |
| 2001 | 14,029 | 1,323 | 1,352 | 245 | 2,920 | 365 | 2,547 | 2,911 | 243 | 263 | 318 | 20,684 |
| 2002 | 14,780 | 1,378 | 1,415 | 255 | 3,048 | 374 | 2,672 | 3,046 | 255 | 272 | 336 | 21,738 |
| 2003 | 15,635 | 1,453 | 1,499 | 268 | 3,221 | 385 | 2,809 | 3,194 | 268 | 282 | 356 | 22,956 |
| 2004 | 16,614 | 1,550 | 1,606 | 285 | 3,440 | 398 | 2,959 | 3,357 | 282 | 293 | 378 | 24,365 |
| 2005 | 17,679 | 1,663 | 1,730 | 304 | 3,698 | 412 | 3,114 | 3,525 | 296 | 304 | 402 | 25,904 |
| 2006 | 18,834 | 1,786 | 1,865 | 324 | 3,976 | 427 | 3,271 | 3,698 | 310 | 315 | 427 | 27,560 |
| 2007 | 20,120 | 1,915 | 2,006 | 344 | 4,265 | 442 | 3,433 | 3,874 | 324 | 326 | 453 | 29,364 |
| 2008 | 21,558 | 2,045 | 2,151 | 363 | 4,559 | 457 | 3,598 | 4,055 | 338 | 338 | 480 | 31,328 |
| 2009 | 23,122 | 2,181 | 2,301 | 382 | 4,865 | 474 | 3,768 | 4,241 | 352 | 349 | 509 | 33,437 |
| 2010 | 24,803 | 2,323 | 2,460 | 401 | 5,184 | 491 | 3,941 | 4,431 | 365 | 360 | 539 | 35,682 |
| 2011 | 26,617 | 2,462 | 2,618 | 420 | 5,499 | 509 | 4,120 | 4,629 | 379 | 371 | 567 | 38,062 |
| 2012 | 28,612 | 2,584 | 2,764 | 438 | 5,787 | 527 | 4,307 | 4,834 | 394 | 380 | 596 | 40,603 |
| 2013 | 30,788 | 2,714 | 2,913 | 457 | 6,084 | 544 | 4,497 | 5,042 | 407 | 390 | 627 | 43,337 |
| 2014 | 33,110 | 2,853 | 3,073 | 476 | 6,402 | 563 | 4,694 | 5,256 | 420 | 399 | 657 | 46,244 |
| 2015 | 35,584 | 2,996 | 3,242 | 494 | 6,733 | 582 | 4,897 | 5,478 | 433 | 408 | 690 | 49,326 |
| 2016 | 38,222 | 3,144 | 3,419 | 513 | 7,076 | 601 | 5,107 | 5,709 | 445 | 418 | 723 | 52,592 |
| 2017 | 41,033 | 3,296 | 3,602 | 532 | 7,431 | 621 | 5,327 | 5,948 | 457 | 427 | 758 | 56,053 |
| 2018 | 44,043 | 3,448 | 3,787 | 551 | 7,787 | 642 | 5,556 | 6,198 | 468 | 437 | 794 | 59,726 |
| 2019 | 47,265 | 3,597 | 3,972 | 571 | 8,140 | 662 | 5,796 | 6,459 | 480 | 447 | 831 | 63,621 |
| 2020 | 50,711 | 3,744 | 4,155 | 591 | 8,490 | 683 | 6,049 | 6,732 | 492 | 457 | 869 | 67,751 |
| 2021 | 54,375 | 3,892 | 4,341 | 612 | 8,844 | 704 | 6,316 | 7,020 | 505 | 467 | 908 | 72,119 |
| 2022 | 58,251 | 4,033 | 4,524 | 633 | 9,190 | 726 | 6,599 | 7,324 | 518 | 478 | 950 | 76,710 |
| 2023 | 62,345 | 4,170 | 4,705 | 654 | 9,530 | 746 | 6,899 | 7,646 | 531 | 489 | 992 | 81,534 |
| 2024 | 66,644 | 4,304 | 4,887 | 677 | 9,868 | 768 | 7,220 | 7,987 | 546 | 500 | 1,037 | 86,582 |
| 2025 | 71,126 | 4,429 | 5,064 | 700 | 10,193 | 788 | 7,562 | 8,350 | 561 | 512 | 1,083 | 91,825 |
| 2026 | 75,755 | 4,547 | 5,238 | 725 | 10,510 | 809 | 7,926 | 8,735 | 576 | 524 | 1,133 | 97,233 |
| 2027 | 80,481 | 4,665 | 5,416 | 751 | 10,832 | 829 | 8,316 | 9,145 | 593 | 536 | 1,184 | 102,771 |
| 2028 | 85,316 | 4,779 | 5,594 | 778 | 11,151 | 850 | 8,732 | 9,582 | 610 | 549 | 1,239 | 108,447 |
| 2029 | 90,279 | 4,898 | 5,784 | 806 | 11,488 | 871 | 9,176 | 10,046 | 629 | 562 | 1,296 | 114,300 |
| 2030 | 95,361 | 5,031 | 5,994 | 836 | 11,861 | 892 | 9,648 | 10,540 | 648 | 574 | 1,356 | 120,341 |
| 2035 | 122,153 | 5,932 | 7,437 | 1,001 | 14,370 | 1,012 | 12,461 | 13,473 | 753 | 640 | 1,707 | 153,096 |
| 2040 | 153,121 | 7,082 | 9,378 | 1,191 | 17,651 | 1,164 | 16,041 | 17,205 | 873 | 699 | 2,154 | 191,704 |
| 2045 | 190,899 | 8,556 | 11,949 | 1,411 | 21,916 | 1,354 | 20,351 | 21,706 | 1,007 | 745 | 2,708 | 238,980 |
| 2050 | 239,361 | 10,214 | 15,001 | 1,671 | 26,887 | 1,582 | 25,369 | 26,951 | 1,161 | 774 | 3,392 | 298,525 |
| 2055 | 301,608 | 12,060 | 18,592 | 1,986 | 32,637 | 1,838 | 31,216 | 33,055 | 1,342 | 791 | 4,239 | 373,672 |
| 2060 | 379,317 | 14,189 | 22,943 | 2,369 | 39,500 | 2,126 | 38,245 | 40,371 | 1,557 | 802 | 5,305 | 466,852 |
| 2065 | 475,622 | 16,888 | 28,657 | 2,827 | 48,372 | 2,460 | 46,994 | 49,455 | 1,806 | 816 | 6,645 | 582,715 |
| 2070 | 596,532 | 20,199 | 35,981 | 3,364 | 59,544 | 2,859 | 58,064 | 60,923 | 2,090 | 834 | 8,322 | 728,245 |
| 2075 | 749,819 | 24,175 | 45,212 | 3,995 | 73,382 | 3,332 | 72,009 | 75,341 | 2,413 | 856 | 10,404 | 912,216 |
| 2080 | 945,110 | 28,782 | 56,496 | 4,741 | 90,019 | 3,882 | 89,358 | 93,240 | 2,785 | 878 | 12,987 | 1,145,019 |
| 2085 | 1,191,978 | 34,106 | 70,241 | 5,632 | 109,978 | 4,510 | 110,783 | 115,294 | 3,217 | 899 | 16,201 | 1,437,567 |
| 2090 | 1,501,200 | 40,421 | 87,341 | 6,697 | 134,459 | 5,230 | 137,282 | 142,512 | 3,719 | 919 | 20,219 | 1,803,028 |
| 2095 | 1,887,808 | 48,031 | 108,913 | 7,965 | 164,909 | 6,064 | 170,224 | 176,288 | 4,299 | 941 | 25,241 | 2,259,486 |
| 2100 | 2,372,808 | 57,191 | 136,117 | 9,465 | 202,773 | 7,039 | 211,278 | 218,316 | 4,966 | 964 | 31,508 | 2,831,335 |

Financial Projections
Table II. 4 Projection of Pay-As-You-Go Rates (percentages of contributory earnings)

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  |  | Survivor |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | $\begin{gathered} \text { Grand } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Children | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Flat- Rate | Earnings- <br> Related | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 5.49 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 0.11 | 1.25 | 0.15 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 8.21 |
| 1999 | 5.51 | 0.55 | 0.56 | 0.10 | 1.21 | 0.15 | 1.00 | 1.16 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 8.19 |
| 2000 | 5.52 | 0.53 | 0.54 | 0.10 | 1.17 | 0.15 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 8.16 |
| 2001 | 5.51 | 0.52 | 0.53 | 0.10 | 1.15 | 0.14 | 1.00 | 1.14 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 8.13 |
| 2002 | 5.50 | 0.51 | 0.53 | 0.09 | 1.13 | 0.14 | 0.99 | 1.13 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 8.09 |
| 2003 | 5.49 | 0.51 | 0.53 | 0.09 | 1.13 | 0.14 | 0.99 | 1.12 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 8.06 |
| 2004 | 5.49 | 0.51 | 0.53 | 0.09 | 1.14 | 0.13 | 0.98 | 1.11 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 8.05 |
| 2005 | 5.50 | 0.52 | 0.54 | 0.09 | 1.15 | 0.13 | 0.97 | 1.10 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.05 |
| 2006 | 5.51 | 0.52 | 0.55 | 0.09 | 1.16 | 0.12 | 0.96 | 1.08 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.07 |
| 2007 | 5.55 | 0.53 | 0.55 | 0.09 | 1.18 | 0.12 | 0.95 | 1.07 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.10 |
| 2008 | 5.61 | 0.53 | 0.56 | 0.09 | 1.19 | 0.12 | 0.94 | 1.06 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.15 |
| 2009 | 5.68 | 0.54 | 0.56 | 0.09 | 1.19 | 0.12 | 0.92 | 1.04 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.21 |
| 2010 | 5.75 | 0.54 | 0.57 | 0.09 | 1.20 | 0.11 | 0.91 | 1.03 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 8.27 |
| 2011 | 5.87 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 1.21 | 0.11 | 0.91 | 1.02 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 8.39 |
| 2012 | 6.00 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 1.21 | 0.11 | 0.90 | 1.01 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 8.51 |
| 2013 | 6.14 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 1.21 | 0.11 | 0.90 | 1.01 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 8.65 |
| 2014 | 6.30 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.11 | 0.89 | 1.00 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 8.79 |
| 2015 | 6.45 | 0.54 | 0.59 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.11 | 0.89 | 0.99 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 8.94 |
| 2016 | 6.61 | 0.54 | 0.59 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.10 | 0.88 | 0.99 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.09 |
| 2017 | 6.77 | 0.54 | 0.59 | 0.09 | 1.23 | 0.10 | 0.88 | 0.98 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.25 |
| 2018 | 6.94 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.09 | 1.23 | 0.10 | 0.88 | 0.98 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.41 |
| 2019 | 7.11 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.97 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.57 |
| 2020 | 7.30 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.97 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.75 |
| 2021 | 7.48 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.08 | 1.22 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.97 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 9.93 |
| 2022 | 7.67 | 0.53 | 0.60 | 0.08 | 1.21 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 10.10 |
| 2023 | 7.85 | 0.53 | 0.59 | 0.08 | 1.20 | 0.09 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 10.27 |
| 2024 | 8.04 | 0.52 | 0.59 | 0.08 | 1.19 | 0.09 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 10.44 |
| 2025 | 8.21 | 0.51 | 0.58 | 0.08 | 1.18 | 0.09 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 10.59 |
| 2026 | 8.36 | 0.50 | 0.58 | 0.08 | 1.16 | 0.09 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 10.73 |
| 2027 | 8.49 | 0.49 | 0.57 | 0.08 | 1.14 | 0.09 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 10.85 |
| 2028 | 8.61 | 0.48 | 0.56 | 0.08 | 1.12 | 0.09 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 10.94 |
| 2029 | 8.70 | 0.47 | 0.56 | 0.08 | 1.11 | 0.08 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.02 |
| 2030 | 8.79 | 0.46 | 0.55 | 0.08 | 1.09 | 0.08 | 0.89 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.09 |
| 2035 | 8.94 | 0.43 | 0.54 | 0.07 | 1.05 | 0.07 | 0.91 | 0.99 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.21 |
| 2040 | 8.89 | 0.41 | 0.54 | 0.07 | 1.02 | 0.07 | 0.93 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 11.12 |
| 2045 | 8.81 | 0.39 | 0.55 | 0.07 | 1.01 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 11.03 |
| 2050 | 8.82 | 0.38 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.99 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.99 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 11.00 |
| 2055 | 8.89 | 0.36 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.96 | 0.05 | 0.92 | 0.97 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 11.02 |
| 2060 | 8.94 | 0.33 | 0.54 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.05 | 0.90 | 0.95 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 11.00 |
| 2065 | 8.95 | 0.32 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.91 | 0.05 | 0.88 | 0.93 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 10.96 |
| 2070 | 8.96 | 0.30 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.89 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.92 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 10.94 |
| 2075 | 9.01 | 0.29 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.88 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.91 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.96 |
| 2080 | 9.10 | 0.28 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.87 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 11.02 |
| 2085 | 9.20 | 0.26 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.85 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.09 |
| 2090 | 9.28 | 0.25 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.83 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.15 |
| 2095 | 9.35 | 0.24 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.82 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 11.19 |
| 2100 | 9.41 | 0.23 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.80 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 11.23 |

## C. Contribution Rate

Subsection 113.1 of the Canada Pension Plan describes a financing objective of having a contribution rate in years 2003 and thereafter that is no lower than the lowest rate that can be maintained over the foreseeable future and that will result in the ratios of the assets to the following year's expenditures remaining generally constant. The lowest such contribution rate that will meet this objective is referred to as the steady-state contribution rate in this report.

The meaning of the above phrase "remaining generally constant" is not defined in the CPP. For purposes of the Sixteenth Actuarial Report, the preliminary methodology used in this respect was to determine a steady-state contribution rate that would result in the assets-to-expenditures ratios in 2030 and 2100 being equal. The exact rate was rounded to the nearest $0.1 \%$, resulting in the currently-scheduled ultimate contribution rate of $9.9 \%$.

Bill C-2 provided that a regulation be made to establish the methodology for determining the steady-state contribution rate. The regulation setting out such methodology has recently been approved by the federal Cabinet and is awaiting formal approval by the provinces. The regulation requires a comparison of the assets-to-expenditures ratios 10 and 60 years following the end of the applicable review period; e.g., for this review, years 2010 and 2060. This methodology has therefore been incorporated into the determination of the steady-state contribution rate.

I have determined the steady-state contribution rate for years 2003 and thereafter to be $9.8 \%$.

The steady-state contribution rate, required under subsection 115(1.1)(c) of the CPP, is referred to by the default provisions in subsections 113.1(11) to 113.1(11.15). These default provisions may result in adjustments being made to the contribution rate and, perhaps, benefits in payment if no agreement is reached by the federal and provincial governments in response to the actuarial determination of a steady-state contribution rate which is higher than $9.9 \%$.

In respect of the current triennial review, since the steady-state contribution rate is less than $9.9 \%$, the default provisions would not apply. Therefore, in the absence of specific action by the federal and provincial governments, the contribution rates will remain as currently scheduled, e.g., $9.9 \%$ for years 2003 and thereafter.

Table II. 5 compares the projected funding levels of the CPP, depending on whether the $9.9 \%$ contribution rate is either retained or replaced by $9.8 \%$. Note that only the numerator of the assets-to-expenditures ratio is affected by the contribution rate; expenditures are the same in either case. A detailed financial projection of the CPP based on a contribution rate of $9.8 \%$ in 2003 and thereafter is shown in Table VII.C. 7 of Appendix C.

Table II. $5 \quad$ Projected Ratios of Assets to Expenditures

- Contribution Rates of 9.9\% or 9.8\%

|  | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Retain $9.9 \%$ | 1.94 | 5.16 | 5.18 | 5.85 | 6.61 |
| Adopt $9.8 \%$ | 1.94 | 4.90 | 4.45 | 4.26 | 3.54 |

The steady-state contribution rate will be redetermined in connection with the next triennial actuarial report, to be prepared as at 31 December 2000. It may also be redetermined, at an earlier date, to reflect the cost impact of any changes to the CPP that may be adopted in connection with the current federal and provincial review.

## III. Key Assumptions

## A. Overview

An actuarial examination of the CPP involves the projection of its income and expenditures over a long period of time. This is necessary in order to properly assess the future impact of historical and projected trends in demographic and economic factors. For this report, the projection period continues until 2100.

The income of the CPP includes both contributions and investment earnings. The projection of contributions begins with a projection of the working-age population. This requires assumptions regarding demographic factors, such as fertility, migration and mortality. Contributory earnings are derived by applying economic and demographic assumptions, including wage increase and CPP participation rates. Contributions are then derived simply by applying the contribution rates to contributory earnings.

Newly-emerging benefits are projected by applying demographic assumptions regarding retirement, disability and death to the eligible population, together with CPP benefit provisions and the earnings histories of the participants. The projection of total benefits, which includes the continuation of benefits already in payment, requires further demographic assumptions, along with an assumption regarding the rate of increases in prices. Administrative expenses, a relatively small component of CPP expenditures, are projected based on historical experience, increased to take account of the expense of the new CPP Investment Board.

Investment earnings are projected considering the existing portfolio of bonds and the Operating Balance, projected net cash flows and the assumed rates of return on new investments.

## B. Best-Estimate Assumptions

The information required by statute, which is presented in Section II, has been derived using assumptions which reflect my best judgement regarding future demographic and economic trends. They are referred to in the report as the "best-estimate" assumptions. Most of the assumptions are graded from recent experience levels to their ultimate values during the first 5 to 18 years of the projection period. The exception is mortality, which is assumed to continue to improve throughout the projection period (although the relative annual rates of improvement remain constant after 2011). The most important of these

## Key Assumptions

demographic and economic assumptions, and the corresponding assumptions used in the most recent reports, are summarised in the table below and discussed briefly thereafter. The assumptions are described more fully in Appendix B.

Table III. $1 \quad$ Best-Estimate Demographic and Economic Assumptions Ultimate Years

|  |  | Report 17 |  | Reports 15 \& 16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Total fertility rate | Canada | 1.70 | Canada | 1.85 |
|  |  | Québec | 1.60 | Québec | 1.80 |
| 2. | Net annual migration | External | $0.60 \%$ of population | External | $0.40 \%$ of population |
|  |  | From Québec | 10,000 | From Qué | nil after 2010 |
| 3. | Mortality | 1990-92 Canada Life Tables with future improvements. |  | 1985-87 Canada Life Tables with future improvements. |  |
|  |  | Life expectancy at birth in 2100 of: |  | Life expectancy at birth in 2100 of: |  |
|  |  | males <br> females | 82.0 years <br> 87.7 years | males <br> females | 80.5 years <br> 87.4 years |
| 4. | Aggregate rate of disability incidence per 1,000 eligible workers | 3.5 overall | 4.0 males <br> 3.0 females | Report 16 <br> Report 15 | 5.0 both sexes <br> 5.5 both sexes |
| 5. | Employment estimated unemployment rate |  | 7.0\% |  | 7.5\% |
| 6. | Real-wage differential |  | 1.0\% |  | 1.0\% |
| 7. | Rate of increase in prices |  | 3.0\% |  | 3.5\% |
| 8. | Real rate of return on new Fund investments |  | 4.0\% | Report 16 <br> Report 15 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \% \\ & 2.5 \% \end{aligned}$ |

## 1. Fertility

The total fertility rate for a year represents the average number of children that would be born to a woman in her lifetime if she were to experience the agespecific fertility rates observed in, or assumed for, that year. The total fertility rate has decreased dramatically since the late 1950s and in recent years it has generally been just under 1.70 for Canada overall, and slightly lower in Québec.

The decrease occurred as a result of changes in a variety of social, medical and economic factors. It seems unlikely that fertility will return to historical levels in the absence of significant societal change. Therefore, it has been assumed that the total fertility rate for Canada will increase slightly from its 1995 level of 1.64, to an ultimate level of 1.70 in 2016 ( 1.60 for Québec). This is consistent with the "medium" assumption adopted by Statistics Canada for its most recent population projections.

## 2. Migration

Migration that influences the population eligible to participate in the CPP is the net result of several components. The largest of these is immigration to Canada from other countries. This has averaged 233,000 annually from 1992 to 1996. Historically, approximately $17 \%$ of immigrants settle in Québec. In its 1994 immigration plan, the government established an annual target of 250,000.

The second largest component of net migration is emigration from Canada to other countries. This has averaged 45,000 annually from 1992 to 1996, similar to historical levels. Historically, about $14 \%$ of the emigrants are from Québec. However, approximately $50 \%$ of all emigrants eventually return to Canada.

Net external migration to Canada was $0.61 \%$ of population in 1996. Based on a continuation of these migration levels, an ultimate assumption of $0.60 \%$ has been established, beginning in 2005. This is consistent with experience over the last 10 to 15 years and with the ultimate migration level incorporated in the "medium" Statistics Canada population projections. Immigrants, emigrants and returning Canadians have been assumed to be distributed by age and sex, and between Québec and the rest of Canada, in accordance with historical patterns.

Returning Canadians were not reflected in the migration assumptions used in previous reports, which accounts for one-third of the $0.20 \%$ increase in the ultimate net migration assumption.

## Key Assumptions

Interprovincial migration is considered in the actuarial projections only with respect to movements between Québec and the rest of Canada, since this affects the population eligible to participate in the CPP. In recent years, net migration from Québec has averaged approximately 10,000 annually. This absolute level of net annual interprovincial migration has been assumed to prevail throughout the projection period.

## 3. Mortality

Life expectancy in Canada has increased considerably during this century. The life expectancy at birth according to the most recent mortality tables available from Statistics Canada, the 1990-1992 Canada Life Tables, is 74.6 years for males and 80.9 years for females. Mortality improvements are expected to continue in the future. The ultimate rates of improvement were established by adjusting the results of a detailed study prepared by the United States Social Security Administration actuaries regarding trends in mortality by age, sex and cause of death to reflect, in part, historical differences in mortality improvements between Canada and the United States. Rates of improvement were assumed to grade from their recent levels to the ultimate by 2011.
Adjustments were made to the resulting mortality rates to account for the impact of AIDS.

The improvements are expected to result in the following life expectancies:
Table III. 2 Projected Trends in Life Expectancy-Canada

|  |  | 1991 | 2000 | 2050 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| At birth |  |  |  | 2100 |
| males | 74.6 | 76.2 | 79.4 | 82.0 |
| females | 80.9 | 82.2 | 85.2 | 87.7 |
| At age 65 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15.7 | 16.5 | 18.4 | 20.2 |
| females | 19.9 | 20.7 | 22.8 | 24.8 |

The life expectancies shown in Table III. 2 were calculated as if the mortality rates experienced or assumed for the given year were applicable in all future years. Thus, they are not "cohort" life expectancies.

## 4. Disability

There are two main aspects of disability that must be considered when projecting the experience of the CPP: the incidence of new disabilities and the continuance of existing disabilities. CPP disability incidence rates have fluctuated over time, but increased sharply in the early 1990s. Since then, incidence rates have returned to more typical historical levels. This reversal was strongly influenced by changes in the administrative practices applied in adjudicating applications for CPP disability benefits. The change in disability qualification requirements contained in Bill C-2 will also reduce CPP disability incidence rates.

The actuarial projections in this report are based on the new provisions and administrative practices of the CPP. Accordingly, it has been assumed that CPP disability incidence rates will remain at approximately their current levels. Although these rates vary by age and sex, based on the current distribution of population, the resulting aggregate ultimate rate of incidence for years 2005 and later is 3.5 new disabilities per year among each 1,000 eligible workers (4.0 for males and 3.0 for females, on average).

Disability continuance rates reflect recoveries, deaths and conversions to retirement pensions at age 65. The rates assumed for future years have been based on the average experience during the period 1976 to 1993.

## 5. Employment

Employment levels are reflected in the actuarial projection model through the assumption made regarding the proportions of the population, by age and sex, who have earnings in a given year. These proportions vary not only with the rate of unemployment, but also reflect trends in increased workforce participation by women, longer periods of formal education among young adults and the trends in retirement patterns of older workers.

The ultimate proportions of earners, assumed to apply in year 2010 and thereafter, were established based on a review of both historical trends and the results of projections prepared by Finance department economists using a cohort-based model. The assumptions are consistent with an ultimate unemployment rate of approximately $7.0 \%$. The increases in the assumed proportions of earners produce an average annual increase in the workforce of $1.7 \%$ during the period 1997 to 2010.

Key Assumptions

## 6. Wage Increases

Wage increases impact the financial balance of the CPP in two ways. In the short term, an increase in the average wage translates into higher contribution income, with little immediate impact on benefits. Over the longer term, higher average wages produce higher CPP benefits. The long-term projected financial position of the CPP is more dependent on the differential between the assumed annual rates of wage increases and price increases (the real-wage differential) than on the absolute level of wage increases assumed.

Historically, the real-wage differential has fluctuated significantly from year to year. The trend was generally downward through the late 1980s, with some improvement since then, e.g., the 10 -year average annual real-wage differential was $-0.59 \%$ for the period ending 1987 and $0.32 \%$ for the period ending 1997. Over the longer term, the annual real-wage differential averaged $1.52 \%$ for the 50-year period ending 1997.

Many factors have influenced the real rates of increase in average annual wages, including general productivity improvements, the move to a service economy and decreases in the average hours worked. Considering these factors, together with the historical trends and judgement regarding the long-term course of the economy, an ultimate real-wage differential of $1.0 \%$ has been assumed in years 2003 and thereafter. This ultimate differential is unchanged from the assumption used in recent CPP actuarial reports. Combined with the price increase assumption described below, it results in assumed nominal annual increases in wages of $4.0 \%$ in 2003 and thereafter. During the initial years of the projection period, the real-wage differential is assumed to increase uniformly from $0.6 \%$ in 1998 to its ultimate level.

The assumed increases in wages and proportions of earners result in projected average annual real increases in total employment earnings of $2.7 \%$ for 1998 to 2005. This decreases to about $1.5 \%$ ultimately, reflecting $1 \%$ increases in real wages and $0.5 \%$ annual growth in the working-age population.

## 7. Price Increases

Price increases, as measured by changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), also tend to fluctuate from year to year. Over the last 50 years, the trend was generally upward through the early 1980s and downward since then. For example, the average annual increases in the CPI for the 50-, 25- and 10-year periods ending in 1997 were $4.44 \%, 5.83 \%$ and $2.80 \%$, respectively.

Based on these trends and judgement regarding the long-term outlook for inflation, an ultimate annual rate of price increase of $3.0 \%$ has been assumed. This is $0.5 \%$ lower than the ultimate price increase assumption used in recent CPP actuarial reports. The rates of price increase are assumed to increase uniformly from $1.0 \%$ in 1998 to their ultimate level in 2003.

## 8. Rate of Return on Investments

Assets of the CPP include the Operating Balance, which corresponds to three months of benefit payments, and the Fund, which represents the excess of all CPP assets over the Operating Balance. Assets of the Fund currently consist of 20 -year loans to the provinces. In the future, assets of the Fund will also include investments managed by the new CPP Investment Board.

In accordance with the new policy of investing the Fund in a diversified portfolio, the ultimate real rate of return on the investment of future net cash flows is projected to be approximately $3.85 \%$. This rate is a weighted average of a real rate of interest of $1.5 \%$ assumed on the Operating Balance and of a real rate of return of $4 \%$ on new investments in the Fund. These real rates, assumed for all future years, are the same real rates assumed for the Sixteenth Actuarial Report and compare to the assumptions of $1.5 \%$ and $2.5 \%$, respectively, used for the Fifteenth Actuarial Report. (Note that all of the real rates of return referred to in this report are actually real-return differentials, i.e., the difference between the effective annual rate of return on investments and the rate of increase in prices. This differs from the technical definition of the real rate of return, which, in the case of the ultimate Fund assumption, would be $(1.07 \div 1.03)-1=3.883 \%$ rather than $4 \%$.)

The assumed long-term real rate of return of $4 \%$ on the Fund was established taking into account the following factors:

- from 1966 to 1995, the average real yield on the Québec Pension Plan (QPP) account, which has always been invested in a diversified portfolio, was close to $4 \%$;
- as reported in the Canadian Institute of Actuaries (CIA) Report on Canadian Economic Statistics 1924-1997, the average real yield over the period of 25 years ending in 1997 on the funds of a sample of the largest private pension plans in Canada was close to $5 \%$;
- using historical results published by the CIA, the real average yields over the 50-year (39-to 46-year, in the case of mortgages) periods ending in the 1990 s would have ranged from just under $4 \%$ to almost $5 \%$ in respect of a hypothetical portfolio invested equally in each of the following five areas: conventional mortgages, long-term federal bonds, Government of Canada 91-day Treasury Bills, Canadian equities and U.S. equities; and
- the market rate of return on Government of Canada real-return bonds is currently slightly above $4 \%$.

From a larger perspective, assuming a real yield of 4\% on the CPP Fund means that the CPP Investment Board would be expected to achieve investment returns comparable to those of the QPP and of large private pension plans.

## IV. Comparison With Previous Projections

The results presented in this report differ from those previously projected for a variety of reasons. Differences between the actual experience during 1994 through 1997 and that projected in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Actuarial Reports are addressed in paragraph A below. Since historical results provide the starting point for the projections shown in this report, these historical differences also have an effect on projected future experience. The impacts of the experience update and the other factors that have significantly changed the projected future results are addressed in paragraph B.
A. Financial Development - 1994 to 1997

The major components of changes in the CPP assets from 31 December 1993 to 31 December 1997 are summarised in Table IV.1. Note that assets are shown at book value.

Table IV. 1 Financial Development - 1994 to 1997
(millions of dollars)

|  | Actual <br> Experience | Report 15 <br> Projected | Difference <br> (A - P) | Ratio <br> $(\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{P})$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Assets at 31 December 1993 | 41,720 | 41,720 |  |  |
| + Contributions | 43,418 | 47,888 | $-4,470$ | 0.91 |
| - Expenditures | 65,641 | 67,941 | $-2,300$ | 0.97 |
| + Investment Earnings | 16,964 | 17,346 | -382 | 0.98 |
| Change in Assets | $-5,259$ | $-2,707$ | $-2,552$ | 1.94 |
| Assets at 31 December 1997 | 36,461 | 39,013 | $-2,552$ | 0.93 |

Contributions during the period 1994 to 1997 were about $\$ 4.5$ billion less than projected. Lower than expected contributory earnings account for a shortfall of $\$ 4.8$ billion, which was partially offset by $\$ 0.3$ billion in additional contributions due to the increase in the 1997 contribution rate from $5.85 \%$ to $6.00 \%$ in accordance with Bill C-2. Contributory earnings were depressed by a combination of lower than expected levels of employment, inflation and realwage increases during the period.

## Comparison With Previous Projections

Expenditures during the period were $\$ 2.3$ billion less than projected, somewhat offsetting the negative impact of the lower contributions. The principal reason for this was a dramatic decrease in CPP disability incidence rates resulting from changes in administrative practices. Disability benefits were $\$ 2.4$ billion less than projected, while other expenditures, overall, were slightly higher than projected.

Investment earnings were about $\$ 0.4$ billion less than projected. This shortfall resulted largely from the lower net amount of assets available for investment.

Overall, assets decreased by $\$ 5.3$ billion during this period, almost twice the projected decline of $\$ 2.7$ billion.
B. Changes in Projected Results - 1998 to 2100

The pay-as-you-go rate, which is the ratio of expenditures to contributory earnings in a given year, is an important measure of the cost of the CPP. One way of understanding the differences between the best-estimate projections in this report and those presented in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Actuarial Reports is by looking at the effects of various factors on the pay-as-you-go rates. The most significant effects are identified in the reconciliation presented in Table IV. 2 and the discussion below.

Bill C-2 had a significant impact on projected pay-as-you-go rates, as described in the Sixteenth Actuarial Report. In accordance with the Canada Pension Plan, the projections in that report were prepared based on the methods, assumptions and data underlying the Fifteenth Actuarial Report. In particular, this means that no update was done for actual CPP experience after 1993. For purposes of the reconciliation of pay-as-you-go rates, the effects of Bill C-2 have been shown on the basis presented in the Sixteenth Report, prior to any experience update or changes in methodology.

The methodology described in Section VII.B reflects a number of relatively minor improvements from that employed in previous reports. Overall, these refinements had the effect of increasing the projected pay-as-you-go rates slightly.

The primary variations in experience during 1994 to 1997 were discussed in paragraph A above. Overall, the long-term effect of the experience update was to increase the projected pay-as-you-go rates slightly.

Key assumptions, and changes made from the previous reports, are outlined in Section III of the report. The effects of these changes may be summarised as follows:

- the decrease in the ultimate fertility rate significantly increases the longterm pay-as-you-go rates, because its effect in slowing the growth in total contributory earnings outweighs the ultimate reductions in expenditures;
- conversely, the increase in the assumed level of net migration significantly decreases the pay-as-you-go rates, as the higher levels of contributory earnings outweigh the ultimate increases in expenditures;
- the more rapid mortality improvements assumed for this report increase the pay-as-you-go rates, because beneficiaries are expected to receive their monthly benefits over longer periods of time;
- the lower levels of disability incidence assumed in the future, reflecting the significant recent improvements in experience, reduce the pay-as-you-go rates by approximately one-half percent of contributory earnings, on average;
- the decrease in the assumed proportions of earners in the population increases the pay-as-you-go rates, although the effect declines with time as the lower earnings translate into lower benefit entitlements;
- the assumption that the real-wage differential will increase to its ultimate level over five years, rather than reaching it immediately as was assumed in previous reports, produced a small initial increase in the pay-as-you-go rates (with even smaller long-term impact); and
- the reduction in the assumed rate of price increases results in an increase in the pay-as-you-go rates, because the savings due to lower increases in benefits in payment are outweighed by the slower growth in total contributory earnings; this effect declines over time, as the lower earnings result in lower benefits.


## Comparison With Previous Projections

Some of the less significant assumptions, which are described in Section VII.B, were also changed. For example, the proportions of people ages 18 to 24 attending school full-time, used in the projection of orphan benefits, and the experience adjustment factors applied in the projection of retirement, disability and survivor benefits were revised to reflect more recent experience. Overall, the changes in these "other" assumptions had the effect of decreasing the projected pay-as-you-go rates.

Bill C-2 included a schedule of contribution rates which increases from 1997 to 2003 and remains level at $9.9 \%$ in 2003 and thereafter, along with a requirement that the steady-state contribution rate be redetermined as a part of each future actuarial examination. Factors that lead to changes in the pay-as-you-go rates generally have comparable effects on the steady-state contribution rate. Furthermore, while the actual and assumed rates of return on investments of the CPP have no effect on pay-as-you-go rates, they may have a significant impact on the steady-state contribution rate.

A reconciliation of the change in the steady-state contribution rate from the $9.9 \%$ shown in the Sixteenth Report to the new level of $9.8 \%$ is provided in Table IV.3.

The comparison period used in determining the steady-state contribution rate was changed from that used in the Sixteenth Actuarial Report (see Section II.C). This change reduced the steady-state contribution rate by $0.1 \%$.

The order used to determine the impact of each of the factors identified in these reconciliations influences the distribution of the total change among them. The order employed was as follows:

- Bill C-2 changes - as calculated for the Sixteenth Actuarial Report;
- methodology improvements, experience updates and changes in "other" assumptions - in the chronological order in which they were incorporated into the projection model;
- changes in key assumptions - the aggregate impact of such changes was allocated among these assumptions in proportion to the impact of changing each assumption independently; and
- the regulation prescribing the basis for calculating the steady-state rate was applied.

Table IV. 2 Reconciliation of Changes in Pay-As-You-Go Rates (percentages of contributory earnings)

|  | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fifteenth Report rates | 8.250 | 13.490 | 14.110 | 14.370 | 14.760 |
| Bill C-2 changes | -0.450 | -2.520 | -3.130 | -3.270 | -3.370 |
| Sixteenth Report rates | 7.800 | 10.970 | 10.980 | 11.100 | 11.390 |
| I. Improvements in methodology | -0.003 | 0.024 | 0.034 | 0.049 | 0.063 |
| II. $\quad$ Exper ience update |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\quad$ Demographic | -0.206 | 0.033 | 0.151 | 0.133 | 0.124 |
| $\quad$ Economic | 0.407 | 0.260 | 0.100 | 0.079 | 0.075 |
| $\quad$ Benefits | -0.204 | -0.017 | -0.003 | -0.001 | 0.001 |
| Sub-total | -0.003 | 0.276 | 0.248 | 0.211 | 0.200 |
| III. Changes in assumptions | 0.000 | 0.165 | 0.597 | 0.627 | 0.663 |
| $\quad$ Fertility | -0.087 | -0.773 | -0.835 | -0.859 | -0.913 |
| $\quad$ Migration | -0.006 | 0.257 | 0.445 | 0.425 | 0.460 |
| Mortality | -0.266 | -0.683 | -0.626 | -0.603 | -0.579 |
| Disability | 0.475 | 0.263 | 0.218 | 0.130 | 0.110 |
| Employment | 0.064 | 0.029 | 0.009 | 0.006 | 0.004 |
| Real-wage differential | 0.172 | 0.233 | 0.145 | 0.110 | 0.095 |
| Price increases | 0.015 | -0.172 | -0.216 | -0.241 | -0.265 |
| Other assumptions | -0.681 | -0.263 | -0.404 | -0.425 |  |
| Total of I to III | -0.381 | 0.019 | -0.144 | -0.162 |  |
| Seventeenth Report rates | 10.589 | 10.999 | 10.956 | 11.228 |  |

## Comparison With Previous Projections

Table IV. 3 Reconciliation of Changes in the Steady-State Contribution Rate (percentages of contributory earnings)

| Sixteenth Report rate - after rounding | 9.900 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sixteenth Report rate - before rounding | 9.923 |
| I. Improvements in methodology | 0.037 |
| II. Experience update |  |
| Demographic | 0.062 |
| Economic | 0.229 |
| Benefits | -0.068 |
| Sub-total | 0.223 |
| III. Changes in assumptions |  |
| Fertility | 0.279 |
| Migration | -0.492 |
| Mortality | 0.318 |
| Disability | -0.613 |
| Employment | 0.239 |
| Real-wage differential | 0.040 |
| Price increases | 0.209 |
| Return on investments | 0.000 |
| Other assumptions | -0.300 |
| Sub-total | -0.320 |
| IV. Regulation prescribing calculation method | -0.099 |
| Total of I to IV | -0.159 |
| Seventeenth Report rate - before rounding | 9.764 |
| Seventeenth Report rate - after rounding | 9.800 |

## V. Sensitivity Tests

## A. Introduction

An actuarial examination of the CPP involves the projection of its income and expenditures over a long period of time. The information required by statute, which is presented in Section II, has been derived using "best-estimate" assumptions regarding future demographic and economic trends. The key bestestimate assumptions, i.e., those for which changes within a reasonable range have the most significant impact on the long-term financial results, are described in Section III.

Both the length of the projection period and the number of assumptions required ensure that actual future experience will not develop precisely in accordance with the best-estimate assumptions. Sensitivity tests have been performed, consisting of projections of CPP financial results using alternative assumptions.

For the first set of sensitivity tests, each of the eight key assumptions was changed individually, with the other assumptions being maintained at their bestestimate levels. Two tests were performed with respect to each of the assumptions. The alternative assumptions selected are intended to represent a reasonable range of potential long-term experience. However, it is possible that actual experience could lie outside these ranges.

Each of these tests was then categorised as either a "low-cost" scenario or a "high-cost" scenario. In the "low-cost" scenarios, the alternative assumptions have the effect of reducing the steady-state contribution rate. Conversely, in the "high-cost" scenarios, the assumptions would increase the steady-state contribution rate.

The second set of sensitivity tests consists of projections under which all of the key assumptions were changed at the same time. The low-cost combined scenario shows the effect of all eight factors following their low-cost assumptions and vice-versa for the high-cost combined scenario. Historically, changes in certain factors are often accompanied by changes in other factors that have offsetting impacts on CPP costs. Therefore, it is unlikely that future experience, overall, would be either as favourable as the low-cost combined scenario or as unfavourable as the high-cost combined scenario.

## Sensitivity Tests

Over the long term, economic cycles have little impact on pay-as-you-go rates as long as, on average, the ultimate assumptions are realized. Their impact on the steady-state contribution rate depends primarily on the assumed pattern of rates of return on investment. In general, it is advantageous to have higher rates of return early in the projection period, rather than later, even if the average rate of return is the same in either case. Considering the long-term focus of this report, scenarios testing the sensitivity of the CPP to assumed economic cycles have not been included.
B. Assumptions

Table V. 1 below summarises the alternative assumptions that were used in the sensitivity tests. It is followed by a brief discussion of each assumption and the impact its variation has on the results.

Table V. 1 Sensitivity Test Assumptions - Ultimate Years

|  |  | Low-Cost |  | Best-Estimate |  | High-Cost |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Total fertility rate | Canada |  | Canada |  | Canada |  |
|  |  | Québec | 1.80 | Québec | 1.60 | Québec | 1.40 |
| 2. | Net annual migration | $0.75 \%$ of population |  | $0.60 \%$ of population |  | $0.40 \%$ of population |  |
| 3. | Mortality | $50 \%$ of best-estimate improvement rates. |  | 1990-92 Canada Life Tables with improvements. |  | $150 \%$ of bestestimate improvement rates. |  |
| 4. | Aggregate rate of disability incidence per 1,000 eligible workers | males <br> females | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 2.5 \end{aligned}$ | males <br> females | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 3.0 \end{aligned}$ | males <br> females | $\begin{aligned} & 5.5 \\ & 4.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| 5. | Employment estimated unemployment rate |  | 6.0\% |  | 7.0\% |  | 8.0\% |
| 6. | Real-wage differential |  | 1.4\% |  | 1.0\% |  | 0.6\% |
| 7. | Rate of increase in prices |  | 4.0\% |  | 3.0\% |  | 2.0\% |
| 8. | Real rate of return on new Fund investments |  | 5.0\% |  | 4.0\% |  | 3.0\% |

## 1. Fertility

The best-estimate assumption is that the total fertility rate for Canada will increase slightly from its 1995 level of 1.64 , to an ultimate level of 1.70 in 2016 ( 1.60 for Québec). This is consistent with the "medium" assumption adopted by Statistics Canada for its most recent population projections.

The low-cost assumption has the fertility rate increasing to an ultimate level of 1.90 in 2016 ( 1.80 for Québec). This is consistent with Statistics Canada's "high" assumption and represents a return to the levels typical in the early 1970s. Under this scenario, the population grows to a level in 2100 that is $26 \%$ higher than under the best-estimate assumption.

Sensitivity Tests
The high-cost assumption has the fertility rate decreasing to an ultimate level of 1.50 in 2016 ( 1.40 for Québec). This is consistent with Statistics Canada's "low" assumption and represents a continuation of the historical trend of decreases. Under this scenario, the population grows much more slowly, to a level in 2100 that is $18 \%$ lower than under the best-estimate assumption.

Changes in the fertility rate have very little short-term effect on the CPP's financial position. However, the long-term impact of changes may be significant.

## 2. Migration

Net migration to Canada was $0.61 \%$ of population in 1996. Based on a continuation of these migration levels, an ultimate best-estimate assumption of $0.60 \%$ has been established, beginning in 2005. This is consistent with experience over the last 10 to 15 years and with the ultimate migration level incorporated in the "medium" Statistics Canada population projections.

The low-cost assumption has net migration increasing to an ultimate level of $0.75 \%$ of population in 2005. This is consistent with Statistics Canada's "high" assumption. Under this scenario, the population grows to a level in 2100 that is $26 \%$ higher than under the best-estimate assumption.

The high-cost assumption has net migration decreasing to an ultimate level of $0.40 \%$ of population in 2005. This is consistent with Statistics Canada's "low" assumption. Under this scenario, the population grows much more slowly, to a level in 2100 that is $24 \%$ lower than under the best-estimate assumption.

In recent years, net interprovincial migration from Québec has averaged approximately 10,000 annually. This absolute level of net annual interprovincial migration has been assumed to prevail throughout the projection period, under each of the scenarios.

## 3. Mortality

Mortality improvements are expected to continue in the future. The bestestimate ultimate rates of improvement were established by adjusting the results of a detailed study prepared by the United States Social Security Administration actuaries regarding trends in mortality by age, sex and cause of death to reflect, in part, historical differences in mortality improvements between Canada and the United States. Rates of improvement were assumed to grade from their recent levels to the ultimate by 2011.

For the low-cost scenario, mortality is assumed to improve less rapidly. Rates of improvement were assumed to grade from recent levels to $50 \%$ of the bestestimate ultimate levels by 2011. Under this scenario, the population grows to a level in 2100 that is $3 \%$ lower than under the best-estimate assumption.

For the high-cost scenario, mortality is assumed to improve more rapidly. Rates of improvement were assumed to grade from recent levels to $150 \%$ of the bestestimate ultimate levels by 2011. Under this scenario, the population grows to a level in 2100 that is $8 \%$ higher than under the best-estimate assumption.

The adjustments made to the resulting mortality rates to account for the impact of AIDS were the same under the alternative scenarios as those applied under the best-estimate projections.

The differing rates of improvement would result in the following life expectancies:

Table V. 2 Life Expectancy in 2100 Under Alternative Assumptions Canada

|  |  | Low-Cost | Best-Estimate | High-Cost |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| At birth |  |  |  |  |
|  | males | 78.5 | 82.0 | 85.3 |
|  | females | 84.4 | 87.7 | 90.9 |
| At age 65 |  |  |  |  |
|  | males | 17.9 | 20.2 | 22.6 |
|  | females | 22.3 | 24.8 | 27.5 |

The life expectancies shown in Table V. 2 were calculated as if the mortality rates assumed for year 2100 were applicable in all subsequent years.

Sensitivity Tests

## 4. Disability

The best-estimate projections assume that CPP disability incidence rates will remain at approximately their current levels. Although these rates vary by age and sex, based on the current distribution of population, the resulting aggregate ultimate rate of incidence for years 2005 and later is 3.5 new disabilities per year among each 1,000 eligible workers ( 4.0 for males and 3.0 for females, on average).

For the low-cost scenario, CPP disability incidence rates are assumed to continue their recent trend of improvement, reaching ultimate levels in 2005 of 3.5 for males and 2.5 for females. Such incidence rates would be similar to those experienced under the CPP in the late 1970s.

For the high-cost scenario, CPP disability incidence rates are assumed to return to levels similar to those of the early 1990s. Ultimate incidence rates, reached in 2005 , would be 5.5 for males and 4.5 for females.

Disability continuance rates assumed for future years, under all scenarios, have been based on average experience during the period 1976 to 1993.
5. Employment

Employment levels are reflected in the actuarial projection model through the assumption made regarding the proportions of the population, by age and sex, who have earnings in a given year. These proportions vary not only with the rate of unemployment, but also reflect trends in increased workforce participation by women, longer periods of formal education among young adults and the trends in retirement patterns of older workers.

The ultimate proportions of earners, assumed to apply in year 2010 and thereafter, are consistent with an ultimate unemployment rate of approximately 7.0\%.

For the low-cost scenario, the proportions of earners are assumed to increase more rapidly, to ultimate levels in year 2010 that are $101 \%$ of the best-estimate proportions for each age and sex. This is consistent with an unemployment rate of approximately $6.0 \%$.

For the high-cost scenario, the proportions of earners are assumed to reach ultimate levels in year 2010 that are $99 \%$ of the best-estimate proportions. This is consistent with an unemployment rate of approximately $8.0 \%$.

## 6. Wage Increases

Wage increases impact the financial balance of the CPP in two ways. In the short term, an increase in the average wage translates into higher contribution income, with little immediate impact on benefits. Over the longer term, higher average wages produce higher CPP benefits. The long-term projected financial position of the CPP is more dependent on the differential between the assumed annual rates of wage increases and price increases (the real-wage differential) than on the absolute level of wage increases assumed.

An ultimate real-wage differential of $1.0 \%$ has been assumed in years 2003 and thereafter for the best-estimate projections. This ultimate differential is unchanged from the assumption used in recent CPP actuarial reports. Combined with the best-estimate price increase assumption of $3.0 \%$, it results in assumed nominal annual increases in wages of $4.0 \%$ in 2003 and thereafter. During the initial years of the projection period, the real-wage differential is assumed to increase uniformly from $0.6 \%$ in 1998 to its ultimate level.

For the low-cost scenario, the assumed real-wage differential increases from $0.6 \%$ in 1998 to an ultimate level of $1.4 \%$ in 2003. This is roughly comparable to long-term historical averages, although much higher than recent experience.

For the high-cost scenario, a real-wage differential of $0.6 \%$ has been assumed in all years. While much lower than the long-term historical averages, it nevertheless represents an improvement from shorter-term historical averages. However, taking account of the factors which influenced the historical trends, this assumption seems appropriate as a conservative, long-term assumption.

## 7. Price Increases

An ultimate annual rate of price increases of $3.0 \%$ has been assumed for the best-estimate projections. The rates of price increase are assumed to increase uniformly from $1.0 \%$ in 1998 to their ultimate level in 2003.

## Sensitivity Tests

For the low-cost scenario, the annual rate of price increases is assumed to increase to an ultimate level of $4.0 \%$ in 2003. This level of inflation is comparable to long-term historical averages. Although a higher rate of increase in prices results in higher CPP expenditures, it also results in higher contributory earnings (this is because the same real-wage differential is added to a higher base of inflation, producing a higher nominal rate of wage increases). The net effect is a decrease in the contribution rate required.

For the high-cost scenario, the annual rate of price increases is assumed to increase to an ultimate level of $2.0 \%$ in 2003. This level of inflation is comparable to that of the 1990s.

## 8. Rate of Return on Investments

Assets of the CPP include the Operating Balance, which corresponds to three months of benefit payments, and the Fund, which represents the excess of all CPP assets over the Operating Balance. Assets of the Fund currently consist of 20 -year loans to the provinces. In the future, assets of the Fund will also include investments managed by the new CPP Investment Board.

In accordance with the new policy of investing the Fund in a diversified portfolio, the ultimate real rate of return on the investment of future net cash flows is projected to be approximately $3.85 \%$ under the best-estimate assumptions. This rate is a weighted average of a real rate of interest of $1.5 \%$ assumed on the Operating Balance and of the real rate of return of $4 \%$ on investments in the Fund.

For the low-cost scenario, real rates of return on new investments were assumed to be $1 \%$ higher, i.e., $2.5 \%$ on the Operating Balance and $5 \%$ on the Fund.

For the high-cost scenario, real rates of return on new investments were assumed to be $1 \%$ lower, i.e., $0.5 \%$ on the Operating Balance and $3 \%$ on the Fund.

The real rates of return have no effect on the pay-as-you-go rates, since they affect neither benefits nor contributory earnings. However, their impact on the ultimate contribution rate is greater under the higher funding levels projected as a result of Bill C-2 than was previously the case.

## 9. Combined

For the low-cost scenario, all of the individual low-cost assumptions are used in combination. Therefore, the ultimate real-wage differential of $1.4 \%$ combined with price increases of $4.0 \%$ produces nominal annual increases in average wages of $5.4 \%$. Similarly, the ultimate nominal annual rates of return on the Operating Balance and Fund are $6.5 \%$ and $9.0 \%$, respectively.

For the high-cost scenario, the ultimate real-wage differential of $0.6 \%$ combined with price increases of $2.0 \%$ produces nominal annual increases in average wages of $2.6 \%$. Similarly, the ultimate nominal annual rates of return on the Operating Balance and Fund are $2.5 \%$ and $5.0 \%$, respectively.

## C. Results

Under each scenario, contribution rates were projected to follow the current schedule through 2002 and a new steady-state contribution rate was determined for years 2003 and thereafter. (There are two exceptions to this. For the Combined low-cost scenario, the steady-state rate of $8.1 \%$ applies from 2001. For the Combined high-cost scenario, annual increases in the contribution rate were limited to $0.8 \%$, so the steady-state rate of $12.7 \%$ is not reached until 2007.) Table V. 3 summarises the pay-as-you-go rates and contribution rates under each of the scenarios; details of the projections are in Appendix VII.C.

Under some of the sensitivity tests, the ultimate pay-as-you-go rates do not stabilize. In such cases, while the steady-state contribution rates shown in Table V. 3 would be adequate through 2060, they could result in significant increases or decreases in the ratio of assets to expenditures in the later years of the projection period.

## Sensitivity Tests

Table V. 3 Sensitivity Test Results - Steady-State Contribution Rate and Pay-As-You-Go Rates
(percentages; first row is low-cost scenario, second row is high-cost scenario)

|  | Assumptions Tested | SteadyState Rate | Pay-As-You-Go Rates |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 0. | Best-Estimate | 9.8 | 8.16 | 10.59 | 11.00 | 10.96 | 11.23 |
| 1. | Fertility | 9.6 | 8.16 | 10.53 | 10.41 | 9.98 | 10.21 |
|  |  | 9.9 | 8.16 | 10.66 | 11.66 | 12.13 | 12.45 |
| 2. | Migration | 9.5 | 8.15 | 10.18 | 10.45 | 10.41 | 10.65 |
|  |  | 10.2 | 8.18 | 11.19 | 11.84 | 11.79 | 12.11 |
| 3. | Mortality | 9.5 | 8.14 | 10.38 | 10.55 | 10.37 | 10.47 |
|  |  | 10.0 | 8.18 | 10.80 | 11.45 | 11.54 | 11.96 |
| 4. | Disability | 9.6 | 8.16 | 10.42 | 10.84 | 10.81 | 11.09 |
|  |  | 10.2 | 8.18 | 11.11 | 11.49 | 11.42 | 11.67 |
| 5. | Employment | 9.7 | 8.14 | 10.51 | 10.97 | 10.96 | 11.23 |
|  |  | 9.8 | 8.19 | 10.68 | 11.03 | 10.97 | 11.24 |
| 6. | Real Wages | 9.4 | 8.13 | 10.01 | 10.28 | 10.24 | 10.49 |
|  |  | 10.2 | 8.17 | 11.22 | 11.81 | 11.78 | 12.08 |
| 7. | Prices | 9.5 | 8.14 | 10.26 | 10.71 | 10.73 | 11.03 |
|  |  | 10.0 | 8.18 | 10.98 | 11.36 | 11.25 | 11.48 |
| 8. | Return on Investments | 9.4 | 8.16 | 10.59 | 11.00 | 10.96 | 11.23 |
|  |  | 10.2 | 8.16 | 10.59 | 11.00 | 10.96 | 11.23 |
| 9. | Combined | 8.1 | 8.06 | 8.90 | 8.54 | 8.18 | 8.28 |
|  |  | 12.7 | 8.28 | 13.32 | 15.30 | 16.09 | 16.68 |

Table V. 4 summarises the projected impact on the ratio of the CPP assets to the following year's CPP expenditures under each of the alternative sets of assumptions, if the currently-scheduled contribution rate of $9.9 \%$ continues to apply in years 2003 and thereafter. Accordingly, the results presented in this table reflect neither future explicit actions on the part of the government in response to developing experience nor the application of the default provisions of the CPP for adjusting benefits and contribution rates.

Table V. 4 Sensitivity Test Results - Funding Levels Under 9.9\% Ultimate Contribution Rate (first row is low-cost scenario, second row is high-cost scenario)

|  | Assumptions Tested | Year <br> Assets <br> Depleted | Ratio of Assets to Following Year's Expenditures |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 0. | Best-Estimate | N/A | 1.94 | 5.16 | 5.18 | 5.85 | 6.61 |
| 1. | Fertility | N/A | 1.94 | 5.17 | 5.93 | 9.17 | 14.11 |
|  |  | 2091 | 1.94 | 5.14 | 4.42 | 2.33 | * |
| 2. | Migration | N/A | 1.95 | 5.65 | 7.05 | 10.09 | 14.66 |
|  |  | 2069 | 1.94 | 4.50 | 2.48 | * | * |
| 3. | Mortality | N/A | 1.96 | 5.59 | 7.03 | 10.83 | 17.59 |
|  |  | 2088 | 1.93 | 4.75 | 3.53 | 1.59 | * |
| 4. | Disability | N/A | 1.95 | 5.59 | 6.32 | 8.28 | 11.23 |
|  |  | 2068 | 1.93 | 3.93 | 1.93 | * | * |
| 5. | Employment | N/A | 1.95 | 5.37 | 5.65 | 6.71 | 8.12 |
|  |  | N/A | 1.94 | 4.94 | 4.69 | 4.96 | 5.03 |
| 6. | Real Wages | N/A | 1.95 | 5.95 | 7.66 | 11.13 | 16.15 |
|  |  | 2071 | 1.94 | 4.41 | 2.49 | * | * |
| 7. | Prices | N/A | 1.94 | 5.69 | 6.90 | 9.53 | 13.54 |
|  |  | 2091 | 1.95 | 4.63 | 3.31 | 1.68 | * |
| 8. | Return on Investments | N/A | 1.95 | 6.14 | 9.00 | 16.28 | 31.74 |
|  |  | 2086 | 1.94 | 4.34 | 2.73 | 0.94 | * |
| 9. | Combined | N/A | 1.97 | 9.32 | 20.89 | 44.94 | 86.97 |
|  |  | 2029 | 1.91 | 0.99 | * | * | * |

## Actuarial Opinion

## VI. Actuarial Opinion

I am an actuary and a Partner in the consulting firm of Morneau Sobeco. I have been retained by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions to fill a temporary vacancy by serving as Acting Chief Actuary, Public Insurance and Pension Programs. One of the duties of this position is to prepare a periodic actuarial examination of the Canada Pension Plan, in accordance with section 115 of the Canada Pension Plan.

I have completed such an examination, the results of which are presented in this Seventeenth Actuarial Report as at 31 December 1997. I gratefully acknowledge the considerable assistance provided by actuaries and other staff within OSFI's Office of the Chief Actuary, both in conducting the examination and in preparing this report.

In my opinion, for the purposes of this actuarial report:

- the methodology employed is appropriate and consistent with sound actuarial principles;
- the data on which this report is based are sufficient and reliable; and
- the assumptions used are, in aggregate, reasonable and appropriate.

This report has been prepared, and my opinion given, in accordance with accepted actuarial practice.

Michael Hafeman, F.S.A., F.C.I.A.

Ottawa, Canada
15 December 1998

## VII. Appendix A - Main Provisions of the Canada Pension Plan

## 1. Definitions

Note that the following description includes the amendments introduced in Bill C-2 which became effective 1 January 1998. These amendments were described in the Sixteenth CPP Actuarial Report.

Contributor
The Canada Pension Plan (CPP), which came into force on 1 January 1966, includes as contributors virtually all members of the labour force in Canada (both employees and self-employed persons) between the ages of 18 and 70 with employment earnings, other than persons in the province of Québec who are covered by the Québec Pension Plan (QPP). It should be noted that the Canada Pension Plan covers all members of the Canadian Forces and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, including those residing in the province of Québec. The main exceptions are persons with earnings less than the Year's Basic Exemption (YBE, defined below), persons to whom a CPP retirement or disability pension is payable and members of certain religious groups.

## Contributory Period

The contributory period corresponds to the number of months from attainment of age 18 or from 1 January 1966, if later, to the earliest of the month in which the contributor dies, the month preceding the one in which the retirement pension commences and the month preceding the one in which the contributor reaches 70 years of age, less the number of months during which the contributor received a CPP or QPP disability benefit (including the 3-month waiting period), or during which, after 1977, the contributor had at least one eligible child under 7 years of age and had earnings for that year less than the YBE.

Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings (YMPE)
The YMPE for any calendar year corresponds to the limit above which that year's employment earnings are neither subject to contributions nor create additional benefit entitlements. The YMPE for a particular calendar year is prorated in individual cases to allow for the portion of the year before age 18 or after age 70, or after death, commencement of a CPP or QPP retirement pension, or disablement. The YMPE increases each year in accordance with the ratio of the average of the Industrial Aggregate (the measure of average wages and salaries by Statistics Canada) during the 12-month period ending 30 June of the

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preceding year over the average during the corresponding period one year earlier. If the amount calculated by formula is not a multiple of $\$ 100$, the next lower multiple of $\$ 100$ is used (although the exact amount forms the basis for the following year's calculation). However, the YMPE is not allowed to decrease from one year to the next. For 1998, the YMPE is $\$ 36,900$.

Year's Basic Exemption (YBE)
The YBE for any calendar year corresponds to the lower limit below which that year's employment earnings are not subject to contributions. Prior to 1998, it was calculated as $10 \%$ of the YMPE and rounded, if necessary, to the next lower multiple of $\$ 100$. For each year after 1997 the YBE is $\$ 3,500$. The YBE is prorated under the same circumstances and in the same manner as the YMPE.

Maximum Pensionable Earnings Average (MPEA)
"Maximum Pensionable Earnings Average", in respect of a contributor, for a year means the average of the Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings (YMPE) for that year and,
(a) where the year is before 1998 or the date of birth of the contributor is before 1933, the two previous years, or
(b) for contributors born after 1932,
(i) where the year is 1998, the three previous years, and
(ii) where the year is after 1998, the four previous years.

Unadjusted Pensionable Earnings
Earnings are not recorded separately for individual months in a calendar year, rather all credited earnings in the year are averaged over the number of months in the year that are part of the contributory period. Unadjusted pensionable earnings of a contributor for any such month are limited to $1 / 12$ of the YMPE applicable to the corresponding calendar year, provided that required contributions have been made for that year. The unadjusted pensionable earnings are zero for all months in a calendar year during which contributions are not required or not made.

## Pensionable Earnings

Pensionable earnings of a contributor for a given month correspond to the product of the unadjusted pensionable earnings of that month and the ratio that the MPEA for the year when an earnings-related CPP pension becomes payable bears to the YMPE for the year to which the given month belongs. Hence, the application of this ratio escalates the earnings of a given month, in accordance with the current MPEA, for purposes of averaging earnings over the portion of the contributory period completed at the time of emergence of a benefit.

## Pension Index

The Pension Index for a given calendar year is equal to the Consumer Price Index averaged over the 12 -month period ending with October of the preceding year; however, the Pension Index of a given year may not be less than the previous year's Pension Index.

Contributory Earnings
Contributory earnings of a contributor for any calendar year correspond to the portion of unadjusted pensionable earnings on which contributions are payable, i.e., employment earnings between the YBE and the YMPE for that year (prorated, where applicable).

## Contribution Rate

The contribution rate is the proportion of contributory earnings paid to the CPP as contributions. It is identical for all contributors in a year and is divided equally between the employer and the employee. Self-employed persons pay the combined employee/employer rate. The contribution rate applied to the CPP contributory earnings determines the amount of annual contributions. For 1998 the combined contribution rate is $6.4 \%$.

The pay-as-you-go rate (paygo rate) is a measure of the cost of the CPP, which does not directly affect the contributions payable. It corresponds to the ratio of the year's expenditures (benefits plus administrative expenses) to the year's contributory earnings. For example, the paygo rate for 1997 was $8.67 \%$.

## 2. Retirement Pension

A person aged 60 or over becomes eligible for a retirement pension, upon application, provided contributions (see paragraph 11 below) have been made during at least one calendar year. An applicant for a retirement pension payable before age 65 must have wholly or substantially ceased to be engaged in paid employment or self-employment. After a retirement pension becomes payable or, in any event, after age 70, a person may not contribute to the CPP. Thus, except for annual adjustments of the amount of pension in payment in accordance with changes in the Pension Index (see paragraph 8 below), the amount of pension is fixed at the time the pension first becomes payable. The initial amount of retirement pension payable to a contributor is based on the

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whole history of pensionable earnings during the contributory period. The initial amount of monthly retirement pension is equal to $25 \%$ of the average of a number of the highest monthly pensionable earnings. This number is determined as follows:

For pensions Number of months used in computing the initial retirement
commencing pension
before 1976120 less the number of months of disability;
after 1975 the number of months in the contributory period less
(a) the number of months, after 1977, during which the contributor had at least one eligible child less than 7 years of age, and had earnings greater than $1 / 12$ of the YBE which, if dropped out, would increase his or her average pensionable earnings, provided the remaining number of months is not thereby reduced to less than 120 months minus the months of disability (where months are dropped by this process, the pensionable earnings for those months are not used in the averaging calculation), less
(b) the number of months, if any, between age 65 of the contributor and the earlier of age 70 and the commencement of the retirement pension, if later, provided the remaining number of months is not thereby reduced to less than 120 months minus the months of disability, less
(c) $15 \%$ of the number of months remaining in the contributory period, provided the remaining number of months is not thereby reduced to less than 120 months.

A certain number of months associated with the lowest recorded monthly pensionable earnings are therefore excluded, in the calculation of benefits, by reason of pensions commencing after age 65 and of the disability, the childrearing and the $15 \%$ drop-out provisions.

The resulting amount of pension is subject to an actuarial adjustment that depends on the contributor's age at commencement of the retirement pension: the initial rate of pension is accordingly decreased or increased, depending on
whether the pension begins before or after age 65 , by $0.5 \%$ for each month between age 65 and the age when the pension commences or, if earlier, age 70. The maximum amount of a retirement pension commencing in 1998 for a person born after 1932 is, before the actuarial adjustment, $\$ 744.79$ per month.

## 3. Disability Benefit

A person is considered disabled if he or she is determined in a prescribed manner to be suffering from a severe and prolonged mental or physical disability. A disability is considered severe if by reason of it the person is incapable regularly of pursuing any substantially gainful occupation; a disability is considered prolonged if it is likely to be long continuing and of indefinite duration or likely to result in death.

A person who becomes disabled while under age 65 and not receiving a CPP retirement pension is eligible for a disability benefit provided that contributions have been made, at time of disablement,

- for cases of disablement before 1998, for at least either 5 of the last 10 calendar years, or 2 of the last 3 calendar years; and
- for cases of disablement after 1997, for at least 4 of the last 6 calendar years,
counting only years that are included wholly or partly in the contributory period. Contributions must be on earnings that are not less than $10 \%$ of the YMPE rounded, if necessary, to the next lower multiple of $\$ 100$.

Disability benefits normally commence with the fourth month following the month of disablement and are payable until age 65 (when disability benefits are automatically replaced by retirement pensions) or until death or recovery from disability at an earlier age. If an application for a disability benefit is filed more than 11 months after the month in which the benefit would normally have commenced and the person remains disabled, eligibility to receive a disability benefit is determined as described above irrespective of the filing delay. For cases so eligible, the initial amount of the benefit is then determined as if disability had commenced 15 months before the filing date, and retroactive payments are made commencing with the eleventh month prior to the filing date.

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The amount of benefit payable is composed of a flat-rate portion depending only on the year in which the benefit is payable and an earnings-related portion depending, when it commences, only on the pensionable earnings record of the contributor as of the onset of disability. The monthly flat-rate portion is $\$ 336.77$ for 1998 . The earnings-related portion is equal, when it commences, to $75 \%$ of a pension calculated in the manner described earlier for retirement pensions, except that no actuarial adjustment applies and the number of months to be taken into account in determining the Average Pensionable Earnings is subject, in connection with the child-rearing drop-out period, to a minimum of 48 (24, in respect of disabilities that commenced before 1998) less the number of prior months of disability. The maximum initial monthly earnings-related portion is $\$ 558.59$ for 1998 .

For years after 1997, the automatic conversion at age 65 of a disability benefit into a retirement pension will be based on the MPEA at time of disablement rather than at age 65 . In other words, the indexing from disablement to age 65 , that is involved in the determination of the initial rate of the retirement pension, will be in line with increases in prices rather than wages. Moreover, special adjustments apply for this purpose to the YMPE included in the calculation of the MPEA for 1966 to 1986, in respect of disabilities that commenced before 1987. For this purpose, the MPEA shall be calculated as if the Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings for a particular year before 1986 were calculated as the greatest multiple of $\$ 100$ that is equal to or less than an amount calculated by multiplying the YMPE for 1986 , which is $\$ 25,800$, by the ratio $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{B}$ where,

A is the average for the twelve month period ending on 30 June of the year preceding that particular year of the average weekly wages and salaries of the Industrial Composite as published by Statistics Canada for each month in that period, and

B is the average for the twelve month period ending on 30 June 1985 of the average weekly wages and salaries of the Industrial Composite as published by Statistics Canada for each month in that period.

## 4. Survivor's Benefit

(a) Eligibility

The surviving spouse of a contributor is eligible for a survivor benefit if the following three conditions are met as at the date of the contributor's death:
(i) if the surviving spouse was not legally married to the deceased contributor, they must have cohabited for not less than one year immediately before the death of the contributor;
(ii) the deceased contributor must have made contributions during the lesser of 10 calendar years, or one-third of the number of years included wholly or partly in his or her contributory period, but not less than three years;
(iii) the surviving spouse must have dependent children (as described at item (b) below), be disabled or be at least 35 years of age.
(b) Definition of surviving spouse with dependent children

A surviving spouse with dependent children means a surviving spouse who wholly or substantially maintains a child of the deceased contributor where the child is

- under age 18 , or
- aged 18 or over but under age 25 and attending school full-time, or
- aged 18 or over and disabled, having been disabled without interruption since attaining age 18 or the time of the contributor's death, whichever occurred later.
(c) Amount of survivor's benefit

The amount of the survivor's benefit depends on the age of the survivor at the date of the contributor's death, the survivor's disability status and the presence of dependent children, and is subject to the rules on combined pensions (as described in paragraph 7 below). The following five cases are relevant.
(i) Surviving spouses aged between 45 and 65 at date of contributor's death
The amount of benefit payable until the surviving spouse attains age 65 is composed of two portions: a flat-rate portion depending only on the year in which the survivor's benefit is payable, and an earnings-related portion depending initially only on the contributor's record of pensionable earnings as at the date of his or her death. The monthly flat-rate portion is $\$ 131.40$ for 1998. The

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initial earnings-related portion is equal to $37.5 \%$ of an earningsrelated pension based on the deceased contributor's pensionable earnings record. The amount of the contributor's earnings-related pension is calculated in the manner described earlier for retirement pensions (see paragraph 3 above) except that no actuarial adjustment applies and that the number of months to be taken into account in determining the Average Pensionable Earnings may not be reduced to less than 36 minus the number of months of disability. The earnings-related portion is calculated as at the date of the deceased spouse's death or the commencement of his or her retirement pension, whichever is earlier, except that in the latter case the calculated pension is adjusted in accordance with the increase in the Pension Index (see paragraph 8 below) from the year in which the contributor's retirement pension became payable to the year of his or her death. The maximum initial monthly earningsrelated portion in respect of surviving spouses under age 65 is \$279.30 for 1998.
(ii) Surviving spouses aged less than 45 at date of contributor's death, without dependent children and not disabled An eligible spouse, without dependent children and not disabled, who becomes widowed:

- while aged less than 35 years is not entitled to a survivor's benefit (but may be entitled at a later date; see (iv) and (v) below);
- while between 35 and 45 years of age is entitled to an amount of benefit, calculated as described in (i) above, reduced (until the earlier of disablement or attainment of age 65) by $1 / 120$ of such amount for each month that the surviving spouse's age at onset of widowhood or widowerhood is less than 45 .
(iii) Surviving spouses aged less than 45 with dependent children at date of contributor's death
An eligible spouse who becomes widowed while aged less than 45 and with dependent children is entitled to a survivor's benefit calculated as described in (i) above. If a surviving spouse in receipt of a survivor's benefit ceases to be a surviving spouse with dependent children before attaining age 45 (e.g., as the result of a child not in school attaining age 18) and is not disabled at that time, the survivor's benefit is discontinued or reduced in the manner described in (ii) above in accordance with the surviving spouse's
age at the time she or he ceased to be a surviving spouse with dependent children.
(iv) Disabled surviving spouses aged less than 65

An eligible surviving spouse aged less than 65 years is entitled to a survivor's benefit if she or he is either disabled at the date of death of the contributor or becomes disabled at a later date. The disabled surviving spouse's pension is payable from the month following the month in which the contributor dies or from the month following the month in which the surviving spouse becomes disabled, whichever is later. If the disabled surviving spouse recovers from disability before age 45, the amount of the survivor's benefit is discontinued or reduced in the manner described in (ii) above in accordance with the surviving spouse's age at the time of recovery. The initial amount of pension is calculated as described in (i) above, except that, in the case where the surviving spouse becomes disabled subsequent to the death of the contributor, the pension so calculated is adjusted in accordance with changes in the Pension Index (see paragraph 8 below) from the year in which the contributor died to the year in which disability occurs.
(v) Surviving spouses aged 65 or over

At age 65 , or upon widowhood or widowerhood at a later age, an eligible surviving spouse is entitled to a pension equal to $60 \%$ of an earnings-related pension based on the pensionable earnings record of the deceased spouse. This earnings-related pension is calculated as described in (i) above (but replacing $37.5 \%$ by $60 \%$ ) and is adjusted, where applicable, in accordance with changes in the Pension Index (see paragraph 8 below) from the year in which the contributor died or, if earlier, the year of retirement, to the year in which the surviving spouse attains age 65 or, if later, the year in which a survivor's benefit becomes payable to her or him. The maximum initial monthly pension in respect of survivors aged 65 and over is $\$ 446.87$ for 1998.

## 5. Death Benefit

A lump-sum benefit is payable to the estate of a deceased contributor if the eligibility rules described in 4(a)(ii) above are met. The amount of the death benefit is equal to:
(a) in respect of a contributor to whom a retirement pension was payable at the time of death, one-half of the annual amount of pension payable in the year of death, adjusted to exclude any reduction that may have arisen by reason of commencement of pension within the 10 -year phase-in period ending 31 December 1975 or any actuarial adjustment applicable by reason of commencement of a retirement pension after 1986 at an age other than 65; and
(b) in respect of any other contributor, one-half of the annual amount of an earnings-related pension calculated, exclusive of the actuarial adjustment, in the manner described for retirement pensions in paragraph 2 above,
subject to the limitation that the amount of benefit cannot exceed $10 \%$ of the YMPE applicable in the year of the contributor's death when the death occurred before 1998 , and $\$ 2,500$ thereafter.
6. Children's Benefits
(a) Disabled contributor's child's (DCC) benefit

Each dependent child of a contributor who is eligible for a CPP disability benefit is entitled to a DCC flat-rate benefit provided the child is under age 18 , or is aged 18 or over but under age 25 and is attending school full-time.
(b) Orphan's benefit

Each dependent child of a deceased contributor is entitled an orphan's flat-rate benefit if the eligibility rules described in 4(a)ii) above are met and if the child is under age 18 , or aged 18 or over but under age 25 and is attending school full-time.
(c) Amount of children's benefits

The amount of the monthly flat-rate DCC or orphan's benefit payable in respect of each eligible child is $\$ 169.80$ for 1998 . Two children's benefits are payable in respect of each child if both parents died while eligible for a survivor benefit or are entitled a CPP disability benefit. Furthermore, where applicable, a child may simultaneously receive a DCC benefit and an orphan's benefit.

## 7. Combined Pensions

Benefits payable to persons who were born before 1933 or became entitled to both a survivor benefit and either a disability or a retirement pension before 1998 are limited as follows:
(a) Survivor benefit combined with a disability benefit
(i) the flat-rate portion of the combined pension is equal to the flat-rate portion of the disability benefit;
(ii) the earnings-related portion of the combined pension is equal to the sum of the earnings-related portions of the survivor and the disability annual pensions, but cannot initially exceed the maximum retirement pension applicable for the year in which the later of the two pensions commences; in such case, the earnings-related portion of the survivor benefit is reduced accordingly.
(b) Survivor benefit combined with a retirement pension
(i) the flat-rate portion of the combined pension is equal to the flat-rate portion of the survivor benefit;
(ii) the earnings-related portion of the combined pension is equal to the sum of the earnings-related portion of the survivor benefit and of the survivor's actuarially adjusted retirement pension; however, the sum of the earnings-related portion of the survivor benefit and of the survivor's retirement pension before application of the actuarial adjustment cannot initially exceed the maximum retirement pension applicable for the year in which the later of the two pensions commences; in such case, the earnings-related portion of the survivor benefit is reduced accordingly, but any actuarially reduced retirement pension (i.e., a retirement pension commencing under age 65 ) is increased by an amount equal to the product of the applicable actuarial reduction percentage and the absolute reduction in the earnings-related survivor benefit computed as above.

Benefits payable to persons who were born after 1932 or become entitled to both a survivor benefit and either a disability or a retirement pension after 1997 are limited as follows:
(c) Survivor benefit combined with a disability benefit
(i) the flat-rate portion of the combined pension is equal to the flat-rate portion of the disability benefit;

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(ii) the earnings-related portion of the combined pension is equal to the greater of:

- $100 \%$ of the earnings-related portion of the survivor's own disability benefit plus $60 \%$ of the earnings-related portion of the regular survivor benefit; and
- $100 \%$ of the earnings-related portion of the survivor benefit plus $60 \%$ of the earnings-related portion of the survivor's regular disability benefit,
provided it does not exceed the earnings-related portion of the maximum disability benefit applicable when the second of the two pensions emerges (if in excess, this serves as a ceiling).
(d) Survivor benefit combined with a retirement pension
(i) the flat-rate portion of the combined pension is equal to the flat-rate portion of the survivor benefit;
(ii) the earnings-related portion of the combined pension is equal to the greater of:
- $100 \%$ of the survivor's own retirement pension before application of the actuarial adjustment plus $60 \%$ of the earnings-related portion of the regular survivor benefit; and
- $100 \%$ of the earnings-related portion of the survivor benefit plus $60 \%$ of the survivor's own regular retirement pension before application of the actuarial adjustment, provided it does not exceed the maximum retirement pension applicable when the second of the two pensions emerges; in such case, the earnings-related portion of the survivor benefit is reduced accordingly, but any actuarially reduced retirement pension (i.e., a retirement pension commencing under age 65) is increased by an amount equal to the product of the applicable actuarial reduction percentage and the absolute reduction in the earnings-related survivor benefit computed as above.

8. Inflation Adjustments

All CPP benefits are payable in the form of monthly pensions, with the exception of the death benefit, which is payable in a lump sum. Once a CPP pension has commenced, its initial amount is adjusted thereafter in accordance with inflation. Pensions are accordingly multiplied on 1 January of each calendar year by the ratio of the Pension Index applicable for that calendar year to the Pension Index applicable for the year during which the pension commenced.

## 9. Credit-splitting Upon Marital Union Breakdown

In the event of a divorce occurring after 1976 or of a separation or the breakdown of a marital common-law union after 1986, unadjusted pensionable earnings in respect of their period of cohabitation may be split equally between the two spouses. However, unadjusted pensionable earnings will not be split for any month in which the earnings allocated to each spouse would be less than $1 / 12$ of the YBE. In case of divorce, splitting is automatic provided the Minister receives the prescribed information; in case of separation for at least 12 consecutive months or until the death of one of the former spouses during this period, splitting is mandatory, upon valid application by one spouse, provided the former spouses did cohabit for at least 12 months. In the case of a common law union, application must be made within four years after the relationship ended. Splitting can be waived by agreement between the two parties where expressly provided for by the applicable provincial law.
10. Splitting of Retirement Pensions

If one of the spouses requests it, the retirement pensions proportionate to the number of years during which the spouses cohabited may be divided during the joint lifetime of the spouses. This applies provided both spouses are at least 60 years old and have commenced receiving any retirement benefit to which they are entitled under the CPP or QPP. On the death of the first spouse, or in the event of divorce or separation, any pension splitting previously applied is reversed. In the case of separation, the assignment ceases the twelfth month after the spouses separated.

## 11. Contribution Rates and Contributions

Contributions are required during the contributory period in respect of the contributory earnings of each contributor. From 1966 to 1986, the annual rate of contribution applicable to contributory earnings was $1.8 \%$ for employees (and a like amount for their employers) and $3.6 \%$ in respect of self-employed earnings. This combined employer-employee contribution rate of $3.6 \%$ was subject, in accordance with the 25-year Schedule adopted pursuant to Bill C116 , to an annual increase of $0.2 \%$ for 1987 to 1991 and was subject, in accordance with the 25-year Schedule adopted pursuant to Bill C-39, to an annual increase of $0.2 \%$ for 1992 to 1996.

## Appendix A - Main Provisions of the Canada Pension Plan

Combined contribution rates for 1997 and thereafter are set pursuant to Bill C-2 which established annual increases of $0.4 \%$ for $1997,0.4 \%$ for $1998,0.6 \%$ for $1999,0.8 \%$ for each year from 2000 to 2002 and $0.5 \%$ for 2003, with no subsequent increases scheduled.

Table VII.A. 1 Current Schedule of Contribution Rates

| Year | Contribution Rate $\%$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1997 | 6.00 |
| 1998 | 6.40 |
| 1999 | 7.00 |
| 2000 | 7.80 |
| 2001 | 8.60 |
| 2002 | 9.40 |
| $2003+$ | 9.90 |

The legislation gives the Ministers of Finance of Canada and the provinces the authority to make changes in contribution rates through regulation, in connection with a triennial review. However, year-over-year contribution rate increases in excess of $0.2 \%$ may not be implemented by regulation. A regulation to adjust contribution rates in accordance with a triennial review will take effect on 1 January of the year following the review period, provided that the regulation is made prior to 1 October of the third year of the period.

In the event that a triennial actuarial report projects a "steady-state" contribution rate in excess of the scheduled rate and if the Ministers cannot agree upon appropriate changes, the legislation applies a staged increase in the contribution rate together with a temporary freeze on inflation adjustments of benefits in payment.

## 12. Account, Operating Balance and Investment Fund

Income (contributions, and investment earnings from the Operating Balance and the Investment Fund described below) and expenditures (benefits and administrative expenses) are posted to the CPP Account in the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

At the end of each month, the excess of the balance to the credit of the Account over the Operating Balance (i.e., the estimated amount required in the ensuing three months to pay benefits and administrative expenses) constitutes an increase in the Investment Fund and is available to be invested in a diversified investment portfolio by the Canada Pension Plan Investment Board, which was formed late in 1998. (In this report, "Fund" is used to describe all assets of the CPP except the Operating Balance, i.e., it includes both the investments made by the Board and the loans to the provinces.)

The new Board is to operate at arm's length from the federal and provincial governments. The Board will use qualified professionals to meet its objective to manage and invest money transferred to it from the CPP Account in the best interests of the contributors and beneficiaries under the CPP. The Board's investments are to be made in accordance with the regulations and with investment policies, standards and procedures that the Board is required to establish under the Canada Pension Plan Investment Board Act.

The Board will broadly follow the same investment rules as other pension plans and will be accountable to the public and report on its investment results regularly. The following transitional and permanent measures will apply regarding future investment in provincial securities:

- provincial borrowings from the CPP will be at the same interest rate as provinces pay on their market borrowings;
- at their next respective maturity dates, all existing CPP 20-year provincial bonds will be renewable for another 20 -year term, provided the funds are not required for the payment of benefits;
- in the 3-year period following the creation of the Board, not more than $50 \%$ of the new CPP funds that the Board chooses to invest in bonds will be in provincial securities; and
- after this 3-year period, new CPP funds invested in provincial securities will be limited to the proportion of provincial bonds held by pension funds in general.

13. Amendments

Unless specifically overridden by legislation, any major amendment providing for changes in benefits or contributions cannot become effective until the first day of the third year following the year in which notice of intention to introduce such a measure was laid before Parliament. A major amendment to the CPP requires the consent of at least two-thirds of the included provinces having in aggregate not less than two-thirds of the population of all of the included provinces.

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## VII. Appendix B - Data, Assumptions and Methodology

Appendix B describes the data, the assumptions and the methodology used in making the CPP financial projections that appear in Section II of this report. The assumptions used for purposes of the sensitivity tests presented in Section V are described in that section.

## I. Population

The first step in the projection process is to project the population, by age and sex, in each year of the projection period. The population of the participating provinces is derived by taking the difference between the projected populations of Canada as a whole and Québec.

1. Data

The following data were used in performing the demographic projections:
(a) Quinquennial census

Catalogue No.93F0022XDB96000 published by Statistics Canada is the main reference used for Canadian census data. The calculation of future average earnings and benefits requires population figures not only for the projection period (1998 to 2100), but also for 1966 to 1997. Data from each of the seven quinquennial censuses of 1966 to 1996 are accordingly maintained not only for the projection of average earnings and benefits of all relevant cohorts of contributors and beneficiaries, but also for methodology validation purposes as described in section 3 below. The 1996 census data, by age and sex, for Canada and Québec separately, serve as the starting point for the projection of the population and deaths until year 2100. The census data used for projection purposes consist primarily of the numbers of live persons by age (last birthday) and sex, the ratio of male to female births and the adjustments for undercount.
(b) Postcensal data

Between quinquennial censuses, Statistics Canada publishes annually various postcensal data. Data on actual past fertility rates and migration levels, taken from catalogues No.84-210-XMB, 91-520-XPB and
VII. Appendix B - I. Population

93 F 0023 XDB 96006 , are used as a basis for determining the assumptions required for projecting the actual 1996 population by age and sex.
Moreover, previously assumed fertility rates and migration values for the period 1993 to 1996 were replaced by actual values in the projection process that, in a technical sense, starts in 1966.
(c) Life Tables, Canada and the Provinces, 1990-1992

These mortality tables, published by Statistics Canada (catalogue No. 84-537-XDB), are used as a basis for the determination of the assumptions required for projecting the population into the future. The Life Tables for 1995-1997 were not yet available when this report was completed. The 1990-1992 Life Tables for Canada, the corresponding tables for Québec, and the ultimate mortality tables derived therefrom consist of one-year probabilities of death for individual ages from 0 to 109 .
(d) Canadian Institute of Actuaries (CIA) Task Force on AIDS

The reports of this task force, published each year from 1988 to 1992, are the main reference used to estimate the effect of AIDS on mortality rates.
(e) Social Security Administration 1997 and 1998 trustees reports These reports, prepared by the Social Security Administration (SSA) in the United States, show the extent to which mortality rates could be expected to decrease annually until year 2100. These annual rates of mortality improvement were determined by analysing the current trends in mortality decrease separately for each of 10 broad causes of death.
2. Demographic Assumptions

This section describes the assumptions most central to the demographic projections.

As in preceding reports, various auxiliary projections (see Section V of this report) provide an appreciation of the sensitivity of the financial projections to certain variations in key assumptions.
(a) Fertility

The fertility rate for a given age and year corresponds to the average number of live births per female of that age during that year. The total fertility rate for a year represents the average number of children that would be born to a woman in her lifetime if she were to experience the age-specific fertility rates observed in, or assumed for, that year. The
actual total fertility rates for 1995 , i.e., 1.639 and 1.579 for Canada and Québec, respectively, are $7.0 \%$ and $7.5 \%$, respectively, lower than those assumed for 1995 in the preceding actuarial report. The ultimate total fertility rates of 1.85 for Canada and 1.80 for Québec, used in the previous six actuarial reports, have been reduced to 1.70 and 1.60 for Canada and Québec, respectively.

These new assumed ultimate total fertility rates for Canada and Québec reflect historical trends experienced over the 20 years ended 1995 and correspond to the ultimate medium assumption assumed in the most recent Statistics Canada population projections 1993-2016 (Catalogue No. 91-520). For 1996 to 2015, the assumed total fertility rates were calculated by linear interpolation between the actual 1995 values and the assumed ultimate values of 1.70 for Canada and 1.60 for Québec for 2016. The distribution of assumed ultimate total fertility rates for Canada and Québec into age-specific rates corresponds to their respective 1995 experience. In accordance with experience over the last 25 years, the assumed ratio of male to female births was maintained at 1.056 .

Fertility rates are used not only for the demographic projections, but also for the valuation of the child rearing drop-out provision and for the projection of children's benefits.
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Table VII.B. $1 \quad$ Annual and Total Fertility Rates

| Age | Canada |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | $2016+$ |
| $15-19$ | 0.0348 | 0.0270 | 0.0233 | 0.0255 | 0.0245 | 0.0254 |
| $20-24$ | 0.1084 | 0.0952 | 0.0815 | 0.0792 | 0.0706 | 0.0732 |
| $25-29$ | 0.1288 | 0.1241 | 0.1207 | 0.1226 | 0.1097 | 0.1137 |
| $30-34$ | 0.0642 | 0.0666 | 0.0724 | 0.0835 | 0.0868 | 0.0900 |
| $35-39$ | 0.0214 | 0.0190 | 0.0216 | 0.0277 | 0.0313 | 0.0325 |
| $40-44$ | 0.0048 | 0.0030 | 0.0030 | 0.0038 | 0.0048 | 0.0050 |
| $45-49$ | 0.0004 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0002 | 0.0002 |
| Total | 1.8140 | 1.6755 | 1.6130 | 1.7120 | 1.6395 | 1.7000 |
| Age |  |  | Québec |  |  |  |
| Group | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | $2016+$ |
| $15-19$ | 0.0187 | 0.0156 | 0.0144 | 0.0182 | 0.0170 | 0.0172 |
| $20-24$ | 0.0906 | 0.0876 | 0.0717 | 0.0803 | 0.0723 | 0.0732 |
| $25-29$ | 0.1286 | 0.1299 | 0.1139 | 0.1280 | 0.1157 | 0.1172 |
| $30-34$ | 0.0661 | 0.0677 | 0.0608 | 0.0757 | 0.0811 | 0.0822 |
| $35-39$ | 0.0223 | 0.0192 | 0.0170 | 0.0224 | 0.0258 | 0.0261 |
| $40-44$ | 0.0049 | 0.0029 | 0.0022 | 0.0029 | 0.0039 | 0.0040 |
| $45-49$ | 0.0005 | 0.0002 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| Total | 1.6585 | 1.6155 | 1.4005 | 1.6380 | 1.5795 | 1.6000 |

## Graph VII.B. 1 Historical and Assumed Fertility Rates



Note that differences between the historical fertility rates presented above and those of the previous reports are due to the change in the population basis adopted by Statistics Canada since 1991, which now accounts for undercount and non-permanent residents.
(b) Mortality

Usually about two years following every population census new mortality tables, i.e., the Canadian Life Tables (CLTs), are produced. However, the 1995-1997 CLTs were not yet published at the time of this report. For this reason the 1990-1992 CLTs have been used. Therefore, mortality rates shown in Life Tables, Canada and the Provinces, 19901992, assumed to be applicable for 1991, were used as the starting point
VII. Appendix B - I. Population
for mortality assumptions. Canada CLT rates are given only to age 105 and Québec rates to age 85. Canada CLT rates were linearly extrapolated from the rate at age 105 to a rate of 1.0 at age 109 . Québec CLT rates were extrapolated from the rate at age 85 to a rate of 1.0 at age 109 based on the pattern of Canada CLT rates.

To reflect anticipated sustained improvements in life expectancy, the 1991 Canada and Québec mortality rates were projected to the year 2100 using the following annual rates of mortality improvement:
i) For 1992 to 2010, the annual rates of mortality improvement, varying by age, sex and calendar year, were determined by linear interpolation between:

- the average improvement rates experienced in Canada between 1981 and 1991, and
- the fixed improvement rates, described in ii) below, in respect of the period 2011 to 2100.
ii) For 2011 and subsequent years, the assumed annual rates of improvement, varying by age and sex only, not by calendar year, correspond to the SSA ultimate assumption for all causes of death, identified as Alternative II (medium) in the preliminary demographic projection results of the 1998 SSA trustees report (the SSA Actuarial Study had not yet been published at the time this report was prepared). These ultimate rates were then adjusted, to reflect Canadian experience, for age 0 and by quinquennial agegroup from ages 1 to 94 , by the ratio of the average improvement rates experienced in Canada between 1921 and 1991 for the particular age-group to the average improvement rates experienced in the United States for the same age-group over the same period. However, to moderate the influence of historical differences between the two countries, these ratios were increased or decreased, where necessary, to keep them within a range of 0.85 to 1.15 .

The adjustment for each individual age in the age-group was assumed to be equal to the overall age-group adjustment as calculated above. The resulting assumed annual mortality improvement rates for Canada and Québec for 1992 and 2011 and thereafter are shown in the following table:

Demographic Assumptions
Table VII.B. 2 Assumed Annual Mortality Improvement Rates (percentages)

|  | Males |  | Females |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 1992 | $2011+$ | 1992 | $2011+$ |
| 0 | 4.10 | 1.47 | 3.61 | 1.54 |
| $1-4$ | 4.35 | 1.06 | 4.26 | 1.05 |
| $5-9$ | 4.87 | 1.12 | 5.37 | 1.09 |
| $10-14$ | 3.86 | 0.94 | 3.20 | 0.98 |
| $15-19$ | 3.05 | 0.50 | 2.11 | 0.51 |
| $20-24$ | 2.55 | 0.51 | 2.06 | 0.53 |
| $25-29$ | 1.62 | 0.58 | 2.19 | 0.60 |
| $30-34$ | 0.09 | 0.58 | 1.69 | 0.59 |
| $35-39$ | 0.42 | 0.63 | 2.05 | 0.58 |
| $40-44$ | 2.10 | 0.59 | 2.72 | 0.54 |
| $45-49$ | 2.98 | 0.58 | 2.10 | 0.50 |
| $50-54$ | 3.12 | 0.54 | 2.07 | 0.49 |
| $55-59$ | 2.71 | 0.53 | 1.75 | 0.49 |
| $60-64$ | 2.18 | 0.52 | 1.54 | 0.52 |
| $65-69$ | 2.09 | 0.40 | 1.61 | 0.41 |
| $70-74$ | 1.75 | 0.41 | 1.53 | 0.41 |
| $75-79$ | 1.33 | 0.42 | 1.27 | 0.44 |
| $80-84$ | 0.89 | 0.53 | 1.19 | 0.47 |
| $85-89$ | 0.35 | 0.43 | 1.10 | 0.55 |
| $90+$ | 1.69 |  | 1.00 | 0.51 |
| Average | $1)$ |  |  | 0.48 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

(1) Weighted by the 1990 distribution of population by age and sex.

## VII. Appendix B - I. Population

To take AIDS into account, male mortality rates for ages 23 to 65 for Canada and Québec were increased for 1992 and thereafter based on adjustments to the extra AIDS mortality scenario of new infections forever as presented in the March 1992 CIA Guidance Notes on AIDS. These AIDS extra mortality rates were adjusted so as to produce a scenario where no new infections would occur after 2005. Moreover, because the assumed mortality improvement factors already include the effect of AIDS up to 1991, the levels of AIDS extra mortality assumed for 1992 and subsequent years have been further reduced by the level of the 1991 AIDS extra mortality. On the basis of the cumulative number of deaths attributable to AIDS (as reported by the U.S. Federal Center for AIDS), female mortality was also increased, but only by 10 percent of the above increments for males.

Table VII.B. 3 shows sample values of the extra mortality assumed to apply in connection with AIDS for ages 30 to 45, the ages at which the adjustments are most significant. Table VII.B. 4 below sets out sample values of the ultimate mortality rates as well as sample values of mortality rates of the 1990-92 CLTs.

Table VII.B. 3 AIDS Extra Mortality
(annual deaths per 1,000 persons)

| Age | 1992 | 1995 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.10 | 0.00 |
| 35 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.04 |
| 40 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.03 |
| 45 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

$100 \%$ of these increases apply to male mortality rates; only $10 \%$ apply to female rates.

## Demographic Assumptions

Table VII.B. 4 Mortality Rates for Canada and Québec (annual deaths per 1,000 persons)

| Males |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 1990-1992 CLT |  | Assumed for 2100 |  |
|  | Canada | Québec | Canada | Québec |
| 0 | 7.09 | 6.57 | 1.09 | 1.01 |
| 1 | 0.51 | 0.47 | 0.12 | 0.11 |
| 5 | 0.20 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| 10 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 0.04 | 0.05 |
| 20 | 1.09 | 1.13 | 0.51 | 0.53 |
| 30 | 1.22 | 1.34 | 0.68 | 0.74 |
| 40 | 1.85 | 1.92 | 0.84 | 0.87 |
| 50 | 4.49 | 4.91 | 1.93 | 2.11 |
| 60 | 12.75 | 14.12 | 6.17 | 6.83 |
| 70 | 31.99 | 35.70 | 18.02 | 20.11 |
| 80 | 79.91 | 85.09 | 47.63 | 50.72 |
| 90 | 181.45 | 187.65 | 111.95 | 115.78 |
| 100 | 354.75 | 366.88 | 218.88 | 226.36 |
| 105 | 473.84 | 490.04 | 292.36 | 302.35 |
| 109 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 |
| Females |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1990-1992 CLT |  | Assumed for 2100 |  |
| Age | Canada | Québec | Canada | Québec |
| 0 | 5.77 | 5.16 | 0.87 | 0.78 |
| 1 | 0.45 | 0.41 | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| 5 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 10 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.03 | 0.04 |
| 20 | 0.36 | 0.35 | 0.17 | 0.17 |
| 30 | 0.47 | 0.48 | 0.22 | 0.23 |
| 40 | 0.99 | 1.07 | 0.45 | 0.48 |
| 50 | 2.72 | 2.70 | 1.37 | 1.36 |
| 60 | 6.79 | 6.95 | 3.50 | 3.59 |
| 70 | 16.74 | 17.00 | 9.66 | 9.81 |
| 80 | 47.35 | 48.47 | 26.47 | 27.10 |
| 90 | 132.24 | 134.12 | 72.30 | 73.32 |
| 100 | 315.19 | 319.66 | 172.32 | 174.76 |
| 105 | 457.25 | 463.74 | 249.98 | 253.53 |
| 109 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 | 1,000.00 |

## VII. Appendix B - I. Population

Life expectancies (longevity expressed in years) resulting from the above mortality assumptions are shown below for Canada if the mortality rates assumed for the year shown applied forever.

Table VII.B. 5 Projected Life Expectancies for Canada

| At birth |  | At age 65 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Males | Females | Males | Females |
| 2000 | 76.2 | 82.2 | 16.5 | 20.7 |
| 2025 | 78.0 | 83.8 | 17.5 | 21.8 |
| 2050 | 79.4 | 85.2 | 18.4 | 22.8 |
| 2075 | 80.7 | 86.5 | 19.3 | 23.8 |
| 2100 | 82.0 | 87.7 | 20.2 | 24.8 |

(c) Migration

Immigration and emigration are generally recognized to be volatile parameters of future population growth, since they are subject to a variety of demographic, economic, social and political factors; immigration, especially, is subject to government control. During the period from 1972 to 1996, for example, annual immigration to Canada varied from 83,691 to 265,405 , and annual emigration from Canada is estimated to have fluctuated between 39,760 and 111,500 .

For the first time, in this report, emigrants returning to Canada have been taken into account. The annual numbers of returning Canadians have fluctuated between 20,062 and 39,457 over the period 1972 to 1996 and represent, on average over the same period, about $50 \%$ of emigrants.

For purposes of this report, net migration was assumed to start from the 1996 level of 208,791 immigrants to Canada, 47,230 emigrants leaving Canada and 22,565 returning Canadians. These figures represent a ratio of net migration to total Canadian population of about $0.61 \%$ for 1996. This ratio of $0.61 \%$ also corresponds to the average ratio experienced in Canada over the last 15 -year period 1982 to 1996. These levels of immigration, emigration and returning Canadians are then increased with time so as to maintain a constant ratio of net migration to total current Canadian population of $0.6 \%$ for 2005 and later.

For purposes of projecting the population of Québec, it was assumed, as for the previous report, on the basis of the 1972 to 1996 averages, that $17 \%$ of the immigrants and $14 \%$ of the emigrants and returning Canadians assumed for Canada would be attributable to that province. Statistics Canada data for 1982 to 1996 indicate that $17.3 \%$ of immigrants, $14.3 \%$ of emigrants and $14.7 \%$ of returning Canadians are attributable to Québec on average. In addition, it was assumed that Québec would experience net interprovincial emigration of about 10,000 for 1997 and subsequent years, based on the trends observed over the 1982 to 1996 period.

The distributions of immigrants, emigrants and returning Canadians by age group and sex used for the demographic projections correspond to Statistics Canada data averaged over the period 1992 to 1996.
VII. Appendix B - I. Population

Table VII.B. 6 Distribution of Immigrants, Emigrants and Returning Canadians - 1992 to 1996

|  | Immigrants |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age <br> Group | Males <br> $\%$ | Females <br> $\%$ | Males <br> $\%$ | Females <br> $\%$ | Males <br> $\%$ | Females <br> $\%$ |
| $0-4$ | 2.927 | 2.977 | 2.475 | 2.349 | 3.438 | 3.386 |
| $5-9$ | 3.857 | 3.630 | 3.723 | 3.646 | 2.993 | 2.884 |
| $10-14$ | 3.966 | 3.662 | 3.829 | 3.837 | 3.015 | 2.636 |
| $15-19$ | 3.720 | 3.984 | 3.394 | 3.209 | 3.757 | 3.838 |
| $20-24$ | 4.611 | 6.141 | 2.024 | 3.551 | 6.673 | 7.758 |
| $25-29$ | 6.870 | 7.641 | 6.240 | 7.038 | 8.415 | 7.651 |
| $30-34$ | 6.257 | 6.499 | 7.536 | 6.952 | 5.960 | 5.818 |
| $35-39$ | 4.681 | 4.873 | 6.363 | 6.127 | 3.994 | 4.207 |
| $40-44$ | 3.337 | 3.297 | 5.643 | 4.974 | 3.798 | 3.219 |
| $45-49$ | 2.051 | 2.072 | 3.483 | 2.959 | 2.541 | 2.109 |
| $50-54$ | 1.331 | 1.696 | 1.955 | 1.651 | 1.902 | 1.331 |
| $55-59$ | 1.362 | 1.777 | 1.155 | 0.963 | 1.427 | 1.395 |
| $60-64$ | 1.279 | 1.521 | 0.678 | 0.541 | 1.021 | 1.120 |
| $65-69$ | 0.888 | 1.060 | 0.730 | 0.988 | 0.751 | 0.878 |
| $70+$ | 0.869 | 1.165 | 0.961 | 1.025 | 0.854 | 1.231 |
| Total: | 48.006 | 51.994 | 50.189 | 49.811 | 50.540 | 49.460 |
| Average Age | 29.43 | 30.26 | 31.44 | 30.82 | 29.26 | 29.27 |

Demographic Assumptions
Table VII.B. 6 Distribution of Immigrants, Emigrants and Returning Canadians - 1992 to 1996 (continued)

| Age Group | Québec |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Immigrants |  | Emigrants |  | Returning |  |
|  | Males (\%) | Females (\%) | Males (\%) | Females (\%) | Males (\%) | Females (\%) |
| 0-4 | 3.470 | 4.298 | 2.473 | 2.349 | 3.454 | 3.402 |
| 5-9 | 4.309 | 4.090 | 3.719 | 3.644 | 2.994 | 2.877 |
| 10-14 | 4.166 | 3.800 | 3.827 | 3.830 | 3.026 | 2.637 |
| 15-19 | 3.780 | 3.907 | 3.387 | 3.212 | 3.765 | 3.823 |
| 20-24 | 5.248 | 5.947 | 2.030 | 3.553 | 6.616 | 7.724 |
| 25-29 | 8.217 | 7.564 | 6.238 | 7.041 | 8.379 | 7.621 |
| 30-34 | 6.999 | 6.160 | 7.539 | 6.950 | 5.910 | 5.774 |
| 35-39 | 5.125 | 4.582 | 6.358 | 6.124 | 3.992 | 4.193 |
| 40-44 | 3.252 | 2.962 | 5.639 | 4.975 | 3.823 | 3.227 |
| 45-49 | 1.939 | 1.748 | 3.482 | 2.958 | 2.547 | 2.112 |
| 50-54 | 1.168 | 1.211 | 1.959 | 1.653 | 1.886 | 1.341 |
| 55-59 | 0.882 | 1.049 | 1.155 | 0.960 | 1.439 | 1.413 |
| 60-64 | 0.750 | 0.910 | 0.687 | 0.547 | 1.037 | 1.134 |
| 65-69 | 0.503 | 0.660 | 0.732 | 0.986 | 0.713 | 0.875 |
| 70+ | 0.512 | 0.791 | 0.966 | 1.028 | 0.972 | 1.296 |
| Total: | 50.321 | 49.679 | 50.190 | 49.810 | 50.551 | 49.449 |
| Average Age | 27.49 | 27.43 | 31.45 | 30.83 | 29.37 | 29.36 |

## VII. Appendix B - I. Population

Graph VII.B. 2 Historical and Assumed Migration as \% of Population


Year
3. Methodology

The most recent Canada population census is as at 1 July 1996. The starting point for demographic projections accordingly corresponds to mid-1996 and consists of numbers of males and females by age.
However, population data for 1966 to 1995 are also required for the calculation of future benefits of the relevant cohorts of contributors and beneficiaries. For this latter purpose, use is made of historical data developed by Statistics Canada. These historical data take into account the 1991 change in the definition of the census population, which now includes both permanent and non-permanent residents of Canada.

The 1996 census data for Canada and Québec are available by individual ages up to 89 , but the data for ages 90 and over are grouped. Hence, the latter data were disaggregated for individual ages 90 to 109 by surviving the population at age 89, using the extrapolated 1990-1992 Canada Life Tables, up to age 109. A constant proportional adjustment was made to the disaggregated population for each age from 90 to 109 to match its total with the census aggregate value for this age group.

To compensate for the census undercount, adjustment factors developed by Statistics Canada were applied to the 1996 census population data. These factors vary by age, sex and area, i.e., Canada and Québec separately.

The population, by age and sex, was then projected from one year to the next by adding births, immigrants and returning Canadians, subtracting deaths and emigrants, and adjusting for net migration between Québec and the rest of Canada. The annual numbers of births, deaths, immigrants, emigrants and returning Canadians were developed by applying the fertility, mortality and migration assumptions to the midyear population. The projections carry forward to 2100 .

The populations covered by the CPP pertain to Canada excluding Québec, but include all members of the Canadian Forces and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. The population and deaths projections used for purposes of the financial projections were obtained by simple subtraction of the projected figures for Québec from the projected figures for Canada. Consequently, the projected populations do not make explicit allowance for members of the Canadian Forces and Royal Canadian Mounted Police who reside in Québec or outside Canada. However, provision for this group was made implicitly through the development of the proportions of contributors described in section II-3(d) of this appendix.

## 4. Population Tables

The first three tables below show, for Canada excluding Québec, the 1996 starting population ( 1996 census adjusted for undercount) and the projected mid-year populations for $2000,2025,2050,2075$ and 2100. The populations shown are distributed by sex and broad age groups. The fourth table shows corresponding dependency ratios.
VII. Appendix B - I. Population

Table VII.B. $7 \quad$ Population of Canada Less Québec - Both Sexes (thousands)

| Age <br> Group | 1996 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-4$ | 1,492 | 1,466 | 1,680 | 1,896 | 2,132 | 2,400 |
| $5-9$ | 1,554 | 1,570 | 1,721 | 1,925 | 2,170 | 2,448 |
| $10-14$ | 1,555 | 1,608 | 1,737 | 1,959 | 2,219 | 2,507 |
| $15-19$ | 1,501 | 1,593 | 1,737 | 1,992 | 2,267 | 2,560 |
| $0-19$ | 6,102 | 6,237 | 6,875 | 7,772 | 8,788 | 9,915 |
| $20-24$ | 1,558 | 1,559 | 1,771 | 2,049 | 2,326 | 2,620 |
| $25-29$ | 1,705 | 1,680 | 1,883 | 2,171 | 2,445 | 2,747 |
| $30-34$ | 1,990 | 1,820 | 2,048 | 2,285 | 2,557 | 2,878 |
| $35-39$ | 1,993 | 2,096 | 2,100 | 2,322 | 2,612 | 2,954 |
| $40-44$ | 1,779 | 1,987 | 2,065 | 2,301 | 2,624 | 2,978 |
| $45-49$ | 1,606 | 1,749 | 1,972 | 2,272 | 2,611 | 2,961 |
| $50-54$ | 1,218 | 1,545 | 1,966 | 2,240 | 2,576 | 2,906 |
| $55-59$ | 983 | 1,151 | 1,961 | 2,237 | 2,509 | 2,819 |
| $60-64$ | 899 | 938 | 2,087 | 2,141 | 2,389 | 2,706 |
| $20-64$ | 13,731 | 14,525 | 17,853 | 20,018 | 22,649 | 25,569 |
| $65-69$ | 840 | 849 | 1,840 | 1,954 | 2,207 | 2,542 |
| $70-74$ | 737 | 753 | 1,468 | 1,696 | 1,991 | 2,327 |
| $75-79$ | 536 | 620 | 1,119 | 1,472 | 1,732 | 2,047 |
| $80-84$ | 359 | 390 | 662 | 1,183 | 1,423 | 1,673 |
| $85-89$ | 183 | 225 | 367 | 896 | 1,007 | 1,214 |
| $90+$ | 93 | 113 | 270 | 697 | 931 | 1,276 |
| $65+$ | 2,748 | 2,950 | 5,726 | 7,898 | 9,291 | 11,079 |
| Grand Total | 22,581 | 23,712 | 30,454 | 35,688 | 40,728 | 46,563 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table VII.B. 8 Population of Canada Less Québec - Males (thousands)

| Age <br> Group | 1996 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-4$ | 765 | 750 | 862 | 974 | 1095 | 1233 |
| $5-9$ | 795 | 803 | 880 | 985 | 1110 | 1252 |
| $10-14$ | 795 | 820 | 887 | 999 | 1131 | 1278 |
| $15-19$ | 769 | 813 | 885 | 1013 | 1153 | 1303 |
| $0-19$ | 3124 | 3186 | 3514 | 3971 | 4489 | 5066 |
| $20-24$ | 790 | 795 | 896 | 1,037 | 1,178 | 1,328 |
| $25-29$ | 857 | 843 | 942 | 1,088 | 1,227 | 1,379 |
| $30-34$ | 1,007 | 910 | 1,020 | 1,137 | 1,273 | 1,433 |
| $35-39$ | 1,004 | 1,055 | 1,039 | 1,149 | 1,292 | 1,462 |
| $40-44$ | 887 | 997 | 1,021 | 1,135 | 1,294 | 1,470 |
| $45-49$ | 808 | 872 | 976 | 1,118 | 1,287 | 1,462 |
| $50-54$ | 613 | 776 | 967 | 1,100 | 1,268 | 1,434 |
| $55-59$ | 490 | 577 | 966 | 1,100 | 1,235 | 1,390 |
| $60-64$ | 445 | 465 | 1,035 | 1,048 | 1,172 | 1,330 |
| $20-64$ | 6,901 | 7,290 | 8,862 | 9,912 | 11,226 | 12,688 |
| $65-69$ | 404 | 413 | 899 | 946 | 1,069 | 1,235 |
| $70-74$ | 329 | 348 | 695 | 802 | 941 | 1,107 |
| $75-79$ | 224 | 261 | 512 | 664 | 788 | 941 |
| $80-84$ | 137 | 149 | 282 | 500 | 610 | 728 |
| $85-89$ | 61 | 75 | 137 | 343 | 389 | 481 |
| $90+$ | 25 | 30 | 76 | 209 | 283 | 400 |
| $65+$ | 1,180 | 1,276 | 2,601 | 3,464 | 4,080 | 4,892 |
| Grand Total | 11,205 | 11,752 | 14,977 | 17,347 | 19,795 | 22,646 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

VII. Appendix B - I. Population

Table VII.B. $9 \quad$ Population of Canada Less Québec - Females (thousands)

| Age <br> Group | 1996 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-4$ | 727 | 716 | 818 | 922 | 1,037 | 1,167 |
| $5-9$ | 759 | 767 | 841 | 940 | 1,060 | 1,196 |
| $10-14$ | 760 | 788 | 850 | 960 | 1,088 | 1,229 |
| $15-19$ | 732 | 780 | 852 | 979 | 1,114 | 1,257 |
| $0-19$ | 2,978 | 3,051 | 3,361 | 3,801 | 4,299 | 4,849 |
| $20-24$ | 768 | 764 | 875 | 1,012 | 1,148 | 1,292 |
| $25-29$ | 848 | 837 | 941 | 1,083 | 1,218 | 1,368 |
| $30-34$ | 983 | 910 | 1,028 | 1,148 | 1,284 | 1,445 |
| $35-39$ | 989 | 1,041 | 1,061 | 1,173 | 1,320 | 1,492 |
| $40-44$ | 892 | 990 | 1,044 | 1,166 | 1,330 | 1,508 |
| $45-49$ | 798 | 877 | 996 | 1,154 | 1,324 | 1,499 |
| $50-54$ | 605 | 769 | 999 | 1,140 | 1,308 | 1,472 |
| $55-59$ | 493 | 574 | 995 | 1,137 | 1,274 | 1,429 |
| $60-64$ | 454 | 473 | 1,052 | 1,093 | 1,217 | 1,376 |
| $20-64$ | 6,830 | 7,235 | 8,991 | 10,106 | 11,423 | 12,881 |
| $65-69$ | 436 | 436 | 941 | 1,008 | 1,138 | 1,307 |
| $70-74$ | 408 | 405 | 773 | 894 | 1,050 | 1,220 |
| $75-79$ | 312 | 359 | 607 | 808 | 944 | 1,106 |
| $80-84$ | 222 | 241 | 380 | 683 | 813 | 945 |
| $85-89$ | 122 | 150 | 230 | 553 | 618 | 733 |
| $90+$ | 68 | 83 | 194 | 488 | 648 | 876 |
| $65+$ | 1,568 | 1,674 | 3,125 | 4,434 | 5,211 | 6,187 |
| Grand Total | 11,376 | 11,960 | 15,477 | 18,341 | 20,933 | 23,917 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Population Tables

Table VII.B. 10 Population Dependency Ratios (percentages)

| Year | Children (1) | Seniors (2) | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 | 44.4 | 20.0 | 64.5 |
| 2000 | 42.9 | 20.3 | 63.2 |
| 2025 | 38.5 | 32.1 | 70.6 |
| 2050 | 38.8 | 39.5 | 78.3 |
| 2075 | 38.8 | 41.0 | 79.8 |
| 2100 | 38.8 | 43.3 | 82.1 |

(1) Population aged 19 years and under as a percentage of population aged 20 to 64 years.
(2) Population aged 65 years and over as a percentage of population aged 20 to 64 years.

## II. Earnings and Benefits

1. Data
(a) Demographic Historical (1966 to 1996) and projected (1997 to 2100) populations and deaths for Canada less Québec, the output of section I above, are used for various computational purposes in the economic projections. For example,

- ratios of the actual number of earners to the population correspond to the proportions of earners;
- the relevant population times the benefit eligibility rate, and times the computed average benefit factor for each age-sex cohort, produces the amount of projected benefits; and
- numbers of deaths by age, sex and year are used in computing death, survivor and orphan benefits.
(b) Economic indices

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) and the Average Industrial Aggregate Wages statistic (AIAW, the current measure of the average rate of weekly wages and salaries) are produced by Statistics Canada (catalogues 72-002 and 11-010, respectively). The observed (1966 to 1997) annual increases in the CPI and the AIAW replace, for methodology validation purposes, values assumed in previous actuarial reports; they are also used as a basis for the determination of corresponding assumptions for the future. Rates of interest, which come into play only in the asset projections, are discussed in section III below. For purposes of selecting related assumptions, use was also made of these CPI and AIAW indices averaged over the last $5,10,15,25$ and 50 years as determined by the Canadian Institute of Actuaries in its Report on Canadian Economic Statistics 1924-1997. Actual past values of the YMPE, the YBE, the amount of the various monthly flat-rate benefits, and the distribution of retirement pensions, over six categories expressed as a percentage of the YMPE, constitute other economic indices used in the actuarial valuation process.
(c) Monthly Information Reports

Monthly Reports on the financial transactions of the CPP Account, flowing from the administration of the CPP by the Ministry of Human Resources Development Canada (HRDC), provide aggregate financial data (e.g., total contributions for the year, total benefits, administrative

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expenses) that serve as a basis for the CPP annual accounting report of the Comptroller General. Although these reports are basically prepared on a cash basis, their income (contributions and investment earnings) component is based, in respect of a given fiscal year, on projections made by the Finance Ministry about six months before the start of that fiscal year. These projections are used, in lieu of actual data, for both budgeting and accounting purposes because of the delay of about 12 months by Revenue Canada in allocating monthly pay deductions between Employment Insurance and CPP contributions.

For the methodology validation process, the total amounts of actual benefits obtained from the benefits statistics described in section (f) below, are linearly adjusted to correspond to the aggregate cash-basis results shown in the monthly information reports because they form the basis of the formal accounting reports on the CPP.

Aggregate data from the Monthly Reports on the financial transactions of the CPP Account are also compiled over each calendar year after the preparation of an actuarial report and compared with corresponding aggregate projected values of that report for further methodology validation purposes until the next report comes due.
(d) Monthly statistics

Statistics published monthly by HRDC are similar to benefits statistics (section (f) below), but are generally combined for some age-groups, and are less detailed (e.g., no information on terminations). Because the more detailed benefits statistics are not produced as frequently as monthly statistics, these monthly statistics are used for various preliminary experience studies between valuation dates.
(e) Earnings statistics

Statistics on the average employment earnings, by sex and age-group, of all workers covered by the CPP are prepared annually and transmitted as machine-readable files by HRDC. These data originate from Revenue Canada, which is responsible for the processing of CPP contributions through salary deductions. The complete employment earnings data pertaining to a given calendar year normally becomes available only in the second year (about mid-year) following that given year. This delay is partly due to the contribution adjustments resulting from tax returns filed
after the given year, but mainly by the annual (as opposed to monthly) cycle of Revenue Canada's allocation of monthly pay deductions between Employment Insurance and CPP contributions. The data is validated and aggregates are compared with the published annual HRDC report on CPP contributors and contributions.

In summary, these earnings statistics include the number of earners, their average annual employment earnings and the distributions, over 78 earnings categories, of earners and of their average employment earnings by quinquennial age-groups and sex. For example, the distributions of earners and of their average employment earnings could indicate that $60 \%$ of earners (distribution of earners) for a particular age-sex cell earn less than $120 \%$ of average earnings for the cell and account for $40 \%$ of total earnings (distribution of average employment earnings) for the cell. By linear interpolation between the relevant points of the distributions, it is possible to determine, for a given percentage of average earnings in any age-sex cell, what percentage of earners earn less than that given percentage of average earnings, and what percentage of the total earnings for the cell is earned by such earners.

One might expect that earnings statistics would include few, if any, individuals earning less than the Year's Basic Exemption (YBE), since, except in unusual circumstances, the CPP employee contributions are refundable in such cases and earnings are not counted for purposes of calculating pensionable earnings. However, each year's data reveal a large number of earners earning less than the YBE, a number as large or almost as large as one might expect if there were no YBE. The likely reason for this is that most contributors who earn less than the YBE during the course of a year have low annual earnings because they work for only a small fraction of the year, but during that fraction they have monthly earnings in excess of $1 / 12$ of the YBE. Employer and employee contributions must be deducted at source for any month during which individual earnings exceed $1 / 12$ of the YBE (unless the year's maximum has already been deducted). Although the employee contributions may be refundable if the employee earns less than the YBE during the year, the employer contributions are not. Hence, most earners earning less than the YBE in any year would have employer contributions to their credit. They would therefore have records of their employment earnings for that year maintained on the CPP Record of Earnings, even though

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those earnings are not counted for pensionable earnings purposes. For this reason, it appeared reasonable to consider the cumulative distributions of earners and of their average earnings as being generally representative of cumulative distributions for all covered earners and of their average employment earnings.

Therefore, earnings statistics available for the most current year (1996) are used as the basis for projecting (by age, sex and calendar year) average employment, pensionable and contributory earnings, contributions, and benefits. For methodology validation purposes, they also prove to be a better basis for the comparison of projected to actual contributions because those from Monthly Information Reports (item (c) above) are themselves projected rather than actual.
(f) Benefits statistics

Benefits statistics correspond to extracts from individual records in the Master Benefit File administered by officials in HRDC. These include primarily, but not exclusively, for each past and existing beneficiary, separately for each type of benefit, the date (month and year) of emergence of the benefit, the beneficiary's age at emergence and sex, the initial monthly amount of the benefit, and, when applicable, the date of, and reason for, benefit termination. The data is tested for validity (e.g., age and year at emergence of the benefit, maximum level of benefit) and are aggregated to be compared with prior extracts and HRDC published historical aggregates (e.g., Monthly Reports on the transactions of the CPP Account, monthly statistical reports).

Extracts as at 31 December 1997 from each individual record in the CPP Master Benefit file play an important role in the actuarial valuation process since they are used for three distinct purposes:
i) The number and amount of benefits by type, both emerging and in force, can be obtained by age, by sex and by calendar year. This information is used in a methodology validation algorithm integrated into the computer actuarial valuation system. The various values computed in this valuation system for years preceding 1998 are accordingly compared with actual values to validate the valuation methodology or to detect areas where it should be improved, and to ensure that benefits statistics are correctly interpreted. It must be pointed out that this validation process looks only at methodology, not assumptions; accordingly,
in the methodology validation process, the assumptions made in previous reports are replaced by actual values. The results of the methodology validation process are favourable, taking into account the adjustment of benefits statistics to match in aggregate the official CPP reports (see section (d) above) which are prepared on a cash basis, while actuarial valuation results data are computed on an accrual basis. However, the effect of this inconsistency is practically negligible as regards benefits because, in contrast to contributions, cash benefits are, as a general rule, nearly the same as accrued benefits due to the relatively fast handling of most CPP claims. Some disability benefit cases do, however, constitute exceptions to this rule.
ii) The benefits paid during 1997 are converted into benefits in pay as at the valuation date (31 December 1997) and used as the starting point for the projections.
iii) Various demographic and economic assumptions are selected based on past experience. These assumptions relate, for example, to the age at which contributors elect to start receiving the retirement pension, the proportions of contributors married at death, distribution of spouses by age, disability incidence and termination rates, and mortality rates of retirement and survivor pensions beneficiaries.

## 2. Assumptions

The exhaustive list of assumptions is quite extensive. The following 14 sections cover the majority of these assumptions. For example, a fifteenth assumption, flowing implicitly from the valuation methodology, is described in section 3(a)i) below (i.e., earnings of contributors dying before retirement are assumed to be the same, on average each year until death, as those of all other contributors). Rates of interest, which come into play only in the asset projections, are discussed in section III below.

The assumptions described were used in the "best-estimate" projections.
(a) Annual rates of increase in average employment earnings and in the CPI
For the period 1999 to 2002, the assumptions were derived to fall smoothly between the 1998 assumptions and the ultimate (2003 and subsequent years) assumptions described below.

Since the financial projections of this report cover a long period, ultimate key economic assumptions were chosen on the basis of:

- The average long-term (about 50 years) past experience and the observed trends over the past short (about 15 years) and medium (about 25 years) terms.
- Judgmental opinion as to the outlook of the overall economy over the future long term.
- Historically, the real-wage differential has fluctuated significantly from year to year. The trend was generally downward through the late 1980s, with some improvement since then, e.g., the 10-year average annual real-wage differential was $-0.59 \%$ for the period ending 1987 and $0.32 \%$ for the period ending 1997. Over the longer term, the annual real-wage differential averaged $1.52 \%$ for the $50-$ year period ending 1997. Many factors have influenced real rates of wage increases, including general productivity improvements, the move to a service economy and decreases in the average hours worked. Considering these factors, together with the historical trends and judgement regarding the long-term course of the economy, an ultimate real-wage differential of $1.0 \%$ has been assumed in years 2003 and thereafter.
- It is generally believed that, in this post-industrialized era where the economy is more and more service-oriented, the productivity rate should not, in the long-term, be as high as during the industrialized era.
- Price increases, as measured by changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), also tend to fluctuate from year to year. Over the last 50 years, the trend was generally upward through the early 1980s and downward since then. For example, the average annual increases in the CPI for the 50-, 25- and 10-year periods ending in 1997 were $4.44 \%, 5.83 \%$ and $2.80 \%$, respectively.

For the above reasons it was accordingly decided to reduce the ultimate assumptions for the annual increase in prices and average employment earnings to $3.0 \%$ and $4.0 \%$, respectively, as compared to $3.5 \%$ and $4.5 \%$ for the previous CPP actuarial report.

The table below shows the short-term and ultimate assumptions adopted for this report regarding the annual increases in earnings and prices.

Table VII.B. 11 Annual Rates of Increase in Prices and Average Employment Earnings (percentages)

| Year | Prices | Earnings | Real-Wage <br> Differential |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 | 1.60 | 2.10 | 0.50 |
| 1997 | 1.50 | 2.10 | 0.60 |
| 1998 | 1.00 | 1.60 | 0.60 |
| 1999 | 1.40 | 2.08 | 0.68 |
| 2000 | 1.80 | 2.56 | 0.76 |
| 2001 | 2.20 | 3.04 | 0.84 |
| 2002 | 2.60 | 3.52 | 0.92 |
| $2003+$ | 3.00 | 4.00 | 1.00 |

(b) Proportions of earners

In respect of each past year (1966 to 1996), actual proportions of earners are computed, by age and sex, as the ratio of the number of earners (from earnings statistics) to the corresponding population (from demographic computations). In addition to being used for the computation of the past and future benefits of the relevant cohorts of contributors, these historical values constitute an important reference for the selection of assumed future proportions of earners.

These proportions for the future were accordingly determined taking partly into account the trends in their counterpart actual, adjusted (see 3(c) below) values for 1966 to 1996. These trends reveal quite variable proportions for males, and significant year to year increases for females.

Employment levels are reflected in the actuarial projection model through the assumption made regarding the proportions of the population, by age and sex, who have earnings in a given year. These proportions vary not only with the rate of unemployment, but also reflect trends in increased workforce participation by women, longer periods of

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formal education among young adults and the trends in retirement patterns of older workers.

The ultimate proportions of earners, assumed to apply in year 2010 and thereafter, were established based on a review of both historical trends and the results of projections prepared by Finance department economists using a cohort-based model. The assumptions are consistent with an ultimate unemployment rate of approximately $7.0 \%$. Assumed proportions for 1997 to 2009 were obtained by linear interpolation between the latest experience figures (i.e., 1996) and the values assumed for 2010 and subsequent years. The assumed increases in proportions of earners for the years 1997 through 2010 produce an average annual increase in the workforce of $1.7 \%$ during that period.

Selected values of the adjusted past actual and future assumed proportions of earners are shown by age, sex and calendar year in section 3(c) below.
(c) Average employment earnings

In respect of a cohort of earners of a given age and sex, the average employment earnings for a given calendar year corresponds to the ratio of the sum of individual employment earnings earned during the year to the number of earners in the cohort. On the other hand, the AIAW, compiled by Statistics Canada, corresponds to the weekly rate of pay, at a particular point in time, averaged over all industries.

For a given age, average employment earnings are deemed to increase from one year to the next at the assumed rate of increase in the AIAW. Consistent with past experience, the annual seniority and promotional increases are accordingly implicitly assumed constant at the actual 1996 rates for every year of the projection period. The seniority and promotional increase for a given age/year cell is accordingly deemed equal to the ratio, minus one, of the average earnings for that age/year cell to the average earnings for the preceding age/same year cell. Therefore, projected average earnings for a given age/year cell are obtained simply by applying the annual increase in the AIAW assumed for this year to the average earnings for the same age/previous year cell.

$$
\operatorname{EMPEAR}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}}=\operatorname{EMPEAR}_{\mathrm{x}-1}^{\mathrm{N}-1} *\left(1+\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}}\right) *\left(1+\mathrm{s}^{\mathrm{N}}\right)=\operatorname{EMPEAR}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}-1} *\left(1+\mathrm{s}^{\mathrm{N}}\right)
$$

where $\mathrm{N}=$ calendar year
$\mathrm{x}=$ age attained during calendar year N
EMPEAR = average employment earnings
$\mathrm{p}_{\mathrm{x}}{ }^{\mathrm{N}}=$ constant (by year) promotional and seniority rate of change in EMPEAR from age $\mathrm{x}-1$ to age x
$=\left\{\right.$ EMPEAR $_{\mathrm{x}}{ }^{1996} /$ EMPEAR $\left._{\mathrm{x}-1}{ }^{1996}\right\}-1$
$\mathrm{s}^{\mathrm{N}} \quad=$ assumed constant (for any given age or sex) overall annual increase in EMPEAR from year $\mathrm{N}-1$ to N

Graph VII.B. 3 Changes in Average Employment Earnings by Age - 1996 (percentages)


## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

However, this assumed rate of increase in average employment earnings is subject to the following two adjustments:

- The preceding statement of the above assumption implies that the effect, on average employment earnings, of unemployment levels prevailing on average during the base year (1996) of earnings projections, will remain constant each year in the future.
- The assumed annual rate of increase in the AIAW was not implemented uniformly by sex since it was further assumed that an annual geometrical narrowing of $1 \%$ in the gap between male and female average employment earnings would apply. Hence, rates of increase in average employment earnings were developed by age and by sex so as to produce:
- an aggregate rate of increase equal to that assumed for the AIAW;
- rates of increase for each age, both sexes combined, that would be the same for all ages; and
- separate rates of increase for male and female average earnings for each age such that the ratio of female to male average earnings would move $1 \%$ of the way to unity each year.
(d) Distributions of earners and earnings over 78 earnings categor ies The distributions of earners and earnings relative to average earnings are assumed for the projection period to be constantly equal to their actual adjusted five-year (1992 to 1996) average described and shown in section 3(c) below.
(e) Credit-splitting on marital union breakdown

The effect (not more than $0.02 \%$ of contributory earnings) of the equal apportionment of unadjusted pensionable earnings between spouses, in event of marital union breakdown, is accounted for by adjusting projected proportions of contributors and average (unadjusted) pensionable earnings of the respective spouses. These adjustments were achieved by assuming the following:

- On the basis of past medium-term average experience, the annual incidence rate of divorce is assumed at $1 \%$ for any age-sex-year cell. Divorce rates show a pattern of increases, but this was ignored because of its negligible effect on financial projections.
- The proportions of married contributors were derived from the proportions of contributors married at death mentioned at item (j) below, by multiplying the latter by ratios of mortality rates of both married and unmarried persons to mortality rates of married persons. These ratios, not available from CPP data, were taken from 1986 Canada Census data (catalogue 84-536E). The proportions of married persons (as opposed to married CPP contributors) were derived taking into account the above procedure and the assumption described in the following paragraph.
- The proportions of contributors (see section 3(d) below) are deemed not to vary by marital status for males, and the corresponding proportions for single females are deemed the same as those for males having the same age. Assumed proportions for married females are then obtained as the weighted differences between overall female proportions of contributors and single female proportions of contributors assumed as above.
- The distribution of average employment earnings of the cohort of spouses (sorted by age in accordance with the distribution of surviving spouses, described in section (1) below) of a cohort of contributors of a given age is assumed to apply uniformly to each of the 78 earnings categories of the given cohort of contributors.
(f) Employment mobility rate In respect of a cohort of persons born in a given calendar year, the employment mobility rate corresponds to the ratio, of those persons not contributing to CPP in respect of the calendar year who are assumed to never contribute to CPP, versus this cohort's highest annual proportion of contributors over its entire contributory period. For actuarial valuation purposes, the remainder of persons, i.e., those deemed to contribute for at least one year during the contributory period, is assumed to contribute randomly during the contributory period.

Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits
The employment mobility rate, which is required for the estimate of eligibility rates (see section $3(\mathrm{~g})$ below), and of the effect of the drop-out provisions (see section 3(h) below), is assumed to be constantly equal to 50\%.

For example, if the highest proportion of contributors of a cohort of persons over its entire contributory period is $80 \%$, then $10 \%$ (i.e., half of the proportion not contributing for that year) are assumed to never contribute and $90 \%$ (i.e., the difference between $100 \%$ and $10 \%$ ) are assumed to contribute randomly.
(g) Drop-out period Assumptions must be made regarding the child-rearing period and the years for which contributions are made over age 65:
i) Period during which the contributor had at least one dependent child under 7 years of age Because the actual proportions of males benefiting from the childrearing drop-out provision are very small, it was assumed that all years of child-rearing would relate to female contributors. In any event, this alternative approach has no significant effect on financial projections. For a female born in a given calendar year, the cumulative number of years to be dropped on account of the child-rearing drop-out provision was computed for each year during her contributory period. The calculation uses actual past and future assumed fertility rates (adjusted, to correspond to Canada less Québec, by weighting them by the population for the appropriate age, calendar year and residence) to yield the number of children born so far to the female. Assuming a uniform age difference of exactly two years between any two consecutive births, the childrearing period could then be computed taking into account the limit of seven years per child. Further, since years of child-rearing are not necessarily the years of lowest earnings, only half of the computed period was taken into account.
ii) Years for which contributions are made over age 65

The provision for the replacement of years of low earnings under age 65 by any years of higher earnings beyond age 65 is assumed to have a nil effect on retirement benefits.
(h) Retirement election proportions and retirement prevalence rates The assumed proportions, by age, sex and calendar year, of contributors electing to start receiving the retirement pension at a given age last birthday (ELECT) were determined by extrapolating the corresponding CPP experience for 1987 to 1997. These proportions correspond to the ratio of the number of emerging retirement beneficiaries (NUMRET) to the product of the population (POP) times the retirement benefit eligibility rate ELIRET (described in section 3(g) below).

$$
\operatorname{ELECT}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}}=\frac{\mathrm{NUMRET}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}}}{\operatorname{POP}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}} * \operatorname{ELIRET}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}}}
$$

Given the negligible proportion of contributors actually electing to start receiving the retirement pension after age 65 (less than $2.5 \%$ ), it was decided to assume that all contributors would be retired by age 65 . For each year after 1997, the retirement election proportion for males age 65 was taken as $100 \%$ minus the sum of proportions experienced by, or assumed for, the underlying cohort (of contributors reaching age 65 in the given year) for ages 60 to age 64. Actual experience for 1987 to 1997 reveals that only about $85 \%$ of eligible females have applied for retirement benefits by age 65 . For this reason, the assumption that $100 \%$ of all eligible females will have applied for retirement by age 65 is attained only gradually over 5 years. With this approach, it is implicitly assumed that all eligible contributors will have applied for the retirement pension by age 65 .

Retirement prevalence rates at mid-year (RETPRV) were derived from the retirement election proportions and retirement eligibility rates using the following formula:

$$
\left.\operatorname{RETPRV}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}}=\sum_{\mathrm{t}=60}^{\mathrm{x}-1} \operatorname{ELECT}_{\mathrm{t}}^{\mathrm{N}-(\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{t})} * \operatorname{ELIRET}_{\mathrm{t}}\right)^{\mathrm{N}-(\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{t})}+\operatorname{ELECT}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}} * \operatorname{ELIRET}_{\mathrm{x}}^{\mathrm{N}} * 13 / 24
$$

In the above equation, the $13 / 24$ factor is meant to reflect that, on average, $13 / 24$ of the emerging retirements of the current year have occurred before mid-year.

Appendix B-II. Earnings and Benefits
The retirement election proportions, and the underlying prevalence rates of retirement, are used for the following three estimates:

- the emergence of retirement benefits (using election proportions) described in section 3(i)i) below
- the reduction (using prevalence rates) effect of early retirement on disability incidence rates (described in section (i) below)
- the limit (using prevalence rates) on combined survivor-retirement pensions (described in section 3(i)iii) below)

A sample of some past actual and future assumed retirement election proportions is shown below by age, by sex and by calendar year.

Table VII.B. 12 Retirement Election Proportions

|  | Males |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 |
| 1987 | 0.262 | 0.201 | 0.232 | 0.247 | 0.293 | 0.815 |
| 1988 | 0.224 | 0.085 | 0.097 | 0.094 | 0.152 | 0.636 |
| 1989 | 0.230 | 0.068 | 0.069 | 0.070 | 0.110 | 0.556 |
| 1990 | 0.241 | 0.066 | 0.065 | 0.063 | 0.091 | 0.530 |
| 1991 | 0.274 | 0.077 | 0.078 | 0.072 | 0.096 | 0.502 |
| 1992 | 0.289 | 0.073 | 0.071 | 0.065 | 0.084 | 0.473 |
| 1993 | 0.306 | 0.077 | 0.073 | 0.066 | 0.081 | 0.468 |
| 1994 | 0.326 | 0.077 | 0.072 | 0.062 | 0.080 | 0.446 |
| 1995 | 0.343 | 0.073 | 0.067 | 0.061 | 0.070 | 0.460 |
| 1996 | 0.364 | 0.076 | 0.068 | 0.061 | 0.069 | 0.424 |
| 1997 | 0.360 | 0.065 | 0.058 | 0.050 | 0.064 | 0.404 |
| 1998 | 0.363 | 0.068 | 0.060 | 0.053 | 0.066 | 0.425 |
| 1999 | 0.367 | 0.072 | 0.063 | 0.057 | 0.068 | 0.417 |
| 2000 | 0.370 | 0.075 | 0.065 | 0.060 | 0.070 | 0.402 |
| 2001 | 0.370 | 0.075 | 0.065 | 0.060 | 0.070 | 0.384 |
| 2002 | 0.370 | 0.075 | 0.065 | 0.060 | 0.070 | 0.379 |
| 2003 | 0.370 | 0.075 | 0.065 | 0.060 | 0.070 | 0.370 |
| 2004 | 0.370 | 0.075 | 0.065 | 0.060 | 0.070 | 0.363 |
| 2005 | 0.370 | 0.075 | 0.065 | 0.060 | 0.070 | 0.360 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Females |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 |
| 1987 | 0.313 | 0.221 | 0.238 | 0.248 | 0.320 | 0.610 |
| 1988 | 0.265 | 0.085 | 0.090 | 0.091 | 0.177 | 0.442 |
| 1989 | 0.263 | 0.066 | 0.060 | 0.061 | 0.123 | 0.369 |
| 1990 | 0.270 | 0.059 | 0.054 | 0.047 | 0.095 | 0.336 |
| 1991 | 0.280 | 0.065 | 0.055 | 0.051 | 0.091 | 0.311 |
| 1992 | 0.290 | 0.062 | 0.055 | 0.049 | 0.080 | 0.289 |
| 1993 | 0.303 | 0.068 | 0.058 | 0.051 | 0.076 | 0.290 |
| 1994 | 0.334 | 0.067 | 0.057 | 0.051 | 0.076 | 0.281 |
| 1995 | 0.346 | 0.065 | 0.056 | 0.050 | 0.069 | 0.299 |
| 1996 | 0.367 | 0.068 | 0.057 | 0.048 | 0.074 | 0.277 |
| 1997 | 0.375 | 0.060 | 0.048 | 0.043 | 0.070 | 0.265 |
| 1998 | 0.377 | 0.063 | 0.052 | 0.047 | 0.072 | 0.285 |
| 1999 | 0.378 | 0.067 | 0.056 | 0.051 | 0.073 | 0.282 |
| 2000 | 0.380 | 0.070 | 0.060 | 0.055 | 0.075 | 0.295 |
| 2001 | 0.380 | 0.070 | 0.060 | 0.055 | 0.075 | 0.297 |
|  | 0.380 | 0.070 | 0.060 | 0.055 | 0.075 | 0.302 |
|  | 0.380 | 0.070 | 0.060 | 0.055 | 0.075 | 0.318 |
|  | 0.070 | 0.060 | 0.055 | 0.075 | 0.337 |  |
|  | 0.070 | 0.060 | 0.055 | 0.075 | 0.360 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Proportions for 1987 to 1997 are actual experience proportions

## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

(i) Disability incidence and termination rates Actual disability incidence rates (DIR, i.e., number of new cases as a proportion of the eligible population) by age and sex for each year of the study period (1970 to 1997) were developed as the ratio of the number of emerging disability beneficiaries (NUMDIS) to the product of the population (POP), the disability flat-rate benefit eligibility rate (ELIDFR, described in section $3(\mathrm{~g})$ below) and the complement of the retirement prevalence rate (RETPRV; see previous page).

$$
\mathrm{DIR}=\frac{\text { NUMDIS }}{\mathrm{POP} * E L I D F R *(1-\mathrm{RETPRV})}
$$

Actual disability termination rates were obtained, separately for death and recovery, by age, sex, duration, for each year from 1976 to 1993, as the ratio of the number of cases dying of, and recovering from, disability, respectively, at a particular duration (i.e., disability year) to the corresponding number of original emergences. In respect of any individual case exposed to risk (death and recovery) only partially during any year of disability due to occurrence of the risk or to the starting or termination of the study period, the denominator (number of original emergences) was adjusted in accordance with the Balducci formula (i.e., $\left.{ }_{1-t \mid} q_{x+t}=(1-t) * q_{x}\right)$. The total (death and recovery) disability termination rate for each age-sex cell was obtained as the sum of the death and recovery rates minus the product of the two same rates.

Historical values of disability incidence and termination rates obtained using the above procedures, for all ages combined, are summarized in the graph and the table below.

Graph VII.B. 4 Historical Disability Incidence Rates (per 1,000)

## DISABILITY INCIDENCE RATES



## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

Table VII.B. 13 Historical Disability Termination Rates (per 1,000)

|  | Muration of Disability |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Attained <br> Year | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | $6+$ |
| 1976 | 100.207 | 88.419 | 66.819 | 60.690 | 57.613 | 47.487 |
| 1977 | 118.273 | 108.888 | 81.129 | 63.887 | 60.419 | 57.387 |
| 1978 | 137.027 | 99.261 | 67.936 | 62.832 | 65.817 | 53.070 |
| 1979 | 144.219 | 97.624 | 70.600 | 63.475 | 55.748 | 53.955 |
| 1980 | 137.481 | 91.778 | 71.906 | 56.494 | 52.873 | 51.421 |
| 1981 | 136.766 | 94.509 | 72.736 | 60.781 | 53.720 | 48.481 |
| 1982 | 111.181 | 76.792 | 52.788 | 47.005 | 45.944 | 41.416 |
| 1983 | 120.260 | 81.536 | 56.598 | 44.873 | 42.267 | 41.730 |
| 1984 | 110.926 | 83.068 | 56.549 | 46.798 | 43.997 | 40.203 |
| 1985 | 112.913 | 79.354 | 59.063 | 51.563 | 47.675 | 42.547 |
| 1986 | 103.997 | 79.723 | 57.260 | 53.912 | 45.261 | 41.463 |
| 1987 | 102.011 | 69.527 | 49.185 | 43.629 | 40.255 | 40.333 |
| 1988 | 93.034 | 74.563 | 49.992 | 41.687 | 39.111 | 38.645 |
| 1989 | 99.786 | 72.904 | 52.097 | 41.128 | 37.839 | 39.412 |
| 1990 | 93.455 | 69.987 | 48.125 | 39.905 | 35.818 | 35.724 |
| 1991 | 80.659 | 62.471 | 44.706 | 34.357 | 33.750 | 32.757 |
| 1992 | 82.207 | 60.846 | 45.142 | 37.615 | 32.486 | 32.546 |
| 1993 | 105.692 | 58.774 | 41.957 | 34.036 | 30.112 | 30.377 |
| Average | 107.339 | 77.357 | 55.106 | 46.227 | 42.199 | 38.717 |

Table VII.B. 13 Historical Disability Termination Rates (per 1,000) (continued)

|  | Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Attained |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year | Duration of Disability |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | $6+$ |  |
| 1976 | 53.571 | 54.991 | 37.135 | 32.277 | 42.395 | 37.411 |  |
| 1977 | 69.379 | 64.249 | 44.681 | 43.572 | 39.386 | 43.982 |  |
| 1978 | 87.146 | 57.879 | 42.217 | 31.156 | 39.703 | 35.425 |  |
| 1979 | 98.511 | 58.400 | 45.178 | 31.981 | 26.701 | 32.445 |  |
| 1980 | 87.708 | 62.861 | 37.984 | 34.874 | 29.942 | 25.845 |  |
| 1981 | 93.267 | 68.996 | 39.850 | 32.893 | 31.774 | 26.645 |  |
| 1982 | 85.591 | 61.156 | 37.312 | 26.030 | 27.225 | 23.929 |  |
| 1983 | 96.825 | 60.515 | 38.742 | 25.198 | 18.017 | 22.395 |  |
| 1984 | 82.206 | 53.623 | 38.815 | 30.640 | 25.386 | 21.629 |  |
| 1985 | 92.152 | 60.442 | 39.042 | 31.092 | 24.150 | 23.647 |  |
| 1986 | 87.152 | 63.601 | 39.248 | 25.421 | 20.808 | 22.782 |  |
| 1987 | 78.471 | 51.954 | 37.214 | 27.394 | 17.127 | 22.362 |  |
| 1988 | 69.120 | 51.041 | 34.092 | 21.091 | 22.620 | 19.941 |  |
| 1989 | 70.073 | 51.814 | 36.863 | 26.415 | 26.002 | 20.394 |  |
| 1990 | 64.902 | 47.769 | 31.750 | 22.657 | 18.457 | 19.447 |  |
| 1991 | 56.965 | 46.621 | 33.040 | 19.615 | 15.869 | 16.899 |  |
| 1992 | 56.320 | 45.156 | 30.396 | 21.944 | 17.028 | 17.894 |  |
| 1993 | 83.284 | 42.136 | 24.048 | 19.130 | 18.492 | 15.153 |  |
| Average | 75.663 | 52.949 | 35.016 | 25.422 | 22.095 | 20.297 |  |

It can be seen from the preceding graph and table that the incidence (i.e., number of new cases as a proportion of the eligible population) and duration of disability have gradually increased since 1980. The annual rate of change in incidence rates was particularly acute in 1993 to a lesser extent in 1994. The disability incidence rate has declined rapidly since 1995 and currently (1997) is at a level that is more typical of historical levels. Factors which strongly influenced this reversal in the trend are related to administrative changes put in place since 1994. Beginning in 1994, the CPP administration initiated a range of measures

Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits
designed to effectively manage the growing pressure on the disability program. In September 1995, the guidelines for the determination of disabilities were revised, on the basis of judicial positions, to put the emphasis back on the medical basis and to de-emphasize the use of socio-economic factors. The guidelines are used at all levels in the determination process, thus greatly increasing consistency in decision making. Other measures, including increased reassessments of the disability status, expansion of vocational rehabilitation services and the implementation of a formal quality assurance program also contributed to reduce the aggregate level of disability incidence.

After considering the above factors it was decided to adopt the following disability assumptions for purposes of this report:

## Incidence rates

- The aggregate (all ages combined using the 1997 population for weights) ultimate incidence rates for 2005 and subsequent years are taken to be 4.0 and 3.0 per 1,000 for males and females, respectively. These aggregate incidence rates correspond closely to the average pre-1990s experience of about 4.5 and 3.5 per 1,000 for males and females, respectively, but reduced to take account of the more stringent disability eligibility rules introduced in Bill C-2 which become effective after 1997. These were distributed by age in accordance with the average 1997 experience for each sex.
- For intervening years (1998 to 2004), the male and female rates by age are assumed to increase gradually from their current levels of 2.58 and 2.55 per 1,000 in 1997 towards the assumed aggregate ultimate level for 2005.

Termination (death and recovery) rates
The following termination rates are deemed to apply by age, sex and duration on an attained calendar year basis (i.e., on all cases being in pay during the attained calendar year irrespective of the calendar year of emergence of disability):

- The average 1976 to 1993 experience is assumed to apply for 1998 and subsequent calendar years.

A sample of the assumed disability ultimate incidence and termination rates is shown in the following tables.

Table VII.B. 14 Assumed Ultimate Disability Incidence Rates (per 1,000 population)

| Age | Males | Females |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 0.124 | 0.049 |
| 25 | 0.635 | 0.392 |
| 30 | 1.408 | 1.116 |
| 35 | 1.608 | 1.372 |
| 40 | 2.210 | 2.200 |
| 45 | 3.584 | 3.396 |
| 50 | 4.731 | 4.376 |
| 55 | 10.578 | 7.919 |
| 60 | 21.220 | 16.126 |

Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits
Table VII.B. 15 Assumed Disability Termination Rates (per 1,000 beneficiaries)

| Age at disablemen t | Males |  |  |  |  |  | Attained Age |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year of Disability |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \& \\ & \text { over } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 20 | 134.662 | 181.647 | 143.156 | 96.758 | 68.868 | 49.840 | 25 |
| 25 | 129.709 | 149.106 | 121.218 | 84.667 | 61.759 | 40.750 | 30 |
| 30 | 126.617 | 129.847 | 101.246 | 71.373 | 54.407 | 32.432 | 35 |
| 35 | 122.737 | 117.655 | 91.769 | 57.342 | 46.900 | 28.678 | 40 |
| 40 | 120.129 | 106.846 | 73.340 | 51.988 | 42.537 | 28.031 | 45 |
| 45 | 125.606 | 95.792 | 60.266 | 47.098 | 40.363 | 29.321 | 50 |
| 50 | 127.083 | 85.193 | 55.305 | 44.014 | 39.164 | 36.067 | 55 |
| 55 | 107.530 | 72.878 | 48.260 | 43.585 | 40.711 | 42.711 | 60 |
| 60 | 89.507 | 61.942 | 48.020 | 46.161 | 43.371 | 0.000 | 65 |

Females

| Age at <br> disablemen <br> t | Year of Disability |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 103.173 | 133.140 | 102.647 | 81.509 | 46.610 | 34.259 | 25 |
|  | 97.778 | 109.435 | 80.909 | 62.643 | 38.626 | 28.867 | 30 |
|  | 96.739 | 85.310 | 62.922 | 45.346 | 32.029 | 24.506 | 35 |
|  | 99.785 | 74.784 | 50.323 | 35.235 | 25.489 | 19.944 | 40 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(j) Proportions of contributors married at death

The assumed proportions of contributors married at time of their death were determined from benefits statistics as at 31 December 1997. The number of emerging surviving spouse benefits, sorted according to the age and sex of the deceasing contributing spouse, was divided by the number of all emerging death benefits relating to the same age and sex. This measure corresponds exactly to the proportion required for the valuation of survivor benefits since eligibility for survivor benefits is the same as for death benefits. For each age-sex cell, the resulting actual proportions for 1996 were:

- smoothed; with only a few slight adjustments required for this purpose; and
- uniformly adjusted, for each age, so that the overall average over all ages combined, separately for each sex, equals the actual average for 1996.

The resulting adjusted proportions are deemed to correspond to 1996. On the basis of the trends shown over the period 1987 to 1996, the proportions assumed for the projection period were obtained by decreasing geometrically these 1996 proportions by $1.1 \%$ and $0.4 \%$ for males and females under age 65 , respectively, and by decreasing $0.6 \%$ and increasing $1.3 \%$ for males and females over 65 , respectively, each year from 1997 to 2001. Proportions are assumed to remain constant (ultimate) after 2001. Sample ultimate values are shown below.

Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

Table VII.B. 16 Assumed Ultimate Proportion of Contributors Married at Death (percentages)

| Age | Males | Females |
| :---: | ---: | :---: |
| 20 | 5.64 | 4.55 |
| 25 | 14.84 | 15.23 |
| 30 | 29.09 | 40.70 |
| 35 | 41.40 | 57.55 |
| 40 | 49.46 | 65.19 |
| 45 | 57.94 | 68.88 |
| 50 | 65.38 | 67.87 |
| 55 | 70.32 | 67.68 |
| 60 | 72.15 | 64.22 |
| 65 | 72.63 | 61.15 |
| 70 | 72.67 | 48.83 |
| 75 | 71.14 | 33.75 |
| 80 | 65.24 | 20.70 |
| 85 | 57.16 | 10.88 |
| 90 | 45.58 | 3.54 |

(k) Proportion of survivors emerging under age 45 with reduced benefits Surviving spouses emerging under age 45 , if then not disabled and in the absence of any eligible children under their care, are only entitled to reduced survivor benefits. To account for this provision, it was assumed that $75 \%$ of all surviving spouses emerging under age 45 would then be disabled or have at least one eligible dependent child.
(1) Distributions of spouses by age

The distributions of spouses by age are required in the valuation process for:

- the survivorship of survivor benefits' beneficiaries;
- estimating the effect of limits applying to combined pensions; and
- estimating orphan's benefits, regarding the numbers of children born to the female spouses of deceased male contributors.


## Assumptions

For a cohort of married contributors of a given age and sex at time of death, the distribution of their spouses by age is assumed, throughout the projection period, to be the same as the actual distribution over 1988 to 1997 derived from benefits statistics. The assumed distributions of spouses by age are shown in the table below.

Table VII.B. 17 Distributions of Surviving Spouses by Age (percentages)

| Age of <br> Wife at <br> Death | $15-19$ | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35-39$ | $40-44$ | $45-49$ | $50-54$ | $55-59$ | $60-64$ | $65-69$ | $70-74$ | $75-79$ | $80-84$ | $85-89$ | $90+$ |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $15-19$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $20-24$ | 0.0 | 25.8 | 51.5 | 12.1 | 9.1 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $25-29$ | 0.0 | 2.0 | 32.8 | 40.2 | 19.7 | 3.9 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $30-34$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.3 | 37.7 | 42.4 | 11.4 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $35-39$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 5.8 | 45.1 | 35.3 | 9.3 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $40-44$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.8 | 8.3 | 41.1 | 35.3 | 9.5 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $45-49$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 8.4 | 38.8 | 35.1 | 10.8 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $50-54$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 1.9 | 7.8 | 36.1 | 36.8 | 12.4 | 3.2 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $55-59$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 7.5 | 37.6 | 38.0 | 10.8 | 2.7 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $60-64$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 8.0 | 40.1 | 36.7 | 9.8 | 2.3 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| $65-69$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 2.6 | 10.8 | 40.3 | 32.6 | 9.9 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| $70-74$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 3.8 | 13.0 | 40.1 | 31.2 | 9.0 | 1.6 | 0.2 |
| $75-79$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 4.8 | 16.2 | 40.8 | 28.2 | 6.5 | 1.0 |
| $80-84$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.9 | 2.6 | 7.0 | 19.3 | 43.6 | 21.8 | 4.5 |
| $85-89$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 3.7 | 9.5 | 24.5 | 43.9 | 16.5 |
| $90+$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.8 | 2.8 | 7.8 | 11.1 | 28.6 | 47.0 |

Appendix B-II. Earnings and Benefits
Table VII.B. 17 Distributions of Surviving Spouses by Age (percentages) (continued)

| Age of <br> Husband <br> at Death | $15-19$ | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | $35-39$ | $40-44$ | $45-49$ | $50-54$ | $55-59$ | $60-64$ | $65-69$ | $70-74$ | $75-79$ | $80-84$ | $85-89$ | $90+$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $15-19$ | 50.0 | 50.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $20-24$ | 10.4 | 62.1 | 21.0 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| $25-29$ | 1.3 | 26.3 | 53.1 | 14.2 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $30-34$ | 0.2 | 3.8 | 28.0 | 50.2 | 13.3 | 3.4 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $35-39$ | 0.1 | 0.6 | 6.2 | 31.9 | 48.3 | 9.7 | 2.4 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $40-44$ | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 8.3 | 34.5 | 43.7 | 9.1 | 2.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $45-49$ | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 2.4 | 10.8 | 35.4 | 41.0 | 7.6 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $50-54$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 3.5 | 11.4 | 36.7 | 37.9 | 7.3 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $55-59$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 12.1 | 35.2 | 36.8 | 7.9 | 1.8 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $60-64$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 4.1 | 11.5 | 34.2 | 36.9 | 8.9 | 1.8 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| $65-69$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 3.8 | 11.4 | 34.6 | 37.3 | 8.7 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| $70-74$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 13.3 | 37.0 | 34.7 | 7.5 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| $75-79$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 4.7 | 16.9 | 38.6 | 30.8 | 6.1 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| $80-84$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 6.8 | 20.5 | 38.9 | 26.4 | 3.9 | 0.4 |
| $85-89$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 3.1 | 10.0 | 24.8 | 39.1 | 19.3 | 2.2 |
| $90+$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 5.5 | 14.1 | 30.0 | 33.5 | 13.8 |

(m) Proportions of children at school in age-range 18 to 25

Assumed proportions of children at school in age group 18 to 25 are required for the valuation of children's benefits (Disabled Contributor's Child and Orphan). They were taken from Statistics Canada publication Education in Canada (catalogue 81-229-XPB for 1973-1996) and are assumed for 1997 and later to be equal to the actual 1996 proportions.

Table VII.B. 18 Assumed Proportions of Children at School

| Age | Proportion |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 0.589 |
| 19 | 0.472 |
| 20 | 0.387 |
| 21 | 0.349 |
| 22 | 0.268 |
| 23 | 0.180 |
| 24 | 0.121 |
| 25 | 0.097 |

(n) Distribution, by amount, of aver age retirement pensions Since earnings-related benefits are computed for age-sex cohorts of persons as opposed to individual persons, a distribution of average retirement pensions by amount is required for estimating the effect of limits applying to the earnings-related portion of combined survivor-retirement and survivor-disability pensions, and to the death benefit.

Distributions, expressed as a percentage of the CPP maximum annual retirement pension and available from benefits statistics for six categories of amount $(0-20 \%, 20-40 \%, 40-60 \%, 60-80 \%, 80-99 \%$ and $100 \%$ ), of past actual emerging retirement pensions, grouped by age, sex and calendar year, were used as a basis for developing a mathematical formula reproducing closely these actual distributions.

This formula produces a continuous distribution that varies according to the ratio of the average retirement pension to the maximum retirement pension. Distributions were then retained only for each of the 100 integer values of the ratio equal to $1 \%, 2 \%$, and so on up to $100 \%$. For each of these 100 values of the ratio, the average retirement pension continuous distribution, expressed as a proportion of the maximum retirement pension, was aggregated within each of 10 equal groups of persons in the cohort. For this purpose, persons in the cohort are sorted by order of magnitude of their earnings.

## Appendix B-II. Earnings and Benefits

A sample of the resulting model distribution is shown below for 21 values selected from the retained 100 values of the ratio.

Table VII.B. 19 Distribution of the Average Retirement Pension as a Proportion of the Maximum Pension

| Ratio | Rank of each of the $1010 \%$-categories of persons in the cohort |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 0.01 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0098 | 0.0118 |
| 0.05 | 0.0165 | 0.0224 | 0.0253 | 0.0272 | 0.0293 | 0.0326 | 0.0389 | 0.0523 | 0.0846 | 0.1709 |
| 0.10 | 0.0249 | 0.0381 | 0.0446 | 0.0490 | 0.0537 | 0.0611 | 0.0754 | 0.1054 | 0.1780 | 0.3698 |
| 0.15 | 0.0333 | 0.0539 | 0.0640 | 0.0707 | 0.0780 | 0.0897 | 0.1118 | 0.1586 | 0.2715 | 0.5686 |
| 0.20 | 0.0411 | 0.0692 | 0.0853 | 0.0978 | 0.1115 | 0.1312 | 0.1650 | 0.2296 | 0.3705 | 0.6989 |
| 0.25 | 0.0488 | 0.0844 | 0.1067 | 0.1249 | 0.1449 | 0.1728 | 0.2181 | 0.3007 | 0.4694 | 0.8291 |
| 0.30 | 0.0534 | 0.1003 | 0.1362 | 0.1691 | 0.2037 | 0.2452 | 0.3014 | 0.3884 | 0.5453 | 0.8570 |
| 0.35 | 0.0580 | 0.1161 | 0.1658 | 0.2132 | 0.2625 | 0.3176 | 0.3847 | 0.4760 | 0.6212 | 0.8848 |
| 0.40 | 0.0625 | 0.1319 | 0.1953 | 0.2574 | 0.3213 | 0.3901 | 0.4680 | 0.5637 | 0.6971 | 0.9126 |
| 0.45 | 0.0671 | 0.1478 | 0.2248 | 0.3016 | 0.3801 | 0.4625 | 0.5514 | 0.6514 | 0.7730 | 0.9405 |
| 0.50 | 0.0716 | 0.1636 | 0.2544 | 0.3457 | 0.4389 | 0.5349 | 0.6347 | 0.7390 | 0.8488 | 0.9683 |
| 0.55 | 0.0818 | 0.1984 | 0.3132 | 0.4205 | 0.5200 | 0.6134 | 0.7031 | 0.7913 | 0.8820 | 0.9762 |
| 0.60 | 0.0919 | 0.2333 | 0.3719 | 0.4953 | 0.6011 | 0.6919 | 0.7715 | 0.8436 | 0.9152 | 0.9842 |
| 0.65 | 0.1020 | 0.2681 | 0.4307 | 0.5701 | 0.6823 | 0.7704 | 0.8399 | 0.8960 | 0.9484 | 0.9921 |
| 0.70 | 0.1121 | 0.3030 | 0.4895 | 0.6449 | 0.7634 | 0.8489 | 0.9083 | 0.9483 | 0.9816 | 1.0000 |
| 0.75 | 0.1361 | 0.3755 | 0.5867 | 0.7395 | 0.8415 | 0.9072 | 0.9488 | 0.9738 | 0.9908 | 1.0000 |
| 0.80 | 0.1601 | 0.4481 | 0.6840 | 0.8341 | 0.9196 | 0.9655 | 0.9892 | 0.9994 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 0.85 | 0.2700 | 0.6163 | 0.7960 | 0.8954 | 0.9505 | 0.9788 | 0.9934 | 0.9996 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 0.90 | 0.3798 | 0.7846 | 0.9081 | 0.9566 | 0.9814 | 0.9920 | 0.9975 | 0.9999 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 0.95 | 0.6041 | 0.9182 | 0.9824 | 0.9953 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |
| 1.00 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |

The distribution of the average retirement pension, as defined above, is assumed to be static over the years. However, it is nonetheless effectively dynamic since it is properly designed to apply to the average retirement benefit factor computed, as described in section 3(h) below, on a dynamic basis, i.e., varying by age and sex and year of emergence of the retirement pension. If, for example, the average retirement pension of a cohort of contributors retiring in a given year is equal to $70 \%$ of the maximum retirement pension applicable to cases emerging during that year, the table below indicates that $10 \%$ of the cohort have a retirement
pension averaging $11.21 \%$ of the maximum retirement pension, the next $10 \%$ have a retirement pension averaging $30.30 \%$ of the maximum retirement pension, and so on, with the tenth $10 \%$ sub-group of the cohort having a retirement pension averaging $100 \%$ of the maximum retirement pension. Summing these 10 average percentages and dividing by 10 accordingly equals the underlying ratio of $70 \%$. For any value of the ratio falling in between two consecutive values of the 100 model values, linear interpolation is used to determine the desired distribution of the average retirement pension.
3. Methodology
(a) General approach

Given the inherent complexity of the valuation methodology and the intent here to facilitate its comprehension as much as possible, it is appropriate at this stage to point out two significant characteristics of the general approach underlying the valuation methodology.
i) The actuarial approach used for projections is macro-simulated as opposed to micro-simulated. One of the important characteristics of such macro-simulation is that projections are made relying on grouped, as opposed to individual, data (mainly numbers of persons and earnings). This results in the need for a considerably smaller volume of data to be processed. Using micro-simulation, individual benefits can be easily determined via calculations involving individual data. Using macro-simulation, only aggregate benefits (i.e., combined by age and sex separately for each year of benefit emergence) can be obtained directly, since the data used in the computational processes are aggregate values. Through macrosimulation, the average initial annual retirement pension of all persons (as opposed to all contributors) born in a given calendar of birth, split by sex is obtained, generally speaking (i.e., ignoring the $25 \%$ benefit proportion, the wage escalation provision, the drop-out provisions, etc.), by summing, over the contributory period of this cohort, the annual products of the proportion of contributors by the average pensionable earnings deemed to apply to the given cohort, and by dividing this sum by the number of years included in the contributory period. The preceding formula reproduces correctly the average employment earnings of the cohort, except that it implicitly assumes that the average annual earnings of those who die before retirement is exactly the same as all other persons of the

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underlying age-sex cohort for each calendar year until the year of death. This formula was retained given that this implicit assumption is generally reasonable. A minor exception occurs in respect of the year in which a contributor dies, when, on average, employment earnings would be earned for only half of a year. However, given the low proportions of deaths before retirement, such part-year earnings have a negligible effect on the financial projections.
ii) All projections are made using 1966 as the starting point of projections instead of the beginning (1998) of the statutory valuation period. This is done for the following three reasons:

- The valuation methodology can be validated for the prevaluation years (1966 to 1997) by comparing the values (benefits, contributions, numbers of beneficiaries, of contributors, etc.) computed for these years with actual results. The computerized valuation system incorporates an extensive methodology validation process that examines the numbers and amounts of all past benefits by age (both at emergence and attained), by sex and by calendar year.
- The projection of those benefits already in pay on the valuation date (31 December 1997) is fully integrated with that of benefits emerging after this date, thus ensuring full consistency of the various valuation processes used for these two series of beneficiaries.
- Certain amendments to the plan, e.g., the one underlying Bill C-57, which was the subject of the CPP thirteenth statutory actuarial report, instate beneficiaries rejected before the effective date of the amendment. Though such instatements are made without retroactive payments, their proper evaluation can be made only by hypothetically instating them at the prior rejection date.
(b) Projection of economic indices
i) Consumer Price Index (CPI)

The CPI is projected for each calendar year of the valuation period by increasing geometrically its most recent average, over the 12 -
month period ending in December, in accordance with the assumed annual increase in prices. Designating this assumed rate of increase in prices as "c" (e.g., $c=0.03$ in respect of a $3.0 \%$ assumption), the CPI for a given calendar year is accordingly obtained by multiplying the previous year's CPI by " $1+c$ ".
ii) Pension Index (PI)

The PI for a given calendar year corresponds to the CPI averaged over the 12 -month period ending in October of the previous year. It is therefore computed simply as the sum of $5 / 6$ of the previous year's CPI plus $1 / 6$ of the CPI for the year preceding that previous year. PI values are used for the price-escalation of benefits.
iii) Average Industrial Aggregate Wage (AIAW)

The most current (1997) value for the AIAW is projected into the future using the assumed annual rate of increase in earnings in a manner exactly parallel to that used for the CPI projections. Values of the AIAW are used in projecting future values of the YMPE.
iv) Year's Maximum Pensionable Earnings (YMPE)

Year's Basic Exemption (YBE)
The YMPE is projected for each calendar year of the valuation period by increasing its most recent unrounded value in accordance with the applicable increase in the AIAW computed as above. The AIAW increase applicable to the YMPE of a given year, to produce the YMPE for the following year, is the one experienced on average during the 12 -month period ending with 30 June of the given year. Therefore, the increase factor corresponds on average to the ratio of the AIAW as at 1 January of the given year to that as at 1 January of the preceding year. Since AIAWs computed as described in paragraph iii) above correspond to 1 July as opposed to 1 January, the YMPE for a given calendar year is accordingly obtained by multiplying the previous year's unrounded YMPE by the square root of the ratio of the AIAW for the previous year to the AIAW for the third year preceding the given year, and by rounding the result to the next lower multiple of $\$ 100$. The calculation of the unrounded YMPE for a given calendar year N can therefore be expressed as:

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$\mathrm{YMPE}_{\mathrm{N}}=\mathrm{YMPE}_{\mathrm{N}-1} * \sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{AIAW}_{\mathrm{N}-1}}{\mathrm{AIAW}_{\mathrm{N}-3}}}=\mathrm{YMPE}_{\mathrm{N}-1} * \sqrt{\left(1+\mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{N}-2}\right)\left(1+\mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{N}-1}\right)}$
where $\mathrm{s}_{\mathrm{N}}$ corresponds to the assumed annual increase in average employment earnings from year $\mathrm{N}-1$ to year N .

The unrounded value of the YMPE is $\$ 36,902.19$ for 1998 . The first year for which the YMPE was projected is 1999.

For any year after 1997, according to Bill C-2 (effective 1 January 1998) the YBE is defined as $\$ 3,500$. For years prior to 1998 , the YBE was obtained by taking $10 \%$ of the rounded value of the YMPE for that year and by rounding the result to the next lower multiple of $\$ 100$.
v) Earnings index

In the computation of actual CPP earnings-related benefits, each year's pensionable earnings are escalated (see definition of pensionable earnings in paragraph 1 of Appendix A). To reflect this plan provision, an earnings index is computed for each year as the ratio of the Maximum Pensionable Earnings Average (MPEA) to the Pension Index (PI) for the given year. The denominator of the year's earnings index is the year's PI instead of the year's YMPE for the following two reasons:

- the year's YMPE adjustment is included in the calculation of the average earnings-related benefit factor (see paragraph 3(h)i) below); and
- the price indexation of CPP earnings-related pensions involves the ratio of the Pension Index (PI) of the year of payment to the PI of the year of emergence of the benefit. It is accordingly convenient and efficient for computational purposes to include the year-of-emergence PI in the denominator of the earnings index. Then, ignoring survivorship considerations, the computation of benefits for any year following emergence can simply multiply the emergence year's benefits by the PI for the payment year.
vi) Maximum retirement pension

With the exception of the actuarial adjustment in connection with the variable retirement age provision, the maximum annual pension payable in respect of a retirement benefit emerging in a given year is equal to $25 \%$ of the MPEA. Then, for computational efficiency as well as consistency with the structure and usage of the earnings index described above, this maximum pension is divided by the year's PI. The maximum pension is used to:

- identify the limit, incidentally equal to the maximum retirement pension, applying to combined survivor-retirement and survivor-disability pensions;
- compute the ratio used for the distribution of average retirement pensions involved in estimating the effect of the limits on combined earnings-related survivor-retirement and survivor-disability pensions as well as on the death benefit (see sections (i)iii) \& (i)iv) below);
- adjust benefit eligibility rates (see section 3(g) below) whenever required for consistency purposes.
(c) Proportions of earners, aver age employment earnings and distributions of earners and earnings
As mentioned in section 1(e) above, earnings statistics are combined into quinquennial age groups. Since the valuation process works on an individual age basis, actual past (1966 to 1996) proportions of earners, average employment earnings and distributions of earners and earnings are desegregated to an individual age basis using appropriate interpolation formulae.

They are also adjusted so that the age corresponds to 1 July instead of 31 December of the relevant calendar year. This is required because the valuation methodology is designed on an average mid-year basis. For this purpose, specific 4-pivotal point actuarial interpolation formulae were developed.

A sample of past actual and future assumed proportions of earners and average employment earnings, and of the assumed (constant over the years) distributions of earners and of their average employment earnings over 78 earnings categories is shown in the tables below.

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Table VII.B. 20 Historical and Assumed Proportions of Earners

|  | Males |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Age | 1985 | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 20 | 0.8229 | 0.7636 | 0.7994 | 0.8824 | 0.8824 | 0.8824 | 0.8824 |
| 25 | 0.9173 | 0.8502 | 0.8765 | 0.9236 | 0.9236 | 0.9236 | 0.9236 |
| 30 | 0.9208 | 0.8672 | 0.8929 | 0.9374 | 0.9374 | 0.9374 | 0.9374 |
| 35 | 0.9583 | 0.8671 | 0.8834 | 0.9424 | 0.9424 | 0.9424 | 0.9424 |
| 40 | 0.9462 | 0.8664 | 0.8935 | 0.9274 | 0.9274 | 0.9274 | 0.9274 |
| 45 | 0.9219 | 0.8732 | 0.8764 | 0.9097 | 0.9097 | 0.9097 | 0.9097 |
| 50 | 0.8999 | 0.8545 | 0.8478 | 0.8847 | 0.8847 | 0.8847 | 0.8847 |
| 55 | 0.8418 | 0.7901 | 0.7942 | 0.8301 | 0.8301 | 0.8301 | 0.8301 |
| 60 | 0.7578 | 0.5802 | 0.5374 | 0.4500 | 0.4500 | 0.4500 | 0.4500 |
| 65 | 0.3626 | 0.2369 | 0.2070 | 0.1500 | 0.1500 | 0.1500 | 0.1500 |
|  |  |  |  | Females |  |  |  |
| Age | 1985 | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 20 | 0.7823 | 0.7231 | 0.7629 | 0.8512 | 0.8512 | 0.8512 | 0.8512 |
| 25 | 0.7968 | 0.7703 | 0.7911 | 0.8355 | 0.8355 | 0.8355 | 0.8355 |
| 30 | 0.7301 | 0.7610 | 0.7764 | 0.7974 | 0.7974 | 0.7974 | 0.7974 |
| 35 | 0.7520 | 0.7565 | 0.7723 | 0.8274 | 0.8274 | 0.8274 | 0.8274 |
| 40 | 0.7576 | 0.7793 | 0.7995 | 0.8274 | 0.8274 | 0.8274 | 0.8274 |
| 45 | 0.7251 | 0.7957 | 0.7890 | 0.8010 | 0.8010 | 0.8010 | 0.8010 |
| 50 | 0.6482 | 0.7394 | 0.7396 | 0.7760 | 0.7760 | 0.7760 | 0.7760 |
| 55 | 0.5320 | 0.6195 | 0.6497 | 0.7398 | 0.7398 | 0.7398 | 0.7398 |
| 60 | 0.3973 | 0.3986 | 0.3983 | 0.4000 | 0.4000 | 0.4000 | 0.4000 |
| 65 | 0.1674 | 0.1446 | 0.1365 | 0.1250 | 0.1250 | 0.1250 | 0.1250 |

Table VII.B. 21 Historical and Assumed Average Employment Earnings

|  | Males |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 1985 | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 20 | 8,268 | 9,240 | 10,059 | 25,878 | 67,658 | 177,336 | 466,735 |
| 25 | 17,322 | 20,476 | 22,209 | 57,237 | 149,992 | 393,853 | $1,038,065$ |
| 30 | 23,257 | 29,279 | 31,716 | 80,936 | 210,955 | 551,570 | $1,449,101$ |
| 35 | 27,507 | 34,992 | 37,804 | 96,063 | 248,750 | 647,329 | $1,694,488$ |
| 40 | 30,139 | 38,539 | 41,361 | 104,992 | 271,604 | 706,269 | $1,847,669$ |
| 45 | 30,174 | 41,085 | 43,931 | 111,123 | 287,924 | 748,983 | $1,960,054$ |
| 50 | 29,412 | 42,202 | 45,447 | 115,276 | 297,644 | 772,695 | $2,019,157$ |
| 55 | 27,634 | 37,697 | 40,879 | 104,400 | 268,799 | 696,833 | $1,818,610$ |
| 60 | 24,521 | 33,273 | 36,316 | 93,326 | 240,408 | 622,541 | $1,623,643$ |
| 65 | 13,025 | 20,540 | 22,263 | 57,451 | 147,978 | 382,926 | 998,213 |
|  |  |  |  | Females |  |  |  |
| Age | 1985 | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 20 | 6,652 | 7,146 | 7,710 | 21,178 | 58,099 | 157,848 | 426,840 |
| 25 | 12,408 | 16,215 | 17,474 | 47,745 | 130,645 | 354,337 | 957,056 |
| 30 | 14,345 | 20,808 | 22,880 | 63,397 | 175,398 | 479,256 | $1,301,326$ |
| 35 | 15,282 | 22,639 | 25,050 | 70,855 | 197,977 | 544,558 | $1,485,239$ |
| 40 | 15,648 | 24,758 | 27,184 | 77,001 | 215,282 | 592,350 | $1,615,860$ |
| 45 | 15,386 | 26,276 | 29,080 | 81,903 | 229,035 | 629,830 | $1,717,515$ |
| 50 | 14,921 | 25,886 | 28,959 | 82,746 | 232,313 | 640,774 | $1,751,021$ |
| 55 | 14,084 | 22,542 | 25,303 | 73,458 | 206,832 | 571,881 | $1,564,960$ |
| 60 | 13,453 | 19,763 | 22,018 | 64,746 | 183,143 | 507,198 | $1,389,656$ |
| 65 | 7,968 | 11,776 | 13,107 | 39,072 | 111,157 | 308,813 | 847,940 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

Table VII.B. 22 Assumed Distributions of Earners by Earnings Category

| Males |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Earnings Category (*) | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 |
| 5 | 0.0398 | 0.0382 | 0.0376 | 0.0343 | 0.0325 | 0.0316 | 0.0313 | 0.0324 | 0.0400 | 0.0691 | 0.1246 |
| 10 | 0.0810 | 0.0729 | 0.0674 | 0.0607 | 0.0577 | 0.0567 | 0.0561 | 0.0574 | 0.0687 | 0.1055 | 0.1780 |
| 20 | 0.1572 | 0.1392 | 0.1257 | 0.1133 | 0.1098 | 0.1100 | 0.1108 | 0.1146 | 0.1329 | 0.1722 | 0.2523 |
| 30 | 0.2291 | 0.2069 | 0.1866 | 0.1688 | 0.1621 | 0.1607 | 0.1621 | 0.1676 | 0.1928 | 0.2355 | 0.3161 |
| 40 | 0.2988 | 0.2768 | 0.2462 | 0.2199 | 0.2108 | 0.2092 | 0.2093 | 0.2157 | 0.2470 | 0.2907 | 0.3704 |
| 50 | 0.3667 | 0.3477 | 0.3028 | 0.2682 | 0.2584 | 0.2550 | 0.2550 | 0.2624 | 0.2978 | 0.3419 | 0.4188 |
| 60 | 0.4292 | 0.4158 | 0.3569 | 0.3161 | 0.3065 | 0.3021 | 0.3021 | 0.3104 | 0.3474 | 0.3907 | 0.4636 |
| 70 | 0.4866 | 0.4768 | 0.4088 | 0.3651 | 0.3569 | 0.3535 | 0.3537 | 0.3628 | 0.3975 | 0.4380 | 0.5067 |
| 80 | 0.5386 | 0.5308 | 0.4593 | 0.4162 | 0.4109 | 0.4114 | 0.4143 | 0.4236 | 0.4510 | 0.4851 | 0.5477 |
| 90 | 0.5855 | 0.5790 | 0.5083 | 0.4687 | 0.4706 | 0.4741 | 0.4797 | 0.4899 | 0.5104 | 0.5343 | 0.5845 |
| 100 | 0.6291 | 0.6218 | 0.5547 | 0.5245 | 0.5333 | 0.5427 | 0.5463 | 0.5530 | 0.5708 | 0.5871 | 0.6224 |
| 200 | 0.8776 | 0.8706 | 0.9061 | 0.9376 | 0.9464 | 0.9523 | 0.9586 | 0.9553 | 0.9341 | 0.9120 | 0.8822 |
| 500 | 0.9930 | 0.9968 | 0.9995 | 0.9998 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9997 | 0.9992 | 0.9983 | 0.9933 |
| 1000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |


| Earnings Category (*) | Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 |
| 5 | 0.0314 | 0.0330 | 0.0420 | 0.0487 | 0.0480 | 0.0429 | 0.0390 | 0.0408 | 0.0488 | 0.0730 | 0.1253 |
| 10 | 0.0656 | 0.0646 | 0.0745 | 0.0834 | 0.0816 | 0.0731 | 0.0665 | 0.0686 | 0.0793 | 0.1102 | 0.1798 |
| 20 | 0.1326 | 0.1272 | 0.1351 | 0.1456 | 0.1428 | 0.1300 | 0.1198 | 0.1229 | 0.1375 | 0.1733 | 0.2559 |
| 30 | 0.1995 | 0.1944 | 0.1942 | 0.2034 | 0.2023 | 0.1880 | 0.1775 | 0.1830 | 0.2009 | 0.2320 | 0.3101 |
| 40 | 0.2647 | 0.2638 | 0.2534 | 0.2604 | 0.2593 | 0.2435 | 0.2326 | 0.2398 | 0.2625 | 0.2943 | 0.3674 |
| 50 | 0.3304 | 0.3334 | 0.3102 | 0.3126 | 0.3127 | 0.2980 | 0.2882 | 0.2966 | 0.3200 | 0.3477 | 0.4137 |
| 60 | 0.3932 | 0.4002 | 0.3645 | 0.3629 | 0.3655 | 0.3512 | 0.3423 | 0.3510 | 0.3750 | 0.3993 | 0.4577 |
| 70 | 0.4523 | 0.4639 | 0.4171 | 0.4115 | 0.4157 | 0.4021 | 0.3940 | 0.4028 | 0.4263 | 0.4484 | 0.5013 |
| 80 | 0.5080 | 0.5214 | 0.4669 | 0.4579 | 0.4627 | 0.4518 | 0.4456 | 0.4528 | 0.4747 | 0.4941 | 0.5403 |
| 90 | 0.5599 | 0.5727 | 0.5136 | 0.5027 | 0.5088 | 0.5015 | 0.4993 | 0.5042 | 0.5202 | 0.5375 | 0.5794 |
| 100 | 0.6078 | 0.6188 | 0.5575 | 0.5467 | 0.5548 | 0.5539 | 0.5554 | 0.5581 | 0.5653 | 0.5777 | 0.6159 |
| 200 | 0.8869 | 0.8704 | 0.8962 | 0.9027 | 0.9024 | 0.9060 | 0.9055 | 0.8986 | 0.8940 | 0.8913 | 0.8724 |
| 500 | 0.9961 | 0.9978 | 0.9995 | 0.9994 | 0.9992 | 0.9994 | 0.9995 | 0.9994 | 0.9988 | 0.9973 | 0.9909 |
| 1000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |

* Percentage of earners earning less than the earnings category percentage of the average earnings of the age-sex cell.


## Methodology

Table VII.B. 23 Assumed Distributions of Employment Earnings

| Earnings <br> Category $(*)$ | Males |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 |
| 5 | 0.0011 | 0.0010 | 0.0009 | 0.0008 | 0.0007 | 0.0007 | 0.0007 | 0.0007 | 0.0009 | 0.0014 | 0.0026 |
| 10 | 0.0042 | 0.0035 | 0.0031 | 0.0028 | 0.0027 | 0.0027 | 0.0027 | 0.0027 | 0.0032 | 0.0044 | 0.0068 |
| 20 | 0.0158 | 0.0135 | 0.0120 | 0.0108 | 0.0109 | 0.0111 | 0.0114 | 0.0119 | 0.0136 | 0.0152 | 0.0182 |
| 30 | 0.0339 | 0.0306 | 0.0274 | 0.0248 | 0.0243 | 0.0243 | 0.0249 | 0.0260 | 0.0294 | 0.0320 | 0.0352 |
| 40 | 0.0583 | 0.0558 | 0.0483 | 0.0429 | 0.0418 | 0.0419 | 0.0422 | 0.0438 | 0.0495 | 0.0528 | 0.0554 |
| 50 | 0.0886 | 0.0893 | 0.0736 | 0.0651 | 0.0639 | 0.0634 | 0.0639 | 0.0660 | 0.0737 | 0.0775 | 0.0788 |
| 60 | 0.1224 | 0.1289 | 0.1029 | 0.0921 | 0.0911 | 0.0904 | 0.0913 | 0.0940 | 0.1026 | 0.1062 | 0.1055 |
| 70 | 0.1593 | 0.1703 | 0.1364 | 0.1245 | 0.1249 | 0.1253 | 0.1266 | 0.1300 | 0.1373 | 0.1390 | 0.1364 |
| 80 | 0.1981 | 0.2117 | 0.1741 | 0.1635 | 0.1667 | 0.1706 | 0.1745 | 0.1782 | 0.1800 | 0.1767 | 0.1706 |
| 90 | 0.2381 | 0.2529 | 0.2157 | 0.2087 | 0.2191 | 0.2261 | 0.2332 | 0.2378 | 0.2337 | 0.2213 | 0.2044 |
| 100 | 0.2798 | 0.2931 | 0.2596 | 0.2623 | 0.2805 | 0.2940 | 0.2997 | 0.3011 | 0.2945 | 0.2749 | 0.2433 |
| 200 | 0.6363 | 0.6160 | 0.7682 | 0.8472 | 0.8691 | 0.8824 | 0.8982 | 0.8892 | 0.8339 | 0.7585 | 0.6443 |
| 500 | 0.9543 | 0.9850 | 0.9982 | 0.9989 | 0.9987 | 0.9987 | 0.9989 | 0.9983 | 0.9965 | 0.9872 | 0.9622 |
| 1000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |

## Females

| Earnings | Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Category <br> (*) | 18 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 |
| 5 | 0.0008 | 0.0008 | 0.0010 | 0.0011 | 0.0011 | 0.0009 | 0.0008 | 0.0009 | 0.0010 | 0.0014 | 0.0023 |
| 10 | 0.0034 | 0.0031 | 0.0034 | 0.0037 | 0.0036 | 0.0032 | 0.0029 | 0.0029 | 0.0033 | 0.0042 | 0.0064 |
| 20 | 0.0136 | 0.0126 | 0.0125 | 0.0130 | 0.0128 | 0.0118 | 0.0110 | 0.0111 | 0.0121 | 0.0138 | 0.0177 |
| 30 | 0.0303 | 0.0299 | 0.0272 | 0.0275 | 0.0279 | 0.0265 | 0.0256 | 0.0263 | 0.0282 | 0.0289 | 0.0305 |
| 40 | 0.0529 | 0.0553 | 0.0477 | 0.0476 | 0.0480 | 0.0462 | 0.0450 | 0.0463 | 0.0498 | 0.0510 | 0.0508 |
| 50 | 0.0821 | 0.0883 | 0.0729 | 0.0714 | 0.0722 | 0.0711 | 0.0703 | 0.0720 | 0.0759 | 0.0754 | 0.0713 |
| 60 | 0.1163 | 0.1270 | 0.1024 | 0.0994 | 0.1016 | 0.1006 | 0.1004 | 0.1021 | 0.1064 | 0.1043 | 0.0951 |
| 70 | 0.1541 | 0.1706 | 0.1361 | 0.1314 | 0.1345 | 0.1341 | 0.1343 | 0.1359 | 0.1400 | 0.1367 | 0.1239 |
| 80 | 0.1957 | 0.2152 | 0.1731 | 0.1664 | 0.1701 | 0.1718 | 0.1734 | 0.1736 | 0.1766 | 0.1716 | 0.1535 |
| 90 | 0.2398 | 0.2596 | 0.2127 | 0.2047 | 0.2096 | 0.2146 | 0.2195 | 0.2176 | 0.2155 | 0.2089 | 0.1883 |
| 100 | 0.2855 | 0.3034 | 0.2545 | 0.2468 | 0.2538 | 0.2650 | 0.2733 | 0.2690 | 0.2589 | 0.2475 | 0.2250 |
| 200 | 0.6886 | 0.6211 | 0.7510 | 0.7570 | 0.7519 | 0.7625 | 0.7660 | 0.7444 | 0.7224 | 0.7040 | 0.6215 |
| 500 | 0.9769 | 0.9898 | 0.9978 | 0.9983 | 0.9972 | 0.9972 | 0.9978 | 0.9971 | 0.9958 | 0.9909 | 0.9549 |
| 1000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 | 1.0000 |

* Percentage of average employment earnings earned by earners earning less than the earnings category percentage of the average earnings of the age-sex cell.

Appendix B-II. Earnings and Benefits
(d) Proportions of contributors

In respect of a given calendar year, one of the conditions to be a CPP contributor is to have employment earnings over the YBE. Proportions of contributors are accordingly determined by multiplying proportions of earners by the complement of the fraction of earners earning less than the YBE. This fraction was determined for each age, sex and calendar year by expressing the YBE as a percentage of average employment earnings and using the distribution of earners described in paragraph (c) above. The resulting proportions of contributors are those used for the calculation of average contributory earnings. Sample values of these proportions of contributors are shown below.

Table VII.B. 24 Assumed Proportions of Earners for Contributory Earnings Purposes

| Age | Males |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 18 | 0.342 | 0.375 | 0.627 | 0.717 | 0.754 | 0.768 |
| 20 | 0.569 | 0.609 | 0.799 | 0.848 | 0.869 | 0.877 |
| 25 | 0.760 | 0.789 | 0.883 | 0.908 | 0.917 | 0.921 |
| 30 | 0.807 | 0.834 | 0.910 | 0.927 | 0.933 | 0.936 |
| 35 | 0.818 | 0.836 | 0.920 | 0.934 | 0.939 | 0.941 |
| 40 | 0.822 | 0.850 | 0.908 | 0.920 | 0.925 | 0.926 |
| 45 | 0.832 | 0.836 | 0.892 | 0.903 | 0.907 | 0.909 |
| 50 | 0.814 | 0.809 | 0.868 | 0.878 | 0.882 | 0.884 |
| 55 | 0.740 | 0.747 | 0.808 | 0.822 | 0.827 | 0.829 |
| 60 | 0.518 | 0.482 | 0.427 | 0.441 | 0.447 | 0.449 |
| 65 | 0.183 | 0.161 | 0.130 | 0.141 | 0.147 | 0.149 |
|  | Females |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 18 | 0.303 | 0.333 | 0.617 | 0.712 | 0.747 | 0.759 |
| 20 | 0.494 | 0.535 | 0.763 | 0.818 | 0.839 | 0.847 |
| 25 | 0.662 | 0.685 | 0.788 | 0.817 | 0.829 | 0.833 |
| 30 | 0.667 | 0.686 | 0.756 | 0.782 | 0.792 | 0.795 |
| 35 | 0.671 | 0.691 | 0.789 | 0.814 | 0.822 | 0.826 |
| 40 | 0.706 | 0.728 | 0.796 | 0.816 | 0.823 | 0.826 |
| 45 | 0.730 | 0.728 | 0.775 | 0.792 | 0.798 | 0.800 |
| 50 | 0.676 | 0.681 | 0.750 | 0.767 | 0.773 | 0.775 |
| 55 | 0.552 | 0.584 | 0.706 | 0.728 | 0.735 | 0.738 |
| 60 | 0.336 | 0.340 | 0.370 | 0.389 | 0.396 | 0.399 |
| 65 | 0.101 | 0.097 | 0.104 | 0.115 | 0.121 | 0.124 |

Proportions of contributors from the above table were then adjusted for benefit computation purposes. The adjustment reflects the effect of the provision for the equal apportionment between spouses of unadjusted pensionable earnings upon marital union breakdown. For benefit purposes, the effect of this provision was accounted for using appropriate

## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

mathematical formulae, on the basis of the assumptions described in section 2(e) above. Sample values of proportions of contributors, adjusted for credit-splitting on spousal union breakdown, are shown in the table below.

Table VII.B. 25 Assumed Proportions of Earners for Benefit Computation Purposes

| Age | Males |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | $2050$ | 2075 | 2100 |
| 18 | 0.343 | 0.376 | 0.633 | 0.725 | 0.761 | 0.775 |
| $20$ | $0.581$ | $0.621$ | $0.809$ | $0.857$ | $0.877$ | 0.885 |
| 25 | $0.783$ | $0.810$ | $0.897$ | $0.919$ | $0.928$ | $0.931$ |
| 30 | $0.833$ | $0.856$ | $0.923$ | $0.938$ | $0.944$ | $0.946$ |
| 35 | 0.844 | 0.860 | 0.933 | 0.945 | 0.950 | 0.951 |
| 40 | $0.847$ | 0.872 | $0.923$ | $0.933$ | 0.937 | 0.938 |
| $45$ | $0.854$ | $0.858$ | $0.907$ | $0.917$ | $0.920$ | $0.922$ |
| $50$ | $0.833$ | $0.829$ | $0.882$ | $0.892$ | $0.896$ | $0.897$ |
| $55$ | $0.757$ | $0.763$ | $0.824$ | $0.837$ | $0.842$ | $0.844$ |
| $60$ | $0.530$ | $0.495$ | $0.443$ | $0.458$ | $0.463$ | $0.466$ |
| $65$ | $0.183$ | $0.161$ | $0.130$ | $0.141$ | $0.147$ | $0.149$ |
|  | Females |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | $1995$ | $2000$ | $2025$ | $2050$ | $2075$ | $2100$ |
| $18$ | $0.305$ | $0.346$ | $0.622$ | $0.716$ | $0.751$ | $0.763$ |
| $20$ | $0.545$ | $0.589$ | $0.795$ | $0.844$ | $0.864$ | $0.871$ |
| 25 | $0.724$ | $0.749$ | $0.839$ | $0.864$ | $0.873$ | $0.877$ |
| $30$ | $0.745$ | $0.761$ | $0.822$ | $0.843$ | $0.850$ | $0.853$ |
| 35 | 0.744 | 0.761 | $0.843$ | $0.862$ | $0.869$ | 0.871 |
| $40$ | $0.761$ | $0.784$ | $0.841$ | $0.857$ | $0.863$ | $0.865$ |
| $45$ | $0.776$ | $0.775$ | $0.816$ | $0.831$ | $0.836$ | $0.838$ |
| $50$ | 0.719 | 0.723 | 0.785 | 0.801 | 0.806 | 0.808 |
| 55 | 0.595 | $0.623$ | $0.735$ | $0.755$ | $0.762$ | $0.764$ |
| 60 | 0.365 | $0.365$ | $0.390$ | $0.409$ | $0.416$ | $0.418$ |
| 65 | 0.101 | 0.097 | 0.104 | 0.115 | 0.121 | 0.124 |

(e) Average pensionable earnings

Average pensionable earnings by age, sex and calendar year, unadjusted for the earnings index (i.e., the wage escalation factor), correspond to the average portion of individual employment earnings below the YMPE for a cohort's earners earning more than the YBE. Average pensionable earnings are accordingly computed by removing from average employment earnings the earnings of earners earning less than the YBE and the portion of earnings in excess of the YMPE. Since earnings statistics are aggregate (by age, sex and calendar year) as opposed to individual, such removal is made using the distributions of earners and earnings. The formula below used for the computation of average pensionable earnings (used for the later calculation of contributory earnings, but before the adjustments later required for benefits calculation purposes) applies for each age, sex and calendar year:

$$
\text { PENEAR }=\frac{\mathrm{EMPEAR}^{*}(\mathrm{EU}-\mathrm{EL})+\mathrm{YMPE} *(1-\mathrm{CU})}{1-\mathrm{CL}}
$$

where:

$$
\begin{aligned}
\text { PENEAR }= & \text { Average Pensionable Earnings } \\
\text { EMPEAR }= & \text { Average Employment Earnings } \\
\mathrm{CL}= & \text { Proportion of earners earning less than the YBE } \\
& \text { (computed using the distribution of earners) } \\
\mathrm{CU}= & \text { Proportion of earners earning less than the } \\
\text { YMPE } & \text { (computed using the distribution of earners) } \\
\mathrm{EL}= & \text { Proportion of employment earnings in the age- } \\
& \text { sex cell attributable to earners earning less than } \\
& \text { the YBE } \\
& \text { (computed using the distribution of earnings) } \\
\mathrm{EU}= & \text { Proportion of employment earnings in the age- } \\
& \text { sex cell attributable to earners earning less than } \\
& \text { the YMPE } \\
& \text { (computed using the distribution of earnings) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Sample values of unadjusted average pensionable earnings, which are the earnings used for calculating contributory earnings, are shown below. For comparison purposes, the YMPE is also shown, for the selected years, at the end of the table.

## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

Table VII.B. 26 Assumed Average Pensionable Earnings for Contributory Earnings Purposes

| Age | Males |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 18 | 7,990 | 8,544 | 16,850 | 39,400 | 98,679 | 255,579 |
| 20 | 11,678 | 12,554 | 28,155 | 69,745 | 178,600 | 466,101 |
| 25 | 20,810 | 22,534 | 54,984 | 141,041 | 368,036 | 969,133 |
| 30 | 25,675 | 27,890 | 69,046 | 178,819 | 468,944 | 1,237,572 |
| 35 | 27,563 | 29,970 | 74,583 | 193,880 | 509,342 | 1,344,707 |
| 40 | 28,435 | 30,896 | 77,085 | 200,973 | 528,681 | 1,397,392 |
| 45 | 28,929 | 31,434 | 78,510 | 205,143 | 540,430 | 1,429,454 |
| 50 | 28,967 | 31,517 | 78,782 | 205,805 | 541,856 | 1,433,504 |
| 55 | 27,563 | 30,004 | 74,563 | 193,366 | 507,200 | 1,338,724 |
| 60 | 26,254 | 28,594 | 69,888 | 178,125 | 463,672 | 1,218,822 |
| 65 | 21,838 | 23,607 | 55,353 | 132,694 | 334,226 | 865,610 |
|  | Females |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 18 | 6,709 | 7,107 | 14,239 | 34,482 | 89,230 | 236,912 |
| 20 | $9,629$ | 10,249 | 23,468 | 60,412 | 160,096 | 428,846 |
| 25 | 18,102 | 19,456 | 48,749 | 128,147 | 341,363 | 914,385 |
| 30 | 21,340 | 23,289 | 58,993 | 155,622 | 415,796 | 1,115,211 |
| 35 | 22,191 | 24,295 | 62,336 | 165,239 | 442,731 | 1,188,646 |
| 40 | 23,185 | 25,302 | 65,355 | 174,019 | 466,811 | 1,253,298 |
| 45 | 23,812 | 26,103 | 67,467 | 180,119 | 483,280 | 1,297,487 |
| 50 | 23,449 | 25,846 | 67,223 | 179,563 | 482,082 | 1,294,991 |
| 55 | 21,738 | 24,005 | 62,808 | 167,096 | 448,705 | 1,206,177 |
| 60 | 20,603 | 22,644 | 58,872 | 154,332 | 412,238 | 1,106,983 |
| 65 | 15,687 | 17,199 | 43,444 | 110,593 | 289,194 | 774,526 |
| YMPE: | 34,900 | 38,200 | 98,300 | 262,100 | 698,800 | 1,863,000 |

Average pensionable earnings from the above table, used for average contributory earnings computation purposes, were then adjusted for benefit computation purposes to reflect the effect of:
i) Retirement pensions commencing before age 65

Retirement pensions commencing before age 65 have the effect of reducing the amount of contributions that would otherwise have been made to CPP. Such effect is already accounted for in the average pensionable earnings described and shown above. For benefit computation purposes, however, such effect must be removed in respect of contributors having not yet retired at a given age before age 65 . This was done by dividing the above average pensionable earnings by the difference between unity and $40 \%$ (assuming retirements are taking place mid-year, and taking into account the fact that higher-paid earners will have made more than $50 \%$ of their normal contributions by mid-year) of the appropriate retirement election proportion.
ii) Credit-splitting on spousal union breakdown This provision is designed to affect benefits but not contributions. For benefit purposes, the effect of this provision on average pensionable earnings was accordingly accounted for using appropriate mathematical formulae, on the basis of the assumptions described in section 2(e) above.

Sample values of average pensionable earnings, adjusted for benefit computation purposes as described above, are shown below. For comparison purposes, the YMPE is also shown, for the selected years, at the end of the table.

## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

Table VII.B. 27 Assumed Average Pensionable Earnings for Benefit Computation Purposes

| Age | Males |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 18 | 7,965 | 8,475 | 16,698 | 39,069 | 97,922 | 253,716 |
| 20 | 11,224 | 12,100 | 27,497 | 68,446 | 175,707 | 459,163 |
| 25 | 19,643 | 21,335 | 52,873 | 136,369 | 356,898 | 941,418 |
| 30 | 23,958 | 26,135 | 65,638 | 170,899 | 449,484 | 1,188,355 |
| 35 | 25,611 | 28,023 | 71,107 | 185,820 | 489,627 | 1,295,121 |
| 40 | $26,663$ | 29,151 | 73,761 | 193,192 | 509,560 | 1,349,106 |
| 45 | 27,394 | 29,824 | 75,310 | 197,525 | 521,477 | 1,381,242 |
| 50 | 27,472 | 29,964 | 75,727 | 198,453 | 523,470 | 1,386,503 |
| 55 | $26,183$ | 28,606 | 71,856 | 186,900 | 491,102 | 1,297,680 |
| 60 | $28,990$ | 31,964 | $77,933$ | 198,986 | 518,605 | 1,364,407 |
| 65 | 26,763 | 28,130 | 64,665 | 155,016 | 390,451 | 1,011,227 |
|  | Females |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age | 1995 | 2000 | 2025 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| 18 | 6,655 | 6,955 | 14,115 | 34,241 | 88,599 | 235,174 |
| 20 | 9,145 | 9,747 | 23,033 | 59,543 | 157,795 | 422,285 |
| 25 | 17,275 | 18,616 | 47,433 | 125,020 | 332,997 | 890,990 |
| 30 | 20,387 | 22,368 | 57,412 | 151,895 | 405,562 | 1,085,978 |
| 35 | 21,406 | 23,514 | 61,429 | 163,173 | 436,673 | 1,170,165 |
| 40 | 22,548 | 24,699 | 64,386 | 171,600 | 459,732 | 1,232,318 |
| 45 | 23,285 | 25,495 | 66,248 | 176,916 | 474,150 | 1,271,242 |
| 50 | 22,923 | 25,229 | 66,024 | 176,390 | 473,084 | 1,269,403 |
| 55 | 21,095 | 23,366 | 61,676 | 164,155 | 440,444 | 1,182,846 |
| 60 | 22,948 | 25,628 | 66,777 | 175,153 | 467,643 | 1,254,944 |
| 65 | 17,818 | 19,500 | 50,753 | 129,198 | 337,843 | 904,820 |
| YMPE: | 34,900 | 38,200 | 98,300 | 262,100 | 698,800 | 1,863,000 |

(f) Average and total contributory earnings

Average contributory earnings were computed in respect of any given age-sex-year cell of contributors by subtracting the YBE from the average pensionable earnings computed for contributory earnings purposes (as opposed to benefits computation purposes).

In respect of a given age-sex cell, total contributory earnings for a given year were calculated as the product of:

- the proportion of contributors computed for contributory earnings purposes (as opposed to benefits computation purposes),
- the average contributory earnings computed as above, and - the population number.

Total contributory earnings for the given year were obtained by summing contributory earnings computed for each age-sex cell. Total annual contributions for each past year (1966 to 1996), obtained as the product of the total contributory earnings computed as above and the actual contribution rate, are very close to those taken from earnings statistics, which validates average contributory earnings used for benefit computation purposes. Indeed, the deviation is $-0.3 \%$ on average for 1987 to 1996, and $1 \%$ for 1972 to 1996 . However, computed contributions are $2.52 \%$ (1987 to 1996) and $4.28 \%$ (1972 to 1996) lower than corresponding actual contributions as taken from monthly information reports. Total future contributory earnings computed as above were accordingly increased by $3.0 \%$, which accounts for the nonrefundable portion of employers' contributions corresponding to contributions in excess of the maximum contribution (arising generally in respect of employees with multiple employers during a year) or to contributions made in respect of employees earning less than the YBE during a given year.

Total contributions so projected for 1997 and 1998 (projections are based on the actual data on earnings for 1996) are compared below with actual data (reported in November 1998) for 1997 and with the estimates for 1997 and 1998 made by the Finance Ministry (these Finance estimates are generally done at the end of the previous year and are used for CPP accounting purposes). Considering the relatively small difference between the actual and projected 1997 results, and between the projected for 1998 and the Finance estimate, it was not deemed necessary to adjust the actuarial projections.

Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

Table VII.B. 28 Contributions - 1997 and 1998 (millions of dollars)

|  | 1997 | 1998 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Finance estimate | 12,165 | 14,333 |
| Actual | 12,655 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Report \#17 Best Estimate | 12,672 | 14,233 |

(g) Benefit eligibility rates
i) Introduction

As mentioned in appendix A (plan provisions), the eligibility for CPP benefits varies according to the type of benefit involved.
Although the eligibility rules themselves do not vary as between the flat-rate and the earnings-related portions of a given type of benefit, it will be seen below that each portion requires a distinct eligibility factor for valuation purposes.
ii) Usage

Benefit eligibility rates are used in the valuation process for the computation of historical retirement election proportions and of benefits of all types except retirement.
iii) General approach

Benefit eligibility rates are computed using mathematical formulae that were developed so as to closely reproduce the outcome of a distinct earnings micro-simulation ancillary model. The model takes into account the applicable eligibility rules for each type of benefit, the assumed proportions of contributors and average employment earnings for all existing and future cohorts of earners, and the proportions, determined in accordance with the assumed $50 \%$ employment mobility rate, of persons who never contribute and of persons who contribute randomly.

Observed data on benefit eligibility rates show some unexplained inconsistencies. It was therefore not possible to use them for either computing the eligibility rates required for the valuation, or validating the eligibility rates derived for the valuation process.
iv) Retirement benefits

To be eligible for a retirement pension, a person must have made contributions, i.e., have had employment earnings in excess of the YBE, for at least one calendar year over his/her contributory period. In accordance with the assumed $50 \%$ employment mobility rate, the micro-simulation ancillary model produces retirement benefit eligibility rates corresponding closely, in most cases, to the value half way between the highest annual proportion of contributors over the contributory period of a cohort and unity. In this report the previous $1 / 2$ factor was refined to take account of the contributory period. Therefore,

$$
\text { ELIRET }=\text { MAXPRC }+\mathrm{f}(\text { CONPER.MAXPRC }) *(1-\text { MAXPRC })
$$

| where ELIRET $=$ | retirement benefit eligibility rate <br> MAXPRC $=$ <br> highest annual proportion of <br> contributors over the contributory <br> period of a given sex, birth-year <br> cohort |
| ---: | :--- |
| CONPER $=$ | contributory period <br> polynomial function which depends on <br> the length of the contributory period |
|  | and MAXPRC. |

v) Flat-rate benefits

Given the relative complexity of the eligibility rules in respect of other types of benefits (disability and survivor), more complex mathematical formulae had to be developed reflecting the results from the micro-simulation model.

Mathematical formulae, relying exclusively on the relevant proportions of contributors for all age-sex cohorts involved over the years in the valuation process, were therefore developed for the determination of all past and future eligibility rates separately for disability (ELIDFR) and survivor (ELIWFR) flat-rate benefits.
vi) Earnings-related benefits

The average earnings-related benefit factors (see section (h) below), to which disability and survivor benefit eligibility rates described above should normally apply, already implicitly incorporate the value of ELIRET, the retirement benefit eligibility rate. Therefore,

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the disability and survivor benefit eligibility rates, ELIDFR and ELIWFR, developed for flat-rate benefit purposes must be divided by the retirement benefit eligibility rate, ELIRET, for purposes of computing the earnings-related portion of these two types of benefit. This operation converts these eligibility rates into gross proportions of earnings eligible for the earnings-related portion of the disability or survivor benefit:
disability gross eligible earnings proportion $=$ ELIDFR/ELIRET
survivor gross eligible earnings proportion $=$ ELIWFR/ELIRET
Moreover, since the eligibility rules for disability and survivor benefits are more stringent than for retirement pensions, contributors eligible for either a disability or survivor benefit have on average a lesser number of years of nil earnings than contributors solely eligible for a retirement benefit. They consequently have higher aggregate earnings than contributors solely eligible for a retirement pension. In accordance with the outcome of the ancillary micro-simulated earnings model, the above ratios were consequently adjusted accordingly as follows:

ELIDER $=\{\text { ELIDFR/ELIRET }\}^{*}(2 / 3)+1 / 3$
ELIWER $=\{$ ELIWFR $/ E L I R E T\} *(2 / 3)+1 / 3$
where ELIDER and ELIWER are the net proportions of earnings eligible for disability and survivor earnings-related benefits, respectively.
vii) Consistency tests

Extensive testing was conducted thereafter to ensure that the results from the application of all these formulae are consistent. For example,

- disability and survivor benefit eligibility rates ELIDFR and ELIWFR should, for any age-sex-year cell, be lower than the retirement benefit eligibility rates ELIRET given that eligibility for retirement benefits is in all cases less stringent than for disability or survivor benefits; and
- the average retirement pension, converted from a per population basis (i.e., averaged over total population at the given age and sex) to a per beneficiary (i.e., averaged over the number of retirement pension beneficiaries) by dividing it by the retirement benefit eligibility rate ELIRET, should correspond to statistics on the actual average retirement pension.

Retirement benefit eligibility rates are computed for ages below the minimum retirement age (60) because they are required in the computation of eligibility rates for the earnings-related portion of the disability and the survivor benefits.

## Appendix B-II. Earnings and Benefits

Table VII.B. 29 Assumed Benefit Eligibility Rates for Year 2050

| Males |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Retirement Earnings | Disability |  | Survivor |  |
|  |  |  | Earnings |  | Earnings |
|  | Related | Flat-Rate | Related | Flat-Rate | Related |
| Age | ELIRET | ELIDFR | ELIDER | ELIWFR | ELIWER |
| 20 | 0.865 | 0.412 | 0.651 | 0.787 | 0.940 |
| 25 | 0.940 | 0.902 | 0.973 | 0.931 | 0.993 |
| 30 | 0.969 | 0.943 | 0.982 | 0.967 | 0.999 |
| 35 | 0.985 | 0.954 | 0.979 | 0.971 | 0.991 |
| 40 | 0.990 | 0.950 | 0.973 | 0.970 | 0.987 |
| 45 | 0.990 | 0.943 | 0.968 | 0.969 | 0.986 |
| 50 | 0.990 | 0.929 | 0.959 | 0.968 | 0.985 |
| 55 | 0.990 | 0.910 | 0.946 | 0.966 | 0.984 |
| 60 | 0.990 | 0.858 | 0.911 | 0.963 | 0.982 |
| 65 | 0.990 | 0.710 | 0.811 | 0.956 | 0.977 |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Retirement | Disability |  | Survivor |  |
|  | Earnings |  | Earnings |  | Earnings |
|  | Related | Flat-Rate | Related | Flat-Rate | Related |
| Age | ELIRET | ELIDFR | ELIDER | ELIWFR | ELIWER |
| 20 | 0.853 | 0.374 | 0.625 | 0.782 | 0.944 |
| 25 | 0.897 | $0.885$ | 0.991 | $0.888$ | 0.993 |
| 30 | 0.919 | 0.886 | 0.976 | 0.910 | 0.993 |
| 35 | 0.942 | 0.892 | 0.965 | 0.929 | 0.991 |
| 40 | $0.960$ | $0.902$ | $0.959$ | $0.927$ | $0.977$ |
| 45 | 0.975 | 0.899 | 0.948 | 0.925 | 0.966 |
| 50 | 0.984 | 0.885 | 0.933 | 0.923 | 0.959 |
| 55 | 0.989 | 0.849 | 0.906 | 0.921 | 0.954 |
| 60 | 0.989 | 0.787 | 0.864 | 0.918 | 0.952 |
| 65 | 0.988 | 0.554 | 0.707 | 0.911 | 0.948 |

(h) Average earnings-related benefit factor

The average earnings-related benefit factor is designed to produce, when multiplied by the population and the Pension Index of a given calendar year successively for both sexes and all relevant ages, the total annual earnings-related benefit expenditure for that year.
i) Gross factor

In respect of a given cohort of contributors, the gross (i.e., before accounting for the drop-out provisions and the earnings index) average earnings-related benefit factor was determined by sex and calendar year for each (attained) age from 18 to 70, as the product of 0.25 (the retirement pension benefit proportion) and the ratio of:

- the sum, over the elapsed contributory period (i.e., from age 18 to the attained age), of the ratios of:
- the product of the year's proportion of contributors (adjusted for benefit computation purposes) times the year's average pensionable earnings (adjusted for benefit computation purposes), to
- the YMPE, to
- the elapsed contributory period at the attained age.
$\mathrm{BENF} \mathrm{AC}_{\text {attained age }}=0.25 * \frac{\sum_{\mathrm{I}=18}^{\text {attained age }}\left(\frac{\mathrm{PROCON}_{\mathrm{I}} * \mathrm{PENEAR}_{\mathrm{I}}}{\mathrm{YMPE}_{\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{I}-18}}\right)}{\text { CONPER }_{\text {attained age }}}$
where

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{I}= & \text { age } \\
\mathrm{N}= & \text { year during which the contributor attains age } 18 \\
\text { BENFAC }= & \text { gross average earnings-related benefit factor } \\
\text { PROCON }= & \text { proportion of contributors (adjusted for benefit purposes) } \\
\text { PENEAR }= & \text { average wage-unescalated pensionable earnings (adjusted for } \\
& \text { benefit purposes) } \\
\text { CONPER }= & \text { elapsed contributory period }
\end{aligned}
$$

Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits
ii) Accounting for the drop-out provisions

- Amount of lowest earnings to be dropped-out

The earnings/YMPE ratios that have to be dropped out from the numerator of the gross average benefit factor described above, in respect of an individual, are the lowest annual earnings/YMPE ratios for a number of years equal to half (see assumption described in section $2(\mathrm{~g})$ above) of the childrearing period plus $15 \%$ of the residual contributory period. Since the general valuation approach is based on macrosimulation (aggregate), there is no explicit way of determining the lowest earnings/YMPE ratios of each individual that would have to be dropped out from the denominator above to account for these two drop-out provisions.

Consequently, on the basis of the outcome of the microsimulation model described in section (g) above and of a more comprehensive micro-simulation model recently developed for HRDC called DYNACAN, the formula used in the previous report was refined (especially at the low end) for determining the multiplying factor DROFAC.

| Range of PRCFAC |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0.0 to 0.4 Multiplying factor DROFAC <br> 0.4 to 0.8  <br> $0.8+$ $0.54-0.50 *$ PRCFAC <br>  $0.55+0.45 *$ (PRCF AC-1) <br>  $\quad$ (MAXFAC-1) |  |

where:

PRCFAC $=$ Average contributing proportion factor=DROPRO/(1-AVRPRC) DROPRO $=$ Drop-out proportion (i.e., $15 \%+$ child rearing period percentage) AVRPRC = Average proportion of contributors over the elapsed contributory period
MAXFAC $=$ Maximum average contributing proportion factor $=1 /(1-$ AVRPRC)

It can thus be seen that the multiplying factor DROFAC varies according to the total drop-out percentage ( $15 \%$ plus the childrearing period as a percentage of the elapsed contributory period) and the average proportion of contributors over the elapsed contributory period.

The multiplying factor DROFAC is designed so that when multiplied by the sum, for a number of years equal to the total drop-out period, of the products of the successive lowest proportions of contributors and the lowest successive average earnings, it gives the amount of earnings deemed to be dropped from the numerator above in connection with the drop-out provisions.

- Period to be dropped-out

The average period that has to be dropped from the contributory period (i.e., the denominator of the gross average benefit factor described above), is computed as the sum of the three periods determined as follows in respect of the disability, the childrearing and the $15 \%$ drop-out provisions.

The disability period was determined, by age, sex and calendar year, using the assumed disability incidence and termination rates, the disability benefit eligibility rates and the appropriate actuarial formula (i.e., for a given attained age, the sum of the products, in respect of each age from 18 to the one preceding the attained age, of the disability incidence rate by the elapsed duration of disability, such duration being computed relying on disability termination rates).

In accordance with:

- the prescribed limit of 7 years per child,
- the assumed age difference of 2 years between any two consecutive children,
- and the assumed effect of $50 \%$ in connection with employment earnings during the child rearing period not all being lowest earnings,
the child-rearing drop-out period was determined, for females, as $50 \%$ of:
$\left\{7^{*}(\mathrm{NUMCHI})\right\}, \quad$ if NUMCHI $<1$,

$$
\{7 *(1)\}+\{2 *(\text { NUMCHI-1 })\}, \quad \text { if NUMCHI } \$ 1
$$

where NUMCHI, not necessarily an integer, is the average number of children (born so far to a female contributor)

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computed using the Canada and Québec fertility rates adjusted, to correspond to Canada less Québec, by taking as weights the relevant populations. In accordance with the assumption described in section $2(\mathrm{~g})$ above, the child-rearing period was uniformly set equal to zero in respect of male contributors.

The drop-out period in respect of the $15 \%$ provision was determined as $15 \%$ of the difference between the elapsed contributory period and the disability and child-rearing periods computed as above at the contributor's attained age.
iii) Accounting for the earnings index (wage escalation)

The average earnings-related benefit factor, was finally determined by multiplying the gross factor (see item i) above), adjusted for the drop-out provisions (see item ii) above), by the earnings index which accounts for the wage escalation provision underlying the calculation of the initial rate of a benefit when it emerges.

## (i) Annual expenditures

i) Retirement pensions

In accordance with the eligibility rules, CPP retirement pensions became payable for the first time in 1967.

Hence, for each cohort of contributors reaching a given retirement age from 60 to 70 in each of the calendar years from 1967 to 2100, an average retirement benefit factor was computed, by age, sex and calendar year of emergence of the pension, as the product of:

- the assumed proportion of contributors electing to retire,
- the actuarial adjustment factor in connection with the flexible retirement age provision, and
- the average earnings-related benefit factor.

These benefit factors correspond to the annualized rate of retirement pension, averaged for the population (as opposed to contributors), payable during the year of emergence of the pension.

It was assumed that retirements occur mid-year on average. Therefore, the retirement pension expenditure for the year of
emergence was taken as $50 \%$ of the annualized rate of pension multiplied by the population for the appropriate age ( 60 to 70 ), sex and calendar year.

The retirement pension expenditure for each year following the year of retirement of a given age-sex-year population cohort, until the year during which the cohort attains age 109, was computed as the product of:

- the relevant annualized average rate of retirement pension payable during the year of emergence (described above);
- the population of retirement beneficiaries at emergence;
- the probability of survival from the emergence age to the appropriate attained age. This probability is defined as the product of the complement of the mortality rates from year and age at emergence to the attained year and age. The underlying mortality rates vary by calendar year, sex, age and four levels of emerging pension ( $0-25 \%, 25 \%-50 \%, 50-75 \%$ and $75 \%-100 \%$ of the Maximum Retirement Pension at emergence). These mortality rates were developed by looking at the CPP retirement beneficiaries' mortality experience from 1967 to 1997. Ratios of the average 1991 CPP mortality experience by age, sex and level of pension to the 1991 base population mortality for Canada less Québec were developed. These resulting ratios were then graduated and used to adjust projected population mortality rates to obtain specific CPP retirement beneficiaries' mortality rates for each year in the projection; and
- the Pension Index (which accounts for the CPI escalation of a pension each year after its emergence).

The retirement pension expenditure for the beneficiary's year of death is assumed to be $50 \%$ of the annualized pension. This is implicitly accounted for in the approach described above, since the population is computed as at mid-year.

The amounts of all retirement pensions payable during any given past or future calendar year were obtained by simply summing the

## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

annual expenditure, applying for the given calendar year as described above, in respect of all age-sex cohorts having emerged in the given and each of the previous calendar years.

As part of the methodology validation process, the amounts of total annual emerging retirement pensions computed as above were compared to their CPP historical data counterparts for 1967 through 1997. The comparisons revealed that the actual retirement benefits tend to be about $100 \%$ for males and $97 \%$ for females of the corresponding projected benefits over the last 10 years, 1988 to 1997, and $98 \%$ and $96 \%$ over the last 31 years, 1967 to 1997. For this purpose, experience adjustment factors of 1.00 and 0.97 for males and females, respectively, were applied to all future emerging retirement pensions calculated using the methodology described above.

However, in order to account for the exact distribution by age and sex of retirement pensions already in pay at the end of 1997, computed retirement pensions deemed to be payable during 1997 were replaced, by age and sex, by benefits actually paid during that year (see, in section 1(f) above, benefits statistics adjusted to match results shown in monthly information reports), and projected until death of the last survivor using the methodology described above for the survival of the computed emerging retirement pensions.
ii) Disability pensions

In accordance with the eligibility rules, CPP disability pensions became payable for the first time in 1970. Hence, the general approach used to estimate disability pensions was to:

- Compute the initial value of flat-rate benefits emerging by age and sex each year after 1969 as the product of:
- the actual or assumed disability incidence rate;
- the probability (ELIDFR) of being eligible for disability benefits;
- the annual amount of the disability flat-rate benefit (projected using the PI); and
- the population.
- Compute the initial value of earnings-related benefits emerging by age and sex each year after 1969 as the product of:
- the actual or assumed disability incidence rates;
- the proportion (ELIDER) of earnings eligible for disability benefits;
- 0.1875 , corresponding to the applicable earnings-related disability benefit proportion, i.e., $75 \%$ of the retirement pension proportion of $25 \%$;
- the average earnings-related benefit factor (see section (h) above); and
- the population.
- Project by age and sex initial flat-rate and earnings-related benefits to each future year until termination (due to recovery, death, or attaining age 65) using year after year actuarial formulae incorporating the disability termination rates for the appropriate duration and the Pension Index.

Total disability benefits for any particular year are equal to $100 \%$ of the sum of the annualized disability pensions projected to that year in respect of all age-sex cohorts having emerged so far. However, assuming that emergences and terminations occur on average at midyear, $50 \%$ was used instead of $100 \%$ in respect of cases having either emerged or terminated during the given year.

Through the methodology validation process, emerging disability benefits and disability benefits in pay computed as above by age, sex and type of benefit (flat-rate, earnings-related) for each past applicable year (1970 to 1997) were compared with actual data. The outcome of this process shows actual over expected experience ratios generally close to $99 \%$ and $97 \%$ for males and females, respectively. The following experience adjustment factors were accordingly applied in projecting future disability benefits using the above methodology.

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Table VII.B. 30 Disability Benefits Experience Adjustment F actors

| Sex | Flat-Rate | Earnings-Relate <br> d |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 0.986 | 0.992 |
| Female | 0.974 | 0.967 |

However, in order to account for the exact distribution of disability benefits already in pay at the end of 1997 by age, sex and year of emergence, computed disability benefits deemed to be payable during 1997 were replaced, separately by age, sex and year of emergence, by benefits actually paid during that year (see, in section 1(f) above, benefits statistics adjusted to match results shown in monthly information reports) and projected until termination (due to recovery, death, or attaining age 65) using the disability termination rates and the Pension Index.
iii) Survivor pensions

In accordance with the eligibility rules, CPP survivor pensions became payable for the first time in 1968. Hence, for each year after 1967, the numbers of male and female deaths, taken from demographic projections for each individual age 18 and over, were multiplied by proportions of contributors married at death to produce the numbers of spousal deaths emerging by age, sex and calendar year.

For purposes of the flat-rate portion of survivor pensions, the numbers of spousal deaths, by sex and by calendar year, were categorized by age of the surviving spouses using the age distributions described in section 2(1) above, and each resulting number was multiplied by:

- the annual flat-rate benefit amount (projected using the PI);
- the probability (ELIWFR), for the deceased spouse, of being eligible for survivor benefit;
- the appropriate factor accounting for the reductions of survivor pensions in respect of survivors emerging under age 45 without dependent children and not disabled; and
- the appropriate factor accounting for the limit applying to combined survivor-disability pensions. This factor is equal to the difference between unity and the disability prevalence rate.

For purposes of the earnings-related portion of the survivor pensions, the numbers of spousal deaths, by sex and calendar year, were categorized by age of the surviving spouses using the age distributions described in section 2(1) above, and each resulting number was multiplied by:

- the average earnings-related benefit factor for the deceased spouse (see section (h) above);
- the proportion ELIWER of the deceased spouse's earnings eligible for a survivor benefit;
- the appropriate factor accounting for the reductions of survivor pensions in respect of survivors emerging under age 45 without dependent children and not disabled; and
- the appropriate factor accounting for the limit applying to combined survivor-retirement and survivor-disability pensions. This factor was computed using the maximum retirement pension, the assumed distribution of average retirement pensions, and the retirement and disability prevalence rates.

The annual initial amount of all survivor pensions emerging by year as well as by age and sex of the surviving spouse, computed as described above, was then projected to each subsequent year:

- surviving beneficiaries by applying actuarial formulae incorporating actual or assumed mortality rates (see section I-2(b) above) which were adjusted to correspond to Canada less Québec by taking as weights the population for the appropriate age, sex, year and geographic component (i.e., Canada or Québec), and further adjusted, using results of an actuarial study of the mortality of CPP survivors, to reflect the higher mortality of widows and widowers as compared to that of the general population;

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- making allowance for the Pension Index (CPI) escalation; and
- multiplying by 0.375 for ages under 65 , and by 0.60 for ages 65 and over of the surviving spouse, to account for the applicable survivor earnings-related benefit proportion.

Total survivor benefits for any particular year are equal to $100 \%$ of the sum of the annualized survivor pensions projected to that year in respect of all age-sex cohorts of survivors having emerged so far. However, assuming that emergences and terminations occur midyear on average, $50 \%$ is used instead of $100 \%$ in respect of cases having either emerged or terminated during the given year.

Through the methodology validation process, emerging survivor benefits and survivor benefits in pay computed as above by age, sex and type of benefit (flat-rate, earnings-related) for each past year (1968 to 1997) were compared with actual data. Irrespective of the further methodology improvements made since the completion of the fifteenth report, the outcome of this process still shows significant differences between actual and expected values for widowers. The relatively low level of past actual widowers benefits as compared to those computed could be due to a significant proportion of widowers' benefits not being applied for in the case of death of eligible female contributors, or to an overestimate of the proportion ELIWFR of females giving entitlement at death to a widower's benefit, or to a combination of both. In any event, due to these significant differences, it was decided to adjust estimates of all future survivor benefits, determined using the above methodology, by applying the following experience factors varying by sex and by type of benefit:

Table VII.B. 31 Survivor Benefits Experience Adjustment F actors

|  | Flat-Rate | Earnings-Related |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Widows | 0.854 | 0.890 |
| Widowers | 0.671 | 0.650 |

Moreover, in order to account for the exact distribution of survivor benefits already in pay at the end of 1997 by age, sex and year of emergence, computed benefits deemed to be payable during 1997 were replaced by benefits actually paid during that year and
projected until death of the last survivor using the methodology described above for the survival of the computed emerging survivor pensions.
iv) Death Benefits

In accordance with the eligibility rules, CPP death benefits became payable for the first time in 1968. Hence, the amount of lump sum death benefits payable each year after 1967 was determined by age and sex as the product of:

- the number of deaths, derived by sex for each individual age 18 and over consistent with the population data and projections;
- $50 \%$ of the average earnings-related benefit factor (the lump sum death benefit is equivalent to six months of a retirement pension) reduced, using the maximum retirement pension and the assumed distribution of average retirement pensions, to allow for the provision limiting the death benefit to $10 \%$ of the YMPE for the year of death prior to 1997 and to $\$ 2,500$ according to Bill C-2 for years after 1997; and
- the proportion (ELIWER) of the deceased contributor's earnings eligible for survivor benefits (the eligibility for death benefits is the same as for survivor benefits).

Through the methodology validation process, death benefits so computed for males and females were multiplied by experience adjustment factors of 0.92 and 0.73 , respectively, to account for the difference between actual results of recent years and those computed as above. The relatively low level of past actual female death benefits as compared to those computed could be due to a significant proportion of CPP death benefits not being applied for in the case of death of eligible female contributors, or to an overestimate of the proportion ELIWFR of females eligible for the death benefit, or to a combination of both. These significant differences will be the subject of further research.
v) Children's benefits

In accordance with the eligibility rules, Disabled Contributor's Child's (DCC) and orphan benefits became payable for the first time in 1970 and 1968, respectively. Hence, the numbers of DCC

## Appendix B - II. Earnings and Benefits

and orphan benefits emerging each year after 1969 and 1967, respectively, were determined, as described below, so as to correspond to the number of children born, up to the date of emergence, to the previously computed number, emerging during the given year, of beneficiaries of disability and/or survivor pensions.

For this purpose, the numbers of emerging disabled contributors and deaths were first split by age, sex and calendar year. Canada fertility rates, adjusted to correspond to Canada less Québec, by taking as weights the population for the appropriate age, sex, year and geographic component (i.e., Canada or Québec), were then applied appropriately to these numbers, i.e., to

- the female disabled contributors and the spouses of male disabled contributors, and to
- the female deaths and the spouses of deceased males, for the appropriate age of the female. For this purpose, the age of spouses of male disabled contributors were distributed in accordance with the assumed distribution of spouses by age. As for the demographic projections (see section I above), the constant proportion of male births was assumed to be 1.056 of female births.

The resulting emerging numbers of children by age, sex and calendar year were thereafter survived, from one year to the next, incorporating the following reasons for termination of benefits:

- attainment of age 25 by the child. For this purpose, use was made of mortality rates determined by age as the yearly ratios of the number of deaths to the population, both taken from demographic projections (see section I above);
- stopping full attendance at school while over age 18; and
- regarding DCC benefits only, termination (recovery, death or attainment of age 65) of the parent's disability benefits.

Total children's benefits were then obtained for any given calendar year as the product of:

- the sum of all child beneficiaries having emerged so far, and having survived until that date; and
- the applicable annualized amount of the child flat-rate benefit obtained by adjusting the actual 1998 rate in accordance with the Pension Index. However, assuming that emergences and terminations occur mid-year on average, $50 \%$ instead of $100 \%$ of the annualized amount was used in respect of cases emerging or terminating during the year.

The actual DCC and orphan benefits paid each year from 1966 to 1997 were compared by age with the corresponding benefits computed by age for each of these years using the above approach. They correspond over the last 10 years of experience to about $88 \%$ and $93 \%$ of benefits computed as above for DCC and orphan benefits, respectively. Accordingly, DCC and orphan benefits projected for all years after 1997 were reduced $12 \%$ and $7 \%$, respectively. The difference between actual orphan benefits as compared to those computed could be due to a proportion of CPP death benefits not being applied for in the case of death of eligible female contributors, or to an overestimate of the proportion ELIWFR of females eligible for the death benefit, or to a combination of both. These significant differences will continue to be the subject of further research.
vi) Administrative expenses

On the basis of past average experience, CPP annual administrative expenses have averaged about $0.1 \%$ of total annual contributory earnings from 1966 to 1997 . For the projection period $0.1 \%$ and an additional $0.025 \%$ of contributory earnings was assumed for the extra investment expenses that will be generated by the new CPP Investment Board. This extra $0.025 \%$ of contributory earnings corresponds approximately to a reduction of about $0.1 \%$ in the gross rate of return, which is assumed for actuarial projections of QPP investment expenses. The QPP fund has historically been invested in a variety of asset classes.

## III. Pay-As-You-Go Rates, Contribution Rates and Assets

1. Data (year-end amounts)

Assets of the CPP have been included at their book values, since they currently consist of short-term securities and non-marketable loans to the provinces.
(a) Historical (1966 to 1997)
i) taken from HRDC Monthly Information Reports:

- the Account
- the Operating Balance
- the amount of investment earnings from the Operating Balance
- total expenditures
ii) taken from CPP Investment Fund Reports prepared by the Department of Finance:
- the Fund (i.e., historically, loans made to provinces each month)
- the average nominal annual interest rate, compounded semiannually, applying to loans made during the year
iii) taken from the Canada Pension Plan:
- the annual contribution rates
iv) taken from section II-3(f) above:
- contributory earnings
(b) Projection period (1998 to 2100)
- the annual contribution rates from the Canada Pension Plan
- the projected contributory earnings (from section II-3(f) above)
- the projected total expenditures (from section II-3(i) above)

Appendix B - III. Pay-As-You-Go Rates, Contribution Rates and Assets
2. Assumptions
(a) Real rate of return applying to the CPP Fund The CPP Fund at the end of 1997 was composed of 20-year bonds consisting of loans made to provinces. The provinces will be allowed to roll over the existing bonds at maturity one last time after 1997, at the new money rate. However, additional net cash flows will be invested in a diversified portfolio.

In accordance with the new policy of investing the Fund in a diversified portfolio, the ultimate implicit real rate of return assumed on future net cash flows is about $3.85 \%$. This rate is a weighted average of the real rate of interest of $1.5 \%$ assumed on the Operating Balance and of the real rate of return of $4 \%$ on new money invested in the Fund, which replaces the real rate of $2.5 \%$ assumed on the Fund in previous actuarial reports.

The assumed ultimate new money annual effective rate of return is $7 \%$ for 2003 and later. This reflects the assumed real annual rate of $4 \%$ and the ultimate assumed increases in the CPI of $3 \%$.

Table VII.B. 32 Assumed Annual Effective Rates of Return for New Fund Investments (percentages)

| 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 | $2003+$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 7.0 |

Note that all of the real rates of return referred to in this report are actually real-return differentials, i.e., the difference between the effective annual rate of return on investments and the rate of increase in prices.
This differs from the technical definition of the real rate of return, which, in the case of the ultimate Fund assumption, would be $(1.07 \div 1.03)-1=3.883 \%$ rather than $4 \%$.

The long term real rate of return of $4 \%$ on the Fund was assumed taking into account the following factors:

- from 1966 to 1995, the average real yield on the Québec Pension Plan (QPP) account, which has always been invested in a diversified portfolio, was close to $4 \%$;
- as reported in the Canadian Institute of Actuaries' (CIA) Report on Canadian Economic Statistics 1924-1997, the average real yield over the period of 25 years ending in 1997 on the funds of a sample of the largest private pension plans in Canada was close to $5 \%$;
- using historical results published by the CIA, the real average yields over the 50 -year ( 39 to 46 year in the case of mortgages) periods ending in the 1990s would have ranged from just under $4 \%$ to almost $5 \%$ in respect of a hypothetical portfolio invested equally in each of the following five areas: conventional mortgages, long-term federal bonds, Government of Canada 91-day Treasury Bills, Canadian equities and U.S. equities; and
- the market rate of return on Government of Canada real-return bonds is currently slightly above $4 \%$.

The assumed real rate of $4 \%$ retained for the Fund is therefore deemed realistic but erring on the safe side, especially considering that:

- replacing federal bonds by provincial bonds in this model portfolio would increase the average yield to the extent that provincial bonds carry a higher return than federal bonds; and
- the 3-month Treasury Bills, which bear lower returns, would normally be invested for the Operating Balance rather than the Fund.

From a larger perspective, assuming an ultimate real yield of $4 \%$ on the CPP Fund means that the CPP Investment Board would be expected to achieve investment returns comparable to those of the QPP and of large private pension plans.

In any event, it must be recognized that although rates of interest may have a significant effect on the ratio of the assets to expenditures, they do not have a significant effect on contribution rates unless a relatively high degree of funding is contemplated. They now have a slightly higher impact than in the past, due to the higher level of funding contemplated under Bill C-2. Also, the assumed rate of return is highly significant in calculating both the contribution rate on an actuarially funded basis and the related unfunded actuarial liability (see Appendix D).

Appendix B - III. Pay-As-You-Go Rates, Contribution Rates and Assets
(b) Real interest rate applying to the CPP Operating Balance Since the Operating Balance is generally invested in very short-term securities, it is assumed to be totally reinvested yearly and to earn a real interest rate of $1.5 \%$. The average real rate of return on Treasury Bills over the last 50 years was $1.92 \%$, according to the Report on Canadian Economic Statistics 1924-1997 published by the CIA. By using a lower assumed interest rate for the Operating Balance, the assumed ultimate combined (i.e., Fund and Operating Balance) real yield on the assets of the CPP is accordingly less than $4 \%$. For example, this combined ultimate real yield would be about $3.8 \%$ if one assumed that the year-end assets are exactly equal to four times the expenditures of the ensuing year and the year-end Operating Balance is exactly equal to $1 / 4$ of the expenditures.
(c) Timing of Fund investments made during the calendar year Of all new Fund investments during any calendar year, $60 \%$ are assumed to be made during the first half of the year. This percentage reflects the timing of contributions received during the year; indeed, earners with earnings above the YMPE would normally complete the full payment of their contributions once they have earned the YMPE during the year. This $60 \%$ assumption corresponds to the underlying actual average experience for 1966 to 1997. It is used, for a given calendar year, in connection with the new loans arising out of the first semi-annual coupon payable from the new loans made in the first six months of that calendar year.
3. Methodology
(a) Pay-as-you-go rates

The pay-as-you go rate for a given year corresponds to the ratio of the year's total expenditures to the year's total contributory earnings.
(b) Contribution rate

The steady-state contribution rate was computed in accordance with subsection 113.1 of the Canada Pension Plan. The financing objective is to have a contribution rate that is no lower than the rate that, beginning with the year 2003, is the lowest constant rate that can be maintained over the foreseeable future, and that results in the ratio of the projected assets of the Canada Pension Plan at the end of any given year over the projected annual expenditures of the Canada Pension Plan in the following year (assets-to-expenditures ratio) being generally constant.

For purposes of this report, the steady-state contribution rate was determined as the lowest rate which would make the assets-toexpenditures ratio in year 2060 equal to that in year 2010, in accordance with a regulation recently approved by the federal Cabinet and awaiting approval by the provinces (for the Sixteenth Actuarial Report, the assets-to-expenditures ratios in years 2030 and 2100 were compared). The resulting contribution rate is then rounded to the nearest $0.1 \%$.
(c) Contributions

The amount of total annual contributions corresponds, for a given year, to the product of the year's contribution rate and the year's total contributory earnings.
(d) Assets

As for the projection of contributory earnings and expenditures, asset projections are made using 1966 as the starting point, rather than using the beginning (1998) of the valuation period. This is done for the following three objectives:

- The reproduction, for methodology validation purposes, of the past values of the total assets, the Fund and the Operating Balance.
- The availability of a reliable set of 1997 values for the proper projection of the assets to 1998 and subsequent years. The projection of the assets is accordingly started accurately by using actual information on their components, e.g., the amount, the yield and the 20-year renewal date of each loan made each year from 1966 to 1997.
- This approach facilitates the integration of the existing assets with those emerging after the valuation date, thus ensuring full consistency of the valuation process as it applies to past and future values.

The projected pattern of cash flows from investments is assumed to be consistent with continued investment in 20-year bonds. This assumption may be revised for future actuarial reports, once the CPP Investment Board has developed its investment policy.

Appendix B - III. Pay-As-You-Go Rates, Contribution Rates and Assets
i) Annual increase in the assets

The assets at the end of a given year are obtained by adding to the previous year-end assets the year's increase in the assets. The annual increase in the assets is computed as the sum of the respective annual increases in the Operating Balance and the Fund.

These two main components of the annual increase were computed as follows:
ii) Annual increase in the Operating Balance

The Operating Balance at the end of a given year, deemed to correspond to the expenditures of the first three months of the ensuing year, is first computed as follows:

YEAR-END OPERATING BALANCE=
$3 / 32$ of year's expenditure $+5 / 32$ of ensuing year's expenditure
The annual increase in the Operating Balance (DELOPE) for a given year is then easily obtained by taking the difference between the year-end Operating Balance and the corresponding amount for the previous year.

The increase in the Operating Balance (DELOPE) may be split into two components: the investment earnings on the Operating Balance (INVOPE) and the residual amount (DELOPE-INVOPE), positive or negative, corresponding to an amount otherwise available for Fund investments. To compute this residual amount, required for the computation of the yearly Fund increase described below, DELOPE is obtained as described above and INVOPE is obtained using the following approximation formula for the internal rate of return on the Operating Balance:
$\mathrm{INTOPE}_{\mathrm{N}}=2 * \mathrm{INVOPE}_{\mathrm{N}} /\left\{\mathrm{OPEBAL}_{\mathrm{N}-1}+\right.$ OPEBAL $\left._{\mathrm{N}}-\mathrm{INVOPE}_{\mathrm{N}}\right\}$
where INTOPE corresponds to the actual or assumed annual rate of return on the Operating Balance as described in section 2(b) above, and OPEBAL ${ }_{\mathrm{N}-1}$ and $\mathrm{OPEBAL}_{\mathrm{N}}$ correspond to the Operating Balance at the end of years $\mathrm{N}-1$ and N , respectively.
iii) Annual increase in the Fund

The annual increase in the Fund (DELFUN) is computed by relying on the following relationship:

```
DELFUN={CASHF-(DELOPE-
INVOPE)+CUMINVDELFUN}*{1+0.5*0.6*INTF UN}
```

where $\quad$ CASHF $=$ the year's cash flow (i.e., contributions minus expenditures)

DELOPE-INVOPE $=$ the year's residual amount described above
CUMINVDELFUN $=$ the year's investment earnings from all investments made in previous years (in other words from all previous annual Fund increases). In respect of each such previous year, the component of CUMINVDELFUN is equal to that year's Fund increase (DELFUN) times that year's actual or assumed interest rate (INTFUN) on new investments made during the year. These calculations were made taking into account the renewal new money interest rate applying (actual or assumed) every 20 years after a loan is originally made. If the amount to be invested in any year (DELFUN) should turn out to be negative, investment maturities (additional to normal 20-year renewals) are assumed for that year, sufficient to provide a positive investment, and to release sufficient cash in that year to meet all expected expenditures. These additional maturities are assumed to be implemented on a first-in, first-out basis.
$1+0.5^{*} 0.6^{*}$ INTFUN $=$ the factor which increases the yearly gross amounts available for loans, i.e.,
CASHF - DELOPE + INVOPE + CUMINVDELFUN due to the first semi-annual interest coupon earned on loans made during the first six months of the given year (INTFUN and 0.6 are assumptions described in sections 2(a) and 2(c) above).

Appendix B - III. Pay-As-You-Go Rates, Contribution Rates and Assets

Once the assets have been so computed in respect of any year prior to the projection period (1966 to 1997), they are recomputed by adjusting the 0.6 factor (in connection with the timing of investments) so that the computed amount is equal to its actual known value. Each of the annual adjusted timing-of-investment factors is very close to the actual ones for 1966 to 1997, indicating that the methodology used for asset projections is acceptable. For methodology validation purposes, the annual increase in the Fund (loans to provinces), computed as described above, was compared with actual data; ratios of actual to expected increases obtained in this manner are very close to 1 for most years. The deviation is about $1.1 \%$, on average, for 1966 to 1997.
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Table VII.C. $1 \quad$ Historical Results

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \end{array}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change in Operating Balance | Operating Balance at 31 Dec | Change in Fund | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fund at } \\ & 31 \text { Dec. } \end{aligned}$ | Securities Redeemed | Securities <br> Purchased | Change in Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets at } \\ 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets/ } \\ \text { Expenditures } \\ \text { Ratio } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1966 | 0.05 | 3.60 | 14,744 | 531 | 8 | 523 | 5 | 61 | 61 | 463 | 463 | 0 | 463 | 525 | 525 | 52.47 |
| 1967 | 0.06 | 3.60 | 17,316 | 623 | 10 | 614 | 37 | -19 | 42 | 670 | 1,134 | 0 | 672 | 651 | 1,175 | 48.98 |
| 1968 | 0.13 | 3.60 | 19,056 | 686 | 24 | 662 | 79 | 26 | 68 | 715 | 1,848 | 0 | 711 | 741 | 1,916 | 35.49 |
| 1969 | 0.26 | 3.60 | 20,485 | 737 | 54 | 683 | 128 | -2 | 66 | 813 | 2,661 | 0 | 809 | 811 | 2,727 | 28.12 |
| 1970 | 0.45 | 3.60 | 21,475 | 773 | 97 | 676 | 193 | 7 | 73 | 863 | 3,524 | 0 | 868 | 869 | 3,596 | 24.14 |
| 1971 | 0.66 | 3.60 | 22,663 | 816 | 149 | 666 | 260 | 5 | 78 | 921 | 4,445 | 0 | 922 | 927 | 4,523 | 21.33 |
| 1972 | 0.88 | 3.60 | 24,148 | 869 | 212 | 657 | 333 | 21 | 98 | 970 | 5,415 | 0 | 961 | 990 | 5,513 | 19.83 |
| 1973 | 1.07 | 3.60 | 26,072 | 939 | 278 | 661 | 406 | 19 | 118 | 1,046 | 6,461 | 0 | 1,046 | 1,065 | 6,578 | 16.78 |
| 1974 | 1.17 | 3.60 | 33,429 | 1,203 | 392 | 812 | 497 | 65 | 182 | 1,244 | 7,704 | 0 | 1,240 | 1,308 | 7,887 | 14.06 |
| 1975 | 1.42 | 3.60 | 39,617 | 1,426 | 561 | 865 | 608 | 86 | 269 | 1,386 | 9,091 | 0 | 1,400 | 1,472 | 9,359 | 11.47 |
| 1976 | 1.80 | 3.60 | 45,288 | 1,630 | 816 | 815 | 746 | 19 | 288 | 1,542 | 10,632 | 0 | 1,519 | 1,561 | 10,920 | 10.48 |
| 1977 | 2.05 | 3.60 | 50,782 | 1,828 | 1,042 | 786 | 889 | 42 | 330 | 1,633 | 12,265 | 0 | 1,656 | 1,675 | 12,596 | 9.72 |
| 1978 | 2.31 | 3.60 | 56,176 | 2,022 | 1,296 | 727 | 1,043 | 97 | 427 | 1,673 | 13,938 | 0 | 1,675 | 1,770 | 14,365 | 9.03 |
| 1979 | 2.47 | 3.60 | 64,374 | 2,317 | 1,590 | 727 | 1,235 | 47 | 474 | 1,915 | 15,854 | 0 | 1,914 | 1,962 | 16,328 | 8.31 |
| 1980 | 2.72 | 3.60 | 72,325 | 2,604 | 1,965 | 638 | 1,467 | 182 | 656 | 1,923 | 17,777 | 0 | 1,923 | 2,105 | 18,433 | 7.64 |
| 1981 | 2.89 | 3.60 | 83,566 | 3,008 | 2,413 | 595 | 1,785 | 168 | 824 | 2,211 | 19,988 | 0 | 2,211 | 2,379 | 20,812 | 7.03 |
| 1982 | 2.91 | 3.60 | 101,810 | 3,665 | 2,958 | 707 | 2,160 | 142 | 966 | 2,725 | 22,713 | 0 | 2,725 | 2,867 | 23,679 | 6.58 |
| 1983 | 3.73 | 3.60 | 96,507 | 3,474 | 3,598 | -124 | 2,494 | 90 | 1,056 | 2,280 | 24,992 | 0 | 2,280 | 2,369 | 26,049 | 6.22 |
| 1984 | 3.66 | 3.60 | 114,386 | 4,118 | 4,185 | -67 | 2,829 | 264 | 1,320 | 2,499 | 27,491 | 0 | 2,499 | 2,763 | 28,811 | 5.97 |
| 1985 | 4.31 | 3.60 | 111,993 | 4,032 | 4,826 | -795 | 3,114 | 206 | 1,526 | 2,113 | 29,605 | 0 | 2,112 | 2,319 | 31,130 | 5.66 |
| 1986 | 4.20 | 3.60 | 131,131 | 4,721 | 5,503 | -782 | 3,395 | 134 | 1,659 | 2,479 | 32,084 | 379 | 2,859 | 2,613 | 33,743 | 4.73 |
| 1987 | 5.02 | 3.80 | 141,927 | 5,393 | 7,130 | -1,736 | 3,653 | 209 | 1,868 | 1,708 | 33,792 | 646 | 2,354 | 1,917 | 35,660 | 4.31 |
| 1988 | 5.41 | 4.00 | 152,832 | 6,113 | 8,272 | -2,159 | 3,885 | 225 | 2,093 | 1,502 | 35,294 | 733 | 2,235 | 1,727 | 37,387 | 3.98 |
| 1989 | 5.89 | 4.20 | 159,373 | 6,694 | 9,391 | -2,698 | 4,162 | 331 | 2,424 | 1,134 | 36,428 | 865 | 1,999 | 1,465 | 38,852 | 3.72 |
| 1990 | 5.82 | 4.40 | 179,290 | 7,889 | 10,438 | -2,549 | 4,387 | 329 | 2,753 | 1,508 | 37,936 | 779 | 2,288 | 1,838 | 40,689 | 3.53 |
| 1991 | 6.31 | 4.60 | 182,518 | 8,396 | 11,518 | -3,122 | 4,476 | 180 | 2,933 | 1,174 | 39,110 | 911 | 2,084 | 1,353 | 42,043 | 3.22 |
| 1992 | 7.07 | 4.80 | 185,062 | 8,883 | 13,076 | -4,193 | 4,498 | -190 | 2,743 | 494 | 39,605 | 997 | 1,483 | 305 | 42,347 | 2.97 |
| 1993 | 7.79 | 5.00 | 183,329 | 9,166 | 14,273 | -5,106 | 4,479 | 119 | 2,862 | -746 | 38,858 | 1,755 | 1,017 | -627 | 41,720 | 2.72 |
| 1994 | 8.33 | 5.20 | 184,324 | 9,585 | 15,362 | -5,778 | 4,404 | 156 | 3,018 | -1,529 | 37,329 | 1,723 | 193 | -1,374 | 40,346 | 2.52 |
| 1995 | 7.91 | 5.40 | 202,061 | 10,911 | 15,986 | -5,075 | 4,411 | 197 | 3,215 | -861 | 36,468 | 2,235 | 1,379 | -664 | 39,683 | 2.37 |
| 1996 | 8.71 | 5.60 | 192,084 | 10,757 | 16,723 | -5,966 | 4,178 | 35 | 3,250 | -1,824 | 34,644 | 2,994 | 1,207 | -1,788 | 37,894 | 2.16 |
| 1997 | 8.67 | 6.00 | 202,756 | 12,165 | 17,570 | -5,405 | 3,971 | 315 | 3,566 | -1,749 | 32,894 | 2,799 | 1,008 | -1,434 | 36,460 | 2.00 |

Table VII.C. 2
Projected Financial Results - Annually - 1998 to 2100

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate \% } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Contribution } \\ \text { Rate \% } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Contributory <br> Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In <br> Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { at } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets $/$ Expenditures Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -169 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 7.00 | 231,677 | 16,217 | 18,967 | -2,750 | 3,795 | 1,045 | 37,336 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.16 | 7.80 | 242,196 | 18,891 | 19,770 | -879 | 3,763 | 2,884 | 40,220 | 10.03 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.13 | 8.60 | 254,455 | 21,883 | 20,684 | 1,199 | 3,822 | 5,021 | 45,241 | 9.34 | 2.08 |
| 2002 | 8.09 | 9.40 | 268,567 | 25,245 | 21,738 | 3,507 | 3,997 | 7,504 | 52,745 | 8.44 | 2.30 |
| 2003 | 8.06 | 9.90 | 284,703 | 28,186 | 22,956 | 5,230 | 4,313 | 9,543 | 62,288 | 7.72 | 2.56 |
| 2004 | 8.05 | 9.90 | 302,690 | 29,966 | 24,365 | 5,601 | 4,872 | 10,473 | 72,760 | 7.42 | 2.81 |
| 2005 | 8.05 | 9.90 | 321,666 | 31,845 | 25,904 | 5,941 | 5,440 | 11,381 | 84,142 | 7.13 | 3.05 |
| 2006 | 8.07 | 9.90 | 341,621 | 33,820 | 27,560 | 6,260 | 6,131 | 12,392 | 96,534 | 6.98 | 3.29 |
| 2007 | 8.10 | 9.90 | 362,505 | 35,888 | 29,364 | 6,524 | 6,905 | 13,429 | 109,963 | 6.88 | 3.51 |
| 2008 | 8.15 | 9.90 | 384,160 | 38,032 | 31,328 | 6,704 | 7,770 | 14,474 | 124,437 | 6.82 | 3.72 |
| 2009 | 8.21 | 9.90 | 407,388 | 40,331 | 33,437 | 6,894 | 8,703 | 15,598 | 140,035 | 6.77 | 3.92 |
| 2010 | 8.27 | 9.90 | 431,278 | 42,697 | 35,682 | 7,015 | 9,724 | 16,738 | 156,773 | 6.74 | 4.12 |
| 2011 | 8.39 | 9.90 | 453,439 | 44,890 | 38,062 | 6,828 | 10,784 | 17,613 | 174,386 | 6.70 | 4.29 |
| 2012 | 8.51 | 9.90 | 476,918 | 47,215 | 40,603 | 6,612 | 11,932 | 18,544 | 192,930 | 6.69 | 4.45 |
| 2013 | 8.65 | 9.90 | 501,275 | 49,626 | 43,337 | 6,289 | 13,170 | 19,459 | 212,389 | 6.70 | 4.59 |
| 2014 | 8.79 | 9.90 | 525,894 | 52,064 | 46,244 | 5,820 | 14,512 | 20,332 | 232,721 | 6.72 | 4.72 |
| 2015 | 8.94 | 9.90 | 551,896 | 54,638 | 49,326 | 5,312 | 15,906 | 21,218 | 253,938 | 6.74 | 4.83 |
| 2016 | 9.09 | 9.90 | 578,372 | 57,259 | 52,592 | 4,667 | 17,355 | 22,022 | 275,961 | 6.76 | 4.92 |
| 2017 | 9.25 | 9.90 | 606,195 | 60,013 | 56,053 | 3,960 | 18,861 | 22,821 | 298,782 | 6.78 | 5.00 |
| 2018 | 9.41 | 9.90 | 634,884 | 62,854 | 59,726 | 3,128 | 20,419 | 23,547 | 322,329 | 6.79 | 5.07 |
| 2019 | 9.57 | 9.90 | 664,512 | 65,787 | 63,621 | 2,166 | 22,037 | 24,203 | 346,532 | 6.81 | 5.11 |
| 2020 | 9.75 | 9.90 | 695,029 | 68,808 | 67,751 | 1,057 | 23,721 | 24,778 | 371,310 | 6.83 | 5.15 |
| 2021 | 9.93 | 9.90 | 726,538 | 71,927 | 72,119 | -192 | 25,464 | 25,273 | 396,582 | 6.85 | 5.17 |
| 2022 | 10.10 | 9.90 | 759,648 | 75,205 | 76,710 | -1,505 | 27,260 | 25,756 | 422,338 | 6.87 | 5.18 |
| 2023 | 10.27 | 9.90 | 793,840 | 78,590 | 81,534 | -2,944 | 29,073 | 26,129 | 448,467 | 6.88 | 5.18 |
| 2024 | 10.44 | 9.90 | 829,314 | 82,102 | 86,582 | -4,480 | 30,871 | 26,391 | 474,858 | 6.88 | 5.17 |
| 2025 | 10.59 | 9.90 | 866,768 | 85,810 | 91,825 | -6,015 | 32,686 | 26,671 | 501,528 | 6.88 | 5.16 |
| 2026 | 10.73 | 9.90 | 906,004 | 89,694 | 97,233 | -7,539 | 34,519 | 26,980 | 528,508 | 6.88 | 5.14 |
| 2027 | 10.85 | 9.90 | 947,597 | 93,812 | 102,771 | -8,959 | 36,372 | 27,413 | 555,922 | 6.88 | 5.13 |
| 2028 | 10.94 | 9.90 | 991,448 | 98,153 | 108,447 | -10,294 | 38,256 | 27,962 | 583,884 | 6.88 | 5.11 |
| 2029 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 1,037,117 | 102,675 | 114,300 | -11,625 | 40,176 | 28,551 | 612,435 | 6.88 | 5.09 |
| 2030 | 11.09 | 9.90 | 1,085,137 | 107,429 | 120,341 | -12,912 | 42,137 | 29,225 | 641,659 | 6.88 | 5.07 |
| 2031 | 11.14 | 9.90 | 1,135,710 | 112,435 | 126,563 | -14,128 | 44,144 | 30,016 | 671,675 | 6.88 | 5.05 |
| 2032 | 11.18 | 9.90 | 1,189,146 | 117,725 | 132,922 | -15,197 | 46,205 | 31,008 | 702,683 | 6.88 | 5.04 |
| 2033 | 11.20 | 9.90 | 1,244,895 | 123,245 | 139,430 | -16,185 | 48,334 | 32,149 | 734,832 | 6.88 | 5.03 |
| 2034 | 11.21 | 9.90 | 1,304,012 | 129,097 | 146,138 | -17,041 | 50,543 | 33,502 | 768,334 | 6.88 | 5.02 |
| 2035 | 11.21 | 9.90 | 1,365,842 | 135,218 | 153,096 | -17,878 | 52,845 | 34,967 | 803,301 | 6.88 | 5.01 |
| 2036 | 11.21 | 9.90 | 1,430,601 | 141,630 | 160,331 | -18,702 | 55,248 | 36,546 | 839,847 | 6.88 | 5.01 |
| 2037 | 11.19 | 9.90 | 1,498,993 | 148,400 | 167,797 | -19,397 | 57,759 | 38,362 | 878,209 | 6.88 | 5.00 |
| 2038 | 11.17 | 9.90 | 1,570,438 | 155,473 | 175,474 | -20,001 | 60,396 | 40,396 | 918,605 | 6.88 | 5.01 |
| 2039 | 11.15 | 9.90 | 1,644,836 | 162,839 | 183,424 | -20,585 | 63,175 | 42,590 | 961,195 | 6.88 | 5.01 |
| 2040 | 11.12 | 9.90 | 1,723,263 | 170,603 | 191,704 | -21,101 | 66,105 | 45,004 | 1,006,199 | 6.88 | 5.02 |
| 2041 | 11.11 | 9.90 | 1,804,247 | 178,620 | 200,367 | -21,747 | 69,202 | 47,455 | 1,053,654 | 6.88 | 5.03 |
| 2042 | 11.08 | 9.90 | 1,889,517 | 187,062 | 209,396 | -22,334 | 72,468 | 50,134 | 1,103,789 | 6.88 | 5.04 |
| 2043 | 11.06 | 9.90 | 1,978,432 | 195,865 | 218,804 | -22,939 | 75,920 | 52,980 | 1,156,769 | 6.88 | 5.06 |
| 2044 | 11.04 | 9.90 | 2,070,475 | 204,977 | 228,646 | -23,669 | 79,568 | 55,899 | 1,212,668 | 6.88 | 5.07 |
| 2045 | 11.03 | 9.90 | 2,166,730 | 214,506 | 238,980 | -24,474 | 83,418 | 58,944 | 1,271,612 | 6.88 | 5.09 |
| 2046 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 2,266,912 | 224,424 | 249,835 | -25,411 | 87,477 | 62,067 | 1,333,679 | 6.88 | 5.11 |
| 2047 | 11.01 | 9.90 | 2,371,940 | 234,822 | 261,177 | -26,355 | 91,752 | 65,397 | 1,399,076 | 6.88 | 5.12 |
| 2048 | 11.00 | 9.90 | 2,481,166 | 245,635 | 273,011 | -27,376 | 96,257 | 68,882 | 1,467,958 | 6.88 | 5.14 |
| 2049 | 11.00 | 9.90 | 2,594,977 | 256,903 | 285,433 | -28,530 | 101,003 | 72,473 | 1,540,431 | 6.88 | 5.16 |
| 2050 | 11.00 | 9.90 | 2,713,442 | 268,631 | 298,525 | -29,894 | 105,997 | 76,102 | 1,616,534 | 6.88 | 5.18 |

Table VII.C. $2 \quad$ Projected Financial Results - Annually - 1998 to 2100 (Continued)

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Paygo } \\ & \text { Rate } \% \end{aligned}$ | Contribution <br> Rate \% | Contributory <br> Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment <br> Earnings | Change In <br> Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets / Expenditures Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2051 | 11.01 | 9.90 | 2,837,229 | 280,886 | 312,286 | -31,400 | 111,240 | 79,839 | 1,696,373 | 6.88 | 5.19 |
| 2052 | 11.01 | 9.90 | 2,966,397 | 293,673 | 326,673 | -33,000 | 116,740 | 83,740 | 1,780,113 | 6.88 | 5.21 |
| 2053 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 3,101,377 | 307,036 | 341,656 | -34,620 | 122,509 | 87,889 | 1,868,003 | 6.88 | 5.23 |
| 2054 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 3,242,899 | 321,047 | 357,294 | -36,247 | 128,565 | 92,318 | 1,960,321 | 6.88 | 5.25 |
| 2055 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 3,391,204 | 335,729 | 373,672 | -37,943 | 134,927 | 96,984 | 2,057,305 | 6.88 | 5.26 |
| 2056 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 3,546,897 | 351,143 | 390,760 | -39,617 | 141,610 | 101,993 | 2,159,299 | 6.88 | 5.28 |
| 2057 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 3,708,935 | 367,185 | 408,572 | -41,387 | 148,640 | 107,253 | 2,266,552 | 6.88 | 5.31 |
| 2058 | 11.01 | 9.90 | 3,878,958 | 384,017 | 427,192 | -43,175 | 156,033 | 112,858 | 2,379,410 | 6.88 | 5.33 |
| 2059 | 11.01 | 9.90 | 4,057,331 | 401,676 | 446,599 | -44,923 | 163,814 | 118,891 | 2,498,300 | 6.88 | 5.35 |
| 2060 | 11.00 | 9.90 | 4,243,739 | 420,130 | 466,852 | -46,722 | 172,011 | 125,290 | 2,623,590 | 6.89 | 5.38 |
| 2061 | 10.99 | 9.90 | 4,438,987 | 439,460 | 487,983 | -48,523 | 180,652 | 132,128 | 2,755,718 | 6.89 | 5.40 |
| 2062 | 10.98 | 9.90 | 4,643,833 | 459,739 | 510,052 | -50,313 | 189,765 | 139,452 | 2,895,171 | 6.89 | 5.43 |
| 2063 | 10.98 | 9.90 | 4,857,972 | 480,939 | 533,190 | -52,251 | 199,385 | 147,134 | 3,042,305 | 6.89 | 5.46 |
| 2064 | 10.97 | 9.90 | 5,081,643 | 503,083 | 557,397 | -54,314 | 209,536 | 155,221 | 3,197,526 | 6.89 | 5.49 |
| 2065 | 10.96 | 9.90 | 5,316,259 | 526,310 | 582,715 | -56,405 | 220,246 | 163,840 | 3,361,366 | 6.89 | 5.52 |
| 2066 | 10.95 | 9.90 | 5,561,431 | 550,582 | 609,202 | -58,620 | 231,552 | 172,931 | 3,534,298 | 6.89 | 5.55 |
| 2067 | 10.95 | 9.90 | 5,817,399 | 575,923 | 636,926 | -61,004 | 243,487 | 182,483 | 3,716,781 | 6.89 | 5.58 |
| 2068 | 10.94 | 9.90 | 6,085,020 | 602,417 | 665,959 | -63,542 | 256,083 | 192,541 | 3,909,322 | 6.89 | 5.61 |
| 2069 | 10.94 | 9.90 | 6,365,152 | 630,150 | 696,375 | -66,225 | 269,374 | 203,149 | 4,112,471 | 6.89 | 5.65 |
| 2070 | 10.94 | 9.90 | 6,657,443 | 659,087 | 728,245 | -69,158 | 283,399 | 214,241 | 4,326,712 | 6.89 | 5.68 |
| 2071 | 10.94 | 9.90 | 6,962,171 | 689,255 | 761,643 | -72,388 | 298,192 | 225,804 | 4,552,516 | 6.89 | 5.71 |
| 2072 | 10.94 | 9.90 | 7,280,865 | 720,806 | 796,651 | -75,845 | 313,784 | 237,938 | 4,790,454 | 6.89 | 5.75 |
| 2073 | 10.95 | 9.90 | 7,613,822 | 753,768 | 833,359 | -79,591 | 330,214 | 250,624 | 5,041,078 | 6.89 | 5.78 |
| 2074 | 10.95 | 9.90 | 7,960,752 | 788,114 | 871,851 | -83,737 | 347,523 | 263,786 | 5,304,864 | 6.89 | 5.82 |
| 2075 | 10.96 | 9.90 | 8,323,300 | 824,007 | 912,216 | -88,209 | 365,740 | 277,531 | 5,582,395 | 6.89 | 5.85 |
| 2076 | 10.97 | 9.90 | 8,701,909 | 861,489 | 954,532 | -93,043 | 384,908 | 291,865 | 5,874,260 | 6.89 | 5.88 |
| 2077 | 10.98 | 9.90 | 9,096,394 | 900,543 | 998,881 | -98,338 | 405,067 | 306,729 | 6,180,989 | 6.90 | 5.91 |
| 2078 | 10.99 | 9.90 | 9,509,179 | 941,409 | 1,045,355 | -103,946 | 426,253 | 322,307 | 6,503,296 | 6.90 | 5.94 |
| 2079 | 11.01 | 9.90 | 9,939,516 | 984,012 | 1,094,039 | -110,027 | 448,517 | 338,490 | 6,841,786 | 6.90 | 5.98 |
| 2080 | 11.02 | 9.90 | 10,389,314 | 1,028,542 | 1,145,019 | -116,477 | 471,898 | 355,421 | 7,197,207 | 6.90 | 6.01 |
| 2081 | 11.04 | 9.90 | 10,859,225 | 1,075,063 | 1,198,379 | -123,316 | 496,450 | 373,134 | 7,570,341 | 6.90 | 6.04 |
| 2082 | 11.05 | 9.90 | 11,350,532 | 1,123,703 | 1,254,210 | -130,507 | 522,227 | 391,719 | 7,962,060 | 6.90 | 6.07 |
| 2083 | 11.06 | 9.90 | 11,863,887 | 1,174,525 | 1,312,613 | -138,088 | 549,288 | 411,200 | 8,373,260 | 6.90 | 6.10 |
| 2084 | 11.08 | 9.90 | 12,400,017 | 1,227,602 | 1,373,696 | -146,094 | 577,697 | 431,603 | 8,804,862 | 6.90 | 6.12 |
| 2085 | 11.09 | 9.90 | 12,961,032 | 1,283,142 | 1,437,567 | -154,425 | 607,517 | 453,092 | 9,257,954 | 6.90 | 6.15 |
| 2086 | 11.10 | 9.90 | 13,547,714 | 1,341,224 | 1,504,332 | -163,108 | 638,823 | 475,714 | 9,733,668 | 6.90 | 6.18 |
| 2087 | 11.12 | 9.90 | 14,160,859 | 1,401,925 | 1,574,116 | -172,191 | 671,694 | 499,503 | 10,233,171 | 6.90 | 6.21 |
| 2088 | 11.13 | 9.90 | 14,802,592 | 1,465,457 | 1,647,060 | -181,603 | 706,211 | 524,607 | 10,757,778 | 6.90 | 6.24 |
| 2089 | 11.14 | 9.90 | 15,473,099 | 1,531,837 | 1,723,313 | -191,476 | 742,464 | 550,988 | 11,308,766 | 6.90 | 6.27 |
| 2090 | 11.15 | 9.90 | 16,175,266 | 1,601,351 | 1,803,028 | -201,677 | 780,544 | 578,867 | 11,887,633 | 6.90 | 6.30 |
| 2091 | 11.16 | 9.90 | 16,908,562 | 1,673,948 | 1,886,358 | -212,410 | 820,552 | 608,142 | 12,495,775 | 6.90 | 6.33 |
| 2092 | 11.16 | 9.90 | 17,675,954 | 1,749,919 | 1,973,479 | -223,560 | 862,587 | 639,027 | 13,134,802 | 6.90 | 6.36 |
| 2093 | 11.17 | 9.90 | 18,477,674 | 1,829,290 | 2,064,575 | -235,285 | 906,759 | 671,474 | 13,806,276 | 6.90 | 6.39 |
| 2094 | 11.18 | 9.90 | 19,316,024 | 1,912,286 | 2,159,841 | -247,555 | 953,177 | 705,622 | 14,511,898 | 6.90 | 6.42 |
| 2095 | 11.19 | 9.90 | 20,192,664 | 1,999,074 | 2,259,486 | -260,412 | 1,001,958 | 741,546 | 15,253,444 | 6.90 | 6.45 |
| 2096 | 11.20 | 9.90 | 21,109,290 | 2,089,820 | 2,363,726 | -273,906 | 1,053,227 | 779,320 | 16,032,764 | 6.90 | 6.48 |
| 2097 | 11.21 | 9.90 | 22,066,914 | 2,184,625 | 2,472,792 | -288,168 | 1,107,110 | 818,942 | 16,851,706 | 6.91 | 6.51 |
| 2098 | 11.21 | 9.90 | 23,067,326 | 2,283,665 | 2,586,915 | -303,250 | 1,163,735 | 860,485 | 17,712,192 | 6.91 | 6.54 |
| 2099 | 11.22 | 9.90 | 24,113,060 | 2,387,193 | 2,706,341 | -319,148 | 1,223,236 | 904,088 | 18,616,280 | 6.91 | 6.58 |
| 2100 | 11.23 | 9.90 | 25,206,020 | 2,495,396 | 2,831,335 | -335,939 | 1,285,755 | 949,816 | 19,566,096 | 6.91 | 6.61 |

Table VII.C. $3 \quad$ Projection of Total Expenditures - Annually - 1998 to 2100

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  | Survivor |  |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | Grand Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Children | Sub- <br> Total | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Sub- <br> Total |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 12,217 | 1,262 | 1,285 | 235 | 2,782 | 339 | 2,223 | 2,563 | 212 | 238 | 240 | 18,252 |
| 1999 | 12,763 | 1,267 | 1,290 | 235 | 2,792 | 351 | 2,325 | 2,675 | 222 | 245 | 269 | 18,967 |
| 2000 | 13,359 | 1,286 | 1,310 | 239 | 2,835 | 357 | 2,431 | 2,788 | 232 | 254 | 303 | 19,770 |
| 2001 | 14,029 | 1,323 | 1,352 | 245 | 2,920 | 365 | 2,547 | 2,911 | 243 | 263 | 318 | 20,684 |
| 2002 | 14,780 | 1,378 | 1,415 | 255 | 3,048 | 374 | 2,672 | 3,046 | 255 | 272 | 336 | 21,738 |
| 2003 | 15,635 | 1,453 | 1,499 | 268 | 3,221 | 385 | 2,809 | 3,194 | 268 | 282 | 356 | 22,956 |
| 2004 | 16,614 | 1,550 | 1,606 | 285 | 3,440 | 398 | 2,959 | 3,357 | 282 | 293 | 378 | 24,365 |
| 2005 | 17,679 | 1,663 | 1,730 | 304 | 3,698 | 412 | 3,114 | 3,525 | 296 | 304 | 402 | 25,904 |
| 2006 | 18,834 | 1,786 | 1,865 | 324 | 3,976 | 427 | 3,271 | 3,698 | 310 | 315 | 427 | 27,560 |
| 2007 | 20,120 | 1,915 | 2,006 | 344 | 4,265 | 442 | 3,433 | 3,874 | 324 | 326 | 453 | 29,364 |
| 2008 | 21,558 | 2,045 | 2,151 | 363 | 4,559 | 457 | 3,598 | 4,055 | 338 | 338 | 480 | 31,328 |
| 2009 | 23,122 | 2,181 | 2,301 | 382 | 4,865 | 474 | 3,768 | 4,241 | 352 | 349 | 509 | 33,437 |
| 2010 | 24,803 | 2,323 | 2,460 | 401 | 5,184 | 491 | 3,941 | 4,431 | 365 | 360 | 539 | 35,682 |
| 2011 | 26,617 | 2,462 | 2,618 | 420 | 5,499 | 509 | 4,120 | 4,629 | 379 | 371 | 567 | 38,062 |
| 2012 | 28,612 | 2,584 | 2,764 | 438 | 5,787 | 527 | 4,307 | 4,834 | 394 | 380 | 596 | 40,603 |
| 2013 | 30,788 | 2,714 | 2,913 | 457 | 6,084 | 544 | 4,497 | 5,042 | 407 | 390 | 627 | 43,337 |
| 2014 | 33,110 | 2,853 | 3,073 | 476 | 6,402 | 563 | 4,694 | 5,256 | 420 | 399 | 657 | 46,244 |
| 2015 | 35,584 | 2,996 | 3,242 | 494 | 6,733 | 582 | 4,897 | 5,478 | 433 | 408 | 690 | 49,326 |
| 2016 | 38,222 | 3,144 | 3,419 | 513 | 7,076 | 601 | 5,107 | 5,709 | 445 | 418 | 723 | 52,592 |
| 2017 | 41,033 | 3,296 | 3,602 | 532 | 7,431 | 621 | 5,327 | 5,948 | 457 | 427 | 758 | 56,053 |
| 2018 | 44,043 | 3,448 | 3,787 | 551 | 7,787 | 642 | 5,556 | 6,198 | 468 | 437 | 794 | 59,726 |
| 2019 | 47,265 | 3,597 | 3,972 | 571 | 8,140 | 662 | 5,796 | 6,459 | 480 | 447 | 831 | 63,621 |
| 2020 | 50,711 | 3,744 | 4,155 | 591 | 8,490 | 683 | 6,049 | 6,732 | 492 | 457 | 869 | 67,751 |
| 2021 | 54,375 | 3,892 | 4,341 | 612 | 8,844 | 704 | 6,316 | 7,020 | 505 | 467 | 908 | 72,119 |
| 2022 | 58,251 | 4,033 | 4,524 | 633 | 9,190 | 726 | 6,599 | 7,324 | 518 | 478 | 950 | 76,710 |
| 2023 | 62,345 | 4,170 | 4,705 | 654 | 9,530 | 746 | 6,899 | 7,646 | 531 | 489 | 992 | 81,534 |
| 2024 | 66,644 | 4,304 | 4,887 | 677 | 9,868 | 768 | 7,220 | 7,987 | 546 | 500 | 1,037 | 86,582 |
| 2025 | 71,126 | 4,429 | 5,064 | 700 | 10,193 | 788 | 7,562 | 8,350 | 561 | 512 | 1,083 | 91,825 |
| 2026 | 75,755 | 4,547 | 5,238 | 725 | 10,510 | 809 | 7,926 | 8,735 | 576 | 524 | 1,133 | 97,233 |
| 2027 | 80,481 | 4,665 | 5,416 | 751 | 10,832 | 829 | 8,316 | 9,145 | 593 | 536 | 1,184 | 102,771 |
| 2028 | 85,316 | 4,779 | 5,594 | 778 | 11,151 | 850 | 8,732 | 9,582 | 610 | 549 | 1,239 | 108,447 |
| 2029 | 90,279 | 4,898 | 5,784 | 806 | 11,488 | 871 | 9,176 | 10,046 | 629 | 562 | 1,296 | 114,300 |
| 2030 | 95,361 | 5,031 | 5,994 | 836 | 11,861 | 892 | 9,648 | 10,540 | 648 | 574 | 1,356 | 120,341 |
| 2031 | 100,527 | 5,190 | 6,242 | 867 | 12,298 | 914 | 10,149 | 11,063 | 667 | 588 | 1,420 | 126,563 |
| 2032 | 105,741 | 5,369 | 6,521 | 899 | 12,788 | 937 | 10,681 | 11,618 | 688 | 601 | 1,486 | 132,922 |
| 2033 | 111,043 | 5,555 | 6,817 | 932 | 13,304 | 960 | 11,243 | 12,204 | 709 | 614 | 1,556 | 139,430 |
| 2034 | 116,495 | 5,744 | 7,123 | 966 | 13,833 | 986 | 11,836 | 12,822 | 731 | 627 | 1,630 | 146,138 |
| 2035 | 122,153 | 5,932 | 7,437 | 1,001 | 14,370 | 1,012 | 12,461 | 13,473 | 753 | 640 | 1,707 | 153,096 |
| 2036 | 128,025 | 6,129 | 7,767 | 1,037 | 14,933 | 1,040 | 13,116 | 14,156 | 776 | 652 | 1,788 | 160,331 |
| 2037 | 134,034 | 6,347 | 8,132 | 1,074 | 15,554 | 1,069 | 13,802 | 14,871 | 800 | 665 | 1,874 | 167,797 |
| 2038 | 140,174 | 6,581 | 8,526 | 1,112 | 16,220 | 1,099 | 14,519 | 15,618 | 824 | 676 | 1,963 | 175,474 |
| 2039 | 146,508 | 6,830 | 8,946 | 1,151 | 16,928 | 1,131 | 15,265 | 16,396 | 848 | 688 | 2,056 | 183,424 |
| 2040 | 153,121 | 7,082 | 9,378 | 1,191 | 17,651 | 1,164 | 16,041 | 17,205 | 873 | 699 | 2,154 | 191,704 |
| 2041 | 160,043 | 7,348 | 9,835 | 1,233 | 18,415 | 1,199 | 16,847 | 18,046 | 899 | 709 | 2,255 | 200,367 |
| 2042 | 167,237 | 7,633 | 10,328 | 1,275 | 19,237 | 1,235 | 17,681 | 18,916 | 925 | 719 | 2,362 | 209,396 |
| 2043 | 174,730 | 7,934 | 10,851 | 1,319 | 20,105 | 1,274 | 18,543 | 19,816 | 952 | 728 | 2,473 | 218,804 |
| 2044 | 182,596 | 8,243 | 11,392 | 1,365 | 20,999 | 1,313 | 19,433 | 20,746 | 979 | 737 | 2,588 | 228,646 |
| 2045 | 190,899 | 8,556 | 11,949 | 1,411 | 21,916 | 1,354 | 20,351 | 21,706 | 1,007 | 745 | 2,708 | 238,980 |
| 2046 | 199,663 | 8,875 | 12,522 | 1,460 | 22,857 | 1,397 | 21,297 | 22,694 | 1,036 | 752 | 2,834 | 249,835 |
| 2047 | 208,844 | 9,203 | 13,119 | 1,510 | 23,831 | 1,441 | 22,271 | 23,713 | 1,066 | 758 | 2,965 | 261,177 |
| 2048 | 218,460 | 9,536 | 13,731 | 1,562 | 24,828 | 1,487 | 23,274 | 24,761 | 1,096 | 764 | 3,101 | 273,011 |
| 2049 | 228,603 | 9,874 | 14,360 | 1,616 | 25,849 | 1,534 | 24,306 | 25,840 | 1,128 | 769 | 3,244 | 285,433 |
| 2050 | 239,361 | 10,214 | 15,001 | 1,671 | 26,887 | 1,582 | 25,369 | 26,951 | 1,161 | 774 | 3,392 | 298,525 |

Table VII.C. $3 \quad$ Projection of Total Expenditures - Annually - 1998 to 2100 (Continued)

| Year | Retirement | FlatRate | Disability |  | Survivor |  |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | Grand <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | EarningsRelated | Children | Sub- <br> Total | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Total } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2051 | 250,711 | 10,563 | 15,668 | 1,729 | 27,960 | 1,631 | 26,465 | 28,096 | 1,194 | 778 | 3,547 | 312,286 |
| 2052 | 262,573 | 10,935 | 16,380 | 1,790 | 29,105 | 1,681 | 27,595 | 29,276 | 1,229 | 782 | 3,708 | 326,673 |
| 2053 | 274,949 | 11,317 | 17,117 | 1,853 | 30,286 | 1,732 | 28,761 | 30,494 | 1,266 | 785 | 3,877 | 341,656 |
| 2054 | 287,932 | 11,692 | 17,855 | 1,918 | 31,464 | 1,785 | 29,967 | 31,752 | 1,303 | 788 | 4,054 | 357,294 |
| 2055 | 301,608 | 12,060 | 18,592 | 1,986 | 32,637 | 1,838 | 31,216 | 33,055 | 1,342 | 791 | 4,239 | 373,672 |
| 2056 | 315,882 | 12,442 | 19,365 | 2,057 | 33,863 | 1,893 | 32,512 | 34,405 | 1,382 | 793 | 4,434 | 390,760 |
| 2057 | 330,765 | 12,840 | 20,173 | 2,130 | 35,143 | 1,949 | 33,859 | 35,808 | 1,424 | 795 | 4,636 | 408,572 |
| 2058 | 346,299 | 13,265 | 21,042 | 2,207 | 36,514 | 2,006 | 35,260 | 37,266 | 1,467 | 798 | 4,849 | 427,192 |
| 2059 | 362,465 | 13,715 | 21,964 | 2,286 | 37,965 | 2,065 | 36,721 | 38,786 | 1,511 | 800 | 5,072 | 446,599 |
| 2060 | 379,317 | 14,189 | 22,943 | 2,369 | 39,500 | 2,126 | 38,245 | 40,371 | 1,557 | 802 | 5,305 | 466,852 |
| 2061 | 396,851 | 14,698 | 23,997 | 2,455 | 41,149 | 2,188 | 39,838 | 42,026 | 1,604 | 805 | 5,549 | 487,983 |
| 2062 | 415,197 | 15,213 | 25,077 | 2,543 | 42,833 | 2,253 | 41,505 | 43,758 | 1,652 | 807 | 5,805 | 510,052 |
| 2063 | 434,447 | 15,746 | 26,209 | 2,634 | 44,589 | 2,320 | 43,250 | 45,569 | 1,702 | 810 | 6,072 | 533,190 |
| 2064 | 454,579 | 16,304 | 27,401 | 2,729 | 46,434 | 2,389 | 45,078 | 47,467 | 1,754 | 813 | 6,352 | 557,397 |
| 2065 | 475,622 | 16,888 | 28,657 | 2,827 | 48,372 | 2,460 | 46,994 | 49,455 | 1,806 | 816 | 6,645 | 582,715 |
| 2066 | 497,628 | 17,497 | 29,980 | 2,928 | 50,404 | 2,535 | 49,004 | 51,539 | 1,860 | 819 | 6,952 | 609,202 |
| 2067 | 520,659 | 18,132 | 31,370 | 3,032 | 52,534 | 2,612 | 51,111 | 53,723 | 1,915 | 822 | 7,272 | 636,926 |
| 2068 | 544,778 | 18,793 | 32,832 | 3,139 | 54,765 | 2,691 | 53,320 | 56,012 | 1,972 | 826 | 7,606 | 665,959 |
| 2069 | 570,047 | 19,482 | 34,368 | 3,250 | 57,101 | 2,774 | 55,637 | 58,411 | 2,030 | 830 | 7,956 | 696,375 |
| 2070 | 596,532 | 20,199 | 35,981 | 3,364 | 59,544 | 2,859 | 58,064 | 60,923 | 2,090 | 834 | 8,322 | 728,245 |
| 2071 | 624,301 | 20,942 | 37,671 | 3,483 | 62,096 | 2,948 | 60,606 | 63,554 | 2,151 | 838 | 8,703 | 761,643 |
| 2072 | 653,430 | 21,712 | 39,438 | 3,604 | 64,755 | 3,039 | 63,268 | 66,307 | 2,214 | 842 | 9,101 | 796,651 |
| 2073 | 684,007 | 22,508 | 41,284 | 3,730 | 67,522 | 3,134 | 66,053 | 69,187 | 2,279 | 847 | 9,517 | 833,359 |
| 2074 | 716,110 | 23,329 | 43,208 | 3,860 | 70,397 | 3,232 | 68,965 | 72,197 | 2,345 | 851 | 9,951 | 871,851 |
| 2075 | 749,819 | 24,175 | 45,212 | 3,995 | 73,382 | 3,332 | 72,009 | 75,341 | 2,413 | 856 | 10,404 | 912,216 |
| 2076 | 785,209 | 25,046 | 47,298 | 4,134 | 76,478 | 3,436 | 75,188 | 78,625 | 2,483 | 860 | 10,877 | 954,532 |
| 2077 | 822,354 | 25,941 | 49,466 | 4,278 | 79,686 | 3,543 | 78,508 | 82,051 | 2,555 | 865 | 11,370 | 998,881 |
| 2078 | 861,333 | 26,863 | 51,722 | 4,427 | 83,011 | 3,653 | 81,973 | 85,626 | 2,629 | 869 | 11,886 | 1,045,355 |
| 2079 | 902,227 | 27,809 | 54,064 | 4,581 | 86,454 | 3,766 | 85,588 | 89,354 | 2,706 | 874 | 12,424 | 1,094,039 |
| 2080 | 945,110 | 28,782 | 56,496 | 4,741 | 90,019 | 3,882 | 89,358 | 93,240 | 2,785 | 878 | 12,987 | 1,145,019 |
| 2081 | 990,051 | 29,782 | 59,025 | 4,906 | 93,713 | 4,001 | 93,291 | 97,292 | 2,866 | 882 | 13,574 | 1,198,379 |
| 2082 | 1,037,123 | 30,812 | 61,657 | 5,078 | 97,547 | 4,123 | 97,392 | 101,515 | 2,950 | 887 | 14,188 | 1,254,210 |
| 2083 | 1,086,410 | 31,875 | 64,398 | 5,256 | 101,529 | 4,249 | 101,669 | 105,918 | 3,036 | 891 | 14,830 | 1,312,613 |
| 2084 | 1,138,000 | 32,972 | 67,256 | 5,440 | 105,668 | 4,378 | 106,130 | 110,508 | 3,125 | 895 | 15,500 | 1,373,696 |
| 2085 | 1,191,978 | 34,106 | 70,241 | 5,632 | 109,978 | 4,510 | 110,783 | 115,294 | 3,217 | 899 | 16,201 | 1,437,567 |
| 2086 | 1,248,426 | 35,281 | 73,361 | 5,830 | 114,472 | 4,646 | 115,639 | 120,285 | 3,311 | 903 | 16,935 | 1,504,332 |
| 2087 | 1,307,451 | 36,498 | 76,624 | 6,035 | 119,157 | 4,786 | 120,705 | 125,491 | 3,409 | 907 | 17,701 | 1,574,116 |
| 2088 | 1,369,172 | 37,758 | 80,035 | 6,248 | 124,041 | 4,929 | 125,994 | 130,924 | 3,509 | 911 | 18,503 | 1,647,060 |
| 2089 | 1,433,715 | 39,065 | 83,603 | 6,469 | 129,136 | 5,077 | 131,516 | 136,593 | 3,612 | 915 | 19,341 | 1,723,313 |
| 2090 | 1,501,200 | 40,421 | 87,341 | 6,697 | 134,459 | 5,230 | 137,282 | 142,512 | 3,719 | 919 | 20,219 | 1,803,028 |
| 2091 | 1,571,756 | 41,830 | 91,259 | 6,934 | 140,023 | 5,386 | 143,305 | 148,692 | 3,828 | 924 | 21,136 | 1,886,358 |
| 2092 | 1,645,530 | 43,294 | 95,367 | 7,179 | 145,839 | 5,548 | 149,598 | 155,146 | 3,941 | 928 | 22,095 | 1,973,479 |
| 2093 | 1,722,683 | 44,814 | 99,673 | 7,432 | 151,919 | 5,715 | 156,173 | 161,888 | 4,057 | 932 | 23,097 | 2,064,575 |
| 2094 | 1,803,382 | 46,392 | 104,185 | 7,694 | 158,271 | 5,887 | 163,044 | 168,930 | 4,177 | 936 | 24,145 | 2,159,841 |
| 2095 | 1,887,808 | 48,031 | 108,913 | 7,965 | 164,909 | 6,064 | 170,224 | 176,288 | 4,299 | 941 | 25,241 | 2,259,486 |
| 2096 | 1,976,151 | 49,732 | 113,866 | 8,245 | 171,843 | 6,247 | 177,728 | 183,974 | 4,425 | 945 | 26,387 | 2,363,726 |
| 2097 | 2,068,613 | 51,497 | 119,053 | 8,535 | 179,085 | 6,435 | 185,570 | 192,005 | 4,555 | 950 | 27,584 | 2,472,792 |
| 2098 | 2,165,395 | 53,327 | 124,485 | 8,835 | 186,647 | 6,630 | 193,765 | 200,396 | 4,688 | 955 | 28,834 | 2,586,915 |
| 2099 | 2,266,714 | 55,225 | 130,170 | 9,145 | 194,540 | 6,831 | 202,329 | 209,161 | 4,825 | 959 | 30,141 | 2,706,341 |
| 2100 | 2,372,808 | 57,191 | 136,117 | 9,465 | 202,773 | 7,039 | 211,278 | 218,316 | 4,966 | 964 | 31,508 | 2,831,335 |

Table VII.C. $4 \quad$ Projection of PAYGO Rates - Annually - 1998 to 2100

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  | Survivor |  |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | Grand <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Children | Sub- <br> Total | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 5.49 | 0.57 | 0.58 | 0.11 | 1.25 | 0.15 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 8.21 |
| 1999 | 5.51 | 0.55 | 0.56 | 0.10 | 1.21 | 0.15 | 1.00 | 1.16 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 8.19 |
| 2000 | 5.52 | 0.53 | 0.54 | 0.10 | 1.17 | 0.15 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 8.16 |
| 2001 | 5.51 | 0.52 | 0.53 | 0.10 | 1.15 | 0.14 | 1.00 | 1.14 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 8.13 |
| 2002 | 5.50 | 0.51 | 0.53 | 0.09 | 1.13 | 0.14 | 0.99 | 1.13 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 8.09 |
| 2003 | 5.49 | 0.51 | 0.53 | 0.09 | 1.13 | 0.14 | 0.99 | 1.12 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.13 | 8.06 |
| 2004 | 5.49 | 0.51 | 0.53 | 0.09 | 1.14 | 0.13 | 0.98 | 1.11 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 8.05 |
| 2005 | 5.50 | 0.52 | 0.54 | 0.09 | 1.15 | 0.13 | 0.97 | 1.10 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.05 |
| 2006 | 5.51 | 0.52 | 0.55 | 0.09 | 1.16 | 0.12 | 0.96 | 1.08 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.07 |
| 2007 | 5.55 | 0.53 | 0.55 | 0.09 | 1.18 | 0.12 | 0.95 | 1.07 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.10 |
| 2008 | 5.61 | 0.53 | 0.56 | 0.09 | 1.19 | 0.12 | 0.94 | 1.06 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.15 |
| 2009 | 5.68 | 0.54 | 0.56 | 0.09 | 1.19 | 0.12 | 0.92 | 1.04 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 8.21 |
| 2010 | 5.75 | 0.54 | 0.57 | 0.09 | 1.20 | 0.11 | 0.91 | 1.03 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 8.27 |
| 2011 | 5.87 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 1.21 | 0.11 | 0.91 | 1.02 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 8.39 |
| 2012 | 6.00 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 1.21 | 0.11 | 0.90 | 1.01 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 8.51 |
| 2013 | 6.14 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 1.21 | 0.11 | 0.90 | 1.01 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.13 | 8.65 |
| 2014 | 6.30 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.11 | 0.89 | 1.00 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 8.79 |
| 2015 | 6.45 | 0.54 | 0.59 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.11 | 0.89 | 0.99 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 8.94 |
| 2016 | 6.61 | 0.54 | 0.59 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.10 | 0.88 | 0.99 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.09 |
| 2017 | 6.77 | 0.54 | 0.59 | 0.09 | 1.23 | 0.10 | 0.88 | 0.98 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.25 |
| 2018 | 6.94 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.09 | 1.23 | 0.10 | 0.88 | 0.98 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.41 |
| 2019 | 7.11 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.97 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.57 |
| 2020 | 7.30 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.09 | 1.22 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.97 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.13 | 9.75 |
| 2021 | 7.48 | 0.54 | 0.60 | 0.08 | 1.22 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.97 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 9.93 |
| 2022 | 7.67 | 0.53 | 0.60 | 0.08 | 1.21 | 0.10 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 10.10 |
| 2023 | 7.85 | 0.53 | 0.59 | 0.08 | 1.20 | 0.09 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 10.27 |
| 2024 | 8.04 | 0.52 | 0.59 | 0.08 | 1.19 | 0.09 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 10.44 |
| 2025 | 8.21 | 0.51 | 0.58 | 0.08 | 1.18 | 0.09 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 10.59 |
| 2026 | 8.36 | 0.50 | 0.58 | 0.08 | 1.16 | 0.09 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 10.73 |
| 2027 | 8.49 | 0.49 | 0.57 | 0.08 | 1.14 | 0.09 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 10.85 |
| 2028 | 8.61 | 0.48 | 0.56 | 0.08 | 1.12 | 0.09 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 10.94 |
| 2029 | 8.70 | 0.47 | 0.56 | 0.08 | 1.11 | 0.08 | 0.88 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.02 |
| 2030 | 8.79 | 0.46 | 0.55 | 0.08 | 1.09 | 0.08 | 0.89 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.09 |
| 2031 | 8.85 | 0.46 | 0.55 | 0.08 | 1.08 | 0.08 | 0.89 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 11.14 |
| 2032 | 8.89 | 0.45 | 0.55 | 0.08 | 1.08 | 0.08 | 0.90 | 0.98 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.18 |
| $2033$ | 8.92 | 0.45 | 0.55 | 0.07 | 1.07 | 0.08 | 0.90 | 0.98 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.20 |
| $2034$ | $8.93$ | $0.44$ | $0.55$ | $0.07$ | 1.06 | 0.08 | 0.91 | 0.98 | 0.06 | $0.05$ | $0.12$ | $11.21$ |
| 2035 | 8.94 | 0.43 | $0.54$ | $0.07$ | 1.05 | 0.07 | 0.91 | 0.99 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.21 |
| 2036 | 8.95 | 0.43 | 0.54 | 0.07 | 1.04 | 0.07 | 0.92 | 0.99 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 11.21 |
| 2037 | 8.94 | 0.42 | 0.54 | 0.07 | 1.04 | 0.07 | 0.92 | 0.99 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 11.19 |
| 2038 | 8.93 | 0.42 | 0.54 | 0.07 | 1.03 | 0.07 | 0.92 | 0.99 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 11.17 |
| $2039$ | $8.91$ | $0.42$ | $0.54$ | $0.07$ | 1.03 | $0.07$ | $0.93$ | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 11.15 |
| 2040 | 8.89 | 0.41 | 0.54 | 0.07 | 1.02 | 0.07 | 0.93 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 11.12 |
| 2041 | 8.87 | 0.41 | 0.55 | 0.07 | 1.02 | 0.07 | 0.93 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 11.11 |
| 2042 | 8.85 | 0.40 | 0.55 | 0.07 | 1.02 | 0.07 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.13 | 11.08 |
| 2043 | 8.83 | 0.40 | 0.55 | 0.07 | 1.02 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 11.06 |
| 2044 | 8.82 | 0.40 | 0.55 | 0.07 | 1.01 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 11.04 |
| 2045 | 8.81 | 0.39 | 0.55 | 0.07 | 1.01 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 11.03 |
| 2046 | 8.81 | 0.39 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 1.01 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 11.02 |
| 2047 | 8.80 | 0.39 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 1.00 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 11.01 |
| 2048 | 8.80 | 0.38 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 1.00 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.12 | 11.00 |
| 2049 | 8.81 | 0.38 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 1.00 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 1.00 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 11.00 |
| 2050 | 8.82 | 0.38 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.99 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.99 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 11.00 |

Table VII.C. $4 \quad$ Projection of PAYGO Rates - Annually - 1998 to 2100 (Continued)

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  | Survivor |  |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | Grand Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Children | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Sub- <br> Total |  |  |  |  |
| 2051 | 8.84 | 0.37 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.99 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.99 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 11.01 |
| 2052 | 8.85 | 0.37 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.98 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.99 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 11.01 |
| 2053 | 8.87 | 0.36 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.98 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.98 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.13 | 11.02 |
| 2054 | 8.88 | 0.36 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.97 | 0.06 | 0.92 | 0.98 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 11.02 |
| 2055 | 8.89 | 0.36 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.96 | 0.05 | 0.92 | 0.97 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 11.02 |
| 2056 | 8.91 | 0.35 | 0.55 | 0.06 | 0.95 | 0.05 | 0.92 | 0.97 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 11.02 |
| 2057 | 8.92 | 0.35 | 0.54 | 0.06 | 0.95 | 0.05 | 0.91 | 0.97 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 11.02 |
| 2058 | 8.93 | 0.34 | 0.54 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 0.05 | 0.91 | 0.96 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 11.01 |
| 2059 | 8.93 | 0.34 | 0.54 | 0.06 | 0.94 | 0.05 | 0.91 | 0.96 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 11.01 |
| 2060 | 8.94 | 0.33 | 0.54 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.05 | 0.90 | 0.95 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 11.00 |
| 2061 | 8.94 | 0.33 | 0.54 | 0.06 | 0.93 | 0.05 | 0.90 | 0.95 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 10.99 |
| 2062 | 8.94 | 0.33 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.92 | 0.05 | 0.89 | 0.94 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 10.98 |
| 2063 | 8.94 | 0.32 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.92 | 0.05 | 0.89 | 0.94 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 10.98 |
| 2064 | 8.95 | 0.32 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.91 | 0.05 | 0.89 | 0.93 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 10.97 |
| 2065 | 8.95 | 0.32 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.91 | 0.05 | 0.88 | 0.93 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.12 | 10.96 |
| 2066 | 8.95 | 0.31 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.91 | 0.05 | 0.88 | 0.93 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 10.95 |
| 2067 | 8.95 | 0.31 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.90 | 0.04 | 0.88 | 0.92 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 10.95 |
| 2068 | 8.95 | 0.31 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.90 | 0.04 | 0.88 | 0.92 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.94 |
| 2069 | 8.96 | 0.31 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.90 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.92 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.94 |
| 2070 | 8.96 | 0.30 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.89 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.92 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 10.94 |
| 2071 | 8.97 | 0.30 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.89 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.91 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 10.94 |
| 2072 | 8.97 | 0.30 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.89 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.91 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.94 |
| 2073 | 8.98 | 0.30 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.89 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.91 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.95 |
| 2074 | 9.00 | 0.29 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.88 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.91 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 10.95 |
| 2075 | 9.01 | 0.29 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.88 | 0.04 | 0.87 | 0.91 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.96 |
| 2076 | 9.02 | 0.29 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.88 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.97 |
| $2077$ | 9.04 | 0.29 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.88 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.98 |
| $2078$ | 9.06 | 0.28 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.87 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 10.99 |
| 2079 | 9.08 | 0.28 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.87 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.01 |
| 2080 | 9.10 | 0.28 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.87 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 11.02 |
| 2081 | 9.12 | 0.27 | 0.54 | 0.05 | 0.86 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.04 |
| 2082 | 9.14 | 0.27 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.89 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.05 |
| 2083 | 9.16 | 0.27 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.89 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 11.06 |
| 2084 | 9.18 | 0.27 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.85 | 0.04 | 0.86 | 0.89 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.08 |
| 2085 | 9.20 | 0.26 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.85 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.09 |
| 2086 | 9.22 | 0.26 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.84 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 11.10 |
| 2087 | 9.23 | 0.26 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.84 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.12 |
| 2088 | 9.25 | 0.26 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.84 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.13 |
| $2089$ | 9.27 | 0.25 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.83 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.14 |
| 2090 | 9.28 | 0.25 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.83 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.15 |
| 2091 | 9.30 | 0.25 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.83 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 11.16 |
| 2092 | 9.31 | 0.24 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.83 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.13 | 11.16 |
| 2093 | 9.32 | 0.24 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.82 | 0.03 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.12 | 11.17 |
| $2094$ | 9.34 | 0.24 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.82 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 11.18 |
| 2095 | 9.35 | 0.24 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.82 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 11.19 |
| 2096 | 9.36 | 0.24 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.81 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 11.20 |
| 2097 | 9.37 | 0.23 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.81 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 11.21 |
| 2098 | 9.39 | 0.23 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.81 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 11.21 |
| 2099 | 9.40 | 0.23 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.81 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 11.22 |
| 2100 | 9.41 | 0.23 | 0.54 | 0.04 | 0.80 | 0.03 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 11.23 |

Table VII.C. $5 \quad$ Projection of Total Expenditures - Differences from Report 16

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  |  | Survivor |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | Grand <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Children | Sub- <br> Total | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 22 | -423 | -545 | -112 | -1,081 | -14 | 10 | -3 | -15 | 19 | -4 | -1,061 |
| 1999 | -155 | -527 | -669 | -131 | -1,328 | -12 | -18 | -31 | -16 | 18 | 11 | -1,500 |
| 2000 | -367 | -631 | -791 | -147 | -1,569 | -19 | -56 | -75 | -19 | 19 | 30 | -1,983 |
| 2001 | -617 | -735 | -910 | -164 | -1,809 | -27 | -100 | -128 | -23 | 19 | 29 | -2,529 |
| 2002 | -854 | -835 | -1,023 | -179 | -2,036 | -35 | -150 | -185 | -26 | 19 | 32 | -3,049 |
| 2003 | -1,058 | -926 | -1,129 | -190 | -2,244 | -42 | -194 | -236 | -27 | 20 | 35 | -3,510 |
| $2004$ | -1,229 | -1,006 | -1,227 | -199 | -2,433 | -47 | -232 | -279 | -28 | 22 | 39 | -3,907 |
| $2005$ | -1,407 | $-1,083$ | -1,325 | -206 | -2,613 | -53 | -271 | -325 | -28 | 24 | 45 | -4,303 |
| 2006 | -1,602 | -1,161 | -1,425 | -212 | -2,797 | -58 | -314 | -372 | -28 | 26 | 52 | -4,721 |
| 2007 | -1,824 | -1,242 | -1,535 | -218 | -2,995 | -63 | -360 | -424 | -26 | 28 | 57 | -5,183 |
| 2008 | -2,082 | -1,327 | -1,651 | -223 | -3,201 | -69 | -410 | -480 | -23 | 30 | 63 | -5,693 |
| 2009 | -2,375 | -1,416 | -1,773 | -228 | -3,416 | -74 | -463 | -538 | -20 | 31 | 71 | -6,248 |
| 2010 | -2,695 | -1,510 | -1,903 | -234 | -3,647 | -80 | -520 | -601 | -17 | 32 | 78 | -6,851 |
| 2011 | -3,046 | -1,604 | -2,040 | -241 | -3,885 | -86 | -580 | -666 | -14 | 33 | 82 | -7,495 |
| 2012 | -3,447 | -1,689 | -2,166 | -249 | -4,102 | -93 | -642 | -735 | -9 | 33 | 87 | -8,173 |
| 2013 | -3,907 | -1,774 | -2,297 | -256 | -4,327 | -100 | -712 | -811 | -5 | 33 | 93 | -8,926 |
| 2014 | -4,397 | -1,866 | -2,439 | -263 | -4,568 | -107 | -786 | -893 | -2 | 31 | 97 | -9,731 |
| 2015 | -4,920 | -1,963 | -2,588 | -272 | -4,822 | -114 | -866 | -980 | 2 | 30 | 102 | -10,588 |
| 2016 | -5,483 | -2,062 | -2,742 | -280 | -5,085 | -122 | -952 | -1,073 | 5 | 30 | 106 | -11,501 |
| 2017 | -6,101 | -2,164 | -2,902 | -289 | -5,353 | -130 | -1,044 | -1,174 | 7 | 29 | 112 | -12,482 |
| 2018 | -6,788 | -2,263 | -3,062 | -298 | -5,622 | -137 | -1,143 | -1,281 | 9 | 28 | 117 | -13,538 |
| 2019 | -7,540 | -2,358 | -3,217 | -307 | -5,883 | -146 | -1,251 | -1,395 | 10 | 27 | 122 | -14,659 |
| 2020 | -8,357 | $-2,450$ | -3,371 | -317 | -6,138 | -154 | -1,365 | -1,519 | 12 | 26 | 127 | -15,849 |
| 2021 | -9,238 | -2,540 | -3,525 | -326 | -6,392 | -162 | -1,488 | -1,649 | 13 | 25 | 130 | -17,110 |
| $2022$ | -10,196 | -2,615 | -3,662 | -337 | -6,614 | -169 | -1,619 | -1,789 | 14 | 25 | 137 | -18,425 |
| 2023 | -11,239 | -2,683 | -3,792 | -349 | -6,824 | -178 | -1,762 | -1,939 | 14 | 24 | 142 | -19,821 |
| 2024 | -12,332 | -2,748 | -3,922 | -362 | -7,031 | -185 | -1,913 | -2,099 | 14 | 23 | 148 | -21,278 |
| 2025 | -13,474 | $-2,808$ | -4,047 | -376 | $-7,231$ | -194 | -2,075 | -2,269 | 14 | 23 | 152 | -22,785 |
| 2026 | -14,664 | -2,864 | -4,170 | -390 | -7,424 | -202 | -2,250 | -2,452 | 12 | 23 | 158 | -24,346 |
| 2027 | -15,893 | -2,921 | -4,300 | -406 | -7,628 | -211 | -2,435 | -2,646 | 12 | 23 | 164 | -25,968 |
| 2028 | -17,157 | -2,981 | -4,438 | -424 | -7,843 | -219 | -2,633 | -2,852 | 10 | 24 | 171 | -27,646 |
| 2029 | -18,453 | -3,046 | -4,586 | -444 | -8,076 | -227 | -2,843 | -3,071 | 9 | 25 | 177 | -29,390 |
| 2030 | -19,778 | $-3,124$ | -4,764 | -465 | -8,353 | -236 | -3,067 | -3,303 | 7 | 24 | 183 | -31,219 |
| 2031 | -21,137 | -3,223 | -4,974 | -488 | -8,686 | -244 | -3,305 | -3,549 | 4 | 26 | 191 | -33,152 |
| 2032 | -22,510 | -3,333 | -5,200 | -511 | -9,046 | -252 | -3,555 | -3,808 | 2 | 26 | 197 | -35,139 |
| 2033 | -23,890 | -3,457 | -5,448 | -537 | -9,442 | -262 | -3,821 | -4,082 | -2 | 27 | 203 | -37,185 |
| $2034$ | -25,307 | -3,587 | -5,710 | -564 | -9,862 | -270 | -4,101 | -4,371 | -5 | 27 | 210 | -39,308 |
| 2035 | -26,785 | -3,718 | -5,977 | -592 | -10,288 | -280 | -4,396 | -4,677 | -9 | 28 | 217 | -41,513 |
| 2036 | -28,360 | -3,850 | -6,253 | -622 | -10,725 | -290 | -4,708 | -4,998 | -14 | 28 | 224 | -43,844 |
| 2037 | -29,943 | -4,023 | -6,595 | -653 | -11,270 | -301 | -5,036 | -5,337 | -18 | 30 | 230 | -46,309 |
| 2038 | -31,486 | -4,217 | -6,973 | -686 | -11,875 | -313 | -5,380 | -5,693 | -23 | 30 | 239 | -48,809 |
| $2039$ | -33,094 | -4,427 | -7,385 | -720 | -12,531 | -325 | -5,741 | -6,067 | -30 | 31 | 244 | -51,447 |
| 2040 | -34,783 | -4,646 | -7,816 | -755 | -13,217 | -339 | -6,120 | -6,459 | -36 | 32 | 251 | -54,211 |
| 2041 | -36,583 | -4,877 | -8,275 | -791 | -13,944 | -354 | -6,515 | -6,868 | -43 | 33 | 257 | -57,148 |
| 2042 | -38,468 | -5,135 | -8,787 | -829 | -14,750 | -370 | -6,928 | -7,297 | -50 | 34 | 265 | -60,267 |
| 2043 | -40,435 | -5,413 | -9,339 | -867 | -15,618 | -386 | -7,359 | -7,746 | -58 | 35 | 270 | -63,552 |
| 2044 | -42,538 | -5,701 | -9,922 | -906 | -16,529 | -405 | -7,809 | -8,214 | -67 | 36 | 276 | -67,036 |
| 2045 | -44,803 | -5,998 | -10,528 | -948 | -17,474 | -425 | -8,277 | -8,702 | -77 | 37 | 280 | -70,739 |
| 2046 | -47,246 | -6,303 | -11,161 | -989 | -18,453 | -446 | -8,765 | -9,211 | -86 | 38 | 287 | -74,672 |
| 2047 | -49,905 | -6,616 | -11,819 | -1,032 | -19,467 | -469 | -9,272 | -9,740 | -96 | 39 | 292 | -78,878 |
| 2048 | -52,760 | -6,937 | -12,506 | -1,076 | -20,520 | -493 | -9,799 | -10,292 | -107 | 40 | 297 | -83,342 |
| 2049 | -55,792 | -7,269 | -13,223 | -1,122 | -21,615 | -519 | -10,348 | -10,867 | -118 | 41 | 303 | -88,048 |
| 2050 | -59,060 | -7,611 | -13,973 | -1,171 | -22,755 | -547 | -10,918 | -11,465 | -129 | 42 | 309 | -93,058 |

Table VII.C. $5 \quad$ Projection of Total Expenditures - Differences from Report 16 (Continued)

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  | Survivor |  |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | $\begin{gathered} \text { Grand } \\ \text { Total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Children | Sub- <br> Total | FlatRate | EarningsRelated | Sub- <br> Total |  |  |  |  |
| 2051 | -62,607 | -7,965 | -14,756 | -1,221 | -23,943 | -576 | -11,511 | -12,087 | -141 | 43 | 313 | -98,422 |
| 2052 | -66,524 | -8,331 | -15,577 | -1,272 | -25,180 | -606 | -12,128 | -12,734 | -153 | 45 | 318 | -104,227 |
| 2053 | -70,760 | -8,725 | -16,463 | -1,326 | -26,514 | -638 | -12,769 | -13,407 | -165 | 47 | 323 | -110,477 |
| 2054 | -75,224 | -9,127 | -17,377 | -1,383 | -27,887 | -671 | -13,437 | -14,108 | -178 | 49 | 327 | -117,021 |
| 2055 | -80,136 | -9,517 | -18,287 | -1,441 | -29,247 | -707 | -14,133 | -14,839 | -192 | 51 | 333 | -124,028 |
| 2056 | -85,554 | -9,913 | -19,223 | -1,503 | -30,640 | -743 | -14,858 | -15,601 | -206 | 53 | 339 | -131,608 |
| 2057 | -91,501 | -10,280 | -20,128 | -1,567 | -31,975 | -780 | -15,615 | -16,395 | -220 | 54 | 343 | -139,693 |
| 2058 | -97,843 | -10,702 | -21,147 | -1,635 | -33,484 | -819 | -16,407 | -17,226 | -235 | 57 | 349 | -148,382 |
| 2059 | -104,453 | -11,142 | -22,222 | -1,706 | -35,070 | -859 | -17,235 | -18,094 | -251 | 59 | 355 | -157,454 |
| 2060 | -111,566 | -11,590 | -23,334 | -1,780 | -36,705 | -900 | -18,105 | -19,005 | -267 | 61 | 360 | -167,122 |
| 2061 | -119,238 | -12,037 | -24,467 | -1,857 | -38,362 | -943 | -19,017 | -19,960 | -285 | 64 | 364 | -177,418 |
| 2062 | -127,378 | -12,515 | -25,677 | -1,939 | -40,130 | -986 | -19,976 | -20,963 | -304 | 66 | 368 | -188,341 |
| 2063 | -135,925 | -13,015 | -26,950 | -2,025 | -41,990 | -1,031 | -20,987 | -22,019 | -323 | 69 | 372 | -199,815 |
| 2064 | -144,947 | -13,537 | -28,289 | -2,114 | -43,940 | -1,078 | -22,052 | -23,130 | -343 | 71 | 374 | -211,916 |
| 2065 | -154,477 | -14,080 | -29,697 | -2,207 | -45,984 | -1,127 | -23,176 | -24,302 | -365 | 73 | 376 | -224,680 |
| 2066 | -164,514 | -14,653 | -31,188 | -2,304 | -48,146 | -1,176 | -24,363 | -25,539 | -388 | 74 | 377 | -238,136 |
| 2067 | -175,049 | -15,264 | -32,781 | -2,405 | -50,450 | -1,228 | -25,619 | -26,847 | -412 | 76 | 375 | -252,308 |
| 2068 | -186,107 | -15,914 | -34,482 | -2,511 | -52,906 | -1,283 | -26,948 | -28,230 | -438 | 78 | 373 | -267,231 |
| 2069 | -197,736 | -16,603 | -36,296 | -2,620 | -55,518 | -1,339 | -28,354 | -29,693 | -465 | 80 | 368 | -282,964 |
| 2070 | -209,981 | -17,332 | -38,225 | -2,734 | -58,291 | -1,399 | -29,843 | -31,242 | -493 | 82 | 364 | -299,562 |
| 2071 | -222,886 | -18,103 | -40,277 | -2,851 | -61,231 | -1,460 | -31,420 | -32,880 | -523 | 83 | 356 | -317,081 |
| 2072 | -236,505 | -18,912 | -42,448 | -2,975 | -64,333 | -1,526 | -33,090 | -34,616 | -554 | 84 | 346 | -335,575 |
| 2073 | -250,894 | -19,757 | -44,735 | -3,101 | -67,593 | -1,593 | -34,859 | -36,452 | -586 | 86 | 335 | -355,103 |
| 2074 | -266,113 | -20,638 | -47,142 | -3,233 | -71,013 | -1,664 | -36,731 | -38,395 | -621 | 87 | 322 | -375,733 |
| 2075 | -282,214 | -21,555 | -49,671 | -3,369 | -74,595 | -1,739 | -38,712 | -40,452 | -657 | 88 | 307 | -397,522 |
| 2076 | -299,255 | -22,509 | -52,326 | -3,511 | -78,347 | -1,817 | -40,809 | -42,625 | -695 | 89 | 288 | -420,545 |
| 2077 | -317,307 | -23,499 | -55,109 | -3,659 | -82,266 | -1,898 | -43,026 | -44,924 | -734 | 91 | 267 | -444,873 |
| 2078 | -336,441 | -24,521 | -58,015 | -3,812 | -86,349 | -1,983 | -45,368 | -47,351 | -776 | 91 | 246 | -470,578 |
| 2079 | -356,714 | -25,580 | -61,057 | -3,972 | -90,608 | -2,072 | -47,842 | -49,914 | -818 | 93 | 221 | -497,740 |
| 2080 | -378,175 | -26,674 | -64,238 | -4,138 | -95,050 | -2,164 | -50,454 | -52,618 | -863 | 94 | 194 | -526,419 |
| 2081 | -400,897 | -27,807 | -67,562 | -4,312 | -99,681 | -2,261 | -53,209 | -55,469 | -909 | 94 | 162 | -556,699 |
| 2082 | -424,956 | -28,976 | -71,032 | -4,493 | -104,500 | -2,361 | -56,114 | -58,475 | -958 | 96 | 127 | -588,665 |
| 2083 | -450,422 | -30,180 | -74,651 | -4,681 | -109,512 | -2,465 | -59,176 | -61,641 | -1,008 | 97 | 91 | -622,397 |
| 2084 | -477,364 | -31,425 | -78,431 | -4,879 | -114,735 | -2,573 | -62,401 | -64,974 | -1,061 | 98 | 48 | -657,988 |
| 2085 | -505,838 | -32,713 | -82,383 | -5,084 | -120,182 | -2,686 | -65,798 | -68,483 | -1,116 | 99 | 4 | -695,515 |
| 2086 | -535,913 | -34,049 | -86,522 | -5,299 | -125,870 | -2,802 | -69,372 | -72,175 | -1,174 | 100 | -45 | -735,076 |
| 2087 | -567,648 | -35,435 | -90,861 | -5,524 | -131,820 | -2,923 | -73,135 | -76,058 | -1,233 | 102 | -100 | -776,758 |
| 2088 | -601,111 | -36,876 | -95,413 | -5,758 | -138,046 | -3,049 | -77,093 | -80,141 | -1,296 | 103 | -159 | -820,650 |
| 2089 | -636,404 | -38,371 | -100,187 | -6,002 | -144,561 | -3,179 | -81,256 | -84,436 | -1,362 | 105 | -224 | -866,881 |
| 2090 | -673,620 | -39,929 | -105,203 | -6,258 | -151,390 | -3,314 | -85,636 | -88,950 | -1,430 | 106 | -294 | -915,577 |
| 2091 | -712,837 | -41,554 | -110,485 | -6,524 | -158,563 | -3,455 | -90,242 | -93,696 | -1,501 | 109 | -371 | -966,861 |
| 2092 | -754,135 | -43,254 | -116,053 | -6,802 | -166,111 | -3,600 | -95,087 | -98,687 | -1,576 | 110 | -456 | -1,020,854 |
| 2093 | -797,606 | -45,033 | -121,927 | -7,093 | -174,052 | -3,751 | -100,183 | -103,934 | -1,653 | 112 | -549 | -1,077,684 |
| 2094 | -843,389 | -46,892 | -128,118 | -7,395 | -182,405 | -3,908 | -105,545 | -109,455 | -1,734 | 113 | -650 | -1,137,519 |
| 2095 | -891,619 | -48,837 | -134,648 | -7,710 | -191,195 | -4,073 | -111,188 | -115,260 | -1,820 | 116 | -759 | -1,200,537 |
| 2096 | -942,428 | -50,874 | -141,544 | -8,038 | -200,456 | -4,243 | -117,125 | -121,369 | -1,909 | 117 | -877 | -1,266,921 |
| 2097 | -995,978 | -53,008 | -148,828 | -8,379 | -210,214 | -4,421 | -123,374 | -127,796 | -2,001 | 120 | -1,007 | -1,336,876 |
| 2098 | -1,052,445 | -55,243 | -156,516 | -8,734 | -220,492 | -4,606 | -129,951 | -134,557 | -2,099 | 122 | -1,149 | -1,410,619 |
| 2099 | -1,112,019 | -57,578 | -164,622 | -9,103 | -231,303 | -4,799 | -136,874 | -141,672 | -2,200 | 124 | -1,299 | -1,488,368 |
| 2100 | -1,174,893 | -60,019 | -173,166 | -9,487 | $-242,672$ | -4,999 | -144,160 | -149,160 | -2,306 | 126 | -1,462 | $-1,570,366$ |

Table VII.C. $6 \quad$ Projection of PAYGO Rates - Differences from Report 16

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  |  | Survivor |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | Grand <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | FlatRate | EarningsRelated | Children | Sub- <br> Total | Flat- <br> Rate | EarningsRelated | Sub- <br> Total |  |  |  |  |
| 1998 | 0.548 | -0.116 | -0.164 | -0.035 | -0.316 | 0.009 | 0.102 | 0.112 | 0.003 | 0.018 | 0.009 | 0.376 |
| 1999 | 0.567 | -0.139 | -0.193 | -0.039 | -0.371 | 0.013 | 0.107 | 0.119 | 0.005 | 0.019 | 0.017 | 0.357 |
| 2000 | 0.591 | -0.157 | -0.213 | -0.040 | -0.409 | 0.013 | 0.111 | 0.124 | 0.006 | 0.021 | 0.027 | 0.359 |
| 2001 | 0.560 | -0.176 | -0.234 | -0.042 | -0.452 | 0.011 | 0.106 | 0.116 | 0.006 | 0.021 | 0.027 | 0.278 |
| 2002 | 0.518 | -0.193 | -0.251 | -0.043 | -0.486 | 0.009 | 0.095 | 0.104 | 0.005 | 0.021 | 0.028 | 0.190 |
| 2003 | 0.478 | -0.204 | -0.263 | -0.043 | -0.510 | 0.007 | 0.085 | 0.092 | 0.006 | 0.020 | 0.029 | 0.114 |
| 2004 | 0.438 | -0.211 | -0.271 | -0.043 | -0.526 | 0.006 | 0.074 | 0.080 | 0.005 | 0.020 | 0.029 | 0.047 |
| 2005 | 0.395 | -0.217 | -0.279 | -0.042 | -0.537 | 0.004 | 0.063 | 0.067 | 0.005 | 0.020 | 0.030 | -0.020 |
| 2006 | 0.352 | -0.222 | -0.285 | -0.041 | -0.547 | 0.002 | 0.052 | 0.055 | 0.005 | 0.019 | 0.030 | -0.086 |
| 2007 | 0.314 | -0.225 | -0.292 | -0.039 | -0.556 | 0.001 | 0.042 | 0.043 | 0.006 | 0.019 | 0.030 | -0.144 |
| 2008 | 0.275 | -0.229 | -0.298 | -0.038 | -0.565 | 0.000 | 0.032 | 0.032 | 0.006 | 0.018 | 0.031 | -0.203 |
| 2009 | 0.231 | -0.233 | -0.305 | -0.036 | -0.574 | -0.001 | 0.021 | 0.020 | 0.007 | 0.018 | 0.031 | -0.267 |
| $2010$ | 0.194 | -0.236 | -0.311 | -0.035 | -0.583 | -0.002 | 0.012 | 0.011 | 0.007 | 0.017 | 0.032 | -0.322 |
| 2011 | 0.189 | -0.236 | -0.315 | -0.034 | -0.585 | -0.002 | 0.008 | 0.007 | 0.008 | 0.017 | 0.032 | -0.331 |
| 2012 | 0.174 | -0.235 | -0.316 | -0.033 | -0.583 | -0.002 | 0.004 | 0.002 | 0.009 | 0.017 | 0.032 | -0.349 |
| 2013 | 0.156 | -0.233 | -0.318 | -0.032 | -0.582 | -0.003 | -0.002 | -0.004 | 0.010 | 0.016 | 0.033 | -0.371 |
| 2014 | 0.152 | -0.231 | -0.319 | -0.031 | -0.580 | -0.003 | -0.005 | -0.008 | 0.011 | 0.016 | 0.033 | -0.376 |
| 2015 | 0.146 | -0.229 | -0.320 | -0.030 | -0.578 | -0.003 | -0.009 | -0.012 | 0.011 | 0.015 | 0.034 | -0.384 |
| 2016 | 0.145 | -0.226 | -0.320 | -0.029 | -0.575 | -0.003 | -0.013 | -0.016 | 0.012 | 0.015 | 0.034 | -0.386 |
| 2017 | 0.136 | -0.225 | -0.321 | -0.028 | -0.573 | -0.003 | -0.018 | -0.021 | 0.012 | 0.014 | 0.034 | -0.398 |
| 2018 | 0.129 | -0.222 | -0.321 | -0.027 | -0.569 | -0.003 | -0.022 | -0.025 | 0.012 | 0.014 | 0.034 | -0.405 |
| 2019 | 0.125 | -0.218 | -0.319 | -0.026 | -0.563 | -0.003 | -0.026 | -0.029 | 0.012 | 0.014 | 0.035 | -0.407 |
| 2020 | 0.119 | -0.214 | -0.317 | -0.025 | -0.556 | -0.003 | -0.031 | -0.034 | 0.012 | 0.013 | 0.035 | -0.410 |
| 2021 | 0.120 | -0.209 | -0.313 | -0.024 | -0.547 | -0.003 | -0.034 | -0.037 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.035 | -0.403 |
| 2022 | 0.112 | -0.203 | -0.308 | -0.024 | -0.535 | -0.003 | -0.039 | -0.042 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.035 | -0.404 |
| 2023 | 0.110 | -0.196 | -0.302 | -0.023 | -0.521 | -0.003 | -0.042 | -0.046 | 0.012 | 0.013 | 0.036 | -0.395 |
| 2024 | 0.108 | -0.189 | -0.295 | -0.023 | -0.507 | -0.003 | -0.046 | -0.049 | 0.012 | 0.012 | 0.036 | -0.388 |
| 2025 | 0.107 | -0.182 | -0.288 | -0.022 | -0.492 | -0.003 | -0.050 | -0.053 | 0.012 | 0.012 | 0.036 | -0.377 |
| 2026 | 0.107 | -0.175 | -0.281 | -0.022 | -0.477 | -0.003 | -0.054 | -0.057 | 0.012 | 0.012 | 0.036 | -0.367 |
| 2027 | 0.102 | -0.168 | -0.274 | -0.021 | -0.464 | -0.003 | -0.058 | -0.062 | 0.012 | 0.012 | 0.036 | -0.364 |
| 2028 | 0.103 | -0.162 | -0.268 | -0.021 | -0.451 | -0.003 | -0.062 | -0.065 | 0.012 | 0.012 | 0.036 | -0.354 |
| 2029 | 0.104 | -0.156 | -0.263 | -0.021 | -0.440 | -0.003 | -0.066 | -0.069 | 0.012 | 0.012 | 0.036 | -0.345 |
| 2030 | 0.112 | -0.151 | -0.258 | -0.021 | -0.430 | -0.003 | -0.069 | -0.072 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.037 | -0.330 |
| 2031 | 0.119 | -0.147 | -0.255 | -0.021 | -0.423 | -0.003 | -0.072 | -0.075 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.037 | -0.320 |
| 2032 | 0.131 | -0.143 | -0.252 | -0.021 | -0.416 | -0.002 | -0.074 | -0.077 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.037 | -0.303 |
| 2033 | 0.145 | -0.140 | -0.250 | -0.021 | -0.411 | -0.002 | -0.077 | -0.079 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.037 | -0.286 |
| 2034 | 0.159 | -0.137 | -0.248 | -0.021 | -0.405 | -0.002 | -0.078 | -0.081 | 0.011 | 0.011 | 0.037 | -0.268 |
| 2035 | 0.177 | -0.134 | -0.245 | -0.020 | -0.399 | -0.002 | -0.080 | -0.082 | 0.010 | 0.011 | 0.037 | -0.245 |
| 2036 | 0.193 | -0.130 | -0.242 | -0.020 | -0.393 | -0.002 | -0.081 | -0.083 | 0.010 | 0.011 | 0.037 | -0.225 |
| 2037 | 0.210 | -0.129 | -0.242 | -0.020 | -0.391 | -0.002 | -0.082 | -0.084 | 0.010 | 0.011 | 0.037 | -0.207 |
| 2038 | 0.230 | -0.128 | -0.242 | -0.020 | -0.390 | -0.002 | -0.083 | -0.085 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.038 | -0.188 |
| 2039 | 0.254 | -0.127 | -0.243 | -0.020 | -0.390 | -0.001 | -0.084 | -0.085 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.038 | -0.164 |
| 2040 | 0.274 | -0.127 | -0.244 | -0.020 | -0.390 | -0.001 | -0.085 | -0.086 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.038 | -0.145 |
| 2041 | 0.299 | -0.126 | -0.244 | -0.020 | -0.390 | -0.001 | -0.085 | -0.086 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.038 | -0.121 |
| 2042 | 0.318 | -0.126 | -0.246 | -0.020 | -0.392 | -0.001 | -0.085 | -0.086 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.038 | -0.103 |
| 2043 | 0.340 | -0.126 | -0.248 | -0.020 | -0.394 | -0.001 | -0.085 | -0.086 | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.038 | -0.083 |
| 2044 | 0.362 | -0.126 | -0.250 | -0.019 | -0.395 | -0.001 | -0.085 | -0.086 | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.038 | -0.063 |
| 2045 | 0.383 | -0.126 | -0.252 | -0.019 | -0.397 | -0.001 | -0.084 | -0.085 | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.038 | -0.045 |
| 2046 | 0.402 | -0.125 | -0.254 | -0.019 | -0.398 | -0.001 | -0.084 | -0.085 | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.038 | -0.026 |
| 2047 | 0.416 | -0.125 | -0.255 | -0.019 | -0.399 | -0.001 | -0.084 | -0.085 | 0.007 | 0.009 | 0.038 | -0.014 |
| 2048 | 0.430 | -0.124 | -0.257 | -0.019 | -0.400 | -0.001 | -0.083 | -0.084 | 0.007 | 0.008 | 0.038 | 0.000 |
| 2049 | 0.441 | -0.124 | -0.258 | -0.018 | -0.400 | -0.001 | -0.083 | -0.084 | 0.007 | 0.008 | 0.038 | 0.010 |
| 2050 | 0.454 | -0.123 | -0.260 | -0.018 | -0.401 | -0.001 | -0.082 | -0.084 | 0.007 | 0.008 | 0.039 | 0.023 |

Table VII.C. $6 \quad$ Projection of PAYGO Rates - Differences from Report 16 (Continued)

| Year | Retirement | Disability |  |  |  | Survivor |  |  | Orphans | Death | Expenses | Grand <br> Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Flat- } \\ & \text { Rate } \end{aligned}$ | EarningsRelated | Children | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | Flat- <br> Rate | Earnings- Related | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sub- } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2051 | 0.464 | -0.123 | -0.261 | -0.018 | -0.401 | -0.001 | -0.082 | -0.083 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.039 | 0.032 |
| 2052 | 0.469 | -0.122 | -0.262 | -0.018 | -0.402 | -0.002 | -0.082 | -0.083 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.039 | 0.037 |
| 2053 | 0.471 | -0.122 | -0.263 | -0.017 | -0.403 | -0.002 | -0.081 | -0.083 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.039 | 0.038 |
| 2054 | 0.473 | -0.121 | -0.265 | -0.017 | -0.404 | -0.002 | -0.081 | -0.082 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.039 | 0.039 |
| 2055 | 0.470 | -0.121 | -0.266 | -0.017 | -0.403 | -0.002 | -0.080 | -0.082 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.039 | 0.036 |
| 2056 | 0.459 | -0.120 | -0.266 | -0.017 | -0.403 | -0.002 | -0.080 | -0.082 | 0.006 | 0.007 | 0.039 | 0.025 |
| 2057 | 0.446 | -0.118 | -0.265 | -0.017 | -0.399 | -0.002 | -0.080 | -0.082 | 0.005 | 0.007 | 0.039 | 0.016 |
| 2058 | 0.432 | -0.116 | -0.265 | -0.017 | -0.398 | -0.002 | -0.079 | -0.082 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.039 | 0.003 |
| 2059 | 0.419 | -0.115 | -0.264 | -0.016 | -0.396 | -0.002 | -0.079 | -0.081 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.039 | -0.009 |
| 2060 | 0.403 | -0.114 | -0.264 | -0.016 | -0.394 | -0.003 | -0.079 | -0.081 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.039 | -0.022 |
| 2061 | 0.385 | -0.112 | -0.263 | -0.016 | -0.391 | -0.003 | -0.078 | -0.081 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.039 | -0.037 |
| 2062 | 0.366 | -0.111 | -0.262 | -0.016 | -0.389 | -0.003 | -0.078 | -0.081 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.039 | -0.054 |
| 2063 | 0.349 | -0.109 | -0.261 | -0.016 | -0.387 | -0.003 | -0.078 | -0.080 | 0.005 | 0.006 | 0.039 | -0.069 |
| 2064 | 0.335 | -0.108 | -0.261 | -0.016 | -0.384 | -0.003 | -0.077 | -0.080 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.039 | -0.080 |
| 2065 | 0.321 | -0.106 | -0.260 | -0.016 | -0.382 | -0.003 | -0.077 | -0.079 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.039 | -0.092 |
| 2066 | 0.308 | -0.105 | -0.259 | -0.016 | -0.380 | -0.003 | -0.076 | -0.079 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.039 | -0.102 |
| 2067 | 0.298 | -0.104 | -0.259 | -0.015 | -0.378 | -0.003 | -0.076 | -0.079 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.039 | -0.110 |
| 2068 | 0.290 | -0.103 | -0.258 | -0.015 | -0.376 | -0.003 | -0.075 | -0.078 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.039 | -0.117 |
| 2069 | 0.282 | -0.102 | -0.258 | -0.015 | -0.375 | -0.003 | -0.075 | -0.078 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.039 | -0.123 |
| 2070 | 0.276 | -0.101 | -0.259 | -0.015 | -0.374 | -0.003 | -0.074 | -0.077 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.039 | -0.128 |
| 2071 | 0.272 | -0.100 | -0.259 | -0.015 | -0.374 | -0.003 | -0.074 | -0.077 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.039 | -0.131 |
| 2072 | 0.269 | -0.099 | -0.259 | -0.015 | -0.373 | -0.003 | -0.074 | -0.077 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.039 | -0.135 |
| 2073 | 0.266 | -0.099 | -0.260 | -0.015 | -0.373 | -0.003 | -0.073 | -0.076 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.039 | -0.137 |
| 2074 | 0.264 | -0.098 | -0.260 | -0.015 | -0.373 | -0.003 | -0.073 | -0.076 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.039 | -0.139 |
| 2075 | 0.262 | -0.097 | -0.261 | -0.014 | -0.373 | -0.003 | -0.073 | -0.076 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.039 | -0.141 |
| 2076 | 0.260 | -0.096 | -0.262 | -0.014 | -0.372 | -0.003 | -0.073 | -0.076 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.039 | -0.143 |
| 2077 | 0.259 | -0.096 | -0.262 | -0.014 | -0.372 | -0.003 | -0.073 | -0.076 | 0.003 | 0.004 | 0.039 | -0.144 |
| 2078 | 0.257 | -0.095 | -0.262 | -0.014 | -0.371 | -0.003 | -0.074 | -0.077 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.039 | -0.146 |
| 2079 | 0.256 | -0.094 | -0.263 | -0.014 | -0.371 | -0.003 | -0.074 | -0.077 | 0.003 | 0.003 | 0.039 | -0.147 |
| 2080 | 0.253 | -0.094 | -0.263 | -0.014 | -0.370 | -0.003 | -0.074 | -0.077 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.040 | -0.149 |
| 2081 | 0.252 | -0.093 | -0.263 | -0.014 | -0.370 | -0.003 | -0.075 | -0.078 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.040 | -0.151 |
| 2082 | 0.249 | -0.092 | -0.263 | -0.013 | -0.369 | -0.003 | -0.075 | -0.078 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.040 | -0.153 |
| 2083 | 0.247 | -0.091 | -0.263 | -0.013 | -0.368 | -0.003 | -0.076 | -0.079 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.040 | -0.155 |
| 2084 | 0.244 | -0.090 | -0.263 | -0.013 | -0.367 | -0.003 | -0.076 | -0.079 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.040 | -0.157 |
| 2085 | 0.242 | -0.089 | -0.263 | -0.013 | -0.365 | -0.003 | -0.077 | -0.080 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.040 | -0.159 |
| 2086 | 0.239 | -0.088 | -0.263 | -0.013 | -0.364 | -0.003 | -0.077 | -0.080 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.040 | -0.162 |
| 2087 | 0.236 | -0.087 | -0.263 | -0.013 | -0.363 | -0.003 | -0.078 | -0.081 | 0.002 | 0.003 | 0.040 | -0.164 |
| 2088 | 0.233 | -0.086 | -0.262 | -0.013 | -0.361 | -0.003 | -0.078 | -0.081 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.166 |
| $2089$ | 0.231 | -0.085 | -0.262 | -0.013 | -0.360 | -0.003 | -0.079 | -0.082 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.167 |
| 2090 | 0.229 | -0.085 | -0.261 | -0.013 | -0.358 | -0.003 | -0.079 | -0.082 | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.168 |
| 2091 | 0.228 | -0.084 | -0.261 | -0.012 | -0.357 | -0.003 | -0.079 | -0.083 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.169 |
| 2092 | 0.226 | -0.083 | -0.261 | -0.012 | -0.356 | -0.003 | -0.080 | -0.083 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.169 |
| 2093 | 0.226 | -0.082 | -0.260 | -0.012 | -0.354 | -0.003 | -0.080 | -0.083 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.168 |
| 2094 | 0.226 | -0.081 | -0.260 | -0.012 | -0.353 | -0.003 | -0.080 | -0.084 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.167 |
| 2095 | 0.227 | -0.080 | -0.260 | -0.012 | -0.352 | -0.003 | -0.081 | -0.084 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.166 |
| 2096 | 0.228 | -0.079 | -0.260 | -0.012 | -0.351 | -0.003 | -0.081 | -0.084 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.165 |
| 2097 | 0.229 | -0.078 | -0.260 | -0.012 | -0.350 | -0.003 | -0.081 | -0.084 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.162 |
| 2098 | 0.231 | -0.078 | -0.260 | -0.012 | -0.349 | -0.003 | -0.081 | -0.084 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.160 |
| 2099 | 0.233 | -0.077 | -0.260 | -0.012 | -0.349 | -0.003 | -0.081 | -0.084 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.158 |
| 2100 | 0.235 | -0.076 | -0.260 | -0.011 | -0.348 | -0.003 | -0.081 | -0.085 | 0.001 | 0.002 | 0.040 | -0.155 |

Table VII.C. $7 \quad$ Projected F inancial Results - 9.8\% Ultimate Contribution Rate

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate \% } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Contribution } \\ \text { Rate } \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment <br> Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { at } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | Yield \% | Assets / <br> Expenditures <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -169 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 7.00 | 231,677 | 16,217 | 18,967 | -2,750 | 3,795 | 1,045 | 37,336 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.16 | 7.80 | 242,196 | 18,891 | 19,770 | -879 | 3,763 | 2,884 | 40,220 | 10.03 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.13 | 8.60 | 254,455 | 21,883 | 20,684 | 1,199 | 3,822 | 5,021 | 45,241 | 9.34 | 2.08 |
| 2002 | 8.09 | 9.40 | 268,567 | 25,245 | 21,738 | 3,507 | 3,997 | 7,504 | 52,745 | 8.44 | 2.30 |
| 2003 | 8.06 | 9.80 | 284,703 | 27,901 | 22,956 | 4,945 | 4,307 | 9,252 | 61,997 | 7.73 | 2.54 |
| 2004 | 8.05 | 9.80 | 302,690 | 29,664 | 24,365 | 5,299 | 4,845 | 10,144 | 72,141 | 7.43 | 2.78 |
| 2005 | 8.05 | 9.80 | 321,666 | 31,523 | 25,904 | 5,619 | 5,390 | 11,010 | 83,150 | 7.14 | 3.02 |
| 2006 | 8.07 | 9.80 | 341,621 | 33,479 | 27,560 | 5,919 | 6,055 | 11,974 | 95,124 | 6.98 | 3.24 |
| 2007 | 8.10 | 9.80 | 362,505 | 35,525 | 29,364 | 6,161 | 6,799 | 12,961 | 108,085 | 6.88 | 3.45 |
| 2008 | 8.15 | 9.80 | 384,160 | 37,648 | 31,328 | 6,320 | 7,631 | 13,950 | 122,035 | 6.82 | 3.65 |
| 2009 | 8.21 | 9.80 | 407,388 | 39,924 | 33,437 | 6,487 | 8,527 | 15,014 | 137,049 | 6.77 | 3.84 |
| 2010 | 8.27 | 9.80 | 431,278 | 42,265 | 35,682 | 6,583 | 9,506 | 16,089 | 153,138 | 6.74 | 4.02 |
| 2011 | 8.39 | 9.80 | 453,439 | 44,437 | 38,062 | 6,375 | 10,520 | 16,895 | 170,033 | 6.70 | 4.19 |
| 2012 | 8.51 | 9.80 | 476,918 | 46,738 | 40,603 | 6,135 | 11,618 | 17,753 | 187,786 | 6.69 | 4.33 |
| 2013 | 8.65 | 9.80 | 501,275 | 49,125 | 43,337 | 5,788 | 12,800 | 18,588 | 206,374 | 6.69 | 4.46 |
| 2014 | 8.79 | 9.80 | 525,894 | 51,538 | 46,244 | 5,294 | 14,080 | 19,374 | 225,747 | 6.72 | 4.58 |
| 2015 | 8.94 | 9.80 | 551,896 | 54,086 | 49,326 | 4,760 | 15,407 | 20,166 | 245,914 | 6.74 | 4.68 |
| 2016 | 9.09 | 9.80 | 578,372 | 56,680 | 52,592 | 4,088 | 16,782 | 20,870 | 266,784 | 6.76 | 4.76 |
| 2017 | 9.25 | 9.80 | 606,195 | 59,407 | 56,053 | 3,354 | 18,206 | 21,560 | 288,344 | 6.77 | 4.83 |
| 2018 | 9.41 | 9.80 | 634,884 | 62,219 | 59,726 | 2,493 | 19,675 | 22,168 | 310,512 | 6.79 | 4.88 |
| 2019 | 9.57 | 9.80 | 664,512 | 65,122 | 63,621 | 1,501 | 21,196 | 22,698 | 333,210 | 6.81 | 4.92 |
| 2020 | 9.75 | 9.80 | 695,029 | 68,113 | 67,751 | 362 | 22,774 | 23,136 | 356,346 | 6.83 | 4.94 |
| 2021 | 9.93 | 9.80 | 726,538 | 71,201 | 72,119 | -918 | 24,417 | 23,499 | 379,845 | 6.85 | 4.95 |
| 2022 | 10.10 | 9.80 | 759,648 | 74,446 | 76,710 | -2,265 | 26,089 | 23,824 | 403,669 | 6.87 | 4.95 |
| 2023 | 10.27 | 9.80 | 793,840 | 77,796 | 81,534 | -3,738 | 27,766 | 24,028 | 427,697 | 6.88 | 4.94 |
| 2024 | 10.44 | 9.80 | 829,314 | 81,273 | 86,582 | -5,309 | 29,417 | 24,108 | 451,805 | 6.88 | 4.92 |
| 2025 | 10.59 | 9.80 | 866,768 | 84,943 | 91,825 | -6,882 | 31,072 | 24,190 | 475,995 | 6.87 | 4.90 |
| 2026 | 10.73 | 9.80 | 906,004 | 88,788 | 97,233 | -8,445 | 32,731 | 24,287 | 500,282 | 6.87 | 4.87 |
| 2027 | 10.85 | 9.80 | 947,597 | 92,865 | 102,771 | -9,907 | 34,396 | 24,490 | 524,772 | 6.87 | 4.84 |
| 2028 | 10.94 | 9.80 | 991,448 | 97,162 | 108,447 | -11,285 | 36,075 | 24,790 | 549,562 | 6.87 | 4.81 |
| 2029 | 11.02 | 9.80 | 1,037,117 | 101,637 | 114,300 | -12,663 | 37,774 | 25,111 | 574,673 | 6.87 | 4.78 |
| 2030 | 11.09 | 9.80 | 1,085,137 | 106,343 | 120,341 | -13,998 | 39,494 | 25,496 | 600,169 | 6.87 | 4.74 |
| 2031 | 11.14 | 9.80 | 1,135,710 | 111,300 | 126,563 | -15,263 | 41,239 | 25,976 | 626,145 | 6.87 | 4.71 |
| 2032 | 11.18 | 9.80 | 1,189,146 | 116,536 | 132,922 | -16,386 | 43,017 | 26,632 | 652,777 | 6.87 | 4.68 |
| 2033 | 11.20 | 9.80 | 1,244,895 | 122,000 | 139,430 | -17,430 | 44,841 | 27,410 | 680,187 | 6.87 | 4.65 |
| 2034 | 11.21 | 9.80 | 1,304,012 | 127,793 | 146,138 | -18,345 | 46,718 | 28,373 | 708,560 | 6.87 | 4.63 |
| 2035 | 11.21 | 9.80 | 1,365,842 | 133,853 | 153,096 | -19,243 | 48,661 | 29,417 | 737,977 | 6.87 | 4.60 |
| 2036 | 11.21 | 9.80 | 1,430,601 | 140,199 | 160,331 | -20,132 | 50,675 | 30,543 | 768,520 | 6.87 | 4.58 |
| 2037 | 11.19 | 9.80 | 1,498,993 | 146,901 | 167,797 | -20,896 | 52,766 | 31,870 | 800,391 | 6.87 | 4.56 |
| 2038 | 11.17 | 9.80 | 1,570,438 | 153,903 | 175,474 | -21,571 | 54,949 | 33,378 | 833,769 | 6.87 | 4.55 |
| 2039 | 11.15 | 9.80 | 1,644,836 | 161,194 | 183,424 | -22,230 | 57,236 | 35,006 | 868,775 | 6.86 | 4.53 |
| 2040 | 11.12 | 9.80 | 1,723,263 | 168,880 | 191,704 | -22,824 | 59,636 | 36,811 | 905,586 | 6.86 | 4.52 |
| 2041 | 11.11 | 9.80 | 1,804,247 | 176,816 | 200,367 | -23,551 | 62,159 | 38,608 | 944,194 | 6.86 | 4.51 |
| 2042 | 11.08 | 9.80 | 1,889,517 | 185,173 | 209,396 | -24,223 | 64,806 | 40,583 | 984,777 | 6.86 | 4.50 |
| 2043 | 11.06 | 9.80 | 1,978,432 | 193,886 | 218,804 | -24,918 | 67,589 | 42,671 | 1,027,448 | 6.86 | 4.49 |
| 2044 | 11.04 | 9.80 | 2,070,475 | 202,907 | 228,646 | -25,739 | 70,516 | 44,776 | 1,072,224 | 6.86 | 4.49 |
| 2045 | 11.03 | 9.80 | 2,166,730 | 212,340 | 238,980 | -26,640 | 73,587 | 46,946 | 1,119,171 | 6.86 | 4.48 |
| 2046 | 11.02 | 9.80 | 2,266,912 | 222,157 | 249,835 | -27,678 | 76,806 | 49,129 | 1,168,300 | 6.86 | 4.47 |
| 2047 | 11.01 | 9.80 | 2,371,940 | 232,450 | 261,177 | -28,727 | 80,176 | 51,449 | 1,219,748 | 6.86 | 4.47 |
| 2048 | 11.00 | 9.80 | 2,481,166 | 243,154 | 273,011 | -29,857 | 83,704 | 53,848 | 1,273,596 | 6.86 | 4.46 |
| 2049 | 11.00 | 9.80 | 2,594,977 | 254,308 | 285,433 | -31,125 | 87,398 | 56,273 | 1,329,869 | 6.86 | 4.45 |
| 2050 | 11.00 | 9.80 | 2,713,442 | 265,917 | 298,525 | -32,608 | 91,257 | 58,650 | 1,388,518 | 6.86 | 4.45 |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Table VII.C. } 7 & \text { Projected Financial Results - } 9.8 \% \text { Ultimate Contribution } \\ \text { Rate (Continued) }\end{array}$

| Year | Paygo Rate \% | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory <br> Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In <br> Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets / <br> Expenditures <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2051 | 11.01 | 9.80 | 2,837,229 | 278,048 | 312,286 | -34,238 | 95,279 | 61,041 | 1,449,559 | 6.86 | 4.44 |
| 2052 | 11.01 | 9.80 | 2,966,397 | 290,707 | 326,673 | -35,966 | 99,463 | 63,497 | 1,513,056 | 6.86 | 4.43 |
| 2053 | 11.02 | 9.80 | 3,101,377 | 303,935 | 341,656 | -37,721 | 103,815 | 66,094 | 1,579,150 | 6.86 | 4.42 |
| 2054 | 11.02 | 9.80 | 3,242,899 | 317,804 | 357,294 | -39,490 | 108,346 | 68,856 | 1,648,006 | 6.86 | 4.41 |
| 2055 | 11.02 | 9.80 | 3,391,204 | 332,338 | 373,672 | -41,334 | 113,065 | 71,731 | 1,719,737 | 6.86 | 4.40 |
| 2056 | 11.02 | 9.80 | 3,546,897 | 347,596 | 390,760 | -43,164 | 117,981 | 74,817 | 1,794,554 | 6.86 | 4.39 |
| 2057 | 11.02 | 9.80 | 3,708,935 | 363,476 | 408,572 | -45,096 | 123,108 | 78,012 | 1,872,565 | 6.86 | 4.38 |
| 2058 | 11.01 | 9.80 | 3,878,958 | 380,138 | 427,192 | -47,054 | 128,454 | 81,400 | 1,953,966 | 6.86 | 4.38 |
| 2059 | 11.01 | 9.80 | 4,057,331 | 397,618 | 446,599 | -48,981 | 134,033 | 85,052 | 2,039,018 | 6.86 | 4.37 |
| 2060 | 11.00 | 9.80 | 4,243,739 | 415,886 | 466,852 | -50,966 | 139,862 | 88,896 | 2,127,914 | 6.86 | 4.36 |
| 2061 | 10.99 | 9.80 | 4,438,987 | 435,021 | 487,983 | -52,962 | 145,954 | 92,992 | 2,220,906 | 6.86 | 4.35 |
| 2062 | 10.98 | 9.80 | 4,643,833 | 455,096 | 510,052 | -54,956 | 152,328 | 97,372 | 2,318,278 | 6.86 | 4.35 |
| 2063 | 10.98 | 9.80 | 4,857,972 | 476,081 | 533,190 | -57,109 | 159,002 | 101,894 | 2,420,171 | 6.86 | 4.34 |
| 2064 | 10.97 | 9.80 | 5,081,643 | 498,001 | 557,397 | -59,396 | 165,986 | 106,590 | 2,526,761 | 6.86 | 4.34 |
| 2065 | 10.96 | 9.80 | 5,316,259 | 520,993 | 582,715 | -61,722 | 173,292 | 111,570 | 2,638,332 | 6.86 | 4.33 |
| 2066 | 10.95 | 9.80 | 5,561,431 | 545,020 | 609,202 | -64,182 | 180,939 | 116,758 | 2,755,090 | 6.86 | 4.33 |
| 2067 | 10.95 | 9.80 | 5,817,399 | 570,105 | 636,926 | -66,821 | 188,942 | 122,121 | 2,877,211 | 6.86 | 4.32 |
| 2068 | 10.94 | 9.80 | 6,085,020 | 596,332 | 665,959 | -69,627 | 197,313 | 127,686 | 3,004,897 | 6.86 | 4.32 |
| 2069 | 10.94 | 9.80 | 6,365,152 | 623,785 | 696,375 | -72,590 | 206,064 | 133,474 | 3,138,371 | 6.86 | 4.31 |
| 2070 | 10.94 | 9.80 | 6,657,443 | 652,429 | 728,245 | -75,816 | 215,212 | 139,397 | 3,277,768 | 6.86 | 4.30 |
| 2071 | 10.94 | 9.80 | 6,962,171 | 682,293 | 761,643 | -79,350 | 224,766 | 145,415 | 3,423,183 | 6.86 | 4.30 |
| 2072 | 10.94 | 9.80 | 7,280,865 | 713,525 | 796,651 | -83,126 | 234,730 | 151,604 | 3,574,787 | 6.86 | 4.29 |
| 2073 | 10.95 | 9.80 | 7,613,822 | 746,155 | 833,359 | -87,204 | 245,118 | 157,913 | 3,732,701 | 6.86 | 4.28 |
| 2074 | 10.95 | 9.80 | 7,960,752 | 780,154 | 871,851 | -91,697 | 255,936 | 164,239 | 3,896,939 | 6.86 | 4.27 |
| 2075 | 10.96 | 9.80 | 8,323,300 | 815,683 | 912,216 | -96,533 | 267,186 | 170,653 | 4,067,592 | 6.86 | 4.26 |
| 2076 | 10.97 | 9.80 | 8,701,909 | 852,787 | 954,532 | -101,745 | 278,872 | 177,127 | 4,244,720 | 6.86 | 4.25 |
| 2077 | 10.98 | 9.80 | 9,096,394 | 891,447 | 998,881 | -107,434 | 290,999 | 183,565 | 4,428,285 | 6.86 | 4.24 |
| 2078 | 10.99 | 9.80 | 9,509,179 | 931,900 | 1,045,355 | -113,456 | 303,564 | 190,109 | 4,618,393 | 6.85 | 4.22 |
| 2079 | 11.01 | 9.80 | 9,939,516 | 974,073 | 1,094,039 | -119,966 | 316,573 | 196,607 | 4,815,000 | 6.85 | 4.21 |
| 2080 | 11.02 | 9.80 | 10,389,314 | 1,018,153 | 1,145,019 | -126,866 | 330,023 | 203,157 | 5,018,157 | 6.85 | 4.19 |
| 2081 | 11.04 | 9.80 | 10,859,225 | 1,064,204 | 1,198,379 | -134,175 | 343,916 | 209,741 | 5,227,899 | 6.85 | 4.17 |
| 2082 | 11.05 | 9.80 | 11,350,532 | 1,112,352 | 1,254,210 | -141,858 | 358,256 | 216,398 | 5,444,296 | 6.85 | 4.15 |
| 2083 | 11.06 | 9.80 | 11,863,887 | 1,162,661 | 1,312,613 | -149,952 | 373,045 | 223,093 | 5,667,389 | 6.85 | 4.13 |
| 2084 | 11.08 | 9.80 | 12,400,017 | 1,215,202 | 1,373,696 | -158,494 | 388,286 | 229,792 | 5,897,180 | 6.85 | 4.10 |
| 2085 | 11.09 | 9.80 | 12,961,032 | 1,270,181 | 1,437,567 | -167,386 | 403,979 | 236,593 | 6,133,773 | 6.85 | 4.08 |
| 2086 | 11.10 | 9.80 | 13,547,714 | 1,327,676 | 1,504,332 | -176,656 | 420,130 | 243,474 | 6,377,247 | 6.85 | 4.05 |
| 2087 | 11.12 | 9.80 | 14,160,859 | 1,387,764 | 1,574,116 | -186,352 | 436,744 | 250,392 | 6,627,640 | 6.85 | 4.02 |
| 2088 | 11.13 | 9.80 | 14,802,592 | 1,450,654 | 1,647,060 | -196,406 | 453,823 | 257,417 | 6,885,057 | 6.85 | 4.00 |
| 2089 | 11.14 | 9.80 | 15,473,099 | 1,516,364 | 1,723,313 | -206,949 | 471,374 | 264,424 | 7,149,482 | 6.85 | 3.97 |
| 2090 | 11.15 | 9.80 | 16,175,266 | 1,585,176 | 1,803,028 | -217,852 | 489,394 | 271,542 | 7,421,023 | 6.84 | 3.93 |
| 2091 | 11.16 | 9.80 | 16,908,562 | 1,657,039 | 1,886,358 | -229,319 | 507,889 | 278,570 | 7,699,594 | 6.84 | 3.90 |
| 2092 | 11.16 | 9.80 | 17,675,954 | 1,732,244 | 1,973,479 | -241,236 | 526,854 | 285,618 | 7,985,212 | 6.84 | 3.87 |
| 2093 | 11.17 | 9.80 | 18,477,674 | 1,810,812 | 2,064,575 | -253,763 | 546,288 | 292,525 | 8,277,737 | 6.84 | 3.83 |
| 2094 | 11.18 | 9.80 | 19,316,024 | 1,892,970 | 2,159,841 | -266,871 | 566,179 | 299,308 | 8,577,045 | 6.84 | 3.80 |
| 2095 | 11.19 | 9.80 | 20,192,664 | 1,978,881 | 2,259,486 | -280,605 | 586,519 | 305,914 | 8,882,959 | 6.84 | 3.76 |
| 2096 | 11.20 | 9.80 | 21,109,290 | 2,068,710 | 2,363,726 | -295,016 | 607,293 | 312,277 | 9,195,236 | 6.84 | 3.72 |
| 2097 | 11.21 | 9.80 | 22,066,914 | 2,162,558 | 2,472,792 | -310,235 | 628,482 | 318,248 | 9,513,484 | 6.83 | 3.68 |
| 2098 | 11.21 | 9.80 | 23,067,326 | 2,260,598 | 2,586,915 | -326,317 | 650,059 | 323,742 | 9,837,226 | 6.83 | 3.63 |
| 2099 | 11.22 | 9.80 | 24,113,060 | 2,363,080 | 2,706,341 | -343,261 | 671,988 | 328,727 | 10,165,953 | 6.83 | 3.59 |
| 2100 | 11.23 | 9.80 | 25,206,020 | 2,470,190 | 2,831,335 | -361,145 | 694,232 | 333,087 | 10,499,040 | 6.83 | 3.54 |

Table VII.C. 8
Sensitivity Test - Fertility - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate \% } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets/ <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -169 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 0.00 | 7.00 | 231,678 | 16,217 | 18,967 | -2,750 | 3,795 | 1,045 | 37,336 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.16 | 0.00 | 7.80 | 242,198 | 18,891 | 19,771 | -880 | 3,763 | 2,883 | 40,219 | 10.03 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.13 | 0.00 | 8.60 | 254,459 | 21,883 | 20,685 | 1,198 | 3,822 | 5,020 | 45,239 | 9.34 | 2.08 |
| 2002 | 8.09 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 268,573 | 25,246 | 21,738 | 3,508 | 3,997 | 7,504 | 52,744 | 8.44 | 2.30 |
| 2003 | 8.06 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 284,714 | 27,333 | 22,957 | 4,376 | 4,296 | 8,671 | 61,415 | 7.76 | 2.52 |
| 2004 | 8.05 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 302,706 | 29,060 | 24,367 | 4,693 | 4,792 | 9,484 | 70,899 | 7.46 | 2.74 |
| 2005 | 8.05 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 321,690 | 30,882 | 25,907 | 4,975 | 5,290 | 10,265 | 81,165 | 7.16 | 2.94 |
| 2006 | 8.07 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 341,655 | 32,799 | 27,564 | 5,235 | 5,902 | 11,137 | 92,301 | 7.00 | 3.14 |
| 2007 | 8.10 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 362,553 | 34,805 | 29,369 | 5,436 | 6,587 | 12,023 | 104,324 | 6.89 | 3.33 |
| 2008 | 8.16 | 0.01 | 9.60 | 384,224 | 36,886 | 31,334 | 5,552 | 7,352 | 12,903 | 117,227 | 6.83 | 3.50 |
| 2009 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 407,473 | 39,117 | 33,446 | 5,671 | 8,173 | 13,845 | 131,072 | 6.78 | 3.67 |
| 2010 | 8.27 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 431,389 | 41,413 | 35,693 | 5,720 | 9,070 | 14,790 | 145,862 | 6.74 | 3.83 |
| 2011 | 8.39 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 453,581 | 43,544 | 38,076 | 5,468 | 9,992 | 15,460 | 161,322 | 6.70 | 3.97 |
| 2012 | 8.51 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 477,097 | 45,801 | 40,621 | 5,180 | 10,988 | 16,168 | 177,490 | 6.68 | 4.09 |
| 2013 | 8.65 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 501,500 | 48,144 | 43,360 | 4,784 | 12,058 | 16,842 | 194,333 | 6.69 | 4.20 |
| 2014 | 8.79 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 526,172 | 50,513 | 46,272 | 4,241 | 13,215 | 17,456 | 211,788 | 6.71 | 4.29 |
| 2015 | 8.94 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 552,266 | 53,018 | 49,359 | 3,659 | 14,407 | 18,065 | 229,854 | 6.73 | 4.37 |
| 2016 | 9.09 | 0.00 | 9.60 | 578,899 | 55,574 | 52,632 | 2,942 | 15,634 | 18,576 | 248,429 | 6.75 | 4.43 |
| 2017 | 9.24 | -0.01 | 9.60 | 606,944 | 58,267 | 56,101 | 2,166 | 16,897 | 19,062 | 267,492 | 6.77 | 4.47 |
| 2018 | 9.40 | -0.01 | 9.60 | 635,931 | 61,049 | 59,783 | 1,266 | 18,190 | 19,456 | 286,948 | 6.78 | 4.51 |
| 2019 | 9.56 | -0.01 | 9.60 | 665,944 | 63,931 | 63,687 | 244 | 19,522 | 19,765 | 306,714 | 6.80 | 4.52 |
| 2020 | 9.73 | -0.02 | 9.60 | 696,945 | 66,907 | 67,827 | -920 | 20,918 | 19,998 | 326,712 | 6.82 | 4.52 |
| 2021 | 9.90 | -0.03 | 9.60 | 729,056 | 69,989 | 72,206 | -2,217 | 22,342 | 20,125 | 346,837 | 6.84 | 4.52 |
| 2022 | 10.07 | -0.03 | 9.60 | 762,904 | 73,239 | 76,810 | -3,571 | 23,778 | 20,207 | 367,043 | 6.85 | 4.50 |
| 2023 | 10.23 | -0.04 | 9.60 | 797,981 | 76,606 | 81,647 | -5,041 | 25,202 | 20,161 | 387,204 | 6.86 | 4.47 |
| 2024 | 10.39 | -0.05 | 9.60 | 834,505 | 80,112 | 86,710 | -6,598 | 26,582 | 19,984 | 407,189 | 6.86 | 4.43 |
| 2025 | 10.53 | -0.06 | 9.60 | 873,196 | 83,827 | 91,969 | -8,142 | 27,948 | 19,806 | 426,994 | 6.86 | 4.38 |
| 2026 | 10.66 | -0.07 | 9.60 | 913,870 | 87,732 | 97,395 | -9,663 | 29,300 | 19,637 | 446,631 | 6.86 | 4.34 |
| 2027 | 10.76 | -0.09 | 9.60 | 957,129 | 91,884 | 102,953 | -11,069 | 30,640 | 19,571 | 466,202 | 6.86 | 4.29 |
| 2028 | 10.83 | -0.11 | 9.60 | 1,002,905 | 96,279 | 108,651 | -12,372 | 31,974 | 19,602 | 485,804 | 6.86 | 4.24 |
| 2029 | 10.90 | -0.12 | 9.60 | 1,050,769 | 100,874 | 114,528 | -13,654 | 33,309 | 19,655 | 505,460 | 6.85 | 4.19 |
| 2030 | 10.95 | -0.14 | 9.60 | 1,101,290 | 105,724 | 120,596 | -14,872 | 34,647 | 19,775 | 525,235 | 6.85 | 4.14 |
| 2035 | 10.97 | -0.24 | 9.60 | 1,400,206 | 134,420 | 153,535 | -19,115 | 41,637 | 22,522 | 630,781 | 6.84 | 3.92 |
| 2040 | 10.77 | -0.35 | 9.60 | 1,787,433 | 171,594 | 192,466 | -20,872 | 50,080 | 29,208 | 761,540 | 6.84 | 3.78 |
| 2045 | 10.56 | -0.47 | 9.60 | 2,275,902 | 218,487 | 240,317 | -21,830 | 61,359 | 39,528 | 937,176 | 6.84 | 3.73 |
| 2050 | 10.41 | -0.59 | 9.60 | 2,889,469 | 277,389 | 300,860 | -23,471 | 76,632 | 53,161 | 1,174,279 | 6.83 | 3.73 |
| 2055 | 10.30 | -0.72 | 9.60 | 3,665,861 | 351,923 | 377,675 | -25,752 | 97,110 | 71,358 | 1,491,759 | 6.84 | 3.77 |
| 2060 | 10.17 | -0.83 | 9.60 | 4,660,259 | 447,385 | 473,848 | -26,463 | 125,010 | 98,547 | 1,925,962 | 6.84 | 3.88 |
| 2065 | 10.05 | -0.91 | 9.60 | 5,929,588 | 569,240 | 595,705 | -26,465 | 163,861 | 137,397 | 2,530,455 | 6.85 | 4.06 |
| 2070 | 9.98 | -0.96 | 9.60 | 7,537,653 | 723,615 | 752,201 | -28,586 | 217,873 | 189,287 | 3,367,575 | 6.85 | 4.27 |
| 2075 | 9.98 | -0.98 | 9.60 | 9,560,311 | 917,790 | 954,419 | -36,629 | 291,701 | 255,072 | 4,505,635 | 6.86 | 4.50 |
| 2080 | 10.04 | -0.98 | 9.60 | 12,103,810 | 1,161,966 | 1,215,594 | -53,628 | 390,283 | 336,655 | 6,018,293 | 6.87 | 4.72 |
| 2085 | 10.11 | -0.98 | 9.60 | 15,322,005 | 1,470,913 | 1,548,627 | -77,715 | 520,028 | 442,313 | 8,006,571 | 6.87 | 4.93 |
| 2090 | 10.15 | -1.00 | 9.60 | 19,410,232 | 1,863,382 | 1,969,806 | -106,424 | 690,965 | 584,541 | 10,627,618 | 6.88 | 5.14 |
| 2095 | 10.18 | -1.01 | 9.60 | 24,597,040 | 2,361,316 | 2,503,318 | -142,002 | 917,484 | 775,481 | 14,101,185 | 6.88 | 5.37 |
| 2100 | 10.21 | -1.02 | 9.60 | 31,160,972 | 2,991,453 | 3,182,097 | -190,644 | 1,218,148 | 1,027,504 | 18,707,698 | 6.89 | 5.60 |

Table VII.C. 9 Sensitivity Test - Fertility - High Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Contribution } \\ \text { Rate \% } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Contributory <br> Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets/ <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,385 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -170 | 36,290 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 0.00 | 7.00 | 231,676 | 16,217 | 18,966 | -2,749 | 3,795 | 1,046 | 37,337 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.16 | 0.00 | 7.80 | 242,195 | 18,891 | 19,770 | -879 | 3,763 | 2,884 | 40,221 | 10.03 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.13 | 0.00 | 8.60 | 254,451 | 21,883 | 20,684 | 1,199 | 3,822 | 5,020 | 45,241 | 9.34 | 2.08 |
| 2002 | 8.09 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 268,560 | 25,245 | 21,737 | 3,508 | 3,997 | 7,504 | 52,746 | 8.44 | 2.30 |
| 2003 | 8.06 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 284,693 | 28,185 | 22,955 | 5,230 | 4,313 | 9,543 | 62,289 | 7.72 | 2.56 |
| 2004 | 8.05 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 302,673 | 29,965 | 24,363 | 5,602 | 4,872 | 10,473 | 72,762 | 7.42 | 2.81 |
| 2005 | 8.05 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 321,642 | 31,843 | 25,902 | 5,941 | 5,441 | 11,381 | 84,143 | 7.13 | 3.05 |
| 2006 | 8.07 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 341,586 | 33,817 | 27,557 | 6,260 | 6,131 | 12,391 | 96,534 | 6.98 | 3.29 |
| 2007 | 8.10 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 362,458 | 35,883 | 29,359 | 6,524 | 6,905 | 13,430 | 109,964 | 6.88 | 3.51 |
| 2008 | 8.15 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 384,096 | 38,026 | 31,321 | 6,705 | 7,770 | 14,475 | 124,439 | 6.82 | 3.72 |
| 2009 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 407,303 | 40,323 | 33,429 | 6,894 | 8,703 | 15,597 | 140,036 | 6.77 | 3.93 |
| 2010 | 8.27 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 431,167 | 42,686 | 35,671 | 7,015 | 9,724 | 16,738 | 156,775 | 6.74 | 4.12 |
| 2011 | 8.39 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 453,297 | 44,876 | 38,048 | 6,828 | 10,784 | 17,613 | 174,388 | 6.70 | 4.30 |
| 2012 | 8.51 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 476,738 | 47,197 | 40,585 | 6,612 | 11,932 | 18,545 | 192,932 | 6.69 | 4.45 |
| 2013 | 8.64 | -0.01 | 9.90 | 501,050 | 49,604 | 43,314 | 6,290 | 13,170 | 19,460 | 212,392 | 6.70 | 4.60 |
| 2014 | 8.79 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 525,615 | 52,036 | 46,217 | 5,819 | 14,513 | 20,331 | 232,724 | 6.72 | 4.72 |
| 2015 | 8.94 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 551,525 | 54,601 | 49,292 | 5,309 | 15,906 | 21,215 | 253,939 | 6.74 | 4.83 |
| 2016 | 9.09 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 577,844 | 57,207 | 52,551 | 4,656 | 17,355 | 22,011 | 275,950 | 6.76 | 4.93 |
| 2017 | 9.25 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 605,445 | 59,939 | 56,005 | 3,934 | 18,860 | 22,794 | 298,744 | 6.78 | 5.01 |
| 2018 | 9.41 | 0.00 | 9.90 | 633,837 | 62,750 | 59,670 | 3,080 | 20,416 | 23,496 | 322,240 | 6.79 | 5.07 |
| 2019 | 9.58 | 0.01 | 9.90 | 663,081 | 65,645 | 63,556 | 2,089 | 22,030 | 24,119 | 346,359 | 6.81 | 5.12 |
| 2020 | 9.76 | 0.01 | 9.90 | 693,111 | 68,618 | 67,675 | 943 | 23,707 | 24,650 | 371,009 | 6.83 | 5.15 |
| 2021 | 9.95 | 0.02 | 9.90 | 724,020 | 71,678 | 72,032 | -354 | 25,444 | 25,090 | 396,099 | 6.85 | 5.17 |
| 2022 | 10.13 | 0.03 | 9.90 | 756,394 | 74,883 | 76,611 | -1,728 | 27,227 | 25,499 | 421,598 | 6.87 | 5.18 |
| 2023 | 10.31 | 0.04 | 9.90 | 789,703 | 78,181 | 81,421 | -3,240 | 29,022 | 25,781 | 447,379 | 6.88 | 5.17 |
| 2024 | 10.49 | 0.05 | 9.90 | 824,129 | 81,589 | 86,454 | -4,865 | 30,795 | 25,930 | 473,309 | 6.88 | 5.16 |
| 2025 | 10.66 | 0.07 | 9.90 | 860,348 | 85,174 | 91,681 | -6,507 | 32,578 | 26,071 | 499,381 | 6.88 | 5.14 |
| 2026 | 10.81 | 0.08 | 9.90 | 898,143 | 88,916 | 97,071 | -8,155 | 34,369 | 26,214 | 525,595 | 6.88 | 5.12 |
| 2027 | 10.94 | 0.09 | 9.90 | 938,065 | 92,868 | 102,590 | -9,722 | 36,169 | 26,448 | 552,043 | 6.88 | 5.10 |
| 2028 | 11.05 | 0.11 | 9.90 | 979,998 | 97,020 | 108,244 | -11,224 | 37,985 | 26,761 | 578,804 | 6.88 | 5.07 |
| 2029 | 11.15 | 0.13 | 9.90 | 1,023,481 | 101,325 | 114,073 | -12,748 | 39,822 | 27,074 | 605,877 | 6.88 | 5.05 |
| 2030 | 11.23 | 0.14 | 9.90 | 1,069,007 | 105,832 | 120,087 | -14,255 | 41,679 | 27,424 | 633,301 | 6.88 | 5.02 |
| 2035 | 11.46 | 0.25 | 9.90 | 1,331,581 | 131,827 | 152,662 | -20,835 | 51,450 | 30,614 | 778,987 | 6.87 | 4.87 |
| 2040 | 11.51 | 0.39 | 9.90 | 1,659,503 | 164,291 | 190,950 | -26,659 | 62,603 | 35,944 | 947,050 | 6.87 | 4.75 |
| 2045 | 11.54 | 0.51 | 9.90 | 2,058,780 | 203,819 | 237,661 | -33,842 | 75,743 | 41,901 | 1,144,820 | 6.87 | 4.61 |
| 2050 | 11.66 | 0.66 | 9.90 | 2,540,787 | 251,538 | 296,228 | -44,690 | 90,711 | 46,021 | 1,367,902 | 6.86 | 4.42 |
| 2055 | 11.83 | 0.81 | 9.90 | 3,124,482 | 309,324 | 369,738 | -60,414 | 106,471 | 46,057 | 1,599,546 | 6.85 | 4.14 |
| 2060 | 11.97 | 0.97 | 9.90 | 3,843,824 | 380,539 | 459,988 | -79,449 | 121,601 | 42,151 | 1,819,751 | 6.84 | 3.79 |
| 2065 | 12.04 | 1.08 | 9.90 | 4,734,849 | 468,750 | 570,001 | -101,251 | 134,627 | 33,376 | 2,006,783 | 6.82 | 3.37 |
| 2070 | 12.08 | 1.14 | 9.90 | 5,834,105 | 577,576 | 704,871 | -127,295 | 143,365 | 16,070 | 2,126,183 | 6.79 | 2.89 |
| 2075 | 12.13 | 1.17 | 9.90 | 7,182,173 | 711,035 | 871,153 | -160,118 | 143,980 | -16,138 | 2,117,409 | 6.75 | 2.33 |
| 2080 | 12.19 | 1.17 | 9.90 | 8,831,100 | 874,279 | 1,076,573 | -202,294 | 130,045 | -72,250 | 1,880,303 | 6.66 | 1.67 |
| 2085 | 12.26 | 1.17 | 9.90 | 10,848,319 | 1,073,984 | 1,330,396 | -256,412 | 91,454 | -164,959 | 1,258,646 | 6.43 | 0.91 |
| 2090 | 12.33 | 1.18 | 9.90 | 13,324,805 | 1,319,156 | 1,643,329 | -324,173 | 13,110 | -311,063 | 20,921 | 3.95 | 0.01 |
| 2095 | 12.39 | 1.20 | 9.90 | 16,369,973 | 1,620,627 | 2,028,466 | -407,839 | -126,844 | -534,683 | -2,168,107 | 3.00 | -1.02 |
| 2100 | 12.45 | 1.22 | 9.90 | 20,114,056 | 1,991,292 | 2,503,240 | -511,949 | -360,324 | -872,273 | -5,799,315 | 3.00 | -2.22 |

Table VII.C. 10 Sensitivity Test - Migration - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets/ } \\ \text { Expend. } \\ \text { Ratio } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.20 | -0.01 | 6.40 | 222,520 | 14,241 | 18,252 | -4,011 | 3,850 | -161 | 36,299 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.18 | -0.01 | 7.00 | 231,958 | 16,237 | 18,968 | -2,731 | 3,795 | 1,064 | 37,363 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.15 | -0.01 | 7.80 | 242,687 | 18,930 | 19,773 | -843 | 3,764 | 2,921 | 40,284 | 10.02 | 1.95 |
| 2001 | 8.11 | -0.02 | 8.60 | 255,229 | 21,950 | 20,689 | 1,261 | 3,826 | 5,087 | 45,372 | 9.32 | 2.09 |
| 2002 | 8.06 | -0.03 | 9.40 | 269,714 | 25,353 | 21,745 | 3,608 | 4,006 | 7,614 | 52,986 | 8.43 | 2.31 |
| 2003 | 8.02 | -0.04 | 9.50 | 286,330 | 27,201 | 22,968 | 4,233 | 4,308 | 8,541 | 61,527 | 7.76 | 2.52 |
| 2004 | 8.00 | -0.05 | 9.50 | 304,920 | 28,967 | 24,383 | 4,584 | 4,795 | 9,380 | 70,907 | 7.46 | 2.73 |
| 2005 | 7.99 | -0.06 | 9.50 | 324,639 | 30,841 | 25,931 | 4,910 | 5,287 | 10,197 | 81,104 | 7.16 | 2.94 |
| 2006 | 7.99 | -0.08 | 9.50 | 345,430 | 32,816 | 27,597 | 5,219 | 5,895 | 11,114 | 92,218 | 7.00 | 3.14 |
| 2007 | 8.01 | -0.09 | 9.50 | 367,251 | 34,889 | 29,414 | 5,475 | 6,580 | 12,054 | 104,272 | 6.89 | 3.32 |
| 2008 | 8.05 | -0.10 | 9.50 | 389,945 | 37,045 | 31,393 | 5,652 | 7,348 | 13,000 | 117,272 | 6.83 | 3.50 |
| 2009 | 8.09 | -0.12 | 9.50 | 414,338 | 39,362 | 33,521 | 5,841 | 8,178 | 14,019 | 131,291 | 6.77 | 3.67 |
| 2010 | 8.14 | -0.13 | 9.50 | 439,513 | 41,754 | 35,788 | 5,966 | 9,088 | 15,053 | 146,344 | 6.74 | 3.83 |
| 2011 | 8.25 | -0.14 | 9.50 | 463,037 | 43,989 | 38,194 | 5,795 | 10,030 | 15,825 | 162,169 | 6.70 | 3.98 |
| 2012 | 8.35 | -0.16 | 9.50 | 488,020 | 46,362 | 40,764 | 5,598 | 11,053 | 16,651 | 178,820 | 6.68 | 4.11 |
| 2013 | 8.47 | -0.18 | 9.50 | 514,023 | 48,832 | 43,532 | 5,300 | 12,159 | 17,459 | 196,279 | 6.68 | 4.22 |
| 2014 | 8.60 | -0.19 | 9.50 | 540,425 | 51,340 | 46,479 | 4,861 | 13,361 | 18,223 | 214,502 | 6.71 | 4.32 |
| 2015 | 8.73 | -0.21 | 9.50 | 568,379 | 53,996 | 49,605 | 4,391 | 14,608 | 18,999 | 233,501 | 6.73 | 4.41 |
| 2016 | 8.87 | -0.22 | 9.50 | 596,965 | 56,712 | 52,923 | 3,789 | 15,903 | 19,692 | 253,193 | 6.75 | 4.49 |
| 2017 | 9.00 | -0.25 | 9.50 | 627,094 | 59,574 | 56,443 | 3,131 | 17,246 | 20,377 | 273,570 | 6.76 | 4.55 |
| 2018 | 9.14 | -0.27 | 9.50 | 658,281 | 62,537 | 60,183 | 2,354 | 18,634 | 20,987 | 294,557 | 6.78 | 4.59 |
| 2019 | 9.29 | -0.28 | 9.50 | 690,611 | 65,608 | 64,153 | 1,455 | 20,074 | 21,529 | 316,086 | 6.80 | 4.62 |
| 2020 | 9.44 | -0.31 | 9.50 | 724,045 | 68,784 | 68,369 | 415 | 21,572 | 21,987 | 338,073 | 6.82 | 4.64 |
| 2021 | 9.60 | -0.33 | 9.50 | 758,699 | 72,076 | 72,834 | -758 | 23,133 | 22,375 | 360,448 | 6.84 | 4.65 |
| 2022 | 9.75 | -0.35 | 9.50 | 795,218 | 75,546 | 77,535 | -1,989 | 24,726 | 22,737 | 383,185 | 6.86 | 4.65 |
| 2023 | 9.90 | -0.37 | 9.50 | 833,077 | 79,142 | 82,482 | -3,340 | 26,327 | 22,987 | 406,173 | 6.87 | 4.63 |
| 2024 | 10.05 | -0.39 | 9.50 | 872,488 | 82,886 | 87,668 | -4,782 | 27,904 | 23,123 | 429,295 | 6.87 | 4.61 |
| 2025 | 10.18 | -0.41 | 9.50 | 914,188 | 86,848 | 93,067 | -6,219 | 29,489 | 23,270 | 452,566 | 6.87 | 4.59 |
| 2026 | 10.30 | -0.43 | 9.50 | 957,969 | 91,007 | 98,650 | -7,643 | 31,083 | 23,441 | 476,006 | 6.87 | 4.56 |
| 2027 | 10.39 | -0.46 | 9.50 | 1,004,447 | 95,422 | 104,385 | -8,963 | 32,688 | 23,726 | 499,732 | 6.87 | 4.53 |
| 2028 | 10.47 | -0.47 | 9.50 | 1,053,543 | 100,087 | 110,280 | -10,193 | 34,312 | 24,119 | 523,851 | 6.86 | 4.50 |
| 2029 | 10.53 | -0.49 | 9.50 | 1,104,800 | 104,956 | 116,377 | -11,421 | 35,963 | 24,542 | 548,392 | 6.86 | 4.47 |
| 2030 | 10.59 | -0.50 | 9.50 | 1,158,800 | 110,086 | 122,690 | -12,604 | 37,641 | 25,037 | 573,429 | 6.86 | 4.44 |
| 2035 | 10.66 | -0.55 | 9.50 | 1,475,928 | 140,213 | 157,335 | -17,122 | 46,723 | 29,601 | 710,812 | 6.86 | 4.31 |
| 2040 | 10.57 | -0.55 | 9.50 | 1,883,244 | 178,908 | 198,979 | -20,071 | 57,849 | 37,779 | 881,627 | 6.85 | 4.23 |
| 2045 | 10.47 | -0.56 | 9.50 | 2,394,687 | 227,495 | 250,816 | -23,321 | 72,244 | 48,924 | 1,102,946 | 6.85 | 4.20 |
| 2050 | 10.45 | -0.55 | 9.50 | 3,033,840 | 288,215 | 316,901 | -28,686 | 90,755 | 62,069 | 1,386,289 | 6.85 | 4.17 |
| 2055 | 10.46 | -0.56 | 9.50 | 3,836,566 | 364,474 | 401,211 | -36,737 | 113,975 | 77,238 | 1,740,561 | 6.85 | 4.14 |
| 2060 | 10.44 | -0.56 | 9.50 | 4,857,135 | 461,428 | 507,033 | -45,605 | 143,014 | 97,409 | 2,184,854 | 6.85 | 4.11 |
| 2065 | 10.40 | -0.56 | 9.50 | 6,154,185 | 584,648 | 640,198 | -55,550 | 179,875 | 124,325 | 2,750,014 | 6.85 | 4.10 |
| 2070 | 10.38 | -0.56 | 9.50 | 7,793,545 | 740,387 | 809,354 | -68,967 | 226,876 | 157,909 | 3,469,809 | 6.85 | 4.09 |
| 2075 | 10.41 | -0.55 | 9.50 | 9,854,150 | 936,144 | 1,025,411 | -89,267 | 286,151 | 196,885 | 4,374,428 | 6.85 | 4.07 |
| 2080 | 10.46 | -0.56 | 9.50 | 12,441,910 | 1,181,981 | 1,301,490 | -119,509 | 359,277 | 239,769 | 5,486,078 | 6.85 | 4.02 |
| 2085 | 10.52 | -0.57 | 9.50 | 15,701,830 | 1,491,674 | 1,652,116 | -160,442 | 447,529 | 287,087 | 6,824,810 | 6.84 | 3.94 |
| 2090 | 10.57 | -0.58 | 9.50 | 19,821,822 | 1,883,073 | 2,095,236 | -212,163 | 552,579 | 340,416 | 8,417,641 | 6.84 | 3.83 |
| 2095 | 10.61 | -0.58 | 9.50 | 25,027,820 | 2,377,643 | 2,655,254 | -277,611 | 676,365 | 398,754 | 10,293,358 | 6.83 | 3.70 |
| 2100 | 10.65 | -0.58 | 9.50 | 31,597,968 | 3,001,807 | 3,364,856 | -363,049 | 819,848 | 456,799 | 12,463,208 | 6.83 | 3.53 |

Table VII.C. 11 Sensitivity Test - Migration - High Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets / <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,206 | 14,221 | 18,251 | -4,030 | 3,850 | -180 | 36,280 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.20 | 0.01 | 7.00 | 231,303 | 16,191 | 18,965 | -2,774 | 3,794 | 1,020 | 37,300 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.18 | 0.02 | 7.80 | 241,544 | 18,840 | 19,767 | -927 | 3,761 | 2,835 | 40,135 | 10.03 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.16 | 0.03 | 8.60 | 253,424 | 21,794 | 20,678 | 1,116 | 3,815 | 4,932 | 45,067 | 9.35 | 2.07 |
| 2002 | 8.14 | 0.05 | 9.40 | 267,041 | 25,102 | 21,727 | 3,375 | 3,984 | 7,359 | 52,426 | 8.46 | 2.29 |
| 2003 | 8.12 | 0.06 | 10.20 | 282,544 | 28,819 | 22,940 | 5,879 | 4,307 | 10,186 | 62,612 | 7.70 | 2.57 |
| 2004 | 8.12 | 0.07 | 10.20 | 299,732 | 30,573 | 24,341 | 6,232 | 4,910 | 11,141 | 73,753 | 7.40 | 2.85 |
| 2005 | 8.14 | 0.09 | 10.20 | 317,728 | 32,408 | 25,869 | 6,539 | 5,525 | 12,064 | 85,818 | 7.11 | 3.12 |
| 2006 | 8.17 | 0.10 | 10.20 | 336,586 | 34,332 | 27,511 | 6,821 | 6,263 | 13,084 | 98,901 | 6.97 | 3.38 |
| 2007 | 8.22 | 0.12 | 10.20 | 356,244 | 36,337 | 29,298 | 7,039 | 7,085 | 14,123 | 113,025 | 6.87 | 3.62 |
| 2008 | 8.30 | 0.15 | 10.20 | 376,540 | 38,407 | 31,241 | 7,166 | 7,997 | 15,163 | 128,188 | 6.82 | 3.85 |
| 2009 | 8.37 | 0.16 | 10.20 | 398,251 | 40,622 | 33,326 | 7,296 | 8,977 | 16,273 | 144,461 | 6.77 | 4.06 |
| 2010 | 8.45 | 0.18 | 10.20 | 420,471 | 42,888 | 35,542 | 7,346 | 10,044 | 17,390 | 161,850 | 6.75 | 4.27 |
| 2011 | 8.59 | 0.20 | 10.20 | 440,865 | 44,968 | 37,889 | 7,079 | 11,148 | 18,227 | 180,078 | 6.71 | 4.46 |
| 2012 | 8.74 | 0.23 | 10.20 | 462,400 | 47,165 | 40,391 | 6,774 | 12,338 | 19,111 | 199,189 | 6.70 | 4.62 |
| 2013 | 8.89 | 0.24 | 10.20 | 484,634 | 49,433 | 43,081 | 6,352 | 13,613 | 19,965 | 219,154 | 6.71 | 4.77 |
| 2014 | 9.06 | 0.27 | 10.20 | 506,961 | 51,710 | 45,937 | 5,773 | 14,989 | 20,762 | 239,916 | 6.73 | 4.90 |
| 2015 | 9.23 | 0.29 | 10.20 | 530,458 | 54,107 | 48,959 | 5,148 | 16,411 | 21,559 | 261,475 | 6.75 | 5.01 |
| 2016 | 9.41 | 0.32 | 10.20 | 554,234 | 56,532 | 52,158 | 4,374 | 17,882 | 22,256 | 283,730 | 6.77 | 5.11 |
| 2017 | 9.59 | 0.34 | 10.20 | 579,115 | 59,070 | 55,544 | 3,526 | 19,401 | 22,927 | 306,658 | 6.79 | 5.19 |
| 2018 | 9.78 | 0.37 | 10.20 | 604,625 | 61,672 | 59,130 | 2,542 | 20,964 | 23,506 | 330,163 | 6.80 | 5.25 |
| 2019 | 9.98 | 0.41 | 10.20 | 630,824 | 64,344 | 62,927 | 1,417 | 22,577 | 23,994 | 354,157 | 6.82 | 5.29 |
| 2020 | 10.18 | 0.43 | 10.20 | 657,648 | 67,080 | 66,945 | 135 | 24,246 | 24,381 | 378,538 | 6.84 | 5.32 |
| 2021 | 10.39 | 0.46 | 10.20 | 685,186 | 69,889 | 71,188 | -1,299 | 25,977 | 24,678 | 403,215 | 6.86 | 5.33 |
| 2022 | 10.59 | 0.49 | 10.20 | 714,001 | 72,828 | 75,638 | -2,810 | 27,731 | 24,921 | 428,137 | 6.87 | 5.33 |
| 2023 | 10.80 | 0.53 | 10.20 | 743,587 | 75,846 | 80,303 | -4,457 | 29,486 | 25,028 | 453,165 | 6.88 | 5.32 |
| 2024 | 11.00 | 0.56 | 10.20 | 774,129 | 78,961 | 85,172 | -6,211 | 31,207 | 24,997 | 478,162 | 6.88 | 5.30 |
| 2025 | 11.19 | 0.60 | 10.20 | 806,277 | 82,240 | 90,214 | -7,974 | 32,926 | 24,952 | 503,114 | 6.88 | 5.27 |
| 2026 | 11.36 | 0.63 | 10.20 | 839,850 | 85,665 | 95,397 | -9,732 | 34,640 | 24,907 | 528,021 | 6.88 | 5.24 |
| 2027 | 11.50 | 0.65 | 10.20 | 875,370 | 89,288 | 100,684 | -11,396 | 36,350 | 24,953 | 552,974 | 6.88 | 5.21 |
| 2028 | 11.62 | 0.68 | 10.20 | 912,721 | 93,098 | 106,079 | -12,981 | 38,062 | 25,081 | 578,055 | 6.88 | 5.18 |
| 2029 | 11.73 | 0.71 | 10.20 | 951,484 | 97,051 | 111,619 | -14,568 | 39,783 | 25,215 | 603,270 | 6.88 | 5.14 |
| 2030 | 11.82 | 0.73 | 10.20 | 992,135 | 101,198 | 117,310 | -16,112 | 41,512 | 25,400 | 628,671 | 6.88 | 5.11 |
| 2035 | 12.02 | 0.81 | 10.20 | 1,228,377 | 125,294 | 147,658 | -22,364 | 50,502 | 28,138 | 762,561 | 6.88 | 4.94 |
| 2040 | 11.96 | 0.84 | 10.20 | 1,525,798 | 155,631 | 182,427 | -26,796 | 60,854 | 34,059 | 919,487 | 6.87 | 4.84 |
| 2045 | 11.86 | 0.83 | 10.20 | 1,888,705 | 192,648 | 223,997 | -31,349 | 73,624 | 42,275 | 1,113,797 | 6.87 | 4.77 |
| 2050 | 11.84 | 0.84 | 10.20 | 2,327,404 | 237,395 | 275,457 | -38,062 | 89,359 | 51,297 | 1,352,118 | 6.87 | 4.71 |
| 2055 | 11.86 | 0.84 | 10.20 | 2,861,187 | 291,841 | 339,416 | -47,575 | 108,166 | 60,592 | 1,635,734 | 6.87 | 4.62 |
| 2060 | 11.85 | 0.85 | 10.20 | 3,522,796 | 359,325 | 417,364 | -58,039 | 130,459 | 72,421 | 1,972,925 | 6.87 | 4.54 |
| 2065 | 11.80 | 0.84 | 10.20 | 4,343,810 | 443,069 | 512,656 | -69,587 | 157,276 | 87,688 | 2,379,678 | 6.86 | 4.45 |
| 2070 | 11.77 | 0.83 | 10.20 | 5,355,819 | 546,294 | 630,491 | -84,198 | 189,684 | 105,487 | 2,870,815 | 6.86 | 4.37 |
| 2075 | 11.79 | 0.83 | 10.20 | 6,592,167 | 672,401 | 777,369 | -104,968 | 228,240 | 123,272 | 3,452,287 | 6.86 | 4.26 |
| 2080 | 11.86 | 0.84 | 10.20 | 8,098,448 | 826,042 | 960,805 | -134,763 | 272,403 | 137,640 | 4,113,680 | 6.85 | 4.10 |
| 2085 | 11.95 | 0.86 | 10.20 | 9,942,096 | 1,014,094 | 1,187,992 | -173,898 | 320,612 | 146,714 | 4,831,468 | 6.84 | 3.90 |
| 2090 | 12.02 | 0.87 | 10.20 | 12,211,354 | 1,245,558 | 1,467,232 | -221,674 | 370,797 | 149,123 | 5,575,428 | 6.83 | 3.64 |
| 2095 | 12.06 | 0.87 | 10.20 | 15,005,976 | 1,530,610 | 1,810,249 | -279,640 | 420,068 | 140,429 | 6,300,838 | 6.82 | 3.34 |
| 2100 | 12.11 | 0.88 | 10.20 | 18,440,132 | 1,880,893 | 2,233,209 | -352,316 | 463,264 | 110,948 | 6,925,671 | 6.80 | 2.97 |

Table VII.C. 12 Sensitivity Test - Mortality - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets/ } \\ \text { Expend. } \\ \text { Ratio } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.19 | -0.02 | 6.40 | 222,328 | 14,229 | 18,213 | -3,984 | 3,850 | -134 | 36,326 | 10.51 | 1.92 |
| 1999 | 8.17 | -0.02 | 7.00 | 231,584 | 16,211 | 18,918 | -2,707 | 3,797 | 1,090 | 37,415 | 10.39 | 1.90 |
| 2000 | 8.14 | -0.02 | 7.80 | 242,063 | 18,881 | 19,709 | -828 | 3,767 | 2,939 | 40,355 | 10.02 | 1.96 |
| 2001 | 8.10 | -0.03 | 8.60 | 254,274 | 21,868 | 20,607 | 1,261 | 3,830 | 5,091 | 45,446 | 9.32 | 2.10 |
| 2002 | 8.07 | -0.02 | 9.40 | 268,332 | 25,223 | 21,641 | 3,582 | 4,010 | 7,592 | 53,038 | 8.43 | 2.32 |
| 2003 | 8.03 | -0.03 | 9.50 | 284,406 | 27,019 | 22,836 | 4,183 | 4,309 | 8,492 | 61,530 | 7.76 | 2.54 |
| 2004 | 8.01 | -0.04 | 9.50 | 302,321 | 28,720 | 24,218 | 4,502 | 4,793 | 9,296 | 70,826 | 7.46 | 2.75 |
| 2005 | 8.01 | -0.04 | 9.50 | 321,217 | 30,516 | 25,725 | 4,791 | 5,279 | 10,070 | 80,895 | 7.16 | 2.96 |
| 2006 | 8.02 | -0.05 | 9.50 | 341,082 | 32,403 | 27,345 | 5,058 | 5,877 | 10,935 | 91,830 | 7.00 | 3.15 |
| 2007 | 8.04 | -0.06 | 9.50 | 361,869 | 34,378 | 29,107 | 5,271 | 6,549 | 11,819 | 103,650 | 6.89 | 3.34 |
| 2008 | 8.09 | -0.06 | 9.50 | 383,417 | 36,425 | 31,025 | 5,400 | 7,300 | 12,699 | 116,349 | 6.83 | 3.52 |
| 2009 | 8.14 | -0.07 | 9.50 | 406,528 | 38,620 | 33,082 | 5,538 | 8,108 | 13,646 | 129,995 | 6.78 | 3.69 |
| 2010 | 8.20 | -0.07 | 9.50 | 430,292 | 40,878 | 35,269 | 5,609 | 8,991 | 14,600 | 144,595 | 6.74 | 3.85 |
| 2011 | 8.31 | -0.08 | 9.50 | 452,320 | 42,970 | 37,586 | 5,384 | 9,901 | 15,286 | 159,880 | 6.70 | 3.99 |
| 2012 | 8.42 | -0.09 | 9.50 | 475,656 | 45,187 | 40,057 | 5,130 | 10,886 | 16,017 | 175,897 | 6.68 | 4.12 |
| 2013 | 8.55 | -0.10 | 9.50 | 499,858 | 47,487 | 42,714 | 4,773 | 11,947 | 16,719 | 192,616 | 6.68 | 4.23 |
| 2014 | 8.69 | -0.10 | 9.50 | 524,314 | 49,810 | 45,537 | 4,273 | 13,097 | 17,370 | 209,986 | 6.71 | 4.33 |
| 2015 | 8.82 | -0.12 | 9.50 | 550,135 | 52,263 | 48,526 | 3,737 | 14,284 | 18,020 | 228,006 | 6.73 | 4.41 |
| 2016 | 8.97 | -0.12 | 9.50 | 576,419 | 54,760 | 51,692 | 3,068 | 15,509 | 18,577 | 246,583 | 6.75 | 4.48 |
| 2017 | 9.11 | -0.14 | 9.50 | 604,035 | 57,383 | 55,044 | 2,339 | 16,774 | 19,113 | 265,697 | 6.76 | 4.53 |
| 2018 | 9.26 | -0.15 | 9.50 | 632,502 | 60,088 | 58,599 | 1,489 | 18,073 | 19,561 | 285,258 | 6.78 | 4.57 |
| 2019 | 9.42 | -0.15 | 9.50 | 661,892 | 62,880 | 62,364 | 516 | 19,413 | 19,929 | 305,187 | 6.80 | 4.60 |
| 2020 | 9.59 | -0.16 | 9.50 | 692,155 | 65,755 | 66,352 | -597 | 20,818 | 20,221 | 325,408 | 6.82 | 4.61 |
| 2021 | 9.75 | -0.18 | 9.50 | 723,392 | 68,722 | 70,566 | -1,844 | 22,259 | 20,415 | 345,823 | 6.84 | 4.61 |
| 2022 | 9.92 | -0.18 | 9.50 | 756,210 | 71,840 | 74,991 | -3,151 | 23,717 | 20,566 | 366,389 | 6.85 | 4.60 |
| 2023 | 10.08 | -0.19 | 9.50 | 790,092 | 75,059 | 79,634 | -4,575 | 25,167 | 20,592 | 386,981 | 6.87 | 4.58 |
| 2024 | 10.24 | -0.20 | 9.50 | 825,233 | 78,397 | 84,485 | -6,088 | 26,579 | 20,491 | 407,472 | 6.87 | 4.55 |
| 2025 | 10.38 | -0.21 | 9.50 | 862,327 | 81,921 | 89,515 | -7,594 | 27,982 | 20,388 | 427,860 | 6.86 | 4.52 |
| 2026 | 10.51 | -0.22 | 9.50 | 901,175 | 85,612 | 94,694 | -9,082 | 29,376 | 20,294 | 448,154 | 6.86 | 4.48 |
| 2027 | 10.61 | -0.24 | 9.50 | 942,344 | 89,523 | 99,986 | -10,463 | 30,764 | 20,300 | 468,454 | 6.86 | 4.44 |
| 2028 | 10.69 | -0.25 | 9.50 | 985,737 | 93,645 | 105,396 | -11,751 | 32,150 | 20,399 | 488,854 | 6.86 | 4.41 |
| 2029 | 10.76 | -0.26 | 9.50 | 1,030,912 | 97,937 | 110,964 | -13,027 | 33,544 | 20,516 | 509,370 | 6.86 | 4.36 |
| 2030 | 10.82 | -0.27 | 9.50 | 1,078,399 | 102,448 | 116,700 | -14,252 | 34,944 | 20,692 | 530,061 | 6.86 | 4.32 |
| 2035 | 10.89 | -0.32 | 9.50 | 1,355,683 | 128,790 | 147,590 | -18,800 | 42,286 | 23,486 | 640,520 | 6.85 | 4.15 |
| 2040 | 10.75 | -0.37 | 9.50 | 1,708,085 | 162,268 | 183,655 | -21,387 | 51,031 | 29,644 | 774,813 | 6.85 | 4.04 |
| 2045 | 10.61 | -0.42 | 9.50 | 2,144,421 | 203,720 | 227,579 | -23,859 | 62,310 | 38,451 | 948,612 | 6.85 | 3.99 |
| 2050 | 10.55 | -0.45 | 9.50 | 2,681,202 | 254,714 | 282,797 | -28,083 | 76,840 | 48,757 | 1,171,315 | 6.85 | 3.96 |
| 2055 | 10.53 | -0.49 | 9.50 | 3,345,308 | 317,804 | 352,413 | -34,609 | 95,020 | 60,411 | 1,448,796 | 6.84 | 3.93 |
| 2060 | 10.49 | -0.51 | 9.50 | 4,179,101 | 397,015 | 438,461 | -41,446 | 117,705 | 76,259 | 1,796,306 | 6.84 | 3.92 |
| 2065 | 10.43 | -0.53 | 9.50 | 5,226,035 | 496,473 | 544,922 | -48,449 | 146,639 | 98,190 | 2,240,932 | 6.84 | 3.94 |
| 2070 | 10.38 | -0.56 | 9.50 | 6,532,489 | 620,586 | 677,874 | -57,288 | 183,993 | 126,706 | 2,814,741 | 6.84 | 3.97 |
| 2075 | 10.37 | -0.59 | 9.50 | 8,151,577 | 774,400 | 844,991 | -70,591 | 232,009 | 161,418 | 3,550,035 | 6.85 | 4.02 |
| 2080 | 10.39 | -0.63 | 9.50 | 10,154,972 | 964,722 | 1,055,439 | -90,717 | 292,720 | 202,004 | 4,476,372 | 6.85 | 4.06 |
| 2085 | 10.43 | -0.66 | 9.50 | 12,643,090 | 1,201,094 | 1,318,695 | -117,602 | 368,345 | 250,743 | 5,628,585 | 6.85 | 4.08 |
| 2090 | 10.45 | -0.70 | 9.50 | 15,745,780 | 1,495,849 | 1,645,979 | -150,130 | 462,262 | 312,132 | 7,060,418 | 6.85 | 4.10 |
| 2095 | 10.46 | -0.73 | 9.50 | 19,614,744 | 1,863,401 | 2,052,561 | -189,160 | 579,425 | 390,265 | 8,848,049 | 6.85 | 4.12 |
| 2100 | 10.47 | -0.76 | 9.50 | 24,431,104 | 2,320,955 | 2,559,018 | -238,063 | 726,014 | 487,950 | 11,084,335 | 6.85 | 4.14 |

Table VII.C. 13 Sensitivity Test - Mortality - High Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets / Expend. Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.22 | 0.01 | 6.40 | 222,440 | 14,236 | 18,291 | -4,055 | 3,850 | -205 | 36,255 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.20 | 0.01 | 7.00 | 231,764 | 16,223 | 19,015 | -2,792 | 3,793 | 1,001 | 37,256 | 10.40 | 1.88 |
| 2000 | 8.18 | 0.02 | 7.80 | 242,321 | 18,901 | 19,832 | -931 | 3,759 | 2,828 | 40,084 | 10.04 | 1.93 |
| 2001 | 8.15 | 0.02 | 8.60 | 254,622 | 21,897 | 20,761 | 1,136 | 3,813 | 4,949 | 45,033 | 9.35 | 2.06 |
| 2002 | 8.12 | 0.03 | 9.40 | 268,783 | 25,266 | 21,833 | 3,433 | 3,983 | 7,416 | 52,449 | 8.46 | 2.27 |
| 2003 | 8.10 | 0.04 | 10.00 | 284,976 | 28,498 | 23,074 | 5,424 | 4,299 | 9,723 | 62,172 | 7.72 | 2.54 |
| 2004 | 8.09 | 0.04 | 10.00 | 303,027 | 30,303 | 24,510 | 5,793 | 4,870 | 10,663 | 72,834 | 7.42 | 2.79 |
| 2005 | 8.10 | 0.05 | 10.00 | 322,075 | 32,208 | 26,081 | 6,127 | 5,452 | 11,578 | 84,413 | 7.13 | 3.04 |
| 2006 | 8.12 | 0.05 | 10.00 | 342,110 | 34,211 | 27,772 | 6,439 | 6,156 | 12,595 | 97,008 | 6.97 | 3.28 |
| 2007 | 8.16 | 0.06 | 10.00 | 363,082 | 36,308 | 29,615 | 6,693 | 6,944 | 13,637 | 110,645 | 6.87 | 3.50 |
| 2008 | 8.22 | 0.07 | 10.00 | 384,831 | 38,483 | 31,624 | 6,859 | 7,823 | 14,682 | 125,327 | 6.82 | 3.71 |
| 2009 | 8.28 | 0.07 | 10.00 | 408,164 | 40,816 | 33,784 | 7,032 | 8,770 | 15,802 | 141,129 | 6.77 | 3.91 |
| 2010 | 8.35 | 0.08 | 10.00 | 432,166 | 43,217 | 36,084 | 7,133 | 9,804 | 16,936 | 158,065 | 6.74 | 4.10 |
| 2011 | 8.48 | 0.09 | 10.00 | 454,444 | 45,444 | 38,526 | 6,918 | 10,877 | 17,795 | 175,861 | 6.71 | 4.28 |
| 2012 | 8.60 | 0.09 | 10.00 | 478,050 | 47,805 | 41,134 | 6,671 | 12,037 | 18,708 | 194,569 | 6.69 | 4.43 |
| 2013 | 8.74 | 0.09 | 10.00 | 502,542 | 50,254 | 43,942 | 6,312 | 13,285 | 19,597 | 214,166 | 6.70 | 4.56 |
| 2014 | 8.90 | 0.11 | 10.00 | 527,307 | 52,731 | 46,931 | 5,800 | 14,635 | 20,435 | 234,601 | 6.73 | 4.68 |
| 2015 | 9.05 | 0.11 | 10.00 | 553,468 | 55,347 | 50,101 | 5,246 | 16,035 | 21,281 | 255,882 | 6.75 | 4.79 |
| 2016 | 9.22 | 0.13 | 10.00 | 580,112 | 58,011 | 53,463 | 4,548 | 17,487 | 22,035 | 277,917 | 6.76 | 4.87 |
| 2017 | 9.38 | 0.13 | 10.00 | 608,118 | 60,812 | 57,030 | 3,782 | 18,992 | 22,774 | 300,691 | 6.78 | 4.94 |
| 2018 | 9.55 | 0.14 | 10.00 | 637,003 | 63,700 | 60,817 | 2,883 | 20,544 | 23,428 | 324,119 | 6.79 | 5.00 |
| 2019 | 9.72 | 0.15 | 10.00 | 666,841 | 66,684 | 64,836 | 1,848 | 22,151 | 23,999 | 348,118 | 6.81 | 5.04 |
| 2020 | 9.91 | 0.16 | 10.00 | 697,581 | 69,758 | 69,100 | 658 | 23,818 | 24,476 | 372,593 | 6.83 | 5.06 |
| 2021 | 10.09 | 0.16 | 10.00 | 729,329 | 72,933 | 73,615 | -682 | 25,547 | 24,865 | 397,458 | 6.85 | 5.07 |
| 2022 | 10.27 | 0.17 | 10.00 | 762,695 | 76,270 | 78,366 | -2,097 | 27,313 | 25,216 | 422,674 | 6.87 | 5.07 |
| 2023 | 10.46 | 0.19 | 10.00 | 797,161 | 79,716 | 83,363 | -3,647 | 29,086 | 25,439 | 448,113 | 6.88 | 5.06 |
| 2024 | 10.64 | 0.20 | 10.00 | 832,928 | 83,293 | 88,598 | -5,305 | 30,835 | 25,529 | 473,643 | 6.88 | 5.04 |
| 2025 | 10.80 | 0.21 | 10.00 | 870,697 | 87,070 | 94,043 | -6,973 | 32,588 | 25,614 | 499,257 | 6.88 | 5.01 |
| 2026 | 10.95 | 0.22 | 10.00 | 910,275 | 91,028 | 99,670 | -8,643 | 34,346 | 25,703 | 524,960 | 6.88 | 4.98 |
| 2027 | 11.07 | 0.22 | 10.00 | 952,238 | 95,224 | 105,444 | -10,220 | 36,108 | 25,888 | 550,848 | 6.88 | 4.95 |
| 2028 | 11.18 | 0.24 | 10.00 | 996,492 | 99,649 | 111,372 | -11,723 | 37,883 | 26,161 | 577,009 | 6.88 | 4.91 |
| 2029 | 11.27 | 0.25 | 10.00 | 1,042,592 | 104,259 | 117,497 | -13,238 | 39,677 | 26,439 | 603,448 | 6.87 | 4.87 |
| 2030 | 11.35 | 0.26 | 10.00 | 1,091,079 | 109,108 | 123,829 | -14,721 | 41,488 | 26,767 | 630,215 | 6.87 | 4.83 |
| 2035 | 11.52 | 0.31 | 10.00 | 1,374,771 | 137,477 | 158,376 | -20,899 | 51,024 | 30,125 | 772,894 | 6.87 | 4.65 |
| 2040 | 11.49 | 0.37 | 10.00 | 1,736,562 | 173,656 | 199,451 | -25,795 | 62,083 | 36,288 | 940,676 | 6.86 | 4.51 |
| 2045 | 11.44 | 0.41 | 10.00 | 2,186,237 | 218,624 | 250,017 | -31,393 | 75,548 | 44,155 | 1,145,342 | 6.86 | 4.38 |
| 2050 | 11.45 | 0.45 | 10.00 | 2,741,602 | 274,160 | 313,837 | -39,677 | 91,735 | 52,059 | 1,390,067 | 6.86 | 4.23 |
| 2055 | 11.50 | 0.48 | 10.00 | 3,431,273 | 343,127 | 394,442 | -51,315 | 110,434 | 59,119 | 1,671,324 | 6.85 | 4.05 |
| 2060 | 11.50 | 0.50 | 10.00 | 4,300,143 | 430,014 | 494,614 | -64,600 | 131,584 | 66,984 | 1,990,145 | 6.84 | 3.85 |
| 2065 | 11.48 | 0.52 | 10.00 | 5,394,936 | 539,494 | 619,604 | -80,110 | 155,459 | 75,349 | 2,350,538 | 6.83 | 3.63 |
| 2070 | 11.49 | 0.55 | 10.00 | 6,766,307 | 676,631 | 777,292 | -100,661 | 181,809 | 81,147 | 2,746,558 | 6.82 | 3.38 |
| 2075 | 11.54 | 0.58 | 10.00 | 8,472,792 | 847,279 | 977,598 | -130,319 | 208,969 | 78,650 | 3,149,561 | 6.80 | 3.08 |
| 2080 | 11.63 | 0.61 | 10.00 | 10,593,194 | 1,059,319 | 1,232,193 | -172,874 | 232,896 | 60,022 | 3,495,020 | 6.78 | 2.71 |
| 2085 | 11.73 | 0.64 | 10.00 | 13,237,564 | 1,323,756 | 1,553,367 | -229,611 | 246,736 | 17,126 | 3,677,997 | 6.74 | 2.26 |
| 2090 | 11.82 | 0.67 | 10.00 | 16,548,734 | 1,654,873 | 1,956,126 | -301,253 | 240,538 | -60,715 | 3,546,936 | 6.67 | 1.73 |
| 2095 | 11.89 | 0.70 | 10.00 | 20,695,132 | 2,069,513 | 2,461,138 | -391,625 | 199,659 | -191,965 | 2,875,984 | 6.51 | 1.12 |
| 2100 | 11.96 | 0.73 | 10.00 | 25,879,738 | 2,587,974 | 3,096,492 | -508,518 | 101,363 | -407,155 | 1,312,215 | 5.89 | 0.40 |

Table VII.C. 14 Sensitivity Test - Disability - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -170 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.18 | -0.01 | 7.00 | 231,677 | 16,217 | 18,962 | -2,745 | 3,795 | 1,050 | 37,341 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.16 | 0.00 | 7.80 | 242,196 | 18,891 | 19,753 | -862 | 3,763 | 2,902 | 40,242 | 10.03 | 1.95 |
| 2001 | 8.11 | -0.02 | 8.60 | 254,455 | 21,883 | 20,646 | 1,237 | 3,824 | 5,061 | 45,303 | 9.33 | 2.09 |
| 2002 | 8.07 | -0.02 | 9.40 | 268,567 | 25,245 | 21,671 | 3,574 | 4,002 | 7,576 | 52,880 | 8.44 | 2.31 |
| 2003 | 8.03 | -0.03 | 9.60 | 284,703 | 27,331 | 22,851 | 4,480 | 4,307 | 8,787 | 61,667 | 7.75 | 2.55 |
| 2004 | 8.00 | -0.05 | 9.60 | 302,690 | 29,058 | 24,212 | 4,846 | 4,812 | 9,658 | 71,325 | 7.45 | 2.78 |
| 2005 | 7.99 | -0.06 | 9.60 | 321,666 | 30,880 | 25,691 | 5,189 | 5,325 | 10,513 | 81,839 | 7.15 | 3.00 |
| 2006 | 7.99 | -0.08 | 9.60 | 341,621 | 32,796 | 27,283 | 5,513 | 5,955 | 11,468 | 93,306 | 7.00 | 3.22 |
| 2007 | 8.01 | -0.09 | 9.60 | 362,505 | 34,800 | 29,022 | 5,778 | 6,665 | 12,443 | 105,750 | 6.89 | 3.42 |
| 2008 | 8.05 | -0.10 | 9.60 | 384,160 | 36,879 | 30,922 | 5,957 | 7,461 | 13,418 | 119,168 | 6.83 | 3.61 |
| 2009 | 8.09 | -0.12 | 9.60 | 407,388 | 39,109 | 32,967 | 6,142 | 8,321 | 14,463 | 133,631 | 6.77 | 3.80 |
| 2010 | 8.15 | -0.12 | 9.60 | 431,278 | 41,403 | 35,146 | 6,257 | 9,262 | 15,519 | 149,150 | 6.74 | 3.98 |
| 2011 | 8.26 | -0.13 | 9.60 | 453,439 | 43,530 | 37,463 | 6,067 | 10,237 | 16,304 | 165,454 | 6.70 | 4.14 |
| 2012 | 8.38 | -0.13 | 9.60 | 476,918 | 45,784 | 39,944 | 5,840 | 11,294 | 17,134 | 182,588 | 6.69 | 4.28 |
| 2013 | 8.50 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 501,275 | 48,122 | 42,618 | 5,504 | 12,433 | 17,938 | 200,526 | 6.69 | 4.41 |
| 2014 | 8.65 | -0.14 | 9.60 | 525,894 | 50,486 | 45,464 | 5,022 | 13,669 | 18,691 | 219,217 | 6.72 | 4.52 |
| 2015 | 8.78 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 551,896 | 52,982 | 48,482 | 4,500 | 14,948 | 19,448 | 238,665 | 6.74 | 4.62 |
| 2016 | 8.94 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 578,372 | 55,524 | 51,684 | 3,840 | 16,274 | 20,113 | 258,778 | 6.75 | 4.70 |
| 2017 | 9.09 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 606,195 | 58,195 | 55,081 | 3,114 | 17,646 | 20,759 | 279,537 | 6.77 | 4.76 |
| 2018 | 9.24 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 634,884 | 60,949 | 58,689 | 2,260 | 19,059 | 21,319 | 300,857 | 6.79 | 4.81 |
| 2019 | 9.41 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 664,512 | 63,793 | 62,519 | 1,274 | 20,521 | 21,796 | 322,652 | 6.80 | 4.85 |
| 2020 | 9.58 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 695,029 | 66,723 | 66,585 | 138 | 22,040 | 22,178 | 344,830 | 6.83 | 4.86 |
| 2021 | 9.76 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 726,538 | 69,748 | 70,889 | -1,141 | 23,618 | 22,476 | 367,307 | 6.85 | 4.87 |
| 2022 | 9.93 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 759,648 | 72,926 | 75,418 | -2,492 | 25,219 | 22,727 | 390,034 | 6.86 | 4.86 |
| 2023 | 10.10 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 793,840 | 76,209 | 80,180 | -3,971 | 26,820 | 22,849 | 412,882 | 6.87 | 4.85 |
| 2024 | 10.27 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 829,314 | 79,614 | 85,167 | -5,553 | 28,389 | 22,836 | 435,718 | 6.87 | 4.82 |
| 2025 | 10.42 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 866,768 | 83,210 | 90,352 | -7,142 | 29,955 | 22,813 | 458,531 | 6.87 | 4.79 |
| 2026 | 10.56 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 906,004 | 86,976 | 95,702 | -8,726 | 31,518 | 22,793 | 481,323 | 6.87 | 4.76 |
| 2027 | 10.68 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 947,597 | 90,969 | 101,181 | -10,212 | 33,079 | 22,867 | 504,191 | 6.87 | 4.72 |
| 2028 | 10.77 | -0.17 | 9.60 | 991,448 | 95,179 | 106,799 | -11,620 | 34,645 | 23,025 | 527,215 | 6.87 | 4.68 |
| 2029 | 10.86 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 1,037,117 | 99,563 | 112,591 | -13,028 | 36,220 | 23,192 | 550,408 | 6.87 | 4.64 |
| 2030 | 10.93 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 1,085,137 | 104,173 | 118,567 | -14,394 | 37,806 | 23,412 | 573,820 | 6.87 | 4.60 |
| 2035 | 11.05 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 1,365,842 | 131,121 | 150,899 | -19,778 | 46,117 | 26,339 | 698,375 | 6.86 | 4.42 |
| 2040 | 10.96 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 1,723,263 | 165,433 | 188,941 | -23,508 | 55,835 | 32,327 | 846,565 | 6.86 | 4.29 |
| 2045 | 10.87 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 2,166,730 | 208,006 | 235,488 | -27,482 | 67,963 | 40,481 | 1,032,065 | 6.85 | 4.19 |
| 2050 | 10.84 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 2,713,442 | 260,490 | 294,176 | -33,686 | 83,006 | 49,320 | 1,260,925 | 6.85 | 4.10 |
| 2055 | 10.86 | -0.16 | 9.60 | 3,391,204 | 325,556 | 368,323 | -42,767 | 101,017 | 58,250 | 1,533,673 | 6.85 | 3.98 |
| 2060 | 10.85 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 4,243,739 | 407,399 | 460,315 | -52,916 | 122,320 | 69,404 | 1,857,246 | 6.84 | 3.86 |
| 2065 | 10.81 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 5,316,259 | 510,361 | 574,654 | -64,293 | 147,825 | 83,532 | 2,245,774 | 6.84 | 3.74 |
| 2070 | 10.79 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 6,657,443 | 639,115 | 718,208 | -79,093 | 178,370 | 99,277 | 2,710,446 | 6.83 | 3.61 |
| 2075 | 10.81 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 8,323,300 | 799,037 | 899,705 | -100,668 | 214,088 | 113,420 | 3,250,719 | 6.82 | 3.45 |
| 2080 | 10.87 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 10,389,314 | 997,374 | 1,129,498 | -132,124 | 253,749 | 121,625 | 3,845,625 | 6.81 | 3.25 |
| 2085 | 10.94 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 12,961,032 | 1,244,259 | 1,418,407 | -174,148 | 294,696 | 120,549 | 4,454,864 | 6.80 | 3.00 |
| 2090 | 11.00 | -0.15 | 9.60 | 16,175,266 | 1,552,826 | 1,779,399 | -226,574 | 333,150 | 106,577 | 5,021,926 | 6.78 | 2.70 |
| 2095 | 11.05 | -0.14 | 9.60 | 20,192,664 | 1,938,496 | 2,230,305 | -291,809 | 363,552 | 71,743 | 5,460,981 | 6.75 | 2.34 |
| 2100 | 11.09 | -0.14 | 9.60 | 25,206,020 | 2,419,778 | 2,795,253 | -375,475 | 376,601 | 1,126 | 5,626,314 | 6.69 | 1.92 |

Table VII.C. 15 Sensitivity Test - Disability - High Cost

| Year | Paygo <br> Rate \% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In <br> Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets/ <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -169 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 0.00 | 7.00 | 231,677 | 16,217 | 18,980 | -2,763 | 3,795 | 1,032 | 37,323 | 10.39 | 1.88 |
| 2000 | 8.18 | 0.02 | 7.80 | 242,196 | 18,891 | 19,822 | -931 | 3,762 | 2,832 | 40,154 | 10.03 | 1.93 |
| 2001 | 8.17 | 0.04 | 8.60 | 254,455 | 21,883 | 20,797 | 1,086 | 3,815 | 4,902 | 45,056 | 9.35 | 2.05 |
| 2002 | 8.17 | 0.08 | 9.40 | 268,567 | 25,245 | 21,938 | 3,307 | 3,981 | 7,288 | 52,344 | 8.46 | 2.25 |
| 2003 | 8.17 | 0.11 | 10.20 | 284,703 | 29,040 | 23,271 | 5,769 | 4,298 | 10,067 | 62,411 | 7.70 | 2.51 |
| 2004 | 8.20 | 0.15 | 10.20 | 302,690 | 30,874 | 24,826 | 6,048 | 4,890 | 10,938 | 73,349 | 7.41 | 2.76 |
| 2005 | 8.25 | 0.20 | 10.20 | 321,666 | 32,810 | 26,543 | 6,267 | 5,488 | 11,755 | 85,104 | 7.12 | 3.00 |
| 2006 | 8.31 | 0.24 | 10.20 | 341,621 | 34,845 | 28,392 | 6,453 | 6,201 | 12,655 | 97,759 | 6.97 | 3.22 |
| 2007 | 8.38 | 0.28 | 10.20 | 362,505 | 36,976 | 30,389 | 6,587 | 6,990 | 13,576 | 111,335 | 6.87 | 3.42 |
| 2008 | 8.47 | 0.32 | 10.20 | 384,160 | 39,184 | 32,546 | 6,638 | 7,861 | 14,499 | 125,834 | 6.82 | 3.61 |
| 2009 | 8.55 | 0.34 | 10.20 | 407,388 | 41,554 | 34,850 | 6,704 | 8,792 | 15,496 | 141,330 | 6.77 | 3.79 |
| 2010 | 8.65 | 0.38 | 10.20 | 431,278 | 43,990 | 37,289 | 6,701 | 9,802 | 16,503 | 157,833 | 6.74 | 3.96 |
| 2011 | 8.79 | 0.40 | 10.20 | 453,439 | 46,251 | 39,861 | 6,390 | 10,842 | 17,231 | 175,064 | 6.71 | 4.11 |
| 2012 | 8.93 | 0.42 | 10.20 | 476,918 | 48,646 | 42,583 | 6,063 | 11,960 | 18,022 | 193,087 | 6.69 | 4.24 |
| 2013 | 9.08 | 0.43 | 10.20 | 501,275 | 51,130 | 45,498 | 5,632 | 13,158 | 18,790 | 211,876 | 6.70 | 4.36 |
| 2014 | 9.24 | 0.45 | 10.20 | 525,894 | 53,641 | 48,591 | 5,050 | 14,449 | 19,500 | 231,376 | 6.72 | 4.46 |
| 2015 | 9.40 | 0.46 | 10.20 | 551,896 | 56,293 | 51,861 | 4,432 | 15,782 | 20,214 | 251,590 | 6.74 | 4.55 |
| 2016 | 9.56 | 0.47 | 10.20 | 578,372 | 58,994 | 55,319 | 3,675 | 17,157 | 20,832 | 272,422 | 6.76 | 4.62 |
| 2017 | 9.73 | 0.48 | 10.20 | 606,195 | 61,832 | 58,977 | 2,855 | 18,576 | 21,431 | 293,853 | 6.78 | 4.68 |
| 2018 | 9.90 | 0.49 | 10.20 | 634,884 | 64,758 | 62,846 | 1,912 | 20,033 | 21,945 | 315,798 | 6.79 | 4.72 |
| 2019 | 10.07 | 0.50 | 10.20 | 664,512 | 67,780 | 66,935 | 845 | 21,536 | 22,381 | 338,179 | 6.81 | 4.75 |
| 2020 | 10.25 | 0.50 | 10.20 | 695,029 | 70,893 | 71,258 | -365 | 23,103 | 22,738 | 360,917 | 6.83 | 4.76 |
| 2021 | 10.44 | 0.51 | 10.20 | 726,538 | 74,107 | 75,819 | -1,712 | 24,716 | 23,004 | 383,921 | 6.85 | 4.76 |
| 2022 | 10.61 | 0.51 | 10.20 | 759,648 | 77,484 | 80,600 | -3,116 | 26,351 | 23,235 | 407,156 | 6.86 | 4.76 |
| 2023 | 10.78 | 0.51 | 10.20 | 793,840 | 80,972 | 85,610 | -4,638 | 27,985 | 23,347 | 430,503 | 6.87 | 4.74 |
| 2024 | 10.95 | 0.51 | 10.20 | 829,314 | 84,590 | 90,843 | -6,253 | 29,587 | 23,334 | 453,838 | 6.87 | 4.71 |
| 2025 | 11.11 | 0.52 | 10.20 | 866,768 | 88,410 | 96,265 | -7,855 | 31,187 | 23,332 | 477,170 | 6.87 | 4.69 |
| 2026 | 11.24 | 0.51 | 10.20 | 906,004 | 92,412 | 101,849 | -9,437 | 32,785 | 23,348 | 500,518 | 6.87 | 4.65 |
| 2027 | 11.35 | 0.50 | 10.20 | 947,597 | 96,655 | 107,565 | -10,910 | 34,383 | 23,473 | 523,991 | 6.87 | 4.62 |
| 2028 | 11.44 | 0.50 | 10.20 | 991,448 | 101,128 | 113,419 | -12,291 | 35,990 | 23,698 | 547,689 | 6.87 | 4.58 |
| 2029 | 11.52 | 0.50 | 10.20 | 1,037,117 | 105,786 | 119,458 | -13,672 | 37,611 | 23,939 | 571,628 | 6.87 | 4.55 |
| 2030 | 11.58 | 0.49 | 10.20 | 1,085,137 | 110,684 | 125,700 | -15,016 | 39,247 | 24,231 | 595,859 | 6.86 | 4.51 |
| 2035 | 11.70 | 0.49 | 10.20 | 1,365,842 | 139,316 | 159,753 | -20,437 | 47,871 | 27,434 | 725,304 | 6.86 | 4.34 |
| 2040 | 11.61 | 0.49 | 10.20 | 1,723,263 | 175,773 | 200,059 | -24,286 | 58,002 | 33,716 | 879,884 | 6.85 | 4.21 |
| 2045 | 11.52 | 0.49 | 10.20 | 2,166,730 | 221,006 | 249,533 | -28,527 | 70,632 | 42,105 | 1,073,041 | 6.85 | 4.11 |
| 2050 | 11.49 | 0.49 | 10.20 | 2,713,442 | 276,771 | 311,666 | -34,895 | 86,271 | 51,376 | 1,311,173 | 6.85 | 4.02 |
| 2055 | 11.50 | 0.48 | 10.20 | 3,391,204 | 345,903 | 389,835 | -43,932 | 105,075 | 61,143 | 1,596,432 | 6.84 | 3.92 |
| 2060 | 11.47 | 0.47 | 10.20 | 4,243,739 | 432,861 | 486,653 | -53,792 | 127,558 | 73,766 | 1,938,755 | 6.84 | 3.81 |
| 2065 | 11.42 | 0.46 | 10.20 | 5,316,259 | 542,258 | 607,237 | -64,979 | 154,802 | 89,823 | 2,354,595 | 6.84 | 3.71 |
| 2070 | 11.40 | 0.46 | 10.20 | 6,657,443 | 679,059 | 758,762 | -79,703 | 187,839 | 108,136 | 2,858,139 | 6.83 | 3.60 |
| 2075 | 11.42 | 0.46 | 10.20 | 8,323,300 | 848,977 | 950,224 | -101,247 | 227,054 | 125,807 | 3,452,783 | 6.82 | 3.47 |
| 2080 | 11.47 | 0.45 | 10.20 | 10,389,314 | 1,059,710 | 1,192,123 | -132,413 | 271,646 | 139,233 | 4,124,426 | 6.82 | 3.31 |
| 2085 | 11.54 | 0.45 | 10.20 | 12,961,032 | 1,322,025 | 1,495,664 | -173,639 | 319,682 | 146,043 | 4,844,103 | 6.80 | 3.10 |
| 2090 | 11.59 | 0.44 | 10.20 | 16,175,266 | 1,649,877 | 1,874,619 | -224,742 | 368,454 | 143,712 | 5,571,788 | 6.79 | 2.84 |
| 2095 | 11.63 | 0.44 | 10.20 | 20,192,664 | 2,059,652 | 2,347,861 | -288,209 | 413,899 | 125,690 | 6,244,523 | 6.76 | 2.54 |
| 2100 | 11.67 | 0.44 | 10.20 | 25,206,020 | 2,571,014 | 2,940,620 | -369,606 | 448,792 | 79,186 | 6,748,474 | 6.73 | 2.19 |

Table VII.C. 16 Sensitivity Test - Employment - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.19 | -0.02 | 6.40 | 222,724 | 14,254 | 18,252 | -3,998 | 3,850 | -148 | 36,312 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.17 | -0.02 | 7.00 | 232,203 | 16,254 | 18,967 | -2,713 | 3,796 | 1,083 | 37,395 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.14 | -0.02 | 7.80 | 242,926 | 18,948 | 19,772 | -824 | 3,766 | 2,942 | 40,338 | 10.02 | 1.95 |
| 2001 | 8.10 | -0.03 | 8.60 | 255,408 | 21,965 | 20,686 | 1,279 | 3,830 | 5,109 | 45,446 | 9.32 | 2.09 |
| 2002 | 8.06 | -0.03 | 9.40 | 269,768 | 25,358 | 21,740 | 3,618 | 4,011 | 7,629 | 53,075 | 8.42 | 2.31 |
| 2003 | 8.02 | -0.04 | 9.70 | 286,180 | 27,759 | 22,959 | 4,800 | 4,325 | 9,125 | 62,200 | 7.73 | 2.55 |
| 2004 | 8.00 | -0.05 | 9.70 | 304,475 | 29,534 | 24,369 | 5,165 | 4,853 | 10,019 | 72,219 | 7.43 | 2.79 |
| 2005 | 8.00 | -0.05 | 9.70 | 323,789 | 31,408 | 25,910 | 5,498 | 5,390 | 10,888 | 83,107 | 7.14 | 3.01 |
| 2006 | 8.01 | -0.06 | 9.70 | 344,113 | 33,379 | 27,567 | 5,812 | 6,047 | 11,859 | 94,966 | 6.98 | 3.23 |
| 2007 | 8.04 | -0.06 | 9.70 | 365,399 | 35,444 | 29,373 | 6,071 | 6,783 | 12,854 | 107,820 | 6.88 | 3.44 |
| 2008 | 8.09 | -0.06 | 9.70 | 387,488 | 37,586 | 31,340 | 6,246 | 7,608 | 13,854 | 121,674 | 6.82 | 3.64 |
| 2009 | 8.14 | -0.07 | 9.70 | 411,192 | 39,886 | 33,452 | 6,434 | 8,497 | 14,931 | 136,605 | 6.77 | 3.83 |
| 2010 | 8.20 | -0.07 | 9.70 | 435,593 | 42,253 | 35,700 | 6,553 | 9,471 | 16,024 | 152,628 | 6.74 | 4.01 |
| 2011 | 8.32 | -0.07 | 9.70 | 457,975 | 44,424 | 38,084 | 6,340 | 10,481 | 16,820 | 169,449 | 6.70 | 4.17 |
| 2012 | 8.44 | -0.07 | 9.70 | 481,690 | 46,724 | 40,631 | 6,093 | 11,573 | 17,666 | 187,115 | 6.69 | 4.31 |
| 2013 | 8.57 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 506,290 | 49,110 | 43,371 | 5,739 | 12,748 | 18,488 | 205,602 | 6.69 | 4.44 |
| 2014 | 8.71 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 531,156 | 51,522 | 46,285 | 5,237 | 14,022 | 19,259 | 224,861 | 6.72 | 4.55 |
| 2015 | 8.86 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 557,417 | 54,069 | 49,375 | 4,694 | 15,340 | 20,034 | 244,896 | 6.74 | 4.65 |
| 2016 | 9.01 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 584,158 | 56,663 | 52,651 | 4,012 | 16,706 | 20,718 | 265,614 | 6.76 | 4.73 |
| 2017 | 9.17 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 612,260 | 59,389 | 56,123 | 3,266 | 18,119 | 21,385 | 286,999 | 6.77 | 4.80 |
| 2018 | 9.33 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 641,236 | 62,200 | 59,809 | 2,391 | 19,576 | 21,967 | 308,966 | 6.79 | 4.85 |
| 2019 | 9.49 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 671,160 | 65,103 | 63,718 | 1,385 | 21,083 | 22,467 | 331,433 | 6.81 | 4.88 |
| 2020 | 9.67 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 701,983 | 68,092 | 67,864 | 228 | 22,647 | 22,875 | 354,308 | 6.83 | 4.90 |
| 2021 | 9.85 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 733,807 | 71,179 | 72,250 | -1,071 | 24,272 | 23,202 | 377,510 | 6.85 | 4.91 |
| 2022 | 10.02 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 767,248 | 74,423 | 76,861 | -2,438 | 25,924 | 23,486 | 400,996 | 6.86 | 4.91 |
| 2023 | 10.19 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 801,783 | 77,773 | 81,706 | -3,933 | 27,578 | 23,645 | 424,641 | 6.87 | 4.89 |
| 2024 | 10.36 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 837,612 | 81,248 | 86,778 | -5,530 | 29,202 | 23,672 | 448,313 | 6.87 | 4.87 |
| 2025 | 10.51 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 875,441 | 84,918 | 92,046 | -7,128 | 30,826 | 23,698 | 472,011 | 6.87 | 4.84 |
| 2026 | 10.65 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 915,070 | 88,762 | 97,483 | -8,721 | 32,451 | 23,730 | 495,741 | 6.87 | 4.81 |
| 2027 | 10.77 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 957,079 | 92,837 | 103,052 | -10,215 | 34,077 | 23,862 | 519,602 | 6.87 | 4.78 |
| 2028 | 10.86 | -0.08 | 9.70 | 1,001,369 | 97,133 | 108,763 | -11,630 | 35,711 | 24,081 | 543,684 | 6.87 | 4.74 |
| 2029 | 10.95 | -0.07 | 9.70 | 1,047,494 | 101,607 | 114,653 | -13,046 | 37,360 | 24,314 | 567,998 | 6.87 | 4.70 |
| 2030 | 11.02 | -0.07 | 9.70 | 1,095,995 | 106,312 | 120,735 | -14,423 | 39,024 | 24,601 | 592,599 | 6.87 | 4.67 |
| 2035 | 11.14 | -0.07 | 9.70 | 1,379,508 | 133,812 | 153,744 | -19,932 | 47,793 | 27,861 | 724,079 | 6.86 | 4.50 |
| 2040 | 11.07 | -0.05 | 9.70 | 1,740,503 | 168,829 | 192,722 | -23,893 | 58,086 | 34,193 | 880,912 | 6.86 | 4.37 |
| 2045 | 10.99 | -0.04 | 9.70 | 2,188,407 | 212,275 | 240,507 | -28,232 | 70,906 | 42,674 | 1,076,728 | 6.86 | 4.28 |
| 2050 | 10.97 | -0.03 | 9.70 | 2,740,588 | 265,837 | 300,719 | -34,882 | 86,754 | 51,872 | 1,317,600 | 6.85 | 4.19 |
| 2055 | 11.00 | -0.02 | 9.70 | 3,425,129 | 332,238 | 376,697 | -44,459 | 105,706 | 61,246 | 1,604,378 | 6.85 | 4.07 |
| 2060 | 10.99 | -0.01 | 9.70 | 4,286,192 | 415,761 | 470,887 | -55,126 | 128,125 | 72,999 | 1,944,701 | 6.85 | 3.95 |
| 2065 | 10.95 | -0.01 | 9.70 | 5,369,442 | 520,836 | 588,008 | -67,172 | 154,963 | 87,791 | 2,353,168 | 6.84 | 3.83 |
| 2070 | 10.93 | -0.01 | 9.70 | 6,724,039 | 652,232 | 735,116 | -82,884 | 187,068 | 104,184 | 2,841,095 | 6.83 | 3.70 |
| 2075 | 10.96 | 0.00 | 9.70 | 8,406,560 | 815,436 | 921,064 | -105,628 | 224,562 | 118,935 | 3,407,739 | 6.83 | 3.54 |
| 2080 | 11.02 | 0.00 | 9.70 | 10,493,240 | 1,017,844 | 1,156,308 | -138,464 | 266,202 | 127,739 | 4,032,000 | 6.82 | 3.33 |
| 2085 | 11.09 | 0.00 | 9.70 | 13,090,686 | 1,269,797 | 1,451,802 | -182,005 | 309,340 | 127,335 | 4,673,785 | 6.80 | 3.08 |
| 2090 | 11.15 | 0.00 | 9.70 | 16,337,077 | 1,584,697 | 1,820,768 | -236,072 | 350,228 | 114,156 | 5,277,117 | 6.78 | 2.77 |
| 2095 | 11.19 | 0.00 | 9.70 | 20,394,640 | 1,978,280 | 2,281,531 | -303,251 | 383,333 | 80,082 | 5,756,416 | 6.75 | 2.41 |
| 2100 | 11.23 | 0.00 | 9.70 | 25,458,126 | 2,469,438 | 2,858,849 | -389,411 | 399,298 | 9,888 | 5,964,918 | 6.70 | 1.99 |

Table VII.C. 17 Sensitivity Test - Employment - High Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In <br> Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets/ <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.22 | 0.01 | 6.40 | 222,047 | 14,211 | 18,252 | -4,041 | 3,850 | -191 | 36,269 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.21 | 0.02 | 7.00 | 231,151 | 16,181 | 18,966 | -2,785 | 3,794 | 1,008 | 37,277 | 10.40 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.19 | 0.03 | 7.80 | 241,467 | 18,834 | 19,769 | -935 | 3,760 | 2,825 | 40,102 | 10.04 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.16 | 0.03 | 8.60 | 253,502 | 21,801 | 20,683 | 1,118 | 3,814 | 4,932 | 45,034 | 9.35 | 2.07 |
| 2002 | 8.13 | 0.04 | 9.40 | 267,366 | 25,132 | 21,735 | 3,397 | 3,983 | 7,380 | 52,414 | 8.46 | 2.28 |
| 2003 | 8.10 | 0.04 | 9.80 | 283,226 | 27,756 | 22,953 | 4,803 | 4,284 | 9,087 | 61,502 | 7.75 | 2.52 |
| 2004 | 8.10 | 0.05 | 9.80 | 300,905 | 29,489 | 24,361 | 5,128 | 4,810 | 9,937 | 71,439 | 7.45 | 2.76 |
| 2005 | 8.11 | 0.06 | 9.80 | 319,543 | 31,315 | 25,899 | 5,416 | 5,340 | 10,756 | 82,195 | 7.15 | 2.98 |
| 2006 | 8.12 | 0.05 | 9.80 | 339,129 | 33,235 | 27,553 | 5,682 | 5,986 | 11,668 | 93,863 | 6.99 | 3.20 |
| 2007 | 8.16 | 0.06 | 9.80 | 359,612 | 35,242 | 29,355 | 5,887 | 6,708 | 12,595 | 106,458 | 6.89 | 3.40 |
| 2008 | 8.22 | 0.07 | 9.80 | 380,832 | 37,322 | 31,316 | 6,006 | 7,513 | 13,519 | 119,977 | 6.83 | 3.59 |
| 2009 | 8.28 | 0.07 | 9.80 | 403,585 | 39,551 | 33,423 | 6,128 | 8,378 | 14,507 | 134,484 | 6.78 | 3.77 |
| 2010 | 8.35 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 426,965 | 41,843 | 35,663 | 6,180 | 9,321 | 15,500 | 149,984 | 6.75 | 3.94 |
| 2011 | 8.47 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 448,904 | 43,993 | 38,040 | 5,953 | 10,294 | 16,246 | 166,230 | 6.70 | 4.10 |
| 2012 | 8.59 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 472,148 | 46,271 | 40,576 | 5,695 | 11,345 | 17,040 | 183,270 | 6.69 | 4.23 |
| 2013 | 8.73 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 496,261 | 48,634 | 43,304 | 5,330 | 12,477 | 17,807 | 201,077 | 6.69 | 4.35 |
| 2014 | 8.87 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 520,635 | 51,022 | 46,204 | 4,818 | 13,703 | 18,521 | 219,598 | 6.72 | 4.46 |
| 2015 | 9.02 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 546,376 | 53,545 | 49,277 | 4,268 | 14,969 | 19,237 | 238,835 | 6.74 | 4.55 |
| 2016 | 9.17 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 572,587 | 56,114 | 52,533 | 3,581 | 16,279 | 19,859 | 258,694 | 6.76 | 4.62 |
| 2017 | 9.33 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 600,132 | 58,813 | 55,984 | 2,829 | 17,632 | 20,461 | 279,156 | 6.77 | 4.68 |
| 2018 | 9.49 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 628,534 | 61,596 | 59,644 | 1,952 | 19,024 | 20,977 | 300,133 | 6.79 | 4.72 |
| 2019 | 9.66 | 0.09 | 9.80 | 657,866 | 64,471 | 63,524 | 947 | 20,461 | 21,408 | 321,541 | 6.81 | 4.75 |
| 2020 | 9.83 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 688,077 | 67,432 | 67,638 | -206 | 21,959 | 21,753 | 343,293 | 6.83 | 4.77 |
| 2021 | 10.01 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 719,271 | 70,489 | 71,988 | -1,499 | 23,505 | 22,006 | 365,299 | 6.84 | 4.77 |
| 2022 | 10.18 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 752,050 | 73,701 | 76,560 | -2,859 | 25,072 | 22,213 | 387,512 | 6.86 | 4.76 |
| 2023 | 10.35 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 785,900 | 77,018 | 81,363 | -4,345 | 26,636 | 22,291 | 409,803 | 6.87 | 4.74 |
| 2024 | 10.52 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 821,020 | 80,460 | 86,388 | -5,928 | 28,165 | 22,237 | 432,041 | 6.87 | 4.72 |
| 2025 | 10.68 | 0.09 | 9.80 | 858,099 | 84,094 | 91,607 | -7,513 | 29,690 | 22,176 | 454,217 | 6.87 | 4.68 |
| 2026 | 10.81 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 896,943 | 87,900 | 96,987 | -9,087 | 31,208 | 22,122 | 476,338 | 6.87 | 4.65 |
| 2027 | 10.93 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 938,120 | 91,936 | 102,494 | -10,558 | 32,722 | 22,164 | 498,502 | 6.87 | 4.61 |
| 2028 | 11.02 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 981,533 | 96,190 | 108,136 | -11,946 | 34,238 | 22,292 | 520,794 | 6.87 | 4.57 |
| 2029 | 11.10 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 1,026,744 | 100,621 | 113,953 | -13,332 | 35,762 | 22,430 | 543,224 | 6.87 | 4.53 |
| 2030 | 11.17 | 0.08 | 9.80 | 1,074,284 | 105,280 | 119,956 | -14,676 | 37,295 | 22,618 | 565,843 | 6.86 | 4.49 |
| 2035 | 11.28 | 0.07 | 9.80 | 1,352,182 | 132,514 | 152,466 | -19,952 | 45,299 | 25,347 | 685,833 | 6.86 | 4.30 |
| 2040 | 11.18 | 0.06 | 9.80 | 1,706,027 | 167,191 | 190,691 | -23,500 | 54,642 | 31,141 | 828,490 | 6.85 | 4.16 |
| 2045 | 11.07 | 0.04 | 9.80 | 2,145,058 | 210,216 | 237,450 | -27,234 | 66,325 | 39,091 | 1,007,449 | 6.85 | 4.06 |
| 2050 | 11.03 | 0.03 | 9.80 | 2,686,301 | 263,258 | 296,350 | -33,093 | 80,854 | 47,761 | 1,228,819 | 6.85 | 3.96 |
| 2055 | 11.04 | 0.02 | 9.80 | 3,357,283 | 329,014 | 370,696 | -41,682 | 98,304 | 56,622 | 1,493,505 | 6.84 | 3.85 |
| 2060 | 11.02 | 0.02 | 9.80 | 4,201,289 | 411,726 | 462,907 | -51,181 | 119,045 | 67,864 | 1,809,161 | 6.84 | 3.74 |
| 2065 | 10.97 | 0.01 | 9.80 | 5,263,085 | 515,782 | 577,598 | -61,816 | 144,037 | 82,221 | 2,190,601 | 6.83 | 3.63 |
| 2070 | 10.95 | 0.01 | 9.80 | 6,590,851 | 645,903 | 721,684 | -75,781 | 174,170 | 98,390 | 2,649,872 | 6.83 | 3.51 |
| 2075 | 10.97 | 0.01 | 9.80 | 8,240,048 | 807,525 | 903,865 | -96,340 | 209,671 | 113,331 | 3,187,909 | 6.82 | 3.37 |
| 2080 | 11.03 | 0.01 | 9.80 | 10,285,395 | 1,007,969 | 1,134,428 | -126,459 | 249,478 | 123,019 | 3,786,455 | 6.81 | 3.19 |
| 2085 | 11.10 | 0.01 | 9.80 | 12,831,395 | 1,257,477 | 1,424,139 | -166,662 | 291,239 | 124,577 | 4,410,012 | 6.80 | 2.96 |
| 2090 | 11.15 | 0.00 | 9.80 | 16,013,480 | 1,569,321 | 1,786,030 | -216,709 | 331,646 | 114,937 | 5,009,393 | 6.78 | 2.68 |
| 2095 | 11.20 | 0.01 | 9.80 | 19,990,684 | 1,959,087 | 2,238,022 | -278,935 | 365,836 | 86,901 | 5,509,463 | 6.75 | 2.35 |
| 2100 | 11.24 | 0.01 | 9.80 | 24,953,888 | 2,445,481 | 2,804,291 | -358,810 | 385,520 | 26,710 | 5,780,117 | 6.70 | 1.97 |

Table VII.C. 18 Sensitivity Test - Real-Wage Differential - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -169 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.17 | -0.02 | 7.00 | 232,036 | 16,243 | 18,967 | -2,724 | 3,795 | 1,070 | 37,361 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.13 | -0.03 | 7.80 | 243,159 | 18,966 | 19,772 | -806 | 3,764 | 2,959 | 40,320 | 10.02 | 1.95 |
| 2001 | 8.08 | -0.05 | 8.60 | 256,173 | 22,031 | 20,688 | 1,343 | 3,830 | 5,173 | 45,492 | 9.31 | 2.09 |
| 2002 | 8.03 | -0.06 | 9.40 | 270,805 | 25,456 | 21,745 | 3,711 | 4,016 | 7,726 | 53,219 | 8.42 | 2.32 |
| 2003 | 7.96 | -0.10 | 9.40 | 288,457 | 27,115 | 22,970 | 4,145 | 4,321 | 8,466 | 61,684 | 7.76 | 2.53 |
| 2004 | 7.93 | -0.12 | 9.40 | 307,650 | 28,919 | 24,389 | 4,530 | 4,804 | 9,334 | 71,018 | 7.46 | 2.74 |
| 2005 | 7.90 | -0.15 | 9.40 | 328,357 | 30,866 | 25,943 | 4,923 | 5,294 | 10,216 | 81,235 | 7.16 | 2.94 |
| 2006 | 7.89 | -0.18 | 9.40 | 350,158 | 32,915 | 27,620 | 5,295 | 5,904 | 11,199 | 92,434 | 7.00 | 3.14 |
| 2007 | 7.90 | -0.20 | 9.40 | 373,004 | 35,062 | 29,452 | 5,610 | 6,596 | 12,206 | 104,640 | 6.89 | 3.33 |
| 2008 | 7.92 | -0.23 | 9.40 | 397,197 | 37,337 | 31,456 | 5,881 | 7,377 | 13,257 | 117,897 | 6.82 | 3.51 |
| 2009 | 7.95 | -0.26 | 9.40 | 422,653 | 39,729 | 33,615 | 6,114 | 8,225 | 14,339 | 132,237 | 6.77 | 3.68 |
| 2010 | 7.99 | -0.28 | 9.40 | 449,363 | 42,240 | 35,922 | 6,318 | 9,159 | 15,477 | 147,714 | 6.73 | 3.85 |
| 2011 | 8.08 | -0.31 | 9.40 | 474,851 | 44,636 | 38,380 | 6,256 | 10,133 | 16,389 | 164,103 | 6.69 | 4.00 |
| 2012 | 8.18 | -0.33 | 9.40 | 501,315 | 47,124 | 41,015 | 6,109 | 11,196 | 17,305 | 181,408 | 6.67 | 4.14 |
| 2013 | 8.30 | -0.35 | 9.40 | 528,785 | 49,706 | 43,863 | 5,843 | 12,348 | 18,191 | 199,598 | 6.68 | 4.26 |
| 2014 | 8.42 | -0.37 | 9.40 | 557,113 | 52,369 | 46,903 | 5,466 | 13,602 | 19,068 | 218,666 | 6.71 | 4.36 |
| 2015 | 8.54 | -0.40 | 9.40 | 586,963 | 55,175 | 50,140 | 5,035 | 14,909 | 19,943 | 238,609 | 6.73 | 4.45 |
| 2016 | 8.68 | -0.41 | 9.40 | 617,431 | 58,039 | 53,586 | 4,453 | 16,269 | 20,721 | 259,331 | 6.74 | 4.53 |
| 2017 | 8.81 | -0.44 | 9.40 | 649,879 | 61,089 | 57,253 | 3,836 | 17,684 | 21,520 | 280,851 | 6.76 | 4.59 |
| 2018 | 8.96 | -0.45 | 9.40 | 682,862 | 64,189 | 61,160 | 3,029 | 19,150 | 22,179 | 303,030 | 6.78 | 4.64 |
| 2019 | 9.10 | -0.47 | 9.40 | 717,428 | 67,438 | 65,321 | 2,117 | 20,672 | 22,789 | 325,819 | 6.79 | 4.67 |
| 2020 | 9.26 | -0.49 | 9.40 | 753,529 | 70,832 | 69,750 | 1,082 | 22,257 | 23,339 | 349,158 | 6.82 | 4.69 |
| 2021 | 9.42 | -0.51 | 9.40 | 790,796 | 74,335 | 74,455 | -120 | 23,899 | 23,779 | 372,937 | 6.84 | 4.70 |
| 2022 | 9.57 | -0.53 | 9.40 | 829,865 | 78,007 | 79,421 | -1,414 | 25,590 | 24,176 | 397,113 | 6.86 | 4.69 |
| 2023 | 9.72 | -0.55 | 9.40 | 870,707 | 81,846 | 84,662 | -2,816 | 27,290 | 24,475 | 421,588 | 6.87 | 4.68 |
| 2024 | 9.88 | -0.56 | 9.40 | 913,053 | 85,827 | 90,170 | -4,343 | 28,970 | 24,627 | 446,215 | 6.87 | 4.65 |
| 2025 | 10.01 | -0.58 | 9.40 | 958,134 | 90,065 | 95,918 | -5,853 | 30,658 | 24,805 | 471,020 | 6.87 | 4.62 |
| 2026 | 10.13 | -0.60 | 9.40 | 1,005,299 | 94,498 | 101,874 | -7,376 | 32,357 | 24,981 | 496,001 | 6.87 | 4.59 |
| 2027 | 10.23 | -0.62 | 9.40 | 1,055,653 | 99,231 | 108,003 | -8,772 | 34,068 | 25,296 | 521,297 | 6.87 | 4.56 |
| 2028 | 10.31 | -0.63 | 9.40 | 1,108,611 | 104,209 | 114,313 | -10,104 | 35,799 | 25,695 | 546,992 | 6.86 | 4.53 |
| 2029 | 10.38 | -0.64 | 9.40 | 1,164,244 | 109,439 | 120,850 | -11,411 | 37,557 | 26,146 | 573,138 | 6.86 | 4.49 |
| 2030 | 10.44 | -0.65 | 9.40 | 1,222,610 | 114,925 | 127,626 | -12,701 | 39,345 | 26,644 | 599,783 | 6.86 | 4.45 |
| 2035 | 10.51 | -0.70 | 9.40 | 1,568,281 | 147,418 | 164,890 | -17,472 | 49,003 | 31,532 | 745,964 | 6.86 | 4.31 |
| 2040 | 10.41 | -0.71 | 9.40 | 2,016,265 | 189,529 | 209,870 | -20,341 | 60,887 | 40,546 | 928,707 | 6.85 | 4.22 |
| 2045 | 10.30 | -0.73 | 9.40 | 2,583,664 | 242,864 | 266,236 | -23,372 | 76,400 | 53,029 | 1,167,732 | 6.85 | 4.18 |
| 2050 | 10.28 | -0.72 | 9.40 | 3,296,870 | 309,906 | 338,826 | -28,920 | 96,509 | 67,589 | 1,475,874 | 6.85 | 4.15 |
| 2055 | 10.30 | -0.72 | 9.40 | 4,198,396 | 394,649 | 432,305 | -37,656 | 121,796 | 84,140 | 1,861,837 | 6.85 | 4.10 |
| 2060 | 10.28 | -0.72 | 9.40 | 5,353,724 | 503,250 | 550,412 | -47,162 | 153,424 | 106,262 | 2,346,140 | 6.85 | 4.06 |
| 2065 | 10.24 | -0.72 | 9.40 | 6,833,930 | 642,389 | 699,933 | -57,544 | 193,675 | 136,131 | 2,964,074 | 6.85 | 4.04 |
| 2070 | 10.22 | -0.72 | 9.40 | 8,720,840 | 819,759 | 891,209 | -71,450 | 245,226 | 173,776 | 3,754,834 | 6.85 | 4.01 |
| 2075 | 10.24 | -0.72 | 9.40 | 11,111,662 | 1,044,496 | 1,137,568 | -93,072 | 310,547 | 217,475 | 4,753,132 | 6.85 | 3.98 |
| 2080 | 10.30 | -0.72 | 9.40 | 14,135,085 | 1,328,698 | 1,455,301 | -126,603 | 391,245 | 264,642 | 5,980,812 | 6.84 | 3.91 |
| 2085 | 10.36 | -0.73 | 9.40 | 17,971,290 | 1,689,301 | 1,862,264 | -172,963 | 488,370 | 315,407 | 7,454,610 | 6.84 | 3.81 |
| 2090 | 10.41 | -0.74 | 9.40 | 22,857,688 | 2,148,623 | 2,380,386 | -231,764 | 603,297 | 371,534 | 9,197,831 | 6.83 | 3.68 |
| 2095 | 10.45 | -0.74 | 9.40 | 29,082,718 | 2,733,776 | 3,039,815 | -306,040 | 737,663 | 431,624 | 11,235,031 | 6.83 | 3.52 |
| 2100 | 10.49 | -0.74 | 9.40 | 37,000,356 | 3,478,033 | 3,881,652 | -403,619 | 891,778 | 488,159 | 13,566,663 | 6.82 | 3.33 |

Table VII.C. 19 Sensitivity Test - Real-Wage Differential - High Cost

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Paygo } \\ & \text { Rate \% } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets / Expend. Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -170 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 0.00 | 7.00 | 231,574 | 16,210 | 18,966 | -2,756 | 3,795 | 1,039 | 37,330 | 10.39 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.17 | 0.01 | 7.80 | 241,879 | 18,867 | 19,770 | -903 | 3,763 | 2,859 | 40,189 | 10.03 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.15 | 0.02 | 8.60 | 253,793 | 21,826 | 20,683 | 1,143 | 3,819 | 4,962 | 45,151 | 9.34 | 2.08 |
| 2002 | 8.13 | 0.04 | 9.40 | 267,305 | 25,127 | 21,736 | 3,391 | 3,989 | 7,380 | 52,530 | 8.46 | 2.29 |
| 2003 | 8.13 | 0.07 | 10.20 | 282,386 | 28,803 | 22,951 | 5,852 | 4,312 | 10,165 | 62,695 | 7.70 | 2.57 |
| 2004 | 8.14 | 0.09 | 10.20 | 299,228 | 30,521 | 24,355 | 6,166 | 4,913 | 11,079 | 73,775 | 7.40 | 2.85 |
| 2005 | 8.18 | 0.13 | 10.20 | 316,545 | 32,288 | 25,886 | 6,402 | 5,522 | 11,924 | 85,699 | 7.12 | 3.11 |
| 2006 | 8.22 | 0.15 | 10.20 | 334,737 | 34,143 | 27,528 | 6,615 | 6,249 | 12,864 | 98,563 | 6.97 | 3.36 |
| 2007 | 8.29 | 0.19 | 10.20 | 353,752 | 36,083 | 29,310 | 6,773 | 7,054 | 13,827 | 112,390 | 6.87 | 3.60 |
| 2008 | 8.37 | 0.22 | 10.20 | 373,425 | 38,089 | 31,245 | 6,844 | 7,945 | 14,789 | 127,179 | 6.82 | 3.82 |
| 2009 | 8.45 | 0.24 | 10.20 | 394,096 | 40,198 | 33,314 | 6,884 | 8,897 | 15,781 | 142,960 | 6.78 | 4.03 |
| 2010 | 8.55 | 0.28 | 10.20 | 415,297 | 42,360 | 35,506 | 6,854 | 9,927 | 16,782 | 159,741 | 6.75 | 4.22 |
| 2011 | 8.69 | 0.30 | 10.20 | 435,196 | 44,390 | 37,822 | 6,568 | 10,989 | 17,557 | 177,299 | 6.71 | 4.40 |
| 2012 | 8.84 | 0.33 | 10.20 | 455,842 | 46,496 | 40,282 | 6,214 | 12,131 | 18,345 | 195,644 | 6.70 | 4.56 |
| 2013 | 9.00 | 0.35 | 10.20 | 476,790 | 48,633 | 42,918 | 5,715 | 13,352 | 19,066 | 214,710 | 6.71 | 4.70 |
| 2014 | 9.17 | 0.38 | 10.20 | 498,363 | 50,833 | 45,709 | 5,124 | 14,665 | 19,789 | 234,499 | 6.73 | 4.82 |
| 2015 | 9.34 | 0.40 | 10.20 | 520,724 | 53,114 | 48,654 | 4,460 | 16,018 | 20,478 | 254,977 | 6.75 | 4.93 |
| 2016 | 9.52 | 0.43 | 10.20 | 543,915 | 55,479 | 51,763 | 3,716 | 17,414 | 21,131 | 276,107 | 6.77 | 5.02 |
| 2017 | 9.69 | 0.44 | 10.20 | 567,850 | 57,921 | 55,043 | 2,878 | 18,856 | 21,734 | 297,841 | 6.79 | 5.09 |
| 2018 | 9.88 | 0.47 | 10.20 | 592,046 | 60,389 | 58,508 | 1,881 | 20,336 | 22,217 | 320,058 | 6.80 | 5.15 |
| 2019 | 10.07 | 0.50 | 10.20 | 617,044 | 62,938 | 62,165 | 773 | 21,859 | 22,633 | 342,691 | 6.82 | 5.19 |
| 2020 | 10.26 | 0.51 | 10.20 | 643,276 | 65,614 | 66,027 | -413 | 23,447 | 23,034 | 365,725 | 6.84 | 5.22 |
| 2021 | 10.46 | 0.53 | 10.20 | 669,878 | 68,328 | 70,095 | -1,767 | 25,085 | 23,318 | 389,043 | 6.86 | 5.23 |
| 2022 | 10.66 | 0.56 | 10.20 | 697,441 | 71,139 | 74,350 | -3,211 | 26,746 | 23,535 | 412,577 | 6.87 | 5.24 |
| 2023 | 10.86 | 0.59 | 10.20 | 725,926 | 74,044 | 78,800 | -4,756 | 28,404 | 23,649 | 436,226 | 6.88 | 5.23 |
| 2024 | 11.04 | 0.60 | 10.20 | 755,504 | 77,061 | 83,437 | -6,376 | 30,031 | 23,655 | 459,882 | 6.88 | 5.21 |
| 2025 | 11.22 | 0.63 | 10.20 | 786,359 | 80,209 | 88,230 | -8,021 | 31,657 | 23,636 | 483,517 | 6.88 | 5.19 |
| 2026 | 11.37 | 0.64 | 10.20 | 819,235 | 83,562 | 93,151 | -9,589 | 33,280 | 23,691 | 507,208 | 6.88 | 5.17 |
| 2027 | 11.51 | 0.66 | 10.20 | 853,218 | 87,028 | 98,165 | -11,137 | 34,907 | 23,770 | 530,979 | 6.88 | 5.14 |
| 2028 | 11.61 | 0.67 | 10.20 | 889,187 | 90,697 | 103,278 | -12,581 | 36,538 | 23,958 | 554,936 | 6.88 | 5.11 |
| 2029 | 11.71 | 0.69 | 10.20 | 926,685 | 94,522 | 108,526 | -14,004 | 38,183 | 24,178 | 579,114 | 6.88 | 5.08 |
| 2030 | 11.79 | 0.70 | 10.20 | 966,226 | 98,555 | 113,920 | -15,365 | 39,841 | 24,476 | 603,591 | 6.88 | 5.05 |
| 2035 | 11.97 | 0.76 | 10.20 | 1,192,800 | 121,666 | 142,735 | -21,069 | 48,559 | 27,490 | 733,739 | 6.88 | 4.92 |
| 2040 | 11.91 | 0.79 | 10.20 | 1,476,342 | 150,587 | 175,863 | -25,276 | 58,715 | 33,438 | 887,729 | 6.87 | 4.85 |
| 2045 | 11.83 | 0.80 | 10.20 | 1,821,856 | 185,829 | 215,485 | -29,656 | 71,275 | 41,619 | 1,078,836 | 6.87 | 4.81 |
| 2050 | 11.81 | 0.81 | 10.20 | 2,238,667 | 228,344 | 264,307 | -35,963 | 86,817 | 50,854 | 1,314,393 | 6.87 | 4.77 |
| 2055 | 11.82 | 0.80 | 10.20 | 2,745,823 | 280,074 | 324,688 | -44,614 | 105,596 | 60,982 | 1,598,132 | 6.87 | 4.72 |
| 2060 | 11.81 | 0.81 | 10.20 | 3,371,808 | 343,924 | 398,156 | -54,232 | 128,202 | 73,970 | 1,940,551 | 6.87 | 4.68 |
| 2065 | 11.77 | 0.81 | 10.20 | 4,144,592 | 422,748 | 487,885 | -65,137 | 155,772 | 90,635 | 2,358,982 | 6.87 | 4.64 |
| 2070 | 11.75 | 0.81 | 10.20 | 5,092,702 | 519,456 | 598,600 | -79,144 | 189,504 | 110,360 | 2,870,342 | 6.87 | 4.60 |
| 2075 | 11.78 | 0.82 | 10.20 | 6,247,871 | 637,283 | 736,050 | -98,767 | 230,237 | 131,470 | 3,485,434 | 6.87 | 4.54 |
| 2080 | 11.85 | 0.83 | 10.20 | 7,652,040 | 780,508 | 906,717 | -126,209 | 278,104 | 151,895 | 4,204,683 | 6.86 | 4.45 |
| 2085 | 11.93 | 0.84 | 10.20 | 9,367,014 | 955,435 | 1,117,029 | -161,594 | 332,699 | 171,106 | 5,022,373 | 6.86 | 4.31 |
| 2090 | 11.99 | 0.84 | 10.20 | 11,469,211 | 1,169,860 | 1,374,711 | -204,852 | 393,527 | 188,675 | 5,931,648 | 6.85 | 4.14 |
| 2095 | 12.03 | 0.84 | 10.20 | 14,048,687 | 1,432,966 | 1,690,519 | -257,553 | 459,678 | 202,125 | 6,917,968 | 6.85 | 3.93 |
| 2100 | 12.08 | 0.85 | 10.20 | 17,204,674 | 1,754,877 | 2,078,886 | -324,009 | 528,833 | 204,824 | 7,942,811 | 6.83 | 3.67 |

Table VII.C. 20 Sensitivity Test - Prices - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment <br> Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets/ <br> Expend. Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -169 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.18 | -0.01 | 7.00 | 231,933 | 16,235 | 18,967 | -2,732 | 3,805 | 1,073 | 37,364 | 10.42 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.14 | -0.02 | 7.80 | 243,371 | 18,983 | 19,803 | -820 | 3,791 | 2,971 | 40,335 | 10.10 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.09 | -0.04 | 8.60 | 256,888 | 22,092 | 20,790 | 1,302 | 3,890 | 5,192 | 45,527 | 9.46 | 2.07 |
| 2002 | 8.04 | -0.05 | 9.40 | 273,326 | 25,693 | 21,964 | 3,729 | 4,144 | 7,873 | 53,400 | 8.68 | 2.29 |
| 2003 | 7.99 | -0.07 | 9.50 | 292,398 | 27,778 | 23,357 | 4,421 | 4,582 | 9,002 | 62,403 | 8.17 | 2.50 |
| 2004 | 7.96 | -0.09 | 9.50 | 314,012 | 29,831 | 25,005 | 4,826 | 5,215 | 10,041 | 72,444 | 7.99 | 2.70 |
| 2005 | 7.94 | -0.11 | 9.50 | 337,758 | 32,087 | 26,819 | 5,268 | 5,880 | 11,148 | 83,592 | 7.78 | 2.90 |
| 2006 | 7.94 | -0.13 | 9.50 | 362,353 | 34,424 | 28,783 | 5,641 | 6,687 | 12,327 | 95,919 | 7.69 | 3.10 |
| 2007 | 7.97 | -0.13 | 9.50 | 388,180 | 36,877 | 30,932 | 5,945 | 7,608 | 13,553 | 109,472 | 7.65 | 3.29 |
| 2008 | 8.00 | -0.15 | 9.50 | 416,017 | 39,522 | 33,289 | 6,233 | 8,641 | 14,874 | 124,346 | 7.63 | 3.47 |
| 2009 | 8.05 | -0.16 | 9.50 | 445,342 | 42,307 | 35,839 | 6,468 | 9,772 | 16,240 | 140,586 | 7.62 | 3.64 |
| 2010 | 8.10 | -0.17 | 9.50 | 476,158 | 45,235 | 38,579 | 6,656 | 11,017 | 17,673 | 158,259 | 7.62 | 3.81 |
| 2011 | 8.20 | -0.19 | 9.50 | 506,302 | 48,099 | 41,516 | 6,583 | 12,342 | 18,924 | 177,184 | 7.61 | 3.97 |
| 2012 | 8.31 | -0.20 | 9.50 | 537,640 | 51,076 | 44,680 | 6,396 | 13,788 | 20,184 | 197,367 | 7.62 | 4.10 |
| 2013 | 8.43 | -0.22 | 9.50 | 570,682 | 54,215 | 48,114 | 6,101 | 15,352 | 21,453 | 218,820 | 7.64 | 4.22 |
| 2014 | 8.57 | -0.22 | 9.50 | 604,804 | 57,456 | 51,802 | 5,654 | 17,046 | 22,700 | 241,520 | 7.67 | 4.33 |
| 2015 | 8.70 | -0.24 | 9.50 | 640,700 | 60,867 | 55,753 | 5,114 | 18,825 | 23,939 | 265,459 | 7.70 | 4.43 |
| 2016 | 8.84 | -0.25 | 9.50 | 678,446 | 64,452 | 59,985 | 4,467 | 20,699 | 25,166 | 290,625 | 7.72 | 4.50 |
| 2017 | 8.99 | -0.26 | 9.50 | 717,962 | 68,206 | 64,516 | 3,690 | 22,666 | 26,357 | 316,982 | 7.74 | 4.57 |
| 2018 | 9.14 | -0.27 | 9.50 | 758,757 | 72,082 | 69,372 | 2,710 | 24,722 | 27,432 | 344,414 | 7.76 | 4.62 |
| 2019 | 9.30 | -0.27 | 9.50 | 801,923 | 76,183 | 74,574 | 1,609 | 26,880 | 28,488 | 372,902 | 7.78 | 4.65 |
| 2020 | 9.46 | -0.29 | 9.50 | 846,928 | 80,458 | 80,146 | 312 | 29,153 | 29,465 | 402,368 | 7.81 | 4.67 |
| 2021 | 9.63 | -0.30 | 9.50 | 894,413 | 84,969 | 86,102 | -1,133 | 31,551 | 30,419 | 432,786 | 7.84 | 4.68 |
| 2022 | 9.80 | -0.30 | 9.50 | 943,565 | 89,639 | 92,433 | -2,794 | 34,031 | 31,236 | 464,022 | 7.86 | 4.68 |
| 2023 | 9.96 | -0.31 | 9.50 | 995,863 | 94,607 | 99,160 | -4,553 | 36,529 | 31,976 | 495,998 | 7.87 | 4.67 |
| 2024 | 10.12 | -0.32 | 9.50 | 1,050,590 | 99,806 | 106,284 | -6,478 | 39,043 | 32,565 | 528,564 | 7.87 | 4.65 |
| 2025 | 10.26 | -0.33 | 9.50 | 1,108,546 | 105,312 | 113,779 | -8,467 | 41,602 | 33,135 | 561,699 | 7.87 | 4.62 |
| 2026 | 10.40 | -0.33 | 9.50 | 1,169,650 | 111,117 | 121,616 | -10,499 | 44,204 | 33,705 | 595,404 | 7.87 | 4.59 |
| 2027 | 10.51 | -0.34 | 9.50 | 1,235,070 | 117,332 | 129,761 | -12,429 | 46,850 | 34,420 | 629,824 | 7.87 | 4.56 |
| 2028 | 10.60 | -0.34 | 9.50 | 1,304,225 | 123,901 | 138,228 | -14,327 | 49,550 | 35,224 | 665,048 | 7.87 | 4.52 |
| 2029 | 10.68 | -0.34 | 9.50 | 1,377,243 | 130,838 | 147,076 | -16,238 | 52,313 | 36,075 | 701,123 | 7.86 | 4.48 |
| 2030 | 10.75 | -0.34 | 9.50 | 1,454,739 | 138,200 | 156,327 | -18,127 | 55,142 | 37,015 | 738,138 | 7.86 | 4.45 |
| 2035 | 10.86 | -0.35 | 9.50 | 1,920,159 | 182,415 | 208,617 | -26,202 | 70,654 | 44,452 | 943,546 | 7.86 | 4.28 |
| 2040 | 10.80 | -0.32 | 9.50 | 2,538,440 | 241,152 | 274,153 | -33,001 | 89,811 | 56,809 | 1,200,432 | 7.85 | 4.15 |
| 2045 | 10.72 | -0.31 | 9.50 | 3,345,720 | 317,843 | 358,741 | -40,898 | 114,603 | 73,706 | 1,533,704 | 7.85 | 4.05 |
| 2050 | 10.71 | -0.29 | 9.50 | 4,390,431 | 417,091 | 470,393 | -53,302 | 146,452 | 93,150 | 1,959,773 | 7.85 | 3.94 |
| 2055 | 10.75 | -0.27 | 9.50 | 5,750,835 | 546,329 | 617,964 | -71,635 | 186,086 | 114,452 | 2,487,805 | 7.84 | 3.81 |
| 2060 | 10.74 | -0.26 | 9.50 | 7,542,184 | 716,508 | 810,211 | -93,704 | 234,728 | 141,025 | 3,137,151 | 7.83 | 3.67 |
| 2065 | 10.72 | -0.24 | 9.50 | 9,903,290 | 940,813 | 1,061,226 | -120,413 | 294,762 | 174,349 | 3,940,097 | 7.83 | 3.52 |
| 2070 | 10.71 | -0.23 | 9.50 | 12,999,589 | 1,234,961 | 1,391,638 | -156,677 | 368,410 | 211,733 | 4,923,315 | 7.82 | 3.35 |
| 2075 | 10.73 | -0.23 | 9.50 | 17,037,956 | 1,618,606 | 1,828,917 | -210,311 | 456,182 | 245,870 | 6,087,950 | 7.81 | 3.15 |
| 2080 | 10.80 | -0.22 | 9.50 | 22,296,524 | 2,118,170 | 2,408,247 | -290,077 | 554,700 | 264,623 | 7,382,410 | 7.79 | 2.90 |
| 2085 | 10.88 | -0.21 | 9.50 | 29,164,022 | 2,770,582 | 3,171,655 | -401,073 | 655,411 | 254,338 | 8,689,389 | 7.77 | 2.59 |
| 2090 | 10.93 | -0.22 | 9.50 | 38,161,456 | 3,625,338 | 4,172,882 | -547,544 | 743,655 | 196,111 | 9,810,841 | 7.73 | 2.23 |
| 2095 | 10.98 | -0.21 | 9.50 | 49,956,528 | 4,745,870 | 5,485,648 | -739,778 | 794,966 | 55,188 | 10,411,738 | 7.68 | 1.80 |
| 2100 | 11.03 | -0.20 | 9.50 | 65,392,576 | 6,212,295 | 7,211,083 | -998,789 | 766,595 | -232,194 | 9,901,605 | 7.56 | 1.30 |

Table VII.C. 21 Sensitivity Test - Prices - High Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In <br> Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets / Expend. Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,850 | -170 | 36,291 | 10.51 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.20 | 0.01 | 7.00 | 231,419 | 16,199 | 18,966 | -2,767 | 3,785 | 1,018 | 37,309 | 10.37 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.18 | 0.02 | 7.80 | 241,400 | 18,829 | 19,739 | -910 | 3,735 | 2,825 | 40,133 | 9.96 | 1.95 |
| 2001 | 8.15 | 0.02 | 8.60 | 252,412 | 21,707 | 20,580 | 1,127 | 3,757 | 4,884 | 45,018 | 9.21 | 2.09 |
| 2002 | 8.13 | 0.04 | 9.40 | 264,507 | 24,864 | 21,517 | 3,347 | 3,862 | 7,208 | 52,226 | 8.21 | 2.31 |
| 2003 | 8.12 | 0.06 | 10.00 | 277,772 | 27,777 | 22,566 | 5,211 | 4,063 | 9,274 | 61,500 | 7.34 | 2.59 |
| 2004 | 8.13 | 0.08 | 10.00 | 292,250 | 29,225 | 23,747 | 5,478 | 4,486 | 9,964 | 71,464 | 6.93 | 2.86 |
| 2005 | 8.15 | 0.10 | 10.00 | 307,064 | 30,706 | 25,028 | 5,678 | 4,893 | 10,572 | 82,036 | 6.54 | 3.11 |
| 2006 | 8.18 | 0.11 | 10.00 | 322,608 | 32,261 | 26,398 | 5,863 | 5,400 | 11,263 | 93,298 | 6.31 | 3.35 |
| 2007 | 8.23 | 0.13 | 10.00 | 338,826 | 33,883 | 27,885 | 5,998 | 5,952 | 11,950 | 105,248 | 6.14 | 3.57 |
| 2008 | 8.30 | 0.15 | 10.00 | 355,548 | 35,555 | 29,495 | 6,060 | 6,570 | 12,630 | 117,878 | 6.03 | 3.78 |
| 2009 | 8.37 | 0.16 | 10.00 | 372,661 | 37,266 | 31,209 | 6,057 | 7,225 | 13,282 | 131,160 | 5.95 | 3.97 |
| 2010 | 8.46 | 0.19 | 10.00 | 390,132 | 39,013 | 33,015 | 5,998 | 7,930 | 13,928 | 145,088 | 5.89 | 4.16 |
| 2011 | 8.58 | 0.19 | 10.00 | 406,727 | 40,673 | 34,911 | 5,762 | 8,634 | 14,396 | 159,484 | 5.81 | 4.32 |
| 2012 | 8.73 | 0.22 | 10.00 | 423,021 | 42,302 | 36,916 | 5,386 | 9,394 | 14,780 | 174,264 | 5.77 | 4.46 |
| 2013 | 8.88 | 0.23 | 10.00 | 439,936 | 43,994 | 39,054 | 4,940 | 10,208 | 15,148 | 189,411 | 5.76 | 4.59 |
| 2014 | 9.03 | 0.24 | 10.00 | 457,344 | 45,734 | 41,304 | 4,430 | 11,099 | 15,529 | 204,940 | 5.78 | 4.69 |
| 2015 | 9.19 | 0.25 | 10.00 | 474,931 | 47,493 | 43,663 | 3,830 | 12,005 | 15,835 | 220,776 | 5.79 | 4.79 |
| 2016 | 9.36 | 0.27 | 10.00 | 492,726 | 49,273 | 46,136 | 3,137 | 12,923 | 16,059 | 236,835 | 5.80 | 4.86 |
| 2017 | 9.53 | 0.28 | 10.00 | 511,112 | 51,111 | 48,728 | 2,383 | 13,857 | 16,240 | 253,075 | 5.82 | 4.92 |
| 2018 | 9.71 | 0.30 | 10.00 | 530,084 | 53,008 | 51,450 | 1,558 | 14,800 | 16,359 | 269,434 | 5.83 | 4.96 |
| 2019 | 9.89 | 0.32 | 10.00 | 549,227 | 54,923 | 54,304 | 619 | 15,754 | 16,373 | 285,807 | 5.84 | 4.99 |
| 2020 | 10.08 | 0.33 | 10.00 | 568,489 | 56,849 | 57,298 | -449 | 16,731 | 16,282 | 302,089 | 5.85 | 5.00 |
| 2021 | 10.26 | 0.33 | 10.00 | 588,900 | 58,890 | 60,429 | -1,539 | 17,714 | 16,175 | 318,263 | 5.86 | 5.00 |
| 2022 | 10.45 | 0.35 | 10.00 | 609,604 | 60,960 | 63,681 | -2,721 | 18,691 | 15,971 | 334,234 | 5.87 | 4.98 |
| 2023 | 10.63 | 0.36 | 10.00 | 630,560 | 63,056 | 67,055 | -3,999 | 19,648 | 15,649 | 349,883 | 5.88 | 4.96 |
| 2024 | 10.81 | 0.37 | 10.00 | 652,393 | 65,239 | 70,541 | -5,302 | 20,565 | 15,263 | 365,146 | 5.88 | 4.93 |
| 2025 | 10.98 | 0.39 | 10.00 | 675,254 | 67,525 | 74,112 | -6,587 | 21,458 | 14,872 | 380,018 | 5.87 | 4.89 |
| 2026 | 11.12 | 0.39 | 10.00 | 699,353 | 69,935 | 77,739 | -7,804 | 22,328 | 14,524 | 394,542 | 5.87 | 4.85 |
| 2027 | 11.24 | 0.39 | 10.00 | 724,245 | 72,425 | 81,391 | -8,967 | 23,176 | 14,210 | 408,752 | 5.87 | 4.80 |
| 2028 | 11.34 | 0.40 | 10.00 | 750,308 | 75,031 | 85,072 | -10,041 | 24,005 | 13,964 | 422,716 | 5.87 | 4.76 |
| 2029 | 11.43 | 0.41 | 10.00 | 777,075 | 77,708 | 88,811 | -11,104 | 24,820 | 13,716 | 436,432 | 5.87 | 4.71 |
| 2030 | 11.50 | 0.41 | 10.00 | 805,524 | 80,552 | 92,615 | -12,063 | 25,619 | 13,556 | 449,988 | 5.87 | 4.66 |
| 2035 | 11.62 | 0.41 | 10.00 | 966,034 | 96,603 | 112,274 | -15,671 | 29,548 | 13,878 | 517,866 | 5.86 | 4.45 |
| 2040 | 11.52 | 0.40 | 10.00 | 1,161,896 | 116,190 | 133,896 | -17,706 | 33,800 | 16,094 | 593,200 | 5.86 | 4.28 |
| 2045 | 11.41 | 0.38 | 10.00 | 1,393,601 | 139,360 | 158,946 | -19,586 | 38,846 | 19,261 | 683,047 | 5.85 | 4.15 |
| 2050 | 11.36 | 0.36 | 10.00 | 1,664,039 | 166,404 | 189,081 | -22,677 | 44,795 | 22,118 | 788,135 | 5.85 | 4.02 |
| 2055 | 11.37 | 0.35 | 10.00 | 1,983,283 | 198,328 | 225,416 | -27,088 | 51,471 | 24,384 | 905,405 | 5.84 | 3.88 |
| 2060 | 11.33 | 0.33 | 10.00 | 2,367,197 | 236,720 | 268,255 | -31,535 | 58,855 | 27,320 | 1,035,826 | 5.84 | 3.73 |
| 2065 | 11.28 | 0.32 | 10.00 | 2,828,190 | 282,819 | 318,965 | -36,146 | 67,185 | 31,039 | 1,183,589 | 5.83 | 3.58 |
| 2070 | 11.24 | 0.30 | 10.00 | 3,377,775 | 337,778 | 379,762 | -41,985 | 76,573 | 34,588 | 1,349,827 | 5.82 | 3.43 |
| 2075 | 11.25 | 0.29 | 10.00 | 4,027,632 | 402,763 | 453,194 | -50,431 | 86,781 | 36,350 | 1,529,251 | 5.81 | 3.26 |
| 2080 | 11.30 | 0.28 | 10.00 | 4,794,281 | 479,428 | 541,967 | -62,539 | 97,026 | 34,487 | 1,707,237 | 5.80 | 3.04 |
| 2085 | 11.37 | 0.28 | 10.00 | 5,704,064 | 570,406 | 648,281 | -77,875 | 106,078 | 28,204 | 1,862,751 | 5.78 | 2.77 |
| 2090 | 11.41 | 0.26 | 10.00 | 6,787,437 | 678,744 | 774,660 | -95,916 | 112,509 | 16,593 | 1,971,315 | 5.76 | 2.46 |
| 2095 | 11.45 | 0.26 | 10.00 | 8,079,018 | 807,902 | 924,901 | -116,999 | 114,495 | -2,504 | 2,000,769 | 5.72 | 2.09 |
| 2100 | 11.48 | 0.25 | 10.00 | 9,614,942 | 961,494 | 1,104,222 | -142,728 | 109,286 | -33,442 | 1,901,425 | 5.65 | 1.66 |

Table VII.C. 22 Sensitivity Test - Return on Investments - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate \% } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,859 | -160 | 36,300 | 10.54 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 0.00 | 7.00 | 231,677 | 16,217 | 18,967 | -2,750 | 3,811 | 1,061 | 37,361 | 10.44 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.16 | 0.00 | 7.80 | 242,196 | 18,891 | 19,770 | -879 | 3,804 | 2,925 | 40,286 | 10.13 | 1.95 |
| 2001 | 8.13 | 0.00 | 8.60 | 254,455 | 21,883 | 20,684 | 1,199 | 3,911 | 5,110 | 45,396 | 9.54 | 2.09 |
| 2002 | 8.09 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 268,567 | 25,245 | 21,738 | 3,507 | 4,168 | 7,675 | 53,071 | 8.78 | 2.31 |
| 2003 | 8.06 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 284,703 | 26,762 | 22,956 | 3,806 | 4,567 | 8,373 | 61,444 | 8.25 | 2.52 |
| 2004 | 8.05 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 302,690 | 28,453 | 24,365 | 4,088 | 5,145 | 9,233 | 70,677 | 8.05 | 2.73 |
| 2005 | 8.05 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 321,666 | 30,237 | 25,904 | 4,333 | 5,739 | 10,072 | 80,749 | 7.83 | 2.93 |
| 2006 | 8.07 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 341,621 | 32,112 | 27,560 | 4,552 | 6,454 | 11,006 | 91,755 | 7.73 | 3.12 |
| 2007 | 8.10 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 362,505 | 34,075 | 29,364 | 4,711 | 7,264 | 11,975 | 103,730 | 7.68 | 3.31 |
| 2008 | 8.15 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 384,160 | 36,111 | 31,328 | 4,783 | 8,163 | 12,946 | 116,676 | 7.66 | 3.49 |
| 2009 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 407,388 | 38,294 | 33,437 | 4,857 | 9,133 | 13,990 | 130,666 | 7.64 | 3.66 |
| 2010 | 8.27 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 431,278 | 40,540 | 35,682 | 4,858 | 10,191 | 15,050 | 145,716 | 7.63 | 3.83 |
| 2011 | 8.39 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 453,439 | 42,623 | 38,062 | 4,561 | 11,298 | 15,860 | 161,575 | 7.61 | 3.98 |
| 2012 | 8.51 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 476,918 | 44,830 | 40,603 | 4,227 | 12,493 | 16,720 | 178,296 | 7.61 | 4.11 |
| 2013 | 8.65 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 501,275 | 47,120 | 43,337 | 3,783 | 13,774 | 17,557 | 195,853 | 7.63 | 4.24 |
| 2014 | 8.79 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 525,894 | 49,434 | 46,244 | 3,190 | 15,150 | 18,340 | 214,193 | 7.66 | 4.34 |
| 2015 | 8.94 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 551,896 | 51,878 | 49,326 | 2,552 | 16,576 | 19,128 | 233,322 | 7.68 | 4.44 |
| 2016 | 9.09 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 578,372 | 54,367 | 52,592 | 1,775 | 18,060 | 19,835 | 253,156 | 7.71 | 4.52 |
| 2017 | 9.25 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 606,195 | 56,982 | 56,053 | 929 | 19,597 | 20,526 | 273,683 | 7.72 | 4.58 |
| 2018 | 9.41 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 634,884 | 59,679 | 59,726 | -47 | 21,193 | 21,146 | 294,828 | 7.74 | 4.63 |
| 2019 | 9.57 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 664,512 | 62,464 | 63,621 | -1,157 | 22,865 | 21,708 | 316,537 | 7.75 | 4.67 |
| 2020 | 9.75 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 695,029 | 65,333 | 67,751 | -2,418 | 24,605 | 22,186 | 338,723 | 7.77 | 4.70 |
| 2021 | 9.93 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 726,538 | 68,295 | 72,119 | -3,824 | 26,393 | 22,569 | 361,292 | 7.79 | 4.71 |
| 2022 | 10.10 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 759,648 | 71,407 | 76,710 | -5,303 | 28,215 | 22,912 | 384,203 | 7.81 | 4.71 |
| 2023 | 10.27 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 793,840 | 74,621 | 81,534 | -6,913 | 30,046 | 23,133 | 407,337 | 7.82 | 4.70 |
| 2024 | 10.44 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 829,314 | 77,956 | 86,582 | -8,626 | 31,853 | 23,227 | 430,564 | 7.82 | 4.69 |
| 2025 | 10.59 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 866,768 | 81,476 | 91,825 | -10,349 | 33,666 | 23,317 | 453,881 | 7.82 | 4.67 |
| 2026 | 10.73 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 906,004 | 85,164 | 97,233 | -12,069 | 35,484 | 23,415 | 477,296 | 7.82 | 4.64 |
| 2027 | 10.85 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 947,597 | 89,074 | 102,771 | -13,697 | 37,309 | 23,612 | 500,908 | 7.81 | 4.62 |
| 2028 | 10.94 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 991,448 | 93,196 | 108,447 | -15,251 | 39,148 | 23,897 | 524,805 | 7.81 | 4.59 |
| 2029 | 11.02 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 1,037,117 | 97,489 | 114,300 | -16,811 | 41,009 | 24,198 | 549,003 | 7.81 | 4.56 |
| 2030 | 11.09 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 1,085,137 | 102,003 | 120,341 | -18,338 | 42,892 | 24,554 | 573,556 | 7.81 | 4.53 |
| 2035 | 11.21 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 1,365,842 | 128,389 | 153,096 | -24,707 | 52,901 | 28,195 | 705,898 | 7.81 | 4.40 |
| 2040 | 11.12 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 1,723,263 | 161,987 | 191,704 | -29,717 | 64,823 | 35,106 | 866,019 | 7.80 | 4.32 |
| 2045 | 11.03 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 2,166,730 | 203,673 | 238,980 | -35,307 | 79,913 | 44,606 | 1,069,229 | 7.80 | 4.28 |
| 2050 | 11.00 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 2,713,442 | 255,064 | 298,525 | -43,461 | 98,954 | 55,493 | 1,324,513 | 7.80 | 4.24 |
| 2055 | 11.02 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 3,391,204 | 318,773 | 373,672 | -54,899 | 122,327 | 67,428 | 1,636,692 | 7.79 | 4.19 |
| 2060 | 11.00 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 4,243,739 | 398,911 | 466,852 | -67,941 | 150,831 | 82,891 | 2,018,507 | 7.79 | 4.14 |
| 2065 | 10.96 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 5,316,259 | 499,728 | 582,715 | -82,987 | 186,086 | 103,099 | 2,491,854 | 7.79 | 4.09 |
| 2070 | 10.94 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 6,657,443 | 625,800 | 728,245 | -102,445 | 229,854 | 127,408 | 3,078,883 | 7.79 | 4.04 |
| 2075 | 10.96 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 8,323,300 | 782,390 | 912,216 | -129,826 | 283,415 | 153,590 | 3,794,316 | 7.78 | 3.98 |
| 2080 | 11.02 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 10,389,314 | 976,596 | 1,145,019 | -168,424 | 346,923 | 178,500 | 4,638,059 | 7.78 | 3.87 |
| 2085 | 11.09 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 12,961,032 | 1,218,337 | 1,437,567 | -219,230 | 419,405 | 200,175 | 5,597,205 | 7.77 | 3.72 |
| 2090 | 11.15 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 16,175,266 | 1,520,475 | 1,803,028 | -282,553 | 499,186 | 216,633 | 6,650,245 | 7.76 | 3.53 |
| 2095 | 11.19 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 20,192,664 | 1,898,110 | 2,259,486 | -361,376 | 583,264 | 221,888 | 7,755,556 | 7.74 | 3.28 |
| 2100 | 11.23 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 25,206,020 | 2,369,366 | 2,831,335 | -461,969 | 665,178 | 203,208 | 8,822,251 | 7.72 | 2.98 |

Table VII.C. 23 Sensitivity Test - Return on Investments - High Cost

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate \% } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate $\%$ | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets / Expend. Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 6.40 | 222,386 | 14,233 | 18,252 | -4,019 | 3,841 | -179 | 36,281 | 10.49 | 1.91 |
| 1999 | 8.19 | 0.00 | 7.00 | 231,677 | 16,217 | 18,967 | -2,750 | 3,779 | 1,029 | 37,311 | 10.35 | 1.89 |
| 2000 | 8.16 | 0.00 | 7.80 | 242,196 | 18,891 | 19,770 | -879 | 3,723 | 2,844 | 40,155 | 9.93 | 1.94 |
| 2001 | 8.13 | 0.00 | 8.60 | 254,455 | 21,883 | 20,684 | 1,199 | 3,734 | 4,933 | 45,088 | 9.14 | 2.07 |
| 2002 | 8.09 | 0.00 | 9.40 | 268,567 | 25,245 | 21,738 | 3,507 | 3,829 | 7,336 | 52,424 | 8.11 | 2.28 |
| 2003 | 8.06 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 284,703 | 29,040 | 22,956 | 6,084 | 4,047 | 10,131 | 62,555 | 7.22 | 2.57 |
| 2004 | 8.05 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 302,690 | 30,874 | 24,365 | 6,509 | 4,527 | 11,036 | 73,591 | 6.81 | 2.84 |
| 2005 | 8.05 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 321,666 | 32,810 | 25,904 | 6,906 | 5,004 | 11,910 | 85,501 | 6.44 | 3.10 |
| 2006 | 8.07 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 341,621 | 34,845 | 27,560 | 7,285 | 5,597 | 12,882 | 98,383 | 6.23 | 3.35 |
| 2007 | 8.10 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 362,505 | 36,976 | 29,364 | 7,612 | 6,252 | 13,864 | 112,247 | 6.07 | 3.58 |
| 2008 | 8.15 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 384,160 | 39,184 | 31,328 | 7,856 | 6,991 | 14,847 | 127,095 | 5.98 | 3.80 |
| 2009 | 8.21 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 407,388 | 41,554 | 33,437 | 8,117 | 7,786 | 15,903 | 142,997 | 5.90 | 4.01 |
| 2010 | 8.27 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 431,278 | 43,990 | 35,682 | 8,308 | 8,656 | 16,965 | 159,962 | 5.85 | 4.20 |
| 2011 | 8.39 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 453,439 | 46,251 | 38,062 | 8,189 | 9,547 | 17,736 | 177,698 | 5.79 | 4.38 |
| 2012 | 8.51 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 476,918 | 48,646 | 40,603 | 8,043 | 10,514 | 18,557 | 196,255 | 5.76 | 4.53 |
| 2013 | 8.65 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 501,275 | 51,130 | 43,337 | 7,793 | 11,562 | 19,355 | 215,610 | 5.75 | 4.66 |
| 2014 | 8.79 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 525,894 | 53,641 | 46,244 | 7,397 | 12,710 | 20,108 | 235,718 | 5.78 | 4.78 |
| 2015 | 8.94 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 551,896 | 56,293 | 49,326 | 6,967 | 13,898 | 20,865 | 256,583 | 5.79 | 4.88 |
| 2016 | 9.09 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 578,372 | 58,994 | 52,592 | 6,402 | 15,123 | 21,525 | 278,108 | 5.81 | 4.96 |
| 2017 | 9.25 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 606,195 | 61,832 | 56,053 | 5,779 | 16,391 | 22,170 | 300,278 | 5.82 | 5.03 |
| 2018 | 9.41 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 634,884 | 64,758 | 59,726 | 5,032 | 17,694 | 22,726 | 323,004 | 5.83 | 5.08 |
| 2019 | 9.57 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 664,512 | 67,780 | 63,621 | 4,159 | 19,041 | 23,201 | 346,205 | 5.85 | 5.11 |
| 2020 | 9.75 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 695,029 | 70,893 | 67,751 | 3,142 | 20,438 | 23,580 | 369,785 | 5.87 | 5.13 |
| 2021 | 9.93 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 726,538 | 74,107 | 72,119 | 1,988 | 21,867 | 23,854 | 393,639 | 5.89 | 5.13 |
| 2022 | 10.10 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 759,648 | 77,484 | 76,710 | 774 | 23,314 | 24,088 | 417,727 | 5.92 | 5.12 |
| 2023 | 10.27 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 793,840 | 80,972 | 81,534 | -562 | 24,772 | 24,210 | 441,937 | 5.93 | 5.10 |
| 2024 | 10.44 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 829,314 | 84,590 | 86,582 | -1,992 | 26,206 | 24,214 | 466,151 | 5.93 | 5.08 |
| 2025 | 10.59 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 866,768 | 88,410 | 91,825 | -3,415 | 27,639 | 24,225 | 490,376 | 5.93 | 5.04 |
| 2026 | 10.73 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 906,004 | 92,412 | 97,233 | -4,821 | 29,072 | 24,252 | 514,627 | 5.93 | 5.01 |
| 2027 | 10.85 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 947,597 | 96,655 | 102,771 | -6,116 | 30,506 | 24,390 | 539,017 | 5.93 | 4.97 |
| 2028 | 10.94 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 991,448 | 101,128 | 108,447 | -7,319 | 31,948 | 24,629 | 563,646 | 5.93 | 4.93 |
| 2029 | 11.02 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 1,037,117 | 105,786 | 114,300 | -8,514 | 33,403 | 24,889 | 588,535 | 5.93 | 4.89 |
| 2030 | 11.09 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 1,085,137 | 110,684 | 120,341 | -9,657 | 34,874 | 25,217 | 613,752 | 5.92 | 4.85 |
| 2035 | 11.21 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 1,365,842 | 139,316 | 153,096 | -13,780 | 42,668 | 28,888 | 749,400 | 5.92 | 4.67 |
| 2040 | 11.12 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 1,723,263 | 175,773 | 191,704 | -15,931 | 51,948 | 36,017 | 913,598 | 5.92 | 4.56 |
| 2045 | 11.03 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 2,166,730 | 221,006 | 238,980 | -17,974 | 63,696 | 45,723 | 1,122,010 | 5.92 | 4.49 |
| 2050 | 11.00 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 2,713,442 | 276,771 | 298,525 | -21,754 | 78,494 | 56,740 | 1,383,299 | 5.92 | 4.43 |
| 2055 | 11.02 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 3,391,204 | 345,903 | 373,672 | -27,769 | 96,622 | 68,853 | 1,702,172 | 5.92 | 4.36 |
| 2060 | 11.00 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 4,243,739 | 432,861 | 466,852 | -33,991 | 118,731 | 84,740 | 2,092,277 | 5.91 | 4.29 |
| 2065 | 10.96 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 5,316,259 | 542,258 | 582,715 | -40,457 | 146,126 | 105,670 | 2,576,909 | 5.91 | 4.23 |
| 2070 | 10.94 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 6,657,443 | 679,059 | 728,245 | -49,186 | 180,245 | 131,059 | 3,179,853 | 5.91 | 4.17 |
| 2075 | 10.96 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 8,323,300 | 848,977 | 912,216 | -63,239 | 222,205 | 158,965 | 3,918,332 | 5.91 | 4.10 |
| 2080 | 11.02 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 10,389,314 | 1,059,710 | 1,145,019 | -85,309 | 272,429 | 187,120 | 4,797,802 | 5.91 | 4.00 |
| 2085 | 11.09 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 12,961,032 | 1,322,025 | 1,437,567 | -115,542 | 330,861 | 215,320 | 5,817,837 | 5.91 | 3.87 |
| 2090 | 11.15 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 16,175,266 | 1,649,877 | 1,803,028 | -153,151 | 397,579 | 244,428 | 6,981,359 | 5.90 | 3.70 |
| 2095 | 11.19 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 20,192,664 | 2,059,652 | 2,259,486 | -199,834 | 472,697 | 272,863 | 8,289,795 | 5.90 | 3.51 |
| 2100 | 11.23 | 0.00 | 10.20 | 25,206,020 | 2,571,014 | 2,831,335 | -260,321 | 555,372 | 295,051 | 9,724,968 | 5.89 | 3.28 |

Table VII.C. 24 Sensitivity Test - Combined - Low Cost

| Year | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate } \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Vs. Best } \\ \text { Estimate } \end{gathered}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \end{gathered}$ | Assets/ <br> Expend. <br> Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.17 | -0.04 | 6.40 | 222,802 | 14,259 | 18,213 | -3,954 | 3,859 | -95 | 36,365 | 10.54 | 1.92 |
| 1999 | 8.13 | -0.06 | 7.00 | 232,752 | 16,293 | 18,915 | -2,622 | 3,825 | 1,203 | 37,568 | 10.46 | 1.90 |
| 2000 | 8.06 | -0.10 | 7.80 | 244,785 | 19,093 | 19,728 | -635 | 3,844 | 3,209 | 40,777 | 10.18 | 1.97 |
| 2001 | 7.98 | -0.15 | 8.10 | 259,118 | 20,989 | 20,682 | 307 | 3,984 | 4,290 | 45,068 | 9.73 | 2.07 |
| 2002 | 7.88 | -0.21 | 8.10 | 276,762 | 22,418 | 21,811 | 607 | 4,187 | 4,794 | 49,862 | 9.22 | 2.15 |
| 2003 | 7.77 | -0.29 | 8.10 | 298,089 | 24,145 | 23,150 | 995 | 4,440 | 5,435 | 55,297 | 8.80 | 2.24 |
| 2004 | 7.68 | -0.37 | 8.10 | 321,824 | 26,068 | 24,732 | 1,336 | 4,860 | 6,196 | 61,493 | 8.67 | 2.32 |
| 2005 | 7.61 | -0.44 | 8.10 | 348,014 | 28,189 | 26,470 | 1,719 | 5,300 | 7,019 | 68,512 | 8.48 | 2.42 |
| 2006 | 7.55 | -0.52 | 8.10 | 375,766 | 30,437 | 28,353 | 2,084 | 5,864 | 7,948 | 76,460 | 8.41 | 2.51 |
| 2007 | 7.50 | -0.60 | 8.10 | 405,520 | 32,847 | 30,428 | 2,419 | 6,540 | 8,959 | 85,419 | 8.40 | 2.61 |
| 2008 | 7.48 | -0.67 | 8.10 | 437,180 | 35,412 | 32,714 | 2,698 | 7,314 | 10,012 | 95,431 | 8.40 | 2.71 |
| 2009 | 7.47 | -0.74 | 8.10 | 471,170 | 38,165 | 35,201 | 2,964 | 8,173 | 11,137 | 106,568 | 8.41 | 2.81 |
| 2010 | 7.47 | -0.80 | 8.10 | 507,049 | 41,071 | 37,888 | 3,183 | 9,136 | 12,319 | 118,887 | 8.42 | 2.91 |
| 2011 | 7.52 | -0.87 | 8.10 | 542,658 | 43,955 | 40,785 | 3,170 | 10,173 | 13,343 | 132,230 | 8.42 | 3.01 |
| 2012 | 7.58 | -0.93 | 8.10 | 579,325 | 46,925 | 43,929 | 2,996 | 11,319 | 14,315 | 146,545 | 8.45 | 3.09 |
| 2013 | 7.66 | -0.99 | 8.10 | 618,604 | 50,107 | 47,359 | 2,748 | 12,563 | 15,311 | 161,857 | 8.48 | 3.17 |
| 2014 | 7.74 | -1.05 | 8.10 | 659,873 | 53,450 | 51,063 | 2,387 | 13,914 | 16,300 | 178,157 | 8.52 | 3.24 |
| 2015 | 7.83 | -1.11 | 8.10 | 703,420 | 56,977 | 55,053 | 1,924 | 15,334 | 17,258 | 195,415 | 8.55 | 3.29 |
| 2016 | 7.92 | -1.17 | 8.10 | 749,385 | 60,700 | 59,349 | 1,351 | 16,838 | 18,189 | 213,605 | 8.58 | 3.34 |
| 2017 | 8.02 | -1.23 | 8.10 | 797,704 | 64,614 | 63,973 | 641 | 18,417 | 19,058 | 232,663 | 8.61 | 3.37 |
| 2018 | 8.12 | -1.29 | 8.10 | 848,958 | 68,766 | 68,960 | -194 | 20,083 | 19,888 | 252,551 | 8.62 | 3.40 |
| 2019 | 8.23 | -1.34 | 8.10 | 902,800 | 73,127 | 74,331 | -1,204 | 21,851 | 20,646 | 273,197 | 8.65 | 3.41 |
| 2020 | 8.35 | -1.40 | 8.10 | 959,763 | 77,741 | 80,118 | -2,377 | 23,721 | 21,343 | 294,541 | 8.68 | 3.41 |
| 2021 | 8.46 | -1.47 | 8.10 | 1,020,078 | 82,626 | 86,336 | -3,710 | 25,670 | 21,961 | 316,501 | 8.71 | 3.40 |
| 2022 | 8.58 | -1.52 | 8.10 | 1,084,015 | 87,805 | 92,983 | -5,178 | 27,664 | 22,486 | 338,987 | 8.73 | 3.39 |
| 2023 | 8.69 | -1.58 | 8.10 | 1,151,635 | 93,282 | 100,087 | -6,805 | 29,670 | 22,865 | 361,853 | 8.75 | 3.36 |
| 2024 | 8.80 | -1.64 | 8.10 | 1,223,322 | 99,089 | 107,650 | -8,561 | 31,664 | 23,103 | 384,955 | 8.74 | 3.33 |
| 2025 | 8.90 | -1.69 | 8.10 | 1,300,037 | 105,303 | 115,652 | -10,349 | 33,674 | 23,325 | 408,281 | 8.74 | 3.29 |
| 2026 | 8.98 | -1.75 | 8.10 | 1,382,339 | 111,969 | 124,069 | -12,100 | 35,701 | 23,601 | 431,882 | 8.74 | 3.25 |
| 2027 | 9.04 | -1.81 | 8.10 | 1,470,525 | 119,113 | 132,864 | -13,751 | 37,749 | 23,997 | 455,879 | 8.74 | 3.21 |
| 2028 | 9.08 | -1.86 | 8.10 | 1,564,633 | 126,735 | 142,063 | -15,328 | 39,829 | 24,501 | 480,380 | 8.73 | 3.17 |
| 2029 | 9.11 | -1.91 | 8.10 | 1,664,926 | 134,859 | 151,733 | -16,874 | 41,951 | 25,077 | 505,456 | 8.73 | 3.12 |
| 2030 | 9.14 | -1.95 | 8.10 | 1,772,210 | 143,549 | 161,901 | -18,352 | 44,120 | 25,768 | 531,224 | 8.72 | 3.08 |
| 2035 | 9.07 | -2.14 | 8.10 | 2,431,247 | 196,931 | 220,437 | -23,506 | 56,220 | 32,714 | 678,232 | 8.71 | 2.90 |
| 2040 | 8.86 | -2.26 | 8.10 | 3,345,727 | 271,004 | 296,371 | -25,367 | 72,557 | 47,190 | 881,464 | 8.70 | 2.80 |
| 2045 | 8.66 | -2.37 | 8.10 | 4,592,556 | 371,997 | 397,915 | -25,918 | 96,849 | 70,931 | 1,184,700 | 8.69 | 2.80 |
| 2050 | 8.54 | -2.46 | 8.10 | 6,283,999 | 509,004 | 536,760 | -27,756 | 133,369 | 105,613 | 1,638,235 | 8.70 | 2.87 |
| 2055 | 8.45 | -2.57 | 8.10 | 8,594,440 | 696,150 | 726,628 | -30,478 | 187,709 | 157,231 | 2,311,584 | 8.71 | 2.99 |
| 2060 | 8.35 | -2.65 | 8.10 | 11,775,671 | 953,829 | 982,980 | -29,151 | 269,868 | 240,717 | 3,332,198 | 8.73 | 3.19 |
| 2065 | 8.25 | -2.71 | 8.10 | 16,143,940 | 1,307,659 | 1,331,482 | -23,823 | 397,032 | 373,209 | 4,910,474 | 8.75 | 3.47 |
| 2070 | 8.19 | -2.75 | 8.10 | 22,113,244 | 1,791,173 | 1,810,547 | -19,374 | 594,298 | 574,924 | 7,349,137 | 8.77 | 3.82 |
| 2075 | 8.18 | -2.78 | 8.10 | 30,227,876 | 2,448,458 | 2,473,144 | -24,686 | 896,922 | 872,236 | 11,071,227 | 8.79 | 4.20 |
| 2080 | 8.22 | -2.80 | 8.10 | 41,254,024 | 3,341,576 | 3,390,312 | -48,736 | 1,353,576 | 1,304,840 | 16,664,096 | 8.81 | 4.61 |
| 2085 | 8.26 | -2.83 | 8.10 | 56,299,304 | 4,560,244 | 4,647,526 | -87,283 | 2,036,537 | 1,949,255 | 25,015,602 | 8.83 | 5.05 |
| 2090 | 8.27 | -2.88 | 8.10 | 76,878,408 | 6,227,151 | 6,358,786 | -131,635 | 3,060,653 | 2,929,018 | 37,536,008 | 8.84 | 5.55 |
| 2095 | 8.27 | -2.92 | 8.10 | 105,014,768 | 8,506,196 | 8,689,590 | -183,394 | 4,605,176 | 4,421,782 | 56,410,088 | 8.86 | 6.10 |
| 2100 | 8.28 | -2.95 | 8.10 | 143,404,672 | 11,615,778 | 11,875,691 | -259,913 | 6,941,302 | 6,681,388 | 84,927,056 | 8.87 | 6.72 |

Table VII.C. 25 Sensitivity Test - Combined - High Cost

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paygo } \\ \text { Rate \% } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Paygo } \\ & \text { Vs. Best } \\ & \text { Estimate } \end{aligned}$ | Contribution Rate \% | Contributory Earnings | Contributions | Expenditures | Cash Flow | Investment Earnings | Change In Assets | $\begin{gathered} \text { Assets } \\ \text { At } 31 \text { Dec. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Yield } \\ \% \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Assets / Expend. Ratio |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 8.24 | 0.03 | 6.40 | 221,921 | 14,203 | 18,290 | -4,087 | 3,841 | -246 | 36,214 | 10.49 | 1.90 |
| 1999 | 8.25 | 0.06 | 7.00 | 230,503 | 16,135 | 19,026 | -2,891 | 3,766 | 875 | 37,089 | 10.33 | 1.87 |
| 2000 | 8.28 | 0.12 | 7.80 | 239,826 | 18,706 | 19,846 | -1,140 | 3,687 | 2,547 | 39,636 | 9.89 | 1.91 |
| 2001 | 8.32 | 0.19 | 8.60 | 249,569 | 21,463 | 20,759 | 704 | 3,646 | 4,350 | 43,986 | 9.10 | 2.02 |
| 2002 | 8.38 | 0.29 | 9.40 | 260,115 | 24,451 | 21,792 | 2,659 | 3,647 | 6,306 | 50,292 | 8.00 | 2.19 |
| 2003 | 8.46 | 0.40 | 10.20 | 271,527 | 27,696 | 22,963 | 4,733 | 3,706 | 8,439 | 58,731 | 6.98 | 2.42 |
| 2004 | 8.56 | 0.51 | 11.00 | 283,919 | 31,231 | 24,291 | 6,940 | 4,003 | 10,943 | 69,674 | 6.37 | 2.71 |
| 2005 | 8.70 | 0.65 | 11.80 | 296,007 | 34,929 | 25,742 | 9,187 | 4,368 | 13,555 | 83,229 | 5.81 | 3.05 |
| 2006 | 8.83 | 0.76 | 12.60 | 309,052 | 38,941 | 27,290 | 11,651 | 4,933 | 16,584 | 99,812 | 5.47 | 3.45 |
| 2007 | 9.00 | 0.90 | 12.70 | 321,750 | 40,862 | 28,944 | 11,918 | 5,615 | 17,533 | 117,345 | 5.25 | 3.82 |
| 2008 | 9.16 | 1.01 | 12.70 | 335,164 | 42,566 | 30,709 | 11,857 | 6,371 | 18,227 | 135,573 | 5.12 | 4.16 |
| 2009 | 9.34 | 1.13 | 12.70 | 348,766 | 44,293 | 32,565 | 11,728 | 7,159 | 18,887 | 154,460 | 5.02 | 4.48 |
| 2010 | 9.52 | 1.25 | 12.70 | 362,518 | 46,040 | 34,499 | 11,541 | 7,995 | 19,536 | 173,996 | 4.95 | 4.77 |
| 2011 | 9.73 | 1.34 | 12.70 | 375,119 | 47,640 | 36,504 | 11,136 | 8,819 | 19,955 | 193,951 | 4.88 | 5.03 |
| 2012 | 9.95 | 1.44 | 12.70 | 387,703 | 49,238 | 38,590 | 10,648 | 9,696 | 20,345 | 214,296 | 4.84 | 5.25 |
| 2013 | 10.19 | 1.54 | 12.70 | 400,279 | 50,835 | 40,789 | 10,046 | 10,631 | 20,677 | 234,973 | 4.83 | 5.45 |
| 2014 | 10.43 | 1.64 | 12.70 | 413,157 | 52,471 | 43,084 | 9,387 | 11,648 | 21,035 | 256,009 | 4.84 | 5.63 |
| 2015 | 10.67 | 1.73 | 12.70 | 426,011 | 54,103 | 45,469 | 8,634 | 12,680 | 21,314 | 277,323 | 4.86 | 5.78 |
| 2016 | 10.93 | 1.84 | 12.70 | 438,839 | 55,733 | 47,949 | 7,784 | 13,717 | 21,500 | 298,823 | 4.86 | 5.91 |
| 2017 | 11.18 | 1.93 | 12.70 | 452,006 | 57,405 | 50,524 | 6,881 | 14,769 | 21,650 | 320,473 | 4.88 | 6.02 |
| 2018 | 11.44 | 2.03 | 12.70 | 465,054 | 59,062 | 53,202 | 5,860 | 15,826 | 21,686 | 342,159 | 4.89 | 6.11 |
| 2019 | 11.71 | 2.14 | 12.70 | 478,022 | 60,709 | 55,982 | 4,727 | 16,889 | 21,616 | 363,775 | 4.90 | 6.18 |
| 2020 | 11.98 | 2.23 | 12.70 | 491,289 | 62,394 | 58,868 | 3,526 | 17,959 | 21,485 | 385,260 | 4.91 | 6.23 |
| 2021 | 12.25 | 2.32 | 12.70 | 504,915 | 64,124 | 61,861 | 2,263 | 19,027 | 21,290 | 406,550 | 4.92 | 6.26 |
| 2022 | 12.52 | 2.42 | 12.70 | 518,531 | 65,853 | 64,938 | 915 | 20,085 | 21,001 | 427,551 | 4.93 | 6.28 |
| 2023 | 12.80 | 2.53 | 12.70 | 532,088 | 67,575 | 68,100 | -525 | 21,130 | 20,606 | 448,156 | 4.94 | 6.28 |
| 2024 | 13.07 | 2.63 | 12.70 | 545,703 | 69,304 | 71,338 | -2,034 | 22,148 | 20,115 | 468,271 | 4.94 | 6.28 |
| 2025 | 13.32 | 2.73 | 12.70 | 560,369 | 71,167 | 74,621 | -3,454 | 23,141 | 19,687 | 487,958 | 4.94 | 6.26 |
| 2026 | 13.55 | 2.82 | 12.70 | 574,950 | 73,019 | 77,921 | -4,902 | 24,113 | 19,211 | 507,169 | 4.94 | 6.24 |
| 2027 | 13.76 | 2.91 | 12.70 | 590,332 | 74,972 | 81,215 | -6,243 | 25,061 | 18,818 | 525,987 | 4.94 | 6.22 |
| 2028 | 13.93 | 2.99 | 12.70 | 606,403 | 77,013 | 84,500 | -7,487 | 25,989 | 18,502 | 544,489 | 4.94 | 6.20 |
| 2029 | 14.10 | 3.08 | 12.70 | 622,730 | 79,087 | 87,808 | -8,721 | 26,901 | 18,180 | 562,669 | 4.94 | 6.17 |
| 2030 | 14.26 | 3.17 | 12.70 | 639,293 | 81,190 | 91,149 | -9,959 | 27,797 | 17,838 | 580,507 | 4.94 | 6.14 |
| 2035 | 14.74 | 3.53 | 12.70 | 732,957 | 93,086 | 108,011 | -14,925 | 32,095 | 17,170 | 667,105 | 4.94 | 5.98 |
| 2040 | 14.94 | 3.82 | 12.70 | 840,936 | 106,799 | 125,623 | -18,824 | 36,336 | 17,511 | 753,602 | 4.94 | 5.83 |
| 2045 | 15.08 | 4.05 | 12.70 | 961,436 | 122,102 | 145,015 | -22,913 | 40,689 | 17,777 | 842,396 | 4.93 | 5.65 |
| 2050 | 15.30 | 4.30 | 12.70 | 1,092,804 | 138,786 | 167,153 | -28,367 | 44,970 | 16,603 | 928,498 | 4.93 | 5.40 |
| 2055 | 15.57 | 4.55 | 12.70 | 1,236,962 | 157,094 | 192,557 | -35,463 | 48,720 | 13,257 | 1,002,051 | 4.93 | 5.06 |
| 2060 | 15.78 | 4.78 | 12.70 | 1,400,738 | 177,894 | 220,975 | -43,081 | 51,469 | 8,388 | 1,054,318 | 4.92 | 4.64 |
| 2065 | 15.90 | 4.94 | 12.70 | 1,589,444 | 201,859 | 252,723 | -50,864 | 52,848 | 1,984 | 1,077,875 | 4.91 | 4.15 |
| 2070 | 15.99 | 5.05 | 12.70 | 1,804,540 | 229,177 | 288,584 | -59,407 | 52,376 | -7,032 | 1,062,118 | 4.90 | 3.58 |
| 2075 | 16.09 | 5.13 | 12.70 | 2,047,454 | 260,027 | 329,458 | -69,431 | 49,254 | -20,177 | 989,598 | 4.88 | 2.93 |
| 2080 | 16.22 | 5.20 | 12.70 | 2,319,366 | 294,560 | 376,114 | -81,555 | 42,262 | -39,293 | 834,134 | 4.84 | 2.16 |
| 2085 | 16.35 | 5.26 | 12.70 | 2,624,517 | 333,314 | 429,231 | -95,917 | 29,729 | -66,188 | 560,572 | 4.75 | 1.27 |
| 2090 | 16.48 | 5.33 | 12.70 | 2,969,237 | 377,093 | 489,389 | -112,296 | 9,512 | -102,784 | 124,157 | 4.20 | 0.25 |
| 2095 | 16.59 | 5.40 | 12.70 | 3,360,427 | 426,774 | 557,415 | -130,641 | -21,051 | -151,691 | -530,889 | 2.00 | -0.93 |
| 2100 | 16.68 | 5.45 | 12.70 | 3,804,415 | 483,161 | 634,727 | -151,566 | -65,417 | -216,983 | -1,477,711 | 2.00 | -2.27 |

## VII. Appendix D-Supplementary Actuarial Information

## 1. Discussion of Actuarial Funding

The CPP is a defined benefit plan, i.e., in exchange for contributions, a worker and his or her dependents become eligible for a range of benefits, the amounts of which are based on his or her participation and earnings histories. In this sense, the CPP is similar to a defined benefit pension plan that might be established by an employer for its employees.

Defined benefit pension plans that are registered under the Income Tax Act must be funded in accordance with periodic actuarial valuations. These valuations are performed with the objectives of enhancing benefit security and providing for an orderly accumulation of sufficient funds during an individual's period of employment to meet the expected cost of the benefits promised.

From a more technical perspective, an actuarial valuation would generally:

- determine the adequacy of the plan's assets to meet its liabilities, assuming the plan is wound-up immediately;
- compare the plan's assets to its liabilities, assuming continuation of the plan on a going-concern basis; and
- determine the level of contributions required in order to accumulate sufficient assets, over a reasonable period of time, to meet both wind-up and going-concern liabilities.

The CPP differs from a typical pension plan in that it is funded largely on a pay-as-you-go basis. Although the CPP assets are targeted to reach a level of about four or five years' expenditures, this is only about $20 \%$ of the funding that would be required of a registered pension plan. For the most part, therefore, the contributions made by workers in a given year are used to meet the obligations of the CPP to current beneficiaries. Such intergenerational funding is appropriate for a social insurance program. Accordingly, the contribution rates are determined through long-term projections of the financial development of the plan, such as those presented in the main body of this report.

## Appendix D - Supplementary Actuarial Information

This appendix provides supplementary actuarial information regarding two of the issues mentioned above. It presents the results of a valuation performed using an actuarial method commonly applied to registered pension plans. It also provides an indication of the extent of the intergenerational transfers inherent in the CPP, through estimates of the internal rates of return to various cohorts of participants.

## 2. Actuarial Valuation - Accrued Benefit Method

The accrued benefit method has been used to determine the unfunded liability of the CPP. It is the method most widely used for actuarial valuations of registered pension plans and replaces the entry age normal method that was used in previous CPP actuarial reports. This change in method had the effect of decreasing the value of the actuarial liability by about $3.5 \%$.

Under this method, the future benefits that will be paid in respect of CPP participation on or before the valuation date of 31 December 1997 must first be projected. This projection was based on the best-estimate assumptions described in Section III, with the following exceptions:

- no new entrants to the workforce were included; and
- current plan participants who were not yet retired at the valuation date were assumed to have no contributory earnings beyond that date.

Next, these projected future expenditures were discounted at interest to determine their present value, i.e., the actuarial liability. The interest rate used for this purpose was $6.98 \%$. This is the weighted average of the assumed ultimate rates of return of $4.5 \%$ and $7.0 \%$ on the Operating Balance and Fund, respectively, under a scenario where the CPP would be fully funded.

The actuarial balance sheet of the CPP on this valuation basis is shown in Table VII.D. 1 below.

Table VII.D. 1 Actuarial Position as at 31 December 1997 - Accrued Benefit Method

|  | Amount <br> $(\$$ millions $)$ | \% of Liability |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Actuar ial value of assets | 36,460 | 7.8 |
| Actuar ial liability | 464,512 | 100.0 |
| Unfunded liability | 428,052 | 92.2 |

The book value of the CPP assets as at 31 December 1997 was used as the actuarial value of assets for purposes of this valuation. In the future, as marketable assets form a growing proportion of the investments, it may become appropriate to measure assets at market value. Note that if the assets had been valued by discounting future coupons and maturities of the existing 20-year bond portfolio using an interest rate of $6.98 \%$, the balance sheet would have shown assets of $\$ 42,321$ million and an unfunded liability of $\$ 422,191$ million.

The major factors that account for the changes in the unfunded liability from the amounts shown in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Actuarial Reports are identified in the table below.

## Appendix D - Supplementary Actuarial Information

Table VII.D. 2 Reconciliation of Changes in Unfunded Liability (millions of dollars)

| Fifteenth Report unfunded liability as at 31 December <br> 1993 | 487,500 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Increase due to recalculation as at 31 December 1996 | 100,300 |
| Expected unfunded liability as at 31 December 1996 | 587,800 |
| Bill C-2 changes | $-130,300$ |
| Sixteenth Report unfunded liability as at 31 December <br> 1996 | 457,500 |
| Increase due to recalculation as at 31 December 1997 |  |
| Expected unfunded liability as at 31 December 1997 | 22,300 |
| Adoption of accrued benefit method | 479,800 |
| Improvements in methodology, experience update and changes <br> in "other" assumptions <br> Changes in key assumptions <br> Fertility <br> Migration <br> Mortality <br> Disability <br> Employment <br> Real-wage differential <br> Price increases | $-19,200$ |
| Seventeenth Report unfunded liability as at 31 December <br> 1997 | 428,100 |

If the CPP were fully funded, the ratio of its assets to anticipated 1998 expenditures would be about 25.5 . This ratio will vary in future years, in accordance with demographic and economic experience and any changes in assumptions.

The normal actuarial cost represents the value of future benefits earned in a year. The normal cost for 1998 was calculated as $\$ 12,876.1$ million, or $5.79 \%$ of projected 1998 contributory earnings. All other things being equal, the normal cost rate will increase if the average age of CPP participants increases.

## 3. Internal Rates of Return

With respect to a group of CPP participants born in a given year, i.e., a cohort, the internal rate of return has been determined as the interest rate at which:

- the present value of past and future contributions paid, or expected to be paid, by that cohort is equal to
- the present value of past and future benefits earned, or expected to be earned, by that cohort.

Accordingly, actual internal rates of return cannot be determined until the last member of the cohort has died. However, they can be estimated based on the historical experience, and projected future experience, of the cohort. Internal rates of return have been calculated on the basis of the best-estimate assumptions and using the currently-scheduled steady-state contribution rate of $9.9 \%$ for 2003 and thereafter.

The results, presented in Table VII.D. 3 below, are net rates, in the sense that the administrative expenses associated with the cohort are not included in the value of the benefits. They are shown on two bases, as both nominal and real internal rates of return. To determine the real internal rates of return, both contributions and benefits were first adjusted to removed the impacts of price increases.

Appendix D - Supplementary Actuarial Information
Table VII.D. 3 Internal Rates of Return by Cohort (annual percentages)

| Birth Year | Nominal | Real |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1910 | 31.4 | 23.1 |
| 1920 | 21.3 | 13.6 |
| 1930 | 15.0 | 9.0 |
| 1940 | 10.7 | 6.1 |
| 1950 | 7.8 | 4.2 |
| 1960 | 6.2 | 3.1 |
| 1970 | 5.5 | 2.4 |
| 1980 | 5.4 | 2.3 |
| 1990 | 5.1 | 2.1 |
| 2000 | 5.1 | 2.0 |
| 2010 | 5.0 | 2.0 |
| 2020 | 5.0 | 1.9 |
| 2030 | 5.0 | 1.9 |

The higher internal rates of return of the earlier cohorts mean that they are expected to receive better "value" from the CPP than those who follow. The differences provide an indication of the degree of intergenerational transfer inherent in the plan. However, the fact that all of the rates in the table are greater than zero shows that each cohort is expected to receive more from the CPP than it contributes.

