

Catalogue no. 75-202-XIE

Income in Canada

2004





Statistics Canada Statistique Canada



How to obtain more information

Specific inquiries about this product and related statistics or services should be directed to: Income in Canada, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, K1A 0T6 (telephone: 1 888 297-7355).

For information on the wide range of data available from Statistics Canada, you can contact us by calling one of our toll free numbers. You can also contact us by e-mail or by visiting our website.

National inquiries line 1 800 263-1136

National telecommunications device for the hearing impaired 1 800 363-7629

Depository Services Program inquiries 1 800 700-1033

Fax line for Depository Services Program 1 800 889-9734

E-mail inquiries infostats@statcan.ca

Website www.statcan.ca

Ordering and subscription information

This product, Catalogue no. 75-202-XIE, is available on the Statistics Canada Internet site free of charge. To obtain single issues visit our website at www.statcan.ca, and select Products and Services.

Standards of service to the public

Statistics Canada is committed to serving its clients in a prompt, reliable and courteous manner and in the official language of their choice. To this end, the Agency has developed *standards of service* which its employees observe in serving its clients. To obtain a copy of these service standards, please contact Statistics Canada toll free at 1 800 263-1136. The service standards are also published on *www.statcan.ca* under About Statistics Canada > Providing services to Canadians.



Statistics Canada Income in Canada

Income in Canada

2004

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada

© Minister of Industry, 2006

All rights reserved. The content of this publication may be reproduced, in whole or in part, and by any means, without further permission from Statistics Canada, subject to the following conditions: that it is done solely for the purposes of private study, research, criticism, review, newspaper summary, and/or for non-commercial purposes; and that Statistics Canada be fully acknowledged as follows: Source (or "Adapted from", if appropriate): Statistics Canada, name of product, catalogue, volume and issue numbers, reference period and page(s). Otherwise, no part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopy, for any purposes, without the prior written permission of Licensing Services, Client Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 0T6.

March 2006

Catalogue no. 75-202-XIE

ISSN 1492-1499 Frequency: Annual

Ottawa

La version française de cette publication est disponible sur demande (nº 75-202-XIF au catalogue).

Note of appreciation

Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long standing partnership between Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses, governments and other institutions. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill.

User information

Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

Custom tabulations of SLID data

For clients with specialized data needs, custom tabulations can be produced on a cost-recovery basis. Contact Client Services, Income Statistics Division (1 (888) 297-7355 or (613) 951-7355; income@statcan.ca).

The Average tables our available free of charge on request.

Remote access to SLID data

Remote access is an initiative that enables external researchers to access and use SLID data.

Under this arrangement, researchers contact the Income Statistics Division to indicate their interests in remote access to SLID data and provides a short abstract outlining the objectives for their research. Upon approval of their access request, researchers are provided with a copy of the SLID retrieval software (SLIDRET), as well as an empty SLID database structure.

Researchers write and test their own computer programs, then send these programs to Statistics Canada over the Internet. We submit their programs, vet the output for confidentiality, and e-mail the results back. This process opens up our complex data set to even more researchers and increases research volume.

This service is an alternative to Statistics Canada's Research Data Centres and regional offices.

Contact Client Services, Income Statistics Division (1 (888) 297-7355 or (613) 951-7355; income@statcan.ca).

Research Data Centres

Research Data Centres are part of an initiative by Statistics Canada, the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council (SSHRC) and university consortia to help strengthen Canada 's social research capacity and to support the policy research community.

Table of contents

Highlig	phts	7
Introdu	uction	8
Analysi	is	9
Related	d products	18
Statistic	ical tables	
1 Me	edian market income by selected family types	22
1-1	Canada	22
1-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	24
1-3	Prince Edward Island	25
1-4	Nova Scotia	26
1-5	New Brunswick	27
1-6	Quebec	28
1-7	Ontario	29
1-8	Manitoba	30
1-9	Saskatchewan	31
1-10	Alberta	32
1-11	British Columbia	33
2 Go	overnment transfers by after-tax income quintiles	34
2-1	Canada	34
2-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	35
2-3	Prince Edward Island	36
2-4	Nova Scotia	37
2-5	New Brunswick	38
2-6	Quebec	39
2-7	Ontario	40
2-8	Manitoba	41
2-9	Saskatchewan	42
2-10	Alberta	43
2-11	British Columbia	44

Table of contents - continued

3	Media	an total income by selected family types	45
	3-1	Canada	45
	3-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	47
	3-3	Prince Edward Island	48
	3-4	Nova Scotia	49
	3-5	New Brunswick	50
	3-6	Quebec	51
	3-7	Ontario	52
	3-8	Manitoba	53
	3-9	Saskatchewan	54
	3-10	Alberta	55
	3-11	British Columbia	56
4	Avera	ge total income received by income sources, Canada	57
5	Incon	ne tax by after-tax income quintiles	58
	5-1	Canada	58
	5-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	59
	5-3	Prince Edward Island	60
	5-4	Nova Scotia	61
	5-5	New Brunswick	62
	5-6	Quebec	63
	5-7	Ontario	64
	5-8	Manitoba	65
	5-9	Saskatchewan	66
	5-10	Alberta	67
	5-11	British Columbia	68
6	Media	an after-tax income by selected family types	69
	6-1	Canada	69
	6-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	71
	6-3	Prince Edward Island	72
	6-4	Nova Scotia	73
	6-5	New Brunswick	74
	6-6	Quebec	75
	6-7	Ontario	76
	6-8	Manitoba	77

Table of contents - continued

6-9	Saskatchewan	78
6-10	Alberta	79
6-11	British Columbia	80
Media	an income by selected family types, showing different income concepts, Canada	81
		82
	-	82
		83
8-3	-	84
	· ·	85
8-5	Average after-tax income	86
Gini (coefficients of market income, total income and after-tax income by selected family	
types	s, Canada	87
9-1	Market income	87
9-2	Total income	88
9-3	After-tax income	89
Avera	age income by after-tax income quintiles, showing adjustment for family size, Canada	90
10-1	Market income	90
10-2	Total income	91
10-3	After-tax income	92
Perso	ons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number	93
11-1	Canada	93
11-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	95
11-3	Prince Edward Island	97
11-4	Nova Scotia	99
11-5	New Brunswick	101
11-6	Quebec	103
11-7	Ontario	105
	Manitoba	107
11-8	Mantoba	
11-8 11-9	Saskatchewan	109
		109 111
11-9	Saskatchewan	
11-9 11-10	Saskatchewan Alberta	111
	Avera conc. 8-1 8-2 8-3 8-4 8-5 Gini c types 9-1 9-2 9-3 Avera 10-1 10-2 10-3 Perso 11-1 11-2 11-3 11-4 11-5 11-6 11-7	Median income by selected family types, showing different income concepts, Canada Average income and income shares by after-tax income quintiles, showing different income concepts, Canada 8-1 Average market income 8-2 Average transfer payments 8-3 Average total income 8-4 Average income tax 8-5 Average after-tax income Gini coefficients of market income, total income and after-tax income by selected family types, Canada 9-1 Market income 9-2 Total income 9-3 After-tax income Average income by after-tax income quintiles, showing adjustment for family size, Canada 10-1 Market income 10-2 Total income 10-3 After-tax income Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number 11-1 Canada 11-2 Newfoundland and Labrador 11-3 Prince Edward Island 11-4 Nova Scotia 11-5 New Brunswick 11-6 Quebec

Table of contents - continued

13	Low income after tax (92 LICOs base), by selected family types, Canada	116
13	3-1 Prevalence	116
13	3-2 Estimated number	117
13	3-3 Average income gap	118
14	Low income after tax cut-offs (92 LICOs base)	119
14	4-1 2000 to 2004	119
14	1-2 1995 to 1999	120
15	Selected family types, Canada	121
15	5-1 Number of families	121
15	5-2 Number of persons	122
Data	quality, concepts and methodology	
Note	s and definitions	123
Meth	nodology	137
Surv	ey content	143
Chai	rts	
1.	Median after-tax income by economic family types, Canada	9
2.	Median after-tax imcome, Families of two persons or more, Canada and provinces	10
3.	Composition of pretax income for non-senior and senior families	11
4.	Median market and after-tax income, Canada	12
5.	Incidence of low income among different familly types, Canada	15
6.	Incidence of low income among individuals, Canada	16
7.	Gini coefficients for senior families, non-senior families, Canada	17

Highlights

- Median after-tax income rose for most Canadian families in 2004 as strong economic growth fostered gains in employment, which in turn boosted market income, according to new data from the Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID).
- Canadian families with two or more people had a median income after taxes of \$54,100, up about 2% from 2003, after adjusting for inflation. (Median is the point at which half of families had higher income and half less.)
- The Canadian economy, as measured by real gross domestic product, grew 2.9% in 2004. According to the Labour Force Survey, this gain extended to the labour market as employment rose during the year, all in full-time jobs, and the unemployment rate declined.
- The increase in after-tax income wasn't shared by all family types, however. Among senior or "elderly" families those in which the main income earner was aged 65 and over median after-tax income remained virtually unchanged as it also did for "unattached individuals", or single people.
- Families in only two provinces Alberta and Ontario recorded median after-tax income that was higher than the national level. In fact, families in Alberta had the nation's highest median for the first time ever.
- Of the three main components of after-tax income (market income, transfers from governments and personal income taxes), only market income changed significantly from 2003. (Market income is the sum of earnings from employment, investment income and private retirement income.)
- Canadian families and unattached singles got the lion's share of their total pretax income from market income. For families of two or more people, market income rose about 2%. Despite this gain, however, income taxes remained about the same.

SLID data also showed:

- The gap in after-tax income between the one-fifth of families with the highest incomes and the one-fifth with the lowest widened in 2004. The gap increased from \$99,000 in 2003 to \$102,700 in 2004. However, after-tax income increased for families of two persons or more in all five income groups.
- The proportion of families living below Statistics Canada's low-income cutoff (LICO), declined in 2004, reflecting the strong economic conditions.
- An estimated 684,000 families were living in low income in 2004, 7.8% of the total, down from 8.5% in 2003 and 9.5% in 1999. These families needed an average of \$7,200 to bring their income above the cutoff, compared with \$7,500 in 1999.
- An estimated 865,000 children aged 17 and under, or 12.8% of the total, were living in low-income families in 2004, compared with 1.0 million in 1999. The rate was well below the peak of 18.6% in 1996, but up slightly from the low of 12.1% in 2001.
- The low-income rate among seniors fell to an all-time low of only 5.6%. Single senior women were twice as likely to be in low income as single senior males.

Introduction

This report examines family income and low income in Canada. The data prior to 1996 are drawn from the Survey of Consumer Finances. Beginning with 1996, the data are taken from the Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics.

It should be noted that this report, for the first time, analyses family income on the basis of medians. Previous years referred to average incomes. All the figures included in this report (unless otherwise stated) are sample survey estimates. To factor in inflation when comparing income levels across time, all the income estimates are expressed in constant dollars of 2004.

A follow-up report, to be published shortly, will focus on low-wage workers and persons in low income families.

Analysis

Chart 1

After-tax income: Median for Canadian families up slightly to \$54,100

The median after-tax income for all Canadian families with two or more people increased 2% in 2004, after adjusting for inflation, according to new SLID data. (Median is the point at which half of families had higher income and half less.)

The gain was largely the result of strong economic growth, as measured by real gross domestic product, which rose 2.9% in 2004.

According to the Labour Force Survey, this gain extended to the labour market as employment increased 1.8% on average, and unemployment fell to 7.2%. All employment gains were in full-time jobs, which rose 2.3%. Part-time jobs edged down 0.6%.

Not all family types shared in the increase in after-tax income. Among senior or "elderly" families – those in which the main income earner was aged 65 and over – median after-tax income remained virtually unchanged at \$38,500. However, this represented a 12% increase in real terms relative to 1996.

Among "unattached individuals", or single people, median after-tax income amounted to \$21,300, also virtually unchanged from 2003. During the last two decades, the proportion of Canadians who live as "unattached individuals" has increased from 10% to 15% of the population.

Seniors living on their own received a median after-tax income of \$19,500 in 2004. These figures were virtually unchanged from 2003.

Median after-tax income by economic family types, Canada

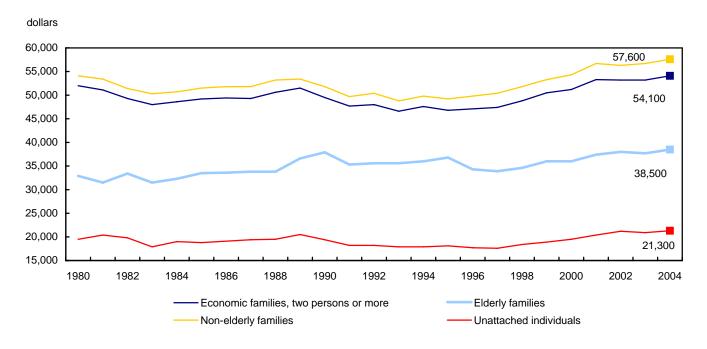


Chart 2

Provinces: Alberta families had highest median income for the first time

For the first time, Alberta families with two or more people had the highest median after-tax income in 2004. In 2003, Alberta and Ontario were in a tie.

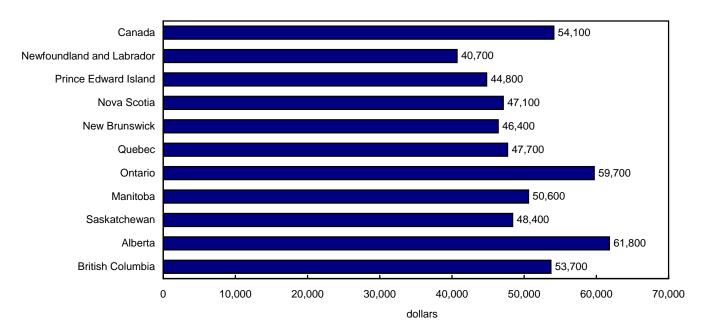
Half of all families in Alberta had after-tax income of \$61,800 or more, up 4% from 2003. Median after-tax income in New Brunswick also increased 4%, but only to \$46,400.

After-tax income was virtually unchanged for families in other provinces.

Families of two people or more in Alberta and Ontario were the only ones with after-tax income higher than the national median. Those in Ontario had a median after-tax income of \$59,700, followed by families in British Columbia with \$53,700.

After-tax income was lowest among families in Newfoundland and Labrador at \$40,700.

Median after-tax imcome, Families of two persons or more, Canada and provinces

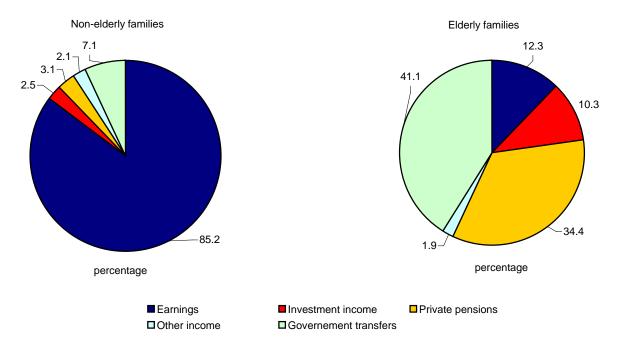


Market income: Lion's share of pretax income for families and singles

Canadian families and singles earned the lion's share of their total (pretax) income from the marketplace. (Market income is the sum of earnings from employment, investment income and private retirement income.)

For families of two or more people, median market income rose about 2% to \$55,800.





In 2004, market income received from earnings, private pensions and investment income made up nearly \$90 out of every \$100 of income received before taxes. The remaining \$10 came from government transfers.

These proportions varied, especially between senior families and non-senior families—those in which the major earner was not a senior.

Among non-senior families, earnings made up the largest share of income before taxes. For every \$100 of total income, non-senior families received \$93 from the market income, and the remaining \$7 from government transfers. (The \$93 from the market income comprised \$85 from earnings, \$3 from investment income, \$3 from private pensions and \$2 from other income.

The median market income for non-senior families in 2004 was \$62,800, up 2.8% from 2003. Increases in employment and the number of full-time jobs contributed to this gain. From 1996 to 2000, market income jumped 12% to \$61,200 then stayed relatively constant until 2003.

In comparison, senior families relied less on earnings, receiving almost six times as much of their total income from government transfers. For every \$100 of total income in 2004, they received \$41 from government transfers and only \$59 from the market.

Seniors rely more heavily on private pensions and government transfers

Out of every \$100 of total income, senior families received \$34 from private pensions, up from \$27 in 1996. Single seniors received \$33 from private pensions, up from \$24 in 1996. Almost 8 in 10 senior families received income from private pensions in 2004, up from 7 in 10 in 1996.

The other key source of income for seniors—government transfers—remained relatively constant over the last decade. The median level of transfers in 2004 was \$21,600 for senior families and about \$14,000 for senior singles.

Despite their constant level, government transfers remain an important portion of seniors' incomes. Senior families received \$41 out of every \$100 in total income from government transfers, including the Canada Pension Plan or

Quebec Pension Plan. They received \$12 from earnings, \$10 from investment income, and the rest from other income.

Single seniors relied even more heavily on government transfers in 2004 than did senior families. For every \$100 of total income, single seniors received \$51 from government transfers or \$10 more than senior families; and \$3 from earnings or \$9 less than senior families. Some of this difference may be explained by the fact that senior families may have a non-senior member with earnings. Single seniors and senior families received about the same proportion of their income from other sources.

Earnings of single mothers continue to rise

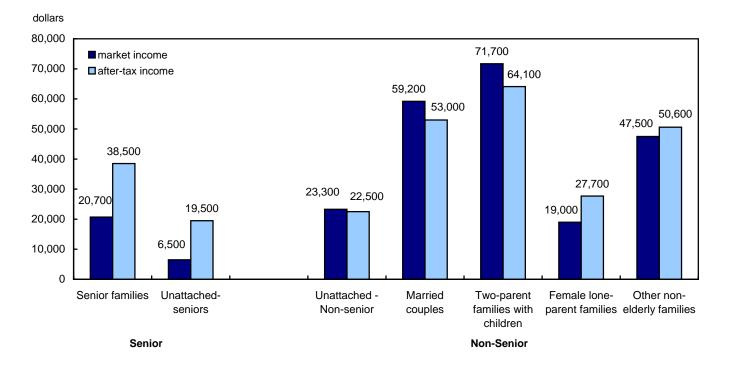
Earnings of "female lone-parent families", or single mothers, rose dramatically from 1996 to 2004. In 1996, half of these families had \$8,400 or less in market income. By 2000 this amount had increased to \$18,200 and since then has stabilized at about \$19,000, which was the level in 2004.

For every \$100 in total income, single mothers received \$65 from earnings, \$11 more than in 1996. This increase in earnings led to a reduction in their dependence on government transfers, which contributed \$25 of every \$100 in total income, compared with \$37 in 1996.

The increase in earnings reflects the increase in economic growth. In general, income composition changes as economic conditions and government programs change. In 2004, most families and individuals relied somewhat more on earnings than in 1996, and among the non-seniors, families and individuals of the same age group shared a similar composition of total pre-tax income.

Median market and after-tax income, Canada

Chart 4



Market income varies by type of family

The level of market income of non-senior families continued to vary by type of family, though all families experienced similar trends. The median market income of two parent families with children was \$71,700 in 2004. Couples without children received \$59,200 or about 80% of the amount received by two parent families with children, while other families received \$47,500 or about two thirds that amount.

Senior families received a median of \$20,700 in market income in 2004, an increase of \$800 from 2003. Between 1996 and 2004, the market income of the average elderly family rose 30% after adjusting for inflation. This reflects, in part, growth in employment among seniors aged 65 to 69. According to the Labour Force Survey, in 2004 employment rose faster for seniors aged 65 to 69 than for any other age group. This continued a trend started in 2001.

Market income of single persons did not increase significantly between 2003 and 2004. In 2004, their median market income was \$17,400.

Large majority of Canadians receive government transfers

In 2004, over three-quarters of non-senior Canadians and 99% of all seniors, both single and in families, received some income in the form of government transfers. For seniors, these transfers came largely from the Canada Pension Plan, the Quebec Pension Plan, Old Age Security, and the Guaranteed Income Supplement.

For non-seniors, 74% of all single people and 82% of all families received government transfers, which included the following: Employment Insurance (EI) benefits, including parental leave benefits; child tax benefits; social assistance; and Workers' Compensation benefits. Almost all lone-parent families, six out of seven two-parent families with children and just over half of all couples without children received government transfers.

For families who received EI benefits, the average benefit was \$6,100 in 2004. This was virtually unchanged from 2003. EI benefits rose 19% from 2000 to 2003, largely because of the expanded parental leave benefits that became effective at the end of 2000.

Child tax benefits contributed one-fifth of the transfers received by two-parent families, and almost half of the transfers received by lone-parent families. For all families who received child tax benefits, these benefits remained stable at \$2,500 from 2001 to 2004. They increased from \$1,900 in 1996 to their 2001 levels, largely because of program enrichments in 1998 and 2001.

Canadians saw in 2004 further benefits from federal tax cuts introduced in 2000

Canadians continued to benefit from the tax cuts introduced in the federal budget update in the fall of 2000. This budget reduced all federal income tax rates and indexed to inflation the income thresholds at which each federal tax rate applies. As a result, between 2000 and 2001 Canadians experienced a decline in their implicit income tax rate, which measures the average amount of taxes paid as a share of total income.

In 2001, out of every \$100 in total income, senior families paid \$13 in taxes, down from \$15 in 2000; non-senior families paid \$18 in taxes, down from \$20 in 2000; and single persons paid \$16, down from \$18 in 2000. After-tax income rose as a result, by as much or more than pre-tax income.

The fall 2000 budget also announced a further increase in income tax thresholds in 2004, which are the income levels at which the next marginal income tax rate applies. For example, the threshold for the 22% tax rate increased \$2,817, from \$32,183 in 2003 to \$35,000 in 2004, a 6% increase after adjusting for inflation.

Partly as a result of these threshold increases, 2004 saw little or no increase in implicit income tax rates. In both 2003 and 2004, out of every \$100 in total income, senior families paid \$13 in taxes, non-senior families paid \$18 in taxes, and single persons paid \$17 in taxes. All three groups experienced increases in their median total income in 2004, though this increase was statistically significant only for non-senior families.

Tax-transfer system redistributes income across families, reduces income disparities

The personal income tax and government transfer system redistributes income across families at different periods in their lifetime and reduces income disparities. Younger workers, students, and the unemployed earn less, pay lower taxes, and receive more government transfers than more experienced workers with higher earnings. Changes in labour market situations and family circumstances also affect the amount of taxes paid and transfers received.

In 2004, families paid a median income tax of \$8,600 and received a median of \$4,000 in government transfers.

For the purpose of analysis, families were then equally divided into five groups according to their after-tax income, with each group representing 20% of all families. These groups are called "quintiles".

The highest quintile, or 20% of families with the highest after-tax income, earned 46% of all market income, paid 56% of all income taxes, and took home 40% of all after-tax income.

The lowest quintile, or 20% of families with the lowest after-tax income, earned only 3.6% of all market income, paid 1.8% of all income taxes, and took home 7.1% of after-tax income.

For every \$1 of market income received by the 20% of families with the lowest after-tax income, the highest 20% received \$12.90. After government transfers and taxes, the highest income group received \$5.60 for every dollar earned by the lowest group.

For "unattached individuals" or singles, the impact of the tax-transfer system was even more significant. The highest income individuals received \$22.00 for every dollar received in market income by the lowest. This fell to \$8.40 in after-tax dollars.

Wider gap between the lowest- and the highest-income families

From 1996 to 2004, the average after-tax income gap widened between the lowest- and highest-income families. The income gap between the top and bottom quintiles increased from \$82,500 in 1996 to \$99,000 in 2003 and to \$102,700 in 2004. By 2004, the average after-tax income was \$125,000 for the highest quintile and \$22,300 for the lowest. In the study of income inequality, studies typically examine average income within a quintle and the average income gaps, or differences, between these quintiles.

Though all quintiles benefited from the positive economic conditions that have prevailed since the early 1990s, families in the top quintile gained the most. The top quintile saw a 23% increase in their after-tax income, the bottom quintile saw a 17% increase and the three middle quintiles each saw increases of about 15% since 1996.

The inequality in after-tax income widened for non-senior families, but fell for senior families.

Low income rate for families falls

The percentage of Canadian families in "low income" after taxes fell to 7.8% in 2004 from 8.5% in 2003 and a high of 12.1% in 1996.

Statistics Canada's low-income rate measures the percentage of families below the low-income cutoff (LICO). The LICO is a statistical measure of the income thresholds below which Canadians likely devote a larger share of income than average to the necessities of food, shelter and clothing.

In 2004, 684,000 families were below the low income cut-off (LICO). These families needed an average of \$7,200 to bring their income above the cut-off, compared to \$7,400 in 1996.

The low income rate fell in 2004 for both senior and non-senior families. Among senior families, 2.1% were below the LICO, down from 2.7% in 2003, and the lowest rate in the 1980-2004 period. Among non-senior families, the low income rate fell in 2004 to 8.8% from 9.5% in 2003.

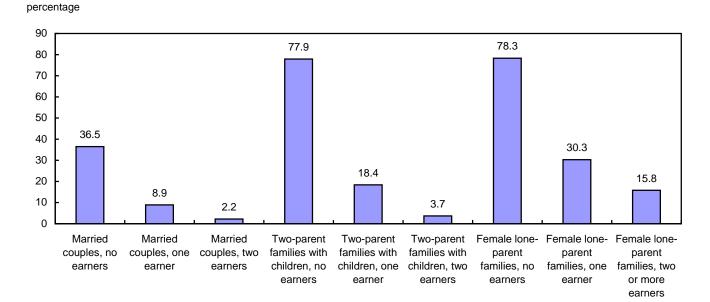
Low-income rate falls as number of earners rises

Among families, the risk of low income varies by family composition and falls as the number of income earners rises. Married couples with no children faced a low-income rate of 2.2% if both earned income but this rose to 37% for those with only one income earner.

For the 3 million two-parent families with children the low-income rate was 6.7%. It was 3.7% for the 1.9 million families with two income earners and 18.4% for the 440,000 families with a single income earner. For the 43,000 two-parent families with no earners the low-income rate was 78%. Over the previous two decades, this rate did not drop below the 1997 rate of 69% for two-parent families with no earners.

Incidence of low income among different familly types, Canada

Chart 5



Low-income rate for single mothers declines

Of the 550,000 lone-parent families headed by women in 2004, 36 % lived in low income, down from 53% in 1996. This reduction was partly the result of an increase in the number of single mothers with earned income. In 1996, about 6 in 10 single mothers had earnings. By 2004, this rose to 8 in 10. Almost 8 in 10 single mothers without earnings experienced low income in 2004.

Number of children in low income stabilizes

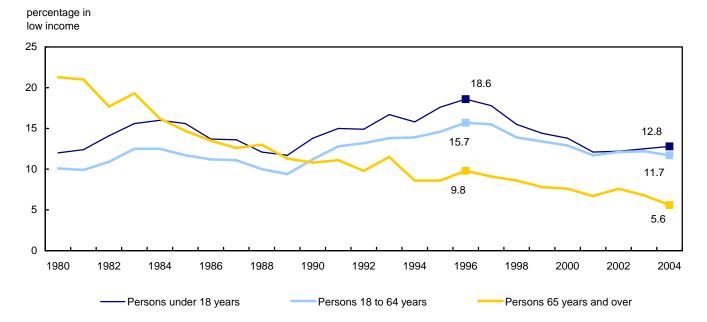
After climbing throughout the early 1990s, the prevalence of low income among all Canadians peaked at 15.7% in 1996, declined to 11.2% in 2001 and remained at or close to that level till 2004. In 2004, about 3.5 million people, or 11.2% of the population, were in low income but the low-income rate was higher among women, at 11.7%, than men at 10.6%.

About 865,000 children under 18 years of age lived in low-income families in 2004, down from 1.3 million in 1996 and 1.0 million in 1999. The proportion of children in low-income families fell from its peak of 18.6% in 1996 to its current level of about 12.8%, following a low of 12.1% in 2001.

In 2004, just over half of all the children in low-income families lived in two-parent families. The low-income rate of children in two-parent families was much lower, at 8.1%, than that of children in female lone-parent families, at 40.0%. There were 367,000 children in low-income lone-parent families headed by women in 2004.

Chart 6

Incidence of low income among individuals, Canada



Seniors' low-income rate hits all-time low

The low-income rate among seniors continued its downward trend, which began in the early 1980s, with the estimated number of seniors in low income at an all-time low of 219,000 people. In 2004, 5.6% of seniors lived below Statistics Canada's low income cut-off, down from 6.8% in 2003, and 21% in 1980. This is the lowest rate of seniors in low income for the 25-year period, 1980 to 2004, for which we have estimates.

Single seniors are more vulnerable to low income, with a low-income rate almost 10 times that for seniors living in families, 16% compared to 1.6%. Among single seniors, women are twice as likely to be in low income as men. Senior women have a low-income rate of 17% though this decreased over two decades from 57% in 1980. The rate for senior men decreased from a high of 47% in 1980 to 12% in 2004.

Technical note: Inequality

The 'Gini coefficient' provides an alternative way to measure income inequality. It is particularly useful in examining inequality trends over a longer period of time.

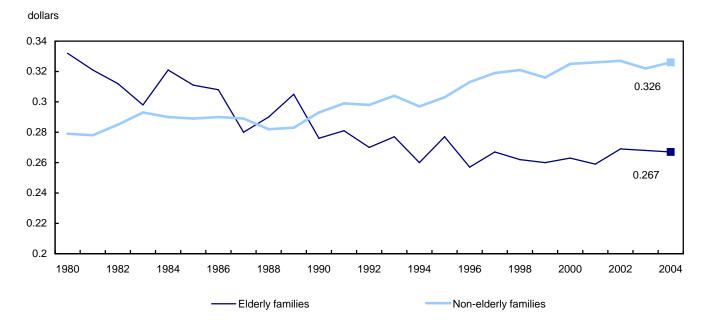
The Gini coefficient is a number between zero and one. The number zero represents perfect income equality, where everyone receives the same income. The number one represents perfect inequality, where one person receives all income and others receive nothing. The higher the value of the Gini coefficient, the higher the degree of income inequality in a society.

Using after-tax income for families, the Gini coefficient rose during the 1990s to about 0.33 in 2000 after remaining stable during the 1980s at 0.30. The coefficient has remained at about 0.33 since 2000.

Income inequality shows different trends among senior families and non-senior families. In 1980, seniors saw a higher level of income inequality, at 0.33, than did non-seniors, at 0.28. This inequality fell over time among seniors, but rose among younger families. Currently, senior families experience less income inequality, at 0.27, than do non-senior families, at 0.33.

Gini coefficients for senior families, non-senior families, Canada

Chart 7



Related products

Selected publications from Statistics Canada

13F0022X	Income trends in Canada
75F0011X	Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID) - A survey overview
75F0026X	Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics electronic data dictionary

Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

202-0101	Distribution of earnings, by sex, 2004 constant dollars
202-0102	Average female and male earnings, and female-to-male earnings ratio, by work activity, 2004 constant dollars
202-0103	Number of earners, by sex and work activity
202-0104	Female-to-male earnings ratios, by selected characteristics, 2004 constant dollars
202-0105	Distribution of total income, by husband-wife families, 2004 constant dollars
202-0106	Earnings of individuals, by selected characteristics and National Occupational Classification (NOCS), 2004 constant dollars
202-0107	Earnings of individuals, by selected characteristics and North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2004 constant dollars
202-0201	Distribution of market income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0202	Average market income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0203	Median market income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0301	Government transfers, by economic family type and after-tax income quintiles, 2004 constant dollars
202-0401	Distribution of total income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0402	Distribution of total income of individuals, 2004 constant dollars
202-0403	Average total income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0404	Total income, by economic family type, age group and income source, 2004 constant dollars
202-0405	Upper income limits and income shares of total income quintiles, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars

202-0406	Upper income limits and income shares of total income quintiles, by major income source, 2004 constant dollars
202-0407	Income of individuals, by sex, age group and income source, 2004 constant dollars
202-0408	Distribution of total income, by census family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0409	Average total income, by census family type and living arrangement, 2004 constant dollars
202-0410	Average total income, by census family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0411	Median total income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0501	Income tax, by economic family type and after-tax income quintiles, 2004 constant dollars
202-0601	Distribution of after-tax income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0602	Distribution of after-tax income of individuals, 2004 constant dollars
202-0603	Average after-tax income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0604	Upper income limits and income shares of after-tax income quintiles, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0605	Median after-tax income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0701	Market, total and after-tax income, by economic family type and income quintiles, 2004 constant dollars
202-0702	Market income, government transfers, total income, income tax and after-tax income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0703	Market, total and after-tax income, by economic family type and after-tax income quintiles, 2004 constant dollars
202-0704	Government transfers and income tax, by economic family type and after-tax income quintiles, 2004 constant dollars
202-0705	Gini coefficients of market, total and after-tax income, by economic family type
202-0706	Market, total and after-tax economic family income, by adjusted after-tax income quintiles, 2004 constant dollars
202-0801	Low income cut-offs before and after tax for rural and urban areas, by family size
202-0802	Persons in low income
202-0803	Families in low income before and after tax, by age and sex of major income earner
202-0804	Families in low income, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0805	Low income gap, by economic family type, 2004 constant dollars
202-0806	Transitions of persons into and out of low income before and after tax, by selected characteristics
202-0807	Persistence of low income, by selected characteristics

Selected surveys from Statistics Canada

3889

Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics

Selected tables of Canadian statistics from Statistics Canada

- · Average total income by selected family types
- · Persons in low income after tax, by prevalence in percent
- Average income after tax by economic family types
- · Average market income by economic family types
- · Persons in low income before tax, by prevalence in percent
- · Government transfers and income tax
- · Average earnings by sex and work pattern
- · Estimated numbers of earners by sex

Statistical tables

Table 1-1

Median market income by selected family types — Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 co	nstant dollars				
Average										
Economic families, two persons or more	57,300	57,300	58,900	61,500	63,500	66,400	67,000	66,900	66,300	68,100
Elderly families	30,300	26,100	26,000	26,600	28,600	29,400	29,100	30,100	29,700	30,600
Married couples	25,000	25,200	25,100	25,800	28,100	27,800	28,400	28,700	28,800	30,400
Other families	42,800	29,000	28,700	29,300	30,600	35,200	32,000	35,600	32,900	31,600
Non-elderly families	62,300	62,300	64,300	67,200	69,300	72,400	73,200	72,900	72,500	74,700
Married couples	60,400	63,000	66,100	67,200	66,900	68,100	72,200	70,700	68,700	69,500
No earners	15,600	20,900	22,400	20,500	23,100	23,700	28,000	25,000	22,500	22,400
One earner	47,000	46,000	48,600	49,800	53,300	52,100	56,400	50,900	51,600	54,500
Two earners	72,400	77,200	79,000	81,600	79,400	79,800	83,500	83,400	79,800	79,200
Two-parent families with children	68,000	67,800	70,600	74,400	77,000	80,300	80,700	81,000	82,200	85,300
No earners	3,000	4,200	5,400	4,900	5,400	6,300	7,000	8,400	7,500	8,300
One earner	45,400	49,000	48,300	55,300	55,600	55,900	56,200	59,900	61,000	58,600
Two earners	72,400	71,700	74,100	77,600	79,100	82,400	82,300	81,900	82,800	85,700
Three or more earners	88,800	91,800	94,500	93,400	97,400	102,200	102,900	101,000	102,200	108,000
Married couples with other relatives	83,900	87,800	87,600	90,200	95,500	101,800	97,900	98,100	97,400	101,100
Lone-parent families	22,100	20,600	21,200	24,300	25,700	29,400	30,000	28,200	29,000	29,500
Male	36,300	40,100	40,000	42,700	44,300	50,200	46,000	46,100	50,500	47,500
Female	19,900	17,600	18,200	21,000	22,300	25,200	26,700	24,000	24,200	25,400
No earners	2,900	2,000	1,300	2,200	2,500	1,400	2,400	2,200	2,500	3,600
One earner	25,900	24,900	24,000	24,700	25,500	26,800	28,000	25,900	25,000	26,700
Two or more earners	42,500	38,600	40,700	43,100	42,500	47,300	49,700	42,000	44,100	40,800
Other non-elderly families	44,100	48,900	48,000	52,300	53,900	56,500	56,200	58,100	53,400	56,400
Unattached individuals	21,400	20,900	20,800	21,600	23,700	23,800	24,500	25,000	25,800	25,800
Elderly males	13,600	14,500	14,700	15,600	14,400	13,300	15,200	14,900	16,200	15,400
Non-earner	11,200	11,800	12,200	12,000	12,600	11,300	13,300	12,000	12,100	13,200
Earner	35,900	35,700	29,900	37,200	26,900	24,400	27,000	27,300	30,400	23,800
Elderly females	8,800	10,100	10,400	9,800	9,900	10,600	11,400	12,000	11,800	12,400
Non-earner	8,300	9,400	9,500	9,000	9,100	9,700	10,300	11,300	10,800	11,300
Earner	23,100	28,100	22,700	21,900	22,800	23,400	26,300	20,300	19,700	21,900
Non-elderly males	27,800	27,100	26,600	27,900	30,100	31,300	31,700	31,900	32,900	32,300
Non-earner	4,000	3,000	3,100	2,900	3,000	2,600	4,200	4,700	5,300	4,900
Earner	33,800	33,300	33,400	34,500	35,700	36,700	37,000	37,500	38,700	37,400
Non-elderly females	23,200	21,000	20,900	21,900	25,800	24,300	24,700	26,300	26,800	26,800
Non-earner	5,200	3,800	4,600	3,900	4,400	4,200	4,900	4,600	6,200	6,000
Earner	29,600	27,800	27,600	29,200	33,600	31,000	31,400	32,900	32,700	32,600

Table 1-1 – continued

Median market income by selected family types — Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median	40.500	40.000	40.000	E4 C00	F2 000	EE 200	EE 400	E4 E00	E4 E00	EE 000
Economic families, two persons or more	49,500	48,800	49,600	51,600	53,800	55,200	55,100	54,500	54,500	55,800
Elderly families	19,000	15,900	15,200	15,500	17,700	18,500	19,300	20,200	19,500	20,700
Married couples	16,000	16,200	15,700	15,600	17,500	18,200	19,300	20,100	19,400	20,500
Other families	28,600	13,900	13,000	15,400	18,500	20,300	20,400	20,500	20,200	21,400
Non-elderly families	55,300	54,900	55,700	57,700	59,400	61,200	61,800	60,800	61,100	62,800
Married couples	52,000	53,600	53,900	54,900	57,100	57,900	58,900	57,200	58,200	59,200
No earners	6,400	14,100	14,000	11,500	14,400	17,600	17,700	15,300	14,000	9,700 €
One earner	38,300	40,900	39,600	39,900	42,900	42,200	44,300	42,500	42,500	44,400
Two earners	64,200	67,100	65,900	67,600	67,000	67,700	69,000	68,400	69,100	68,200
Two-parent families with children	61,200	61,400	63,700	66,500	67,700	69,700	69,900	69,300	70,500	71,700
No earners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	´ 0 E
One earner	40,700	39,100	38,900	41,400	43,400	41,700	42,000	44,500	43,100	41,500
Two earners	65,400	65,900	66,600	69,200	69,000	71,400	71,500	71,300	71,900	73,700
Three or more earners	80,400	82,700	85,400	83,500	89,800	91,800	90,100	91,200	90,400	92,900
Married couples with other relatives	76,200	78,500	77,800	81,200	87,200	88,100	88,500	87,200	87,400	90,000
Lone-parent families	12,900	10,900	12,700	16,000	18,700	22,800	22,400	20,200	21,000	22,000
Male	29,900	32,300	33,800	36,100	38,500	43,400	38,300	39,200	38,900	41,100
Female	10,800	8,400	9,700	12,900	15,600	18,200	19,400	16,200	17,300	19,000
No earners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	900 ⊑
One earner	20,900	21,400	18,900	18,800	21,600	22,300	22,400	19,400	19,800	21,300
Two or more earners	38,200	35,200	36,000	40,700	39,700	42,300	41,800	34,600	38,200	34,600
Other non-elderly families	39,700	42,500	41,900	40,900	44,900	45,900	48,200	47,400	45,200	47,500
Unattached individuals	13,200	12,100	11,900	13,400	14,400	15,300	16,300	17,100	17,100	17,400
Elderly males	6,900	5,300	6,000	5,500	5,600	5,600	6,800	7,700	8,000	8,100
Non-earner	6,000	4,400	3,400	4,000	4,800	4,100	4,600	6,300	5,400	6,900
Earner	19,400	22,100	19,700	25,700	12,600	13,400	15,700	18,300	16,300	15,700
Elderly females	3,200	4,000	3,900	4,200	4,000	4,600	5,400	5,000	5,500	6,000
Non-earner	2,700	3,700	3,600	3,700	3,300	3,800	4,700	4,300	4,500	4,800
Earner	16,100	21,200	16,200	12,400	17,400	17,500	15,800	14,000	15,600	16,700
Non-elderly males	21,400	19,400	19,700	21,700	23,700	25,700	25,900	26,200	25,700	25,300
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Earner	28,100	26,800	26,600	28,700	29,800	30,600	30,500	31,400	31,800	30,600
Non-elderly females	17,200	13,600	13,900	14,900	16,900	16,700	17,500	19,500	19,800	19,900
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 E
Earner	25,600	23,700	22,300	24,200	25,000	24,600	25,700	27,000	26,300	26,000

Table 1-2

Median market income by selected family types — Newfoundland and Labrador

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	27,900	30,200	30,500	30,900	32,200	34,900	32,200	33,300	33,500	34,500
Elderly families	4,600	3,500	5,200	4,300	4,500	4,500	4,300	5,200	3,200	2,800 ⊑
Married couples	2,100	1,400	4,700	4,300	4,000	4,400	3,800	3,000	2,600	4,000 E
Other families	10,000	5,700	6,800	5,000	8,600	9,700	10,900	9,700	4,200	500 E
Non-elderly families	32,700	35,700	36,200	36,300	39,500	41,100	38,900	39,600	39,100	40,500
Married couples	32,000	36,500	35,400	33,700	38,300	35,600	34,800	38,500	37,700	40,500
No earners	0	14,400	9,900	9,800	6,900	0	700	0	9,900	2,300 €
One earner	23,600	27,400	37,100	26,400	33,700	34,300	27,200	32,600	32,100	35,400
Two earners	54,800	55,300	46,500	47,400	49,400	43,900	50,200	56,800	54,800	52,000
Two-parent families with children	32,800	41,000	42,000	42,600	45,300	50,100	45,700	44,600	46,100	44,900
No earners	0	0	0	0	F	0	F	F	F	F
One earner	18,600	28,100	19,100	23,900	27,300	22,700	11,600	26,900	30,500	21,300 E
Two earners Three or more earners	50,800	46,100	49,400	48,200	50,800	58,000	52,400	46,600	51,100	52,000 50,600
	75,300	59,700	62,700	67,700	71,300	64,900	69,200	58,900	58,400	
Married couples with other relatives	54,400	48,100	50,400	49,800	58,400	60,800	60,000	59,200	66,400	69,300
Lone-parent families	2,200	2,400	4,000	6,700	2,700	5,800	10,400	7,200	4,300	7,300 ⊟
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Female	1,400	2,100	2,700	6,000	2,700	5,000	10,300	5,700	3,400	4,300 E
No earners	0	0	0	12.000	0	100 11.100	F	F	0	F 9,900 E
One earner	F F	11,800 F	16,200 F	13,800 F	15,900 F	11,100 F	14,700 F	10,100 F	17,600 F	9,900 L
Two or more earners	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Other non-elderly families	15,700	22,800	20,500	21,900	27,200	26,700	26,600	28,100	28,100	27,100
Unattached individuals	3,200	4,000	2,100	2,200	3,800	6,200	5,300	7,100	4,000	3,600 ⊏
Elderly males	F	4,000	4,400	3,200	F	F	F	F	0	0 E
Non-earner	F	4,000	1,200	1,800	F	F	F	F	F	F
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,000	100	100 ⊑
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0 E
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	10,300	8,800	7,600	6,800	7,400	13,000	10,200	11,900	7,000	9,300 ⊑
Non-earner	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	F	F
Earner	35,900	18,800	19,800	21,100	18,000	17,000	20,900	24,800	19,500	20,200 E
Non-elderly females	11,000	6,400	4,400	5,000	6,500	8,300	9,500	8,800	6,700	3,300 ⊑
Non-earner	F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 E
Earner	18,700	22,800	18,200	12,500	22,300	24,400	24,900	22,500	19,000	14,700 E

Table 1-3 Median market income by selected family types — Prince Edward Island

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median Economic families, two persons or more	38,400	37,900	37,700	39,300	37,800	39,000	40,600	40,000	41,400	41,500
Elderly families Married couples Other families	7,700 5,300 10,200	9,200 16,300 F	6,000 11,800 2,500	6,500 13,100 F	6,100 8,100 4,600	7,800 8,700 4,500	6,900 9,100 4,700	7,000 9,900 F	10,000 10,300 F	11,800 E 12,200 E F
Non-elderly families	44,500	43,100	44,500	45,900	44,100	45,400	47,900	44,600	46,100	46,400
Married couples No earners One earner Two earners	45,400 F F 46,300	37,600 F F 41,800	44,800 F F 50,800	41,000 F F 46,600	37,000 F 33,000 49,800	40,600 F 25,500 50,200	42,300 F 29,200 51,500	43,700 F 29,800 51,300	45,400 F 29,100 55,300	44,500 F 35,300 48,600
Two-parent families with children No earners One earner Two earners Three or more earners	48,100 F 35,100 52,100 56,100	50,200 F 35,200 48,600 59,600	46,500 F F 46,200 58,300	50,000 F F 46,800 63,200	45,800 F 14,500 41,700 70,300	49,700 F F 46,400 59,900	52,400 F F 52,700 61,100	49,300 F F 46,600 66,900	49,100 F F 47,100 66,900	52,100 F F 51,200 60,700
Married couples with other relatives	57,400	58,600	57,800	73,700	72,800	67,500	69,900	63,200	70,300	68,600
Lone-parent families Male Female No earners One earner Two or more earners	9,700 F 9,700 F 9,400 F	14,800 F 13,200 F F F	9,600 F 6,700 F F F	16,500 F 13,900 F F F	13,700 F 10,900 F 10,400 F	17,300 F 15,100 F 11,700 F	15,700 F 14,100 F 11,800 F	14,400 F 12,300 F 11,000 F	14,800 F 14,700 F 14,700 F	15,000 E F 14,800 E F 13,600 E F
Other non-elderly families	35,100	30,800	28,000	37,500	51,400	32,600	38,200	35,000	37,800	36,500 ⊑
Unattached individuals	7,800	9,100	8,500	9,200	8,600	9,600	11,500	10,500	9,700	8,700 ⊑
Elderly males Non-earner Earner Elderly females Non-earner Earner	0 F F 500 300 F	F F 2,100 2,200 F	F F 2,300 2,200 F	F F 2,300 3,000 F	F F 2,500 2,400 F	F F 2,400 2,200 F	F F 3,300 2,900 F	100 100 F 2,800 2,800 F	6,400 6,400 F 2,000 2,000	7,400 E F F 1,700 E 1,300 E F
Non-elderly males Non-earner Earner Non-elderly females Non-earner Earner	10,800 F 16,600 14,000 F 14,400	11,800 F 14,100 12,200 F 14,600	9,600 F 12,200 11,000 F 14,000	12,600 F 14,900 10,900 F 13,600	14,700 F 20,200 8,400 F 15,100	15,600 F 17,400 12,600 F 18,600	15,800 F 18,000 13,300 F 16,700	17,500 F 21,700 14,200 F 18,900	15,700 F 21,700 13,800 F 20,200	13,000 E F 15,100 E 13,400 E F 23,300 E

Table 1-4

Median market income by selected family types — Nova Scotia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	39,200	39,100	39,300	41,500	44,500	44,400	45,400	45,600	44,600	47,100
Elderly families	11,700	11,100	10,200	10,600	12,600	12,600	13,800	15,100	14,300	16,600
Married couples	8,900	9,400	9,600	10,200	11,700	12,400	12,800	15,300	15,100	17,500
Other families	25,300	13,800	12,100	11,600	15,500	13,800	18,100	15,100	11,500	13,600 □
Non-elderly families	44,900	44,000	44,000	47,000	50,200	51,000	52,000	53,000	51,900	54,500
Married couples	40,500	41,400	40,400	45,300	44,300	43,800	45,400	52,700	50,400	54,700
No earners	16,600	16,900	5,400	100	8,100	14,300	7,700	19,900	11,300	25,000 E
One earner	28,300	33,000	26,600	31,400	36,200	32,100	38,500	44,700	42,300	50,000
Two earners	55,000	50,800	49,900	54,100	57,600	56,700	61,000	59,400	58,500	60,900
Two-parent families with children	52,800	54,800 F	52,900	56,400	60,500	58,600	59,400	59,000	59,300	62,000
No earners One earner	F 38.000	44.300	F 38.200	F 41.400	F 47.800	F 41.700	F 45.800	F 35.800	F 29.400	F 32.200
Two earners	54,800	59,300	61.600	57,800	62,700	61,500	60.400	60,300	60.400	63.500
Three or more earners	69,800	72,900	68,300	75,400	78,600	72,100	79,100	87,800	82,100	82,100
			•		•				•	
Married couples with other relatives	57,600	67,300	66,700	63,300	75,100	71,900	78,500	77,500	73,000	78,400
Lone-parent families	3,600	4,400	2,800	4,600 F	14,800	20,600	14,700	10,400	16,400	22,000
Male Female	F 2,800	F 1,800	F 2,200	3,900	F 13,500	F 19,000	F 13,600	F 11,800	F 16,400	F 22,000 [⊑]
No earners	2,800	1,600	2,200	3,900	13,300 F	19,000 F	13,600 F	11,600 F	16,400 F	22,000 ^L
One earner	10,200	14,000	7,500	5,500	19,400	22,200	20,900	15,100	17,500	17,400 E
Two or more earners	F	F	7,000 F	5,555 F	F	F	20,000 F	F	17,000 F	17,400 F
Other non-elderly families	27,600	28.100	30.200	27,000	29,900	37.200	38,300	39.500	36.000	34,800
Unattached individuals	8.000	8,200	9,300	9.800	9,900	11,000	11,100	12,700	13,900	13,200
Elderly males	6,700	4.700	3,900	5.500	6.800	5,300	7,100	4.000	4,200	8.000 ⊑
Non-earner	5,500	3,800	4,700	5,300	6.400	2,300	5,900	1,900	2,500	8.000 E
Earner	5,555 F	5,555 F	4,700 F	5,555 F	5,400 F	2,000 F	5,555 F	1,000 F	2,000 F	5,555 F
Elderly females	2,100	800	1,100	600	2,100	900	3,200	3,000	3,300	4,000 □
Non-earner	1,900	800	500	400	1,200	800	2,400	2,600	2,300	2,900 €
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	12,700	13,700	15,600	17,100	18,200	18,100	17,400	20,900	21,900	22,700
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 ⋿
Earner	14,900	20,800	18,900	20,700	22,600	20,900	22,400	26,200	29,800	26,900
Non-elderly females	14,400	11,400	11,200	11,900	12,100	14,600	14,300	17,800	16,600	15,300
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	700	0	0 E
Earner	16,700	16,000	15,600	14,300	19,500	20,000	21,500	23,000	22,400	18,200

Table 1-5 Median market income by selected family types — New Brunswick

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median Economic families, two persons or more	37,400	38,800	38,000	40,300	43,800	43,900	43,300	44,200	42,800	43,700
Elderly families Married couples Other families	10,900 9,100 14,300	11,500 10,100 13,300	9,000 9,200 8,900	11,400 11,000 16,900	12,000 11,400 17,800	12,200 11,400 16,000	13,100 11,500 18,300	11,800 10,700 21,100	15,800 14,800 18,300	17,100 E 14,900 E 22,800 E
Non-elderly families	44,600	43,400	42,700	45,500	48,700	49,100	48,100	48,200	48,100	49,500
Married couples No earners One earner Two earners	41,600 0 29,300 48,900	41,300 0 32,500 57,200	41,100 0 31,300 51,600	41,100 100 36,800 52,900	47,100 7,400 41,800 57,500	46,600 14,300 36,300 55,600	43,600 23,400 30,700 54,900	46,500 14,400 36,200 54,400	43,400 14,300 31,400 53,600	49,000 14,900 E 33,100 E 56,700
Two-parent families with children No earners One earner Two earners Three or more earners	53,300 0 33,500 54,200 66,100	48,900 F 32,100 53,700 70,900	50,800 F 32,500 55,200 65,700	53,400 F 38,800 57,200 67,700	54,700 F 40,400 54,500 72,700	54,800 F 35,800 57,300 71,900	55,700 F 35,700 55,200 72,100	56,500 F 31,400 58,000 76,600	58,100 F 21,600 54,200 73,700	56,500 F 29,600 54,100 78,100
Married couples with other relatives	57,100	65,600	64,200	67,600	71,000	70,400	73,500	71,100	64,300	72,400
Lone-parent families Male Female No earners One earner Two or more earners	6,000 F 4,500 0 8,500 F	5,100 F 4,700 0 8,900 F	3,600 F 2,300 0 12,200 F	9,900 F 7,000 0 12,700 F	8,800 F 6,600 0 12,500 F	14,700 F 12,500 F 14,400 F	11,100 F 9,700 0 14,000 31,400	13,900 F 10,300 F 15,400 F	8,900 F 8,100 F 15,300 F	14,100 E F 11,000 E F 14,100 E
Other non-elderly families	37,400	24,000	20,400	22,100	26,600	34,500	33,300	31,500	33,300	32,700
Unattached individuals	10,000	9,400	9,000	10,500	10,900	9,700	9,700	8,600	9,100	10,500
Elderly males Non-earner Earner Elderly females Non-earner Earner	2,400 800 F 1,200 1,100 F	500 200 F 2,000 1,800 F	9,500 7,600 F 1,900 1,900 F	7,500 4,300 F 900 600 F	4,600 4,200 F 2,200 1,800 F	7,200 4,100 F 1,700 1,500 F	4,900 4,200 F 2,400 2,100 F	1,700 200 F 1,100 800 F	200 100 F 1,800 1,400 F	600 E 100 E F 2,700 E 1,100 E
Non-elderly males Non-earner Earner Non-elderly females Non-earner Earner	19,100 0 25,100 14,400 0 20,300	14,800 0 17,100 12,200 0 18,500	14,400 0 18,400 12,100 0 17,300	15,400 F 16,900 16,500 0 24,900	16,600 0 22,600 16,300 F 20,000	14,800 0 19,700 13,000 F 16,000	14,600 0 20,900 14,400 F 17,700	15,500 F 19,100 14,700 0 17,700	19,500 F 25,100 15,100 0 18,300	19,100 0 23,700 14,700 0 E 17,500

Table 1-6

Median market income by selected family types — Quebec

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median Economic families, two persons or more	43,700	42,500	42,900	44,500	47,600	48,500	48,100	48,100	48,000	49,000
· ·	•	,	,	•	,	•	,	,	,	•
Elderly families	12,600	11,800	11,500	13,600	14,800	15,500	15,400	13,800	13,500	14,900
Married couples	9,100	14,200	13,500	13,600	15,300	15,700	17,000	14,700	13,900	15,000
Other families	23,500	9,200	8,800	13,400	13,800	13,300	12,700	11,800	13,200	13,300 E
Non-elderly families	48,900	47,800	48,600	50,000	52,800	54,300	53,700	53,100	53,400	54,400
Married couples	46,300	44,600	45,200	46,300	50,100	52,700	53,000	51,700	52,400	54,000
No earners	500	5,100	300	5,200	5,400	14,500	8,300	10,200	4,000	2,000 E
One earner	33,400	35,200	34,000	34,900	42,200	43,600	45,800	41,900	43,600	44,400
Two earners	56,700	60,400	58,300	58,100	59,700	60,500	60,700	61,800	61,100	62,400
Two-parent families with children	55,000	55,700	57,900	60,000	59,900	63,300	62,600	61,000	63,700	63,800
No earners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	F	F	F
One earner	37,600	32,800	33,000	31,400	35,200	35,300	35,000	37,800	37,700	34,000
Two earners	61,000	64,200	63,800	65,900	64,800	66,800	66,900	65,500	69,100	66,400
Three or more earners	71,800	68,200	77,400	82,200	84,400	93,200	88,100	82,500	73,900	81,100
Married couples with other relatives	71,600	65,800	68,100	76,000	78,200	78,500	76,500	78,400	79,300	82,500
Lone-parent families	16,200	21,500	14,400	19,000	19,100	22,300	21,700	21,600	23,100	24,500
Male	31,100	30,900	32,100	37,800	38,300	39,700	41,700	39,100	33,000	39,700
Female	10,700	12,300	10,000	16,400	15,600	17,200	18,900	16,500	18,100	20,600
No earners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	400	500	0 E
One earner	28,300	30,800	24,200	25,600	23,900	23,400	22,500	19,200	19,600	23,100
Two or more earners	38,200	39,400	36,600	27,700	34,000	42,000	35,800	34,100	38,200	36,900
Other non-elderly families	29,100	33,900	35,800	34,100	38,800	36,700	41,400	39,300	37,600	37,300
Unattached individuals	8,800	9,800	8,900	10,000	13,300	13,300	14,200	16,300	17,100	17,600
Elderly males	3,300	1,600	1,500	1,900	2,500	3,700	2,600	8,200	6,700	7,700 ₺
Non-earner	2,800	1,100	500	700	1,400	1,600	1,200	5,300	5,200	5,600 E
Earner	F	F	F	29,900	F	10,100	F	F	F	16,300 E
Elderly females	800	3,000	3,300	3,000	1,600	1,700	2,500	3,000	3,300	3,700 ₺
Non-earner	500	2,700	2,500	2,400	1,300	1,300	2,000	2,900	2,400	2,700 E
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	16,600	21,000 E
Non-elderly males	15,400	17,300	15,400	17,900	20,600	23,600	23,500	25,100	24,100	24,500
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 E
Earner	23,900	29,300	25,500	26,000	26,800	28,200	28,100	29,100	28,600	27,600
Non-elderly females	14,300	12,400	11,800	13,700	15,000	15,800	15,300	19,200	21,300	21,600
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 E
Eamer	25,600	25,700	26,500	27,500	27,800	23,200	23,400	26.100	26,900	27,300

Table 1-7 Median market income by selected family types — Ontario

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	56,100	56,200	55,500	58,100	61,600	63,300	63,100	62,800	61,500	63,100
Elderly families	24.000	18.700	16.900	18.000	19.700	20.700	22.600	26.100	24.900	25.300
Married couples	20,100	18,300	17,100	17.900	19,100	19.800	20,600	24,800	23,600	24,700
Other families	37,300	21,100	16,400	18,900	22,400	26,600	26,600	34,300	29,900	28,600
Non-elderly families	62,200	62,100	62,100	65,200	68,100	69,800	69,600	69,200	69,300	70,400
Married couples	56,000	58,800	60,500	62,600	63,200	64,900	65,900	66,300	66,700	65,600
No earners	10,300	15,600	16,800	21,300	24,200	22,300	29,200	24,100	27,800	17,700 E
One earner	42.000	46.800	44,700	45,000	47,000	45,300	44,400	41,500	40,500	44,200
Two earners	70,600	71,900	71,800	75,300	76,000	75,000	75,200	78,700	77,700	75,500
Two-parent families with children	68,600	68.100	69,500	74,300	75,700	77,800	75,800	76,000	77,400	79,300
No earners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	F
One earner	41,900	47,100	46,700	53,700	47,400	46,900	49,000	49,400	50,400	49,600
Two earners	72,700	70,600	71,800	77,500	77,800	78,700	76,500	76,900	78,500	79,500
Three or more earners	89,400	91,500	90,700	86,500	97,000	94,800	96,200	99,500	97,000	100,800
Married couples with other relatives	83,900	90,400	86,300	92,700	100,300	97,100	98,000	92,300	89,100	96,500
Lone-parent families	11,100	7,300	12,100	16,300	21,900	29,600	28,800	20,900	22,300	22,700
Male .	27,300	48,900	32,700	44,000	44,000	50,000	41,700	40,000	38,900	39,800
Female	10,300	5,900	8,800	12,800	18,500	25,400	25,800	18,400	20,000	19,400
No earners	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,500 E
One earner	22,700	17,500	19,100	19,900	24,500	28,500	27,300	19,400	20,300	21,400
Two or more earners	46,200	36,700	41,400	45,900	45,600	47,700	52,300	43,000	48,100	37,000 ⋿
Other non-elderly families	45,400	46,300	45,400	47,400	51,400	51,600	55,000	53,200	54,000	59,300
Unattached individuals	16,000	13,300	13,900	16,300	16,700	17,400	20,400	19,400	19,300	19,000
Elderly males	10,300	11,900	9,500	8,000	5,500	6,600	8,500	7,700	9,000	10,600 ⊑
Non-earner	8,900	9,900	8,100	6,300	5,200	4,400	6,600	6,300	5,700	7,600 E
Earner	F	27,100	26,200	F	15,400	16,400	21,500	20,300	18,900	16,800 E
Elderly females	4,300	5,800	5,200	5,700	6,500	6,400	7,800	7,500	7,800	7,800
Non-earner	4,000	5,300	5,000	6,000	5,800	5,900	7,400	7,100	6,800	7,000
Earner	16,700	20,000	7,600	4,500	18,600	18,400	18,000	12,500	18,100	16,200 E
Non-elderly males	23,900	21,100	22,500	25,000	28,200	30,200	29,100	30,100	30,600	28,300
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Earner	31,300	28,500	30,100	33,200	34,100	36,300	36,100	34,000	35,700	34,700
Non-elderly females	21,800	16,800	19,000	19,400	21,200	20,200	23,500	23,100	22,100	21,000
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Earner	29,900	26,100	25,500	28,500	27,100	29,900	30,500	32,400	29,300	27,900

Table 1-8

Median market income by selected family types — Manitoba

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 consta	nt dollars				
Economic families, two persons or more	48,200	46,600	46,700	50,200	50,500	50,500	50,900	50,300	51,700	52,900
Elderly families	17,000	13,700	11,700	12,200	17,000	17,000	19,200	18,100	21,300	20,500
Married couples	14,800	12,500	8,700	12,100	15,200	17,000	19,200	18,800	19,800	20,200
Other families	33,700	22,900	16,800	12,800	27,100	19,100	20,400	16,900	23,500	23,700 E
Non-elderly families	54,500	51,500	52,700	55,000	55,800	55,900	55,500	57,900	58,800	59,200
Married couples	54,200	55,400	54,300	54,600	54,000	55,300	54,300	54,200	55,700	56,800
No earners	22,700	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	43,000	41,300	34,700	40,200	40,600	40,400	38,200	39,300	40,400	43,200
Two earners	60,200	62,300	62,000	60,100	60,300	60,400	61,800	62,400	63,500	63,900
Two-parent families with children	57,100	57,100	58,600	60,500	61,200	62,400	62,300	63,000	63,400	64,600
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	37,500	38,000	30,800	37,500	34,400	39,200	39,300	28,700	31,900	35,900
Two earners	57,600	58,400	59,700	57,400	57,500	60,300	60,400	62,900	62,100	62,400
Three or more earners	72,400	73,600	70,100	82,200	81,000	83,000	81,700	73,000	75,400	84,000
Married couples with other relatives	80,900	86,000	76,900	90,900	82,800	90,500	91,300	101,200	97,200	97,600
Lone-parent families	16,400	13,500	11,400	11,400	14,200	16,300	16,900	21,700	23,500	28,800
Male	F	20,200	F	27,800	F	F	F	30,500	F	F
Female	15,100	7,000	8,600	9,600	11,900	14,900	15,200	20,900	21,800	25,300 E
No earners	0	0	F	F	0	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	17,900	16,300	13,900	10,900	15,800	19,100	16,900	21,700	21,800	23,500 E
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	49,700	F	F
Other non-elderly families	36,400	39,100	43,100	47,400	46,200	48,500	50,100	43,800	43,100	46,000
Unattached individuals	10,600	11,000	11,600	11,100	13,900	14,700	15,400	17,800	17,100	16,100
Elderly males	4,800	4,500	5,700	3,500	6,700	5,900	4,700	5,300	6,000	4,400
Non-earner	4,800	3,900	6,000	3,200	6,800	5,800	3,600	4,600	4,600	2,800 E
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	4,700	3,700	3,400	3,400	3,800	4,400	3,900	4,300	4,200	4,000
Non-earner	4,600	3,600	2,800	2,900	3,100	3,400	3,500	4,000	3,700	3,100 E
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	9,500	13,200 E
Non-elderly males	22,200	21,800	23,900	25,400	21,300	23,400	25,600	27,400	29,000	26,200
Non-earner	0	0	F	0	0	0	F	0	F	F
Earner	28,700	27,600	29,200	28,700	29,800	26,600	29,000	31,300	29,900	28,800
Non-elderly females	14,100	12,900	15,200	14,800	18,900	18,400	18,400	21,200	18,500	19,100
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	3,000	500	0	0	0 1
Earner	18.900	19.900	20.900	25,100	22,700	20.500	24.700	25.600	24.000	22.600

Table 1-9 Median market income by selected family types — Saskatchewan

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median Economic families, two persons or more	44,900	43,500	42,300	44,800	47,200	47,200	48,900	49,900	50,700	49,800
Elderly families Married couples Other families	18,900 18,900 22,700	15,000 15,600 12,700	14,600 15,800 11,600	13,900 13,700 17,800	18,400 17,200 19,300	19,300 18,700 22,400	19,000 18,800 23,200	18,900 20,500 16,000	18,000 18,400 17,300	19,300 19,900 15,200 E
Non-elderly families	50,100	51,200	51,700	52,500	54,500	55,600	57,200	58,000	57,800	57,100
Married couples No earners	44,000 F	47,600 F	49,600 F	52,900 F	51,300 F	53,500 F	53,800 F	53,000 F	53,100 F	53,200 F
One earner Two earners	35,900 51,200	34,100 57,300	30,200 58,500	34,900 60,900	42,400 58,500	43,900 60,000	43,500 62,800	32,000 60,400	34,600 61,700	39,100 59,300
Two-parent families with children No earners	58,000 F	60,400 F	58,900 F	59,900 F	60,900 F	61,500 F	64,500 F	65,400 F	64,200 F	63,600 F
One earner Two earners Three or more earners	37,200 59,400 77,400	32,300 59,900 78,200	34,700 60,000 77,500	43,700 58,500 83,500	28,300 62,900 81,700	35,100 62,100 83,700	39,000 65,000 81,200	39,800 64,400 89,400	42,000 62,900 88,300	38,200 62,900 84,400
Married couples with other relatives	78,800	71,400	73,500	68,200	83,900	77,200	84,800	88,000	94,300	92,600
Lone-parent families Male Female No earners	8,300 F 6,700 0	9,900 F 5,900 0	13,200 F 12,700 F	13,800 F 11,800 F	15,700 F 15,300 0	13,600 F 11,100 F	18,900 F 15,800 F	13,300 F 10,100 0	19,400 F 16,000 F	12,600 E 29,000 E 12,000 E
One earner Two or more earners	13,200 F	14,100 F	14,100 F	12,000 F	16,300 F	14,700 F	19,200 F	14,900 F	17,000 32,600	13,100 ^E F
Other non-elderly families	34,000	38,200	33,900	33,700	37,500	44,300	54,100	51,800	41,900	46,400
Unattached individuals	10,800	10,900	12,300	10,900	11,400	11,600	13,600	14,800	14,000	13,000
Elderly males Non-earner Earner	7,800 5,200 F	4,600 3,400 F	4,900 3,400 F	5,900 4,700 F	9,700 8,600 F	11,900 10,500 F	12,800 10,300 F	13,100 9,800 F	13,000 12,200 F	9,400 E 5,500 E F
Elderly females Non-earner Earner	2,100 2,000 F	4,200 3,900 F	4,100 3,800 F	4,400 4,100 F	3,900 3,900 F	4,300 4,100 F	5,500 5,600 5,200	5,000 4,400 8,400	4,800 4,100 9,400	4,300 E 4,000 E 7,500 E
Non-elderly males Non-earner Earner	23,600 0 29,500	22,600 0 29,400	25,600 0 32,300	23,200 0 31,800	20,700 0 26,400	22,300 0 29,200	24,600 0 31,200	22,400 0 26,600	21,600 0 27,100	19,900 0 E 23,300
Non-elderly females Non-earner Earner	12,500 0 18,100	9,600 0 17,000	11,100 0 15,800	11,700 0 23,100	14,100 0 23,300	15,900 0 23,600	15,100 0 20,800	15,700 0 21,200	18,900 0 22,400	15,500 E 0 E 19,500

Table 1-10

Median market income by selected family types — Alberta

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 cor	nstant dollars				
Median Economic families, two persons or more	52,500	52,900	56,000	58,000	58,500	59,900	65,700	63,000	65,300	66,900
Elderly families Married couples Other families	21,500 17,500 33,700	18,400 17,900 19,900	20,600 20,600 19,100	19,200 20,200 10,100	19,100 19,500 17,800	19,000 18,500 21,800	23,500 23,600 20,600	20,900 20,900 22,200	20,800 20,500 21,400	20,900 20,000 25,400 E
Non-elderly families	56,500	56,900	60,500	63,700	63,200	65,500	70,600	69,400	71,000	73,800
Married couples No earners One earner Two earners	56,800 F 38,600 65,000	57,900 F 35,300 68,000	64,800 F 49,300 70,200	67,700 F 46,800 78,900	59,800 F 41,200 70,400	62,400 F 44,200 69,600	69,900 F 50,300 76,700	67,400 F 61,700 72,500	66,100 F 52,000 73,300	66,600 F 39,600 E 74,800
Two-parent families with children No earners One earner Two earners Three or more earners	59,800 F 47,600 59,100 76,500	60,400 F 44,000 62,800 87,400	65,300 F 45,100 66,100 86,700	68,500 F 43,400 68,900 84,600	68,600 F 48,700 68,600 87,300	69,800 F 54,900 70,500 84,100	74,100 F 53,500 75,300 87,400	73,300 F 48,100 71,300 93,100	76,400 F 52,200 73,700 98,200	82,700 F 54,400 82,300 107,200
Married couples with other relatives	77,100	77,800	80,100	91,200	96,600	99,500	104,000	106,300	103,500	104,600
Lone-parent families Male Female No earners One earner Two or more earners	17,900 F 16,900 F 17,200 F	18,900 F 18,100 F 25,200 F	22,400 52,100 17,900 F 19,500 F	22,000 37,900 20,900 F 22,000 36,700	29,500 F 24,900 F 22,700 38,000	25,700 57,700 23,500 F 18,600 F	31,600 56,900 25,400 F 25,700 F	30,400 50,600 23,500 F 28,800 F	29,500 55,600 24,500 F 24,800 F	29,500 50,700 E 20,600 E F 20,600 E
Other non-elderly families	37,200	47,600	49,700	45,600	47,000	52,000	50,500	56,400	52,200	57,500
Unattached individuals	17,900	14,900	15,000	16,700	16,300	18,700	20,300	20,000	19,000	22,900
Elderly males Non-earner Earner Eiderly females Non-earner Eamer	11,700 10,600 F 4,400 3,400 F	5,300 5,100 F 3,200 3,100 F	6,000 3,200 F 3,400 3,200 F	7,000 3,000 F 4,300 3,700 F	6,900 6,900 F 4,100 3,000 F	5,900 4,600 F 4,900 4,000 F	6,400 6,400 F 6,700 5,800 F	9,300 8,500 F 7,200 6,500 8,300	9,900 8,200 F 6,300 6,100 9,900	9,600 E 9,100 E F 7,200 6,800 12,300 E
Non-elderly males Non-earner Earner Non-elderly females Non-earner Earner	28,000 0 30,700 19,700 100 22,800	22,900 0 26,600 12,300 0 17,500	20,800 0 25,800 12,000 0 16,500	22,800 0 25,900 15,400 200 18,400	25,100 0 29,300 15,000 0 19,200	27,000 0 30,700 16,100 0 19,800	29,200 0 32,500 17,400 0 21,500	29,300 F 31,600 18,800 0 23,800	27,100 0 32,600 16,400 0 22,700	28,600 0 E 32,800 19,900 0 E 23,100

Table 1-11 Median market income by selected family types — British Columbia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median Economic families, two persons or more	53,100	52,900	53,400	52,700	52,400	53,900	53,400	51,300	52,000	53,600
Elderly families	22,600	18,700	22,100	21,400	20,400	25,100	22,500	20,700	22,200	23,200
Married couples Other families	20,400 31,300	20,900 14,100	21,500 25,400	22,900 20,400	20,400 20,300	25,100 24,700	22,700 17,900	22,000 14,100	22,700 17,700	23,500 21,400 ^E
Non-elderly families	59,500	58,800	59,100	59,600	58,300	58,400	58,200	57,200	59,300	60,200
Married couples	59,800	59,600	59,100	55,800	58,900	59,000	57,700	54,600	60,500	61,600
No earners	10,800	16,400	F	F	26,600	19,600	35,400	27,500	F	F 50.000
One earner Two earners	52,500	45,700 71,900	40,200 69,700	36,100	41,800	38,600	52,600	45,800	44,600	52,600 66,900
Two earners	68,100	71,900	69,700	66,000	67,900	70,000	64,800	65,100	66,500	66,900
Two-parent families with children	66,000	63,800	65,800	68,400	69,500	69,100	69,600	68,900	69,000	67,400
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	44,200	37,500	40,500	45,900	50,400	43,400	44,100	44,900	38,400	38,500
Two earners	69,900	66,800	66,500	72,900	71,100	72,400	73,600	72,100	70,700	72,000
Three or more earners	87,600	88,400	89,600	92,100	95,000	95,700	93,700	90,300	90,900	94,500
Married couples with other relatives	78,400	84,200	90,100	80,300	78,100	86,500	86,400	85,100	79,300	79,900
Lone-parent families	12,900	9,100	10,000	13,600	12,900	17,100	18,400	15,700	14,600	18,600
Male	F	46,800	F	F	33,800	45,700	31,000	33,800	34,600	F
Female	12,300	8,000	8,300	11,500	11,300	15,300	14,400	15,100	12,500	17,700
No earners	0	. 0	0	F	0	F	0	0	F	F
One earner	23,900	17,100	19,200	14,400	18,700	18,100	19,400	22,000	18,300	21,600
Two or more earners	F	F	F	41,200	F	F	F	29,000	F	F
Other non-elderly families	44,500	52,800	49,800	47,400	52,000	46,800	50,200	40,900	37,300	40,200
Unattached individuals	15,800	12,900	14,400	14,800	15,700	17,700	17,100	17,000	16,500	17,200
Elderly males	8,500	7,000	10,100	12,500	9,800	8,800	10,000	6,700	8,400	8,300 ⊑
Non-earner	7,100	5,400	10,100	10,200	9,000	8,600	8,900	6,600	4,700	8,300 E
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	14,300	F
Elderly females	6,400	6,600	7,500	7,100	5,900	6,900	6,900	5,500	6,400	6,600 ⊏
Non-earner	6,200	6,100	5,600	5,500	5,800	6,000	6,000	4,500	5,600	5,500 E
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	17,500	F	F	17,600	19,100 E
Non-elderly males	21,400	19,400	20,100	22,000	24,400	26,500	26,400	27,200	22,900	24,300
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 E
Earner	26,700	24,100	26,500	28,700	32,600	33,400	29,600	36,500	36,700	32,600
Non-elderly females	20,200	13,100	13,900	11,000	14,100	16,000	16,700	19,500	18,900	17,700 ⊑
Non-earner	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 E
Earner	25,000	26,100	18,100	18,300	19,100	22,400	25,600	26,100	25,100	26,300

Table 2-1

Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — Canada

				Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	ars	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	3,200	7,100	11.7	100.0	3,300	7,100	11.9	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	7,000	54.4	19.7		7,100	55.9	20.1
Second quintile	•	9,300	31.4	26.1		9,300	32.1	26.3
Third quintile	•	8,000	16.9	22.5		8,000	17.0	22.4
Fourth quintile	•	6,500	9.0 3.4	18.3 13.5	•	6,500 4.600	9.2 3.3	18.4 12.9
Highest quintile	•	4,800	3.4	13.5	•	4,000	3.3	12.8
Two persons or more								
Total	4,000	8,000	10.5	100.0	3,800	7,900	10.7	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	11,300	48.0	28.2		11,300	49.2	28.4
Second quintile	•	10,300	23.8	25.8		10,300	24.1	25.9
Third quintile	•	8,000	12.6 6.5	19.9 14.3	•	7,900 5.700	12.6 6.6	19.8 14.4
Fourth quintile	•	5,700 4.700	6.5 2.9	14.3	•	5,700 4.500	6.6 2.9	11.4
Highest quintile	•	4,700	2.9	11.0	•	4,500	2.9	11.4
Unattached individuals								
Total	700	5,400	17.3	100.0	900	5,500	17.5	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	3,700	53.8	13.7	•	3,900	54.4	14.1
Second quintile	•	8,600	55.6	31.8		9,200	60.1	33.5
Third quintile		7,400	31.1	27.5		7,600	32.5	27.7
Fourth quintile		4,600	12.6	17.3		4,200	11.4	15.2
Highest quintile		2,600	3.6	9.7		2,600	3.5	9.6

Table 2-2 $\label{eq:continuous} \textbf{Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles -- Newfoundland and Labrador}$

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	nrs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	10,200	10,700	22.8	100.0	10,000	11,000	22.9	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	8,500	77.9	15.9	•	8,500	78.8	15.5
Second quintile		14,500	61.2	27.0	•	14,300	58.3	26.1
Third quintile		12,600	33.5	23.5		12,600	32.5	22.8
Fourth quintile Highest quintile	•	10,700 7,300	18.7 6.9	20.0 13.6	•	12,500 7,000	21.4 6.5	22.8 12.8
nighest quintile	•	7,300	0.9	13.0	•	7,000	0.5	12.0
Two persons or more								
Total	11,100	11,800	21.0	100.0	10,900	12,100	21.4	100.0
Lowest quintile		14,300	76.7	24.4		14,600	77.6	24.2
Second quintile		13,700	41.8	23.4		14,000	42.1	23.1
Third quintile		13,000	28.0	22.0		13,900	29.5	23.0
Fourth quintile		11,200	16.6	19.0	-	11,400	16.6	18.8
Highest quintile	•	6,500	5.7	11.1	-	6,600	5.7	10.9
Unattached individuals								
Total	7,900	7.600	38.3	100.0	7,100	7,300	37.0	100.0
Lowest guintile		3,900 €	81.2	10.5 ^E		3,300	70.3	8.9
Second quintile		8,400	76.3	21.7		7,700	71.4	21.0
Third quintile		11,700	76.8	31.0		13,000	86.8	36.1
Fourth quintile	•	9,200	42.9 E	24.2	•	8,100	35.7	22.1
Highest quintile	•	4,800 €	10.3 E	12.6 ^E	•	4,400	9.5	11.9

Table 2-3

Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — Prince Edward Island

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	ars	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total Lowest quintile	8,100	9,600 8,000	20.0 65.2	100.0 16.7	8,800	9,400 9.000	19.1 69.6	100.0 19.2
Second quintile		12.600	47.1	26.3		11.700	43.9	25.1
Third quintile		11,200	27.7	23.3	_	10,100	24.5	21.5
Fourth quintile		8,500	14.7	17.7		9,300	15.5	19.7
Highest quintile		7,700	7.5	16.0		6,900	6.5	14.6
Two persons or more								
Total	8,700	10,600	18.0	100.0	9,100	10,200	17.1	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	14,600	63.5	27.5	•	13,900	59.9	27.3
Second quintile	•	11,800	31.2	22.5	•	11,800	31.0	23.0
Third quintile		11,000	21.6	20.9		9,500	18.5	18.6
Fourth quintile		8,000	11.8	15.0		9,300	13.3	18.1
Highest quintile		7,500	6.6	14.2		6,600	5.7	13.0
Unattached individuals								
Total	7,400	7,100	33.5	100.0	7,300	7,300	32.4	100.0
Lowest quintile		4,300 €	59.4	12.3 E		4,300	61.1	11.9
Second quintile		8,600	64.2	23.7		10,100	77.7	27.9
Third quintile		10,200	58.5	29.2		10,800	60.4	29.7
Fourth quintile		8,500	34.4 E	23.2		7,300	27.4	20.3
Highest guintile		4,200 €	9.5 E	11.7 E		3,800	7.9	10.3

Table 2-4 Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — Nova Scotia

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dollar	·s	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Fotal - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total .	5,300	7,800	15.2	100.0	5,800	8,000	15.8	100.0
Lowest quintile		6,900	62.6	17.7		7,500	64.0	18.9
Second quintile		9,500	35.8	24.3	•	10,200	39.2	25.7
Third quintile		9,200	21.9	23.4		8,500	21.1	21.0
Fourth quintile		7,300	11.4	18.5	•	7,800	12.5	19.5
Highest quintile	•	6,300	5.5	16.1		6,000	5.3	14.9
Two persons or more								
Total [']	5,600	8,700	13.6	100.0	6,000	8,900	14.3	100.0
Lowest quintile		11,500	53.3	26.5		11,600	58.6	26.2
Second quintile		10,600	27.3	24.4		10,400	28.4	23.4
Third quintile		8,900	16.1	20.6		9,500	17.6	21.4
Fourth quintile		7,200	9.3	16.4		7,900	10.5	17.9
Highest quintile		5,300	4.2	12.1		4,900	4.0	11.0
Jnattached individuals								
Total	3,800 ⊑	6,100	23.0	100.0	5,000	6,200	22.5	100.0
Lowest guintile		2,800 €	58.1	9.1 E		4,600	67.8	14.9
Second quintile		8.800	66.5	28.6		9.600	67.5	30.
Third quintile		8.700	42.3	28.5		8.400	39.6	27.0
Fourth quintile		5,300	16.8	17.6		4,500	13.9	14.
Highest quintile		5,000 €	7.9 E	16.1 E		4,000	6.3	12.8

Table 2-5

Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — New Brunswick

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	ars	percent		dollars		percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	6,600	8,600	17.1	100.0	6,800	8,600	17.4	100.0
Lowest quintile		8,300	69.0	19.4		8,800	75.4	20.3
Second quintile	•	10,500	40.8	24.4	•	10,800	43.3	24.9
Third quintile	•	9,800	23.7	22.8	•	9,600	23.8	22.2
Fourth quintile	•	8,800	14.3	20.4	•	8,400	14.0	19.5 13.0
Highest quintile	•	5,600	5.0	13.1		5,600	5.1	13.0
Two persons or more								
Total	6,900	9,400	15.1	100.0	7,100	9,400	15.4	100.0
Lowest quintile		12,500	60.6	26.7		12,900	65.7	27.6
Second quintile		11,500	30.6	24.7		11,200	30.7	24.0
Third quintile		9,800	18.2	20.9		10,200	19.5	21.7
Fourth quintile		7,700	10.5	16.4		7,600	10.7	16.3
Highest quintile		5,300	4.3	11.3		4,800	3.9	10.3
Unattached individuals								
Total	6,000	6,800	29.7	100.0	6,100	6,900	30.2	100.0
Lowest quintile		4,100	63.0	12.1		4,000	70.5	11.5
Second quintile		10,100	71.5	30.2		10,500	74.6	30.6
Third guintile		8,400	44.0	24.4		9,800	52.5	28.2
Fourth quintile		7,300	27.1	21.5		7,000	26.3	20.2
Highest guintile		4,000 €	8.4 E	11.7 E		3,300	6.6	9.5

Table 2-6 Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — Quebec

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals		_						
Total Lowest quintile	4,500	7,300 7,400	13.4 57.2	100.0 20.5	4,400	7,300 7,700	13.7 61.6	100.0 21.1
Second quintile Third quintile	•	9,000 8.700	32.3 20.4	24.7 23.8		9,200 8,500	34.3 20.3	25.2 23.5
Fourth quintile		6,800	10.9	18.8		6,700	10.7	18.3
Highest quintile	•	4,500	3.6	12.3		4,300	3.6	11.8
Two persons or more								
Total	5,300	8,300	12.1	100.0	5,100	8,300	12.4	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	12,100 11,100	50.8 27.9	29.1 26.7	•	12,100 11.100	54.4 28.4	29.4 26.8
Second quintile Third quintile	•	7.800	13.9	18.7	•	7.300	13.1	17.6
Fourth quintile	•	6,300	8.0	15.2	•	6,900	9.0	16.8
Highest quintile	•	4,300	3.0	10.3		3,900	2.8	9.4
Unattached individuals								
Total	2,700 ⊑	5,500	18.6	100.0	2,400	5,600	18.8	100.0
Lowest quintile		4,500	58.1	16.2	•	4,500	57.5	16.3
Second quintile		9,100	59.3	33.1		9,900	66.7	35.8
Third quintile		7,000	30.0	25.5	-	6,800	30.0	24.6
Fourth quintile		4,500	12.6	16.3	•	4,000	11.4	14.3
Highest quintile		2,500 E	3.7 E	8.9	•	2,500	3.7	9.1

Table 2-7

Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — Ontario

				Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	ars	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	2,800	7,200 7,300 9,500 7,500 6,300 5,200	10.4 52.2 29.0 13.9 7.7 3.2	100.0 20.4 26.6 21.1 17.5 14.5	2,800	7,100 7,600 9,300 7,700 6,200 4,900	10.5 53.4 28.1 14.3 7.8 3.1	100.0 21.3 26.1 21.5 17.4 13.7
Two persons or more Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	3,500	7,900 11,500 9,400 7,800 5,800 5,000	9.4 46.5 19.4 11.1 6.1 2.7	100.0 29.1 23.8 19.8 14.7 12.7	3,400	7,800 11,200 9,700 8,000 5,500 4,900	9.5 45.0 20.4 11.5 5.8 2.8	100.0 28.5 24.8 20.3 14.0 12.5
Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	600 : : :	5,500 4,100 9,000 7,800 3,900 2,500	15.9 57.4 55.9 30.7 10.0 3.0	100.0 15.1 32.9 28.5 14.4 9.1	600	5,600 4,500 9,400 7,400 4,300 2,200	15.7 58.8 57.4 29.0 10.7 2.5	100.0 16.2 33.8 26.7 15.5 7.9

Table 2-8 Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — Manitoba

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dollar	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	2,800	6,800	12.5	100.0	2,800	6,700	12.5	100.0
Lowest quintile		7,000	54.1	20.6		7,500	56.8	22.5
Second quintile		8,700	31.0	25.6		8,800	31.0	26.4
Third quintile		7,900	17.8	23.2		7,800	17.7	23.3
Fourth quintile		6,600	10.0	19.4		6,100	9.4	18.4
Highest quintile		3,900	3.2	11.3	-	3,200	2.7	9.4
Two persons or more								
Total	3,500	7,500	10.9	100.0	3,300	7,200	10.9	100.0
Lowest quintile		10,900	45.8	29.0		11,200	49.2	31.1
Second quintile		9,900	23.7	26.5		10,000	24.7	27.8
Third quintile		7,700	12.9	20.5		7,300	12.5	20.0
Fourth quintile		5,400	6.8	14.5		4,900	6.3	13.6
Highest quintile		3,600	2.5	9.5		2,800	2.1	7.6
Unattached individuals								
Total	900 ⊑	5,600	20.2	100.0	1,000	5,600	19.7	100.0
Lowest quintile		3,400	47.4	12.4	,	4,000	48.2	14.6
Second quintile		8,300	51.7	30.0		9,200	55.7	32.7
Third quintile		8,300	37.4	29.9		7,800	34.6	28.1
Fourth guintile		4,800	14.4	17.1		3,900	11.4	14.1
Highest guintile		2,900 €	5.0 E	10.6 E		2,900	4.9	10.5

Table 2-9 ${\bf Government\ transfers\ by\ after-tax\ income\ quintiles\ --\ Sask atchewan}$

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dollars		percent		dollars		percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	3,300	7,100	14.0	100.0	3,500	7,200	13.6	100.0
Lowest quintile		6,300	58.3	17.8		7,000	58.4	19.6
Second quintile		9,600	37.8	27.0		9,500	36.0	26.4
Third quintile		8,400	19.9	23.6		8,400	19.8	23.4
Fourth quintile		7,000	11.0	19.5		6,500	10.0	18.1
Highest quintile		4,400	3.8	12.2		4,500	3.8	12.6
Two persons or more								
Total	3,500	7,700	12.0	100.0	3,500	7,700	11.8	100.0
Lowest guintile		10,700	50.5	27.6		11,100	51.8	28.7
Second quintile		10,200	25.4	26.2		10,100	25.4	26.1
Third guintile		8,200	14.5	21.2		8,300	14.4	21.4
Fourth guintile		5,700	7.5	14.9		5,400	6.9	13.9
Highest quintile		3,900	3.1	10.1		3,900	2.9	9.9
Unattached individuals								
Total	2,500 ⊑	6,000	23.3	100.0	3,500	6,100	21.9	100.0
Lowest quintile	,	3,000	51.3	10.0		3,300	47.2	11.0
Second quintile	•	8,300	60.3	27.7		9,300	62.9	30.5
Third quintile	•	8,000	40.7	26.6	•	8.400	40.4	27.6
Fourth quintile	•	6,400	21.1	21.4	•	5,100	16.0	16.8
Highest quintile	•	4,300	7.3 E	14.3	•	4,300	6.7	14.1

Table 2-10 Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — Alberta

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	irs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	700	5,500	8.3	100.0	900	5,600	8.8	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	5,600	42.0	20.2	•	5,500	45.0	19.7
Second quintile	•	8,100	25.4	29.3	•	8,300	26.6	29.3
Third quintile	•	6,700 3,800	12.5 4.7	24.3 13.8	•	5,800 5.100	11.3 6.5	20.8 18.0
Fourth quintile Highest quintile	•	3,400	2.2	12.4	•	3,400	2.3	12.2
Two persons or more		-,				-,		
Total	1,600	6,400	7.6	100.0	1,700	6,400	7.8	100.0
Lowest quintile	1,000	10,800	41.5	33.9	.,	11,200	42.5	35.1
Second quintile		8,800	17.6	27.6		7,200	14.8	22.6
Third quintile		5,500	7.7	17.3		6,200	8.9	19.5
Fourth quintile		3,500	3.6	11.0		4,300	4.5	13.4
Highest quintile		3,200	1.9	10.2		3,000	1.8	9.3
Unattached individuals								
Total	300	3,900	11.7	100.0	300	4,200	13.7	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	2,300 €	37.4 ^E	11.7 [⊑]	•	1,800	34.8	8.5
Second quintile		7,700	45.6	39.4		6,900	45.4	32.9
Third quintile		4,900 €	19.0 E	24.8 E		6,900	29.5	33.0
Fourth quintile		3,200	8.0	16.2		3,200	9.0	15.5
Highest quintile		1,600 €	2.0 E	7.9 E		2,100	2.9	10.1

Table 2-11

Government transfers by after-tax income quintiles — British Columbia

			(Government	transfers			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals		-						
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile	2,700	7,000 6,000 8,900 7,700 7,000	12.4 52.8 32.0 17.1 10.0	100.0 17.1 25.4 21.9 19.8	2,900	6,900 6,100 9,000 7,800 6,300	12.5 53.9 33.9 17.8 9.3	100.0 17.7 26.0 22.5 18.2
Highest quintile Two persons or more	•	5,600	4.3	15.9	•	5,400	4.2	15.6
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	3,900	8,100 10,200 9,700 8,100 7,300 5,100	11.2 47.3 23.1 13.2 8.6 3.4	100.0 25.6 23.6 20.1 18.0 12.6	3,500	7,800 9,900 9,900 7,900 6,500 4,900	11.1 48.5 24.7 13.2 7.8 3.3	100.0 25.4 25.3 20.2 16.6 12.4
Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	400 E : : : :	5,200 3,600 7,200 7,500 4,500 E 3,600 E	17.3 56.6 48.7 31.4 11.9 ^E 5.1 ^E	100.0 13.6 27.3 28.5 17.1 13.5 E	600	5,400 3,800 8,300 6,800 5,100 3,100	18.1 57.9 55.6 29.8 13.6 4.6	100.0 14.0 30.5 25.2 18.7 11.6

Table 3-1 Median total income by selected family types — Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 con	stant dollars				
Average										
Economic families, two persons or more	65,500	65,800	67,200	69,700	71,200	73,800	75,000	74,800	74,300	76,100
Elderly families	51,300	47,100	47,500	48,200	50,000	50,300	50,500	51,200	51,000	52,000
Married couples	46,000	46,000	46,300	47,100	49,300	48,800	49,600	49,600	50,100	51,800
Other families	63,900	51,000	51,300	51,800	52,500	55,800	53,900	57,100	54,600	53,000
Non-elderly families	68,100	68,700	70,400	73,200	74,700	77,700	79,000	78,600	78,200	80,300
Married couples	64,600	67,500	70,600	71,600	70,900	71,800	76,300	74,800	72,800	73,600
No earners	28,500	32,600	34,200	32,300	34,000	34,900	39,900	36,600	34,900	34,600
One earner	52,800	52,100	55,500	56,800	59,000	57,600	62,600	57,200	58,000	61,300
Two earners	74,800	79,800	81,400	83,900	81,500	81,800	85,800	85,900	82,200	81,600
Two-parent families with children	73,500	73,800	76,100	79,600	81,600	84,800	85,800	86,300	87,400	90,600
No earners	20,300	22,200	24,200	23,400	23,000	22,800	25,100	25,400	23,400	25,000
One earner	53,000	56,600	55,600	62,800	62,300	62,400	63,000	66,600	68,400	65,900
Two earners	76,800	76,700	78,700	81,700	83,000	86,200	86,700	86,800	87,300	90,400
Three or more earners	93,600	96,700	99,000	97,700	101,200	106,000	107,800	105,500	107,000	112,800
Married couples with other relatives	90,100	94,100	93,800	96,400	100,900	107,400	104,000	103,500	103,100	106,400
Lone-parent families	31,400	30,600	30,600	33,400	34,500	37,600	38,400	36,600	37,400	37,500
Male	43,000	47,200	46,700	49,700	50,700	55,200	51,900	52,200	56,500	52,900
Female	29,500	28,000	28,000	30,500	31,600	34,000	35,600	32,900	33,100	34,100
No earners	18,000	16,800	15,800	16,400	17,300	16,400	17,200	16,500	16,200	17,500
One earner	32,400	32,800	31,500	32,600	33,000	34,000	35,400	33,300	32,700	33,900
Two or more earners	49,500	45,300	47,700	50,600	49,800	54,900	56,900	49,800	52,200	49,600
Other non-elderly families	52,400	59,400	58,000	62,700	63,300	65,900	66,100	67,800	62,600	66,100
Unattached individuals	27,600	26,900	26,900	27,600	29,300	29,300	30,100	30,700	31,300	31,200
Elderly males	27,600	28,500	28,800	29,800	28,600	27,400	29,200	28,900	30,200	29,500
Non-earner	25,400	26,000	26,500	26,400	26,800	25,500	27,400	26,200	26,400	27,500
Earner	48,600	48,800	43,300	50,600	40,300	37,600	40,100	40,300	43,400	37,000
Elderly females	22,400	23,200	23,800	23,400	23,400	24,000	24,900	25,500	25,300	26,100
Non-earner	21,900	22,600	22,800	22,500	22,700	23,200	23,800	24,900	24,400	25,200
Earner	34,900	39,700	37,500	35,900	34,500	35,100	39,400	32,600	32,400	34,600
Non-elderly males	31,000	30,300	29,800	31,000	32,600	33,800	34,400	34,600	35,500	34,800
Non-earner	12,600	11,300	10,600	10,700	10,400	10,300	12,200	11,900	12,600	12,200
Earner	35,700	35,200	35,400	36,300	37,200	38,200	38,600	39,300	40,300	38,900
Non-elderly females	26,600	24,300	24,200	25,100	28,700	27,000	27,700	29,200	29,400	29,500
Non-earner Earner	13,800 31,100	11,000 29,500	11,900 29,200	11,200 30,700	11,000 35,100	10,900 32,400	12,400 32,800	12,300 34,400	13,200 34,100	13,200 34,100

Table 3-1 – continued

Median total income by selected family types — Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	56,100	56,700	57,000	58,600	60,100	61,200	62,300	61,900	62,200	63,100
Elderly families	40,900	36,500	36,300	37,200	39,200	39,500	40,500	41,000	40,800	41,900
Married couples	37,000	36,300	36,100	36,800	38,600	39,200	40,200	40,600	40,500	41,800
Other families	50,500	37,900	36,300	39,300	40,300	43,600	42,900	42,300	41,800	42,200
Non-elderly families	59,900	60,500	60,700	62,900	64,000	65,600	66,800	66,000	66,500	67,300
Married couples	55,000	57,400	58,300	58,300	59,900	61,300	62,500	61,500	62,100	63,400
No earners	23,400	26,500	29,600	28,100	28,900	30,200	31,800	30,500	31,300	28,500
One earner	44,400	47,100	44,900	46,000	49,500	47,600	50,600	48,500	48,900	52,200
Two earners	65,800	68,600	67,500	68,800	68,600	69,400	70,900	70,700	70,900	70,900
Two-parent families with children	66,000	66,600	68,100	70,500	71,100	73,000	73,700	73,800	74,800	76,100
No earners	18,100	20,000	23,300	21,100	19,900	20,300	21,900	22,300	20,600	20,900
One earner	46,800	46,900	46,700	48,800	49,500	48,000	47,300	49,200	50,300	48,300
Two earners	69,600	70,100	70,900	73,200	72,500	75,100	75,000	75,500	75,700	77,400
Three or more earners	84,400	87,400	88,500	86,600	92,700	93,900	95,500	94,800	95,000	97,700
Married couples with other relatives	81,600	84,700	83,600	88,500	93,400	93,500	93,800	91,300	92,400	94,900
Lone-parent families	24,200	22,800	23,200	26,100	28,600	31,800	31,400	29,600	30,000	31,000
Male	36,100	41,900	41,200	41,800	44,600	46,300	44,400	45,600	44,000	44,800
Female	23,100	21,600	21,200	24,100	26,400	28,300	28,900	27,100	27,300	28,900
No earners	17,200	16,200	15,400	15,400	15,500	15,000	15,400	15,900	15,200	16,000
One earner	27,900	29,400	28,300	27,600	29,400	30,700	31,100	28,100	28,700	29,700
Two or more earners	44,400	39,700	41,400	45,600	44,500	49,300	47,400	41,800	46,000	44,400
Other non-elderly families	46,600	53,700	51,700	52,400	53,800	55,000	57,300	57,300	54,200	57,500
Unattached individuals	19,700	19,200	19,300	20,100	20,800	21,600	22,600	23,800	23,100	23,600
Elderly males	20,300	19,300	20,300	19.800	20,500	20,400	21.200	22,400	22,200	22,900
Non-earner	19,700	18.600	18,700	18.700	19,300	19.100	19.800	20.500	20.000	20,900
Earner	31,000	34,300	32,800	37,200	26,000	28,000	29,100	31,100	29,000	29,500
Elderly females	17,400	17,600	17,800	17,900	18,200	18,300	19,100	18,800	19,100	19,700
Non-earner	17,300	17,300	17,400	17,500	17,900	18,100	18,700	18,600	18,500	18,900
Earner	25,300	32,200	33,300	27,900	27,900	28,100	29,000	27,300	28,100	30,500
Non-elderly males	24,300	22,900	22,600	24,500	26,000	27,900	27,900	28,800	28,400	27,700
Non-earner	9,700	9,900	8,800	9,700	9,400	9,700	10,000	9,300	9,700	9,700
Earner	30,300	28,700	29,400	30,900	31,300	32,200	32,200	32,800	32,900	32,500
Non-elderly females	21,100	17,800	16,800	18,200	19,400	19,500	20,600	22,300	22,500	22,500
Non-earner	11,100	9,300	9,800	9,800	9,400	9,300	10,000	9,900	9,800	9,800
Earner	27,500	25,300	24,400	26,200	26,400	25,800	27,400	28,300	27,900	27,600

Table 3-2 Median total income by selected family types — Newfoundland and Labrador

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	43,500	43,400	44,300	44,300	44,700	44,500	45,200	45,800	47,500	45,900
Elderly families	31,400	27,000	27,000	26,800	27,600	27,000	27,900	28,800	28,000	27,300
Married couples	27,300	26,100	27,100	26,500	27,100	26,400	26,200	26,400	26,400	26,600
Other families	40,300	27,500	26,900	27,900	34,100	32,400	33,400	31,800	31,700	28,800
Non-elderly families	47,100	46,800	47,600	48,300	49,800	50,000	49,900	50,600	51,800	50,800
Married couples	41,300	42,500	42,800	40,500	42,700	40,000	41,900	46,100	48,000	47,500
No earners	15,700	24,900	20,900	25,500	24,100	15,000	16,900	17,500	20,500	22,400
One earner	36,400	39,300	41,300	34,100	42,700	41,200	34,500	37,700	39,200	42,700
Two earners	58,600	58,800	51,400	55,500	53,700	51,800	52,700	62,000	60,300	55,900
Two-parent families with children	49,300	50,600	52,400	53,800	54,100	57,300	57,300	53,800	57,900	55,000
No earners	15,900	17,300	18,900	15,200	F	19,000	F	F	F	F
One earner	35,700	39,400	34,000	34,600	39,200	37,200	32,500	43,000	49,700	34,600
Two earners	59.600	55,600	58,600	60,000	59,100	69,200	61,400	57,100	63,700	63,600
Three or more earners	83,700	72,500	70,600	75,900	82,300	74,200	78,000	68,000	66,000	63,000
Married couples with other relatives	71,100	61,700	61,900	58,200	64,200	73,100	70,800	67,100	72,900	77,700
Lone-parent families	16,600	16,300	18,000	19,500	19,500	20,400	23,800	26,400	23,900	25,000
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Female	15,600	15,900	17,100	19,100	18,500	20,400	22,900	22,400	20,400	20,900
No earners	13,400	14,600	15,000	14,800	16,400	16,200	F	F	15,400	F
One earner	F	20,900	25,100	23,200	23,900	22,100	26,100	26,900	28,800	26,100
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Other non-elderly families	31,900	43,000	45,500	41,100	43,800	44,800	40,400	47,800	44,100	40,900
Unattached individuals	16,000	14,400	14,200	14,100	14,200	14,900	15,100	15,200	15,200	15,200
Elderly males	F	17,600	17,700	16,100	F	F	F	F	16,000	16,300
Non-earner	F	16,600	16,400	16,100	F	F	F	F	F	F
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	16,100	14,200	14,400	14,400	14,400	14,400	15,100	16,300	15,900	16,100
Non-earner	16,100	14,200	14,300	14,300	14,300	14,400	15,100	15,600	15,800	16,100
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	19,700	17,200	16,500	13,000	12,600	16,600	15,300	14,400	13,400	16,000
Non-earner	F	9,400	8,700	10,300	9,400	8,700	8,700	8,000	F	F
Earner	36,000	28,100	28,400	23,800	25,500	26,000	24,500	28,800	24,100	26,800
Non-elderly females	13,300	11,500	10,900	12,300	10,600	13,000	14,600	12,600	10,900	10,400
Non-earner	F	8,500	8,700	8,700	7,700	7,600	10,400	8,100	9,200	5,700
Earner	19,600	27,200	23,900	17,400	22,600	24,700	29.200	22,800	19,300	16,900

Table 3-3

Median total income by selected family types — Prince Edward Island

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	50,300	49,400	47,400	48,600	47,700	49,000	50,300	50,500	52,400	51,700
Elderly families	31,200	32,700	29,000	29,600	28,500	28,500	28,200	28,800	30,400	30,500
Married couples	27,900	34,600	32,300	31,000	28,500	29,100	28,400	30,000	30,900	34,600
Other families	38,300	F	21,800	F	31,500	27,500	23,100	F	F	F
Non-elderly families	53,200	51,400	51,900	53,200	52,400	53,100	54,600	53,200	55,800	53,800
Married couples	50,400	45,500	50,100	46,800	46,100	46,000	48,900	49,600	53,300	52,000
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner		F	F	F2 200	36,900	33,700	36,800	37,900	39,000	41,300
Two earners	52,900	49,200	54,900	53,200	52,800	58,100	54,900	61,200	61,700	52,500
Two-parent families with children	58,200	58,400	58,000	57,000	54,200	55,300	59,400	56,800	58,300	58,000
No earners	F	F	F F	F F	F	F F	F F	F F	F F	F F
One earner	41,800 56.300	40,900 57.500	54.800	55.700	34,000 50.200	55.700	59.400	53.600	54.200	55.200
Two earners Three or more earners	65,500	66,900	67.100	71,400	82,800	73,000	70.400	73,300	72,400	72,400
	•				•		.,		•	
Married couples with other relatives	71,400	69,300	65,300	75,900	80,000	71,900	79,200	66,800	79,400	73,900
Lone-parent families	23,000	26,600	21,100	27,600	24,700	31,900	25,600	25,800	27,500	29,200
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Female	21,900 F	21,500 F	20,700 F	27,500 F	23,800 F	24,200 F	24,000 F	24,800 F	26,800 F	26,100 F
No earners One earner	19,300	F	F	F	21,900	22,900	23,800	23,000	23,900	24,800
Two or more earners	19,300 F	F	F	F	21,900 F	22,900 F	23,600 F	23,000 F	23,900 F	24,000 F
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	50.400
Other non-elderly families	48,100	46,500	41,000	51,400	58,400	44,600	51,800	54,000	54,200	53,400
Unattached individuals	17,100	17,300	15,100	18,000	16,300	17,700	18,000	17,700	17,700	17,400
Elderly males	16,000	F	F	F	F	F	F	15,600	20,200	22,500
Non-earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	E	15,500	20,200	F
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	16,600	15,600	15,100	16,800	16,000	15,700	16,200	16,000	15,700	15,600
Non-earner Earner	16,600 F	15,600 F	15,000 F	16,900 F	16,000 F	15,600 F	16,200 F	16,000 F	15,700 F	15,600 F
		•								•
Non-elderly males	21,300	18,900	18,400	22,100	20,400	20,800	22,600	22,000	23,000	17,800
Non-earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Earner	23,200	21,300	19,500	22,700	25,200	23,600	22,900	23,200	25,500	20,900
Non-elderly females	18,300 F	20,400 F	13,100 F	15,800 F	13,000 F	14,400 F	17,100 F	17,200 F	17,800 F	17,500 F
Non-earner Earner	18.300	20.500	16.300	18.100	16.300	19.000	19.600	19.200	20.600	23.700
Lamoi	10,500	20,500	10,300	10,100	10,300	19,000	19,000	19,200	20,000	23,700

Table 3-4 Median total income by selected family types — Nova Scotia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	48,400	48,100	47,000	50,600	52,000	53,100	54,000	54,800	54,000	55,000
Elderly families	36,800	32,500	33,200	33,300	34,000	34,100	35,200	35,100	34,300	37,600
Married couples	30,100	31,000	29,800	31,700	33,100	34,000	34,000	37,200	36,600	38,200
Other families	47,800	36,400	37,000	37,600	40,500	36,100	40,600	32,400	32,400	33,300
Non-elderly families	50,400	51,500	51,200	52,900	55,900	56,600	57,800	59,200	57,700	60,100
Married couples	46,200	44,800	43,800	48.700	49,500	48,300	51,100	56,400	56,300	58,100
No earners	27,300	29,600	22,200	16,300	19,400	29,500	24,200	30,200	25,900	41,200
One earner	37,400	39,900	33,900	41,900	41,600	40,800	43,200	47,700	48,800	52,800
Two earners	58,400	53,800	52,600	59,600	59,200	62,300	62,900	60,300	61,400	62,400
Two-parent families with children	58,200	60,900	58,700	61,800	64,900	63,400	64,300	65,600	66,700	66,900
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	45,100	49,600	43,700	50,700	53,000	47,900	47,400	43,900	40,500	40,900
Two earners	59,000	64,800	66,400	63,300	66,100	64,800	65,000	65,100	66,700	69,300
Three or more earners	76,700	76,100	75,800	82,500	89,800	85,600	84,200	93,000	84,600	85,200
Married couples with other relatives	62,400	74,200	72,100	68,100	82,400	78,800	81,600	83,800	80,200	86,300
Lone-parent families	18,100	18,600	18,300	18,600	25,300	27,200	25,600	23,400	25,600	28,300
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Female	17,700	18,500	18,200	17,900	25,300	25,100	25,000	24,000	25,600	28,300
No earners	14,800	18,000	18,100	16,300	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	18,700	21,500	19,300	19,200	25,600	30,700	26,700	26,100	26,400	26,300
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Other non-elderly families	38,200	40,400	40,800	39,100	38,600	49,900	50,300	51,700	46,800	46,800
Unattached individuals	16,500	16,800	16,900	16,700	17,300	17,800	18,700	20,100	20,700	20,100
Elderly males	20,800	19,700	19,100	20,100	20,100	19,200	20,000	19,700	19,300	21,600
Non-earner	20,100	18,400	18,600	19,400	20,100	18,800	20,000	19,100	17,900	21,600 E
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	16,200	15,500	15,400	15,500	16,100	15,900	17,500	17,600	17,700	17,800
Non-earner	16,100	15,100	15,200	15,000	16,000	15,800	16,800	17,100	17,200	17,700
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	16,000	21,500	19,200	21,900	21,100	21,200	21,100	22,900	26,800	25,400
Non-earner	10,000	6,200	13,800	13,400	9,300	9,200	9,600	8,700	8,400	8,100 E
Earner	18,000	23,000	21,500	23,300	25,400	23,700	25,400	29,800	31,300	29,900
Non-elderly females	15,500	13,800	12,400	14,100	14,000	16,800	17,600	20,600	18,600	19,200
Non-earner	10,700	7,800	9,700	10.000	7,200	8,600	9,200	8,800	9,100	9,100
Earner	18,400	19,200	16,900	15,000	20,900	22,000	23,700	24,400	24,500	21,300

Table 3-5

Median total income by selected family types — New Brunswick

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Economic families, two persons or more	47,100	48,800	46,800	49,100	51,300	50,900	52,500	52,900	52,400	53,500
Elderly families	32,300	32,600	30,800	32,500	32,500	33,700	34,200	33,300	36,400	39,100
Married couples	29,700	30,800	29,800	32,500	32,100	32,400	33,400	31,700	35,100	37,000
Other families	37,000	36,000	35,200	32,500	32,700	35,400	38,400	45,700	47,000	47,600
Non-elderly families	50,500	53,400	50,500	52,400	54,200	54,600	56,000	55,100	54,800	56,100
Married couples	43,800	47,500	45,600	45,800	52,600	50,900	51,300	52,900	49,000	53,200
No earners	22,100	22,900	21,600	23,300	19,500	22,400	36,900	25,300	27,400	31,300
One earner	38,300	36,600	39,400	45,000	45,800	42,000	40,800	44,800	44,100	44,300
Two earners	52,600	58,100	53,800	56,200	59,500	59,300	57,800	60,100	57,600	59,500
Two-parent families with children	58,100	57,500	57,000	59,000	59,000	60,500	61,200	63,100	63,300	62,700
No earners	15,600	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	42,900	41,300	39,200	46,600	48,800	43,300	45,700	48,000	36,700	39,300
Two earners	59,400	59,100	59,800	63,100	59,000	61,300	60,300	63,300	62,100	61,100
Three or more earners	71,900	76,100	74,900	70,300	77,700	77,100	76,000	80,300	78,400	83,500
Married couples with other relatives	64,500	71,200	71,300	72,800	78,500	78,700	82,200	77,700	72,600	78,000
Lone-parent families	17,300	16,800	16,500	19,500	21,800	22,800	19,700	26,300	23,700	24,100
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Female	16,900	16,300	15,800	17,100	19,700	20,800	18,300	22,900	21,500	23,100
No earners	14,700	14,100	14,200	13,400	15,800	F	15,800	F	F	F
One earner	17,800	19,200	22,400	22,800	22,700	22,100	23,300	27,000	25,200	23,800
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	40,000	F	F	F
Other non-elderly families	42,100	39,900	35,200	38,300	44,000	44,800	47,400	41,900	44,400	47,400
Unattached individuals	18,300	16,800	16,600	17,100	17,600	17,300	18,100	17,100	18,100	19,000
Elderly males	17,400	17,000	23,300	20,300	19,200	19,500	19,500	17,800	16,700	17,600
Non-earner	16,700	16,600	22,000	19,500	19,100	19,200	19,400	17,500	16,500	16,500
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	17,300	16,000	15,800	15,800	16,100	16,300	17,000	16,600	16,600	17,000
Non-earner	17,200	16,000	15,800	16,000	16,100	16,300	17,000	16,300	16,400	16,700
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	23,700	20,600	17,400	18,200	21,600	19,200	20,900	18,100	23,100	22,000
Non-earner	8,000	7,100	6,900	F	8,200	6,800	7,500	F	F	7,000
Earner	26,800	25,400	23,200	21,700	30,100	27,300	25,900	23,300	28,200	26,700
Non-elderly females	17,000	15,500	15,100	18,200	19,100	15,900	16,800	16,700	18,100	18,500
Non-earner	9,500	7,900	8,500	9,500	F	F	F	6,800	6,100	6,300
Earner	22,100	20,400	19,600	25,900	22,800	18,800	19,200	21,100	20,700	20,400

Table 3-6 Median total income by selected family types — Quebec

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	50,900	50,600	51,200	52,300	54,000	55,000	54,900	55,300	54,900	55,900
Elderly families	34.000	33.000	32.600	32.900	36.300	36.100	36.800	35.300	35.600	35,400
Married couples	28,900	33,000	32,700	32,600	35,700	36,100	36,800	34,600	35,000	35,300
Other families	45,000	33,200	31,900	34,800	38,500	36,100	37,300	36,600	38,400	37,400
Non-elderly families	54,700	54,600	55,000	56,400	58,200	58,900	59,600	58,700	59,400	59,300
Married couples	50,000	48,800	51,100	51,100	53,700	55,900	56,900	55,500	56,400	57,300
No earners	18,400	22,800	21,700	22,600	20,000	24,300	24,600	26,700	22,400	21,500
One earner	38,600	40.800	39,400	41,800	48,100	47,200	50.600	46,900	49,100	51,200
Two earners	59,800	63,000	60,400	59,700	61,600	64,200	63,300	63,800	63,700	64,300
Two-parent families with children	60.500	62,200	63.100	64.800	64,900	67,400	67.200	67.100	69,800	68,700
No earners	17,700	19,200	21,000	19,600	18,600	17,600	19,000	F	F	F
One earner	43,500	42,100	39,100	42,100	41,700	40,000	41,400	43,500	46,000	41,800
Two earners	67,200	69,800	69,100	70,000	68,500	69,600	70,500	70,400	72,800	72,100
Three or more earners	76,300	72,700	82,100	83,800	86,900	94,600	92,600	87,700	80,500	85,800
Married couples with other relatives	75,600	73,900	73,500	80,300	82,300	82,700	84,200	82,400	86,800	86,700
Lone-parent families	26,200	28,300	24,100	26,300	28,200	30,800	31,400	29,800	30,500	32,900
Male	36,300	42,200	43,400	41,800	41,200	42,200	44,400	47,600	42,800	44,600
Female	22,500	22,600	20,600	24,500	24,900	27,200	29,100	26,900	28,400	31,600
No earners	16,400	15,200	14,700	15,000	14,900	14,400	15,000	15,900	15,800	16,000
One earner	34,800	34,400	29,500	33,000	30,100	31,200	31,400	27,400	28,500	32,300
Two or more earners	43,900	41,500	41,400	38,200	41,800	43,100	46,400	39,400	44,600	44,100
Other non-elderly families	41,500	44,900	45,400	43,800	49,500	46,900	49,000	50,600	46,100	48,800
Unattached individuals	17,300	17,600	17,100	18,100	18,900	19,600	20,600	23,300	22,800	23,200
Elderly males	18,400	15,800	17,100	17,300	17,400	17,600	17,300	20,200	19,800	20,000
Non-earner	17,900	15,600	15,800	16,000	16,200	16,700	16,200	19,500	19,000	19,100
Earner	F	F	F	43,400	F	26,000	F	F	F	29,500
Elderly females	16,200	16,000	16,100	16,200	15,800	15,900	16,600	16,900	17,100	17,400
Non-earner	16,000	16,000	15,900	15,900	15,700	15,900	16,500	16,500	16,400	16,800
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	30,300	36,200
Non-elderly males	18,300	21,600	19,800	21,300	25,200	26,800	27,100	28,300	27,200	27,500
Non-earner	8,900	9,700	8,500	9,700	10,100	10,000	10,000	8,200	9,800	9,800
Earner	26,800	30,900	26,600	28,800	29,400	30,300	29,700	31,400	30,900	30,400
Non-elderly females	18,200	16,900	16,600	18,100	19,400	19,200	18,600	22,000	23,400	24,300
Non-earner	10,100	9,000	9,800	10,000	10,000	9,600	9,900	9,900	9,800	9,800
Earner	26,900	27,500	28,900	28,200	29,500	25,400	25,500	27,400	28,500	29,100

Table 3-7 Median total income by selected family types — Ontario

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 con	stant dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	62,100	63,600	62,600	64,700	67,600	69,300	69,200	69,700	69,100	70,000
Elderly families	44,500	41.500	39.700	40.600	42.100	43.800	43.800	47.500	46.800	45.900
Married couples	41,500	40,100	38,500	39,700	41,200	41,900	42,200	45,700	45,200	45,800
Other families	59,900	43,600	42,000	44,200	47,800	50,600	53,800	57,300	53,300	49,500
Non-elderly families	66,200	67,000	66,800	69,900	72,300	73,800	73,900	74,100	73,700	75,400
Married couples	59,000	63,600	65,000	65,600	66,700	67,700	69,300	70,000	69,600	69,200
No earners	27,900	35,000	33,600	32,400	36,400	33,900	38,200	32,300	38,800	33,000
One earner	46,600	50,400	50,000	52,600	52,600	53,200	50,800	49,400	50,100	54,100
Two earners	72,300	75,100	72,300	76,900	77,300	76,400	77,100	79,600	78,800	77,300
Two-parent families with children	72,300	71,600	73,300	77,500	79,200	80,700	79,600	80,400	81,000	82,800
No earners	23,100	22,600	24,300	26,100	25,200	23,200	26,200	26,400	20,600	F
One earner	49,700	53,200	52,900	58,400	53,300	53,700	52,900	53,800	54,500	55,700
Two earners	75,800	74,600	75,700	80,000	80,800	81,600	79,700	80,600	81,600	83,400
Three or more earners	91,700	93,500	91,800	89,600	98,900	97,500	99,100	104,500	100,200	105,100
Married couples with other relatives	90,800	97,300	91,500	99,300	105,500	102,800	104,300	96,900	94,200	101,400
Lone-parent families	24,900	23,400	25,400	27,800	31,800	35,300	37,000	31,200	31,600	30,500
Male	33,000	50,700	38,200	46,500	45,800	56,300	46,600	44,300	43,400	43,700
Female	24,200	22,000	23,700	26,300	29,600	33,100	34,200	28,500	28,900	29,700
No earners	18,200	18,100	16,900	16,200	17,600	16,200	17,400	16,000	15,300	17,200
One earner	28,800	28,200	31,800	30,500	32,100	33,800	34,600	28,100	29,200	29,800
Two or more earners	51,100	42,900	43,900	48,400	51,600	52,200	56,900	46,500	54,700	50,400
Other non-elderly families	53,300	60,400	57,100	59,700	61,900	60,500	64,300	64,800	62,200	66,600
Unattached individuals	22,500	21,000	21,500	23,000	23,600	24,000	25,400	25,700	25,700	25,300
Elderly males	24,300	25,400	23,500	22,600	21,800	21,600	24,400	23,600	24,500	25,000
Non-earner	23,500	23,700	22,000	21,500	20,500	19,300	21,300	21,000	20,800	24,100
Earner	F	39,900	38,400	F	30,200	31,700	36,600	34,500	32,200	32,300
Elderly females	17,600	19,200	19,400	19,800	20,100	19,800	21,000	21,500	21,300	22,200
Non-earner	17,500	18,900	18,900	19,600	19,500	19,300	20,700	21,300	20,200	20,700
Earner	24,300	32,200	36,200	24,800	30,800	29,400	30,100	24,200	28,400	30,000
Non-elderly males	28,300	23,900	25,800	28,000	29,700	32,000	31,700	31,200	31,900	30,600
Non-earner	12,000	10,300	12,200	9,500	9,900	10,400	12,400	11,400	11,400	10,500
Earner	33,900	30,000	32,500	35,000	35,400	36,500	36,700	34,100	36,400	35,200
Non-elderly females	24,100	20,100	20,600	22,500	22,800	22,200	24,700	26,700	25,200	23,700
Non-earner	12,500	10,400	11,100	10,400	9,300	9,300	11,100	9,400	11,400	10,900
Earner	31,100	27,800	28,000	30,200	28,200	30,700	31,600	33,300	30,300	29,500

Table 3-8 Median total income by selected family types — Manitoba

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 consta	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	54,300	52,700	52,800	55,100	55,700	56,000	57,400	57,800	58,200	59,800
Elderly families	37,300	34,900	34,500	34,400	36,900	37,700	40,300	38,200	40.900	41,000
Married couples	35,600	33,800	31,700	33,500	36,100	37,700	38,400	37,800	40,800	40,600
Other families	53,600	46,000	36,500	36,100	49,200	43,100	47,800	42,100	41,300	51,100 E
Non-elderly families	58,700	56,800	57,800	58,800	59,200	60,300	61,000	62,200	62,900	63,900
Married couples	56,000	57,200	57,000	57,200	57,700	57,700	57,700	57,400	58,200	61,400
No earners	31,600	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	49,700	41,400	40,900	43,200	48,100	46,200	43,500	48,500	47,300	48,800
Two earners	63,600	62,800	62,600	62,600	62,600	62,000	63,000	63,300	63,600	65,900
Two-parent families with children	60,400	59,600	62,200	63,800	64,100	65,400	67,700	66,400	66,200	67,700
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	42,000	45,500	34,600	42,000	38,300	44,200	43,300	38,200	40,500	42,200
Two earners	61,400	61,000	64,100	61,600	61,900	62,600	64,200	65,800	65,500	66,500
Three or more earners	77,400	78,400	76,500	85,500	85,500	84,800	84,900	74,300	79,700	88,700
Married couples with other relatives	86,700	86,800	83,400	91,400	88,200	92,900	93,800	103,500	98,600	98,300
Lone-parent families	26,000	22,000	21,000	22,200	23,400	25,900	25,000	29,600	31,600	32,900
Male	F	33,000	F	35,200	F	F	F	34,400	F	F
Female	24,000	20,400	20,100	21,800	21,200	23,700	24,500	28,100	30,400	32,200
No earners	17,500	15,000	F	F	14,200	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	26,000	23,200	21,600	21,800	24,100	25,900	24,000	28,700	29,400	31,400
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	53,300	F	F
Other non-elderly families	43,500	50,400	50,700	53,500	53,800	54,800	55,500	61,200	53,700	57,400
Unattached individuals	18,600	18,300	18,900	19,100	19,800	20,500	20,900	23,200	22,100	22,400
Elderly males	18,700	17,800	18,600	19,100	21,200	20,200	20,000	21,000	20,400	20,500
Non-earner	18,700	18,200	18,600	16,600	21,200	19,700	19,200	19,800	19,800	19,500
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	18,300	17,900	17,200	17,500	17,800	18,000	18,200	18,000	18,300	18,400
Non-earner	18,100	17,700	16,900	17,100	17,600	17,600	17,900	17,900	18,100	18,300
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	22,100	26,700
Non-elderly males	25,200	25,000	26,600	26,400	22,900	24,600	27,700	29,400	29,600	28,200
Non-earner	9,800	9,900	F	10,000	9,800	10,400	F	8,400	F	F
Earner	29,700	28,300	30,800	29,800	30,400	28,300	29,800	33,000	31,000	31,400
Non-elderly females	15,900	15,500	16,800	17,000	21,400	20,300	21,500	24,300	22,300	21,100
Non-earner	10,500	9,900	9,500	9,400	9,400	11,200	10,900	9,500	9,300	9,100 [
Earner	20,600	21,700	21,900	25,700	25,300	22,300	25,400	26,500	25,800	23,900

Table 3-9

Median total income by selected family types — Saskatchewan

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	50,600	50,600	51,500	51,500	54,100	54,400	56,300	57,000	56,900	55,900
Elderly families	38,400	36,100	35,800	35,200	38,400	40,400	39,800	40,100	38,600	39,600
Married couples	37,400	36,800	36,600	33,100	38,500	40,400	40,000	40,500	39,200	40,200
Other families	40,600	30,100	30,300	40,400	36,500	37,600	39,400	33,600	34,500	36,200
Non-elderly families	54,600	55,500	55,900	56,300	58,500	59,800	61,700	61,200	61,500	60,400
Married couples	46,800	50,800	54,200	56,100	55,400	57,900	59,400	56,600	56,400	57,500
No earners One earner	F 39,700	F 40,700	F 33,500	F 40.200	F 46,000	F 43,900	F 51.300	F 37,400	F 41,300	F 47,200
Two earners	53,800	59,400	59,000	61,800	59,700	62,900	64,200	62,000	62,100	61,700
Two-parent families with children	61,400	63,700	62,900	62,600	65,100	65,300	67,500	69,400	69,400	67,300
No earners One earner	F 41.300	F 43.100	F 44.800	F 47.100	F 37.600	F 42.900	F 45.900	F 42.800	F 47.600	F 46.600
Two earners	62,000	63,700	63,200	61,100	66,100	42,900 65,500	45,900 68.000	42,800 68,500	66,900	65,700
Three or more earners	78,800	81,600	79,600	87,200	86,300	84,300	86,100	92,200	89,700	86,200
Married couples with other relatives	80,500	73,700	76,700	71,100	85,600	78,200	86,700	93,700	97,700	98,400
Lone-parent families	21,100	18,900	21,500	26,200	26,400	24,100	28,000	26,600	28,800	26,000
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	36,000 ⋿
Female	20,700	18,800	20,200	24,000	26,400	21,700	27,200	24,800	26,600	25,200
No earners One earner	17,200 22,600	13,300 22,600	F 22,000	F 23,000	13,700 26,400	F 27,500	F 27,600	16,900 26,500	F 28,700	F 27,800
Two or more earners	22,000 F	22,000 F	22,000 F	23,000 F	20,400 F	27,300 F	27,000 F	20,500 F	41,600	27,800 F
Other non-elderly families	42,700	50.000	44.500	41,400	50,500	55,200	59,300	58,300	49,800	53,600
Unattached individuals	18,400	18,200	18,700	18,400	18,500	19,300	21,300	20,400	20,700	19,500
	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	,	,	•
Elderly males Non-earner	20,300 19,100	18,100 17,000	17,600 16,500	19,600 19,500	21,300 20,700	24,800 24,200	26,100 25,000	25,600 21,900	24,700 22,000	20,300 19,500
Earner	19,100 F	17,000 F	10,300 F	19,500 F	20,700 F	24,200 F	25,000 F	21,900 F	22,000 F	19,500 F
Elderly females	16,300	17,200	17,700	17,100	17,400	17,200	18,400	17,700	17,800	17,800
Non-earner	16,000	17,100	17,100	17,000	17,400	17,200	18,500	17,400	17,500	17,600
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	17,900	20,600	21,200	22,400 ⊑
Non-elderly males	25,700	23,600	26,400	26,200	22,800	25,000	25,500	24,700	22,800	21,500
Non-earner	7,800	8,700	10,000	7,100	7,100	6,600	8,100	7,800	8,300	8,900
Earner	31,000	30,000	33,000	32,600	28,400	31,100	31,500	28,400	27,900	25,300
Non-elderly females	16,400	12,300	12,800	13,200	16,100	18,800	16,500	18,200	21,900	17,500
Non-earner	11,800	8,400	7,900	6,600	6,300	6,800	8,300	9,700	9,500	7,900
Earner	19,500	20,100	20,400	23,800	24,700	24,800	22,000	23,300	23,700	22,500

Table 3-10 Median total income by selected family types — Alberta

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 cor	nstant dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	57,200	58,300	62,300	64,200	62,700	65,000	70,400	69,000	68,900	71,700
Elderly families	41.200	37.100	40.200	37.900	38.600	40.500	46.000	43.000	42.600	43.000
Married couples	37.600	36,300	40,400	38.800	38,500	40.500	45,800	42,200	42.000	42,700
Other families	50,800	38,600	36,900	33,700	38,800	39,100	46,000	45,900	44,900	44,600
Non-elderly families	60,700	61,600	65,600	68,000	67,100	68,700	74,300	73,500	74,500	76,900
Married couples	61,000	60,500	66,800	71,300	60,900	65,700	72,400	69,700	67,300	69,700
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	43,500	41,100	54,200	48,800	48,800	49,600	53,500	66,400	55,300	51,900 E
Two earners	65,800	69,200	72,800	79,200	71,500	70,800	77,400	75,500	74,500	74,800
Two-parent families with children	64,200	64,000	68,400	70,900	72,200	73,500	77,400	78,100	79,700	84,600
No earners	F	F	. F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	51,100	50,300	48,700	48,100	54,900	56,900	57,600	55,400	54,800	57,600
Two earners	63,800	67,600	69,400	70,600	71,600	74,200	77,900	74,800	77,000	84,200
Three or more earners	80,500	90,500	89,400	86,800	91,000	88,300	90,400	96,700	102,700	110,000
Married couples with other relatives	81,900	82,800	83,200	92,000	98,700	102,300	106,200	108,100	107,100	108,000
Lone-parent families	25,400	26,900	26,900	30,100	35,400	32,800	36,100	35,500	35,400	34,900
Male	F	F	56,000	39,700	F	61,100	61,300	56,500	57,100	56,000 E
Female	24,500	25,500	23,000	27,100	30,800	27,700	33,800	31,200	30,300	31,500
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	24,200	28,800	26,100	27,100	28,100	27,700	33,800	34,900	34,200	30,600
Two or more earners	F	F	F	38,900	44,700	F	F	F	F	F
Other non-elderly families	45,500	61,900	61,300	54,600	54,900	59,600	57,000	60,800	63,000	60,200
Unattached individuals	22,500	19,800	19,500	20,800	21,200	23,500	23,800	24,100	23,100	25,400
Elderly males	22,800	19,600	20,100	22,200	20,500	20,800	21,200	23,800	24,300	21,900 ⊑
Non-earner	22,800	19,100	18,200	18,300	19,600	19,400	21,200	23,500	23,200	20,800 €
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	18,600	18,700	18,700	18,800	19,400	19,800	20,200	20,000	20,200	21,400
Non-earner	18,400	18,400	18,700	18,800	19,200	19,500	19,900	19,600	19,800	20,600
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	20,600	20,700	24,300 E
Non-elderly males	29,100	24,800	24,200	24,800	26,700	29,100	31,600	29,700	28,400	30,900
Non-earner	11,900	11,700	9,600	11,000	9,000	11,200	11,500	F	4,000	3,200 ⋿
Earner	33,400	28,600	28,000	27,900	30,300	32,800	33,400	31,900	33,800	34,100
Non-elderly females	20,800	15,700	14,100	17,100	17,200	17,200	20,100	20,100	18,200	20,300
Non-earner	11,900	10,300	10,700	11,800	11,500	10,000	11,500	11,000	10,700	10,500
Earner	24,300	19,300	18,800	20,300	20,800	21,200	23,000	24,700	23,100	24,300

Table 3-11

Median total income by selected family types — British Columbia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	59,100	59,700	59,100	60,500	60,100	59,600	60,400	59,100	59,700	62,200
Elderly families	44.300	40.700	43.400	43.800	44.400	46.700	43.300	39.400	41.500	44.200
Married couples	42,300	41,900	42,400	44,100	44,100	45,500	43.500	39,900	43.100	44,700
Other families	55,800	37,800	51,100	42,600	44,400	49,300	41,700	38,500	40,000	42,100 E
Non-elderly families	63,100	63,300	63,200	64,600	63,900	62,600	64,800	62,800	64,900	65,500
Married couples	61,800	63,300	61,100	60.300	62,600	61,700	63,300	60,200	65,600	66,700
No earners	24,400	32,100	F	F	34,500	32,500	45,000	44,000	F	F
One earner	53,800	51,900	43,300	44.100	52,000	42,700	57.900	49,200	51.000	64,300
Two earners	70,300	74,300	70,600	68,000	71,200	71,300	68,200	67,300	70,700	71,300
Two-parent families with children	70,100	68,900	71,100	72,900	72,900	72,700	73,200	72,800	73,900	71,600
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	50,500	48,200	47,100	51,000	53,700	50,800	46,200	47,300	43,600	46,100
Two earners	72,800	71,800	71,200	75,900	73,900	77,200	75,500	75,100	76,000	76,700
Three or more earners	90,500	94,500	94,700	96,000	96,800	99,700	98,300	93,900	96,700	97,100
Married couples with other relatives	80,600	90,200	90,800	84,800	87,900	89,300	92,200	87,100	87,100	89,900
Lone-parent families	25,400	20,500	21,000	21,900	25,600	31,300	27,200	26,600	24,800	24,600
Male	F	47,500	F	F	45,600	47,700	34,900	35,900	41,600	F
Female	24,800	19,900	20,300	21,800	23,300	27,800	24,100	25,800	23,400	24,200
No earners	17,600	15,800	15,000	F	15,300	F	14,900	14,400	F	F
One earner	30,300	29,400	28,300	26,300	27,200	31,300	27,300	26,600	26,300	29,700
Two or more earners	F	F	F	51,700	F	F	F	37,400	F	F
Other non-elderly families	50,800	61,900	56,800	62,800	59,100	54,600	58,600	51,200	49,100	49,700
Unattached individuals	22,000	20,300	20,300	20,300	21,100	22,900	22,600	23,500	22,500	23,300
Elderly males	19,800	21,900	26,100	26,200	25,100	24,600	24,300	22,100	22,200	24,200
Non-earner	19,700	21,400	26,100	24,300	24,700	23,900	24,200	22,100	19,500	24,800
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	27,600	F
Elderly females	18,500	18,900	18,900	20,100	18,500	20,700	20,200	18,900	19,700	20,900
Non-earner	18,400	18,900	18,300	19,000	18,400	19,100	19,100	18,200	18,700	18,700
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	27,200	F	F	30,800	35,000
Non-elderly males	24,300	23,300	23,500	25,500	26,500	27,800	27,000	29,900	25,800	26,800
Non-earner	8,800	9,600	7,800	9,700	8,300	9,300	9,200	9,300	9,700	9,700
Earner	30,000	26,200	27,700	31,000	33,700	35,400	32,200	37,100	37,300	35,100
Non-elderly females	22,700	16,300	16,000	15,000	17,100	17,700	17,800	21,500	20,500	20,200
Non-earner	10,900	8,000	9,000	8,400	10,000	9,300	10,100	10,200	9,600	9,500
Earner	26,500	28,600	21,200	19,500	19,900	22,700	26,600	26,500	26,000	26,700

Table 4 Average total income received by income sources, Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_				2	2004 consta	nt dollars				
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals										
Total income Market income Earnings Wages, salaries and commissions Self-employment income Farm Non-farm Investment income Retirement income Other income	53,600 51,000 53,500 51,500 24,500 16,400 25,200 5,900 17,000 8,800	53,400 50,500 52,300 51,800 16,800 9,800 17,500 4,600 17,400 5,500	54,300 51,700 53,600 52,400 18,900 8,000 20,300 4,500 17,800 5,700	56,100 53,500 55,600 54,600 18,500 6,200 20,200 4,600 18,500 5,100	57,600 54,900 56,900 55,000 21,900 9,000 23,400 5,100 18,700 4,800	59,200 56,600 58,200 56,300 22,200 8,200 23,900 4,800 19,100 5,000	60,100 57,100 58,400 56,400 22,200 9,700 23,600 5,100 19,800 5,000	60,100 56,900 58,600 56,300 24,900 9,600 26,400 4,400 20,400 5,600	59,900 56,600 57,600 55,800 22,500 6,800 24,200 4,700 20,400 5,400	61,000 57,500 58,100 56,200 22,400 8,600 E 23,800 4,900 20,800 5,400
Government transfers Old Age Security and GIS/SA CPP/QPP Child tax benefits ¹ Employment Insurance (EI) benefits ² Workers compensation benefits ³ GST/HST Provincial and territorial tax credits ⁴ Social assistance Other government transfers	8,700 9,300 7,400 2,100 6,600 9,300 400 300 7,800 6,500	8,800 9,200 7,500 1,900 6,000 6,300 400 400 7,800	8,700 9,300 7,500 2,000 5,800 6,600 400 300 7,600	8,800 9,300 7,700 2,300 5,700 6,100 400 400 7,300	8,400 9,100 7,700 2,400 5,400 6,100 400 400 7,000	8,100 9,000 7,600 2,400 5,100 5,900 400 400 7,000	8,400 8,800 7,600 2,500 5,500 6,600 400 6,900	8,700 8,700 7,700 2,500 6,100 7,300 400 400 6,900	8,600 8,800 7,600 2,600 6,000 7,100 400 400 6,700	8,600 8,900 7,700 2,500 5,900 7,100 400 400 6,700
Two persons or more										
Total income Market income Earnings Wages, salaries and commissions Self-employment income Farm Non-farm Investment income Retirement income Other income Government transfers Old Age Security and GIS/SA CPP/QPP Child tax benefits 1 Employment Insurance (EI) benefits 2 Workers compensation benefits 3 GST/HST Provincial and territorial tax credits 4 Social assistance Other government transfers	65,600 60,700 60,800 57,900 24,800 16,800 25,400 6,100 19,200 8,900 9,500 10,400 8,200 2,100 6,700 9,000 500 400 9,000 7,300	65,800 60,500 59,700 58,600 17,100 9,900 17,800 4,800 19,700 5,400 9,600 10,300 8,400 1,900 6,500 500 400 8,900	67,200 62,100 61,500 59,400 19,700 8,400 21,100 4,600 19,800 5,800 9,500 10,500 8,500 2,000 5,900 6,800 500 300 8,700	69,700 64,500 63,900 62,200 19,400 6,600 21,200 4,700 20,900 5,500 9,600 10,500 8,700 2,300 5,700 6,200 400 8,400	71,200 66,000 65,100 62,200 22,500 9,100 24,100 5,500 21,200 5,100 9,300 10,100 8,700 2,400 5,600 6,100 500 400 7,900	73,800 68,600 67,300 64,500 22,600 8,500 24,300 5,200 21,600 5,400 8,800 9,900 8,400 2,400 5,300 6,100 500 400 7,700	75,000 69,100 67,700 64,700 23,100 10,400 24,500 5,400 22,200 5,200 9,900 8,500 2,500 5,800 6,700 700 400 7,300	74,800 68,800 67,800 64,500 25,600 10,400 27,100 4,600 22,800 6,000 9,700 8,600 2,500 6,200 7,400 500 400 7,300	74,300 68,300 66,900 64,200 22,900 7,300 24,600 4,800 22,500 5,400 9,900 8,500 2,600 6,300 7,100 500 400 7,100	76,100 69,900 67,900 64,900 23,500 9,300 E 24,900 5,400 23,300 5,700 9,500 10,100 8,500 2,500 6,100 7,000 500 400 7,100
Unattached individuals	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,									
Total income Market income Earnings Wages, salaries and commissions Self-employment income Farm Non-farm Investment income Retirement income Other income Government transfers Old Age Security and GIS/SA CPP/QPP Child tax benefits 1	27,600 26,600 30,500 30,300 22,900 13,300 23,900 5,100 12,400 8,500 7,800 6,000 F	27,000 25,800 29,100 29,700 14,900 9,200 15,700 4,200 6,100 7,700 5,900 F	26,900 25,800 28,800 29,300 14,900 5,800 16,200 4,300 5,600 7,700 5,900 F	27,600 26,500 30,100 30,600 13,800 3,500 15,300 4,200 13,300 3,800 7,600 6,000 F	29,300 28,500 32,700 32,900 18,200 8,200 19,500 3,900 13,200 3,300 6,700 7,600 6,100 F	29,300 28,300 32,100 31,900 20,000 6,200 21,700 3,600 13,500 3,300 6,500 7,600 6,000 F	30,100 29,000 32,100 32,000 17,600 4,700 19,000 4,400 4,000 6,700 7,300 6,100 F	30,800 29,500 32,600 32,200 21,500 4,300 23,300 3,900 4,100 7,200 6,200 F	31,400 30,200 32,300 31,900 20,660 4,100 22,500 4,500 5,400 6,800 7,200 6,200 F	31,200 30,000 32,200 32,200 17,400 5,000 E 18,800 3,600 4,600 6,700 7,100 6,400 F
Employment Insurance (EI) benefits ² Workers compensation benefits ³ GST/HST	6,000 11,100 300	5,200 5,100 300	5,600 6,000 300	5,400 5,800 300	4,600 6,200 300	4,600 5,200 300	4,500 5,900 400	5,600 7,200 300	4,800 7,000 300	4,800 7,300 300

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4 - continued

Average total income received by income sources, Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Provincial and territorial tax credits ⁴	300	400	300	400	400	300	300	300	300	300
Social assistance	5,800	5,700	5,800	5,600	5,700	5,900	6,200	6,200	5,900	6,000
Other government transfers	5,000									

^{1.} Source: Income Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Table 5-1
Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Canada

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	ars	percent		dolla	ars	percent	<u>t </u>
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	5,800 : : :	10,700 700 E 2,700 6,300 11,900 31,900	17.5 5.4 E 9.1 13.3 16.4 22.4	100.0 1.3 E 5.0 11.8 22.2 59.6	5,700	10,500 600 2,600 6,300 11,700 31,300	17.6 4.9 9.1 13.4 16.5 22.5	100.0 1.2 5.0 12.0 22.3 59.5
Two persons or more Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	8,600	13,500 1,200 E 4,300 9,100 15,200 37,600	17.7 5.1 10.0 14.4 17.3 23.1	100.0 1.8 ^E 6.5 13.6 22.5 55.7	8,400	13,100 1,100 4,300 9,100 14,900 36,400	17.7 4.7 10.0 14.5 17.3 23.2	100.0 1.7 6.5 13.8 22.7 55.4
Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	2,300	5,200 200 € 600 2,500 5,800 17,000	16.7 2.2 E 4.0 10.3 15.9 23.3	100.0 0.6 E 2.4 9.4 22.4 65.2	2,200	5,300 300 500 2,300 5,800 17,600	16.9 4.7 3.2 9.9 15.9 23.6	100.0 1.3 1.9 8.7 21.9 66.3

^{2.} Includes economic families of two persons or more and unattached individuals.

^{3.} Starting in 1999, all social assistance amounts reported to the survey by one or both individuals in a couple are reassigned to the female spouse, or the older of the two spouses in the case of a same-sex couple. This caused a shift in some of the time series for social assistance data for individuals, for example, an increase in the average amount received, and a decrease in the number of recipients. The time series showing the aggregate amount of social assistance is not affected, nor are the data at the family or household level.

^{4.} Includes economic families and unattached individuals. An economic family is defined as a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common law or adoption. An unattached individual is a person living either alone or with others to whom he or she is unrelated, such as roommates or a lodger.

Table 5-2 Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Newfoundland and Labrador $\,$

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dollar	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	İ
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile	3,800 ·	7,300 200 ^E 1.200	15.5 1.5 [⊑] 5.2	100.0 0.4 ^E 3.4	3,900	7,500 200 1,300	15.6 1.5 5.4	100.0 0.4 3.5
Third quintile Fourth quintile	· ·	3,700 8,800	9.9 15.3 21.4	10.2 24.0 62.1	•	4,100 8,900	10.6 15.3 21.3	10.9 23.9 61.2
Highest quintile Two persons or more		22,700	21.4	62.1	•	22,800	21.3	61.2
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	5,700	8,900 300 E 2,500 5,400 11,200 25,000	15.9 1.5 E 7.7 11.7 16.7 21.8	100.0 0.6 E 5.7 12.2 25.3 56.2	5,500	9,000 300 2,500 5,800 11,500 25,200	15.9 1.6 7.4 12.2 16.7 21.7	100.0 0.7 5.5 12.8 25.4 55.6
Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	0 E	2,400 0 E 100 E 500 E 2,100 E 9,600	12.2 0.0 E 1.1 E 3.0 E 9.8 E 20.3	100.0 0.0 E 0.9 E 3.8 E 17.3 E 78.0	0	2,400 0 100 300 2,400 9,500	12.4 0.5 1.3 1.9 10.8 20.4	100.0 0.2 1.1 2.4 20.0 76.3

Table 5-3
Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Prince Edward Island

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	4,600	7,000 400 E 2,000 E 4,700 8,300 19,600	14.6 3.6 ^E 7.6 11.6 14.3 19.0	100.0 1.2 ^E 5.8 13.5 23.7 55.8	4,700	7,400 300 2,000 5,000 9,000 20,900	15.1 2.6 7.4 12.1 15.0 19.7	100.0 0.9 5.3 13.4 24.2 56.2
Two persons or more Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	6,400	8,800 1,200 ⋿ 3,800 6,500 10,300 22,500	15.0 5.0 E 9.9 12.7 15.2 19.7	100.0 2.6 E 8.6 14.7 23.1 51.0	6,600	9,200 700 3,900 6,800 10,800 24,000	15.4 2.9 10.3 13.3 15.6 20.5	100.0 1.5 8.5 14.8 23.4 51.9
Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	500 ^E	2,400 0 E 400 E 1,000 E 2,600 E 8,100	11.3 0.6 E 3.2 E 5.4 E 10.4 E 18.3	100.0 0.4 E 3.4 E 8.0 E 21.0 E 67.2	800	2,800 200 200 900 3,500 9,600	12.6 2.5 1.4 5.2 13.1 19.8	100.0 1.2 1.3 6.5 24.8 66.2

Table 5-4 Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Nova Scotia

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile	4,800	8,600 300 ^E 2,400	16.8 3.0 [⊑] 9.0	100.0 0.8 ^E 5.5	5,000	8,600 300 2,300	16.9 2.4 8.9	100.0 0.7 5.4
Third quintile Fourth quintile	•	5,500 10,600	13.1 16.7	12.8 24.6		5,200 10,600	13.0 17.1	12.1 24.9
Highest quintile		24,400	21.3	56.4	•	24,300	21.5	56.8
Two persons or more Total	7,600	10,800	17.0	100.0	7,300	10,500	17.0	100.0
Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile		700 4,100 8,200	3.4 10.6 14.7	1.4 7.6 15.1		700 3,500 7.800	3.6 9.5 14.5	1.4 6.6 14.9
Fourth quintile Highest quintile		13,600 27,700	17.7 17.8	25.1 50.9		13,400 27,200	17.8 22.0	25.6 51.5
Unattached individuals		,				,		
Total Lowest quintile	1,500 ^E	4,200 0 E	15.7 0.8 E	100.0 0.2 E	1,900	4,500 100	16.4 0.8	100.0
Second quintile Third quintile		300 E 1,900 E	2.1 ^E 9.1	1.3 E 8.9 E		400 1,900	2.8 9.0	1.7 8.5
Fourth quintile Highest quintile		4,900 13,900	15.5 22.0	23.7 65.8		5,100 15,400	15.8 23.8	22.5 67.0

Table 5-5
Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — New Brunswick

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dollar	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	İ
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals	_							
Total	4,700	7,900	15.6	100.0	4,500	7,900	16.0	100.0
Lowest quintile		300 €	2.7 E	0.8 E	•	400	3.2	0.9
Second quintile	•	2,000	7.9 12.2	5.1 12.8	•	1,800	7.2	4.5
Third quintile	•	5,000 9,000	12.2	23.0	•	4,900 9.200	12.1 15.3	12.3 23.3
Fourth quintile Highest quintile	•	23,000	20.6	23.0 58.2	•	9,200 23,400	21.0	23.3 59.0
	•	20,000	20.0	00.2	•	20, 100	21.0	00.0
Two persons or more Total	6 600	40.000	16.1	100.0	6 400	40.000	16.5	100.0
Lowest quintile	6,600	10,000 700 ⊑	3.5 ⊑	100.0 1.4 E	6,400	10,000 800	3.9	1.5
Second quintile	•	3,500	9.3	7.1	•	3,300	9.0	6.6
Third quintile	•	7,300	13.7	14.7	•	7.100	13.6	14.1
Fourth quintile	•	11,700	16.1	23.6	•	11.700	16.4	23.4
Highest quintile	•	26,600	21.4	53.2		27,300	22.0	54.5
Unattached individuals								
Total	1,400 ⊑	2,800	12.5	100.0	800	2,900	12.6	100.0
Lowest quintile	.,	100 E	1.4 E	0.6 €		100	1.2	0.5
Second quintile		400 E	3.1 ⊑	3.1 ⊑		300	2.1	2.1
Third quintile		1,400	7.4	9.8		1,100	6.1	7.9
Fourth quintile		3,300	12.3	23.2		3,200	12.1	22.3
Highest quintile		9,000	19.0	63.2		9,700	19.6	67.3

Table 5-6 Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Quebec

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	ars	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	5,100	10,100 800 [⊑]	18.7	100.0	5,300	10,000	18.8	100.0
Lowest quintile	•	2,900	5.9 ^E 10.3	1.5 ^E 5.6	•	700 2.600	5.6 9.6	1.4 5.2
Second quintile Third quintile	•	2,900 5,700	13.5	11.4	•	2,600 5,900	9.6 14.1	5.2 11.9
Fourth quintile	•	10.700	17.1	21.1	•	10.900	17.5	22.0
Highest quintile		30,600	24.4	60.3	•	29,700	24.6	59.6
Two persons or more								
Total	7,400	12,900	18.7	100.0	7,600	12,500	18.8	100.0
Lowest quintile		1,200 €	5.1 ⋿	1.9 ⊑		1,100	4.8	1.7
Second quintile		3,800	9.5	5.9		3,900	9.9	6.2
Third quintile		7,900	14.2	12.4		8,200	14.9	13.2
Fourth quintile		14,500	18.4	22.5		14,200	18.4	22.6
Highest quintile		37,000	25.5	57.3		35,200	25.4	56.3
Unattached individuals								
Total	2,500	5,500	18.4	100.0	2,500	5,600	18.8	100.0
Lowest quintile		100 E	1.4 E	0.4 E		600	8.1	2.3
Second quintile		700 E	4.8 E	2.7 €		400	2.7	1.5
Third quintile		2,700	11.7	10.0		2,500	11.2	9.1
Fourth quintile		6,700	18.9	24.7		6,300	18.1	22.6
Highest quintile		17,100	25.8	62.2		17,900	26.5	64.5

Table 5-7
Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Ontario

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	nrs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	6,800	12,400	17.9	100.0	6,700	12,100	17.8	100.0
Lowest quintile		500	3.6	8.0		600	4.0	1.0
Second quintile		3,000	9.1	4.8		3,000	9.1	5.0
Third quintile		7,400	13.8	12.0		7,200	13.5	11.9
Fourth quintile		13,300	16.4	21.4		13,000	16.2	21.3
Highest quintile		37,800	23.1	60.9	•	37,000	23.2	60.9
Two persons or more								
Total	9,700	15,300	18.1	100.0	9,400	14,800	17.9	100.0
Lowest quintile		1,000	4.0	1.3		1,000	4.2	1.4
Second quintile		5,200	10.8	6.8		5,000	10.5	6.8
Third quintile		10,400	14.7	13.5		10,000	14.5	13.6
Fourth quintile		16,300	17.0	21.3		15,900	16.8	21.5
Highest quintile		43,700	23.8	57.1		42,100	23.8	56.8
Unattached individuals								
Total	2,400	5,900	17.1	100.0	2,500	6,200	17.3	100.0
Lowest guintile	,	100 E	1.1 E	0.3 €	,	200	2.9	0.7
Second guintile		600	3.7	2.0		600	3.9	2.
Third guintile		2,500	9.7	8.4		2,500	9.8	8.2
Fourth quintile		6,000	15.3	20.6		6,200	15.4	20.3
Highest quintile		20,200	24.1	68.7		21,200	24.2	68.8

Table 5-8 Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Manitoba

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	ars	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	5,500	9,300	17.0	100.0	5,500	9,200	17.1	100.0
Lowest quintile		500 E	3.8	1.1 ⋿		500	3.5	1.0
Second quintile	•	2,600	9.3	5.6		2,700	9.5	5.9
Third quintile		6,000	13.5	12.9	•	6,000	13.7	13.2
Fourth quintile		11,100	16.7	23.7	•	11,000	16.9	23.9
Highest quintile	•	26,400	21.6	56.6	•	25,700	21.9	56.1
Two persons or more								
Total	8,700	12,000	17.4	100.0	8,400	11,600	17.4	100.0
Lowest quintile		1,000	4.1	1.6		900	3.7	1.5
Second quintile		4,400	10.6	7.4		4,000	9.7	6.8
Third quintile		9,200	15.3	15.3		8,700	15.0	15.0
Fourth quintile		13,900	17.4	23.3		13,800	17.7	23.8
Highest quintile		31,600	22.5	52.4		30,800	23.0	53.0
Unattached individuals								
Total	2,200	4,200	15.4	100.0	2,400	4,500	15.9	100.0
Lowest quintile	_,	100 E	1.8 E	0.6 €	_,	200	1.8	0.7
Second quintile	•	800 E	4.9 E	3.7 €		700	4.5	3.3
Third quintile	:	2,100	9.7	10.2		2,400	10.6	10.7
Fourth quintile		5,200	15.7	24.5		5,500	16.1	24.6
Highest guintile	•	13,000	21.9	61.0	•	13,700	22.9	60.8

Table 5-9
Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Saskatchewan

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total	4,700	8,000	15.7	100.0	5,100	8,600	16.3	100.0
Lowest quintile		200 €	2.2 E	0.6 E		500	4.1	1.2
Second quintile		2,000	7.9	5.0		2,200	8.2	5.0
Third quintile		5,000	12.0	12.6		5,400	12.8	12.6
Fourth quintile		10,000	15.8	24.9		10,600	16.4	24.7
Highest quintile	•	22,800	20.0	56.9		24,300	20.7	56.6
Two persons or more								
Total	7,400	10,300	16.0	100.0	8,000	10,800	16.6	100.0
Lowest quintile		700 E	3.3 €	1.4 E		900	4.0	1.6
Second guintile		3,700	9.3	7.2		3,900	9.7	7.1
Third quintile		8,000	14.2	15.6		8,200	14.4	15.2
Fourth quintile		12,900	16.9	25.3		13,900	17.7	25.6
Highest quintile		26,000	20.4	50.5		27,500	21.0	50.5
Unattached individuals								
Total	1,200 ⊑	3.700	14.3	100.0	1,800	4,300	15.4	100.0
Lowest guintile	-,	100 E	1.2 E	0.4 €	.,	100	0.9	0.3
Second quintile	·	400 E	2.7 E	2.0 €	•	500	3.3	2.3
Third quintile		1.500 E	7.6	8.1		1.800	8.8	8.5
Fourth quintile		4,100	13.5	22.4		4,900	15.3	22.9
Highest quintile		12,300	20.8	67.1	•	14,100	21.9	66.0

Table 5-10 Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — Alberta

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	ars	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total Lowest quintile	6,700	11,200 600 ^E	16.9 4.7 ^E	100.0 1.1 ^E	6,300	11,000 600	17.1 4.9	100.0 1.1
Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile	•	2,700 7,100 12,900	8.5 13.3 16.0	4.8 12.7 23.1	•	2,600 6,900 12.500	8.5 13.3 16.0	4.8 12.5 22.8
Highest quintile		32,700	21.5	58.3		32,300	21.8	58.8
Two persons or more Total	9,800	14,400	17.1	100.0	9,800	14,200	17.5	100.0
Lowest quintile		1,200 ⊑	4.6 E	1.7 E	,	1,300	5.1	1.9
Second quintile		5,400	10.8	7.5	-	5,200	10.7	7.3
Third quintile		10,100	14.0	14.1	-	10,100	14.5	14.2
Fourth quintile Highest quintile	•	16,600 38,600	16.9 22.3	23.1 53.7		16,600 38,100	17.4 22.6	23.4 53.2
Unattached individuals	0.400	5.000	45.7	400.0	4 000	4.000	45.4	400.0
Total Lowest quintile	2,400	5,300 ೧ ⊑	15.7 0.7 [⊑]	100.0 0.2 ^E	1,800	4,600 0	15.1 0.6	100.0 0.1
Second quintile	•	600 E	3.7	0.2 ^L 2.4 ^E	•	500	3.0	2.0
Third quintile	•	2.500	9.7	9.4		1.900	8.1	8.1
Fourth quintile	•	6,000	15.1	22.8	•	5,200	14.4	22.6
Highest quintile		17,200	21.7	65.2	•	15,700	21.3	67.2

Table 5-11
Income tax by after-tax income quintiles — British Columbia

				Income	tax			
		2004				2003		
	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares	Median	Averages	Implicit transfer rates	Shares
	dolla	rs	percent		dolla	ars	percent	
Total - Economic families and unattached individuals								
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	4,900	9,100 1,600 E 2,300 5,200 10,800 25,900	16.1 13.8 ^E 8.2 11.5 15.5 19.8	100.0 3.4 ^E 5.0 11.3 23.7 56.6	4,700	8,900 900 2,000 5,100 10,600 25,800	15.9 8.1 7.6 11.6 15.5 20.0	100.0 2.1 4.6 11.5 23.9 58.0
Two persons or more Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	7,500	11,700 2,300	16.3 10.6 E 8.3 13.0 15.9 20.7	100.0 4.0 E 5.8 13.7 23.0 53.4	7,400	11,400 1,400 3,300 8,100 13,300 31,100	16.2 6.9 8.2 13.5 15.8 20.9	100.0 2.5 5.8 14.2 23.2 54.3
Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile	2,100 ^E	4,600 600 E 600 E 2,500 E 5,500 14,200	15.3 8.8 E 4.0 10.4 14.4 20.4	100.0 2.4 E 2.5 10.7 E 23.5 60.9	1,800	4,400 500 500 2,000 5,400 13,900	14.9 7.5 3.2 8.6 14.5 20.4	100.0 2.2 2.1 8.9 24.3 62.6

Table 6-1 Median after-tax income by selected family types — Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 constan	t dollars				
Average										
Economic families, two persons or more	52,500	52,900	53,900	55,700	57,400	59,200	61,500	61,600	61,100	62,700
Elderly families	44,100	40,400	40,800	41,200	42,900	42,600	44,000	44,700	44,500	45,400
Married couples	39,800	39,200	39,500	39,900	42,000	41,300	43,000	43,300	43,500	44,900
Other families	54,500	44,600	45,000	45,400	46,200	47,200	48,100	49,800	48,200	47,200
Non-elderly families	54,100	54,800	56,000	58,100	59,800	61,900	64,400	64,300	63,900	65,700
Married couples	50,700	52.700	54.700	55,600	55,500	56,300	60.700	60,000	58,400	59,100
No earners	25,400	27,800	28,700	27,700	28,500	29,100	33,500	30,000	30,200	28,500
One earner	41,800	41,400	44,000	44,800	46,500	45,600	50,400	46,900	46.800	49,200
Two earners	58,000	61,500	62,500	64,300	63,400	63,700	67,900	68,400	65,700	65,500
Two-parent families with children	57,900	58,300	60,000	62,500	64,600	67,100	69.500	70.100	70.700	73,200
No earners	20,000	21,800	23,500	22,800	22,500	21,900	24,700	24,600	23,000	24,600
One earner	42,600	44,500	42,900	48,100	49,000	48,900	50.800	53,400	54,200	53,200
Two earners	59,800	60,400	61,800	64,000	65,300	67,800	69,800	70,100	70,400	72,700
Three or more earners	74,100	76,800	79,000	77,900	81,300	85,300	88,100	87,200	87,800	91,800
Married couples with other relatives	71,500	74,900	74,800	76,600	81,100	85,500	85,300	84,800	84,800	87,400
Lone-parent families	27,500	27,300	27,300	29,600	30,600	33,100	34,300	32,800	33,400	33,700
Male	34,900	38,900	38,500	40,900	40,900	44,200	43,000	43,600	46,300	44,300
Female	26,300	25,500	25,500	27,600	28,700	30,800	32,500	30,300	30,500	31,300
No earners	17,700	16,700	15,800	16,200	16,800	16,300	17,200	16,400	16,200	17,400
One earner	28,300	29,100	28,100	29,000	29,600	30,600	32,100	30,400	30,200	31,100
Two or more earners	42,100	40,000	42,000	44,900	45,000	49,000	51,200	44,800	46,700	45,000
Other non-elderly families	43,700	49,800	49,000	52,200	53,200	53,700	56,500	58,000	53,900	56,800
Unattached individuals	22,700	22,300	22,300	22,700	23,900	24,100	25,200	25,800	26,000	26,000
Elderly males	23,900	24,400	24,700	25,400	24,600	23,600	25,400	25,300	26,000	25,600
Non-earner	22,500	22,600	23,100	23,100	23,500	22,500	24,100	23,500	23,400	24,500
Earner	36,700	38,100	34,300	39,500	31,700	29,900	33,000	32,800	35,100	29,800
Elderly females	20,100	20,600	21,000	20,800	20,800	21,100	22,400	22,900	22,400	23,200
Non-earner	19,800	20,200	20,400	20,200	20,400	20,600	21,600	22,500	21,900	22,500
Earner	28,400	31,700	29,900	29,000	27,700	28,800	33,500	27,800	26,600	29,100
Non-elderly males	24,600	24,200	24,000	24,700	25,900	27,000	27,900	28,300	28,800	28,300
Non-earner	11,800	10,600	9,900	10,100	9,700	9,600	11,300	11,000	11,600	11,100
Earner	27,800	27,700	28,100	28,500	29,300	30,300	31,100	31,800	32,400	31,400
Non-elderly females	21,700	20,100	20,100	20,700	22,900	21,900	23,100	24,200	24,300	24,400
Non-earner	12,700	10,400	11,000	10,400	9,900	9,900	11,400	11,300	12,100	12,000
Earner	24,800	23,900	23,800	24,800	27,600	26,000	27,000	28,200	27,900	27,900

Table 6-1 – continued

Median after-tax income by selected family types — Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
<u> </u>	2004 constant dollars									
Economic families, two persons or more	46,800	47,100	47,400	48,800	50,500	51,200	53,300	53,200	53,200	54,100
Elderly families	36,800	34,300	33,900	34,600	36,000	36,000	37,400	38,000	37,700	38,500
Married couples	34,000	33,600	33,600	33,700	35,400	35,400	36,600	37,300	37,200	38,200
Other families	45,500	36,500	34,800	37,100	38,400	39,400	40,200	40,500	39,600	40,300
Non-elderly families	49,200	49,800	50,400	51,800	53,300	54,300	56,700	56,300	56,700	57,600
Married couples	45,000	46,500	47,700	47,500	49,400	50,300	52,100	51,700	51,800	53,000
No earners	23,100	25,000	25,200	26,100	26,000	27,600	28,500	27,100	27,300	26,400
One earner	37,000	38,600	37,400	37,900	41,400	39,600	41,900	41,700	41,700	43,800
Two earners	52,600	55,700	54,900	56,300	56,900	56,500	59,600	59,300	58,700	59,100
Two-parent families with children	53,300	54,000	55,100	57,500	58,200	59,800	62,000	62,400	62,600	64,100
No earners	18,100	20,000	23,300	21,100	19,900	20,300	21,900	22,300	20,600	20,900
One earner	39,900	40,000	39,400	41,200	42,400	41,000	41,900	43,300	43,700	42,900
Two earners	55,400	56,800	57,500	59,200	59,300	60,900	62,900	63,500	63,100	65,000
Three or more earners	68,200	71,600	72,000	71,500	76,600	77,900	80,200	79,800	79,900	82,400
Married couples with other relatives	66,800	69,000	68,000	72,000	76,100	77,900	80,200	78,400	77,800	80,500
Lone-parent families	23,800	22,500	22,800	25,400	27,600	29,300	30,000	28,700	28,900	29,800
Male	31,200	34,600	35,700	35,600	36,900	37,700	38,400	38,700	39,200	39,700
Female	22,700	21,500	21,000	23,800	25,600	27,200	27,900	26,500	27,000	27,700
No earners	17,200	16,200	15,400	15,400	15,500	15,000	15,400	15,900	15,200	16,000
One earner	26,600	27,400	26,700	26,800	27,800	28,900	29,800	27,100	28,300	28,400
Two or more earners	38,500	35,100	37,100	41,400	40,400	44,100	44,200	39,500	42,100	41,400
Other non-elderly families	40,100	45,800	44,300	45,100	46,800	47,700	49,500	49,700	48,000	50,600
Jnattached individuals	18,100	17,700	17,600	18,400	18,900	19,500	20,400	21,200	20,900	21,300
Elderly males	19,300	18,600	19,100	18,700	19,300	19,300	20,100	20,900	20,600	21,300
Non-earner	18,800	18,100	18,100	18,000	18,500	18,400	19,000	19,800	19,100	20,000
Earner	25,800	29,000	27,600	30,800	23,500	25,200	25,800	27,000	25,100	25,200
Elderly females	17,000	17,000	17,300	17,500	17,700	17,800	18,500	18,300	18,500	19,000
Non-earner	16,900	16,900	16,900	17,200	17,500	17,600	18,200	18,000	18,100	18,500
Earner	22,300	27,600	28,000	24,400	24,300	25,100	26,000	24,400	24,900	26,900
Non-elderly males	20,300	19,700	19,500	21,100	22,400	23,800	24,100	24,800	24,500	24,200
Non-earner	9,600	9,900	8,700	9,500	9,400	9,600	10,000	9,300	9,700	9,700
Earner	24,400	24,200	24,800	25,500	26,300	26,900	27,400	27,800	27,900	27,500
Non-elderly females	18,300	15,900	15,100	16,400	17,600	17,500	18,500	20,200	20,000	20,100
Non-earner	10,900	9,200	9,800	9,600	9,300	9,200	10,000	9,900	9,800	9,800
Earner	22,900	21,800	20,800	22,400	22,800	22,500	23,800	24,600	24,300	24,000

Table 6-2 Median after-tax income by selected family types — Newfoundland and Labrador

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	37,800	38,400	38,400	39,100	39,200	39,400	40,000	40,500	41,800	40,700
Elderly families	30.100	25.900	26.700	26.600	27.600	26.900	27.900	28.100	27,300	27,200
Married couples	27,200	25,900	26,700	26,400	26,800	26.000	26,200	26,400	26,400	26,600
Other families	37,100	26,100	25,800	27,900	32,400	31,800	32,100	31,800	30,800	28,800
Non-elderly families	39,700	40,300	41,000	41,300	42,600	43,500	43,900	44,200	45,000	43,600
Married couples	36,100	35,900	36,100	33,400	36,400	35,000	36.900	39,200	41,800	40,400
No earners	15,700	21,000	19,300	23,100	23,200	15,000	16,900	17,300	20,500	20,800
One earner	32,000	33,500	33,000	30,000	35,600	35.000	33.600	33,900	35,200	37,000
Two earners	48,400	49,400	43,700	45,500	46,100	41,400	44,900	51,400	49,800	46,400
Two-parent families with children	42.600	41.900	42.800	44.500	46,200	49.400	49.400	47.700	50,600	47,500
No earners	15,900	17,300	18,900	15,200	F	19,000	F	F	F	F
One earner	30,400	34,300	29,000	30,600	33,600	33,600	30,200	38,500	41,500	32,900
Two earners	49,200	46,800	46,900	48,900	49,500	56,100	51,200	50,000	53,600	54,000
Three or more earners	64,600	60,300	58,100	60,700	70,700	61,700	67,900	57,900	57,800	52,900
Married couples with other relatives	56,700	52,500	54,700	51,800	55,000	64,900	61,400	58,100	61,700	64,700
Lone-parent families	16,100	16,300	17,700	19,500	19,500	20,400	23,600	25,400	23,300	24,000
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Female	15,600	15,900	17,100	19,100	18,500	20,400	22,900	22,400	20,300	20,800
No earners	13,400	14,600	15,000	14,800	16,400	16,200	F	F	15,400	F
One earner	F	20,400	25,100	22,900	23,900	22,100	25,600	25,400	28,500	25,100
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Other non-elderly families	30,700	38,900	39,700	36,800	39,700	39,200	37,600	40,600	39,100	37,700
Unattached individuals	15,400	14,300	14,200	13,800	14,100	14,700	15,100	15,200	14,700	14,900
Elderly males	F	15,900	16,600	16,000	F	F	F	F	16,000	16,100
Non-earner	F	15,800	16,100	15,800	F	F	F	F	F	F
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	16,000	14,200	14,400	14,400	14,400	14,200	15,100	16,300	15,900	16,100
Non-earner	16,000	14,200	14,300	14,300	14,300	14,200	15,100	15,600	15,800	16,100
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	17,100	15,400	14,400	12,700	11,600	15,200	15,300	13,600	12,500	15,000
Non-earner	F	9,400	8,700	10,300	9,400	8,700	8,700	7,500	F	F
Earner	29,600	23,600	23,400	20,300	21,500	22,100	20,700	23,800	20,500	22,500
Non-elderly females	13,200	11,500	10,600	11,600	10,400	12,300	13,500	12,300	10,800	10,200
Non-earner	F	8,500	8,700	8,700	7,700	7,600	10,200	8,100	8,900	5,700
Earner	16,700	22,600	14,900	15,100	20,000	20,700	24,200	19,800	18,600	15,700

Table 6-3 Median after-tax income by selected family types — Prince Edward Island

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median Economic families, two persons or more	43,100	41,900	41,200	42,100	41,700	42,900	44,100	44,500	44,600	44,800
Elderly families Married couples Other families	29,500 27,600 36,700	30,400 33,600 F	28,500 29,100 21,400	29,100 30,100 F	27,600 27,600 31,500	28,500 28,800 27,500	27,500 27,800 22,800	28,200 28,800 F	29,300 30,200 F	30,200 31,000 F
Non-elderly families	45,600	45,200	44,600	44,800	44,400	45,800	47,400	46,900	47,500	46,700
Married couples No earners One earner Two earners	42,100 F F 44,700	38,500 F F 41,200	41,900 F F 45,400	39,300 F F 44,200	39,000 F 33,300 44,400	38,100 F 30,000 48,800	42,000 F 31,900 45,900	42,500 F 33,300 51,500	45,000 F 33,700 52,000	44,700 F 35,400 45,500
Two-parent families with children No earners One earner Two earners Three or more earners	48,200 F 35,200 47,100 57,000	48,800 F 37,700 47,200 60,000	48,000 F F 46,200 57,300	48,600 F F 45,900 59,300	48,000 F 30,600 43,800 69,400	47,600 F F 46,100 63,100	51,000 F F 50,900 64,700	49,800 F F 47,900 63,700	50,300 F F 46,100 63,700	48,900 F F 46,900 61,400
Married couples with other relatives	61,500	62,100	60,200	60,600	69,300	60,200	66,100	60,100	65,100	64,300
Lone-parent families Male Female No earners One earner Two or more earners	21,800 F 21,200 F 19,300 F	24,400 F 20,100 F F F	20,800 F 20,200 F F F	26,400 F 26,400 F F F	23,800 F 23,800 F 21,900 F	28,200 F 24,000 F 22,900 F	23,800 F 23,500 F 22,800 F	25,500 F 24,600 F 22,500 F	26,800 F 26,300 F 23,900 F	28,300 F 25,600 F 24,100 F
Other non-elderly families	40,800	42,200	36,500	44,800	51,000	40,900	47,600	49,700	47,800	45,700
Unattached individuals	16,100	15,900	15,000	16,600	15,700	16,800	17,000	16,600	16,800	16,000
Elderly males Non-earner Earner Elderly females Non-earner Earner	15,800 F F 16,500 16,500 F	F F 15,600 15,600 F	F F 15,100 15,000 F	F F 16,400 16,400 F	F F 16,000 16,000 F	F F 15,700 15,600 F	F F 16,200 16,100 F	15,600 15,500 F 16,000 16,000	19,600 19,600 F 15,700 15,700	21,600 F F 15,600 15,600 F
Non-elderly males Non-earner Earner Non-elderly females Non-earner Earner	17,500 F 19,400 16,000 F 16,100	16,000 F 18,300 17,400 F 17,600	15,900 F 16,500 12,400 F 15,200	18,300 F 19,800 14,400 F 16,300	17,400 F 21,800 12,900 F 16,100	19,100 F 19,800 14,100 F 16,600	19,600 F 20,100 16,000 F 17,400	20,300 F 21,300 16,000 F 16,800	19,600 F 21,600 15,900 F 20,500	15,900 F 18,900 16,000 F F 21,100 F

Table 6-4 Median after-tax income by selected family types — Nova Scotia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	40,800	40,800	41,100	42,900	44,700	45,400	46,000	46,800	45,900	47,100
Elderly families	34,600	31,200	31,400	31,600	31,900	32,300	33,400	32,700	32,800	35,300
Married couples	29,500	29,400	29,200	29.800	31,800	31.700	31.800	33,900	33.000	36,200
Other families	44,800	35,400	35,800	36,900	38,400	35,400	38,300	29,700	30,700	33,300
Non-elderly families	42,400	43,500	42,900	44,700	47,100	48,200	49,000	49,800	49,000	50,500
Married couples	38,300	38,100	38,300	39,700	41,300	41,200	43.000	46,700	46,200	48,400
No earners	26,600	26,500	22,200	16,300	19,100	25,600	22,600	29,700	24,000	36,000 E
One earner	32,000	33,900	30,400	34,200	35,500	34.600	37,100	40.000	41,100	43,500
Two earners	47,500	44,900	44,300	46,900	49,700	52,200	51,300	51,700	51,400	51,700
Two-parent families with children	48,300	50,400	48,800	50,700	53,400	52,400	54,000	54,100	55,400	56,000
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	37,100	40,100	36,700	41,400	44,000	41,300	41,800	37,800	35,300	35,300
Two earners	48,800	51,500	54,400	52,300	54,200	53,000	54,600	53,600	55,300	56,600
Three or more earners	62,700	61,800	62,500	66,100	69,000	70,100	69,300	74,300	72,600	71,100
Married couples with other relatives	52,800	64,600	62,300	56,400	69,900	64,300	68,500	69,000	69,300	71,500
Lone-parent families	18,100	18,500	18,100	18,600	24,300	25,200	25,100	23,100	24,700	27,500
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Female	17,700	18,300	18,100	17,900	24,200	24,100	24,100	23,100	25,500	27,500
No earners	14,800	18,000	18,100	16,300	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	18,700	20,300	19,100	19,200	25,200	28,900	26,100	25,400	25,600	25,500
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Other non-elderly families	34,800	35,300	37,900	34,700	35,300	42,000	43,300	46,700	39,700	40,600
Unattached individuals	15,500	16,000	16,100	15,900	16,800	16,900	17,600	18,200	18,900	18,300
Elderly males	20,800	18,400	18,500	19,600	19,700	18,000	19,600	19,100	18,900	20,200
Non-earner	19,300	18,000	18,100	18,200	19,400	17,500	19,600	19,100	17,900	20,200
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	15,900	15,200	15,300	15,500	15,800	15,900	17,200	17,100	17,400	17,300
Non-earner	15,900	15,100	15,200	15,000	15,800	15,800	16,800	17,000	17,000	17,300
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	14,300	18,400	18,300	18,500	18,700	18,200	18,500	19,400	22,500	21,400
Non-earner	10,000	6,200	13,300	12,800	9,300	9,200	9,600	8,700	8,400	8,100 E
Earner	15,500	19,800	19,100	20,300	22,000	21,200	21,400	24,800	26,800	25,200
Non-elderly females	14,100	13,300	12,400	13,300	13,000	16,100	16,600	19,000	17,000	17,600
Non-earner	10,700	7,800	9,500	10,000	7,200	8,600	9,200	8,800	9,100	9,100
Earner	16,200	17,300	15,700	14,000	18,500	19,800	21,500	21,400	21,700	19,700

Table 6-5

Median after-tax income by selected family types — New Brunswick

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constan	t dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	40,200	42,000	40,600	42,100	43,800	43,800	45,200	45,400	44,600	46,400
Elderly families	31,000	31.100	29.700	30.400	31.700	31.600	32.900	31,800	33.900	36.000
Married couples	29,400	29,700	29,200	30,400	31,600	31,100	32,000	30,100	32,600	35,000
Other families	35,800	35,600	34,400	31,400	32,700	35,300	36,300	43,100	43,000	45,000
Non-elderly families	42,500	44,900	43,000	43,900	45,900	45,900	47,600	47,600	46,600	48,400
Married couples	37,500	38,600	38,100	38,200	44,100	42,900	43,400	43,600	42,000	44,500
No earners	21,700	21,800	21,600	21,400	18,400	22,400	28,500	23,900	27,300	25,700
One earner	33,000	31,800	36,400	35,300	39,300	35,300	36,800	40,100	37,800	37,000
Two earners	42,500	47,200	45,300	46,800	49,900	49,200	48,300	49,900	48,900	49,700
Two-parent families with children	47,800	47,100	47,400	49.800	49,500	50,900	51.700	53.300	53,800	54,400
No earners	15,600	,.ec	,.ec	.0,000 F	F	F	F.,F	F	F	F
One earner	36,700	35,900	33,500	38.200	40,300	37,200	41.300	41.600	32.900	35.700
Two earners	49,000	49,000	49,000	51,300	49,700	51,400	51.600	53,500	52,200	52,300
Three or more earners	61,000	62,400	60,000	57,700	64,400	64,900	65,000	67,400	66,500	69,500
Married couples with other relatives	54,100	60,500	58,500	60,900	65,000	67,500	70,300	67,600	64,700	66,900
Lone-parent families	16.800	16,800	16,500	19.300	20,900	22,700	19.300	26,100	23,700	24,100
Male	10,000 F	10,000 F	10,500 F	13,300 F	20,300 F	22,700 F	13,300 F	20,100 F	23,700 F	24,100 F
Female	16.400	16,300	15,800	17,100	19,700	20,800	18.300	22,900	21,500	22,500
No earners	14,700	14,100	14,200	13,400	15,800	20,000 F	15.800	£2,500 F	£1,000 F	22,000 F
One earner	17,200	18,300	20,800	22,200	22,200	21,500	20,700	26,500	24,400	23,800
Two or more earners	17, <u>2</u> 00 F	10,500 F	20,000 F	22,200 F	22,200 F	21,300 F	38,100	20,500 F	24,400 F	23,000 F
Other non-elderly families	37,600	34,700	31,100	34,000	38,700	40,100	42,300	38,500	40,200	44,300
Unattached individuals	17,100	15,900	15,900	16,200	16,800	16,200	17,100	16,400	17,300	17,600
	,	,	•	•	•	•	•	,	•	•
Elderly males	16,900	16,500	20,700	20,200	18,800	19,200	19,500	17,200	16,600	17,200
Non-earner	16,600	16,300	20,400	18,100	18,200	18,000	19,400	16,900	16,300	16,400
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	17,000	15,900	15,800	15,800	16,000	16,200	16,700	16,600	16,600	16,900
Non-earner	17,000	15,900	15,800	16,000	16,000	16,000	16,700	16,300	16,300	16,700
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	20,500	17,500	16,100	15,800	19,200	16,600	18,100	16,300	20,500	19,500
Non-earner	8,000	7,100	6,900	F	8,200	6,800	7,500	F	F	7,000
Earner	21,300	21,100	20,100	18,700	25,100	22,600	22,100	20,000	24,000	23,100
Non-elderly females	15,000	14,400	14,200	16,100	17,500	14,400	15,300	15,500	16,100	17,300
Non-earner	9,400	7,900	8,500	9,500	F	F	F	6,800	6,100	6,300
Earner	18,400	17,700	17,100	22,800	19,700	16,500	17,800	18,600	18,500	18,000

Table 6-6 Median after-tax income by selected family types — Quebec

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	42,500	42,200	41,900	42,700	44,700	45,500	46,700	47,000	47,000	47,700
Elderly families	31,700	31,400	31,100	31,100	33,100	32,900	33,900	33,100	32,900	33,200
Married couples	28,400	30.800	30,300	30,400	32,400	32,600	33,400	32,600	32,300	32,900
Other families	41,400	31,900	31,900	32,300	36,400	34,400	35,600	35,500	36,400	35,400
Non-elderly families	44,900	44,600	44,900	45,400	47,300	48,400	49,800	50,000	49,700	50,800
Married couples	40,100	40,300	41,500	40,100	42,800	44,300	46.000	45,800	46,100	47,200
No earners	18,400	21,300	21,700	21,600	19,700	21,400	22,400	25,200	21,800	21,500
One earner	32,400	36,300	33,800	33,600	38,100	36.800	39.800	38,200	39,700	41,600
Two earners	47,200	49,500	48,700	47,200	50,100	49,900	51,500	51,900	51,500	52,000
Two-parent families with children	49,000	49,800	51,000	50,700	52,900	53,900	56,300	56,600	58,500	58,700
No earners	17,700	19,200	21,000	19,600	18,600	17,600	19,000	F	F	F
One earner	37,500	36,300	34,600	35,200	37,200	36,900	37,500	39,700	40,000	39,500
Two earners	53,300	55,400	54,600	55,600	54,700	55,600	58.800	58,300	60,100	59,700
Three or more earners	61,900	59,600	65,200	66,700	69,700	74,900	77,000	75,300	69,100	71,900
Married couples with other relatives	60,500	58,800	60,900	62,600	66,000	67,600	70,200	70,700	72,800	72,000
Lone-parent families	24,600	26,400	22,800	25,600	26,500	28,200	30,600	28,800	29,500	31,500
Male .	33,800	35,100	36,100	35,200	36,600	35,700	37,600	40,600	37,400	39,100
Female	21,900	22,600	20,600	23,700	23,600	25,900	28,300	26,100	28,300	30,100
No earners	16,400	15,200	14,700	15,000	14,900	14,400	15,000	15,900	15,800	16,000
One earner	30,700	29,800	27,000	28,600	29,300	28,700	30,600	26,800	28,400	30,100
Two or more earners	38,300	36,400	35,600	35,000	37,700	37,700	41,600	36,100	42,200	40,400
Other non-elderly families	34,200	39,300	39,400	38,700	41,700	39,800	42,800	44,500	41,500	43,700
Unattached individuals	16,300	16,200	15,900	16,700	17,600	18,000	18,500	20,400	20,100	20,700
Elderly males	17,400	15,800	17,100	16,800	17,200	17,400	17,100	19,900	19,700	20,000
Non-earner	17,200	15,600	15,800	16,000	16,100	16,500	16,200	19,100	18,100	18,600
Earner	F	F	F	34,200	F	22,400	F	F	F	25,200 E
Elderly females	16,000	15,800	15,900	15,900	15,800	15,900	16,500	16,700	16,800	17,200
Non-earner	15,900	15,600	15,900	15,800	15,700	15,800	16,400	16,400	16,300	16,600
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	24,400	29,000
Non-elderly males	16,100	18,900	16,500	18,600	21,100	22,400	22,700	24,100	23,400	23,300
Non-earner	8,900	9,700	8,500	9,500	10,100	10,000	10,000	8,200	9,800	9,800
Earner	21,300	25,100	21,900	23,300	23,800	24,800	24,700	26,200	25,600	25,300
Non-elderly females	15,900	15,100	14,700	16,400	17,400	16,900	16,900	19,500	20,200	20,900
Non-earner	10,100	9,000	9,800	10,000	9,500	9,300	9,800	9,900	9,800	9,800
Earner	21,900	23,100	23,500	23,300	24,100	21,400	21,600	23,400	24,400	24,500

Table 6-7

Median after-tax income by selected family types — Ontario

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	51,500	52,300	52,500	54,900	57,000	58,200	59,200	60,100	59,400	59,700
Elderly families	40,500	37,500	36,300	37,000	39,000	39,500	40,600	43,500	42,600	42,000
Married couples	37,300	36,500	35,200	36,100	38,100	38,200	38,900	41,900	42,100	41,400
Other families	53,800	41,300	40,900	41,800	46,800	46,500	49,700	52,200	48,200	44,000
Non-elderly families	53,500	54,500	55,600	57,800	60,500	61,500	62,800	63,500	62,400	63,900
Married couples	48,700	50,900	52,700	54,200	55,900	55,900	58,300	59,400	58,700	58,800
No earners	26,100	31,300	31,200	29,700	31,800	30,700	32,900	30,700	33,000	28,800
One earner	38,700	42,200	40,500	42,300	45,200	43,700	43.000	43,800	43,300	45,800
Two earners	57,900	60,300	59,600	62,900	63,900	62,500	65,300	66,600	66,400	64,900
Two-parent families with children	57,600	58,000	59,800	63,200	65,100	66,400	66,100	68,000	67,800	69,200
No earners	23,100	22,600	24,300	26,100	25,200	23,200	26,200	26,400	20,600	F
One earner	42,100	45,000	45,100	47,200	46,700	45,900	46,400	46,200	47,700	47,500
Two earners	59,700	60,800	61,400	64,700	65,900	67,100	66,100	67,900	68,200	69,900
Three or more earners	74,300	76,800	76,300	75,000	81,900	82,300	84,400	87,600	84,700	88,200
Married couples with other relatives	73,600	77,300	75,200	80,700	86,400	86,100	86,800	82,100	80,600	86,000
Lone-parent families	24,700	23,100	25,200	27,100	30,000	33,000	34,500	29,400	30,300	29,800
Male	31,800	40,000	36,600	40,000	42,000	44,200	41,800	38,200	37,800	39,700
Female	23,900	22.000	23,700	25,700	28,300	31,100	31,500	27,200	28.500	28,100
No earners	18,200	18,100	16,900	16,200	17,600	16,200	17,400	16,000	15,300	17,200
One earner	27,600	27,300	29,600	28,500	30,400	31,500	32,800	26,800	28,500	28,100
Two or more earners	44,600	38,300	39,300	43,600	47,300	48,200	53,200	41,600	51,700	45,600
Other non-elderly families	45,200	52,900	49,000	50,700	53,700	54,500	56,700	57,500	56,000	58,000
Unattached individuals	20,000	19,200	19,500	20,900	21,400	21,800	23,200	23,500	23,200	22,800
Elderly males	22,000	23,400	22,500	21,500	20,700	20,500	22,600	21,900	22,400	23,500
Non-earner	21,800	22,300	20,400	20,300	19,500	18,400	20,700	20,400	19,900	22,000
Earner	F	37,500	32,900	F	28,100	28,900	30,900	30,600	29,400	30,300
Elderly females	17,100	18,200	18,200	18,700	19,200	18,900	19,900	20,200	20,500	20,800
Non-earner	17,000	18,100	18,000	18,500	18,900	18,500	19,500	20,100	19,300	20,000
Earner	22,100	30,300	29,700	22,500	26,900	26,900	26,300	23,900	25,800	26,500
Non-elderly males	23,600	21,000	22,700	24,800	26,200	27,400	27,700	27,000	27,500	27,000
Non-earner	12,000	10,300	11,200	9,500	9,900	10,100	12,300	11,000	11,400	10,200
Earner	27,500	24,900	27,400	29,100	30,100	31,100	31,200	30,300	31,400	30,500
Non-elderly females	20,600	18,300	18,600	19,600	20,500	20,000	22,800	23,400	22,200	21,800
Non-earner	12,300	9,900	11,000	10,100	9,300	9,300	11,100	9,200	11,200	10,600
Earner	26,200	24,200	24,000	25,800	24,900	26,700	27,800	28,800	26,900	25,800

Table 6-8 Median after-tax income by selected family types — Manitoba

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
					2004 constar	t dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	45,400	45,200	44,800	45,900	47,300	48,000	49,200	50,300	49,600	50,600
Elderly families	35,300	33,400	31,800	32,700	35,600	35,500	37,100	36,200	37,300	37,800
Married couples	33,600	31,900	30,900	31,800	34,000	35,100	35,700	36,000	37,300	37,300
Other families	50,300	43,700	33,800	34,500	46,800	38,200	44,000	41,500	39,400	47,000
Non-elderly families	48,200	48,000	48,400	48,800	49,500	51,000	52,200	53,700	52,400	53,300
Married couples	45,300	46,100	45,300	46,100	47,200	47,000	48,100	49,700	48,900	51,200
No earners	29,600	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	40,300	34,800	34,500	37,800	41,600	39,900	37,300	41,700	40,400	39,700
Two earners	50,200	51,000	51,100	51,000	51,700	51,100	52,200	53,300	53,800	54,800
Two-parent families with children	49,300	51,500	51,800	51,900	53,800	55,100	57,600	57,100	55,600	56,300
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	36,800	38,200	31,200	37,900	34,400	38,000	38,200	36,200	37,800	37,800
Two earners	50,600	52,000	52,400	50,600	51,500	52,000	54,100	54,400	54,000	55,500
Three or more earners	64,800	64,900	63,000	71,500	72,500	70,500	71,400	66,700	68,300	76,200
Married couples with other relatives	69,700	70,300	70,200	72,300	70,900	79,300	78,000	85,800	80,200	83,100
Lone-parent families	24,400	22,000	20,100	22,100	22,500	24,900	24,800	28,300	29,200	30,600
Male	F	28,800	F	31,000	F	F	F	33,600	F	F
Female	22,600	19,400	19,500	20,400	21,100	23,500	24,200	27,100	28,700	29,900
No earners	17,500	15,000	F	F	14,200	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	24,600	22,200	19,900	20,300	22,700	24,900	24,000	27,100	28,100	29,300
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	47,800	F	F
Other non-elderly families	37,600	44,600	44,900	45,400	46,600	46,900	49,300	51,400	48,300	48,300
Unattached individuals	17,800	17,400	17,500	17,600	18,300	18,300	19,200	20,700	19,700	19,600
Elderly males	18,100	17,600	17,400	18,200	19,300	19,000	18,600	20,400	20,000	19,100
Non-earner	17,900	17,400	17,400	16,500	19,300	18,200	18,600	18,600	19,800	19,100
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	17,800	17,400	16,900	17,100	17,500	17,500	17,900	17,700	18,000	18,000
Non-earner	17,800	17,400	16,500	17,000	17,300	17,300	17,700	17,700	17,900	17,900
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	20,500	24,000
Non-elderly males	20,600	21,800	22,800	22,100	20,000	20,600	23,500	25,200	24,600	23,200
Non-earner	9,800	9,900	F	10,000	9,800	9,900	F	8,400	F	F
Earner	24,200	23,800	26,600	24,500	25,300	23,900	24,900	29,200	25,600	26,200
Non-elderly females	14,400	14,600	15,500	15,700	18,600	17,800	19,200	20,700	19,400	19,100
Non-earner	10,500	9,900	9,500	9,400	9,400	11,200	9,800	9,500	9,300	9,100
Earner	17,900	18,500	19,900	21,300	21,500	18,600	22,300	23,400	22,200	20,500

Table 6-9

Median after-tax income by selected family types — Saskatchewan

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
<u> </u>					2004 constar	t dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	42,400	43,600	43,000	43,600	45,600	46,100	48,600	48,600	49,000	48,400
Elderly families	34,400	33,200	33.100	31.400	35.000	36.400	36.900	36.800	36,200	37.400
Married couples	34,200	33,400	33,400	30,600	35,000	36,500	36,700	36,900	36,300	37,500
Other families	36,700	28,700	29,000	36,800	34,600	35,600	38,100	33,600	34,500	35,900
Non-elderly families	44,200	46,700	46,900	46,000	48,600	49,800	52,000	51,600	52,100	51,300
Married couples	38,400	42,300	45,000	45,000	45,900	48,200	50,000	47,200	47,300	48,100
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	33,300	34,400	28,800	33,400	38,000	37,700	42,300	34,400	37,100	39,400
Two earners	43,400	49,400	49,100	50,900	50,300	52,400	54,500	51,600	52,100	51,800
Two-parent families with children	48,900	51,700	51,100	51,200	52,400	53,700	57,400	58,300	58,200	56,900
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	32,900	38,900	40,000	39,900	33,200	37,400	40,900	37,300	40,900	42,200
Two earners	49,700	51,600	51,400	50,100	53,900	53,700	57,300	57,900	56,600	55,700
Three or more earners	62,700	64,500	66,000	70,100	69,700	71,700	71,200	76,800	74,700	73,100
Married couples with other relatives	64,500	64,300	65,300	61,700	71,000	66,300	72,300	77,500	82,700	81,000
Lone-parent families	20,700	18,900	21,500	24,900	26,100	24,000	27,700	26,500	27,800	24,400
Male	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	29,800
Female	20,500	18,800	19,700	23,700	26,100	21,700	25,900	24,300	25,400	24,300
No earners	17,200	13,300	F	F	13,700	F	F	16,900	F	F
One earner	21,900	22,400	21,500	23,000	26,100	27,500	27,600	26,300	26,100	26,900
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	40,400	F
Other non-elderly families	34,500	43,500	38,400	36,800	44,400	48,000	51,000	49,500	42,800	47,300
Unattached individuals	17,100	16,900	17,100	17,200	17,500	17,900	19,500	18,600	18,700	17,900
Elderly males	19,300	17,000	17,000	18,400	19,700	22,500	22,600	23,100	21,500	19,800
Non-earner	18,300	16,900	16,400	18,300	18,900	22,400	22,400	20,100	20,000	18,600
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	16,000	16,600	17,000	16,700	16,900	16,800	18,000	17,200	17,200	17,200
Non-earner	16,000	16,600	16,800	16,700	16,900	16,900	18,000	17,100	17,000	17,100
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	17,500	19,300	20,200	22,400
Non-elderly males	21,900	20,600	22,200	21,600	19,300	21,500	22,200	21,400	20,400	18,900
Non-earner	7,800	8,700	9,400	7,100	7,100	6,600	8,100	7,800	8,300	8,800
Earner	24,100	24,500	26,700	26,300	24,100	25,700	26,700	24,200	24,100	22,500
Non-elderly females	15,300	12,200	12,500	12,900	14,700	16,600	15,300	16,800	18,900	16,100
Non-earner	11,400	8,400	7,900	6,600	6,300	6,800	8,300	9,700	9,500	7,900
Earner	16,600	17,000	17,600	20,100	20,700	21,200	21,100	20,300	21,300	19,500

Table 6-10 Median after-tax income by selected family types — Alberta

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	48,300	49,300	51,700	52,900	52,700	54,600	59,900	59,200	59,300	61,800
Elderly families	37,600	33,800	35,300	35,100	36,200	36,700	41,400	40,300	38,800	40,300
Married couples	35,100	33,200	35,300	35,300	36,300	36,700	41,400	39,800	38,500	39,800
Other families	46,300	38,000	35,200	32,300	36,000	36,200	43,400	45,400	44,100	43,700
Non-elderly families	50,500	52,100	54,100	56,200	55,500	57,000	63,000	62,400	62,700	65,500
Married couples	50,600	49,800	54,600	57,000	50,500	53,900	60,700	58,500	58,000	59,300
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner Two earners	37,400 54,100	35,700 57,100	44,200 59,200	39,400 64,600	41,400 58,300	41,100 58,300	45,800	54,300 61,700	49,000 62,300	46,200 63,500
	•			64,600			64,500		•	•
Two-parent families with children	52,300	54,200	55,900	58,200	59,400	60,000	65,200	65,200	66,700	71,200
No earners	F 43,000	F 41,000	F	F 41,300	F 47,100	F 47,500	F 50,500	F 48,700	F 47,900	F 49,300
One earner Two earners	52,600	55.200	42,100 56,400	58,200	58,500	47,500 60.700	65.200	63,400	47,900 64.400	69.500
Three or more earners	67,900	74,200	73,700	73,100	75,500	72,500	77,300	82,400	83,900	92,700
	•						•			
Married couples with other relatives	68,300	67,700	67,300	76,700	82,200	85,100	88,500	92,600	90,100	90,900
Lone-parent families	24,400	26,300	26,600	29,100	32,500	28,800	34,900	33,900	33,800	33,200
Male	F	F	44,700	36,300	F	47,600	56,800	52,700	53,900	52,800 E
Female	24,200	24,400	23,000	27,100	28,800	27,100	32,800	30,500	30,000	30,600
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	23,400	26,600	26,100	27,100	26,800	26,000	33,500	32,400	31,400	30,300
Two or more earners	F	F	F	35,700	40,300	F	F	F	F	F
Other non-elderly families	39,600	53,700	53,800	48,300	48,400	51,300	51,600	53,400	56,300	53,500
Unattached individuals	20,100	18,200	18,000	18,900	19,500	20,800	21,500	21,600	21,200	23,200
Elderly males	20,900	18,700	19,400	19,900	19,100	19,400	20,500	22,500	21,400	20,400
Non-earner	20,100	18,300	18,200	18,000	19,100	19,200	20,500	21,700	21,200	20,200
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	18,400	18,100	17,900	18,200	19,300	19,500	19,800	19,400	19,500	20,400
Non-earner	18,300	18,100	17,900	18,100	18,800	19,200	19,700	19,300	19,300	20,100
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	20,300	19,600	23,100 E
Non-elderly males	24,600	20,800	20,800	21,400	23,000	24,300	27,300	25,900	25,200	27,400
Non-earner	11,800	11,700	9,600	11,000	9,000	11,000	11,500	F	4,000	3,200 E
Earner	27,600	24,400	23,900	24,100	26,100	27,500	28,600	27,700	29,100	29,500
Non-elderly females	18,100	14,900	13,300	16,000	15,600	16,200	18,800	18,700	16,900	18,500
Non-earner	11,900	10,300	10,700	11,600	11,500	8,700	11,500	11,000	10,700	10,500
Earner	20,000	17,100	16.600	17,800	19.000	19.000	20.200	21.900	21,000	21.800

Table 6-11

Median after-tax income by selected family types — British Columbia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
_					2004 constar	nt dollars				
Median										
Economic families, two persons or more	49,300	49,400	49,800	50,900	50,800	50,400	52,500	52,200	52,300	53,700
Elderly families	40,100	36,700	38,000	40,100	39,700	41,600	40,000	37,500	38,300	40,200
Married couples	38,000	36,700	37,000	39,300	39,400	41,000	40,100	37,000	38,500	40,300
Other families	48,200	35,500	45,800	41,200	44,300	45,400	39,000	37,800	36,900	39,100
Non-elderly families	52,000	52,700	52,700	53,800	53,100	52,700	56,000	54,900	55,600	56,600
Married couples	50,800	50,600	51,300	49,200	52,400	52,200	53,800	52,600	55,000	56,900
No earners	22,900	29,200	F	F	32,300	31,000	38,800	40,500	F	F
One earner	45,100	44,500	36,700	38,800	43,000	36,000	48,700	45,000	43,400	54,200
Two earners	56,800	60,000	58,400	56,200	58,800	59,400	57,100	57,700	58,700	60,600
Two-parent families with children	56,900	55,900	57,400	59,600	59,800	58,700	61,900	61,400	61,900	61,900
No earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
One earner	42,300	40,800	40,000	45,100	44,700	45,200	40,400	42,500	39,500	42,100
Two earners	58,800	58,500	59,600	61,900	60,200	61,500	63,700	63,700	64,100	64,500
Three or more earners	72,600	76,300	75,100	79,000	80,200	81,300	80,200	79,500	82,600	82,400
Married couples with other relatives	66,900	73,400	74,300	69,500	74,700	75,400	80,500	78,600	75,300	77,200
Lone-parent families	24,700	20,000	21,000	21,800	24,700	29,300	26,700	26,100	24,800	23,900
Male	F	41,000	F	F	36,900	39,400	30,600	32,200	39,700	F
Female	24,700	19,900	19,700	21,500	22,900	27,000	24,100	25,200	23,400	22,700
No earners	17,600	15,700	15,000	F	15,300	F	14,900	14,400	F	F
One earner	28,800	27,200	26,600	25,700	25,800	29,300	26,900	26,100	26,000	27,500
Two or more earners	F	F	F	45,800	F	F	F	34,600	F	F
Other non-elderly families	43,300	49,600	48,200	54,000	48,400	44,700	48,900	45,900	43,500	44,700
Unattached individuals	19,500	18,700	17,800	18,500	19,100	20,200	20,300	21,200	20,500	21,100
Elderly males	19,200	19,500	22,500	23,400	22,800	22,600	22,900	20,600	20,600	21,800
Non-earner	18,500	19,200	22,300	22,800	21,800	21,300	22,300	20,600	18,900	23,800
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	24,500	F
Elderly females	17,700	17,800	18,000	18,800	17,900	19,100	19,000	18,100	19,100	20,200
Non-earner	17,600	17,800	17,500	17,900	17,800	17,900	18,200	17,800	18,200	18,600
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	24,100	F	F	26,800	30,000
Non-elderly males	21,000	20,000	19,700	21,600	22,800	23,900	23,400	26,000	23,100	23,400
Non-earner	8,800	9,600	7,800	9,700	8,300	9,300	9,200	9,300	9,700	9,700
Earner	24,100	22,400	23,400	26,400	27,900	29,200	27,700	31,000	32,500	30,100
Non-elderly females	19,700	14,500	14,300	13,600	16,000	16,100	16,800	19,200	18,600	19,400
Non-earner	10,400	8,000	8,600	8,400	10,000	9,300	10,100	10,200	9,600	9,500
Earner	22,400	24,500	17,300	18,100	18,700	20,000	23,500	23,700	23,800	23,700

Table 7 Median income by selected family types, showing different income concepts, Canada

			2004					2003		
•	Median	Median	Median	Median	Median	Median	Median	Median	Median	Median
	market	government	total	income	after-tax	market	government	total	income	after-tax
	income	transfers	income	tax	income	income	transfers	income	tax	income
Economic families, two persons or more	55,800	4,000	63,100	8,600	54,100	54,500	3,800	62,200	8,400	53,200
Elderly families	20,700	21,600	41,900	2,900	38,500	19,500	21,500	40,800	2,900	37,700
Married couples	20,500	21,700	41,800	3,100	38,200	19,400	21,600	40,500	3,100	37,200
Other families	21,400	20,800	42,200	2,100 €	40,300	20,200	21,100	41,800	2,100	39,600
Non-elderly families	62,800	2,200	67,300	9,700	57,600	61,100	2,200	66,500	9,500	56,700
Married couples	59,200	400	63,400	10,100	53,000	58,200	400	62,100	10,000	51,800
No earners	9,700 E	10,800	28,500	700 E	26,400	14,000	11,100	31,300	1,800	27,300
One earner	44,400	4,900	52,200	7,600	43,800	42,500	4,400	48,900	6,700	41,700
Two earners	68,200	0 E	70,900	11,700	59,100	69,100	0	70,900	11,700	58,700
Two-parent families with children	71,700	2,300	76,100	11,700	64,100	70,500	2,200	74,800	11,600	62,600
No earners	0 E	17,700	20,900	0	20,900	0	17,600	20,600	0	20,600
One earner	41,500	4,800	48,300	5,400	42,900	43,100	4,400	50,300	6,100	43,700
Two earners	73,700	1,900	77,400	12,400	65,000	71,900	1,900	75,700	12,400	63,100
Three or more earners	92,900	1,700	97,700	14,300	82,400	90,400	1,500	95,000	14,400	79,900
Married couples with other relatives	90,000	1,000	94,900	14,200	80,500	87,400	1,100	92,400	13,400	77,800
Lone-parent families	22,000	6,100	31,000	700 ⊑	29,800	21,000	6,600	30,000	400	28,900
Male	41,100	3,600	44,800	4,600 E	39,700	38,900	3,700	44,000	5,000	39,200
Female	19,000	6,700	28,900	300 €	27,700	17,300	7,100	27,300	0	27,000
No earners	900 €	13,200	16,000	0	16,000	0	14,100	15,200	0	15,200
One earner	21,300	5,700	29,700	700 E	28,400	19,800	6,100	28,700	200	28,300
Two or more earners	34,600	5,900	44,400	2,100 €	41,400	38,200	5,800	46,000	3,200	42,100
Other non-elderly families	47,500	6,900	57,500	5,900	50,600	45,200	6,600	54,200	5,800	48,000
Unattached individuals	17,400	700	23,600	2,300	21,300	17,100	900	23,100	2,200	20,900
Elderly males	8,100	14,200	22,900	1,100 ⊑	21,300	8,000	14,100	22,200	1,100	20,600
Non-earner	6,900	14,400	20,900	800 €	20,000	5,400	14,300	20,000	800	19,100
Earner	15,700	13,300	29,500	2,700 €	25,200	16,300	13,100	29,000	2,900	25,100
Elderly females	6,000	13,900	19,700	500 ⊑	19,000	5,500	13,800	19,100	500	18,500
Non-earner	4,800	14,000	18,900	400 E	18,500	4,500	13,800	18,500	300	18,100
Earner	16,700	12,900	30,500	3,600	26,900	15,600	13,100	28,100	2,800	24,900
Non-elderly males	25,300	300	27,700	3,700	24,200	25,700	300	28,400	3,700	24,500
Non-earner	0	8,000	9,700	0	9,700	0	7,600	9,700	0	9,700
Earner	30,600	300	32,500	4,700	27,500	31,800	300	32,900	4,700	27,900
Non-elderly females	19,900	400	22,500	2,300	20,100	19,800	400	22,500	2,200	20,000
Non-earner	0 E	8,200	9,800	0	9,800	0	8,200	9,800	0	9,800
Earner	26.000	300	27.600	3.500	24.000	26.300	300	27.900	3.500	24,300

Table 8-1 Average income and income shares by after-tax income quintiles, showing different income concepts, Canada — Average market income

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Average market income					2004 const	ant dollars				
All family units										
Total	46,000	45,700	46,700	48,600	50,500	52,400	53,000	53,000	52,800	53,900
Lowest quintile	4,500	4,400	4,300	4,100	4,700	5,200	5,000	5,300	5,600	5,900
Second quintile	16,200	15,200	15,300	16,700	18,200	19,200	19,800	19,900	19,800	20,300
Third quintile	35,400	34,500	34,300	35,700	37,800	38,600	38,900	39,100	39,000	39,500
Fourth quintile	59,100	58,900	59,600	61,600	63,400	65,100	65,100	64,700	64,700	65,800
Highest quintile	114,700	115,700	119,900	125,000	128,500	133,900	135,900	135,900	134,600	137,900
Economic families, two persons or more										
Total	57,300	57,300	58,900	61,500	63,500	66,400	67,000	66,900	66,300	68,100
Lowest quintile	8,900	8,600	8,900	9,100	10,400	11,700	11,300	11,100	11,600	12,200
Second quintile	28,500	27,300	27,300	28,900	31,400	32,200	32,700	33,000	32,400	33,200
Third quintile	48,600	48,700	49,200	51,000	53,200	54,700	55,000	54,300	54,500	55,400
Fourth quintile	72,300	71,500	72,900	76,100	78,400	80,300	80,200	80,500	80,500	82,100
Highest quintile	128,400	130,600	136,300	142,400	144,100	153,000	155,800	155,500	152,700	157,900
Unattached individuals										
Total	21,400	20,900	20,800	21,600	23,700	23,800	24,500	25,000	25,800	25,800
Lowest quintile	2,900	2,400	2,500	2,100	2,600	3,000	2,700	2,900	3,200	3,200
Second quintile	5,200	5,100	5,000	5,200	5,600	5,300	5,700	6,000	6,100	6,900
Third quintile	11,400	10,400	10,400	12,000	13,100	14,100	15,200	16,300	15,800	16,400
Fourth quintile	27,200	26,700	26,200	27,500	28,900	29,900	31,300	31,600	32,300	32,100
Highest quintile	60,400	60,100	59,900	61,400	68,500	66,700	67,800	68,300	71,700	70,500
Income shares					perd	cent				
All family units										
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest quintile	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Second quintile	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8	8
Third quintile	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Fourth quintile	26	26	26	25	25	25	25	24	24	24
Highest quintile	50	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51	51
Economic families, two persons or more	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest quintile	3 10	3 10	3 9	3 9	3 10	4 10	3 10	3 10	4 10	4
Second quintile										10 16
Third quintile	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	
Fourth quintile	25	25	25	25	25	24	24	24	24	24
Highest quintile	45	46	46	46	45	46	46	46	46	46
Unattached individuals Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest quintile	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	100
Second quintile	5 5	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	5	5
Third quintile	5 11	5 10	5 10	5 11	5 11	12	5 12	13	12	13
Fourth quintile	25	25	25	25	24	25	26	25	25	25
Highest quintile	25 56	25 57	25 58	25 57	58	25 56	26 55	25 54	25 56	25 55

Table 8-2 Average income and income shares by after-tax income quintiles, showing different income concepts, Canada — Average transfer payments

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Average transfer payments				2	2004 consta	nt dollars				
All family units										
Total	7,600	7,700	7,600	7,500	7,000	6,800	7,200	7,200	7,100	7,100
Lowest quintile	7,700	7,100	7,200	7,400	7,000	7,200	7,400	7,400	7,100	7,000
Second guintile	10,300	10,600	10,500	10,200	9,700	9,300	9,400	9,400	9,300	9,300
Third quintile	8,200	8,500	8,500	8,400	7,900	7,600	8,100	7,800	8,000	8.000
Fourth guintile	6,600	6,800	6,500	6,400	6,000	5,700	6,300	6,600	6,500	6,500
Highest quintile	5,100	5,400	5,200	5,000	4,500	4,400	4,700	4,600	4,600	4,800
Economic families, two persons or										
more										
Total	8,200	8,400	8,300	8,200	7,700	7,500	8,000	7,900	7,900	8,000
Lowest quintile	11,600	11,500	11,500	11,700	11,300	11,200	11,700	11,500	11,300	11,300
Second quintile	10,400	10,900	10,900	10,800	10,200	9,900	10,300	9,800	10,300	10,300
Third guintile	8,100	8,100	7,900	8,000	7,300	6,900	7,600	7,800	7,900	8,000
Fourth quintile	6,000	6,700	6,300	5,700	5,300	5,200	5,900	6,000	5,700	5,700
Highest quintile	4,800	5,100	4,900	4,900	4,500	4,300	4,400	4,400	4,500	4,700
Unattached individuals										
Total	6,200	6,000	6,100	6,000	5,600	5,500	5,600	5,700	5,500	5,400
Lowest guintile	4,100	3,900	3,700	4,200	3,600	3,600	4,000	4,200	3,900	3,700
Second quintile	9.300	8,600	8,500	8.800	8,700	9.100	9.300	9,400	9,200	8.600
Third quintile	9.000	9,200	9,100	8.500	8,200	8.000	7,700	7,400	7,600	7,400
Fourth guintile	5,600	5,500	5,900	5,600	5,100	4,600	4,400	4,700	4,200	4,600
Highest quintile	3,100	3,000	3,200	2,800	2,400	2,200	2,600	2,800	2,600	2,600
Shares					perce	ent				
All family units										
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	20.4	18.5	18.9	19.8	20.0	21.0	20.7	20.7	20.1	19.7
Lowest quintile										
Second quintile	27.2	27.5	27.6	27.3	27.6	27.3	26.2	26.2	26.3	26.1
Third quintile	21.6	22.2	22.5	22.4	22.5	22.2	22.5	21.8	22.4	22.5
Fourth quintile	17.5	17.7	17.2	17.1	17.0	16.6	17.5	18.4	18.4	18.3
Highest quintile	13.4	14.0	13.7	13.4	12.9	12.9	13.0	13.0	12.9	13.5
Economic families, two persons or										
more	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lowest quintile	28.4	27.1	27.8	28.5	29.3	29.9	29.3	29.1	28.4	28.2
Second quintile	25.5	25.7	26.3	26.4	26.5	26.4	25.8	24.8	25.9	25.8
Third quintile	19.8	19.2	18.9	19.4	18.8	18.4	19.2	19.8	19.8	19.9
Fourth quintile	14.7	15.9	15.2	14.0	13.7	13.8	14.8	15.1	14.4	14.3
Highest quintile	11.7	12.0	11.9	11.8	11.8	11.5	10.9	11.2	11.4	11.8
Unattached individuals										
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lowest quintile	13.2	12.9	12.3	14.1	12.9	13.1	14.3	14.7	14.1	13.7
Second quintile	29.9	28.4	27.7	29.2	31.0	33.1	33.2	33.1	33.5	31.8
Third quintile	29.0	30.6	30.0	28.5	29.4	28.9	27.4	26.0	27.7	27.5
Fourth quintile	18.0	18.2	19.4	18.7	18.1	16.8	15.9	16.3	15.2	17.3
Highest quintile	9.9	9.9	10.6	9.5	8.5	8.1	9.4	9.9	9.6	9.7
· ·										

Table 8-3

Average income and income shares by after-tax income quintiles, showing different income concepts, Canada

— Average total income

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Average total income					2004 const	ant dollars				
All family units										
Total	53,500	53,400	54,300	56,100	57,600	59,200	60,100	60,100	59,900	61,000
Lowest quintile	12,200	11,500	11,500	11,500	11,800	12,400	12,400	12,700	12,800	12,900
Second quintile	26,500	25,800	25,800	26,900	27,900	28,500	29,200	29,300	29,200	29,600
Third quintile	43,600	43,000	42,800	44,100	45,700	46,200	47,000	46,900	47,000	47,500
Fourth quintile	65,700	65,700	66,100	68,000	69,400	70,800	71,400	71,200	71,300	72,300
Highest quintile	119,700	121,100	125,100	130,000	133,000	138,300	140,600	140,600	139,100	142,700
Economic families, two persons or more										
Total	65,500	65,800	67,200	69,700	71,200	73,800	75,000	74,800	74,300	76,100
Lowest quintile	20,500	20,100	20,500	20,800	21,700	22,900	22,900	22,600	22,900	23,500
Second quintile	39,000	38,200	38,300	39,700	41,600	42,100	43,000	42,900	42,700	43,500
Third quintile	56,700	56,800	57,000	59,000	60,400	61,600	62,700	62,100	62,300	63,300
Fourth quintile	78,300	78,200	79,300	81,900	83,700	85,400	86,100	86,500	86,200	87,800
Highest quintile	133,200	135,700	141,200	147,200	148,600	157,300	160,200	159,900	157,200	162,600
Unattached individuals										
Total	27,600	26,900	26,900	27,600	29,300	29,300	30,100	30,700	31,300	31,200
Lowest quintile	7,000	6,300	6,200	6,300	6,200	6,600	6,700	7,200	7,100	6,900
Second quintile	14,500	13,700	13,500	13,900	14,300	14,500	15,000	15,500	15,300	15,400
Third quintile	20,400	19,600	19,500	20,500	21,300	22,100	22,900	23,800	23,400	23,800
Fourth quintile	32,700	32,200	32,100	33,000	34,000	34,500	35,700	36,200	36,400	36,800
Highest quintile	63,400	63,100	63,100	64,200	70,900	68,900	70,400	71,100	74,300	73,100
Income shares					perc	ent				
All family units										
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest quintile	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Second quintile	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Third quintile	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Fourth quintile	24	25	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Highest quintile	45	45	46	46	46	47	47	47	46	47
Economic families, two persons or more										
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest quintile	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Second quintile	12	12	11	11	12	11	12	12	12	11
Third quintile	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Fourth quintile	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	23
Highest quintile	41	41	42	42	42	43	43	43	42	43
Unattached individuals	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Total	100 5	100 5	100 5	100 5			100 4	100 5	100 4	
Lowest quintile					4	4			-	4
Second quintile	10	10	10 14	10	10 14	10	10 15	10 15	10	10
Third quintile	15 24	15	24	15 24		15 24		24	15	15
Fourth quintile Highest quintile	24 46	24 47	24 47	24 46	23 48	24 47	24 47	24 46	23 48	24 47

Table 8-4 Average income and income shares by after-tax income quintiles, showing different income concepts, Canada — Average income tax

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Average income tax				2	.004 consta	nt dollars				
All family units										
Total	10,400	10,300	10,500	11,000	11,100	11,600	10,600	10,500	10,500	10,700
Lowest quintile	400	600	900	700	700	1,300	500	600	600	700 ⊑
Second quintile	2,500	2,200	2,300	2,600	2,700	3,000	2,600	2,700	2,600	2,700
Third quintile	6,700	6,500	6,300	6,800	6,800	6,900	6,300	6,200	6,300	6,300
Fourth quintile	12,900	12,600	12,500	13,000	12,800	13,300	11,900	11,600	11,700	11,900
Highest quintile	29,700	29,600	30,700	32,200	32,500	33,500	31,700	31,400	31,300	31,900
Economic families, two persons or										
more										
Total	13,000	12,900	13,300	14,000	13,800	14,700	13,400	13,200	13,100	13,500
Lowest quintile	700	1,000	1,600	1,300	1,200	2,400	1,000	1,100	1,100	1,200 €
Second quintile	4,500	4,300	4,200	4,600	4,800	4,900	4,400	4,400	4,300	4,300
Third quintile	9,700	9,600	9,500	10,100	9,900	10,200	9,300	8,900	9,100	9,100
Fourth quintile	16,300	15,500	15,600	16,300	16,200	16,500	14,900	14,700	14,900	15,200
Highest quintile	33,900	34,200	35,800	37,700	37,000	39,500	37,500	37,100	36,400	37,600
Unattached individuals	4.900	4.700	4.000	4 000	F 400	F 000	4 000	5.000	F 000	5,200
Total	4,900 100	100	4,600 200	4,900 200	5,400 300	5,300 500	4,900	100	5,300 300	5,200 200 ⊟
Lowest quintile Second quintile	600	500	500 500	500 500	400	400	300 400	500	500 500	600
Third quintile	1.900	1.600	1.600	1.900	2.000	2.300	2.200	2,400	2.300	2.500
Fourth quintile	5.800	5.300	5,200	5.600	5.600	5.800	5.700	5,600	5.800	5.800
Highest quintile	16,200	15,900	15,300	16,100	18,800	17,300	16,100	16,200	17,600	17,000
3 1	10,200	13,900	13,300	10,100	,	,	10,100	10,200	17,000	17,000
Shares					perce	nt				
All family units	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lowest quintile	0.7	1.1	1.8	1.3	1.2	2.3	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3 □
Second quintile	4.8	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.0
Third quintile	12.8	12.6	12.0	12.3	12.3	11.9	11.9	11.8	12.0	11.8
Fourth quintile	24.7	24.4 57.5	23.7 58.2	23.6 58.3	23.1 58.5	22.9 57.8	22.5 59.7	22.1 60.0	22.3 59.5	22.2 59.6
Highest quintile	56.9	57.5	58.2	58.3	58.5	57.8	59.7	60.0	59.5	59.6
Economic families, two persons or										
more									400.0	100.0
	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0	400.0			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Total Lowest quintile	1.1	1.6	2.3	1.9	1.8	3.2	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.8 E
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile	1.1 6.9	1.6 6.7	2.3 6.3	1.9 6.6	1.8 6.9	3.2 6.7	1.4 6.6	1.7 6.6	1.7 6.5	1.8 ^E 6.5
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile	1.1 6.9 14.9	1.6 6.7 14.9	2.3 6.3 14.3	1.9 6.6 14.4	1.8 6.9 14.3	3.2 6.7 13.9	1.4 6.6 13.9	1.7 6.6 13.4	1.7 6.5 13.8	1.8 E 6.5 13.6
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile	1.1 6.9 14.9 25.0	1.6 6.7 14.9 24.0	2.3 6.3 14.3 23.3	1.9 6.6 14.4 23.3	1.8 6.9 14.3 23.4	3.2 6.7 13.9 22.4	1.4 6.6 13.9 22.2	1.7 6.6 13.4 22.2	1.7 6.5 13.8 22.7	1.8 E 6.5 13.6 22.5
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile	1.1 6.9 14.9	1.6 6.7 14.9	2.3 6.3 14.3	1.9 6.6 14.4	1.8 6.9 14.3	3.2 6.7 13.9	1.4 6.6 13.9	1.7 6.6 13.4	1.7 6.5 13.8	1.8 E 6.5 13.6
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile Unattached individuals	1.1 6.9 14.9 25.0 52.1	1.6 6.7 14.9 24.0 52.9	2.3 6.3 14.3 23.3 53.7	1.9 6.6 14.4 23.3 53.9	1.8 6.9 14.3 23.4 53.5	3.2 6.7 13.9 22.4 53.8	1.4 6.6 13.9 22.2 55.8	1.7 6.6 13.4 22.2 56.1	1.7 6.5 13.8 22.7 55.4	1.8 E 6.5 13.6 22.5 55.7
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile Unattached individuals Total	1.1 6.9 14.9 25.0 52.1	1.6 6.7 14.9 24.0 52.9	2.3 6.3 14.3 23.3 53.7	1.9 6.6 14.4 23.3 53.9	1.8 6.9 14.3 23.4 53.5	3.2 6.7 13.9 22.4 53.8	1.4 6.6 13.9 22.2 55.8	1.7 6.6 13.4 22.2 56.1	1.7 6.5 13.8 22.7 55.4	1.8 E 6.5 13.6 22.5 55.7
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile	1.1 6.9 14.9 25.0 52.1 100.0 0.3	1.6 6.7 14.9 24.0 52.9 100.0 0.3	2.3 6.3 14.3 23.3 53.7 100.0 0.9	1.9 6.6 14.4 23.3 53.9 100.0 0.9	1.8 6.9 14.3 23.4 53.5 100.0 1.2	3.2 6.7 13.9 22.4 53.8 100.0 2.0	1.4 6.6 13.9 22.2 55.8 100.0 1.1	1.7 6.6 13.4 22.2 56.1 100.0 0.5	1.7 6.5 13.8 22.7 55.4 100.0 1.3	1.8 E 6.5 13.6 22.5 55.7 100.0 0.6 E
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile	1.1 6.9 14.9 25.0 52.1 100.0 0.3 2.4	1.6 6.7 14.9 24.0 52.9 100.0 0.3 2.1	2.3 6.3 14.3 23.3 53.7 100.0 0.9 2.4	1.9 6.6 14.4 23.3 53.9 100.0 0.9 2.1	1.8 6.9 14.3 23.4 53.5 100.0 1.2 1.6	3.2 6.7 13.9 22.4 53.8 100.0 2.0 1.7	1.4 6.6 13.9 22.2 55.8 100.0 1.1 1.7	1.7 6.6 13.4 22.2 56.1 100.0 0.5 2.0	1.7 6.5 13.8 22.7 55.4 100.0 1.3 1.9	1.8 E 6.5 13.6 22.5 55.7 100.0 0.6 E 2.4
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile	1.1 6.9 14.9 25.0 52.1 100.0 0.3 2.4 7.9	1.6 6.7 14.9 24.0 52.9 100.0 0.3 2.1 7.1	2.3 6.3 14.3 23.3 53.7 100.0 0.9 2.4 7.1	1.9 6.6 14.4 23.3 53.9 100.0 0.9 2.1 7.7	1.8 6.9 14.3 23.4 53.5 100.0 1.2 1.6 7.2	3.2 6.7 13.9 22.4 53.8 100.0 2.0 1.7 8.7	1.4 6.6 13.9 22.2 55.8 100.0 1.1 1.7 8.8	1.7 6.6 13.4 22.2 56.1 100.0 0.5 2.0 9.5	1.7 6.5 13.8 22.7 55.4 100.0 1.3 1.9 8.7	1.8 E 6.5 13.6 22.5 55.7 100.0 0.6 E 2.4 9.4
Total Lowest quintile Second quintile Third quintile Fourth quintile Highest quintile Unattached individuals Total Lowest quintile Second quintile	1.1 6.9 14.9 25.0 52.1 100.0 0.3 2.4	1.6 6.7 14.9 24.0 52.9 100.0 0.3 2.1	2.3 6.3 14.3 23.3 53.7 100.0 0.9 2.4	1.9 6.6 14.4 23.3 53.9 100.0 0.9 2.1	1.8 6.9 14.3 23.4 53.5 100.0 1.2 1.6	3.2 6.7 13.9 22.4 53.8 100.0 2.0 1.7	1.4 6.6 13.9 22.2 55.8 100.0 1.1 1.7	1.7 6.6 13.4 22.2 56.1 100.0 0.5 2.0	1.7 6.5 13.8 22.7 55.4 100.0 1.3 1.9	1.8 E 6.5 13.6 22.5 55.7 100.0 0.6 E 2.4

Table 8-5

Average income and income shares by after-tax income quintiles, showing different income concepts, Canada — Average after-tax income

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Average after-tax income				;	2004 const	ant dollars				
All family units	,									
Total	43,100	43,100	43,700	45.000	46,500	47,600	49.500	49,700	49.400	50,300
Lowest guintile	11,800	10,900	10.600	10,800	11.100	11,100	11,900	12,200	12,200	12,200
Second quintile	24,000	23,500	23,500	24,300	25,200	25,600	26,600	26,700	26,500	26,900
Third quintile	36.900	36.500	36.500	37.300	38.900	39.300	40.700	40.700	40.700	41.200
Fourth quintile	52,800	53.100	53.700	55.000	56.600	57.500	59,500	59.700	59.500	60.400
Highest quintile	90,000	91,500	94,500	97,800	100,600	104,700	108,900	109,100	107,900	110,700
Economic families, two persons or more										
Total .	52,500	52,900	53,900	55,700	57,400	59,200	61,500	61,600	61,100	62,700
Lowest quintile	19,800	19,000	18,900	19,500	20,500	20,500	22,000	21,500	21,800	22,300
Second quintile	34,500	33,800	34,100	35,100	36,800	37,200	38,600	38,500	38,400	39,100
Third guintile	47,000	47,200	47,500	48,900	50,500	51,400	53,300	53,300	53,300	54,200
Fourth quintile	62,100	62,700	63,700	65,600	67,500	69,000	71,200	71,800	71,300	72,700
Highest quintile	99,400	101,500	105,400	109,500	111,600	117,800	122,700	122,800	120,800	125,000
Jnattached individuals										
Total Total	22,700	22,300	22,300	22,700	23,900	24,100	25,200	25,800	26,000	26,000
Lowest quintile	7,000	6,200	6,000	6,100	5,900	6,100	6,400	7,000	6,800	6,700
Second quintile	13,900	13,200	12,900	13,400	13,800	14,000	14,500	15,000	14,800	14,800
Third quintile	18,400	17,900	17,800	18,600	19,300	19,800	20,700	21,400	21,100	21,40
Fourth quintile	27,000	26,900	26,800	27,400	28,300	28,700	30,000	30,600	30,600	30,90
Highest quintile	47,300	47,200	47,800	48,100	52,100	51,700	54,300	54,900	56,800	56,100
ncome shares					pero	ent				
All family units										
Total .	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest quintile	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Second quintile	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Third quintile	17	17	17	17	17	16	16	16	16	16
Fourth quintile	24	25	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Highest quintile	42	42	43	43	43	44	44	44	44	44
conomic families, two persons or more										
Total Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest quintile	8	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	. 7
Second quintile	13	13	13	13	13	13	12	12	13	12
Third quintile	18	18	18	18	18	17	17	17	17	17
Fourth quintile	24	24	24	24	24	23	23	23	23	23
Highest quintile	38	38	39	39	39	40	40	40	40	40
Inattached individuals										
Total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lowest quintile	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Second quintile	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	1:
Third quintile	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	16	16
Fourth quintile	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
Highest quintile	42	42	43	42	44	43	43	43	44	43

Table 9-1 Gini coefficients of market income, total income and after-tax income by selected family types, Canada — Market

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Market income										
Economic families, two persons or										
more	0.439	0.448	0.453	0.452	0.439	0.444	0.445	0.445	0.441	0.443
Elderly families	0.578	0.570	0.589	0.579	0.563	0.558	0.543	0.550	0.550	0.548
Married couples	0.571	0.554	0.573	0.568	0.562	0.546	0.537	0.533	0.543	0.547
Other families	0.558	0.613	0.630	0.608	0.564	0.582	0.562	0.600	0.573	0.550
Non-elderly families	0.404	0.417	0.420	0.419	0.406	0.412	0.414	0.414	0.409	0.410
Married couples	0.405	0.418	0.427	0.429	0.406	0.398	0.422	0.414	0.395	0.386
No earners	0.657	0.621	0.633	0.609	0.604	0.592	0.615	0.600	0.609	0.622
One earner	0.437	0.401	0.437	0.430	0.416	0.419	0.449	0.413	0.415	0.416
Two earners	0.328	0.357	0.368	0.372	0.348	0.343	0.372	0.368	0.344	0.337
Two-parent families with										
children	0.357	0.369	0.369	0.362	0.360	0.372	0.372	0.370	0.370	0.382
No earners	0.877	0.885	0.875	0.898	0.854	0.892	0.870	0.824	0.811	0.823
One earner	0.403	0.445	0.442	0.483	0.468	0.486	0.487	0.482	0.494	0.492
Two earners	0.310	0.311	0.324	0.315	0.324	0.333	0.333	0.342	0.334	0.347
Three or more earners	0.291	0.294	0.290	0.272	0.271	0.290	0.300	0.280	0.308	0.331
Married couples with other										
relatives	0.330	0.327	0.338	0.331	0.312	0.360	0.347	0.352	0.344	0.339
Lone-parent families	0.597	0.604	0.595	0.563	0.545	0.517	0.518	0.527	0.535	0.503
Male	0.493	0.465	0.449	0.452	0.461	0.427	0.427	0.424	0.479	0.439
Female	0.607	0.614	0.609	0.569	0.546	0.520	0.528	0.537	0.528	0.502
No earners	0.875	0.853	0.885	0.911	0.894	0.830	0.838	0.796	0.793	0.741
One earner	0.452	0.442	0.453	0.455	0.424	0.415	0.422	0.442	0.450	0.440
Two or more earners	0.367	0.307	0.315	0.297	0.302	0.336	0.361	0.373	0.361	0.366
Other non-elderly families	0.419	0.406	0.406	0.456	0.416	0.419	0.403	0.416	0.404	0.406
Unattached individuals	0.590	0.597	0.600	0.590	0.596	0.580	0.572	0.564	0.572	0.561
Elderly males	0.667	0.694	0.684	0.699	0.680	0.676	0.673	0.634	0.668	0.624
Non-earner	0.651	0.688	0.701	0.696	0.682	0.694	0.694	0.641	0.669	0.641
Earner	0.617	0.601	0.534	0.587	0.607	0.550	0.526	0.541	0.597	0.542
Elderly females	0.713	0.688	0.695	0.674	0.682	0.682	0.666	0.672	0.658	0.659
Non-earner	0.718	0.691	0.700	0.671	0.689	0.690	0.670	0.684	0.678	0.680
Earner	0.513	0.483	0.549	0.611	0.490	0.499	0.530	0.510	0.471	0.452
Non-elderly males	0.528	0.540	0.547	0.526	0.516	0.499	0.499	0.490	0.512	0.501
Non-earner	0.874	0.906	0.899	0.901	0.905	0.915	0.898	0.871	0.859	0.871
Earner	0.436	0.442	0.439	0.422	0.432	0.418	0.421	0.408	0.435	0.430
Non-elderly females	0.526	0.554	0.559	0.557	0.590	0.560	0.551	0.544	0.538	0.538
Non-earner	0.822	0.859	0.859	0.851	0.830	0.838	0.857	0.850	0.817	0.815
Earner	0.413	0.424	0.431	0.429	0.489	0.456	0.443	0.441	0.450	0.454

Table 9-2

Gini coefficients of market income, total income and after-tax income by selected family types, Canada — Total income

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total income										
Economic families, two persons or more	0.349	0.357	0.365	0.367	0.361	0.370	0.368	0.369	0.365	0.368
Elderly families	0.330	0.313	0.322	0.319	0.315	0.316	0.306	0.316	0.313	0.314
Married couples	0.300	0.299	0.308	0.309	0.310	0.299	0.297	0.298	0.303	0.310
Other families	0.358	0.354	0.357	0.346	0.325	0.362	0.331	0.372	0.347	0.329
Non-elderly families	0.344	0.354	0.360	0.362	0.357	0.366	0.365	0.366	0.361	0.364
Married couples	0.354	0.368	0.380	0.383	0.366	0.361	0.382	0.374	0.356	0.348
No earners	0.348	0.374	0.395	0.377	0.415	0.412	0.432	0.401	0.387	0.406
One earner	0.365	0.340	0.379	0.365	0.364	0.369	0.390	0.350	0.357	0.359
Two earners	0.310	0.336	0.347	0.353	0.331	0.328	0.354	0.351	0.327	0.319
Two-parent families with children	0.307	0.314	0.319	0.315	0.320	0.333	0.329	0.328	0.329	0.343
No earners	0.285	0.268	0.263	0.283	0.289	0.301	0.313	0.331	0.276	0.282
One earner	0.310	0.353	0.352	0.391	0.381	0.400	0.401	0.405	0.407	0.408
Two earners	0.275	0.272	0.287	0.282	0.294	0.304	0.299	0.305	0.301	0.314
Three or more earners	0.266	0.271	0.269	0.250	0.251	0.273	0.277	0.259	0.283	0.309
Married couples with other relatives	0.291	0.291	0.298	0.296	0.283	0.328	0.313	0.320	0.311	0.311
Lone-parent families	0.352	0.352	0.355	0.359	0.352	0.356	0.357	0.354	0.369	0.351
Male	0.354	0.360	0.350	0.362	0.364	0.353	0.346	0.342	0.396	0.366
Female	0.342	0.329	0.336	0.338	0.329	0.337	0.347	0.336	0.338	0.330
No earners	0.244	0.201	0.187	0.246	0.250	0.206	0.216	0.187	0.187	0.208
One earner	0.307	0.293	0.298	0.295	0.283	0.288	0.296	0.299	0.298	0.302
Two or more earners	0.267	0.247	0.256	0.242	0.234	0.276	0.293	0.282	0.286	0.281
Other non-elderly families	0.329	0.338	0.341	0.383	0.359	0.360	0.341	0.356	0.343	0.345
Unattached individuals	0.409	0.422	0.426	0.420	0.442	0.428	0.424	0.418	0.431	0.426
Elderly males	0.323	0.350	0.346	0.370	0.337	0.323	0.346	0.317	0.348	0.320
Non-earner	0.284	0.312	0.320	0.323	0.314	0.303	0.335	0.287	0.300	0.300
Earner	0.455	0.448	0.375	0.443	0.404	0.352	0.345	0.357	0.408	0.353
Elderly females	0.270	0.290	0.295	0.277	0.276	0.286	0.293	0.304	0.293	0.301
Non-earner	0.261	0.278	0.282	0.261	0.265	0.276	0.277	0.298	0.288	0.295
Earner	0.348	0.364	0.318	0.354	0.311	0.319	0.353	0.321	0.278	0.273
Non-elderly males	0.439	0.447	0.455	0.441	0.449	0.434	0.433	0.423	0.448	0.441
Non-earner	0.413	0.404	0.421	0.408	0.464	0.411	0.445	0.474	0.466	0.458
Earner	0.398	0.401	0.400	0.387	0.402	0.389	0.392	0.375	0.405	0.402
Non-elderly females	0.420	0.445	0.445	0.446	0.503	0.474	0.458	0.460	0.460	0.461
Non-earner	0.383	0.429	0.415	0.407	0.448	0.456	0.447	0.448	0.445	0.451
Earner	0.382	0.388	0.396	0.392	0.458	0.426	0.413	0.412	0.422	0.426

Table 9-3 Gini coefficients of market income, total income and after-tax income by selected family types, Canada — After-tax

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
After-tax income										
Economic families, two persons or										
more	0.304	0.313	0.320	0.322	0.317	0.327	0.327	0.329	0.324	0.327
Elderly families	0.277	0.257	0.267	0.262	0.260	0.263	0.259	0.269	0.268	0.267
Married couples	0.243	0.240	0.250	0.247	0.251	0.244	0.247	0.251	0.255	0.260
Other families	0.311	0.304	0.311	0.299	0.281	0.312	0.293	0.322	0.308	0.291
Non-elderly families	0.303	0.313	0.319	0.321	0.316	0.325	0.326	0.327	0.322	0.326
Married couples	0.311	0.323	0.334	0.338	0.325	0.320	0.340	0.335	0.318	0.310
No earners	0.304	0.328	0.348	0.335	0.371	0.375	0.393	0.369	0.351	0.380
One earner	0.312	0.298	0.334	0.323	0.327	0.327	0.351	0.314	0.316	0.312
Two earners	0.273	0.290	0.300	0.309	0.287	0.285	0.309	0.311	0.290	0.282
Two-parent families with										
children	0.265	0.273	0.277	0.271	0.275	0.288	0.287	0.287	0.288	0.300
No earners	0.276	0.257	0.249	0.273	0.279	0.276	0.305	0.325	0.267	0.272
One earner	0.251	0.289	0.290	0.312	0.308	0.325	0.331	0.337	0.337	0.342
Two earners	0.233	0.233	0.246	0.242	0.249	0.258	0.258	0.263	0.260	0.272
Three or more earners	0.231	0.237	0.236	0.216	0.220	0.239	0.241	0.229	0.248	0.266
Married couples with other										
relatives	0.255	0.260	0.264	0.267	0.254	0.292	0.281	0.285	0.276	0.277
Lone-parent families	0.299	0.310	0.312	0.316	0.308	0.313	0.318	0.314	0.325	0.311
Male	0.293	0.333	0.306	0.325	0.314	0.306	0.299	0.304	0.345	0.321
Female	0.295	0.290	0.297	0.300	0.294	0.303	0.314	0.302	0.305	0.297
No earners	0.235	0.197	0.185	0.238	0.230	0.203	0.215	0.185	0.184	0.206
One earner	0.259	0.253	0.258	0.253	0.244	0.251	0.259	0.263	0.264	0.266
Two or more earners	0.219	0.218	0.230	0.215	0.212	0.251	0.269	0.250	0.253	0.252
Other non-elderly families	0.295	0.309	0.316	0.349	0.329	0.334	0.315	0.329	0.315	0.319
Unattached individuals	0.353	0.367	0.374	0.367	0.383	0.375	0.376	0.370	0.382	0.379
Elderly males	0.261	0.283	0.282	0.310	0.273	0.262	0.291	0.264	0.289	0.271
Non-earner	0.233	0.250	0.260	0.267	0.256	0.250	0.281	0.240	0.249	0.256
Earner	0.375	0.385	0.316	0.393	0.330	0.279	0.295	0.299	0.346	0.300
Elderly females	0.214	0.230	0.234	0.220	0.220	0.227	0.246	0.256	0.240	0.247
Non-earner	0.207	0.220	0.224	0.208	0.210	0.218	0.229	0.252	0.235	0.241
Earner	0.280	0.310	0.260	0.282	0.270	0.256	0.324	0.269	0.237	0.231
Non-elderly males	0.392	0.396	0.410	0.393	0.400	0.389	0.392	0.382	0.406	0.399
Non-earner	0.383	0.370	0.394	0.381	0.438	0.389	0.413	0.443	0.433	0.418
Earner	0.354	0.354	0.359	0.341	0.354	0.346	0.352	0.334	0.364	0.362
Non-elderly females	0.371	0.403	0.401	0.401	0.444	0.426	0.414	0.415	0.414	0.416
Non-earner	0.347	0.406	0.379	0.374	0.416	0.421	0.416	0.413	0.409	0.418
Earner	0.339	0.349	0.357	0.350	0.397	0.377	0.369	0.368	0.376	0.381

Table 10-1

Average income by after-tax income quintiles, showing adjustment for family size, Canada — Market income

	Marke	t income	
	Unadjusted	Average	Adjusted
	average	family size	average
	dollars	number	dollars
004			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	68,100	3.05 €	38,700
Lowest quintile	14,800 E	3.15 E	8,000
Second quintile	35,200 E	3.06 €	19,500
Third quintile	57,900	3.12 E	32,000
Fourth quintile	81,000	3.02 €	45,900
Highest quintile	151,800	2.89 E	88,200
003			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	66,300	3.06	37,700
Lowest quintile	14,300	3.15	7,700
Second quintile	34,400	3.07	19,000
Third quintile	56,800	3.17	31,200
Fourth quintile	79,700	3.04	44,900
Highest quintile	146,400	2.87	85,900
002			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	66,900	3.07	38,100
Lowest guintile	13,900	3.12	7,600
Second quintile	34,800	3.12	19,000
Third quintile	56,400	3.16	31,000
Fourth quintile	79,900	3.06	44,900
Highest quintile	149,400	2.88	87,800
001	140,400	2.00	07,000
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	67,000	3.09	38,000
Lowest quintile	14,000	3.17	7,500
Second guintile	34,700	3.10	19,000
Third guintile	56,600	3.17	31,100
Fourth quintile	80,300	3.09	44,900
Highest quintile	149,400	2.90	87,400
000 T-t-1	00.400	2.00	07.400
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	66,400	3.09	37,400
Lowest quintile	14,400	3.17	7,800
Second quintile	34,700	3.11	18,900
Third quintile	56,000	3.15	30,900
Fourth quintile	79,900	3.11	44,500
Highest quintile	146,800	2.92	84,900
999			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	63,500	3.10	35,900
Lowest quintile	13,100	3.18	7,000
Second quintile	33,900	3.15	18,300
Third quintile	54,700	3.16	30,100
Fourth quintile	77,600	3.13	43,000
Highest quintile	138,100	2.90	80,900
998	,		
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	61,500	3.11	34,800
Lowest quintile	11,500	3.18	6,100
Second quintile	30,900	3.11	16,800
Third quintile	53,100	3.22	28,800
Fourth quintile	75,900	3.15	41,900
Highest quintile	136,200	2.89	80,200
997	130,200	2.09	80,200
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	58,900	3.11	33,300
Lowest quintile	11,300	3.18	6,100
Second quintile	29,600	3.17	15,800
Third quintile	50,200	3.18	27,400
Fourth quintile	74,000	3.18	40,700
Highest quintile	129,600	2.86	76,700
996			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	57,300	3.12	32,400
Lowest quintile	11,000	3.24	5,800
Second quintile	29,100	3.15	15,700
Third quintile	50,400	3.21	27,400
Fourth quintile	71,800	3.14	39,800
Highest quintile	124,500	2.85	73,600
995			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	57,300	3.12	32,400
Lowest quintile	11,500	3.23	6,100
Second quintile	30,700	3.20	16,400
Third quintile	50,000	3.18	27,300
Fourth quintile	71,900	3.14	39,800
Highest quintile	122,500	2.85	72,400
. ng.nost quintilo	122,000	2.00	12,400

Table 10-2 Average income by after-tax income quintiles, showing adjustment for family size, Canada — Total income

	Tota	I income	
	Unadjusted	Average	Adjusted
	average	family size	average
	dollars	number	dollars
2004			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	76,100	3.05 ^E 3.15 ^E	43,600
Lowest quintile Second quintile	25,500 45,500	3.06 E	14,300 25,900
Third quintile	65,800	3.12 E	36,800
Fourth quintile	87,500	3.02 €	50,000
Highest quintile	156,400	2.89 E	91,100
2003			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	74,300	3.06	42,500
Lowest quintile	24,900	3.15 3.07	13,900 25,300
Second quintile Third quintile	44,700 64,500	3.07 3.17	25,300 35,900
Fourth quintile	86,300	3.04	49,000
Highest quintile	150,900	2.87	88,600
2002	100,000	2.0.	55,555
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	74,800	3.07	42,800
Lowest quintile	24,500	3.12	13,800
Second quintile	45,000	3.12	25,300
Third quintile	64,200	3.16	35,800
Fourth quintile	86,400 453,000	3.06	48,900
Highest quintile 2001	153,900	2.88	90,500
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	75,000	3.09	42,800
Lowest quintile	25,000	3.09	13,900
Second quintile	45,000	3.10	25,400
Third quintile	64,500	3.17	35,800
Fourth quintile	86,700	3.09	48,800
Highest quintile	153,700	2.90	90,000
2000			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	73,800	3.09	41,900
Lowest quintile	24,800	3.17	13,800
Second quintile	44,400	3.11 3.15	25,000 35,400
Third quintile Fourth quintile	63,400 85,700	3.15	48,000
Highest quintile	151,000	2.92	87,400
1999	101,000	2.02	07,400
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	71,200	3.10	40,500
Lowest quintile	23,600	3.18	13,100
Second quintile	43,900	3.15	24,600
Third quintile	62,200	3.16	34,700
Fourth quintile	83,800	3.13	46,800
Highest quintile 1998	142,500	2.90	83,600
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	69,700	3.11	39,700
Lowest quintile	22,700	3.18	12,600
Second quintile	41,700	3.11	23,500
Third quintile	61,000	3.22	33,600
Fourth quintile	82,300	3.15	45,800
Highest quintile	140,900	2.89	83,100
1997	67,200	3.11	20 200
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more Lowest quintile	22,200	3.11	38,300 12,400
Second quintile	40,500	3.17	22,500
Third quintile	58,600	3.18	32,500
Fourth quintile	80,200	3.18	44,400
Highest quintile	134,800	2.86	79,900
1996			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	65,800	3.12	37,500
Lowest quintile	21,900	3.24	12,000
Second quintile	40,100 58,600	3.15 3.21	22,400 32,300
Third quintile Fourth quintile	58,600 78,700	3.21 3.14	32,300 43,900
Highest quintile	129,700	2.85	76,800
1995	.20,. 00	00	. 0,000
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	65,500	3.12	37,300
Lowest quintile	22,500	3.23	12,500
Second quintile	41,200	3.20	22,800
Third quintile	58,100	3.18	32,300
Fourth quintile	78,400	3.14	43,700
Highest quintile	127,500	2.85	75,500

Table 10-3 Average income by after-tax income quintiles, showing adjustment for family size, Canada — After-tax income

	After-t	ax income	
	Unadjusted	Average	Adjusted
	average	family size	average
	dollars	number	dollars
004			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	62,700	3.05 ⊑	35,900
Lowest quintile	24,200	3.15 E	13,600
Second quintile	41,100	3.06 ⋿	23,400
Third quintile	56,200	3.12 ^E	31,500
Fourth quintile	72,400	3.02 €	41,400
Highest quintile	119,400	2.89 €	69,600
003			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	61,100	3.06	35,000
Lowest quintile	23,700	3.15	13,300
Second quintile	40,200	3.07	22,900
Third quintile	55,300	3.17	30,800
Fourth quintile	71,300	3.04	40,500
Highest quintile	115,100	2.87	67,700
002			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	61,600	3.07	35,300
Lowest quintile	23,200	3.12	13,100
Second quintile	40,500	3.12	22,800
Third quintile	55,100	3.16	30,800
Fourth quintile	71,700	3.06	40,600
Highest quintile	117,400	2.88	69,100
001	,		
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	61,500	3.09	35,100
Lowest quintile	23,900	3.17	13,300
Second quintile	40,400	3.10	22,900
Third quintile	55,000	3.17	30,600
Fourth quintile	71,600	3.09	40,300
Highest quintile	116,900	2.90	68,500
nighest quintile	110,900	2.90	06,500
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	59,200	3.09	33,600
Lowest quintile	22,400	3.17	12,500
	39,200		22,100
Second quintile		3.11	
Third quintile	52,900	3.15	29,600
Fourth quintile	69,200	3.11	38,800
Highest quintile	112,200	2.92	65,100
999			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	57,400	3.10	32,700
Lowest quintile	22,200	3.18	12,400
Second quintile	38,800	3.15	21,800
Third quintile	52,000	3.16	29,000
Fourth quintile	67,800	3.13	37,900
Highest quintile	106,100	2.90	62,300
998			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	55,700	3.11	31,700
Lowest quintile	21,200	3.18	11,800
Second quintile	36,800	3.11	20,800
Third quintile	50,600	3.22	27,900
Fourth quintile	65,800	3.15	36,700
Highest quintile	104,200	2.89	61,500
997			
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	53,900	3.11	30,700
Lowest quintile	20,500	3.18	11,500
Second quintile	35,800	3.17	20,000
Third quintile	48,800	3.18	27,100
Fourth quintile	64,400	3.18	35,700
Highest quintile	100,100	2.86	59,300
996	100,100	2.00	55,555
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	52,900	3.12	30,100
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	00,000	0.04	44,000
Second quintile	20,600 35,400	3.24 3.15	11,300 19,900
Third quintile	48,600	3.21	26,900
	63,100	3.21 3.14	
Fourth quintile			35,300 57,200
Highest quintile 995	96,500	2.85	57,200
Total - Economic families, 2 persons or more	52,500	3.12	30,000
Lowest quintile	21,500	3.12	11,900
Second quintile	36,300	3.20	20,200
Third quintile	48,100	3.18	26,800
Fourth quintile	62,300	3.14	34,800
Highest quintile	94,700	2.85	56,100

Table 11-1 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	14.6	15.7	15.3	13.7	13.0	12.5	11.2	11.6	11.6	11.2
Under 18 years	17.6	18.6	17.8	15.5	14.4	13.8	12.1	12.2	12.5	12.8
18 to 64 years	14.6	15.7	15.5	13.9	13.4	12.9	11.7	12.1	12.2	11.7
65 years and over	8.6	9.8	9.1	8.6	7.8	7.6	6.7	7.6	6.8	5.6
Males	13.6	14.9	14.3	12.8	12.4	11.4	10.3	10.7	11.0	10.6
Under 18 years	17.3	19.1	18.0	16.0	14.7	13.4	12.0	12.7	12.8	12.9
18 to 64 years	13.7	14.8	14.3	12.9	12.7	11.8	10.6	11.0	11.5	11.1
65 years and over	3.8	5.6	5.6	5.4	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.9	4.4	3.5
Females	15.6	16.5	16.3	14.5	13.6	13.6	12.1	12.4	12.2	11.7
Under 18 years	17.9	18.1	17.5	14.9	14.1	14.2	12.2	11.8	12.2	12.6
18 to 64 years	15.4	16.6	16.7	15.0	14.0	14.1	12.8	13.1	12.9	12.3
65 years and over	12.2	13.0	11.8	11.1	10.3	10.0	8.3	9.7	8.7	7.3
Economic family persons	11.6	12.5	11.9	10.4	9.7	9.3	8.1	8.6	8.6	8.1
Males	10.7	11.8	10.9	9.6	9.1	8.4	7.4	8.0	8.1	7.5
Females	12.4	13.2	12.8	11.1	10.2	10.0	8.7	9.2	9.2	8.6
Elderly persons	1.9	2.8	3.4	3.3	2.2	2.1	1.9	2.4	2.2	1.6 ⊟
Elderly males	1.9	2.5	3.0	2.7	2.0	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.0	1.7 ⊑
Elderly females	1.9	3.1	3.8	3.9	2.3	2.5	1.9	2.4	2.3	1.6 ⊑
Persons under 18 years of age	17.6	18.6	17.8	15.5	14.4	13.8	12.1	12.2	12.5	12.8
In two-parent families	11.8	12.4	11.7	9.8	9.3	9.5	8.2	7.2	7.8	8.1
In female lone-parent families	53.5	55.8	53.2	46.1	41.9	40.1	37.4	43.0	41.2	40.0
In all other economic families 1	21.5	23.0	25.0	22.2	24.2	14.4	10.4	10.9	14.1	14.8 ⊑
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	10.3	11.2	10.6	9.2	8.8	8.4	7.3	8.1	8.1	7.3
Males	9.0	9.8	8.9	7.8	7.8	7.4	6.3	7.0	7.2	6.2
Females	11.5	12.5	12.1	10.6	9.8	9.5	8.3	9.2	9.0	8.2
Unattached individuals	35.0	37.3	37.9	35.1	34.0	32.9	30.8	29.5	29.6	29.6
Males	33.8	35.8	36.6	33.8	32.9	30.0	28.4	27.1	28.4	28.7
Females	36.1	38.8	39.2	36.4	35.1	35.6	33.2	32.0	30.8	30.5
Elderly persons	23.1	25.4	22.0	20.8	21.0	20.6	18.1	19.4	17.7	15.5
Elderly males	12.1	19.8	17.2	17.5	17.2	17.6	16.8	15.9	14.7	11.6
Elderly females	26.7	27.3	23.7	22.0	22.3	21.6	18.6	20.7	18.9	17.0
Persons under 65 years of age	39.6	41.9	43.8	40.4	38.7	37.3	35.3	33.2	33.8	34.3
Males, under 65 years	37.5	38.4	39.8	36.5	35.4	32.1	30.3	29.0	30.7	31.5
Females, under 65 years	42.5	46.9	49.5	45.8	43.4	44.3	42.1	39.0	38.0	38.4

Table 11-1 – continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Canada

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Est	imated nur	nber ('000)				
All persons	4,185	4,556	4,474	4,024	3,851	3,741	3,394	3,536	3,587	3,479
Under 18 years	1,228	1,304	1,242	1,080	1,001	955	835	839	850	865
18 to 64 years	2,675	2,922	2,921	2,645	2,572	2,511	2,313	2,413	2,478	2,396
65 years and over	282	330	312	299	277	275	246	284	259	219
Males	1,931	2,135	2,074	1,875	1,817	1,686	1,545	1,628	1,689	1,647
Under 18 years	[^] 617	681	646	575	522	469	418	448	446	452
18 to 64 years	1,260	1,372	1,344	1,219	1,223	1,144	1,052	1,098	1,169	1,134
65 years and over	54	82	84	81	72	73	75	81	74	60
Females	2,255	2,420	2,400	2,150	2,033	2,055	1,849	1,908	1,898	1,833
Under 18 years	[^] 611	623	595	505	480	485	416	391	405	413
18 to 64 years	1,415	1,550	1,577	1,427	1,349	1,367	1,262	1,314	1,309	1,262
65 years and over	229	248	228	218	205	202	170	203	185	159
Economic family persons	2,889	3,146	3,012	2,645	2,489	2,396	2,104	2,273	2,294	2,159
Males	1,329	1,460	1,370	1,215	1,161	1,081	952	1,050	1,068	993
Females	1,559	1,686	1,642	1,429	1,329	1,315	1,153	1,223	1,227	1,166
Elderly persons	43	65	81	80	53	52	48	61	58	45
Elderly males	22	30	37	33	26	22	25	31	28	24
Elderly females	21	35	44	46	28	30	23	31	30	21
Persons under 18 years of age	1,228	1,304	1,242	1,080	1,001	955	835	839	850	865
In two-parent families	688	717	672	558	531	540	464	406	437	450
In female lone-parent families	485	522	495	451	396	372	337	397	367	367
In all other economic families 1	55	65	74	71	75	43	33	36	46	48 1
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	1,618	1,777	1,689	1,485	1,434	1,389	1,222	1,372	1,386	1,249
Males	691	749	687	607	613	590	509	571	594	517
Females	927	1,028	1,002	878	821	799	713	801	791	732
Unattached individuals	1,297	1,410	1,462	1,380	1,361	1,345	1,289	1,263	1,293	1,320
Males	601	675	704	659	657	605	593	577	621	653
Females	695	735	759	720	705	740	696	685	672	667
Elderly persons	239	265	231	219	223	223	197	222	201	174
Elderly males	32	52	47	48	47	51	50	50	46	36
Elderly females	208	213	184	171	177	172	147	172	155	137
Persons under 65 years of age	1,057	1,145	1,232	1,160	1,138	1,122	1,092	1,040	1,092	1,147
Males, under 65 years	570	624	657	611	610	554	543	527	575	617
Females, under 65 years	488	522	575	549	528	568	549	513	517	530

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-2 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Newfoundland and Labrador

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	v income (%)			
All persons	16.8	15.4	13.5	13.8	14.3	13.2	11.1	11.4	12.2	12.2
Under 18 years	21.3	20.9	18.2	18.9	20.0	17.7	13.7	14.0	15.8	16.7
18 to 64 years	17.1	15.3	13.5	13.9	14.3	13.4	11.6	12.2	13.0	12.7
65 years and over	3.2	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.8	3.6	3.4	2.2	2.1	2.3 €
Males	15.1	15.1	13.5	14.1	14.0	13.0	11.9	11.2	11.5	11.6
Under 18 years	20.1	22.2	20.6	21.5	21.1	19.8	16.4	15.2	11.9	15.0 E
18 to 64 years	15.1	14.2	12.5	13.4	13.7	12.6	11.9	11.5	12.8	12.0
65 years and over	0.6	2.2	2.3	1.4	F	1.3	1.9	1.7	2.8	2.7 □
Females	18.5	15.7	13.5	13.6	14.6	13.4	10.3	11.6	13.0	12.8
Under 18 years	22.4	19.6	15.7	16.4	18.9	15.6	10.8	12.8	19.8	18.3 □
18 to 64 years	19.1	16.4	14.5	14.3	14.8	14.2	11.3	13.0	13.2	13.3
65 years and over	5.4	2.8	3.4	3.7	5.1	5.5	4.7	2.6	1.5	1.9 E
Economic family persons	15.3	13.7	11.4	11.7	11.9	11.3	9.0	8.6	9.3	9.6
Males	14.0	13.5	11.6	11.9	11.3	11.1	9.5	8.6	8.0	8.8
Females	16.6	14.0	11.2	11.4	12.5	11.5	8.5	8.7	10.6	10.4
Elderly persons	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.4	1.1	0.8	1.0	F	1.4 ⊟
Elderly males	0.7	1.9	2.2	1.2	F	1.5	1.5	2.0	F	1.4 □
Elderly females	0.8	F	F	0.5	0.8	8.0	F	F	F	1.3 □
Persons under 18 years of age	21.3	20.9	18.2	18.9	20.0	17.7	13.7	14.0	15.8	16.7
In two-parent families	15.8	16.0	12.9	13.9	14.2	11.7	10.0	9.0	8.3	11.6 ⊑
In female lone-parent families	66.7	69.0	65.6	57.5	60.1	53.1	36.3	42.3	50.8	46.3 E
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	14.6	12.6	10.1	10.4	10.5	10.5	8.5	8.0	8.6	8.6
Males	13.1	11.5	9.2	9.8	9.1	9.3	8.1	7.2	7.8	7.8
Females	16.0	13.7	10.9	11.0	11.8	11.6	8.9	8.7	9.3	9.2
Unattached individuals	36.4	35.6	39.1	38.3	40.5	33.2	32.2	38.4	39.4	35.9
Males	32.9	35.7	37.7	41.3	45.6	32.8	35.5	39.4	43.2	36.1
Females	38.8	35.6	40.5	35.9	35.9	33.6	29.0	37.6	35.5	35.7
Elderly persons	9.8	F	9.3	8.5	10.0	11.5	11.5	6.8	8.6	5.3 ⊟
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	13.1	F	F	10.4	13.8	15.3	13.9	9.3	F	F
Persons under 65 years of age	53.4	46.7	52.2	52.2	55.3	43.0	41.9	50.1	52.9	48.3
Males, under 65 years	43.6	42.3	44.5	49.2	56.2	38.8	41.6	47.0	51.0	41.8
Females, under 65 years	63.0	52.1	62.2	55.9	54.1	49.9	42.4	53.5	55.5	57.5

Table 11-2 – continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Newfoundland and Labrador

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Est	imated num	nber ('000)				
All persons	93	84	73	73	75	69	57	59	63	62
Under 18 years	30	28	23	23	24	20	15	15	16	17
18 to 64 years	62	55	48	49	50	46	40	42	45	44
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Males	42	41	36	37	36	33	30	28	29	29
Under 18 years	14	15	13	13	13	11	9	8	6	81
18 to 64 years	27	26	22	23	24	22	20	20	22	21
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Females	52	44	37	37	39	35	27	30	34	33
Under 18 years	15	13	10	10	11	9	6	7	10	91
18 to 64 years	35	30	26	25	26	25	20	23	23	23
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Economic family persons	79	70	56	57	57	54	42	40	43	44
Males	36	34	29	29	27	26	22	20	18	20
Females	43	36	28	28	30	28	20	20	25	25
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	30	28	23	23	24	20	15	15	16	17
In two-parent families	19	19	14	14	14	11	9	F	F	F
In female lone-parent families	10	9	9	9	9	9	F	6	9	F
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	49	42	33	33	33	33	27	25	27	27
Males	22	19	15	16	14	14	12	11	12	12
Females	27	23	18	18	19	19	14	14	15	15
Unattached individuals	14	14	16	16	18	15	15	18	19	18
Males	F	7	7	8	10	7	8	9	11	91
Females	9	8	9	8	8	8	7	10	9	91
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 65 years of age	13	13	15	15	16	13	13	18	18	17
Males, under 65 years	F	7	7	8	10	7	8	9	10	91
Females, under 65 years	8	7	8	7	7	6	5	9	8	91

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-3 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Prince Edward Island

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	8.4	9.2	9.4	8.5	9.5	9.1	7.5	7.3	6.5	6.0
Under 18 years	9.5	10.3	10.4	7.4	8.3	7.7	5.8	7.1	4.7	4.6 E
18 to 64 years	8.6	9.4	9.7	9.0	10.6	10.2	8.9	7.8	7.6	6.9
65 years and over	4.8	6.2	5.5	8.1	6.5	5.9	3.7	5.8	4.5	4.0 E
Males	7.7	8.5	7.7	8.1	8.5	8.4	6.1	6.7	6.6	5.8 5
Under 18 years	8.5	9.7	8.5	9.0	8.2	8.8	4.2	7.2	5.1	5.3 E
18 to 64 years	8.0	9.4	8.5	8.4	9.4	9.3	7.6	6.6	7.7	6.7 E
65 years and over	3.5	F	1.4	4.6	4.2	2.7	2.1	6.0	3.7	1.6 E
Females	9.1	10.0	10.9	8.8	10.4	9.7	8.7	8.0	6.5	6.2 □
Under 18 years	10.7	10.8	12.3	5.8	8.4	6.7	7.3	6.9	4.3	3.9 E
18 to 64 years	9.2	9.4	10.9	9.6	11.7	11.1	10.1	8.9	7.6	7.0 E
65 years and over	5.8	10.8	8.6	10.8	8.2	8.4	5.0	5.6	5.1	5.9 E
Economic family persons	6.1	7.0	6.2	6.0	6.4	6.4	5.3	4.8	3.6	3.2 □
Males	5.0	5.9	4.3	5.6	5.5	6.2	4.1	4.3	3.5	3.1 E
Females	7.1	8.0	8.0	6.4	7.3	6.7	6.3	5.2	3.7	3.3 E
Elderly persons	0.9	3.9	2.6	5.7	4.9	3.9	2.9	1.8	2.7	0.6 ⊟
Elderly males	0.9	F	F	F	3.7	2.5	2.5	F	3.7	1.0 E
Elderly females	0.9	F	F	F	F	F	3.3	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	9.5	10.3	10.4	7.4	8.3	7.7	5.8	7.1	4.7	4.6 ⊟
In two-parent families	5.7	7.4	4.8	3.5	4.8	5.5	3.7	4.8	4.6	2.3 E
In female lone-parent families	41.4	40.8	48.6	36.3	33.2	24.9	16.0	18.2	F	14.9 E
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	5.2	5.9	4.7	5.4	5.8	6.3	5.4	4.2	3.3	3.0 □
Males	3.9	5.1	2.9	4.6	4.6	5.6	4.4	3.1	2.8	2.4 E
Females	6.4	6.7	6.4	6.1	7.0	6.9	6.4	5.3	3.9	3.5 E
Unattached individuals	27.7	27.6	35.4	28.5	33.8	29.8	24.6	27.2	28.8	27.1
Males	31.3	30.4	36.3	28.5	33.6	26.7	22.5	28.8	32.4	28.9 E
Females	24.5	25.2	34.5	28.5	33.9	32.7	26.4	26.1	25.9	25.8 E
Elderly persons	13.5	11.0	12.5	13.9	10.7	11.0	5.9	14.2	8.4	11.5 E
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	13.0	14.3	13.6	12.4	11.7	13.2	7.8	13.3	10.0	13.6 E
Persons under 65 years of age	35.3	36.9	46.3	35.5	44.0	38.5	33.2	34.7	40.0	35.6
Males, under 65 years	35.2	36.9	41.4	30.3	38.1	30.8	26.9	32.5	39.4	34.6 E
Females, under 65 years	35.5	36.9	53.7	44.0	51.8	49.9	41.4	36.9	40.8	37.0 E

Table 11-3 - continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Prince Edward Island

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Est	imated nur	mber ('000)				
All persons	11	12	13	11	13	12	10	10	9	8 =
Under 18 years	3	F	4	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
18 to 64 years	7	8	8	7	9	9	8	7	7	6
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Males	5	6	5	5	6	6	4	4	4	4 ⊟
Under 18 years	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
18 to 64 years	3	4	4	3	4	4	3	3	3	3 ⋿
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Females	6	7	7	6	7	7	6	5	5	4 ⊟
Under 18 years	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
18 to 64 years	4	4	5	4	5	5	4	4	3	3 ⊑
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Economic family persons	7	8	7	7	8	8	6	F	F	F
Males	3	3	3	F	3	4	F	F	F	F
Females	4	5	5	F	4	4	4	F	F	F
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	3	F	4	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
In two-parent families	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
In female lone-parent families	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	4	4	3	4	4	5	4	F	F	F
Males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Females	2	3	2	F	3	3	2	F	F	F
Unattached individuals	4	4	5	4	5	5	4	4	5	4
Males	2	2	3	F	2	2	F	2	2	2 □
Females	2	2	3	2	3	3	2	2	2	2 E
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 65 years of age	3	3	5	4	5	4	3	3	4	4
Males, under 65 years	2	2	2	F	2	2	F	F	2	2 E
Females, under 65 years	F	F	2	F	2	2	2	F	F	F

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-4 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Nova Scotia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	13.9	13.9	14.1	14.1	11.4	11.6	10.6	9.9	11.2	9.9
Under 18 years	18.0	17.7	19.3	16.6	11.8	12.5	13.3	12.7	14.4	11.9 E
18 to 64 years	14.2	14.2	13.8	15.0	12.7	12.5	11.2	10.2	11.5	10.5
65 years and over	4.5	5.1	5.7	5.0	4.5	5.7	3.0	4.1	5.1	4.2 E
Males	13.2	11.4	11.0	11.4	11.0	11.1	10.3	9.9	10.6	9.4
Under 18 years	18.9	16.2	16.8	15.6	13.0	13.6	13.1	13.8	13.6	11.1 E
18 to 64 years	12.9	11.1	10.2	11.2	11.8	11.4	10.7	10.0	10.7	10.0
65 years and over	1.7	1.9	3.1	3.4	2.6	4.5	2.7	2.2	4.4	3.5 E
Females	14.6	16.3	16.9	16.6	11.8	12.1	10.8	9.9	11.8	10.3
Under 18 years	17.1	19.3	21.9	17.7	10.5	11.3	13.5	11.4	15.2	12.7 E
18 to 64 years	15.5	17.2	17.3	18.6	13.5	13.6	11.7	10.5	12.2	10.9
65 years and over	6.6	7.5	7.6	6.2	6.0	6.7	3.2	5.6	5.5	4.7 E
Economic family persons	11.3	11.2	11.5	11.4	8.3	8.6	7.8	7.3	8.6	6.4
Males	10.3	8.8	9.2	9.5	8.1	8.6	7.5	7.2	7.7	5.6
Females	12.2	13.4	13.9	13.2	8.4	8.7	8.1	7.4	9.4	7.3
Elderly persons	1.9	0.5	3.6	2.4	1.0	2.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	0.9 ⊟
Elderly males	1.6	0.2	3.7	2.8	0.8	2.8	1.5	0.7	1.4	0.9 E
Elderly females	2.1	0.9	3.5	2.0	1.1	1.6	0.8	2.2	1.4	1.0 E
Persons under 18 years of age	18.0	17.7	19.3	16.6	11.8	12.5	13.3	12.7	14.4	11.9 5
In two-parent families	9.4	8.6	7.7	6.2	6.5	8.8	9.1	6.3	8.4	6.3 E
In female lone-parent families	63.2	65.3	73.0	68.6	41.3	35.9	40.9	39.1	39.2	34.2 E
In all other economic families 1	F	25.5	32.9	26.9	22.3	19.3	15.4	39.3	24.8	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	9.8	10.0	9.5	10.7	8.0	8.1	6.8	6.2	7.6	5.4
Males	7.6	6.9	6.6	7.9	7.3	7.4	6.2	5.5	6.4	4.2 E
Females	11.8	12.9	12.3	13.3	8.6	8.8	7.3	6.8	8.6	6.5
Unattached individuals	33.9	34.2	32.0	32.9	32.8	31.2	28.1	26.4	27.3	30.2
Males	37.5	32.3	26.0	25.9	31.7	30.7	30.1	28.1	28.0	32.8
Females	30.9	35.6	36.7	38.5	33.8	31.6	26.5	24.8	26.6	27.9
Elderly persons	10.3	15.1	10.2	11.2	12.2	13.6	6.9	9.9	13.2	11.9 5
Elderly males	F	9.0	F	F	F	12.1	F	F	15.5	F
Elderly females	13.1	17.2	13.6	13.2	13.0	14.2	6.5	10.5	12.3	10.9 E
Persons under 65 years of age	45.9	43.8	42.9	42.6	42.6	39.1	37.8	33.7	33.2	37.4
Males, under 65 years	45.6	38.1	32.5	30.6	36.3	35.2	34.8	32.3	30.8	36.5
Females, under 65 years	46.2	50.3	54.1	55.8	50.5	42.9	41.2	35.6	36.4	38.5

Table 11-4 – continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Nova Scotia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Esti	mated num	nber ('000)				
All persons	126	126	127	127	103	105	96	90	102	90
Under 18 years	39	38	41	34	24	25	26	25	27	22
18 to 64 years	81	82	80	87	74	73	66	60	68	63
65 years and over	5	6	7	6	5	7	F	5	6	F
Males	58	50	49	51	49	49	46	44	47	42
Under 18 years	21	18	18	17	14	14	13	14	14	11
18 to 64 years	36	31	29	32	34	33	31	29	31	29
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Females	67	76	78	77	55	56	50	46	55	48
Under 18 years	18	20	22	17	10	11	13	11	14	11
18 to 64 years	45	50	51	55	40	41	35	31	37	33
65 years and over	F	5	5	4	F	5	F	F	F	F
Economic family persons	90	89	92	90	65	68	61	57	67	50
Males	40	35	36	37	32	34	29	28	30	21
Females	50	54	55	52	33	34	32	29	37	29
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	39	38	41	34	24	25	26	25	27	22
In two-parent families	16	15	13	10	11	15	15	F	13	F
In female lone-parent families	22	21	25	22	11	9	10	12	13	F
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	49	50	48	53	40	41	34	31	38	27
Males	18	17	16	19	18	18	15	13	15	10
Females	31	34	32	34	23	23	19	18	23	17
Jnattached individuals	36	37	36	37	38	37	34	33	35	40
Males	18	15	13	13	17	15	16	17	18	21
Females	18	22	23	24	21	22	18	16	17	19
Elderly persons	F	5	4	4	F	5	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	5	4	3	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 65 years of age	32	32	32	33	34	32	32	29	30	35
Males, under 65 years	18	15	12	13	16	14	16	16	16	19
Females, under 65 years	14	17	19	21	18	18	16	14	14	16

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-5 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — New Brunswick

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	12.8	11.3	12.5	11.4	10.3	9.2	8.7	9.7	9.7	8.3
Under 18 years	19.7	13.8	14.5	14.0	13.3	10.5	9.5	10.3	10.9	8.8 E
18 to 64 years	12.1	11.7	13.7	12.0	10.5	9.8	9.7	10.9	10.6	9.4
65 years and over	2.5	4.7	2.6	3.3	3.9	3.4	2.3	2.9	2.9	2.7 €
Males	11.8	10.5	12.1	11.3	9.4	9.0	8.5	9.4	9.7	8.2
Under 18 years	20.1	14.1	16.1	15.4	12.7	11.8	10.5	10.6	12.3	9.2 E
18 to 64 years	10.3	10.4	12.3	11.6	9.6	9.3	9.2	10.3	10.1	8.9
65 years and over	1.4	3.1	1.3	0.5	1.7	1.2	0.8	1.3	2.5	2.3 €
Females	13.7	12.2	13.0	11.5	11.2	9.4	8.9	10.1	9.6	8.5
Under 18 years	19.4	13.5	12.7	12.6	14.0	9.2	8.5	10.0	9.4	8.3 E
18 to 64 years	13.9	13.0	15.1	12.5	11.5	10.4	10.2	11.4	11.1	9.9
65 years and over	3.3	5.9	3.5	5.3	5.6	5.0	3.4	4.1	3.3	2.9 E
Economic family persons	11.3	8.8	10.0	9.1	8.3	6.5	6.2	7.4	7.7	6.1
Males	10.5	7.9	9.1	8.4	7.0	6.1	5.6	6.6	7.4	5.7
Females	12.1	9.8	10.9	9.7	9.4	7.0	6.7	8.2	7.9	6.4
Elderly persons	1.3	1.7	1.3	0.7	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.5	1.5	1.0 ⊑
Elderly males	1.4	1.9	1.4	0.6	1.1	0.2	0.5	F	0.9	1.2 E
Elderly females	1.2	1.5	1.2	0.8	1.0	0.5	0.6	1.0	2.2	0.7 €
Persons under 18 years of age	19.7	13.8	14.5	14.0	13.3	10.5	9.5	10.3	10.9	8.8 ∈
In two-parent families	11.8	7.2	6.9	6.6	6.7	6.3	3.4	5.5	5.1	4.1 E
In female lone-parent families	64.6	57.9	61.5	52.2	51.3	41.6	48.2	37.2	44.6	37.7 €
In all other economic families 1	20.1	21.1	9.0	21.1	17.4	12.8	16.5	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	9.2	7.9	9.5	8.4	7.4	6.0	5.8	7.4	7.4	5.9
Males	7.6	6.2	7.3	6.7	5.7	4.7	4.5	6.1	6.6	5.1
Females	10.7	9.5	11.6	9.9	8.9	7.1	6.9	8.7	8.3	6.7
Unattached individuals	25.1	31.8	32.7	29.2	26.1	28.6	27.2	26.1	23.7	24.3
Males	24.5	33.7	37.5	34.9	28.7	30.6	29.7	28.9	26.0	26.2
Females	25.6	30.1	28.5	24.1	23.7	26.7	24.8	23.2	21.6	22.6
Elderly persons	5.0	12.7	5.7	9.2	10.2	10.2	6.2	7.9	5.7	6.4 ⊟
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	7.8	F
Elderly females	6.2	12.5	7.0	11.4	11.5	11.2	7.2	8.5	4.8	6.2 E
Persons under 65 years of age	36.2	40.0	44.5	38.7	34.2	37.6	37.7	35.9	33.8	33.2
Males, under 65 years	30.2	36.0	42.7	40.3	32.8	34.8	34.6	34.6	30.9	30.5
Females, under 65 years	43.5	45.7	47.1	36.3	36.3	42.1	42.9	38.0	37.9	37.0

Table 11-5 – continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — New Brunswick

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Est	imated nun	nber ('000)				
All persons	94	83	92	83	76	67	63	71	71	61
Under 18 years	35	24	25	23	22	17	15	16	17	13
18 to 64 years	57	55	65	57	50	47	46	52	51	45
65 years and over	F	4	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Males	43	38	44	41	34	32	30	34	35	29
Under 18 years	18	12	14	13	10	10	8	8	10	7
18 to 64 years	24	24	29	27	23	22	22	25	24	21
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Females	51	45	48	42	42	35	33	37	36	31
Under 18 years	17	11	10	10	11	7	7	8	7	F
18 to 64 years	33	31	36	30	27	25	25	27	27	24
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Economic family persons	74	58	65	59	53	42	40	48	49	39
Males	34	26	30	27	22	19	18	21	23	18
Females	40	32	35	32	31	23	22	27	26	21
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	35	24	25	23	22	17	15	16	17	13
In two-parent families	17	11	10	9	9	9	F	F	F	F
In female lone-parent families	16	12	14	13	12	8	9	F	10	F
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	38	33	39	35	31	25	24	31	32	25
Males	16	12	15	14	12	10	9	12	13	10
Females	23	20	25	21	19	15	15	19	18	15
Unattached individuals	20	26	27	24	22	25	24	23	21	22
Males	9	13	14	14	11	13	13	13	11	11
Females	11	13	13	11	11	12	11	10	10	11
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 65 years of age	18	23	25	22	19	22	22	21	20	20
Males, under 65 years	9	12	14	14	11	12	13	12	11	11
Females, under 65 years	10	11	11	8	8	9	9	8	9	9

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-6 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Quebec

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	lence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	17.0	18.8	19.3	16.9	14.8	14.8	13.8	12.3	12.3	11.2
Under 18 years	18.2	20.1	22.4	18.6	14.8	16.0	14.5	11.3	10.9	10.9
18 to 64 years	17.2	18.6	19.1	16.7	15.1	14.9	14.1	12.6	13.1	11.7
65 years and over	13.5	17.1	14.6	15.4	13.0	12.1	10.6	11.8	10.3	9.3
Males	15.8	17.9	18.3	15.9	13.5	13.0	11.9	10.3	11.2	10.7
Under 18 years	17.8	20.5	22.9	18.8	15.6	15.8	14.2	12.2	11.0	11.3
18 to 64 years	16.6	18.3	18.1	15.7	13.9	13.3	12.1	10.3	12.4	11.6
65 years and over	4.7	9.0	8.3	10.3	6.5	5.8	5.6	6.6	4.2	4.0
Females	18.3	19.6	20.3	18.0	16.1	16.5	15.6	14.2	13.4	11.8
Under 18 years	18.7	19.6	21.9	18.3	14.1	16.3	14.8	10.3	10.7	10.5
18 to 64 years	17.8	18.9	20.0	17.6	16.4	16.5	16.1	15.0	13.9	11.8
65 years and over	19.9	23.0	19.2	19.2	17.8	16.8	14.3	15.7	14.9	13.3
Economic family persons	12.5	14.5	14.9	12.6	10.5	10.6	9.7	8.6	8.6	7.3
Males	11.7	14.0	13.7	11.6	9.6	9.6	8.6	7.7	7.9	6.8
Females	13.4	15.0	16.0	13.5	11.3	11.6	10.7	9.5	9.2	7.9
Elderly persons	2.0	4.1	3.8	5.7	3.0	2.7	2.0	3.5	2.2	2.1
Elderly males	1.9	3.5	3.1	5.7	3.0	2.8	1.6	3.7	1.4	1.8 F
Elderly females	2.1	4.7	4.5	5.7	3.0	2.5	2.3	3.2	3.1	2.4 E
Persons under 18 years of age	18.2	20.1	22.4	18.6	14.8	16.0	14.5	11.3	10.9	10.9
In two-parent families	12.6	14.4	15.4	12.9	9.1	10.1	10.0	5.9	6.6	7.0 E
In female lone-parent families	51.3	54.6	60.3	45.7	44.5	44.9	38.8	40.9	33.9	30.5
In all other economic families 1	25.0	23.2	27.8	33.9	27.1	18.6	12.1	10.1	14.5	18.7 E
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	11.6	13.6	13.3	11.1	9.9	9.6	9.0	8.3	8.7	6.8
Males	10.3	12.6	11.2	9.4	8.2	8.2	7.5	6.5	7.7	5.8
Females	12.8	14.5	15.2	12.8	11.5	11.1	10.4	10.1	9.6	7.8
Unattached individuals	44.6	44.4	45.4	41.9	39.0	37.8	35.5	31.3	31.4	30.6
Males	42.5	41.0	45.2	41.0	35.5	32.3	29.2	24.7	28.2	29.9
Females	46.5	47.7	45.5	42.8	42.4	42.9	41.5	37.4	34.5	31.3
Elderly persons	38.0	43.1	36.4	35.6	35.6	33.0	29.5	28.5	26.8	24.0
Elderly males	16.7	32.5	28.8	29.4	24.5	19.3	21.4	17.4	15.3	12.4 E
Elderly females	44.9	46.5	39.0	37.7	38.8	37.5	32.6	32.7	31.0	28.3
Persons under 65 years of age	46.8	44.8	48.6	44.1	40.1	39.3	37.4	32.3	32.9	32.8
Males, under 65 years	46.4	42.2	47.8	42.7	36.9	34.1	30.4	25.9	30.2	32.7
Females, under 65 years	47.3	48.5	49.6	45.8	44.5	45.9	46.2	40.0	36.4	33.0

Table 11-6 – continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Quebec

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Esti	imated num	ber ('000)				
All persons	1,208	1,336	1,378	1,212	1,064	1,067	998	894	904	831
Under 18 years	303	331	365	298	235	251	225	173	166	165
18 to 64 years	798	866	892	785	717	711	679	614	643	577
65 years and over	107	138	121	130	111	106	94	107	96	88
Males	550	626	643	563	478	461	423	372	407	392
Under 18 years	150	171	190	155	125	122	109	96	86	90
18 to 64 years	384	425	424	371	330	317	293	250	304	286
65 years and over	F	31	29	36	24	22	21	26	F	F
Females	658	709	734	650	585	607	575	522	498	439
Under 18 years	153	160	174	142	110	129	116	77	80	76
18 to 64 years	414	441	468	414	388	394	386	363	339	291
65 years and over	91	108	92	93	88	84	73	82	79	72
Economic family persons	764	884	906	767	639	645	591	525	525	451
Males	353	419	412	351	288	287	259	233	240	207
Females	411	466	494	415	350	358	332	292	285	244
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	303	331	365	298	235	251	225	173	166	165
In two-parent families	173	198	203	168	117	125	123	71	81	85
In female lone-parent families	115	122	143	106	98	111	92	92	72	64
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	450	531	520	437	386	378	355	331	345	272
Males	197	238	213	179	155	156	145	126	150	112
Females	253	293	307	257	231	222	209	205	196	160
Unattached individuals	444	451	472	446	425	423	407	369	379	380
Males	197	208	231	211	190	174	164	139	167	185
Females	246	243	240	234	235	248	243	230	213	195
Elderly persons	96	116	100	98	94	90	82	86	82	75
Elderly males	F	21	20	20	15	F	16	F	F	F
Elderly females	86	95	79	78	79	77	66	72	69	64
Persons under 65 years of age	348	335	372	348	332	333	325	283	298	305
Males, under 65 years	187	187	211	191	175	161	148	124	154	174
Females, under 65 years	161	148	161	157	156	172	177	158	143	130

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-7 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Ontario

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	13.0	14.2	13.1	11.7	11.3	10.8	9.3	10.7	10.4	10.6
Under 18 years	16.3	18.0	16.2	14.9	13.7	12.8	10.3	11.7	11.4	12.8
18 to 64 years	12.6	14.0	13.0	11.6	11.4	11.0	9.6	11.2	11.1	11.1
65 years and over	8.0	7.5	7.6	6.3	5.9	6.1	5.2	5.6	4.9	3.8
Males	11.9	13.8	12.3	11.0	10.9	9.8	8.6	10.1	9.9	10.1
Under 18 years	15.3	19.2	16.6	15.3	13.4	11.5	9.6	11.9	11.5	12.8
18 to 64 years	12.0	13.2	11.8	10.6	11.1	10.1	9.0	10.5	10.4	10.3
65 years and over	3.4	4.1	5.1	3.9	4.1	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.7	2.8 E
Females	14.0	14.6	13.9	12.4	11.7	11.8	9.9	11.2	10.9	11.2
Under 18 years	17.4	16.6	15.7	14.5	14.0	14.1	11.0	11.5	11.3	12.9
18 to 64 years	13.2	14.8	14.2	12.5	11.7	11.8	10.3	12.0	11.7	11.9
65 years and over	11.5	10.1	9.6	8.2	7.3	7.9	6.2	7.1	5.9	4.6
Economic family persons	10.4	11.5	10.4	9.2	8.7	8.2	6.7	8.3	7.9	8.0
Males	9.4	10.9	9.6	8.5	8.2	7.3	6.1	7.8	7.5	7.4
Females	11.4	12.1	11.2	10.0	9.1	9.1	7.3	8.8	8.4	8.6
Elderly persons	1.7	1.8	3.1	2.4	1.7	2.0	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.3 ⊑
Elderly males	1.7	1.7	3.0	1.6	1.6	1.1	2.0	1.2	1.5	1.5 E
Elderly females	1.7	1.8	3.1	3.2	1.8	2.8	1.6	2.3	1.8	1.1 E
Persons under 18 years of age	16.3	18.0	16.2	14.9	13.7	12.8	10.3	11.7	11.4	12.8
In two-parent families	10.6	11.1	10.4	9.0	8.6	9.1	7.3	7.3	7.3	8.4
In female lone-parent families	52.0	58.0	50.8	48.9	41.3	38.3	33.3	43.3	40.2	41.2
In all other economic families 1	23.4	19.9	22.0	17.0	24.3	9.8	5.6	8.7	9.5	14.3 E
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	9.1	10.1	9.0	7.8	7.6	7.2	6.0	7.9	7.6	7.2
Males	7.8	8.5	7.5	6.5	6.9	6.4	5.3	7.1	6.7	6.2
Females	10.2	11.6	10.5	9.1	8.2	7.9	6.6	8.7	8.3	8.2
Unattached individuals	32.0	34.1	33.1	30.0	30.6	30.1	27.9	27.7	27.9	28.8
Males	31.2	35.1	32.4	30.2	31.5	28.6	26.9	26.7	27.8	28.3
Females	32.7	33.1	33.7	29.9	29.6	31.4	28.8	28.7	28.0	29.4
Elderly persons	22.5	20.7	18.7	16.0	16.8	17.0	14.7	15.7	13.8	10.8
Elderly males	11.8	15.5	15.2	15.0	17.6	18.0	14.4	16.0	14.4	9.0 E
Elderly females	25.9	22.4	19.8	16.4	16.5	16.6	14.8	15.5	13.6	11.6
Persons under 65 years of age	35.9	39.7	39.0	35.7	35.9	35.0	32.6	32.3	33.1	35.0
Males, under 65 years	34.6	38.5	35.5	32.9	33.9	30.5	29.0	28.7	30.2	31.6
Females, under 65 years	37.8	41.4	43.8	39.4	38.5	40.7	37.3	37.2	36.8	39.8

Table 11-7 – continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Ontario

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Est	imated nur	mber ('000)				
All persons	1,404	1,559	1,459	1,319	1,287	1,253	1,094	1,276	1,259	1,300
Under 18 years	431	480	435	403	372	351	285	324	313	353
18 to 64 years	873	983	923	832	834	817	735	871	873	891
65 years and over	101	96	100	85	81	85	74	81	73	57
Males	636	746	676	612	612	557	501	599	594	610
Under 18 years	206	263	230	210	184	159	134	168	161	180
18 to 64 years	411	460	417	379	403	375	341	406	409	411
65 years and over	19	F	29	F	25	24	25	24	24	F
Females	768	813	783	708	674	696	593	677	665	690
Under 18 years	225	217	206	193	188	192	151	155	153	172
18 to 64 years	462	523	506	453	430	443	393	465	464	480
65 years and over	82	73	71	62	56	61	49	57	48	38
conomic family persons	991	1,112	1,019	914	868	832	695	871	844	86
Males	442	522	466	414	405	366	313	405	392	394
Females	549	591	552	500	463	466	382	466	453	46
Elderly persons	15	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	1
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	
Persons under 18 years of age	431	480	435	403	372	351	285	324	313	35
In two-parent families	234	241	232	199	191	206	168	169	168	18
In female lone-parent families	177	214	180	182	151	133	109	143	135	14
In all other economic families 1	F	24	24	21	30	F	F	F	F	
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	545	617	555	489	479	462	392	530	513	49
Males	228	251	222	196	213	202	168	230	223	20
Females	317	366	332	292	266	260	224	299	290	290
Inattached individuals	413	446	440	405	419	421	399	404	415	43
Males	194	224	209	198	207	191	188	194	203	21
Females	219	222	231	208	211	230	211	211	212	22
Elderly persons	85	80	72	62	64	65	56	63	55	4:
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	
Elderly females	75	66	57	47	47	47	41	45	39	3
Persons under 65 years of age	328	366	369	344	355	356	343	341	360	39
Males, under 65 years	183	209	195	183	191	173	173	175	187	20
Females, under 65 years	145	157	174	161	164	183	170	166	173	18

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-8 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Manitoba

<u> </u>	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	15.7	16.2	16.3	14.0	14.7	13.4	11.5	12.2	12.6	11.1
Under 18 years	20.4	21.4	21.9	17.4	18.9	16.7	15.6	16.2	16.9	12.8
18 to 64 years	15.4	15.0	14.9	13.3	14.4	13.0	10.6	11.3	12.0	11.4
65 years and over	8.0	11.3	12.4	10.5	8.7	9.4	8.7	9.1	8.1	6.7 E
Males	14.1	14.2	14.3	12.5	14.0	12.3	10.4	11.1	12.1	10.9
Under 18 years	20.0	20.3	20.9	17.9	20.7	17.2	15.8	16.4	18.4	13.4
18 to 64 years	13.4	13.0	12.6	11.4	13.2	11.6	9.3	10.1	11.0	11.2
65 years and over	4.6	6.1	7.9	5.7	3.7	4.8	5.0	5.7	5.0	4.1 E
Females	17.3	18.1	18.3	15.4	15.4	14.5	12.6	13.2	13.1	11.3
Under 18 years	20.8	22.5	23.0	16.9	17.0	16.2	15.5	15.9	15.2	12.2 E
18 to 64 years	17.5	17.1	17.1	15.2	15.6	14.3	11.8	12.6	12.9	11.7
65 years and over	10.5	15.2	15.7	14.1	12.4	12.8	11.6	11.8	10.5	8.7 E
Economic family persons	12.5	13.2	13.3	10.8	11.7	10.3	8.8	9.5	9.9	8.1
Males	11.2	11.8	12.2	9.8	10.8	9.2	7.7	8.7	9.8	7.8
Females	13.9	14.5	14.4	11.8	12.6	11.4	9.9	10.3	10.0	8.5
Elderly persons	1.3	4.0	4.5	3.6	1.7	2.1	1.9	2.6	2.9	3.1 5
Elderly males	0.9	3.9	5.5	2.3	1.8	1.5	1.5	2.9	2.6	2.7 E
Elderly females	1.8	4.2	3.3	5.0	1.7	2.8	2.3	2.3	3.2	3.5 E
Persons under 18 years of age	20.4	21.4	21.9	17.4	18.9	16.7	15.6	16.2	16.9	12.8
In two-parent families	14.0	16.1	16.3	11.8	12.2	10.6	9.8	11.7	13.3	9.4 E
In female lone-parent families	62.3	55.1	59.8	48.4	59.1	51.8	46.8	43.3	43.8	37.1 E
In all other economic families 1	26.4	37.2	29.8	37.8	16.5	17.7	19.0	18.3	F	5.7 E
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	10.6	10.7	10.6	8.8	9.9	8.7	6.8	7.6	8.0	6.9
Males	8.5	8.9	9.0	6.9	7.4	6.5	4.8	6.1	7.0	6.1
Females	12.6	12.4	12.3	10.5	12.4	10.7	8.6	9.1	8.8	7.7
Unattached individuals	36.0	35.2	35.0	33.8	33.3	32.1	28.1	28.2	28.6	28.4
Males	35.6	30.9	28.4	30.5	34.2	30.6	26.5	26.0	26.1	28.8
Females	36.4	38.6	40.7	36.8	32.4	33.6	29.7	30.1	30.9	27.9
Elderly persons	19.7	22.7	25.1	22.0	20.5	21.9	20.8	22.9	19.0	14.5 E
Elderly males	17.3	13.1	15.7	16.9	10.1	15.1	16.3	17.7	14.9	9.7 E
Elderly females	20.6	26.2	28.6	23.8	24.4	24.6	22.6	24.6	20.4	16.2 E
Persons under 65 years of age	45.2	42.9	40.9	40.7	40.4	37.5	31.8	30.4	32.6	33.9
Males, under 65 years	40.6	36.2	31.9	34.1	40.1	34.4	28.9	27.6	28.2	32.2
Females, under 65 years	50.8	51.6	53.0	49.9	40.8	42.7	36.6	34.4	38.7	36.3

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 11-8 – continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Manitoba

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Estim	ated numb	er ('000)				
All persons	167	173	174	149	158	144	124	132	138	122
Under 18 years	55	58	59	46	50	44	41	42	43	33
18 to 64 years	101	99	97	88	96	87	71	77	82	79
65 years and over	11	16	18	15	13	14	13	13	12	10
Males	74	75	76	67	75	66	56	60	66	59
Under 18 years	28	28	29	25	29	23	21	22	25	18
18 to 64 years	44	43	42	38	44	39	31	34	38	39
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Females	93	98	98	83	83	79	69	72	72	63
Under 18 years	27	29	29	21	21	20	19	20	19	15
18 to 64 years	57	56	56	50	52	48	40	42	44	40
65 years and over	9	12	13	12	10	11	9	10	9	7
Economic family persons	116	122	123	99	108	95	81	88	92	76
Males	52	55	56	45	50	42	35	40	46	36
Females	64	67	66	54	58	53	46	48	46	40
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	55	58	59	46	50	44	41	42	43	33
In two-parent families	31	36	36	26	27	23	21	25	28	20
In female lone-parent families	20	16	17	15	22	19	18	15	15	12
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	59	60	60	50	57	49	39	44	46	40
Males	24	25	25	19	20	18	13	17	20	17
Females	36	36	35	30	36	32	26	27	26	23
Unattached individuals	52	51	51	50	50	49	43	44	45	46
Males	22	20	19	21	25	23	21	20	20	23
Females	29	31	32	29	25	25	23	24	25	23
Elderly persons	10	13	14	12	11	12	11	11	9	7
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	8	11	11	9	9	9	8	9	7	F
Persons under 65 years of age	41	38	37	38	39	37	32	33	36	39
Males, under 65 years	20	18	17	19	24	21	18	18	18	22
Females, under 65 years	21	20	21	19	15	16	14	16	18	17

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-9 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Saskatchewan

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	14.1	12.9	11.5	11.1	10.0	10.9	9.7	8.6	9.8	10.1
Under 18 years	20.4	17.4	13.0	11.1	11.2	13.0	10.7	8.9	12.9	10.9 E
18 to 64 years	13.9	13.2	12.7	12.8	11.2	12.0	10.9	9.9	10.4	11.7
65 years and over	3.1	3.4	3.7	3.7	2.8	2.5	2.8	3.0	1.8	1.9 E
Males	12.7	11.5	9.7	10.0	9.4	10.3	8.9	8.1	9.6	10.0
Under 18 years	19.8	16.5	10.9	9.9	10.0	12.2	9.6	7.8	11.5	10.0 E
18 to 64 years	11.7	11.2	10.8	11.8	10.7	11.4	10.1	9.6	10.5	11.8
65 years and over	1.4	2.5	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.2	1.7	1.9	1.4	1.5 E
Females	15.6	14.2	13.2	12.1	10.6	11.5	10.4	9.2	9.9	10.1
Under 18 years	21.1	18.2	15.1	12.4	12.4	13.8	11.7	10.0	14.4	12.0 E
18 to 64 years	16.1	15.1	14.6	13.8	11.8	12.7	11.7	10.2	10.3	11.5
65 years and over	4.4	4.2	5.0	5.1	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.9	2.1	2.3 E
Economic family persons	12.5	10.2	8.5	7.8	7.2	8.3	6.8	5.8	7.4	7.1
Males	11.2	8.8	7.1	6.6	6.0	7.0	5.7	4.7	6.2	6.6
Females	13.9	11.6	9.9	8.9	8.3	9.6	7.9	6.9	8.5	7.7
Elderly persons	1.1	1.6	0.8	1.7	1.3	0.4	0.9	1.0	0.4	0.3 ⊟
Elderly males	1.1	2.3	1.1	1.0	1.5	F	0.5	1.6	0.2	0.5 E
Elderly females	1.0	0.9	0.5	2.5	1.1	0.8	1.3	0.2	0.6	F
Persons under 18 years of age	20.4	17.4	13.0	11.1	11.2	13.0	10.7	8.9	12.9	10.9 ⊑
In two-parent families	13.9	8.4	9.0	9.4	6.5	7.3	5.6	3.5	6.4	6.5 E
In female lone-parent families	62.3	56.3	33.5	18.8	31.6	39.2	32.8	32.8	41.0	28.3 E
In all other economic families 1	42.6	17.1	11.7	8.2	21.0	F	15.9	F	24.2	30.4 E
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	10.4	8.0	7.6	7.2	6.2	7.5	6.1	5.3	6.1	6.7
Males	8.3	5.9	6.2	6.0	4.9	5.8	4.8	3.8	4.8	6.1
Females	12.3	10.1	8.9	8.3	7.4	9.1	7.3	6.6	7.3	7.2
Unattached individuals	24.6	30.3	30.6	31.7	27.5	26.3	26.5	25.3	23.6	27.0
Males	22.9	29.5	27.2	32.0	29.4	29.2	27.2	26.9	28.2	29.7
Females	26.0	31.1	33.8	31.4	25.6	23.3	25.7	23.5	18.6	24.2
Elderly persons	6.9	7.1	9.2	7.8	5.6	6.3	6.6	7.1	4.4	5.2 ⊟
Elderly males	F	3.0	5.6	F	F	F	6.2	F	F	F
Elderly females	8.6	8.7	10.7	8.6	6.1	6.7	6.8	8.4	3.9	5.1 E
Persons under 65 years of age	35.0	42.8	42.3	44.0	39.8	37.8	36.8	34.3	33.2	37.8
Males, under 65 years	28.8	36.4	32.8	39.0	35.5	34.9	31.9	31.3	32.7	35.0
Females, under 65 years	43.4	52.3	56.2	50.9	47.5	43.1	45.2	40.3	34.3	42.3

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 11-9 - continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Saskatchewan

<u> </u>	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Est	imated nur	nber ('000)				
All persons	136	124	110	106	95	102	90	80	90	93
Under 18 years	53	45	33	28	27	31	24	20	29	24
18 to 64 years	78	75	72	73	64	68	61	56	59	67
65 years and over	4	5	5	5	F	F	F	4	F	F
Males	61	55	46	47	44	48	41	38	44	46
Under 18 years	27	21	14	12	12	14	11	9	13	11
18 to 64 years	33	32	31	34	31	33	29	27	30	34
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Females	75	69	64	58	51	55	49	43	46	47
Under 18 years	27	24	19	15	15	16	13	11	16	12
18 to 64 years	45	43	41	39	33	36	33	29	29	33
65 years and over	F	F	4	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Economic family persons	105	85	71	64	58	67	54	46	58	56
Males	47	36	29	27	24	28	22	19	24	26
Females	57	49	41	37	34	39	32	28	34	30
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	53	45	33	28	27	31	24	20	29	24
In two-parent families	31	17	18	18	13	14	10	F	11	11
In female lone-parent families	20	26	14	F	13	16	13	12	15	10
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	50	39	37	35	30	36	29	25	29	32
Males	20	14	15	14	11	13	11	9	11	14
Females	30	25	22	21	19	23	18	17	18	18
Unattached individuals	31	39	40	42	36	35	35	34	32	37
Males	14	19	17	20	20	20	19	19	20	21
Females	18	20	23	21	17	15	17	15	12	17
Elderly persons	F	3	4	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	4	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 65 years of age	28	36	36	38	34	32	32	31	30	35
Males, under 65 years	13	18	16	20	19	19	18	19	19	20
Females, under 65 years	15	18	19	19	15	13	15	12	11	15

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-10 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Alberta

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	14.7	15.4	14.8	13.3	11.8	11.1	10.0	9.3	10.7	10.5
Under 18 years	17.7	18.5	15.4	14.0	12.4	12.3	10.9	9.2	11.0	11.7
18 to 64 years	14.9	15.3	15.8	14.3	12.9	11.9	10.7	10.3	11.7	11.3
65 years and over	4.5	6.7	5.6	5.3	2.6	2.4	2.2	2.3	3.5	2.5 E
Males	14.3	14.1	14.2	13.2	11.4	10.3	9.6	8.7	10.3	9.9
Under 18 years	20.0	16.5	15.0	14.5	12.5	12.5	11.9	8.8	11.2	12.7 E
18 to 64 years	13.2	14.3	15.1	14.0	12.4	10.7	9.7	9.8	11.1	10.1
65 years and over	3.5	4.7	4.2	3.6	0.6	0.6	2.1	0.2	2.4	1.3 E
Females	15.1	16.6	15.4	13.4	12.1	11.8	10.3	9.9	11.1	11.2
Under 18 years	15.3	20.6	15.9	13.4	12.1	12.0	9.8	9.7	10.8	10.7 E
18 to 64 years	16.7	16.4	16.6	14.5	13.4	13.1	11.8	10.9	12.4	12.7
65 years and over	5.3	8.3	6.7	6.8	4.3	3.9	2.3	4.1	4.4	3.4 E
Economic family persons	12.5	12.3	11.3	9.9	8.4	8.0	7.2	6.1	7.4	7.5
Males	12.3	11.1	10.7	9.8	8.1	7.6	7.0	5.5	6.9	7.1
Females	12.7	13.5	12.0	10.1	8.6	8.4	7.4	6.7	7.8	7.9
Elderly persons	2.2	4.2	3.2	2.5	0.2	0.3	1.2	0.4	2.0	0.4 ⊑
Elderly males	3.3	2.5	2.3	1.4	0.3	F	1.7	F	2.7	0.5 E
Elderly females	0.8	6.0	4.1	3.6	F	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.2	0.3 €
Persons under 18 years of age	17.7	18.5	15.4	14.0	12.4	12.3	10.9	9.2	11.0	11.7
In two-parent families	11.6	14.4	10.8	9.7	10.2	9.9	8.3	6.7	7.8	7.4 E
In female lone-parent families	61.3	44.4	40.1	37.2	30.0	36.2	36.0	33.2	40.4	45.0
In all other economic families 1	19.7	29.0	37.9	30.0	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	11.1	10.2	10.3	8.9	7.5	7.0	6.3	5.4	6.5	6.6
Males	9.4	9.3	9.4	8.4	7.0	6.3	5.5	4.7	5.6	5.6
Females	12.7	11.1	11.1	9.4	8.1	7.6	7.2	6.1	7.4	7.6
Unattached individuals	29.9	36.1	37.9	35.7	33.5	30.4	26.7	28.5	30.7	28.2
Males	27.6	32.9	35.5	33.8	31.0	26.4	24.6	26.8	29.5	24.9
Females	32.4	40.1	40.8	38.0	36.5	34.8	29.1	30.3	32.0	32.1
Elderly persons	9.6	13.0	11.9	13.0	8.8	7.3	4.4	7.2	7.1	7.9 ⊟
Elderly males	, F	14.9	13.1	13.3	F	F	F	F	F	6.3 E
Elderly females	11.1	12.3	11.4	12.9	11.3	8.4	4.5	9.1	9.3	8.5 E
Persons under 65 years of age	35.7	42.1	44.3	41.1	39.6	36.4	32.7	33.6	36.4	32.9
Males, under 65 years	30.0	35.0	38.0	36.2	34.1	28.8	26.9	29.3	32.4	26.6
Females, under 65 years	44.1	53.3	54.4	48.9	48.1	47.9	41.4	40.1	42.4	42.5

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 11-10 - continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — Alberta

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Esti	mated num	ber ('000)				
All persons	394	418	412	380	340	326	299	283	331	330
Under 18 years	128	134	113	103	91	91	81	68	80	86
18 to 64 years	254	267	285	262	242	228	212	208	241	236
65 years and over	F	17	15	14	F	F	F	F	F	F
Males	192	194	201	191	168	153	146	134	162	157
Under 18 years	74	62	58	57	49	47	46	34	42	49
18 to 64 years	114	126	137	131	118	105	98	100	117	107
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Females	201	224	211	188	173	173	153	148	169	173
Under 18 years	54	72	54	46	43	44	35	34	38	37
18 to 64 years	141	141	147	132	124	123	114	107	124	130
65 years and over	F	F	F	10	F	F	F	F	F	F
Economic family persons	292	292	274	245	210	203	187	159	194	200
Males	144	131	129	121	102	97	91	73	92	96
Females	148	161	145	124	108	107	96	87	102	104
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	128	134	113	103	91	91	81	68	80	86
In two-parent families	71	88	66	60	64	64	54	42	49	45
In female lone-parent families	52	36	33	31	25	26	26	25	30	40
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	160	150	155	137	118	112	104	91	110	113
Males	66	66	69	63	53	50	44	39	47	47
Females	94	84	86	74	65	62	60	52	63	67
Unattached individuals	102	126	138	135	131	123	112	123	137	130
Males	48	63	71	71	65	56	55	62	70	62
Females	53	63	67	64	65	67	57	61	67	68
Elderly persons	F	F	F	9	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 65 years of age	94	117	129	125	124	116	108	117	131	123
Males, under 65 years	48	60	69	68	65	55	54	62	70	60
Females, under 65 years	47	57	61	57	59	61	54	55	61	63

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 11-11 Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — British Columbia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Preval	ence of lov	w income (%)			
All persons	14.9	16.8	16.5	14.5	16.4	15.1	14.1	16.0	15.3	14.2
Under 18 years	17.3	18.4	16.4	13.5	17.4	14.1	14.0	18.3	18.7	18.1
18 to 64 years	15.2	17.6	18.0	16.1	17.2	16.5	15.1	16.1	15.2	14.3
65 years and over	8.5	9.8	8.9	8.0	10.2	9.6	9.1	11.7	10.4	8.0
Males	14.6	16.2	15.6	13.5	16.2	14.3	13.5	15.8	14.9	13.6
Under 18 years	17.3	20.0	17.2	15.4	18.4	14.5	14.5	19.8	20.4	18.2
18 to 64 years	15.2	16.3	16.7	14.4	16.8	15.2	14.0	15.5	14.3	13.5
65 years and over	5.1	7.5	5.7	4.9	7.9	8.7	8.4	9.8	8.9	6.5
Females	15.1	17.4	17.4	15.5	16.6	15.9	14.7	16.2	15.7	14.8
Under 18 years	17.2	16.8	15.6	11.5	16.3	13.7	13.4	16.6	16.9	18.0
18 to 64 years	15.2	18.9	19.2	17.8	17.6	17.8	16.2	16.7	16.2	15.0
65 years and over	11.3	11.6	11.6	10.6	12.1	10.3	9.6	13.4	11.7	9.3
Economic family persons	11.8	13.2	12.2	10.5	12.8	11.5	10.3	12.8	12.2	10.9
Males	11.4	12.7	11.3	9.9	12.7	10.9	9.7	12.7	12.0	10.4
Females	12.1	13.7	13.2	10.9	12.9	12.1	10.9	13.0	12.4	11.5
Elderly persons	2.8	3.8	5.0	3.4	4.2	3.1	3.1	4.6	4.5	2.7
Elderly males	2.4	3.7	3.7	2.6	3.4	2.9	3.0	5.3	5.1	3.0
Elderly females	3.3	3.9	6.4	4.3	5.0	3.3	3.2	3.8	3.8	2.4
Persons under 18 years of age	17.3	18.4	16.4	13.5	17.4	14.1	14.0	18.3	18.7	18.1
In two-parent families	13.1	12.3	10.8	7.4	11.9	10.1	8.5	10.0	11.0	11.1
In female lone-parent families	45.1	55.2	51.6	46.2	41.7	33.5	43.1	55.3	56.0	55.3
In all other economic families 1	11.9	25.1	20.9	9.3	32.7	27.2	19.5	18.9	30.5	22.5
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	10.7	12.4	11.6	10.3	12.2	11.8	10.0	12.0	11.1	9.7
Males	10.2	10.9	9.9	8.8	11.7	10.6	8.8	10.9	9.9	8.6
Females	11.3	13.8	13.2	11.7	12.7	12.8	11.2	12.9	12.1	10.7
Unattached individuals	31.9	36.8	39.8	36.5	35.5	34.4	34.4	32.9	31.7	31.4
Males	31.6	34.0	37.2	31.7	33.0	31.0	32.3	31.2	29.3	29.2
Females	32.2	39.9	42.9	42.0	38.4	38.3	36.7	34.9	34.2	34.1
Elderly persons	20.4	24.2	18.8	18.9	22.9	23.5	22.2	25.6	24.3	21.0
Elderly males	15.2	25.6	15.2	15.7	23.7	27.9	27.8	25.6	25.0	20.9
Elderly females	22.5	23.8	20.1	20.1	22.6	21.4	19.5	25.6	24.0	21.0
Persons under 65 years of age	35.8	40.5	46.0	42.0	39.9	38.1	38.5	35.7	34.1	34.7
Males, under 65 years	34.3	35.1	40.1	33.9	34.7	31.6	33.1	32.2	30.0	30.4
Females, under 65 years	38.0	49.0	55.4	54.6	48.3	47.9	46.7	41.3	40.2	41.6

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 11-11 - continued

Persons in low income after tax (92 LICOs base), showing prevalence and estimated number — British Columbia

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				Est	imated nur	nber ('000)				
All persons	553	641	637	563	640	595	562	642	620	582
Under 18 years	151	163	145	119	153	123	121	155	157	151
18 to 64 years	363	433	450	406	437	424	395	426	408	388
65 years and over	38	45	42	39	50	48	46	61	55	43
Males	270	305	299	261	315	281	268	315	300	277
Under 18 years	77	89	78	70	85	67	65	88	89	78
18 to 64 years	183	201	209	181	213	195	183	204	190	183
65 years and over	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	22	F
Females	283	335	339	302	325	314	294	327	320	304
Under 18 years	74	74	67	49	68	56	55	68	69	72
18 to 64 years	181	232	241	225	224	230	212	222	218	205
65 years and over	28	30	30	28	32	28	27	38	34	27
Economic family persons	372	426	400	343	423	382	346	433	417	376
Males	178	200	180	160	207	179	160	210	201	174
Females	194	225	220	183	216	203	186	222	216	202
Elderly persons	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons under 18 years of age	151	163	145	119	153	123	121	155	157	151
In two-parent families	94	91	80	52	83	72	59	67	73	75
In female lone-parent families	52	64	58	63	54	41	53	82	69	68
In all other economic families 1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Persons 18 to 64 years of age	212	250	238	213	256	248	215	262	243	215
Males	97	105	96	86	116	107	89	113	102	89
Females	115	145	142	127	140	141	126	149	140	125
Unattached individuals	181	215	238	220	217	213	216	209	204	206
Males	92	105	119	101	109	102	108	105	99	103
Females	89	110	119	119	108	111	108	104	105	102
Elderly persons	30	33	25	27	36	37	35	45	38	33
Elderly males	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	23	24	20	21	24	22	21	32	27	23
Persons under 65 years of age	151	182	212	193	181	176	180	164	165	173
Males, under 65 years	85	96	113	95	97	88	94	91	88	94
Females, under 65 years	66	87	99	98	84	88	87	73	78	79

^{1.} Includes persons under 18 years of age in elderly families.

Table 12 Persistence of low income, after-tax income, (1992 LICO base) by selected characteristics

	0 years in low income	1 year in low income	2 years in low income	3 years in low income	4 years in low income	5 years in low income	6 years in low income
All age groups	80.0	7.7	4.3	2.6	1.8	1.5	2.2
Under 18 years	76.1	9.0	5.2	3.3	2.4	1.9 €	2.1 ⊑
18 to 24 years	70.8	13.0	7.2	4.1	2.8 €	0.9 €	1.3 ⊑
25 to 54 years	82.6	6.6	3.5	2.2	1.4	1.4	2.3
55 to 64 years	77.4	7.7	4.5	3.1 €	2.7 €	1.6 €	3.1
65 years and over	88.0	4.4	2.8 €	1.3 ⊑	0.9 €	0.8 €	1.8 ⊑
Both sexes	80.0	7.7	4.3	2.6	1.8	1.5	2.2
Males	81.9	7.3	3.7	2.5	1.7	1.1 E	1.8
Females	78.1	8.0	4.8	2.8	2.0	1.8	2.5
All education levels	80.0	7.7	4.3	2.6	1.8	1.5	2.2
Less than high school	76.3	7.9	5.1	3.4	2.3	1.9	3.1
Graduated high school	79.8	7.6	3.9	2.4 €	1.7 ⊑	2.0 €	2.5
Some postsecondary without degree,							
certificate or diploma	77.7	8.8	4.6	3.0 €	2.6 €	1.2 E	2.0 €
Non-university with certificate or diploma	83.3	8.0	3.5	1.9	1.2 E	0.8 €	1.2 E
University degree	88.9	5.3	2.5 €	1.2 E	1.0 ⊑	0.6 €	0.6 €
Education level unknown	82.8	6.1 E	5.7 ^E	1.5 ^E	1.4 E	1.5 ⋿	1.0 E

Table 13-1 Low income after tax (92 LICOs base), by selected family types, Canada — Prevalence

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Prevalence of low income					perce	nt				
Economic families, two persons or more	11.0	12.1	11.5	10.1	9.5	9.0	7.9	8.6	8.5	7.8
Elderly families Married couples Other families	2.4 1.5 4.5	3.3 2.0 7.5	3.9 2.0 10.0	3.9 1.7 11.4	2.9 1.2 9.0	3.1 1.2 10.1	2.5 1.6 5.9	2.9 1.9 6.9	2.7 1.7 6.4	2.1 E 1.3 E 5.3 E
Non-elderly families	12.6	13.5	12.7	11.1	10.6	10.0	8.8	9.5	9.5	8.8
Married couples	8.1	8.4	7.6	6.7	8.0	6.9	6.4	7.1	6.6	6.2
Married couples, no earners	33.3	30.8	27.4	29.6	36.3	33.6	30.8	30.2	29.3	36.5
Married couples, one earner	11.7	11.1	11.3	7.7	9.4	10.2	9.2	10.2	10.0	8.9
Married couples, two earners	2.8	3.4	3.3	2.7	2.7	2.2	2.2	3.0	2.9	2.2
Two-parent families with										
children Two-parent families with	10.7	10.8	10.3	8.5	8.1	8.3	6.9	6.5	6.7	6.7
children, no earners	82.6	80.3	69.0	77.7	77.6	83.3	73.9	72.6	81.2	77.9
One earner	21.4	21.9	23.7	19.7	20.4	22.2	20.3	16.0	16.7	18.4
Two earners	5.7	5.0	5.7	4.2	4.0	4.1	3.1	3.8	3.6	3.7
Three or more earners	3.2	2.9	1.9	1.5	2.1	1.4	0.9	1.5	2.7	2.5 €
Married couples with other										
relatives	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.1	3.1	4.3	4.8	5.0	5.1	3.5 ⊑
Lone-parent families	45.0	48.9	45.4	39.0	36.1	32.3	30.1	34.2	34.0	31.7
Male	22.9	24.8	21.4	16.8	18.1	12.3	12.3	12.2	12.8	14.2 E
Female	48.5	52.7	49.3	42.9	39.4	36.3	33.8	39.4	38.8	35.6
Female lone-parent families,	40.0	32.7	73.5	72.5	33.4	30.3	33.0	33.4	30.0	33.0
no earners Female lone-parent families,	81.3	88.3	87.5	84.5	86.8	88.3	88.0	84.4	86.1	78.3
one earner Female lone-parent families,	34.9	34.1	33.8	32.1	27.1	26.9	24.1	31.6	31.8	30.3
two or more earners	13.1	13.3	9.7	6.9	8.9	9.5	6.2	13.7	15.2	15.8 E
Other non-elderly families	13.6	14.7	14.5	14.2	12.0	10.8	8.7	10.8	11.9	10.2
Unattached individuals	35.0	37.3	37.9	35.1	34.0	32.9	30.8	29.5	29.6	29.6
Elderly males	12.1	19.8	17.2	17.5	17.2	17.6	16.8	15.9	14.7	11.6
Non-earner	13.2	21.5	19.4	19.3	19.0	19.7	19.3	16.6	16.2	12.6
Earner	13.2 F	5.9	3.9	6.0	5.2	6.3	2.0	13.1	9.6	7.4 E
	26.7	27.3		22.0			2.0 18.6	20.7		7.4 - 17.0
Elderly females			23.7		22.3	21.6			18.9	
Non-earner	27.4	27.8	24.8	23.0	23.3	22.7	19.6	21.1	20.1	18.2
Earner	9.0	13.4	9.0	7.3	7.0	6.7	5.0	15.6	8.9	6.0 €
Non-elderly males	37.5	38.4	39.8	36.5	35.4	32.1	30.3	29.0	30.7	31.5
Non-earner	77.6	81.9	84.8	85.4	84.8	86.4	82.6	80.1	78.1	80.2
Earner	27.4	27.2	26.8	23.6	25.2	21.9	20.3	18.5	20.7	22.5
Non-elderly females	42.5	46.9	49.5	45.8	43.4	44.3	42.1	39.0	38.0	38.4
Non-earner	74.4	82.1	81.7	81.5	80.7	81.7	78.5	79.4	74.8	74.9
Earner	31.2	33.0	36.4	31.4	29.9	31.7	30.0	26.6	27.3	28.2

Table 13-2 Low income after tax (92 LICOs base), by selected family types, Canada — Estimated number

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Number of families					in thous	ands				
Economic families, two persons or more	880	980	938	831	787	753	671	736	736	684
Elderly families	30	36	45	44	34	37	30	35	34	27 ⊑
Married couples	13	17	17	15	F	11	15	18	17	13 E
Other families	17	19	27	29	23	26	14	18	17	14 E
Non-elderly families	851	944	893	786	753	717	642	701	703	657
Married couples	136	147	132	119	145	129	124	144	135	129
No earners	59	59	48	53	72	57	53	54	46	55 E
One earner	47	50	46	35	41	45	42	48	48	42 E
Two earners	31	38	38	31	32	27	29	42	40	32
Two-parent families with children	336	337	320	259	249	255	210	199	203	200
No earners	77	89	63	69	53	55	48	39	42	33 E
One earner	138	140	137	103	108	115	97	80	76	81
Two earners	102	94	110	79	76	77	59	71	68	70
Three or more earners	19	14	F	F	F	F	F	F	17	16 E
Married couples with other relatives	36	31	31	33	25	36	40	42	45	32 ⊑
Lone-parent families	282	326	304	271	246	219	200	231	225	213
Male	19	22	20	18	19	14	14	16	16	17 E
Female	263	303	285	253	227	205	186	216	209	196
No earners	155	195	171	132	126	100	98	98	84	70
One earner	98	100	108	11 <u>6</u>	93	95	82	103	11 <u>1</u>	110
Two or more earners	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	15	F	F
Other non-elderly families	61	104	106	104	87	77	68	85	94	82
Unattached individuals	1,297	1,410	1,462	1,380	1,361	1,345	1,289	1,263	1,293	1,320
Elderly males	32	52	47	48	47	51	50	50	46	36
Non-earner	31	50	45	46	45	48	49	42	40	31 E
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Elderly females	208	213	184	171	177	172	147	172	155	137
Non-earner	205	209	179	168	173	168	144	163	147	132
Earner	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F
Non-elderly males	570	624	657	611	610	554	543	527	575	617
Non-earner	237	273	314	299	250	235	238	249	255	245
Earner	333	351	343	313	360	319	305	278	320	372
Non-elderly females	488	522	575	549	528	568	549	513	517	530
Non-earner	223	258	275	281	261	264	256	245	229	226
Earner	265	264	300	268	267	304	293	268	288	303

Table 13-3

Low income after tax (92 LICOs base), by selected family types, Canada — Average income gap

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Average income gap					dollar	s				
Economic families, two persons or more	7,300	7,400	7,400	7,700	7,500	7,400	7,400	7,400	7,100	7,200
Elderly families Married couples Other families	3,100 3,600 2,700	6,100 6,400 5,700	5,500 6,500 4,800	5,500 7,100 4,700	3,900 F 4,300	5,500 6,600 5,000	4,800 5,500 4,000	5,200 5,400 5,000	5,100 6,500 3,600	4,200 E 5,200 E 3,200 E
Non-elderly families	7,400	7,400	7,500	7,900	7,700	7,500	7,500	7,500	7,200	7,400
Married couples Married couples, no earners Married couples, one earner Married couples, two earners	6,000 6,000 6,000 5,800	6,500 6,900 6,900 5,200	6,300 8,000 6,000 4,500	7,200 8,300 5,900 6,600	7,800 8,400 8,100 6,100	7,500 8,400 6,800 6,400	6,500 7,700 6,200 4,800	6,800 8,300 6,500 5,100	7,000 6,400 7,300 7,300	6,300 6,600 5,800 6,400
Two-parent families with children Two-parent families with children,	8,700	8,800	8,400	8,400	8,300	8,400	8,900	8,700	8,200	8,500
no earners One earner Two earners Three or more earners	11,900 8,100 7,100 8,700	11,100 8,500 6,400 12,700	10,900 8,900 6,600 F	11,900 8,000 5,500 F	11,100 7,500 7,600 F	10,600 8,400 6,800 F	11,200 8,500 7,400 F	11,100 9,400 6,300 F	10,400 7,800 6,800 9,700	10,300 9,000 7,300 7,200
Married couples with other relatives	7,600	6,800	7,700	11,300	9,300	8,800	9,900	10,200	7,400	11,000 ⊑
Lone-parent families Male Female Female lone-parent families, no	6,800 5,400 6,900	6,400 6,900 6,300	6,900 7,200 6,900	7,100 7,600 7,100	6,600 9,700 6,300	6,200 6,100 6,200	6,200 6,600 6,200	6,400 6,900 6,400	6,500 7,500 6,400	6,300 7,400 E 6,300
earners Female lone-parent families, one	7,600	7,000	7,500	8,400	6,900	7,100	6,700	7,600	7,400	7,300
earner Female lone-parent families, two	6,000 F	5,200	5,900	5,700 F	5,600 F	5,300	5,600 F	5,400	5,900	5,700
or more earners	•	F	F	•	•	F	•	5,100	F	F
Other non-elderly families Unattached individuals	6,700 5,600	8,100 6,000	7,600 6,100	8,200 6,100	8,100 6,300	8,100 6,200	7,100 6,100	7,600 5,900	7,100 6,100	7,500 6,100
Elderly males Non-earner Earner	2,900 2,900 F	2,700 2,700 F	2,900 2,800 F	3,500 3,200 F	2,700 2,500 F	3,300 3,100 F	3,600 3,600	2,300 2,500 F	2,700 2,800 F	3,400 E 3,000 E
Edirer Elderly females Non-earner Earner	2,100 2,100 F	2,300 2,300 F	2,200 2,200 F	2,200 2,200 F	2,400 2,400 F	2,400 2,400 F	2,500 2,400 F	2,200 2,100 F	2,300 2,200 F	2,100 2,000 F
Non-elderly males Non-earner Earner Non-elderly females Non-earner Earner	6,500 7,200 6,000 6,200 6,300 6,000	6,500 7,500 5,800 7,200 7,800 6,700	6,900 7,700 6,200 6,700 7,200 6,200	6,800 7,500 6,000 6,800 7,400 6,200	7,000 8,100 6,200 7,200 7,900 6,500	6,700 7,400 6,200 7,000 8,000 6,100	6,700 6,900 6,500 6,600 7,300 6,100	6,600 7,800 5,500 6,800 7,400 6,200	6,800 7,500 6,200 6,700 7,200 6,400	6,500 7,200 6,100 6,700 7,200 6,400

Table 14-1 Low income after tax cut-offs (92 LICOs base) — 2000 to 2004

Size of family unit	Rural areas		Urbar	n areas	
		Urban areas, under 30,000	Urban areas, 30,000 to 99,999	Urban areas, 100,000 to 499,999	Urban areas, 500,000 and over
2004					
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	11,025 13,418 16,709 20,844 23,736 26,324 28,912	12,617 15,357 19,121 23,856 27,165 30,127 33,089	14,075 17,131 21,332 26,613 30,305 33,610 36,913	14,253 17,347 21,601 26,948 30,686 34,032 37,378	16,853 20,512 25,542 31,865 36,285 40,241 44,197
·	20,912	33,069	30,913	37,370	44,197
2003 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	10,821 13,170 16,400 20,460 23,298 25,838 28,378	12,384 15,073 18,768 23,416 26,664 29,571 32,478	13,815 16,815 20,938 26,122 29,746 32,989 36,231	13,990 17,027 21,202 26,451 30,120 33,404 36,688	16,542 20,133 25,070 31,277 35,615 39,498 43,381
2002					
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	10,529 12,815 15,958 19,908 22,670 25,141 27,613	12,050 14,667 18,262 22,784 25,944 28,773 31,602	13,442 16,361 20,373 25,417 28,943 32,099 35,254	13,612 16,567 20,630 25,737 29,307 32,502 35,698	16,096 19,590 24,394 30,433 34,654 38,432 42,210
2001					
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	10,299 12,535 15,609 19,473 22,174 24,592 27,009	11,787 14,346 17,863 22,286 25,378 28,144 30,911	13,149 16,004 19,928 24,862 28,311 31,398 34,484	13,315 16,205 20,179 25,175 28,667 31,792 34,918	15,744 19,162 23,861 29,768 33,897 37,593 41,288
2000					
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	10,042 12,223 15,220 18,987 21,622 23,979 26,337	11,493 13,989 17,418 21,731 24,745 27,443 30,141	12,821 15,605 19,431 24,242 27,605 30,615 33,624	12,983 15,801 19,676 24,548 27,953 31,000 34,048	15,352 18,684 23,266 29,026 33,052 36,656 40,260

Table 14-2

Low income after tax cut-offs (92 LICOs base) — 1995 to 1999

Size of family unit	Rural areas		Urbar	n areas	
_		Urban areas, under 30,000	Urban areas, 30,000 to 99,999	Urban areas, 100,000 to 499,999	Urban areas, 500,000 and over
1999					
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	9,777 11,900 14,818 18,486	11,189 13,619 16,957 21,156	12,482 15,193 18,918 23,602	12,640 15,384 19,156 23,899	14,946 18,191 22,651 28,259
5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	21,050 23,345 25,640	24,091 26,718 29,344	26,876 29,806 32,736	27,214 30,181 33,148	32,179 35,687 39,195
1998					
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	9,609 11,695 14,563 18,168 20,688 22,944 25,200	10,997 13,385 16,666 20,793 23,677 26,258 28,840	12,267 14,931 18,592 23,196 26,414 29,294 32,173	12,423 15,119 18,827 23,488 26,746 29,662 32,578	14,689 17,878 22,262 27,773 31,625 35,073 38,522
997					
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	9,520 11,587 14,429 18,000 20,498 22,733 24,968	10,896 13,262 16,512 20,601 23,459 26,017 28,574	12,154 14,794 18,421 22,982 26,170 29,024 31,877	12,308 14,980 18,654 23,272 26,500 29,389 32,278	14,554 17,713 22,057 27,518 31,334 34,750 38,167
1996	0.070	40 =00	44.000	40.444	44.004
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	9,370 11,404 14,201 17,716 20,174 22,373 24,573	10,723 13,052 16,251 20,276 23,088 25,606 28,123	11,962 14,560 18,130 22,619 25,757 28,565 31,373	12,114 14,743 18,359 22,904 26,081 28,924 31,768	14,324 17,433 21,708 27,083 30,839 34,201 37,564
1995					
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons or more	9,220 11,221 13,973 17,432 19,850 22,014 24,179	10,551 12,843 15,991 19,950 22,718 25,195 27,671	11,770 14,326 17,839 22,256 25,344 28,107 30,869	11,919 14,507 18,064 22,536 25,662 28,460 31,258	14,094 17,153 21,360 26,648 30,344 33,652 36,961

Table 15-1 Selected family types, Canada — Number of families

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				es	timates in	thousands				
Economic families, two persons or more	8,005	8,078	8,145	8,206	8,283	8,373	8,466	8,584	8,667	8,768
Elderly families	1,241	1,101	1,136	1,150	1,177	1,181	1,185	1,200	1,247	1,300
Married couples	871	852	866	[*] 891	922	926	941	946	986	1,033
Other families	370	249	270	259	255	256	244	253	262	267
Non-elderly families	6,765	6,977	7,009	7,056	7,106	7,191	7,281	7,384	7,420	7,468
Married couples	1,682	1,746	1,738	1,767	1,809	1,871	1,942	2,024	2,042	2,086
No earners	178	193	176	179	198	169	173	178	159	151
One earner	400	447	406	460	437	446	456	474	484	473
Two earners	1,104	1,106	1,155	1,128	1,174	1,256	1,313	1,372	1,399	1,462
Two-parent families with children	3,148	3,127	3,108	3,045	3,080	3,089	3,059	3,054	3,030	2,995
No earners	93	111	92	89	68	66	66	54	51	43
One earner	645	640	579	525	530	516	478	498	456	440
Two earners	1,801	1,887	1,928	1,889	1,885	1,898	1,909	1,867	1,901	1,879
Three or more earners	610	489	509	542	597	610	607	635	622	633
Married couples with other relatives	861	729	763	815	813	837	842	844	890	907
Lone-parent families	627	665	670	694	683	679	666	676	661	673
Male	85	89	92	105	106	114	115	128	122	123
Female	542	576	578	589	577	564	551	548	540	550
No earners	191	221	195	157	145	114	111	117	98	90
One earner	281	294	318	360	345	355	342	324	349	361
Two or more earners	69	61	65	73	87	96	98	107	93	98
Other non-elderly families	447	709	731	734	721	716	773	786	796	807
Unattached individuals	3,705	3,779	3,856	3,927	4,004	4,093	4,185	4,275	4,366	4,461
Elderly males	261	261	271	275	272	290	300	315	315	314
Non-earner	236	232	233	237	236	245	257	256	245	249
Earner	25	29	38	39	35	44	43	59	70	65
Elderly females	777	781	775	779	794	793	791	830	818	809
Non-earner	748	751	724	728	745	742	735	769	732	725
Earner	28	31	51	51	48	51	55	62	86	84
Non-elderly males	1,519	1,623	1,649	1,674	1,724	1,728	1,792	1,816	1,871	1,959
Non-earner	305	333	370	350	295	272	288	311	326	305
Earner	1,214	1,290	1,279	1,325	1,429	1,456	1,505	1,505	1,545	1,654
Non-elderly females	1,148	1,114	1,161	1,199	1,215	1,282	1,302	1,314	1,362	1,379
Non-elderly females, non-earner	299	314	337	345	323	323	326	309	307	302
Earner	849	800	824	854	892	959	976	1.006	1,055	1,077

Table 15-2
Selected family types, Canada — Number of persons

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
		estimates in thousands									
Economic families, two persons or more	24,958	25,188	25,371	25,516	25,689	25,896	26,136	26,336	26,528	26,714	
Elderly families	2,822	2,426	2,520	2,540	2,593	2,585	2,568	2,611	2,688	2,803	
Married couples	1,742	1,705	1,732	1,782	1,844	1,852	1,882	1,893	1,972	2,066	
Other families	1,081	722	788	759	748	734	686	719	716	737	
Non-elderly families	22,135	22,762	22,851	22,975	23,096	23,310	23,568	23,724	23,840	23,911	
Married couples	3,363	3,493	3,475	3,534	3,619	3,742	3,883	4,049	4,083	4,172	
No earners	356	385	352	358	396	337	346	357	317	302	
One earner	800	895	812	920	874	893	911	948	969	946	
Two earners	2,208	2,213	2,311	2,257	2,348	2,512	2,626	2,744	2,797	2,924	
Two-parent families with children	12.916	12.822	12,782	12.537	12,718	12.750	12,668	12.604	12,536	12.390	
No earners	390	480	393	393	298	265	279	227	220	179 E	
One earner	2,650	2,629	2,398	2,201	2,202	2,141	1,983	2,057	1,893	1,832	
Two earners	7,077	7,405	7,591	7,420	7,415	7,480	7,539	7,337	7,477	7,387	
Three or more earners	2,799	2,308	2,400	2,523	2,803	2,865	2,867	2,983	2,947	2,992	
Married couples with other relatives	2,970	2,529	2,661	2,848	2,824	2,895	2,930	2,904	3,112	3,143	
Lone-parent families	1,743	1,893	1,864	1,977	1,928	1,936	1,907	1,965	1,922	1,948	
Male .	218	259	260	294	295	306	325	362	348	353	
Female	1,525	1,633	1,604	1,682	1,633	1,629	1,582	1,603	1,574	1,595	
No earners	557	625	545	442	404	324	316	337	276	253	
One earner	740	800	838	987	925	956	920	889	962	993	
Two or more earners	228	208	221	253	303	349	346	377	336	349	
Other non-elderly families	1,144	2,024	2,069	2,079	2,008	1,987	2,180	2,202	2,187	2,257	
Unattached individuals	3,705	3,779	3,856	3,927	4,004	4,093	4,185	4,275	4,366	4,461	
Elderly males	261	261	271	275	272	290	300	315	315	314	
Non-earner	236	232	233	237	236	245	257	256	245	249	
Earner	25	29	38	39	35	44	43	59	70	65	
Elderly females	777	781	775	779	794	793	791	830	818	809	
Non-earner	748	751	724	728	745	742	735	769	732	725	
Earner	28	31	51	51	48	51	55	62	86	84	
Non-elderly males	1,519	1,623	1,649	1,674	1,724	1,728	1,792	1,816	1,871	1,959	
Non-earner	305	333	370	350	295	272	288	311	326	305	
Earner	1,214	1,290	1,279	1,325	1,429	1,456	1,505	1,505	1,545	1,654	
Non-elderly females	1,148	1,114	1,161	1,199	1,215	1,282	1,302	1,314	1,362	1,379	
Non-elderly females, non-earner	299	314	337	345	323	323	326	309	307	302	
Earner	849	800	824	854	892	959	976	1.006	1,055	1,077	

Notes and definitions

Income

This section reviews the definitions of the main income concepts and their components. In order to highlight the relationships between them, this section is organized according to the "Classification of income" (see text box — Classification of income by source).

Classification of income by source

Market income

Earnings

Wages.salaries and commission

Self-employment income

Farm

Non-farm

Investment income

Retirement pensions

Other income

(plus) Government transfers

Child tax benefits

Old Age Security and Guaranteed Income Supplement/Spouse's Allowance

Canada Pension Plan/Quebec Pension Plan benefits

Employment Insurance benefits

Social assistance

Workers' compensation

GST/HST Credit

Provincial/territorial tax credits

Other government transfers

(equals) Total Income

(minus) Income tax

(equals) After-tax Income

The concept of income

There are several important inclusions and exclusions in the concept of income:

- The concept of income covers income received while a resident of Canada or as relevant for income tax purposes in Canada. This excludes some, but not all, foreign income.
- · Retirement income received as a regular pension or annuity during retirement is included, while cash withdrawals from private pension plans, including Registered Retirement Savings Plans (RRSPs), prior to retirement, are excluded.
- · Realized capital gains from financial investments are excluded.
- In the Canadian System of National Accounts (CSNA) and the present income classification, taxes on capital gains are included in income taxes, as are taxes on RRSP withdrawals. Both capital gains (the taxable portion thereof) and RRSP withdrawals figure in the calculation of taxes, but are not part of total income in the CSNA or in SLID's Classification of income.

- SLID's classification of income includes all refundable tax credits and benefits, including those that are not
 considered for income tax purposes, such as child tax benefits, the Goods and Services Tax Credit/Harmonized
 Sales Tax Credit, and other provincial or territorial tax credits. There are other smaller differences between SLID's
 total income and total income defined for tax purposes (see Other income and Other government transfers).
- Contributions to Employment Insurance and the Canada and Quebec Pension Plans, both federal programs, are
 not included in income taxes, nor are they deducted from income to arrive at after-tax income. However, the
 CSNA recently revised its definition of taxes on production to include these payroll taxes, in accordance with
 international recommendations on national accounting.

Market income

Market income is the sum of earnings (from employment and net self-employment), net investment income, (private) retirement income, and the items under "Other income". It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also called income before taxes and transfers.

Earnings

This includes earnings from both paid employment (wages and salaries) and self-employment.

Wages, salaries and commissions

These are gross earnings from all jobs held as an employee, before payroll deductions such as income taxes, employment insurance contributions or pension plan contributions, etc. Wages and salaries include the earnings of owners of incorporated businesses, although some amounts may instead be reported as investment income. Commission income received by salespersons as well as occasional earnings for baby-sitting, for delivering papers, for cleaning, etc. are included. Overtime pay is included.

Military personnel living in barracks are not part of the target population in SLID.

Self-employment income

This is net self-employment income after deduction of expenses. Negative amounts (losses) are accepted. It includes income received from self-employment, in partnership in an unincorporated business, or in independent professional practice. Income from roomers and boarders (excluding that received from relatives) is included. Note that because of the various inclusions, receipt of self-employment income does not necessarily mean the person held a job.

Self-employment income is subdivided into farm self-employment income and non-farm self-employment income. Farm self-employment income is reported by individuals who operate their own or a rented farm, either on own account or in partnership. Included are money receipts from the sale of farm products as well as related supplementary and assistance payments from governments. Income in kind is excluded.

Investment income

This includes interest received on bonds, deposits and savings certificates from Canadian or foreign sources, dividends received from Canadian and foreign corporate stocks, cash dividends received from insurance policies, net rental income from real estate and farms, interest received on loans and mortgages, regular income from an estate or trust fund and other investment income. Realized capital gains from the sale of assets are excluded. Negative amounts are accepted.

Retirement pensions

This is retirement pensions from all private sources, primarily employer pension plans. Amounts may be received in various forms such as annuities, superannuation or RRIFs (Registered Retirement Income Funds). Withdrawals from RRSPs (Registered Retirement Savings Plans) are not included in retirement pensions. However, they are taken into account as necessary for the estimation of certain government transfers and taxes. For data obtained from administrative records, income withdrawn from RRSPs before the age of 65 is treated as RRSP withdrawals, and income withdrawn from RRSPs at ages 65 or older is treated as retirement pensions. Retirement pensions may also be called pension income.

Other income

This sub-total includes all items of market income not included elsewhere. Among them are support payments received (also called alimony and child support). The coverage of other items depends at least to some extent on the method of income data collection, whether from administrative income tax records or by interview. Those items which are included on line 130 of the T1 tax return are well covered. These include, but are not restricted to, retirement allowances (severance pay/termination benefits), scholarships, lump-sum payments from pensions and deferred profit-sharing plans received when leaving a plan, the taxable amount of death benefits other than those from CPP or QPP, and supplementary unemployment benefits not included in wages and salaries.

Government transfers

Government transfers include all direct payments from federal, provincial and municipal governments to individuals or families. See the table Classification of income for a list of the government transfers identified separately in the latest reference year. It should be noted that many features of the tax system also carry out social policy functions but are not government transfers per se. The tax system uses deductions and non-refundable tax credits, for example, to reduce the amount of tax payable, without providing a direct income.

Child tax benefits

Federal child tax benefits began in 1993 and replaced both the federal Family Allowances and the Child Tax Credit. Several provincial and territorial programs have since been introduced, in addition to Quebec family allowances which already existed before 1993. To be eligible, a person must have the primary responsibility for the care and upbringing of one or more children under the age of 18. Most benefits are calculated by setting a maximum amount per family or per child and reducing that total by a certain percentage of the family's net income.

The programs which were explicitly accounted for in the data were the federal basic benefit and National Child Benefit Supplement (together called the Canada Child Tax Benefit, began in 1998), the Newfoundland and Labrador Child Benefit (began in 1999), the Nova Scotia Child Benefit (began in 1998), the New Brunswick Child Tax Benefit (began in 1997), the New Brunswick Working Income Supplement (began in 1997), the Quebec Allocation familiale (began in 1981), the Quebec Allocation à la naissance (began in 1998), the Ontario Child Care Supplement for Working Families (began in 1998), the Saskatchewan Child Benefit (began in 1998), the Alberta Family Employment Tax Credit (began in 1997), the BC Family Bonus (began in 1996), and the BC Earned Income Benefit (began in 1998).

Old Age Security (OAS)

The Old Age Security (OAS) pension is targeted to Canadian residents aged 65 and over. OAS recipients who have little or no other income may also receive the federal Guaranteed Income Supplement (GIS) and their spouses, if aged 60 to 64 (and not yet eligible for OAS and GIS themselves), receive the Spouse's Allowance.

Canada Pension Plan (CPP) and Quebec Pension Plan (QPP)

The CPP and QPP are compulsory contributory social insurance programs that provide a source of retirement income and protect workers and their families against loss of income due to disability or death.

Employment Insurance

Employment Insurance is a federal program which includes the following types of benefits: regular unemployment benefits, sickness benefits, maternity and parental benefits, and benefits for persons taking approved training courses or participating in job creation or job-sharing projects. To qualify, the claimant must have ceased receiving employment income and have worked a minimum number of weeks or hours of insurable employment over the preceding period.

Social assistance

Social assistance covers many provincial and municipal income supplements to individuals and families. It is usually provided only after all other possible sources of support have been exhausted.

Workers' compensation

Workers' compensation is provided to protect all full-time and part-time employees from loss of salary due to work accidents or occupational diseases and help them to pay their medical expenses and other costs.

Goods and Services Tax/Harmonized Sales Tax credit

Introduced in conjunction with the Goods and Services Tax in 1990, it is intended to offset the GST/HST for lower income families and individuals. In Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Newfoundland and Labrador it is called the Harmonized Sales Tax Credit because the administration of the tax is combined with the provincial sales tax. Included is the federal Relief Heating Expenses paid in 2001.

Provincial/territorial tax credits

Included here are refundable tax credits other than those for children (included with child tax benefits). Some are designed to help low income individuals and families to pay property taxes, education taxes, rent and living expenses, and so on. Provincial sales tax credits such as the Quebec Sales Tax Credit and the Newfoundland and Labrador HST Credit are included. The Quebec abatement, although refundable, is not included here but rather with income taxes. These credits are given to the family member with the highest net income.

Other government transfers

This includes government transfers not included elsewhere, mainly any other non-taxable transfers. In SLID, these amounts are included with "Other income". This is partly because the coverage of any transfers not taxed through the income tax system is low. There may be under-reporting of these transfers, which are mainly collected using an open question in SLID interviews. Nonetheless, the types of transfers which have come under this heading include: training program payments not reported elsewhere, the Veteran's pension, pensions to the blind and the disabled, regular payments from provincial automobile insurance plans (excluding lump-sum payments), and benefits for fishing industry employees.

Total income

Total income refers to income from all sources including government transfers before deduction of federal and provincial income taxes. It may also be called income before tax (but after transfers). All sources of income are identified as belonging to either market income or government transfers.

Income tax

Income tax is the sum of federal and provincial income taxes payable (accrued) for the taxation year. Income taxes include taxes on income, capital gains and RRSP withdrawals, after taking into account exemptions, deductions, non-refundable tax credits, and the refundable Quebec abatement. The data are either taken directly from administrative records or estimated based on aggregate data from administrative records, as this yields better results than the amounts reported by interview.

After-tax income

After-tax income is total income, which includes government transfers, less income tax. It may also be called income after tax. Some of the government transfers listed above are not taxable and are allocated to only one family member, depending on age, income, or gender. These include social assistance, child tax benefits, and seniors benefit. When looking at person-level data, users should be aware that these transfers are not equally divided amongst family members.

Family

Dwelling

In general terms a dwelling is defined as a set of living quarters. A private dwelling is a separate set of living quarters with a private access. A collective dwelling may be institutional, communal or commercial in nature. Of the different types of collective dwellings, SLID covers only communal dwellings.

Household

A household is defined as a person or group of persons residing in a dwelling. SLID defines households and families according to the living arrangements on December 31 of the reference year. Residents of Canada are also defined at those points in time.

Adults

Adults are defined in SLID as individuals 16 or older as of December 31st of the reference year.

Family income

Family income is the sum of income of each adult in the family as defined above. Household income is likewise the sum of incomes of all adults in the household. Family and household membership is defined at a particular point in time, while income is based on the entire calendar year. The family members or "composition" may have changed during the reference year, but no adjustment is made to family income to reflect this change.

Economic family type

"Economic family type" refers to either economic families or unattached individuals. An economic family is defined as a group of two or more persons who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other by blood, marriage, common law or adoption. An unattached individual is a person living either alone or with others to whom he or she is unrelated, such as roommates or a lodger. See Family classification for more detailed groupings.

Census family type

"Census family type" refers to either census families or persons not in census families. The term "census family" corresponds to what is commonly referred to as a "nuclear family" or "immediate family". In general, it consists of a married couple or common-law couple with or without children, or a lone-parent with a child or children. Furthermore, each child does not have his or her own spouse or child living in the household. A "child" of a parent in a census family must be under the age of 25 and there must be a parent-child relationship (guardian relationships such as aunt or uncle are not sufficient).

Persons "not in census families" are those living alone, living with unrelated individuals, or living with relatives but not in a husband-wife or parent-unmarried child (including guardianship-child) relationship.

By definition, all persons who are members of a census family are also members of the same economic family.

See Family classification for more detailed groupings.

Major income earner

This characteristic is important for the derivation of detailed family types (see Family classification). For each household and family, the major income earner is the person with the highest income before tax, with one exception: a child living in the same census family as his/her parent(s) cannot be identified as the major income earner of the census family (this does not apply to economic families).

For persons with negative total income before tax, the absolute value of their income is used, to reflect the fact that negative incomes generally arise from losses "earned" in the market-place which are not meant to be sustained. In the rare situations where two persons have exactly the same income, the older person is the major income earner.

Family classification

SLID uses the major income earner to classify families.

Table B. Classification of family types

Economic families (or Census families), 2 persons or more

Elderly families

Married couples

Other elderly families

Non-elderly families

Married couples without children

No earner

One earner

Two earners

Two-parent families with children

No earner

One earner

Two earners

Three or more earners

Married couples with other relatives

Lone-parent families

Male Ione-parent families

Female lone-parent families

No earner

One earner

Two or more earners

Other non-elderly families

Unattached individuals (or Persons not in census families)

Elderly male

Non-earner

Earner

Elderly female

Non-earner

Earner

Non-elderly male

Non-earner

Earner

Non-elderly female

Non-earner

Earner

Elderly family

The major income earner is aged 65 or over.

Seniors are denoted as the 'elderly' in our tables.

Non-elderly family

The major income earner is under age 65.

Married couples/spouses

Married couples, including legally married, common-law and same-sex relationships, where one of the spouses is the major income earner.

Singles

Singles are denoted as 'unattached individuals'.

Children

A child or children (by birth, adopted, step, or foster) of the major income earner under age 18. Other relatives may also be in the family.

Lone-parent family

Includes at least one child as defined above. Families where the parent is 65 years or older are excluded.

Relative

A person related to the major income earner by blood, marriage, adoption or common-law.

Other relative

A person in the economic family who is not the major income earner nor his/her spouse or child under age 18.

Analytical concepts

Current dollars versus constant dollars

"Current dollars" are what we usually mean when we refer to a currency in the current time period. The term "constant dollars" refers to dollars of several years expressed in terms of their value ("purchasing power") in a single year, called the base year. This type of adjustment is done to eliminate the impact of widespread price changes.

Current dollars are converted to constant dollars using an index of price movements. The most widely used index for household or family incomes, provided that no specific uses of the income are identified, is the Consumer Price Index (CPI), which reflects average spending patterns by consumers in Canada.

The following table shows the annual rates of the Consumer Price Index. To convert current dollars of any year to constant dollars, divide them by the index of that year and multiply them by the index of the base year you choose (remember that the numerator contains the index value of the year you want to move to). For example, using this index, \$10,000 in 1997 would be \$10,548 in 2000 constant dollars (\$10,000 x 113.5/107.6 = \$10,548).

Text table 1

Consumer price index, annual rates, 1992=100

Year	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
Annual rates	65.3	69.1	72.1	75.0	78.1	81.5	84.8	89.0	93.3	98.5	100.0	101.8	102.0
			1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
			104.2	105.9	107.6	108.6	110.5	113.5	116.4	119.0	122.3	124.6	127.3

Earner/Income recipient

An earner is a person who received income from employment (wages and salaries) and/or self-employment during the reference year. The term income recipient is generally used for someone who received a positive (or negative) amount of income of any given type.

Mean income (average income)

The mean or average income is computed as the total or "aggregate" income divided by the number of units in the population. It offers a convenient way of tracking aggregate income while adjusting for changes in the size of the population.

There are two drawbacks to using average income for analysis. First, since everyone's income is counted, the mean is sensitive to extreme values: unusually high income values will have a large impact on the estimate of the mean income, while unusually low ones, i.e. highly negative values, will drive it down. (See also Recipients versus non-recipients and Negative values.) Secondly, it does not give any insight into the allocation of income across members of the population. To examine allocation of income, measures such as Percentiles or Gini coefficients may be used.

Recipients versus non-recipients (zero values)

For every table showing average incomes, it must be kept in mind whether non-recipients of that type of income are included or excluded from the population. In the case of total family income, the difference from including or excluding units with zero income is small since there are very few such families. However, if one is interested in the average amount of individual self-employment earnings, the value will be quite different if one includes those persons who were not self-employed.

Negative values

Negative income amounts can arise in two ways: net losses from self-employment (expenses exceed receipts), or net investment losses (losses exceed gains). As with zero values, negative values can have a large impact on results. In general, the published income tables treat negative values no differently than positive values, but there are a few exceptions: for the calculation of both Gini coefficients and the low income gap, negative values are converted to zeroes; and in the derivation of the major income earner of a family or household, the absolute value is used instead (see Major income earner).

Percentiles

Income percentiles, like quintiles and deciles, are a convenient way of categorizing units of a given population from lowest income to highest income for the purposes of drawing conclusions about the relative situation of people at either end or in the middle of the scale. Rather than using fixed income ranges, as in a typical distribution of income, it is the fraction of each population group that is fixed.

First, all the units of the population, whether individuals or families, are ranked from lowest to highest by the value of their income of a specified type, such as after-tax income. Then the ranked population is divided into five groups of equal numbers of units, called quintiles. Analogously, dividing the population ranked by income into ten groups, each comprising the same number of units, produces deciles.

Most analyses should be carried out on the people of different percentiles within one population distribution. Care should be taken in making comparisons between percentiles that resulted from different distributions, because any difference in either the population or the income concept used to rank units could have a large effect. It is probable that both the income ranges represented by each percentile and the people making up each percentile will be different.

Median income

The median income is the value for which half of the units in the population have lower incomes and half has higher incomes. To derive the median value of income, units are ranked from lowest to highest according to their income

and then separated into two equal-sized groups. The value that separates these groups is the median income (50th percentile).

Because the median corresponds exactly to the midpoint of the income distribution, it is not, contrary to the mean, affected by extreme income values. This is a useful feature of the median, as it allows one to abstract from unusually high values held by relatively few people.

Since income distributions are typically skewed to the left – that is, concentrated at the low end of the income scale – median income is usually lower than mean income.

Implicit rate of government transfers or taxes

The implicit rate of government transfers or taxes is a way of showing the relative importance of transfers received or taxes paid for different families or individuals. This concept is similar, but not identical, to the effective rate of taxation. For a given individual or family, the effective rate is the amount of transfers/taxes expressed as a percentage of their market income, total income, or after-tax income. The implicit rate for a given population is the average (or aggregate) amount of transfers/taxes expressed as a percentage of their average (or aggregate) income.

Family size adjustment (equivalence scale)

When comparing family incomes to study such things as income adequacy or socio-economic status, one often wants to take family size and composition into account—the income amount itself is not sufficient to understand a family's financial well-being without knowing how many people are sharing it. In general, two approaches have been used to help with the analysis of family income. One is to produce data by detailed family types, so that within a given family type, differences in family size are not significant. In fact, many income measures have been crossed by detailed family types in the published tables. The other way to take into account family size and composition is to adjust the income amount by an adjustment factor.

The simplest method is to use per capita income, that is, to divide the family income by the family size. A limitation of per capita income, however, is that it tends to underestimate economic well-being for larger families as compared to smaller families. This is due to the fact that it assumes equal living costs for each member of the family, but some costs, primarily those related to shelter, decrease proportionately with family size (they may also be lower for children than for adults). For example, the shelter costs for an adult married couple with no children are arguably not much more than those for an adult living alone.

To take such economies of scale into account, it is common to use an "equivalence scale" to adjust family incomes. Instead of implicitly assuming equal costs for additional family members as the per capita approach does, the equivalence scale is a set of decreasing factors assigned to the first member, the second member, and so on. The adjusted income amount for the family is obtained by dividing the family's income by the sum of the factors assigned to each member.

There is no single equivalence scale in use in Canada. The one used in the published income tables and in concepts such as the low income measure (LIM) has, however, achieved a high degree of acceptance. In this equivalence scale, the factors are as follows:

- the oldest person in the family receives a factor of 1.0;
- the second oldest person in the family receives a factor of 0.4;
- all other family members aged 16 and over each receive a factor of 0.4; and
- all other family members under age 16 receive a factor of 0.3.

Other equivalence scales in use include:

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) scale

- the oldest person in the family receives a factor of 1.0;
- all other family members aged 15 and over each receive a factor of 0.5;
- all other family members under age 15 receive a factor of 0.3.

Square root of family size (this is a close approximation to the LIM equivalence scale, particularly for families with 6 members or less).

Gini coefficient

The Gini coefficient measures the degree of inequality in the income distribution. Gini coefficients are published for market income, total income and after-tax income, and are used to compare the uniformity of income allocation between different income concepts, across different populations or within the same population over time.

Values of the Gini coefficient can range from 0 to 1. A value of zero indicates income is equally divided among the population with all units receiving exactly the same amount of income. At the opposite extreme, a Gini coefficient of 1 denotes a perfectly unequal distribution where one unit possesses all of the income in the economy. A decrease in the value of the Gini coefficient can, by and large, be interpreted as reflecting a decrease in inequality, and vice versa. As a rough rule of thumb when using data from SLID at the Canada level: an absolute difference of 0.01 or less between two Gini coefficients is considered statistically significant.

Low income definitions

Low Income Cut-offs (LICOs)?

Low income cut-offs (LICOs) are established using data from the Family Expenditure Survey, now known as the Survey of Household Spending. They convey the income level at which a family may be in straitened circumstances because it has to spend a greater proportion of its income on necessities than the average family of similar size. Specifically, the threshold is defined as the income below which a family is likely to spend 20 percentage points more of its income on food, shelter and clothing than the average family. There are separate cut-offs for seven sizes of family – from unattached individuals to families of seven or more persons – and for five community sizes – from rural areas to urban areas with a population of more than 500,000.

The first step in the production of a set of low income cut-offs is to calculate the average proportion of income that a family spends on food, shelter and clothing. The 1992 Family Expenditure Survey found that, on average, families spend 44% of their after-tax income (and 35% of their total "before-tax" income) on these necessities. Then, 20 percentage points are added, giving 64% of after-tax income. This is done on the grounds that a family spending more than this proportion of its income on necessities is significantly worse off than the average family. The final step is to look at the distribution of income by expenditure and determine, using a regression line, the level of income at which a family tends to spend 20 percentage points more than the average on the necessities of food, shelter and clothing.

Rebasing and indexing the LICOs

Over time, Canadian families have spent a smaller percentage of their income on the necessities of food, shelter and clothing. This relationship between families' income and spending is associated with a specific point in time, i.e. the year of the expenditure survey used to derive the cut-offs. That particular year is referred to as the base year for the set of cut-offs.

After having calculated LICOs in the base year, cut-offs for other years are obtained by applying the corresponding Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation rate to the cut-offs from the base year – the process of indexing the LICOs.

Low income rate and low income gap

To determine whether a person (or family) is in low income, the appropriate LICO (given the family size and community size) is compared to the income of the person's economic family. If the economic family income is below the cut-off, all individuals in that family are considered to be in low income. In other words, "persons in low income" should be interpreted as persons who are part of low income families, including persons living alone whose income is below the cut-off. Similarly, "children in low income" means children who are living in low income families. Overall, the low income rate for persons can then be calculated as the number of persons in low income divided by the total population. The same can be done for families and various sub-groups of the population; for example, low income rates by age, sex, province or family types.

The low income gap is the amount that the family income falls short of the relevant low income cut-off. For example, a family with an income of \$15,000 and a low income cut-off of \$20,000 would have a low income gap of \$5,000. In percentage terms this gap would be 25%. The average gap for a given population, whether expressed in dollar or percentage terms, is the average of these values as calculated for each unit. For the calculation of this low income gap, negative incomes are treated as zero.

Use of after-tax and before-tax LICOs

Statistics Canada produces two sets of low income cut-offs and their corresponding rates—those based on total income (i.e., income including government transfers, before the deduction of income taxes) and those based on after-tax income. Derivation of before-tax versus after-tax low income cut-offs are each done independently. There is no simple relationship, such as the average amount of taxes payable, to distinguish the two types of cut-offs.

Although both sets of low income cut-offs continue to be available, Statistics Canada prefers the use of the after-tax LICOs. The before-tax rates only partly reflect the entire redistributive impact of Canada's tax/transfer system. It is therefore logical that the low income rate is higher on a before-tax basis than on an after-tax basis.

Low Income Measures (LIM)

For the purpose of making international comparisons, the LIM is the most commonly used low income measure. Unlike the low income cut-offs, which are derived from an expenditure survey and then compared to an income survey, the LIMs are both derived and applied using a single income survey. The LIM is a fixed percentage (50%) of median adjusted family income, where "adjusted" indicates that family needs are taken into account. See the paragraph Family size adjustment (equivalence scale) for more information.

The LIMs are calculated three times; using market income, before-tax income, and after-tax income. They do not require updating using an inflation index because they are calculated using an annual survey of family income.

Market basket measure (MBM)

Social Development Canada (formerly Human Resources Development Canada) has collaborated with the provincial and territorial ministries of social services to develop the Market Basket Measure (MBM) of low income. The approach is to cost out a basket of necessary goods and services including food, shelter, clothing and transportation, and a multiplier to cover other essentials. The results define thresholds that represent levels of income needed to cover the cost of the basket.

The same argument that can be made for using after-tax low income rates can be made for using after-tax income to compare to the MBM thresholds. That is, a measure of well-being should take into account what is actually available to spend. The income concept that is used for comparisons with the MBM thresholds goes even further than after-tax income by also subtracting from total income other non-discretionary expenses such as support payments, work-related child care costs and employee contributions to pension plans and to Employment Insurance.

Statistics Canada collects the data necessary to produce rates based on Social Development Canada's Market Basket Measure.

Comparisons between data up to 1995 and data since 1996

Starting with reference year 1996, the Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID) replaced the annual Survey of Consumer Finances (SCF) as the official source of family income in Canada. This means that data up to and including 1995 are drawn from SCF (last conducted for reference year 1997), and data for 1996 and onwards are drawn from the SLID (which was introduced in 1993).

Different surveys will produce slightly different estimates on the same topics due to a variety of factors. Every attempt was made to minimize and monitor these differences between the two income surveys, while nonetheless making some important improvements in survey practices. Before replacing the SCF series with SLID, a careful study was done on the overlapping reference years, particularly the years 1996 and 1997, as SLID only acquired its full sample size in 1996. The results of the study are contained in the Income Statistics Division research paper, A Comparison of the Results of the Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID) and the Survey of Consumer Finances (SCF) 1993-1997: Update (75F002M). All ISD research papers are available free of charge on the Statistics Canada internet site (www.statcan.ca).

In short, it was found that the two surveys told essentially the same story for all of the main income concepts. It is still possible, nonetheless, that for some characteristics the data trends could reveal a "break" as a result of the change in survey. Such a break would likely appear as a noticeable upward or downward shift in a data series between the years 1995 and 1996. It represents a change in the data which is attributable to the two surveys having different samples and different methods (such as the use of tax data in the case of SLID), rather than a true change in the characteristics of the population. Users are advised to take note of the following survey differences which are known to exist and to have had an impact on the data trends at some detailed levels.

Better coverage of small income amounts

One notable improvement that occurred as a result of new survey techniques introduced in SLID is better coverage of small income amounts received by respondents. It has been observed in surveys conducted by questionnaire that respondents tend to forget or neglect small income amounts they received in the past. This means an underestimation of income in general, and in particular, it means that many people who received a small amount of income instead report no income at all (there are differences, however, depending on whether the income concept includes or excludes government transfers).

The use of administrative income tax files in SLID for the majority of sample respondents means that there is considerably better coverage of non-zero amounts of income, and in general, a greater number of recipients of most kinds of income. Another technique used by SLID which may have improved coverage is that, even for respondents who report income by interview instead of via their tax records, there are two chances to prompt them for income sources, and therefore a greater likelihood of capturing an amount. This is because some income concepts are touched on in the January interview and then covered in the May interview, where it is possible to remind the respondent of a positive response in January. The types of income for which such "dependent interviewing" is used are earnings (from employment or self-employment), employment insurance benefits, social assistance, and workers' compensation.

Detailed family types

The standard published "detailed family types" for economic families have changed in one regard. In the SCF, they are derived with reference to the "head of family". In SLID, the same categories are used but in reference to the "major income earner". SLID dropped the concept of head of family entirely, as it has little relevance in a modern context. But some sort of prioritization of people within a family is useful to uniquely identify the type of family, even if it is somewhat arbitrary.

The change in family concepts resulting from the transition from SCF to SLID has not affected data produced for the entire population of families consisting of two or more persons. However, for some of the detailed family types, the estimated number of families underwent a one-time increase or decrease between 1995 and 1996. Without drawing conclusions about the precise net effects of these changes, the following points can be made.

First, whereas the previous definition always gave husbands the status of head of family rather than wives, with the major income earner concept there is no distinction by sex, and it is possible for the wife to qualify. Since it still holds that wives are on average younger than husbands at least for older couples, this has caused a shift from elderly families to non-elderly families.

Second, the head of family concept gave preference to parents over their adult children and, where there is no husband-wife or parent-child relationship in the family, it gave preference to older members over younger ones. Now, younger adults are much more likely to qualify as major income earners than they did as heads of families. As a result, we see significant decreases in the number of "other elderly families" and "married couples with other relatives", and a large increase in the number of "other non-elderly families". (See the section "Family definitions" for the precise definitions of family types.)

Comparisons with previous editions

Data from different editions are not directly comparable. Every edition has some modifications done on data. The modification which is applied every year is the expression of all dollars amounts in constant dollars of the latest reference year. (See "Current dollars versus constant dollars".)

Periodically, the weights are updated to reflect the availability of new population benchmarks provided by a new census. The most recent multi-year weight revision for the Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics and the Survey of Consumer Finance occurred with the release of data for 2003, when the population projections based on the 2001 Census of Population were incorporated.

The improvements to survey weights during the 2000 and 2003 historical revisions were part of a comprehensive project at Statistics Canada regarding the weighting strategies in the main annual surveys on income, expenditures, and wealth. Weights are typically adjusted using population benchmarks by province, age and sex. Since the 2000 weight revision, the weights in SLID and SCF also respect population benchmarks by household size and economic family size.

Since the 2003 revision, the weights from 1990 to the current period include adjustments based on the annual T4 file from Canada Revenue Agency (CRA), which is a compilation of employer remittances for the purposes of payroll taxes. For more information, please refer to the free research paper, *Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics:* 2003 historical revision, Statistics Canada, (link 75F0002M)

The 2003 historical revision was followed up with a minor weight revision for 2003 only, timed with the release of data for 2004.

Methodology

Survey universe

SLID is a household survey that covers all individuals in Canada, excluding residents of the Yukon, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut, residents of institutions and persons living on Indian reserves or in military barracks. Overall, these exclusions amount to less than three percent of the population.

The sample

The samples for SLID are selected from the monthly Labour Force Survey (LFS) and thus share the latter's sample design. The LFS sample is drawn from an area frame and is based on a stratified, multi-stage design that uses probability sampling. The total sample is composed of six independent samples, called rotation groups, because each month one sixth of the sample (or one rotation group) is replaced.

The SLID sample is composed of two panels. Each panel consists of two LFS rotation groups and includes roughly 17,000 households. A panel is surveyed for a period of six consecutive years. A new panel is introduced every three years, so two panels always overlap.

Weighting

The estimation of population characteristics from a survey is based on the premise that each sampled unit represents, in addition to itself, a certain number of unsampled units in the population. A basic survey weight is attached to each record to indicate the number of units in the population that are represented by that unit in the sample.

For each reference year, SLID produces two sets of weights: one is representative of the initial population (the longitudinal weights) while the other is representative of the current population (the cross-sectional weights). For the production of the cross-sectional weights, SLID combines two independent samples and assigns a probability of selection to individuals who joined the sample after the panel was selected.

Two types of adjustment are applied to the basic survey weights in order to improve the reliability of the estimates. The basic weights are first inflated to compensate for non-response. The non-response adjusted weights are then further adjusted to ensure that estimates on relevant population characteristics would respect population totals from sources other than the survey.

The first set of population totals used for SLID is based on Statistics Canada's Demography Division population counts for different age/sex groups as well as counts by household and family size at the provincial level. These annual population totals are based in large part on totals from the Census of population.

The second set of totals is derived from Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) administrative data (T4 file) and is intended to ensure that the weighted distribution of income (based on wages and salaries) in the data set matches that of the Canadian population.

Cross-sectional representation in SLID

Each longitudinal sample, or "panel" in SLID initially constitutes a representative cross-sectional sample of the population. However, because the real population changes each year, whereas by design the longitudinal sample does not, the sample must be modified to properly reflect these changes to the composition of the population. This is

done by adding to the sample all new people in the population who are found to be living with the initial respondents (and likewise dropping them from the sample if they leave at later time-points).

Any original respondents who leave the target population (by moving abroad, into institutions, etc.) are given a zero weight for cross-sectional purposes. In this way, the cross-sectional sample, composed of the original respondents minus those who left the target population plus those who have entered it, is virtually fully representative of the population at each subsequent time-point. The missing group is composed of persons who have newly entered the target population and are not living with anyone who was in the target population when the most recent panel was selected. However, since SLID introduces a new panel every three years, this group is quite small.

Data quality

There are two types of errors inherent in sample survey data, namely, non-sampling errors and sampling errors. The reliability of survey estimates depends on the combined impact of non-sampling and sampling errors. For more detailed information on data quality indicators see the research paper (Data quality in the 2004 Survey of Labour and Income Dynamics (SLID) 75F0002M) available free of charge on the Statistics Canada internet site (www.statcan.ca).

Non-sampling errors

Non-sampling errors generally result from human errors such as simple mistakes, misunderstanding or misinterpretation. The impact of randomly occurring errors over a large number of observations will be minimal. Errors occurring systematically can, on the other hand, have a major impact on the reliability of estimates. Considerable time and effort is invested into reducing non-sampling errors in SLID.

Non-sampling errors may arise from a variety of sources such as coverage, response, non-response and processing errors.

Coverage error arises when sampling frame units do not exactly represent the target population. Units may have been omitted from the sampling frame (under-coverage), or units not in the target population may have been included (overcoverage), or units may have been included more than once (duplicates). Undercoverage represents the most common coverage problem.

Slippage is a measure of survey coverage error. It is defined as the percentage difference between control totals (Census population projections) and weighted sample counts. Slippage rates for household surveys are generally positive because some people that should be enumerated are missed. Slippage rates have been revised back to 1996 using the 2001 Census population projections. According to the numbers in the table below, in 2004, SLID covered 85.7% of its target population. SLID estimation procedures use Census population projections to compensate for determined slippage.

Rates are also available upon request for sex, province and age groupings.

Text table 1

Slippage rates in SLID

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
				percent	t			
Canada	8.4	9.0	8.4	9.5	10.6	12.4	13.5	14.3

Response errors may be due to many factors, such as faulty questionnaire design, interviewers' or respondents' misinterpretation of questions, or respondents' faulty reporting. Great effort is invested in SLID to reduce the occurrence of response error. Measures undertaken to minimize response errors include the use of highly-skilled

and well-trained interviewers, and supervision of interviewers to detect misinterpretation of instructions or problems with the questionnaire design. Response error can also be brought about by respondents who, willingly or not, provide inaccurate responses.

Income data are especially prone to misreporting, as income is a sensitive issue and includes many items with which respondents are not always familiar. Therefore, respondents are provided with information by mail prior to the interview, informing them of the income related questions. This gives them time to consult documents and have information available at the time of the interview. For respondents who grant Statistics Canada permission to access their tax files (the majority of respondents), SLID collects income data directly from administrative files. This procedure reduces misreporting of income in the SLID.

Non-response errors occur in sample surveys because not all potential respondents cooperate fully. The extent of non-response varies from partial non-response to total non-response.

Total non-response occurs when the interviewer is unable to contact the respondent, no member of the household is able to provide information, or the respondent refuses to participate in the survey.

Response is calculated at the household level. A household is considered to be "respondent" if at least one of its members responds to either the January or the May interview. There is the additional stipulation that the information on the household's composition cannot be missing for more than one year.

Total household non-response is handled by adjusting the basic survey weight for individuals within responding households to compensate for individuals in nonresponding households.

Nonresponding members (if any) within responding households who did not respond to one or both of the collection phases will have final data that is either shown as "missing" on the final database or imputed, depending on the variable (see partial non response section for details on imputation).

The importance of the non-response error is unknown but in general this error is significant when a group of people with particular characteristics in common refuse to cooperate and where those characteristics are important determinants of survey results. The bias introduced by non-response increases with the differences between respondent and non-respondent characteristics. Methods employed to compensate for non-response make use of information available for both respondents and non-respondents in an attempt to minimize this bias.

High response rates are essential for the data quality of any survey and thus considerable effort is invested to encourage effective participation from SLID respondents.

Cross-sectional households' response rates, given in Table 2, range between 74.7% (2004) and 86.0% (1996)."

Response rate in SCF (1990-1995) and SLID (1996-2004)

Text table 2

	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
							1	percent							
Response Rate	79.0	80.0	80.7	80.0	79.5	82.1	86.0	84.1	82.7	82.7	79.2	79.1	79.0	78.3	74.7

Partial non response occurs when the respondent does not understand or misinterprets a question, refuses to answer a question, or is unable to recall the requested information. Imputing missing values compensates for this partial non-response.

Income data are imputed using previous years' data updated for any changes in circumstances. In the absence of previous years' data, data is imputed using the "nearest neighbour" technique, in which a respondent with certain similar characteristics becomes the "donor" for the imputed value.

Amounts received through certain government programs, such as child tax benefits, the Goods and Services Harmonized Sales Tax Credit, and the Guaranteed Income Supplement, are also derived from other information. Data obtained from the tax route are complete and do not need imputation.

Processing errors can occur at various stages in the survey: data capture, editing, coding, weighting or tabulation. The computer-assisted collection method used for SLID reduces the chance of introducing capture errors because checks for consistency and completeness of the data are built into the computer application. To minimize coding, weighting or tabulation errors, diagnostic tests are carried out periodically. These tests include comparisons of results with other data sources.

Sampling errors

Sampling errors occur because inferences about the entire population are based on information obtained from only a sample of the population. The results are usually different from those that would be obtained if information were collected from the whole population. Errors due to the extension of conclusions based on the sample to the entire population are known as sampling errors. The sample design, the variability of the population characteristics measured by the survey, and the sample size determine the magnitude of the sampling error. In addition, for a given sample design, different methods of estimation will result in sampling errors of different sizes.

Standard error and coefficient of variation

A common measure of sampling error is the standard error (SE). The standard error measures the degree of variation introduced in estimates by selecting one particular sample rather than another of the same size and design. The standard error may also be used to calculate confidence intervals associated with an estimate (Y). Confidence intervals are used to express the precision of the estimate. It has been demonstrated mathematically that, if the sampling were repeated many times, the true population value would lie within the confidence interval Y \pm 2SE 95 times out of 100 and within the narrower confidence interval defined by Y \pm SE, 68 times out of 100. Another important measure of sampling error is given by the coefficient of variation, which is computed as the estimated standard error as a percentage of the estimate Y (i.e., 100 x SE / Y).

To illustrate the relationship between the standard error, the confidence intervals and the coefficient of variation, let us take the following example. Suppose that the estimated average income from a given source is \$10,000, and that its corresponding standard error is \$200. The coefficient of variation is therefore equal to 2%. The 95% confidence interval estimated from this sample ranges from \$9,600 to \$10,400, i.e. \$10,000 \pm \$400. Thus it is assumed with a 95% degree of confidence that the average income of the target population is between \$9,600 and \$10,400.

The bootstrap approach is used for the calculation of the standard errors of the estimates. For more information on standard errors and coefficients of variation, refer to the Statistics Canada publication, (Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey) available on the Statistics Canada internet site (www.statcan.ca).

Suppression rules

Suppression rules, or data reliability cutoffs, are currently established based on the sample size that underlies the estimate. In general, a sample size of 25 observations is required for the estimate to be published. Depending on the type of estimate, this rule can vary slightly. These rules help protect the confidentiality of survey respondents and ensure the reliability of estimates.

Text table 3

Suppression rules for various estimates

Estimate Supress IF:

Percentage, distribution, proportion/shares

• % under the low-income cutoff (LICO) Denominator* sample size < 25

Income distribution

• Proportion of families with income=0 Denominator* sample size < 100 and numerator sample size < 5

Ratios

Numerator sample size < 25

• female/male earnings

Denominator sample size < 25

Quintiles (shares, means and upper income limits)

 shares of income by quintile sample size of all quintiles/5 < 25

average income by quintile

upper income limit for upper income quintile or total of quintiles upper income limits

Other estimates

Counts

Mean

 Medians sample size < 25

· Gini coeficients

Quality Indicators

Quality indicators (QIs) are based on the estimate's coefficient of variation (CV) and suppression rules. At present, quality indicators are applied mostly to the 2003 estimates with the exception of a few longitudinal tables. For years where the quality indicators are not available, they are omitted. The following symbols are used:

^{*}The denominator sample size refers to the sample size of the total estimate from which the distribution, percentage, proportion or share is derived.

Text table 4

Quality rules

Estimates for	:
QI Code	Description
Most current	year
Α	Excellent (CV between 0 and 2%)
В	Very good (CV between 2% and 4%)
С	Good (CV between 4% and 8%)
D	Acceptable (CV between 8% and 16%)
Е	Use with caution (CV greater than or equal to 16%)
All years	
F	Too unreliable to be published
	Not available for a complete reference period
	Not available for a specific reference period
	Not applicable
р	Preliminary
r	Revised
Х	Suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

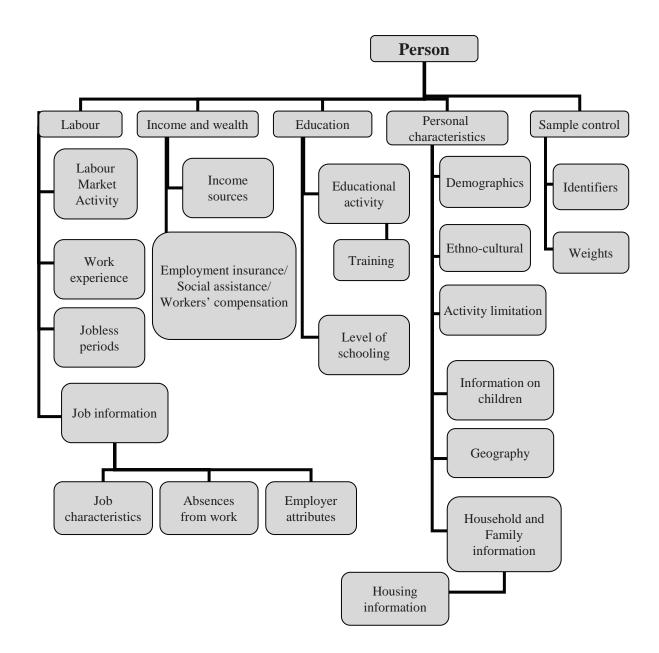
Survey content

SLID collects data on a wide range of topics. Some are inherently "dynamic", involving transitions and spells, while others have important explanatory value.

The content themes are shown in Figure:

- Labour
- · Income and wealth
- Education
- · Personal characteristics
- Sample control

For more detailed information on survey variables, refer to the SLID electronic data dictionary.



Labour

Labour market activity

- major activity during year
- employment/unemployment spells (start and end dates, durations)
- weekly labour force status
- · total weeks of employment, unemployment and inactivity by year

- · multiple job-holding spells
- · work absence spells

Work experience

- · years of full-time and part-time employment
- · years of experience in full-time, full-year equivalents

Jobless periods

- · job search during spell
- · dates of search spells
- · desire for employment
- · reason for not looking

Job characteristics*

- · start and end dates, first date ever worked for this employer
- wages
- work schedule (hours and type)
- benefits
- · union membership
- occupation
- · supervisory and managerial responsibilities
- class of worker
- tenure
- · how job was obtained
- · reason for job separation

Absences from work*

- · absence dates
- reason
- · paid or unpaid

^{*}Job characteristics are updated annually for up to six jobs per year with dates of change recorded.

^{*}Absences lasting one or more weeks are collected on the first and last absence each year, for each employer.

Employer attributes

- · industry
- · firm size
- · public or private sector

Income and Wealth

Income source

- · annual information on about 25 income sources
- market income
- · government transfers
- · taxes paid
- · after-tax income

Receipt of Employment Insurance/social assistance/workers compensation*

- · Employment Insurance
- · social assistance
- · workers' compensation

Education

Educational activity

- · enrolled in a credit program, months, weeks and hours attended
- type of institution
- · full-time or part-time student
- · certificates received (if applicable)
- · job-related training courses, seminars, workshops and conferences

Level of schooling/educational attainment*

- · years of schooling
- · degrees and diplomas
- · major field of study

^{*}Amount and timing of monthly benefits received from each source.

^{*}Updated annually

Personal characteristics

Demographics

- · year of birth/age
- sex
- · duration of current marital status
- year/age at first marriage

Ethno-cultural

- · ethnic background
- · member of an employment equity designated group
- · mother tongue
- · date of immigration
- · country of birth
- · parents' schooling and place of birth

Activity limitation

- annual information on activity limitations and their impact on working
- · satisfaction with work

Information on children

- · number of children born, raised
- · year and person's age when first child born

Geography and geographic mobility

- · economic region or census metropolitan area of current residence
- · size of community
- · moved during year
- move dates
- reason for move
- · nature of move (full household/household split)

Household and family information*

- key characteristics of other household/family members (e.g., age, sex, relationship, income, annual hours worked)
- · relevant low-income cutoff

- family events (marriage, separation, deaths, births)
- · Housing information:
- · type of dwelling
- · dwelling condition
- · characteristics of dwelling
- ownership / mortgage / rent
- · payments / costs / rent inclusions
- · housing suitability indicator
- · Shelter costs to income ratio

Sample control

Identifiers

- person
- · household
- · economic family
- · census family

Weights

- · cross-sectional
- · cross-sectional adjusted for labour non-response
- longitudinal

^{*}Annual summary information, e.g., size, type