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Canada's Balance of International Payments

System of National Accounts



Second Quarter 2007



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Statistics Canada
Balance of Payments Division
System of National Accounts

Canada's Balance of International Payments

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Second Quarter 2007

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Note of appreciation

Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long standing partnership between Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses, governments and other institutions. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill.

User information

Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

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- Art Ridgeway, Director, Balance of Payments Division.
- Arthur Berger, Assistant Director, Balance of Payments Division.
- · Denis Caron, Chief, Current Account.
- · Éric Boulay, Chief, Capital and Financial Account.

The System of National Accounts

In Canada, the National Accounts have been developed since the close of the Second World War in a series of publications relating to their constituent parts. These have now reached a stage of evolution where they can be termed 'System of National Accounts'. For purposes of identification, all publications (containing tables of statistics, descriptions of conceptual frameworks and descriptions of sources and methods) which make up this System carry the term 'System of National Accounts' as a general title.

The System of National Accounts in Canada consists of several parts. The annual and quarterly Income and Expenditure Accounts (included with Catalogue nos. carrying the prefix 13) were, historically speaking, the first set of statistics to be referred to with the title 'National Accounts' (National Accounts, Income and Expenditure). The Balance of International Payments data (Catalogue nos. with prefix 67) are also part of the System of National Accounts and they, in fact, pre-date the Income and Expenditure Accounts.

Greatly expanded structural detail on industries and on goods and services is portrayed in the Input-Output Tables of the System (Catalogue nos. with prefix 15). The Catalogue nos. carrying the prefix 15 also provide measures of the contribution of each industry to total gross domestic product at factor cost as well as productivity measures.

Both the Input-Output tables and the estimates of Gross Domestic Product by Industry use the establishment as the primary unit of industrial production. Measures of financial transactions are provided by the Financial Flow Accounts (Catalogue nos. with prefix 13). Types of lenders and financial instruments are the primary detail in these statistics and the legal entity is the main unit of classification of transactors. Balance sheets of outstanding assets and liabilities are published annually.

The System of National Accounts provides an overall conceptually integrated framework in which the various parts can be considered as interrelated sub-systems. At present, direct comparisons amongst those parts which use the establishment as the basic unit and those which use the legal entity can be carried out only at highly aggregated levels of data. However, Statistics Canada is continuing research on enterprise company establishment relationships; it may eventually be feasible to reclassify the data which are on one basis (say the establishment basis) to correspond to the units employed on another (the company or the enterprise basis).

In its broad outline, the Canadian System of National Accounts bears a close relationship to the international standard as described in System of National Accounts, 1993, a joint publication of the Commission of the European Communities, International Monetary Fund, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, United Nations and World Bank.

Guide to tables

Where to locate data in tables

Financial account - Assets and liabilities

Financial account	Direct investment				Portfolio investment by geographical area			Other investment		
_	Туре	Geographical	Industry	Acquisitions, sales, other	Bonds	Stocks	Money market	Loans under repos	Reserves	Banks and other
Assets				Table	number					
Quarterly 2002 - 2007 Annual	28	30	32					37	38	40,55
2002 - 2006	29	31	33	34	35	36		37	39	41,56
Liabilities Quarterly										
2002 - 2007	42	44	46					52		53,55
Annual 2002 - 2006	43	45	47	48	49	50	51	52		54,56

Current account

Current		Goods		5	Services		Investment income		Transfers
account	Туре	Geographical	Adjustments	Туре	Geographical	Туре	Geographical	Interest payments	Туре
Quarterly					Table number				
Seasonally adjusted 2002 - 2007 2004 - 2007 Not seasonally adjusted 2002 - 2007 2004 - 2007	10	12	14	16 4		19		22	24
Annual 2002 - 2006 2004 - 2006	11	13	15	17 3, 4	18	20	21	23	25

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Table titles (CANSIM)	Table number	CANSIM tab	le number
	catalogue #67-001	Annual	Quarterly
Balance of international payments, current account by geographic area	6, 9, 13, 17, 18, 21, 25, 58, 60, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 73, 74, 76, 77	376-0001	
Balance of international payments, capital and financial account by geographic area	6, 27, 31, 35, 36, 39, 41, 45, 49, 50, 51, 54, 58, 62, 63, 65, 66, 67, 69, 70, 72, 73, 75, 76, 78	376-0002	
Balance of international payments, current account by geographic area	*5, 8,13, 17, 18, 21, 25, 57, 59, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 70, 71, 73, 74, 76, 77		376-0003
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Highlights

Canada's balance of international payments

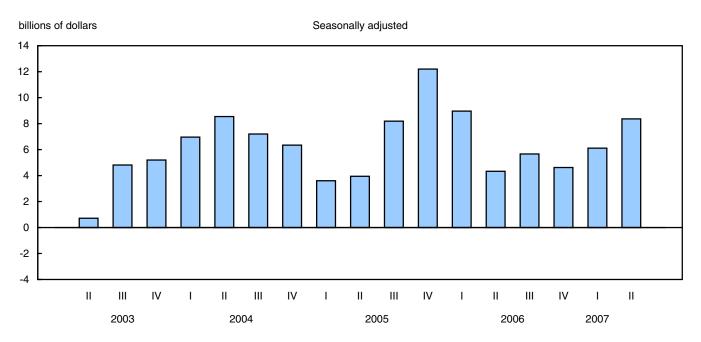
Second quarter 2007

• Canada's current account surplus with the rest of the world, on a seasonally adjusted basis, increased \$2.2 billion in the second quarter to \$8.4 billion. In the capital and financial account (not seasonally adjusted), the growth in Canada's foreign assets significantly outpaced that in international liabilities.

Analysis — Second quarter 2007

Canada's current account surplus with the rest of the world, on a seasonally adjusted basis, increased \$2.2 billion in the second quarter to \$8.4 billion. Most of the gain came from a third consecutive improvement of the trade-in-goods surplus, as imports declined slightly in the second quarter.

Chart 1
Current account balance



In the capital and financial account (not seasonally adjusted), the growth in Canada's foreign assets significantly outpaced that in international liabilities. Canadian portfolio investment in foreign securities continued to be the driving force behind the increase in foreign assets.

Note to readers

The **balance of payments** covers all economic transactions between Canadian residents and non-residents. It includes the current account and the capital and financial account.

The **current account** covers transactions on goods, services, investment income and current transfers. Transactions in exports and interest income are examples of receipts, while imports and interest expenses are payments. The balance from these transactions determines if Canada's current account is in **surplus** or **deficit**.

The **capital and financial account** is mainly composed of transactions in financial instruments. Financial assets and liabilities with non-residents are presented under three functional classes: direct investment, portfolio investment and other investment. These investments belong either to Canadian residents (Canadian assets) or to foreign residents (Canadian liabilities). Transactions resulting in a capital inflow are presented as positive values while capital outflows from Canada are shown as negative values.

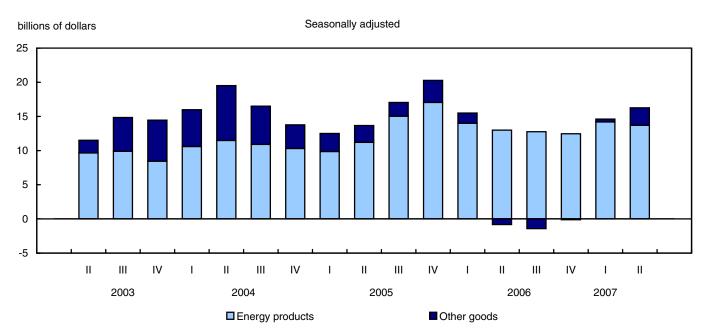
A current account surplus or deficit should correspond to an equivalent outflow or inflow in the capital and financial account. In other words, the two accounts should add to zero. In fact, as data are compiled from multiple sources, the two balance of payments accounts rarely equate. As a result, the **statistical discrepancy** is the net unobserved inflow or outflow needed to balance the accounts.

Current account

Goods surplus rises

The surplus on trade in goods went up for the third consecutive quarter, reaching its highest level since the fourth quarter of 2005. The \$1.6 billion increase pushed the surplus to \$16.3 billion in the second quarter as imports declined by \$2.0 billion.

Chart 2
Goods balances



After recording a record level during the first quarter, imports shrank by \$2.0 billion to \$102.8 billion in the second quarter. Imports of machinery and equipment, automotive products and consumer goods all fell, largely due to lower prices. Energy products were the exception, with imports increasing by \$1.1 billion from the previous quarter.

Of the \$1.3 billion drop in automotive products imports, \$1.0 billion was related to motor vehicle parts, which are usually closely related to the exports of cars.

Exports of industrial materials increased by \$1.4 billion, registering its seventh consecutive record high (\$27.4 billion). This was offset by declines in exports of other goods, leaving total exports at virtually the same level as in the first quarter.

Once again, the increase in exports of industrial materials was mainly due to higher prices. Most of the increase was driven by inorganic chemicals, including uranium, and nickel and copper components, where prices rose, on average, by almost 30% in the second quarter.

Exports of energy products rose \$0.6 billion, due to increased volume and higher prices for petroleum products and coal products. However, crude petroleum exports fell half a billion dollars during the second quarter.

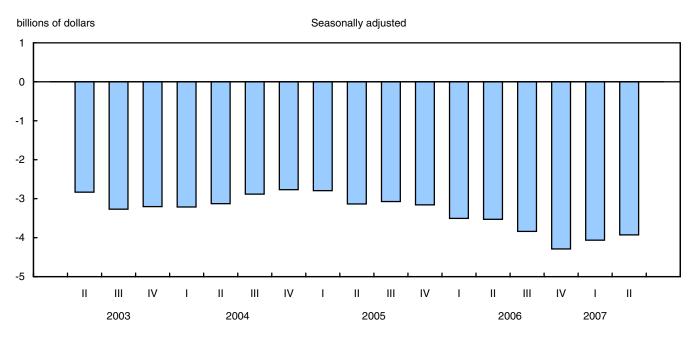
These increases were offset by lower exports of automotive products, and machinery and equipment. Exports of cars, trucks and parts declined \$1.5 billion to \$19.4 billion. There has been persistent weakness in automotive exports recently. In fact, the five lowest levels since the end of 1998 have been registered during the last five quarters.

Forestry products exports continued their downward trend. In the last three years, exports of forestry products have declined by more than 25%, as the soft US housing market and the strong Canadian dollar have led to reduced export volumes as well as lower prices for Canadian producers.

Small improvement in the services deficit

For the second consecutive quarter, the services deficit declined slightly but remained near its record high.

Chart 3
Services balance



For the second consecutive quarter, the travel deficit edged down \$0.1 billion. There were more travellers from the United States visiting Canada for both same-day trips and longer trips in the second quarter, resulting in a 4% increase in expenditures by visitors from the US.

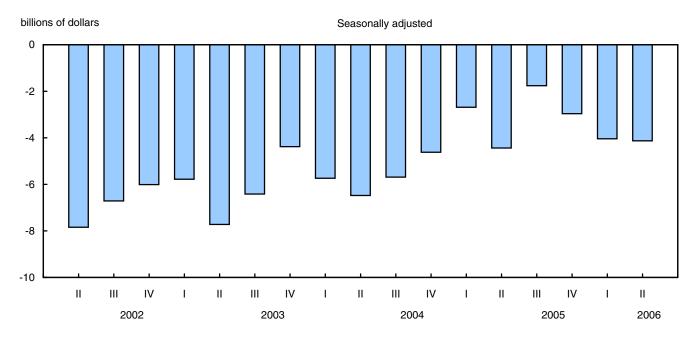
Canadian travel expenditure in the United States declined 3% in the second quarter, despite an increase in the number of Canadians traveling south of the border. The increased number of travellers to the United States was mostly due to same-day trips. Although, in general, these travellers represent 60% of all Canadians going to the United States, their expenses account for only around 10% of all Canadian travel expenses in that country.

The transportation deficit also shrank by \$0.1 billion, largely because of passenger fares. At the same time, the deficit in commercial services increased slightly, maintaining its highest level since the fourth quarter of 2004, as a higher deficit in financial services was partially offset by a lower deficit on transactions in royalties and license fees.

Investment income deficit remains stable

As both receipts and payments barely changed in the second quarter, the deficit on investment income stood at \$4.1 billion.

Chart 4 Investment income balance



Profits earned by foreign direct investors in Canada increased \$0.4 billion to \$8.5 billion, just a few million dollars shy of the record observed in the third quarter of 2005. This was offset in part by slightly lower payments of interest, notably on corporate and provincial enterprise bonds as both sectors count on a large share of bonds issued in US dollars.

Profits from Canadian direct investment abroad dropped slightly by \$0.1 billion to \$7.5 billion, but still remained historically high.

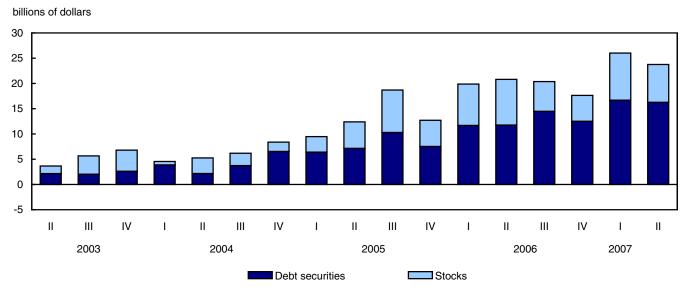
Interest earnings on foreign bonds continued to grow, gaining another \$0.1 billion in the second quarter. Canadians have made substantial acquisitions of foreign bonds in recent years.

Financial Account

Strong Canadian investment persists in foreign securities

Following a record investment of \$26.0 billion in the previous quarter, Canadian investment in foreign securities maintained its torrid pace in the second quarter. Continuing a well-established trend, the bulk of the \$23.8 billion of acquisitions was in foreign bonds with most of the remaining investment in foreign stocks.

Chart 5
Canadian portfolio investment abroad¹



1. Reverse of Balance of Payments signs.

Investment in foreign bonds remained robust in the second quarter as Canadian investors acquired \$16.0 billion worth, nearly matching the record investment of \$16.5 billion set in the first quarter. Some \$10 billion worth of the investment in foreign bonds was denominated in Canadian dollars (maple bonds), bringing the year-to-date total to \$22.8 billion.

Canadians bought a further \$7.5 billion of foreign stocks in the second quarter after purchasing \$9.3 billion worth in the first quarter. Almost two-thirds (\$4.9 billion) went to non-US stocks, the largest quarterly investment in non-US stocks since the second quarter of 2001.

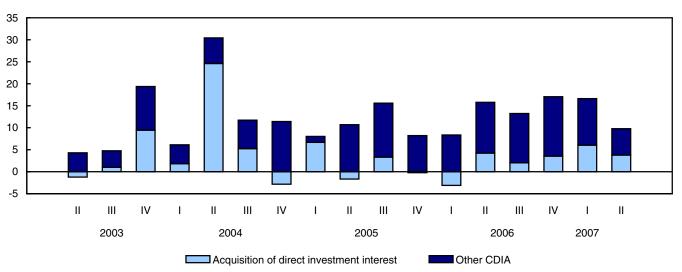
Investment in foreign money market paper totalled \$239 million for the quarter with purchases mainly focused on issues of US corporations. However, these acquisitions were largely offset by a substantial divestment of US treasury bills. Over the quarter, the interest rate gap between Canada and the US on treasury bills continued to narrow in Canada's favour.

Direct investment abroad slides to its lowest level in five quarters

Direct investment abroad amounted to \$9.8 billion in the second quarter, a significant slowdown after four very strong quarters, where investment averaged \$15.7 billion.

Chart 6
Canadian direct investment abroad¹





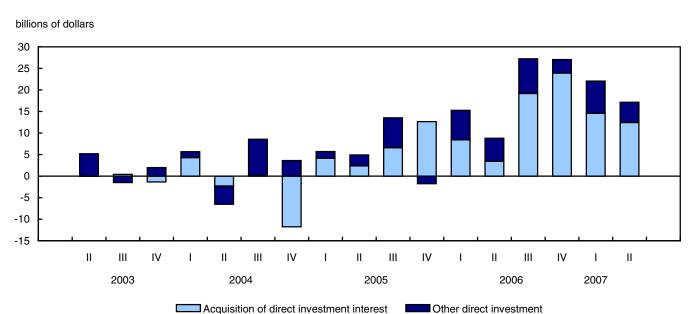
1. Reverse of Balance of Payments signs.

This quarter's investment was largely explained by additional capital injected into existing foreign affiliates, mainly reinvested earnings. Direct investment abroad was almost entirely directed to the finance and insurance industry (\$9.4 billion) and mainly targeted the US economy (52%).

Acquisitions boost foreign direct investment in Canada

Foreign direct investors added another \$17.1 billion into the Canadian economy during the second quarter, bringing the total investment so far this year to \$39.2 billion. This was the second highest investment ever for the first six months of a year.

Chart 7
Foreign direct investment in Canada



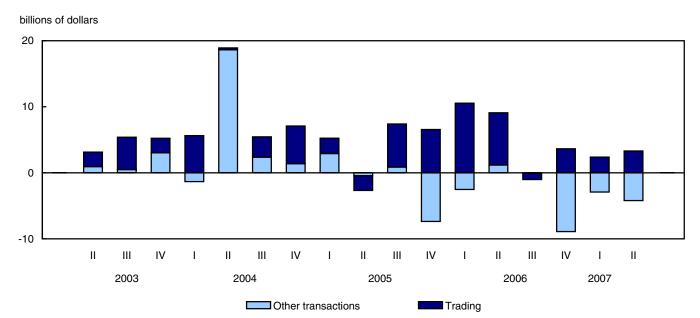
The bulk of the foreign injections in the second quarter were explained by acquisitions (\$12.4 billion). Over the last four quarters, foreign acquisitions in the Canadian economy have totalled \$70.1 billion, representing three-quarters of all the money injected by foreign direct investors during this period.

European investors dominated in the second quarter with investments totalling \$9.4 billion, followed by US investors (\$4.9 billion). Energy and metallic minerals continued to be a sector that attracted the attention of foreign direct investors as they invested in this sector for a 10th consecutive quarter (\$9.2 billion).

Foreign investors sell some of their holdings of Canadian securities

Foreign investors sold \$4.8 billion worth from their holdings of Canadian securities over the second quarter, their first divestment in two years. The quarter's divestment occurred almost entirely in Canadian bonds with only a slight reduction in holdings of Canadian stocks. These were partially offset by non-residents' investments in Canadian money market paper.

Chart 8
Foreign portfolio investment in Canadian stocks



Non-residents withdrew \$4.9 billion worth of Canadian bonds from their investment portfolios, entirely due to a divestment of \$6.0 billion in outstanding government issues, mostly issues of the Government of Canada. It was the largest foreign divestment in Canadian bonds in nearly four years and reversed a trend of strong foreign investment in these instruments observed since the third quarter of 2006.

Non-resident holdings of Canadian equities were reduced by \$899 million over the second quarter. Foreign investment in outstanding shares (\$3.3 billion) was overwhelmed by net retirements (\$4.2 billion), mainly due to foreign takeover activity. Over the last three quarters, this activity has reduced foreign portfolio holdings by \$16.0 billion despite investment in outstanding shares totalling \$9.3 billion. The Standard and Poor's/Toronto Stock Exchange index rose 5.6% between March and June 2007.

Non-residents bought \$1.0 billion worth of Canadian money market paper during the second quarter. Investment was focused on Canadian corporate paper as foreign investors acquired \$961 million worth.

Transactions in deposits, loans and reserves assets

The other investment category of the financial account, which comprises international loans, deposits and reserves, recorded a net inflow of \$9.4 billion in the second quarter. This was up from a net inflow of \$2.5 billion in the first quarter, and was essentially due to sizable inflows of international deposits for a second consecutive quarter, which more than offset increases in Canadian assets. The Canadian dollar made significant gains during the quarter against all major currencies, closing the quarter at 93.9 US cents, an increase of over 7 cents on the American dollar.

Related products

Selected publications from Statistics Canada

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13-010-X	Canadian economic accounts quarterly review
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13-605-X	Latest developments in the Canadian economic accounts
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67-202-X	Canada's international investment position
67-203-X	Canada's international trade in services
67-506-X	Canada's balance of international payments and international investment position, concepts, sources, methods and products
67F0001M	Balance of Payments Division - Research papers

Selected technical and analytical products from Statistics Canada

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67F0001M1997001	Non-corporate foreign investment in Canadian real estate
67F0001M1997002	Foreign investment in the Canadian bond market, 1978 to 1990
67F0001M1997003	Characteristics of Canadian importing firms, 1978 to 1986
67F0001M1997004	The statistical discrepancy in Canada's balance of payments, 1962 to 1991
67F0001M1997005	Canada's public debt held by non-residents: historical perspectives, 1926 to 1992
67F0001M1997006	Globalization and Canada's international investment position, 1950 to 1992
67F0001M1997007	The foreign investment of trusteed pension funds, 1970 to 1992
67F0001M1997008	Recent trends in Canadian direct investment abroad: the rise of Canadian multinationals, 1969 to 1992
67F0001M1997009	Direct investment profits in Canada and abroad, 1983 to 1993
67F0001M1997010	Development of the balance of payments nomenclature

67F0001M1997011	Reconciliation of the Canada-United States current account, 1994 and 1995
67F0001M1997012	Measurement of foreign portfolio investment in Canadian bonds
67F0001M1997013	Implementation in Canada of the international standards for service trade: on with the fifth
67F0001M1997014	Repo transactions between residents of Canada and non-residents
67F0001M1997015	Canada's international legal services, 1995 to 1996
67F0001M1997016	Canada's international management consulting, 1990 to 1996
67F0001M1997017	Canada's implementation of BPM-5, 1997
67F0001M1999018	Reconciliation of the Canada-United States current account, 1996 and 1997
67F0001M1999019	Issues in provincializing foreign direct investment
67F0001M2001020	Foreign direct investment: a driving force in economic globalization
67F0001M2001021	Foreign affiliate trade statistics: measuring economic globalization
67F0001M2004022	Reconciliation of the Canadian - U.S. current account, 2002 and 2003

Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

376-0001	Balance of international payments, current account
376-0002	Balance of international payments, capital and financial account
376-0003	Balance of international payments, current account
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376-0005	Balance of international payments, current account, seasonally adjusted
376-0006	Balance of international payments, current account, goods
376-0007	Balance of international payments, current account, goods
376-0008	Balance of international payments, changes in foreign currency assets and liabilities booked in Canada by Canadian chartered banks
376-0009	Balance of international payments, Canadian chartered bank transaction in assets and liabilities booked in Canada with non-residents, flows and position
376-0010	Balance of international payments, changes in foreign currency assets and liabilities booked in Canada by Canadian chartered banks
376-0011	Balance of international payments, Canadian chartered bank transactions in assets and liabilities booked in Canada with non-residents, flows and positions

376-0012	Balance of international payments, current account, investment income, by type and sector
376-0013	Balance of international payments, current account, investment income, by type and sector
376-0014	Balance of international payments, flows of Canadian direct investment abroad and foreign direct investment in Canada, by industry and type of transactions
376-0015	Balance of international payments, flows of Canadian direct investment abroad and foreign direct investment in Canada, by category of transactions
376-0016	Balance of international payments, Canadian direct investment abroad and foreign direct investment in Canada, acquisitions, sales and other flows
376-0017	Balance of international payments, flows of Canadian direct investment abroad and foreign direct investment in Canada
376-0018	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions, net and gross sales and purchases, by type and sector
376-0020	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions, net and gross sales and purchases, by type and sector
376-0021	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions with non-residents in Canadian bonds, by type
376-0022	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions with non-residents in Canadian stocks, by type
376-0023	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions with non-residents in Canadian money market, foreign bonds, and foreign stocks, by type
376-0024	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions with non-residents in Canadian bonds, by type
376-0025	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions with non-residents in Canadian stocks, by category
376-0026	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions with non-residents in Canadian money market, foreign bonds, and foreign stocks, by type
376-0027	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions with non-residents in Canadian bonds, by type
376-0028	International transactions in securities, portfolio transactions with non-residents in Canadian stocks, by category
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Selected surveys from Statistics Canada

1534	Canada's Balance of International Payments
1536	Canada's International Transactions in Services

Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada

- · Canada: Economic and financial data
- · Canada's balance of international payments
- Economic indicators, by province and territory (monthly and quarterly)

Statistical tables

Table 1-1
Balance of payments, all countries, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly and annual — 2006 to 2007

<u>-</u>			2006					2007		
	I	II	III	IV	Annual	I	II	III	IV	Annua
<u>-</u>					millions of	dollars				
Current account										
Receipts										
Goods and services	128,452	132,405	131,426	130,643	522,926	134,856	138,815			
Goods	113,132	115,548	111,946	115,070	455,696	119,120	121,799			
Services	15,320	16,857	19,480	15,573	67,230	15,736	17,016			
Investment income	13,309	14,748	16,492	17,050	61,599	15,519	16,587			
Direct investment income	6,791	7,609	8,677	9,523	32,600	7,523	8,026			
Portfolio investment income	3,721	4,202	4,262	4,682	16,867	5,215	5,420			
Other investment income	2,797	2,937	3,554	2,844	12,131	2,781	3,140			
Current transfers	3,037	2,021	1,920	2,704	9,682	2,871	2,140			
Total current account	144,799	149,174	149,838	150,397	594,207	153,245	157,542			
Payments										
Goods and services	117,698	125,310	121,328	122,453	486,789	126,159	128,053			
Goods	96,989	104,860	100,300	102,246	404,395	104,382	107,063			
Services	20,709	20,450	21,028	20,207	82,394	21,776	20,990			
Investment income	17,444	18,108	18,006	19,888	73,446	21,122	20,108			
Direct investment income	6,766	8,145	7,608	8,573	31,091	8,986	9,137			
Portfolio investment income	6,580	6,602	6,783	7,129	27,094	7,049	6,940			
Other investment income	4,097	3,361	3,616	4,186	15,260	5,087	4,031			
Current transfers	3,664	1,781	2.090	2,859	10,394	3,541	1,875			
Total current account	138,806	145,199	141,423	145,200	570,629	150,822	150,036			
Balances										
Goods and services	10.754	7.095	10.099	8.190	36.137	8.697	10.762			
Goods	16,144	10.688	11.646	12.824	51,302	14.737	14.736			
Services	-5,389	-3,593	-1,548	-4,635	-15,165	-6,040	-3,974			
Investment income	-4,135	-3,359	-1,514	-2,839	-11,847	-5,603	-3,522			
Direct investment income	25	-535	1,069	951	1,509	-1,463	-1,111			
Portfolio investment income	-2,859	-2,400	-2,521	-2,447	-10,227	-1,834	-1,519			
Other investment income	-1,301	-424	-62	-1,342	-3,129	-2,306	-891			
Current transfers	-627	239	-170	-154	-712	-671	265			
Total current account	5,992	3,975	8,415	5,197	23,578	2,424	7,506			
Capital and financial account 1, 2										
Capital account, net flows	1,181	1,076	993	951	4,201	1,247	1,165			
Financial account, net flows	-8,222	-5,769	-7,587	-1,164	-22,741	-11,434	-11,705			
Canadian assets, net flows										
Canadian direct investment abroad	-5,244	-15,787	-13,245	-17,046	-51,322	-16,618	-9,780			
Canadian portfolio investment	-19,876	-20,808	-20,372	-17,637	-78,693	-26,015	-23,756			
Foreign bonds	-10,613	-12,689	-9,533	-10,767	-43,602	-16,450	-16,016			
Foreign stocks	-8,202	-9,055	-5,892	-5,142	-28,291	-9,333	-7,502			
Foreign money market	-1,061	936	-4,946	-1,728	-6,800	-232	-239			
Other Canadian investment	-21,245	-20,938	-12,939	19,796	-35,325	-21,215	-14,921			
Loans	-1,936	-4,317	-6,377	429	-12,201	-4,524	4,300			
Deposits	-13,273	-16,742	-4,069	25,901	-8,183	-6,126	-9,068			
Official international reserves	-3,637	909	52	1,662	-1,013	-4,722	-366			
Other assets	-2,399	-788	-2,545	-8,195	-13,927	-5,843	-9,787			
Canadian assets, net flows	-46,365	-57,533	-46,555	-14,887	-165,339	-63,848	-48,457			
Canadian liabilities, net flows										
Foreign direct investment in Canada	15,263	8,784	27,223	27,047	78,317	22,050	17,145			
Foreign portfolio investment	10,200	12,849	4,166	5,328	32,544	6,673	-4,751			
Canadian bonds	166	-843	6,351	12,341	18,015	7,906	-4,858			
Canadian stocks	8,022	9,091	-1,034	-5,264	10,814	-532	-899			
Canadian money market	2,013	4,602	-1,151	-1,749	3,715	-702	1,006			
Other foreign investment	12,679	30,131	7,579	-18,653	31,737	23,690	24,358			
Loans	884	3,226	7,048	716	11,873	1,177	1,975			
Deposits	11,052	27,046	657	-18,032	20,724	21,844	22,329			
Other liabilities	743	-141	-126	-1,337	-860	669	54			
Canadian liabilities, net flows	38,143	51,764	38,968	13,723	142,598	52,414	36,752			
Total capital and financial account,										
net flows	-7,040	-4,694	-6,593	-213	-18,540	-10,187	-10,541			
Statistical discrepancy	1,048	719	-1,821	-4,984	-5,038	7,764	3,035			
Ciationion discrepancy	1,040	113	-1,021	-7,004	-0,000	1,104	3,000			

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \textbf{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \textbf{Footnotes section}.$

Table 1-2 Balance of payments, all countries, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly and annual — 2004 to 2005

-			2004					2005		
	1	II	III	IV	Annual	I	II	III	IV	Annual
					millions of o	dollars				
Current account										
Receipts										
Goods and services	115,915	130,592	126,681	120,569	493,757	120,962	130,546	131,829	135,425	518,762
Goods	101,449	114,486	107,515	105,617	429,067	105,829	113,943	112,299	119,712	451,783
Services	14,466	16,106	19,166	14,952	64,690	15,134	16,603	19,530	15,712	66,979
Investment income	8,490	9,849	9,416	10,414	38,169	10,245	12,287	12,311	13,370	48,213
Direct investment income	4,633	5,598	5,149	5,873	21,253	5,436	6,648	6,440	7,493	26,017
Portfolio investment income	2,272	2,526	2,569	2,703	10,070	2,856	2,960	3,174	3,390	12,380
Other investment income	1,586	1,725	1,698	1,838	6,846	1,953	2,679	2,697	2,487	9,816
Current transfers	1,974	1,659	1,618	1,904	7,155	2,312	1,853	1,855	2,156	8,176
Total current account	126,380	142,100	137,715	132,886	539,081	133,519	144,687	145,995	150,950	575,151
Payments										
Goods and services	104,366	115,018	110,763	109,841	439,988	112,421	121,257	115,742	118,003	467,423
Goods	84,835	95,760	91,339	91,375	363,308	92,525	101,489	95,628	98,640	388,282
Services	19,531	19,258	19,425	18,466	76,680	19,896	19,768	20,114	19,363	79,141
Investment income	15,327	17,138	15,620	14,383	62,468	17,541	17,896	17,706	17,592	70,735
Direct investment income	6,416	8,575	7,013	5,648	27,652	8,271	8,369	8,871	8,700	34,212
Portfolio investment income	7,007	7,069	7,046	6,846	27,968	7,022	7,103	6,958	6,814	27,897
Other investment income	1,904	1,494	1,561	1,889	6,849	2,247	2,424	1,877	2,078	8,625
Current transfers Total current account	2,342 122,035	1,603	1,704 128,087	1,924	7,574 510,030	3,174 133,135	1,773 140,926	1,993 135,441	2,111	9,051
	122,035	133,759	120,007	126,148	510,030	133,135	140,926	135,441	137,706	547,208
Balances										
Goods and services	11,550	15,574	15,918	10,728	53,769	8,542	9,289	16,087	17,422	51,340
Goods	16,615	18,726	16,176	14,242	65,759	13,304	12,454	16,671	21,072	63,501
Services	-5,065	-3,152	-259	-3,514	-11,990	-4,762	-3,165	-584	-3,650	-12,162
Investment income	-6,837	-7,289	-6,204	-3,969	-24,299	-7,296	-5,609	-5,395	-4,222	-22,522
Direct investment income	-1,783	-2,977	-1,864	225	-6,399	-2,836	-1,721	-2,431	-1,208	-8,195
Portfolio investment income	-4,735	-4,543	-4,477	-4,143	-17,898	-4,166	-4,143	-3,784	-3,424	-15,518
Other investment income Current transfers	-318 -368	230 56	136 -86	-51 -20	-3 -419	-294 -861	256 80	820 -138	409 45	1,191 -875
Total current account	4,34 5	8,340	9,627	6,738	29,051	384	3,761	10,554	13,244	27,943
Capital and financial account 1,2	,,	2,2.2	-,	2,122			-,	,	,	=:,=:=
Capital account, net flows	933	1,203	1,215	1,115	4,466	1,461	1,706	1,788	985	5,940
Financial account, net flows	-9.950	-11.840	-4.506	-11.000	-37,295	-10,794	-10.892	-10.686	-5.915	-38.287
	-,	,	.,	,	,	,	,	11,111	-,	,
Canadian assets, net flows Canadian direct investment abroad	-6,128	-30.423	-11,718	-8,573	-56.841	-8.033	-9,022	-15,596	-7.995	-40.645
Canadian portfolio investment	-4,559	-5,249	-6,176	-8,384	-24.369	-6,033 -9.479	-12,398	-18,698	-12,704	-53.279
Foreign bonds	-2,613	-3,058	-3,038	-6,581	-15,290	-6,690	-6,007	-9,639	-6,902	-29,238
Foreign stocks	-696	-3,091	-2,444	-1,861	-8,092	-3,092	-5,264	-8,408	-5,188	-21,951
Foreign money market	-1,249	899	-695	57	-987	302	-1,127	-651	-614	-2,089
Other Canadian investment	1,351	-14,741	4,149	3,003	-6,238	-15,572	-2,604	-13,216	9,234	-22,157
Loans	-575	-1,843	968	5,008	3,558	-612	3,875	-264	5,218	8,217
Deposits	-808	-8,188	6,244	-7,909	-10,661	-9,630	-4,197	-13,007	11,017	-15,817
Official international reserves	-236	243	-517	3,937	3,427	-3,437	585	1,092	108	-1,653
Other assets	2,970	-4,952	-2,546	1,966	-2,561	-1,892	-2,867	-1,037	-7,107	-12,903
Canadian assets, net flows	-9,336	-50,413	-13,745	-13,955	-87,448	-33,084	-24,023	-47,510	-11,464	-116,081
Canadian liabilities, net flows										
Foreign direct investment in Canada	5,659	-6,542	8,561	-8,151	-474	5,710	4,911	13,533	10,892	35,046
Foreign portfolio investment	2,858	26,742	9,028	16,134	54,762	5,474	-1,257	4,030	1,330	9,577
Canadian bonds	1,179	5,449	5,676	7,145	19,449	2,179	446	-1,740	-963	-78
Canadian stocks	4,291	18,914	5,450	7,087	35,742	5,235	-2,679	7,389	-812	9,133
Canadian money market	-2,613	2,380	-2,099	1,902	-429	-1,940	976	-1,619	3,105	522
Other foreign investment	-9,131	18,373	-8,349	-5,028	-4,135	11,105	9,478	19,260	-6,673	33,171
Loans	1,328	4,182	-6,483	-1,040	-2,013	8,544	3,654	-5,400	-3,302	3,496
	-10,518	14,716	-1,084	-3,645	-531	-1,236	5,191	24,658	337	28,951
Deposits	59	-524	-783	-343	-1,591	3,797	633	1	-3,708	723
Other liabilities				2,955	50,153	22,289	13,132	36,824	5,549	77,793
	-614	38,573	9,239	2,333	55,155	,	-,	,	0,0.0	,
Other liabilities Canadian liabilities, net flows Total capital and financial account,		,			,		,		ŕ	
Other liabilities Canadian liabilities, net flows	-614 -9,016	38,573 -10,637	-3,292	-9,884	-32,829	-9,333	-9,186	-8,898	-4,931	-32,347

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \textbf{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \textbf{Footnotes section}.$

Table 2-1 Current account, all countries, seasonally adjusted, quarterly and annual — 2006 to 2007

Receipts, seasonally adjusted Goods and services Goods Services Travel Transportation Commercial services Government services Government services Investment income Direct investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Investment income Current transfers	113,615 16,600 4,083 3,005 9,054 458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862 13,892	112,282 16,904 4,213 2,965 9,290 436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129 1,480	114,294 16,893 4,178 3,049 9,224 443 131,187 8,716 434 8,282	115,506 16,832 4,124 3,111 9,140 457 132,338	Annual millions of 455,696 67,230 16,598 12,129 36,708 1,795 522,926	119,365 17,068 4,106 3,240 9,257 465 136,433	119,029 17,037 4,191 3,241 9,143 462 136,066		 	Annual
Goods and services Goods Services Travel Transportation Commercial services Government services Goods and services Investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Investment income Current transfers	16,600 4,083 3,005 9,054 458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	16,904 4,213 2,965 9,290 436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129	16,893 4,178 3,049 9,224 443 131,187 8,716 434	16,832 4,124 3,111 9,140 457 132,338	455,696 67,230 16,598 12,129 36,708 1,795	119,365 17,068 4,106 3,240 9,257 465	17,037 4,191 3,241 9,143 462	 		
Goods and services Goods Services Travel Transportation Commercial services Government services Goods and services Goods and services Investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Urrent transfers	16,600 4,083 3,005 9,054 458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	16,904 4,213 2,965 9,290 436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129	16,893 4,178 3,049 9,224 443 131,187 8,716 434	16,832 4,124 3,111 9,140 457 132,338	67,230 16,598 12,129 36,708 1,795	17,068 4,106 3,240 9,257 465	17,037 4,191 3,241 9,143 462	 		
Goods Services Travel Transportation Commercial services Government services Goods and services Investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Uturent transfers	16,600 4,083 3,005 9,054 458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	16,904 4,213 2,965 9,290 436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129	16,893 4,178 3,049 9,224 443 131,187 8,716 434	16,832 4,124 3,111 9,140 457 132,338	67,230 16,598 12,129 36,708 1,795	17,068 4,106 3,240 9,257 465	17,037 4,191 3,241 9,143 462	 		
Services Travel Transportation Commercial services Government services Goods and services Investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	16,600 4,083 3,005 9,054 458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	16,904 4,213 2,965 9,290 436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129	16,893 4,178 3,049 9,224 443 131,187 8,716 434	16,832 4,124 3,111 9,140 457 132,338	67,230 16,598 12,129 36,708 1,795	17,068 4,106 3,240 9,257 465	17,037 4,191 3,241 9,143 462	 		
Travel Transportation Commercial services Government services Goods and services Investment income Direct investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Investment income Investment income Current transfers	4,083 3,005 9,054 458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	4,213 2,965 9,290 436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129	4,178 3,049 9,224 443 131,187 8,716 434	4,124 3,111 9,140 457 132,338	16,598 12,129 36,708 1,795	4,106 3,240 9,257 465	4,191 3,241 9,143 462	 		
Transportation Commercial services Government services Goods and services Investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Investment income Current transfers	3,005 9,054 458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	2,965 9,290 436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129	3,049 9,224 443 131,187 8,716 434	3,111 9,140 457 132,338	12,129 36,708 1,795	3,240 9,257 465	3,241 9,143 462	 		
Commercial services Government services Goods and services Investment income Direct investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Urrent transfers	9,054 458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	9,290 436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129	9,224 443 131,187 8,716 434	9,140 457 132,338	36,708 1,795	9,257 465	9,143 462			
Government services Goods and services Investment income Direct investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	458 130,215 7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	436 129,186 7,407 398 7,009 4,129	443 131,187 8,716 434	457 132,338	1,795	465	462			
Investment income Direct investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	7,328 272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	7,407 398 7,009 4,129	8,716 434		522,926	136,433	136,066			
Direct investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	398 7,009 4,129	434	9,150			,			
Direct investment income Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	398 7,009 4,129	434	9,150						
Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	272 7,056 3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	398 7,009 4,129	434		32,600	7,942	7,738			
Portfolio investment income Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	3,702 1,288 2,414 2,862	4,129	8 282	276	1,380	379	272			
Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	1,288 2,414 2,862			8,874	31,220	7,562	7,467			
Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	2,414 2,862		4,295	4,741	16,867	5,239	5,271			
Other investment income Investment income Current transfers	2,862	2,649	1,582	1,838	6,189 10,679	2,033	2,163			
Investment income Current transfers		2,049	2,712 3,488	2,903 2,995	12,131	3,206 2,880	3,108 2,985			
Current transfers		14,323	16,498	16,885	61,599	16,060	15,995			
	•	,-	,	,,,,,,,	,	,,,,,,	,			
	740	644	673	623	2,680	664	653			
Official transfers	1,887	1,638	1,579	1,897	7,002	1,773	1,766			
Current transfers	2,627	2,282	2,252	2,521	9,682	2,437	2,419	··		
Total current account	146,734	145,791	149,938	151,744	594,207	154,929	154,480			
Payments, seasonally adjusted										
Goods and services Goods	98,123	100,128	102,968	103,175	404,395	104,757	102,774			
Services	20,106	20,434	20,732	21,122	82,394	21,133	20,966			
Travel	5,670	5,685	5,874	6,081	23,311	5,964	5,918			
Transportation	4,591	4,721	4,823	5,058	19,194	5,035	4,943			
Commercial services	9,586	9,773	9,779	9,726	38,865	9,884	9,849			
Government services	259	255	255	256	1,024	250	255			
Goods and services	118,229	120,562	123,701	124,297	486,789	125,889	123,739		•	••
Investment income										
Direct investment income	6,384	8,584	7,555	8,569	31,091	8,456	8,900			
Direct investment income, interest	366 6,018	365	365	370 8,199	1,465 29,626	356 8,100	360 8,541			
Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income	6,539	8,219 6,584	7,190 6,797	7,175	27,094	7,004	6,928			
Portfolio investment income, interest	5,433	5,448	5,624	5,819	22,324	5,883	5,734			
Portfolio investment income, dividends	1,106	1,136	1,173	1,355	4,770	1,120	1,195			
Other investment income	3,655	3,592	3,908	4,105	15,260	4,642	4,294			
Investment income	16,578	18,760	18,259	19,848	73,446	20,101	20,123			
Current transfers Private transfers	2,038	1,330	1,417	2,129	6,913	1,915	1,409			
Official transfers	927	809	896	849	3,481	911	847			
Current transfers	2,965	2,139	2,313	2,977	10,394	2,826	2,256	••		
Total current account	137,772	141,462	144,273	147,123	570,629	148,817	146,118			
Balances, seasonally adjusted	107,772	141,402	144,273	147,123	370,023	140,017	140,110	••		
Goods and services Goods	15,492	12,154	11,325	12,331	51,302	14,609	16,256			
Services	-3,506	-3,530	-3,839	-4,290	-15,165	-4,065	-3,928			
Travel	-1,588	-1,472	-1,696	-1,957	-6,713	-1,859	-1,727			
Transportation	-1,586	-1,757	-1,775	-1,948	-7,065	-1,795	-1,702			
Commercial services	-532	-482	-556	-587	-2,157	-627	-706			
Government services	199	181	188	202	770	215	207			
Goods and services	11,986	8,624	7,487	8,041	36,137	10,544	12,327		••	
Investment income										
Direct investment income	944	-1,176	1,161	581	1,509	-514	-1,162			
Direct investment income, interest	-94 1 038	1 210	1 002	-94 674	-85 1 504	24 538	-88 -1,074			
Direct investment income, profits Portfolio investment income	1,038 -2,836	-1,210 -2,455	1,092 -2,502	674 -2,434	1,594 -10,227	-538 -1,765	-1,074 -1,657			
Portfolio investment income, interest	-4,144	-3,968	-4,042	-3,982	-16,135	-3,851	-3,571			
Portfolio investment income, dividends	1,308	1,513	1,540	1,548	5,908	2,086	1,913			
Other investment income Investment income	-793 -2,686	-806 -4,437	-420 -1,761	-1,110 -2,963	-3,129 -11,847	-1,762 -4,041	-1,309 -4,128			
Current transfers	-2,000	-,-01	1,701	_,500	11,047	7,071	7,120	•		-
Private transfers	-1,297	-686	-744	-1,505	-4,233	-1,251	-756			
Official transfers	960	829	683	1,049	3,521	861	919			
Current transfers	-337	143	-61	-457	-712	-390	163			
Total current account	8,963	4,330	5,665	4,622	23,578	6,113	8,362			

Table 2-2 Current account, all countries, seasonally adjusted, quarterly and annual — 2004 to 2005

			2004					2005		
	1	II	III	IV	Annual	I	II	III	IV	Annual
					millions of	dollars				
Receipts, seasonally adjusted										
Goods and services										
Goods Services	101,344 15,835	111,502 16,181	110,481 16,235	105,741 16,439	429,067 64,690	107,389 16,568	110,036 16,634	114,627 16,770	119,730 17,008	451,783 66,979
Travel	4,001	4,179	4,217	4,349	16,745	4,274	4,119	4,156	4,125	16,674
Transportation	2,621	2,829	2,855	2,734	11,040	2,863	2,902	2,961	3,024	11,750
Commercial services Government services	8,846	8,768	8,757	8,948	35,318	9,031	9,198	9,220	9,439	36,888
Goods and services	367 117,179	406 127,683	407 126,716	408 122,179	1,587 493,757	399 123,958	414 126,670	433 131,397	420 136,738	1,666 518,762
	111,110	121,000	120,110	122,170	400,707	120,000	120,010	101,001	100,700	010,102
Investment income Direct investment income	5,068	5,481	5,190	5,514	21,253	5,931	6,480	6,473	7,133	26,017
Direct investment income, interest	163	181	189	220	754	223	247	259	317	1,045
Direct investment income, profits	4,905	5,300	5,001	5,293	20,498	5,708	6,233	6,214	6,816	24,971
Portfolio investment income	2,269 492	2,492	2,584	2,725	10,070	2,848	2,914 775	3,195	3,423	12,380
Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends	1,778	618 1,874	618 1,966	687 2,038	2,415 7,655	801 2,048	2,138	975 2,220	1,101 2,322	3,652 8,728
Other investment income	1,616	1,670	1,678	1,882	6,846	2,004	2,561	2,656	2,596	9,816
Investment income	8,954	9,643	9,452	10,120	38,169	10,783	11,954	12,324	13,151	48,213
Current transfers										
Private transfers	663	609	648	592	2,513	711	645	699	642	2,697
Official transfers Current transfers	1,066 1,729	1,216 1,825	1,199 1,847	1,162 1,754	4,642 7,155	1,333 2,044	1,408 2,053	1,427 2,126	1,312 1,954	5,479 8,176
Total current account	127,861	139,150	138,015	134,054	539,081	136,784	140,677	145,847	151,843	575,151
Payments, seasonally adjusted	127,001	100,100	100,010	104,004	000,001	100,704	140,011	140,047	101,040	070,101
Goods and services										
Goods	85,364	91,991	93,978	91,975	363,308	94,885	96,365	97,581	99,450	388,282
Services	19,048	19,309	19,117	19,206	76,680	19,362	19,768	19,844	20,167	79,141
Travel Transportation	5,126 3,816	5,267 3,996	5,141 4,066	5,214 4,041	20,747 15,919	5,450 4,215	5,482 4,363	5,490 4,462	5,637 4,525	22,059 17,566
Commercial services	9,868	9,801	9,665	9,706	39,040	9,450	9,667	9,636	9,749	38,503
Government services	238	246	244	245	973	247	256	255	256	1,013
Goods and services	104,412	111,300	113,095	111,181	439,988	114,247	116,133	117,425	119,617	467,423
Investment income										
Direct investment income	6,117	8,680	7,057	5,798	27,652	7,598	8,760	8,956	8,897	34,212
Direct investment income, interest Direct investment income, profits	512 5,605	512 8,168	512 6,545	517 5,281	2,053 25,599	376 7,222	377 8,384	377 8,580	371 8,526	1,501 32,711
Portfolio investment income	6,972	7,057	7,060	6,879	27,968	6,983	7,087	6,973	6,854	27,897
Portfolio investment income, interest	6,074	6,136	6,113	5,913	24,235	5,890	5,971	5,826	5,682	23,369
Portfolio investment income, dividends Other investment income	897 1,644	921 1,630	948 1,754	966 1,821	3,733	1,093 1,939	1,116 2,584	1,147 2,083	1,172	4,528 8,625
Investment income	14,733	17,367	15,871	14,498	6,849 62,468	16,520	18,431	18,013	2,020 17,772	70,735
Current transfers										
Private transfers Official transfers	1,083 672	1,145 795	1,140 709	1,161 869	4,529 3,045	1,234 1,182	1,295 869	1,331 884	1,311 944	5,172 3,879
Current transfers	1,755	1,940	1,849	2,030	7,574	2,416	2,164	2,215	2,255	9,051
Total current account	120,900	130,606	130,815	127,709	510,030	133,183	136,729	137,653	139,643	547,208
Balances, seasonally adjusted										
Goods and services										
Goods	15,980	19,511	16,502	13,766	65,759	12,504	13,671	17,046	20,280	63,501
Services	-3,213	-3,128	-2,882	-2,768	-11,990	-2,794	-3,135	-3,074	-3,159	-12,162
Travel Transportation	-1,125 -1,196	-1,088 -1,166	-924 -1,211	-865 -1,307	-4,002 -4,880	-1,176 -1,352	-1,363 -1,461	-1,335 -1,501	-1,511 -1,501	-5,385 -5,815
Commercial services	-1,022	-1,033	-909	-758	-3,722	-419	-469	-416	-310	-1,615
Government services	129	160	162	162	614	153	159	178	164	653
Goods and services	12,767	16,383	13,621	10,998	53,769	9,711	10,537	13,972	17,121	51,340
Investment income	4.040	2.400	4 007	005	6 000	4.007	0.000	0.400	4 705	0.46-
Direct investment income Direct investment income, interest	-1,049 -349	-3,199 -331	-1,867 -322	-285 -297	-6,399 -1,298	-1,667 -153	-2,280 -130	-2,483 -118	-1,765 -55	-8,195 -455
Direct investment income, profits	-700	-2,868	-1,544	12	-5,101	-1,514	-2,151	-2,365	-1,710	-7,740
Portfolio investment income	-4,702	-4,565	-4,476	-4,154	-17,898	-4,135	-4,173	-3,778	-3,431	-15,518
Portfolio investment income, interest Portfolio investment income, dividends	-5,582 880	-5,518 952	-5,494 1,019	-5,226 1,072	-21,820 3,923	-5,089 955	-5,196 1,023	-4,851 1,072	-4,581 1,150	-19,718 4,200
Other investment income	-28	952 40	-76	61	3,923 -3	955 65	-23	573	1,150 576	1,191
Investment income	-5,779	-7,724	-6,418	-4,378	-24,299	-5,737	-6,477	-5,688	-4,620	-22,522
Current transfers			400	=00	0.04=		252	222	222	.
Private transfers Official transfers	-420 393	-535 420	-492 490	-569 294	-2,017 1,598	-523 151	-650 539	-632 543	-669 368	-2,475 1,600
Current transfers	-26	-115	490 -2	- 276	-419	- 372	-111	- 90	- 301	-875
Total current account	6,962	8,544	7,200	6,345	29,051	3,601	3,949	8,193	12,200	27,943

Table 3-1 International transactions in services by detailed category, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly and annual — 2006 to 2007

			2006			2007						
	- 1	II	III	IV	Annual	I	ļļ.	III	IV	Annu		
					millions of	dollars						
Receipts												
ravel	2.956	4,241	6.153	3,248	16.598	3.004	4,229					
Business travel	575	857	798	660	2.890	557	852					
Personal travel	2,382	3,384	5,355	2,588	13,709	2,447	3,377					
ransportation	2,630	3,087	3,487	2,925	12,129	2,828	3,367					
Vater transport	776	975	1.014	1.047	3.812	960	1.247	••				
vater transport	984	1.211	1,624	1,047	4.834	969	1,213					
and and other transport	870	901	849	864	3,484	900	907					
					,							
commercial services	9,273	9,093	9,377	8,965	36,708	9,439	8,958					
Communication services	681	682	629	619	2,611	661	655					
Construction services	69	53	54	49	225	39	32					
nsurance services	985	972	986	978	3,921	965	950					
Other financial services	507	564	611	467	2,149	580	498					
Computer and information services	1,167	1,157	1,135	1,117	4,576	1,192	1,138					
Royalties and licence fees	892	883	981	925	3,681	934	930					
Management services	1,252	1,225	1,265	1,234	4,976	1,249	1,204					
Research and development	713	750	893	829	3,185	809	767					
rchitectural, engineering, and other												
technical services	1,259	1,142	1,086	1,122	4,609	1,234	1,098					
Other miscellaneous services to												
business 2, 3	1.105	1.076	1.042	963	4.186	1.110	1.098					
Audio-visual services 3	645	589	694	663	2,591	665	586					
Sovernment services	460	437	464	434	1,795	465	462					
otal, all services	15,320	16,857	19,480	15,573	67,230	15,736	17,016					
Payments												
ravel	6,760	5,940	5,457	5,154	23.311	7,118	6,185					
Business travel	928	1.047	783	981	3.739	996	1.175	••	••			
Personal travel	5.832	4,893	4.674	4,173	19,572	6,122	5,010					
ersonal traver	3,032	4,095	4,074	4,173	19,572	0,122	3,010					
Fransportation Fransportation	4,423	4,758	5,223	4,790	19,194	4,823	4,974					
Vater transport	1.691	2.076	2.165	2.135	8.067	1.888	2.179					
Air transport 1	2,119	2,079	2,477	2,071	8,746	2,298	2,207					
and and other transport	614	603	580	585	2,382	637	587					
Commercial services	9,262	9,509	10,089	10,006	38,866	9,580	9,586					
					2,218			••				
Communication services	570	557 25	541	550 26		602	557	**				
Construction services	35		26		112	49	54					
nsurance services	1,370	1,375	1,403	1,375	5,523	1,384	1,387					
Other financial services	642	868	790	945	3,245	916	1,155					
Computer and information services	566	561	593	571	2,291	536	532					
Royalties and licence fees	1,958	1,938	2,187	2,219	8,302	1,915	1,807					
lanagement services	1,220	1,187	1,273	1,259	4,939	1,233	1,199					
esearch and development	320	367	335	323	1,345	277	349					
rchitectural, engineering, and other												
technical services	708	713	732	744	2,897	680	615					
Other miscellaneous services to												
business 2, 3	1,272	1,301	1,537	1,369	5,479	1,333	1,331					
Audio-visual services 3	601	616	671	625	2,513	655	601					
Sovernment services	264	244	259	257	1,024	255	245					
Sala all annulus	00.700	00.450	04.000	00.00=		21.776	20.990					
otal, all services	20.709	20.450	21.028	20.207	82.394							

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \text{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \text{Footnotes section}.$

Table 3-2 International transactions in services by detailed category, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly and annual — 2004 to 2005

			2004			2005						
	ı	II	III	IV	Annual	I	II	III	IV	Annua		
					millions of	dollars						
Receipts												
Travel Business travel Personal travel	2,739 550 2,188	4,217 738 3,479	6,540 749 5,791	3,250 621 2,629	16,746 2,658 14,087	2,997 552 2,444	4,182 796 3,386	6,290 821 5,469	3,205 619 2,586	16,674 2,788 13,885		
Transportation Water transport Air transport ¹ Land and other transport	2,274 580 848 846	2,933 793 1,207 932	3,285 763 1,658 864	2,548 769 957 822	11,040 2,905 4,670 3,464	2,474 670 949 855	3,018 850 1,243 925	3,415 894 1,660 862	2,843 936 1,037 871	11,750 3,350 4,889 3,513		
Commercial services Communication services Construction services Insurance services Other financial services Computer and information services Royalties and licence fees Management services Research and development Architectural, engineering, and other	9,086 652 43 1,001 377 1,096 1,011 1,379 730	8,550 621 40 927 336 1,020 938 1,344 709	8,921 608 43 908 336 1,117 1,030 1,348 753	8,760 687 41 890 417 1,047 963 1,320 694	35,317 2,568 167 3,726 1,466 4,280 3,942 5,391 2,886	9,261 667 57 958 432 1,178 884 1,363 704	8,990 670 53 962 447 1,166 820 1,263 662	9,375 634 58 987 493 1,197 901 1,268 754	9,262 658 54 981 550 1,211 842 1,234 689	36,888 2,629 222 3,888 1,922 4,752 3,447 5,128		
technical services Other miscellaneous services to business 2 · 3 Audio-visual services 3	1,051 1,102 645	1,008 1,030 576	1,049 1,112 616	1,085 1,064 552	4,193 4,308	1,137 1,255 625	1,186 1,168 594	1,183 1,263 639	1,177 1,202 664	4,683 4,888		
Government services	367	406	420	394	2,389 1,587	401	413	449	402	2,522 1,665		
Total, all services	14,466	16,106	19,166	14,952	64,690	15,134	16,603	19,530	15,712	66,979		
Payments												
Travel Business travel Personal travel	6,092 730 5,362	5,506 932 4,574	4,749 659 4,090	4,401 811 3,590	20,748 3,132 17,616	6,480 764 5,716	5,732 1,039 4,692	5,076 781 4,294	4,771 977 3,794	22,059 3,561 18,496		
Transportation Water transport Air transport ¹ Land and other transport	3,680 1,411 1,654 615	3,995 1,660 1,696 639	4,422 1,830 1,979 613	3,822 1,723 1,533 566	15,919 6,624 6,862 2,433	4,043 1,585 1,855 603	4,392 1,802 1,966 623	4,835 2,045 2,202 588	4,295 1,876 1,828 591	17,565 7,308 7,851 2,405		
Commercial services Communication services Construction services Insurance services Other financial services	9,514 568 42 1,528 698 588	9,523 566 44 1,448 733 581	10,005 588 52 1,418 674 638	9,998 598 52 1,410 703 657	39,040 2,320 190 5,804 2,808	9,120 594 31 1,363 676 524	9,400 598 48 1,388 714 507	9,944 624 57 1,408 736 554	10,039 618 71 1,400 726 583	38,503 2,434 207 5,559 2,852		
Computer and information services Royalties and licence fees Management services Research and development Architectural, engineering, and other	2,093 1,173 303	2,026 1,214 356	2,181 1,355 360	2,117 1,360 344	2,464 8,417 5,102 1,363	1,976 1,224 316	1,968 1,267 363	2,203 1,368 331	2,170 1,379 320	2,168 8,317 5,238 1,330		
technical services Other miscellaneous services to business 2 · 3 Audio-visual services 3	558 1,365 596	580 1,390 584	619 1,488 631	638 1,529 590	2,395 5,772 2,401	511 1,389 516	532 1,412 605	590 1,498 574	619 1,550 603	2,252 5,849 2,298		
Government services	245	234	249	246	974	253	244	259	257	1,013		
Total, all services	19,531	19,258	19,425	18,466	76,680	19,896	19,768	20,114	19,363	79,141		

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \text{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \text{Footnotes section}.$

Table 4-1 International transactions in services by detailed category, seasonally adjusted, quarterly and annual — 2006 to 2007

			2006					2007	2007						
		II	III	IV	Annual	I	II	III	IV	Annua					
					millions of	dollars									
Receipts															
ravel	4,083	4,213	4,178	4,124	16,598	4,106	4,191								
Business travel	711	745	699	735	2,890	695	725								
ersonal travel	3,372	3,468	3,479	3,390	13,709	3,411	3,465	••							
ransportation	3,005	2,965	3,049	3,111	12,130	3,240	3,241								
Vater transport	905	924	978	1,005	3,812	1,122	1,178								
ir transport 1	1,224	1,185	1,206	1,219	4,834	1,210	1,198								
and and other transport	877	855	865	887	3,484	908	866								
ommercial services	9.054	9,290	9,224	9.140	36,708	9.257	9,143								
ommunication services	681	682	629	619	2,611	661	655								
onstruction services	69	53	54	49	225	39	32								
surance services	978	978	980	984	3,920	959	958								
ther financial services	507	564	611	467	2.149	580	498								
Computer and information services	1,113	1,177	1,121	1,164	4,575	1,147	1,149								
Royalties and licence fees	876	924	930	949	3,679	936	964								
lanagement services	1,218	1,240	1,255	1,265	4,978	1,227	1,222								
Research and development	718	790	840	837	3,185	815	809								
rchitectural, engineering, and other	710	700	040	001	0,100	010	000								
technical services	1,219	1,149	1,103	1,138	4,609	1,185	1,112								
Other miscellaneous services to	1,210	1,140	1,100	1,100	4,000	1,100	1,112								
business 2, 3	1,050	1,111	1,020	1,005	4,186	1,064	1,116								
udio-visual services 3	626	622	681	661	2,590	643	627								
Sovernment services	458	436	443	457	1,794	465	462	-							
otal, all services	16,600	16,904	16,893	16,832	67,229	17,068	17,037								
ayments															
ravel	5,670	5,685	5,874	6,081	23,310	5,964	5,918								
susiness travel	972	901	919	948	3,740	1,034	1,011								
Personal travel	4,698	4,784	4,955	5,134	19,571	4,931	4,907								
ransportation	4,591	4,721	4,823	5,058	19,193	5,035	4,943								
Vater transport	1.894	2.052	1.989	2.132	8.067	2.130	2.144	•							
ir transport 1	2,093	2,084	2,244	2,323	8,744	2,281	2,224								
and and other transport	604	586	590	603	2,383	623	575								
commercial services	9,586	9,773	9,779	9,726	38,864	9.884	9.849								
	574	569	537	539	2,219	605	567								
Communication services	35	25	26	26	2,219	49	567 54								
Construction services	1,382	1,383	1,392			1,396	1,395								
nsurance services	1,362	1,363 868	790	1,367	5,524										
Other financial services				945	3,245 2,291	916	1,155		••						
Computer and information services	588	591	566	546		553	557								
Royalties and licence fees	2,059	2,034	2,076	2,133	8,302	2,002	1,915								
lanagement services	1,302	1,247	1,199	1,192	4,940	1,315	1,251	••	••						
esearch and development	320	367	335	323	1,345	277	349								
rchitectural, engineering, and other	700	740	700	744	2 227	200	645								
technical services	708	713	732	744	2,897	680	615								
Other miscellaneous services to	4.045	4.044	4 400	4.004		4.440	4 000								
business 2, 3	1,345	1,341	1,490	1,304	5,480	1,410	1,368								
Audio-visual services 3	632	637	635	609	2,513	680	623		••						
Sovernment services	259	255	255	256	1,025	250	255								

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \textbf{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \textbf{Footnotes section}.$

Table 4-2 International transactions in services by detailed category, seasonally adjusted, quarterly and annual — 2004 to 2005

			2004					2005		
	I	II	III	IV	Annual	ļ	II	III	IV	Annua
	-				millions of	dollars				
Receipts										
[ravel	4,001	4,179	4,217	4,349	16,746	4,274	4,119	4,156	4,125	16,674
Business travel	660	647	647	705	2,659	677	701	716	695	2,789
Personal travel	3,341	3,532	3,569	3,644	14,086	3,598	3,418	3,440	3,430	13,880
ransportation	2,621	2,829	2,855	2,734	11,039	2,863	2,902	2,961	3,024	11,75
Vater transport	676	753	744	733	2,906	782	806	867	895	3,35
Air transport 1	1,087	1,191	1,235	1,157	4,670	1,217	1,218	1,218	1,235	4,88
and and other transport	858	885	877	844	3,464	864	878	877	894	3,51
Commercial services	8,846	8,768	8,757	8,948	35,319	9,031	9,198	9,220	9,439	36,88
Communication services	652	621	608	687	2,568	667	670	634	658	2,62
Construction services	43	40	43	41	167	57	53	58	54	22:
nsurance services	995	933	904	895	3,727	955	967	982	984	3,88
Other financial services	377	336	336	417	1,466	432	447	493	550	1,92
Computer and information services	1,042	1,049	1,096	1,094	4,281	1,123	1,190	1,179	1,262	4,75
Royalties and licence fees	989	988	981	984	3,942	870	862	855	859	3,44
Management services	1,340	1,362	1,331	1,359	5,392	1,327	1,279	1,255	1,267	5,12
Research and development	723	747	715	701	2,886	704	697	712	695	2,80
Architectural, engineering, and other										
technical services	1,019	1,016	1,049	1,109	4,193	1,098	1,192	1,189	1,203	4,68
Other miscellaneous services to	, -	,-	, -	,	,		, -	,	,	,
business 2, 3	1,053	1,067	1,082	1,105	4,307	1,197	1,209	1,234	1,247	4,88
Audio-visual services 3	613	609	613	554	2,389	600	632	631	659	2,52
Government services	367	406	407	408	1,588	399	414	433	420	1,66
Total, all services	15,835	16,181	16,235	16,439	64,690	16,568	16,634	16,770	17,008	66,980
Payments										
[ravel	5,126	5,267	5,141	5,214	20,748	5,450	5,482	5,490	5,637	22,059
Business travel	756	817	767	791	3.131	801	901	913	947	3.562
Personal travel	4,370	4,450	4,374	4,422	17,616	4,649	4,581	4,577	4,689	18,49
ransportation	3,816	3,996	4,066	4,041	15,919	4,215	4,363	4,462	4,525	17,56
Vater transport	1,574	1.645	1.689	1.717	6.625	1.775	1,782	1.882	1.869	7.30
Air transport 1	1,632	1,731	1,755	1,743	6,861	1,844	1,976	1,983	2,048	7,85
and and other transport	610	620	622	581	2,433	596	605	597	608	2,40
commercial services	9,868	9.801	9,665	9,706	39.040	9.450	9,667	9,636	9,749	38.50
Communication services	574	578	583	584	2,319	597	610	621	605	2,43
Construction services	42	44	52	52	190	31	48	57	71	2,43
nsurance services	1,537	1,455	1,408	1,403	5.803	1,373	1,395	1,398	1,393	5,55
Other financial services	698	733	674	703	2,808	676	714	736	726	2.85
Computer and information services	616	611	605	632	2,606	545	534	528	561	2,00
Royalties and licence fees	2,205	2,122	2,053	2,038	2,464 8,418	2,077	2,063	2,083	2,093	8,31
lanagement services	1.262	1,281	1.274	1.285	5,102	1.308	1,331	1.297	1,302	5,23
esearch and development	303	356	360	344	1,363	316	363	331	320	1.33
	303	330	300	344	1,363	310	303	331	320	1,33
rchitectural, engineering, and other technical services	558	580	619	638	2,395	511	532	590	619	2,25
Other miscellaneous services to	550	300	019	030	2,333	311	332	390	013	2,25
business 2 , 3	1.450	1,433	1.437	1.452	5,772	1.473	1,451	1.451	1.473	5,84
audio-visual services 3	1,450 622	606	1,437 599	575	5,772 2,402	541	625	1,451 544	1,473 587	2,29
Sovernment services	238	246	244	245	973	247	256	255	256	1,01
Total, all services	19.048	19.309	19,117	19,206	76,680	19.362	19,768	19.844	20,167	79.14

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \textbf{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \textbf{Footnotes section}.$

Table 5
Balance of payments, all countries, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly

Quarter	Current account			Capital and financial accounts							
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital account			Financial account			Total	discrepancy
				Inflows	Outflows	Net	Assets	Liabilities	Net		
V No.	v114494	v114513	v114532	v114555	v114556	v114554	v114558	v114575	v114557	v114553	v114588
	millions of dollars										
2002											
I	122,869	117,899	4,970	1,548	-190	1,358	-26,376	27,040	664	2,022	-6,992
II	130,389	125,839	4,550	1,633	-109	1,524	-13,294	12,358	-935	588	-5,138
III	130,479	123,605	6,874	1,433	-227	1,207	-17,780	7,807	-9,972	-8,765	1,891
IV	131,176	127,792	3,384	1,018	-170	847	-26,182	14,281	-11,900	-11,053	7,669
2003											
1	127,776	125,973	1,803	1,171	-174	997	-29,052	32,843	3,791	4,789	-6,592
II	123,032	122,739	293	1,267	-90	1,177	-814	-8,348	-9,163	-7,985	7,692
III	122,588	115,609	6,979	1,333	-204	1,128	-6,458	-2,867	-9,325	-8,197	1,218
IV	123,503	117,929	5,574	1,031	-109	922	-31,400	26,162	-5,239	-4,317	-1,257
2004											
1	126,380	122,035	4,345	1,121	-188	933	-9,336	-614	-9,950	-9,016	4,671
II	142,100	133,759	8,340	1,309	-106	1,203	-50,413	38,573	-11,840	-10,637	2,296
III	137,715	128,087	9,627	1,403	-189	1,215	-13,745	9,239	-4,506	-3,292	-6,336
IV	132,886	126,148	6,738	1,262	-147	1,115	-13,955	2,955	-11,000	-9,884	3,146
2005											
I	133,519	133,135	384	1,593	-132	1,461	-33,084	22,289	-10,794	-9,333	8,949
II	144,687	140,926	3,761	1,878	-171	1,706	-24,023	13,132	-10,892	-9,186	5,425
III	145,995	135,441	10,554	2,003	-214	1,788	-47,510	36,824	-10,686	-8,898	-1,656
IV	150,950	137,706	13,244	1,148	-163	985	-11,464	5,549	-5,915	-4,931	-8,313
2006											
I	144,799	138,806	5,992	1,328	-147	1,181	-46,365	38,143	-8,222	-7,040	1,048
II	149,174	145,199	3,975	1,231	-155	1,076	-57,533	51,764	-5,769	-4,694	719
III	149,838	141,423	8,415	1,235	-241	993	-46,555	38,968	-7,587	-6,593	-1,821
IV	150,397	145,200	5,197	1,072	-121	951	-14,887	13,723	-1,164	-213	-4,984
2007											
I	153,245	150,822	2,424	1,387	-140	1,247	-63,848	52,414	-11,434	-10,187	7,764
II	157,542	150,036	7,506	1,387	-222	1,165	-48,457	36,752	-11,705	-10,541	3,035

Table 6 Balance of payments, all countries, annual

Year	Current account			Capital and financial accounts							Statistical
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital account			Financial account			Total	discrepancy
				Inflows	Outflows	Net	Assets	Liabilities	Net		
V No.	v113675	v113694	v113713	v113736	v113737	v113735	v113739	v113756	v113738	v113734	v113769
	millions of dollars										
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	514,913 496,899 539,081 575,151 594,207	495,135 482,250 510,030 547,208 570,629	19,778 14,649 29,051 27,943 23,578	5,632 4,802 5,095 6,622 4,865	-696 -577 -629 -681 -664	4,936 4,225 4,466 5,940 4,201	-83,631 -67,724 -87,448 -116,081 -165,339	61,487 47,789 50,153 77,793 142,598	-22,144 -19,935 -37,295 -38,287 -22,741	-17,208 -15,711 -32,829 -32,347 -18,540	-2,570 1,062 3,778 4,404 -5,038

Table 7-1 Current account, all countries, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter		Goods and serv	rices		Investment	Current	Total	
	Goods	Gold available ¹ for export	Services	Total	income	transfers		
				Receipts				
V No.	v114366	v114367	v114368	v114365	v114373	v114383	v114364	
			n	nillions of dollars				
2002								
!	101,284		15,474	116,759	7,114	1,715	125,588	
II III	102,407	••	15,599 16,062	118,006	7,276	1,583 1,718	126,865 130.472	
IV	105,093 105,255		16,347	121,155 121,602	7,599 8,514	1,716	130,472	
2003								
I	106,100		15,809	121,909	6,394	1,718	130,021	
II	96,835		14,851	111,687	6,884	1,656	120,227	
III	97,692	••	15,268	112,960	7,880	1,691	122,531	
IV	98,495	••	15,853	114,348	8,095	1,678	124,120	
2004								
1	101,344	••	15,835	117,179	8,954	1,729	127,861	
II.	111,502	••	16,181	127,683	9,643	1,825	139,150	
III	110,481		16,235	126,716	9,452	1,847	138,015	
IV	105,741		16,439	122,179	10,120	1,754	134,054	
2005								
I	107,389		16,568	123,958	10,783	2,044	136,784	
II	110,036	••	16,634	126,670	11,954	2,053	140,677	
III	114,627		16,770	131,397	12,324	2,126	145,847	
IV	119,730		17,008	136,738	13,151	1,954	151,843	
2006								
I	113,615		16,600	130,215	13,892	2,627	146,734	
II	112,282		16,904	129,186	14,323	2,282	145,791	
III	114,294		16,893	131,187	16,498	2,252	149,938	
IV	115,506		16,832	132,338	16,885	2,521	151,744	
2007								
<u> </u>	119,365		17,068	136,433	16,060	2,437	154,929	
II	119,029	••	17,037	136,066	15,995	2,419	154,480	

Table 7-2
Current account, all countries, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter		Goods and serv	rices		Investment	Current	Total	
	Goods	Gold available ¹ for export	Services	Total	income	transfers		
				Payments				
V No.	v114399		v114400	v114398	v114405	v114416	v114397	
			n	nillions of dollars				
2002			40.000	400.000	44.000	4 =0=	440040	
<u> </u>	85,665 88,627		16,668 17,705	102,333 106,332	14,308 13,665	1,707 1.640	118,348 121,636	
II III	88,627 91,021	•	17,705	106,332	15,548	1,640	121,636	
IV	91,415		18,209	109,623	17,278	1,762	128,664	
2003								
I.	90,492		18,024	108,516	15,858	1,725	126,099	
II.	85,324		17,684	103,008	14,728	1,777	119,513	
III IV	82,855 84,039		18,537 19,057	101,392 103,096	14,592 14,106	1,733 1,720	117,718 118,922	
2004	0.,002	•	. 5,55.	. 55,555	,	.,. ==	,	
1	85,364		19,048	104,412	14,733	1,755	120,900	
i	91,991		19,309	111,300	17,367	1,940	130,606	
III	93,978		19,117	113,095	15,871	1,849	130,815	
IV	91,975		19,206	111,181	14,498	2,030	127,709	
2005								
1	94,885		19,362	114,247	16,520	2,416	133,183	
II.	96,365		19,768	116,133	18,431	2,164	136,729	
III	97,581		19,844	117,425	18,013	2,215	137,653	
IV	99,450		20,167	119,617	17,772	2,255	139,643	
2006	00.400		00.400	440.000	40.570	0.005	407 770	
!	98,123		20,106	118,229	16,578	2,965	137,772	
II III	100,128 102,968	•	20,434 20,732	120,562 123,701	18,760 18,259	2,139 2,313	141,462 144.273	
IV	102,966		21,122	124,297	19,848	2,977	144,273	
2007								
1	104,757		21,133	125,889	20,101	2,826	148,817	
II	102,774		20,966	123,739	20,123	2,256	146,118	

Table 7-3 Current account, all countries, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Balances

Quarter		Goods and serv	rices		Investment	Current	Total
	Goods	Gold available ¹ for export	Services	Total	income	transfers	
				Balances			
V No.	v114423	v114424	v114425	v114422	v114430	v114441	v114421
			r	nillions of dollars			
2002							
<u>I</u>	15,620		-1,194	14,425	-7,194	9	7,240
II	13,780		-2,105	11,674	-6,389	-57	5,228
III	14,072		-2,063	12,009	-7,949	-74	3,985
IV	13,840		-1,861	11,979	-8,765	111	3,325
2003							
1	15,609		-2,215	13,393	-9,464	-6	3,923
II	11,512		-2,833	8,679	-7,844	-121	714
III	14,837	···	-3,269	11,568	-6,712	-42	4,814
IV	14,456		-3,204	11,252	-6,011	-42	5,199
2004							
	15,980		-3,213	12,767	-5,779	-26	6,962
ii	19,511		-3,128	16,383	-7,724	-115	8,544
iii	16,502		-2,882	13.621	-6,418	-2	7,200
IV	13,766		-2,768	10,998	-4,378	-276	6,345
2005	,		,	-,	,		,
2005	12.504		-2.794	9.711	-5.737	-372	3.601
i II	12,504	••	-2,79 4 -3,135	10.537	-5,7 <i>51</i> -6,477	-372 -111	3,949
III	17,046		-3,135 -3,074	13,972	-0,477 -5,688	-111 -90	8,193
IV	20,280		-3,074 -3,159	17,121	-3,000 -4,620	-301	12,200
	20,200		-5,158	11,121	-4,020	-301	12,200
2006							
1	15,492		-3,506	11,986	-2,686	-337	8,963
II	12,154		-3,530	8,624	-4,437	143	4,330
III	11,325		-3,839	7,487	-1,761	-61	5,665
IV	12,331		-4,290	8,041	-2,963	-457	4,622
2007							
1	14,609		-4,065	10,544	-4,041	-390	6,113
i	16,256		-3,928	12,327	-4,128	163	8,362
"	10,200	**	0,020	12,021	4,120	100	0,002

Table 8-1 Current account, all countries, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter		Goods and serv	rices		Investment	Current	Total	
	Goods	Gold available ¹ for export	Services	Total	income	transfers		
				Receipts				
V No.	v114496	v114497	v114498	v114495	v114504	v114508	v114494	
			n	nillions of dollars				
2002								
<u>!</u>	100,025	••	13,877	113,902	7,018	1,948	122,869	
II III	106,010	**	15,573	121,582	7,376	1,430	130,389	
IV	102,170 105,834		19,227 14,806	121,397 120,640	7,570 8,537	1,513 1,999	130,479 131,176	
2003								
I	105,346	••	14,421	119,768	6,068	1,940	127,776	
II	99,737		14,819	114,556	6,960	1,515	123,032	
III	95,284		17,985	113,269	7,820	1,499	122,588	
IV	98,754		14,556	113,310	8,404	1,789	123,503	
2004								
I	101,449		14,466	115,915	8,490	1,974	126,380	
II	114,486		16,106	130,592	9,849	1,659	142,100	
III	107,515		19,166	126,681	9,416	1,618	137,715	
IV	105,617	••	14,952	120,569	10,414	1,904	132,886	
2005								
I	105,829		15,134	120,962	10,245	2,312	133,519	
II.	113,943		16,603	130,546	12,287	1,853	144,687	
III	112,299		19,530	131,829	12,311	1,855	145,995	
IV	119,712		15,712	135,425	13,370	2,156	150,950	
2006								
<u> </u>	113,132		15,320	128,452	13,309	3,037	144,799	
II.	115,548		16,857	132,405	14,748	2,021	149,174	
III	111,946		19,480	131,426	16,492	1,920	149,838	
IV	115,070		15,573	130,643	17,050	2,704	150,397	
2007	440.40-		45 500	404.050	45.540	0.07/	4500:-	
I	119,120		15,736	134,856	15,519	2,871	153,245	
II	121,799		17,016	138,815	16,587	2,140	157,542	

Table 8-2 Current account, all countries, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter		Goods and serv	rices		Investment	Current	Total
	Goods	Gold available ¹ for export	Services	Total	income	transfers	
				Payments			
V No.	v114515		v114516	v114514	v114522	v114526	v114513
			n	nillions of dollars			
2002							
<u> </u>	84,040		16,902	100,943	14,752	2,205	117,899
II III	92,886 88,216		17,615 18,516	110,500 106.732	13,941 15,232	1,397 1,641	125,839 123,605
IV	91,585		17,674	109,259	16,873	1,660	123,605
2003							
I	88,957	-	18,357	107,314	16,382	2,277	125,973
II	89,253		17,645	106,898	14,409	1,431	122,739
III	80,631	•	18,889	99,519	14,501	1,589	115,609
IV	83,868	•	18,412	102,279	13,992	1,659	117,929
2004							
<u> </u>	84,835	•	19,531	104,366	15,327	2,342	122,035
II III	95,760 91,339	•	19,258 19,425	115,018 110,763	17,138 15,620	1,603 1,704	133,759 128,087
IV	91,339	•	18,466	10,763	15,620	1,704	126,067
	91,373	•	10,400	109,041	14,303	1,924	120,140
2005	92,525		19,896	112,421	17,541	3,174	133,135
ii	101,489	•	19,768	121,257	17,896	1,773	140,926
iii	95.628	•	20,114	115.742	17,706	1,993	135,441
IV	98,640		19,363	118,003	17,592	2,111	137,706
2006							
I	96,989	-	20,709	117,698	17,444	3,664	138,806
II	104,860		20,450	125,310	18,108	1,781	145,199
III	100,300		21,028	121,328	18,006	2,090	141,423
IV	102,246	·	20,207	122,453	19,888	2,859	145,200
2007							
<u> </u>	104,382		21,776	126,159	21,122	3,541	150,822
II	107,063	•	20,990	128,053	20,108	1,875	150,036

Table 8-3
Current account, all countries, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Balances

Quarter		Goods and serv	ices		Investment	Current	Total	
	Goods	Gold available ¹ for export	Services	Total	income	transfers		
				Balances				
V No.	v114534	v114535	v114536	v114533	v114542	v114546	v114532	
			r	nillions of dollars				
2002								
I II	15,984		-3,025	12,960	-7,733	-256	4,970	
II III	13,124 13,954	**	-2,042 711	11,082 14.665	-6,565 -7,662	33 -128	4,550 6.874	
IV	14,249		-2,868	11,381	-8,336	339	3,384	
2003								
I	16,389		-3,936	12,453	-10,314	-336	1,803	
II	10,484		-2,826	7,658	-7,449	84	293	
III	14,653	••	-903	13,750	-6,681	-89	6,979	
IV	14,887		-3,855	11,031	-5,587	130	5,574	
2004	10.015			44.550	2.22			
I	16,615		-5,065	11,550	-6,837	-368	4,345	
II III	18,726 16,176	**	-3,152 -259	15,574 15,918	-7,289 -6,204	56 -86	8,340 9,627	
IV	14,242	••	-259 -3,514	10,728	-6,20 4 -3,969	-00 -20	9,627 6,738	
	14,242	**	-3,514	10,720	-3,909	-20	0,736	
2005	13,304		-4,762	8,542	-7,296	-861	384	
i II	12,454	••	-4,762 -3,165	9,289	-7,290 -5,609	-80	3,761	
iii	16,671		-5, 105 -584	16,087	-5,395	-138	10,554	
IV	21,072		-3,650	17,422	-4,222	45	13,244	
2006								
l	16,144		-5,389	10,754	-4,135	-627	5,992	
II	10,688		-3,593	7,095	-3,359	239	3,975	
III	11,646	••	-1,548	10,099	-1,514	-170	8,415	
IV	12,824		-4,635	8,190	-2,839	-154	5,197	
2007	44.505		0.040			074		
I	14,737		-6,040	8,697	-5,603	-671	2,424	
II	14,736		-3,974	10,762	-3,522	265	7,506	

Table 9 Current account, all countries, annual

Year		Goods and se	ervices		Investment	Current	Total
	Goods	Gold available ¹ for export	Services	Total	income	transfers	
				Receipts			
V No.	v113677	v113678	v113679	v113676	v113685	v113689	v113675
				millions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	414,039 399,122 429,067 451,783 455,696	 	63,483 61,781 64,690 66,979 67,230	477,522 460,903 493,757 518,762 522,926	30,502 29,253 38,169 48,213 61,599	6,890 6,743 7,155 8,176 9,682	514,913 496,899 539,081 575,151 594,207
				Payments			
V No.	v113696		v113697	v113695	v113703	v113707	v113694
				millions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	356,727 342,710 363,308 388,282 404,395	: : : :	70,707 73,302 76,680 79,141 82,394	427,434 416,011 439,988 467,423 486,789	60,799 59,284 62,468 70,735 73,446	6,902 6,955 7,574 9,051 10,394	495,135 482,250 510,030 547,208 570,629
				Balances			
V No.	v113715	v113716	v113717	v113714	v113723	v113727	v113713
				millions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	57,311 56,413 65,759 63,501 51,302	 	-7,224 -11,521 -11,990 -12,162 -15,165	50,088 44,892 53,769 51,340 36,137	-30,297 -30,031 -24,299 -22,522 -11,847	-12 -212 -419 -875 -712	19,778 14,649 29,051 27,943 23,578

Table 10-1 Goods ¹ by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter	Agricultural and fishing products	Energy products	Forestry products	Industrial goods	Machinery and equipment	Automotive products	Consumer goods	Special ² transactions	Inland ³ freight and other BOP adjustments	Total
					Recei	pts				
V No.	v114449	v114450	v114451	v114452	v114453	v114454	v114455	v114456	v114457	v114448
					millions of	dollars				
2002										
<u>I</u>	7,855	9,998	9,594	17,115	24,536	24,024	4,414	2,106	1,644	101,284
II	7,577	12,376	9,420	17,444	23,328	24,295	4,183	2,126	1,657	102,407
III IV	7,737 7,705	12,547 14,409	9,022 9,211	18,027 17,588	24,588 24,639	24,877 23,480	4,562 4,520	2,006 1,995	1,727 1,709	105,093 105,255
2003										
1	7,555	18,308	8,598	16,895	23,689	22,563	4,422	2,026	2,045	106,100
II	6,985	14,326	8,130	16,220	21,857	21,536	4,191	1,897	1,695	96,835
III	7,203	14,580	8,822	16,331	21,738	21,504	4,326	1,914	1,274	97,692
IV	7,491	13,307	8,970	17,361	21,392	21,782	4,249	1,853	2,092	98,495
2004										
I .	7,458	15,706	9,104	18,133	22,060	21,639	4,242	1,824	1,177	101,344
II.	8,212	17,560	10,509	20,043	23,528	24,025	4,494	2,113	1,019	111,502
III	7,803	17,454	10,414	20,011	23,186	23,044	4,335	2,077	2,156	110,481
IV	7,218	17,343	9,257	19,780	22,348	21,681	4,199	1,972	1,943	105,741
2005										
<u> </u>	7,237	17,504	9,317	20,826	23,115	21,524	4,318	1,990	1,559	107,389
II	7,457	19,326	9,216	21,012	23,968	21,092	4,404	2,042	1,520	110,036
III IV	7,548 7,865	23,768 26,207	8,698 9,179	20,947 21,473	23,234	22,347 23,114	4,257 4,270	2,064 2,191	1,764 1,637	114,627 119,730
	7,000	20,207	9,179	21,473	23,794	23,114	4,270	2,191	1,037	119,730
2006										
I	7,702	21,618	8,886	21,681	23,678	21,911	4,243	2,230	1,667	113,615
II	7,441	22,380	8,334	22,537	22,963	20,559	4,267	2,114	1,687	112,282 114,294
III IV	8,033	22,395	8,086	24,396	23,907	19,188	4,542	2,155	1,592	
	8,151	20,391	7,956	25,345	24,125	20,882	4,907	2,234	1,516	115,506
2007										
I.	8,718	22,507	7,859	25,926	24,806	20,861	4,923	2,180	1,584	119,365
II	8,628	23,145	7,581	27,364	24,222	19,367	4,952	2,214	1,558	119,029

Table 10-2 Goods ¹ by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter	Agricultural and fishing products	Energy products	Forestry products	Industrial goods	Machinery and equipment	Automotive products	Consumer goods	Special ² transactions	Inland ³ freight and other BOP adjustments	Total
					Payme	ents				
V No.	v114459	v114460	v114461	v114462	v114463	v114464	v114465	v114466	v114467	v114458
					millions of	dollars				
2002										
I.	5,353	3,334	751	16,853	25,960	19,095	11,221	1,528	1,568	85,665
II.	5,298	3,989	789	17,148	26,647	20,230	11,437	1,476	1,612	88,627
III IV	5,622 5,506	4,475 4,770	797 801	17,468 17,422	26,543 26,796	21,195 20,949	11,797 12,018	1,473 1,496	1,651 1,657	91,021 91,415
2003										
I	5,517	5,593	801	17,406	25,784	20,486	11,878	1,380	1,647	90,492
II	5,458	4,673	736	16,127	24,416	19,529	11,508	1,302	1,573	85,324
III IV	5,316 5,216	4,686 4,860	741 730	15,708 16,030	24,439 24,045	17,684 18,793	11,428 11,491	1,332 1,296	1,520 1,577	82,855 84,039
2004										
I .	5,196	5,109	739	16,761	24,788	18,540	11,391	1,266	1,573	85,364
II	5,449	6,079	801	18,460	26,711	19,486	12,008	1,390	1,607	91,991
III	5,391	6,555	817	19,274	26,608	20,313	12,174	1,235	1,612	93,978
IV	5,315	7,039	815	19,008	25,992	19,026	12,142	1,044	1,594	91,975
2005										
!	5,464	7,639	799	19,577	26,802	19,287	12,205	1,259	1,854	94,885
II III	5,465 5,489	8,121 8,745	825 759	19,504 19,458	27,736 27,903	19,534 19,833	12,312 12,390	1,052 1,148	1,815 1,857	96,365 97,581
IV	5,469 5,621	9,164	759 753	20,017	28,531	19,722	12,578	1,122	1,942	99,450
2006										
1	5,640	7,621	761	20,572	28,191	19,588	12,718	1,036	1,994	98,123
II	5,725	9,391	768	20,848	28,003	19,427	12,769	1,209	1,989	100,128
III	6,025	9,632	764	21,104	28,798	20,476	12,993	1,135	2,044	102,968
IV	6,063	7,935	791	21,457	29,646	20,292	13,555	1,385	2,052	103,175
2007	0.55-	0.045	700	04 5==	00 50-		44.004	4.445	0.055	10175
1	6,367	8,313	768	21,577	29,582	20,637	14,061	1,412	2,039	104,757
II	6,309	9,456	752	21,179	28,705	19,360	13,508	1,496	2,009	102,774

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 10-3
Goods ¹ by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Balances

Quarter	Agricultural and fishing products	Energy products	Forestry products	Industrial goods	Machinery and equipment	Automotive products	Consumer goods	Special ² transactions	Inland ³ freight and other BOP adjustments	Total
					Balan	ces				
V No.	v114469	v114470	v114471	v114472	v114473	v114474	v114475	v114476	v114477	v114468
					millions of	dollars				
2002										
<u>!</u>	2,501	6,664	8,843	262	-1,424	4,929	-6,808	578	76	15,620
II.	2,279	8,387	8,631	296	-3,319	4,065	-7,254 7,255	649	46 76	13,780
III IV	2,114 2,198	8,072 9,640	8,225 8,410	559 165	-1,955 -2,157	3,683 2,530	-7,235 -7,498	532 499	76 52	14,072 13,840
2003										
I	2,038	12,715	7,797	-511	-2,094	2,077	-7,456	646	397	15,609
II	1,527	9,652	7,393	92	-2,559	2,007	-7,317	595	122	11,512
III IV	1,887 2,274	9,894 8,446	8,081 8,240	623 1,331	-2,701 -2,653	3,820 2,988	-7,102 -7,243	582 557	-246 515	14,837 14,456
2004	=,=	2,	-,	1,221	_,	_,	-,=			,
1	2,262	10,597	8,364	1,372	-2,727	3,099	-7,149	558	-396	15,980
II	2,762	11,481	9,708	1,583	-3,183	4,539	-7,514	723	-588	19,511
III	2,412	10,900	9,596	737	-3,422	2,732	-7,839	842	544	16,502
IV	1,903	10,304	8,442	772	-3,644	2,654	-7,943	928	349	13,766
2005										
!	1,773	9,865	8,518	1,249	-3,687	2,237	-7,887	731	-295	12,504
II III	1,991 2,060	11,205 15.024	8,392 7,939	1,508 1.489	-3,768 -4,669	1,558 2,513	-7,908 -8.133	990 916	-295 -93	13,671 17,046
IV	2,000	17,043	8,426	1,456	-4,737	3,392	-8,308	1,069	-305	20,280
2006										
1	2,062	13,997	8,125	1,109	-4,514	2,322	-8,476	1,193	-327	15,492
II	1,716	12,989	7,566	1,689	-5,040	1,132	-8,502	905	-301	12,154
III	2,009	12,763	7,322	3,292	-4,891	-1,288	-8,450	1,020	-452	11,325
IV	2,087	12,457	7,166	3,888	-5,521	590	-8,648	849	-537	12,331
2007										
<u> </u>	2,351	14,194	7,091	4,349	-4,776	224	-9,137	768	-455 451	14,609
II	2,319	13,689	6,829	6,185	-4,484	7	-8,556	718	-451	16,256

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 11 Goods 1 by type, annual

Year	Agricultural and fishing products	Energy products	Forestry products	Industrial goods	Machinery and equipment	Automotive products	Consumer goods	Special ² transactions	Inland ³ freight and other BOP adjustments	Total
					Recei	pts				
V No.	v114277	v114278	v114279	v114280	v114281	v114282	v114283	v114284	v114285	v114276
					millions of	dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	30,873 29,234 30,691 30,107 31,327	49,330 60,521 68,063 86,805 86,784	37,246 34,519 39,283 36,410 33,262	70,174 66,806 77,967 84,258 93,959	97,091 88,676 91,122 94,111 94,673	96,676 87,385 90,389 88,077 82,539	17,679 17,187 17,269 17,249 17,959	8,233 7,689 7,986 8,288 8,732	6,737 7,106 6,296 6,479 6,462	414,039 399,122 429,067 451,783 455,696
					Payme	ents				
V No.	v114331	v114332	v114333	v114334	v114335	v114336	v114337	v114338	v114339	v114330
					millions of	dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	21,780 21,508 21,352 22,039 23,454	16,567 19,813 24,782 33,669 34,578	3,138 3,008 3,172 3,135 3,083	68,891 65,272 73,503 78,556 83,981	105,947 98,684 104,099 110,972 114,638	81,469 76,492 77,365 78,376 79,783	46,474 46,306 47,714 49,486 52,034	5,974 5,310 4,935 4,582 4,765	6,487 6,318 6,387 7,467 8,078	356,727 342,710 363,308 388,282 404,395
					Balan	ces				
V No.	v114341	v114342	v114343	v114344	v114345	v114346	v114347	v114348	v114349	v114340
					millions of	dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	9,093 7,726 9,339 8,068 7,873	32,763 40,708 43,282 53,136 52,205	34,108 31,511 36,111 33,275 30,179	1,282 1,534 4,464 5,702 9,978	-8,856 -10,008 -12,976 -16,862 -19,966	15,207 10,893 13,024 9,700 2,757	-28,795 -29,118 -30,445 -32,237 -34,075	2,259 2,379 3,051 3,706 3,967	250 788 -91 -988 -1,617	57,311 56,413 65,759 63,501 51,302

Table 12-1
Goods by geographical area, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter	United	United	(Other than United	States and Unite	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total	
				Receipt	s			
V No.	v114479	v114480	v114482	v114483	v114484	v114485	v114481	v114478
				millions of o	lollars			
2002	0.0	4 = 0.4			0.400	- 40-	44.0==	101.001
I II	84,844 85,981	1,764 1,581	4,060 3,947	2,330 2,438	3,182 3,153	5,105 5,306	14,677 14,845	101,284 102,407
III	88,447	1,407	4,007	2,436 2,477	3,090	5,666	15,239	105,093
IV	87,780	1,411	4,280	2,870	3,245	5,669	16,064	105,255
2003								
<u>.</u>	88,205	1,887	4,291	2,741	2,965	6,012	16,008	106,100
II III	79,791 80,755	1,818 1,719	4,115 3,723	2,476 2,318	3,341 3,095	5,295 6.082	15,226 15,218	96,835 97,692
IV	80,233	2,270	4,295	2,265	3,353	6,078	15,991	98,495
2004								
I	82,868	2,124	3,985	2,366	3,431	6,571	16,353	101,344
II.	91,126	2,243	4,352	2,659	3,837	7,284	18,133	111,502
III IV	90,514 86,081	2,655 2,337	4,552 4,428	2,462 2,353	3,345 3,772	6,954 6,770	17,313 17,322	110,481 105,741
	00,001	2,337	4,420	2,333	3,772	0,770	17,322	105,741
2005	87,824	2,295	4,311	2,435	3,335	7.189	17,271	107,389
II	89,114	2,195	4,845	2,463	4,010	7,409	18,727	110,036
III	93,192	2,422	5,123	2,656	3,719	7,514	19,012	114,627
IV	98,119	2,610	4,694	2,764	3,961	7,582	19,001	119,730
2006								
I.	91,785	2,643	5,072	2,530	3,760	7,825	19,187	113,615
II III	89,943 90,017	2,948 2,847	5,049 5,401	2,624 2,614	4,058 4,530	7,659 8,885	19,391 21,430	112,282 114,294
IV	89,218	3,122	5,748	2,687	5,212	9,519	23,166	115,506
	,	-,	-,	_,	-,	-,	,	,
2007	92,198	3,715	6,420	2,696	4,820	9,516	23.452	119.365
II	90,012	4,411	6,406	2,735	5,702	9,763	24,606	119,029

Table 12-2 Goods by geographical area, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total	
				Paymen	ts			
V No.	v114487	v114488	v114490	v114491	v114492	v114493	v114489	v114486
				millions of o	lollars			
2002	00.405	0.540		0.700				
I II	62,165 63.442	2,540 2,595	5,627 6,794	2,769 2,951	4,569 4,719	7,995 8,125	20,960 22,589	85,665 88,627
iii	65,041	2,430	6,758	2,945	5,054	8,794	23,550	91.021
IV	64,585	2,616	6,689	3,068	5,344	9,113	24,214	91,415
2003								
I II	63,455	2,707	6,752	2,862	5,295	9,420	24,329	90,492
III	59,936 58,055	2,149 2,149	6,356 6,691	2,868 2,442	4,794 4,639	9,222 8,879	23,239 22,650	85,324 82,855
IV	58,910	2,178	6,203	2,474	4,969	9,305	22,952	84,039
2004								
!	59,610	2,194	6,141	2,432	5,231	9,756	23,560	85,364
II III	63,629 64,897	2,358 2,464	6,874 7,051	2,521	5,748 5,627	10,861 11,438	26,004 26,618	91,991 93,978
IV	62,155	2,464 2,442	6,926	2,502 2,632	5,632	12,188	27,377	93,976 91,975
2005								
1	63,887	2,153	7,279	2,892	5,857	12,816	28,845	94,885
II.	64,878	2,428	7,250	2,723	6,216	12,869	29,059	96,365
III IV	65,213 65,817	2,194 2,305	7,247 7,678	2,778 2,823	6,034 6,208	14,116 14,620	30,175 31,328	97,581 99,450
	05,617	2,303	7,070	2,023	0,208	14,020	31,320	99,450
2006	65,171	2,193	7,900	2,798	5,559	14,502	30,759	98,123
i ii	64,753	2,193 2,447	8,195	2,796 3,134	6,099	14,502	32,929	100,128
iii	67,293	2,628	8,109	3,093	5,822	16,023	33,048	102,968
IV	67,672	2,275	8,291	2,857	6,203	15,876	33,227	103,175
2007								
I II	68,065 67,160	2,392	8,314	3,063	6,333 5,767	16,589	34,299	104,757
II	67,160	2,617	7,906	2,717	5,767	16,606	32,996	102,774

Table 12-3
Goods by geographical area, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Balances

Quarter	United	United	(Other than United	States and Unite	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total	
				Balance	es			
V No.	v114387	v114388	v114390	v114391	v114392	v114393	v114389	v114386
	-			millions of o	lollars			
2002								
I	22,679	-777	-1,566	-439	-1,387	-2,890	-6,282	15,620
II.	22,539	-1,014	-2,847	-513	-1,566	-2,819	-7,744	13,780
III IV	23,406 23,196	-1,023 -1,205	-2,751 -2,409	-468 -198	-1,965 -2,099	-3,128 -3,445	-8,311 -8,150	14,072 13,840
2003	==,	,,===	_,		_,	2,112	5,155	10,010
1	24.749	-820	-2,461	-121	-2,331	-3,409	-8,321	15,609
İl	19,855	-330	-2,241	-392	-1,452	-3,927	-8,013	11,512
İ	22,700	-430	-2,967	-124	-1,544	-2,797	-7,433	14,837
IV	21,324	92	-1,908	-209	-1,616	-3,227	-6,960	14,456
2004								
I	23,258	-70	-2,156	-67	-1,800	-3,185	-7,208	15,980
II.	27,497	-115	-2,522	138	-1,911	-3,576	-7,871	19,511
III	25,617	191	-2,499	-40	-2,283	-4,484	-9,306	16,502
IV	23,926	-105	-2,498	-279	-1,860	-5,418	-10,055	13,766
2005	00.000	440	0.000	457	0.504	5 000	44.574	10.504
I II	23,936 24,235	142 -233	-2,968 -2,405	-457 -260	-2,521 -2,206	-5,628 -5,460	-11,574 -10,332	12,504 13,671
III	27,980	-233 228	-2,405 -2,125	-200 -121	-2,200 -2,315	-6,602	-11,162	17,046
IV	32,302	305	-2,984	-59	-2,247	-7,038	-12,328	20,280
2006								
1	26.614	449	-2,828	-269	-1.799	-6.677	-11.572	15,492
II	25,191	501	-3,145	-509	-2,041	-7,843	-13,538	12,154
III	22,724	219	-2,708	-479	-1,293	-7,139	-11,618	11,325
IV	21,546	847	-2,543	-171	-991	-6,357	-10,061	12,331
2007								
<u>I</u>	24,133	1,323	-1,895	-367	-1,513	-7,073	-10,847	14,609
II	22,852	1,793	-1,500	18	-65	-6,843	-8,390	16,256

Table 13 Goods by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and Unite	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total	
				Receipt	ts			
V No.	v113772	v113846	v113990	v114062	v114134	v114206	v113918	v113677
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	347,052 328,983 350,588 368,250 360,963	6,162 7,695 9,359 9,522 11,560	16,294 16,423 17,318 18,973 21,270	10,115 9,800 9,839 10,319 10,455	12,671 12,754 14,384 15,025 17,561	21,745 23,466 27,579 29,694 33,887	60,825 62,443 69,120 74,011 83,173	414,039 399,122 429,067 451,783 455,696
				Paymen	ts			
V No.	v113789	v113862	v114006	v114078	v114150	v114222	v113934	v113696
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	255,232 240,356 250,291 259,795 264,889	10,181 9,183 9,458 9,079 9,543	25,867 26,001 26,993 29,455 32,495	11,733 10,646 10,087 11,216 11,882	19,687 19,697 22,238 24,314 23,683	34,027 36,827 44,242 54,421 61,902	91,313 93,170 103,560 119,407 129,962	356,727 342,710 363,308 388,282 404,395
				Balance	es			
V No.	v113805	v113878	v114022	v114094	v114166	v114238	v113950	v113715
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	91,819 88,627 100,298 108,454 96,074	-4,020 -1,488 -99 443 2,017	-9,573 -9,578 -9,675 -10,482 -11,224	-1,618 -846 -248 -897 -1,427	-7,016 -6,943 -7,854 -9,289 -6,123	-12,282 -13,360 -16,664 -24,727 -28,015	-30,488 -30,727 -34,440 -45,396 -46,789	57,311 56,413 65,759 63,501 51,302

Table 14-1 Goods ¹, balance of payments adjustments to customs basis, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter	Goods,		A	djustments			Goods,
	customs basis	Inland freight	Other valuation and residency	Timing	Coverage	Total	balance of payments basis
				Receipts			
V No.	v114317	v114319	v114320	v114321	v114322	v114318	v114316
			mill	ions of dollars			
2002							
I II	95,354 101,659	1,711 1,845	-1,721 -2,291	12 34	4,668 4,762	4,671 4,351	100,025 106,010
" 	97,515	1,781	-1,812	-4	4,690	4,655	102,170
IV	101,853	1,799	-2,802	20	4,964	3,981	105,834
2003							
l II	100,259	1,716 1.664	-2,017	-6 -34	5,395 5,020	5,087 4,236	105,346 99.737
II III	95,502 91,204	1,576	-2,414 -2,724	-34 30	5,020 5,198	4,236	99,737 95,284
IV	94,125	1,660	-1,886	-47	4,903	4,630	98,754
2004							
<u>!</u>	97,663	1,629	-2,538	30	4,665	3,787	101,449
II III	110,259 102,883	1,869 1,786	-3,057 -1,511	16 -37	5,400 4,394	4,227 4,632	114,486 107,515
IV	101,489	1,721	-2,661	-3 <i>1</i> -7	5,075	4,128	105,617
2005							
<u>I</u>	102,156	1,709	-2,200	1	4,163	3,672	105,829
II III	109,731 107,943	1,903 1.828	-2,855 -2,270	-9 0	5,173 4.799	4,212 4.356	113,943 112.299
IV	116,291	1,826 1,856	-2,270 -4,060	-5	5,629	4,356 3,421	119,712
2006							
<u>I</u>	110,400	1,817	-3,237	-12	4,164	2,732	113,132
II	110,966	1,920	-2,159	-8	4,828	4,581	115,548
III IV	107,418 111,371	1,856 1,885	-3,463 -4,029	5 16	6,130 5,826	4,528 3,699	111,946 115,070
2007							
<u> </u>	115,910	1,899	-3,843	-56	5,210	3,210	119,120
II	117,931	1,871	-3,520	175	5,343	3,868	121,799

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 14-2 Goods ¹, balance of payments adjustments to customs basis, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter	Goods,	Adjustments								
	customs basis	Inland freight	Other valuation and residency	Timing	Coverage	Total	balance of payments basis			
				Payments						
V No.	v114324	v114326	v114327	v114328	v114329	v114325	v114323			
			mill	ons of dollars						
2002										
I	82,291	1,601	374	0	-225	1,750	84,040			
II	90,777	1,758	164	0	187	2,109	92,886			
III	86,375	1,678	153	0	10	1,841	88,216			
IV	89,514	1,739	175	0	158	2,071	91,585			
2003										
l	86,467	1,706	125	215	444	2,490	88,957			
II	88,388	1,780	76	-215	-776	866	89,253			
III	79,045	1,641	-136	0	81	1,586	80,631			
IV	82,242	1,689	-60	0	-3	1,626	83,868			
2004										
I	82,706	1,706	-41	0	463	2,129	84,835			
II	93,904	1,898	-5	0	-38	1,856	95,760			
III	89,408	1,816	-27	0	142	1,931	91,339			
IV	89,781	1,813	-152	0	-67	1,593	91,375			
2005										
I	90,794	1,849	145	0	-263	1,731	92,525			
II	99,482	2,032	-200	0	174	2,006	101,489			
III	93,949	1,952	-304	0	31	1,679	95,628			
IV	96,585	1,992	-268	0	331	2,056	98,640			
2006										
1	95,592	2,008	-129	0	-482	1,397	96,989			
II	101,781	2,157	-130	0	1,052	3,079	104,860			
III	99,066	2,100	-188	0	-678	1,234	100,300			
IV	100,092	2,085	-154	0	223	2,154	102,246			
2007										
I	101,930	2.174	-113	0	391	2,452	104.382			
İ	104,589	2,248	-103	Ö	330	2,475	107,063			

Table 15 Goods 1, balance of payments adjustments to customs basis, annual

Year	Goods,		A	djustments			Goods,
	Customs basis	Inland freight	Other valuation and residency	Timing	Coverage	Total	balance of payments basis
				Receipts			
V No.	v114351	v114353	v114354	v114355	v114356	v114352	v114350
			mill	ions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	396,381 381,089 412,293 436,121 440,157	7,135 6,615 7,004 7,296 7,478	-8,626 -9,041 -9,766 -11,385 -12,888	62 -58 2 -13 2	19,085 20,517 19,534 19,764 20,949	17,657 18,033 16,774 15,662 15,540	414,039 399,122 429,067 451,783 455,696
				Payments			
V No.	v114358	v114360	v114361	v114362	v114363	v114359	v114357
			mill	ions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	348,957 336,141 355,799 380,810 396,531	6,775 6,816 7,234 7,826 8,351	866 6 -225 -628 -602	0 0 0 0	129 -254 500 274 115	7,770 6,568 7,509 7,472 7,864	356,727 342,710 363,308 388,282 404,395

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 16-1 Services by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter	Travel	Transportation	Commercial services	Government services	Total
		Re	eceipts		
V No.	v114369	v114370	v114371	v114372	v114368
		million	s of dollars		
2002					
I II	4,231 4,042	2,655 2,713	8,211 8,479	377 366	15,474 15,599
iii	4,230	2,713	8,728	338	16,062
IV	4,238	2,926	8,828	355	16,347
2003					
<u>!</u> .	4,091	2,628	8,720	370	15,809
II.	3,401 3,497	2,285 2,434	8,785 8,947	380 390	14,851 15,268
III IV	3,497 3,787	2,434 2,595	9,060	410	15,853
2004					
1	4,001	2,621	8,846	367	15,835
II.	4,179	2,829	8,768	406	16,181
III IV	4,217 4,349	2,855 2,734	8,757 8,948	407 408	16,235 16,439
2005	,	, -	-,-		,
	4,274	2,863	9,031	399	16,568
II	4,119	2,902	9,198	414	16,634
III	4,156	2,961	9,220	433	16,770
IV	4,125	3,024	9,439	420	17,008
2006	4.000	0.005	0.054	450	40.000
I II	4,083 4,213	3,005 2,965	9,054 9,290	458 436	16,600 16,904
iii	4,213	2,903 3,049	9,224	443	16,893
iV	4,124	3,111	9,140	457	16,832
2007					
<u>I</u>	4,106	3,240	9,257	465	17,068
II	4,191	3,241	9,143	462	17,037

Table 16-2
Services by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter	Travel	Transportation	Commercial services	Government services	Total
		Pa	yments		
V No.	v114401	v114402	v114403	v114404	v114400
		million	s of dollars		
2002					
I II	4,395 4,657	3,344 3,593	8,683 9,217	246 238	16,668 17,705
III	4,677	3,738	9,471	239	18,125
IV	4,671	3,764	9,532	241	18,209
2003	4,679	3,638	9,457	251	18,024
İ	4,251	3,430	9,770	233	17,684
III IV	4,760 5,038	3,633 3,809	9,909 9,973	235 237	18,537 19,057
2004	3,333	0,000	0,0.0		.0,00.
1	5,126	3,816	9,868	238	19,048
II III	5,267 5,141	3,996 4,066	9,801 9,665	246 244	19,309 19,117
IV	5,214	4,041	9,706	245	19,206
2005					
	5,450 5,482	4,215 4,363	9,450 9,667	247 256	19,362
II III	5,462 5,490	4,363 4,462	9,636	255 255	19,768 19,844
IV	5,637	4,525	9,749	256	20,167
2006					
I II	5,670 5,685	4,591 4,721	9,586 9,773	259 255	20,106 20,434
III	5,874	4,823	9,779	255	20,732
IV	6,081	5,058	9,726	256	21,122
2007	5,964	5.035	9,884	250	21,133
İ	5,918	4,943	9,849	255	20,966

Table 16-3 Services by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Balances

Quarter	Travel	Transportation	Commercial services	Government services	Total
		Ва	alances		
V No.	v114426	v114427	v114428	v114429	v114425
		million	s of dollars		
2002					
I II III IV	-164 -616 -447 -433	-689 -880 -971 -837	-473 -737 -743 -704	131 127 98 113	-1,194 -2,105 -2,063 -1,861
2003					
I II III IV	-589 -850 -1,262 -1,250	-1,010 -1,145 -1,199 -1,214	-737 -984 -963 -913	120 147 155 173	-2,215 -2,833 -3,269 -3,204
2004					
I II III IV	-1,125 -1,088 -924 -865	-1,196 -1,166 -1,211 -1,307	-1,022 -1,033 -909 -758	129 160 162 162	-3,213 -3,128 -2,882 -2,768
2005					
I II III IV	-1,176 -1,363 -1,335 -1,511	-1,352 -1,461 -1,501 -1,501	-419 -469 -416 -310	153 159 178 164	-2,794 -3,135 -3,074 -3,159
2006					
I II III IV	-1,588 -1,472 -1,696 -1,957	-1,586 -1,757 -1,775 -1,948	-532 -482 -556 -587	199 181 188 202	-3,506 -3,530 -3,839 -4,290
2007 	-1,859 -1,727	-1,795 -1,702	-627 -706	215 207	-4,065 -3,928

Table 17 Services by type, annual

Year	Travel	Transportation	Commercial services	Government services	Total
			Receipts		
V No.	v113680	v113681	v113683	v113684	v113679
			millions of dollars		
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	16,741 14,776 16,745 16,674 16,598	11,060 9,942 11,040 11,750 12,129	34,246 35,513 35,318 36,888 36,708	1,435 1,551 1,587 1,666 1,795	63,483 61,781 64,690 66,979 67,230
			Payments		
V No.	v113698	v113699	v113701	v113702	v113697
			millions of dollars		
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	18,401 18,727 20,747 22,059 23,311	14,438 14,509 15,919 17,566 19,194	36,903 39,109 39,040 38,503 38,865	965 956 973 1,013 1,024	70,707 73,302 76,680 79,141 82,394
			Balances		
V No.	v113718	v113719	v113721	v113722	v113717
			millions of dollars		
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-1,659 -3,951 -4,002 -5,385 -6,713	-3,378 -4,567 -4,880 -5,815 -7,065	-2,657 -3,596 -3,722 -1,615 -2,157	470 594 614 653 770	-7,224 -11,521 -11,990 -12,162 -15,165

Table 18 Services by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and Unite	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total	
				Receipt	ts			
V No.	v113774	v113847	v113991	v114063	v114135	v114207	v113919	v113679
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	37,384 35,710 37,128 37,564 37,435	4,235 3,949 4,219 4,561 4,396	6,448 6,331 6,598 7,628 7,683	1,778 1,229 1,565 1,513 1,487	3,730 3,651 3,540 3,081 3,324	9,909 10,911 11,639 12,633 12,904	21,864 22,123 23,343 24,854 25,398	63,483 61,781 64,690 66,979 67,230
				Paymen	ts			
V No.	v113790	v113863	v114007	v114079	v114151	v114223	v113935	v113697
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	42,294 43,464 45,429 47,033 47,222	3,887 4,038 3,986 4,211 4,200	7,367 7,634 8,446 8,844 9,825	2,985 2,722 2,685 2,367 3,288	3,686 4,060 3,363 3,487 3,596	10,487 11,384 12,770 13,199 14,262	24,525 25,800 27,265 27,898 30,972	70,707 73,302 76,680 79,141 82,394
				Balance	es			
V No.	v113807	v113879	v114023	v114095	v114167	v114239	v113951	v113717
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-4,910 -7,755 -8,301 -9,468 -9,787	347 -89 233 350 196	-919 -1,303 -1,848 -1,216 -2,142	-1,207 -1,493 -1,120 -854 -1,801	44 -409 177 -406 -272	-578 -473 -1,131 -567 -1,359	-2,661 -3,677 -3,922 -3,043 -5,574	-7,224 -11,521 -11,990 -12,162 -15,165

Table 19-1 Investment income by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter		Direct	investment				Po	rtfolio investi	ment		Other investment	Total
	Interest		Profits		Total		Interest		Dividends	Total	Interest	
		Dividends	Reinvested earnings	Total	•	Bonds	Money ¹ market	Total				
						Recei	pts					
V No.	114375	114376	114377	114394	114374	114380	30430883	114379	114381	114378	114382	114373
						millions of	dollars					
2002												
!	103	1,187	1,670	2,857	2,960	504	33	537	1,583	2,120	2,033	7,114
II III	118 136	1,580 1,455	1,376	2,956 3,275	3,075	532 449	30 30	562 479	1,636 1,754	2,199	2,002 1,955	7,276 7,599
IV	138	1,455	1,819 2,240	3,275 4,183	3,410 4,321	449	30 24	479 494	1,754	2,233 2,307	1,885	8,514
2003												
1	149	1,019	968	1,987	2,136	451	23	474	1,826	2,300	1,958	6,394
II	61	1,108	2,030	3,138	3,198	434	31	465	1,573	2,038	1,647	6,884
III	64	1,321	2,702	4,023	4,087	473	35	508	1,647	2,155	1,638	7,880
IV	68	1,446	2,771	4,217	4,285	474	40	514	1,647	2,161	1,649	8,095
2004												
1	163	1,121	3,784	4,905	5,068	448	43	492	1,778	2,269	1,616	8,954
II	181	2,132	3,168	5,300	5,481	574	44	618	1,874	2,492	1,670	9,643
III IV	189 220	1,560 1,340	3,441 3,953	5,001 5,293	5,190 5.514	567 626	51 61	618 687	1,966 2,038	2,584 2,725	1,678 1.882	9,452 10,120
	220	1,340	3,953	5,293	5,514	020	01	007	2,036	2,725	1,002	10,120
2005												
!	223	2,079	3,630	5,708	5,931	734	66	801	2,048	2,848	2,004	10,783
II III	247 259	2,125 2,166	4,108 4.048	6,233 6,214	6,480 6.473	702 888	73 87	775 975	2,138 2,220	2,914 3,195	2,561 2.656	11,954 12,324
IV	317	3,149	3,667	6,816	7,133	993	107	1,101	2,322	3,423	2,596	13,151
2006			-,		,			, -	,-	-,	,	-,
1	272	2,433	4.623	7,056	7,328	1,163	125	1,288	2,414	3.702	2,862	13.892
ii	398	2,254	4,754	7,009	7,407	1,333	147	1,480	2,649	4,129	2,787	14,323
III	434	3,859	4,423	8,282	8,716	1,403	179	1,582	2,712	4,295	3,488	16,498
IV	276	5,240	3,634	8,874	9,150	1,625	213	1,838	2,903	4,741	2,995	16,885
2007												
1	379	2,370	5,192	7,562	7,942	1,813	220	2,033	3,206	5,239	2,880	16,060
II	272	2,831	4,636	7,467	7,738	1,951	212	2,163	3,108	5,271	2,985	15,995

Table 19-2 Investment income by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter		Direc	ct investment				Po	rtfolio investm	nent		Other investment	Total
	Interest		Profits		Total		Interest		Dividends	Total	Interest	
	_	Dividends	Reinvested earnings	Total	•	Bonds	Money ¹ market	Total				
						Payme	ents					
V No.	v114407	v114408	v114409	v114395	v114406	v114412	v114413	v114411	v114414	v114410	v114415	v114405
						millions of	dollars					
2002												
I II	536 537	1,999 1,720	2,084 1,727	4,083	4,619 3,985	6,715 6,718	140 145	6,854 6,863	760 757	7,615 7,621	2,074 2,060	14,308 13,665
II III	537 539	2,140	3,067	3,448 5,207	3,985 5,746	6,840	145	6,863	757 764	7,621	2,060 2,042	15,548
IV	540	4,178	2,462	6,640	7,179	6,892	145	7,036	773	7,809	2,290	17,278
2003												
Ī	488	1,890	4,188	6,078	6,566	6,530	128	6,658	787	7,444	1,848	15,858
II	488	3,650	1,759	5,409	5,897	6,283	137	6,419	813	7,232	1,599	14,728
III	486	2,784	2,557	5,341	5,827	6,216	132	6,348	836	7,184	1,581	14,592
IV	475	2,870	2,131	5,000	5,475	5,986	115	6,101	855	6,956	1,675	14,106
2004												
!.	512	1,986	3,619	5,605	6,117	5,972	103	6,074	897	6,972	1,644	14,733
II.	512 512	3,706 2,620	4,462 3,925	8,168 6,545	8,680 7,057	6,053 6,025	83 88	6,136 6,113	921 948	7,057 7,060	1,630 1,754	17,367 15,871
III IV	512	2,620 4,094	3,925 1,187	5,281	7,057 5,798	5,809	103	5,913	948 966	7,060 6,879	1,754 1,821	15,871
2005		.,	1,121	-,	-,	-,		-,		2,2.2	.,	,
1	376	3,589	3.633	7.222	7,598	5.769	121	5.890	1.093	6,983	1.939	16.520
ii	377	3.796	4,588	8.384	8.760	5,840	131	5,971	1,116	7,087	2,584	18,431
III	377	4,132	4,447	8,580	8,956	5,685	141	5,826	1,147	6,973	2,083	18,013
IV	371	6,913	1,613	8,526	8,897	5,528	154	5,682	1,172	6,854	2,020	17,772
2006												
1	366	4,524	1,494	6,018	6,384	5,242	191	5,433	1,106	6,539	3,655	16,578
II.	365	4,259	3,960	8,219	8,584	5,213	234	5,448	1,136	6,584	3,592	18,760
III	365	3,626	3,563	7,190	7,555	5,343	281	5,624	1,173	6,797	3,908	18,259
IV	370	4,087	4,112	8,199	8,569	5,539	280	5,819	1,355	7,175	4,105	19,848
2007												
!.	356	2,262	5,839	8,100	8,456	5,616	268	5,883	1,120	7,004	4,642	20,101
II	360	4,357	4,183	8,541	8,900	5,469	265	5,734	1,195	6,928	4,294	20,123

Table 19-3 Investment income by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Balances

Quarter		Direc	ct investment				Po	rtfolio investm	nent		Other investment	Total
	Interest		Profits		Total		Interest		Dividends	Total	Interest	
	_	Dividends	Reinvested earnings	Total	•	Bonds	Money ¹ market	Total				
						Balan	ces					
V No.	v114432	v114433	v114434	v114396	v114431	v114437	v114438	v114436	v114439	v114435	v114440	v114430
						millions of	dollars					
2002												
!.	-434	-812	-414	-1,226	-1,659	-6,211	-107	-6,318	823	-5,495	-40	-7,194
II III	-418 -403	-140 -685	-351 -1,248	-492 -1,933	-910 -2,336	-6,186 -6.391	-116 -126	-6,301 -6.517	879 991	-5,422 -5,527	-57 -87	-6,389 -7,949
IV	-401	-2,235	-222	-2,457	-2,858	-6,421	-121	-6,542	1,041	-5,501	-405	-8,765
2003												
Ī	-339	-871	-3,220	-4,091	-4,430	-6,079	-105	-6,184	1,040	-5,144	111	-9,464
II	-427	-2,542	270	-2,272	-2,699	-5,848	-105	-5,954	760	-5,194	49	-7,844
III	-422	-1,463	145	-1,318	-1,740	-5,743	-97	-5,840	810	-5,029	57	-6,712
IV	-407	-1,423	640	-783	-1,190	-5,512	-75	-5,587	792	-4,795	-26	-6,011
2004												
!	-349	-865	165	-700	-1,049	-5,523	-59	-5,582	880 952	-4,702	-28 40	-5,779
II III	-331 -322	-1,574 -1,061	-1,294 -484	-2,868 -1,544	-3,199 -1,867	-5,479 -5,457	-39 -37	-5,518 -5,494	1,019	-4,565 -4,476	-76	-7,724 -6,418
IV	-297	-2,754	2,766	12	-1,807	-5,183	-42	-5,226	1,019	-4,154	61	-4,378
2005												
1	-153	-1,511	-3	-1,514	-1,667	-5,035	-54	-5,089	955	-4,135	65	-5,737
II	-130	-1,671	-480	-2,151	-2,280	-5,138	-58	-5,196	1,023	-4,173	-23	-6,477
III	-118	-1,966	-399	-2,365	-2,483	-4,797	-54	-4,851	1,072	-3,778	573	-5,688
IV	-55	-3,764	2,054	-1,710	-1,765	-4,535	-47	-4,581	1,150	-3,431	576	-4,620
2006												
1	-94	-2,091	3,129	1,038	944	-4,079	-66	-4,144	1,308	-2,836	-793	-2,686
II.	34	-2,005	794	-1,210	-1,176	-3,880	-87	-3,968	1,513	-2,455	-806	-4,437
III IV	69 -94	232 1,153	860 -478	1,092 674	1,161 581	-3,940	-102 -67	-4,042	1,540	-2,502 -2,434	-420 1 110	-1,761
	-94	1,103	-4/8	0/4	26.1	-3,914	-07	-3,982	1,548	-2,434	-1,110	-2,963
2007												
!	24	109	-646	-538	-514	-3,803	-48	-3,851	2,086	-1,765	-1,762	-4,041
II	-88	-1,527	453	-1,074	-1,162	-3,518	-53	-3,571	1,913	-1,657	-1,309	-4,128

Table 20-1 Investment income by type, annual — Receipts

Annual		Dire	ct investment			Portfolio investment					Other investment	Total
	Interest		Profits		Total		Interest		Dividends	Total	Interest 1	
	_	Dividends	Reinvested earnings	Total		Bonds	Money ¹ market	Total				
						Recei	pts					
V No.	v112548	v112549	v112550	v112555	v112547	v30426190 millions of		v112552	v112553	v112551	v112554	v112543
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	495 341 754 1,045 1,380	6,165 4,895 6,152 9,519 13,785	7,106 8,470 14,346 15,453 17,435	13,271 13,365 20,498 24,971 31,220	13,766 13,706 21,253 26,017 32,600	1,956 1,832 2,215 3,318 5,524	116 129 200 334 665	2,072 1,961 2,415 3,652 6,189	6,787 6,692 7,655 8,728 10,679	8,859 8,654 10,070 12,380 16,867	7,877 6,893 6,846 9,816 12,131	30,502 29,253 38,169 48,213 61,599

Table 20-2 Investment income by type, annual — Payments

Annual		Dire	ct investment				Port	tfolio investm	ient		Other investment	Total
	Interest		Profits		Total		Interest		Dividends	Total	Interest 1	
	<u>-</u>	Dividends	Reinvested earnings	Total	•	Bonds	Money ¹ market	Total				
						Payme	nts					
V No.	v112569	v112570	v112571	v112586	v112568	v112573 millions of	v112582 dollars	v112585	v112583	v112572	v112584	v112556
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	2,152 1,937 2,053 1,501 1,465	10,038 11,194 12,406 18,430 16,497	9,340 10,635 13,193 14,281 13,129	19,378 21,829 25,599 32,711 29,626	21,529 23,765 27,652 34,212 31,091	27,164 25,014 23,858 22,822 21,337	586 511 377 547 987	27,750 25,526 24,235 23,369 22,324	3,054 3,290 3,733 4,528 4,770	30,804 28,816 27,968 27,897 27,094	8,466 6,702 6,849 8,625 15,260	60,799 59,284 62,468 70,735 73,446

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 20-3 Investment income by type, annual — Balances

Annual		Dire	ct investment				Port	tfolio investm	nent		Other investment	Total
	Interest		Profits		Total		Interest		Dividends	Total	Interest 1	
	_	Dividends	Reinvested earnings	Total	•	Bonds	Money ¹ market	Total				
						Baland	es					
V No.	v112589	v112590	v112591	v112598	v112588	v112594 millions of	v112595 dollars	v112593	v112596	v112592	v112597	v112587
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-1,656 -1,596 -1,298 -455 -85	-3,873 -6,299 -6,254 -8,911 -2,711	-2,235 -2,165 1,154 1,171 4,305	-6,107 -8,463 -5,101 -7,740 1,594	-7,763 -10,059 -6,399 -8,195 1,509	-25,208 -23,182 -21,643 -19,505 -15,813	-470 -382 -177 -213 -322	-25,678 -23,564 -21,820 -19,718 -16,135	3,734 3,402 3,923 4,200 5,908	-21,945 -20,163 -17,898 -15,518 -10,227	-589 191 -3 1,191 -3,129	-30,297 -30,031 -24,299 -22,522 -11,847

Table 21 Investment income by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total	
				Receipt	s			
V No.	v113780	v113853	v113997	v114069	v114141	v114213	v113925	v113685
				millions of o	lollars			
2002	10,461	4,245	3,187	974	2,253	9,381	15,795	30,502
2003 2004	10,487 14,854	2,992 5,139	4,849 3,841	491 1,196	3,187 2,390	7,246 10,750	15,774 18,176	29,253 38,169
2004	20.851	5,139 7,340	3,756	1,196 875	2,390 3,299	10,750	20,022	48,213
2006	22,390	9,884	6,235	882	5,602	16,607	29,325	61,599
				Paymen	ts			
V No.	v113796	v113869	v114013	v114085	v114157	v114229	v113941	v113703
				millions of o	lollars			
2002	40,937	5,591	5,929	2,909	1,588	3,845	14,271	60,799
2003	40,076	5,461	6,252	2,517	1,830	3,149	13,747	59,284
2004 2005	41,757 46,535	6,474 5,779	6,969 8,056	2,584 2,756	1,828 2,537	2,856 5,072	14,237 18,421	62,468 70,735
2005	46,535 44,539	7,928	9,087	3,069	2,537 2,125	6,698	20,979	70,735
				Balance	es			
V No.	v113813	v113885	v114029	v114101	v114173	v114245	v113957	v113723
				millions of o	lollars			
2002	-30,475	-1,346	-2,742	-1,935	665	5,536	1,524	-30,297
2003	-29,589	-2,470	-1,402	-2,025	1,357	4,098	2,027	-30,031
2004	-26,903	-1,335	-3,129	-1,388	562	7,893	3,939	-24,299
								-22,522 -11,847
2005 2006	-25,684 -22,149	1,561 1,955	-4,300 -2,852	-1,882 -2,187	762 3,477	7,020 9,909	1,601 8,347	

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 22 Interest payments by sector, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly

Quarter			All govern	ments and the	eir enterprises				Corporations	Total 2
		Governme	nts		Gover	rnment enterprises	1	Total		
	Federal	Provincial	Municipal 1	Total	Federal	Provincial	Total			
V No.	v112615	v112616	v112617	v112614	v112619	v112620	v112618		v112621	v112613
					millions of o	dollars				
2002										
1	1,125	1,734	80	2,939	273	494	767	3,706	6,041	9,747
II	1,120	1,707	77	2,904	275	472	746	3,650	5,677	9,328
III	1,156	1,706	74	2,936	319	457	777	3,713	5,688	9,401
IV	1,220	1,707	67	2,995	337	457	794	3,789	6,103	9,891
2003										
1	1,216	1,610	63	2,888	350	424	774	3,662	5,567	9,229
II	1,224	1,549	58	2,831	358	395	753	3,584	4,801	8,385
III	1,058	1,537	55	2,649	408	386	794	3,443	4,812	8,255
IV	931	1,487	52	2,469	406	366	772	3,241	5,054	8,295
2004										
1	897	1,449	51	2,396	426	364	790	3,186	5,303	8,490
II	846	1,458	50	2,353	459	367	826	3,179	4,963	8,142
III	846	1,396	53	2,294	479	352	831	3,125	5,060	8,186
IV	806	1,349	52	2,207	489	333	823	3,030	5,289	8,319
2005										
1	757	1,363	51	2,171	515	330	845	3,016	5,498	8,513
II	712	1,409	51	2,172	534	334	869	3,041	5,731	8,771
III	659	1,388	52	2,100	539	326	865	2,965	5,115	8,080
IV	631	1,361	54	2,046	563	317	880	2,926	5,205	8,131
2006										
1	649	1,283	53	1,986	575	304	878	2,864	7,031	9,896
II	668	1,263	53	1,985	627	301	928	2,913	6,261	9,173
III	664	1,299	57	2,019	677	306	983	3,002	6,602	9,605
IV	678	1,341	57	2,077	709	311	1,021	3,098	7,278	10,376
2007										
I	656	1,352	56	2,064	708	312	1,020	3,084	8,242	11,326
II	632	1,314	55	2,000	721	296	1,017	3,017	7,107	10,125

Table 23 Interest payments by sector, annual

Year			All govern	ments and th	eir enterprises				Corporations	Total 2
		Governmen	nts		Gover	nment enterprises	i	Total		
	Federal	Provincial	Municipal 1	Total	Federal	Provincial	Total			
V No.	v112559	v112560	v112561	v112558	v112563	v112564	v112562		v112565	v112557
					millions of	dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	4,621 4,429 3,395 2,760 2,660	6,855 6,181 5,651 5,521 5,187	298 228 205 208 220	11,774 10,838 9,251 8,489 8,067	1,204 1,522 1,854 2,151 2,588	1,880 1,571 1,416 1,307 1,223	3,084 3,092 3,270 3,458 3,810	14,858 13,930 12,521 11,947 11,877	23,509 20,235 20,615 21,548 27,172	38,367 34,165 33,136 33,496 39,049

Table 24-1
Current transfers by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter	Pri	ivate			Official	<u></u>	Total
	Remittances	Foreign ¹ taxes	Total	Canadian ² taxes	Official ³ contributions	Total	
_				Receipts			
V No.	v114384		v114384	v114385		v114385	v114383
_			ı	millions of dollars			
2002							
1	670		670	1,045		1,045	1,715
II.	590	•	590	993	-	993	1,583
III	645	•	645	1,073		1,073	1,718
IV	602	•	602	1,271		1,271	1,873
2003							
1	713		713	1,006		1,006	1,718
II III	614		614	1,042	•	1,042	1,656
III	660		660	1,031	•	1,031	1,691
IV	600		600	1,077		1,077	1,678
2004							
1	663		663	1,066	-	1,066	1,729
II	609		609	1,216		1,216	1,825
III IV	648	•	648	1,199		1,199	1,847
IV	592		592	1,162	-	1,162	1,754
2005							
I	711		711	1,333	_	1,333	2,044
II	645		645	1,408		1,408	2,053
III	699		699	1,427		1,427	2,126
IV	642		642	1,312	-	1,312	1,954
2006							
1	740		740	1,887		1,887	2,627
i ii	644	•	644	1,638	•	1,638	2,282
III	673		673	1,579		1,579	2,252
IV	623		623	1,897		1,897	2,521
				,		•	,
2007	664		664	1,773		1,773	2,437
! 	653	•	664 653	1,773	•	1,773	2,437 2,419
II	653	•	000	1,700	•	1,700	2,419

Table 24-2 Current transfers by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter	Pr	rivate			Official		Total
	Remittances	Foreign ¹ taxes	Total	Canadian ² taxes	Official ³ contributions	Total	
_				Payments			
V No.	v114418	v114419	v114417		v114420	v114420	v114416
_				millions of dollars			
2002							
<u> </u>	822	198	1,020		687	687	1,707 1,640
II.	894	212	1,106		534	534	1,640
III IV	913 865	212 217	1,124 1,083		668 680	668 680	1,793 1,762
2003							
1	842	181	1,022		702	702	1,725
II	822	167	989		789	789	1,777
III	820	170	990		743	743	1,733
IV	842	187	1,029		691	691	1,720
2004							
<u> </u>	895	188	1,083		672	672	1,755
II	911	233	1,145		795	795	1,940
III IV	925	215	1,140		709	709	1,849
	931	230	1,161	•	869	869	2,030
2005							
<u> </u>	978	256	1,234		1,182	1,182	2,416
II.	1,038	258	1,295		869	869	2,164
III IV	1,058 993	274 318	1,331 1,311	•	884 944	884 944	2,215 2,255
	993	310	1,311	•	944	944	2,255
2006		222					
I	1,711	326	2,038		927	927	2,965
II.	981	349	1,330		809	809	2,139
III IV	987 1,647	430 482	1,417 2,129		896 849	896 849	2,313 2,977
2007	.,		,	•			_,
	1,520	395	1,915		911	911	2,826
II	1,016	392	1,409	•	847	847	2,256

Table 24-3
Current transfers by type, seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Balances

Quarter	Pi	rivate			Official		Total
	Remittances	Foreign ¹ taxes	Total	Canadian ² taxes	Official ³ contributions	Total	
_				Balances			
V No.	v114443	v114444	v114442	v114446	v114447	v114445	v114441
_			r	millions of dollars			
2002							
	-152	-198	-350	1,045	-687	359	9
	-304	-212	-517	993	-534	460	-57
III IV	-267 -263	-212 -217	-479 -480	1,073 1,271	-668 -680	404 591	-74 111
2003							
1	-129	-181	-310	1,006	-702	303	-6
II	-208	-167	-375	1,042	-789	254	-121
III	-159	-170	-330	1,031	-743	288	-42
IV	-242	-187	-429	1,077	-691	387	-42
2004							
<u> </u>	-232	-188	-420	1,066	-672	393	-26
II.	-302	-233	-535	1,216	-795	420	-115
III	-277	-215	-492	1,199	-709	490	-2
IV	-339	-230	-569	1,162	-869	294	-276
2005	000	050	500	4.000	4.400	454	070
 	-268 -392	-256 -258	-523 -650	1,333	-1,182 -869	151	-372
II III	-392 -359	-256 -274	-632	1,408 1,427	-884	539 543	-111 -90
IV	-351	-318	-669	1,312	-944	368	-301
2006							
I	-971	-326	-1,297	1,887	-927	960	-337
II	-338	-349	-686	1,638	-809	829	143
III	-314	-430	-744	1,579	-896	683	-61
IV	-1,023	-482	-1,505	1,897	-849	1,049	-457
2007							
<u> </u>	-856	-395	-1,251	1,773	-91 <u>1</u>	861	-390
II	-364	-392	-756	1,766	-847	919	163

Table 25 Current transfers by type, annual

Quarter		Private			Official		Current
	Other private transfers	Foreign ¹ taxes	Private transfers	Canadian ² taxes	Official ³ contributions	Official transfers	transfers
				Receipts			
V No.	v113691		v113690	v113693		v113692	v113689
			n	nillions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	2,507 2,587 2,513 2,697 2,680		2,507 2,587 2,513 2,697 2,680	4,382 4,156 4,642 5,479 7,002		4,382 4,156 4,642 5,479 7,002	6,890 6,743 7,155 8,176 9,682
				Payments			
V No.	v113709	v113710	v113708		v113712	v113711	v113707
			n	nillions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	3,494 3,325 3,662 4,067 5,326	840 705 867 1,105 1,587	4,333 4,030 4,529 5,172 6,913	: : : :	2,569 2,925 3,045 3,879 3,481	2,569 2,925 3,045 3,879 3,481	6,902 6,955 7,574 9,051 10,394
				Balances			
V No.	v113729	v113730	v113728	v113732	v113733	v113731	v113727
			n	nillions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-986 -738 -1,150 -1,370 -2,646	-840 -705 -867 -1,105 -1,587	-1,826 -1,443 -2,017 -2,475 -4,233	4,382 4,156 4,642 5,479 7,002	-2,569 -2,925 -3,045 -3,879 -3,481	1,814 1,231 1,598 1,600 3,521	-12 -212 -419 -875 -712

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 26-1 Financial account 1, all countries, quarterly — Assets, net flows

Quarter	Canadian ² direct investment abroad	Portfolio investment				Other investment					
		Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ³	Official international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v114559	v114561	v114562	v30424736	v114560	v114564	v114565	v114566	v114572	v114563	v114558
					n	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002											
I	-5,823	-2,442	-8,990	-373	-11,806	-2,740	-1,262	-696	-4,049	-8,747	-26,376
II	-7,621	-2,299	-5,538	-17	-7,854	2,061	2,164	-1,450	-594	2,181	-13,294
III	-12,713	-1,472	-3,012	-55	-4,539	-1,497	2,134	1,885	-3,048	-527	-17,780
IV	-15,858	-16	-3,712	-1,392	-5,120	-6,411	2,807	559	-2,160	-5,204	-26,182
2003											
I	-4,915	-3,476	1,653	-1,118	-2,941	-5,065	-16,773	2,711	-2,069	-21,196	-29,052
II	-3,071	-2,639	-1,509	493	-3,655	3,415	4,409	229	-2,140	5,912	-814
III	-4,760	19	-3,650	-2,033	-5,665	6,175	523	4	-2,736	3,966	-6,458
IV	-19,372	-1,877	-4,194	-722	-6,793	3,090	-7,446	1,749	-2,629	-5,235	-31,400
2004											
I	-6,128	-2,613	-696	-1,249	-4,559	-575	-808	-236	2,970	1,351	-9,336
II	-30,423	-3,058	-3,091	899	-5,249	-1,843	-8,188	243	-4,952	-14,741	-50,413
III	-11,718	-3,038	-2,444	-695	-6,176	968	6,244	-517	-2,546	4,149	-13,745
IV	-8,573	-6,581	-1,861	57	-8,384	5,008	-7,909	3,937	1,966	3,003	-13,955
2005											
I	-8,033	-6,690	-3,092	302	-9,479	-612	-9,630	-3,437	-1,892	-15,572	-33,084
II	-9,022	-6,007	-5,264	-1,127	-12,398	3,875	-4,197	585	-2,867	-2,604	-24,023
III	-15,596	-9,639	-8,408	-651	-18,698	-264	-13,007	1,092	-1,037	-13,216	-47,510
IV	-7,995	-6,902	-5,188	-614	-12,704	5,218	11,017	108	-7,107	9,234	-11,464
2006											
I	-5,244	-10,613	-8,202	-1,061	-19,876	-1,936	-13,273	-3,637	-2,399	-21,245	-46,365
II	-15,787	-12,689	-9,055	936	-20,808	-4,317	-16,742	909	-788	-20,938	-57,533
III	-13,245	-9,533	-5,892	-4,946	-20,372	-6,377	-4,069	52	-2,545	-12,939	-46,555
IV	-17,046	-10,767	-5,142	-1,728	-17,637	429	25,901	1,662	-8,195	19,796	-14,887
2007											
I	-16,618	-16,450	-9,333	-232	-26,015	-4,524	-6,126	-4,722	-5,843	-21,215	-63,848
II	-9,780	-16,016	-7,502	-239	-23,756	4,300	-9,068	-366	-9,787	-14,921	-48,457

Table 26-2 Financial account 1, all countries, quarterly — Liabilities, net flows

Quarter	Foreign ^{2,3}		Portfolio inve	estment			Canadian			
	direct — investment in Canada	Canadian bonds	Canadian stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁴	Deposits ⁵	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows
V No.	v114576	v114578	v114579	v114580	v114577	v114582	v114583	v114584	v114581	v114575
					millions	of dollars				
2002										
1	17,336	6,117	-3,960	1,493	3,650	811	7,465	-2,222	6,054	27,040
II	9,039	2,320	4,781	-501	6,600	-2,896	1,868	-2,254	-3,281	12,358
III	2,212	6,042	-4,076	-1,655	311	1,862	5,353	-1,931	5,284	7,807
IV	6,183	3,818	1,724	2,496	8,038	1,623	-1,122	-440	61	14,281
2003										
I	5,834	8,515	-265	-908	7,341	700	21,249	-2,281	19,668	32,843
II	5,142	7,337	3,135	291	10,763	-3,075	-20,592	-586	-24,253	-8,348
III	-1,116	-13,102	5,394	-1,976	-9,684	328	7,525	80	7,933	-2,867
IV	623	5,120	5,227	948	11,294	4,240	10,121	-116	14,245	26,162
2004										
1	5,659	1,179	4,291	-2,613	2,858	1,328	-10,518	59	-9,131	-614
II	-6,542	5,449	18,914	2,380	26,742	4,182	14,716	-524	18,373	38,573
III	8,561	5,676	5,450	-2,099	9,028	-6,483	-1,084	-783	-8,349	9,239
IV	-8,151	7,145	7,087	1,902	16,134	-1,040	-3,645	-343	-5,028	2,955
2005										
I	5.710	2,179	5,235	-1,940	5,474	8,544	-1,236	3,797	11.105	22,289
İl	4,911	446	-2,679	976	-1,257	3,654	5,191	633	9,478	13,132
III	13,533	-1,740	7,389	-1,619	4,030	-5,400	24,658	1	19,260	36,824
IV	10,892	-963	-812	3,105	1,330	-3,302	337	-3,708	-6,673	5,549
2006										
I	15,263	166	8,022	2,013	10,200	884	11,052	743	12,679	38,143
II	8,784	-843	9,091	4,602	12,849	3,226	27,046	-141	30,131	51,764
III	27,223	6,351	-1,034	-1,151	4,166	7,048	657	-126	7,579	38,968
IV	27,047	12,341	-5,264	-1,749	5,328	716	-18,032	-1,337	-18,653	13,723
2007										
I	22,050	7,906	-532	-702	6,673	1,177	21,844	669	23,690	52,414
II	17,145	-4,858	-899	1,006	-4,751	1,975	22,329	54	24,358	36,752

Table 27-1
Financial account ¹, all countries, annual — Assets, net flows

Year	Canadian ² direct investment abroad	Portfolio investment				Other investment					
		Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ³	Official international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v113740	v113742	v113743	v30424728	v113741	v113745	v113746	v113747	v113753	v113744	v113739
					n	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-42,015 -32,118 -56,841 -40,645 -51,322	-6,229 -7,974 -15,290 -29,238 -43,602	-21,253 -7,699 -8,092 -21,951 -28,291	-1,837 -3,381 -987 -2,089 -6,800	-29,319 -19,054 -24,369 -53,279 -78,693	-8,587 7,614 3,558 8,217 -12,201	5,844 -19,286 -10,661 -15,817 -8,183	298 4,693 3,427 -1,653 -1,013	-9,851 -9,574 -2,561 -12,903 -13,927	-12,297 -16,553 -6,238 -22,157 -35,325	-83,631 -67,724 -87,448 -116,081 -165,339

Table 27-2 Financial account 1, all countries, annual — Liabilities, net flows

Year	Foreign ^{2,3}		Portfolio investment				Other investment				
	direct — investment in Canada	Canadian bonds	Canadian stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁴	Deposits ⁵	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows	
V No.	v113757	v113759	v113760	v113761	v113758	v113763	v113764	v113765	v113762	v113756	
					millions of	dollars					
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	34,769 10,483 -474 35,046 78,317	18,297 7,870 19,449 -78 18,015	-1,531 13,491 35,742 9,133 10,814	1,833 -1,646 -429 522 3,715	18,599 19,714 54,762 9,577 32,544	1,400 2,192 -2,013 3,496 11,873	13,565 18,304 -531 28,951 20,724	-6,846 -2,904 -1,591 723 -860	8,119 17,592 -4,135 33,171 31,737	61,487 47,789 50,153 77,793 142,598	

Table 28 Canadian direct investment abroad 1 by type of transaction, quarterly

Quarter		Outflows			Inflows		Total
	Flows	Reinvested earnings	Total	Flows	Reinvested earnings	Total	net flow
V No.	v113019	v113020	v113018	v113022	v113023	v113021	v113017
			mill	ions of dollars			
2002							
1	-10,849	-3,008	-13,856 -16.022	6,672	1,362	8,034	-5,823
II III	-13,395 -18,587	-2,627 -3,441	-16,022 -22,028	7,164 7,764	1,237 1,550	8,401 9,314	-7,621 -12,713
IV	-22,882	-3,101	-25,983	9,203	922	10,125	-15,858
2003							
I	-12,177	-1,858	-14,035	7,954	1,166	9,121	-4,915
II	-11,400	-2,589	-13,989	10,373	545	10,918	-3,071
III	-11,018	-3,019	-14,037	9,035	243	9,278	-4,760
IV	-24,279	-3,369	-27,648	7,866	410	8,276	-19,372
2004							
I	-8,146	-3,898	-12,044	5,404	513	5,917	-6,128
II.	-37,362 -14.648	-3,763	-41,125 -18.687	10,199	504 507	10,702 6,969	-30,423
III IV	-14,046 -19.241	-4,039 -4.672	-10,007	6,462 14.838	507 502	15.340	-11,718 -8.573
	-19,241	-4,072	-23,913	14,000	302	15,540	-0,373
2005	47.040	0.740	04.004	40.007	504	40.000	0.000
ı II	-17,913 -15,366	-3,748 -4,582	-21,661 -19,948	13,037 10,594	591 332	13,628 10,927	-8,033 -9,022
III	-16.093	-4,502 -4,503	-19,9 4 6 -20,596	4,649	352 352	5,000	-15,596
IV	-14,070	-4,855	-18,925	9,970	961	10,931	-7,995
2006							
I	-15,227	-4,396	-19,623	14,090	289	14,379	-5,244
II	-18,806	-5,182	-23,989	7,954	248	8,202	-15,787
III	-12,850	-4,890	-17,740	4,129	367	4,495	-13,245
IV	-22,202	-5,489	-27,691	9,026	1,619	10,645	-17,046
2007							
!	-18,767	-5,305	-24,072	6,920	534	7,455	-16,618
II	-11,155	-5,219	-16,374	6,306	287	6,594	-9,780

Table 29 Canadian direct investment abroad ¹ by type of transaction, annual

Year		Outflows			Total		
	Flows	Reinvested earnings	Total	Flows	Reinvested earnings	Total	net flow
V No.	v112903	v112904	v112902	v112906	v112907	v112905	v112901
			millio	ons of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-65,712 -58,876 -79,396 -63,443 -69,086	-12,177 -10,834 -16,372 -17,688 -19,957	-77,890 -69,710 -95,769 -81,131 -89,043	30,803 35,228 36,902 38,250 35,199	5,072 2,364 2,026 2,235 2,522	35,874 37,592 38,928 40,486 37,721	-42,015 -32,118 -56,841 -40,645 -51,322

Table 30 Canadian direct investment abroad ¹ by geographical area, quarterly

Quarter	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ² EU	Japan	Other ³ OECD	All other	Total	
V No.	v114643	v114715	v114859	v114931	v115003	v115075	v114787	v114559
				millions of o	lollars			
2002								
<u>!</u>	-1,824	25	-1,092	-746	-468	-1,717	-4,024	-5,823
II III	-2,502	312	-3,405	-126	-330	-1,571	-5,432	-7,621
III IV	-112 -13,144	-601 592	-4,781 -1,913	-107 -758	-3,248 -905	-3,864 271	-12,000 -3,306	-12,713 -15,858
IV	-13,144	392	-1,913	-730	-905	2/1	-3,300	-13,030
2003								
1	-1,984	36	-3,636	-99	1,577	-808	-2,967	-4,915
II.	-600	1,122	-674	-128	-1,033	-1,758	-3,593	-3,071
III IV	-780 -2,945	-163 -4,417	-858 -7,104	-46 -33	4 -1,561	-2,916 -3,312	-3,816 -12,010	-4,760 -19,372
IV	-2,945	-4,417	-7,104	-33	-1,501	-3,312	-12,010	-19,372
2004								
I.	-2,216	-56	-427	-426	-515	-2,488	-3,856	-6,128
II III	-28,446 -8,295	958 220	-609 -613	-416 -144	1,087 -732	-2,996 -2,154	-2,934 -3,643	-30,423 -11,718
IV	-0,295 -1.862	-580	-013 -1,402	-144 -296	-7 32 -855	-2, 15 4 -3,578	-3,643 -6,131	-11,716
	-1,002	-300	-1,402	-290	-033	-3,376	-0, 13 1	-0,373
2005								
<u> </u>	-7,089	922	1,013	-183	-1,208	-1,489	-1,867	-8,033
II III	-7,108 -8,273	-2,161 -1,627	3,471 -489	-392 -169	-69 -857	-2,763 -4,180	247 -5,695	-9,022
III IV	-0,273 -2,439	-1,62 <i>1</i> -2,696	-469 -1,079	1,133	-65 <i>7</i> 559	-4, 160 -3,473	-5,695 -2,860	-15,596 -7,995
	-2,400	-2,090	-1,079	1,133	339	-5,475	-2,000	-7,333
2006								
I	-6,105	-683	-1,094	2,088	-267	816	1,544	-5,244
II III	-3,711 4,757	-3,821 -675	-4,540 1,439	1,102 34	298	-5,115 4,522	-8,254 7,912	-15,787
III IV	-4,757 -7,421	-675 -2,612	-1,438 -1,500	1,108	-1,886 -867	-4,523 -5,753	-7,812 -7,012	-13,245 -17,046
	-1, 7 21	-2,012	- 1,500	1,100	-007	-0,700	-1,012	-17,040
2007								
I	-13,947	214	-132	-51	-189	-2,512	-2,884	-16,618
II	-5,045	-851	-816	-143	-605	-2,319	-3,884	-9,780

Table 31
Canadian direct investment abroad ¹ by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ² EU	Japan	Other ³ OECD	All other	Total	
V No.	v113824	v113896	v114040	v114112	v114184	v114256	v113968	v113740
				millions of o	lollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-17,581 -6,309 -40,820 -24,909 -21,994	327 -3,422 542 -5,561 -7,792	-11,191 -12,273 -3,051 2,915 -8,571	-1,738 -305 -1,282 389 4,333	-4,952 -1,013 -1,015 -1,575 -2,722	-6,881 -8,795 -11,216 -11,904 -14,574	-24,761 -22,387 -16,563 -10,175 -21,535	-42,015 -32,118 -56,841 -40,645 -51,322

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 32 Canadian direct investment abroad 1 by industry2, quarterly

Quarter	Wood and paper	Energy and metallic minerals	Machinery and transportation equipment	Finance and insurance	Services ³ and retailing	Other ⁴ industries	Total
V No.	v113025	v113026	v113027	v113028	v113029	v113030	v113024
			n	nillions of dollars			
2002							
I II	23 -327	-1,244 -3,906	-1,020 -970	-2,897 -2,272	-394 68	-290 -214	-5,823 -7,621
iii	-32 <i>1</i> -45	-2,561	-1,648	-2,272 -7,655	-573	-214	-12,713
IV	-206	-954	-274	-13,845	-692	114	-15,858
2003							
<u>I</u>	-235	-1,855	828	-2,474	-418	-760	-4,915
II.	-81	-2,466	-1,968	650	2,353	-1,559	-3,071
III IV	-163 -168	-2,625 -7,433	11 -1,541	-781 -6,159	-393 -2,513	-809 -1,558	-4,760 -19,372
2004							
<u>I</u>	560	-1,593	-950	-2,109	-1,448	-589	-6,128
II III	-2,150 162	-6,835 -3,897	-721 -2,033	-21,809 -1,681	-1,380 -3,622	2,472 -647	-30,423 -11,718
IV	445	-3,697 -3,184	-2,033 -2,802	2,269	-3,622 -1,461	-047 -3,839	-8,573
2005							
1	-375	-3	323	-7,629	-463	114	-8,033
II.	0	-2,371	-454	-8,137	-423	2,363	-9,022
III IV	-222 160	-5,196 -4,234	-1,925 2,311	-5,797 -3,634	-798 -724	-1,658 -1,875	-15,596 -7,995
2006							
1	-502	2,766	2,290	-6,443	-1,418	-1,936	-5,244
II	-289	-602	-105	-13,267	-728	-796	-15,787
III	-177	-4,355	-260	-6,731	-746 1.282	-977 1.591	-13,245
IV	-45	809	-820	-14,126	-1,283	-1,581	-17,046
2007	-468	-6,399	266	7 702	-2,310	4	16 640
I II	-468 -204	-6,399 -1,776	-59	-7,703 -9,439	1,832	-4 -134	-16,618 -9,780

Note(s): See Data quality, concepts and methodology — Footnotes section.

Table 33 Canadian direct investment abroad ¹ by industry², annual

Year	Wood and paper	Energy and metallic minerals	Machinery and transportation equipment	Finance and insurance	Services ³ and retailing	Other ⁴ industries	Total
V No.	v112818	v112819	v112820 m	v112821	v112822	v112823	v112817
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-555 -647 -983 -436 -1,014	-8,665 -14,379 -15,510 -11,804 -1,382	-3,913 -2,670 -6,505 255 1,105	-26,669 -8,764 -23,329 -25,197 -40,566	-1,592 -971 -7,911 -2,407 -4,175	-621 -4,686 -2,603 -1,056 -5,290	-42,015 -32,118 -56,841 -40,645 -51,322

Table 34
Canadian direct investment abroad ¹ - Acquisitions, sales and other flows, annual

Year	Long-te	rm outflows		Long-	term inflows		Net short-term flows	Reinvested	Net flo	ows	
	Acquisitions of direct investment interest	Other long-term outflows	Total	Sale of direct investment interest	Other long-term inflows	Total		earnings —	Acquisition/sale of direct investment interest	Other flows	Total
V No.	v113010	v113013	v112831	v113011	v113014	v112824	v113015	v113016	v113009	v113012	v113008
					m	illions of dol	lars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-11,682 -14,483 -38,313 -14,338 -16,881	-43,209 -32,720 -27,631 -35,243 -40,474	-54,892 -47,203 -65,943 -49,581 -57,355	3,054 4,483 9,490 6,225 10,189	14,706 20,003 16,228 19,031 12,930	17,760 24,486 25,717 25,256 23,119	2,222 -930 -2,269 -868 349	-7,106 -8,470 -14,346 -15,453 -17,435	-8,629 -10,000 -28,823 -8,112 -6,692	-33,387 -22,117 -28,018 -32,533 -44,630	-42,015 -32,118 -56,841 -40,645 -51,322

Table 35
Portfolio investment in foreign bonds by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	d Kingdom		Total	
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total		
V No.	v113826	v113898	v114042	v114114	v114186	v114258	v113970	v113742	
	millions of dollars								
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-3,293 -4,605 -11,907 -16,621 -14,799	-6,143 -5,359 -15,926 -19,190 -30,561	-112 -240 477 1,636 -2,329	-68 -512 101 513 693	740 118 119 288 -1,052	2,646 2,625 11,846 4,135 4,446	3,207 1,991 12,543 6,572 1,758	-6,229 -7,974 -15,290 -29,238 -43,602	

Note(s): See Data quality, concepts and methodology — Footnotes section.

Table 36
Portfolio investment in foreign stocks by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total	
V No.	v113827	v113899	v114043	v114115	v114187	v114259	v113971	v113743
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-25,719 -670 158 15,684 -8,840	-2,193 -3,572 -2,311 -25,033 -1,149	-868 -3,218 -2,410 1,803 -8,095	235 -322 -449 -959 -390	-1,230 -3,017 -177 -331 -1,122	8,523 3,100 -2,904 -13,115 -8,695	6,660 -3,458 -5,939 -12,603 -18,302	-21,253 -7,699 -8,092 -21,951 -28,291

Table 37 Canadian loans ¹ under repurchase agreements, transactions by type of security, quarterly and annual

Period	Government of Canada						Other Canadian securities		curities	Foreign securities		ies	Total		
		Bonds		Tre	asury bills	3	Purchases	Sales	Net	Purchases	Sales	Net	Purchases	Sales	Total
	Purchases	Sales	Net	Purchases	Sales	Net									
								Assets							
V No. (Q)	v113276	v113275			v113278			v113281			v113284		v113287		v113273
V No. (A)	v113104	v113103	v113102	v113107	v113106	v113105		v113109		v113113	v113112	v113111	v113115	v113114	v113101
							millio	ns of dolla	ars						
2002	104 251	00.401	4.760	6 772	7 5 5 5	701	7 500	9 000	410	E0 071	40.000	071	160 402	165.052	4 440
l II	-104,251 -93,255	99,491 96,914	-4,760 3,659	-6,773 -7,122	7,555 6,412	781 -710	-7,598 -6,207	8,009 6,237	30	-50,871 -53,093	49,999 53,777	-871 684	-169,493 -159,677	165,053 163,340	-4,440 3,663
III	-137,083	135,407	-1,676	-4,094	5,110	1,016	-9,661	8,438	-1,224	-75,917	74,409	-1,507	-226,755	223,364	-3,391
IV	-134,667	132,199	-2,468	-6,645	6,701	56	-12,518	13,626	1,108	-80,274	79,939	-336	-234,104	232,465	-1,639
2003															
I II	-184,457 -150,725	181,972 154,900	-2,485 4,175	-4,368 -5,365	4,338 5,444	-30 79	-12,320 -7,460	12,091 6,115	-229 -1,346	-71,673 -87,114	71,331 88,500	-342 1,386	-272,818 -250,664	269,732 254,959	-3,086 4,294
iii	-161,465	159,285	-2.180	-6.802	6,516	-286	-12.344	12.888	545	-56.018	56,665	647	-236,629	235,354	-1,275
IV	-154,646	157,437	2,791	-7,727	7,443	-284	-23,225	24,485	1,260	-65,790	65,095	-695	-251,388	254,460	3,072
2004															
<u>!</u>	-150,478	149,577	-901	-6,247	6,873	626	-16,917	17,720	802	-79,907	80,154	247	-253,550	254,324	774
II III	-165,173 -179,079	162,279 182,337	-2,894 3,258	-4,529 -6,928	4,321 7,170	-208 242	-20,693 -22,067	21,741 21,304	1,048 -763	-68,929 -57,495	73,323 57,686	4,394 191	-259,324 -265,570	261,664 268,496	2,340 2,926
IV	-166,085	169,270	3,185	-3,401	3,328	-73	-18,574	18,905	331	-61,026	61,102	76	-249,086	252,605	3,519
2005															
I.	-125,311	122,925	-2,386	-2,140	2,126	-14	-9,036	11,620	2,585	-49,505	50,572	1,067	-185,991	187,243	1,252
II III	-127,189 -142,313	128,581 143,037	1,392 724	-3,833 -8,325	3,191 7,383	-641 -942	-8,050 -17,286	9,659 18,116	1,610 831	-68,425 -81,030	69,151 80,613	727 -416	-207,496 -248,953	210,582 249,150	3,086 196
IV	-100,190	101,156	966	-8,246	8,025	-942	-11,184	11,754	571	-94,703	96,591	1,888	-246,933	217,526	3,204
2006															
1	-167,810	167,669	-141	-3,003	1,996	-1,007	-9,001	8,993	-8	-101,823	102,815	992	-281,637	281,473	-164
II.	-251,180	246,668	-4,512	-4,193	4,558	365	-15,406	15,609	203	-132,439	132,117	-322	-403,217	398,953	-4,265
III IV	-233,600 -231,419	235,398 232,869	1,797 1,450	-2,020 -4,417	2,588 4,163	568 -254	-10,736 -19,846	9,765 19,348	-971 -498	-183,376 -178,552		-1,130 1,889	-429,732 -434,235	429,997 436,822	264 2,587
2007	, ,	,,,,,,	,	,	,		.,.	.,.		-,	,	,	, , , , ,	,-	,
1	-234,962	232,959	-2,003	-7,648	6,955	-693	-19,117	20,497	1,380	-140,311		587	-402,038	401,309	-729
II	-283,519	281,768	-1,751	-7,776	7,323	-453	-24,724	24,330	-394	-165,819	169,548	3,729	-481,838	482,969	1,131
2002	-469,256	464,010	-5,245	-24,634	25,778	1,144	-35,985	36,310	325	-260,154	258,124	-2,030	-790,029	784,222	-5,807
2003	-651,293	653,594	2,302	-24,263	23,741	-522	-55,349	55,580	231	-280,595	281,591	995	-1,011,499	1,014,505	3,006
2004	-660,815	663,462	2,647	-21,106	21,692	587	-78,251	79,669	1,418	-267,358	272,266	4,908	-1,027,530	1,037,089	9,559
2005	-495,002	495,698	696	-22,544	20,725	-1,818	-45,555	51,150	5,595	-293,662	296,927	3,266	-856,763	864,501	7,738
2006	-884,009	882,604	-1,405	-13,632	13,304	-328	-54,989	53,715	-1,274	-596,191	597,620	1,429	-1,548,821	1,547,243	-1,578

Table 38
Canada's official international reserves, quarterly

Quarter	United States dollars	Other foreign currencies	Gold	Special drawing rights	Reserve position in IMF	Total
V No.	v114567	v114568	v114569	v114570	v114571	v114566
			millions of dollar	s		
2002						
L	1,641	-2,150	0	-18	-169	-696
II	-592	-445	0	-18	-395	-1,450
III	1,495	305	0	-22	107	1,885
IV	628	216	0	-22	-262	559
2003						
Ī	2,067	874	0	-19	-211	2,711
II	551	121	0	-17	-426	229
III	-485	122	0	4	364	4
IV	904	503	0	-16	358	1,749
2004						
Ī	-792	262	0	-17	311	-236
II	-990	936	0	-14	311	243
III	-1,046	358	0	-15	185	-517
IV	3,625	275	0	-15	52	3,937
2005						
Ī	-3,466	-59	0	-17	104	-3,437
II	-112	-8	0	-17	721	585
III	530	119	0	-14	457	1,092
IV	-166	-495	0	-11	779	108
2006						
Ī	-4,107	49	0	-9	430	-3,637
II	2,842	-1,901	Ō	-4	-29	909
III	1,212	-1,156	0	-4	-1	52
IV	1,306	50	0	-4	311	1,662
2007						
I	-4,580	-263	0	-10	131	-4,722
İ	-109	-297	Ö	-10 7	34	-366

Table 39
Canada's official international reserves, annual

Year	United States dollar	Other foreign currencies	Gold	Special drawing rights	Reserve position in IMF	Total			
V No.	v113748	v113749	v113750	v113751	v113752	v113747			
	millions of dollars								
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	3,172 3,037 798 -3,214 1,254	-2,074 1,620 1,830 -443 -2,958	0 0 0 0	-81 -48 -60 -59 -21	-719 84 859 2,062 711	298 4,693 3,427 -1,653 -1,013			

Table 40 Other assets by type, quarterly

Quarter	Short-term receivables from non-residents	Other	Total
V No.	v114573	v114574	v114572
	millions of dolla	rs	
2002			
	221 -420	-4,270 -174	-4,049 -594
 	-420 91	-174 -3,139	-3,048
IV	-685	-1,475	-2,160
2003			
I	-165	-1,904	-2,069
II.	-139	-2,002	-2,140
III V	1,120	-3,856	-2,736
IV	-440	-2,189	-2,629
2004			
<u> </u>	-85	3,055	2,970
<u> </u>	-291	-4,661	-4,952
III V	-126 249	-2,420 1,717	-2,546 1,966
	249	1,717	1,900
2005			
	110	-2,002	-1,892
 	-447 -144	-2,420 -893	-2,867 -1,037
III V	62	-893 -7,169	-1,037 -7,107
	02	7,100	1,101
2006	200	2.697	2 200
II	288 -41	-2,687 -747	-2,399 -788
III	- 	-747 -1,595	-2,545
iV	-616	-7,579	-8,195
2007			
I	-682	-5,162	-5,843
II	451	-10,238	-9,787

Table 41 Other assets by type, annual

Year	Short-term receivables from non-residents	Other	Total
V No.	v113754	v113755	v113753
		millions of dollars	
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-792 376 -253 -419 -1,319	-9,059 -9,950 -2,308 -12,484 -12,608	-9,851 -9,574 -2,561 -12,903 -13,927

Table 42 Foreign direct investment in Canada 1,2 by type of transaction, quarterly

Quarter		Inflows			Outflows		Total
	Flows	Reinvested earnings	Total	Flows	Reinvested earnings	Total	net flow
V No.	v113033	v113034	v113032	v113036	v113037	v113035	v113031
			mill	ions of dollars			
2002							
<u>!</u>	20,672	2,587	23,260	-5,565	-359	-5,924	17,336
II.	13,425	2,577	16,002	-6,500	-463	-6,963	9,039
III IV	5,707 15,860	3,205 2,953	8,912 18,813	-6,535 -11,636	-166 -994	-6,700 -12,630	2,212 6,183
IV	13,000	2,955	10,013	-11,030	-994	-12,030	0,103
2003							
I .	8,730	4,983	13,713	-7,141	-739	-7,879	5,834
II.	10,418	2,751	13,168	-7,102	-924	-8,027	5,142
III IV	5,968	3,353	9,321	-9,766	-670	-10,436	-1,116
IV	6,932	3,215	10,147	-8,191	-1,334	-9,524	623
2004							
1	10,144	3,843	13,987	-8,166	-162	-8,328	5,659
II.	6,851	5,011	11,862	-17,913	-491	-18,404	-6,542
III	16,610	4,349	20,958	-12,076	-322	-12,398	8,561
IV	11,272	2,470	13,742	-20,388	-1,504	-21,893	-8,151
2005							
I	10,118	4,984	15,102	-8,104	-1,287	-9,392	5,710
II.	9,347	5,581	14,928	-9,072	-946	-10,017	4,911
III	17,118	5,571	22,689	-8,116	-1,039	-9,155	13,533
IV	23,751	5,986	29,737	-14,277	-4,569	-18,845	10,892
2006							
I	18,426	4,054	22,480	-4,729	-2,488	-7,217	15,263
II.	10,766	5,290	16,056	-5,982	-1,291	-7,273	8,784
III	27,748	5,016	32,764	-4,163	-1,378	-5,541	27,223
IV	40,960	4,612	45,573	-17,840	-685	-18,525	27,047
2007							
I	20,244	6,565	26,809	-4,109	-650	-4,759	22,050
II	19,449	5,557	25,006	-6,436	-1,425	-7,860	17,145

Table 43 Foreign direct investment in Canada 1,2 by type of transaction, annual

Year		Inflows			Outflows		Total
	Flows	Reinvested earnings	Total	Flows	Reinvested earnings	Total	net flow
V No.	v112994	v112995	v112993	v112997	v112998	v112996	v112992
			mill	ions of dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	55,664 32,048 44,877 60,334 97,901	11,322 14,302 15,672 22,122 18,972	66,986 46,349 60,549 82,456 116,873	-30,235 -32,200 -58,543 -39,569 -32,713	-1,982 -3,667 -2,480 -7,841 -5,842	-32,217 -35,867 -61,023 -47,410 -38,556	34,769 10,483 -474 35,046 78,317

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \textbf{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ \ \textbf{—} \ \ \textbf{Footnotes section}.$

Table 44 Foreign direct investment in Canada 1,2 by geographical area, quarterly

Quarter	United	United	(Other than United	States and Unite	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ³ EU	Japan	Other ⁴ OECD	All other	Total	
V No.	v114653	v114725	v114869	v114941	v115013	v115085	v114797	v114576
				millions of o	dollars			
2002								
<u>!</u>	16,192	-170	1,119	54	-27	168	1,314	17,336
II.	5,840 653	1,107 173	1,583 1,093	442 166	-166 -118	232 245	2,092 1,386	9,039 2,212
III IV	5,667	-951	419	135	-116 -372	1,285	1,467	6,183
2003								
Ī	4,365	-85	914	200	168	272	1,554	5,834
II	3,302	995	518	45	136	146	845	5,142
III	-2,308	419	615	174	32	-49	773	-1,116
IV	-268	-50	469	96	164	211	940	623
2004								
<u> </u>	3,847	277	1,087	34	164	250	1,535	5,659
II III	-3,270 6,702	577 -182	-4,104 5.730	44 156	-89 980	301	-3,849 2,040	-6,542
IV	-3,084	-162 -446	-5,739 -5,330	134	543	6,642 32	-4,621	8,561 -8,151
	-3,064	-440	-5,550	134	545	32	-4,021	-0,131
2005	4.470	-	500	000	0.40	200	4.504	5.740
ii	4,179 2,308	7 667	582 944	339 -68	343 563	260 497	1,524 1,936	5,710 4,911
;; 	10,376	1,401	716	-66 161	379	500	1,756	13,533
IV	-3,547	1,963	2,584	163	3,437	6,293	12,476	10,892
2006								
Ī	6,900	270	6,684	430	67	912	8,093	15,263
II	5,706	660	591	27	417	1,382	2,418	8,784
III	3,132	20,508	1,787	224	730	842	3,583	27,223
IV	5,538	935	-2,321	1,798	1,331	19,766	20,574	27,047
2007								
1	10,350	62	6,017	469	816	4,336	11,638	22,050
II	4,859	362	9,010	105	2,109	699	11,924	17,145

Table 45 Foreign direct investment in Canada 1,2 by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ³ EU	Japan	Other ⁴ OECD	All other	Total	
V No.	v113834	v113906	v114050	v114122	v114194	v114266	v113978	v113757
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	28,352 5,092 4,195 13,315 21,276	159 1,280 228 4,038 22,374	4,214 2,516 -14,085 4,826 6,741	797 516 369 595 2,480	-683 499 1,597 4,722 2,545	1,929 580 7,224 7,550 22,901	6,258 4,111 -4,896 17,693 34,668	34,769 10,483 -474 35,046 78,317

Table 46 Foreign direct investment in Canada 1,2 by industry, quarterly

Quarter	Wood and paper	Energy and metallic minerals	Machinery and transportation equipment	Finance and insurance	Services ³ and retailing	Other ⁴ industries	Total
V No.	v113039	v113040	v113041	v113042	v113043	v113044	v113038
			n	nillions of dollars			
2002							
I II	227 249	12,452 2,971	2,615 1,772	43 783	972 1,238	1,027 2,025	17,336 9,039
II III	130	1,169	-491	662	1,236 764	2,025 -21	9,039 2,212
IV	283	-385	2,236	111	748	3,189	6,183
2003							
1	-83	2,663	-707	2,756	455	748	5,834
II III	-108 87	396 171	2,734 -3,212	1,206 -760	342 150	572 2,449	5,142 -1,116
IV	59	-448	-42	1,027	11	15	623
2004							
<u> </u>	-31	1,505	-2,984	803	562	5,805	5,659
II III	369 190	1,173 1,348	-4,353 3,915	1,173 656	-42 465	-4,862 1,987	-6,542 8,561
IV	-1,464	-499	1,085	-9,375	529	1,574	-8,151
2005							
<u>!</u>	282	1,686	-3,193	1,376	407	5,152	5,710
II III	1,173 -1,050	296 8,757	549 4,652	2,394 706	1,163 -573	-665 1,042	4,911 13,533
III IV	-176	11,165	-5,748	475	3,112	2,064	10,892
2006							
1	-161	8,024	2,632	2,125	1,513	1,130	15,263
II.	86 -64	2,360 21,616	925 861	564 969	1,671 356	3,178 3,485	8,784 27,223
III IV	217	14,541	165	-106	1,145	11,085	27,223
2007							
I	1,958	12,268	1,927	1,651	1,674	2,572	22,050
II	121	9,190	2	3,466	3,240	1,125	17,145

Table 47 Foreign direct investment in Canada 1,2 by industry, annual

Year	Wood and paper	Energy and metallic minerals	Machinery and transportation equipment	Finance and insurance	Services ³ and retailing	Other ⁴ industries	Total
V No.	v112909	v112910	v112911 n	v112912 nillions of dollars	v112913	v112914	v112908
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	889 -45 -936 230 78	16,207 2,782 3,526 21,904 46,541	6,131 -1,227 -2,338 -3,740 4,583	1,599 4,229 -6,744 4,951 3,553	3,722 958 1,514 4,108 4,685	6,220 3,785 4,504 7,593 18,878	34,769 10,483 -474 35,046 78,317

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 48 Foreign direct investment in Canada 1,2: sales, acquisitions and other flows, annual

Year	Long	-term inflows		Long-ter	m outflows		Net	Reinvested	Net flow	vs	
	Sales of existing interests in Canada	Other long-term inflows	Total	Acquisitions of direct investment interests from non-residents	Other long-term outflows	Total	short-term flows	earnings —	Sales/acquisitions with foreign direct investors	Other flows	Total
V No.	v113001	v113004	v112915	v113002	v113005	v112922	v113006	v113007	v113000	v113003	v112999
						millions of d	ollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	21,598 3,101 15,741 30,613 67,918	18,994 18,777 19,748 17,632 16,807	40,592 21,878 35,489 48,245 84,724	-7,816 -4,846 -25,340 -4,822 -12,953	-10,455 -12,696 -18,743 -22,633 -11,095	-18,272 -17,542 -44,083 -27,455 -24,048	3,108 -4,488 -5,072 -25 4,511	9,340 10,635 13,193 14,281 13,129	13,782 -1,745 -9,599 25,791 54,965	20,987 12,228 9,125 9,255 23,352	34,769 10,483 -474 35,046 78,317

Table 49 Portfolio investment in Canadian bonds by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	d Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total		
V No.	v113836	v113908	v114052	v114124	v114196	v114268	v113980	v113759
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	21,503 3,282 20,165 -10,654 10,282	5,151 6,191 2,133 -710 3,069	-843 -1,552 -256 4,042 -2,062	-4,106 1,553 -3,623 1,864 6,112	-3,398 -3,880 -2,682 -1,770 456	-10 2,276 3,713 7,150 158	-8,357 -1,604 -2,849 11,286 4,664	18,297 7,870 19,449 -78 18,015

Note(s): See Data quality, concepts and methodology — Footnotes section.

Table 50 Portfolio investment in Canadian stocks by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	C	Other than United States and United Kingdom					
	States	States Kingdom Other ¹ Ja EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total			
V No.	v113837	v113909	v114053	v114125	v114197	v114269	v113981	v113760	
				millions of o	dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	1,223 13,197 32,087 9,132 16,487	-2,649 -2,878 2,145 -1,186 5,715	-1,448 2,982 1,452 586 -12,243	-64 -1 261 -31 32	1,234 508 738 584 1,213	173 -318 -941 48 -391	-104 3,172 1,510 1,188 -11,389	-1,531 13,491 35,742 9,133 10,814	

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \textbf{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \textbf{Footnotes section}.$

Table 51
Portfolio investment in Canadian money market instruments by geographical area, annual

Year	United	United	(Other than United	States and United	l Kingdom		Total
	States	Kingdom	Other ¹ EU	Japan	Other ² OECD	All other	Total	
V No.	v113838	v113910	v114054	v114126	v114198	v114270	v113982	v113761
				millions of o	dollars			
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	510 -465 -1,429 -2,198 3,641	1,175 -1,851 101 27 -1,514	-919 -116 231 1,118 -622	16 20 25 44 11	143 23 134 148 51	908 743 508 1,382 2,147	147 670 898 2,692 1,587	1,833 -1,646 -429 522 3,715

Table 52 Foreign loans ¹ under repurchase agreements, transactions by type of security, quarterly and annual

Period		G	overnmen	t of Canad	da		Other (Canadian se	curities	Fo	reign securit	ies		Total	
		Bonds			Treasury bills		Sales	Purchases	Net	Sales	Purchases	Net	Sales	Purchases	Net
	Sales	Purchases	Net	Sales	Purchases	Net									
								Liabilities	5						
V No. (Q)	v113290		v113289			v113292			v113295			v113298	v113301		v113288
V No. (A)	v113118	V113119	v113117	V113121	V113122	v113120			v113123	V113127	V113128	v113126	v113129	V113130	v113116
							r	nillions of do	oliars						
2002 I	171,601	-168,890	2,711	7,258	-7,172	86	7,208	-7,132	76	42,931	-43,824	-893	228,998	-227,018	1,981
II	192,910	-196,476	-3,566	14,275	-13,910	365	6,772	-6,662	110	77,771	-76,769	1,002	291,728	-293,817	-2,089
III IV	191,192 169,910	-187,843 -167,769	3,349 2,140	7,277 13,189	-7,615 -12,867	-339 322	39,360 52,392	-38,530 -52,939	829 -546	93,757 59,289	-94,779 -59,241	-1,022 48	331,585 294,780	-328,768 -292,816	2,817 1,964
2003			•												
1	228,692	-227,489	1,204	9,778	-9,705	73	39,030	-38,860	171	75,057	-73,689	1,367	352,557	-349,742	2,814
II III	255,114 252,698	-257,536 -253,376	-2,422 -678	9,937 4,991	-9,966 -5.030	-29 -38	22,655 35,722	-22,890 -35,285	-235 436	88,954 79,699	-89,382 -79,441	-427 258	376,660 373,110	-379,774 -373,132	-3,114 -22
IV	193,017	-190,909	2,108	18,907	-17,716	1,191	66,357	-64,431	1,926	41,193	-41,957	-764	319,473	-315,013	4,461
2004															
I II	194,544 200,851	-190,447 -202,868	4,097 -2,017	14,281 8,899	-15,677 -8,809	-1,396 91	68,173 66,088	-69,264 -63,468	-1,091 2,619	49,208 64,346	-49,063 -59,621	145	326,206 340,184	-324,452 -334,766	1,755 5,418
III	194,098	-202,868	-2,017 -5,471	20,188	-0,009	54	67,941	-68,249	-308	70,512	-69,505	4,725 1,006	352,738	-357,457	-4,719
IV	130,204	-131,011	-807	35,036	-34,440	596	98,872	-97,374	1,499	50,726	-51,671	-945	314,838	-314,496	342
2005															
I II	156,452 148,159	-152,746 -147,278	3,706 881	21,330 22,003	-20,850 -22,995	480 -991	67,764 93.655	-66,826 -92,920	938 735	45,276 94,679	-44,384 -92,467	892 2,212	290,822 358,497	-284,805 -355.660	6,017 2,837
iii	232,892	-238,902	-6,010	16,016	-15,843	173	55,462	-54,225	1,237	54,619	-55,123	-504	358,988	-364,093	-5,105
IV	169,104	-168,387	716	30,326	-31,498	-1,172	37,822	-37,980	-159	52,260	-50,071	2,189	289,512	-287,937	1,574
2006	244 452	-207,360	3,792	8,293	0.400	005	00.050	00.045	743	E2 040	-51,812	400	252 444	240 505	3,829
i II	211,152 288,094	-207,360	4.303	8,117	-9,198 -8,215	-905 -98	80,958 39,428	-80,215 -39,857	-429	52,010 55.015	-51,612	198 93	352,414 390,653	-348,585 -386,785	3,869
III	310,314	-305,410	4,903	3,176	-3,768	-592	36,756	-36,367	389	92,780	-89,958	2,822	443,025	-435,504	7,522
IV	362,673	-364,291	-1,617	14,564	-14,401	163	22,552	-22,183	369	137,133	-134,426	2,706	536,921	-535,300	1,621
2007	337.281	-337.395	-115	6.399	-5,280	1,119	64,592	-64.743	-151	83.543	-83.114	428	491,814	-490.533	1,281
İI	413,948	-415,012	-1,064	4,809	-5,770	-961	56,744	-55,560	1,184	102,830	-101,384	1,446	578,332	-577,726	606
2002	725,613	-720,979	4,634	41,999	-41,564	434	105,732	-105,263	469	273,748	-274,612	-865	1,147,091	-1,142,419	4,673
2003	929,521	-929,310	211	43,613	-42,417	1,196	163,763	-161,466	2,298	284,903	-284,469	434	1,421,800	-1,417,661	4,139
2004	719,697	-723,895	-4,198	78,404	-79,060	-656	301,074	-298,355	2,719	234,792	-229,860	4,932	1,333,966	-1,331,171	2,796
2005	706,607	-707,314	-707	89,676	-91,186	-1,510	254,702	-251,951	2,752	246,834	-242,045	4,789	1,297,819	-1,292,496	5,323
2006	1,172,233	-1,160,852	11,381	34,149	-35,582	-1,432	179,694	-178,622	1,071	336,938	-331,118	5,820	1,723,013	-1,706,174	16,840

Table 53 Other liabilities by type, quarterly

Quarter	Government of Canada demand liabilities	Short-term payables to non-residents	Other	Total
V No.	v114585	v114586	v114587	v114584
		millions of dollars		
2002 	119	266	-2,607	-2,222
II III IV	-67 -67 25	-190 272 245	-1,997 -2,136 -710	-2,254 -1,931 -440
2003	-110	-184	-1,986	-2,281
II III IV	-84 -40 -19	-759 -317 -347	257 437 250	-586 80 -116
2004				
 V	189 -293 -3 4	379 387 -336 -152	-509 -618 -443 -196	59 -524 -783 -343
2005	183	293	3,321	3,797
II III IV	-295 -29 15	738 256 18	190 -225 -3,740	633 1 -3,708
2006				
I II III IV	279 -275 -75 -2	188 -143 -328 385	277 277 277 -1,723	743 -141 -126 -1,337
2007 	307 -365	87 142	276 276	669 54

Table 54 Other liabilities by type, annual

Year	Government of Canada demand liabilities	Short-term payables to non-residents	Other	Total
V No.	v113766	v113767	v113768	v113765
		millions of do	llars	
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	11 -253 -103 -127 -68	593 -1,607 277 1,304 101	-7,449 -1,043 -1,766 -454 -893	-6,846 -2,904 -1,591 723 -860

Table 55 Canadian banks, flows of assets and liabilities booked in Canada with non-residents, quarterly

Quarter			Ass	ets				Liabilities			Ne	et	
	Depo	sits 1	Loans	Other	To	otal		Total			To	tal	
	Total	In			Total	Of	Depo	osits 2	Of	With	Other	Total	Of
		affiliates				which in foreign currencies	Total	From affiliates	which in foreign currencies	affiliates			which in foreign currencies
V No.	v113637	v113646	v113638	v113639	v113636	v113641	v113643	v113647	v113642	v113645	v113648	v113644	v113640
							millions of c	dollars					
2002													
<u> </u>	-1,690	-1,894	2,462 -940	-1,386	-614	-2,630	7,538 2,262	11,114	5,704	9,220	-2,296	6,924	3,074
II III	2,153 3,460	3,098 604	2,344	1,257 -2,037	2,470 3,768	4,125 -471	4,686	9,700 462	3,595 3,057	12,798 1,066	-8,066 7,388	4,732 8,454	7,720 2,586
IV	2,392	2,818	-3,012	-904	-1,524	2,849	-1,591	2,727	-45	5,545	-8,660	-3,115	2,804
2003													
!	-10,808	-9,152	-791	-1,102	-12,701	-10,918	22,023	20,405	18,758	11,252	-1,930	9,322	7,840
II III	446 1,714	1,614 3,710	-1,485 7.304	-2,240 -3,662	-3,279 5,355	-287 -1,356	-19,983 7,408	-18,641 1,664	-23,287 7,627	-17,027 5,374	-6,235 7,389	-23,262 12,763	-23,574 6,271
IV	-9,222	-12,424	-638	-2,247	-12,108	-10,113	10,267	10,028	6,741	-2,396	556	-1,840	-3,372
2004													
!	59	1,914	-1,959	4,296	2,397	5,137	-10,295	-1,555	-6,966	358	-8,256	-7,898	-1,829
II III	-3,853 6,390	-5,269 5,709	-2,092 -1,129	-2,982 -1,103	-8,927 4,158	-10,618 4,077	14,856 -704	8,491 -2,741	12,916 -341	3,222 2,968	2,707 486	5,929 3,454	2,298 3,736
IV	-5,427	-3,595	2,853	2,820	245	-3,317	-704	-2,741 -5,479	-3,443	-9,074	5,398	-3,454 -3,676	-6,760
2005													
I	-5,207	-5,389	-3,986	-3,439	-12,632	-7,484	-1,051	480	735	-4,909	-8,774	-13,683	-6,749
II.	-4,506	-273	1,083	-1,776	-5,199	-2,904	4,694	4,139	3,103	3,866	-4,371	-505	199
III IV	-11,943 12,417	-10,495 8,970	-2,335 2,734	69 -2,753	-14,209 12,397	-13,540 8,329	35,199 9,605	27,070 5,981	33,081 7,151	16,575 14,951	4,415 7,052	20,990 22,002	19,542 15,480
2006													
1	-7,437	-7,316	-1,328	-2,250	-11,016	-8,642	10,358	17,350	11,215	10,034	-10,692	-658	2,573
II.	-10,445	-11,909	326	-646	-10,766	-10,266	27,850	17,242	20,140	5,332	11,752	17,084	9,874
III IV	-4,841 29,984	-95 24,212	-7,065 1,302	-1,568 -8,058	-13,474 23,227	-6,670 24,220	1,008 -17,644	3,829 -18,484	-5,124 -19,575	3,734 5,729	-16,201 -145	-12,466 5,584	-11,794 4,646
2007													
I	-2,460	-1,638	-3,873	-6,472	-12,804	-5,806	22,192	6,674	20,936	5,036	4,352	9,388	15,130
II	-10,502	-8,433	3,415	-12,201	-19,287	-16,448	22,302	25,593	19,231	17,160	-14,145	3,015	2,783

Table 56 Canadian banks, flows of assets and liabilities booked in Canada with non-residents, annual

Year			Ass	ets				Liabilities			Ne	et	
	Depos	sits 1	Loans	Other	To	otal		Total			To	tal	
	Total	In			Total	Of	Depo	sits 2	Of	With	Other	Total	Of
		affiliates				which in foreign currencies	Total	From affiliates	which in foreign currencies	affiliates			which in foreign currencies
V No.	v113624	v113633	v113625	v113626	v113623	v113628	v113630	v113634	v113629	v113632	v113635	v113631	v113627
							millions of d	lollars					
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	6,315 -17,870 -2,832 -9,239 7,261	4,626 -16,251 -1,241 -7,187 4,893	854 4,390 -2,327 -2,505 -6,766	-3,070 -9,252 3,032 -7,899 -12,522	4,099 -22,733 -2,127 -19,643 -12,028	3,873 -22,674 -4,721 -15,599 -1,357	12,896 19,716 -65 48,447 21,571	24,003 13,455 -1,285 37,670 19,937	12,311 9,839 2,166 44,070 6,656	28,629 -2,796 -2,526 30,483 24,830	-11,635 -220 334 -1,679 -15,286	16,994 -3,016 -2,192 28,804 9,544	16,184 -12,835 -2,555 28,471 5,299

Table 57
Balance of payments, United States, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly

Quarter	C	urrent account			Capital and	financial accounts	1		Statistical 2
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital	Fir	ancial account		Total	discrepancy and inter-area
				account, net flows	Assets	Liabilities	Net		transfers
V No.	v114589	v114606	v114622	v114640	v114642	v114652	v114641	v114639	v114662
					millions of dollars				_
2002									
1	96,081	82,147	13,934	14	-17,175	29,037	11,862	11,876	-25,810
II.	101,650	87,230	14,421	12	-10,609	19,034	8,425	8,437	-22,858
III IV	100,259	82,819	17,441	-19 -8	-11,561	2,997	-8,564	-8,583	-8,857
IV	101,370	87,239	14,132	-0	-22,016	12,224	-9,791	-9,799	-4,332
2003									
1	99,591	86,052	13,538	13	-9,663	31,700	22,037	22,050	-35,588
II	93,916	83,891	10,025	11	-6,298	-13,562	-19,859	-19,848	9,823
III	93,244	75,887	17,357	9	-1,032	-1,941	-2,973	-2,964	-14,393
IV	92,791	79,041	13,750	23	-4,852	22,308	17,456	17,479	-31,228
2004									
I	95,717	82,557	13,160	21	5,465	1,561	7,027	7,048	-20,208
II	107,907	90,570	17,337	25	-40,144	33,923	-6,222	-6,197	-11,140
III	103,747	83,052	20,695	16	-20,003	11,478	-8,525	-8,509	-12,186
IV	99,614	82,423	17,191	17	-6,748	13,849	7,101	7,118	-24,309
2005									
Ī	100,866	87,542	13,324	24	-10,491	4,714	-5,777	-5,752	-7,572
II	107,940	92,632	15,308	27	-3,871	4,557	687	714	-16,022
III	108,684	85,974	22,710	21	-20,501	34,416	13,914	13,936	-36,646
IV	114,501	88,560	25,941	10	1,264	-10,764	-9,500	-9,491	-16,450
2006									
I	107,197	89,504	17,693	0	-13,357	6,836	-6,521	-6,521	-11,171
II	108,993	92,328	16,665	21	-25,851	34,834	8,983	9,003	-25,668
III	106,115	86,171	19,945	-2	-28,585	15,625	-12,960	-12,962	-6,983
IV	104,556	91,563	12,994	12	3,561	11,214	14,775	14,786	-27,780
2007									
I	108,601	95,629	12,972	-3	-25,643	32,066	6,423	6,420	
II	108,940	95,758	13,183	-4	-22,088	29,072	6,984	6,980	

Table 58 Balance of payments, United States, annual

Year	Cı	urrent account			Capital and	d financial accounts	1		Statistical 2
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital	Fin	ancial account		Total	discrepancy and inter-area
				account, net flows	Assets	Liabilities	Net		transfers
V No.	v113770	v113787	v113803	v113821	v113823	v113833	v113822	v113820	v113843
					millions of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	399,361 379,541 406,984 431,991 426,862	339,434 324,871 338,602 354,708 359,566	59,927 54,670 68,383 77,283 67,296	-1 56 79 83 30	-61,360 -21,845 -61,430 -33,599 -64,232	63,292 38,505 60,811 32,923 68,508	1,932 16,661 -619 -676 4,276	1,930 16,717 -539 -593 4,306	-61,857 -71,387 -67,843 -76,690 -71,602

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 59-1 Current account, United States, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Receipts

Quarter			God	ods and services					Investment	income		Curr	ent transfer	S	Total
	Goods	Gold available for export	Travel	Services Transportation	Other ²	² Total	Total	Direct	Portfolio ³	³ Other	³ Total	Private transfers	Official transfers	Total	
							R	eceipts							
V No.	v114591	v114592	v114594	v114595	v114596	v114593	v114590	v114600	v114601	v114602	v114599	v114604	v114605	v114603	v114589
							millior	ns of dollar	s						
2002															
<u>!</u>	84,121		1,599	1,316	5,386	8,301	92,422	440	1,065	860	2,365	406	889	1,295	96,081
II.	88,977		2,562	1,560	5,078	9,200	98,177	578	1,094	900	2,572	326	574	901	101,650
III IV	85,923 88.031		4,371 1.795	1,562 1,473	5,447 5,233	11,381 8.502	97,303 96,533	46 1.695	1,048 1.082	866 788	1,960 3.565	382 339	614 934	996 1.272	100,259 101,370
IV	00,031		1,795	1,473	5,233	6,502	90,533	1,095	1,062	/00	3,505	339	934	1,212	101,370
2003															
1	87,931		1,524	1,273	5,365	8,162	96,093	276	1,120	805	2,200	438	860	1,298	99,591
II.	82,235		2,155	1,303	5,175	8,633	90,868	434	1,032	629	2,096	340	613	953	93,916
III	78,701		3,788	1,349	5,490	10,627	89,328	1,111	1,086	738	2,934	386	596	982	93,244
IV	80,116		1,613	1,320	5,355	8,288	88,404	1,570	1,072	616	3,257	326	803	1,129	92,791
2004															
I	83,266		1,450	1,199	5,630	8,279	91,545	1,220	1,105	578	2,903	382	886	1,268	95,717
II	93,639		2,487	1,468	5,348	9,302	102,941	2,026	1,269	656	3,951	329	685	1,014	107,907
III	87,960		4,136	1,388	5,493	11,016	98,976	1,844	1,280	655	3,779	368	623	991	103,747
IV	85,723		1,793	1,299	5,439	8,531	94,254	2,031	1,397	791	4,219	312	829	1,141	99,614
2005															
1	86,656		1,447	1,181	5,822	8,449	95,105	1,981	1,425	804	4,210	424	1,127	1,551	100,866
II	92,491		2,318	1,388	5,722	9,429	101,919	2,276	1,482	1,114	4,873	360	789	1,149	
III	91,121		3,658	1,360	5,884	10,902	102,024	2,601	1,653	1,213	5,468	413	780		108,684
IV	97,982		1,554	1,368	5,861	8,784	106,766	3,379	1,778	1,144	6,301	356	1,078	1,434	114,501
2006															
Ī	91,574		1,322	1,235	6.091	8.648	100,222	1,935	1,963	1,092	4,990	449	1,536	1.985	107,197
İl	92,645		2,302	1,424	5,678	9,404	102,049	2,242	2,169	1,254	5,665	353	926	1,279	
III	88,024		3,537	1,336	6,073	10,946	98,971	2,158	2,150	1,690	5,998	382	764	1,146	106,115
IV	88,720		1,523	1,282	5,632	8,437	97,157	2,030	2,306	1,402	5,737	333	1,329	1,662	104,556
2007															
1	92,589		1,236	1,235	5,812	8.284	100,873	2,114	2,473	1,378	5,965	373	1,390	1.763	108,601
İ	92,046		2,205	1,445	5,540	9.190	101,236	2,319	2,526	1,510	6,355	362	987	1,349	
••	02,010		_,_00	.,	2,0.0	2,.00	,=00	_,0.0	_,0_0	.,0.0	2,000	002		.,0.0	,

Table 59-2
Current account, United States, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Payments

Quarter			God	ods and services					Investment	income		Curr	ent transfer	s	Total
	Goods	Gold ¹ available for export	Travel	Services Transportation	Other ²	Total	Total	Direct	Portfolio ³	3 Other	³ Total	Private transfers	Official transfers	Total	
							Pa	yments							
V No.	v114608		v114610	v114611	v114612	v114609			v114617	v114618	v114615	v114620	v114621	v114619	v114606
							millior	s of dollar	rs						
2002 	61,653 67,346 61,576 64,656	· · ·	2,997 3,066 2,389 2,420	1,421 1,473 1,566 1,452	5,792 6,087 6,885 6,746	10,210 10,626 10,840 10,618	71,864 77,972 72,417 75,275	3,493 2,747 3,855 5,207	5,062 5,098 5,178 5,185	1,482 1,176 1,128 1,327	10,037 9,021 10,161 11,718	216 223 219 223	30 14 23 23	246 237 241 246	82,147 87,230 82,819 87,239
2003 	63,254 63,403 55,123 58,577		3,123 2,837 2,336 2,418	1,385 1,376 1,408 1,483	6,302 6,509 7,142 7,145	10,810 10,723 10,886 11,045	74,063 74,126 66,009 69,622	5,508 3,920 4,122 3,627	4,972 4,767 4,712 4,532	1,269 852 793 1,002	11,749 9,539 9,627 9,161	210 200 207 214	30 27 43 44	241 227 250 258	86,052 83,891 75,887 79,041
2004 	60,198 67,016 61,576 61,500		3,377 3,309 2,384 2,475	1,589 1,532 1,506 1,403	6,843 6,741 7,125 7,147	11,809 11,581 11,014 11,025	72,008 78,598 72,590 72,524	4,605 6,212 4,674 4,075	4,664 4,745 4,738 4,557	1,007 742 765 971	10,277 11,700 10,176 9,604	215 238 229 238	57 34 56 57	273 272 285 295	82,557 90,570 83,052 82,423
2005 	63,316 69,214 62,255 65,010		3,578 3,408 2,559 2,650	1,592 1,670 1,856 1,628	6,610 6,817 7,361 7,304	11,780 11,895 11,776 11,581	75,096 81,110 74,031 76,591	6,157 5,353 5,792 5,939	4,748 4,777 4,687 4,550	1,215 1,091 1,122 1,101	12,121 11,222 11,601 11,591	251 260 275 310	74 41 67 68	325 301 342 378	87,542 92,632 85,974 88,560
2006 V	65,562 68,703 63,816 66,808		3,790 3,491 2,801 2,853	1,759 1,663 1,892 1,799	6,338 6,581 7,209 7,045	11,887 11,736 11,903 11,697	77,449 80,439 75,718 78,505	4,309 5,303 3,618 4,924	4,348 4,348 4,497 4,740	2,301 1,883 1,946 2,322	10,958 11,534 10,061 11,986	1,009 314 322 1,002	88 42 69 70	1,097 356 391 1,072	89,504 92,328 86,171 91,563
2007 I II	69,048 70,928		3,929 3,527	1,791 1,821	6,735 6,723	12,455 12,071	81,502 83,000	5,766 5,612	4,599 4,518	2,820 2,242	13,185 12,372	851 343	91 43	941 386	95,629 95,758

Table 59-3 Current account, United States, not seasonally adjusted, quarterly — Balances

Quarter			God	ods and services					Investment	income		Curr	ent transfers	3	Total
	Goods	Gold ¹ available for export	Travel	Services Transportation	Other ²	Total	Total	Direct	Portfolio ³	Other 3	³ Total	Private transfers	Official transfers	Total	
							В	alances							
V No.	v114624	v114625	v114627	v114628	v114629	v114626	v114623	v114633	v114634	v114635	v114632	v114637	v114638	v114636	v114622
							millior	s of dollar	'S						
2002 	22,468 21,631 24,346	 	-1,398 -503 1,983	-105 87 -4	-406 -1,009 -1,438	-1,910 -1,425 540	20,558 20,206 24,887	-3,053 -2,169 -3,809	-3,997 -4,004 -4,130	-622 -276 -262	-7,672 -6,449 -8,201	189 103 163	859 560 591	1,048 664 755	13,934 14,421 17,441
IV 2003	23,375		-624	21	-1,513	-2,116	21,259	-3,512	-4,102	-539	-8,153	116	910	1,026	14,132
2003 V	24,678 18,832 23,578 21,540	 	-1,599 -682 1,452 -805	-111 -74 -60 -163	-938 -1,334 -1,652 -1,790	-2,648 -2,090 -260 -2,757	22,030 16,742 23,318 18,782	-5,232 -3,486 -3,011 -2,057	-3,852 -3,735 -3,626 -3,460	-464 -223 -56 -386	-9,549 -7,443 -6,693 -5,904	227 140 179 113	830 586 552 759	1,057 726 732 871	13,538 10,025 17,357 13,750
2004 V	23,068 26,623 26,384 24,224		-1,927 -822 1,752 -682	-390 -64 -118 -103	-1,213 -1,393 -1,632 -1,708	-3,530 -2,279 2 -2,494	19,538 24,343 26,386 21,730	-3,385 -4,186 -2,830 -2,045	-3,559 -3,476 -3,457 -3,160	-429 -86 -110 -180	-7,373 -7,748 -6,397 -5,384	167 91 139 74	829 651 567 772	996 742 706 846	13,160 17,337 20,695 17,191
2005 V	23,340 23,276 28,866 32,972		-2,131 -1,089 1,100 -1,096	-411 -282 -496 -259	-789 -1,095 -1,477 -1,442	-3,331 -2,467 -874 -2,797	20,009 20,810 27,992 30,175	-4,176 -3,077 -3,191 -2,561	-3,323 -3,295 -3,034 -2,772	-412 23 91 42	-7,911 -6,349 -6,134 -5,290	173 100 138 46	1,053 748 713 1,010	1,226 848 851 1,056	13,324 15,308 22,710 25,941
2006 	26,011 23,942 24,209 21,912		-2,467 -1,189 737 -1,330	-524 -239 -556 -517	-248 -904 -1,137 -1,413	-3,239 -2,332 -956 -3,260	22,772 21,610 23,252 18,652	-2,373 -3,061 -1,460 -2,894	-2,386 -2,179 -2,347 -2,435	-1,208 -629 -256 -920	-5,967 -5,869 -4,063 -6,249	-560 40 60 -669	1,448 884 696 1,259	888 924 755 590	17,693 16,665 19,945 12,994
2007 	23,541 21,118		-2,692 -1,322	-556 -376	-923 -1,182	-4,171 -2,881	19,371 18,237	-3,652 -3,292	-2,126 -1,992	-1,442 -732	-7,220 -6,016	-478 19	1,299 943	821 962	12,972 13,183

Table 60 Current account, United States, annual

Year			Goods and services					Investment	t income		Curr	ent transfer	rs .	Total
	Goods	Gold ¹ available for export	Services el Transportation		² Total	Total	Direct	Portfolio	³ Other	³ Total	Private transfers	Official transfers	Total	
						R	eceipts							
V No.	v113772	v113773 v11377	5 v113776	v113777	v113774	v113771	v113781	v113782	v113783	v113780	v113785	v113786	v113784	v113770
						millior	ns of dollar	'S						
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	347,052 328,983 350,588 368,250 360,963	10,32 9,08 9,86 8,97 8,68	0 5,245 5 5,354 8 5,297	21,384	35,710 37,128 37,564	387,717	2,758 3,390 7,121 10,238 8,365	4,289 4,309 5,052 6,338 8,588	3,414 2,787 2,681 4,275 5,438	10,461 10,487 14,854 20,851 22,390	1,453 1,491 1,390 1,554 1,517	3,011 2,871 3,023 3,773 4,556	5,327	399,361 379,541 406,984 431,991 426,862
						Pa	ayments							
V No.	v113789	v v11379	1 v113792	v113793	v113790	v113788	v113797	v113798	v113799	v113796	v113801	v113802	v113800	v113787
						millior	ns of dollar	's						
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	255,232 240,356 250,291 259,795 264,889	. 10,87 . 10,71 . 11,54 . 12,19 . 12,93	3 5,652 5 6,029 5 6,746	27,099 27,855 28,092	42,294 43,464 45,429 47,033 47,222	283,820 295,720	15,301 17,177 19,567 23,242 18,154	20,522 18,982 18,704 18,762 17,933	5,114 3,917 3,486 4,531 8,451	40,937 40,076 41,757 46,535 44,539	880 831 921 1,096 2,647	90 144 205 249 269	971 975 1,125 1,345 2,915	338,602
						В	alances							
V No.	v113805	v113806 v11380	8 v113809	v113810	v113807	v113804	v113814	v113815	v113816	v113813	v113818	v113819	v113817	v113803
						millior	ns of dollar	rs						
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	91,819 88,627 100,298 108,454 96,074	54 1,63 1,68 3,21 4,25	3 -407 0 -675 6 -1,449	-5,715 -5,946	-4,910 -7,755 -8,301 -9,468 -9,787	86,909 80,873 91,997 98,986 86,287	-12,542 -13,786 -12,445 -13,005 -9,789	-16,233 -14,673 -13,653 -12,424 -9,346	-1,700 -1,129 -805 -255 -3,014	-30,475 -29,589 -26,903 -25,684 -22,149	572 659 470 458 -1,130	2,921 2,727 2,819 3,524 4,287	3,493 3,386 3,289 3,981 3,157	59,927 54,670 68,383 77,283 67,296

Table 61-1 Financial account 1, United States, quarterly — Assets, net flows

Quarter	Canadian 2		Portfolio i	nvestment			Oth	ner investment			Canadian
	direct Tinvestment abroad	Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ³	Official ⁴ international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v114643	v114645	v114646	v30424737	v114644	v114648	v114649	v114650	v114651	v114647	v114642
					n	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002											
I.	-1,824	-1,692	-9,304	-628	-11,624	14	-3,737	2,111	-2,115	-3,727	-17,175
II.	-2,502	-2,865	-4,914	-168	-7,947	-1,039	474	217	188	-160	-10,609
III	-112	-348	-7,276	-130	-7,754	-1,438	1,017	-191	-3,083	-3,695	-11,561
IV	-13,144	1,612	-4,225	-1,296	-3,909	-3,356	973	-36	-2,544	-4,963	-22,016
2003											
1	-1,984	-17	-1,208	-1,080	-2,305	3,495	-10,265	2,552	-1,157	-5,374	-9,663
II	-600	-2,698	-1,160	1,837	-2,022	226	-3,594	1,698	-2,007	-3,676	-6,298
III	-780	-888	578	-1,605	-1,915	1,659	2,835	-455	-2,375	1,664	-1,032
IV	-2,945	-1,002	1,121	-435	-317	2,538	-2,364	465	-2,230	-1,591	-4,852
2004											
1	-2,216	-3,049	3,235	593	779	1,813	1,664	-762	4,187	6,902	5,465
II	-28,446	-4,866	-24	746	-4,144	2,859	-6,422	-377	-3,614	-7,554	-40,144
III	-8,295	134	-4,198	-179	-4,244	-1,971	-1,790	-2,099	-1,604	-7,464	-20,003
IV	-1,862	-4,126	1,144	-324	-3,306	-1,341	-4,102	2,068	1,795	-1,580	-6,748
2005											
I	-7,089	-1,148	2,613	259	1,724	3,654	-5,944	-1,134	-1,702	-5,127	-10,491
II	-7,108	-3,519	7,338	365	4,185	1,254	374	-176	-2,399	-948	-3,871
III	-8,273	-7,268	4,283	-929	-3,914	-1,425	-5,287	-360	-1,241	-8,313	-20,501
IV	-2,439	-4,686	1,450	304	-2,932	2,913	7,871	554	-4,703	6,635	1,264
2006											
I	-6,105	-5,977	452	436	-5,089	178	1,785	-2,737	-1,390	-2,163	-13,357
II	-3,711	-6,748	-3,790	-1,841	-12,379	-783	-11,399	2,697	-276	-9,761	-25,851
III	-4,757	-352	-8,286	-1,645	-10,282	-10,340	-1,650	-51	-1,504	-13,545	-28,585
IV	-7,421	-1,722	2,784	-243	820	-522	16,417	1,112	-6,846	10,162	3,561
2007											
I	-13,947	-5,623	3,035	624	-1,965	-616	-8,093		-1,022	-9,731	-25,643
II	-5,045	-6,867	-2,106	84	-8,889	4,653	-3,083		-9,724	-8,154	-22,088

Table 61-2
Financial account ¹, United States, quarterly — Liabilities, net flows

Quarter	Foreign ^{2,3}		Portfolio inve	estment			Other inves	tment		Canadian
	direct — investment in Canada	Canadian bonds	Canadian stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁴	Deposits ⁵	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows
V No.	v114653	v114655	v114656	v114657	v114654	v114659	v114660	v114661	v114658	v114652
					millions	of dollars				
2002										
<u>!</u>	16,192	7,833	-1,232	-16	6,585	-36	7,296	-999	6,261	29,037
II.	5,840	6,800	5,184	367	12,351	-631	2,381	-908	843	19,034
III IV	653	7,812	-4,503	-942	2,367	-2,002	2,593	-614	-24	2,997
IV	5,667	-942	1,774	1,101	1,933	1,154	3,583	-113	4,624	12,224
2003										
I	4,365	5,660	1,619	-1,399	5,880	-1,497	24,086	-1,134	21,455	31,700
II	3,302	1,252	4,003	-32	5,224	-1,301	-20,322	-464	-22,088	-13,562
III	-2,308	-10,465	5,277	-1,349	-6,537	448	6,664	-209	6,903	-1,941
IV	-268	6,835	2,297	2,315	11,447	2,164	9,276	-311	11,128	22,308
2004										
I	3,847	2,427	2,948	-2,304	3,071	549	-5,918	13	-5,357	1,561
II	-3,270	5,657	19,165	885	25,707	7,577	3,962	-53	11,486	33,923
III	6,702	4,114	4,013	-1,139	6,988	1,144	-2,714	-642	-2,212	11,478
IV	-3,084	7,967	5,961	1,129	15,058	141	2,134	-400	1,875	13,849
2005										
I	4,179	-3,675	7,583	-1,233	2,676	1,290	-4,876	1,445	-2,141	4,714
II	2,308	2,639	-2,047	-706	-113	4,011	-2,263	615	2,363	4,557
III	10,376	-2,259	5,658	-1,806	1,593	944	21,175	328	22,447	34,416
IV	-3,547	-7,359	-2,063	1,547	-7,875	492	1,809	-1,642	658	-10,764
2006										
1	6,900	2,189	6,448	2,943	11.580	-751	-11.053	160	-11.644	6,836
II	5,706	-2,069	9,123	2,738	9,793	4,446	15,018	-129	19,335	34,834
III	3,132	9,895	1,791	-479	11,207	8,395	-6,820	-289	1,286	15,625
IV	5,538	268	-875	-1,561	-2,168	3,398	4,837	-391	7,844	11,214
2007										
	10,350	4,906	4,963	-466	9,403	-1,506	13,744	75	12,313	32,066
II	4,859	-4,104	6,028	432	2,357	-580	22,301	136	21,856	29,072

Note(s): See Data quality, concepts and methodology — Footnotes section.

Table 62-1 Financial account ¹, United States, annual — Assets, net flows

Year	Canadian ²		Portfolio ii	nvestment			Oth	er investment			Canadian
	direct — investment abroad	Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ³	Official ⁴ international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v113824	v113826	v113827	v30424729	v113825	v113829	v113830	v113831	v113832	v113828	v113823
					n	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-17,581 -6,309 -40,820 -24,909 -21,994	-3,293 -4,605 -11,907 -16,621 -14,799	-25,719 -670 158 15,684 -8,840	-2,222 -1,284 836 -1 -3,292	-31,234 -6,559 -10,914 -938 -26,931	-5,819 7,918 1,360 6,396 -11,466	-1,274 -13,387 -10,650 -2,986 5,154	2,101 4,261 -1,170 -1,118 1,021	-7,554 -7,770 764 -10,045 -10,016	-12,545 -8,977 -9,697 -7,753 -15,307	-61,360 -21,845 -61,430 -33,599 -64,232

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \textbf{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \textbf{Footnotes section}.$

Table 62-2 Financial account 1, United States, annual — Liabilities, net flows

Year	Foreign ^{2,3}		Portfolio inve	estment			Other invest	tment		Canadian
V No.	direct — investment in Canada	Canadian bonds	Canadian stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁴	Deposits ⁵	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows
V No.	v113834	v113836	v113837	v113838	v113835	v113840	v113841	v113842	v113839	v113833
					millions	of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	28,352 5,092 4,195 13,315 21,276	21,503 3,282 20,165 -10,654 10,282	1,223 13,197 32,087 9,132 16,487	510 -465 -1,429 -2,198 3,641	23,236 16,014 50,824 -3,720 30,411	-1,514 -186 9,411 6,736 15,488	15,853 19,704 -2,536 15,845 1,983	-2,635 -2,118 -1,082 746 -650	11,704 17,400 5,793 23,328 16,821	63,292 38,505 60,811 32,923 68,508

Table 63 Balance of payments, United Kingdom, annual

Year	С	urrent account			Capital and	d financial accounts	1		Statistical ²	
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital	Fir	nancial account		Total	discrepancy and inter-area	
				account, net flows	Assets	Liabilities	Net		transfers	
V No.	v113844	v113860	v113876	v113893	v113895	v113905	v113894	v113892	v113915	
					millions of dollars					
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	15,238 15,315 19,421 22,139 26,687	20,033 19,005 20,290 19,566 22,207	-4,795 -3,690 -870 2,573 4,480	169 196 207 182 179	-9,894 -12,398 -23,077 -59,617 -42,965	2,834 6,234 1,341 7,549 39,161	-7,060 -6,164 -21,736 -52,068 -3,805	-6,891 -5,969 -21,529 -51,886 -3,626	11,686 9,659 22,399 49,313 -854	

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \text{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \text{Footnotes section}.$

Table 64
Current account, United Kingdom, annual

Year			Goods and ser	vices				Investment	income		Curr	ent transfers	3	Total
	Goods		Services			Total	Direct	Portfolio ²	² Other ²	Total	Private	Official	Total	
		Travel	Transportation	Other ¹	Total						transfers	transfers		
							Receip	ots						
V No.	v113846	v113848	v113849	v113850	v113847	v113845	v113854	v113855	v113856	v113853	v113858	v113859	v113857	v113844
							millions of	dollars						
2002	6,162	1,035	1,279	1,921	4,235	10,396	2,019	1,232	994	4,245	330	267	597	15,238
2003	7,695	991	1,167	1,791	3,949	11,644	789	1,326	877	2,992	347	332	679	15,315
2004	9,359	1,167	1,406	1,646	4,219	13,578	2,370	1,579	1,189	5,139	364	341	704	19,421
2005	9,522	1,280	1,404	1,877	4,561	14,083	3,871	1,809	1,659	7,340	382	334	716	22,139
2006	11,560	1,176	1,542	1,678	4,396	15,956	4,881	2,331	2,673	9,884	401	446	848	26,687
							Payme	nts						
V No.	v113862	v113864	v113865	v113866	v113863	v113861	v113870	v113871	v113872	v113869	v113874	v113875	v113873	v113860
							millions of	dollars						
2002	10,181	1,024	1,261	1,603	3,887	14,069	1,949	2,610	1,032	5,591	357	17	374	20,033
2003	9,183	928	1,300	1,811	4,038	13,221	1,505	2,704	1,252	5,461	287	36	323	19,005
2004	9,458	1,056	1,494	1,436	3,986	13,443	2,504	2,580	1,391	6,474	353	20	373	20,290
2005	9,079	1,236	1,453	1,522	4,211	13,290	1,589	2,510	1,680	5,779	444	53	497	19,566
2006	9,543	1,102	1,523	1,575	4,200	13,743	2,325	2,637	2,967	7,928	458	77	535	22,207
							Baland	es						
V No.	v113878	v113880	v113881	v113882	v113879	v113877	v113886	v113887	v113888	v113885	v113890	v113891	v113889	v113876
							millions of	dollars						
2002	-4,020	11	18	318	347	-3,673	70	-1,377	-39	-1,346	-27	250	223	-4,795
2003	-1,488	63	-132	-20	-89	-1,577	-716	-1,379	-375	-2,470	60	296	356	-3,690
2004	-99	110	-88	211	233	134	-134	-1,000	-201	-1,335	11	320	332	-870
2005	443	44	-49	355	350	793	2,282	-701	-20	1,561	-62	281	219	2,573
2006	2,017	74	19	103	196	2,213	2,556	-306	-295	1,955	-57	369	312	4,480

Table 65-1
Financial account ¹, United Kingdom, annual — Assets, net flows

Year	Canadian ²		Portfolio ir	nvestment			Oth	er investment			Canadian
	direct - investment abroad	Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ³	Official ⁴ international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v113896	v113898	v113899	v30424730	v113897	v113901	v113902	v113903	v113904	v113900	v113895
					m	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	327 -3,422 542 -5,561 -7,792	-6,143 -5,359 -15,926 -19,190 -30,561	-2,193 -3,572 -2,311 -25,033 -1,149	419 -1,934 -2,708 -1,269 -1,778	-7,917 -10,865 -20,944 -45,492 -33,489	-2,333 1,519 3,293 -3,880 1,316	1,257 546 -5,013 -4,422 -2,051	-2 2 2 1 3	-1,227 -177 -957 -262 -952	-2,305 1,890 -2,675 -8,564 -1,685	-9,894 -12,398 -23,077 -59,617 -42,965

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \text{See Data quality, concepts and methodology} \ -- \ \text{Footnotes section}.$

Table 65-2 Financial account 1, United Kingdom, annual — Liabilities, net flows

Year	Foreign ^{2,3}		Portfolio inve	estment			Other invest	tment		Canadian
	direct investment in Canada	bonds stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁴	Deposits ⁵	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows	
V No.	v113906	v113908	v113909	v113910	v113907	v113912	v113913	v113914	v113911	v113905
					millions	of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	159 1,280 228 4,038 22,374	5,151 6,191 2,133 -710 3,069	-2,649 -2,878 2,145 -1,186 5,715	1,175 -1,851 101 27 -1,514	3,677 1,462 4,378 -1,869 7,270	4,437 -750 -5,179 25 -1,154	-3,571 4,521 2,464 5,392 10,679	-1,868 -279 -551 -37 -8	-1,002 3,492 -3,265 5,380 9,517	2,834 6,234 1,341 7,549 39,161

Table 66 Balance of payments, other than United States and United Kingdom, annual

Year	С	urrent account			Capital and	financial accounts	1		Statistical ²	
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital	Fin	ancial account		Total	discrepancy and inter-area	
				account, net flows	Assets	Liabilities	Net		transfers	
V No.	v113916	v113932	v113948	v113965	v113967	v113977	v113966	v113964	v113987	
					millions of dollars					
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	100,314 102,043 112,676 121,021 140,658	135,667 138,374 151,138 172,934 188,856	-35,353 -36,331 -38,462 -51,913 -48,198	4,768 3,973 4,180 5,676 3,992	-12,422 -33,482 -2,941 -22,865 -58,142	-4,639 3,050 -11,999 37,321 34,929	-17,061 -30,432 -14,940 14,457 -23,213	-12,248 -26,459 -10,761 20,132 -19,220	47,601 62,790 49,223 31,781 67,418	

Note(s): See Data quality, concepts and methodology — Footnotes section.

Table 67 Balance of payments, other EU countries 1, annual

Year	C	urrent account			Capital and	financial accounts	2		Statistical ³
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital	Fir	ancial account		Total	discrepancy and inter-area
				account, net flows	Assets	Liabilities	Net		transfers
V No.	v113988	v114004	v114020	v114037	v114039	v114049	v114038	v114036	v114059
	<u> </u>				millions of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	26,831 28,667 29,131 31,711 36,859	39,932 40,667 43,287 47,315 52,467	-13,101 -12,000 -14,155 -15,604 -15,608	349 313 339 369 227	-8,874 -17,303 -9,538 301 -22,483	-86 1,726 -10,602 16,124 -15,385	-8,960 -15,578 -20,139 16,425 -37,868	-8,611 -15,264 -19,800 16,795 -37,641	21,712 27,264 33,955 -1,191 53,249

Table 68
Current account, other EU countries ¹, annual

Year			Goods and ser	vices				Investment	income		Curr	ent transfers	3	Total
	Goods		Services			Total	Direct	Portfolio ³	3 Other 3	Total	Private	Official	Total	
		Travel	Transportation	Other ²	Total						transfers	transfers		
							Receip	ots						
V No.	v113990	v113992	v113993	v113994	v113991	v113989	v113998	v113999	v114000	v113997	v114002	v114003	v114001	v113988
							millions of	dollars						
2002	16,294	1,537	1,321	3,590	6,448	22,742	272	1,426	1,489	3,187	619	283	902	26,831
2003	16,423	1,410	1,361	3,560	6,331	22,755	1,880	1,621	1,348	4,849	651	412	1,063	28,667
2004	17,318	1,734	1,342	3,522	6,598	23,916	906	1,748	1,187	3,841	659	716	1,375	29,131
2005 2006	18,973 21,270	1,808 1.849	1,742 1,865	4,077 3,969	7,628 7.683	26,601 28,954	557 2,306	1,963 2,893	1,237 1,036	3,756 6,235	661 664	693 1,007	1,355 1,671	31,711 36,859
							Payme	nts						
V No.	v114006	v114008	v114009	v114010	v114007	v114005	v114014	v114015	v114016	v114013	v114018	v114019	v114017	v114004
							millions of	dollars						
2002	25,867	2,152	2,232	2,983	7,367	33,234	2,520	3,047	362	5,929	560	208	769	39,932
2003	26,001	2,262	2,264	3,108	7,634	33,635	2,974	2,897	380	6,252	507	273	780	40,667
2004	26,993	2,778	2,515	3,154	8,446	35,439	3,623	2,750	596	6,969	619	259	878	43,287
2005	29,455	3,023	2,812	3,009	8,844	38,299	4,611	2,765	680	8,056	622	338	960	47,315
2006	32,495	3,273	3,284	3,269	9,825	42,320	5,493	2,617	978	9,087	689	371	1,060	52,467
							Baland	es						
V No.	v114022	v114024	v114025	v114026	v114023	v114021	v114030	v114031	v114032	v114029	v114034	v114035	v114033	v114020
							millions of	dollars						
2002	-9,573	-614	-912	607	-919	-10,492	-2,248	-1,622	1,127	-2,742	58	75	133	-13,101
2003	-9,578	-851	-903	451	-1,303	-10,880	-1,094	-1,276	968	-1,402	144	139	283	-12,000
2004	-9,675	-1,044	-1,173	368	-1,848	-11,523	-2,716	-1,002	590	-3,129	40	456	496	-14,155
2005	-10,482	-1,214	-1,070	1,068	-1,216	-11,698	-4,054	-802	557	-4,300	39	356	395	-15,604
2006	-11,224	-1,423	-1,418	700	-2,142	-13,366	-3,187	276	58	-2,852	-25	636	610	-15,608

Table 69-1 Financial account 1, other EU countries2, annual — Assets, net flows

Year	Canadian 3		Portfolio ir	nvestment			Oth	er investment			Canadian
	direct - investment abroad	Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ⁴	Official ⁵ international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v114040	v114042	v114043	v30424732	v114041	v114045	v114046	v114047	v114048	v114044	v114039
					n	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-11,191 -12,273 -3,051 2,915 -8,571	-112 -240 477 1,636 -2,329	-868 -3,218 -2,410 1,803 -8,095	-17 -9 -188 -1,300 -1,617	-997 -3,467 -2,121 2,139 -12,041	-40 -271 -3,175 704 -300	3,317 -3,617 -842 -6,106 578	914 2,863 448 -123 132	-877 -538 -797 773 -2,281	3,314 -1,563 -4,366 -4,753 -1,871	-8,874 -17,303 -9,538 301 -22,483

Table 69-2 Financial account 1, other EU countries2, annual — Liabilities, net flows

Year	Foreign ^{3,4}		Portfolio inve	estment			Other invest	ment		Canadian
	direct — investment in Canada	Canadian bonds	Canadian stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁵	Deposits ⁶	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows
V No.	v114050	v114052	v114053	v114054	v114051	v114056	v114057	v114058	v114055	v114049
					millions	of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	4,214 2,516 -14,085 4,826 6,741	-843 -1,552 -256 4,042 -2,062	-1,448 2,982 1,452 586 -12,243	-919 -116 231 1,118 -622	-3,209 1,315 1,427 5,746 -14,926	-538 409 378 363 -497	776 -2,322 2,061 5,302 -6,469	-1,329 -193 -382 -113 -234	-1,091 -2,106 2,057 5,552 -7,200	-86 1,726 -10,602 16,124 -15,385

Table 70 Balance of payments, Japan, annual

Year	C	urrent account				Statistical 2			
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital	Fin	ancial account		Total	discrepancy and inter-area
				account, net flows	Assets	Liabilities	Net		transfers
V No.	v114060	v114076	v114092	v114109	v114111	v114121	v114110	v114108	v114131
					millions of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	13,063 11,693 12,811 12,934 13,110	17,650 15,909 15,383 16,373 18,278	-4,587 -4,216 -2,572 -3,438 -5,168	1 15 15 103 81	-1,602 956 -1,906 -7 4,723	-4,338 507 -3,887 2,402 8,594	-5,940 1,464 -5,793 2,395 13,318	-5,939 1,479 -5,777 2,498 13,398	10,526 2,737 8,349 941 -8,230

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 71 Current account, Japan, annual

Year			Goods and ser	vices				Investment	income		Cum	ent transfers	;	Total
	Goods		Services			Total	Direct	Portfolio ²	² Other ²	Total	Private	Official	Total	
		Travel	Transportation	Other ¹	Total						transfers	transfers		
							Receip	ots						
V No.	v114062	v114064	v114065	v114066	v114063	v114061	v114070	v114071	v114072	v114069	v114074	v114075	v114073	v114060
							millions of	dollars						
2002	10,115	714	484	580	1,778	11,893	720	184	70	974	34	161	195	13,063
2003	9,800	398	369	462	1,229	11,029	233	213	45	491	29	143	173	11,693
2004	9,839	611	546	408	1,565	11,404	883	287	25	1,196	26	185	211	12,811
2005	10,319	605	551	357	1,513	11,832	487	375	13	875	23	204	227	12,934
2006	10,455	543	512	431	1,487	11,942	345	485	52	882	18	268	286	13,110
							Payme	nts						
V No.	v114078	v114080	v114081	v114082	v114079	v114077	v114086	v114087	v114088	v114085	v114090	v114091	v114089	v114076
							millions of	dollars						
2002	11,733	191	453	2,342	2,985	14,718	696	1,797	415	2,909	23	0	23	17,650
2003	10,646	202	506	2,015	2,722	13,368	541	1,702	274	2,517	25	0	25	15,909
2004	10,087	245	540	1,899	2,685	12,772	742	1,578	264	2,584	27	0	27	15,383
2005	11,216	231	582	1,554	2,367	13,583	1,013	1,499	244	2,756	33	0	33	16,373
2006	11,882	191	578	2,519	3,288	15,170	1,177	1,576	316	3,069	39	0	39	18,278
							Balanc	es						
V No.	v114094	v114096	v114097	v114098	v114095	v114093	v114102	v114103	v114104	v114101	v114106	v114107	v114105	v114092
							millions of	dollars						
2002	-1,618	523	31	-1,762	-1,207	-2,825	24	-1,613	-346	-1,935	12	161	173	-4,587
2003	-846	196	-136	-1,553	-1,493	-2,339	-308	-1,489	-228	-2,025	4	143	148	-4,216
2004	-248	366	5	-1,491	-1,120	-1,368	141	-1,290	-239	-1,388	0	185	184	-2,572
2005	-897	374	-31	-1,196	-854	-1,751	-527	-1,124	-231	-1,882	-10	204	194	-3,438
2006	-1,427	353	-66	-2,088	-1,801	-3,228	-832	-1,091	-264	-2,187	-21	268	247	-5,168

Table 72-1 Financial account ¹, Japan, annual — Assets, net flows

Year	Canadian ²		Portfolio ir	rvestment				Canadian			
	direct investment abroad	Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ³	Official ⁴ international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v114112	v114114	v114115	v30424733	v114113	v114117	v114118	v114119	v114120	v114116	v114111
_					n	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-1,738 -305 -1,282 389 4,333	-68 -512 101 513 693	235 -322 -449 -959 -390	0 0 -4 0	167 -835 -352 -446 303	506 -32 -207 77 5	-790 2,290 -185 -92 -315	1 1 0 2 494	252 -163 120 64 -95	-32 2,096 -272 50 88	-1,602 956 -1,906 -7 4,723

Table 72-2 Financial account 1, Japan, annual — Liabilities, net flows

Year	Foreign ^{2,3}		Portfolio inve	estment				Canadian		
	direct — investment in Canada	Canadian bonds	Canadian stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁴	Deposits ⁵	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows
/ No.	v114122	v114124	v114125	v114126	v114123	v114128	v114129	v114130	v114127	v114121
					millions	of dollars				
2002	797	-4,106	-64	16	-4,154	-320	-660	-1	-981	-4,338
2003	516	1,553	-1	20	1,572	-512	-1,137	69	-1,580	507
2004	369	-3,623	261	25	-3,338	-915	-61	59	-918	-3,887
2005	595	1,864	-31	44	1,878	-9	52	-114	-71	2,402
2006	2,480	6,112	32	11	6,155	-8	-44	11	-40	8,594

Table 73 Balance of payments, other OECD countries 1, annual

Year	C	urrent account				Statistical 3			
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital	Fin	ancial account		Total	discrepancy and inter-area
				account, net flows	Assets	Liabilities	Net		transfers
V No.	v114132	v114148	v114164	v114181	v114183	v114193	v114182	v114180	v114203
					millions of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	18,809 19,777 20,568 21,696 26,889	25,248 25,832 27,697 30,646 29,813	-6,439 -6,055 -7,128 -8,950 -2,924	94 109 113 133 106	-9,070 -6,093 -752 826 -6,129	-2,352 -1,126 -4,340 3,959 6,832	-11,422 -7,219 -5,093 4,785 703	-11,328 -7,110 -4,979 4,919 809	17,768 13,165 12,108 4,031 2,115

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 74
Current account, other OECD countries ¹, annual

Year			Goods and ser	vices				Investment	income		Curr	ent transfers	3	Total
	Goods		Services			Total	Direct	Portfolio ³	3 Other 3	Total	Private	Official	Total	
		Travel	Transportation	Other ²	Total						transfers	transfers		
							Receip	ots						
V No.	v114134	v114136	v114137	v114138	v114135	v114133	v114142	v114143	v114144	v114141	v114146	v114147	v114145	v114132
							millions of	dollars						
2002	12,671	1,074	616	2,039	3,730	16,400	1,516	528	209	2,253	43	112	155	18,809
2003	12,754	1,031	532	2,089	3,651	16,405	2,300	615	272	3,187	39	146	185	19,777
2004	14,384	1,124	703	1,712	3,540	17,924	1,390	732	268	2,390	41	213	254	20,568
2005	15,025	1,171	776 707	1,133	3,081	18,106	1,867	990	443	3,299	43 45	249 358	291 403	21,696
2006	17,561	1,248	707	1,370	3,324	20,885	3,910	1,299	393	5,602	45	358	403	26,889
							Payme	nts						
V No.	v114150	v114152	v114153	v114154	v114151	v114149	v114158	v114159	v114160	v114157	v114162	v114163	v114161	v114148
							millions of	dollars						
2002	19,687	1,419	738	1,529	3,686	23,372	128	1,268	192	1,588	248	40	288	25,248
2003	19,697	1,592	795	1,672	4,060	23,757	554	1,041	234	1,830	211	35	246	25,832
2004	22,238	1,505	843	1,015	3,363	25,601	644	902	281	1,828	233	35	268	27,697
2005	24,314	1,683	830	975	3,487	27,802	1,413	759	364	2,537	266	42	308	30,646
2006	23,683	1,754	779	1,064	3,596	27,279	870	712	543	2,125	363	45	408	29,813
							Baland	ces						
V No.	v114166	v114168	v114169	v114170	v114167	v114165	v114174	v114175	v114176	v114173	v114178	v114179	v114177	v114164
							millions of	dollars						
2002	-7,016	-345	-122	510	44	-6,972	1,388	-740	18	665	-205	72	-133	-6,439
2003	-6,943	-562	-264	417	-409	-7,351	1,745	-426	38	1,357	-172	111	-61	-6,055
2004	-7,854	-381	-140	697	177	-7,677	746	-170	-13	562	-193	179	-14	-7,128
2005	-9,289	-512	-53	159	-406	-9,696	453	230	79	762	-223	207	-16	-8,950
2006	-6,123	-506	-72	306	-272	-6,395	3,041	587	-151	3,477	-318	313	-6	-2,924

Table 75-1
Financial account ¹, other OECD countries², annual — Assets, net flows

Year	Canadian 3		Portfolio investment				Oth	er investment			Canadian
	direct investment abroad	Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ⁴	Official ⁵ international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v114184	v114186	v114187	v30424734	v114185	v114189	v114190	v114191	v114192	v114188	v114183
					m	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-4,952 -1,013 -1,015 -1,575 -2,722	740 118 119 288 -1,052	-1,230 -3,017 -177 -331 -1,122	29 -93 177 -31 -56	-461 -2,993 119 -74 -2,230	-2,739 -1,475 1,312 3,350 -539	-329 -523 -1,299 -553 -333	0 -3 3 1 0	-588 -86 127 -324 -305	-3,657 -2,088 143 2,474 -1,177	-9,070 -6,093 -752 826 -6,129

Table 75-2 Financial account 1, other OECD countries2, annual — Liabilities, net flows

Year	Foreign ^{3,4}		Portfolio inve	estment				Canadian		
	direct investment in Canada	Canadian bonds	Canadian stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁵	Deposits ⁶	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows
V No.	v114194	v114196	v114197	v114198	v114195	v114200	v114201	v114202	v114199	v114193
					millions	of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-683 499 1,597 4,722 2,545	-3,398 -3,880 -2,682 -1,770 456	1,234 508 738 584 1,213	143 23 134 148 51	-2,021 -3,349 -1,810 -1,038 1,721	-259 3,123 -1,474 -862 -597	873 -1,306 -2,660 852 3,204	-262 -93 7 285 -41	352 1,724 -4,128 275 2,566	-2,352 -1,126 -4,340 3,959 6,832

Table 76 Balance of payments, all other countries, annual

Year	С	urrent account				Statistical 2			
	Receipts	Payments	Balances	Capital	Fin	ancial account		Total	discrepancy and inter-area
				account, net flows	Assets	Liabilities	Net		transfers
V No.	v114204	v114220	v114236	v114253	v114255	v114265	v114254	v114252	v114275
					millions of dollars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	41,612 41,906 50,165 54,679 63,800	52,837 55,965 64,772 78,600 88,298	-11,226 -14,059 -14,607 -23,921 -24,498	4,324 3,534 3,712 5,070 3,579	7,170 -11,041 9,255 -23,985 -34,252	2,137 1,943 6,829 14,836 34,887	9,307 -9,099 16,084 -9,149 635	13,630 -5,564 19,796 -4,079 4,214	-2,405 19,623 -5,189 28,000 20,284

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Footnotes} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 77
Current account, all other countries, annual

Year			Goods and ser	vices				Investment	income		Curr	ent transfers	3	Total
	Goods		Services			Total	Direct	Portfolio ²	² Other ²	Total	Private	Official	Total	
		Travel	Transportation	Other ¹	Total						transfers	transfers		
							Receip	ots						
V No.	v114206	v114208	v114209	v114210	v114207	v114205	v114214	v114215	v114216	v114213	v114218	v114219	v114217	v114204
							millions of	dollars						
2002	21,745	2,053	1,449	6,408	9,909	31,654	6,481	1,199	1,701	9,381	29	547	576	41,612
2003	23,466	1,866	1,267	7,778	10,911	34,378	5,115	569	1,563	7,246	31	252	282	41,906
2004	27,579	2,244	1,689	7,707	11,639	39,218	8,582	672	1,496	10,750	32	165	197	50,165
2005 2006	29,694 33,887	2,832 3,097	1,980 2,225	7,821 7,582	12,633 12,904	42,327 46,791	8,998 12.794	906 1,272	2,188 2,541	12,092 16,607	34 35	226 367	260 402	54,679 63,800
		-,	_,	.,	,	,	Payme	•	_,-,	,				,
V No.	v114222	v114224	v114225	v114226	v114223	v114221	v114230	v114231	v114232	v114229	v114234	v114235	v114233	v114220
							millions of	dollars						
2002	34,027	2,744	3,842	3,902	10,487	44,515	936	1,558	1,350	3,845	2,265	2,213	4,478	52,837
2003	36,827	3,030	3,992	4,361	11,384	48,211	1,015	1,489	645	3,149	2,169	2,436	4,605	55,965
2004	44,242	3,617	4,498	4,655	12,770	57,012	573	1,453	831	2,856	2,377	2,526	4,903	64,772
2005	54,421	3,692	5,143	4,364	13,199	67,621	2,342	1,603	1,127	5,072	2,710	3,198	5,908	78,600
2006	61,902	4,056	5,917	4,289	14,262	76,164	3,074	1,620	2,005	6,698	2,716	2,719	5,435	88,298
							Baland	es						
V No.	v114238	v114240	v114241	v114242	v114239	v114237	v114246	v114247	v114248	v114245	v114250	v114251	v114249	v114236
							millions of	dollars						
2002	-12.282	-692	-2,393	2.506	-578	-12.860	5,544	-359	351	5.536	-2,236	-1,666	-3,902	-11.226
2003	-13,360	-1,165	-2,725	3,417	-473	-13,833	4,100	-921	918	4,098	-2,138	-2,185	-4,323	-14,059
2004	-16,664	-1,373	-2,810	3,052	-1,131	-17,794	8,009	-781	665	7,893	-2,345	-2,361	-4,706	-14,607
2005	-24,727	-860	-3,163	3,457	-567	-25,294	6,656	-697	1,061	7,020	-2,676	-2,971	-5,648	-23,921
2006	-28,015	-960	-3,692	3,293	-1,359	-29,374	9,720	-347	536	9,909	-2,681	-2,352	-5,033	-24,498

Table 78-1 Financial account ¹, all other countries, annual — Assets, net flows

Year	Canadian ²		Portfolio ir	rvestment			Oth	er investment			Canadian
	direct investment abroad	Foreign bonds	Foreign stocks	Foreign money market	Total	Loans	Deposits ³	Official ⁴ international reserves	Other assets	Total	assets, net flows
V No.	v114256	v114258	v114259	v30424735	v114257	v114261	v114262	v114263	v114264	v114260	v114255
					m	nillions of dolla	ars				
2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	-6,881 -8,795 -11,216 -11,904 -14,574	2,646 2,625 11,846 4,135 4,446	8,523 3,100 -2,904 -13,115 -8,695	-46 -61 901 512 -56	11,124 5,664 9,842 -8,468 -4,305	1,838 -45 974 1,570 -1,216	3,662 -4,595 7,328 -1,658 -11,216	-2,716 -2,430 4,145 -416 -2,663	143 -840 -1,818 -3,110 -277	2,928 -7,911 10,629 -3,613 -15,373	7,170 -11,041 9,255 -23,985 -34,252

Table 78-2
Financial account 1, all other countries, annual — Liabilities, net flows

Year	Foreign ^{2,3}		Portfolio inve	estment			Other invest	ment		Canadian
	direct investment in Canada	Canadian bonds	Canadian stocks	Canadian money market	Total	Loans ⁴	Deposits ⁵	Other liabilities	Total	liabilities, net flows
No.	v114266	v114268	v114269	v114270	v114267	v114272	v114273	v114274	v114271	v114265
					millions	of dollars				
2002	1,929	-10	173	908	1,071	-406	293	-751	-863	2,137
2003	580	2,276	-318	743	2,700	108	-1,156	-289	-1,337	1,943
2004	7,224	3,713	-941	508	3,280	-4,233	201	358	-3,675	6,829
2005	7,550	7,150	48	1,382	8,580	-2,757	1,508	-44	-1,293	14,836
2006	22,901	158	-391	2,147	1,914	-1,360	11,371	61	10,073	34,887

Description and definitions of Canada's balance of payments accounts

Canada's balance of payments (BOP) statistics provide information about this country's economic transactions¹ with non-residents, allocated between the current account and the capital and financial account.

The **current account** records transactions covering goods and services, investment income and current transfers. Transactions in exports and interest income are examples of receipts, while imports and interest expense are payments. The balance from these transactions determines if Canada's current account is in surplus or deficit.

When in deficit, the current account balance shows the extent to which Canada is drawing on the resources of the rest of the world for current consumption and investment; when in surplus, it shows the extent to which Canada is providing such resources to the rest of the world.

Current transfers, unlike other elements of the BOP, are offsets to transactions for which there is no quid pro quo. For example, current transfers take the form of donations, official assistance or gifts. Capital transfers, which are part of the capital account, include migrants' funds and debt forgiveness of the federal government.

The **capital and financial account** is mainly comprised of transactions in financial instruments which represents Canada's financing and investing activities with the rest of the world. Financial assets and liabilities with non-residents are presented under three functional classes: direct investment, portfolio investment and other investment. These investments belong to either Canadian residents (Canadian assets) or to foreign residents (Canadian liabilities). Transactions resulting in a capital inflow are presented as positive values while capital outflows from Canada are shown as negative values.

A current account surplus or deficit should correspond to an equivalent outflow or inflow in the capital and financial account. In other words, the two accounts should add to zero. In fact, as data are compiled from multiple sources, the two balance of payments accounts rarely equate. As a result, the **statistical discrepancy** is the net unobserved inflow or outflow needed to balance the accounts.

Current account

The current account consists of transactions in goods and services, in investment income and in current transfers, made with non-residents.

Goods and services

The exports of goods and services are included with the current account receipts while the imports of goods and services are part of the current account payments.

Goods

Exports and imports of goods are valued at the border of the exporting economy. This means that the price of goods includes transportation costs to the border. These inland freight charges are recorded as an adjustment to the customs trade data. The goods category also includes all goods that cross the border to be processed.

^{1.} The transactions are presented using a double entry system. A plus sign (+) is used for an export or for a financial inflow arising either from a decrease in assets or an increase in liabilities. A minus sign (-) appears with an import or a financial outflow arising from an increase in assets or decrease in liabilities.

Data for the compilation of goods trade are based on Canadian customs documents, as well as U.S. customs imports documents from Canada for Canadian exports² to the United States. Customs records are processed and published by the International Trade Division (ITD)³ of Statistics Canada. However, certain adjustments in terms of valuation, residency, timing, and coverage are made to align customs series with BOP concepts and conventions within the framework of the National Accounts. An important BOP concept is to show ownership change with non-residents, whether the change takes place when goods cross a customs frontier or when goods are exchanged with non-residents within an economy.

BOP adjustments are made, for example, to include transactions of **gold** located in Canada between residents and non-residents in Canada, and hence generate no customs records. (Monetary gold is recorded under the financial account in the BOP, and gold for further processing is part of the goods category).

Another instance of adjustment for ownership change lies with the **allocation of country of import**. Imports on a customs basis are allocated to the country of origin (this treatment was adopted in 1988 with the introduction of the international Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System, or HS). For BOP purposes, however, the country of last shipment is believed to better reflect the notion of ownership change.

Adjustments for **wheat and other grains** consist of replacing customs data on these goods by volume data on clearances obtained from the Canadian Grain Commission (CGC), these are believed to more accurately reflect the movement and ultimate destination of Canadian grains. In the case of wheat, these volumes are coupled with price data from 1981 to 1992 based on data from the Agriculture Division of Statistics Canada in order to more closely reflect transaction values. A global transaction price for wheat is incorporated in the customs series from 1993, so that only an adjustment for CGC volumes will now be required at the global level.⁴ Since reference year 1999, CGC volumes are also used by ITD, leading to smaller adjustments to BOP values.

Trade data on various **energy products** require particular treatment for coverage and timing. Canadian exports of natural gas exported to the United States by pipeline continued to be derived from Canadian sources because the latter are viewed as more reliable than U.S. imports from Canada. For crude petroleum, exports and imports on a customs basis are further adjusted by the Balance of Payments Division with information obtained from the Industry Division at Statistics Canada in order to produce more complete or current estimates.

For **automotive products**, deductions were made until 1988 from both exports and imports for special tooling and other charges recorded from time to time on customs documents. Beginning in 1988, the adjustments were removed-in line with U.S. practice, which excludes such transactions from goods trade. These charges are recorded as commercial services for BOP purposes. Further examination has led to additional adjustments made after 1985 for certain over- or undervaluation in customs data.

Other adjustments cover a wide range of entries. Some are made to reported trade data to include inland freight between plant and border, or to reflect transaction prices (deductions from exports to cover discounts or handling charges for forestry products is a case in point).

From time to time, adjustments are made to provide users with the latest estimates or to serve as interim values while further examination is carried out. On the basis of goods-trade reconciliation studies with Japan and the European Union, Canadian exports on a customs basis have been taken as understated in relation to counterpart imports for various countries other than the United States. A general coverage provision was accordingly applied from 1986. Further major additions for the undervaluation of goods exported to other countries than United States were made in 2001 and in 2002, beginning with the reference year from 1997 and 1998, respectively. (See 'Annual Revisions' in Highlights section of the First Quarter 2001 and First Quarter 2002 editions of this publication). Following other

^{2.} Prior to 1990, exports to the United States were compiled from Canadian customs documents and were reconciled with U.S. imports from Canada. This gave rise to certain reconciliation adjustments that were applied at the time by the Balance of Payments Division to the Canadian customs exports. Starting in 1990, most of these reconciliation adjustments were no longer needed as Canadian exports were measured directly from U.S. customs imports from Canada. Modifications to BOP adjustments associated with the data exchange are noted in Canada's Balance of International Payments, First Quarter 1990, Catalogue no. 67-001-XPB, p.13.

For additional details on recording of merchandise trade, please consult any of the following publications: Summary of Canadian International Trade (HS-based), Catalogue no. 65-001-XIB; Exports by Country (HS- based), Catalogue no. 65-003-XPB; Exports by Commodity (HS-based), Catalogue no. 65-004-XPB; Imports by Country (HS-based), Catalogue no. 65-006-XPB; or Imports by Commodity (HS-based), Catalogue no. 65-007-XPB.

^{4.} Except for relatively small flows to the United States from 1993, where U.S. customs imports are used without adjustment.

studies made in collaboration with Canada Revenue Agency (CRA), formally Canadian Customs and Revenue Agency (CCRA), the undervaluation of exports are re-estimated annually. In 2007, an important downward correction was made to the years 2004 to 2006. This revision was valuated on the base of a recent study showing that undervaluation of exports by air and marine shippers were decreasing.

A different provision has been added from the first quarter of 1998 to non-U.S. exports. Its purpose is to estimate for customs documents expected but not yet received in the current period. An adjustment was made from 1996 for duplication of custom software already classified and covered in services imports, and for undervaluation of prepackaged software exports. Finally, there is a correction due to exchange rate conversion when goods exported from Canada to United States are traded in Canadian dollars. In certain circumstances, U.S. importers have the possibility to use a quarterly rate instead of applying the daily rate which may lead to a different evaluation of the trade.

Services

In May 1996, all services definitions were restated according to international norms first issued by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in 1993 and extended jointly by the IMF, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) and the statistical arm of the European Union, Eurostat. In 2002, the *Manual on Statistics of International Trade in Services* was published jointly by six international organizations. This manual sets out an internationally agreed framework for the compilation and reporting of statistics on services. The manual's recommendations are consistent with those established in 1993 by the IMF.

The redefined services are summarized in the Canadian data under four headings: travel, transportation, commercial and government services. More detailed descriptions appear in *Canada's International Trade in Services*, Catalogue no. 67-203-X.

Travel covers all receipts and payments arising from travel of less than one year between Canada and other countries and for travel of a year or more for educational or health purposes. Travellers of a year or more are otherwise treated as residents of the country to which they travel, except for diplomats and military personnel on postings abroad. These representatives, even if their stay is a year or more, are always considered residents of their home countries, and their living and other expenditures abroad fall under government services.

Travel is subdivided into travel for business purposes and travel for personal reasons. It covers outlays such as accommodation, food and entertainment, as well as goods for personal use.

Transportation services cover receipts and payments of persons and goods by air, water and land, together with supporting services for the various modes of transport.

Receipts cover passenger fares received by Canadian carriers (primarily air) from non-residents; services of carriers operated by Canadian residents (ocean ships, lake vessels, aircraft, rail and trucks) that transport goods exports beyond the borders of Canada; carriers operated by Canadian residents engaged in the transportation of commodities between foreign countries, including in-transit movement and transit between U.S. points via Canada; income from the charter of resident vessels; and port expenditures in Canada by non-resident air and shipping companies.

Payments cover passenger fares paid to non-resident carriers (chiefly air) by Canadian residents. The data also include most outlays on cruises although such outlays should in principle be assigned to travel. Payments also cover the transport by non-resident carriers of imports into Canada; the transport of Canadian commodities in transit through the United States, in particular oil and natural gas; the charter of foreign vessels; and port expenditures abroad by Canadian resident air and shipping companies.

For presentation, the data are segmented into water transport, air transport and other transport. The latter includes estimates that recognize earnings by Canadian and U.S. domiciled truckers for the transport of goods in the other's country.

Receipts and payments on **commercial services** are currently produced for some 26 individual categories based on current international categories for reporting services trade. Each category is presented according to the broad country grouping with which the transactions are conducted, and according to whether the transactions are carried out with a foreign affiliate or a foreign non-related party. Also, the categories are presented according to their general industry category.⁵

Categories presented in standard tables consist of 15 main types of services with further breakouts for six of these. Covered are communications; construction; insurance; other financial services; computer services and information services. Also shown as main types are royalties and licence fees; non-financial commissions; equipment rentals; management services; advertising; research and development; architectural; engineering and technical services; and miscellaneous services to business together with audio visual, personal, cultural and recreational services.

There are two important divergences from international standards in the commercial services data. First, insurance services are compiled on a gross basis while the methodology recommended by the international standards is closer to a net basis where both premiums and claims might be adjusted for certain factors. Second, earning by foreign employees is included in commercial services instead of income. Foreign employees are then treated as self-employed services providers.

The survey data are collected net of withholding taxes, with the tax re-allocated to applicable royalty categories. The published data are inclusive of withholding taxes.

Provisions for commuter and seasonal worker remuneration as own account service providers are entered in commercial services as well: insufficient data precludes their articulation as labour income. The other principal departure from international standards is for the insurance services which are shown on the basis of gross premiums and claims.

Government services cover international transactions arising from government activities (diplomatic, commercial and military) not covered elsewhere in the BOP. Receipts chiefly consist of expenditures in Canada by foreign governments. Payments mainly cover expenditures abroad of both the Canadian federal and provincial governments and, from 1997, new coverage has been added for immigration fees. It should be noted that, in addition to current outlays, these transactions have included capital expenditures such as acquisitions of property and construction of facilities. From 1996, construction is classified to commercial services and known land acquisitions to the capital and financial account.

For central government, the data cover expenditures by the Canadian government and by foreign governments for official representation, military expenditures and other governmental services. Joint operations of the armed services are included here, but contributions to the operation of international organizations and programs are shown as current transfers below.

Counterpart receipts to the administrative expenses arising from Canada's official contributions are recorded here.

Investment income

Investment income is broken down into three categories: direct investment, portfolio investment and other investment.

Receipts

Direct investment covers interest income earned by Canadian direct investors on loans to their direct investment enterprises abroad together with their profits on direct investment. Direct investment enterprises consist of the foreign subsidiaries, associates (i.e., equity of more than 10%) and unincorporated branches of enterprises based in Canada, referred to as Canadian direct investors. A breakout is made of the profits earned as dividends by Canadian direct investors and the part that is re-invested in their foreign operations (re-invested earnings).

^{5.} Based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2002.

Portfolio investment covers interest earned by Canadian portfolio investors on their holdings of foreign bonds and money market instruments as well as dividends received on their foreign stock holdings.

Other investment consists of income earned on non-bank deposits, international reserve assets, Government of Canada loans, foreign money market instruments and other claims abroad.

Payments

Direct investment covers interest income earned by foreign direct investors on loans to their direct investment enterprises in Canada, along with the profits on their direct investment enterprises in Canada. Direct investment enterprises consist of Canadian subsidiaries, affiliates (i.e., equity of more than 10%) and Canadian unincorporated branches held by foreign-based enterprises, referred to as foreign direct investors. Profits are further broken down between the part that is paid out as dividends to foreign direct investors and the part that is re-invested in Canada.

Portfolio investment covers interest accrued to portfolio investors on their holdings of Canadian bonds and money market securities, as well as dividends on their holdings of Canadian stocks.

Other investment covers interest paid on foreign deposits in Canada, loans from non-residents and other non-resident claims on Canada. Interest on Canada's allocation of special drawing rights (SDR) included here.

Current transfers

This item includes international receipts and payments arising out of unilateral current transfers, i.e., transactions having no *quid pro quo*.

For presentation, the current transfers data are grouped according to whether the transactions are private or official in nature.

Receipts

Private

Personal and institutional transfers consist of pensions paid by foreign governments to Canadian residents and other transfers by non-residents to Canadian residents.

Official

Canadian withholding taxes consist of taxes withheld by the Government of Canada on selected income and service payments to non-residents.

Payments

Private

Personal and institutional transfers cover pension payments made by the Canadian government to non-residents (notably Canada pension, child tax benefits, old age security and veterans' pensions); personal remittances abroad by Canadian residents; and remittances by religious, charitable and academic institutions. Federal government superannuation is recorded in the capital account.

Official

Official contributions refer to technical and economic assistance and food aid provided abroad by the Canadian International Development Agency; data also include certain assistance by other Canadian governmental

organizations and through non-governmental organizations. Administrative overheads for official assistance are included along with disbursements by the federal government and its enterprises to international agencies and programs, both civilian and military. In addition, debt forgiveness by the federal government and its enterprises are classified as capital transfers to the capital account.

Foreign withholding taxes refer to taxes withheld by foreign governments on selected income and service receipts from abroad.

Capital and financial account

The capital and financial account is made up of two basic components: the capital account and the financial account.

Capital account

The capital account includes capital transfers and intangible assets. Capital transfers include migrants' assets (funds in possession, purchases of houses in Canada and remaining wealth); federal government superannuation; debt forgiveness by the Government of Canada and its enterprises; and inheritances. The acquisition or disposal of intangible assets covers mostly intangibles, such as patents, leases, goodwill, etc.

Financial account

The financial account consists of transactions in financial assets and transactions in financial liabilities. The asset and liability components of the financial account are classified on the basis of functional type: direct investment; portfolio investment; and other investment.

Direct investment

Direct investment represents investment that allows investors, on a continuing basis, to have a significant voice in the management of an enterprise outside their own economy. For operational purposes, a direct investor usually has an ownership of at least 10% of the voting equity in an enterprise. An enterprise includes subsidiaries (more than 50% owned by a direct investor), associates (owned from 10% to 50% by a direct investor), and branches (wholly or jointly owned unincorporated businesses). Direct investment flows are measured from transactions involving equity, debt (including long and short term) and re-invested earnings.

Portfolio investment

Portfolio investment refers to international transactions in **bonds**, **stocks** and **money market instruments** between residents of Canada and non-residents. Foreign money market instruments are included in portfolio investment from the first quarter 2002; prior to 2002, those transactions were in other assets because their measurement, through two different sources, was not as precise.

Bonds have original terms to maturity ⁶ of more than one year. Canadian money market paper are debt instruments with original maturities of one year or less. Portfolio securities embody the notion of marketability. In other words, they can be traded (bought and sold) in organized or other financial markets. For example, guaranteed investment certificates are not marketable and are classified under other investment.

Not all transactions in marketable securities are classified as portfolio investment. Transactions between affiliated parties in their own securities are classified as direct investment, as described above. Foreign securities held as part of Canada's official international reserves are classified separately as reserves while repurchase agreements

^{6.} Existing bonds, with terms remaining to maturity of under one year, are still classified as bonds and not as short-term instruments.

involving securities as collateral are classified as loans in other investment. For practical considerations, foreign securities held by Canadian banks for their own account are classified as other investment (assets).

The portfolio series in bonds, stocks and money market paper are broken down further as new issues, retirements, and trade-in-outstanding securities. For money market paper and Canadian bonds, the change in interest payable is included in the measurement. Retirements include repurchases for sinking fund or call purposes. All instruments, including those of the money market, can be classified on a gross basis as either a sale or a purchase (to or from non-residents) and on the basis of major geographical area.

Other investment

Loans

Loan assets consist of the following: those by the Government of Canada and its enterprises that include direct loans to foreign countries but exclude subscriptions to international agencies that are in other assets; loans by Canadian banks, including both Canadian dollar and foreign currency loans; loans by corporations, including mortgage loans; and loans by the corporate and personal sectors through repurchase agreements (repos) involving securities as collateral.

Loan liabilities include the following: corporate and government enterprises' borrowing from foreign banks, including syndicated bank facilities; mortgage loans; other loans; and loans by the corporate and personal sectors through repurchase agreements (repos) involving securities as collateral.

Deposits

Deposit assets consist of deposits abroad of Canadian banks and deposit assets of non-bank Canadian depositors. Deposit liabilities are primarily those lodged by non-residents with Canadian banks. There are also some small foreign deposits at the Bank of Canada.

Official international reserves

Canada's reserve assets cover official holdings of foreign exchange and other reserve assets of the Exchange Fund Account,⁷ and the general resources account of the Minister of Finance. Some of the activities affecting Canada's reserve assets include official external financing and the foreign exchange market operations by the Bank of Canada, as agent for the Exchange Fund Account, which comes under the authority of the Minister of Finance.

Other

Other assets include many elements, but are concentrated in the following short list: Canadian banks' security transactions (both long- and short-term), corporations' trade credits and other short-term receivables, progress payments, deferred immigrants' fund assets, Government of Canada subscriptions to international agencies and stock options classified as short term assets. Subscriptions are made, in part, through the issuance of non-interest bearing, non-negotiable demand notes, which are recorded in other liabilities. Subscriptions to the IMF are excluded here and are classified in official international reserves.

Other liabilities include many elements coming from a variety of sources. The main series include Government of Canada demand note liabilities; corporations' trade credits and other short-term payables, including interest payable on loans; and progress payments.

^{7.} An account in the name of the Minister of Finance and administered by the Bank of Canada.

Data quality

The balance of payments (BOP) measures Canada's transactions with non-residents.

Myriad transactions, requiring a wide variety of sources to track them, are conducted with non-residents. Generally, the statistics are derived from a combination of surveys and other sources, chiefly administrative records. Results of surveys conducted within the Balance of Payments Division are integrated with surveys and administrative data ¹ from elsewhere within and outside Statistics Canada, and are supplemented by benchmark and category-specific estimates. It is difficult to give a precise measure of quality for such a complex and interrelated system as the BOP. Some judgmental view is needed in qualifying the data as good or weaker. As a result of the checks and balances in the system, even weak data input assumes a different character when analysed and made final.

Quality can be assessed in part by the extent and magnitude of the revisions. The series for the most recent years are subject to more revisions since they are largely derived from quarterly sample surveys and projections from annual census surveys or administrative sources.

Another indicator of data quality is the statistical discrepancy, which can be derived as a result of the double-entry bookkeeping system used to record BOP transactions. Under this system, a debit in one account should conceptually give rise to an identical credit in another account. In practice, however, the equality between the accounts is not achieved because of the wide variety of sources used. The net difference among the accounts is entered as the statistical discrepancy, which in effect makes the BOP 'balance.' The discrepancy is used as a broad assessment measure, either on its own or in relation to other measures, such as the sum of current account receipts and payments or all the transactions of the BOP. However, the discrepancy as a measure of data quality has its limitations as it reflects only the net of measurement errors and unrecorded transactions.

The data benefit from internal consultations and review, both within the system of National Accounts (for example, commodity-by-commodity balancing through the input-output system) and with other areas of Statistics Canada, such as the Culture, Tourism and Centre for Education Statistics Division (CTCES), the Services Division and the Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division.

Use has also been made of administrative data sources particularly those of the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) that help in cross-checking and in researching coverage. With some notable exceptions, such as goods, public debt and public administration, these administrative data sources appear less reliable as primary sources for international transactions.

Two other tools are used on an ongoing basis to help assess data quality. First, comparisons of detailed categories and methodology are made in the course of the annual reconciliations of the current accounts of Canada and the United States.² Also useful is an events-tracking system developed in recent years that monitors international transactions by regularly scanning the business media. Tracked events are both company-specific and of a general background nature (e.g., industry trends and developments). The information assists with the editing and updating of survey coverage for BOP surveys and other series. Institutionally, advisory groups and managers of Statistics Canada, as well as the views of users, are reflected in the ongoing work of data development, compilation and analysis. A further influence has been the implementation in Canada of the international standards for BOP compilers, notably in 1996 and 1997, following the release by the International Monetary Fund (IMF) of its latest

^{1.} Typically, these consist of financial records and other records of government programs.

^{2.} For further reference, see "Reconciliation of Canada-United States Current Account, 2000 and 2001," in the third quarter 2002 issue of this publication and in the November 2002 issue of Survey of Current Business by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

manual.3 A more current reference for services statistics is available from the United Nations (UN) Statistical Office.4

While the following paragraphs cannot offer a full evaluation of data from each of the many data sources employed, the quality of the BOP overall is believed to range from good to acceptable.

Current account series

Current account transactions with non-residents are broken down as follows: goods and services, investment income, and current transfers.

Goods

The quality of customs data, the fundamental source of data, is considered to be good. While the customs records are designed to meet administrative more than statistical purposes, their classification and coverage have seen various improvements, notably through the exchange of import data with the United States beginning in 1990. ⁵ Periodic reconciliations are conducted with other major trading partners by the International Trade Division (ITD).

Adjustments are made to customs data to ensure consistency with BOP concepts and the National Accounts framework. Many of these adjustments are derived from other administrative or corporate information and may be lacking in timeliness or geographic detail.

Data quality for the adjustments is mixed. Since the change to valuing goods at the frontier of the exporting country, historically implemented in 1997, inland freight to the border is included with the value of goods. This is in conformity with international standards for the reporting of goods trade. Since goods are valuated at the borders of the exporting country, some transportation services could occur within the exporting economy between residents of the exporting economy and non-residents. To preserve the uniform valuation of the goods at the borders, an offsetting entry should be made in transportation services. ⁶ In 1997, general estimates of trucking freight beyond the border were introduced as international transport services. These estimates have been added on a gross basis.

Receipts on inland freight-to-border charges on Canadian exports are provided by ITD from U.S. Customs documentation as part of the bilateral agreement to exchange import data. Certain additional rail charges paid from abroad on forestry products are also included. Payments to the United States for carrying imports to the Canadian border are based on internal estimates of freight charges by mode of transport. In May 1998, ITD significantly revalued downward its inland freight on imports. The change has reduced the large BOP measure of truck freight by about one-third, and the lower level has been carried back in the BOP-based statistics to 1993 with a link adjustment to 1992, the latest unrevised year at the time. Other improvements have seen a shift of adjustments into the customs series, either annually (as to record higher grain volumes after 1996) or on a current monthly basis.

The underestimation of non-U.S. exports relies on a variety of sources. These include small samples and certain intercountry reconciliations at different points in time, supplemented by information from the Canadian input-output tables. There is thus scope for further estimation to be made while steps proceed to improve underlying data. Also, the underestimation of non-U.S. exports in the current period, as a result of late reported documents, is recognized by a general adjustment that began in 1998; details are available from ITD, which computes and monitors the amount. Likewise, ITD now computes and monitors the adjustment removing from goods custom software that is already in imports of services.

While such issues of data quality have recently been addressed, readers should still be aware that most of the BOP adjustments to goods are not intended to be independent measures of activity in their own right; they

[[]These are described in the Balance of Payments Manual, 5th Edition, International Monetary Fund, 1993.

Manual on Statistics of International Trade in Services, United Nations Statistical Office, 2002 for the European Commission, IMF, Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development, United Nations, United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the World Trade Organization.

See publications of the International Trade Division, the division responsible for the production of customs data. That program and data characteristics are described, for example, in Canadian International Merchandise Trade, Catalogue no. 65-001-XIB.

^{6.} See recommendations of Chapter XI of the Balance of Payments Manual, 5th Edition, International Monetary Fund, 1993.

frequently represent corrections to phenomena already measured directly elsewhere. As such, they rely on available approaches and secondary sources for their calculation, and less precision should be attributed than to directly-measurable transactions.

Services

International transactions in services consist of the following categories: travel, transportation, commercial and government services.

Significant portions of the data on services, principally for travel and commercial services, are derived from annual or more frequent surveys. Over 40% of all receipts and nearly one-third of payments are based directly or indirectly on administrative records. For the estimates of travel spending, monthly administrative data are synthesized with quarterly survey data, whereas for commercial services, survey data are the main source and annual administrative data are used to assess and improve the survey results. Administrative sources for commercial services, first available for 1989, initially augmented the overall coverage of these services by about 2%, but over the last three survey years added a further 3% to value. Administrative data have also been used in the verification of travel data. Benchmark indicators are used to derive certain other series where current direct measures are not available.

The general quality of services data is regarded as acceptable, even though unique measurement problems arise because of the intangible nature of services.

Travel

Outlays are for travel of less than one year, as well as travel for one year or more related to education and health.

The basic statistics are compiled by the CTCES from a combination of census and sample counts of travellers crossing the border, coupled with sample surveys (redesigned for the 1990 reference year) to collect specific information from travellers, including their expenditures.⁷ The counts of travellers are considered to be reliably measured, while the response rates for expenditure factors and other characteristics typically remain low. Survey methodology is kept under continuing review and special characteristics are studied periodically.⁸ With the data releases of the first quarter 2002, the coverage of spending by travellers moving through key airports has been raised as a result of new survey methodology and sample adjustment by CTCES. For overseas travellers, response rates for the first full year of the survey (2000) stood at 93% and at 96% for year 2001; also, geographic patterns have been made more reliable. In co-operation with the Balance of Payments Division, CTCES produced link estimates to the latest unrevised year, 1997 and preliminary estimates for 2000 and 2001. Final estimates for 2000 and 2001 have been reported by CTCES in August 2002. With the first quarter 2003 issue of this publication, final data for 2001 and 2002 have been included and a new link with the most recent unrevised year (1998) was made again.

The series on health-related travel payments represent payments for both hospital and physician services. Data under provincial health plans were updated in 1996 from administrative sources and certain historical gaps filled with reference to related series from public reports. Access to U.S. sources enabled a fuller estimate from 1995 to cover payments beyond provincial health plans at major medical centres and university hospitals. Some health expenditures may be embedded in other travel spending, but amounts are difficult to assess.

The receipts data for health consist of foreign spending for hospital services in Canada, as recorded by the Health Division's annual hospital survey, with projections for recent years where survey results are not yet available. With the release of the first quarter 1999 data, a provision for receipts data on physician services, based on available ratios for payments, is added beginning in 1995.

^{7.} Publications by CTCES provide additional description of the sources, methods and quality of the travel series. For example, see International Travel 2005, Catalogue no. 66-201-XIE, December 2006.

One important component of expenditures by Canadian travellers abroad (namely spending on goods) was validated for 1990 and 1991 through analysis
of related administrative data. See Statistics Canada Cross-Border: Shopping Trends and Measurement Issues, National Accounts and Environment
Division Technical Series, No. 21, January 1994.

For the education series, both receipts and payments cover expenditures by students for tuition, accommodation and personal spending for those in full-time university and college programs. On the receipts side, with co-operation of CTCES, time series on the number of foreign students in Canada and average tuition were combined with estimates of other expenditures to produce the historical estimates.

For payments, the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis kindly supplied comprehensive series from 1981. Data on student expenditures overseas are updated by CTCES to incorporate more recent volume and expenditure estimates.

It should be noted that some outlays for postsecondary education may remain in general travel expenditures, including amounts for full-time programs of less than a year. In some cases, travellers would be reporting outlays for commercially supplied or personal interest courses as part of general expenditures as well. The series on education for their part do not extend to international students at the elementary and secondary levels. As with health-related travel, the education series is seen as a conservative estimate of activity. In recent years, lags in enrolment data have increased the scope for revision. Some new CTCES re-estimations of foreign students studying in Canada and Canadian students studying abroad have been linked to 1998. The revisions incorporate a more current estimate of the number of full-time university students and the spending per student.

Finally, business travel includes estimates of spending by boat and rail crews, calculated by CTCES. These estimates are included along with spending by plane and truck crews.

Transportation

The main elements consist of water, air and certain land transport.

Data quality is mixed and ranges from weak to acceptable. Water and air transportation is derived from a number of small customized BOP surveys conducted annually (the coverage ranging from 5 to 41 firms, depending on the survey). Response rates on four vessel (69 firms in total) surveys for 2005 averaged 55%, while a survey of 58 foreign airlines showed a response rate of 67%. Where regular follow-ups do not produce sufficient data, amounts are imputed based on prior responses and available external information. While frames are updated from industry registers and media sources, direct coverage remains incomplete. In the case of ocean freight payments, unit freight charges from survey data are calculated and applied to annual volume data from the Transportation Division on international cargo unloadings.

The data include a provision that recognizes earnings by Canadian and U.S.-domiciled truckers for the carriage of goods in the other country. These estimates adapt methodology developed by the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis. These transactions are classified not with domestic inland freight, but as international freight occurring beyond the export frontier. Data are limited because of difficulties in estimating for example, the shares of U.S.-and Canadian-domiciled carriers. Coverage begins in 1980 on receipts and 1987 on payments, reflecting the earlier access to U.S. markets as deregulation became more widespread across the North American transport industry.

Because it is a component of both Canadian and U.S. calculations, the lower valuation in 1998 of inland freight by ITD, lowered the BOP estimates somewhat for receipts and payments of transborder trucking by both Canadian and U.S. statisticians. From 1993, some increase was made to payments overseas for land-side airline services and receipts on air freight to align more with recently reported source information. By 1999, it was concluded that certain rentals comprised financial leases transactions more appropriately reflected in the financial account than showing as a transportation service. Changes were accordingly made as of the first quarter 1999 issue, beginning with the year 1995. In 2002, a reclassification of certain support services to air transport was made from commercial services. The shift to the transportation account beginning with 1998, brings treatment into line with present international standards.

Commercial services

The Balance of Payments Division collects much of the detail on commercial services through its comprehensive annual survey of international service transactions of some 3,000 firms in Canada. ⁹ The identification of new firms trading in cross-border services can be difficult. For the firms that are surveyed, however, the quality of the overall reported results is seen as reliable, and the 2005 response rate stood at 53%. To reduce the response burden, starting with the reference year 2003, approximately 900 small respondents are surveyed once every three years instead of every year. Three targeted surveys of 221 insurance carriers and agencies showed average response rates of 88%. Non-responses tend largely to consist of low or nil value transactions for the period. However, a provision based on analysis of taxation records is applied to allow for underreporting in the survey and for operations too small to survey. As the data are surveyed net of withholding taxes, an overall estimate of these taxes is re-allocated to applicable royalty categories.

For each current year, data are estimated from a quarterly sample of firms that is based on the previous comprehensive annual survey data. Where follow-ups do not result in sufficient data, amounts are imputed from past results, external information and broader projections of annual information. In 2002, the quarterly sample survey was redesigned. Its stratification was unlinked from six summary industry categories-in which the 'other' grouping was predominant-to a direct sample of some 28 categories of receipts and payments. As before, it employs two quarterly survey sources but the number of firms surveyed was expanded by 25%. The first source is a quarterly survey of some 430 firms, mainly Canadian-controlled. The second source comprises a selection of approximately 225 firms made from a quarterly survey of financial transactions by mainly foreign-controlled firms. Combined response rates for both sources were 52% in 2006.

The annual commercial services survey is supplemented with good to weak data from other specific enquiries made quarterly and annually, and includes benchmark studies and administrative records. With the first quarter 1998 data release, BOP recalculated commission rates from 1994 that apply to trading in securities. The result was a substantial lowering in the series for both receipts and payments; the lower rates applied to volume data served to reflect wider competition in securities dealing. Other corrections have been made during the following years leading to further downward revisions to receipts and payments in 2003, the substantial revision to the receipts mainly affected the commissions received on trade of U.S. securities with residents from countries other than the United States.

Addition of survey data is incorporated from 1996 on certain computer services transactions, while additional respondents in the area of geomatics and commercial education were added also from 1996 with the assistance of Industry Canada. Data reviews with CTCES have continued so as to fill out coverage of audio-visual services, for example on film labs and sound recording. Fuller data have been added from certain redesigned surveys of the Services Division following Statistics Canada's Unified Enterprise Survey initiative in recent years.

Other changes from 1995 include removal from goods of certain pre-packaged software already reported with services. A block of lower-valued Canadian International Development Agency (CIDA) contracts was also added, to miscellaneous business services. From 1996, pre-packaged software export values were reclassified from computer services as they were considered to fall under royalties. From 1997, additional provisions were made for certain payments abroad not sufficiently covered by survey sources. Other additions from 1997 include initial estimates of multimedia transactions and royalty payments for cable services. Where identified, support services related to the Internet and its access are presently assigned to information services.

From a quality standpoint, data limitations preclude separate articulation under Investment income of earnings by seasonal and border workers. Rather, a provision is included with miscellaneous business services, where such earnings are treated as units of own account labour.

A fuller description of data for individual commercial services appears in Canada's International Trade in Services, Statistics Canada, Catalogue no. 67-203-X.

See Appendix 2 of Canada's International Trade in Services, 2003, Catalogue no. 67-203-XIB for the categories used to collect annual data for 2003. They
are from 6PP-21S, International Transactions in Commercial Services.

Government services

The category comprises international transactions arising from government activities (diplomatic, commercial and military) not covered elsewhere in the BOP.

The quality of the series varies, reflecting access to sound administrative records through to estimates based overall on very limited information.

After some years, spending in Canada by foreign embassies was re-estimated through a voluntary survey that produced a small but helpful cross-section of responses for the year 1995. Results generally raised previous estimates. A number of changes were made from 1993, following a review of government transactions with the Input-Output Division. Military expenditures abroad were scaled more in line with declining outlays on personnel. In recent years, additions and changes were made to more aptly reflect outlays for trade development by provincial governments and, on the receipts side, the use of facilities by visiting non-U.S. military forces. Reduced were a number of in-Canada outlays of a commercial nature deemed paid to Canada by recipients of official aid flows and already recognized elsewhere under services to business.

From 1997, data on a range of immigration services paid by non-residents have been added to this account. They draw on administrative aggregations of revenues and entry of persons recorded by Citizenship and Immigration Canada.

Investment income

Investment income consists of income on direct, portfolio and other investments. The data vary in quality, depending upon the sources used. Furthermore, while totals of withholding taxes as shown in current transfers are seen as reliable, their allocation among interest, dividends and services is entirely estimated.

Receipts

Data on direct investment income receipts are largely reliable. Canadian firms making direct investments abroad earn interest on their holdings of debt issued by those enterprises abroad, as well as profits (losses) from their equity interest in these enterprises. Such data are derived from three surveys of financial transactions:

- annual, 2,877 firms, between Canada and other countries (2005 response rate of 52%)
- quarterly, 229 largest firms (2005 response rate of 50%)
- annual, 1,259 firms, of capital invested abroad by Canadian enterprises (2005 response rate of 51%).

Investment income on portfolio investment is made up of dividends and interest. Dividend receipts are derived by applying dividend yields to a large and detailed inventory of foreign stocks held by the major Canadian financial institutions. Until 2007, data on interest receipts were derived from estimates of bond holdings and were seen as limited. However, a new methodology, inspired by the methodology on dividends, was implemented in 2007 where yields are applied to quarterly position of bonds at market values.

A major improvement to the quality and coverage of the underlying positions for portfolio dividends resulted from the IMF-co-ordinated survey of portfolio investment abroad beginning with the reference year 1997 and implemented as an ongoing annual Canadian survey since that time. Methodology was developed to derive yields on a detailed company basis to combine with position and flows data. This resulted in substantially higher dividend flows from the reference year 1997. The 2005 survey for Canada covered 593 companies with a response rate of 76%. More research is needed in order to reflect in these series certain results from the major survey of portfolio holdings abroad co-ordinated among countries by the IMF.

In 2003, an important change was made to the dividends and re-invested earnings series of the Canadian banks. Before, these two types of income were combined under dividends because of some data source limitations and in order to avoid possible double counting with other financial data. These revenues have been correctly assigned, back to 1999. Following this methodological change, dividend receipts for the banking sector have decreased while the reinvested earnings of that sector have increased by the same values.

As for interest receipts on other investments, the data quality is mixed. Earnings on international reserves are obtained from official records and are considered to be accurate; similarly, interest receipts on government-financed export credits are based on reliable administrative records. Interest revenues and expenses of the banks are shown on a gross basis, for both assets and liabilities. The quality of banking data is reliable. The data for interest on deposits abroad by non-banks, however, are weak. While rates applied to these asset categories are from established public sources, so far, it has not been possible to identify the range of resident holdings outside Canada, given the limitations in the frequency, nature and classification practices of foreign sources used.

Payments

The data on direct investment income is generally reliable. Profits data are taken directly from quarterly survey data conducted by the Industrial Organization and Finance Division (IOFD) of Statistics Canada and combined with BOP survey information on dividends. Recent data from the former source are still subject to change. Interest on the debt issued by direct investment enterprises in Canada to non-resident direct investors are derived from the same two survey sources described above for investment income receipts from direct investment.

Payments on portfolio investment are made up of dividends and interest. Data on payments of dividends are derived from surveys of Canadian companies that are known to have foreign portfolio holders. It has been difficult with any precision to establish the level of foreign portfolio ownership, and therefore the associated dividend payments are limited accordingly. Data on interest payments on bonds however, are calculated from a detailed inventory of Canadian bonds, including discount bonds, resulting in reliable calculations based on security-by-security information. Underlying amounts, rates, maturity date and currency are obtained on a preliminary basis (monthly and quarterly) from 150 issuers and brokers (with a response rate over 90% in 2006) and are then confirmed through annual surveys of Canadian borrowers where responses averaged 53% in 2005. The quality is good. Interest on money market instruments (such as treasury bills and commercial paper) is calculated precisely in the same manner as bonds. This change took place beginning in reference year 2003. Information on flows, from which stock positions are cumulated, is obtained with virtually complete responses from monthly surveys of brokers and large Canadian borrowers. However, the geographic distribution of foreign holders is more difficult to establish.

Interest payments on other investments consist of interest on borrowing from foreign banks and on deposit liabilities. Interest on borrowings from non-resident banks is obtained from outstanding positions and relevant market yields. In addition, some relatively minor components are based on administrative records and best estimates. Consequently, the data have limitations. As mentioned above, investment income on banking claims is presented separately for revenues and expenses. Interest from banking operations booked in Canada is derived from data supplied by all banks from a quarterly survey and the quality is reliable.

Current transfers

Quality for this diverse group ranges from most reliable to acceptable.

From 1991, estimates from U.S. sources are included for study, certain personal gifts and health benefits that are received, but not paid for, by Canadians residents.

Information on remittances, a second component of current transfers, is taken from a variety of sources. Reliable administrative data exist for Canadian government payments abroad to non-residents. Personal remittances to non-residents are obtained directly from Statistics Canada's Survey of Household Spending. Remittances regarding charitable and academic institutions and inward personal remittances data are considered weak. Fuller bilateral data have now improved the estimate of pension receipts somewhat, though some recent values have been revised downwards at source.

Data on Canadian withholding taxes originate from CRA, by fiscal quarter, with the last fiscal-year amounts assigned to that year. Recently, revisions to this series for timing and accrual adjustments were supplied from the Public Institutions Division back to 1993 and were applied from 1995. U.S. withholding taxes are based on lagged information from the U.S. Internal Revenue Service; all other foreign withholding taxes are estimated. Allocation of these taxes back to investment income and commercial services is entirely estimated.

Data on federal government expenditures in support of international organizations and programs come largely from the Public Accounts and the quality is taken as reliable. A reworking in 1999 of detailed information from this source led to an upward revision from 1995.

Lastly, data on official contributions and on recently included administrative expenses are obtained from the CIDA. The data are reliable. In 2003, administrative data have been used to estimate the remittances made by non-governmental organizations from Canada. Data have been revised upward by almost 50% from 1999. In 2006, with the access of more detailed administrative data, further expenses could be assigned as remittances to non-residents. Again, data have been significantly revised upward from 2002.

Capital and financial account series

Capital account

This account is made up of capital transfers (i.e., migrants' assets, debt forgiveness and inheritances), and transactions in non-produced, non-financial assets (i.e., intellectual property rights such as patents, and tangible assets such as embassy land).

The quality of the various series on immigrants' assets (funds in possession, purchases of houses in Canada, and the rest of their wealth) is considered to be fair. The data are based on monthly administrative records filed by prospective immigrants at the time of visa application. They come with a one-month delay with previous months' estimates often revised; the quality is acceptable. An average amount of funds transferred is applied to estimates of the number of emigrants, supplied by the Demography Division of Statistics Canada. The quality of data is weak because of the lack of a good information source. Debt forgiveness by the Government of Canada and through its enterprises is derived through administrative data and considered reliable. Small estimates of inheritances are based on earlier studies and the quality is weak.

Financial account

Financial account transactions with non-residents are broken down between Canadian assets and Canadian liabilities and are further segmented within each of those accounts by direct, portfolio and other investment.

Canadian assets

Direct investment

Canadian direct investment abroad flows comprise cross-border flows in equity and debt (both long- and short-term) and reinvested earnings. The series undergo several updates as more complete information becomes available and estimates for undercoverage are gradually reduced. The first estimate is based on a quarterly sample of 229 (year 2006) of the most active companies. This is supplemented with an allowance for companies that are not surveyed quarterly and with information from the financial press. An audit is also done with another quarterly survey (larger sample) of financial data from IOFD to confirm some of the BOP survey information. This procedure thus provides more timely quarterly data than those obtained from the BOP annual survey, which is undertaken later. An annual survey of 2,877 companies (2005) is used to improve the initial estimates. Finally, a reconciliation is conducted between year-to-year changes of position data (taken from the annual survey of 1,259 firms in 2005)

^{10.} Re-invested earnings were included in direct investment flows from 1961. Short-term intercompany accounts were included from 1983.

and the cross-border flow information. The response rate in 2006 for the quarterly survey was 50% while 52% and 51%, respectively, of the annual surveys for 2005 were returned. This resulted in data that are believed to fall into the acceptable range. However, quality problems arise because of the ongoing difficulties in identifying new firms that directly invest abroad.

Portfolio investment

For estimates of Canadian investment in foreign stocks, bonds, and money market paper the accuracy is acceptable. The coverage may be incomplete to the extent that individuals transact in foreign instruments directly through foreign discount brokers or foreign investment firms.

It is assumed, however, that most portfolio investment abroad is conducted through Canadian intermediaries which are surveyed. In addition, the largest direct holders are surveyed if it is established that they use non-resident channels of investment (for example, a foreign manager). The flows are measured mainly from monthly surveys (with respondents averaging 150 per month in 2006) sent to investment dealers and direct holders such as banks, pension funds, mutual funds, money managers and insurance companies. The response rate for 2006 was over 90%.

While there is not an across-the-board survey of position information, portfolio asset positions are surveyed annually to the extent that they are owned by financial firms, mainly institutional investors. The survey collects portfolio holdings at market value and is meant to cover about 90% of all portfolio investment assets held by Canadians.

In the late nineties, an acquisition strategy using shares became a major factor in measuring portfolio foreign equity transactions. For example, foreign companies that acquired Canadian companies would issue foreign treasury stock to the acquired company's shareholders. These flows, well identified in the financial press and confirmed through other published sources, are also captured.

Other investment

Loans

Canada's loan assets comprise those by the Government of Canada and its enterprises, Canadian banks, corporations and those by the corporate and personal sectors through repurchase agreements (repos).

Loans by the Government of Canada, its enterprises and banks are derived through administrative data and are considered reliable. Repurchase agreements are low cost loans with securities pledged by the borrower as collateral. They are reported by Canadian dealers and brokers and are considered to be of acceptable quality. ¹¹ The data on corporate loans are believed to be good. They are obtained from an annual survey with a response rate of 52% for 2005. The first estimate is projected from a quarterly sample survey and is subject to revision. Overall, data on Canada's loan assets are considered to be in the range of acceptable to good quality.

Deposits

Canada's deposit assets are made up of those of Canadian banks and of all other Canadian (or non-bank) depositors.

Deposits of Canadian banks' are classified into the four following categories: Canadian dollar, foreign currency, gold and silver. They are derived from mainly administrative data and considered reliable. ¹² Non-bank deposits abroad are obtained from foreign banking data through the Bank of International Settlements. They are usually one quarter behind except for US data which are available on a timely basis for the quarter. These data are dependent on classifications of residency applied by reporting institutions outside Canada. The data have shown large unexplained fluctuations; these have been revised quite substantially and therefore are generally viewed as weaker estimates.

^{11.} A study was conducted in 1998/99 that improved the measurement of repos. This resulted in revising the measurements of earlier years.

^{12.} Gold and silver deposit liabilities are derived from a monthly survey.

Official international reserves

Canada's reserve assets are derived from official records of the Government of Canada and therefore are considered to be complete and accurate.

Other assets

This category contains many elements but is concentrated in the following short list: Canadian banks' security transactions (both long- and short-term), corporations' trade credits and other short-term receivables, progress payments by corporations, Government of Canada subscriptions to international agencies and deferred migrants' assets and derivatives.

The foreign security transactions of Canadian banks are derived from monthly administrative data and are considered reliable, but are subject to revision. Government of Canada subscriptions are derived from administrative data and considered reliable. The data on short-term receivables including trade credits are believed to be acceptable. They are obtained from an annual census survey with a response rate of 52% for 2005. The first estimate is projected from a quarterly sample survey and subject to revision. The series on deferred migrants' assets are considered to be weaker estimates. They are based on administrative records filed by prospective immigrants at the time of visa application. The series on progress payments are derived from the financial press and several known respondents that are surveyed on an occasional basis. Data on derivatives are obtained from a quarterly survey and the monthly securities survey. Both estimates on progress payments and for derivatives are considered weak.

Canadian liabilities

Direct investment

Transactions classified as foreign direct investment in Canada comprise cross-border flows in equity and debt (both short- and long-term) and reinvested earnings. ¹³ Data on reinvested earnings are initially derived from a quarterly survey conducted by IOFD. The cross-border flows are measured through both a quarterly sample survey and a census annual survey. The coverage is validated against an annual survey of position data.

The series undergo several updates as more complete information becomes available and estimates for undercoverage are gradually reduced. The first estimate is based on a quarterly sample of 229 (year 2006) of the most active companies (the same sample used for direct investment abroad). This is supplemented with an allowance for companies that are not surveyed quarterly and with information from the financial press. It is also augmented and confirmed with results of the above mentioned IOFD survey. Subsequently, an annual survey of 2,877 (year 2005) companies is taken to improve the initial estimates. Finally, a reconciliation of year-to-year changes of position data (taken from annual census survey of 2,652 companies in 2005) with cross-border flow information is conducted to provide final estimates. These estimates are verified against administrative data from time to time. Response rates for the three BOP surveys range from 50% to 55%. The data are believed to be of acceptable quality.

Portfolio investment

Foreign portfolio investment flows for Canadian stocks, bonds and money market paper are believed to be relatively complete. However, the geographic distribution of the residence of the foreign holders remains difficult to establish since the Canadian issuers cannot accurately locate geographically the ultimate holders of their securities. There are complications with the day-to-day operations that are managed by security depositories and at times held through nominees.

^{13.} Re-invested earnings were included in direct investment flows from 1961. Short-term intercompany accounts were included from 1983.

The flows are reported in a monthly survey sent to investment dealers, the major banks, pension and mutual funds while debt and equity issuance are handled by tracking several overlapping published sources that are available on a monthly basis. The monthly surveys were sent to 150 firms in 2006 with a response rate of over 90%.

At times, the data may be revised when new transactors are identified or information becomes available through annual surveys of Canadian issuers. The coverage of most of these portfolio series is validated against both administrative data and annual census surveys covering foreign holdings of portfolio investment in Canada. In 2005, response rates for these annual position surveys were 56% for corporations and 76% for governments and their enterprises. These surveys enable the identification of retirements of debt issues that are called prior to maturity ('callable bonds'). The actual data on early retirements replace a macro allowance for these transactions. The data are believed to be of good quality.

In the late 1990s, an acquisition strategy using shares became a major factor in measuring portfolio Canadian equity transactions. For example, Canadian companies that acquired foreign companies would issue treasury stock to the acquired company's foreign shareholders. These flows, well identified in the financial press and other published sources, are also captured and judged to be good.

Other investment

Loans

Canada's loan liabilities comprise foreign bank borrowing, including foreign syndicated bank borrowing, other loans, mortgage loans, short-term foreign bank borrowing, and those by the corporate and personal sectors through repurchase agreements (repo loans).

The borrowing by Canadian corporations and government enterprises consisting of foreign bank loans, including foreign syndicated bank borrowing, other loans and mortgage loans, are believed to be of acceptable quality. They are obtained from an annual census survey with a response rate of 56% for corporations and 76% for government enterprises for 2005. The first estimate is projected from a quarterly sample survey and subject to revision.

Repo loans, which involve securities as collateral, are reported by Canadian dealers and brokers, and are considered to be of acceptable quality. Foreign short-term bank borrowing comes from a combination of foreign administrative data and survey data and is considered to be of weaker quality. ¹⁴ Overall, data on Canada's loan liabilities are considered to be of acceptable quality.

Deposits

Canada's deposit liabilities are those lodged primarily with Canadian banks. There are also some small foreign deposits at the Bank of Canada.

Deposits with Canadian banks are distinguished into the four following categories: Canadian dollar, foreign currency, gold and silver. They are derived from mainly administrative data ¹⁵ and considered reliable. Foreign deposits at the Bank of Canada are derived from administrative data and considered accurate.

Other liabilities

This category includes many elements whose quality varies according to the sources. The main series include Government of Canada demand note liabilities, corporations' trade credits and other short-term payables including the change in interest payable on loans, and progress payments. Government of Canada demand note liabilities are derived from administrative data and are considered reliable. The data on short-term payables including trade credits are believed to be acceptable. They are obtained from an annual census survey with a response rate of 52% for 2005. The first estimate is projected from a quarterly sample survey and subject to revision. The series on

^{14.} A study was conducted in 1998/99 that improved the measurement of repos. This resulted in revising the data for earlier years.

^{15.} Gold and silver deposit liabilities are derived from a monthly survey.

progress payments are derived from the financial press and several known respondents that are surveyed on an occasional basis; these data are considered of weaker quality because they are incomplete.

Footnotes

Table 1

1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.

Tables 3 and 4

- 1. International passenger fares by water are included under air transport.
- 2. Until 2000, personal, cultural and recreational services are included with other miscellaneous services to business. From 2001, personal, cultural and recreational services are included with audio-visual services.
- 3. From 2001, non-financial commissions, equipment rentals and advertising and related services are included with other miscellaneous services to business.

Tables 7, 8 and 9

1. Includes prior to the second quarter of 1968 gold production available for export. This series refers to Canadian gold production sold to non-residents and to Canadian monetary institutions (that is, new gold production less amounts applied to uses in the arts and industry). The treatment of gold production as exports became less valid after the introduction of separate monetary and non-monetary markets for gold in early 1968. From the second quarter of 1968 onward, the series was accordingly discontinued.

Tables 10 and 11

- 1. The individual commodity groups are valued at the point of last consignment (plant) with various commodity-specific balance of payments adjustments applied for valuation (including inland freight), timing and coverage.
- 2. Special transactions is a standard statistical category of goods which covers items not allocated to another commodity grouping and whose source is customs records.
- The inland freight and other balance of payments adjustments cover balance of payments adjustments, notably inland freight, not allocated to specific commodities. The addition of inland freight results in a total goods figure valued at the customs frontier of the exporting country.

Tables 12 and 13

- 1. Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.

Tables 14 and 15

 The individual commodity groups are valued at the point of last consignment (plant) with various commodity-specific balance of payments adjustments applied for valuation (including inland freight), timing and coverage.

Table 18

- 1. Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.

Table 19 and 20

1. Before 2002, receipts of money market interest are included indistinguishably with other investment and not with portfolio investment.

Table 21

- 1. Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.

Tables 22 and 23

- 1. Interest payments by municipal government enterprises are included in interest payments by municipal government.
- 2. Total interest includes interest from direct investment, portfolio investment, and other investment transactions.

Tables 24 and 25

- 1. Foreign taxes are applicable only to payments where it refers to total withholding taxes paid by Canadian residents and which are initially part of various Canadian interest, dividend and services receipts.
- Canadian taxes are applicable only to receipts where it refers to total withholding taxes received by the Government of Canada and which are initially part of various Canadian interest, dividend, and services payments.
- 3. Official contributions are applicable only to payments where it refers to official contributions made by the Canadian governments and their enterprises.

Table 26-1

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those
 of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Table 26-2

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 3. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 4. From 1964 to 1969, the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies are included in other foreign investment, other liabilities. Prior to 1964, they are included in foreign direct investment in Canada, and from 1970 onward they are in other foreign investment, loans.
- 5. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Table 27-1

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- 3. Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Table 27-2

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 3. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 4. From 1964 to 1969, the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies are included in other foreign investment, other liabilities. Prior to 1964, they are included in foreign direct investment in Canada, and from 1970 onward they are in other foreign investment, loans.

5. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Tables 28 and 29

1. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.

Tables 30 and 31

- Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- 2. Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.

Tables 32 and 33

- 1. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- 2. The direct investment flows abroad are classified according to the industrial classification of the Canadian investor company, and not the company abroad that employs this capital.
- 3. Services and retailing covers transportation services; general services to business; government services; education, health and social services; accommodation, restaurants, and recreation services; food retailing; consumer goods and services.
- 4. Other industries covers food, beverage and tobacco; chemicals, chemical products and textiles; electrical and electronic products; construction and related activities; communications.

Table 34

1. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.

Tables 35 and 36

- 1. Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.

1. Excludes repurchase agreement lending of Canadian banks for their own account.

Tables 42 and 43

- 1. Excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.

Tables 44 and 45

- 1. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 3. Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- 4. Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.

Tables 46 and 47

- 1. Excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries
 and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 3. Services and retailing covers transportation services; general services to business; government services; education, health and social services; accommodation, restaurants, and recreation services; food retailing; consumer goods and services.
- 4. Other industries covers food, beverage and tobacco; chemicals, chemical products and textiles; electrical and electronic products; construction and related activities; communications.

Table 48

- 1. Excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.

Tables 49, 50 and 51

- 1. Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.

Table 52

1. Excludes repurchase agreement borrowing of Canadian banks for their own account.

Tables 55 and 56

- 1. Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.
- 2. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Tables 57 and 58

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. The statistical discrepancy and the interarea transfers are not available for the current year as the Financial Accounts exclude the official international reserves.

Tables 59 and 60

- Includes prior to the second quarter of 1968 gold production available for export. This series refers to Canadian
 gold production sold to non-residents and to Canadian monetary institutions (that is, new gold production less
 amounts applied to uses in the arts and industry). The treatment of gold production as exports became less
 valid after the introduction of separate monetary and non-monetary markets for gold in early 1968. From the
 second quarter of 1968 onward, the series was accordingly discontinued.
- 2. Other services include both commercial services and government services. These two categories are available separately from 1973.
- 3. Before 2002, receipts of money market interest are included indistinguishably with other investment and not with portfolio investment.

Table 61-1

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.

- 3. Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.
- 4. The official international reserves are excluded from the current year as the geographical details are not yet available.

Table 61-2

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 3. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 4. From 1964 to 1969, the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies are included in other foreign investment, other liabilities. Prior to 1964, they are included in foreign direct investment in Canada, and from 1970 onward they are in other foreign investment, loans.
- 5. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Table 62-1

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those
 of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.
- 4. The official international reserves are excluded from the current year as the geographical details are not yet available.

Table 62-2

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 3. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 4. From 1964 to 1969, the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies are included in other foreign investment, other liabilities. Prior to 1964, they are included in foreign direct investment in Canada, and from 1970 onward they are in other foreign investment, loans.
- 5. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. The statistical discrepancy and the interarea transfers are not available for the current year as the Financial Accounts exclude the official international reserves.

Table 64

- Other services include both commercial services and government services. These two categories are available separately from 1973.
- 2. Before 2002, receipts of money market interest are included indistinguishably with other investment and not with portfolio investment.

Table 65-1

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- 3. Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.
- 4. The official international reserves are excluded from the current year as the geographical details are not yet available.

Table 65-2

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
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- 5. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Table 66

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. The statistical discrepancy and the interarea transfers are not available for the current year as the Financial Accounts exclude the official international reserves.

- Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- The statistical discrepancy and the interarea transfers are not available for the current year as the Financial Accounts exclude the official international reserves.

Table 68

- Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- 2. Other services include both commercial services and government services. These two categories are available separately from 1973.
- Before 2002, receipts of money market interest are included indistinguishably with other investment and not with portfolio investment.

Table 69-1

- In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, 2. Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.
- 3. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.
- The official international reserves are excluded from the current year as the geographical details are not yet available.

Table 69-2

- In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- Other European Union (EU) countries includes currently Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal and Spain; from January 1995, includes Austria, Finland, and Sweden; from May 2004, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, the Slovak Republic and Slovenia.

- 3. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
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- 6. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. The statistical discrepancy and the interarea transfers are not available for the current year as the Financial Accounts exclude the official international reserves.

Table 71

- Other services include both commercial services and government services. These two categories are available separately from 1973.
- 2. Before 2002, receipts of money market interest are included indistinguishably with other investment and not with portfolio investment.

Table 72-1

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- 3. Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.
- 4. The official international reserves are excluded from the current year as the geographical details are not yet available.

Table 72-2

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 3. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.

- 4. From 1964 to 1969, the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies are included in other foreign investment, other liabilities. Prior to 1964, they are included in foreign direct investment in Canada, and from 1970 onward they are in other foreign investment, loans.
- 5. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.
- 2. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 3. The statistical discrepancy and the interarea transfers are not available for the current year as the Financial Accounts exclude the official international reserves.

Table 74

- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.
- 2. Other services include both commercial services and government services. These two categories are available separately from 1973.
- 3. Before 2002, receipts of money market interest are included indistinguishably with other investment and not with portfolio investment.

Table 75-1

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.
- Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- 4. Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.
- 5. The official international reserves are excluded from the current year as the geographical details are not yet available.

Table 75-2

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- Other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) countries includes currently Australia, Iceland, New Zealand, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey; from July 1994 Mexico; from December 1995 up to April 2004, the Czech Republic; from May 1996 up to April 2004, Hungary; from November 1996 up to April 2004, Poland; from December 1996, Republic of Korea; from January 2001 up to April 2004, the Slovak Republic; up to December 1994, Austria, Finland and Sweden.
- 3. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 4. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 5. From 1964 to 1969, the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies are included in other foreign investment, other liabilities. Prior to 1964, they are included in foreign direct investment in Canada, and from 1970 onward they are in other foreign investment, loans.
- 6. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Table 76

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. The statistical discrepancy and the interarea transfers are not available for the current year as the Financial Accounts exclude the official international reserves.

Table 77

- 1. Other services include both commercial services and government services. These two categories are available separately from 1973.
- 2. Before 2002, receipts of money market interest are included indistinguishably with other investment and not with portfolio investment.

Table 78-1

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Canadian direct investment abroad (CDIA) excludes deposits (claims net of liabilities) of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad.
- 3. Deposit assets includes claims of Canadian banks with their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian branches of foreign banks with their head offices and affiliates abroad.
- 4. The official international reserves are excluded from the current year as the geographical details are not yet available.

Table 78-2

- 1. In the capital and financial account, a minus sign denotes an outflow of capital resulting from an increase in claims on non-residents or a decrease in liabilities to non-residents.
- 2. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes deposits (liabilities net of claims) of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks with their head offices and related companies abroad.
- 3. Foreign direct investment in Canada (FDIC) excludes the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies.
- 4. From 1964 to 1969, the inter-company and other liabilities of sales finance and consumer loan companies are included in other foreign investment, other liabilities. Prior to 1964, they are included in foreign direct investment in Canada, and from 1970 onward they are in other foreign investment, loans.
- 5. Deposit liabilities includes liabilities of Canadian banks to their foreign affiliates and branches abroad and those of Canadian subsidiaries and branches of foreign banks to their head offices and affiliates abroad.

Appendix I

Glossary: List and explanation of BOP terminology

Accrual accounting

Revenues and expenses are reflected in the accounts in the period in which they are earned or expensed and not necessarily when cash receipts or disbursements occur (cash accounting). Accrual accounting is used to compile the balance of payments.

Affiliate

Business entity which is owned from 10% to 100% by another business entity. Depending on the level of ownership, affiliates are classified as associates or subsidiaries or branches.

Associate

Business entity which is owned from 10% to 50% by another business entity.

Balance of payments (BOP)

A statistical statement that systematically summarizes, for a specific time period, the economic transactions of a country with the rest of the world.

Bonds, debentures, notes

These are debt securities issued by borrowers to finance their operations. They are sold to investors with the promise that they will be repaid with interest by the end of a specific period. Bonds, debentures and notes can be part of direct or portfolio investment in the balance of payments and international investment position, depending on the relationship between the issuer and the holder.

Branch

Business entity that is unincorporated and is owned by another business entity.

Canadian financial assets

Regrouping of all *Canadian financial claims* on non-residents in the financial account of the balance of payments and in the international investment position. Financial assets are further classified to direct, portfolio and other investment.

Canadian financial liabilities

Regrouping of all *non-resident financial claims* on Canadian residents in the financial account of the balance of payments and in the international investment position. Canadian financial liabilities are further classified to direct, portfolio and other investment.

Capital account

A principal account of the balance of payments that records acquisitions /disposals of non-produced, non-financial assets (i.e. intellectual property rights such as patents and tangible assets such as embassy land). Also included are capital transfers that redistribute savings or wealth (i.e. migrants' assets, debt forgiveness and inheritances).

Centre of economic interest

This is the basis for defining residency of transactors for the balance of payments. The BOP measures transactions between **residents** and **non-residents**. A person or business is said to be a resident of a country if it has a centre of economic activity as evidenced by the location of a persons principal residence or where they produce, invest and earn revenues.

Change in ownership

A change in ownership occurs when an asset has been received or a service / income is provided. Generally it is deemed to have occurred when the two parties (resident and non-resident) record the transaction in their respective books or accounts.

Credit

A credit represents a receipt on the current account (for example, the exports of goods or services), a decrease in assets or an increase in liabilities. A credit is displayed with a plus sign (+) in the balance of payments. See the definition under **double entry accounting**.

Current account

Main account of the balance of payments which covers all transactions (other than those in the capital and financial account) that involve exchange of economic values (goods, services and investment income) and transfers of current economic value with no quid pro quo (current transfers).

Debit

A debit represents an expense in the current account (for example, the imports of goods or services), an increase in assets or a decrease in liabilities. A debit is displayed with a minus sign (-) in Canada's balance of payments with the exception of current account payments. See the definition under **double entry accounting**.

Debt

Financial claim that refers to lending of funds by a creditor (lender) to a debtor (borrower). Debt comprises **securities** (generally marketable) and other debt instruments (generally not marketable). Debt can be part of direct, portfolio or other investment depending upon the relationship between the issuer and the holder.

Debtor / creditor principle

There are two principles that may serve as the basis for geographic allocation of direct investment financial flows: the debtor/creditor principle and the transactor principle. Under the debtor/creditor principle, transactions resulting from changes in financial claims of the compiling economy are allocated to the country or residence of the non-resident debtor, and transactions resulting in changes in financial liabilities are allocated to the country of residence of the non-resident creditor, even if the amounts are paid to or received from a different country (See also the entry for the **transactor principle**.)

Deposits

Financial claims including bank deposits, deposit notes, certificates of deposits and all other claims reflecting evidence of deposits, including currency. Largely associated with Canadian banks, deposits are part of other investment in the balance of payments and international investment position.

Direct investment

Functional classification in the financial account of the balance of payments and in the international investment position which refers to an investment of a resident entity in one country obtaining a lasting interest in an enterprise resident in another country. The lasting interest implies the existence of a long-term relationship between the direct investor and the enterprise and a significant degree of influence by the investor on the management of the enterprise.

Direct investment enterprise

An incorporated or unincorporated enterprise in which a direct investor, who is resident in another country, owns 10% or more of the ordinary shares or voting power (for an incorporated enterprise) or the equivalent (for an unincorporated enterprise). A direct investment enterprise is made up of related entities which can be in the form of associates, subsidiaries and branches.

Discount

Difference between the issue price and the maturity value of a security (e.g. a bond) when the issue price is lower than the maturity value. This difference is treated as interest and is recorded, on an accrual basis, as investment income in the balance of payments.

Dividends

Earnings on current activities distributed to equity holders of incorporated private enterprises, cooperatives and public corporations. This income item is recorded in the current account under portfolio investment or direct investment.

Double entry accounting

Basic accounting convention whereby each recorded transaction is represented by two entries, a **credit** and a **debit**, with equal values. This convention is used in compiling the balance of payments statement.

Equities (stocks or shares)

Equities comprise common and preferred shares, which represent a share in the ownership of the company. In addition, the following are also considered as equities: depository receipts, most units of mutual funds, income trusts and warrants. Equities can be part of portfolio investment or direct investment in the balance of payments or international investment position depending upon the relationship of the issuer and the holder.

Financial account

A principal account of the balance of payments that records transactions in financial instruments which represents Canada's financing and investing activities with the rest of the world. Transactions are presented under three functional classes: direct, portfolio and other investment.

Financial derivatives

Financial derivatives are financial instruments that are linked to a specific financial instrument or indicator or commodity, and through which specific financial risks can be traded in financial markets in their own right. Their value derives from the price of the underlying item (i.e. the reference price) and, unlike debt instruments, no principal amount is advanced to be repaid and no investment income accrues. Examples are futures, forwards, options, warrants and swaps.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments encompass securities (generally marketable) and other financial instruments (generally non-marketable). Financial instruments can be part of direct, portfolio or other investment in the balance of payments or international investment position depending upon the instrument and the relationship between the issuer and the holder.

Fully consolidated basis

The basis of reporting for Canada's balance of payments and international investment position. Entities are surveyed for their inward and outward direct investment data on a fully consolidated basis. As such, survey data, as a matter of principle, cover all directly and indirectly owned subsidiaries, associates and branches.

Geographical area

In Canada's balance of payments and international investment position, foreign countries are grouped by six regions: United States, United Kingdom, Other European Union (EU), Japan, Other Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD), Other Countries (inclusive of international institutions).

Income trust units

Unit holders in an income trust receive regular cash distributions from an entity created to pay out the cash flow generated by a business. Income trust units are treated as equities in Canada's balance of payments.

Institutional investors

Organizations that typically buy and sell securities in very large quantities. Institutional investors face less protective regulations because it is assumed that they are more knowledgeable and better able to protect themselves. Major Canadian institutional investors are pension funds, mutual, segregated and pooled funds as well as the general funds of insurance companies.

Interest

Interest is the amount that the debtor owes or pays to the creditor over a given period of time without reducing the amount of principal outstanding, under the terms of the financial instrument agreed between them.

International investment position (IIP)

The IIP is a country's balance sheet of the stock of financial assets and liabilities with the rest of the world. Together with the balance of payments transactions, the IIP constitutes a country's set of international accounts.

Investment income

Investment income can arise from holdings of equity or debt as part of direct, portfolio or other investment. The equity income comprises profits/ losses on direct investment and dividends on portfolio stocks, while debt income includes interest from direct, portfolio and other investment.

Issue price

The issue price represents the proceeds received by the issuer when issuing a security.

Issuing sector

The issuing sector of a financial instrument refers to the classification of the issuer of a security. In Canada's balance of payments / international investment position, Canadian issuers are classified to one of the following: Government of Canada direct, federal enterprises, provincial direct, provincial enterprises, municipal direct, municipal enterprises or corporations. Foreign issuers are classified to governments, international organizations or other.

Loans

Financial claims that refer to direct lending of funds by creditors (lenders) to debtors (borrowers) through arrangements in which the lenders may or not receive a negotiable document or instrument. Loans are treated as other investment in the balance of payments / international investment position.

Market price

It is a valuation based on what willing buyers pay to acquire something from willing sellers; the exchanges are made between two independent parties and on the basis of commercial considerations only. Market price is used as the basis of the valuations for transactions.

Maturity date

Date at which time a security (such as a bond) is redeemable.

Maturity value

The maturity value of a security is the amount the issuer will pay the holder of a security at the date of redemption of the security. It is often referred to as par value, face value or redemption value.

Monetary gold

This is an official international reserves asset item in the other investment category. It refers to gold owned by monetary authorities and is held as a financial asset. Transactions in the BOP are recorded only when monetary gold is transacted between monetary authorities in different countries or between monetary authorities and the IMF.

Monetization and demonetization of gold

Monetization refers to the acquisition by the monetary authorities of commodity gold to increase the stock of monetary gold. Demonetization refers to the disposal by the monetary authorities of monetary gold for non-monetary purposes. While these acquisitions or sales will increase or decrease a country's official reserve assets, the transactions are not recorded in the BOP under reserve assets. However, when a country's monetary authorities buy or sell gold with the private sector of a foreign country, then those transactions will be recorded in both countries trade statistics.

Money market securities

These are marketable debt securities with an original term to maturity of one year or less. Included are instruments such as treasury bills, commercial paper, finance company paper, bankers' acceptances, bearer demand notes of banks and other short-term paper. Money market securities are part of portfolio investment in the balance of payments / international investment position.

Mutual fund

A diversified portfolio of securities invested on behalf of a group of investors and professionally managed. Individual investors own a percentage of the value of the fund represented by the number of units they purchased and thus share in any gains or losses of the fund. Depending on the objectives of a fund, its assets can include equity, debt or other financial instruments.

New issue

A new issue is an equity or debt offering issued for the first time. For Canadian balance of payments purposes, new issues are restricted to only those amounts sold in foreign markets.

Non-monetary gold

Under trade-in-goods in the current account, non-monetary gold is treated like any other commodity. That is, it is recorded in a country's imports and exports. Gold bought and sold between different countries' monetary authorities is recorded in the financial account under reserve assets.

Non-produced, non-financial assets

Examples are intangibles such as patents, copyrights, trademarks and franchises and tangible assets such as embassy land. It is covered under the capital account.

Non-resident

A person or business is said to be a non-resident of a country if they have a centre of economic activity that is outside the country. See the definition of **resident**.

Other assets / Other liabilities

Other assets and other liabilities are classes of the other investment functional category in the balance of payments / international investment position. They include claims that are not loans or deposits.

Other investment

Functional classification in the financial account of the balance of payments and in the international investment position that covers loans, deposits, reserves (assets only) and other assets / other liabilities.

Outstanding issue

Securities traded on secondary markets after having been issued.

Participating preferred share

A type of preferred share where the investor has some entitlement to a share in the profits, or a share of any surplus on dissolution of the issuer. Participating preferred shares are treated as equities in Canada's balance of payments.

Portfolio investment

Functional classification of the financial account and the international investment position which refers to an investment of a resident entity in one country into equity and debt securities of another country undertaken for the sake of investment income or capital gains. Unlike direct investors, portfolio investors have no significant influence on the operation or management of the enterprises in which they invest.

Premium

Amount of money associated with the difference between the issue price and the maturity value of a security when the issue price is greater than the maturity value. This difference is treated as negative interest and is recorded, on an accrual basis, as investment income in the balance of payments.

Profits

Profits refer to current earnings of enterprises measured net of income or corporation taxes payable without penalty during the recording period. Profits are treated as investment income on the equity portion of direct investment in the balance of payments.

Reinvested earnings

Reinvested earnings are direct investors' share of earnings from their foreign investments that are not distributed. These earnings (or losses as the case may be) are recorded in the current account of the balance of payments under investment income. They are also recorded in the financial account of the balance of payments under direct investment, since they represent an increase in investment (or a decrease in the case of losses.)

Repurchase agreements (Repos)

A repurchase agreement is an arrangement involving the sale of securities at a specified price with a commitment to repurchase them at a fixed price at a future date. They are usually very short-term (overnight or one day) but can range up to a month or more. Repos are treated as loans backed by securities and classified under other investment in the balance of payments and international investment position.

Reserve assets

Claims on non-residents that are readily available to and controlled by monetary authorities. They are used for the conduct of a country's monetary policy. Reserves are part of other investment in the balance of payments / international investment position.

Reserve position in the fund

Reserve asset item that refers to the sum of the reserve tranche purchases that a member may draw upon and any indebtedness of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) that is readily repayable to the member.

Resident

A person or business is said to be a resident of a country if they have a centre of economic activity as evidenced by the location of a person's principal residence or business and where they produce, invest and earn revenues.

Retirements

Transactions in securities that represent the amount of capital reimbursed by the issuer at the date of maturity of the securities.

Secondary market

Established security exchanges or over-the-counter (OTC) markets where purchases and sales of outstanding securities take place among investors.

Securities

Financial instruments that are marketable, such as publicly traded stocks, bonds, money market securities and other financial instruments. Securities are part of direct and portfolio investment in the balance of payments / international investment position depending upon the direct or portfolio relationship of the issuer and the holder.

Securitization

Pooling of non-traded assets for the purpose of issuing standardized securities backed by those assets, which can then be traded like any other security.

Services

Refers to products which are generally intangible and which cannot be traded separately from their production as they are generally consumed by the time their production is completed. Services are summarized in the Canadian data under four headings: travel, transportation, commercial and government services.

Special drawing rights (SDRs)

Reserve asset item created by the IMF to supplement other reserve assets that are periodically allocated to IMF members in proportion to their respective quotas. Value of SDRs is determined by a weighted basket of currencies. Transactions in SDRs are recorded in the financial account.

Special purpose entities (SPEs)

These entities are usually established in countries other than those in which the parent companies are resident, and are engaged primarily in international transactions. SPEs are defined according to either their structure (e.g. holding company) or their purpose (e.g. sales and administration). In the balance of payments, these entities are treated as direct investment enterprises, assuming they meet the 10 percent ownership criterion.

Statistical discrepancy

A current account surplus or deficit should correspond to an equivalent outflow or inflow in the capital and financial account. In other words, the two accounts should add to zero. In fact as data are compiled from multiple sources, the two balance of payments accounts rarely equate. As a result, the statistical discrepancy is the net unobserved inflow or outflow needed to balance the accounts.

Strip Bonds or Zero Coupon Bonds

Usually high quality federal or provincial government bonds originally issued in bearer form, where some or all of the interest coupons have been detached. The bond principal and any remaining coupons (the residue) then trade separately from the strip of detached coupons, both at substantial discount from par.

Subsidiary

Business entity which has more than 50% of the ordinary shares or voting power (for an incorporated enterprise) or the equivalent (for an unincorporated enterprise) owned by another business entity.

Term to maturity

Fixed period of time corresponding to the lifetime of a security. The term to maturity corresponds to the period of time between the date at which the security is issued (original term to maturity) or is outstanding (remaining term to maturity) and the date at which the security is redeemable (maturity date).

Transaction

Economic flow that reflects the creation, transformation, exchange, transfer or extinction of economic value. Transactions that involve change of ownership of goods, services, investment income or financial claims are recorded in the balance of payments. Balance of payments transactions and valuation changes modify the international investment position from one period to the next.

Transaction value

Value that refers in a broad sense to the actual prices (or market prices) agreed upon by transactors and is generally used to record transactions in the balance of payments. In the absence of a market price, for example when there is a direct exchange of goods, rather than money, for other goods, substitute measures have to be estimated usually by analogy with known market prices of equivalent transactions.

Transactor principle

There are two principles that may serve as the basis for geographic allocation of financial flows: the debtor/creditor principle and the transactor principle. Under the transactor principle, transactions resulting from changes in the claims and liabilities are allocated to the country of residence of the non-resident party to the transaction (the transactor), even if this is not the country of residence of the direct investment enterprise or direct investor. (See also the entry for the **debtor/creditor principle**.)

Valuation

The determination of asset, liability and transaction values. Different methods of valuation include transaction value, market price, issue price, book value, market value, maturity value, etc. and they often reflect applicable accounting principles, legal restrictions and tradition, as well as theoretical considerations.