HOUSING MARKET OUTLOOK

Charlottetown CA



Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation

Date Released: Fall 2008

Housing Market to Moderate in 2009

Starting in 2001 the Charlottetown housing market posted seven years of impressive growth that mirrored the national trend. Some of the key reasons for this increase in activity were low interest rates, low vacancy rates, steady employment growth, positive in-migration, and relatively low home prices. However, in 2005 rising vacancy rates and new home prices started to have a negative impact on the demand for new properties. The increase in multiple unit starts also created a situation where there was a temporary

oversupply of rental units that was not fully absorbed until the end of 2007. However, one area where new construction has continued to remain strong is multiple units intended for homeownership. A key reason for the increased activity in this part of the market is the relative lower cost of semi-detached units compared to single-detached homes. Despite the forecasted increase in semi-detached units over the next two years it is expected that the overall housing market will moderate over the forecast period.

Single Construction to Moderate Over the Forecast **Period** 400 310 305 292 276 275 300 Starts (Units) 225 169 200 173 159 143 100 100 99 100 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008f 2009f Source: CMHC Singles Multiples

Table of contents

- I Housing Market to Moderate in 2009
- 2 Rental Market Vacancy Rate to Decline in 2009
- 3 Resale Market MLS[®] Sales Will Not Match the Peak Level Set in 2007
- 3 New Home Construction Poised to Slow
- 4 Forecast Summary
- 5 CMHC Home to Canadians

SUBSCRIBE NOW!

Access CMHC's MarketAnalysis Centre publications quickly and conveniently on the Order Desk at www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation. View print, download or subscribe to get market information e-mailed to you on the day it is released. New! CMHC's electronic suite of national standardized products is now available for free.





Employment growth is forecast to post a slight improvement from the 2007 level and remain positive through the end of 2009. During the first three quarters of 2008 the increase in employment in Charlottetown can be attributed mainly to the public service and finance/insurance sectors. Employment in the construction sector started to decline in 2008 as numerous large non-residential projects are coming to an end. The net result of the increased employment levels is that the capital region is more attractive for job seekers when compared to other parts of the province. This fact has lead to the continued trend of urbanization in the province, as Islanders continue to move to the capital region from more rural parts of the province.

Positive net-migration has been one of the main factors contributing to the sustained demand for housing in the capital region. The results from Statistics Canada's 2006 Census revealed that the Charlottetown CA recorded a population gain of almost 1,400 people or 2.4 per cent, from 2001 to 2006. It also showed that within the CA, the Town of Stratford

posted the largest population gain during this period, with an increase of over 700 people or 12 per cent. This helps explain the substantial increase in new construction in the Stratford area and why the Town of 7,000 residents is able to rival the City itself for annual single-detached starts. In addition to the Census, Statistics Canada produces a series of data based on income tax returns (Tax Filer Data) that details the migration patterns by county on an annual basis. The results of this survey reveal that in any given year about 70 per cent of the people moving to the capital region are coming from elsewhere in the province. It also shows that of the remaining 30 per cent, the vast majority are coming from another major urban centre in Canada. These results seem to confirm the local theory that there are a number of ex-Islanders moving home to either retire or finish their careers. Another benefit this trend provides is that many of the people returning home are coming from centres with much higher priced housing markets, which has resulted in some accumulating large amounts of equity. This also provides a partial explanation for the substantial

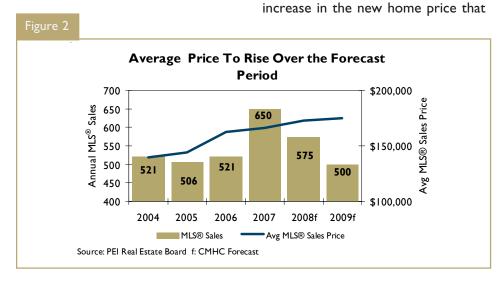
has been recorded over the past five years. This trend of positive net-migration is expected to continue over the forecast period, and will continue to provide support for the local housing market.

While the local housing market has been performing well above average since 2001, it is expected to continue to moderate from the peak level of 2004. Despite the expectation that both in-migration and interest rates will remain favorable in 2008 and into 2009, these will not be enough to counter a slower growing local economy. As such it is expected that the construction of both single and multiple starts will not match the level set in 2007.

Rental Market

Vacancy Rate to Decline in 2009

The vacancy rate should post a moderate decline in 2008 due to a combination of steady demand for rental accommodations and a general decline in the construction of new rental units in the Charlottetown area. This will result in the vacancy rate inching down to 4.0 per cent in October of this year from 4.3 per cent during the same period last year. In October 2009, it is expected that the vacancy rate will decline once again to 3.8 per cent, due to further declines in the supply of new units. However, demand will continue to be supported by in-migration. Expect a larger than average rent increase in 2009 due to the nine per cent allowable rent increase for heated units, that was approved by the Island Regulatory



and Appeals Commission in late 2008. Together these will result in average two-bedroom rents of \$670 and \$700 in 2008 and 2009 respectively.

Resale Market

MLS® Sales Will Not Match the Peak Level Set in 2007

The number of residential MLS® sales in the Charlottetown area is expected to decline over the next two years, due to the current economic environment. Since the start of the most recent economic cycle in 2000, the number of resale transactions in the Charlottetown area has only dropped below 500 sales once, and this is not expected to occur in either 2008 or 2009. While the level of sales is expected to decline from last year's level it is important to note that 2007 recorded the highest level of sales on record for the capital region. Despite the aforementioned variables working against the local market, there are still aspects that will provide demand for existing properties. Employment growth is expected to remain positive over the forecast period, interest rates should remain low and the rising cost of new homes will help provide support for MLS® as homebuyers opt for existing homes.

Average price growth is expected to take a breather in 2008 after increasing almost \$30,000 in the last two years alone. This appreciation in local real estate was partially the result of increased activity in the Stratford area were the homes tend to be newer and as a result more expensive. There was also increased

demand for properties with water frontage or water views, which tend to command the highest prices in the province. Expect the average MLS® sales price to grow by a more modest four per cent in 2008 before slowing to one per cent growth in 2009.

New Home Construction Poised to Slow

New home construction in the Charlottetown CA will slow in 2008 and again in 2009, due to a decline in most unit types. Semi-detached units, for the homeownership market will remain relatively strong over the next two years. During the first three guarters of 2008, semidetached starts maintained momentum from 2007, due mainly to their popularity with first-time buyers and this trend is expected to continue over the forecast period. As first-time buyers show a clear preference for new homes compared to existing homes, and with the rising cost of a new singledetached homes, many first time buyers will look to the semidetached market.

Single starts, although slowing from the near record pace set in 2004, have continued to remain at above average levels. This decrease can be partially attributed to rising new home prices which have caused some potential buyers to opt for the resale market. The influx of people moving to the Island however should partially offset this and result in the construction of 275 new units in 2008 before slowing to 225 in 2009.

Rental starts have been on the decline every year except one since reaching a 15 year high in 2002 with 143 units. This has been due in part

to a rising vacancy rate which reached 4.3 per cent in 2007, from the almost record low of 1.8 per cent in 2001. With the vacancy rate expected to stay near the four per cent mark over the forecast period, expect to see developers continuing to focus on multiple starts for the homeownership market. As such, rental starts are expected to remain below the ten year average over the forecast period.

Forecast Summary Charlottetown CA Fall 2008							
	2005	2006	2007	2008f	% chg	2009f	% chg
Resale Market							
MLS® Sales	556	634	650	575	-11.5	500	-13.0
MLS® New Listings	783	903	970	940	1,000	900	-4.3
MLS® Average Price (\$)	136,364	153,549	166,244	174,000	4.7	176,000	1.1
New Home Market							
Starts:							
Single-Detached	305	276	295	275	-6.8	225	-18.2
Multiples	143	191	99	100	1.0	100	0.0
Starts - Total	448	467	394	375	-4.8	325	-13.3
Average Price (\$):							
Single-Detached	188,741	186,774	192,477	192,500	0.0	198,275	3.0
Median Price (\$):							
Single-Detached	175,000	175,000	180,000	185,400	3.0	185,500	0.1
New Housing Price Index (% chg.)	4.2	2.2	1.3	3.0	-	3.0	-
Rental Market							
October Vacancy Rate (%)	4.4	4.8	4.3	4.0	-0.3	3.8	-0.3
Two-bedroom Average Rent (October) (\$)	617	638	659	670	-	700	-
Economic Overview		_	_	_	_	_	
Mortgage Rate (I year) (%)	5.06	6.28	6.90	6.75	-	6.31	-
Mortgage Rate (5 year) (%)	5.99	6.66	7.07	7.05	-	6.92	-
Annual Employment Level (,000)	31,600	32,175	32,450	32,500	0.2	32,825	1.00
Employment Growth (%)	2.0	1.8	0.9	1.0	-	1.0	-
Unemployment rate (%)	8.1	7.6	6.6	7.4	-	7.6	-
Net Migration (P.E.I.) (1)	16	-111	868	500	-42.4	325	-35.0

 ${\tt MLS} \\ {\tt B} \\ \hbox{ is a registered trademark of the Canadian Real Estate Association (CREA)}. \\$

Source: CM HC (Starts and Completions Survey, Market Absorption Survey), adapted from Statistics Canada (CANSIM), CREA, Statistics Canada (CANSIM) NOTE: Rental universe = Privately initiated rental apartment structures of three units and over (1) 2007 migration data is forecasted

CMHC—HOME TO CANADIANS

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC) has been Canada's national housing agency for more than 60 years.

Together with other housing stakeholders, we help ensure that the Canadian housing system remains one of the best in the world. We are committed to helping Canadians access a wide choice of quality, environmentally sustainable and affordable homes – homes that will continue to create vibrant and healthy communities and cities across the country.

For more information, visit our website at www.cmhc.ca

You can also reach us by phone at 1-800-668-2642 or by fax at 1-800-245-9274. Outside Canada call 613-748-2003 or fax to 613-748-2016.

Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation supports the Government of Canada policy on access to information for people with disabilities. If you wish to obtain this publication in alternative formats, call 1-800-668-2642.

The Market Analysis Centre's (MAC) electronic suite of national standardized products is now available for free on CMHC's website. You can now view, print, download or subscribe to future editions and get market information e-mailed automatically to you the same day it is released. It's quick and convenient! Go to www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation

For more information on MAC and the wealth of housing market information available to you, visit us today at www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation

To subscribe to priced, printed editions of MAC publications, call 1 800 668-2642.

©2007 Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation. All rights reserved. CMHC grants reasonable rights of use of this publication's content solely for personal, corporate or public policy research, and educational purposes. This permission consists of the right to use the content for general reference purposes in written analyses and in the reporting of results, conclusions, and forecasts including the citation of limited amounts of supporting data extracted from this publication. Reasonable and limited rights of use are also permitted in commercial publications subject to the above criteria, and CMHC's right to request that such use be discontinued for any reason.

Any use of the publication's content must include the source of the information, including statistical data, acknowledged as follows:

Source: CMHC (or "Adapted from CMHC," if appropriate), name of product, year and date of publication issue.

Other than as outlined above, the content of the publication cannot be reproduced or transmitted to any person or, if acquired by an organization, to users outside the organization. Placing the publication, in whole or part, on a website accessible to the public or on any website accessible to persons not directly employed by the organization is not permitted. To use the content of any CMHC Market Analysis publication for any purpose other than the general reference purposes set out above or to request permission to reproduce large portions of, or entire CMHC Market Analysis publications, please contact: the Canadian Housing Information Centre (CHIC) at mailto:chic@cmhc.gc.ca; (613) 748-2367 or 1 800 668-2642.

For permission, please provide CHIC with the following information: Publication's name, year and date of issue.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, no portion of the content may be translated from English or French into any other language without the prior written permission of Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

The information, analyses and opinions contained in this publication are based on various sources believed to be reliable, but their accuracy cannot be guaranteed. The information, analyses and opinions shall not be taken as representations for which Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation or any of its employees shall incur responsibility.







STAY ON TOP OF THE HOUSING MARKET

Enhance your decision-making with the latest information on Canadian housing trends and opportunities.

CMHC's Market Analysis Centre e-reports provide a wealth of detailed local, provincial, regional and national market information.

- Forecasts and Analysis Future-oriented information about local, regional and national housing trends.
- Statistics and Data –
 Information on current housing market activities starts, rents, vacancy rates and much more.

Free reports available on-line:

- Canadian Housing Statistics
- Housing Information Monthly
- Housing Market Outlook, Canada
- Housing Market Outlook, Highlight Reports Canada and Regional
- Housing Market Outlook, Major Centres
- Housing Now, Canada
- Housing Now, Major Centres
- Housing Now, Regional
- Monthly Housing Statistics
- Northern Housing Outlook Report
- Preliminary Housing Start Data
- Renovation and Home Purchase
- Rental Market Highlight Reports
- Rental Market Reports, Major Centres
- Rental Market Statistics

Free regional reports also available:

- B.C. Seniors' Housing Market Survey
- Ontario Retirement Homes Report
- The Retirement Home Market Study, Quebec Centres
- Housing Market Tables: Selected South Central Ontario Centres
- Residential Construction Digest, Prairie Centres
- Analysis of the Resale Market, Quebec Centres

Get the market intelligence you need today!

Click www.cmhc.ca/housingmarketinformation to view, download or subscribe.

EQuilibrium[™]: Healthy Housing for a Healthy Environment.

Find out how CMHC's EQuilibrium TM housing initiative is helping enhance the quality of life of Canadians through healthier, more efficient and more comfortable homes.