# Quarterly <br> Demographic <br> Estimates 

April to June 2008


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Statistics Canada

Demography Division

## Quarterly Demographic Estimates

## April to June 2008

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## User information

## Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:
. not available for any reference period
.. not available for a specific reference period
... not applicable
0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
0 s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
p preliminary
r revised
x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
E use with caution
F too unreliable to be published

## Notice to readers

Most of the components used to produce preliminary population estimates are estimated using demographic models or based on data sources less complete or reliable, albeit more timely, than those used for updated or final estimates.

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## Highlights

- On July 1, 2008, Canada's population was estimated at 33,311,400, up 125,800 from April 1, 2008.
- In the April-June 2008 period, Canada's population grew by $0.38 \%$, the largest increase since the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter of 1991, all quarters combined.
- As a result of sustained immigration and a record increase in the number of non-permanent residents, Canada's net international migration rose to 91,600 individuals, a new high for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter.
- Demographic growth remains strongest in the west. The population growth in each of the four provinces west of Ontario surpassed the national rate.
- Alberta remained the province with the strongest population growth. In the second quarter of 2008, it dominated the provinces in terms of natural increase and international migration. The province also posted a much higher interprovincial net migration than in the second quarter of 2007.


## Analysis

On July 1, 2008, Canada's population was estimated at $33,311,400$, up 125,800 from April 1, 2008. During the April-June 2008 period, Canada's population grew by $0.38 \%$, the strongest growth since the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter of 1991.

## Record net international migration

The higher rate of growth for Canada's population was notably due to a strong increase in its net international migration. During the April-June 2008 period, Canada's net international migration rose to 91,600 , the highest ever posted for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter.

Immigration remains strong. In the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter 2008, the country welcomed 69,200 immigrants, 7,600 more than in the same period the year before.

Ontario remained the most popular province among immigrants. In the 2 nd quarter, it welcomed $46.7 \%$ of all new Canadians. However, its appeal is waning: for a sixth consecutive quarter, the province took in less than half of the country's immigrants.

Manitoba was the province with the strongest annualized rate of immigration ( 10.8 per thousand). This province was in the lead in this category for the third time in the past six quarters. Three other provinces surpassed the national immigration rate ( 8.3 per thousand): British Columbia (10.6 per thousand) and Ontario ( 9.9 per thousand) and Prince Edward Island (9.3 per thousand).

Immigration reached higher quarterly levels than ever before in four jurisdictions: Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Nunavut.

Chart 1
Quarterly aggregated demographic components, April to June, 1974 to 2008, Canada


The number of non-permanent residents also rose substantially. During the April to June 2008 period, this figure rose by 30,800 , setting a new record for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter.

Compared to the same period in the previous year, the number of non-permanent residents in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter rose in every Canadian jurisdiction. Alberta posted the sharpest rise in the number of non-permanent residents (annualized rate of 8.0 per thousand).

The rise in the number of non-permanent residents reached a new high in several jurisdictions across Canada. Record hikes, all quarters combined, were observed in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Quebec, New Brunswick and British Columbia posted balances never before seen for a 2 nd quarter.

## A stable natural increase

When compared to the same quarter of last year, natural increase remained relatively stable in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter of 2008 , shifting from 34,400 to 34,200 .

With and annualized rate of 8.3 per thousand, Alberta had the highest natural increase among the provinces, more than double the Canadian level ( 4.1 per thousand). The other provinces whose natural increase rate surpassed the national level were Quebec, Manitoba and Saskatchewan. Nunavut remained the jurisdiction with the highest natural increase in the country, at 22.2 per thousand.

The number of births in Canada is rising. From 91,578 in the April-June period of 2007, it rose to an estimated 93,071 in the 2 nd quarter of 2008. This is the largest number of births for a 2nd quarter since $1996(96,237)$.

Alberta is the province with the highest birth rate (annualized rate of 14.0 per thousand). As in the case of natural increase, the birth rates in Quebec, Manitoba and Saskatchewan were higher than the national level (11.2 per thousand). In the territories, Nunavut was in the lead, with a birth rate of 26.9 per thousand, the highest in Canada.

As expected with an aging population, the number of deaths is also on the rise. From 57,200 in the 2nd quarter of 2007 , it rose to 58,800 in the April-June period of 2008.

The annualized mortality rate in Canada for the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter was 7.1 per thousand. The highest provincial rate was in Prince Edward Island (9.2 per thousand), and the lowest in Alberta (5.7 per thousand). In the territories, the Northwest Territories had the lowest mortality rate (4.3 per thousand).

## Population growth still higher in the west

As a result of the rise in the country's net international migration, which manifested itself right across the country, every jurisdiction saw its population rise in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter, the only exception being the Northwest Territories.

Population growth remains strongest west of Ontario. This growth was higher in every one of Canada's four western provinces than in the country overall.

Chart 2
Quarterly variation of population estimates, Canada, provinces and territories, April to June, 2007 and 2008


For a third consecutive quarter, Alberta posted the sharpest population growth of all provinces. The increase in Alberta's population in the April-June 2008 period was the strongest for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter since 1998, surpassing even the growth observed during the 2005/2006 boom.
Alberta's sustained growth can be explained in a number of ways. First, its rate of natural increase was the highest among all of the provinces. During the April-June 2008 quarter, Alberta's natural increase rose to 7,400 , the highest ever for a 2nd quarter since 1992.
This province also posted the highest rate of international migration in the country, and saw its interprovincial migration rate rebound. Although falling short of the levels observed in 2005 and 2006, Alberta's interprovincial migration gains in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter of 2008 surpassed the balance observed for the same period in the previous year.

While Alberta was losing population to its neighbours Saskatchewan and British Columbia, it still posted strong gains in its population exchanges with Quebec and Ontario.

British Columbia had its strongest population growth for a 2 nd quarter since 1996. The sharp rise in the province's net international migration enabled it to maintain its population growth despite a decline in its interprovincial migration gains, which were lower compared to those for the same quarter of 2007.
Manitoba's population increased faster than ever before for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter. In addition to new highs in international migration, the province also posted its lowest interprovincial migration losses for a 2nd quarter since 1983.

Saskatchewan posted its strongest demographic growth for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter since 1983, namely because of record international net migration. This increase compensated for the province's decrease in interprovincial migration gains, which were below the same period in the previous year. Nonetheless, this was a seventh consecutive quarter in which Saskatchewan came out ahead in its population exchanges with the rest of the country. Such a pattern had not been observed since 1983.

## The Atlantic provinces are growing

The increase in Canada's net international migration also manifested itself in the Atlantic provinces, which all posted population increases in the 2nd quarter, a first since 1992.

Prince Edward Island dominated the region in terms of population growth. Its rate of growth in the April-June 2008 quarter was surpassed only by Alberta's. The province's growth can be attributed not only to record international migration gains for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter, but also to net interprovincial migration beyond anything observed since the 4th quarter of 1989.

Newfoundland and Labrador's population rose for the first time since 1992 in a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter, namely because of positive interprovincial net migration, which had not been seen since 1991.

Nova Scotia had its strongest demographic growth since 2004 for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter. This growth can be attributed to a rise in the province's net international migration, which combined with much smaller losses from interprovincial migration than those observed in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarters of the past three years.

During the April-June 2008 quarter, New Brunswick 's population growth rate was similar to what was observed last year for the same period. A rise in the province's international migration net gains offset the increase of its interprovincial migration deficit.

## At the centre

Although Ontario's population growth in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter of 2008 was higher than for that quarter in the previous year, its population nonetheless grew more slowly than that of the country as a whole, and this for a third consecutive quarter. Higher interprovincial migration net outflows, namely towards Alberta, cancelled out the increase in Ontario's international net migration.

Quebec posted its sharpest population growth for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter since 1991. This growth can be mainly attributed to a net international migration not observed since the 3rd quarter of 1988. However, these gains were in part cancelled out by the highest interprovincial migration deficit for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter since 1998. As with Ontario, a significant part of Quebec's interprovincial migratory losses can be attributed to the province's exchanges with Alberta.

The number of births in Quebec is still on the rise. During the April-June 2008 period, births were estimated at 22,200 in the province, a level not observed for 2nd quarter since 1996.

## Various situations in the north

For the first time since the 1 st quarter of 2007, Nunavut posted the sharpest population growth of all of the territories. Its growth continued to be driven mainly by the highest natural increase in the country.

The Yukon Territory's population rose for a fifth consecutive quarter mainly because of its highest international migration gains for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter since 1989.

For a second consecutive quarter, the Northwest Territories were the only jurisdiction in the country to post a negative population balance. The strongest interprovincial migratory losses for a $2^{\text {nd }}$ quarter since 1988 cancelled out a record international migratory balance.

## Related products

## Selected publications from Statistics Canada

| $91-209-\mathrm{X}$ | Report on the Demographic Situation in Canada |
| :--- | :--- |
| $91-213-\mathrm{X}$ | Annual Demographic Statistics |
| $91-214-\mathrm{X}$ | Annual Demographic Estimates: Census Metropolitan Areas, Economic Regions and <br> Census Divisions, Age and Sex |
| $91-215-\mathrm{X}$ | Annual Demographic Estimates: Canada, Provinces and Territories |
| $91-520-\mathrm{X}$ | Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and Territories |

## Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

| $051-0001$ | Estimates of population, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| :--- | :--- |
| $051-0002$ | Deaths, by sex and age group, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $051-0004$ | Components of population growth, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $051-0005$ | Estimates of population, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly |
| $051-0006$ | Immigrants to Canada, by country of last permanent residence, quarterly |
| $051-0010$ | Estimates of population, by marital status, age group and sex, Canada, provinces and <br> territories, annual |
| $051-0011$ | International migrants, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces, and territories, annual |
| $051-0012$ | Interprovincial migrants, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $051-0013$ | Births by sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $051-0017$ | Interprovincial migrants, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly |
| $051-0018$ | Interprovincial in-, out- and net-migrants, by province or territory, annual |
| $051-0019$ | Interprovincial migrants, by province or territory of origin and destination, annual |
| $051-0020$ | Number of non-permanent residents, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly |
| $051-0035$ | Components of population growth, census divisions and census metropolitan |
| $051-0037$ | areas, 2001 Census boundaries, annual |


| 051-0045 | Interprovincial migrants, by province or territory of origin and destination, quarterly |
| :--- | :--- |
| $053-0001$ | Vital statistics, births, deaths and marriages, quarterly |
| $102-0502$ | Deaths, by month, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $102-0503$ | Deaths, by age and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $102-0504$ | Deaths, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $102-0505$ | Deaths, by marital status, age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $102-4502$ | Live births, by month, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $102-4503$ | Live births, by age of mother, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |
| $102-4504$ | Live births, mean age of mother, Canada, provinces and territories, annual |

## Selected surveys from Statistics Canada

| 3231 | Vital Statistics - Birth Database |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3233 | Vital Statistics - Death Database |
| 3601 | Estimates of Total Population, Canada, Provinces and Territories |
| 3604 | Estimates of Population by Age and Sex for Canada, Provinces and Territories |
| 3605 | Estimates of Population by Marital Status, Age and Sex for Canada, Provinces and <br> Territories |

## Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada

- Births and birth rate, by provinces and territories
- Deaths and death rate, by provinces and territories
- Components of population growth, by province and territory
- Marriages by provinces and territories
- Population by marital status and sex
- Population by marital status and sex, by province and territory


## Statistical tables

Table 1-1
Quarterly population estimates, national perspective - Population 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July 1 st | 33,311,389 | 507,895 | 139,818 | 938,310 | 747,302 | 7,750,504 | 12,928,996 |
| April 1 st | 33,185,549 | 507,716 | 138,987 | 937,789 | 746,902 | 7,730,252 | 12,882,119 |
| January 1 st | 33,103,039 | 507,768 | 138,675 | 937,217 | 746,603 | 7,716,495 | 12,852,221 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October 1 st | 33,046,696 | 507,436 | 138,615 | 936,698 | 746,379 | 7,704,948 | 12,840,049 |
| July 1 st | 32,927,372 | 506,459 | 138,118 | 936,039 | 745,370 | 7,686,038 | 12,793,572 |
| April 1 st | 32,816,259 | 507,036 | 138,056 | 936,025 | 744,971 | 7,668,666 | 12,749,408 |
| January 1 st | 32,737,289 | 508,809 | 138,034 | 936,749 | 744,830 | 7,657,183 | 12,717,723 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October 1 st | 32,688,303 | 509,405 | 138,051 | 937,332 | 744,928 | 7,649,790 | 12,708,345 |
| July 1 st | 32,576,074 | 510,313 | 137,920 | 938,010 | 745,674 | 7,631,552 | 12,665,346 |
| April 1 st | 32,470,572 | 510,975 | 137,849 | 937,684 | 746,339 | 7,615,488 | 12,618,505 |
| January 1 st | 32,394,898 | 512,591 | 137,909 | 938,145 | 746,961 | 7,604,200 | 12,586,799 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October 1 st | 32,352,977 | 513,764 | 138,127 | 938,764 | 747,608 | 7,598,756 | 12,577,928 |
| July 1 st | 32,245,209 | 514,363 | 138,055 | 937,941 | 747,960 | 7,581,911 | 12,528,480 |
| April 1 st | 32,143,172 | 515,396 | 137,780 | 937,946 | 748,593 | 7,567,462 | 12,477,947 |
| January 1 st | 32,077,339 | 516,825 | 137,686 | 939,137 | 748,933 | 7,559,834 | 12,445,889 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October 1 st | 32,038,401 | 516,930 | 137,691 | 939,755 | 749,176 | 7,553,487 | 12,436,034 |
| July 1 st | 31,940,676 | 517,447 | 137,674 | 939,376 | 749,369 | 7,535,929 | 12,390,599 |
| April 1 st | 31,846,440 | 517,978 | 137,631 | 938,536 | 749,285 | 7,520,499 | 12,340,659 |
| January 1 st | 31,776,075 | 518,776 | 137,508 | 938,768 | 749,143 | 7,510,426 | 12,303,570 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October 1 st | 31,734,093 | 518,833 | 137,420 | 938,564 | 749,405 | 7,503,524 | 12,289,156 |
| July 1 st | 31,639,670 | 518,520 | 137,221 | 937,491 | 749,389 | 7,485,838 | 12,242,273 |
| April 1 st | 31,547,712 | 518,880 | 137,118 | 935,636 | 749,248 | 7,471,791 | 12,193,432 |
| January 1 st | 31,476,734 | 519,288 | 137,077 | 935,364 | 749,232 | 7,461,291 | 12,154,171 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October 1 st | 31,446,719 | 519,483 | 137,079 | 935,843 | 749,399 | 7,455,498 | 12,143,234 |
| July 1 st | 31,353,656 | 519,531 | 136,876 | 935,015 | 749,331 | 7,441,076 | 12,091,029 |
| April 1 st | 31,251,898 | 520,288 | 136,899 | 934,140 | 748,809 | 7,428,006 | 12,029,551 |
| January 1 st | 31,172,522 | 521,474 | 136,871 | 933,845 | 748,729 | 7,418,486 | 11,981,486 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October 1 st | 31,129,298 | 521,632 | 136,884 | 933,400 | 749,369 | 7,411,566 | 11,961,650 |
| July 1 st | 31,019,020 | 522,033 | 136,663 | 932,454 | 749,801 | 7,396,331 | 11,896,663 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 1-1 - continued
Quarterly population estimates, national perspective - Population 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskat <br> chewan | Alberta | British <br> Columbia | Nukon <br> Territory | Nunavut <br> Territories |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | number |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Population estimates are final intercensal from July 1, 2001 to April 1, 2006, final postcensal for July 1, 2006, updated postcensal from October 1 , 2006 to April 1, 2008 and preliminary postcensal from July 1, 2008.

Table 1-2
Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Quarterly variation 1

| Canada | Newfoundland <br> and | Prince <br> Edward <br> Island | Nova <br> Scotia | New <br> Brunswick |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 1-2 - continued
Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Quarterly variation 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 0.40 | 0.39 | 0.78 | 0.46 | 0.44 | -0.17 | 0.52 |
| January - March | 0.22 | 0.33 | 0.46 | 0.35 | 0.75 | -0.18 | 0.01 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0.26 | 0.28 | 0.39 | 0.27 | 0.25 | 0.30 | -0.06 |
| July - September | 0.33 | 0.61 | 0.47 | 0.56 | 0.28 | -0.53 | 0.16 |
| April - June | 0.32 | 0.39 | 0.65 | 0.44 | 0.85 | 0.75 | 0.58 |
| January - March | 0.24 | 0.19 | 0.49 | 0.38 | -0.04 | 0.09 | 0.62 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.55 | 0.28 | -0.14 | -0.19 | 0.15 |
| July - September | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.91 | 0.48 | 0.27 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| April - June | 0.20 | 0.09 | 0.72 | 0.37 | 0.39 | 0.23 | 0.52 |
| January - March | 0.14 | -0.10 | 0.74 | 0.23 | 0.13 | -0.50 | 0.23 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0.07 | -0.11 | 0.74 | 0.13 | -0.06 | -0.48 | 0.56 |
| July - September | 0.07 | -0.02 | 0.74 | 0.38 | 0.70 | 0.29 | 0.23 |
| April - June | 0.09 | -0.14 | 0.77 | 0.32 | 0.11 | -0.13 | 0.75 |
| January - March | 0.10 | -0.11 | 0.59 | 0.22 | 0.28 | 0.04 | 0.54 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0.12 | -0.11 | 0.50 | 0.17 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.47 |
| July - September | 0.10 | -0.03 | 0.67 | 0.29 | 0.73 | 0.11 | -0.18 |
| April - June | 0.24 | 0.02 | 0.47 | 0.24 | 0.17 | 0.25 | 0.93 |
| January - March | 0.23 | 0.05 | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0.22 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0.19 | 0.00 | 0.36 | 0.15 | 0.32 | 0.75 | 0.50 |
| July - September | 0.17 | 0.02 | 0.48 | 0.25 | 0.90 | 0.62 | 0.16 |
| April - June | 0.24 | 0.06 | 0.44 | 0.22 | 1.19 | 0.89 | 0.70 |
| January - March | 0.22 | -0.05 | 0.44 | 0.12 | 0.48 | 0.51 | 0.49 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.05 | 0.54 | 0.31 | 0.39 |
| July - September | 0.07 | -0.05 | 0.53 | 0.20 | -0.23 | 0.42 | 0.15 |
| April - June | 0.15 | -0.10 | 0.63 | 0.13 | 0.65 | 1.00 | 1.52 |
| January - March | 0.15 | -0.10 | 0.51 | 0.14 | -0.05 | 0.24 | 0.17 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0.07 | -0.04 | 0.46 | 0.05 | 0.30 | -0.02 | 0.55 |
| July - September | 0.07 | -0.10 | 0.68 | 0.22 | -0.24 | 0.78 | 0.17 |

1. Numbers for total growth are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 1-3
Quarterly population estimates, national perspective - Quarterly population growth 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland <br> and <br> Labrador | Prince <br> Edward <br> Island | Nova <br> Scotia | New <br> Brunswick |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 1-3 - continued
Quarterly population estimates, national perspective - Quarterly population growth 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskat <br> chewan | Alberta | British <br> Columbia | Yukon <br> Territory |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Numbers for total growth are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 2-1
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Canada

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase | Net interprovincial migration migration | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 33,311,389 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 33,185,549 | 34,241 | 0 | 91,599 | 91,599 | .. | 125,840 | 0.38 |
| January - March | 33,103,039 | 23,395 | 0 | 59,115 | 59,115 | .. | 82,510 | 0.25 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 33,046,696 | 28,294 | 0 | 28,049 | 28,049 | .. | 56,343 | 0.17 |
| July - September | 32,927,372 | 40,953 | 0 | 78,371 | 78,371 | .. | 119,324 | 0.36 |
| April - June | 32,816,259 | 34,353 | 0 | 76,760 | 76,760 | .. | 111,113 | 0.34 |
| January - March | 32,737,289 | 22,743 | 0 | 56,227 | 56,227 | . | 78,970 | 0.24 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,688,303 | 27,617 | 0 | 21,369 | 21,369 | .. | 48,986 | 0.15 |
| July - September | 32,576,074 | 40,042 | 0 | 72,187 | 72,187 |  | 112,229 | 0.34 |
| April - June | 32,470,572 | 34,143 | 0 | 73,956 | 73,956 | 2,597 | 105,502 | 0.32 |
| January - March | 32,394,898 | 24,736 | 0 | 56,126 | 56,126 | 5,188 | 75,674 | 0.23 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,352,977 | 24,797 | 0 | 22,429 | 22,429 | 5,305 | 41,921 | 0.13 |
| July - September | 32,245,209 | 36,917 | 0 | 76,155 | 76,155 | 5,304 | 107,768 | 0.33 |
| April - June | 32,143,172 | 32,255 | 0 | 75,030 | 75,030 | 5,248 | 102,037 | 0.32 |
| January - March | 32,077,339 | 18,075 | 0 | 52,949 | 52,949 | 5,191 | 65,833 | 0.21 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,038,401 | 23,823 | 0 | 20,419 | 20,419 | 5,304 | 38,938 | 0.12 |
| July - September | 31,940,676 | 35,211 | 0 | 67,818 | 67,818 | 5,304 | 97,725 | 0.31 |
| April - June | 31,846,440 | 30,923 | 0 | 68,562 | 68,562 | 5,249 | 94,236 | 0.30 |
| January - March | 31,776,075 | 20,531 | 0 | 55,079 | 55,079 | 5,245 | 70,365 | 0.22 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 31,734,093 | 22,034 | 0 | 25,255 | 25,255 | 5,307 | 41,982 | 0.13 |
| July - September | 31,639,670 | 35,445 | 0 | 64,282 | 64,282 | 5,304 | 94,423 | 0.30 |
| April - June | 31,547,712 | 30,645 | 0 | 66,562 | 66,562 | 5,249 | 91,958 | 0.29 |
| January - March | 31,476,734 | 20,909 | 0 | 55,259 | 55,259 | 5,190 | 70,978 | 0.23 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 31,446,719 | 21,887 | 0 | 13,431 | 13,431 | 5,303 | 30,015 | 0.10 |
| July - September | 31,353,656 | 33,177 | 0 | 65,191 | 65,191 | 5,305 | 93,063 | 0.30 |
| April - June | 31,251,898 | 29,589 | 0 | 77,419 | 77,419 | 5,250 | 101,758 | 0.33 |
| January - March | 31,172,522 | 20,546 | 0 | 64,020 | 64,020 | 5,190 | 79,376 | 0.25 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 31,129,298 | 23,562 | 0 | 24,967 | 24,967 | 5,305 | 43,224 | 0.14 |
| July - September | 31,019,020 | 33,964 | 0 | 81,618 | 81,618 | 5,304 | 110,278 | 0.36 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-2
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Newfoundland and Labrador

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase | Net interprovincial migration | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 507,895 |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  |
| April - June | 507,716 | 33 | 6 | 140 | 146 | .. | 179 | 0.04 |
| January - March | 507,768 | -191 | -40 | 179 | 139 | .. | -52 | -0.01 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 507,436 | -139 | 489 | -18 | 471 | .. | 332 | 0.07 |
| July - September | 506,459 | 20 | 844 | 113 | 957 | .. | 977 | 0.19 |
| April - June | 507,036 | 88 | -791 | 126 | -665 | .. | -577 | -0.11 |
| January - March | 508,809 | -137 | -1,671 | 35 | -1,636 | . | -1,773 | -0.35 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 509,405 | -82 | -558 | 44 | -514 | . | -596 | -0.12 |
| July - September | 510,313 | 74 | -1,047 | 65 | -982 |  | -908 | -0.18 |
| April - June | 510,975 | 142 | -946 | 114 | -832 | -28 | -662 | -0.13 |
| January - March | 512,591 | -85 | -1,647 | 60 | -1,587 | -56 | -1,616 | -0.32 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 513,764 | 16 | -995 | -251 | -1,246 | -57 | -1,173 | -0.23 |
| July - September | 514,363 | 61 | -754 | 36 | -718 | -58 | -599 | -0.12 |
| April - June | 515,396 | 11 | -1,356 | 256 | -1,100 | -56 | -1,033 | -0.20 |
| January - March | 516,825 | -73 | -1,575 | 163 | -1,412 | -56 | -1,429 | -0.28 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 516,930 | 64 | -108 | -118 | -226 | -57 | -105 |  |
| July - September | 517,447 | 107 | -671 | -11 | -682 | -58 | -517 | -0.10 |
| April - June | 517,978 | 69 | -927 | 271 | -656 | -56 | -531 | -0.10 |
| January - March | 518,776 | -60 | -778 | -17 | -795 | -57 | -798 | -0.15 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 518,833 | 109 | -252 | 29 | -223 | -57 | -57 | -0.01 |
| July - September | 518,520 | 226 | -70 | 100 | 30 | -57 | 313 | 0.06 |
| April - June | 518,880 | 94 | -601 | 90 | -511 | -57 | -360 | -0.07 |
| January - March | 519,288 | -81 | -331 | -52 | -383 | -56 | -408 | -0.08 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 519,483 | 38 | -177 | -113 | -290 | -57 | -195 | -0.04 |
| July - September | 519,531 | 269 | -574 | 199 | -375 | -58 | -48 | -0.01 |
| April - June | 520,288 | 130 | -1,132 | 189 | -943 | -56 | -757 | -0.15 |
| January - March | 521,474 | 31 | -1,349 | 76 | -1,273 | -56 | -1,186 | -0.23 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 521,632 | 7 | -218 | -4 | -222 | -57 | -158 | -0.03 |
| July - September | 522,033 | 342 | -653 | -148 | -801 | -58 | -401 | -0.08 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-3
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Prince Edward Island

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase |  | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 139,818 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 138,987 | 48 | 357 | 426 | 783 |  | 831 | 0.60 |
| January - March | 138,675 | -7 | -16 | 335 | 319 | .. | 312 | 0.22 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 138,615 | 44 | -156 | 172 | 16 | . | 60 | 0.04 |
| July - September | 138,118 | 129 | -143 | 511 | 368 | .. | 497 | 0.36 |
| April - June | 138,056 | 52 | -216 | 226 | 10 | .. | 62 | 0.04 |
| January - March | 138,034 | -1 | -155 | 178 | 23 | .. | 22 | 0.02 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 138,051 | 48 | -159 | 94 | -65 | .. | -17 | -0.01 |
| July - September | 137,920 | 133 | -319 | 317 | -2 |  | 131 | 0.09 |
| April - June | 137,849 | 57 | -140 | 156 | 16 | 2 | 71 | 0.05 |
| January - March | 137,909 | 3 | -134 | 74 | -60 | 3 | -60 | -0.04 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 138,127 | 16 | -251 | 21 | -230 | 4 | -218 | -0.16 |
| July - September | 138,055 | 88 | -114 | 102 | -12 | 4 | 72 | 0.05 |
| April - June | 137,780 | 86 | 91 | 102 | 193 | 4 | 275 | 0.20 |
| January - March | 137,686 | 32 | 22 | 43 | 65 | 3 | 94 | 0.07 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 137,691 | 20 | -94 | 73 | -21 | 4 | -5 | 0.00 |
| July - September | 137,674 | 107 | -158 | 72 | -86 | 4 | 17 | 0.01 |
| April - June | 137,631 | 65 | -65 | 46 | -19 | 3 | 43 | 0.03 |
| January - March | 137,508 | -25 | 93 | 59 | 152 | 4 | 123 | 0.09 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 137,420 | 40 | 83 | -31 | 52 | 4 | 88 | 0.06 |
| July - September | 137,221 | 98 | 33 | 72 | 105 | 4 | 199 | 0.15 |
| April - June | 137,118 | 92 | -6 | 20 | 14 | 3 | 103 | 0.08 |
| January - March | 137,077 | 4 | 29 | 12 | 41 | 4 | 41 | 0.03 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 137,079 | 6 | 10 | -14 | -4 | 4 | -2 | 0.00 |
| July - September | 136,876 | 55 | 132 | 19 | 151 | 3 | 203 | 0.15 |
| April - June | 136,899 | 47 | -95 | 29 | -66 | 4 | -23 | -0.02 |
| January - March | 136,871 | -16 | 39 | 9 | 48 | 4 | 28 | 0.02 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 136,884 | 11 | -10 | -11 | -21 | 3 | -13 | -0.01 |
| July - September | 136,663 | 66 | 128 | 31 | 159 | 4 | 221 | 0.16 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-4
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Nova Scotia

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase |  | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 938,310 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 937,789 | -88 | -60 | 669 | 609 | .. | 521 | 0.06 |
| January - March | 937,217 | -122 | 181 | 513 | 694 | .. | 572 | 0.06 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 936,698 | -3 | 304 | 218 | 522 | .. | 519 | 0.06 |
| July - September | 936,039 | 252 | -542 | 949 | 407 | .. | 659 | 0.07 |
| April - June | 936,025 | -30 | -449 | 493 | 44 |  | 14 | 0.00 |
| January - March | 936,749 | -62 | -1,082 | 420 | -662 | .. | -724 | -0.08 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 937,332 | 57 | -929 | 289 | -640 | .. | -583 | -0.06 |
| July - September | 938,010 | 310 | -1,666 | 678 | -988 |  | -678 | -0.07 |
| April - June | 937,684 | 29 | -457 | 686 | 229 | -68 | 326 | 0.03 |
| January - March | 938,145 | 1 | -1,019 | 420 | -599 | -137 | -461 | -0.05 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 938,764 | 41 | -820 | 20 | -800 | -140 | -619 | -0.07 |
| July - September | 937,941 | 440 | -728 | 971 | 243 | -140 | 823 | 0.09 |
| April - June | 937,946 | 238 | -623 | 242 | -381 | -138 | -5 | 0.00 |
| January - March | 939,137 | -435 | -1,072 | 179 | -893 | -137 | -1,191 | -0.13 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 939,755 | 1 | -518 | -241 | -759 | -140 | -618 | -0.07 |
| July - September | 939,376 | 399 | -828 | 668 | -160 | -140 | 379 | 0.04 |
| April - June | 938,536 | 196 | -67 | 573 | 506 | -138 | 840 | 0.09 |
| January - March | 938,768 | -103 | -625 | 357 | -268 | -139 | -232 | -0.02 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 938,564 | -45 | 105 | 4 | 109 | -140 | 204 | 0.02 |
| July - September | 937,491 | 396 | -185 | 722 | 537 | -140 | 1,073 | 0.11 |
| April - June | 935,636 | 283 | 999 | 435 | 1,434 | -138 | 1,855 | 0.20 |
| January - March | 935,364 | -48 | 34 | 149 | 183 | -137 | 272 | 0.03 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 935,843 | 35 | -329 | -325 | -654 | -140 | -479 | -0.05 |
| July - September | 935,015 | 421 | -194 | 461 | 267 | -140 | 828 | 0.09 |
| April - June | 934,140 | 128 | 55 | 554 | 609 | -138 | 875 | 0.09 |
| January - March | 933,845 | 82 | -516 | 592 | 76 | -137 | 295 | 0.03 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 933,400 | 101 | -10 | 214 | 204 | -140 | 445 | 0.05 |
| July - September | 932,454 | 460 | -427 | 773 | 346 | -140 | 946 | 0.10 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-5
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - New Brunswick

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase | Net interprovincial migration | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 747,302 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 746,902 | 165 | -206 | 441 | 235 |  | 400 | 0.05 |
| January - March | 746,603 | -32 | -117 | 448 | 331 | .. | 299 | 0.04 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 746,379 | 74 | 22 | 128 | 150 | . | 224 | 0.03 |
| July - September | 745,370 | 495 | -24 | 538 | 514 | .. | 1,009 | 0.14 |
| April - June | 744,971 | 214 | -120 | 305 | 185 |  | 399 | 0.05 |
| January - March | 744,830 | 22 | -305 | 424 | 119 | .. | 141 | 0.02 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 744,928 | 124 | -373 | 151 | -222 | .. | -98 | -0.01 |
| July - September | 745,674 | 549 | -1,834 | 539 | -1,295 |  | -746 | -0.10 |
| April - June | 746,339 | 266 | -1,085 | 238 | -847 | 84 | -665 | -0.09 |
| January - March | 746,961 | 81 | -785 | 250 | -535 | 168 | -622 | -0.08 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 747,608 | 144 | -677 | 57 | -620 | 171 | -647 | -0.09 |
| July - September | 747,960 | 391 | -940 | 368 | -572 | 171 | -352 | -0.05 |
| April - June | 748,593 | 243 | -767 | 61 | -706 | 170 | -633 | -0.08 |
| January - March | 748,933 | -61 | -313 | 202 | -111 | 168 | -340 | -0.05 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 749,176 | 113 | -255 | 70 | -185 | 171 | -243 | -0.03 |
| July - September | 749,369 | 388 | -739 | 329 | -410 | 171 | -193 | -0.03 |
| April - June | 749,285 | 243 | -60 | 71 | 11 | 170 | 84 | 0.01 |
| January - March | 749,143 | -32 | 174 | 169 | 343 | 169 | 142 | 0.02 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 749,405 | 95 | -281 | 96 | -185 | 172 | -262 | -0.03 |
| July - September | 749,389 | 393 | -593 | 387 | -206 | 171 | 16 | 0.00 |
| April - June | 749,248 | 236 | -31 | 106 | 75 | 170 | 141 | 0.02 |
| January - March | 749,232 | 136 | -94 | 142 | 48 | 168 | 16 | 0.00 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 749,399 | 92 | -83 | -5 | -88 | 171 | -167 | -0.02 |
| July - September | 749,331 | 459 | -635 | 415 | -220 | 171 | 68 | 0.01 |
| April - June | 748,809 | 229 | 430 | 33 | 463 | 170 | 522 | 0.07 |
| January - March | 748,729 | 170 | -149 | 227 | 78 | 168 | 80 | 0.01 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 749,369 | 54 | -471 | -52 | -523 | 171 | -640 | -0.09 |
| July - September | 749,801 | 453 | -1,028 | 314 | -714 | 171 | -432 | -0.06 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-6
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Quebec

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase | Net interprovincial migration | Net international migration | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Total } \\ \text { net } \\ \text { migration } \end{array}$ | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 7,750,504 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 7,730,252 | 8,050 | -4,952 | 17,154 | 12,202 |  | 20,252 | 0.26 |
| January - March | 7,716,495 | 5,450 | -1,772 | 10,079 | 8,307 | .. | 13,757 | 0.18 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 7,704,948 | 6,750 | -2,105 | 6,902 | 4,797 | .. | 11,547 | 0.15 |
| July - September | 7,686,038 | 9,650 | -3,570 | 12,830 | 9,260 | .. | 18,910 | 0.25 |
| April - June | 7,668,666 | 7,550 | -4,665 | 14,487 | 9,822 |  | 17,372 | 0.23 |
| January - March | 7,657,183 | 4,200 | -2,503 | 9,786 | 7,283 | .. | 11,483 | 0.15 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 7,649,790 | 6,149 | -2,429 | 3,673 | 1,244 | .. | 7,393 | 0.10 |
| July - September | 7,631,552 | 8,724 | -3,268 | 12,782 | 9,514 |  | 18,238 | 0.24 |
| April - June | 7,615,488 | 7,136 | -4,000 | 13,571 | 9,571 | 643 | 16,064 | 0.21 |
| January - March | 7,604,200 | 5,688 | -2,131 | 9,016 | 6,885 | 1,285 | 11,288 | 0.15 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 7,598,756 | 4,552 | -1,873 | 4,078 | 2,205 | 1,313 | 5,444 | 0.07 |
| July - September | 7,581,911 | 7,732 | -1,407 | 11,834 | 10,427 | 1,314 | 16,845 | 0.22 |
| April - June | 7,567,462 | 6,405 | -3,048 | 12,391 | 9,343 | 1,299 | 14,449 | 0.19 |
| January - March | 7,559,834 | 1,854 | -828 | 7,888 | 7,060 | 1,286 | 7,628 | 0.10 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 7,553,487 | 3,927 | -627 | 4,360 | 3,733 | 1,313 | 6,347 | 0.08 |
| July - September | 7,535,929 | 7,379 | -460 | 11,953 | 11,493 | 1,314 | 17,558 | 0.23 |
| April - June | 7,520,499 | 5,163 | -1,588 | 13,154 | 11,566 | 1,299 | 15,430 | 0.21 |
| January - March | 7,510,426 | 1,976 | -297 | 9,694 | 9,397 | 1,300 | 10,073 | 0.13 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 7,503,524 | 3,920 | 85 | 4,210 | 4,295 | 1,313 | 6,902 | 0.09 |
| July - September | 7,485,838 | 6,894 | 978 | 11,128 | 12,106 | 1,314 | 17,686 | 0.24 |
| April - June | 7,471,791 | 5,283 | -936 | 11,000 | 10,064 | 1,300 | 14,047 | 0.19 |
| January - March | 7,461,291 | 2,881 | -348 | 9,252 | 8,904 | 1,285 | 10,500 | 0.14 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 7,455,498 | 3,623 | 696 | 2,787 | 3,483 | 1,313 | 5,793 | 0.08 |
| July - September | 7,441,076 | 5,590 | -1,241 | 11,387 | 10,146 | 1,314 | 14,422 | 0.19 |
| April - June | 7,428,006 | 5,290 | -1,505 | 10,584 | 9,079 | 1,299 | 13,070 | 0.18 |
| January - March | 7,418,486 | 2,439 | -1,045 | 9,412 | 8,367 | 1,286 | 9,520 | 0.13 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 7,411,566 | 4,039 | -168 | 4,362 | 4,194 | 1,313 | 6,920 | 0.09 |
| July - September | 7,396,331 | 6,097 | -1,632 | 12,084 | 10,452 | 1,314 | 15,235 | 0.21 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-7
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Ontario


Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-8
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective — Manitoba

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase |  |  | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 1,207,959 |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  |
| April - June | 1,203,156 | 1,416 | -360 | 3,747 | 3,387 | .. | 4,803 | 0.40 |
| January - March | 1,200,478 | 939 | -34 | 1,773 | 1,739 | .. | 2,678 | 0.22 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,197,423 | 863 | 192 | 2,000 | 2,192 | . | 3,055 | 0.26 |
| July - September | 1,193,514 | 1,572 | -301 | 2,638 | 2,337 | .. | 3,909 | 0.33 |
| April - June | 1,189,654 | 1,406 | -1,268 | 3,722 | 2,454 | .. | 3,860 | 0.32 |
| January - March | 1,186,795 | 936 | -378 | 2,301 | 1,923 | . | 2,859 | 0.24 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,185,242 | 863 | -1,035 | 1,725 | 690 | .. | 1,553 | 0.13 |
| July - September | 1,184,031 | 1,567 | -2,819 | 2,463 | -356 |  | 1,211 | 0.10 |
| April - June | 1,181,669 | 1,409 | -1,900 | 2,720 | 820 | -133 | 2,362 | 0.20 |
| January - March | 1,179,993 | 952 | -1,523 | 1,981 | 458 | -266 | 1,676 | 0.14 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,179,133 | 948 | -1,734 | 1,375 | -359 | -271 | 860 | 0.07 |
| July - September | 1,178,301 | 1,327 | -2,724 | 1,957 | -767 | -272 | 832 | 0.07 |
| April - June | 1,177,277 | 1,252 | -2,887 | 2,390 | -497 | -269 | 1,024 | 0.09 |
| January - March | 1,176,114 | 761 | -1,257 | 1,393 | 136 | -266 | 1,163 | 0.10 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,174,737 | 758 | -889 | 1,237 | 348 | -271 | 1,377 | 0.12 |
| July - September | 1,173,566 | 1,245 | -2,194 | 1,848 | -346 | -272 | 1,171 | 0.10 |
| April - June | 1,170,723 | 985 | -747 | 2,336 | 1,589 | -269 | 2,843 | 0.24 |
| January - March | 1,167,997 | 920 | 7 | 1,530 | 1,537 | -269 | 2,726 | 0.23 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,165,762 | 786 | -371 | 1,549 | 1,178 | -271 | 2,235 | 0.19 |
| July - September | 1,163,819 | 1,396 | -1,454 | 1,729 | 275 | -272 | 1,943 | 0.17 |
| April - June | 1,161,045 | 1,037 | -574 | 2,042 | 1,468 | -269 | 2,774 | 0.24 |
| January - March | 1,158,511 | 854 | 210 | 1,204 | 1,414 | -266 | 2,534 | 0.22 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,157,368 | 748 | -535 | 659 | 124 | -271 | 1,143 | 0.10 |
| July - September | 1,156,613 | 1,274 | -1,976 | 1,185 | -791 | -272 | 755 | 0.07 |
| April - June | 1,154,831 | 1,087 | -1,154 | 1,580 | 426 | -269 | 1,782 | 0.15 |
| January - March | 1,153,051 | 930 | -455 | 1,039 | 584 | -266 | 1,780 | 0.15 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,152,248 | 743 | -929 | 718 | -211 | -271 | 803 | 0.07 |
| July - September | 1,151,439 | 1,266 | -1,806 | 1,077 | -729 | -272 | 809 | 0.07 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-9
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Saskatchewan

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase |  | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 1,015,985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 1,012,044 | 1,077 | 1,107 | 1,757 | 2,864 | . | 3,941 | 0.39 |
| January - March | 1,008,679 | 732 | 1,439 | 1,194 | 2,633 | .. | 3,365 | 0.33 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,005,840 | 446 | 1,782 | 611 | 2,393 | . | 2,839 | 0.28 |
| July - September | 999,697 | 1,128 | 3,739 | 1,276 | 5,015 | .. | 6,143 | 0.61 |
| April - June | 995,846 | 1,034 | 1,691 | 1,126 | 2,817 | .. | 3,851 | 0.39 |
| January - March | 993,986 | 697 | 427 | 736 | 1,163 | . | 1,860 | 0.19 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 992,595 | 419 | 529 | 443 | 972 | .. | 1,391 | 0.14 |
| July - September | 992,122 | 1,094 | -1,098 | 477 | -621 |  | 473 | 0.05 |
| April - June | 991,260 | 1,019 | -832 | 600 | -232 | -75 | 862 | 0.09 |
| January - March | 992,295 | 702 | -2,330 | 442 | -1,888 | -151 | -1,035 | -0.10 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 993,356 | 611 | -2,020 | 194 | -1,826 | -154 | -1,061 | -0.11 |
| July - September | 993,579 | 969 | -1,901 | 555 | -1,346 | -154 | -223 | -0.02 |
| April - June | 994,996 | 965 | -3,207 | 672 | -2,535 | -153 | -1,417 | -0.14 |
| January - March | 996,047 | 572 | -2,393 | 619 | -1,774 | -151 | -1,051 | -0.11 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 997,164 | 620 | -2,016 | 125 | -1,891 | -154 | -1,117 | -0.11 |
| July - September | 997,447 | 930 | -1,899 | 532 | -1,367 | -154 | -283 | -0.03 |
| April - June | 997,263 | 885 | -1,504 | 651 | -853 | -152 | 184 | 0.02 |
| January - March | 996,754 | 704 | -822 | 474 | -348 | -153 | 509 | 0.05 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 996,731 | 416 | -846 | 299 | -547 | -154 | 23 | 0.00 |
| July - September | 996,483 | 986 | -1,349 | 457 | -892 | -154 | 248 | 0.02 |
| April - June | 995,848 | 962 | -875 | 395 | -480 | -153 | 635 | 0.06 |
| January - March | 996,338 | 667 | -1,665 | 358 | -1,307 | -150 | -490 | -0.05 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 996,351 | 389 | -680 | 123 | -557 | -155 | -13 | 0.00 |
| July - September | 996,801 | 896 | -1,921 | 421 | -1,500 | -154 | -450 | -0.05 |
| April - June | 997,805 | 822 | -2,350 | 372 | -1,978 | -152 | -1,004 | -0.10 |
| January - March | 998,827 | 748 | -2,416 | 495 | -1,921 | -151 | -1,022 | -0.10 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 999,270 | 747 | -1,503 | 159 | -1,344 | -154 | -443 | -0.04 |
| July - September | 1,000,221 | 1,029 | -2,551 | 417 | -2,134 | -154 | -951 | -0.10 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-10
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective — Alberta

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase | Net interprovincial migration | Net international migration | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Total } \\ \text { net } \\ \text { migration } \end{array}$ | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 3,585,142 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 3,557,555 | 7,418 | 6,730 | 13,439 | 20,169 | . | 27,587 | 0.78 |
| January - March | 3,541,232 | 5,426 | 2,761 | 8,136 | 10,897 | .. | 16,323 | 0.46 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,527,567 | 6,511 | 864 | 6,290 | 7,154 | . | 13,665 | 0.39 |
| July - September | 3,510,892 | 7,712 | -345 | 9,308 | 8,963 | .. | 16,675 | 0.47 |
| April - June | 3,488,381 | 7,200 | 4,677 | 10,634 | 15,311 |  | 22,511 | 0.65 |
| January - March | 3,471,300 | 5,257 | 4,725 | 7,099 | 11,824 | . | 17,081 | 0.49 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,452,379 | 6,294 | 7,678 | 4,949 | 12,627 | .. | 18,921 | 0.55 |
| July - September | 3,421,253 | 7,404 | 16,729 | 6,993 | 23,722 |  | 31,126 | 0.91 |
| April - June | 3,396,821 | 6,923 | 9,512 | 6,820 | 16,332 | -1,177 | 24,432 | 0.72 |
| January - March | 3,371,821 | 5,068 | 12,320 | 5,257 | 17,577 | -2,355 | 25,000 | 0.74 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,346,914 | 5,332 | 13,820 | 3,348 | 17,168 | -2,407 | 24,907 | 0.74 |
| July - September | 3,322,200 | 6,310 | 10,143 | 5,854 | 15,997 | -2,407 | 24,714 | 0.74 |
| April - June | 3,296,821 | 6,336 | 11,165 | 5,497 | 16,662 | -2,381 | 25,379 | 0.77 |
| January - March | 3,277,348 | 4,839 | 8,290 | 3,989 | 12,279 | -2,355 | 19,473 | 0.59 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,261,151 | 4,887 | 6,189 | 2,714 | 8,903 | -2,407 | 16,197 | 0.50 |
| July - September | 3,239,471 | 6,217 | 8,779 | 4,277 | 13,056 | -2,407 | 21,680 | 0.67 |
| April - June | 3,224,413 | 5,964 | 2,717 | 3,996 | 6,713 | -2,381 | 15,058 | 0.47 |
| January - March | 3,210,199 | 5,035 | 3,192 | 3,606 | 6,798 | -2,381 | 14,214 | 0.44 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,198,544 | 4,767 | 1,678 | 2,803 | 4,481 | -2,407 | 11,655 | 0.36 |
| July - September | 3,183,396 | 6,093 | 3,019 | 3,629 | 6,648 | -2,407 | 15,148 | 0.48 |
| April - June | 3,169,364 | 5,785 | 1,673 | 4,193 | 5,866 | -2,381 | 14,032 | 0.44 |
| January - March | 3,155,362 | 5,057 | 3,159 | 3,432 | 6,591 | -2,354 | 14,002 | 0.44 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,145,009 | 4,697 | 1,783 | 1,465 | 3,248 | -2,408 | 10,353 | 0.33 |
| July - September | 3,128,364 | 5,813 | 5,288 | 3,137 | 8,425 | -2,407 | 16,645 | 0.53 |
| April - June | 3,108,709 | 5,382 | 7,147 | 4,746 | 11,893 | -2,380 | 19,655 | 0.63 |
| January - March | 3,092,825 | 4,565 | 5,378 | 3,586 | 8,964 | -2,355 | 15,884 | 0.51 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,078,737 | 4,331 | 5,349 | 2,001 | 7,350 | -2,407 | 14,088 | 0.46 |
| July - September | 3,058,017 | 5,387 | 8,361 | 4,565 | 12,926 | -2,407 | 20,720 | 0.68 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-11
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - British Columbia

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase |  | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 4,381,603 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 4,361,388 | 3,368 | 1,669 | 15,178 | 16,847 | . | 20,215 | 0.46 |
| January - March | 4,346,201 | 1,921 | 1,844 | 11,422 | 13,266 | .. | 15,187 | 0.35 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,334,464 | 2,886 | 2,599 | 6,252 | 8,851 | .. | 11,737 | 0.27 |
| July - September | 4,310,305 | 4,034 | 5,346 | 14,779 | 20,125 | .. | 24,159 | 0.56 |
| April - June | 4,291,628 | 3,540 | 4,337 | 10,800 | 15,137 | .. | 18,677 | 0.44 |
| January - March | 4,275,512 | 1,952 | 3,238 | 10,926 | 14,164 | . | 16,116 | 0.38 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,263,784 | 2,271 | 3,511 | 5,946 | 9,457 | . | 11,728 | 0.28 |
| July - September | 4,243,580 | 3,688 | 3,919 | 12,597 | 16,516 |  | 20,204 | 0.48 |
| April - June | 4,228,090 | 3,278 | 3,486 | 10,895 | 14,381 | 2,169 | 15,490 | 0.37 |
| January - March | 4,218,189 | 1,804 | 1,883 | 10,552 | 12,435 | 4,338 | 9,901 | 0.23 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,212,574 | 2,165 | 259 | 7,625 | 7,884 | 4,434 | 5,615 | 0.13 |
| July - September | 4,196,788 | 3,634 | 3,172 | 13,414 | 16,586 | 4,434 | 15,786 | 0.38 |
| April - June | 4,183,527 | 3,150 | 2,726 | 11,771 | 14,497 | 4,386 | 13,261 | 0.32 |
| January - March | 4,174,367 | 1,643 | 1,055 | 10,800 | 11,855 | 4,338 | 9,160 | 0.22 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,167,424 | 2,335 | 2,055 | 6,987 | 9,042 | 4,434 | 6,943 | 0.17 |
| July - September | 4,155,170 | 3,171 | 2,378 | 11,139 | 13,517 | 4,434 | 12,254 | 0.29 |
| April - June | 4,145,260 | 3,160 | 3,042 | 8,094 | 11,136 | 4,386 | 9,910 | 0.24 |
| January - March | 4,138,930 | 1,900 | 310 | 8,506 | 8,816 | 4,386 | 6,330 | 0.15 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,132,718 | 1,860 | 1,683 | 7,103 | 8,786 | 4,434 | 6,212 | 0.15 |
| July - September | 4,122,396 | 3,423 | 2,830 | 8,503 | 11,333 | 4,434 | 10,322 | 0.25 |
| April - June | 4,113,449 | 3,627 | -28 | 9,734 | 9,706 | 4,386 | 8,947 | 0.22 |
| January - March | 4,108,700 | 2,267 | -1,460 | 8,280 | 6,820 | 4,338 | 4,749 | 0.12 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,106,462 | 2,330 | 298 | 4,044 | 4,342 | 4,434 | 2,238 | 0.05 |
| July - September | 4,098,178 | 3,616 | 153 | 8,950 | 9,103 | 4,435 | 8,284 | 0.20 |
| April - June | 4,093,058 | 3,302 | -2,624 | 8,828 | 6,204 | 4,386 | 5,120 | 0.13 |
| January - March | 4,087,260 | 1,933 | -2,272 | 10,474 | 8,202 | 4,337 | 5,798 | 0.14 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,085,114 | 2,348 | -1,787 | 6,020 | 4,233 | 4,435 | 2,146 | 0.05 |
| July - September | 4,076,264 | 3,650 | -1,873 | 11,507 | 9,634 | 4,434 | 8,850 | 0.22 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-12
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Yukon Territory

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase | Net interprovincial migration | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 33,144 |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  |
| April - June | 33,000 | 48 | 5 | 91 | 96 | .. | 144 | 0.44 |
| January - March | 32,754 | 47 | 114 | 85 | 199 | .. | 246 | 0.75 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,673 | 40 | 68 | -27 | 41 | .. | 81 | 0.25 |
| July - September | 32,582 | 30 | 34 | 27 | 61 | .. | 91 | 0.28 |
| April - June | 32,306 | 50 | 154 | 72 | 226 | .. | 276 | 0.85 |
| January - March | 32,319 | 50 | -76 | 13 | -63 | .. | -13 | -0.04 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,364 | 45 | -41 | -49 | -90 | .. | -45 | -0.14 |
| July - September | 32,276 | 34 | 64 | -10 | 54 |  | 88 | 0.27 |
| April - June | 32,152 | 53 | -31 | 78 | 47 | -24 | 124 | 0.39 |
| January - March | 32,109 | 54 | -92 | 33 | -59 | -48 | 43 | 0.13 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,128 | 30 | -92 | -7 | -99 | -50 | -19 | -0.06 |
| July - September | 31,904 | 39 | 142 | -6 | 136 | -49 | 224 | 0.70 |
| April - June | 31,870 | 46 | -105 | 44 | -61 | -49 | 34 | 0.11 |
| January - March | 31,781 | 41 | 1 | -1 | 0 | -48 | 89 | 0.28 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 31,702 | 55 | 5 | -30 | -25 | -49 | 79 | 0.25 |
| July - September | 31,473 | 48 | 152 | -21 | 131 | -50 | 229 | 0.73 |
| April - June | 31,419 | 55 | -119 | 70 | -49 | -48 | 54 | 0.17 |
| January - March | 31,340 | 41 | -48 | 37 | -11 | -49 | 79 | 0.25 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 31,241 | 49 | 17 | -16 | 1 | -49 | 99 | 0.32 |
| July - September | 30,963 | 71 | 177 | -20 | 157 | -50 | 278 | 0.90 |
| April - June | 30,599 | 45 | 227 | 44 | 271 | -48 | 364 | 1.19 |
| January - March | 30,453 | 37 | 23 | 37 | 60 | -49 | 146 | 0.48 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 30,289 | 49 | 82 | -16 | 66 | -49 | 164 | 0.54 |
| July - September | 30,358 | 46 | -183 | 19 | -164 | -49 | -69 | -0.23 |
| April - June | 30,161 | 41 | 38 | 69 | 107 | -49 | 197 | 0.65 |
| January - March | 30,175 | 56 | -123 | 5 | -118 | -48 | -14 | -0.05 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 30,084 | 45 | 32 | -36 | -4 | -50 | 91 | 0.30 |
| July - September | 30,156 | 52 | -168 | -5 | -173 | -49 | -72 | -0.24 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-13
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Northwest Territories

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase |  | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 43,283 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 43,356 | 155 | -334 | 106 | -228 | .. | -73 | -0.17 |
| January - March | 43,435 | 117 | -207 | 11 | -196 | .. | -79 | -0.18 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 43,303 | 104 | 87 | -59 | 28 | .. | 132 | 0.30 |
| July - September | 43,535 | 128 | -351 | -9 | -360 |  | -232 | -0.53 |
| April - June | 43,210 | 154 | 94 | 77 | 171 |  | 325 | 0.75 |
| January - March | 43,169 | 117 | -75 | -1 | -76 | .. | 41 | 0.09 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 43,253 | 104 | -165 | -23 | -188 | .. | -84 | -0.19 |
| July - September | 43,198 | 128 | -75 | 2 | -73 |  | 55 | 0.13 |
| April - June | 43,101 | 154 | -119 | 40 | -79 | -22 | 97 | 0.23 |
| January - March | 43,317 | 119 | -393 | 15 | -378 | -43 | -216 | -0.50 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 43,526 | 109 | -355 | -7 | -362 | -44 | -209 | -0.48 |
| July - September | 43,399 | 154 | -87 | 16 | -71 | -44 | 127 | 0.29 |
| April - June | 43,454 | 172 | -267 | -3 | -270 | -43 | -55 | -0.13 |
| January - March | 43,436 | 129 | -178 | 24 | -154 | -43 | 18 | 0.04 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 43,349 | 132 | -80 | -10 | -90 | -45 | 87 | 0.20 |
| July - September | 43,301 | 135 | -143 | 12 | -131 | -44 | 48 | 0.11 |
| April - June | 43,194 | 128 | -87 | 23 | -64 | -43 | 107 | 0.25 |
| January - March | 43,149 | 150 | -185 | 36 | -149 | -44 | 45 | 0.10 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 42,827 | 99 | 107 | 72 | 179 | -44 | 322 | 0.75 |
| July - September | 42,561 | 132 | 60 | 30 | 90 | -44 | 266 | 0.62 |
| April - June | 42,186 | 130 | 175 | 27 | 202 | -43 | 375 | 0.89 |
| January - March | 41,973 | 138 | 15 | 16 | 31 | -44 | 213 | 0.51 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 41,842 | 103 | 2 | -18 | -16 | -44 | 131 | 0.31 |
| July - September | 41,665 | 104 | 50 | -21 | 29 | -44 | 177 | 0.42 |
| April - June | 41,254 | 135 | 229 | 4 | 233 | -43 | 411 | 1.00 |
| January - March | 41,155 | 124 | -99 | 31 | -68 | -43 | 99 | 0.24 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 41,162 | 110 | -150 | -11 | -161 | -44 | -7 | -0.02 |
| July - September | 40,844 | 118 | 104 | 52 | 156 | -44 | 318 | 0.78 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 2-14
Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective - Nunavut

|  | Population at beginning period | Natural increase | Net interprovincial migration | Net international migration | Total net migration | Residual deviation | Total growth | Total growth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  | percent |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July - September | 31,448 |  |  |  |  | .. |  |  |
| April - June | 31,285 | 174 | -20 | 9 | -11 | .. | 163 | 0.52 |
| January - March | 31,281 | 155 | -133 | -18 | -151 | . | 4 | 0.01 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 31,301 | 136 | -99 | -57 | -156 | .. | -20 | -0.06 |
| July - September | 31,251 | 185 | -174 | 39 | -135 | .. | 50 | 0.16 |
| April - June | 31,072 | 169 | 7 | 3 | 10 | .. | 179 | 0.58 |
| January - March | 30,880 | 149 | 40 | 3 | 43 | .. | 192 | 0.62 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 30,835 | 130 | -72 | -13 | -85 | .. | 45 | 0.15 |
| July - September | 30,799 | 177 | -132 | -9 | -141 |  | 36 | 0.12 |
| April - June | 30,639 | 165 | -14 | -1 | -15 | -10 | 160 | 0.52 |
| January - March | 30,569 | 146 | -93 | -4 | -97 | -21 | 70 | 0.23 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 30,399 | 155 | -14 | 8 | -6 | -21 | 170 | 0.56 |
| July - September | 30,328 | 142 | -79 | -13 | -92 | -21 | 71 | 0.23 |
| April - June | 30,103 | 140 | 72 | -8 | 64 | -21 | 225 | 0.75 |
| January - March | 29,942 | 147 | -4 | -2 | -6 | -20 | 161 | 0.54 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 29,801 | 159 | -34 | -5 | -39 | -21 | 141 | 0.47 |
| July - September | 29,854 | 161 | -215 | -20 | -235 | -21 | -53 | -0.18 |
| April - June | 29,580 | 152 | 99 | 2 | 101 | -21 | 274 | 0.93 |
| January - March | 29,515 | 154 | -116 | 6 | -110 | -21 | 65 | 0.22 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 29,368 | 132 | 4 | -10 | -6 | -21 | 147 | 0.50 |
| July - September | 29,320 | 153 | -122 | -4 | -126 | -21 | 48 | 0.16 |
| April - June | 29,116 | 163 | 28 | -7 | 21 | -20 | 204 | 0.70 |
| January - March | 28,974 | 176 | -57 | 2 | -55 | -21 | 142 | 0.49 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 28,862 | 132 | -33 | -8 | -41 | -21 | 112 | 0.39 |
| July - September | 28,819 | 162 | -136 | -4 | -140 | -21 | 43 | 0.15 |
| April - June | 28,387 | 163 | 256 | -8 | 248 | -21 | 432 | 1.52 |
| January - March | 28,338 | 142 | -123 | 10 | -113 | -20 | 49 | 0.17 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 28,182 | 148 | -10 | -3 | -13 | -21 | 156 | 0.55 |
| July - September | 28,134 | 139 | -99 | -13 | -112 | -21 | 48 | 0.17 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-1
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Canada

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | tempo emigrants | non-permanent residents |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 93,071 | 58,830 | 105,691 | 105,691 | 69,228 | 10,029 | 6,323 | 4,766 | 30,843 |  |
| January - March | 86,238 | 62,843 | 81,561 | 81,561 | 53,147 | 8,855 | 3,774 | 4,501 | 15,550 | . |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 88,603 | 60,309 | 70,551 | 70,551 | 55,572 | 9,012 | 3,499 | 4,537 | -17,473 |  |
| July - September | 96,173 | 55,220 | 125,673 | 125,673 | 71,656 | 17,153 | 9,019 | 6,361 | 21,210 |  |
| April - June | 91,578 | 57,225 | 77,629 | 77,629 | 61,649 | 8,925 | 6,107 | 4,745 | 22,674 |  |
| January - March | 84,543 | 61,800 | 60,920 | 60,920 | 47,875 | 7,660 | 3,579 | 4,430 | 16,863 | . |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 86,920 | 59,303 | 62,974 | 62,974 | 58,245 | 8,297 | 3,450 | 4,591 | -27,438 | . |
| July - September | 94,248 | 54,206 | 103,539 | 103,539 | 70,356 | 15,575 | 8,894 | 6,403 | 14,915 |  |
| April - June | 89,855 | 55,712 | 77,633 | 77,633 | 67,909 | 9,809 | 6,350 | 4,802 | 14,308 | 2,597 |
| January - March | 83,594 | 58,858 | 66,297 | 66,297 | 55,134 | 8,668 | 3,840 | 4,535 | 10,355 | 5,188 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 82,264 | 57,467 | 53,020 | 53,020 | 55,386 | 8,815 | 3,564 | 4,570 | -23,136 | 5,305 |
| July - September | 90,369 | 53,452 | 88,918 | 88,918 | 75,945 | 16,107 | 9,180 | 6,266 | 13,403 | 5,304 |
| April - June | 88,353 | 56,098 | 89,175 | 89,175 | 74,471 | 8,932 | 6,910 | 4,729 | 7,310 | 5,248 |
| January - March | 81,190 | 63,115 | 60,810 | 60,810 | 56,438 | 7,682 | 3,762 | 4,419 | 4,850 | 5,191 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 81,735 | 57,912 | 53,280 | 53,280 | 48,090 | 7,953 | 3,909 | 4,487 | -19,140 | 5,304 |
| July - September | 87,992 | 52,781 | 82,279 | 82,279 | 65,579 | 16,244 | 9,104 | 6,533 | 15,912 | 5,304 |
| April - June | 85,762 | 54,839 | 78,153 | 78,153 | 67,241 | 9,175 | 6,415 | 4,893 | 8,974 | 5,249 |
| January - March | 81,583 | 61,052 | 56,219 | 56,219 | 54,914 | 7,416 | 3,698 | 4,436 | 8,319 | 5,245 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 81,561 | 59,527 | 44,648 | 44,648 | 53,588 | 8,068 | 3,881 | 4,606 | -19,540 | 5,307 |
| July - September | 88,856 | 53,411 | 82,360 | 82,360 | 63,340 | 14,379 | 9,159 | 6,234 | 12,396 | 5,304 |
| April - June | 85,486 | 54,841 | 82,033 | 82,033 | 58,863 | 8,154 | 6,579 | 4,691 | 13,965 | 5,249 |
| January - March | 79,299 | 58,390 | 54,000 | 54,000 | 45,558 | 6,409 | 4,504 | 4,230 | 15,836 | 5,190 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 79,120 | 57,233 | 47,994 | 47,994 | 41,830 | 8,092 | 3,541 | 4,677 | -19,171 | 5,303 |
| July - September | 86,618 | 53,441 | 90,872 | 90,872 | 52,919 | 15,207 | 8,294 | 6,571 | 25,756 | 5,305 |
| April - June | 83,719 | 54,130 | 86,463 | 86,463 | 72,711 | 8,372 | 6,125 | 4,539 | 11,494 | 5,250 |
| January - March | 79,345 | 58,799 | 58,756 | 58,756 | 61,589 | 7,193 | 3,024 | 4,252 | 10,852 | 5,190 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 78,968 | 55,406 | 50,973 | 50,973 | 52,154 | 8,113 | 3,773 | 4,476 | -18,371 | 5,305 |
| July - September | 86,123 | 52,159 | 94,298 | 94,298 | 69,951 | 18,219 | 7,346 | 6,905 | 29,445 | 5,304 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-2
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Newfoundland and Labrador

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net temporary emigrants | Net non-permanent residents |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 1,145 | 1,112 | 3,554 | 3,548 | 151 | 64 | 31 | 61 | 83 | . |
| January - March | 1,023 | 1,214 | 3,099 | 3,139 | 137 | 57 | 19 | 58 | 138 | .. |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,066 | 1,205 | 2,687 | 2,198 | 167 | 57 | 17 | 58 | -87 | .. |
| July - September | 1,152 | 1,132 | 4,142 | 3,298 | 143 | 109 | 44 | 81 | 116 |  |
| April - June | 1,166 | 1,078 | 2,327 | 3,118 | 126 | 52 | 29 | 60 | 83 | .. |
| January - March | 1,045 | 1,182 | 1,601 | 3,272 | 109 | 44 | 17 | 57 | 10 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,092 | 1,174 | 1,637 | 2,195 | 154 | 48 | 17 | 59 | -20 | .. |
| July - September | 1,183 | 1,109 | 2,841 | 3,888 | 127 | 89 | 42 | 82 | 67 |  |
| April - June | 1,197 | 1,055 | 2,334 | 3,280 | 115 | 62 | 31 | 62 | 92 | -28 |
| January - March | 1,070 | 1,155 | 1,974 | 3,621 | 112 | 55 | 20 | 58 | 41 | -56 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,105 | 1,089 | 1,486 | 2,481 | 117 | 56 | 17 | 59 | -270 | -57 |
| July - September | 1,154 | 1,093 | 2,501 | 3,255 | 108 | 102 | 46 | 81 | 65 | -58 |
| April - June | 1,141 | 1,130 | 2,422 | 3,778 | 125 | 43 | 18 | 61 | 217 | -56 |
| January - March | 1,101 | 1,174 | 1,780 | 3,355 | 147 | 36 | 10 | 56 | 98 | -56 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,124 | 1,060 | 1,715 | 1,823 | 93 | 38 | 11 | 58 | -126 | -57 |
| July - September | 1,177 | 1,070 | 2,296 | 2,967 | 176 | 78 | 24 | 84 | -49 | -58 |
| April - June | 1,087 | 1,018 | 2,371 | 3,298 | 159 | 36 | 26 | 62 | 184 | -56 |
| January - March | 1,100 | 1,160 | 1,908 | 2,686 | 151 | 30 | 15 | 57 | -96 | -57 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,177 | 1,068 | 1,567 | 1,819 | 78 | 33 | 15 | 59 | 28 | -57 |
| July - September | 1,234 | 1,008 | 2,551 | 2,621 | 148 | 58 | 38 | 80 | 52 | -57 |
| April - June | 1,153 | 1,059 | 2,819 | 3,420 | 65 | 24 | 31 | 60 | 78 | -57 |
| January - March | 1,065 | 1,146 | 2,111 | 2,442 | 68 | 19 | 21 | 55 | -67 | -56 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,127 | 1,089 | 1,587 | 1,764 | 117 | 25 | 16 | 60 | -161 | -57 |
| July - September | 1,251 | 982 | 2,681 | 3,255 | 66 | 46 | 40 | 84 | 223 | -58 |
| April - June | 1,178 | 1,048 | 2,793 | 3,925 | 115 | 37 | 26 | 58 | 143 | -56 |
| January - March | 1,095 | 1,064 | 1,913 | 3,262 | 106 | 32 | 13 | 54 | 43 | -56 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,076 | 1,069 | 1,508 | 1,726 | 104 | 37 | 16 | 57 | -30 | -57 |
| July - September | 1,287 | 945 | 2,570 | 3,223 | 89 | 82 | 31 | 88 | -98 | -58 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-3
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Prince Edward Island

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net temporary emigrants |  |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 369 | 321 | 1,443 | 1,086 | 323 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 118 | . |
| January - March | 301 | 308 | 892 | 908 | 332 | 13 | 9 | 15 | 22 | .. |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 349 | 305 | 659 | 815 | 206 | 12 | 9 | 16 | -15 | . |
| July - September | 401 | 272 | 1,093 | 1,236 | 420 | 25 | 24 | 22 | 114 | .. |
| April - June | 366 | 314 | 684 | 900 | 219 | 14 | 16 | 17 | 22 | . |
| January - March | 300 | 301 | 581 | 736 | 149 | 12 | 9 | 15 | 47 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 347 | 299 | 422 | 581 | 170 | 12 | 8 | 16 | -56 | . |
| July - September | 400 | 267 | 798 | 1,117 | 200 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 139 |  |
| April - June | 366 | 309 | 706 | 846 | 135 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 37 | 2 |
| January - March | 300 | 297 | 688 | 822 | 60 | 13 | 9 | 16 | 34 | 3 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 308 | 292 | 276 | 527 | 59 | 12 | 7 | 16 | -17 | 4 |
| July - September | 355 | 267 | 790 | 904 | 98 | 23 | 24 | 21 | 24 | 4 |
| April - June | 335 | 249 | 979 | 888 | 101 | 8 | 9 | 17 | 17 | 4 |
| January - March | 342 | 310 | 589 | 567 | 72 | 7 | 4 | 15 | -11 | 3 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 328 | 308 | 316 | 410 | 86 | 7 | 5 | 16 | 5 | 4 |
| July - September | 366 | 259 | 653 | 811 | 53 | 14 | 12 | 23 | 44 | 4 |
| April - June | 363 | 298 | 775 | 840 | 89 | 35 | 20 | 17 | -11 | 3 |
| January - March | 333 | 358 | 542 | 449 | 82 | 28 | 12 | 16 | 9 | 4 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 328 | 288 | 503 | 420 | 50 | 30 | 12 | 16 | -47 | 4 |
| July - September | 379 | 281 | 750 | 717 | 47 | 55 | 28 | 22 | 74 | 4 |
| April - June | 386 | 294 | 918 | 924 | 34 | 7 | 8 | 17 | 2 | 3 |
| January - March | 324 | 320 | 521 | 492 | 23 | 5 | 5 | 15 | 4 | 4 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 315 | 309 | 426 | 416 | 25 | 7 | 3 | 16 | -19 | 4 |
| July - September | 349 | 294 | 821 | 689 | 7 | 13 | 10 | 23 | 38 | 3 |
| April - June | 348 | 301 | 907 | 1,002 | 44 | 13 | 17 | 16 | -3 | 4 |
| January - March | 316 | 332 | 538 | 499 | 31 | 11 | 8 | 16 | -3 | 4 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 291 | 280 | 393 | 403 | 41 | 12 | 10 | 16 | -34 | 3 |
| July - September | 358 | 292 | 801 | 673 | 29 | 27 | 21 | 24 | 32 | 4 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-4
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Nova Scotia

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net temporary emigrants | Netnon-permanent <br> residents |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 2,037 | 2,125 | 5,636 | 5,696 | 724 | 149 | 113 | 112 | 93 | . |
| January - March | 1,991 | 2,113 | 4,695 | 4,514 | 599 | 131 | 67 | 105 | 83 | .. |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,099 | 2,102 | 3,815 | 3,511 | 581 | 135 | 62 | 107 | -183 |  |
| July - September | 2,245 | 1,993 | 6,526 | 7,068 | 756 | 254 | 161 | 149 | 435 | . |
| April - June | 2,050 | 2,080 | 3,668 | 4,117 | 645 | 128 | 98 | 112 | -10 |  |
| January - March | 2,007 | 2,069 | 2,699 | 3,781 | 542 | 110 | 58 | 104 | 34 | . |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,117 | 2,060 | 3,141 | 4,070 | 632 | 119 | 55 | 108 | -171 | .. |
| July - September | 2,267 | 1,957 | 5,406 | 7,072 | 896 | 224 | 142 | 150 | 14 |  |
| April - June | 2,071 | 2,042 | 4,224 | 4,681 | 554 | 146 | 113 | 113 | 278 | -68 |
| January - March | 2,030 | 2,029 | 3,123 | 4,142 | 504 | 128 | 68 | 107 | 83 | -137 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,070 | 2,029 | 2,536 | 3,356 | 459 | 131 | 63 | 108 | -263 | -140 |
| July - September | 2,308 | 1,868 | 5,180 | 5,908 | 680 | 239 | 164 | 148 | 514 | -140 |
| April - June | 2,231 | 1,993 | 4,183 | 4,806 | 462 | 166 | 144 | 111 | -87 | -138 |
| January - March | 1,948 | 2,383 | 3,184 | 4,256 | 328 | 144 | 79 | 104 | 20 | -137 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,121 | 2,120 | 2,529 | 3,047 | 372 | 149 | 81 | 105 | -440 | -140 |
| July - September | 2,275 | 1,876 | 5,144 | 5,972 | 546 | 303 | 189 | 153 | 389 | -140 |
| April - June | 2,188 | 1,992 | 4,570 | 4,637 | 459 | 179 | 130 | 115 | 278 | -138 |
| January - March | 2,150 | 2,253 | 2,832 | 3,457 | 394 | 145 | 75 | 104 | 137 | -139 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,043 | 2,088 | 2,538 | 2,433 | 389 | 158 | 79 | 108 | -198 | -140 |
| July - September | 2,332 | 1,936 | 5,147 | 5,332 | 465 | 280 | 185 | 146 | 498 | -140 |
| April - June | 2,226 | 1,943 | 5,575 | 4,576 | 309 | 180 | 138 | 110 | 278 | -138 |
| January - March | 2,049 | 2,097 | 3,232 | 3,198 | 311 | 141 | 94 | 99 | -16 | -137 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,032 | 1,997 | 2,391 | 2,720 | 322 | 177 | 75 | 110 | -435 | -140 |
| July - September | 2,328 | 1,907 | 5,488 | 5,682 | 315 | 335 | 173 | 155 | 463 | -140 |
| April - June | 2,194 | 2,066 | 4,808 | 4,753 | 418 | 164 | 92 | 107 | 315 | -138 |
| January - March | 2,109 | 2,027 | 3,350 | 3,866 | 364 | 140 | 46 | 99 | 421 | -137 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,084 | 1,983 | 2,912 | 2,922 | 332 | 159 | 57 | 106 | 90 | -140 |
| July - September | 2,306 | 1,846 | 5,261 | 5,688 | 495 | 357 | 110 | 162 | 687 | -140 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology — Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-5
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - New Brunswick

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net <br> temporary emigrants | Net $\begin{array}{r}\text { non-permanent } \\ \text { residents }\end{array}$ |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 1,677 | 1,512 | 3,806 | 4,012 | 447 | 108 | 73 | 89 | 118 |  |
| January - March | 1,628 | 1,660 | 3,244 | 3,361 | 462 | 95 | 43 | 84 | 122 |  |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,635 | 1,561 | 3,092 | 3,070 | 397 | 96 | 40 | 85 | -128 |  |
| July - September | 1,978 | 1,483 | 5,297 | 5,321 | 497 | 185 | 103 | 120 | 243 |  |
| April - June | 1,691 | 1,477 | 3,170 | 3,290 | 375 | 103 | 71 | 89 | 51 |  |
| January - March | 1,642 | 1,620 | 2,369 | 2,674 | 374 | 88 | 42 | 83 | 179 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,649 | 1,525 | 2,062 | 2,435 | 397 | 96 | 42 | 87 | -105 |  |
| July - September | 2,000 | 1,451 | 3,409 | 5,243 | 470 | 180 | 105 | 120 | 264 |  |
| April - June | 1,714 | 1,448 | 2,463 | 3,548 | 457 | 105 | 74 | 90 | -98 | 84 |
| January - March | 1,667 | 1,586 | 2,277 | 3,062 | 322 | 93 | 44 | 86 | 63 | 168 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,666 | 1,522 | 1,590 | 2,267 | 240 | 95 | 42 | 87 | -43 | 171 |
| July - September | 1,822 | 1,431 | 3,856 | 4,796 | 367 | 173 | 105 | 118 | 187 | 171 |
| April - June | 1,733 | 1,490 | 3,196 | 3,963 | 306 | 96 | 75 | 88 | -136 | 170 |
| January - March | 1,671 | 1,732 | 2,149 | 2,462 | 178 | 83 | 41 | 84 | 150 | 168 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,642 | 1,529 | 1,956 | 2,211 | 182 | 86 | 42 | 85 | 17 | 171 |
| July - September | 1,828 | 1,440 | 3,303 | 4,042 | 199 | 176 | 100 | 123 | 329 | 171 |
| April - June | 1,765 | 1,522 | 3,146 | 3,206 | 232 | 73 | 86 | 92 | -82 | 170 |
| January - March | 1,724 | 1,756 | 2,524 | 2,350 | 182 | 59 | 48 | 83 | 81 | 169 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,724 | 1,629 | 1,592 | 1,873 | 182 | 65 | 50 | 87 | 16 | 172 |
| July - September | 1,859 | 1,466 | 3,428 | 4,021 | 164 | 115 | 122 | 117 | 333 | 171 |
| April - June | 1,796 | 1,560 | 3,478 | 3,509 | 165 | 68 | 90 | 88 | 7 | 170 |
| January - March | 1,738 | 1,602 | 2,228 | 2,322 | 155 | 54 | 61 | 80 | 60 | 168 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,680 | 1,588 | 1,897 | 1,980 | 161 | 69 | 48 | 88 | -57 | 171 |
| July - September | 1,890 | 1,431 | 3,630 | 4,265 | 164 | 129 | 114 | 123 | 389 | 171 |
| April - June | 1,736 | 1,507 | 3,738 | 3,308 | 210 | 118 | 91 | 85 | -65 | 170 |
| January - March | 1,740 | 1,570 | 2,513 | 2,662 | 170 | 101 | 46 | 80 | 192 | 168 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,637 | 1,583 | 1,819 | 2,290 | 165 | 115 | 57 | 84 | -75 | 171 |
| July - September | 1,858 | 1,405 | 3,640 | 4,668 | 220 | 257 | 110 | 130 | 371 | 171 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-6
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Quebec

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net <br> temporary emigrants | Netnon-permanent <br> residents |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 22,200 | 14,150 | 7,901 | 12,853 | 12,163 | 1,550 | 853 | 669 | 6,357 | . |
| January - March | 20,550 | 15,100 | 5,247 | 7,019 | 9,592 | 1,370 | 510 | 631 | 1,978 | .. |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 20,700 | 13,950 | 4,700 | 6,805 | 10,407 | 1,394 | 472 | 636 | -1,947 | .. |
| July - September | 22,450 | 12,800 | 9,716 | 13,286 | 13,893 | 2,654 | 1,216 | 893 | 1,268 |  |
| April - June | 21,400 | 13,850 | 4,972 | 9,637 | 11,554 | 1,355 | 831 | 665 | 4,122 | .. |
| January - March | 19,750 | 15,550 | 3,223 | 5,726 | 9,363 | 1,163 | 487 | 622 | 1,721 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 20,167 | 14,018 | 4,042 | 6,471 | 10,218 | 1,260 | 470 | 644 | -5,111 | . |
| July - September | 21,712 | 12,988 | 7,460 | 10,728 | 13,945 | 2,364 | 1,210 | 898 | 889 |  |
| April - June | 20,575 | 13,439 | 5,200 | 9,200 | 11,421 | 1,517 | 857 | 674 | 3,484 | 643 |
| January - March | 19,485 | 13,797 | 3,847 | 5,978 | 9,105 | 1,340 | 518 | 636 | 1,369 | 1,285 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 18,089 | 13,537 | 3,653 | 5,526 | 8,426 | 1,363 | 481 | 641 | -2,825 | 1,313 |
| July - September | 20,332 | 12,600 | 7,264 | 8,671 | 13,049 | 2,491 | 1,238 | 878 | 916 | 1,314 |
| April - June | 19,979 | 13,574 | 6,908 | 9,956 | 12,496 | 1,446 | 1,055 | 664 | 950 | 1,299 |
| January - March | 17,946 | 16,092 | 4,028 | 4,856 | 9,344 | 1,244 | 574 | 620 | -166 | 1,286 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 17,818 | 13,891 | 4,812 | 5,439 | 9,159 | 1,287 | 597 | 629 | -3,480 | 1,313 |
| July - September | 19,679 | 12,300 | 6,985 | 7,445 | 12,419 | 2,630 | 1,389 | 917 | 1,692 | 1,314 |
| April - June | 18,825 | 13,662 | 7,078 | 8,666 | 12,327 | 1,477 | 1,050 | 687 | 1,941 | 1,299 |
| January - March | 17,750 | 15,774 | 4,477 | 4,774 | 10,340 | 1,194 | 606 | 622 | 564 | 1,300 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 17,954 | 14,034 | 3,861 | 3,776 | 10,018 | 1,299 | 635 | 647 | -4,497 | 1,313 |
| July - September | 19,835 | 12,941 | 8,311 | 7,333 | 11,870 | 2,315 | 1,498 | 874 | 949 | 1,314 |
| April - June | 18,923 | 13,640 | 7,236 | 8,172 | 10,184 | 1,256 | 1,118 | 658 | 1,612 | 1,300 |
| January - March | 17,193 | 14,312 | 4,251 | 4,599 | 7,488 | 988 | 766 | 594 | 2,580 | 1,285 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 17,263 | 13,640 | 4,558 | 3,862 | 7,836 | 1,247 | 602 | 657 | -3,747 | 1,313 |
| July - September | 18,894 | 13,304 | 8,227 | 9,468 | 9,405 | 2,342 | 1,409 | 922 | 3,837 | 1,314 |
| April - June | 18,616 | 13,326 | 7,669 | 9,174 | 10,578 | 1,382 | 998 | 637 | 1,027 | 1,299 |
| January - March | 17,704 | 15,265 | 4,075 | 5,120 | 9,762 | 1,188 | 493 | 596 | 941 | 1,286 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 17,434 | 13,395 | 4,326 | 4,494 | 8,716 | 1,339 | 615 | 628 | -3,002 | 1,313 |
| July - September | 18,849 | 12,752 | 8,418 | 10,050 | 10,058 | 3,008 | 1,197 | 969 | 4,806 | 1,314 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-7
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Ontario

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net temporary emigrants | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Net} \\ \text { non-permanent } \\ \text { residents } \end{array}$ |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 34,364 | 21,987 | 22,313 | 26,255 | 31,977 | 4,858 | 2,978 | 2,208 | 10,553 |  |
| January - March | 32,198 | 23,238 | 16,176 | 20,196 | 23,491 | 4,288 | 1,777 | 2,085 | 6,063 | . |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 33,386 | 22,804 | 13,844 | 17,891 | 26,221 | 4,365 | 1,648 | 2,101 | -15,766 | .. |
| July - September | 36,269 | 20,651 | 26,367 | 30,880 | 33,292 | 8,307 | 4,248 | 2,946 | 9,085 |  |
| April - June | 34,216 | 21,290 | 15,805 | 19,256 | 29,478 | 4,337 | 2,876 | 2,199 | 8,871 |  |
| January - March | 32,066 | 22,503 | 12,144 | 14,329 | 22,345 | 3,721 | 1,684 | 2,052 | 6,051 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 33,283 | 22,088 | 11,460 | 17,417 | 29,444 | 4,031 | 1,624 | 2,125 | -20,772 | . |
| July - September | 36,188 | 20,028 | 19,382 | 27,836 | 34,179 | 7,568 | 4,186 | 2,966 | 7,462 |  |
| April - June | 34,139 | 20,627 | 16,279 | 19,753 | 34,916 | 4,752 | 2,991 | 2,224 | 7,108 | 1,236 |
| January - March | 31,989 | 21,786 | 12,125 | 16,181 | 27,367 | 4,200 | 1,809 | 2,100 | 5,154 | 2,471 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,112 | 21,434 | 9,108 | 14,356 | 30,238 | 4,272 | 1,680 | 2,116 | -19,562 | 2,527 |
| July - September | 35,535 | 19,905 | 18,236 | 22,959 | 40,541 | 7,805 | 4,323 | 2,901 | 6,909 | 2,526 |
| April - June | 34,229 | 21,018 | 19,632 | 21,426 | 40,485 | 4,254 | 2,975 | 2,190 | 4,599 | 2,499 |
| January - March | 31,884 | 23,258 | 12,285 | 14,033 | 29,269 | 3,658 | 1,620 | 2,047 | 2,468 | 2,472 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,334 | 21,582 | 10,584 | 14,212 | 25,298 | 3,787 | 1,683 | 2,078 | -15,859 | 2,526 |
| July - September | 34,348 | 19,424 | 16,991 | 20,993 | 34,733 | 7,737 | 3,919 | 3,027 | 9,152 | 2,527 |
| April - June | 33,812 | 19,954 | 17,505 | 18,199 | 36,346 | 4,023 | 2,832 | 2,266 | 6,386 | 2,499 |
| January - March | 32,062 | 22,191 | 12,439 | 13,344 | 28,719 | 3,250 | 1,634 | 2,055 | 5,574 | 2,499 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 32,142 | 22,336 | 9,243 | 11,255 | 28,638 | 3,537 | 1,716 | 2,133 | -15,537 | 2,527 |
| July - September | 34,857 | 19,673 | 17,999 | 21,323 | 34,239 | 6,303 | 4,043 | 2,888 | 8,458 | 2,526 |
| April - June | 33,071 | 20,163 | 18,893 | 18,944 | 31,866 | 3,715 | 2,781 | 2,173 | 9,724 | 2,499 |
| January - March | 30,858 | 22,037 | 12,584 | 12,099 | 24,990 | 2,920 | 1,905 | 1,959 | 10,411 | 2,472 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 31,239 | 21,594 | 10,617 | 11,651 | 22,532 | 3,686 | 1,498 | 2,166 | -13,326 | 2,526 |
| July - September | 34,088 | 19,616 | 22,142 | 20,905 | 30,426 | 6,925 | 3,507 | 3,043 | 15,058 | 2,527 |
| April - June | 32,517 | 19,684 | 21,558 | 20,853 | 44,496 | 3,534 | 2,645 | 2,102 | 8,934 | 2,499 |
| January - March | 30,688 | 21,346 | 14,788 | 11,658 | 36,136 | 3,037 | 1,307 | 1,970 | 5,628 | 2,471 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 31,468 | 20,590 | 11,177 | 11,302 | 30,039 | 3,426 | 1,630 | 2,072 | -14,561 | 2,527 |
| July - September | 34,273 | 19,368 | 22,560 | 20,916 | 42,152 | 7,691 | 3,171 | 3,199 | 16,531 | 2,526 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-8
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Manitoba

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net temporary emigrants | Net non-permanent residents |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 3,781 | 2,365 | 4,787 | 5,147 | 3,269 | 410 | 174 | 136 | 850 | .. |
| January - March | 3,535 | 2,596 | 4,177 | 4,211 | 2,066 | 362 | 104 | 129 | 94 | . |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,579 | 2,716 | 3,534 | 3,342 | 2,304 | 369 | 97 | 130 | 98 | .. |
| July - September | 3,906 | 2,334 | 6,234 | 6,535 | 3,102 | 701 | 248 | 182 | 171 | .. |
| April - June | 3,728 | 2,322 | 2,939 | 4,207 | 3,237 | 374 | 169 | 135 | 825 | .. |
| January - March | 3,485 | 2,549 | 2,850 | 3,228 | 2,313 | 322 | 99 | 126 | 337 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,534 | 2,671 | 2,659 | 3,694 | 2,188 | 348 | 95 | 132 | -78 | .. |
| July - September | 3,867 | 2,300 | 4,042 | 6,861 | 3,052 | 654 | 245 | 184 | 4 |  |
| April - June | 3,698 | 2,289 | 3,150 | 5,050 | 2,647 | 402 | 175 | 137 | 437 | -133 |
| January - March | 3,466 | 2,514 | 2,788 | 4,311 | 2,160 | 355 | 106 | 129 | 199 | -266 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,463 | 2,515 | 1,794 | 3,528 | 1,580 | 361 | 99 | 131 | 188 | -271 |
| July - September | 3,643 | 2,316 | 3,712 | 6,436 | 2,493 | 660 | 252 | 180 | 52 | -272 |
| April - June | 3,672 | 2,420 | 3,191 | 6,078 | 2,356 | 367 | 255 | 136 | 282 | -269 |
| January - March | 3,367 | 2,606 | 2,898 | 4,155 | 1,668 | 316 | 138 | 126 | 29 | -266 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,297 | 2,539 | 2,408 | 3,297 | 1,600 | 327 | 144 | 129 | -51 | -271 |
| July - September | 3,695 | 2,450 | 3,683 | 5,877 | 2,062 | 668 | 335 | 186 | 305 | -272 |
| April - June | 3,435 | 2,450 | 3,997 | 4,744 | 2,234 | 294 | 232 | 140 | 304 | -269 |
| January - March | 3,384 | 2,464 | 3,252 | 3,245 | 1,530 | 238 | 134 | 127 | 231 | -269 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,440 | 2,654 | 2,211 | 2,582 | 1,734 | 258 | 141 | 131 | 63 | -271 |
| July - September | 3,722 | 2,326 | 3,841 | 5,295 | 1,919 | 461 | 332 | 178 | 117 | -272 |
| April - June | 3,489 | 2,452 | 3,982 | 4,556 | 1,803 | 290 | 338 | 134 | 325 | -269 |
| January - March | 3,289 | 2,435 | 3,256 | 3,046 | 1,047 | 228 | 231 | 121 | 275 | -266 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,329 | 2,581 | 2,396 | 2,931 | 1,004 | 288 | 182 | 134 | -105 | -271 |
| July - September | 3,658 | 2,384 | 4,073 | 6,049 | 1,048 | 541 | 426 | 188 | 440 | -272 |
| April - June | 3,472 | 2,385 | 4,015 | 5,169 | 1,527 | 269 | 259 | 130 | 193 | -269 |
| January - March | 3,429 | 2,499 | 3,065 | 3,520 | 1,036 | 231 | 128 | 122 | 228 | -266 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,243 | 2,500 | 2,482 | 3,411 | 1,098 | 260 | 159 | 128 | -151 | -271 |
| July - September | 3,602 | 2,336 | 4,398 | 6,204 | 1,164 | 585 | 312 | 197 | 383 | -272 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-9
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Saskatchewan

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net temporary emigrants | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Net} \\ \text { non-permanent } \\ \text { residents } \end{array}$ |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 3,335 | 2,258 | 7,419 | 6,312 | 1,352 | 117 | 55 | 62 | 529 |  |
| January - March | 3,150 | 2,418 | 6,350 | 4,911 | 975 | 104 | 33 | 59 | 349 | . |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,919 | 2,473 | 5,769 | 3,987 | 858 | 106 | 30 | 60 | -111 |  |
| July - September | 3,270 | 2,142 | 10,264 | 6,525 | 1,115 | 201 | 79 | 84 | 367 |  |
| April - June | 3,243 | 2,209 | 5,615 | 3,924 | 891 | 107 | 51 | 62 | 353 | .. |
| January - March | 3,066 | 2,369 | 4,147 | 3,720 | 656 | 92 | 30 | 58 | 200 | . |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,844 | 2,425 | 4,045 | 3,516 | 851 | 99 | 29 | 60 | -278 | . |
| July - September | 3,205 | 2,111 | 5,230 | 6,328 | 697 | 187 | 76 | 84 | -25 |  |
| April - June | 3,198 | 2,179 | 3,895 | 4,727 | 697 | 114 | 55 | 63 | 25 | -75 |
| January - March | 3,041 | 2,339 | 2,998 | 5,328 | 479 | 101 | 34 | 60 | 90 | -151 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,846 | 2,235 | 2,253 | 4,273 | 411 | 103 | 32 | 60 | -86 | -154 |
| July - September | 3,093 | 2,124 | 4,589 | 6,490 | 521 | 188 | 80 | 82 | 224 | -154 |
| April - June | 3,138 | 2,173 | 3,962 | 7,169 | 644 | 116 | 100 | 62 | 106 | -153 |
| January - March | 2,890 | 2,318 | 2,999 | 5,392 | 532 | 100 | 55 | 58 | 190 | -151 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,818 | 2,198 | 2,436 | 4,452 | 450 | 103 | 57 | 58 | -221 | -154 |
| July - September | 3,069 | 2,139 | 4,034 | 5,933 | 473 | 211 | 132 | 85 | 223 | -154 |
| April - June | 3,044 | 2,159 | 4,406 | 5,910 | 584 | 115 | 116 | 65 | 131 | -152 |
| January - March | 3,052 | 2,348 | 3,316 | 4,138 | 436 | 94 | 68 | 57 | 121 | -153 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,877 | 2,461 | 2,395 | 3,241 | 462 | 101 | 71 | 61 | -72 | -154 |
| July - September | 3,148 | 2,162 | 4,434 | 5,783 | 412 | 182 | 166 | 82 | 143 | -154 |
| April - June | 3,113 | 2,151 | 5,005 | 5,880 | 415 | 126 | 88 | 62 | 80 | -153 |
| January - March | 2,900 | 2,233 | 2,771 | 4,436 | 379 | 99 | 61 | 55 | 72 | -150 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,741 | 2,352 | 2,657 | 3,337 | 398 | 125 | 47 | 61 | -136 | -155 |
| July - September | 3,040 | 2,144 | 4,739 | 6,660 | 368 | 236 | 110 | 87 | 266 | -154 |
| April - June | 2,991 | 2,169 | 4,358 | 6,708 | 450 | 133 | 79 | 59 | 35 | -152 |
| January - March | 2,989 | 2,241 | 2,905 | 5,321 | 451 | 115 | 39 | 55 | 175 | -151 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,904 | 2,157 | 2,713 | 4,216 | 361 | 129 | 49 | 59 | -63 | -154 |
| July - September | 3,112 | 2,083 | 4,622 | 7,173 | 556 | 288 | 95 | 91 | 145 | -154 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-10
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Alberta

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net temporary emigrants | Net non-permanent residents |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 12,476 | 5,058 | 29,230 | 22,500 | 7,200 | 1,196 | 881 | 545 | 7,099 |  |
| January - March | 10,955 | 5,529 | 22,319 | 19,558 | 5,350 | 1,055 | 527 | 516 | 3,830 | . |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 11,665 | 5,154 | 18,840 | 17,976 | 5,087 | 1,074 | 488 | 519 | 2,308 | .. |
| July - September | 12,483 | 4,771 | 31,491 | 31,836 | 6,169 | 2,044 | 1,257 | 727 | 4,653 | .. |
| April - June | 12,139 | 4,939 | 21,947 | 17,270 | 5,595 | 1,067 | 866 | 543 | 5,783 | . |
| January - March | 10,647 | 5,390 | 18,625 | 13,900 | 4,015 | 916 | 508 | 507 | 3,999 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 11,300 | 5,006 | 20,628 | 12,950 | 4,832 | 992 | 489 | 525 | 1,145 | .. |
| July - September | 12,002 | 4,598 | 34,456 | 17,727 | 5,714 | 1,861 | 1,261 | 733 | 2,612 |  |
| April - June | 11,681 | 4,758 | 22,820 | 13,308 | 5,444 | 1,170 | 885 | 549 | 2,210 | -1,177 |
| January - March | 10,246 | 5,178 | 23,163 | 10,843 | 4,727 | 1,033 | 536 | 519 | 1,546 | -2,355 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 10,315 | 4,983 | 20,824 | 7,004 | 4,168 | 1,050 | 496 | 522 | 256 | -2,407 |
| July - September | 10,951 | 4,641 | 25,027 | 14,884 | 5,591 | 1,920 | 1,280 | 718 | 1,621 | -2,407 |
| April - June | 10,984 | 4,648 | 25,803 | 14,638 | 5,291 | 1,082 | 1,068 | 541 | 761 | -2,381 |
| January - March | 9,860 | 5,021 | 18,653 | 10,363 | 4,355 | 931 | 582 | 505 | 488 | -2,355 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 9,784 | 4,897 | 15,045 | 8,856 | 3,274 | 963 | 604 | 513 | 312 | -2,407 |
| July - September | 10,717 | 4,500 | 22,917 | 14,138 | 4,521 | 1,969 | 1,407 | 747 | 1,065 | -2,407 |
| April - June | 10,461 | 4,497 | 17,688 | 14,971 | 4,605 | 1,258 | 927 | 559 | 281 | -2,381 |
| January - March | 9,817 | 4,782 | 13,863 | 10,671 | 4,074 | 1,016 | 535 | 508 | 521 | -2,381 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 9,719 | 4,952 | 10,693 | 9,015 | 3,861 | 1,106 | 562 | 527 | 13 | -2,407 |
| July - September | 10,638 | 4,545 | 18,578 | 15,559 | 4,576 | 1,971 | 1,324 | 713 | 413 | -2,407 |
| April - June | 10,312 | 4,527 | 17,994 | 16,321 | 4,298 | 930 | 939 | 537 | 423 | -2,381 |
| January - March | 9,618 | 4,561 | 13,290 | 10,131 | 3,102 | 731 | 644 | 483 | 900 | -2,354 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 9,305 | 4,608 | 11,639 | 9,856 | 3,131 | 922 | 506 | 535 | -715 | -2,408 |
| July - September | 10,215 | 4,402 | 21,704 | 16,416 | 3,099 | 1,735 | 1,185 | 752 | 1,340 | -2,407 |
| April - June | 9,927 | 4,545 | 21,330 | 14,183 | 4,623 | 996 | 1,045 | 519 | 593 | -2,380 |
| January - March | 9,244 | 4,679 | 15,210 | 9,832 | 3,929 | 856 | 516 | 487 | 484 | -2,355 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 8,815 | 4,484 | 14,486 | 9,137 | 3,546 | 965 | 644 | 512 | -712 | -2,407 |
| July - September | 9,616 | 4,229 | 24,589 | 16,228 | 4,591 | 2,168 | 1,252 | 790 | 1,680 | -2,407 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-11
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - British Columbia


Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-12
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Yukon Territory

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net temporary emigrants | Net non-permanent residents |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 93 | 45 | 383 | 378 | 28 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 70 | . |
| January - March | 91 | 44 | 489 | 375 | 22 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 71 | .. |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 92 | 52 | 437 | 369 | 19 | 4 | 0 | 4 | -38 | . |
| July - September | 79 | 49 | 562 | 528 | 32 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 7 | .. |
| April - June | 93 | 43 | 386 | 232 | 14 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 65 | .. |
| January - March | 92 | 42 | 277 | 353 | 21 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 94 | 49 | 208 | 249 | 12 | 5 | 0 | 4 | -52 | .. |
| July - September | 81 | 47 | 487 | 423 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 6 | -7 |  |
| April - June | 95 | 42 | 327 | 358 | 29 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 56 | -24 |
| January - March | 94 | 40 | 241 | 333 | 15 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 26 | -48 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 79 | 49 | 228 | 320 | 17 | 4 | 0 | 4 | -16 | -50 |
| July - September | 76 | 37 | 471 | 329 | 16 | 7 | 3 | 6 | -12 | -49 |
| April - June | 87 | 41 | 478 | 583 | 18 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 32 | -49 |
| January - March | 78 | 37 | 235 | 234 | 13 | 2 | 0 | 4 | -8 | -48 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 92 | 37 | 221 | 216 | 12 | 3 | 0 | 4 | -35 | -49 |
| July - September | 83 | 35 | 492 | 340 | 15 | 4 | 2 | 6 | -28 | -50 |
| April - June | 103 | 48 | 362 | 481 | 14 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 61 | -48 |
| January - March | 87 | 46 | 301 | 349 | 21 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 23 | -49 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 85 | 36 | 205 | 188 | 17 | 3 | 0 | 4 | -26 | -49 |
| July - September | 99 | 28 | 491 | 314 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 6 | -22 | -50 |
| April - June | 81 | 36 | 501 | 274 | 13 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 36 | -48 |
| January - March | 70 | 33 | 272 | 249 | 21 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 22 | -49 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 82 | 33 | 309 | 227 | 9 | 3 | 0 | 4 | -18 | -49 |
| July - September | 89 | 43 | 317 | 500 | 13 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 15 | -49 |
| April - June | 76 | 35 | 435 | 397 | 23 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 50 | -49 |
| January - March | 92 | 36 | 307 | 430 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 7 | -48 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 90 | 45 | 252 | 220 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 4 | -43 | -50 |
| July - September | 86 | 34 | 354 | 522 | 26 | 8 | 5 | 6 | -22 | -49 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-13
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Northwest Territories

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net <br> temporary emigrants | non-permanent residents |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 202 | 47 | 604 | 938 | 44 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 75 |  |
| January - March | 165 | 48 | 615 | 822 | 28 | 5 | 0 | 6 | -6 | . |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 140 | 36 | 598 | 511 | 30 | 5 | 0 | 6 | -78 | .. |
| July - September | 188 | 60 | 761 | 1,112 | 29 | 9 | 0 | 8 | -21 | .. |
| April - June | 200 | 46 | 667 | 573 | 13 | 7 | 0 | 6 | 77 | .. |
| January - March | 163 | 46 | 471 | 546 | 16 | 6 | 0 | 6 | -5 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 139 | 35 | 360 | 525 | 24 | 7 | 0 | 6 | -34 | .. |
| July - September | 185 | 57 | 704 | 779 | 45 | 12 | 0 | 8 | -23 |  |
| April - June | 199 | 45 | 620 | 739 | 18 | 5 | 0 | 7 | 34 | -22 |
| January - March | 164 | 45 | 518 | 911 | 11 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 15 | -43 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 163 | 54 | 201 | 556 | 16 | 5 | 0 | 6 | -12 | -44 |
| July - September | 181 | 27 | 557 | 644 | 28 | 9 | 0 | 8 | 5 | -44 |
| April - June | 199 | 27 | 777 | 1,044 | 20 | 3 | 0 | 6 | -14 | -43 |
| January - March | 169 | 40 | 533 | 711 | 20 | 3 | 0 | 6 | 13 | -43 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 166 | 34 | 409 | 489 | 20 | 3 | 0 | 6 | -21 | -45 |
| July - September | 171 | 36 | 593 | 736 | 19 | 5 | 0 | 8 | 6 | -44 |
| April - June | 163 | 35 | 664 | 751 | 34 | 4 | 1 | 7 | -1 | -43 |
| January - March | 198 | 48 | 605 | 790 | 16 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 30 | -44 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 160 | 61 | 430 | 323 | 25 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 57 | -44 |
| July - September | 176 | 44 | 764 | 704 | 30 | 8 | 2 | 8 | 14 | -44 |
| April - June | 182 | 52 | 785 | 610 | 23 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 14 | -43 |
| January - March | 183 | 45 | 559 | 544 | 16 | 3 | 0 | 6 | 9 | -44 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 142 | 39 | 485 | 483 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 6 | -14 | -44 |
| July - September | 151 | 47 | 833 | 783 | 15 | 7 | 0 | 8 | -21 | -44 |
| April - June | 177 | 42 | 817 | 588 | 20 | 5 | 1 | 7 | -5 | -43 |
| January - March | 165 | 41 | 624 | 723 | 20 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 21 | -43 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 147 | 37 | 349 | 499 | 18 | 4 | 0 | 6 | -19 | -44 |
| July - September | 162 | 44 | 879 | 775 | 36 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 32 | -44 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 3-14
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective - Nunavut

|  | Natural increase |  | Interprovincial migration |  | International migration |  |  |  |  | Residual deviation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Births | Deaths | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Immigrants | Emigrants | Returning emigrants | Net <br> temporary emigrants | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{Net} \\ \begin{array}{r} \text { non-permanent } \\ \text { residents } \end{array} \end{array}$ |  |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 211 | 37 | 482 | 502 | 14 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 3 | .. |
| January - March | 197 | 42 | 317 | 450 | 6 | 4 | 0 |  | -16 | .. |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 164 | 28 | 146 | 245 | 7 | 4 | 0 | 4 | -56 | .. |
| July - September | 216 | 31 | 330 | 504 | 5 | 8 | 0 | 6 | 48 | .. |
| April - June | 205 | 36 | 285 | 278 | 6 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 5 | .. |
| January - March | 189 | 40 | 228 | 188 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 10 | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 157 | 27 | 160 | 232 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | -7 | .. |
| July - September | 207 | 30 | 161 | 293 | 2 | 8 | 0 | 6 | 3 |  |
| April - June | 199 | 34 | 392 | 406 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | -10 |
| January - March | 184 | 38 | 261 | 354 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 2 | -21 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 182 | 27 | 123 | 137 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 13 | -21 |
| July - September | 174 | 32 | 104 | 183 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 6 | -3 | -21 |
| April - June | 170 | 30 | 472 | 400 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 | -1 | -21 |
| January - March | 173 | 26 | 238 | 242 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 4 | -3 | -20 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 189 | 30 | 89 | 123 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 1 | -21 |
| July - September | 190 | 29 | 79 | 294 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 6 | -11 | -21 |
| April - June | 182 | 30 | 387 | 288 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 6 | -21 |
| January - March | 186 | 32 | 176 | 292 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 10 | -21 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 175 | 43 | 115 | 111 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 4 | -5 | -21 |
| July - September | 182 | 29 | 143 | 265 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 2 | -21 |
| April - June | 202 | 39 | 468 | 440 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 0 | -20 |
| January - March | 199 | 23 | 240 | 297 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 4 | -21 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 166 | 34 | 107 | 140 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 | -1 | -21 |
| July - September | 195 | 33 | 128 | 264 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 6 | -21 |
| April - June | 196 | 33 | 514 | 258 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 4 | -5 | -21 |
| January - March | 169 | 27 | 224 | 347 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 10 | -20 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 187 | 39 | 191 | 201 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 2 | -21 |
| July - September | 170 | 31 | 177 | 276 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 6 | -5 | -21 |

Note(s): See "Data quality, concepts and methodology - Explanatory notes for the tables" section.

Table 4-1
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Births ${ }^{1}$

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 93,071 | 1,145 | 369 | 2,037 | 1,677 | 22,200 | 34,364 |
| January - March | 86,238 | 1,023 | 301 | 1,991 | 1,628 | 20,550 | 32,198 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 88,603 | 1,066 | 349 | 2,099 | 1,635 | 20,700 | 33,386 |
| July - September | 96,173 | 1,152 | 401 | 2,245 | 1,978 | 22,450 | 36,269 |
| April - June | 91,578 | 1,166 | 366 | 2,050 | 1,691 | 21,400 | 34,216 |
| January - March | 84,543 | 1,045 | 300 | 2,007 | 1,642 | 19,750 | 32,066 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 86,920 | 1,092 | 347 | 2,117 | 1,649 | 20,167 | 33,283 |
| July - September | 94,248 | 1,183 | 400 | 2,267 | 2,000 | 21,712 | 36,188 |
| April - June | 89,855 | 1,197 | 366 | 2,071 | 1,714 | 20,575 | 34,139 |
| January - March | 83,594 | 1,070 | 300 | 2,030 | 1,667 | 19,485 | 31,989 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 82,264 | 1,105 | 308 | 2,070 | 1,666 | 18,089 | 32,112 |
| July - September | 90,369 | 1,154 | 355 | 2,308 | 1,822 | 20,332 | 35,535 |
| April - June | 88,353 | 1,141 | 335 | 2,231 | 1,733 | 19,979 | 34,229 |
| January - March | 81,190 | 1,101 | 342 | 1,948 | 1,671 | 17,946 | 31,884 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 81,735 | 1,124 | 328 | 2,121 | 1,642 | 17,818 | 32,334 |
| July - September | 87,992 | 1,177 | 366 | 2,275 | 1,828 | 19,679 | 34,348 |
| April - June | 85,762 | 1,087 | 363 | 2,188 | 1,765 | 18,825 | 33,812 |
| January - March | 81,583 | 1,100 | 333 | 2,150 | 1,724 | 17,750 | 32,062 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 81,561 | 1,177 | 328 | 2,043 | 1,724 | 17,954 | 32,142 |
| July - September | 88,856 | 1,234 | 379 | 2,332 | 1,859 | 19,835 | 34,857 |
| April - June | 85,486 | 1,153 | 386 | 2,226 | 1,796 | 18,923 | 33,071 |
| January - March | 79,299 | 1,065 | 324 | 2,049 | 1,738 | 17,193 | 30,858 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 79,120 | 1,127 | 315 | 2,032 | 1,680 | 17,263 | 31,239 |
| July - September | 86,618 | 1,251 | 349 | 2,328 | 1,890 | 18,894 | 34,088 |
| April - June | 83,719 | 1,178 | 348 | 2,194 | 1,736 | 18,616 | 32,517 |
| January - March | 79,345 | 1,095 | 316 | 2,109 | 1,740 | 17,704 | 30,688 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 78,968 | 1,076 | 291 | 2,084 | 1,637 | 17,434 | 31,468 |
| July - September | 86,123 | 1,287 | 358 | 2,306 | 1,858 | 18,849 | 34,273 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-1 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Births 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskat- <br> chewan | Alberta | British <br> Columbia | Nuknaven <br> Territory | Northwest <br> Territories |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. The numbers of births are final up to December 2006, updated from January 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-2
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Deaths 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 58,830 | 1,112 | 321 | 2,125 | 1,512 | 14,150 | 21,987 |
| January - March | 62,843 | 1,214 | 308 | 2,113 | 1,660 | 15,100 | 23,238 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 60,309 | 1,205 | 305 | 2,102 | 1,561 | 13,950 | 22,804 |
| July - September | 55,220 | 1,132 | 272 | 1,993 | 1,483 | 12,800 | 20,651 |
| April - June | 57,225 | 1,078 | 314 | 2,080 | 1,477 | 13,850 | 21,290 |
| January - March | 61,800 | 1,182 | 301 | 2,069 | 1,620 | 15,550 | 22,503 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 59,303 | 1,174 | 299 | 2,060 | 1,525 | 14,018 | 22,088 |
| July - September | 54,206 | 1,109 | 267 | 1,957 | 1,451 | 12,988 | 20,028 |
| April - June | 55,712 | 1,055 | 309 | 2,042 | 1,448 | 13,439 | 20,627 |
| January - March | 58,858 | 1,155 | 297 | 2,029 | 1,586 | 13,797 | 21,786 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 57,467 | 1,089 | 292 | 2,029 | 1,522 | 13,537 | 21,434 |
| July - September | 53,452 | 1,093 | 267 | 1,868 | 1,431 | 12,600 | 19,905 |
| April - June | 56,098 | 1,130 | 249 | 1,993 | 1,490 | 13,574 | 21,018 |
| January - March | 63,115 | 1,174 | 310 | 2,383 | 1,732 | 16,092 | 23,258 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 57,912 | 1,060 | 308 | 2,120 | 1,529 | 13,891 | 21,582 |
| July - September | 52,781 | 1,070 | 259 | 1,876 | 1,440 | 12,300 | 19,424 |
| April - June | 54,839 | 1,018 | 298 | 1,992 | 1,522 | 13,662 | 19,954 |
| January - March | 61,052 | 1,160 | 358 | 2,253 | 1,756 | 15,774 | 22,191 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 59,527 | 1,068 | 288 | 2,088 | 1,629 | 14,034 | 22,336 |
| July - September | 53,411 | 1,008 | 281 | 1,936 | 1,466 | 12,941 | 19,673 |
| April - June | 54,841 | 1,059 | 294 | 1,943 | 1,560 | 13,640 | 20,163 |
| January - March | 58,390 | 1,146 | 320 | 2,097 | 1,602 | 14,312 | 22,037 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 57,233 | 1,089 | 309 | 1,997 | 1,588 | 13,640 | 21,594 |
| July - September | 53,441 | 982 | 294 | 1,907 | 1,431 | 13,304 | 19,616 |
| April - June | 54,130 | 1,048 | 301 | 2,066 | 1,507 | 13,326 | 19,684 |
| January - March | 58,799 | 1,064 | 332 | 2,027 | 1,570 | 15,265 | 21,346 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 55,406 | 1,069 | 280 | 1,983 | 1,583 | 13,395 | 20,590 |
| July - September | 52,159 | 945 | 292 | 1,846 | 1,405 | 12,752 | 19,368 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-2 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Deaths 1
$\left.\begin{array}{lcccccc}\hline & \text { Manitoba } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Saskat- } \\ \text { chewan }\end{array} & \text { Alberta } & \begin{array}{c}\text { British } \\ \text { Columbia }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Nuknavut } \\ \text { Territory }\end{array} \\ \hline & & & & \text { number } & \\ \text { Territories }\end{array}\right]$

1. The numbers of deaths are final up to December 2006, updated from January 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-3
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Immigrants 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 69,228 | 151 | 323 | 724 | 447 | 12,163 | 31,977 |
| January - March | 53,147 | 137 | 332 | 599 | 462 | 9,592 | 23,491 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 55,572 | 167 | 206 | 581 | 397 | 10,407 | 26,221 |
| July - September | 71,656 | 143 | 420 | 756 | 497 | 13,893 | 33,292 |
| April - June | 61,649 | 126 | 219 | 645 | 375 | 11,554 | 29,478 |
| January - March | 47,875 | 109 | 149 | 542 | 374 | 9,363 | 22,345 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 58,245 | 154 | 170 | 632 | 397 | 10,218 | 29,444 |
| July - September | 70,356 | 127 | 200 | 896 | 470 | 13,945 | 34,179 |
| April - June | 67,909 | 115 | 135 | 554 | 457 | 11,421 | 34,916 |
| January - March | 55,134 | 112 | 60 | 504 | 322 | 9,105 | 27,367 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 55,386 | 117 | 59 | 459 | 240 | 8,426 | 30,238 |
| July - September | 75,945 | 108 | 98 | 680 | 367 | 13,049 | 40,541 |
| April - June | 74,471 | 125 | 101 | 462 | 306 | 12,496 | 40,485 |
| January - March | 56,438 | 147 | 72 | 328 | 178 | 9,344 | 29,269 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 48,090 | 93 | 86 | 372 | 182 | 9,159 | 25,298 |
| July - September | 65,579 | 176 | 53 | 546 | 199 | 12,419 | 34,733 |
| April - June | 67,241 | 159 | 89 | 459 | 232 | 12,327 | 36,346 |
| January - March | 54,914 | 151 | 82 | 394 | 182 | 10,340 | 28,719 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 53,588 | 78 | 50 | 389 | 182 | 10,018 | 28,638 |
| July - September | 63,340 | 148 | 47 | 465 | 164 | 11,870 | 34,239 |
| April - June | 58,863 | 65 | 34 | 309 | 165 | 10,184 | 31,866 |
| January - March | 45,558 | 68 | 23 | 311 | 155 | 7,488 | 24,990 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 41,830 | 117 | 25 | 322 | 161 | 7,836 | 22,532 |
| July - September | 52,919 | 66 | 7 | 315 | 164 | 9,405 | 30,426 |
| April - June | 72,711 | 115 | 44 | 418 | 210 | 10,578 | 44,496 |
| January - March | 61,589 | 106 | 31 | 364 | 170 | 9,762 | 36,136 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 52,154 | 104 | 41 | 332 | 165 | 8,716 | 30,039 |
| July - September | 69,951 | 89 | 29 | 495 | 220 | 10,058 | 42,152 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-3 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Immigrants 1
$\left.\begin{array}{lcccccc}\hline & \text { Manitoba } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Saskat- } \\ \text { chewan }\end{array} & \text { Alberta } & \begin{array}{c}\text { British } \\ \text { Columbia }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Nunavut } \\ \text { Territory }\end{array} \\ \hline & & & & \text { number } & \\ \text { Territories }\end{array}\right]$

1. The numbers of immigrants are final up to December 2006, updated from January 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-4
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Emigrants 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New <br> Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 10,029 | 64 | 15 | 149 | 108 | 1,550 | 4,858 |
| January - March | 8,855 | 57 | 13 | 131 | 95 | 1,370 | 4,288 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 9,012 | 57 | 12 | 135 | 96 | 1,394 | 4,365 |
| July - September | 17,153 | 109 | 25 | 254 | 185 | 2,654 | 8,307 |
| April - June | 8,925 | 52 | 14 | 128 | 103 | 1,355 | 4,337 |
| January - March | 7,660 | 44 | 12 | 110 | 88 | 1,163 | 3,721 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 8,297 | 48 | 12 | 119 | 96 | 1,260 | 4,031 |
| July - September | 15,575 | 89 | 24 | 224 | 180 | 2,364 | 7,568 |
| April - June | 9,809 | 62 | 15 | 146 | 105 | 1,517 | 4,752 |
| January - March | 8,668 | 55 | 13 | 128 | 93 | 1,340 | 4,200 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 8,815 | 56 | 12 | 131 | 95 | 1,363 | 4,272 |
| July - September | 16,107 | 102 | 23 | 239 | 173 | 2,491 | 7,805 |
| April - June | 8,932 | 43 | 8 | 166 | 96 | 1,446 | 4,254 |
| January - March | 7,682 | 36 | 7 | 144 | 83 | 1,244 | 3,658 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 7,953 | 38 | 7 | 149 | 86 | 1,287 | 3,787 |
| July - September | 16,244 | 78 | 14 | 303 | 176 | 2,630 | 7,737 |
| April - June | 9,175 | 36 | 35 | 179 | 73 | 1,477 | 4,023 |
| January - March | 7,416 | 30 | 28 | 145 | 59 | 1,194 | 3,250 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 8,068 | 33 | 30 | 158 | 65 | 1,299 | 3,537 |
| July - September | 14,379 | 58 | 55 | 280 | 115 | 2,315 | 6,303 |
| April - June | 8,154 | 24 | 7 | 180 | 68 | 1,256 | 3,715 |
| January - March | 6,409 | 19 | 5 | 141 | 54 | 988 | 2,920 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 8,092 | 25 | 7 | 177 | 69 | 1,247 | 3,686 |
| July - September | 15,207 | 46 | 13 | 335 | 129 | 2,342 | 6,925 |
| April - June | 8,372 | 37 | 13 | 164 | 118 | 1,382 | 3,534 |
| January - March | 7,193 | 32 | 11 | 140 | 101 | 1,188 | 3,037 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 8,113 | 37 | 12 | 159 | 115 | 1,339 | 3,426 |
| July - September | 18,219 | 82 | 27 | 357 | 257 | 3,008 | 7,691 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-4 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Emigrants 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskat- <br> chewan | Alberta | British <br> Columbia | Nuknan <br> Territory | Northwest <br> Territories |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]Table 4-5
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Returning emigrants 1

| Canada | Newfoundland <br> and <br> Labrador | Prince <br> Edward <br> Island | Nova <br> Scotia | New <br> Brunswick | Quebec |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-5 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Returning emigrants 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskat- <br> chewan | Alberta | British <br> Columbia | Nuknavat <br> Territory | Northwest <br> Territories |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. The numbers of returning emigrants are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-6
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net temporary emigrants 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 4,766 | 61 | 17 | 112 | 89 | 669 | 2,208 |
| January - March | 4,501 | 58 | 15 | 105 | 84 | 631 | 2,085 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,537 | 58 | 16 | 107 | 85 | 636 | 2,101 |
| July - September | 6,361 | 81 | 22 | 149 | 120 | 893 | 2,946 |
| April - June | 4,745 | 60 | 17 | 112 | 89 | 665 | 2,199 |
| January - March | 4,430 | 57 | 15 | 104 | 83 | 622 | 2,052 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,591 | 59 | 16 | 108 | 87 | 644 | 2,125 |
| July - September | 6,403 | 82 | 22 | 150 | 120 | 898 | 2,966 |
| April - June | 4,802 | 62 | 17 | 113 | 90 | 674 | 2,224 |
| January - March | 4,535 | 58 | 16 | 107 | 86 | 636 | 2,100 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,570 | 59 | 16 | 108 | 87 | 641 | 2,116 |
| July - September | 6,266 | 81 | 21 | 148 | 118 | 878 | 2,901 |
| April - June | 4,729 | 61 | 17 | 111 | 88 | 664 | 2,190 |
| January - March | 4,419 | 56 | 15 | 104 | 84 | 620 | 2,047 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,487 | 58 | 16 | 105 | 85 | 629 | 2,078 |
| July - September | 6,533 | 84 | 23 | 153 | 123 | 917 | 3,027 |
| April - June | 4,893 | 62 | 17 | 115 | 92 | 687 | 2,266 |
| January - March | 4,436 | 57 | 16 | 104 | 83 | 622 | 2,055 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,606 | 59 | 16 | 108 | 87 | 647 | 2,133 |
| July - September | 6,234 | 80 | 22 | 146 | 117 | 874 | 2,888 |
| April - June | 4,691 | 60 | 17 | 110 | 88 | 658 | 2,173 |
| January - March | 4,230 | 55 | 15 | 99 | 80 | 594 | 1,959 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,677 | 60 | 16 | 110 | 88 | 657 | 2,166 |
| July - September | 6,571 | 84 | 23 | 155 | 123 | 922 | 3,043 |
| April - June | 4,539 | 58 | 16 | 107 | 85 | 637 | 2,102 |
| January - March | 4,252 | 54 | 16 | 99 | 80 | 596 | 1,970 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 4,476 | 57 | 16 | 106 | 84 | 628 | 2,072 |
| July - September | 6,905 | 88 | 24 | 162 | 130 | 969 | 3,199 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-6 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net temporary emigrants 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskat- <br> chewan | Alberta | British <br> Columbia | Nunavat <br> Territory |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. The numbers of net temporary emigrants are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-7
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net non-permanent residents 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 30,843 | 83 | 118 | 93 | 118 | 6,357 | 10,553 |
| January - March | 15,550 | 138 | 22 | 83 | 122 | 1,978 | 6,063 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -17,473 | -87 | -15 | -183 | -128 | -1,947 | -15,766 |
| July - September | 21,210 | 116 | 114 | 435 | 243 | 1,268 | 9,085 |
| April - June | 22,674 | 83 | 22 | -10 | 51 | 4,122 | 8,871 |
| January - March | 16,863 | 10 | 47 | 34 | 179 | 1,721 | 6,051 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -27,438 | -20 | -56 | -171 | -105 | -5,111 | -20,772 |
| July - September | 14,915 | 67 | 139 | 14 | 264 | 889 | 7,462 |
| April - June | 14,308 | 92 | 37 | 278 | -98 | 3,484 | 7,108 |
| January - March | 10,355 | 41 | 34 | 83 | 63 | 1,369 | 5,154 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -23,136 | -270 | -17 | -263 | -43 | -2,825 | -19,562 |
| July - September | 13,403 | 65 | 24 | 514 | 187 | 916 | 6,909 |
| April - June | 7,310 | 217 | 17 | -87 | -136 | 950 | 4,599 |
| January - March | 4,850 | 98 | -11 | 20 | 150 | -166 | 2,468 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -19,140 | -126 | 5 | -440 | 17 | -3,480 | -15,859 |
| July - September | 15,912 | -49 | 44 | 389 | 329 | 1,692 | 9,152 |
| April - June | 8,974 | 184 | -11 | 278 | -82 | 1,941 | 6,386 |
| January - March | 8,319 | -96 | 9 | 137 | 81 | 564 | 5,574 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -19,540 | 28 | -47 | -198 | 16 | -4,497 | -15,537 |
| July - September | 12,396 | 52 | 74 | 498 | 333 | 949 | 8,458 |
| April - June | 13,965 | 78 | 2 | 278 | 7 | 1,612 | 9,724 |
| January - March | 15,836 | -67 | 4 | -16 | 60 | 2,580 | 10,411 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -19,171 | -161 | -19 | -435 | -57 | -3,747 | -13,326 |
| July - September | 25,756 | 223 | 38 | 463 | 389 | 3,837 | 15,058 |
| April - June | 11,494 | 143 | -3 | 315 | -65 | 1,027 | 8,934 |
| January - March | 10,852 | 43 | -3 | 421 | 192 | 941 | 5,628 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -18,371 | -30 | -34 | 90 | -75 | -3,002 | -14,561 |
| July - September | 29,445 | -98 | 32 | 687 | 371 | 4,806 | 16,531 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-7 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net non-permanent residents 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskat- <br> chewan | Alberta | British <br> Columbia | Nuknavat <br> Territory | Northwest <br> Territories |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. The numbers of net non-permanent residents are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-8
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Interprovincial in-migrants 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 105,691 | 3,554 | 1,443 | 5,636 | 3,806 | 7,901 | 22,313 |
| January - March | 81,561 | 3,099 | 892 | 4,695 | 3,244 | 5,247 | 16,176 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 70,551 | 2,687 | 659 | 3,815 | 3,092 | 4,700 | 13,844 |
| July - September | 125,673 | 4,142 | 1,093 | 6,526 | 5,297 | 9,716 | 26,367 |
| April - June | 77,629 | 2,327 | 684 | 3,668 | 3,170 | 4,972 | 15,805 |
| January - March | 60,920 | 1,601 | 581 | 2,699 | 2,369 | 3,223 | 12,144 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 62,974 | 1,637 | 422 | 3,141 | 2,062 | 4,042 | 11,460 |
| July - September | 103,539 | 2,841 | 798 | 5,406 | 3,409 | 7,460 | 19,382 |
| April - June | 77,633 | 2,334 | 706 | 4,224 | 2,463 | 5,200 | 16,279 |
| January - March | 66,297 | 1,974 | 688 | 3,123 | 2,277 | 3,847 | 12,125 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 53,020 | 1,486 | 276 | 2,536 | 1,590 | 3,653 | 9,108 |
| July - September | 88,918 | 2,501 | 790 | 5,180 | 3,856 | 7,264 | 18,236 |
| April - June | 89,175 | 2,422 | 979 | 4,183 | 3,196 | 6,908 | 19,632 |
| January - March | 60,810 | 1,780 | 589 | 3,184 | 2,149 | 4,028 | 12,285 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 53,280 | 1,715 | 316 | 2,529 | 1,956 | 4,812 | 10,584 |
| July - September | 82,279 | 2,296 | 653 | 5,144 | 3,303 | 6,985 | 16,991 |
| April - June | 78,153 | 2,371 | 775 | 4,570 | 3,146 | 7,078 | 17,505 |
| January - March | 56,219 | 1,908 | 542 | 2,832 | 2,524 | 4,477 | 12,439 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 44,648 | 1,567 | 503 | 2,538 | 1,592 | 3,861 | 9,243 |
| July - September | 82,360 | 2,551 | 750 | 5,147 | 3,428 | 8,311 | 17,999 |
| April - June | 82,033 | 2,819 | 918 | 5,575 | 3,478 | 7,236 | 18,893 |
| January - March | 54,000 | 2,111 | 521 | 3,232 | 2,228 | 4,251 | 12,584 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 47,994 | 1,587 | 426 | 2,391 | 1,897 | 4,558 | 10,617 |
| July - September | 90,872 | 2,681 | 821 | 5,488 | 3,630 | 8,227 | 22,142 |
| April - June | 86,463 | 2,793 | 907 | 4,808 | 3,738 | 7,669 | 21,558 |
| January - March | 58,756 | 1,913 | 538 | 3,350 | 2,513 | 4,075 | 14,788 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 50,973 | 1,508 | 393 | 2,912 | 1,819 | 4,326 | 11,177 |
| July - September | 94,298 | 2,570 | 801 | 5,261 | 3,640 | 8,418 | 22,560 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-8 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Interprovincial in-migrants 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 4,787 | 7,419 | 29,230 | 18,133 | 383 | 604 | 482 |
| January - March | 4,177 | 6,350 | 22,319 | 13,941 | 489 | 615 | 317 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,534 | 5,769 | 18,840 | 12,430 | 437 | 598 | 146 |
| July - September | 6,234 | 10,264 | 31,491 | 22,890 | 562 | 761 | 330 |
| April - June | 2,939 | 5,615 | 21,947 | 15,164 | 386 | 667 | 285 |
| January - March | 2,850 | 4,147 | 18,625 | 11,705 | 277 | 471 | 228 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,659 | 4,045 | 20,628 | 12,150 | 208 | 360 | 160 |
| July - September | 4,042 | 5,230 | 34,456 | 19,163 | 487 | 704 | 161 |
| April - June | 3,150 | 3,895 | 22,820 | 15,223 | 327 | 620 | 392 |
| January - March | 2,788 | 2,998 | 23,163 | 12,294 | 241 | 518 | 261 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,794 | 2,253 | 20,824 | 8,948 | 228 | 201 | 123 |
| July - September | 3,712 | 4,589 | 25,027 | 16,631 | 471 | 557 | 104 |
| April - June | 3,191 | 3,962 | 25,803 | 17,172 | 478 | 777 | 472 |
| January - March | 2,898 | 2,999 | 18,653 | 11,239 | 235 | 533 | 238 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,408 | 2,436 | 15,045 | 10,760 | 221 | 409 | 89 |
| July - September | 3,683 | 4,034 | 22,917 | 15,109 | 492 | 593 | 79 |
| April - June | 3,997 | 4,406 | 17,688 | 15,204 | 362 | 664 | 387 |
| January - March | 3,252 | 3,316 | 13,863 | 9,984 | 301 | 605 | 176 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,211 | 2,395 | 10,693 | 9,295 | 205 | 430 | 115 |
| July - September | 3,841 | 4,434 | 18,578 | 15,923 | 491 | 764 | 143 |
| April - June | 3,982 | 5,005 | 17,994 | 14,379 | 501 | 785 | 468 |
| January - March | 3,256 | 2,771 | 13,290 | 8,685 | 272 | 559 | 240 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,396 | 2,657 | 11,639 | 8,925 | 309 | 485 | 107 |
| July - September | 4,073 | 4,739 | 21,704 | 16,089 | 317 | 833 | 128 |
| April - June | 4,015 | 4,358 | 21,330 | 13,521 | 435 | 817 | 514 |
| January - March | 3,065 | 2,905 | 15,210 | 9,244 | 307 | 624 | 224 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,482 | 2,713 | 14,486 | 8,365 | 252 | 349 | 191 |
| July - September | 4,398 | 4,622 | 24,589 | 16,029 | 354 | 879 | 177 |

1. The numbers of interprovincial in-migrants are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-9
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Interprovincial out-migrants 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 105,691 | 3,548 | 1,086 | 5,696 | 4,012 | 12,853 | 26,255 |
| January - March | 81,561 | 3,139 | 908 | 4,514 | 3,361 | 7,019 | 20,196 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 70,551 | 2,198 | 815 | 3,511 | 3,070 | 6,805 | 17,891 |
| July - September | 125,673 | 3,298 | 1,236 | 7,068 | 5,321 | 13,286 | 30,880 |
| April - June | 77,629 | 3,118 | 900 | 4,117 | 3,290 | 9,637 | 19,256 |
| January - March | 60,920 | 3,272 | 736 | 3,781 | 2,674 | 5,726 | 14,329 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 62,974 | 2,195 | 581 | 4,070 | 2,435 | 6,471 | 17,417 |
| July - September | 103,539 | 3,888 | 1,117 | 7,072 | 5,243 | 10,728 | 27,836 |
| April - June | 77,633 | 3,280 | 846 | 4,681 | 3,548 | 9,200 | 19,753 |
| January - March | 66,297 | 3,621 | 822 | 4,142 | 3,062 | 5,978 | 16,181 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 53,020 | 2,481 | 527 | 3,356 | 2,267 | 5,526 | 14,356 |
| July - September | 88,918 | 3,255 | 904 | 5,908 | 4,796 | 8,671 | 22,959 |
| April - June | 89,175 | 3,778 | 888 | 4,806 | 3,963 | 9,956 | 21,426 |
| January - March | 60,810 | 3,355 | 567 | 4,256 | 2,462 | 4,856 | 14,033 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 53,280 | 1,823 | 410 | 3,047 | 2,211 | 5,439 | 14,212 |
| July - September | 82,279 | 2,967 | 811 | 5,972 | 4,042 | 7,445 | 20,993 |
| April - June | 78,153 | 3,298 | 840 | 4,637 | 3,206 | 8,666 | 18,199 |
| January - March | 56,219 | 2,686 | 449 | 3,457 | 2,350 | 4,774 | 13,344 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 44,648 | 1,819 | 420 | 2,433 | 1,873 | 3,776 | 11,255 |
| July - September | 82,360 | 2,621 | 717 | 5,332 | 4,021 | 7,333 | 21,323 |
| April - June | 82,033 | 3,420 | 924 | 4,576 | 3,509 | 8,172 | 18,944 |
| January - March | 54,000 | 2,442 | 492 | 3,198 | 2,322 | 4,599 | 12,099 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 47,994 | 1,764 | 416 | 2,720 | 1,980 | 3,862 | 11,651 |
| July - September | 90,872 | 3,255 | 689 | 5,682 | 4,265 | 9,468 | 20,905 |
| April - June | 86,463 | 3,925 | 1,002 | 4,753 | 3,308 | 9,174 | 20,853 |
| January - March | 58,756 | 3,262 | 499 | 3,866 | 2,662 | 5,120 | 11,658 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 50,973 | 1,726 | 403 | 2,922 | 2,290 | 4,494 | 11,302 |
| July - September | 94,298 | 3,223 | 673 | 5,688 | 4,668 | 10,050 | 20,916 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-9 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Interprovincial out-migrants 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 5,147 | 6,312 | 22,500 | 16,464 | 378 | 938 | 502 |
| January - March | 4,211 | 4,911 | 19,558 | 12,097 | 375 | 822 | 450 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,342 | 3,987 | 17,976 | 9,831 | 369 | 511 | 245 |
| July - September | 6,535 | 6,525 | 31,836 | 17,544 | 528 | 1,112 | 504 |
| April - June | 4,207 | 3,924 | 17,270 | 10,827 | 232 | 573 | 278 |
| January - March | 3,228 | 3,720 | 13,900 | 8,467 | 353 | 546 | 188 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,694 | 3,516 | 12,950 | 8,639 | 249 | 525 | 232 |
| July - September | 6,861 | 6,328 | 17,727 | 15,244 | 423 | 779 | 293 |
| April - June | 5,050 | 4,727 | 13,308 | 11,737 | 358 | 739 | 406 |
| January - March | 4,311 | 5,328 | 10,843 | 10,411 | 333 | 911 | 354 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,528 | 4,273 | 7,004 | 8,689 | 320 | 556 | 137 |
| July - September | 6,436 | 6,490 | 14,884 | 13,459 | 329 | 644 | 183 |
| April - June | 6,078 | 7,169 | 14,638 | 14,446 | 583 | 1,044 | 400 |
| January - March | 4,155 | 5,392 | 10,363 | 10,184 | 234 | 711 | 242 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,297 | 4,452 | 8,856 | 8,705 | 216 | 489 | 123 |
| July - September | 5,877 | 5,933 | 14,138 | 12,731 | 340 | 736 | 294 |
| April - June | 4,744 | 5,910 | 14,971 | 12,162 | 481 | 751 | 288 |
| January - March | 3,245 | 4,138 | 10,671 | 9,674 | 349 | 790 | 292 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,582 | 3,241 | 9,015 | 7,612 | 188 | 323 | 111 |
| July - September | 5,295 | 5,783 | 15,559 | 13,093 | 314 | 704 | 265 |
| April - June | 4,556 | 5,880 | 16,321 | 14,407 | 274 | 610 | 440 |
| January - March | 3,046 | 4,436 | 10,131 | 10,145 | 249 | 544 | 297 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,931 | 3,337 | 9,856 | 8,627 | 227 | 483 | 140 |
| July - September | 6,049 | 6,660 | 16,416 | 15,936 | 500 | 783 | 264 |
| April - June | 5,169 | 6,708 | 14,183 | 16,145 | 397 | 588 | 258 |
| January - March | 3,520 | 5,321 | 9,832 | 11,516 | 430 | 723 | 347 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,411 | 4,216 | 9,137 | 10,152 | 220 | 499 | 201 |
| July - September | 6,204 | 7,173 | 16,228 | 17,902 | 522 | 775 | 276 |

1. The numbers of interprovincial out-migrants are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-10
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Total growth 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 125,840 | 179 | 831 | 521 | 400 | 20,252 | 46,877 |
| January - March | 82,510 | -52 | 312 | 572 | 299 | 13,757 | 29,898 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 56,343 | 332 | 60 | 519 | 224 | 11,547 | 12,172 |
| July - September | 119,324 | 977 | 497 | 659 | 1,009 | 18,910 | 46,477 |
| April - June | 111,113 | -577 | 62 | 14 | 399 | 17,372 | 44,164 |
| January - March | 78,970 | -1,773 | 22 | -724 | 141 | 11,483 | 31,685 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 48,986 | -596 | -17 | -583 | -98 | 7,393 | 9,378 |
| July - September | 112,229 | -908 | 131 | -678 | -746 | 18,238 | 42,999 |
| April - June | 105,502 | -662 | 71 | 326 | -665 | 16,064 | 46,841 |
| January - March | 75,674 | -1,616 | -60 | -461 | -622 | 11,288 | 31,706 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 41,921 | -1,173 | -218 | -619 | -647 | 5,444 | 8,871 |
| July - September | 107,768 | -599 | 72 | 823 | -352 | 16,845 | 49,448 |
| April - June | 102,037 | -1,033 | 275 | -5 | -633 | 14,449 | 50,533 |
| January - March | 65,833 | -1,429 | 94 | -1,191 | -340 | 7,628 | 32,058 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 38,938 | -105 | -5 | -618 | -243 | 6,347 | 9,855 |
| July - September | 97,725 | -517 | 17 | 379 | -193 | 17,558 | 45,435 |
| April - June | 94,236 | -531 | 43 | 840 | 84 | 15,430 | 49,940 |
| January - March | 70,365 | -798 | 123 | -232 | 142 | 10,073 | 37,089 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 41,982 | -57 | 88 | 204 | -262 | 6,902 | 14,414 |
| July - September | 94,423 | 313 | 199 | 1,073 | 16 | 17,686 | 46,883 |
| April - June | 91,958 | -360 | 103 | 1,855 | 141 | 14,047 | 48,841 |
| January - March | 70,978 | -408 | 41 | 272 | 16 | 10,500 | 39,261 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 30,015 | -195 | -2 | -479 | -167 | 5,793 | 10,937 |
| July - September | 93,063 | -48 | 203 | 828 | 68 | 14,422 | 52,205 |
| April - June | 101,758 | -757 | -23 | 875 | 522 | 13,070 | 61,478 |
| January - March | 79,376 | -1,186 | 28 | 295 | 80 | 9,520 | 48,065 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 43,224 | -158 | -13 | 445 | -640 | 6,920 | 19,836 |
| July - September | 110,278 | -401 | 221 | 946 | -432 | 15,235 | 64,987 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-10 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Total growth 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 4,803 | 3,941 | 27,587 | 20,215 | 144 | -73 | 163 |
| January - March | 2,678 | 3,365 | 16,323 | 15,187 | 246 | -79 | 4 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 3,055 | 2,839 | 13,665 | 11,737 | 81 | 132 | -20 |
| July - September | 3,909 | 6,143 | 16,675 | 24,159 | 91 | -232 | 50 |
| April - June | 3,860 | 3,851 | 22,511 | 18,677 | 276 | 325 | 179 |
| January - March | 2,859 | 1,860 | 17,081 | 16,116 | -13 | 41 | 192 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,553 | 1,391 | 18,921 | 11,728 | -45 | -84 | 45 |
| July - September | 1,211 | 473 | 31,126 | 20,204 | 88 | 55 | 36 |
| April - June | 2,362 | 862 | 24,432 | 15,490 | 124 | 97 | 160 |
| January - March | 1,676 | -1,035 | 25,000 | 9,901 | 43 | -216 | 70 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 860 | -1,061 | 24,907 | 5,615 | -19 | -209 | 170 |
| July - September | 832 | -223 | 24,714 | 15,786 | 224 | 127 | 71 |
| April - June | 1,024 | -1,417 | 25,379 | 13,261 | 34 | -55 | 225 |
| January - March | 1,163 | -1,051 | 19,473 | 9,160 | 89 | 18 | 161 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,377 | -1,117 | 16,197 | 6,943 | 79 | 87 | 141 |
| July - September | 1,171 | -283 | 21,680 | 12,254 | 229 | 48 | -53 |
| April - June | 2,843 | 184 | 15,058 | 9,910 | 54 | 107 | 274 |
| January - March | 2,726 | 509 | 14,214 | 6,330 | 79 | 45 | 65 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,235 | 23 | 11,655 | 6,212 | 99 | 322 | 147 |
| July - September | 1,943 | 248 | 15,148 | 10,322 | 278 | 266 | 48 |
| April - June | 2,774 | 635 | 14,032 | 8,947 | 364 | 375 | 204 |
| January - March | 2,534 | -490 | 14,002 | 4,749 | 146 | 213 | 142 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,143 | -13 | 10,353 | 2,238 | 164 | 131 | 112 |
| July - September | 755 | -450 | 16,645 | 8,284 | -69 | 177 | 43 |
| April - June | 1,782 | -1,004 | 19,655 | 5,120 | 197 | 411 | 432 |
| January - March | 1,780 | -1,022 | 15,884 | 5,798 | -14 | 99 | 49 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 803 | -443 | 14,088 | 2,146 | 91 | -7 | 156 |
| July - September | 809 | -951 | 20,720 | 8,850 | -72 | 318 | 48 |

1. Numbers for total growth are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-11
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Natural increase 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New <br> Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 34,241 | 33 | 48 | -88 | 165 | 8,050 | 12,377 |
| January - March | 23,395 | -191 | -7 | -122 | -32 | 5,450 | 8,960 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 28,294 | -139 | 44 | -3 | 74 | 6,750 | 10,582 |
| July - September | 40,953 | 20 | 129 | 252 | 495 | 9,650 | 15,618 |
| April - June | 34,353 | 88 | 52 | -30 | 214 | 7,550 | 12,926 |
| January - March | 22,743 | -137 | -1 | -62 | 22 | 4,200 | 9,563 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 27,617 | -82 | 48 | 57 | 124 | 6,149 | 11,195 |
| July - September | 40,042 | 74 | 133 | 310 | 549 | 8,724 | 16,160 |
| April - June | 34,143 | 142 | 57 | 29 | 266 | 7,136 | 13,512 |
| January - March | 24,736 | -85 | 3 | 1 | 81 | 5,688 | 10,203 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 24,797 | 16 | 16 | 41 | 144 | 4,552 | 10,678 |
| July - September | 36,917 | 61 | 88 | 440 | 391 | 7,732 | 15,630 |
| April - June | 32,255 | 11 | 86 | 238 | 243 | 6,405 | 13,211 |
| January - March | 18,075 | -73 | 32 | -435 | -61 | 1,854 | 8,626 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 23,823 | 64 | 20 | 1 | 113 | 3,927 | 10,752 |
| July - September | 35,211 | 107 | 107 | 399 | 388 | 7,379 | 14,924 |
| April - June | 30,923 | 69 | 65 | 196 | 243 | 5,163 | 13,858 |
| January - March | 20,531 | -60 | -25 | -103 | -32 | 1,976 | 9,871 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 22,034 | 109 | 40 | -45 | 95 | 3,920 | 9,806 |
| July - September | 35,445 | 226 | 98 | 396 | 393 | 6,894 | 15,184 |
| April - June | 30,645 | 94 | 92 | 283 | 236 | 5,283 | 12,908 |
| January - March | 20,909 | -81 | 4 | -48 | 136 | 2,881 | 8,821 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 21,887 | 38 | 6 | 35 | 92 | 3,623 | 9,645 |
| July - September | 33,177 | 269 | 55 | 421 | 459 | 5,590 | 14,472 |
| April - June | 29,589 | 130 | 47 | 128 | 229 | 5,290 | 12,833 |
| January - March | 20,546 | 31 | -16 | 82 | 170 | 2,439 | 9,342 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 23,562 | 7 | 11 | 101 | 54 | 4,039 | 10,878 |
| July - September | 33,964 | 342 | 66 | 460 | 453 | 6,097 | 14,905 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-11 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Natural increase ${ }^{1}$

|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 1,416 | 1,077 | 7,418 | 3,368 | 48 | 155 | 174 |
| January - March | 939 | 732 | 5,426 | 1,921 | 47 | 117 | 155 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 863 | 446 | 6,511 | 2,886 | 40 | 104 | 136 |
| July - September | 1,572 | 1,128 | 7,712 | 4,034 | 30 | 128 | 185 |
| April - June | 1,406 | 1,034 | 7,200 | 3,540 | 50 | 154 | 169 |
| January - March | 936 | 697 | 5,257 | 1,952 | 50 | 117 | 149 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 863 | 419 | 6,294 | 2,271 | 45 | 104 | 130 |
| July - September | 1,567 | 1,094 | 7,404 | 3,688 | 34 | 128 | 177 |
| April - June | 1,409 | 1,019 | 6,923 | 3,278 | 53 | 154 | 165 |
| January - March | 952 | 702 | 5,068 | 1,804 | 54 | 119 | 146 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 948 | 611 | 5,332 | 2,165 | 30 | 109 | 155 |
| July - September | 1,327 | 969 | 6,310 | 3,634 | 39 | 154 | 142 |
| April - June | 1,252 | 965 | 6,336 | 3,150 | 46 | 172 | 140 |
| January - March | 761 | 572 | 4,839 | 1,643 | 41 | 129 | 147 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 758 | 620 | 4,887 | 2,335 | 55 | 132 | 159 |
| July - September | 1,245 | 930 | 6,217 | 3,171 | 48 | 135 | 161 |
| April - June | 985 | 885 | 5,964 | 3,160 | 55 | 128 | 152 |
| January - March | 920 | 704 | 5,035 | 1,900 | 41 | 150 | 154 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 786 | 416 | 4,767 | 1,860 | 49 | 99 | 132 |
| July - September | 1,396 | 986 | 6,093 | 3,423 | 71 | 132 | 153 |
| April - June | 1,037 | 962 | 5,785 | 3,627 | 45 | 130 | 163 |
| January - March | 854 | 667 | 5,057 | 2,267 | 37 | 138 | 176 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 748 | 389 | 4,697 | 2,330 | 49 | 103 | 132 |
| July - September | 1,274 | 896 | 5,813 | 3,616 | 46 | 104 | 162 |
| April - June | 1,087 | 822 | 5,382 | 3,302 | 41 | 135 | 163 |
| January - March | 930 | 748 | 4,565 | 1,933 | 56 | 124 | 142 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 743 | 747 | 4,331 | 2,348 | 45 | 110 | 148 |
| July - September | 1,266 | 1,029 | 5,387 | 3,650 | 52 | 118 | 139 |

1. Natural increase is final up to December 2006, updated from January 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-12
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net interprovincial migration 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New <br> Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 0 | 6 | 357 | -60 | -206 | -4,952 | -3,942 |
| January - March | 0 | -40 | -16 | 181 | -117 | -1,772 | -4,020 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0 | 489 | -156 | 304 | 22 | -2,105 | -4,047 |
| July - September | 0 | 844 | -143 | -542 | -24 | -3,570 | -4,513 |
| April - June | 0 | -791 | -216 | -449 | -120 | -4,665 | -3,451 |
| January - March | 0 | -1,671 | -155 | -1,082 | -305 | -2,503 | -2,185 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0 | -558 | -159 | -929 | -373 | -2,429 | -5,957 |
| July - September | 0 | -1,047 | -319 | -1,666 | -1,834 | -3,268 | -8,454 |
| April - June | 0 | -946 | -140 | -457 | -1,085 | -4,000 | -3,474 |
| January - March | 0 | -1,647 | -134 | -1,019 | -785 | -2,131 | -4,056 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0 | -995 | -251 | -820 | -677 | -1,873 | -5,248 |
| July - September | 0 | -754 | -114 | -728 | -940 | -1,407 | -4,723 |
| April - June | 0 | -1,356 | 91 | -623 | -767 | -3,048 | -1,794 |
| January - March | 0 | -1,575 | 22 | -1,072 | -313 | -828 | -1,748 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0 | -108 | -94 | -518 | -255 | -627 | -3,628 |
| July - September | 0 | -671 | -158 | -828 | -739 | -460 | -4,002 |
| April - June | 0 | -927 | -65 | -67 | -60 | -1,588 | -694 |
| January - March | 0 | -778 | 93 | -625 | 174 | -297 | -905 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0 | -252 | 83 | 105 | -281 | 85 | -2,012 |
| July - September | 0 | -70 | 33 | -185 | -593 | 978 | -3,324 |
| April - June | 0 | -601 | -6 | 999 | -31 | -936 | -51 |
| January - March | 0 | -331 | 29 | 34 | -94 | -348 | 485 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0 | -177 | 10 | -329 | -83 | 696 | -1,034 |
| July - September | 0 | -574 | 132 | -194 | -635 | -1,241 | 1,237 |
| April - June | 0 | -1,132 | -95 | 55 | 430 | -1,505 | 705 |
| January - March | 0 | -1,349 | 39 | -516 | -149 | -1,045 | 3,130 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 0 | -218 | -10 | -10 | -471 | -168 | -125 |
| July - September | 0 | -653 | 128 | -427 | -1,028 | -1,632 | 1,644 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-12 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net interprovincial migration ${ }^{1}$

|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | -360 | 1,107 | 6,730 | 1,669 | 5 | -334 | -20 |
| January - March | -34 | 1,439 | 2,761 | 1,844 | 114 | -207 | -133 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 192 | 1,782 | 864 | 2,599 | 68 | 87 | -99 |
| July - September | -301 | 3,739 | -345 | 5,346 | 34 | -351 | -174 |
| April - June | -1,268 | 1,691 | 4,677 | 4,337 | 154 | 94 | 7 |
| January - March | -378 | 427 | 4,725 | 3,238 | -76 | -75 | 40 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -1,035 | 529 | 7,678 | 3,511 | -41 | -165 | -72 |
| July - September | -2,819 | -1,098 | 16,729 | 3,919 | 64 | -75 | -132 |
| April - June | -1,900 | -832 | 9,512 | 3,486 | -31 | -119 | -14 |
| January - March | -1,523 | -2,330 | 12,320 | 1,883 | -92 | -393 | -93 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -1,734 | -2,020 | 13,820 | 259 | -92 | -355 | -14 |
| July - September | -2,724 | -1,901 | 10,143 | 3,172 | 142 | -87 | -79 |
| April - June | -2,887 | -3,207 | 11,165 | 2,726 | -105 | -267 | 72 |
| January - March | -1,257 | -2,393 | 8,290 | 1,055 | 1 | -178 | -4 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -889 | -2,016 | 6,189 | 2,055 | 5 | -80 | -34 |
| July - September | -2,194 | -1,899 | 8,779 | 2,378 | 152 | -143 | -215 |
| April - June | -747 | -1,504 | 2,717 | 3,042 | -119 | -87 | 99 |
| January - March | 7 | -822 | 3,192 | 310 | -48 | -185 | -116 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -371 | -846 | 1,678 | 1,683 | 17 | 107 | 4 |
| July - September | -1,454 | -1,349 | 3,019 | 2,830 | 177 | 60 | -122 |
| April - June | -574 | -875 | 1,673 | -28 | 227 | 175 | 28 |
| January - March | 210 | -1,665 | 3,159 | -1,460 | 23 | 15 | -57 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -535 | -680 | 1,783 | 298 | 82 | 2 | -33 |
| July - September | -1,976 | -1,921 | 5,288 | 153 | -183 | 50 | -136 |
| April - June | -1,154 | -2,350 | 7,147 | -2,624 | 38 | 229 | 256 |
| January - March | -455 | -2,416 | 5,378 | -2,272 | -123 | -99 | -123 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -929 | -1,503 | 5,349 | -1,787 | 32 | -150 | -10 |
| July - September | -1,806 | -2,551 | 8,361 | -1,873 | -168 | 104 | -99 |

1. Net interprovincial migration numbers are final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-13
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net international migration 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 91,599 | 140 | 426 | 669 | 441 | 17,154 | 38,442 |
| January - March | 59,115 | 179 | 335 | 513 | 448 | 10,079 | 24,958 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 28,049 | -18 | 172 | 218 | 128 | 6,902 | 5,637 |
| July - September | 78,371 | 113 | 511 | 949 | 538 | 12,830 | 35,372 |
| April - June | 76,760 | 126 | 226 | 493 | 305 | 14,487 | 34,689 |
| January - March | 56,227 | 35 | 178 | 420 | 424 | 9,786 | 24,307 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 21,369 | 44 | 94 | 289 | 151 | 3,673 | 4,140 |
| July - September | 72,187 | 65 | 317 | 678 | 539 | 12,782 | 35,293 |
| April - June | 73,956 | 114 | 156 | 686 | 238 | 13,571 | 38,039 |
| January - March | 56,126 | 60 | 74 | 420 | 250 | 9,016 | 28,030 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 22,429 | -251 | 21 | 20 | 57 | 4,078 | 5,968 |
| July - September | 76,155 | 36 | 102 | 971 | 368 | 11,834 | 41,067 |
| April - June | 75,030 | 256 | 102 | 242 | 61 | 12,391 | 41,615 |
| January - March | 52,949 | 163 | 43 | 179 | 202 | 7,888 | 27,652 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 20,419 | -118 | 73 | -241 | 70 | 4,360 | 5,257 |
| July - September | 67,818 | -11 | 72 | 668 | 329 | 11,953 | 37,040 |
| April - June | 68,562 | 271 | 46 | 573 | 71 | 13,154 | 39,275 |
| January - March | 55,079 | -17 | 59 | 357 | 169 | 9,694 | 30,622 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 25,255 | 29 | -31 | 4 | 96 | 4,210 | 9,147 |
| July - September | 64,282 | 100 | 72 | 722 | 387 | 11,128 | 37,549 |
| April - June | 66,562 | 90 | 20 | 435 | 106 | 11,000 | 38,483 |
| January - March | 55,259 | -52 | 12 | 149 | 142 | 9,252 | 32,427 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 13,431 | -113 | -14 | -325 | -5 | 2,787 | 4,852 |
| July - September | 65,191 | 199 | 19 | 461 | 415 | 11,387 | 39,023 |
| April - June | 77,419 | 189 | 29 | 554 | 33 | 10,584 | 50,439 |
| January - March | 64,020 | 76 | 9 | 592 | 227 | 9,412 | 38,064 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 24,967 | -4 | -11 | 214 | -52 | 4,362 | 11,610 |
| July - September | 81,618 | -148 | 31 | 773 | 314 | 12,084 | 50,964 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-13 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net international migration 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 3,747 | 1,757 | 13,439 | 15,178 | 91 | 106 | 9 |
| January - March | 1,773 | 1,194 | 8,136 | 11,422 | 85 | 11 | -18 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,000 | 611 | 6,290 | 6,252 | -27 | -59 | -57 |
| July - September | 2,638 | 1,276 | 9,308 | 14,779 | 27 | -9 | 39 |
| April - June | 3,722 | 1,126 | 10,634 | 10,800 | 72 | 77 | 3 |
| January - March | 2,301 | 736 | 7,099 | 10,926 | 13 | -1 | 3 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,725 | 443 | 4,949 | 5,946 | -49 | -23 | -13 |
| July - September | 2,463 | 477 | 6,993 | 12,597 | -10 | 2 | -9 |
| April - June | 2,720 | 600 | 6,820 | 10,895 | 78 | 40 | -1 |
| January - March | 1,981 | 442 | 5,257 | 10,552 | 33 | 15 | -4 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,375 | 194 | 3,348 | 7,625 | -7 | -7 | 8 |
| July - September | 1,957 | 555 | 5,854 | 13,414 | -6 | 16 | -13 |
| April - June | 2,390 | 672 | 5,497 | 11,771 | 44 | -3 | -8 |
| January - March | 1,393 | 619 | 3,989 | 10,800 | -1 | 24 | -2 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,237 | 125 | 2,714 | 6,987 | -30 | -10 | -5 |
| July - September | 1,848 | 532 | 4,277 | 11,139 | -21 | 12 | -20 |
| April - June | 2,336 | 651 | 3,996 | 8,094 | 70 | 23 | 2 |
| January - March | 1,530 | 474 | 3,606 | 8,506 | 37 | 36 | 6 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,549 | 299 | 2,803 | 7,103 | -16 | 72 | -10 |
| July - September | 1,729 | 457 | 3,629 | 8,503 | -20 | 30 | -4 |
| April - June | 2,042 | 395 | 4,193 | 9,734 | 44 | 27 | -7 |
| January - March | 1,204 | 358 | 3,432 | 8,280 | 37 | 16 | 2 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 659 | 123 | 1,465 | 4,044 | -16 | -18 | -8 |
| July - September | 1,185 | 421 | 3,137 | 8,950 | 19 | -21 | -4 |
| April - June | 1,580 | 372 | 4,746 | 8,828 | 69 | 4 | -8 |
| January - March | 1,039 | 495 | 3,586 | 10,474 | 5 | 31 | 10 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 718 | 159 | 2,001 | 6,020 | -36 | -11 | -3 |
| July - September | 1,077 | 417 | 4,565 | 11,507 | -5 | 52 | -13 |

1. Net international migration numbers are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-14
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Total net migration 1

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New <br> Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 91,599 | 146 | 783 | 609 | 235 | 12,202 | 34,500 |
| January - March | 59,115 | 139 | 319 | 694 | 331 | 8,307 | 20,938 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 28,049 | 471 | 16 | 522 | 150 | 4,797 | 1,590 |
| July - September | 78,371 | 957 | 368 | 407 | 514 | 9,260 | 30,859 |
| April - June | 76,760 | -665 | 10 | 44 | 185 | 9,822 | 31,238 |
| January - March | 56,227 | -1,636 | 23 | -662 | 119 | 7,283 | 22,122 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 21,369 | -514 | -65 | -640 | -222 | 1,244 | -1,817 |
| July - September | 72,187 | -982 | -2 | -988 | -1,295 | 9,514 | 26,839 |
| April - June | 73,956 | -832 | 16 | 229 | -847 | 9,571 | 34,565 |
| January - March | 56,126 | -1,587 | -60 | -599 | -535 | 6,885 | 23,974 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 22,429 | -1,246 | -230 | -800 | -620 | 2,205 | 720 |
| July - September | 76,155 | -718 | -12 | 243 | -572 | 10,427 | 36,344 |
| April - June | 75,030 | -1,100 | 193 | -381 | -706 | 9,343 | 39,821 |
| January - March | 52,949 | -1,412 | 65 | -893 | -111 | 7,060 | 25,904 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 20,419 | -226 | -21 | -759 | -185 | 3,733 | 1,629 |
| July - September | 67,818 | -682 | -86 | -160 | -410 | 11,493 | 33,038 |
| April - June | 68,562 | -656 | -19 | 506 | 11 | 11,566 | 38,581 |
| January - March | 55,079 | -795 | 152 | -268 | 343 | 9,397 | 29,717 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 25,255 | -223 | 52 | 109 | -185 | 4,295 | 7,135 |
| July - September | 64,282 | 30 | 105 | 537 | -206 | 12,106 | 34,225 |
| April - June | 66,562 | -511 | 14 | 1,434 | 75 | 10,064 | 38,432 |
| January - March | 55,259 | -383 | 41 | 183 | 48 | 8,904 | 32,912 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 13,431 | -290 | -4 | -654 | -88 | 3,483 | 3,818 |
| July - September | 65,191 | -375 | 151 | 267 | -220 | 10,146 | 40,260 |
| April - June | 77,419 | -943 | -66 | 609 | 463 | 9,079 | 51,144 |
| January - March | 64,020 | -1,273 | 48 | 76 | 78 | 8,367 | 41,194 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 24,967 | -222 | -21 | 204 | -523 | 4,194 | 11,485 |
| July - September | 81,618 | -801 | 159 | 346 | -714 | 10,452 | 52,608 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-14 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Total net migration 1

|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 3,387 | 2,864 | 20,169 | 16,847 | 96 | -228 | -11 |
| January - March | 1,739 | 2,633 | 10,897 | 13,266 | 199 | -196 | -151 |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 2,192 | 2,393 | 7,154 | 8,851 | 41 | 28 | -156 |
| July - September | 2,337 | 5,015 | 8,963 | 20,125 | 61 | -360 | -135 |
| April - June | 2,454 | 2,817 | 15,311 | 15,137 | 226 | 171 | 10 |
| January - March | 1,923 | 1,163 | 11,824 | 14,164 | -63 | -76 | 43 |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 690 | 972 | 12,627 | 9,457 | -90 | -188 | -85 |
| July - September | -356 | -621 | 23,722 | 16,516 | 54 | -73 | -141 |
| April - June | 820 | -232 | 16,332 | 14,381 | 47 | -79 | -15 |
| January - March | 458 | -1,888 | 17,577 | 12,435 | -59 | -378 | -97 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -359 | -1,826 | 17,168 | 7,884 | -99 | -362 | -6 |
| July - September | -767 | -1,346 | 15,997 | 16,586 | 136 | -71 | -92 |
| April - June | -497 | -2,535 | 16,662 | 14,497 | -61 | -270 | 64 |
| January - March | 136 | -1,774 | 12,279 | 11,855 | 0 | -154 | -6 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 348 | -1,891 | 8,903 | 9,042 | -25 | -90 | -39 |
| July - September | -346 | -1,367 | 13,056 | 13,517 | 131 | -131 | -235 |
| April - June | 1,589 | -853 | 6,713 | 11,136 | -49 | -64 | 101 |
| January - March | 1,537 | -348 | 6,798 | 8,816 | -11 | -149 | -110 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 1,178 | -547 | 4,481 | 8,786 | 1 | 179 | -6 |
| July - September | 275 | -892 | 6,648 | 11,333 | 157 | 90 | -126 |
| April - June | 1,468 | -480 | 5,866 | 9,706 | 271 | 202 | 21 |
| January - March | 1,414 | -1,307 | 6,591 | 6,820 | 60 | 31 | -55 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 124 | -557 | 3,248 | 4,342 | 66 | -16 | -41 |
| July - September | -791 | -1,500 | 8,425 | 9,103 | -164 | 29 | -140 |
| April - June | 426 | -1,978 | 11,893 | 6,204 | 107 | 233 | 248 |
| January - March | 584 | -1,921 | 8,964 | 8,202 | -118 | -68 | -113 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | -211 | -1,344 | 7,350 | 4,233 | -4 | -161 | -13 |
| July - September | -729 | -2,134 | 12,926 | 9,634 | -173 | 156 | -112 |

1. Total net migration numbers are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.

Table 4-15
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Residual deviation

|  | Canada | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New <br> Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| January - March | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | .. | .. | .. | .. |  |  |  |
| July - September | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |  |
| April - June | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| January - March | .. | .. | .. | . | . | . | .. |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| July - September |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April - June | 2,597 | -28 | 2 | -68 | 84 | 643 | 1,236 |
| January - March | 5,188 | -56 | 3 | -137 | 168 | 1,285 | 2,471 |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 5,305 | -57 | 4 | -140 | 171 | 1,313 | 2,527 |
| July - September | 5,304 | -58 | 4 | -140 | 171 | 1,314 | 2,526 |
| April - June | 5,248 | -56 | 4 | -138 | 170 | 1,299 | 2,499 |
| January - March | 5,191 | -56 | 3 | -137 | 168 | 1,286 | 2,472 |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 5,304 | -57 | 4 | -140 | 171 | 1,313 | 2,526 |
| July - September | 5,304 | -58 | 4 | -140 | 171 | 1,314 | 2,527 |
| April - June | 5,249 | -56 | 3 | -138 | 170 | 1,299 | 2,499 |
| January - March | 5,245 | -57 | 4 | -139 | 169 | 1,300 | 2,499 |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 5,307 | -57 | 4 | -140 | 172 | 1,313 | 2,527 |
| July - September | 5,304 | -57 | 4 | -140 | 171 | 1,314 | 2,526 |
| April - June | 5,249 | -57 | 3 | -138 | 170 | 1,300 | 2,499 |
| January - March | 5,190 | -56 | 4 | -137 | 168 | 1,285 | 2,472 |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 5,303 | -57 | 4 | -140 | 171 | 1,313 | 2,526 |
| July - September | 5,305 | -58 | 3 | -140 | 171 | 1,314 | 2,527 |
| April - June | 5,250 | -56 | 4 | -138 | 170 | 1,299 | 2,499 |
| January - March | 5,190 | -56 | 4 | -137 | 168 | 1,286 | 2,471 |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October - December | 5,305 | -57 | 3 | -140 | 171 | 1,313 | 2,527 |
| July - September | 5,304 | -58 | 4 | -140 | 171 | 1,314 | 2,526 |

See footnotes at the end of the table.

Table 4-15 - continued
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Residual deviation

|  | Manitoba | Saskat- <br> chewan | Alberta | British <br> Columbia | Nukon <br> Territory | Northwest <br> Territories |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Residual deviation numbers are final intercensal up to May 2006.

Table 5
Quarterly estimates of interprovincial migrants by province or territory of origin and destination, Canada, April to June 2008 p

| Origin | Destination |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Newfoundland and Labrador | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New <br> Brunswick | Quebec | Ontario | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta | British Columbia | Yukon Territory | Northwest Territories | Nunavut |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | ... | 59 | 521 | 83 | 99 | 796 | 63 | 0 | 1,699 | 183 | 7 | 6 | 32 |
| Prince Edward Island | 28 |  | 191 | 119 | 139 | 240 | 0 | 23 | 213 | 109 | 24 | 0 | 0 |
| Nova Scotia | 520 | 229 | ... | 795 | 376 | 1,733 | 83 | 95 | 1,248 | 520 | 22 | 27 | 48 |
| New Brunswick | 104 | 155 | 801 | ... | 414 | 1,128 | 81 | 52 | 960 | 204 | 17 | 54 | 42 |
| Quebec | 83 | 225 | 375 | 685 |  | 6,531 | 352 | 343 | 3,030 | 1,149 | 21 | 53 | 6 |
| Ontario | 1,219 | 319 | 1,624 | 998 | 4,785 | ... | 1,501 | 1,088 | 8,889 | 5,550 | 63 | 98 | 121 |
| Manitoba | 80 | 4 | 60 | 87 | 118 | 1,238 | , | 658 | 1,776 | 1,074 | 5 | 39 | 8 |
| Saskatchewan | 80 | 0 | 66 | 48 | 236 | 628 | 712 | ... | 3,391 | 1,110 | 0 | 28 | 13 |
| Alberta | 1,079 | 249 | 1,221 | 751 | 866 | 5,034 | 1,299 | 3,930 | ... | 7,776 | 60 | 164 | 71 |
| British Columbia | 205 | 139 | 690 | 185 | 812 | 4,801 | 649 | 1,130 | 7,620 | 7,776 | 138 | 65 | 30 |
| Yukon Territory | 0 | 12 | 0 | 35 | 17 | 18 | 5 | 0 | 10 | 271 | ... | 10 | 0 |
| Northwest Territories | 47 | 32 | 74 | 8 | 24 | 93 | 9 | 78 | 280 | 161 | 21 |  | 111 |
| Nunavut | 109 | 20 | 13 | 12 | 15 | 73 | 33 | 22 | 114 | 26 | 5 | 60 | ... |
| In-migrants | 3,554 | 1,443 | 5,636 | 3,806 | 7,901 | 22,313 | 4,787 | 7,419 | 29,230 | 18,133 | 383 | 604 | 482 |
| Out-migrants | 3,548 | 1,086 | 5,696 | 4,012 | 12,853 | 26,255 | 5,147 | 6,312 | 22,500 | 16,464 | 378 | 938 | 502 |
| Net | 6 | 357 | -60 | -206 | -4,952 | -3,942 | -360 | 1,107 | 6,730 | 1,669 | 5 | -334 | -20 |
| Total number of migrants: 105,691 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^1]Note(s): Preliminary estimates based on data from the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) Program and $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{jk}}$ factors calculated using 2004-2005, 2005-2006 and 2006-2007 tax file data from Canada Revenue Agency.

## Methodology

This document describes the concepts, data sources and methodology used to produce the population estimates. Population estimates are produced to measure the population counts according to various characteristics and geographies between two censuses. Population estimates are the official figures used for the count of the population at the national, provincial and territorial levels.

## Estimates of the total population

## Types of estimates

Population estimates can be either intercensal or postcensal. Intercensal estimates are produced using counts from two consecutive censuses adjusted for census net undercoverage (CNU) ${ }^{1}$ (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) and postcensal estimates. The production of intercensal estimates involves updating the postcensal estimates using the counts from a new census adjusted for CNU1.

Postcensal estimates are produced using data from the most recent census adjusted for CNU1 ${ }^{1}$ and the components of population growth. In terms of timeliness, postcensal estimates are more up-to-date than data from the most recent census adjusted for $\mathrm{CNU}^{1}$, but as they get farther from the date of that census, they become more variable.

## Levels of estimates

Updating population estimates between censuses entails the use of data from administrative files or surveys. The quality of population estimates therefore depends on the availability of a number of administrative data files that are provided to Statistics Canada by Canadian and foreign government departments. Since some components are not available until several months after the reference date, three kinds of postcensal estimates are produced: preliminary postcensal (PP), updated postcensal (PR) and final postcensal (PD). The time lag between the reference date and the release date is three to four months for preliminary estimates and two to three years for final estimates. Though it requires more vigilance on the part of users, the production of three successive series of postcensal estimates is the strategy that best satisfies the need for both timeliness and accuracy of the estimates. All tables indicate the level of the estimates they contain.

## Calculation of population estimates

Population estimates - preliminary, updated and final - are produced by the component method. This method consists in taking the population figures from the most recent census, adjusted for census net undercoverage (CNU1) (census undercoverage minus census overcoverage), and adding or subtracting the number of births, deaths, and components of international and inteprovincial migration.

## A. Provincial/territorial estimates of total population

Population estimates are produced for the provinces and territories first; then they are summed to obtain an estimate of the population of Canada.

[^2]The component-method formula for estimating total provincial/territorial populations is as follows:

| $\mathrm{P}_{(t+i)}$ wh | $=P_{(t)}+B_{(t, t+1)}-D_{(t, t+1)}+I_{(t, t+1)}-\left[E_{(t, t+1)}+\Delta T E_{(t, t+i)}\right]+R E_{(t, t+1)}+\Delta N P R_{(t, t+i)}+\Delta N_{(t, t+1)}-\operatorname{Resid}_{(t, t+i)}$ <br> ere, for each province and territory: |
| :---: | :---: |
| ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{t}+\mathrm{i}$ ) | $=$ interval between times t and $\mathrm{t}+\mathrm{i}$; |
| $\mathrm{P}_{(\text {(ti) }}$ | $=$ estimate of the population at time t+i; |
| $\mathrm{P}_{(t)}$ | $=$ base population at time t (census adjusted for ( $\mathrm{CNU}^{1}$ ), or most recent estimate); |
| B | $=$ number of births; |
| D | $=$ number of deaths; |
| I | $=$ number of immigrants; |
| E | $=$ number of emigrants; |
| $\triangle \mathrm{TE}$ | $=$ net temporary emigration; |
| RE | $=$ number of returning emigrants; |
| $\Delta \mathrm{NPR}$ | $=$ net non-permanent residents; |
| $\Delta \mathrm{N}$ | $=$ net interprovincial migration; |
| Resid | residual deviation (for intercensal estimates). |

## B. Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary ${ }^{2}$ and final postcensal population estimates lies in the timeliness of the components. When all the components are preliminary, the estimate is described as preliminary postcensal (PP). When they are all final, the estimate is referred to as final postcensal (PD). Any other combination of levels is referred to as updated postcensal (PR).

Population estimates are final intercensal up to April 2006, final postcensal for July 2006, updated postcensal from October 2006 to April 2008, and preliminary postcensal from July 2008 on.

## Base population and components of population growth

## A. Base population

The base populations are derived from the quinquennial censuses between 1971 and 2006. The population universe of the $2006^{3}$ Census includes the following groups:

- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants with a usual place of residence in Canada;
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants who are abroad, either on a military base or attached to a diplomatic mission;
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants at sea or in port aboard merchant vessels under Canadian registry;
- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who are claiming refugee status and members of their families living with them;
- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Study Permits and members of their families living with them;

[^3]- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Work Permits and members of their families living with them;

For census purposes, the last four groups in this list are referred to as non-permanent residents (NPR).
Foreign residents have not been enumerated since 1991. Foreign residents are persons who belong to the following groups:

- Government representatives of another country attached to the embassy, high commission or other diplomatic body of that country in Canada, and members of their families living with them;
- members of the Armed Forces of another country who are stationed in Canada, and members of their families living with them;
- residents of another country visiting Canada temporarily (for example, a foreign visitor on vacation or on business, with or without a visitor's permit).

These populations are adjusted as follows:

- adjustment of the population for census net undercoverage (CNU);
- addition of independent estimates for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves in 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006;
- adjustment for early enumeration in 1991 and 1996 in parts of northern Quebec, Newfoundland and Labrador, the Yukon Territory and the Northwest Territories;
- addition of estimates of NPRs in 1971, 1976, 1981 and 1986. Since 1991, NPRs included in the census universe;
- estimation of the July 1 base population by addition or subtraction of the components of growth between Census Day and June 30. At the subprovincial level, the estimate of the July 1 base population is obtained by applying the subprovincial age-sex distribution of the adjusted census to the provincial / territorial population estimate.


## Adjustment for census net undercoverage (CNU)

The adjustment for CNU is important. CNU is the difference between the number of persons who should have been enumerated but were missed (undercoverage) and the number of persons who were enumerated but should not have been or who were counted more than once (overcoverage).

Coverage studies provide undercoverage estimates for the 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006 Censuses at the provincial and territorial levels, and for the 1971, 1976, 1981 and 1986 Censuses at the provincial level only. Estimates of overcoverage at the provincial and territorial levels are available only for the last four censuses (1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006). Overcoverage for previous censuses was estimated by assuming that the overcoverage-to-undercoverage ratio for each census between 1971 and 1986 was the same as in 1991. The CNU for the Yukon Territory and the Northwest Territories prior to 1991 was estimated by assuming that the ratio between the CNU for each territory and the 10 provinces for each census between 1971 and 1986 was the same as in 1991.

For consistency, 1991 Census undercoverage and overcoverage were revised in 1998 to take into account the methodological improvements made in the 1996 Census coverage studies. This revision altered the CNU in all censuses between 1971 and 1986. Similarly, 1996 Census undercoverage and overcoverage were revised in 2003.

## B. Births and deaths

Numbers of births and deaths are derived directly from the vital statistics database of Statistics Canada's Health Statistics Division. Although Statistics Canada manages the National system of vital statistics, the central vital statistics registries of the provinces and territories are responsible for collecting and processing the information from those administrative files. Under provincial/territorial vital statistics statutes (or similar legislation), all live births and all deaths must be registered, and all provinces and territories provide the information to Statistics Canada.

The vital statistics universe closely parallels the census universe. Both universes include births and deaths of all Canadians, immigrants and non-permanent residents (NPR) and exclude foreign residents.
Vital statistics by province or territory of residence are used to produce our final estimates of births and deaths.
When there are no vital statistics, the number of births is estimated using fertility rates by mother's age. The number of deaths is estimated using mortality rates by age and sex. These methods are used to calculate preliminary ${ }^{2}$ estimates.

## Special treatment for preliminary estimates for Quebec and British Columbia

Quebec and British Columbia provide their most recent estimates of births and deaths. The figures are used to produce preliminary ${ }^{2}$ estimates. For the final estimates, the two provinces' births and deaths are derived from the vital statistics compiled by Health Statistics Division.

## Levels of estimates

For information on the differences between preliminary ${ }^{2}$ and final estimates, see sections $\mathbf{B}$. Births and deaths, above.

Estimates of births and deaths are final up to December 2006, updated from January 2007 to March 2008, and preliminary from April 2008 on.

## C. Immigration

Like the numbers of births and deaths, Canadian immigration statistics must be kept by law. In Canada, immigration is regulated by the Immigration and Refugee Protection Act (IRPA) of 2002. This statute superseded the Immigration Act, which was passed in 1976 and amended more than 30 times in the years thereafter. Citizenship and ImmigrationCanada (CIC) collects and processes immigrants' administrative files. It then provides Statistics Canada with information from Field Operational Support System (FOSS) files. The information is used to estimate the number and characteristics of people granted permanent resident status by the federal government on a given date. For Demography Division, the terms immigrant and permanent resident are equivalent.

An immigrant is a person who is not a Canadian citizen by birth, but has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by Canadian immigration authorities. The number of immigrants does not include persons born abroad to Canadian parents who are only temporarily outside the country.

Immigrants are usually counted on or after the date on which they are granted permanent resident status or the right to live in Canada.

## Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary ${ }^{2}$ and final postcensal estimates lies in the timeliness of the source used to estimate this component. Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, new calculations are carried out each year to update the immigration estimates. Immigration estimates are preliminary the first year and updated the following year. They become final two years after the reference year.

The numbers of immigrants are final up to December 2006, updated from January 2007 to March 2008, and preliminary from April 2008 on.

## D. Net non-permanent residents

Like the numbers of births and deaths, Canadian immigration statistics must be kept by law. In Canada, the non-permanent residents (NPR) are regulated by the Immigration and Refugee Protection Act (IRPA) of 2002. This statute superseded the Immigration Act, which was passed in 1976 and amended more than 30 times in the years thereafter. Citizenship and ImmigrationCanada (CIC) collects and processes the administrative files of immigrants and NPRs in Canada. It then provides Statistics Canada with information from Field Operational Support System (FOSS) files. The information is used to estimate the number and characteristics of people granted or permanent resident status by the federal government.

Non-permanent residents (NPR) are persons who are lawfully in Canada on a temporary basis under the authority of a temporary resident permit, along with members of their family living with them. Non-permanent residents (NPR) include foreign workers, foreign students, the humanitarian population and other temporary residents. The humanitarian population includes refugee claimants and temporary residents who are allowed to remain in Canada on humanitarian grounds and are not categorized as either foreign workers or foreign students. For Demography Division, the terms non-permanent resident and temporary resident are equivalent.

Estimates of the number of NPR are based on population estimates. The number of people in CIC's system is estimated on a specific date in each year of observation. First, the end-of-period population is estimated, and then the start-of-period population is subtracted from that estimate. That yields the net number of NPR.

Anyone who received non-permanent resident status prior to the observation date is counted. For refugee claimants, the date of their application is used. Permit holders and refugee claimants are excluded from the population if their permit has expired, if they receive permanent resident status, or if they are deported. In addition, refugee claimants are excluded if their file has been inactive for two years.

Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, the figures are recalculated for each new release period to update the estimates of the net number of NPRs in Canada. Non-permanent residents (NPR) estimates are preliminary the first year and updated the following year. They are finalized two to three years after the reference year, when all other components are also final.

## Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary ${ }^{2}$ and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the source used to estimate this component. Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, the figures are recalculated for each new release period to update the estimates of the net number of NPRs. Non-permanent residents (NPR) estimates are preliminary the first year and updated the following year. They become final two to three years after the reference year.

Estimates of the net number of NPR are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008, and preliminary from April 2008 on.

## E. Emigration

The number of emigrants is estimated using data from the Office of Immigration Statistics, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, data collected by the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) program, and data from the T1 Family File (T1FF) ${ }^{4}$. The first source is used to estimate emigration to the United States. CCTB data are used to estimate emigration to other countries. The estimates of the number of child emigrants have to be adjusted because the CCTB is not universal and does not provide direct information on the number of adult emigrants. As a result, four adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- incomplete coverage due to a delay in the receipt and processing of the files of children eligible for the CCTB. Since it seems to take four years after the reference period for CCTB administrative files to become complete, the adjustment is made if the estimates are finalized after two years. The factor is derived from the two-year ratios of emigrant children based on two versions of the CCTB files;
- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not eligible. This factor is obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB files;
- the differential propensity to emigrate between children who are eligible for the CCTB and children who are not. This factor is obtained by comparing the emigration rates of CCTB-eligible children with the rates for all children (aged 0-17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last three available years of T1FF4;

[^4]- the differential propensity to emigrate between adults and children. This factor generates the emigration rate for the population aged 18 and over. It is obtained by (1) calculating the average ratio over three years of the adult and child emigration rates based on T1FF4 data, (2) calculating the average ratio over three years of the adult and child emigration rates based on data from the Office of Immigration Statistics, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, and (3) taking the average of the two rates. This factor is calculated for Canada only.

The adult emigration rate is applied to the adult population to generate the number of adult emigrants, which is then added to the number of child emigrants to produce the number of emigrants for the entire population.
Emigration is disaggregated by province and territory based on the number of child emigrants adjusted for coverage and differential emigration.

## Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary ${ }^{2}$ and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the sources used to estimate this component. The same estimation method is used.

The numbers of emigrants are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008, and preliminary from April 2008 on.

## F. Net temporary emigration

Some people leave Canada to live temporarily in another country; others who were temporarily outside Canada return. The net result of those departures and returns is the component known as "net temporary emigration". Estimates of the number of departures are derived from the Reverse Record Check (RRC), the most important census coverage study. The RRC provides an estimate of the number of people who left Canada temporarily during an intercensal period and are still out of the country at the end of the period. Estimates of the number of returns are based on two sources: the Census and Demography Division's estimates of returning emigrants. The census provides the number of people who were outside Canada at the time of the previous census and returned during the intercensal period. That number includes all returning emigrants. Then Demography Division's estimate of the returning emigrants' component is subtracted to produce the number of returning temporary emigrants. The estimated numbers of departures (RRC) and returns (Census and Demography Division) yield an estimate of net temporary emigration.
That estimate is for the whole intercensal period; it is disaggregated into estimates for each of the five years in the period and then into monthly estimates using a seasonal adjustment that is an average between zero seasonality and the seasonality of emigration.

Net temporary emigration is calculated first for the national level. It is then disaggregated by province or group of provinces based on the RRC estimates of temporary emigration. For the Atlantic provinces and the territories, the estimate for the group is disaggregated on the basis of each province/territory's proportion of the group's total population.

Net temporary emigration can be estimated only for the intercensal period preceding the most recent census. Net temporary emigration in the current period is assumed to be the same as in the previous period for each province and territory.

## Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary ${ }^{2}$ and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the emigration estimate used to calculate the seasonal adjustment for the net temporary emigration. The same estimation method is used.

The estimates of net temporary emigration are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008, and preliminary from April 2008 on. From July 2001, we are using trends observed between 2001 and 2006.

## G. Returning emigrants

A returning emigrant is a person who returns to Canada after having been classified as an emigrant. In a manner similar to the procedure used to calculate the number of emigrants, data from the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB)
file and the Canada Revenue Agency's (CRA) 's T1FF4 are used to estimate the number of returning emigrants. Adjustment factors are applied to compensate for the fact that the CCTB program is not universal, and an adult/child ratio is used to estimate the number of adult returning emigrants. As a result, three adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not eligible. This factor is obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB files;
- the differential propensity to emigrate between children who are eligible for the CCTB and children who are not. This factor is obtained by comparing the emigration rates of CCTB-eligible children with the rates for all children (aged 0-17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last three available years of T1FFs 4 ;
- the adult/child ratio, which is based on the census used in estimating the base population.


## Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary ${ }^{2}$ and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the sources used to estimate this component. The same estimation method is used.

The numbers of returning emigrants are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008, and preliminary from April 2008 on.

## H. Interprovincial migration

Interprovincial migration represents movements from one province or territory to another, involving a change in usual place of residence. As is the case for emigration, there is no provision for recording interprovincial migration in Canada. Consequently, such movements have to be estimated using data from the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) of Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) and the T1FF4.

Final estimates of interprovincial migration are obtained by comparing addresses indicated on personal income tax returns over two consecutive tax years. However, the migration status of taxfilers' dependants has to be imputed. An adjustment is also required to take into account migrants who do not file income tax returns. For 2001-2002 and subsequent years, the adjustment was slightly modified (for further information, see Wilkinson, 2004). From 2006-2007, this adjustment has slightly modified (Cyr, 2008 - Internal document).

Since income tax returns are not available at the time preliminary estimates are produced, the estimation of preliminary 2 interprovincial migration is based on CCTB administrative files, which provide counts of child migrants (aged 0-17) receiving benefits under the program. The estimates have to be adjusted later for children who are not receiving the CCTB. Finally, the number of adult migrants is calculated using the number of child migrants and factors derived from the T1FF4. As a result, three adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not receiving benefits. This factor is obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB files;
- the differential propensity to migrate between children who are receiving the CCTB and children who are not. This factor is obtained by comparing the out-migration rates of children receiving the CCTB with the rates for all children (aged 0-17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last available year of T1FFs ${ }^{4}$;
- the differential propensity to migrate between adults and children. This factor generates the out-migration rate of the population aged 18 and over for each province/territory of origin and destination. It is obtained by calculating the ratio of the central migration rate for adults to the rate for children. It is estimated using data from the last three available years of T1FFs ${ }^{4}$.

The adult migration rate is then applied to the estimated adult population. The number of adult migrants is then added to the number of child migrants to produce the number of interprovincial migrants for the entire population.

## Levels of estimates

For information on the differences between preliminary ${ }^{2}$ and final estimates of total interprovincial migration, see section H. Interprovincial migration above.

The estimate of interprovincial migration is final up to June 2007, updated from July 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008 on.

## Intercensal population estimates

Intercensal estimates - population estimates for reference dates between two censuses - are produced following each census. They reconcile previous postcensal estimates with the new census counts.

There are two main steps in the production of intercensal estimates:

- calculation of the error of closure;
- linear distribution of the error of closure.

Error of closure is defined as the difference between the postcensal population estimates on Census Day and the population enumerated in that census (after adjustment for census net undercoverage (CNU1)).

The error of closure is spread uniformly over the intercensal period of days within each month.

## Quality of estimates

The estimates contain certain inaccuracies stemming from two types of errors:

- errors in the census data;
- imperfections in other data sources and the method used to estimate the components.


## Census data

## A. Coverage, response and imputation errors

The errors attributable to census data can be divided into two groups: Response and processing errors, and coverage errors. The first group implies non-response error, misinterpretation by respondents, incorrect coding and non-response imputation. Errors in the second group primarily result from undercoverage and, to a lesser extent, overcoverage. It should be noted that both types of errors are intrinsic to any survey data.

The coverage errors occur when dwellings and/or individuals are missed, incorrectly included or counted more than once. Following each census, Statistics Canada undertakes coverage studies to measure these errors. The main studies are the Reverse Record Check Survey (RRC) and the Census Overcoverage Study (COS). Based on these studies, estimates of census net undercoverage (CNU) (which is equal to the difference between undercoverage and overcoverage) are produced. Demography Division adjusts the population enumerated in the census by province and territory using these estimates.

During the process of developing base populations, an attempt was made to correct only coverage errors in the population base. However, the correction based on the results of the coverage studies and on modeling of overcoverage for provinces and territories by age and sex prior to 1991, was also subject to sampling, collection, response and processing errors and uncertainty in the assumptions underlying the models. With respect to the coverage studies, statistical analysis concluded that the adjustment, although not without errors itself, improved the quality of census data (Royce, 1993). They were deemed to be consistent over time and across geographical areas, and to provide logical results. Users should also be aware that when calculating census net undercoverage (CNU) rates for small areas, it is likely that the underlying assumptions may be violated. If this is true, the resulting CNU rate would be misleading. Errors associated with these assumptions are, however, very difficult to quantify.

Nevertheless, the corrections to the census data due to CNU improved, in general, the quality of the estimates by compensating for the differential undercoverage by age, sex and by province/territory across censuses.

The adjustment also incorporates the results of a study on the estimates of the number of people living on incompletely enumerated Indian reserves to complete the corrections for coverage errors in the census. The results of the coverage studies contain mainly sampling errors.

Text table 1
Estimated census net undercoverage, Canada, provinces and territories, 2001 and 2006 Censuses

| Geography | Census population | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Census } \\ \text { net } \\ \text { undercoverage } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\qquad$ | Adjusted population | Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | $D=A+B+C$ | $(\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}) / \mathrm{D} * 100$ |
|  |  | num |  |  | in percent |
| 20011 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 30,007,094 | 924,430 | 34,539 | 30,966,063 | 3.10 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 512,930 | 9,401 | 0 | 522,331 | 1.80 |
| Prince Edward Island | 135,294 | 1,325 | 0 | 136,619 | 0.97 |
| Nova Scotia | 908,007 | 24,521 | 0 | 932,528 | 2.63 |
| New Brunswick | 729,498 | 20,095 | 0 | 749,593 | 2.68 |
| Quebec | 7,237,479 | 140,232 | 12,648 | 7,390,359 | 2.07 |
| Ontario | 11,410,046 | 436,349 | 15,960 | 11,862,355 | 3.81 |
| Manitoba | 1,119,583 | 30,903 | 110 | 1,150,596 | 2.70 |
| Saskatchewan | 978,933 | 21,231 | 581 | 1,000,745 | 2.18 |
| Alberta | 2,974,807 | 69,857 | 4,977 | 3,049,641 | 2.45 |
| British Columbia | 3,907,738 | 164,542 | 263 | 4,072,543 | 4.05 |
| Yukon Territory | 28,674 | 1,423 | 0 | 30,097 | 4.73 |
| Northwest Territories | 37,360 | 3,295 | 0 | 40,655 | 8.10 |
| Nunavut | 26,745 | 1,256 | 0 | 28,001 | 4.49 |
| 20061 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 31,612,897 | 868,658 | 40,115 | 32,521,670 | 2.79 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 505,469 | 5,046 | 0 | 510,515 | 0.99 |
| Prince Edward Island | 135,851 | 1,903 | 0 | 137,754 | 1.38 |
| Nova Scotia | 913,462 | 24,558 | 0 | 938,020 | 2.62 |
| New Brunswick | 729,997 | 16,059 | 0 | 746,056 | 2.15 |
| Quebec | 7,546,131 | 60,751 | 16,600 | 7,623,482 | 1.01 |
| Ontario | 12,160,282 | 465,824 | 15,391 | 12,641,497 | 3.81 |
| Manitoba | 1,148,401 | 34,330 | 0 | 1,182,731 | 2.90 |
| Saskatchewan | 968,157 | 22,594 | 739 | 991,490 | 2.35 |
| Alberta | 3,290,350 | 111,353 | 7,272 | 3,408,975 | 3.48 |
| British Columbia | 4,113,487 | 121,551 | 113 | 4,235,151 | 2.87 |
| Yukon Territory | 30,372 | 1,805 | 0 | 32,177 | 5.61 |
| Northwest Territories | 41,464 | 1,620 | 0 | 43,084 | 3.76 |
| Nunavut | 29,474 | 1,264 | 0 | 30,738 | 4.11 |

1. The levels and rates are based on the Reverse Record Check (RRC) and the Overcoverage Study and include non-permanent residents.

These adjustments have a direct impact on:

- the error of closure and its distribution by age and sex within a province or a territory as well as by province/territory as the CNU ${ }^{1}$ and its distribution vary from one census to another;
- within-cohort consistency of population estimates. If for example, the male cohort in age group 0-4 in 1981 was tracked up to the 2001 Census (unadjusted for $\mathrm{CNU}^{1}$ ) the age group 20-24 would be noticeably smaller in 2001 than the age group 15-19 in 1996. Since Canada receives many immigrants within these age groups, the opposite would be expected. However, only after adjustment for CNU1, the cohort size increases from 1996 to 2001.

For further information regarding the main coverage studies, please see the following document on Statistics Canada's web site: 1996 and 2001 Census Technical Report on Coverage.

## Components

Errors due to estimation methodologies and data sources other than the census can also be significant.

## A. Births and deaths

Since the law requires the recording of vital statistics, the final estimates for births and deaths data meet very high standards. Nevertheless, since preliminary estimates are derived, they can be slightly different from final estimates.

[^5]
## B. Immigration and non-permanent residents

With respect to immigrants and NPRs, Citizenship and Immigration Canada administers special data files on both of these components. Since immigration is controlled by law, data on immigrants and net permanent residents (NPRs) are compiled upon arrival in Canada. These data represent only "legal" immigration and exclude illegal immigrants. Thus, for the "legal" part of international movement into Canada, the data are considered to be of high quality. However, some biases such as the difference between the stated province of intended residence at the time of arrival and the actual province of residence, may persist. Finally, since information provided by the Visitor Data System (VDS) from Citizenship and ImmigrationCanada (CIC) is not complete (age and sex of dependents, province of residence for certain groups of permit holders), estimates of NPRs are more prone to error than data on immigrants.

## C. Emigration, returning emigration and net temporary emigration

Of all the demographic components that are used in the population estimates program, these components are the most difficult to estimate with precision. Canada does not have a complete border registration system. While immigration and net permanents residents (NPRs) are well documented by the federal government, Statistics Canada has always used techniques of indirect estimation in the estimation of persons leaving the country. For this reason, available statistics regarding these three components have historically been of a lower quality than other components.

Estimates of the number of emigrants and returning emigrants are both derived using Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) data provided by Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). Data are adjusted to take into account the incomplete coverage of the program and to derive the emigration and returning emigration of adults.

These adjustments and the delay in obtaining the data are the two main sources of errors. As current information on the number of persons living temporarily abroad does not exist, estimates are based on the Reverse Record Check (RRC) and the census. Estimates for the intercensal period, distributed equally among the five years, are maintained constant for the postcensal period. Moreover, assumptions were made to allow for the distribution of annual estimates to a quarterly level. Any geographical or quarterly variation may introduce error in the estimation of these components.

## D. Interprovincial migration

Since July 1993, preliminary ${ }^{2}$ interprovincial migration estimates have been based on Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) files. Under this program, only $76 \%$ of children aged $0-17$ at the Canada level were entitled to benefits on July 1, 2001. Consequently, preliminary CCTB based estimates are subject to larger error than final estimates derived from Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) tax files.

## Quality assessment

In order to assess the quality of our estimates, two evaluation measures are used: Precocity errors and errors of closure.

## A. Precocity error

The quality of preliminary estimates of components is analyzed using precocity errors. Precocity error, is defined as the difference between preliminary and final estimate of a particular component in terms of its relative proportion of the total population for the relevant geographical area. It can be calculated for both population and component estimates.

Precocity error allows for useful comparisons between components, as well as between provinces and territories or geographical areas of different population size. Note that when compared to the total population for an area, the differences between preliminary and final estimates of the components are quite small. There are, however,

[^6]differences in the amount of impact on the population estimates between components and between provinces and territories.

Generally speaking, net interprovincial migration yields the greatest precocity errors. This is likely the result of the use of different data sources for preliminary and final estimates. In most years and for most provinces/territories, births, deaths and immigration estimates yielded the smallest precocity errors. For immigration estimates, this reflects the completeness of the data source and the availability of data for the more timely preliminary estimates. In the case of births and deaths, small precocity errors support the use of short-term projections for preliminary estimates.

According to the analysis of the most recent precocity errors and assuming that the quality of the basic data remains constant, the present postcensal estimates should have an acceptable degree of reliability.

Text table 2
Quarterly precocity errors for population and components, Canada, provinces and territories, 2005 to 2006

| Quarter/Geography | Population | Births | Deaths | Immigration | Emigration | Returning emigration | Net temporary emigration | Net NPR | Interprovincial migration |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | In-migrants | Out-migrants | Net |
|  | rates per thousand |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | -0.18 | -0.01 | 0.05 | 0.00 | -0.01 | -0.09 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.46 | 0.46 | $\ldots$ |
| October-December 2005 | -0.08 | 0.01 | 0.11 | 0.00 | -0.04 | -0.04 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.29 | 0.29 |  |
| January-March 2006 | -0.09 | -0.05 | 0.09 | 0.00 | -0.10 | -0.03 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.37 | 0.37 |  |
| April-June 2006 | -0.27 | -0.05 | 0.07 | 0.00 | -0.04 | -0.02 | 0.04 | -0.13 | 0.41 | 0.41 |  |
| Newfoundland and Labrador |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | 0.53 | 0.08 | -0.09 | 0.00 | -0.13 | -0.03 | -0.08 | 0.01 | 1.27 | 1.09 | 0.18 |
| October-December 2005 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.04 | -0.01 | -0.07 | -0.01 | -0.07 | -0.01 | 0.81 | 0.84 | -0.03 |
| January-March 2006 | -0.43 | -0.11 | 0.11 | 0.01 | -0.08 | -0.01 | -0.07 | -0.01 | 0.99 | 1.33 | -0.34 |
| April-June 2006 | -0.12 | -0.28 | 0.12 | 0.00 | -0.06 | -0.02 | -0.07 | 0.04 | 1.13 | 0.99 | 0.14 |
| Prince Edward Island |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | 0.65 | 0.20 | 0.17 | 0.11 | -0.07 | -0.10 | -0.07 | -0.02 | 1.37 | 0.88 | 0.49 |
| October-December 2005 | 0.68 | 0.15 | 0.04 | -0.11 | -0.04 | -0.03 | -0.06 | 0.01 | 0.81 | 0.20 | 0.61 |
| January-March 2006 | 1.50 | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.00 | -0.07 | -0.04 | -0.07 | -0.04 | 2.08 | 0.56 | 1.52 |
| April-June 2006 | 1.01 | -0.01 | 0.00 | -0.07 | 0.12 | 0.00 | -0.07 | 0.04 | 2.25 | 1.15 | 1.09 |
| Nova Scotia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | -0.48 | -0.01 | 0.15 | 0.00 | 0.12 | -0.03 | -0.02 | 0.06 | 0.50 | 0.75 | -0.25 |
| October-December 2005 | -0.39 | -0.06 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.04 | -0.01 | -0.02 | 0.02 | 0.27 | 0.45 | -0.18 |
| January-March 2006 | -0.60 | -0.03 | 0.20 | -0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | -0.03 | -0.05 | 0.32 | 0.66 | -0.34 |
| April-June 2006 | -0.14 | 0.08 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.03 | -0.01 | -0.03 | -0.01 | 0.42 | 0.62 | -0.20 |
| New Brunswick |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | -0.13 | 0.00 | 0.13 | -0.01 | -0.06 | 0.00 | -0.06 | 0.00 | 0.96 | 1.07 | -0.11 |
| October-December 2005 | -0.18 | 0.03 | 0.23 | 0.01 | -0.04 | 0.00 | -0.05 | -0.02 | 0.40 | 0.46 | -0.06 |
| January-March 2006 | -0.20 | 0.02 | 0.16 | 0.00 | -0.06 | 0.01 | -0.05 | -0.01 | 0.53 | 0.71 | -0.18 |
| April-June 2006 | -0.23 | 0.01 | 0.27 | 0.00 | -0.04 | 0.02 | -0.05 | -0.02 | 0.67 | 0.72 | -0.06 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | 0.05 | -0.02 | -0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | -0.02 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.27 | 0.17 | 0.10 |
| October-December 2005 | 0.06 | 0.04 | -0.02 | -0.03 | -0.02 | -0.01 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.03 |
| January-March 2006 | 0.04 | -0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | -0.06 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.02 |
| April-June 2006 | -0.07 | 0.00 | -0.01 | 0.00 | -0.02 | 0.01 | 0.04 | -0.07 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.02 |
| Ontario |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | -0.30 | -0.04 | 0.08 | -0.02 | -0.07 | -0.15 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.23 | 0.33 | -0.10 |
| October-December 2005 | -0.16 | 0.02 | 0.20 | 0.00 | -0.07 | -0.06 | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.11 | 0.21 | -0.10 |
| January-March 2006 | -0.25 | -0.07 | 0.21 | 0.00 | -0.14 | -0.05 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.16 | 0.24 | -0.08 |
| April-June 2006 | -0.41 | -0.01 | 0.12 | 0.00 | -0.08 | -0.04 | 0.03 | -0.25 | 0.22 | 0.26 | -0.05 |
| Manitoba |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | -0.01 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.01 | -0.07 | 0.12 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.74 | 1.02 | -0.27 |
| October-December 2005 | -0.31 | 0.02 | 0.19 | 0.00 | -0.07 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.36 | 0.60 | -0.24 |
| January-March 2006 | -0.07 | -0.10 | 0.02 | -0.01 | -0.13 | 0.07 | -0.01 | -0.04 | 0.59 | 0.68 | -0.10 |
| April-June 2006 | -0.36 | -0.20 | 0.23 | 0.01 | -0.08 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.72 | 0.77 | -0.05 |
| Saskatchewan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | -0.74 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.07 | -0.01 | 0.09 | 0.00 | 0.70 | 1.29 | -0.59 |
| October-December 2005 | -0.83 | 0.05 | 0.28 | -0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.01 | 0.35 | 0.86 | -0.50 |
| January-March 2006 | -0.75 | -0.12 | -0.03 | -0.02 | -0.01 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.49 | 1.09 | -0.60 |
| April-June 2006 | -0.43 | -0.14 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.71 | 0.97 | -0.26 |
| Alberta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | 0.72 | -0.01 | 0.07 | 0.00 | -0.05 | -0.16 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 1.62 | 0.63 | 0.99 |
| October-December 2005 | 0.85 | -0.09 | 0.11 | 0.02 | -0.06 | -0.07 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 1.38 | 0.31 | 1.07 |
| January-March 2006 | 1.06 | -0.05 | -0.03 | -0.03 | -0.13 | -0.05 | 0.03 | -0.02 | 1.58 | 0.51 | 1.07 |
| April-June 2006 | 0.09 | -0.25 | 0.10 | -0.02 | 0.01 | -0.02 | 0.05 | -0.07 | 1.32 | 0.71 | 0.61 |
| British Columbia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | -0.88 | 0.00 | -0.01 | 0.00 | 0.15 | -0.16 | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.16 | 0.53 | -0.37 |
| October-December 2005 | -0.44 | -0.02 | -0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | -0.06 | 0.14 | 0.03 | 0.11 | 0.39 | -0.28 |
| January-March 2006 | -0.38 | -0.03 | -0.04 | 0.00 | -0.05 | -0.05 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 0.15 | 0.45 | -0.30 |
| April-June 2006 | -0.59 | -0.03 | -0.03 | 0.00 | 0.02 | -0.08 | 0.14 | -0.06 | 0.24 | 0.53 | -0.29 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | 2.39 | 0.73 | -0.23 | 0.03 | -0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 | -0.13 | 3.52 | 2.06 | 1.46 |
| October-December 2005 | -0.53 | 0.20 | -0.33 | -0.07 | -0.03 | 0.10 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 1.00 | 2.17 | -1.17 |
| January-March 2006 | -2.55 | -0.77 | -0.10 | -0.03 | -0.07 | 0.10 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 1.41 | 3.49 | -2.08 |
| April-June 2006 | -2.32 | 0.27 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.07 | -0.27 | 1.65 | 3.93 | -2.28 |
| Northwest Territories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | -2.45 | -0.12 | 0.46 | 0.00 | -0.05 | 0.00 | -0.05 | 0.10 | 0.93 | 2.98 | -2.05 |
| October-December 2005 | -4.54 | -0.10 | 0.24 | -0.02 | -0.05 | 0.00 | -0.05 | -0.05 | 0.59 | 4.80 | -4.22 |
| January-March 2006 | -2.14 | 0.46 | 0.05 | -0.05 | -0.05 | 0.00 | -0.07 | 0.05 | 2.75 | 5.43 | -2.68 |
| April-June 2006 | -1.44 | -1.02 | 0.29 | 0.00 | -0.02 | 0.02 | -0.07 | -0.10 | 3.87 | 4.01 | -0.15 |
| Nunavut |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July-September 2005 | 3.30 | 0.58 | -0.07 | -0.04 | -0.07 | 0.00 | -0.11 | 0.07 | 1.78 | -0.65 | 2.43 |
| October-December 2005 | -1.33 | 0.04 | 0.61 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | -0.04 | -0.11 | -1.01 | -0.32 | -0.69 |
| January-March 2006 | 5.46 | 1.01 | -0.54 | 0.00 | -0.07 | 0.00 | -0.11 | 0.00 | 1.58 | -2.15 | 3.74 |
| April-June 2006 | 5.08 | -0.32 | 0.18 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | -0.04 | 0.07 | 4.32 | -1.11 | 5.43 |

## B. Error of closure

The error of closure measures the exactness level of the final postcensal estimates. It can be defined as the difference between the enumerated population of the most recent census (after adjustments for census net undercoverage (CNU1)) and the most current postcensal population estimates as of Census Day.

The error of closure comes from two sources: The relative differences in the amount of CNU1 and errors in the components of demographic growth over the intercensal period. This can be calculated for total population estimates and for age, sex and marital status. With each 5 -year intercensal period, the error of closure can only be calculated with the release of census data and estimates of CNU1.

By dividing the error of closure by the census population adjusted for CNU1, the differences are relatively small at the national level $(0.16 \%$ for 2001 and $0.32 \%$ for 2006). At the provincial and territorial level, differences are understandably larger, since the estimates are also affected by errors in estimating interprovincial migration. Nevertheless, the provincial/territorial final postcensal estimates generally fall within $1 \%$ of the adjusted census population, except for the territories that falls within closer adjustments.

Text table 3
Error of closure of the estimates of population, Canada, provinces and territories, 2001 and 2006

|  | 2001 |  | 2006 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number | rate in percent | number | rate in percent |
| Canada | 49,948 | 0.16 | 105,352 | 0.32 |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | 11,381 | 2.18 | -1,137 | -0.22 |
| Prince Edward Island | 1,483 | 1.09 | 74 | 0.05 |
| Nova Scotia | 9,005 | 0.97 | -2,778 | -0.30 |
| New Brunswick | 4,587 | 0.61 | 3,404 | 0.46 |
| Quebec | -222 | 0.00 | 26,088 | 0.34 |
| Ontario | 11,288 | 0.10 | 50,173 | 0.40 |
| Manitoba | -1,035 | -0.09 | -5,396 | -0.46 |
| Saskatchewan | 16,017 | 1.60 | -3,061 | -0.31 |
| Alberta | 1,604 | 0.05 | -47,801 | -1.40 |
| British Columbia | -4,347 | -0.11 | 88,057 | 2.08 |
| Yukon Territory | -360 | -1.20 | -979 | -3.04 |
| Northwest Territories | 497 | 1.22 | -875 | -2.03 |
| Nunavut | 50 | 0.18 | -417 | -1.36 |

Note(s): The error of closure is equal to the postcensal estimate (at the census date) minus the census count adjusted for census net undercoverage (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated indian reserves). The percentage is: error of closure, divided by the census count adjusted for census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated indian reserves, multiplied by 100.

## Explanatory notes for the tables

Table 2 Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective

| Population | Population estimates are final intercensal from July 1, 2001 to April 1, 2006, <br> final postcensal for July 1, 2006, updated postcensal from October 1, 2006 to |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | April 1, 2008 and preliminary postcensal from July 1, 2008. |
| Natural increase | Natural increase is final up to December 2006, updated from January 2007 to <br> March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| International migration | Net international migration numbers are final up to June 2006, updated from <br> July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Interprovincial migration | Net interprovincial migration numbers are final up to June 2007, updated from <br> July 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Total migration | Total net migration numbers are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to <br> March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Total growth | Numbers for total growth are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to <br> Residual deviation |

Table 3 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective

| Birth | The numbers of births are final up to December 2006, updated from January 2007 to <br> March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Death | The numbers of deaths are final up to December 2006, updated from <br> January 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Immigrant | The numbers of immigrants are final up to December 2006, updated from <br> January 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Emigrant | The numbers of emigrants are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to <br> March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Returning emigrant | The numbers of returning emigrants are final up to June 2006, updated from <br> July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Net temporary emigrant | The numbers of net temporary emigrants are final up to June 2006, updated from <br> July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Net non-permanent resident | The numbers of net non-permanent residents are final up to June 2006, updated <br> from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| In-migrant | The numbers of interprovincial in-migrants are final up to June 2007, updated from <br> July 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |
| Out-migrant | The numbers of interprovincial out-migrants are final up to June 2007, updated from |
| July 2007 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008. |  |

## Appendix I

## Glossary

## Annualized rate

Refers to the ratio of the estimated number of events converted to an annual basis divided by the average quarterly populations. In this respect, birth, death, immigration rates, etc are calculated. Generally, the rate is expressed in per 1,000.

## Census coverage

Census net undercoverage: Difference between undercoverage and overcoverage.
Overcoverage: Number of persons who should not have been counted in the census or who were counted more than once.

Undercoverage: Number of persons who were intended to have been enumerated in a census but were not enumerated.

## Components of demographic growth

Any of the classes of events generating population movement variations. Births, deaths and migrations are the components responsible for the variation since they alter the total population.

## Emigrant

Canadian citizen or immigrant who has left Canada to establish a permanent residence in another country.

## Error of closure

Difference between the postcensal estimate for the same date as the census and the results of the census adjusted for census net undercoverage (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves).

## Immigrant

Within the framework of this publication, the term immigrant refers to landed immigrant. A landed immigrant is a person who does not have Canadian citizenship but was granted the right by immigration authorities to live in Canada on a permanent basis.

## International migration

International migration represents movement of population between Canada and a foreign country which involves a change in the usual place of residence. A distinction is made with regard to immigrants, emigrants, returning emigrants, net temporary emigrants and net non-permanent residents.

## Interprovincial migration

Interprovincial migration represents movement from one province or territory involving a permanent change in residence. A person who takes up residence in another province or territory is an out-migrant with reference to the province or territory of origin and an in-migrant with reference to the province or territory of destination.

## Natural increase

Variation in population size over a given period as a result of the difference between the numbers of births and deaths.

## Net international migration

Net international migration is obtained according to the following formula:
Immigrants + returning emigrants + net non permanent residents- (emigrants + net temporary emigrants)

## Net interprovincial migration

Net interprovincial migration represents the difference between in-migrants and out-migrants for a given province or territory.

## Net non-permanent residents

Net non-permanent residents represent the variation in the number of non-permanent residents between two dates.

## Non-permanent residents

A non permanent resident belongs to one of the five following groups:

- persons residing in Canada claiming refugee status;
- persons residing in Canada who hold a study permit;
- persons residing in Canada who hold a work permit;
- persons residing in Canada who hold a minister's permit;
- all non-Canadian born dependants of persons claiming refugee status, or of persons holding study permits, work permits or minister's permits and living in Canada.


## Net temporary emigration

Net temporary emigration represents the variation in the number of temporary emigrants between two dates. Temporary emigration includes Canadian citizens and immigrants living temporarily abroad who have not maintained a usual place of residence in Canada.

## Population

Estimated population and population according to the census are both defined as being the number of Canadians whose usual place of residence is in that area, regardless of where they happened to be on Census Day. Also included are any Canadians staying in a dwelling in that area on Census Day and having no usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada, as well as those considered non-permanent residents.

## Population estimate

Postcensal: Population estimate produced by using data from the most recent available census adjusted for census net undercoverage (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) and estimate of the components of demographic growth since that last census. This estimate can be preliminary, updated or final.

Intercensal: Population estimate derived by using postcensal estimates and data adjusted for census net undercoverage (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) of censuses preceding and following the year in question.

## Population growth or total growth

Variation of population size between two dates. It can also be obtained by summing the natural increase, total net migration and if possible, substract residual deviation. It can be positive or negative.

## Residual deviation

Difference between demographic population growth calculated using intercensal estimates of population between two dates and that obtained by the sum of the components for the same period. This deviation results from the distribution of the error of closure between years within the quinquennial period. This distribution is calculated by taking into account the number of days within each month.

## Returning emigrant

Canadian citizen or immigrant having previously emigrated from Canada and subsequently returned to the country.

## Total net migration

Sum of net international and net interprovincial migration.

## Vital events

Includes all the demographic events (that is to say births, deaths, marriages and divorces) for which there exist a legal requirement to inform the Provincial or Territorial Registrar's Office.

## Appendix II

## Source and remarks

## Base population

May 16, 2006 Census of Population adjusted for census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated Indian reserves.

2006 Census: Statistics Canada, Census of Canada, 2006, Catalogue no. 92-200-XPB.
Census net undercoverage: See The Daily, September 29, 2008.
Incompletely enumerated Indian reserves: See The Daily, September 29, 2008.

## Births and deaths

Statistics Canada, Health Statistics Division.
Statistics Canada, Demography Division, Catalogue no. 91-002-X, Quarterly, Analytical table.4.

## Immigration

Citizenship and Immigration Canada.

## Emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division - from data on emigrant children from the Canada Child Tax Benefit program (CCTB) from Canada Revenue Agency files - CRA and data from the «U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Office of Immigration Statistics ».

## Returning emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division - based on data from the CCTB program and adjustment factors calculated using CRA files.

## Net temporary emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division - based on data from the Reverse Record Check (RRC), 2001 and 2006 Censuses of Canada.

## Non-permanent residents

Statistics Canada, Demography Division - based on data provided by Citizenship and Immigration Canada.

## Interprovincial migration

Statistics Canada, Demography Division - based on the CTB program and adjustment factors calculated using CRA files.


[^0]:    1. The numbers of emigrants are final up to June 2006, updated from July 2006 to March 2008 and preliminary from April 2008.
[^1]:    P Preliminary data.

[^2]:    1. In this case, the adjustment for the census net undercoverage also includes the incompletely enumerated Indian reserves
[^3]:    2. Unless otherwise noted, the term preliminary include both preliminary and updated estimates
    3. From 1991 to 2001 Census, "persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Minister's permits (including extensions) and members of their families living with them" were included in the census universe.
[^4]:    4. The T1 family file (T1FF) is derived from the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) T1 file by Small Area and Administrative Data Division of Statistics Canada.
[^5]:    1. In this case, the adjustment for the census net undercoverage also includes the incompletely enumerated Indian reserves
[^6]:    2. Unless otherwise noted, the term preliminary include both preliminary and updated estimates
