



Canada-Maine Trade



- Two-way trade between Canada and the state of Maine reached \$3.3 billion in 2006. This trade relationship includes over \$518 million in agricultural and agri-food products, which is almost double the figure of the previous year. Fish and seafood trade is a main driver of this strong and growing relationship.
- In 2006, 35 percent of Maine's exports went to Canada—1.4 times the value of the next leading market, Malaysia. Maine is also an important customer for Atlantic Canadian goods. Over 55 percent of Atlantic Canadian exports go Maine and neighboring North-Eastern U.S. states. Total Atlantic Canadian exports increased by 72 percent from 1997 to 2006 as compared to 48 percent growth for the whole of Canada.
- After fish and seafood, the most important agri-food export from Maine to Canada in 2006 was poultry meat. Maine also exported to Canada edible fruits and nuts, spirits and liquors, oats, barley, eggs and live animals.
- Maine's key import from Canada in 2006 was \$104.71 million in fish and seafood. Canada also supplied potatoes, live plants, animal feed, baked goods, canola oil, and animal feed preparation to the people of Maine in 2006.

The Atlantic Canada fisheries sector accounts for 73 per cent of total landings in Canada with top production in herring, shrimp, snow crab, scallops, mackerel and lobster. Snow crab has become Atlantic Canada's second most valuable seafood product with total 2005 landings valued at \$299 million – a 103% increase since 1998.

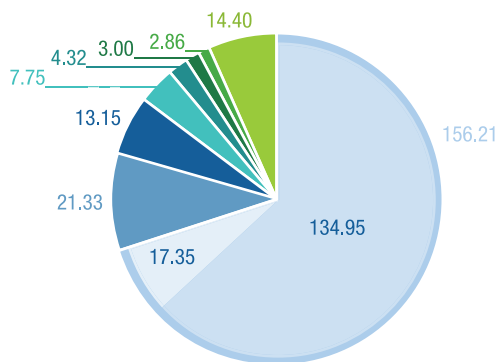
From coast to coast, Canada's fish and seafood product exports were valued at \$3.8 billion in 2006. This made Canada the world's fourth largest exporter of fish and seafood products, with exports to more than 130 countries. The United States remains Canada's top customer for our fish and seafood products, representing roughly 63 percent of our exports to the world. Canada has one of the world's most respected fish inspection and control systems, so it's no wonder why our products are so valued among U.S. consumers.

WILD BLUEBERRY PRODUCTION AND TRADE

Atlantic Canada and the North-Eastern United States boast perhaps the premier environment for wild blueberries worldwide. In fact the wild blueberry industry in this region has sparked significant cross-border partnership and cooperation between Maine, Atlantic Canada, and Quebec. The Wild Blueberry Association of North America is a cross-border association of growers and processors which promotes the great taste and health benefits of wild blueberries world-wide. Many companies have operations on both sides of the Canada-U.S. border. The cumulative cross-border trade in wild blueberries between Maine and Canada reached \$15.3 million in 2006.

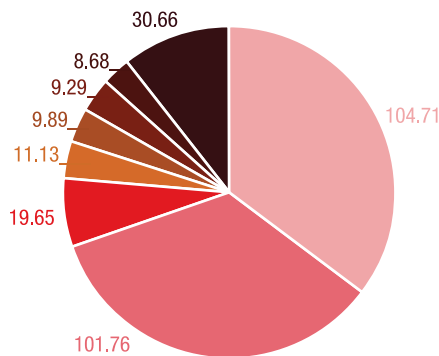
FISH AND SEAFOOD EXPORTS

Surrounded by the Arctic, Atlantic and Pacific Oceans and home to the Great Lakes, Canada boasts the world's longest coastline (244,000 km), representing 25 per cent of all the coastline in the world. This coastline allows for a highly developed fish and seafood industry which allows for shipping our products over the world.



Exports to Canada \$223.02 million

- Fish and Seafood
- Crustaceans
- Fresh fish not fillet
- Prepared Meat, Fish
- Edible Fruits and Nuts
- Preserved Food
- Ethyl Alcohol, Udenat, Und80%, Spirit Beverage
- Cereals
- Vegetables
- Other



Imports from Canada \$295.79 million

- Fish and Seafood
- Preserved Food
- Live Trees and Plants
- Animal Feed Preparation
- Edible Fruit and Nuts
- Baking Related
- Vegetables
- Other

Please visit our website: www.agr.gc.ca/usadvocacy

Pie Chart Data Source: World Trade Atlas (WTA), product group: Agri-food and Seafood, retrieved July 2007.
 Canada-US state trade data sourced from WTA, product group: Agri-food and Seafood, retrieved Oct. 2007.
 Additional sources include: USDA.

**Variations in pie chart data and general trade information may occur due to dates when data was retrieved.

