

Tourism snapshot

Canadian Tourism Commission

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A focus on the markets that the CTC and its partners are active in

April 2009 Volume 5, Issue 04

Key highlights

Following seventeen consecutive monthly declines, the U.S. travel patterns to Canada reversed in April 2009. Overnight trips from the U.S. increased by 5.1% compared to the same month a year ago.

India and China continue to show resilience to the current unstable economic environment, recording gains of 10.7% and 10.4% respectively, while Brazil posted a significant drop of 27.4%.

The Conference Board Consumer Confidence Index, which had posted a slight increase in March, continued to improve in April. The index now stands at 39.2 (1985=100), up from 26.9 in March.

Tourism review

International trips

- International travellers made 994,343 overnight trips in April 2009, an increase of 4.0% over the previous year, and was mainly contributed by an increase in U.S. travel to Canada;
- This month, overnight trips to Canada from the Americas posted an increased of 5.7% while overseas key markets registered a slight decrease of 1.5% compared to April 2008;
- Overnight trips to Canada in April 2009 from overseas countries other than CTC key markets was up marginally (0.9%) reaching 104,687 trips, while trips from non-US countries also increased slightly by 1.3%;
- Year-to-date, overall international trips to Canada fell by 4.7% reaching 3.2 million trips, while trip volume from overseas countries other than CTC key markets remained unchanged over the same period in 2008.

United States

■ Following seventeen consecutive monthly declines, the U.S. travel patterns to Canada reversed in April 2009. Overnight trips from the U.S. increased by 5.1% compared to the same month a year ago, supported by a sharp gain in auto travel (+17.6%). Trips by "plane" and "other modes" still experienced double digit drops, -10.7% and -13% respectively;

Overnight trips to Canada

	April 2009	09/08 April % change	Jan-Apr 2009	Year-to-date % change
Americas*				
United States				
Automobile	455,082	17.6	1,409,975	1.6
Plane	216,367	-10.7	765,830	-10.2
Other	49,002	-13.0	138,687	-18.5
U.S. total	720,451	5.1	2,314,492	-4.0
Mexico	21,252	30.2	58,793	-7.8
Americas total	741,703	5.7	2,373,285	-4.1
Overseas key markets				
France	24,426	7.1	84,686	0.6
Germany	16,262	10.6	54,454	6.2
UK	50,483	1.4	158,782	-17.5
China	11,025	10.4	41,086	13.3
Japan	13,701	-14.1	48,234	-21.6
South Korea	8,759	-27.2	36,569	-23.0
Australia	11,298	-8.9	44,184	-6.9
India**	8,524	10.7	25,171	11.6
Brazil**	3,475	-27.4	16,884	-2.8
Overseas key markets total	147,953	-1.5	510,050	-9.0
As % of overseas and Americas	16.6		17.7	
Other overseas countries	104,687	0.9	331,562	0.0
Non-US countries	273,892	1.3	900,405	-6.6
Total countries	994,343	4.0	3,214,897	-4.7

Note: Statistics Canada preliminary estimates. Source: Statistics Canada, International Travel Survey.



^{*}Refers to the CTC's marketing group in the U.S. and Mexico.

^{**} India and Brazil are added to the CTC overseas key markets.

Overnight trips by Canadians

	April 2009	09/08 April % change	Jan-Apr 2009	Year-to-date % change
United States	1,570,830	-0.9	5,534,418	-8.9
Other countries	793,458	4.7	3,689,396	5.0
Total trips from Canada	2,364,288	0.9	9,223,814	-3.8

Note: Statistics Canada preliminary estimates.

Source: Statistics Canada, International Travel Survey.

- Overall year-to-date, U.S. overnight trips declined by 4.0% over 2008, with 96,571 less trips;
- In April 2009, most provinces registered increases in overnight trips from the U.S. with the exception of three provinces (Newfoundland -36.1%, Nova Scotia -5.6% and British Columbia -1.4%);
- During the first four month of 2009, four provinces (PEI +26.7%, Saskatchewan +13.7%, Yukon +2.5% and New Brunswick +0.7%) registered increases in inbound U.S. trips.

Mexico

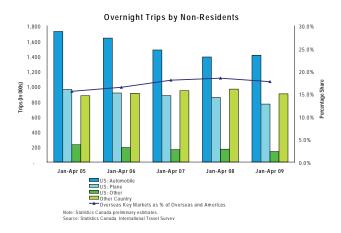
- In April 2009, Mexico registered a significant gain of 30.2% in overnight trips over 2008, with a total of 21,252 trips made to Canada;
- Despite a surge in inbound travel from Mexico in April, yearto-date overnight trips were down 7.8%, reaching 58,793 trips.

Share of entry (January-April, 2009)

- Americas (the U.S. and Mexico) accounted for 82.3% of total visitors from core markets with Mexico contributing a share of 2.0%;
- Canada received 2,314,492 overnight U.S. visitors during this period, accounting for 80.3% of total visitors from core markets, which remain unchanged compared to the same period in 2008. Of these U.S. visitors, 48.9% travelled by automobile, 26.6% by plane, while 4.8% used "other modes" of transportation;
- Overnight visitors from key European markets made 297,922 trips to Canada, accounting for a share of 10.3%, slightly less than the share of 11.0% achieved in 2008. Of all inbound trips from core market, the U.K. accounted for the largest share (5.5%), followed by France (2.9%) and Germany (1.9%);
- Overnight visitors from Asian key markets made 170,073, accounting for 5.9% of total visitors from key markets, representing a slight decline over the 6.4% recorded in 2008;
- Year-to-date, overseas key markets lost a small share to Americas, slipping from 18.5% in 2008 to 17.7% in 2009, however overseas key markets gained the share in 2009 compared to the same period in 2005 (15.6%).

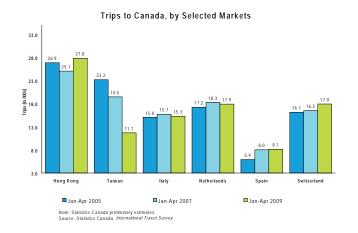
Overseas key markets

- In April 2009, the overseas key markets posted a slight decrease, falling by 1.5% over the same month in 2008 with a total of 147,953 overnight trips made to Canada;
- This month, all three key markets in Europe registered increases (Germany +10.6%, France +7.1%, the U.K. 1.4%), while three Asian key markets posted decreases (South Korea -27.2%, Japan -14.1%, Australia -8.9%);
- India and China continue to be resilient to the current unstable economic environment, registering 10.7% and 10.4% gains respectively, while Brazil posted a significant drop of 27.4%;
- Year-to-date, increases registered by China (+13.3%), India (+11.6%), Germany (+6.2%) and France (+0.6%) were partially offset by decreases from South Korea (-23.0%), Japan (-21.6%) and the U.K. (-17.5%). Australia and Brazil also contributed to the negative performance of overseas key markets with drops of 6.9% and 2.8% respectively.



Market watch

- Canada experienced a 11.1% increase in overnight trips from Hong Kong during the first four months of 2009 over 2007, with Switzerland and Spain also registering growth of 8.6% and 1.3% respectively;
- Trips from Taiwan posted a significant decline of 40% compared to the same period in 2007, while Italy and Netherlands also registered slight drops of 2.6% and 2.1% respectively;
- Year-to-date, Canada saw a significant increase of 37.4% in trips from Spain over the same period in 2005, while overnight trips from Taiwan fell by 49.6%.



Competitive review

International travel, January-February 2009 (In 000s)

	Trips to:						
	Canada		United States		Australia		
Trips from:	#	09/08 change	#	09/08 change	#	09/08 change	
Total international	1,432	-5%	5,993	-10%	962	-3%	
Americas							
United States	1,017	-5%			78	-9%	
Mexico'	24	-6%	733	-13%			
Overseas key markets							
France	44	-3%	138	1%	16	8%	
Germany	26	10%	175	-12%	30	-2%	
United Kingdom	72	-18%	445	-22%	139	-4%	
China ²	20	14%	105	7%	101	11%	
Japan	20	-25%	485	-11%	64	-25%	
South Korea	18	-25%	114	-21%	35	-28%	
Australia	25	-6%	79	-16%			
India	10	18%	65	-14%	20	12%	
Brazil	10	16%	144	13%			
Canada			2,242	-11%	27	-6%	
Total key markets	1,286	-6%	4,726	-14%	510	-7%	

^{..}Not available or data not applicable.

Sources: Statistics Canada; Tourism Australia; and ITA, Office of Travel and Tourism Industries (USA).

- For the first two months in 2009, international trips to all three destinations recorded decreases, with the U.S. experienced the largest decline of 10% followed by Canada (-5%) and Australia (-3%);
- Of the three destinations, Canada outperformed Australia and the U.S. in terms of market growth from China (+14%); however, Australia (+8%) and the U.S. (+1%) outperformed Canada in terms of market growth from France;
- Canada experienced stronger growth from India (+18%) and Brazil (+16%) during the first two month of 2009 compared to Australia and the U.S. Trips from Germany to Canada grew 10% compared to the year prior, while both the U.S. and Australia saw declines of -12% and -2% respectively;
- All three destinations posted significant decreases in overnight trips from South Korea with Australia being the worst performance (-28%) followed by Canada (-25%) and the U.S. (-21%). Canada and Australia also recorded significant declines in visitation from Japan, both falling 25% while trips to the U.S. dropped by 11%.

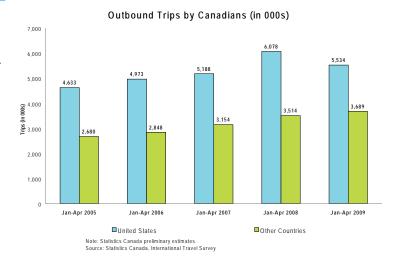
¹US figures for Mexico include arrivals to interior only.

²US figures for China includes Hong Kong, SAR.

Note: Statistics Canada preliminary figures

Canadian outbound trips

- In April 2009, overall outbound trips by Canadians posted a marginal increase of 0.9% over the same month last year;
- The unstable economic environment together with the weaker Canadian dollar continued to impact Canadian travel to the U.S. For this month, overnight trips to the U.S. fell slightly by 0.9%, while outbound trips to non-U.S. destinations increased 4.7% over April 2008;
- For this month, 3 provinces/territories posted significant increases in outbound trips to the U.S. over 2008, with P.E.I. recording a largest increase of 164.3% followed by Newfoundland (+40.3%) and Saskatchewan (+38.1%);
- Year-to-date, outbound trips to non-U.S. destinations rose by 5.0% while trips to the U.S. fell by 8.9% compared to the same period in 2008, making an overall decline of 3.8% in Canadian outbound trips;
- For the first four months of 2009, only four provinces posted increases in outbound trips to the U.S., with P.E.I. recording a largest increase of 144.4%. All provinces exception of Yukon (-21.9%) registered gains to non-U.S. countries with New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island registering significant gains, 36.9% and 32.7% respectively.



Strategic performance

- Overall international trips by key markets marginally exceeded the set targets by 0.6%;
- For the Americas, both the U.S. and Mexico reached the set targets with the U.S. exceeding by 0.9% and Mexico by 3.7%;
- The most notable performance has been from Germany and China exceeding their set targets by 16.6% and 15.4% respectively, while South Korea and Japan posted weaker results than targeted, with shortfalls of 13.2% and 13.1%.

Travel Volumes, January-April 2009

Target 2,352	Actual	% Difference
2,352	0.070	
	2,373	0.9
57	59	3.7
2,409	2,432	1.0
82	85	3.0
47	54	16.6
166	159	-4.4
36	41	15.4
55	48	-13.1
42	37	-13.2
46	44	-4.7
475	468	-1.4
2,883	2,900	0.6
	57 2,409 82 47 166 36 55 42 46 475	57 59 2,409 2,432 82 85 47 54 166 159 36 41 55 48 42 37 46 44 475 468

Note: As per strategic plans.

Consumer outlook

Consumer confidence

CANADA: The Index of Consumer Confidence released by the Conference Board of Canada increased to 75.2 (2002=100), a second consecutive monthly gain.

UNITED STATES: The Conference Board Consumer Confidence Index, which had posted a slight increase in March, continued to improve in April. The index now stands at 39.2 (1985=100), up from 26.9 in March.

Sources: Consumer Confidence Index, the Conference Board (USA); and Index of Consumer Confidence, the Conference Board of Canada.

Accommodations

- The accommodation market continued to experience occupancy slowdowns. In April 2009, the national occupancy rate fell by 7.0% over the previous year to 55.3%. While most provinces faced decreases in occupancy, Prince Edward Island and the North West Territories posted increases, 9.8% and 1.3% respectively. The Alberta posted the largest decline, down 11.7%;
- Year-to-date, the national occupancy rate decreased 4.6% over last year, falling to 53.1%. Saskatchewan posted the highest occupancy rate at 67.2% (down 0.9%) followed by the Yukon at 61.9% (up 8.8%);
- For the first four months of 2009, properties with over 500 rooms posted the highest occupancy rate of 57.5%% while properties under 50 rooms posted the lowest occupancy rate of 41.7%;
- The national Average Daily Rate from January to April was \$121.94, registering a slight decrease of 1.8% compared to the same period last year. The Average Daily Rate in the Northwest Territories grew 4.0% to \$147.72, which is the highest average and higher than the national average;
- The national average Revenue per Available Room (RevPAR) for the first four months of 2009 was \$64.74, down 9.6% over the same period last year. The Northwest Territories, Saskatchewan and Alberta posted higher averages than the national average.

Canadian occupancy rates*, by province

	April	09/08	Jan-Apr	Year-to-date	
	2009	change^	2009	change^	
Alberta ¹	57.8	-11.7	58.4	-7.7	
British Columbia	56.7	-7.4	54.3	-5.6	
Saskatchewan	67.7	-4.5	67.2	-0.9	
Manitoba	66.1	-1.0	60.4	-3.7	
Ontario	53.7	-6.3	50.9	-4.0	
Quebec	51.4	-6.8	50.4	-3.5	
New Brunswick	53.3	-5.2	47.2	-5.6	
Nova Scotia	55.6	-7.1	49.8	-4.5	
Newfoundland	57.7	-3.6	53.2	1.5	
Prince Edward Island	42.4	9.8	35.8	1.5	
Northwest Territories	63.2	1.3	60.1	-8.4	
Yukon	60.9	-4.2	61.9	8.8	
Canada	55.3	-7.0	53.1	-4.6	
* Nata, Daged on the appreting regults of ODE 754 reages (supplied data)					

^{*} Note: Based on the operating results of 205,754 rooms (unweighted data).

¹Excluding Alberta resorts

Source: PKF Consulting

CTC Marketing Market Research

[^] Percentage points.