

PARKS CANADA AGENCY

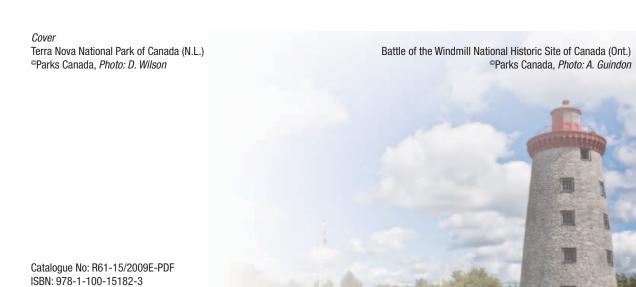
# State Protected Heritage Areas Report

**Canadä** 



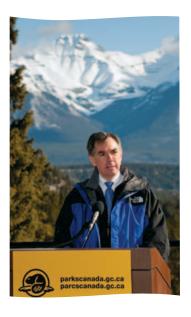
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# Minister's Message



Canada's natural and historic places offer Canadians and visitors from abroad numerous opportunities to engage in personal moments of inspiring discovery. Many of these treasures have come to symbolize Canada and represent values that we cherish. They are legacies

left to us by the people who built this country. In fact, it was the principal architect of Confederation—Sir John A. Macdonald—who tabled the Bill that created our first national park, now Banff National Park of Canada, in 1885.

Our network of protected areas has evolved significantly since its humble beginnings. Today, we are reaching more people, providing more meaningful experiences and becoming more relevant to Canadians as we continue to protect our heritage, celebrate our history and inspire more minds to explore, discover and imagine.

This report covers a two-year period during which the Parks Canada Agency achieved many successes in the protection and presentation of Canada's rich heritage, from protecting biodiversity and species-at-risk—such as the Black-footed

Ferret reintroduction project in Grasslands National Park—to projects aimed at ensuring that Canada's family of national historic sites represents the breadth and diversity of Canada's history, as well as projects intended to further protect the lands and waters that make Canada such a great place to live. Projects such as these will continue in the future, boosted by investments in our national parks and national historic sites through Canada's Economic Action Plan, which will help to preserve our natural and historic heritage that is an essential part of our national pride and identity.

Results are also visible in the protection of the delicate ecosystems of Canada's North. With the Déline First Nation and the Déline Land Corporation, we have taken decisive steps to permanently protect and cooperatively manage Saoyú and Æehdacho National Historic Site of Canada. Arguably the most important act of environmental protection of our generation has been the expansion of the boundaries of Nahanni National Park Reserve in the Northwest Territories to six times its previous size. It now covers an area roughly equal in size to the country of Belgium, and is the sixth largest national park in the world.

These few examples highlight why Canada is an international leader in wilderness and heritage conservation. This report also points to the importance of persevering in our efforts to ensure that these sites continue to contribute to local economies while remaining a living legacy, connecting hearts and minds to a stronger, deeper understanding of the very essence of Canada.

Original signed by

The Honourable Jim Prentice, P.C., Q.C., M.P. Minister of the Environment and Minister responsible for Parks Canada Agency



# **Chief Executive Officer's Message**



On behalf of the Parks Canada Agency, I am proud to submit this 2009 State of Protected Heritage Areas Report to the people of Canada.

The report is a wonderful

reminder of the task that Parks Canada has been carrying out successfully and with great pride through Canada's nation-wide network of special places.

Across Canada's vast land, 42 national parks, 167 national historic sites and three national marine conservation areas inspire us and move us as Canadians, emotionally, intellectually and spiritually. These incredible landscapes and waterscapes embody the very essence of Canada. Our national historic sites chronicle the human determination and ingenuity that have shaped our nation. They celebrate the legacy of inspired and visionary Canadians whose dedication, passion, sacrifice and knowledge have inspired the character and values of our country. Each special and protected heritage place symbolizes our nation's promise to its future.

This report is very timely, particularly as we prepare to celebrate the 100th anniversary of Parks Canada as the world's first parks service, created in 1911. Canada is also getting ready to mark the 125th anniversary of Canada's first national park, Banff, which was established when our country was not yet 20 years old. These national festivities will be an opportunity to recognize the great Canadians who had the foresight to provide a great gift to future generations and embark our nation on the national dream of having Canada's nature protected and enjoyed.

We have much more to celebrate together—the best national park system in the world, a system of historic sites that recognize great Canadians who have shaped our nation, the most respectful working relationship with Aboriginal peoples, and countless opportunities for Canadians to connect with Canada's nature and history at its best.

Original signed by

Alan Latourelle Chief Executive Officer Parks Canada Agency



### 2008–2009 Parks Canada

**Strategic Outcome:** Canadians have a strong sense of connection, through meaningful experiences, to their national ways that leave them unimpaired for present and future generations.

### Performance Expectations and 2008–2009 Performance

- 1. Maintain or improve the overall ecological integrity in all national parks from March 2008 to March 2013.

  As of March 2009, 93% of Canada's national parks identified key indicators of ecological integrity and 60% identified the status and trends of these indicators, providing a picture of the overall ecological integrity of a park upon which maintenance or improvement will be evaluated in 2013.
- 2. Improve the overall average commemorative integrity rating from 6.0/10 in March 2008 to 6.6/10 in March 2013.

  As of March 2009, Parks Canada achieved an overall average commemorative integrity rating of 6.4. This includes data for the 133 sites evaluated by that date, and new results for sites where re-evaluations have taken place.

#### HERITAGE PLACES ESTABLISHMENT HERITAGE RESOURCES CONSERVATION **Actual Spending:** \$33.594.000 **Actual Spending:** \$216.807.000 Full time equivalent: Full time equivalent: 111 1,499 **Expected Results: Expected Results:** Represented regions in the systems of national parks and national marine conservation Management actions result in improvements to ecological integrity indicators areas; the system of national historic sites represents the breadth and diversity of in national parks, and the state of cultural resources in national historic sites Canada's history. is improved. **Performance Expectations: Performance Expectations:** Increase the number of represented terrestrial natural regions from 25 in March 90% of national parks have at least 1 improved ecological integrity indicator from 2003 to 30 of 39 by March 2010. March 2008 to March 2013. As of March 31, 2009, 28 terrestrial natural regions were represented. No new As of 2008–2009, 39 national parks, representing 93% of Canada's national parks, regions were represented in 2008-2009. Progress was made on seven projects have identified key indicators of ecological integrity. 25 parks have already to establish or expand parks. Parks Canada's performance related to this determined the status and trend of these indicators, providing the baseline expectation will be assessed in 2010. information against which improvements in ecological integrity indicators will be evaluated in 2013. Priority active management and restoration initiatives for 33% of yearly-recommended designations are for under-represented themes improving ecological integrity indicators were identified in 24 national parks, in Canada's history. representing 57% of all national parks. The Minister of the Environment announced 44 new designations in 2008–2009, 70% of the condition of cultural resources elements of commemorative 28 of which were in under-represented themes in Canada's history, representing integrity rated as poor are improved within 5 years (of the original assessment). 63% of the total number of new designations. Of the designations in under-This performance expectation was mostly met (60%) as 3 of 5 national historic sites represented themes, 8 were women, 2 were Aboriginal, 11 were ethnocultural communities, and 7 touched more than one theme. This performance expectation with the condition of cultural resources elements rated as poor—Battle of the was exceeded. Windmill, Fort Henry and Twin Falls Teahouse—improved that rating within 5 years. Increase the number of represented marine regions from 2 in March 2003 to 70% of the **management practices** elements of commemorative integrity rated 4 of 29 by March 2010. as poor are improved within 5 years (of the original assessment). As of March 31, 2009, 3 marine regions were represented. No new marine This performance expectation was exceeded as 5 of 7 national historic sites (71%) regions were represented in 2008-2009. Progress was made on four projects. with the management practices elements rated as poor—Alexander Graham Bell. Parks Canada's performance related to this expectation will be assessed in 2010. Carillon Canal, Battle of Châteauguay, Fort Henry and Cave and Basin—improved that rating within 5 years. Fort George and Fort Mississauga national historic sites did not improve their rating. See Annex 1 for details on the status of the representation of terrestrial See Annex 3 for details on the state of national parks. and marine regions. See Annex 4 for details on the state of national historic sites. See Annex 2 for details on the status of the representation of the breadth

For more details on Parks Canada's performance for the period ending March 31, 2008, please consult the *Parks Canada Agency Performance Report* at: http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/dpr-rmr/2007-2008/index-eng.asp?acr=66

and diversity of Canada's history.

# **Agency Performance**

### parks, national historic sites and national marine conservation areas and these protected places are enjoyed in

3. Establish a baseline by March 2009 for the % of Canadians that report a personal connection to Parks Canada administered places.

Parks Canada conducted a National Survey of Canadians that was used to establish a baseline. The baseline, an index derived from a series of behaviour- and attitude-based questions, showed that 55% of Canadians report a personal connection to places administered by Parks Canada.

# PUBLIC APPRECIATION AND UNDERSTANDING

Actual Spending: \$40,121,000 Full time equivalent: 103

### **Expected Results:**

Canadians appreciate the significance of heritage places administered by Parks Canada and support their protection and their presentation.

#### **Performance Expectations:**

Establish a baseline by March 2009 for the % of Canadians that appreciate the significance of heritage places administered by Parks Canada.

A baseline was established using the results of the National Survey of Canadians. Parks Canada now knows that 53% of Canadians appreciate the significance of heritage places. This means that Canadians understand why places administered by Parks Canada are established/designated; they consider it important that they visit places administered by Parks Canada; they feel that it is important that places administered by Parks Canada are enjoyed by current and future generations; and they consider that places administered by Parks Canada are a source of pride. This performance expectation was met.

Establish a baseline by March 2009 for the % of Canadians that understand the importance of protecting and presenting heritage places administered by Parks Canada.

A baseline was established using the results of the National Survey of Canadians. Parks Canada now knows that 67% of Canadians understand the importance of protecting and presenting the heritage places administered by Parks Canada. This means that Canadians understand the importance that Parks Canada places on protecting (establishment, designation and sustainability) and presenting (opportunities to discover and experience) national parks and national historic sites. This performance expectation was met.

See Annex 5 for details on Public Appreciation and Understanding.

### **VISITOR EXPERIENCE**

Actual Spending: \$283,118,000 Full time equivalent: 2,461

### **Expected Results:**

Visitors at surveyed locations feel a sense of personal connection to the places visited.

### **Performance Expectations:**

Establish a baseline by March 2009 for the % of visitors at surveyed locations that consider the place is meaningful to them.

A baseline was established at 4 national parks and 11 national historic sites surveyed between June and September 2008 (peak visitor season). Visitors were asked to respond to the statement, "Now that I have been here, this location is meaningful to me." On average, 86% of visitors considered the place meaningful to them. This performance expectation was met.

85% of visitors at surveyed locations are satisfied with their visit.

14 of 15 surveyed locations (4 national parks and 11 national historic sites) met or exceeded the target of 85% of visitors being satisfied with their visit. On average, 93% of visitors at these locations were satisfied with their visit. This performance expectation was met.

50% of visitors at surveyed locations are very satisfied with their visit.

13 of 15 surveyed locations (4 national parks and 11 national historic sites) met or exceeded the target of 50% of visitors being very satisfied with their visit. On average, 63% of visitors at these locations were very satisfied with their visit. This performance expectation was mostly met.

See Annexes 3 and 4 for details on Visitor Experience.

# TOWNSITE AND THROUGHWAY INFRASTRUCTURE

Actual Spending: \$110,149,000

Full time equivalent: 340

#### **Expected Results:**

Condition of contemporary infrastructure for townsites, and waterways is maintained or improved and through highways are open to traffic.

### **Performance Expectations:**

The condition of 75% of **townsite contemporary assets** is maintained, and the condition of 25% of assets rated as poor or fair is improved by March 2013.

The Agency began the review of condition ratings in 2008–2009. Parks Canada will measure its performance against the new condition ratings by 2013. Nonetheless, Parks Canada invested in 20 projects, with a total value of \$11.6 million, to maintain or improve asset condition. Parks Canada is pursuing a Real Property Management System to improve management of assets. Parks Canada's performance related to this expectation will be assessed in 2013.

The condition of 75% of **waterway contemporary assets is** maintained, and the condition of 25% of assets rated as poor or fair is improved by March 2013.

Parks Canada is pursuing a Real Property Management System to improve management of assets as there is no national inventory and condition rating for through waterways. However, in 2008–2009, Parks Canada initiated the inspection and classification of dams, developed a Dam Safety Program Directive and a Bridge Inspection Directive. Parks Canada's performance related to this expectation will be assessed in 2013.

Zero (0) days of closure of **through highways** due to asset condition.

Parks Canada observed no closures due to asset condition of the 1,026 kilometres of through highways that pass through 17 national parks and 1 national historic site. This performance expectation was met.



# Annex 1: Representation of Terrestrial and Marine Regions

## Status of National Park Establishment in Unrepresented Regions

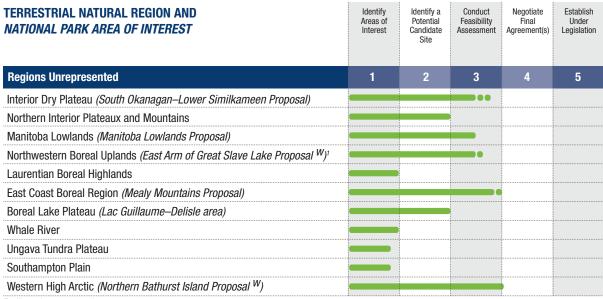
The national parks system currently consists of 42 operational parks representing 28 of the 39 natural terrestrial regions represented in the system, and covers a total of 276,240 square kilometres. A region may be represented by a national park or national park reserve. A region is considered to be represented when one or more national parks or park reserves are operational as a consequence of: signing a park establishment agreement (federal-provincial and/or Aboriginal agreements); the lands have been transferred to Canada (from the province); and/or the park/reserve is in a schedule of the Canada National Parks Act.

Since the 2007 State of Protected Heritage Areas Report, Parks Canada advanced projects to

establish national parks in the following unrepresented regions—Interior Dry Plateau (South Okanagan—Lower Similkameen Proposal);
Northwestern Boreal Uplands (East Arm of Great Slave Lake Proposal) and East Coast Boreal Region (Mealy Mountains Proposal).

The 2007 State of Protected Heritage Areas Report indicated that Parks Canada was preparing for negotiations toward the establishment of a national park in the Manitoba Lowlands region. Since then, the Agency has returned to feasibility considerations to better engage First Nations.

For further information on the progress made to establish national parks in unrepresented terrestrial regions, please consult the *Parks Canada Agency Performance Reports* for the periods ending March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2009 on the Treasury Board of Canada Website at: http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/est-pre/estimE.asp.

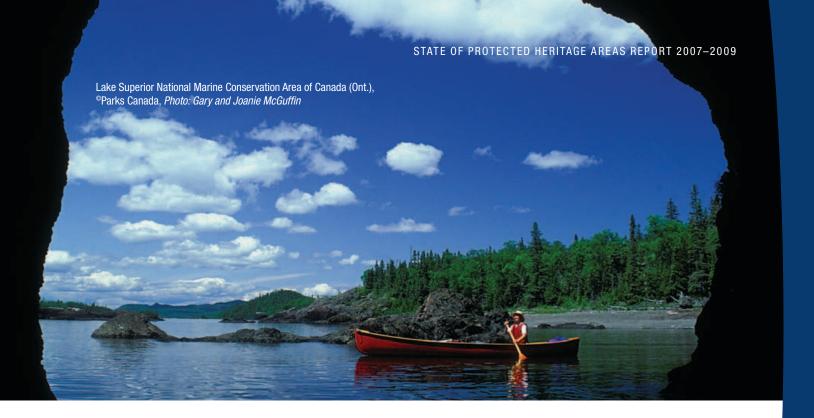


For illustrative purposes only

- W Lands withdrawn to provide interim protection
- Status has been corrected from its portrayal in 2007

Status as of March 31, 2007

••• Progress as of March 31, 2009



## Status of National Marine Conservation Area Establishment in Unrepresented Regions

As of March 31, 2009, three of 29 marine regions were represented. A marine region is considered to be represented when one or more national marine conservation areas or reserves are operational as a consequence of: signing an establishment agreement (federal-provincial and/or Aboriginal agreements); seabed and any lands have been transferred to Canada (from province); and/or the national marine conservation area/reserve is in a schedule of the *Canada National Marine Conservation Areas Act*.

In October 2007, a final agreement for the establishment of Lake Superior National Marine Conservation Area was signed, thus representing the Lake Superior marine region. The Agency also advanced projects

to establish national marine conservation areas in the following unrepresented regions—Hecate Strait / Queen Charlotte Shelf (Gwaii Haanas Proposal) and Strait of Georgia (Southern Strait of Georgia Proposal). Please refer to the chart on the next page.

For more details on the progress of projects to establish national marine conservation areas in unrepresented marine regions, please consult the *Parks Canada Agency Performance Reports* for the periods ending March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2009 on the Treasury Board of Canada Website at: http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/est-pre/estimE.asp.

To view the current systems of National Parks and National Marine Conservation Areas, please consult the *Parks Canada Agency Corporate Plan 2010/2011 – 2014/2015* at: http://www.pc.gc.ca/eng/docs/pc/plans/plan2010-2011/2010.aspx

Cape Spear Lighthouse National Historic Site of Canada (N.L.), Parks Canada, *Photo: J. Steeves* 



For illustrative purposes only

Status as of March 31, 2007
Progress as of March 31, 2009

# **Annex 2: Designations of Places, Persons and Events**

### Status of designation by type

		2007–2008		2008–2009			
	Total new designations	New designations in under- represented themes	Total designations as of March 31 2008	Total new designations	New designations in under- represented themes	Total designations as of March 31 2009	
Places	12	5	935	13	5	949	
Persons	15	10	612	21	17	633	
Events	18	12	395	10	6	407	
Total	45	27	1,942	44	28	1,989	

Source: Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada Secretariat database and Directory of Federal Heritage Designations. In addition to new designations, adjustments to the total number of designations may result from reassessment of the status of a listed site, the destruction of a listed asset, or the discovery of double-counted or uncounted previous designations.

# Status of representation of under-represented themes in the National Historic Sites system

Under-represented themes as a % of new designations	2007– 2008	2008– 2009
Women	18%	18%
Aboriginal	9%	5%
Ethnocultural communities	24%	25%
Ethnocultural and Women	9%	11%
Aboriginal and Women	-	5%
Total	60%	63%

The development of the National Historic Sites of Canada System Plan in 2000 revealed that Aboriginal and women's history and the history of ethnocultural communities was insufficiently represented. Since that time, Parks Canada has been working with community groups to increase the number of nominations in these under-represented themes. In the period covered by this report, almost two thirds of new designations made by the Minister of the Environment were in under-represented themes in Canada's history.

For further information, please consult the *Parks Canada Agency Performance Reports* for the periods ending March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2009 on the Treasury Board of Canada Website at: http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/est-pre/estimE.asp.
To view the list of National Historic Sites administered by Parks Canada, please consult the *Parks Canada Agency Corporate Plan 2010/2011–2014/2015* at: http://www.pc.gc.ca/eng/docs/pc/plans/plan2010-2011/2010.aspx.

Fort George National Historic Site of Canada (Ont.), Parks Canada, *Photo: J. Bénard* 



# **Annex 3: State of National Parks**

**CONSERVATION** 

Ecological Integrity<sup>1</sup> (EI) Indicators, Condition Ratings

Province or Territory	National Park	Year of Input or Year Scheduled	Forest/ Terrestrial	Lakes	Streams/ Rivers	Wetlands/ Riparian	Tundra/ Barrens	Coastal	Glaciers
	Banff NP <sup>3</sup>	2007	Ţ	<del>-</del>	<b>→</b>				
e.	Elk Iskand NP <sup>2</sup>	2008	<u>†</u>	Ţ					
Alta.	Jasper NP <sup>3</sup>	2007	$\leftrightarrow$	1					
	Waterton Lakes NP <sup>3</sup>	2008	$\downarrow$	1					
	Gulf Islands NP Reserve <sup>6, 7</sup>	2010							
	Gwaii Haanas NP Reserve and Haida Heritage Site <sup>2</sup>	2007	Ţ					$\leftrightarrow$	
	Kootenay NP <sup>3</sup>	2008	i	<u> </u>	<b>→</b>				
B.C.	Mount Revelstoke NP and Glacier NP <sup>3, 8</sup>	2007	Ī	ı					
	Pacific Rim NP Reserve	2008	$\leftrightarrow$	Ĭ	$\leftrightarrow$			$\leftrightarrow$	
	Yoho NP <sup>3</sup>	2008	1	1	<u> </u>				
	Riding Mountain NP	2009	<b>→</b>	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$			
Man.	Wapusk NP <sup>3</sup>	2008	, ,	` '	. ,	. ,			
	Fundy NP <sup>3</sup>	2009	$\leftrightarrow$	<b>←</b>	<del>)</del>	$\leftrightarrow$		$\leftrightarrow$	
R. B.	Kouchibouguac NP³	2010							
	Gros Morne NP <sup>3</sup>	2005	1	<b>←</b>	<b>→</b>	1	1	1	
Ä	Terra Nova NP <sup>3</sup>	2009	Ì	<b>←</b>	<b>→</b>	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$	1	
	Torngat Mountains NP <sup>2, 3, 6, 7</sup>	2008							
	Aulavik NP <sup>3, 7</sup>	2008							
븀	Nahanni NP Reserve <sup>3, 7</sup>	2008	$\leftrightarrow$	<b>←</b>	<b>→</b>		$\downarrow$		$\downarrow$
N.W.T.	Tuktut Nogait NP <sup>3, 4, 7</sup>	2009							
	Wood Buffalo NP <sup>2</sup>	2008							
vá.	Cape Breton Highlands NP³	2013							
R.S.	Kejimkujik NP <sup>2, 3</sup>	2009							
	Auyuittuq NP <sup>3, 4, 7</sup>	2008							
2	Quttinirpaaq NP <sup>3, 7</sup>	2008							
Z	Sirmilik NP <sup>3, 7</sup>	2009							
	Ukkusiksalik NP <sup>3, 6, 7</sup>	2009							
	Bruce Peninsula NP <sup>2</sup>	2009	$\leftrightarrow$						
	Georgian Bay Islands NP <sup>3</sup>	2009	$\leftrightarrow$	<b>←</b>	<b>→</b>			$\leftrightarrow$	
Omt.	Pointe Pelee NP	2006	$\leftrightarrow$			ļ		$\downarrow$	
	Pukaskwa NP <sup>2</sup>	2009							
	St. Lawrence Islands NP <sup>2</sup>	2010							
PE.	Prince Edward Island NP <sup>3</sup>	2011							
	Forillon NP <sup>3</sup>	2006	$\downarrow$	<del>-</del>	<b>→</b>			<b>1</b>	
One.	La Mauricie NP³	2009	1	1		<b>↓</b>			
	Mingan Archipelago NP Reserve	2009	$\leftrightarrow$						
*	Grasslands NP <sup>3</sup>	2007		<b>←</b>	<b>→</b>				
Sask.	Prince Albert NP <sup>2</sup>	2005							
	Ivvavik NP3, 4, 7	2009							
X,	Kluane NP and Reserve <sup>2, 3</sup>	2008	1				$\downarrow$		
	Vuntut NP <sup>3, 6,7</sup>	2009		1		$\leftrightarrow$			

Note 1: Ecosystems have integrity when their native components (plants, animals and other organisms) and processes (such as growth and reproduction) are intact.

Note 2: Cells that show a rated El condition but no trend indicate that an evaluation has taken place to determine the condition but there are not enough years of data to provide a trend.

Note 3: Parks that combine "Lakes" and "Streams and Rivers" into one indicator (Freshwater/Aquatic) are represented in the table by one integrated condition and trend assessment.

Note 4: El indicators for Tuktut Nogait, Auyuittuq and Ivvavik National Parks were identified after March 31, 2009.

Note 5: Parks Canada conducts the Visitor Information Program (VIP) survey every year between June and September at selected national parks. Questions related to the percentage of visitors who are satisfied and very satisfied have been asked consistently in the VIP since 2000. Prior to 2008, learning of the heritage of the place was assessed by the percentage of visitors who answered correctly heritage presentation statements. In 2008, learning was assessed by the percentage

# **Administered by Parks Canada**

### VISITOR EXPERIENCE

			VISITOR EXPERIENCE								
and Trend	s		Visitor Information Program (VIP) Survey Results⁵								
						% c	of Visitors				
Grasslands	Marine/ Subtidal	Other	Number of visitors in 2008–09	Year Last Surveyed or Year Scheduled	consider that the place is meaningful for them	are satisfied with their visit	are very satisfied with their visit	learned about the heritage/ significance of the place	enjoyed their visit		
		N.B. ↔	3,114,535		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
			198,231		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	0–11			
		N.B. ↔	1,867,058		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
		N.B. ↔	373,257		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
		In/Is/N.F.			No obliga	ation to report	t				
	$\leftrightarrow$	N.F.	1,940		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
		N.B. ↔	421,096		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
		N.B. ↔	603,699		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
	<b>↓</b>	In ↔	747,091	2001–02	N/A	94%	57%	57%	N/A		
		N.B. ↔	543,424		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
$\leftrightarrow$			249,493	2001–02	N/A	89%	53%	37%	N/A		
			1,184		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
			255,456	2006–07	N/A	94%	59%	39%	N/A		
			146,736	2005–06	N/A	88%	56%	49%	N/A		
			134,292	2002–03	N/A	97%	66%	84%	N/A		
			259,079	2008–09	75%	80%	40%	66%	85%		
				T	No obliga	ation to report	t 				
			26			No obligation	to report				
			810			No obligation	•				
			6			No obligation			1		
		Delta	975	2008-09	98%	92%	65%	87%	92%		
			184,922	2005-06	N/A	95%	65%	60%	N/A		
			40,668 510	2006–07	N/A	97% No obligation	64%	52%	N/A		
			215			No obligation					
			123			No obligation					
			120			ation to report					
		N.F.	198,377	2007–08	N/A	95%	67%	80%	N/A		
			46,757	2008–09	91%	85%	46%	58%	94%		
		N.F. ↓	202,424	2005–06	N/A	91%	59%	71%	N/A		
			6,994	2006–07	N/A	96%	64%	65%	N/A		
			46,348	2007–08	N/A	56%	93%	38%	N/A		
			405,103	2005–06	N/A	94%	55%	42%	N/A		
	1		127,269	2001–02	N/A	94%	78%	32%	N/A		
	·		138,591	2004–05	N/A	96%	62%	50%	N/A		
		Islets	24,500	2005–06	N/A	96%	64%	Not avail	N/A		
$\longleftrightarrow$		Ba/Sh	5,981	2008–09	93%	91%	60%	77%	93%		
			227,510	2007–08	N/A	94%	60%	28%	N/A		
			126		N	No obligation	to report		'		
			37,144		Schedule	d to be comp	leted by 201	3–14			
					No obliga	ation to report	t				
						_					

### Legend

### El Condition Ratings<sup>2</sup> Fair Poor Not Rated

irena-								
1	Improving							
$\leftrightarrow$	Stable							
$\downarrow$	Declining							

Other								
N.F.	Non-Forest							
N.B.	Native Biodiveristy							
Ва	Badlands							
Sh	Shrublands							
In	Intertidal							
Is	Islets							
i i								

Not applicable to year of survey

For further information, please consult the Parks Canada Website at: www.parkscanada.gc.ca, and the Parks Canada Agency Performance Reports for the periods ending March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2009 on the Treasury Board of Canada Website at: http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/ est-pre/estimE.asp.

of visitors who felt that they had learned of the significance of the place. 2008 also marked the first time that visitors were asked if they considered the place visited as being meaningful for them

Some national parks are not obligated to report visitation figures as the park may be newly designated, there may be limited or no staff or visitor services available at the park, or it may be technically difficult to accurately measure visitation. Some national parks are not obligated to report VIP results as there may be insufficient visitors to warrant conducting the survey, there may be limited or no staff or visitor services available, or the park may not be accessible to the public.

In 2009, attendance figures at Glacier NP and Mount Revelstoke NP were gathered as one exercise. The EI indicators, trends and ratings are the same for both parks.

# **Annex 4: State of National Historic**

### CONSERVATION

Commemorative Integrity<sup>1</sup> (CI) Elements and Degree of Impairment

Province or Territory	National Historic Site <sup>a</sup>	Resource Condition	Effectiveness of Communication	Selected Management Practices	Re–assesment <sup>3</sup>	Overall Degree of Impairment
	Abbot Pass Refuge Cabin NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Minor
	Athabasca Pass NHS <sup>7</sup>	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Significant
	Banff Park Museum NHS <sup>5</sup>	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Minor
	Bar U Ranch NHS	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Major
	Cave and Basin NHS <sup>3,5</sup>	2002–03	2002–03	2008–09*	Improved	Minor
	First Oil Well in Western Canada NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Significant
Alberta	Frog Lake NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2008–09	2008–09	2008–09		Major
₽	Howse Pass NHS <sup>7, 8</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Significant
	Jasper House NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Significant
	Jasper Park Information Centre NHS <sup>8</sup>	2007-08*	2007–08*	2001–02	Improved	Significant
	Rocky Mountain House NHS	2008–09	2008–09	2008–09		Minor
	Skoki Ski Lodge NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2008–09	2008–09	2008–09		Minor
	Sulphur Mountain Cosmic Ray Station NHS <sup>8</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Significant
	Yellowhead Pass NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2008–09	2008–09	2008–09		Significant
	Chilkoot Trail NHS	2003-04	2003–04	2003-04		Minor
	Fisgard Lighthouse NHS <sup>6</sup>	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Minor
	Fort Langley NHS	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Minor
	Fort Rodd Hill NHS <sup>6</sup>	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Minor
abia .	Fort Rodd Hill NHS / Fisgard Lighthouse NHS <sup>6</sup> (VIP information only)			See individual	site listings for CI info	rmation
British Columbia	Fort St. James NHS	2003–04	2003–04	2003-04		Minor
sh G	Gitwangak Battle Hill NHS <sup>3,7</sup>	2001–02	2001–02	2007–08*	Improved	Minor
iii.	Gulf of Georgia Cannery NHS	2003–04	2003–04	2003–04		Minor
	Kicking Horse Pass NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2008–09	2008–09	2008–09		Significant
	Kootenae House NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2008–09	2008–09	2008-09		Significant
	Rogers Pass NHS	2002–03	2002-03	2002–03		Minor
	Twin Falls Tea House NHS <sup>3,7,8</sup>	2008-09*	2008-09*	2002-03	Improved	Minor
	Lower Fort Garry NHS	2005–06	2005–06	2005-06		Minor
_	Prince of Wales Fort NHS	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Minor
Manitoba	Riding Mountain Park East Gate Registration Complex NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Major
/Jani	Riel House NHS <sup>3</sup>		2007–08*	2001–02	Improved	None
_	St. Andrew's Rectory NHS <sup>8</sup>	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Significant
	York Factory NHS8	2002–03	2002-03	2002–03		Minor
	Beaubears Island Shipbuilding NHS <sup>7</sup>	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Minor
*	Boishébert NHS <sup>7</sup>	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Significant
swic	Carleton Martello Tower NHS	2001–02	2001–02	2001–02		Minor
New Brunswick	Fort Beauséjour – Fort Cumberland NHS <sup>2</sup>		CIS to be develope	d		
W B	Fort Gaspareaux NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Major
ž	Monument Lefebvre NHS	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Minor
	St. Andrews Blockhouse NHS <sup>8</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Minor

See end of table for notes.

### Legend



# Degree of Impairment Ratings No impairment means that all three CI elements were rated as good Minor impairment means that at least one CI element was rated less than good but no aspect of CI was rated as poor Significant impairment means that one CI element was rated as poor Major impairment means that two CI elements were rated as poor Severe impairment means that all three CI elements were rated as poor

# **Sites Administered by Parks Canada**

### **VISITOR EXPERIENCE**

Visitor Information Program (VIP) Survey Results⁴										
				% of Visitors						
Number of visitors in 2008–09	Year Last Surveyed or Year Scheduled	consider that the place is meaningful for them	are satisfied with their visit	are very satisfied with their visit	learned about the heritage/ significance of the place	enjoyed their visit				
No obligation to report										
No obligation to report	No obligation to report Scheduled to be completed by 2013–14									
23,274	2001–02	N/A	91%	54%	22%	N/A				
10,428	2005–06	N/A	95%	69%	88%	N/A				
84,756	2008–09	85%	89%	56%	92%	88%				
		No obligatio	n to report							
		No obligatio	n to report							
		No obligatio	n to report							
		No obligatio	n to report							
117,569			No obligation	on to report						
9,840	2001–02	N/A	95%	68%	76%	N/A				
		No obligatio	n to report							
271,257			No obligation	on to report						
		No obligatio	n to report							
2,371	2007–08	N/A	99%	80%	93%	N/A				
	See Fort Rodd	Hill NHS / Fisgard Lighthou	se NHS for VIP and visitation	n information.						
81,687	2005–06	N/A	95%	59%	65%	N/A				
	See Fort Rodd	Hill NHS / Fisgard Lighthou	se NHS for VIP and visitation	n information.						
42,547	2007–08	N/A	98%	67%	85%	N/A				
9,886	2005–06	N/A	98%	71%	81%	N/A				
No obligation to report			Scheduled to be con							
25,213	2007–08	N/A	99%	83%	66%	N/A				
		No obligatio	n to report							
	ı	No obligatio								
413,930			Scheduled to be con	npleted by 2013–14						
		No obligatio								
33,796	2001–02	N/A	92%	57%	38%	N/A				
15,757			Scheduled to be con	npleted by 2013–14						
		No obligatio								
4,412			Scheduled to be con	· · · ·						
2,021			No obligation							
250			No obligation							
No obligation to report			Scheduled to be con							
No obligation to report			Scheduled to be con							
13,453	2008–09	82%	98%	78%	97%	97%				
20,909	2007–08	N/A	98%	74%	72%	N/A				
	I	No obligatio								
3,722			Scheduled to be con							
12,000			No obligation	on to report						

 $\ensuremath{\text{N/A}}$  Not applicable to year of survey

For further information, please consult the Parks Canada Website at: www.parkscanada.gc.ca, and the *Parks Canada Agency Performance Reports* for the periods ending March 31, 2008 and March 31, 2009 on the Treasury Board of Canada Website at: http://www.tbs-sct.gc.ca/est-pre/estimE.asp.



### **CONSERVATION**

### Commemorative Integrity<sup>1</sup> (CI) Elements and Degree of Impairment

Province or Territory	National Historic Site <sup>8</sup>	Resource Condition	Effectiveness of Communication	Selected Management Practices	Re–assesment <sup>3</sup>	Overall Degree of Impairment
	Cape Spear Lighthouse NHS <sup>3</sup>	2001–02	2007–08*	2001–02	No change	Significant
dor	Castle Hill NHS	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Minor
abra	Hawthorne Cottage NHS <sup>8</sup>	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Minor
뒽	Hopedale Mission NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Significant
Newfoundland and Labrador	L'Anse aux Meadows NHS	2002-03	2002–03	2002–03		Minor
ig i	Port au Choix NHS	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Minor
four	Red Bay NHS	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Minor
New	Ryan Premises NHS	2006-07	2006–07	2006–07		Minor
	Signal Hill NHS <sup>3</sup>	2003-04	2008–09*	2003–04	Improved	Minor
	Alexander Graham Bell NHS <sup>3</sup>	2002-03	2002–03	2008-09*	Improved	Minor
	Charles Fort NHS <sup>3, 7, 8</sup>	2003–04	2008–09*	2003–04	Improved	None
	Fort Anne NHS	2003-04	2003-04	2003–04		Minor
	Fort Edward NHS	2003–04	2003-04	2003-04		Minor
	Fort McNab NHS <sup>7, 8</sup>	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Severe
	Fortress of Louisbourg NHS	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Significant
	Georges Island NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2007-08	2007–08	2007–08		Significant
	Grand-Pré NHS	2007-08	2007–08	2007–08		Minor
coti	Grassy Island Fort NHS / Canso Islands NHS	2003–04	2003-04	2003–04		Minor
Nova Scotia	Halifax Citadel NHS	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		None
2	Kejimkujik NHS <sup>2,7</sup>	CI	evaluation to be sche	eduled		
	Marconi NHS	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Minor
	Melanson Settlement NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2008–09	2008–09	2008-09		Minor
	Port-Royal NHS	2001–02	2001–02	2001–02		None
	Prince of Wales Tower NHS <sup>8</sup>	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Significant
	St. Peters NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Minor
	St. Peters Canal NHS <sup>7,</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Significant
	York Redoubt NHS	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Minor
	Battle of the Windmill NHS <sup>3,8</sup>	2008-09*	2002–03	2002–03	Improved	Minor
	Battlefield of Fort George NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2008-09	2008–09	2008–09	,	Major
	Bellevue House NHS	2001–02	2001–02	2001–02		None
	Bethune Memorial House NHS	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		None
	Butler's Barracks NHS <sup>3, 7, 8</sup>	2001–02	2007–08*	2001–02	No change	Significant
	Fort George NHS <sup>3</sup>	2003–04	2003–04	2008–09*	No change	Significant
	Fort Henry NHS <sup>3, 7, 8</sup>	2008-09*	2002–03	2008-09*	Improved	Minor
	Fort Malden NHS	2001–02	2001–02	2001–02	p.rovou	Minor
	Fort Mississauga NHS <sup>3,7,8</sup>	2003-04	2008-09*	2008-09*	No change	Major
	Fort St. Joseph NHS	2006-07	2006–07	2006-07	140 Onlango	Significant
	Fort Wellington NHS	2003-04	2003-04	2003-04		Minor
	HMCS Haida NHS	2005-06	2005-06	2005-06		Major
	Inverarden House NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2007-08	2007-08	2007-08		Major
Ontario	Kingston Fortifications NHS <sup>3,7,8</sup>	2007-00	2007-00*	2002–03	Improved	Significant
e t	Laurier House NHS	2004–05	2000-09	2002-05	IIIIproveu	Minor
	Merrickville Blockhouse NHS <sup>7, 8</sup>	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Significant
	Murney Tower NHS <sup>3,7</sup>				No obongo	
	Navy Island NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2002–03 2005–06	2008–09* 2005–06	2002–03 2005–06	No change	Significant Severe
	Peterborough Lift Lock NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2005-06				Minor
	<u> </u>		2004–05	2004–05		
	Point Clark Lighthouse NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2003-04	2003-04	2003–04		Minor
	Queenston Heights NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2005-06	2005-06	2005–06		Major
	Rideau Canal NHS	2008-09	2008-09	2008–09		Minor
	Sault Ste. Marie Canal NHS	2002-03	2002-03	2002–03	No slever	Minor
	Shoal Tower NHS <sup>3,7,8</sup>	2002-03	2008-09*	2002–03	No change	Significant
	Sir John Johnson House NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Minor
	Trent-Severn Waterway NHS	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Major
	Woodside NHS	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		None

### **VISITOR EXPERIENCE**

Visitor Information Program (VIP) Survey Results⁴									
% of Visitors									
Number of visitors in 2008–09	Year Last Surveyed or Year Scheduled	consider that the place is meaningful for them	are satisfied with their visit	are very satisfied with their visit	learned about the heritage/ significance of the place	enjoyed their visit			
9,423	2008–09	90%	94%	63%	92%	93%			
9,492	2008–09	85%	95%	64%	95%	94%			
4,118 No obligation to report									
	1	No obligatio							
25,513	2001–02	N/A	96%	68%	75%	N/A			
7,679	2002–03	N/A	96%	68%	68%	N/A			
7,804	2001–02	N/A	99%	74%	89%	N/A			
7,008	2006–07	N/A	94%	72%	96%	N/A			
6,869	2007–08	N/A	98%	64%	39%	N/A			
74,131	2008–09	87%	94%	67%	94%	94%			
30,522	2005–06	No obligatio	97%	72%	77%	N/A			
922	2003-00	N/A	97%	74%	71%	N/A N/A			
SEE	2001-02	No obligatio		7470	1170	IV/A			
98,456	2005–06	N/A	95%	70%	93%	N/A			
30,700	2000 00	No obligatio		1070	1 3070	IW/A			
30,065	2007–08	N/A	98%	78%	80%	N/A			
2,404	2004–05	N/A	99%	88%	87%	N/A			
543,335	2008–09	84%	98%	66%	95%	95%			
No obligation to report			Included in Kejimkuji						
3,236	2001–02	N/A	95%	75%	67%	N/A			
·		No obligatio	n to report						
22,805	2006–07	N/A	97%	67%	84%	N/A			
6,190			No obligation	on to report		'			
		No obligatio	n to report						
No obligation to report	2001–02	N/A	100%	87%	74%	N/A			
59,993			Scheduled to be con	npleted by 2013–14					
1,708			No obligation	on to report					
		No obligatio	n to report						
10,293	2008–09	88%	97%	73%	94%	95%			
9,417	2006–07	N/A	95%	68%	96%	N/A			
	1	No obligatio			I				
57,102	2005–06	N/A	96%	61%	71%	N/A			
	1	No obligatio							
41,905	2004–05	N/A	98%	76%	80%	N/A			
4445	0000 07	No obligatio	1	700/	000/	N/A			
4,115	2006–07	N/A N/A	97% 98%	79% 80%	88% 84%	N/A N/A			
15,878 11,757	2007–08	N/A N/A	98%	76%	76%	N/A N/A			
11,737	2000-07	No obligation		7 0 70	/ 070	N/A			
		No obligatio							
5,019	2007–08	N/A	99%	91%	98%	N/A			
-,		No obligatio		2111					
No obligation to report	2008–09	77%	94%	59%	92%	90%			
3 3		No obligatio							
		No obligation							
		No obligation							
		No obligation							
1,350,661	2008–09	87%	98%	71%	87%	98%			
231,529	2006–07	N/A	93%	64%	25%	N/A			
		No obligatio	n to report						
		No obligatio	n to report						
1,086,308	2007–08	N/A	98%	67%	65%	N/A			
18,876	2005–06	N/A	98%	89%	80%	N/A			



#### CONSERVATION

### Commemorative Integrity<sup>1</sup> (CI) Elements and Degree of Impairment

Province or Territory	National Historic Site <sup>8</sup>	Resource Condition	Effectiveness of Communication	Selected Management Practices	Re–assesment <sup>3</sup>	Overall Degree of Impairment
<u> </u>	Ardgowan NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Major
Islar	Dalvay-by-the-Sea NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Significant
Prince Edward Island	Green Gables Heritage Place <sup>2</sup> (part of L.M. Montgomery's Cavendish NHS)		L.M. Montgomery's in development	Cavendish		
ince	Port-la-Joye–Fort-Amherst NHS	2002-03	2002–03	2002-03		Minor
조	Province House NHS	2005-06	2005–06	2005–06		Minor
	Battle of the Châteauguay NHS <sup>3</sup>	2002-03	2002–03	2008–09*	Improved	Minor
	Battle of the Restigouche NHS <sup>2</sup>		CIS to be develope	d		
	Carillon Canal NHS <sup>3</sup>	2007-08*	2007–08*	2007–08*	Improved	Significant
	Cartier-Brébeuf NHS	2001–02	2001–02	2001–02		Minor
	Chambly Canal NHS	2004-05	2004–05	2004–05		Significant
	Coteau-du-Lac NHS	2005-06	2005–06	2005–06		Minor
	Forges du Saint-Maurice NHS	2006-07	2006–07	2006–07		Minor
	Fort Chambly NHS	2007-08	2007-08	2007–08		Minor
	Fort Lennox NHS	2007-08	2007-08	2007–08		Minor
	Fort Témiscamingue NHS <sup>2</sup>	CI e	evaluation to be sche	eduled		
	Fortifications of Québec NHS <sup>2</sup>	CI e	evaluation to be sche	eduled		
	Grosse Île and the Irish Memorial NHS	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Significant
	Lachine Canal NHS	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Minor
Québec	Lévis Forts NHS	2004–05	2004–05	2004–05		Major
8	Louis S. St. Laurent NHS	2008–09	2008–09	2008–09		Significant
	Louis-Joseph Papineau NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Significant
	Maillou House NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Significant
	Manoir Papineau NHS	2008–09	2008–09	2008–09		Minor
	Montmorency Park NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		Significant
	Point-au-Père Lighthouse NHS	2008–09	2008–09	2008–09		Minor
	Québec Garrison Club NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Significant
	Sainte-Anne-de-Bellevue Canal NHS	2005–06	2005–06	2005–06		Minor
	Saint-Louis Forts and Châteaux NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2006-07	2006-07	2006-07		Significant
	Saint-Ours Canal NHS	2001-02	2001-02	2001-02		Minor
	Sir George-Étienne Cartier NHS	2005-06	2005-06	2005-06		Minor
	Sir Wilfrid Laurier NHS	2005–00	2005-00	2006–07		Significant
	The Fur Trade at Lachine NHS	2005–06	2005–06	2005–07		Minor
	Batoche NHS	2008-09	2008-09	2008-09		Minor
	Battle of Tourond's Coulee / Fish Creek NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–03		Significant
	Fort Battleford NHS	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Minor
an Jan	Fort Espérance NHS <sup>3,7,8</sup>	2002–03	2008-09*	2002–07	No change	Significant
Saskatchewan	Fort Livingstone NHS <sup>3,7,8</sup>	2002-03	2008-09*	2002-03	No change	Significant
skat	Fort Pelly NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2002-03	2002-03	2002-03	No change	Minor
Sa	Fort Walsh NHS	2002–03	2002–03	2002–03		Minor
	Frenchman Butte NHS <sup>7,8</sup>	2005–04	2005–06	2003–04		Significant
	Motherwell Homestead NHS		2005-06	2005–06		Minor
		2001–02 2007–08				
	Dawson Historical Complex NHS <sup>9</sup>		2007–08	2007–08		Minor
Yukon and Northwest Territories	Dredge No. 4 NHS <sup>9</sup>	2006–07	2006–07	2006–07		Significant
ukor lorth errit	Former Territorial Court House NHS <sup>9</sup>	2008–09	2008-09	2008–09	lana e e e	Significant
> Z F	S.S. Keno NHS <sup>3,9</sup>	2001–02	2007–08*	2001–02	Improved	None
	S.S. Klondike NHS	2007–08	2007–08	2007–08		None

Note 1: Commemorative integrity refers to the condition or state of a national historic site when the site is healthy and whole.

Note 2: A Commemorative Integrity Statement (CIS) is required in order to conduct a CI evaluation. National historic sites that do not have a CI evaluation generally do not have an approved CIS in place and are in the process of having one developed. Sites that already have an approved CIS are in the process of scheduling a CI evaluation.

Note 3: \* indicates year and result of re-assessment of elements previously rated as poor

Note 4: Parks Canada conducts the Visitor Information Program (VIP) survey every year between June and September at selected national historic sites. Questions related to the percentage of visitors who are satisfied and very satisfied have been asked consistently in the VIP since 2000. Prior to 2008, learning of the heritage of the place was assessed by the percentage of visitors who answered correctly heritage presentation statements. In 2008, learning was assessed by the percentage of visitors who felt that they had learned of the significance of the place. 2008 also marked the first time that visitors were asked if they considered the place visited as being meaningful for them and if they enjoyed their visit.

Note 5: In 2001-02, the VIP survey was conducted at Banff Park Museum NHS and Cave and Basin NHS as one exercise. It was subsequently done separately at Cave and Basin NHS in 2008-09.

Note 6: In 2007–08, the VIP survey was conducted at Fort Rodd Hill NHS and Fisgard Lighthouse NHS as one exercise. The Cl information was gathered separately for these two national historic sites.

Note 7: Some national historic sites are not obligated to report visitation figures as the site may be newly designated, there may be limited or no staff or visitor services available at the site, or it may be technically difficult to accurately measure visitation.

#### **VISITOR EXPERIENCE**

Visitor Information Program (VIP) Survey Results⁴								
	% of Visitors							
Number of visitors in 2008–09	Year Last Surveyed or Year Scheduled	consider that the place is meaningful for them	are satisfied with their visit	are very satisfied with their visit	learned about the heritage/ significance of the place	enjoyed their visit		
No obligation to report								
		No obligatio	n to report					
153,457	2008–09	80%	92%	61%	90%	90%		
4,314	2004–05	N/A	81%	36%	66%	N/A		
67,140	2004–05	N/A	96%	75%	59%	N/A		
4,645	2005–06	N/A	100%	81%	92%	N/A		
10,944	2003–04	N/A	95%	69%	82%	N/A		
28,202	2003–04	N/A	99%	72%	65%	N/A		
22,450	2005–06	N/A	94%	73%	25%	N/A		
298,817	2005–06	N/A	98%	52%	56%	N/A		
26,615	2007–08	N/A	98%	80%	83%	N/A		
14,057	2004–05	N/A	98%	81%	66%	N/A		
137,308	2005–06	N/A	96%	67%	35%	N/A		
41,320	2006–07	N/A	97%	75%	69%	N/A		
7,829	2008–09	92%	98%	79%	97%	97%		
1,687,833	2007–08	N/A	93%	60%	60%	N/A		
20,167	2004–05	N/A	97%	70%	87%	N/A		
903,057	2006–07	N/A	97%	62%	53%	N/A		
22,622	2007–08	N/A	99%	76%	96%	N/A		
8,811	2003–04	N/A	99%	77%	85%	N/A		
		No obligatio						
		No obligatio						
13,844			Scheduled to be con	npleted by 2009–10				
	No obligation to report							
23,650	2001–02	N/A	96%	77%	42%	N/A		
100.074	1	No obligatio		740				
139,974	139,974 2007–08 N/A 97% 71% 43% N/A							
22.774	2002 02	No obligatio	-	750/	220/	N/A		
33,774	2002-03	N/A	97% 97%	75%	32%	N/A N/A		
14,522	2007-08	N/A	96%	77% 77%	76% 90%	N/A N/A		
2,883 13,115	2001–02 2007–08	N/A N/A	96%	85%	71%	N/A N/A		
15,115	2007-08	N/A	98%	74%	94%	N/A		
10,007	2000-07	No obligatio		/ 470	3470	IV/A		
6,665	2006–07	N/A	97%	78%	79%	N/A		
0,000	2000 01	No obligatio		10/0	15/0	IV/CI		
		No obligatio						
		No obligatio						
18,342	2005–06	N/A	99%	85%	95%	N/A		
		No obligatio				<u> </u>		
6,026	2005–06	N/A	90%	62%	66%	N/A		
Not available individually	2003–04	N/A	100%	80%	81%	N/A		
Not available individually	2003–04	N/A	98%	82%	78%	N/A		
Not available individually				mpleted by 2013–14				
Not available individually	Scheduled to be completed by 2013–14							
14,322	2006–07	N/A	95%	74%	N/A	N/A		
	·							

Note 8: Some national historic sites are not obligated to report VIP results as there may be insufficient visitors to warrant conducting the survey, there may be limited or no staff or visitor services available, or the site may not be accessible to the public.

Note 10: National historic sites without Cl and VIP information have been omitted from the table. These sites include 57–63 St. Louis Street (Que.), Battle Hill (Ont.); Battle of Cook's Mills (Ont.); Beaubassin (N.S.); Bois Blanc Island Lighthouse and Blockhouse (Ont.); Carrilon Barracks (Que.); Carrying Place of the Bay of Quinte (Ont.); Cypress Hills Massacre (SNs, D'Anville's Encampment (N.S.); Fort Lawrence (N.S.); Fort Sainte Marie de Grace (N.S.); Fort Ste. Thérèse (Que.), Forts Rouge, Garry and Gibraltar (Man.); Glengarry Cairn (Ont.); La Coupe Dry Dock (N.B.); Linear Mounds (Man.); L. M. Montgomery's Cavendish (P.E.I.); Mississauga Point Lighthouse (Ont.); Mnjikaning Fish Weirs (Ont.); Nan Sdins (B.C.); Ridgeway Battlefield (Ont.); Royal Battery (N.S.); Saint-Louis Mission (Ont.); Saoyú and Æehdacho (N.W.T.); Southwold Earthworks (Ont.); Stanley Park (B.C.); the Forks (Man.) and Wolfe's Landing (N.S.). The majority of these sites have no staff; others are closed or are operated by a third party.



Note 9: Visitor attendance figures at Dawson Historical Complex NHS, Dredge No. 4 NHS, Former Territorial Court House NHS and S.S. Keno NHS were collected as one exercise in 2008–09. The number of visitors to these sites totalled 18,320.

# Annex 5: Public Appreciation and Understanding

In 2008–2009, Parks Canada measured its performance related to its Public Appreciation and Understanding Program Activity using the National Survey of Canadians (NSC). The NSC was designed to measure Canadians' attitudes towards natural and cultural heritage and their appreciation of the places administered by Parks Canada; their awareness and understanding of Parks Canada, including its programs and responsibilities; and their general support for Parks Canada's mandate and activities. Questions from the NSC are used to develop indices for Public Appreciation and Understanding. Each index is comprised of knowledge- and/or value-based statements, and is calculated using the percentage of Canadians that answered correctly and/or agreed to specific conditional statements with respect to national parks or national historic sites.

Percentage of Canadians that appreciate the significance of heritage places administered by Parks Canada

**53**%¹

	Response		
Canadians	National Parks	National Historic Sites	
Understand why administered places are established	21% Answered correctly	32% Answered correctly	
OR Feel that Parks Canada places an emphasis on providing important examples of Canada's natural and/or cultural heritage	46% Agreed	43% Agreed	
Then Canadians			
Believe that every Canadian should visit administered places at least once in their lifetime	81% Agreed	73% Agreed	
Believe that administered places are meant to be enjoyed by future generations as much as today	89% Agreed	85% Agreed	
Believe that administered places are a source of pride for Canadians	72% Agreed	66% Agreed	

To be included in the calculation of the Appreciation index, Canadians had to answer correctly or agree to one of the first two statements with respect to national parks or national historic sites. This pool of Canadians was then assessed using the next three statements to determine the final index.

Percentage of Canadians that understand the importance of protecting and presenting the heritage places administered by Parks Canada

67%<sup>2</sup>

	Response		
Canadians	National Parks	National Historic Sites	
Believe that it is important that Parks Canada provide important examples of Canada's natural and/or cultural heritage	68% Agreed	66% Agreed	
Believe that it is important that Parks Canada provide opportunities to discover and experience national parks and/or national historic sites	68% Agreed	67% Agreed	
Believe that it is important that national parks and/or national historic sites are available for present and future generations	86% Agreed	82% Agreed	

To be included in the calculation of the Understanding index, Canadians had to agree to all three statements concerning national parks or national historic sites.

The NSC is a national telephone survey of a representative sample of Canadians. The survey was composed of 40 questions, which took approximately 20 minutes to administer, and was conducted in the official language of choice of the participant. The survey was administered to 48,436 Canadian residents aged 18 and older between March 2 and March 30, 2009, and had a response rate of eight percent (3,779 respondents)—the industry standard for telephone surveys today. Based on the size of the sample, the results of the survey are considered accurate 19 times out of 20 (95% level of confidence).