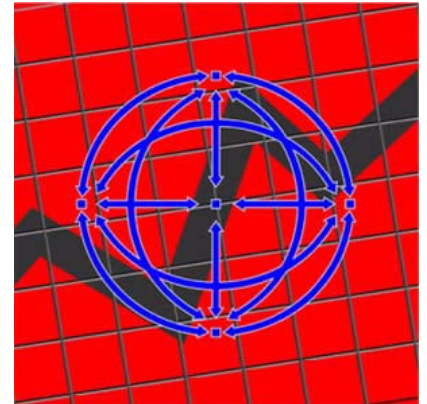


National Tourism Indicators

Quarterly estimates
Third quarter 2009



Canadian Tourism Commission and
Statistics Canada

Commission canadienne du tourisme et
Statistique Canada

Canada 

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National Tourism Indicators

Quarterly estimates
Third quarter 2009

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Note of Appreciation

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Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0^s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- P preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published

For more information

For more information about the ***National Tourism Indicators***, telephone the Income and Expenditure Accounts Division at 613-951-3640 and ask for the information officer; iead-info-dcrd@statcan.gc.ca.

Data available on CANSIM and electronic version

The ***National Tourism Indicators*** are available on Statistics Canada's CANSIM database (tables 387-0001 to 387-0010).

The electronic version of the publication can be downloaded from Statistics Canada's web site (www.statcan.gc.ca/english/freepub/13-009-X/free.htm).

About this publication

This publication presents information on the National Tourism Indicators (NTI). The data portray the evolution of tourism in Canada on a quarterly basis. Estimates of supply and demand for each of the main commodities and employment for tourism and non-tourism industries as identified in the Tourism Satellite Account (TSA) are recorded as time series. All series are benchmarked to the TSA.

Statistical tables providing the most recent quarterly and annual estimates are organized around six topics: tourism demand in Canada, tourism domestic demand, tourism exports, supply, tourism employment and gross domestic product. The tables show both the levels of the NTI, at current and constant prices, and their percentage changes (the numbers directly under the rows showing the level of each NTI). The quarterly percentage change is shown when the data are seasonally adjusted. The year-over-year percentage change is shown when the data are not seasonally adjusted.

For further details on the NTI, see the section “Concepts, methodology and data quality”. For more in-depth explanations and related information see the “Related documentation”.

Related documentation

The concepts, sources and methods of the NTI and the TSA are described in the following Statistics Canada publications:

Guide to the National Tourism Indicators: Sources and Methods, Catalogue no. 13-594-G, August 1996.

Canadian Tourism Satellite Account Handbook, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604 — no. 52, December 2007.

Canadian Tourism Satellite Account, 2004, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604 — no. 63, December 2009.

The Provincial and Territorial Tourism Satellite Accounts for Canada, 1998, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 40, June 2003.

“The Tourism Satellite Account,” in **National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Second Quarter 1994**, Catalogue no. 13-001-X.

Guide to the Income and Expenditure Accounts, Catalogue no. 13-017-X, June 2008.

“Laspeyres, Paasche and Chain Price Indexes in the Income and Expenditure Accounts,” in **National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1988**, Catalogue no. 13-001-X.

The X11ARIMA/88 Seasonal Adjustment Method, by Estela Bee Dagum, Time Series and Analysis Division, October 1988.

United Nations, Commission of the European Communities - Eurostat, International Monetary Fund, Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development and World Bank, **System of National Accounts, 1993**, New York, 1997.

Revisions of the Canadian National Tourism Indicators, Income and Expenditure Accounts Technical Series, Catalogue no. 13-604-M — no. 47, January 2005.

Special requests

Individual NTI tables can be obtained in laser printout format on the day of release by contacting the Income and Expenditure Accounts Division by phone 613-951-3640 or fax 613-951-3618. In addition, information officers can answer questions about the NTI by phone or fax (same numbers as above) or by mail. There is a \$40 minimum charge (includes 6 pages plus \$1.50 per additional page) for information sent by fax. Higher charges apply if a special tabulation is required. Payment is due in advance, normally by VISA, American Express or Mastercard.

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Highlights

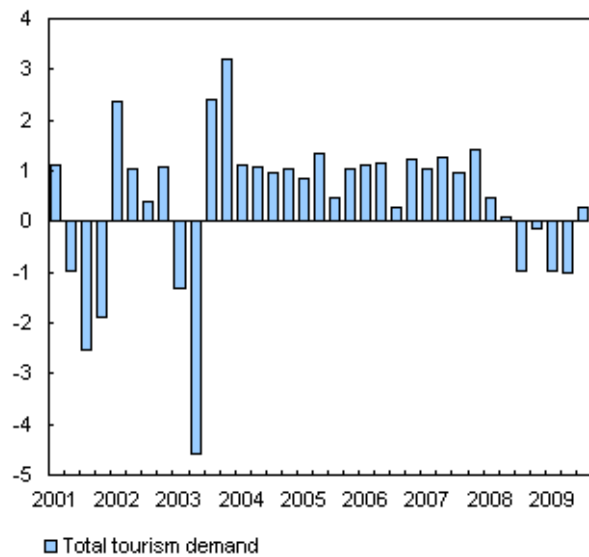
Third quarter 2009

Data adjusted for seasonality and price changes¹

Tourism spending in Canada increased 0.3% in real terms in the third quarter of 2009 as expenditures by Canadians advanced while those of international visitors fell.

Chart 1 Turnaround in tourism spending

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



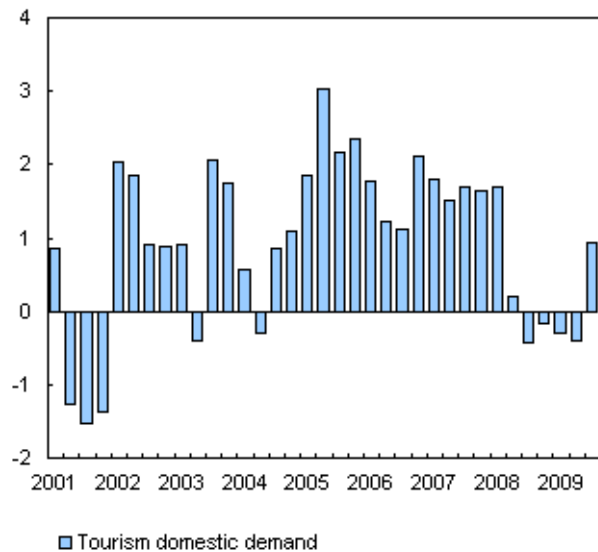
This was the first increase in tourism spending in five quarters, ending the longest downturn since the early 1990s. From the second quarter of 2008 to the second quarter of 2009, tourism spending fell 3.1% in real terms. This was still well short of the 5.8% drop related to the severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) episode during the first two quarters of 2003.

Spending by Canadians on tourism advances

Spending by Canadians on tourism in Canada increased 0.9% in real terms in the third quarter of 2009, following four quarters of decline.

Chart 2 Tourism domestic spending advances

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



Outlays were higher across all major tourism categories. Spending on accommodation was up 1.6%, after declining 2.8% in the previous quarter. Expenditures on passenger air transportation also rebounded, as travel abroad increased compared to the previous quarter.

Spending was lower for travel services and other transportation, including by taxi and water.

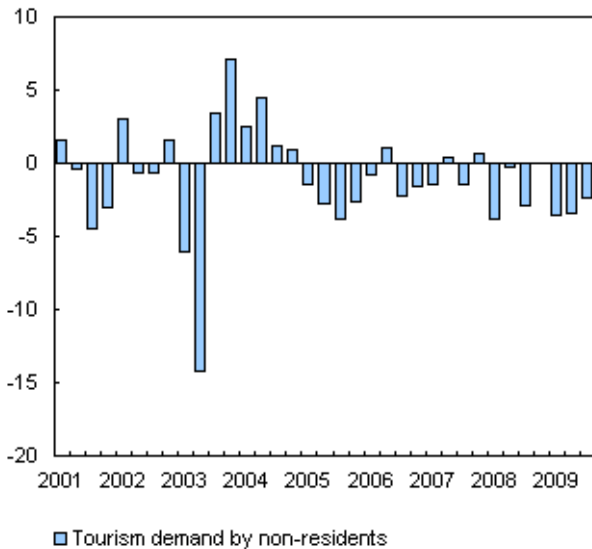
Spending by international visitors down again

Spending by international visitors fell 2.4% in real terms in the third quarter of 2009, the seventh consecutive quarterly decrease. This brought international tourism spending in Canada to a level 15.4% below where it stood in the fourth quarter of 2007.

1. Growth rates of tourism spending and GDP are expressed in real terms (i.e., adjusted for price changes) as well as adjusted for seasonal variations, unless otherwise indicated. Employment data are also seasonally adjusted. Associated percentage changes are presented at quarterly rates unless otherwise noted.

Chart 3 Non-resident spending declines again

% change - preceding quarter, adjusted for seasonal variation and price change



Outlays by international visitors were down across the board, with weakness notably in recreation and entertainment, vehicle fuel and repairs and parts and accommodation. The number of overnight travellers to Canada from the United States and other countries was down 1.7% during the quarter, while the number of same-day travellers fell 8.6%.

Tourism contributes positively to economic growth

Tourism gross domestic product (GDP) expanded 0.4% in real terms in the third quarter of 2009, the first increase in five quarters. The strength came from renewed activity in the air transportation and accommodation industries. Declines continued in other tourism industries, including recreation and entertainment and travel services.

Tourism employment was unchanged from the previous quarter. Job gains were registered in the air and accommodation industries, while fewer jobs were found notably in the food and beverage services and travel services industries.

Looking ahead

According to the latest Business Conditions Survey for the Traveller Accommodation Industries, Canadian hoteliers' outlook for the fourth quarter of 2009 was more pessimistic compared to the same quarter a year earlier, but not as pessimistic as in the previous

quarter. On balance, hoteliers expected occupancy rates and average daily room rates to be lower than they were during the same quarter last year. Regional economic conditions continued to be the most commonly cited business impediment.

Internationally, the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) composite leading indicators for December 2009 continue to point to economic recovery for OECD economies. Improved economic conditions generally translate into increased travel and tourism globally as well as for Canada.

The Canadian dollar gained against several currencies including those of the United States, United Kingdom and Mexico in the last quarter of 2009 compared to the third quarter of 2009. However, it was little changed against the euro and the Japanese Yen and lost ground against the currencies of Australia, New Zealand and Brazil. A stronger dollar makes it cheaper for Canadians to travel abroad, but more expensive for non-residents to visit Canada.

Data unadjusted for seasonality and expressed at current prices²

Tourism spending in Canada reached \$25.5 billion in the third quarter of 2009, a decrease of 5.2% from the third quarter of 2008. The weakness stemmed from lower spending by both Canadians and international visitors to Canada.

Continued decline in spending by international visitors

International visitors spent \$5.4 billion in Canada in the third quarter of 2009, down 9.3% from the same quarter one year earlier. The number of visits to Canada by travellers from other countries was down, on a year-over-year basis, for the 20th consecutive quarter. The number of non-US visitors has registered accelerating declines in the last four quarters, adding to the downward pressure on tourism exports.

As of July 14, citizens of Mexico were required to obtain a visa to enter Canada. The number of travellers from Mexico was nearly 50% lower in the third quarter compared to one year earlier. The implementation of more stringent requirements for all persons, including US residents, to carry proper documentation in order to enter or re-enter the United States in the second quarter (1st June 2009) also contributed to the downward pressure on tourism exports.

2. In this section, tourism spending is expressed at current prices and not adjusted for seasonal variations. Percentage changes are presented on a year-over-year basis.

Spending by international visitors was down across the board compared to one year earlier. Outlays on accommodation services were down 13.3% in the third quarter of 2009 as a result of lower room rates and fewer overnight visitors. Expenditures on fuel were down 18.6% reflecting the lower price of gas at the pump compared to the record highs of summer 2008. Spending on passenger air transportation was 8.9% lower than one year ago, reflecting the sharp drop in non-US residents visiting Canada.

Tourism domestic spending down for third consecutive quarter

Canadians spent \$20.1 billion on tourism in Canada in the third quarter of 2009, down 4.0% from the third quarter of 2008. This was the third consecutive quarter of year-over-year declines in Canadians' nominal spending on tourism in Canada.

Lower prices for gasoline at the pump and reduced air fares and room rates were behind much of the decline in domestic spending on transportation and accommodation services. Outlays on food and beverage services were up in the third quarter, as a result of both higher prices and increased consumption. Spending on recreation and entertainment was 4.8% higher in the summer quarter compared to one year ago.

Tourism Employment

Tourism accounted for 684,200 jobs in the third quarter of 2009, down 1.6% compared to the same period of 2008, the fourth consecutive quarter of job losses on a year-over-year basis. The weakness stemmed largely from the travel services and accommodation industries. As in the previous quarter, job gains were registered in the passenger air transportation and recreation and entertainment industries.

Concepts, methodology and data quality

The following information is provided to help clarify the basic concepts and definitions and the main sources and methods underlying the National Tourism Indicators (NTI), as well as key aspects of data quality. This information is also intended to clarify the strengths and limitations of the NTI and to indicate how they can be effectively used and analysed.

The National Tourism Indicators provide timely information which facilitate ongoing monitoring and analysis of tourism and its related activities in Canada. The NTI cover the domestic supply of tourism commodities (such as transportation, accommodation, food and beverages, recreation and entertainment), the demand for these commodities by resident and non-resident visitors, and the employment and GDP generated as a result of this demand. In addition to these key variables, other travel-related statistics are provided, including: number of international travellers to Canada by country of origin, exchange rates, inflation rate for the various tourism commodities. The NTI were developed to update the more comprehensive Tourism Satellite Account (TSA) on a quarterly and annual basis.

The Indicators are available about 90 days after the reference quarter. The statistical tables include actual data and percentage changes, for seasonally adjusted current and constant price estimates.

The NTI can be used in three general ways: (a) to assess the current state of tourism in Canada; (b) to analyse the development of tourism in Canada in terms of trends and structures; and (c) to support policy and strategic decisions. The Indicators show the relative importance of tourism markets in Canada, what percentage of activity is accounted for by each component of tourism demand, and which components are impacted the most from its growth or decline. The NTI can be used to support research on the trends, cycles and quarterly patterns in various tourism aspects or the industry as a whole. Comparisons can be drawn with other industries or the national economy. The NTI can also be used in the temporal analysis of relationships between different variables and the demand for or supply of tourism goods and services.

The data are used by various stakeholders in the field of tourism, e.g. federal and provincial government officials, researchers as well as by college and university professors and students. The data are also

used by international organizations (OECD, World Tourism Organization), journalists and large businesses.

Concepts and variables measured

Tourism: The definition of tourism in the NTI follows that adopted by the World Tourism Organization and the United Nations Statistical Commission: “the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes”.

Visitors are persons who undertake tourism as defined above. They are referred to as either tourists (those who stay overnight or longer in the place visited), or same-day visitors.

Tourism industries would cease to exist or would continue to exist only at significantly reduced levels of activity in the absence of tourism. Examples of tourism industries include air transportation and accommodation.

Tourism commodities are ones for which a significant part of their total demand comes from visitors. Examples include travel services and rail transportation services.

Tourism demand is defined as the spending of Canadian and non-resident visitors on domestically produced commodities. It is the sum of tourism domestic demand and tourism exports.

Tourism domestic demand is the spending in Canada by resident visitors on domestically produced commodities.

Tourism exports is spending by non-resident visitors on Canadian-produced goods and services. It includes spending that may take place outside of Canada, for instance, the purchase of an airline ticket from a Canadian international carrier, to travel to Canada.

Tourism Gross Domestic Product is the unduplicated value of production, within the boundaries of a region, of goods and services purchased by tourists. In the NTI, GDP is calculated at basic prices in both current and constant dollars. Only direct GDP is calculated in the NTI. GDP is also generated indirectly in the

upstream production chain of a good or service. Although these indirect effects can be linked to tourism, they are not included in tourism GDP.

Domestic supply of tourism commodities is defined as the total production in Canada of the tourism commodities which are mainly produced by tourism industries. Not all of domestic supply is purchased by visitors, so that supply exceeds tourism demand for the NTI. For example, visitors purchase only a small proportion of food and beverage services, with most going to local consumption. Also, supply does not include imports. For example the sale of a ticket on a non-Canadian airline is excluded from supply.

Tourism employment is a measure of employment in tourism and non-tourism industries. Tourism employment measures the number of jobs in an industry generated by, or attributable to, tourism spending on the goods and/or services produced by that industry. It is based on an estimate of jobs rather than "hours of work". Thus, someone who works 10 hours a week counts for as much, by this measure, as someone who works 50 hours a week.

Data sources and methodology

Data sources

There are several main data sources for the NTI, all originating from Statistics Canada. The TSA provides benchmark totals, in current dollars, for several years.

For other years, the Input-Output (I-O) tables are used to calculate annual levels of tourism supply and tourism GDP. Annual levels for employment are calculated using data from the Canadian Productivity Accounts. Demand totals come from the Canadian Travel Survey (CTS) and the International Travel Survey (ITS). The ITS data come via the Canadian Balance of Payments (BOP) Accounts. For years in which I-O data are not available, the NTI are based on quarterly estimates from the SNA.

Quarterly indicators for tourism supply are based on selected components of consumer spending from the Income and Expenditure Accounts and on GDP for selected industries from the measures of monthly GDP by industry accounts. The quarterly tourism expenditure data follow quarterly patterns from the CTS and the ITS. The quarterly tourism employment data are based on the Survey of Employment, Payroll

and Hours (SEPH). Tourism GDP is calculated based on demand, supply and employment.

General methodology

The indicators of supply, demand, GDP and employment are benchmarked to the TSA levels and are projected for the years preceding and following the benchmarks.

The NTI supply indicators use results from Statistics Canada's input-output tables, which are based on quarterly and annual surveys of industries and their revenues (production). For periods not covered by the most recent I-O data the indicators are estimated on the basis of: (i) results of selected industry surveys or employment surveys, (ii) personal consumption expenditures on items closely related to the tourism goods and services being estimated, or (iii) industry-specific production figures (GDP).

Once supply estimates have been calculated, total demand is obtained by using the ratio of demand to supply from the TSA benchmarks. Estimates used to determine the travel account balance for the Canadian balance of payments provide an overall total for demand by non-residents (tourism exports). Expenditure information is collected quarterly through Canada Customs, while international travellers entering or returning to Canada are counted monthly. Total non-resident demand is then broken down by type of expenditure using travel profiles generated during the detailed calculation of the TSA. The methodology to calculate domestic demand estimates has two separate components. First, a derived estimate is constructed taking total demand minus the non-resident demand at an annual level. This "top-down" approach is further supplemented by the CTS data. Quarterly patterns for commodities are taken from the CTS and used to distribute the annual data.

Like the supply and demand indicators, the NTI employment estimates are benchmarked to the TSA estimates, which in turn are based on measures from the Canadian Productivity Accounts. The Labour Force Survey is used primarily to produce control totals, and SEPH is used primarily to compute the industry-by-industry breakdown. The latter data are also used to project the quarterly estimates on a current basis. The data, which estimate direct employment, are then seasonally adjusted.

Similarly, GDP estimates are based on TSA annual benchmarks. Quarterly movements and non-

benchmark year estimates are calculated using tourism expenditure and industry GDP as an indicator. These direct measures of GDP are then seasonally adjusted.

Seasonal adjustment

Tourism is dominated by large seasonal fluctuations exhibiting similar patterns from one year to the next. For the convenience of users, these regular variations are removed, through a statistical technique known as seasonal adjustment, to help isolate underlying trends. Two versions of the quarterly NTI are available, one unadjusted and the other adjusted for seasonal variation.

All seasonally adjusted series of the quarterly NTI are derived using the X11ARIMA method. The adjustment is generally made at the lowest level of aggregation and seasonally adjusted aggregates are obtained by summation. The advantages of this approach are twofold. First, by carrying out the seasonal adjustment at the most detailed level, seasonal shifts in the aggregates are more easily explained. Second, the calculation of seasonally adjusted aggregates by summation preserves the accounting identities in the system and this is much more convenient for users.

Current and constant price estimates

Values expressed in the prices of the period being referred to are commonly called current price estimates. This is the most natural method of valuation, because it uses the prices observed in the economy in the year for which they are being measured. The NTI also provide some estimates that are valued at the prices of another period, the year 2002. The purpose of such a valuation is to facilitate the analysis of period-to-period movements of the NTI, by eliminating the effect of price change (or inflation).

An increase or decrease in value from one period to another results from the joint effect of a change in the quantities of goods and services produced and of a change in the prices at which they are sold. The decomposition of the value-change into separate price and quantity components is accomplished by recalculating a series at the prices of some base period. The resulting period-to-period changes in these constant price estimates are interpreted as showing the "real" or "inflation-adjusted" growth in the series. The NTI constant price estimates are expressed at the prices of the year 2002. Thus, for example, the estimate of tourism demand at 2002 prices for 2006 is less than the one at current prices. The difference

reflects the fact that the market prices of most goods and services increased between 2002 and 2006.

Price indexes

The previous section addressed the topic of measuring tourism at the constant prices of some base period. The resulting estimates of "real tourism" gauge the volume of tourism. Dividing the current price series for tourism by the corresponding series at constant prices yields an Implicit Price Index (IPI). The variable-weighted nature of IPIs should always be kept in mind. Movements in these indexes reflect not just price-change, but also variation in the volumes of different goods and services. The impact of weight-shifts on observed period-to-period changes in the tourism implicit price index can be quite significant.

Revisions

Preceding quarters of the year are revised when the current quarter is published. In years when an updated Tourism Satellite Account (TSA) is not available, revisions extending back four years are made with the publication of first quarter data. In years when an updated TSA is available, revisions extending back six or seven years are made. The data are not normally revised again except when historical revisions are carried out.

Reference period

The National Tourism Indicators are available about 90 days after the reference quarter.

Data quality (accuracy)

No direct measures of the margin of error in the estimates can be calculated. The quality of the estimates can be inferred from analysis of revisions and from a subjective assessment of the data sources and methodology used in the preparation of the estimates.

Comparability of data and related sources

The NTI are based on a wide array of related and comparable data. Supply estimates generally follow the trends of the output measures for industries in the I-O system and the GDP by industry accounts.

Tourism expenditures have similar trends to related consumer spending series. However, because tourism includes both personal and business travel, the trends are not the same.

Non-resident spending, or tourism exports, is based on Balance of Payments data, which in turn come from the ITS. The NTI however, do not include certain items in the BOP travel account (airline crews, medical and education travel) and so the data, while similar, are not identical.

Employment and GDP in the NTI are comparable to SEPH and GDP by industry data for tourism industries. The NTI however only includes the employment or production that is attributable to tourism.

Section A
Tourism demand in Canada

Table 1
Tourism demand in Canada, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	7,241 1.8	7,307 0.9	6,870 -6.0	6,581 -4.2	6,448 -2.0	6,515 1.0	26,364 7.3	28,531 8.2
Passenger air transport	3,775 1.5	3,781 0.1	3,753 -0.7	3,621 -3.5	3,485 -3.8	3,504 0.6	13,937 7.9	15,027 7.8
Passenger rail transport	79 -3.1	79 0.1	78 -1.7	74 -4.7	69 -7.1	65 -5.6	304 1.2	317 4.6
Interurban bus transport	259 1.5	257 -0.7	262 2.0	256 -2.3	248 -3.2	244 -1.6	1,009 -1.3	1,032 2.3
Vehicle rental	417 -2.3	409 -1.9	409 0.0	405 -0.8	397 -2.0	405 2.0	1,680 6.2	1,660 -1.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	345 -1.4	355 2.7	350 -1.3	342 -2.2	346 1.0	354 2.2	1,352 7.3	1,400 3.6
Vehicle fuel	2,203 3.9	2,257 2.5	1,844 -18.3	1,711 -7.2	1,723 0.7	1,777 3.1	7,454 8.1	8,424 13.0
Other transportation	164 1.9	171 4.3	174 2.0	172 -1.5	179 4.4	166 -7.7	630 4.7	670 6.3
Accommodation	2,921 1.0	2,875 -1.6	2,897 0.7	2,800 -3.3	2,656 -5.1	2,639 -0.7	11,088 5.8	11,584 4.5
Food and beverage services	2,710 1.4	2,729 0.7	2,747 0.7	2,748 0.0	2,759 0.4	2,783 0.9	10,419 4.5	10,857 4.2
Other tourism commodities	2,888 0.7	2,905 0.6	2,890 -0.5	2,860 -1.0	2,824 -1.3	2,804 -0.7	11,130 5.9	11,551 3.8
Recreation and entertainment	1,262 1.7	1,277 1.3	1,271 -0.5	1,267 -0.3	1,239 -2.2	1,232 -0.6	4,855 4.9	5,050 4.0
Travel services	905 1.0	903 -0.2	894 -1.0	886 -0.9	873 -1.4	866 -0.9	3,396 7.5	3,599 6.0
Pre-trip expenditures	659 -1.5	663 0.5	663 0.0	647 -2.4	654 0.9	649 -0.7	2,647 5.5	2,654 0.3
Convention fees	62 1.9	62 -0.7	62 0.1	60 -3.3	57 -3.7	58 0.1	232 6.0	246 6.2
Total tourism commodities	15,760 1.4	15,817 0.4	15,404 -2.6	14,990 -2.7	14,687 -2.0	14,740 0.4	59,002 6.2	62,523 6.0
Total other commodities	3,042 1.3	3,087 1.5	3,073 -0.5	3,085 0.4	3,094 0.3	3,087 -0.2	11,831 5.5	12,205 3.2
Tourism expenditures	18,803 1.4	18,904 0.5	18,477 -2.3	18,074 -2.2	17,781 -1.6	17,827 0.3	70,833 6.1	74,728 5.5

Table 2
Tourism demand in Canada, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
	millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding year							
Transportation	6,893 9.7	10,167 10.9	5,781 -0.5	5,250 -7.7	6,194 -10.1	9,014 -11.3	26,364 7.3	28,531 8.2
Passenger air transport	3,714 9.0	4,903 8.3	3,130 3.8	3,159 -3.7	3,478 -6.3	4,603 -6.1	13,937 7.9	15,027 7.8
Passenger rail transport	79 3.5	98 5.7	74 -0.0	60 -9.1	70 -11.7	82 -16.4	304 1.2	317 4.6
Interurban bus transport	242 6.5	297 3.2	270 -0.8	215 -4.0	225 -6.8	268 -9.8	1,009 -1.3	1,032 2.3
Vehicle rental	376 0.0	662 -2.5	328 -4.8	281 -4.8	374 -0.5	628 -5.2	1,680 6.2	1,660 -1.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	324 1.1	514 4.2	306 2.5	248 -2.9	324 -0.3	510 -0.7	1,352 7.3	1,400 3.6
Vehicle fuel	2,013 16.1	3,444 20.6	1,536 -8.3	1,141 -20.3	1,560 -22.5	2,689 -21.9	7,454 8.1	8,424 13.0
Other transportation	144 3.3	249 8.2	137 6.4	146 5.3	162 12.1	234 -6.2	630 4.7	670 6.3
Accommodation	3,022 7.3	3,980 3.4	2,504 1.1	2,010 -3.3	2,769 -8.4	3,697 -7.1	11,088 5.8	11,584 4.5
Food and beverage services	2,696 5.4	4,111 4.0	2,086 2.4	2,008 2.3	2,734 1.4	4,194 2.0	10,419 4.5	10,857 4.2
Other tourism commodities	2,824 4.6	4,133 4.1	2,328 0.3	2,267 0.1	2,796 -1.0	4,073 -1.4	11,130 5.9	11,551 3.8
Recreation and entertainment	1,144 5.1	2,242 5.0	844 0.9	845 2.9	1,177 2.9	2,255 0.6	4,855 4.9	5,050 4.0
Travel services	900 6.7	1,122 5.8	745 1.7	833 -0.0	850 -5.5	1,055 -6.0	3,396 7.5	3,599 6.0
Pre-trip expenditures	717 1.1	696 -1.3	679 -2.2	543 -3.5	711 -0.8	696 0.1	2,647 5.5	2,654 0.3
Convention fees	63 8.1	74 6.3	61 2.3	46 -5.4	58 -8.3	67 -9.1	232 6.0	246 6.2
Total tourism commodities	15,434 7.5	22,391 6.9	12,700 0.4	11,535 -3.9	14,493 -6.1	20,978 -6.3	59,002 6.2	62,523 6.0
Total other commodities	2,833 3.6	4,459 3.7	2,894 1.5	2,033 0.7	2,876 1.5	4,488 0.7	11,831 5.5	12,205 3.2
Tourism expenditures	18,267 6.9	26,849 6.4	15,594 0.6	13,568 -3.2	17,369 -4.9	25,466 -5.2	70,833 6.1	74,728 5.5

Table 3
Tourism demand in Canada, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of 2002 dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	6,250 0.1	6,137 -1.8	6,143 0.1	6,050 -1.5	6,002 -0.8	6,056 0.9	24,289 5.0	24,777 2.0
Passenger air transport	3,814 0.4	3,717 -2.5	3,713 -0.1	3,623 -2.4	3,559 -1.7	3,619 1.7	14,548 6.7	15,045 3.4
Passenger rail transport	68 -3.6	68 0.1	66 -1.9	64 -3.6	61 -4.3	61 -0.0	268 -2.0	272 1.6
Interurban bus transport	226 0.3	220 -2.6	227 3.0	219 -3.4	224 2.3	222 -0.9	896 -2.0	899 0.3
Vehicle rental	407 -1.2	402 -1.1	399 -0.8	394 -1.2	390 -1.2	388 -0.4	1,629 3.4	1,621 -0.5
Vehicle repairs and parts	287 -2.0	294 2.4	285 -3.2	279 -2.1	279 0.2	284 1.8	1,143 3.3	1,159 1.4
Vehicle fuel	1,318 0.2	1,304 -1.1	1,323 1.4	1,339 1.2	1,356 1.3	1,350 -0.5	5,289 3.4	5,261 -0.5
Other transportation	129 0.1	130 0.7	130 -0.2	132 1.5	132 0.1	131 -0.8	517 1.6	519 0.4
Accommodation	2,641 0.5	2,604 -1.4	2,596 -0.3	2,564 -1.2	2,485 -3.1	2,494 0.4	10,266 2.6	10,469 2.0
Food and beverage services	2,336 0.5	2,326 -0.4	2,320 -0.2	2,305 -0.6	2,298 -0.3	2,298 0.0	9,185 1.7	9,306 1.3
Other tourism commodities	2,684 -0.7	2,681 -0.1	2,680 -0.0	2,664 -0.6	2,637 -1.0	2,621 -0.6	10,631 4.8	10,748 1.1
Recreation and entertainment	1,152 0.1	1,151 -0.1	1,148 -0.2	1,150 0.2	1,125 -2.2	1,118 -0.6	4,572 4.2	4,601 0.6
Travel services	773 -0.4	763 -1.3	755 -1.1	746 -1.1	733 -1.7	721 -1.7	3,005 3.8	3,068 2.1
Pre-trip expenditures	705 -2.3	713 1.2	723 1.4	715 -1.1	727 1.6	729 0.3	2,844 7.0	2,862 0.7
Convention fees	55 1.3	54 -1.1	54 -0.2	53 -1.8	52 -1.7	53 1.2	211 2.7	217 3.0
Total tourism commodities	13,912 0.1	13,748 -1.2	13,740 -0.1	13,584 -1.1	13,422 -1.2	13,470 0.4	54,371 3.9	55,300 1.7
Total other commodities	2,954 0.2	2,954 -0.0	2,940 -0.5	2,930 -0.3	2,923 -0.2	2,921 -0.1	11,492 5.5	11,798 2.7
Tourism expenditures	16,866 0.1	16,702 -1.0	16,679 -0.1	16,514 -1.0	16,346 -1.0	16,391 0.3	65,863 4.2	67,097 1.9

Section B
Tourism domestic demand

Table 4
Tourism domestic demand, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	6,118 2.0	6,210 1.5	5,809 -6.5	5,583 -3.9	5,505 -1.4	5,606 1.8	21,954 9.5	24,137 9.9
Passenger air transport	3,098 1.7	3,131 1.1	3,124 -0.2	3,017 -3.4	2,922 -3.1	2,954 1.1	11,376 10.8	12,399 9.0
Passenger rail transport	50 -4.3	50 0.4	49 -3.4	48 -2.0	42 -11.7	40 -4.7	186 2.5	201 8.1
Interurban bus transport	178 1.3	176 -1.2	181 2.8	179 -1.0	173 -3.6	171 -1.2	678 1.1	712 5.0
Vehicle rental	295 -3.9	289 -1.9	279 -3.5	288 3.2	285 -1.0	299 5.0	1,159 8.8	1,169 0.8
Vehicle repairs and parts	325 -1.5	335 3.1	330 -1.4	324 -1.9	329 1.5	338 2.7	1,264 8.1	1,320 4.4
Vehicle fuel	2,075 4.0	2,125 2.4	1,739 -18.2	1,619 -6.9	1,639 1.2	1,697 3.6	6,937 9.0	7,934 14.4
Other transportation	98 3.6	103 5.9	107 3.5	108 1.3	115 5.7	107 -6.7	355 9.9	402 13.5
Accommodation	1,979 1.3	1,953 -1.3	1,961 0.4	1,909 -2.6	1,816 -4.9	1,826 0.6	7,209 10.3	7,847 8.9
Food and beverage services	2,063 2.1	2,092 1.4	2,109 0.8	2,144 1.7	2,180 1.7	2,204 1.1	7,709 6.6	8,285 7.5
Other tourism commodities	2,381 0.7	2,398 0.7	2,382 -0.7	2,362 -0.8	2,340 -1.0	2,338 -0.1	9,010 7.8	9,524 5.7
Recreation and entertainment	814 2.1	830 1.9	822 -1.0	825 0.4	808 -2.0	818 1.2	2,982 9.5	3,264 9.5
Travel services	858 1.1	856 -0.2	847 -1.0	842 -0.6	831 -1.3	824 -0.9	3,202 8.1	3,409 6.5
Pre-trip expenditures	659 -1.5	663 0.5	663 0.0	647 -2.4	654 0.9	649 -0.7	2,647 5.5	2,654 0.3
Convention fees	49 2.6	49 -0.6	50 2.1	48 -3.3	47 -3.2	47 1.1	179 8.0	196 9.4
Total tourism commodities	12,541 1.7	12,653 0.9	12,262 -3.1	11,999 -2.1	11,840 -1.3	11,975 1.1	45,883 8.8	49,793 8.5
Total other commodities	2,309 1.7	2,361 2.2	2,337 -1.0	2,379 1.8	2,399 0.8	2,407 0.4	8,717 8.1	9,278 6.4
Tourism expenditures	14,850 1.7	15,014 1.1	14,599 -2.8	14,378 -1.5	14,239 -1.0	14,382 1.0	54,600 8.7	59,071 8.2

Table 5
Tourism domestic demand, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
	millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding year							
Transportation	5,719 11.0	8,485 13.8	4,971 0.0	4,591 -7.5	5,240 -8.4	7,500 -11.6	21,954 9.5	24,137 9.9
Passenger air transport	2,983 8.2	3,990 11.0	2,631 5.3	2,718 -2.7	2,908 -2.5	3,771 -5.5	11,376 10.8	12,399 9.0
Passenger rail transport	49 8.0	53 10.0	49 -0.1	46 -9.3	43 -12.9	41 -22.9	186 2.5	201 8.1
Interurban bus transport	159 14.1	202 5.5	187 -1.3	157 -4.5	148 -7.3	182 -10.1	678 1.1	712 5.0
Vehicle rental	244 3.1	431 -1.2	257 -4.8	228 -3.5	256 5.1	414 -3.9	1,159 8.8	1,169 0.8
Vehicle repairs and parts	303 1.5	482 5.7	291 2.7	236 -3.0	305 0.5	480 -0.4	1,264 8.1	1,320 4.4
Vehicle fuel	1,896 18.3	3,192 22.5	1,464 -8.3	1,104 -20.2	1,477 -22.1	2,484 -22.2	6,937 9.0	7,934 14.4
Other transportation	85 15.3	136 13.3	92 12.6	101 13.1	103 21.6	129 -5.0	355 9.9	402 13.5
Accommodation	1,950 13.6	2,762 8.2	1,687 2.8	1,443 -0.3	1,853 -5.0	2,641 -4.4	7,209 10.3	7,847 8.9
Food and beverage services	2,046 9.7	3,056 8.1	1,628 4.2	1,621 4.3	2,129 4.1	3,199 4.7	7,709 6.6	8,285 7.5
Other tourism commodities	2,333 7.1	3,272 7.0	1,958 0.8	1,974 0.7	2,319 -0.6	3,279 0.2	9,010 7.8	9,524 5.7
Recreation and entertainment	722 13.0	1,478 11.6	514 3.4	583 6.0	761 5.4	1,549 4.8	2,982 9.5	3,264 9.5
Travel services	850 7.4	1,042 6.5	712 1.8	808 0.3	805 -5.3	983 -5.7	3,202 8.1	3,409 6.5
Pre-trip expenditures	717 1.1	696 -1.3	679 -2.2	543 -3.5	711 -0.8	696 0.1	2,647 5.5	2,654 0.3
Convention fees	45 14.6	55 10.9	53 3.8	41 -4.9	42 -6.5	51 -8.3	179 8.0	196 9.4
Total tourism commodities	12,049 10.4	17,575 10.6	10,245 1.3	9,628 -3.0	11,541 -4.2	16,619 -5.4	45,883 8.8	49,793 8.5
Total other commodities	2,060 7.5	3,321 8.2	2,327 3.5	1,612 2.6	2,158 4.7	3,449 3.9	8,717 8.1	9,278 6.4
Tourism expenditures	14,109 10.0	20,896 10.2	12,572 1.7	11,240 -2.2	13,699 -2.9	20,068 -4.0	54,600 8.7	59,071 8.2

Table 6
Tourism domestic demand, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of 2002 dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	5,206 0.1	5,143 -1.2	5,158 0.3	5,107 -1.0	5,098 -0.2	5,176 1.5	20,048 7.4	20,706 3.3
Passenger air transport	3,130 0.5	3,079 -1.6	3,091 0.4	3,019 -2.3	2,985 -1.1	3,051 2.2	11,878 9.5	12,413 4.5
Passenger rail transport	43 -4.8	43 0.4	41 -3.7	41 -0.8	37 -9.0	38 0.8	164 -0.7	173 5.4
Interurban bus transport	156 0.1	151 -3.2	157 3.8	154 -2.2	156 1.8	156 -0.4	602 0.1	621 3.1
Vehicle rental	288 -2.8	284 -1.2	272 -4.3	280 2.8	279 -0.2	286 2.5	1,122 5.5	1,141 1.7
Vehicle repairs and parts	270 -2.1	278 2.8	269 -3.3	264 -1.8	266 0.7	272 2.3	1,068 4.1	1,092 2.3
Vehicle fuel	1,242 0.4	1,228 -1.1	1,248 1.6	1,267 1.6	1,290 1.8	1,290 0.0	4,924 4.8	4,955 0.6
Other transportation	77 2.0	79 2.2	80 1.3	83 3.3	84 2.1	83 -1.1	290 6.8	312 7.8
Accommodation	1,789 0.7	1,770 -1.1	1,758 -0.7	1,749 -0.5	1,699 -2.8	1,727 1.6	6,673 7.0	7,093 6.3
Food and beverage services	1,778 1.1	1,782 0.2	1,781 -0.1	1,798 1.0	1,815 0.9	1,820 0.3	6,806 3.6	7,099 4.3
Other tourism commodities	2,224 -0.7	2,227 0.1	2,224 -0.1	2,216 -0.4	2,201 -0.7	2,201 0.0	8,689 6.6	8,914 2.6
Recreation and entertainment	743 0.5	748 0.6	742 -0.7	748 0.8	734 -2.0	742 1.1	2,850 8.7	2,973 4.3
Travel services	733 -0.3	723 -1.3	715 -1.2	709 -0.8	698 -1.6	686 -1.6	2,832 4.3	2,906 2.6
Pre-trip expenditures	705 -2.3	713 1.2	723 1.4	715 -1.1	727 1.6	729 0.3	2,844 7.0	2,862 0.7
Convention fees	43 2.1	43 -1.0	44 1.8	43 -1.8	43 -1.1	44 2.3	163 4.6	173 6.0
Total tourism commodities	10,998 0.2	10,922 -0.7	10,921 -0.0	10,869 -0.5	10,813 -0.5	10,924 1.0	42,215 6.5	43,813 3.8
Total other commodities	2,229 -0.0	2,248 0.9	2,227 -0.9	2,240 0.6	2,246 0.3	2,258 0.5	8,471 8.3	8,933 5.5
Tourism expenditures	13,227 0.2	13,170 -0.4	13,148 -0.2	13,110 -0.3	13,059 -0.4	13,182 0.9	50,686 6.8	52,746 4.1

Section C
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports)

Table 7
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	1,123 0.9	1,097 -2.3	1,061 -3.3	998 -5.9	943 -5.5	908 -3.7	4,410 -2.7	4,394 -0.4
Passenger air transport	677 0.7	650 -4.1	629 -3.2	604 -4.0	562 -6.8	550 -2.2	2,561 -3.2	2,628 2.6
Passenger rail transport	29 -0.9	29 -0.4	29 1.4	27 -9.3	27 1.1	25 -6.9	117 -0.8	116 -1.0
Interurban bus transport	80 2.0	81 0.6	81 0.3	77 -5.1	75 -2.1	73 -2.6	331 -5.8	320 -3.2
Vehicle rental	122 1.7	120 -1.7	130 8.4	118 -9.4	113 -4.4	106 -5.5	521 0.7	492 -5.6
Vehicle repairs and parts	20 0.6	20 -3.8	20 1.1	19 -7.0	17 -7.7	16 -7.5	88 -3.2	80 -8.4
Vehicle fuel	128 1.6	131 2.8	105 -20.3	91 -12.9	84 -7.6	79 -6.0	516 -2.5	490 -5.1
Other transportation	66 -0.5	67 1.8	67 -0.2	63 -5.8	65 2.1	59 -9.5	276 -1.3	268 -3.0
Accommodation	942 0.6	922 -2.2	936 1.5	891 -4.8	840 -5.7	812 -3.3	3,879 -1.6	3,737 -3.7
Food and beverage services	647 -0.6	637 -1.5	638 0.1	604 -5.3	579 -4.1	578 -0.1	2,710 -0.9	2,572 -5.1
Other tourism commodities	508 0.8	507 -0.1	508 0.1	498 -2.0	484 -2.8	466 -3.7	2,120 -1.6	2,027 -4.4
Recreation and entertainment	447 1.0	447 0.0	449 0.4	442 -1.5	431 -2.6	414 -3.9	1,873 -1.7	1,786 -4.6
Travel services	48 -1.0	47 -1.0	47 -0.5	44 -6.2	43 -3.6	42 -1.1	194 -0.8	190 -2.0
Pre-trip expenditures	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...
Convention fees	13 -0.8	13 -1.1	12 -7.5	11 -3.1	11 -6.0	10 -4.7	53 -0.4	50 -4.8
Total tourism commodities	3,220 0.5	3,164 -1.7	3,143 -0.7	2,990 -4.8	2,847 -4.8	2,765 -2.9	13,119 -1.8	12,730 -3.0
Total other commodities	733 0.3	727 -0.9	735 1.2	706 -4.0	696 -1.4	679 -2.3	3,115 -1.1	2,927 -6.0
Tourism expenditures	3,953 0.4	3,890 -1.6	3,878 -0.3	3,696 -4.7	3,542 -4.2	3,445 -2.8	16,234 -1.7	15,657 -3.6

Table 8
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding year								
Transportation	1,173 4.0	1,682 -1.9	810 -3.7	659 -9.5	953 -18.8	1,514 -10.0	4,410 -2.7	4,394 -0.4
Passenger air transport	732 12.4	913 -2.0	498 -3.6	441 -9.2	570 -22.1	832 -8.9	2,561 -3.2	2,628 2.6
Passenger rail transport	30 -3.1	45 1.2	26 0.1	14 -8.1	27 -9.8	41 -8.9	117 -0.8	116 -1.0
Interurban bus transport	82 -5.7	95 -1.5	83 0.4	59 -2.5	78 -5.9	86 -9.0	330 -5.8	320 -3.2
Vehicle rental	132 -5.2	231 -4.8	70 -4.8	53 -10.0	117 -10.8	213 -7.7	521 0.7	492 -5.6
Vehicle repairs and parts	21 -4.7	32 -14.0	16 -1.3	11 -2.7	18 -11.8	31 -5.0	88 -3.2	80 -8.4
Vehicle fuel	117 -11.0	252 0.7	73 -9.5	37 -23.3	84 -28.7	205 -18.6	516 -2.5	490 -5.1
Other transportation	60 -10.0	114 2.7	45 -4.4	45 -8.9	59 -1.3	105 -7.7	276 -1.3	268 -3.0
Accommodation	1,071 -2.5	1,218 -5.9	817 -2.2	567 -10.2	917 -14.5	1,056 -13.3	3,879 -1.6	3,737 -3.7
Food and beverage services	650 -6.3	1,055 -6.2	458 -3.7	387 -5.3	605 -6.9	995 -5.7	2,710 -0.9	2,572 -5.1
Other tourism commodities	490 -5.8	861 -5.5	370 -2.7	293 -4.0	477 -2.7	794 -7.7	2,120 -1.6	2,027 -4.4
Recreation and entertainment	422 -6.1	763 -5.8	330 -2.6	262 -3.4	416 -1.4	707 -7.5	1,873 -1.7	1,786 -4.6
Travel services	50 -3.4	79 -2.6	33 -2.0	26 -8.5	45 -10.0	72 -9.5	194 -0.8	190 -2.0
Pre-trip expenditures	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...
Convention fees	18 -5.0	18 -5.4	7 -7.4	6 -8.9	16 -12.8	16 -11.3	53 -0.5	50 -4.7
Total tourism commodities	3,385 -1.6	4,816 -4.5	2,455 -3.1	1,907 -8.1	2,952 -12.8	4,359 -9.5	13,119 -1.8	12,730 -3.0
Total other commodities	773 -5.4	1,138 -7.6	567 -6.3	421 -6.1	718 -7.1	1,039 -8.7	3,115 -1.1	2,927 -6.0
Tourism expenditures	4,158 -2.4	5,953 -5.1	3,023 -3.7	2,328 -7.7	3,670 -11.7	5,398 -9.3	16,234 -1.7	15,657 -3.6

Table 9
Tourism demand by non-residents (exports), 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
	millions of 2002 dollars and percentage change, preceding period							
Transportation	1,044 -0.3	994 -4.8	986 -0.9	943 -4.3	904 -4.1	881 -2.6	4,242 -4.8	4,070 -4.0
Passenger air transport	684 -0.5	639 -6.7	622 -2.6	604 -2.9	574 -4.9	568 -1.1	2,670 -4.3	2,633 -1.4
Passenger rail transport	25 -1.4	25 -0.4	25 1.2	23 -8.2	24 4.1	24 -1.4	104 -3.9	100 -4.4
Interurban bus transport	70 0.8	69 -1.4	70 1.3	66 -6.2	68 3.4	67 -1.9	294 -6.0	279 -5.3
Vehicle rental	119 2.8	118 -1.0	127 7.6	115 -9.8	110 -3.7	102 -7.8	507 -1.0	480 -5.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	17 0.0	16 -4.1	16 -0.8	15 -6.9	14 -8.5	13 -7.9	75 -6.7	67 -11.7
Vehicle fuel	77 -2.0	76 -0.7	75 -1.1	71 -5.0	66 -7.1	60 -9.3	364 -12.2	306 -16.0
Other transportation	52 -2.5	51 -1.6	50 -2.5	49 -1.4	48 -3.3	48 -0.1	227 -4.3	206 -9.1
Accommodation	852 -0.0	835 -2.0	838 0.4	815 -2.8	786 -3.6	767 -2.3	3,594 -4.6	3,376 -6.1
Food and beverage services	558 -1.5	543 -2.6	539 -0.7	507 -6.0	483 -4.8	478 -1.0	2,379 -3.3	2,207 -7.2
Other tourism commodities	460 -0.7	454 -1.4	456 0.4	449 -1.5	436 -2.7	420 -3.8	1,942 -2.6	1,834 -5.6
Recreation and entertainment	408 -0.5	403 -1.3	406 0.7	402 -1.1	391 -2.6	375 -4.0	1,722 -2.4	1,627 -5.5
Travel services	41 -2.5	40 -2.1	40 -0.7	37 -6.4	36 -3.9	35 -1.9	172 -4.1	162 -5.8
Pre-trip expenditures	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...	0 ...
Convention fees	11 -1.3	11 -1.4	10 -7.7	10 -1.6	10 -3.9	9 -3.7	48 -3.5	44 -7.2
Total tourism commodities	2,914 -0.5	2,826 -3.0	2,819 -0.2	2,714 -3.7	2,609 -3.9	2,546 -2.4	12,156 -4.1	11,487 -5.5
Total other commodities	726 0.8	706 -2.7	712 0.9	690 -3.2	677 -1.8	663 -2.2	3,021 -1.6	2,865 -5.2
Tourism expenditures	3,639 -0.2	3,532 -3.0	3,531 -0.0	3,404 -3.6	3,287 -3.4	3,209 -2.4	15,177 -3.6	14,351 -5.4

Section D
Supply of tourism commodities

Table 10
Supply of tourism commodities, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	20,845 1.6	21,213 1.8	19,148 -9.7	18,284 -4.5	18,241 -0.2	18,594 1.9	75,542 7.7	81,714 8.2
Passenger air transport	4,033 1.5	4,033 -0.0	4,004 -0.7	3,866 -3.5	3,722 -3.7	3,741 0.5	14,876 8.1	16,043 7.8
Passenger rail transport	85 -3.1	85 0.1	83 -1.7	79 -4.9	74 -6.7	70 -5.5	325 1.3	340 4.6
Interurban bus transport	278 1.5	277 -0.6	276 -0.2	270 -2.3	261 -3.2	257 -1.6	1,080 -1.0	1,105 2.3
Vehicle rental	612 -2.3	601 -1.9	601 -0.0	596 -0.8	584 -2.0	596 2.0	2,470 6.5	2,440 -1.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	4,938 -1.5	5,075 2.8	4,993 -1.6	4,887 -2.1	4,938 1.1	5,045 2.2	19,347 7.2	20,021 3.5
Vehicle fuel	10,235 3.5	10,446 2.1	8,474 -18.9	7,862 -7.2	7,924 0.8	8,155 2.9	34,911 8.4	39,042 11.8
Other transportation	664 2.8	698 5.1	717 2.8	725 1.1	738 1.7	730 -1.1	2,532 5.1	2,724 7.5
Accommodation	3,218 1.0	3,166 -1.6	3,181 0.5	3,083 -3.1	2,926 -5.1	2,917 -0.3	12,201 5.9	12,751 4.5
Food and beverage services	13,642 1.4	13,685 0.3	13,761 0.6	13,770 0.1	13,837 0.5	13,949 0.8	52,395 4.3	54,547 4.1
Other tourism commodities	7,236 1.3	7,346 1.5	7,309 -0.5	7,364 0.8	7,280 -1.1	7,247 -0.4	28,074 5.4	29,032 3.4
Recreation and entertainment	5,596 1.7	5,703 1.9	5,674 -0.5	5,755 1.4	5,680 -1.3	5,649 -0.5	21,745 5.0	22,474 3.4
Travel services	913 0.9	913 0.0	904 -0.9	896 -0.9	883 -1.4	875 -1.0	3,428 7.3	3,634 6.0
Pre-trip expenditures	659 -1.5	663 0.5	663 0.0	648 -2.4	654 0.9	660 1.0	2,647 5.5	2,654 0.3
Convention fees	68 1.8	67 -1.3	68 0.6	65 -3.3	63 -3.7	63 0.1	254 5.9	270 6.2
Total tourism commodities	44,942 1.5	45,410 1.0	43,399 -4.4	42,501 -2.1	42,285 -0.5	42,707 1.0	168,213 6.1	178,044 5.8

Table 11
Supply of tourism commodities, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding year								
Transportation	20,997 9.7	23,655 12.3	18,628 -2.6	16,348 -11.3	18,480 -12.0	20,741 -12.3	75,542 7.7	81,714 8.2
Passenger air transport	3,980 9.0	5,182 8.3	3,291 3.8	3,458 -3.7	3,727 -6.4	4,865 -6.1	14,876 8.1	16,043 7.8
Passenger rail transport	81 3.4	103 5.7	81 0.0	68 -9.1	71 -11.6	86 -16.5	325 1.3	340 4.6
Interurban bus transport	263 6.5	299 3.2	282 -0.8	250 -4.0	245 -6.8	270 -9.7	1,080 -1.0	1,105 2.3
Vehicle rental	495 0.0	814 -2.5	647 -4.8	460 -4.8	493 -0.5	772 -5.2	2,470 6.5	2,440 -1.2
Vehicle repairs and parts	5,299 1.1	5,220 4.2	5,221 2.5	4,156 -2.9	5,286 -0.2	5,184 -0.7	19,347 7.2	20,021 3.5
Vehicle fuel	10,236 16.1	11,306 20.6	8,412 -8.3	7,244 -20.3	7,935 -22.5	8,829 -21.9	34,911 8.4	39,042 11.8
Other transportation	645 3.8	730 9.7	693 7.9	712 8.5	724 12.2	735 0.7	2,532 5.1	2,723 7.5
Accommodation	3,404 7.3	4,112 3.4	2,849 1.1	2,307 -3.3	3,119 -8.4	3,820 -7.1	12,201 5.9	12,751 4.5
Food and beverage services	14,039 5.3	14,614 4.0	13,868 2.4	12,317 2.4	14,295 1.8	14,924 2.1	52,395 4.3	54,547 4.1
Other tourism commodities	7,173 4.8	7,657 4.4	7,471 0.5	6,868 2.0	7,306 1.9	7,619 -0.5	28,074 5.4	29,032 3.4
Recreation and entertainment	5,473 4.9	5,755 4.9	5,972 0.7	5,434 3.0	5,668 3.6	5,790 0.6	21,745 5.0	22,474 3.4
Travel services	913 6.7	1,130 5.8	752 1.7	839 -0.0	862 -5.5	1,063 -5.9	3,428 7.3	3,634 6.0
Pre-trip expenditures	717 1.1	696 -1.3	679 -2.2	543 -3.5	711 -0.8	696 0.1	2,647 5.5	2,654 0.3
Convention fees	70 8.2	76 6.3	67 2.5	53 -5.2	65 -8.2	69 -8.9	254 5.9	270 6.2
Total tourism commodities	45,613 7.3	50,038 7.8	42,815 -0.3	37,840 -4.4	43,200 -5.3	47,104 -5.9	168,213 6.1	178,044 5.8

Table 12
Supply of tourism commodities, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of 2002 dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	15,806 -0.5	15,719 -0.6	15,669 -0.3	15,424 -1.6	15,447 0.1	15,535 0.6	62,446 4.1	63,080 1.0
Passenger air transport	4,072 0.5	3,965 -2.6	3,962 -0.1	3,868 -2.4	3,802 -1.7	3,863 1.6	15,504 6.9	16,052 3.5
Passenger rail transport	73 -3.6	73 0.1	71 -1.9	69 -3.7	66 -3.9	66 -0.0	289 -1.8	292 1.0
Interurban bus transport	244 0.8	237 -2.6	238 0.4	231 -3.1	236 2.3	234 -0.9	954 -2.0	961 0.7
Vehicle rental	598 -1.2	591 -1.2	587 -0.8	580 -1.2	572 -1.2	570 -0.4	2,404 3.1	2,382 -0.9
Vehicle repairs and parts	4,150 -2.4	4,252 2.4	4,120 -3.1	3,980 -3.4	3,988 0.2	4,059 1.8	16,612 3.2	16,776 1.0
Vehicle fuel	6,136 0.0	6,061 -1.2	6,146 1.4	6,153 0.1	6,235 1.3	6,196 -0.6	24,616 3.4	24,477 -0.6
Other transportation	533 1.6	539 1.2	545 1.1	545 -0.0	547 0.4	546 -0.2	2,068 3.3	2,141 3.5
Accommodation	2,909 0.5	2,867 -1.4	2,858 -0.3	2,823 -1.2	2,738 -3.0	2,757 0.7	11,307 2.6	11,528 2.0
Food and beverage services	11,763 0.4	11,668 -0.8	11,629 -0.3	11,554 -0.6	11,516 -0.3	11,516 -0.0	45,989 1.7	46,772 1.7
Other tourism commodities	6,653 -0.2	6,681 0.4	6,672 -0.1	6,751 1.2	6,682 -1.0	6,653 -0.4	26,100 4.4	26,671 2.2
Recreation and entertainment	5,109 0.1	5,137 0.6	5,127 -0.2	5,223 1.9	5,156 -1.3	5,124 -0.6	19,988 4.2	20,474 2.4
Travel services	780 -0.5	771 -1.1	763 -1.1	754 -1.1	742 -1.7	729 -1.7	3,039 3.8	3,097 1.9
Pre-trip expenditures	705 -2.3	713 1.2	723 1.4	715 -1.1	727 1.6	742 2.1	2,844 7.0	2,862 0.7
Convention fees	60 1.3	59 -1.1	59 -0.2	58 -1.8	57 -1.6	58 1.2	230 2.6	238 3.6
Total tourism commodities	37,131 -0.1	36,934 -0.5	36,828 -0.3	36,553 -0.7	36,382 -0.5	36,460 0.2	145,842 3.3	148,051 1.5

Section E
Employment generated by tourism

Table 13
Employment generated by tourism, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
	thousands of jobs and percentage change, preceding period							
Transportation	84.5 1.2	84.6 0.1	86.6 2.4	85.5 -1.3	84.8 -0.9	84.9 0.2	83.5 2.6	84.8 1.5
Air transportation	56.5 1.4	56.0 -0.8	58.4 4.2	57.6 -1.3	56.9 -1.2	57.4 0.8	55.5 3.6	56.6 2.0
Railway transportation	2.4 0.3	2.4 0.3	2.3 -5.5	2.3 -0.7	2.1 -6.4	2.1 -0.9	2.4 -5.9	2.4 -0.0
Water transportation	1.6 4.6	1.6 -2.6	1.7 6.4	1.7 -1.1	1.7 -0.5	1.7 1.7	1.6 0.0	1.6 3.3
Bus transportation	9.6 -1.9	10.0 4.3	9.9 -1.0	9.8 -0.7	10.1 2.4	9.8 -2.5	10.1 2.3	9.8 -2.8
Other transportation industries	14.4 2.1	14.5 1.0	14.3 -1.6	14.0 -1.8	13.9 -0.8	13.9 -0.4	14.0 0.5	14.3 2.7
Accommodation	168.1 -2.3	163.7 -2.6	160.3 -2.1	160.4 0.0	157.4 -1.8	159.2 1.1	168.3 2.7	166.0 -1.4
Food and beverage services	162.6 1.2	164.3 1.0	166.2 1.2	165.5 -0.4	164.2 -0.8	163.0 -0.7	157.3 4.1	163.5 3.9
Other tourism industries	118.5 0.7	118.9 0.3	118.2 -0.6	117.7 -0.4	116.0 -1.4	115.5 -0.4	116.1 1.1	118.3 2.0
Recreation and entertainment	70.5 0.0	70.8 0.4	71.1 0.4	71.8 0.9	71.1 -0.9	71.1 -0.1	70.8 0.6	70.8 -0.1
Travel services	48.0 1.7	48.1 0.1	47.1 -2.1	45.9 -2.4	44.9 -2.3	44.4 -1.0	45.2 1.9	47.6 5.2
Total tourism industries	533.7 -0.0	531.5 -0.4	531.3 -0.0	529.1 -0.4	522.4 -1.3	522.6 0.0	525.2 2.7	532.6 1.4
Other industries	130.9 0.2	129.9 -0.8	129.8 -0.1	129.1 -0.5	129.0 -0.1	128.8 -0.2	128.3 2.9	130.3 1.6
Tourism activities	664.6 0.0	661.4 -0.5	661.1 -0.0	658.2 -0.4	651.4 -1.0	651.4 0.0	653.4 2.8	662.9 1.4

Table 14
Employment generated by tourism, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
thousands of jobs and percentage change, preceding year								
Transportation	84.6 1.1	84.6 -0.0	85.9 4.0	83.9 -0.2	84.8 0.2	84.0 -0.7	83.5 2.6	84.8 1.5
Air transportation	56.7 2.0	56.1 0.3	57.8 5.4	56.1 0.4	57.0 0.6	56.5 0.7	55.5 3.6	56.6 2.0
Railway transportation	2.4 1.2	2.4 1.9	2.3 -5.2	2.4 -5.0	2.3 -5.0	2.3 -4.6	2.4 -5.9	2.4 -0.0
Water transportation	1.6 2.4	1.7 2.0	1.6 6.8	1.6 -1.7	1.6 0.4	1.6 -6.9	1.6 0.0	1.6 3.2
Bus transportation	9.7 -4.9	9.9 -5.6	9.7 0.6	10.1 0.7	9.7 -0.0	9.8 -1.1	10.1 2.3	9.8 -2.8
Other transportation industries	14.3 1.8	14.5 2.3	14.5 2.4	13.8 -1.9	14.2 -0.2	13.9 -4.3	13.9 0.5	14.3 2.7
Accommodation	169.7 1.3	177.9 -3.4	158.1 -7.3	148.1 -6.5	162.5 -4.2	174.4 -2.0	168.3 2.7	166.0 -1.4
Food and beverage services	164.5 3.9	167.2 3.8	165.8 4.5	159.0 1.7	161.2 -2.0	165.2 -1.3	157.3 4.1	163.5 3.9
Other tourism industries	120.2 2.6	128.9 2.3	115.6 0.2	107.4 -1.1	119.2 -0.9	125.8 -2.4	116.0 1.1	118.3 2.0
Recreation and entertainment	72.6 -0.7	80.2 0.2	67.3 0.6	63.4 0.7	73.1 0.7	81.6 1.8	70.8 0.6	70.8 -0.1
Travel services	47.6 8.1	48.7 6.0	48.3 -0.5	44.0 -3.6	46.1 -3.3	44.2 -9.4	45.2 1.9	47.6 5.2
Total tourism industries	539.0 2.3	558.6 0.5	525.4 -0.4	498.4 -1.8	527.6 -2.1	549.3 -1.7	525.2 2.7	532.6 1.4
Other industries	132.1 2.6	136.7 0.8	128.6 -0.0	122.2 -1.3	129.0 -2.3	134.9 -1.3	128.3 2.9	130.3 1.6
Tourism activities	671.1 2.4	695.3 0.6	654.1 -0.3	620.6 -1.7	656.6 -2.2	684.2 -1.6	653.4 2.8	662.9 1.4

Section F
Tourism prices and gross domestic product

Table 15
Tourism gross domestic product, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	1,737 -0.5	1,742 0.3	1,722 -1.1	1,673 -2.8	1,621 -3.1	1,615 -0.4	6,579 5.8	6,946 5.6
Accommodation	1,894 1.5	1,871 -1.3	1,885 0.8	1,831 -2.9	1,765 -3.7	1,769 0.3	7,050 6.0	7,518 6.6
Food and beverage services	908 1.4	908 0.1	913 0.5	914 0.1	920 0.7	926 0.6	3,469 4.3	3,625 4.5
Other tourism industries	1,140 1.4	1,146 0.6	1,139 -0.7	1,142 0.3	1,127 -1.3	1,120 -0.7	4,321 6.2	4,549 5.3
Total tourism industries	5,679 0.8	5,667 -0.2	5,659 -0.1	5,561 -1.7	5,434 -2.3	5,430 -0.1	21,419 5.7	22,638 5.7
Other industries	1,933 1.8	1,968 1.8	1,837 -6.7	1,792 -2.4	1,803 0.6	1,826 1.2	7,194 6.4	7,637 6.2
Tourism gross domestic product	7,612 1.1	7,635 0.3	7,496 -1.8	7,353 -1.9	7,237 -1.6	7,256 0.3	28,613 5.9	30,274 5.8

Table 16
Tourism gross domestic product, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding year								
Transportation	1,672 6.7	2,348 5.7	1,469 1.7	1,397 -4.1	1,582 -5.4	2,179 -7.2	6,579 5.8	6,946 5.6
Accommodation	1,950 9.2	2,659 5.5	1,574 3.6	1,300 -2.6	1,810 -7.2	2,513 -5.5	7,050 6.0	7,518 6.6
Food and beverage services	891 5.6	1,367 4.1	700 3.0	683 2.4	907 1.8	1,395 2.1	3,469 4.3	3,625 4.5
Other tourism industries	1,085 6.3	1,731 5.6	847 1.6	898 1.4	1,078 -0.7	1,702 -1.7	4,321 6.2	4,549 5.3
Total tourism industries	5,599 7.3	8,105 5.3	4,590 2.5	4,279 -1.5	5,377 -4.0	7,788 -3.9	21,419 5.7	22,638 5.7
Other industries	1,828 7.2	2,807 9.7	1,668 -2.0	1,239 -7.1	1,698 -7.1	2,582 -8.0	7,194 6.4	7,637 6.2
Tourism gross domestic product	7,426 7.3	10,911 6.4	6,258 1.3	5,518 -2.8	7,076 -4.7	10,371 -5.0	28,613 5.9	30,274 5.8

Table 17
Tourism gross domestic product, 2002 prices, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of 2002 dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
Transportation	1,712 -1.2	1,688 -1.4	1,675 -0.8	1,639 -2.1	1,619 -1.2	1,634 0.9	6,687 4.2	6,808 1.8
Accommodation	1,670 0.9	1,650 -1.2	1,648 -0.1	1,629 -1.1	1,598 -1.9	1,611 0.8	6,459 2.8	6,623 2.5
Food and beverage services	779 0.5	771 -1.1	768 -0.4	763 -0.6	761 -0.3	760 -0.1	3,051 1.1	3,093 1.4
Other tourism industries	1,004 0.2	997 -0.7	989 -0.7	994 0.5	980 -1.4	970 -1.0	3,944 4.1	3,993 1.2
Total tourism industries	5,166 -0.0	5,105 -1.2	5,080 -0.5	5,025 -1.1	4,958 -1.3	4,974 0.3	20,142 3.2	20,517 1.9
Other industries	1,643 0.7	1,626 -1.0	1,627 0.1	1,625 -0.1	1,634 0.6	1,642 0.5	6,418 5.0	6,528 1.7
Tourism gross domestic product	6,808 0.2	6,731 -1.1	6,708 -0.3	6,650 -0.9	6,592 -0.9	6,616 0.4	26,560 3.7	27,045 1.8

Table 18
Implicit price indexes for tourism demand, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
	index (2002 = 100) and percentage change, preceding period							
Transport services	115.9 1.7	119.1 2.8	111.8 -6.1	108.8 -2.7	107.4 -1.2	107.6 0.1	108.5 2.1	115.2 6.1
Accommodation services	110.6 0.6	110.4 -0.2	111.6 1.1	109.2 -2.1	106.9 -2.1	105.8 -1.0	108.0 3.1	110.7 2.5
Food and beverage services	116.0 0.9	117.3 1.1	118.4 0.9	119.2 0.7	120.1 0.7	121.1 0.8	113.4 2.7	116.7 2.9
Other tourism commodities	107.6 1.4	108.4 0.7	107.8 -0.5	107.4 -0.5	107.1 -0.3	107.0 -0.1	104.7 1.0	107.5 2.7
Tourism commodities	113.3 1.3	115.1 1.6	112.1 -2.6	110.4 -1.6	109.4 -0.8	109.4 0.0	108.5 2.2	113.1 4.2
Total tourism expenditures	111.5 1.3	113.2 1.5	110.8 -2.1	109.5 -1.2	108.8 -0.6	108.8 -0.0	107.5 1.8	111.4 3.6

Section G
Supplementary tables

Table 19
International travellers, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
thousands of travellers and percentage change, preceding period								
Total inbound travel	6,857 -0.8	6,813 -0.6	6,789 -0.3	6,574 -3.2	6,201 -5.7	5,939 -4.2	30,373 -9.0	27,370 -9.9
Same day	2,532 -2.1	2,588 2.2	2,521 -2.6	2,461 -2.4	2,261 -8.1	2,066 -8.6	12,439 -17.8	10,228 -17.8
Overnight	4,325 0.0	4,225 -2.3	4,269 1.0	4,113 -3.7	3,940 -4.2	3,873 -1.7	17,935 -1.8	17,142 -4.4
United States	5,631 -1.6	5,603 -0.5	5,650 0.8	5,471 -3.2	5,159 -5.7	4,935 -4.3	25,695 -11.0	22,606 -12.0
Same day	2,500 -2.1	2,555 2.2	2,491 -2.5	2,434 -2.3	2,236 -8.1	2,041 -8.7	12,319 -18.0	10,102 -18.0
Overnight	3,130 -1.2	3,048 -2.6	3,158 3.6	3,037 -3.9	2,923 -3.7	2,894 -1.0	13,375 -3.5	12,504 -6.5
All other countries	1,226 3.2	1,210 -1.3	1,140 -5.8	1,103 -3.2	1,042 -5.6	1,003 -3.7	4,679 3.6	4,764 1.8
Same day	32 -1.3	33 3.4	29 -10.8	27 -8.1	25 -7.5	25 -0.5	119 10.8	126 5.9
Overnight	1,195 3.3	1,177 -1.4	1,110 -5.7	1,076 -3.1	1,017 -5.5	979 -3.8	4,560 3.4	4,638 1.7
Same day and overnight:								
Americas, except United States	158 3.7	153 -2.8	152 -0.9	146 -3.5	128 -12.5	108 -15.5	578 10.5	614 6.3
Mexico	69 2.9	69 -1.0	65 -5.2	63 -3.9	49 -21.0	34 -31.9	251 17.1	271 8.1
Other Americas	88 4.4	84 -4.2	87 2.5	84 -3.1	79 -6.2	75 -5.2	327 5.8	344 5.0
Europe	641 3.5	637 -0.6	595 -6.6	575 -3.3	565 -1.8	548 -3.0	2,430 4.1	2,492 2.5
France	107 4.9	113 5.6	103 -9.4	101 -1.8	106 5.1	106 -0.2	379 1.5	425 12.2
Germany	85 7.6	84 -1.9	84 0.1	82 -2.6	77 -5.7	80 3.9	318 1.6	332 4.4
United Kingdom	223 -0.4	218 -2.2	205 -5.7	193 -6.2	182 -5.6	159 -12.4	926 5.0	870 -6.0
Other Europe	226 5.4	222 -1.5	203 -8.6	200 -1.6	200 0.1	203 1.4	807 5.3	865 7.1
Asia/Pacific	406 2.8	397 -2.1	369 -7.2	359 -2.6	328 -8.7	326 -0.6	1,584 0.5	1,567 -1.1
China	42 0.7	42 -1.1	40 -5.5	46 16.6	41 -10.6	40 -3.0	156 5.3	166 6.5
Hong Kong	32 -0.0	35 9.0	33 -6.8	29 -11.0	30 2.7	25 -18.1	116 3.3	132 14.6
Japan	72 -8.8	74 4.1	63 -15.7	58 -7.9	44 -23.8	52 17.7	343 -14.4	287 -16.4
South Korea	53 0.2	49 -8.3	41 -15.0	39 -5.0	36 -8.5	34 -6.9	213 5.3	197 -7.5
Australia	64 8.3	65 1.4	61 -5.0	55 -10.1	52 -6.5	52 1.4	229 10.7	249 8.7
Other Asia/Pacific	143 9.7	132 -7.2	131 -1.2	132 0.6	125 -4.9	124 -1.0	528 4.1	536 1.5
Africa	22 -0.1	23 2.7	25 8.1	23 -7.7	21 -6.5	21 -0.0	87 4.1	91 5.5
Canadian outbound travel	13,336 0.0	13,035 -2.3	12,034 -7.7	11,726 -2.6	11,545 -1.5	11,791 2.1	50,045 6.7	51,737 3.4
United States	11,336 -0.2	11,005 -2.9	9,916 -9.9	9,643 -2.7	9,544 -1.0	9,737 2.0	42,641 6.1	43,613 2.3
Same day	6,508 0.5	6,295 -3.3	5,422 -13.9	5,254 -3.1	5,123 -2.5	5,208 1.7	24,881 2.9	24,703 -0.7
Overnight	4,828 -1.1	4,709 -2.5	4,494 -4.6	4,390 -2.3	4,422 0.7	4,529 2.4	17,760 11.1	18,910 6.5
All other countries	2,001 1.3	2,031 1.5	2,118 4.3	2,083 -1.7	2,000 -4.0	2,054 2.7	7,404 9.9	8,124 9.7

Notes:

Travellers include crews and commuters as part of international travel. In the Tourism Satellite Account and the National Tourism Indicators, on the other hand, spending by these groups is not counted as they are not considered part of tourism in the international definition.

Data may not match the data published for the International Travel Survey.

For definitions used in measuring international travel see publication: International Travel, Appendix, Description of Methods and Definitions (Catalogue number 66-201).

Table 20
International travellers, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
thousands of travellers and percentage change, preceding year								
Total inbound travel	7,266 -11.2	10,486 -9.6	5,242 -7.6	4,103 -6.2	6,691 -7.9	9,269 -11.6	30,373 -9.0	27,370 -9.9
Same day	2,690 -20.2	3,401 -18.6	2,181 -10.3	1,882 -3.8	2,452 -8.9	2,737 -19.5	12,439 -17.8	10,228 -17.8
Overnight	4,575 -4.9	7,086 -4.5	3,061 -5.6	2,221 -8.2	4,239 -7.4	6,532 -7.8	17,935 -1.8	17,142 -4.4
United States	5,957 -14.0	8,566 -11.9	4,412 -8.1	3,466 -5.6	5,557 -6.7	7,625 -11.0	25,695 -11.0	22,606 -12.0
Same day	2,653 -20.4	3,343 -18.9	2,163 -10.3	1,872 -3.7	2,423 -8.7	2,691 -19.5	12,319 -18.0	10,102 -18.0
Overnight	3,304 -8.0	5,223 -6.8	2,250 -5.9	1,595 -7.7	3,134 -5.2	4,934 -5.5	13,375 -3.5	12,504 -6.5
All other countries	1,308 4.4	1,921 2.8	830 -4.8	637 -9.7	1,134 -13.4	1,644 -14.4	4,679 3.6	4,764 1.8
Same day	37 1.4	58 12.6	19 -9.0	10 -15.4	28 -23.3	46 -21.0	119 10.8	126 5.9
Overnight	1,271 4.5	1,863 2.5	811 -4.7	627 -9.6	1,105 -13.1	1,598 -14.2	4,560 3.4	4,638 1.7
Same day and overnight:								
Americas, except United States	159 5.0	238 4.7	117 3.0	89 -10.8	143 -10.5	173 -27.4	578 10.5	614 6.3
Mexico	69 4.8	109 8.6	44 -4.7	38 -20.7	60 -14.1	57 -47.5	251 17.1	271 8.1
Other Americas	90 5.1	129 1.6	73 8.4	51 -1.7	83 -7.7	116 -10.4	327 5.8	344 5.0
Europe	671 5.7	1,067 3.9	402 -5.4	310 -11.7	602 -10.3	948 -11.1	2,430 4.1	2,492 2.5
France	94 12.4	198 20.5	71 1.7	61 -1.6	94 -0.2	185 -6.5	379 1.5	425 12.2
Germany	93 5.6	151 3.6	50 10.5	39 3.5	85 -8.2	142 -5.6	318 1.6	332 4.4
United Kingdom	241 -1.8	342 -7.4	142 -15.0	110 -24.1	206 -14.6	278 -18.7	926 5.0	870 -6.0
Other Europe	243 11.5	376 8.3	138 -2.6	101 -6.2	216 -10.9	343 -8.9	807 5.3	865 7.1
Asia/Pacific	453 2.4	581 0.1	291 -7.8	225 -7.0	366 -19.3	489 -15.8	1,584 0.5	1,567 -1.1
China	42 8.3	62 4.6	35 1.4	31 15.8	41 -3.1	61 -2.3	156 5.3	166 6.5
Hong Kong	33 12.2	52 14.2	24 14.0	20 -11.5	31 -4.9	38 -26.7	116 3.3	132 14.6
Japan	71 -16.9	110 -12.7	59 -19.8	36 -24.1	42 -40.8	80 -27.2	343 -14.4	287 -16.4
South Korea	54 2.2	76 -6.9	30 -26.8	28 -23.1	36 -32.9	53 -30.0	213 5.3	197 -7.5
Australia	80 6.5	89 14.4	44 -0.0	34 -5.9	66 -18.4	74 -17.2	229 10.7	249 8.7
Other Asia/Pacific	172 7.6	192 0.9	99 -2.3	76 4.9	150 -13.2	183 -4.3	528 4.1	536 1.5
Africa	25 3.0	35 2.4	20 13.3	12 2.4	23 -6.0	34 -4.6	87 4.1	91 5.5
Canadian outbound travel	12,980 9.8	15,011 4.0	10,809 -13.4	11,419 -11.7	11,312 -12.9	13,530 -9.9	50,045 6.7	51,737 3.4
United States	11,120 9.8	13,174 3.6	9,138 -16.6	8,523 -16.3	9,468 -14.9	11,679 -11.4	42,641 6.1	43,613 2.3
Same day	6,536 8.3	7,107 2.7	5,373 -20.8	4,561 -19.8	5,176 -20.8	5,887 -17.2	24,881 2.9	24,703 -0.7
Overnight	4,584 12.0	6,067 4.6	3,766 -9.6	3,962 -11.8	4,292 -6.4	5,792 -4.5	17,760 11.1	18,910 6.5
All other countries	1,860 9.5	1,837 7.2	1,671 9.1	2,896 5.1	1,844 -0.9	1,851 0.8	7,404 9.9	8,124 9.7

Notes:

Travellers include crews and commuters as part of international travel. In the Tourism Satellite Account and the National Tourism Indicators, on the other hand, spending by these groups is not counted as they are not considered part of tourism in the international definition.

Data may not match the data published for the International Travel Survey.

For definitions used in measuring international travel see publication: International Travel, Appendix, Description of Methods and Definitions (Catalogue number 66-201).

Table 21
Receipts and payments on international travel account, seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding period								
International travel account								
Receipts								
Spending in Canada by foreign residents	4,026 -0.2	4,053 0.7	4,006 -1.2	3,864 -3.5	3,772 -2.4	3,741 -0.8	16,468 -0.9	16,119 -2.1
Payments								
Spending in foreign countries by Canadians	7,247 0.5	7,245 -0.0	7,032 -3.0	6,775 -3.6	6,996 3.3	7,006 0.1	26,511 13.3	28,734 8.4
Balance								
Receipts minus payments	-3,222	-3,193	-3,026	-2,911	-3,224	-3,265	-10,043	-12,615

Table 22
Receipts and payments on international travel account, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
millions of dollars and percentage change, preceding year								
International travel account								
Receipts								
Spending in Canada by foreign residents	4,072 -3.4	5,822 -3.5	3,235 -0.7	2,966 -0.8	3,751 -7.9	5,245 -9.9	16,468 -0.9	16,119 -2.1
Payments								
Spending in foreign countries by Canadians	7,498 14.1	6,815 4.9	5,975 -5.3	8,011 -5.1	7,181 -4.2	6,570 -3.6	26,511 13.3	28,734 8.4
Balance								
Receipts minus payments	-3,427	-993	-2,740	-5,045	-3,430	-1,325	-10,043	-12,615

Table 23
Exchange rates in Canadian dollars per unit of foreign currency, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
	percentage change, preceding period, preceding year							
United States (dollar)	1.0100 0.6 -8.0	1.0418 3.1 -0.3	1.2125 16.4 23.5	1.2453 2.7 24.0	1.1672 -6.3 15.6	1.0974 -6.0 5.3	1.0740 -5.3 -5.3	1.0671 -0.6 -0.6
European Economic and Monetary Union (euro)	1.5783 4.8 6.6	1.5620 -1.0 8.7	1.5951 2.1 12.1	1.6217 1.7 7.7	1.5890 -2.0 0.7	1.5694 -1.2 0.5	1.4690 3.1 3.1	1.5602 6.2 6.2
United Kingdom (Pound sterling)	1.9912 0.2 -8.7	1.9666 -1.2 -6.9	1.8981 -3.5 -5.4	1.7860 -5.9 -10.1	1.8072 1.2 -9.2	1.7996 -0.4 -8.5	2.1475 2.8 2.8	1.9605 -8.7 -8.7
Switzerland (franc)	0.9794 4.0 9.0	0.9697 -1.0 11.2	1.0464 7.9 22.0	1.0841 3.6 15.1	1.0497 -3.2 7.2	1.0332 -1.6 6.6	0.8945 -1.2 -1.2	0.9843 10.0 10.0
Hong Kong (dollar)	0.1295 0.5 -7.8	0.1336 3.2 -0.2	0.1564 17.1 23.9	0.1606 2.7 24.7	0.1506 -6.2 16.3	0.1416 -6.0 6.0	0.1377 -5.7 -5.7	0.1371 -0.4 -0.4
Japan (yen)	0.0097 1.1 6.2	0.0097 0.3 9.0	0.0127 30.8 45.7	0.0133 5.2 39.4	0.0120 -10.0 24.1	0.0117 -2.0 21.3	0.0091 -6.5 -6.5	0.0104 13.9 13.9
Australia (dollar)	0.9531 4.8 4.4	0.9218 -3.3 4.1	0.8138 -11.7 -6.7	0.8262 1.5 -9.1	0.8868 7.3 -7.0	0.9145 3.1 -0.8	0.8980 5.1 5.1	0.8995 0.2 0.2
New Zealand (dollar)	0.7841 -1.1 -3.7	0.7411 -5.5 -4.5	0.6983 -5.8 -6.9	0.6634 -5.0 -16.3	0.7042 6.1 -10.2	0.7404 5.1 -0.1	0.7890 7.0 7.0	0.7541 -4.4 -4.4

Notes:

Bank of Canada. Based on the average noon spot rates.

Table 24
Consumer price index, selected countries, not seasonally adjusted

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
index (2005=100) and percentage change, preceding year								
Canada [1]	107.0 2.4	108.2 3.4	106.5 1.9	106.2 1.2	107.1 0.1	107.2 -0.9	104.2 2.1	106.7 2.4
United States	111.0 4.4	112.3 5.3	109.4 1.9	108.6 -0.0	109.7 -1.2	110.5 -1.6	106.2 2.9	110.3 3.9
United Kingdom	108.3 3.4	109.7 4.8	109.8 3.9	109.4 3.0	110.6 2.1	111.3 1.5	104.7 2.3	108.5 3.6
France	106.5 3.3	106.7 3.3	106.2 1.8	105.7 0.6	106.3 -0.2	106.2 -0.4	103.2 1.5	106.1 2.8
Germany	106.6 2.9	107.4 3.1	106.8 1.7	106.7 0.8	106.9 0.3	107.1 -0.2	103.9 2.3	106.6 2.6
Netherlands	105.6 2.3	106.1 3.2	105.7 2.3	106.2 1.9	107.3 1.6	106.4 0.3	102.8 1.6	105.4 2.5
Switzerland	104.8 2.7	104.6 3.0	104.5 1.6	103.1 -0.0	104.0 -0.7	103.6 -1.0	101.8 0.7	104.3 2.4
Japan	101.6 1.4	102.6 2.2	104.8 4.0	100.6 -0.1	100.6 -1.0	100.3 -2.2	100.3 0.1	102.4 2.1
Australia	110.4 4.5	111.7 5.0	111.4 3.7	111.5 2.5	112.0 1.5	113.1 1.3	106.0 2.3	110.6 4.4
New Zealand	109.8 4.0	111.4 5.1	110.9 3.4	111.2 3.0	111.8 1.9	113.3 1.7	105.8 2.4	110.0 4.0

Notes:

Data, for countries other than Canada, are from the Organisation for Economic and Co-operation and Development.

1. The Canadian Consumer Price Index is converted to 2005=100 for comparability with other Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development countries.

Table 25
Other related statistics, seasonally adjusted at annual rates

	Second quarter 2008	Third quarter 2008	Fourth quarter 2008	First quarter 2009	Second quarter 2009	Third quarter 2009	2007	2008
	percentage change, preceding period							
Gross domestic product at market prices (billions of dollars)	1,618.4 2.5	1,632.7 0.9	1,570.6 -3.8	1,521.9 -3.1	1,513.1 -0.6	1,525.3 0.8	1,532.9 5.8	1,600.1 4.4
Gross domestic product at basic prices (billions of dollars)	1,523.1 2.6	1,537.1 0.9	1,477.2 -3.9	1,431.0 -3.1	1,420.7 -0.7	1,432.2 0.8	1,434.4 6.0	1,505.4 4.9
Tourism share of gross domestic product at basic prices (percent)	2.00 -1.5	1.99 -0.6	2.03 2.2	2.06 1.3	2.04 -0.9	2.03 -0.5	1.99 -0.1	2.01 0.8
Gross domestic product at market prices (billions of chained (2002) dollars)	1,324.1 0.1	1,325.5 0.1	1,312.9 -0.9	1,292.1 -1.6	1,282.1 -0.8	1,283.2 0.1	1,315.9 2.5	1,321.4 0.4
Final domestic demand (billions of dollars)	1,566.3 1.4	1,584.6 1.2	1,573.2 -0.7	1,551.8 -1.4	1,553.8 0.1	1,570.5 1.1	1,492.5 6.4	1,567.3 5.0
Final domestic demand (billions of chained (2002) dollars)	1,393.8 0.4	1,395.4 0.1	1,377.9 -1.3	1,356.4 -1.6	1,358.3 0.1	1,373.9 1.2	1,353.1 4.1	1,389.0 2.6
Personal disposable income per person (dollars)	28,573 0.8	28,671 0.3	28,714 0.2	28,549 -0.6	28,803 0.9	28,783 -0.1	27,292 4.1	28,577 4.7
Personal saving rate (percent)	3.4 3.0	3.1 -8.8	4.9 58.1	4.9 0.0	5.5 12.2	4.8 -12.7	2.5 -29.1	3.7 47.0
Population (thousands) [1]	33,200 0.3	33,327 0.4	33,463 0.4	33,527 0.2	33,619 0.3	33,740 0.4	32,887 1.1	33,276 1.2
Total number of jobs, business sector (index 2002 = 100)	110.5 0.0	110.2 -0.3	109.4 -0.7	107.7 -1.6	107.0 -0.6	107.1 0.1	108.8 2.0	110.2 1.2

1. Data not adjusted for seasonal variation.