## Service bulletin

## **Sawmills**

# January 2012

### **Highlights**

- In January, monthly lumber production by sawmills increased 16.8% to 4,418.3 thousand cubic meters. Compared with the same month last year, lumber production increased 1.0%.
- In January, sawmills shipped 4,179.6 thousand cubic meters of lumber, an increase of 3.8% from December.

#### Statistical tables

Table 1 Production, shipments and stocks of lumber, 2012

		January		Year-to-date	)
-	Production	Shipments	Stocks	Production	Shipments
		thousa	ands of cubic meters		
Canada	4,418.3	4,179.6	6,364.6	4,418.3	4,179.6
British Columbia	2,539.3	2,443.8	2,698.1	2,539.3	2,443.8
Coast	263.0	232.9	299.9	263.0	232.9
Interior	2,276.3	2,211.0	2,398.2	2,276.3	2,211.0
Northern Interior	1,129.7	1,146.6	1,127.6	1,129.7	1,146.6
Central Interior	456.2	454.6	503.4	456.2	454.6
Southern Interior	690.5	609.7	767.3	690.5	609.7
Alberta	649.6	569.7	934.8	649.6	569.7
Saskatchewan	X	x	x	x	Х
Manitoba	X	x	x	x	Х
Ontario	244.1	231.4	365.9	244.1	231.4
Quebec	726.5	645.6	2,092.2	726.5	645.6
New Brunswick	181.5	197.0	139.9	181.5	197.0
Nova Scotia	58.6	67.4	95.9	58.6	67.4
		percentag			
Canada	1.0	3.5	2.4	1.0	3.5
British Columbia	4.5	11.3	-1.8	4.5	11.3
Coast	-8.1	-1.2	-5.3	-8.1	-1.2
Interior	6.2	12.8	-1.3	6.2	12.8
Northern Interior	6.4	17.7	-7.3	6.4	17.7
Central Interior	7.0	18.9	27.5	7.0	18.9
Southern Interior	5.4	1.0	-6.2	5.4	1.0
Alberta	8.1	3.3	9.2	8.1	3.3
Saskatchewan	X	x	x	x	Х
Manitoba	X	X	X	x	х
Ontario	-6.7	-9.5	-18.9	-6.7	-9.5
Quebec	-9.5	-15.4	12.3	-9.5	-15.4
New Brunswick	-11.2	1.6	1.0	-11.2	1.6
Nova Scotia	-10.4	5.7	-24.7	-10.4	5.7

Note(s): Totals may not add due to rounding.



Table 2 Production and stocks of lumber, British Columbia, by species, 2012

	Standard Classification	January Production	Year-to-date production	January Stocks
	of Goods	Troddellon	production	Glocks
	code	thous	ands of cubic meters	
British Columbia				
Douglas Fir & Western Larch Western Red Cedar	4407.10.32 4407.10.71	128.6 74.2	128.6 74.2	120.7 181.8
Yellow Cedar	4407.10.71	9.5	9.5	0.0
Western Hemlock & Amabilis Fir	4407.10.33	133.9	133.9	133.7
Sitka Spruce	4407.10.42	x	x	х
Spruce, Pine and Fir	4407.10.31	2,189.5	2,189.5	2,261.9
Other softwoods	4407.10.99	X	X	X
Total softwoods Hardwood		2,539.3	2,539.3	2,698.1
Total (softwood and hardwood)	4407.90 	0.0 <b>2,539.3</b>	0.0 <b>2,539.3</b>	0.0 <b>2,698.1</b>
British Columbia Coast				
Douglas Fir & Western Larch	4407.10.32	52.6	52.6	34.0
Western red cedar	4407.10.71	x	x	X
Yellow cedar	4407.10.72	9.5	9.5	0.0
Western Hemlock & Amabilis Fir	4407.10.33	105.8	105.8	96.7
Sitka Spruce Spruce, pine and fir	4407.10.42 4407.10.31	x 31.9	x 31.9	X 38.7
Other softwoods	4407.10.99	X	X	30.7 X
Total softwoods		263.0	263.0	299.9
Hardwood	4407.90	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total (softwood and hardwood)	···	263.0	263.0	299.9
British Columbia Interior	4407.40.00	75.0	75.0	00.7
Douglas Fir & Western Larch Western red cedar	4407.10.32 4407.10.71	75.9	75.9	86.7
Yellow cedar	4407.10.71	0.0	0.0	0.0
Western Hemlock & Amabilis Fir	4407.10.33	28.1	28.1	37.0
Sitka Spruce	4407.10.42	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spruce, pine and fir	4407.10.31	2,157.6	2,157.6	2,223.2
Other softwoods	4407.10.99	X	X	X
Total softwoods	4407.00	2,276.3	2,276.3	2,398.2
Hardwood  Total (softwood and hardwood)	4407.90 	0.0 <b>2,276.3</b>	0.0 <b>2,276.3</b>	0.0 <b>2,398.2</b>
British Columbia Northern Interior				
Douglas Fir & Western Larch	4407.10.32	0.0	0.0	0.0
Western red cedar	4407.10.71	0.0	0.0	0.0
Yellow cedar	4407.10.72	0.0	0.0	0.0
Western Hemlock & Amabilis Fir	4407.10.33	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sitka Spruce Spruce, pine and fir	4407.10.42 4407.10.31	0.0 1,129.7	0.0 1,129.7	0.0 1,127.6
Other softwoods	4407.10.31	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total softwoods	4407.10.30	1,129.7	1,129.7	1,127.6
Hardwood	4407.90	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total (softwood and hardwood)	···	1,129.7	1,129.7	1,127.6
British Columbia Central Interior	4407.40.00	24.4	24.4	40 =
Douglas Fir & Western Larch	4407.10.32	24.1	24.1	19.5
Western red cedar Yellow cedar	4407.10.71 4407.10.72	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0
Western Hemlock & Amabilis Fir	4407.10.72	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sitka Spruce	4407.10.42	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spruce, pine and fir	4407.10.31	432.0	432.0	483.8
Other softwoods	4407.10.99	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total softwoods	:::	456.2	456.2	503.4
Hardwood Total (softwood and hardwood)	4407.90 	0.0 <b>456.2</b>	0.0 <b>456.2</b>	0.0 <b>503.4</b>
British Columbia Southern Interior	<del></del>			230.4
Douglas Fir & Western Larch	4407.10.32	51.8	51.8	67.2
Western red cedar	4407.10.71	x	x	X
Yellow cedar	4407.10.72	0.0	0.0	0.0
Western Hemlock & Amabilis Fir	4407.10.33	28.1	28.1	37.0
Sitka Spruce	4407.10.42	0.0	0.0	0.0
Spruce, pine and fir Other softwoods	4407.10.31 4407.10.99	595.9	595.9	611.8
Total softwoods	4407.10.99	690.5	690.5	767.3
Hardwood	4407.90	0.0	0.0	0.0
Haldwood				

Note(s): Totals may not add due to rounding.

Table 3 Production and stocks of lumber by province and species, 2012

	Spruce, <sup>1</sup> pine and fir (SCG code 4407.10.31)	Total <sup>1</sup> softwood (SCG code 4407.10)	Total <sup>1</sup> hardwood (SCG code 4407.90)	Total
_		thousands of cubic meters	<b>3</b>	
January production				
Canada	3,855.1	4,355.7	62.6	4,418.3
British Columbia	2,189.5	2,539.3	0.0	2,539.3
Alberta	648.4	648.4	1.2	649.6
Saskatchewan	X	X	0.0	Х
Manitoba	X	X	0.0	Х
Ontario	220.9	229.8	14.2	244.1
Quebec	551.5	687.1	39.4	726.5
New Brunswick	167.7	173.9	7.7	181.5
Nova Scotia	58.5	58.5	0.1	58.6
Year-to-date production				
Canada	3,855.1	4,355.7	62.6	4,418.3
British Columbia	2,189.5	2,539.3	0.0	2,539.3
Alberta	648.4	648.4	1.2	649.6
Saskatchewan	X	X	0.0	Х
Manitoba	X	X	0.0	Х
Ontario	220.9	229.8	14.2	244.1
Quebec	551.5	687.1	39.4	726.5
New Brunswick	167.7	173.9	7.7	181.5
Nova Scotia	58.5	58.5	0.1	58.6
January stocks				
Canada	5,522.8	6,327.9	36.6	6,364.6
British Columbia	2,261.9	2,698.1	0.0	2,698.1
Alberta	930.1	930.1	4.7	934.8
Saskatchewan	X	X	0.0	Х
Manitoba	X	x	0.0	X
Ontario	331.0	357.4	8.5	365.9
Quebec	1,756.8	2,070.7	21.5	2,092.2
New Brunswick	114.2	138.0	1.9	139.9
Nova Scotia	91.0	95.9	0.0	95.9

<sup>1.</sup> Standard Classification of Goods (SCG) code. **Note(s):** Totals may not add due to rounding.

Table 4
Revised data for production, shipments and stocks of lumber, 2011

		January		Year-to-date			
	Softwood (SCG code 4407.10) <sup>1</sup>	Hardwood (SCG code 4407.90) <sup>1</sup>	Total	Softwood (SCG code 4407.10) <sup>1</sup>	Hardwood (SCG code 4407.90) <sup>1</sup>	Total	
			thousands of	cubic meters			
Total production	1,876.6	68.7	1,945.3	1,876.6	68.7	1,945.3	
Alberta	600.1	1.1	601.2	600.1	1.1	601.2	
Saskatchewan	X	0.0	Х	x	0.0	х	
Manitoba	X	0.0	Х	x	0.0	х	
Ontario	246.4	15.3	261.7	246.4	15.3	261.7	
Quebec	759.2	43.5	802.7	759.2	43.5	802.7	
New Brunswick	195.7	8.7	204.4	195.7	8.7	204.4	
Nova Scotia	65.3	0.1	65.5	65.3	0.1	65.5	
Total shipments	•		1,841.5			1,841.5	
Alberta			551.3			551.3	
Saskatchewan			Х			Х	
Manitoba		<u>.</u>	Х			х	
Ontario		<u>.</u>	255.5			255.5	
Quebec			763.1			763.1	
New Brunswick			194.0			194.0	
Nova Scotia			63.8			63.8	
Total stocks	3,440.9	29.5	3,470.4				
Alberta	855.6	0.2	855.8	<u></u>			
Saskatchewan	X	0.0	X	<u></u>			
Manitoba	X	0.0	х	<u></u>			
Ontario	443.9	7.4	451.4				
Quebec	1,843.3	19.5	1,862.8				
New Brunswick	136.2	2.3	138.6	···	 		
Nova Scotia	127.3	0.0	127.3	···			

<sup>1.</sup> Standard Classification of Goods (SCG) code. **Note(s):** Totals may not add due to rounding.

Table 5
Canadian lumber exports, 2012<sup>1</sup>

Province	January			Year-to-date				
of origin	Rail	Truck	Water	Total	Rail	Truck	Water	Total
	thousands of cubic meters							
Canada	366.8	1,165.5	948.7	2,480.9	366.8	1,165.5	948.7	2,480.9
Newfoundland and Labrador	0.3	2.5	0.0	2.9	0.3	2.5	0.0	2.9
Prince Edward Island	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nova Scotia	5.7	21.4	4.9	32.0	5.7	21.4	4.9	32.0
New Brunswick	40.3	99.3	0.5	140.1	40.3	99.3	0.5	140.1
Quebec	97.7	166.5	19.7	283.8	97.7	166.5	19.7	283.8
Ontario	42.0	73.3	2.0	117.2	42.0	73.3	2.0	117.2
Manitoba	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	1.8
Saskatchewan	18.4	2.1	0.0	20.6	18.4	2.1	0.0	20.6
Alberta	34.3	123.0	25.8	183.1	34.3	123.0	25.8	183.1
British Columbia	126.2	677.4	895.8	1,699.4	126.2	677.4	895.8	1,699.4
Yukon	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northwest Territories	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nunavut	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

<sup>1.</sup> Canadian lumber exports by province of origin as reported by the International Division of Statistics Canada. **Note(s):** Totals may not add due to small transactions with unclear mode of transportation which appear only in the totals.

Table 6
Production, shipments and stocks of pulp chips, 2012

		January		Year-to-date	
	Production	Shipments	Stocks	Production	Shipments
		thousands of	oven-dry metric tonnes		
Canada	1,261.2	1,277.2	103.7	1,261.2	1,277.2
British Columbia	557.3	536.8	41.1	557.3	536.8
Coast	57.6	58.0	2.8	57.6	58.0
Interior	499.7	478.8	38.3	499.7	478.8
Northern Interior	235.3	224.5	21.0	235.3	224.5
Central Interior	99.7	100.0	3.9	99.7	100.0
Southern Interior	164.8	154.3	13.4	164.8	154.3
Other provinces	703.9	740.4	62.6	703.9	740.4

Note(s): Totals may not add due to rounding.

#### Concepts, methodology and data quality

This publication presents the results of the Sawmills survey. This survey measures, on a monthly basis, quantities of lumber produced and shipped by sawmills in Canada classified by the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) to 321111. The target population for this survey includes all sawmills in Canada excluding Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island as identified by the Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging (ASML).

#### General methodology

This is a sample survey with a cross-sectional design.

The sample includes approximately 275 of the largest sawmills in Canada.

Data are collected each month from survey respondents using a mail-out / mail-back process. Data capture and preliminary editing are performed simultaneously to ensure validity of the data. Businesses from whom no response has been received or whose data may contain errors are followed-up by telephone or fax.

Missing data for the current month are imputed automatically by applying to the previous month's data, for the unit in question, the month-to-month change observed for the same period in the previous year. The only exceptions are the opening and closing stock values. Opening stocks are set equal to the value of the closing stocks from the previous month. Closing stocks are calculated by adding production quantities to opening stocks and then subtracting shipments and waste values. The option exists for the subject matter analyst to manually override these imputations with a better estimate based on pertinent knowledge about the industry or the business.

Final estimates of production, inventories and shipments by province are obtained by applying factors to the data collected in the monthly Sawmills survey. This process is called benchmarking. The benchmark factors are ratios of the total quantity of lumber produced by sawmills as measured by the ASML, to the total quantity of lumber produced by sawmills in the monthly Sawmills survey. These factors are calculated for each province, based on the latest ASML commodity data available.

Various confidentiality rules are applied to all data before they are released to prevent the publication or disclosure of any information deemed confidential. If necessary, data are suppressed to prevent direct or residual disclosure of identifiable data.

Direct disclosure could occur when the value in a tabulation cell is composed of a few respondents or when the cell is dominated by a few companies. Residual disclosure could occur when confidential information can be derived indirectly by piecing together information from different sources or data series.

Under normal circumstances, data are collected, captured, edited, tabulated and published within 6 to 8 weeks after the reference month.

#### Revisions

Once every year (normally in July), the monthly Sawmills series are revised. These revisions incorporate any data that may have been received after the close of the collection cycle during the previous reference year. In addition, the series are benchmarked to the most recent data from the ASML to correct for any under-coverage of sawmills activity in the monthly Sawmills survey.

#### **Data Accuracy**

Since monthly data for sawmills are benchmarked to the ASML data (census), the estimates are not subject to sampling errors. However, the results are still subject to the non-sampling errors associated with non-response, inaccurate reporting, and processing. Errors relating to non-response can be measured. All attempts are made to control inaccurate reporting and processing errors.

Moreover, survey results are analyzed to ensure comparability with patterns observed in the historical data series and the economic condition of the industry. Information available from other sources such as media, other government organizations and industry associations are also used in the validation process.

#### Non-response error

Some respondents may be unable to provide data for numerous reasons (i.e. fire, theft, strike, economic hardship, etc.), while others may be late in responding. To minimize non-response, delinquent respondents are followed up rigorously by phone or fax. Data for non-responding units are imputed using industry trend and other related information. Data are revised, usually once a year, at the same time as the new benchmark factors are produced to take into account questionnaires that have been received after the end of the monthly collection cycles since the previous revision.

Non-response error is calculated using the number of non-responses in the year divided by the number of total expected responses in the year for the units in the sample. The average non-response error for the Sawmills survey was estimated at 8% for 2005 (the last completed cycle).

This, however, is an imperfect indication of the extent of imputation since some portion of the data that goes into the calculation of the benchmark factors is also imputed.

#### Inaccurate response

Inaccuracy may result from poor questionnaire design or an inability on the part of respondents to provide the requested information or from misinterpretation of the survey questions. To reduce such errors the format and wording in the questionnaire are reviewed from time to time and modified based on feedback from survey respondents and data users. Respondents are also reminded of the importance of their contribution and of the accuracy of reported information.

#### **Processing errors**

These errors may occur at various stages in the processing of survey data such as data entry, verification, editing and tabulation. Data are examined for such errors using automated edits along with an analytical review by subject matter experts. Several checks are performed on the collected data to verify internal consistency and comparability over time.

#### **Definitions**

#### **Production**

Production refers to the quantity of products manufactured in Canada during a reference period including intermediate products. These products may be shipped or retained in inventory.

#### **Shipments**

Shipments refer to the quantity of manufactured goods that are shipped, during the reference period from the plant to customers, in domestic or export markets.

#### **Exports**

Shipments of goods destined for customers outside of Canada.

More detailed data are available from the Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging, CANSIM Table 301-0006; and also from custom product 31C0023 (National and Provincial Principal Statistics from the Annual Survey of Manufactures and Logging). In addition, a service on Products Shipped by Canadian Manufacturers (31C0020) is available from the Dissemination and Frame Services section at 613-951-9497 (*manufact@statcan.gc.ca*).

Specific enquiries should be directed to: The Dissemination and Frame Services section, Manufacturing and Energy Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, K1A OT6 (Telephone: 1-866-873-8789 or 613-951-9497; Fax line: 613-951-3877; Internet: *manufact@statcan.gc.ca*).

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#### **Symbols**

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- not available for any reference period
- not available for a specific reference period
- not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
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- revised
- suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- X E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published
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