Catalogue no. 91-002-X

Quarterly Demographic Estimates

January to March 2012





Statistics Canada Statistique Canada



How to obtain more information

For information about this product or the wide range of services and data available from Statistics Canada, visit our website at www.statcan.gc.ca, e-mail us at infostats@statcan.gc.ca, or telephone us, Monday to Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., at the following numbers:

Statistics Canada's National Contact Centre

Toll-free telephone (Canada and the United States):

Inquiries line	1-800-263-1136
National telecommunications device for the hearing impaired	1-800-363-7629
Fax line	1-877-287-4369

Local or international calls:

Inquiries line 1-613-951-8116 Fax line 1-613-951-0581

Depository Services Program

Inquiries line	1-800-635-7943
Fax line	1-800-565-7757

To access this product

This product, Catalogue no. 91-002-X, is available free in electronic format. To obtain a single issue, visit our website at www.statcan.gc.ca and browse by "Key resource" > "Publications."

Standards of service to the public

Statistics Canada is committed to serving its clients in a prompt, reliable and courteous manner. To this end, Statistics Canada has developed *standards of service* that its employees observe. To obtain a copy of these service standards, please contact Statistics Canada toll-free at 1-800-263-1136. The service standards are also published on *www.statcan.gc.ca* under "About us" > "The agency" > "Providing services to Canadians."

Quarterly Demographic Estimates

January to March 2012

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada

© Minister of Industry, 2012

All rights reserved. Use of this publication is governed by the *Statistics Canada Open License Agreement*:

http://www.statcan.gc.ca/reference/copyright-droit-auteur-eng.htm

June 2012

Catalogue no. 91-002-X, vol. 26, no. 1

ISSN 1911-0928

Frequency: Quarterly

Ottawa

Cette publication est également disponible en français.

Note of appreciation

Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long-standing partnership between Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses, governments and other institutions. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill.

User information

Symbols

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published
- * significantly different from reference category (p < 0.05)

Notice to readers

Estimates released in this publication are based on the 2006 Census counts adjusted for census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated Indian reserves to which is added the estimated demographic growth for the period going from May 16, 2006 to the date of the last estimate.

These estimates are not to be mistaken with the 2011 Census counts.

Population estimates based on the 2011 Census counts, adjusted for census net undercoverage, will be available in September 2013.

The analysis in this publication is based on preliminary data. These data will be revised over the coming years, and it is possible that some trends described in this publication will change as a result of these revisions. Therefore, this publication should be interpreted with caution.

Most of the components, used to produce preliminary population estimates, are estimated using demographic models or based on data sources less complete or reliable, albeit more timely, than those used for updated or final estimates.

Table of contents

Hi	ghlights		7
Ar	alysis		8
Po	pulation	growth in the provinces and territories	8
Atl	antic pro	ovinces	9
Ce	entral Ca	nada	9
W	estern C	anada	10
Th	e territo	ries	10
Re	elated pi	roducts	11
St	atistical	tables	
1	Quart	erly population estimates, national perspective	14
	1-1	Population	14
	1-2	Total growth in percentage	16
	1-3	Total growth	18
2	Quarte	erly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective	20
	2-1	Canada	20
	2-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	21
	2-3	Prince Edward Island	22
	2-4	Nova Scotia	23
	2-5	New Brunswick	24
	2-6	Quebec	25
	2-7	Ontario	26
	2-8	Manitoba	27
	2-9	Saskatchewan	28
	2-10	Alberta	29
	2-11	British Columbia	30
	2-12	Yukon	31
	2-13	Northwest Territories	32
	2-14	Nunavut	33

Table of contents - continued

3	Quarte	erly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective	34
	3-1	Canada	34
	3-2	Newfoundland and Labrador	35
	3-3	Prince Edward Island	36
	3-4	Nova Scotia	37
	3-5	New Brunswick	38
	3-6	Quebec	39
	3-7	Ontario	40
	3-8	Manitoba	41
	3-9	Saskatchewan	42
	3-10	Alberta	43
	3-11	British Columbia	44
	3-12	Yukon	45
	3-13	Northwest Territories	46
	3-14	Nunavut	47
1	Quart	erly estimates of demographic components, national perspective	48
	4-1	Births	48
	4-2	Deaths	50
	4-3	Immigrants	52
	4-4	Emigrants	54
	4-5	Returning emigrants	56
	4-6	Net temporary emigrants	58
	4-7	Net non-permanent residents	60
	4-8	Interprovincial in-migrants	62
	4-9	Interprovincial out-migrants	64
	4-10	Total growth	66
	4-11	Natural increase	68
	4-12	Net interprovincial migration	70
	4-13	Net international migration	72
	4-14	Total net migration	74
5		erly estimates of interprovincial migrants by province or territory of origin and destination, da, January to March 2012	76
	oto eucli	ity, concepts and methodology	
	-	ity, concepts and methodology	77
	ethodolo	-	84
	•	demographic data y notes for the tables	
=:	xpianator	y notes for the tables	90

Table of contents - continued

Α	n	n	Δ	n	М	IY
_	М	М	·	•	u	17

I	Glossary	91
П	Source and remarks	94
Ch	arts	
1.	Quarterly factors of demographic growth, January to March, 1978 to 2012, Canada	8
2.	Quarterly variation of population estimates, Canada, provinces and territories, January to	
	March, 2011 and 2012	9

Highlights

- As of April 1, 2012, the Canadian population was estimated at 34,755,600.
- In the first quarter of 2012, the population of Canada grew by 85,300 (+0.2%). This is fairly similar to the growth observed in the same period in 2011.
- Net international migration accounted for more than two-thirds (71%) of the country's population growth in the first quarter of 2012.
- · Preliminary estimates show that population growth remained stronger in the three Prairie provinces. However, three of the four Atlantic provinces saw their population decrease in the first quarter of 2012.
- Alberta remained the province with the highest population growth in the country. Its population growth rate (+0.8%) was more than triple the Canadian rate in the first quarter of 2012.

Analysis

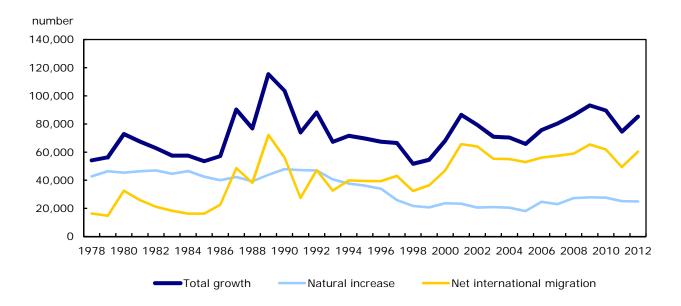
In the first quarter of 2012, preliminary estimates show that Canada's population grew by 85,300 or 0.2% to an estimated 34,755,600 on April 1, 2012. This is fairly similar to the first-quarter¹ growth observed in 2011.

More than two thirds (+71%) of the country's demographic growth in the first quarter of 2012 was attributable to a net gain in international migration, while 29% was due to natural increase, the difference between births and deaths.

Net international migration was estimated at 60,300 in the first quarter of 2012, up 10,900 from the same period in 2011. During the first quarter of 2012, Canada received 55,500 immigrants, compared to 49,600 for the same period in 2011. In addition to a higher level of immigration, Canada recorded an increase in net non-permanent residents in the first quarter of 2012 (+13,700) when compared to the same period in 2011 (+8,700).

Natural increase was 25,000, fairly similar to the level observed in the same quarter of the previous year (+25,200).

Chart 1
Quarterly factors of demographic growth, January to March, 1978 to 2012, Canada



Population growth in the provinces and territories

In the first quarter of 2012, Alberta (+0.8%) had the fastest growth rate in Canada. By contrast, Newfoundland and Labrador (-0.3%), Northwest Territories (-0.2%), New Brunswick (-0.1%) and Nova Scotia (-0.1%) each posted a population decline during the quarter. Among the other provinces and territories, Nunavut (+0.6%), Saskatchewan (+0.4%), Yukon (+0.4%) and Manitoba (+0.3%) had a growth rate above the national average.

^{1.} Unless otherwise indicated, all comparisons relate to first-quarter data.

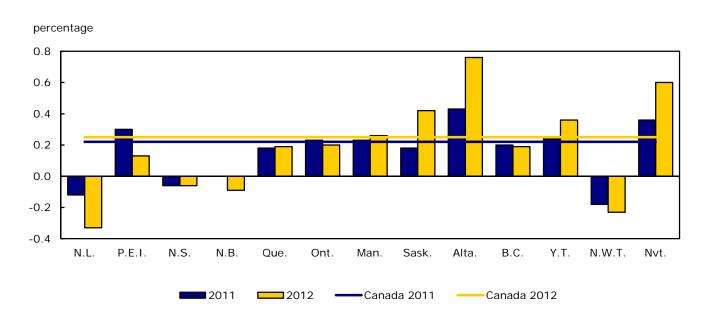


Chart 2
Quarterly variation of population estimates, Canada, provinces and territories, January to March, 2011 and 2012

Atlantic provinces

In the Atlantic region, preliminary estimates show that Prince Edward Island is the only province (+0.1%) that had population increase in the first quarter of 2012. On April 1, 2012, the population of Prince Edward Island was estimated at 146,100. The other Atlantic provinces all posted increasing losses in net interprovincial migration that contributed to a decrease in their population for the first quarter of 2012.

Preliminary estimates show that the population of Newfoundland and Labrador declined in the first quarter of 2012 by approximately 1,700 (-0.3%) to a total of 509,300 on April 1, 2012. This is the largest first quarter loss since 2007 (-1,800). The population decline was mainly due to loss in net interprovincial migration (-1,600).

On April 1, 2012, Nova Scotia's population was estimated at 945,000, down 0.1% from January 1, 2012. This decline was mainly the result of losses in interprovincial migration (-1,200), the largest net loss in interprovincial migration in a first quarter for the period covered by the current system of demographic accounts that began in July 1971. Conversely, Nova Scotia experienced the biggest gain in net international migration (+700) in a first quarter since 1972².

New Brunswick's population declined by 0.1% in the first quarter of 2012, to a total of 755,400 as of April 1, 2012. Net loss in interprovincial migration (-1,000) accounted for most of the province's decline and the biggest loss for this quarter since 1972.

Central Canada

Preliminary population estimates show that in the first quarter of 2012, Quebec (+0.2%) and Ontario (+0.2%) experienced population growth comparable to that observed in the same period of 2011.

^{2.} The period covered by the current record-keeping system as used at Statistics Canada began in July 1971. The first quarter was covered for the first time in 1972.

The population of Quebec was estimated at 8,028,400 on April 1, 2012, up 15,400 from January 1. Net international migration (+12,400) accounted for most of the province's growth. The province posted a deficit of 1,900 in net interprovincial migration, the largest loss for a first quarter since 2007 (-2,500).

Ontario's population was estimated at 13,472,400 on April 1, 2012, following growth of slightly more than 27,000 (+0.2%) during the first quarter of 2012. This growth was mainly due to net international migration (+22,100). Net interprovincial migration was -3,900 compared to -700 in the same quarter in 2011. The deficit was largely due to an increased outflow to Alberta, from -1,000 in 2011 to -4,400 in 2012.

Western Canada

In the first quarter of 2012, all Western provinces except British Columbia had population growth similar to or above the national average. Alberta (+0.8%) posted the largest population increase in Canada.

The population of Manitoba was estimated at 1,261,500 as of April 1, 2012, an increase of 3,200 (+0.3%) from January 1. The main contributor to the province's population growth was net international migration (+3,000). The gain in net international migration was the highest level for a first quarter. This increase in net international migration was mainly the result of an increase in the number of immigrants (+3,200), the highest level for a first quarter.

Saskatchewan's population grew by 4,500 (+0.4%) in the first quarter to an estimated 1,072,100 on April 1, 2012. It was the largest population increase for a first quarter since 1972. Growth in net international migration (+3,400), which accounted for most of the increase, was the highest gain for any quarter since 1971 along with that observed in the third quarter of 2011. Slightly more than 2,800 immigrants settled in Saskatchewan during the first quarter, the largest number of immigrants for any quarter since 1971.

Alberta recorded population growth of 29,100 (+0.8%) in the first quarter of 2012, reaching a population of 3,847,100 on April 1, 2012. During the first quarter of 2012, Alberta posted a gain of 13,400 in net interprovincial migration. These were the highest numbers for both population growth and interprovincial net migration for a first quarter since the beginning of the period covered by the current demographic system. Alberta gained substantially in its interprovincial exchanges with Ontario (+4,400), British Columbia (+2,700) and Newfoundland and Labrador (+2,300). In these three cases, these gains were considerably larger than those recorded during the same period last year. Also, net international migration (+8,700) reached its second highest level for that period of the year since 1971. This was mainly attributable to immigration (+7,500), which was the highest level observed since 1971.

The population of British Columbia was estimated at 4,606,500 on April 1, 2012, an increase of 8,500 (+0.2%) since January 1. This was the smallest population growth for a first quarter since 2004 (+6,300). Population growth was mainly the result of net international migration (+9,000) which was slightly higher than that observed during the same period in 2011 (+7,100). British Columbia posted net interprovincial migration losses of 2,600 in the first quarter of 2012, an increase compared to 2011 (-100). The province's largest deficit was in its exchanges with Alberta (-2,700).

The territories

In the North, two of the three territories posted population increases in the first quarter of 2012. The population of Yukon was estimated at 35,000 on April 1, 2012, up 0.4%. Nunavut's population growth was 0.6% in the first quarter of 2012. The territory's population was estimated at 33,600 on April 1, 2012. Lastly, the population of the Northwest Territories was estimated at 43,200 on April 1, 2012, a population decline of 0.2%.

Related products

Selected publications from Statistics Canada

91-209-X	Report on the Demographic Situation in Canada				
91-213-X	Annual Demographic Statistics				
91-214-X	Annual Demographic Estimates: Census Metropolitan Areas, Economic Regions and Census Divisions, Age and Sex				
91-215-X	Annual Demographic Estimates: Canada, Provinces and Territories				
91-520-X	Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and Territories				

Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada

051-0001	Estimates of population, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual					
051-0002	Deaths, by sex and age group, Canada, provinces and territories, annual					
051-0004	Components of population growth, Canada, provinces and territories, annual					
051-0005	Estimates of population, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly					
051-0006	Immigrants to Canada, by country of last permanent residence, quarterly					
051-0010	Estimates of population, by marital status, age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual					
051-0011	International migrants, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces, and territories, annual					
051-0012	Interprovincial migrants, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual					
051-0013	Births by sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual					
051-0017	Interprovincial migrants, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly					
051-0018	Interprovincial in-, out- and net-migrants, by province or territory, annual					
051-0019	Interprovincial migrants, by province or territory of origin and destination, annual					
051-0020	Number of non-permanent residents, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly					
051-0035	Components of population growth, census divisions and census metropolitan areas, 2001 Census boundaries, annual					
051-0037	International migration components, Canada, provinces and territories, quarterly					

051-0045	Interprovincial migrants, by province or territory of origin and destination, quarterly
053-0001	Vital statistics, births, deaths and marriages, quarterly
102-0502	Deaths, by month, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-0503	Deaths, by age and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-0504	Deaths, by age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-0505	Deaths, by marital status, age group and sex, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-4502	Live births, by month, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-4503	Live births, by age of mother, Canada, provinces and territories, annual
102-4504	Live births, mean age of mother, Canada, provinces and territories, annual

Selected surveys from Statistics Canada

3231	Vital Statistics - Birth Database
3233	Vital Statistics - Death Database
3601	Estimates of Total Population, Canada, Provinces and Territories
3604	Estimates of Population by Age and Sex for Canada, Provinces and Territories
3605	Estimates of Population by Marital Status, Age and Sex for Canada, Provinces and Territories

Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada

- Births and birth rate, by provinces and territories
- · Deaths and death rate, by provinces and territories
- Components of population growth, by province and territory
- Population by marital status and sex
- Population by marital status and sex, by province and territory

Statistical tables

Table 1-1 Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Population

		Labrador	Edward Island	Scotia	Brunswick		
				number			
2012							
April 1 st January 1 st	34,755,634 34,670,352	509,348 511,036	146,070 145,883	944,968 945,532	755,381 756,030	8,028,434 8,013,073	13,472,438 13,445,408
2011							
October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st	34,605,346 34,482,779 34,368,053	511,272 510,578 510,416	146,152 145,855 145,048	946,378 945,437 945,279	755,810 755,455 754,641	8,002,098 7,979,663 7,954,357	13,422,912 13,372,996 13,330,222
January 1 st	34,293,518	511,023	144,610	945,834	754,641	7,940,218	13,299,242
2010 October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	34,254,344 34,126,181 34,002,423 33,912,881	511,057 511,281 511,197 511,082	144,342 143,395 142,642 142,134	946,259 944,810 943,518 943,242	754,105 752,838 751,965 751,383	7,929,396 7,905,679 7,880,812 7,864,437	13,285,716 13,227,791 13,174,623 13,139,255
2009							
October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	33,856,945 33,729,690 33,604,917 33,511,658	510,489 508,862 507,556 507,798	142,032 141,219 140,466 140,190	942,798 940,293 939,428 939,068	751,147 749,983 749,314 748,569	7,851,906 7,826,891 7,801,291 7,784,658	13,123,619 13,072,727 13,025,446 12,994,389
2008							
October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	33,448,916 33,319,098 33,191,307 33,105,036	507,612 506,366 506,677 507,045	140,418 139,604 138,942 138,655	938,545 937,211 936,827 936,469	747,935 747,023 746,693 746,392	7,773,378 7,750,735 7,730,389 7,716,809	12,983,292 12,934,499 12,885,424 12,852,953
2007							
October 1 st July 1 st April 1 st January 1 st	33,048,782 32,929,733 32,818,045 32,737,701	506,931 506,379 507,059 508,835	138,576 138,161 138,058 138,032	936,215 935,794 935,577 936,596	746,248 745,515 745,020 744,892	7,705,869 7,687,423 7,669,988 7,658,104	12,840,195 12,792,937 12,748,834 12,717,140
2006							
October 1 st July 1 st	32,690,242 32,576,074	509,420 510,313	138,051 137,920	937,243 938,010	744,994 745,674	7,650,930 7,631,552	12,708,825 12,665,346

Table 1-1 – continued

Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Population

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012							
April 1 st January 1 st	1,261,498 1,258,260	1,072,082 1,067,612	3,847,119 3,817,980	4,606,451 4,597,919	35,010 34,886	43,247 43,346	33,588 33,387
2011							
October 1 st July 1 st	1,254,658 1,250,574	1,063,535 1,057,884	3,798,791 3,779,353	4,592,034 4,573,321	34,891 34,666	43,485 43,675	33,330 33,322
April 1 st January 1 st	1,245,453 1,242,564	1,052,440 1,050,548	3,758,130 3,742,193	4,561,040 4,551,742	34,476 34,392	43,546 43,624	33,005 32,887
2010							
October 1 st	1,238,964	1,048,294	3,735,067	4,549,923	34,544	43,806	32,871
July 1 st April 1 st	1,234,535 1,229,434	1,044,028 1,039,648	3,720,928 3,704,172	4,529,674 4,513,911	34,559 34,218	43,830 43,672	32,833 32,611
January 1 st	1,225,973	1,036,415	3,691,866	4,497,193	33,998	43,475	32,428
2009							
October 1 st	1,223,121	1,033,708	3,684,864	4,483,507	33,977	43,406	32,371
July 1 st April 1 st	1,219,183 1,213,871	1,029,325 1,024,801	3,671,699 3,652,636	4,459,947 4.440.977	33,683 33,563	43,638 43,548	32,240 32,020
January 1 st	1,210,878	1,021,602	3,632,280	4,423,568	33,411	43,513	31,734
2008							
October 1 st	1,207,823	1,018,602	3,613,795	4,408,870	33,326	43,654	31,666
July 1 st	1,205,477	1,013,922	3,591,791	4,384,047	33,113	43,681	31,629
April 1 st	1,201,443	1,010,386	3,563,848	4,362,604	32,979	43,644	31,451
January 1 st	1,199,304	1,007,614	3,545,519	4,346,488	32,771	43,601	31,416
2007							
October 1 st	1,196,638	1,005,083	3,530,926	4,334,558	32,679	43,467	31,397
July 1 st April 1 st	1,193,558 1,189,683	1,000,257 996,152	3,512,691 3,489,842	4,309,632 4,291,222	32,569 32,284	43,545 43,241	31,272 31,085
January 1 st	1,186,827	994,149	3,471,715	4,275,038	32,322	43,169	30,882
2006							
October 1 st	1,185,268	992,736	3,452,956	4,263,376	32,362	43,245	30,836
July 1 st	1,184,031	992,122	3,421,253	4,243,580	32,276	43,198	30,799

Note(s): Estimates are final intercensal and unadjusted for census net undercoverage prior to July 1, 1971. Estimates are final intercensal from July 1, 1971 to April 1, 2006, final postcensal from July 1, 2006 to July 1, 2008, updated postcensal from October 1, 2008 to April 1, 2011 and preliminary postcensal from July 1, 2011.

Table 1-2
Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Total growth in percentage

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				percent			
2012 January to March	0.25	-0.33	0.13	-0.06	-0.09	0.19	0.20
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.19 0.36 0.33 0.22	-0.05 0.14 0.03 -0.12	-0.18 0.20 0.56 0.30	-0.09 0.10 0.02 -0.06	0.03 0.05 0.11 0.00	0.14 0.28 0.32 0.18	0.17 0.37 0.32 0.23
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.11 0.38 0.36 0.26	-0.01 -0.04 0.02 0.02	0.19 0.66 0.53 0.36	-0.04 0.15 0.14 0.03	0.07 0.17 0.12 0.08	0.14 0.30 0.32 0.21	0.10 0.44 0.40 0.27
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.17 0.38 0.37 0.28	0.12 0.32 0.26 -0.05	0.07 0.58 0.54 0.20	0.05 0.27 0.09 0.04	0.03 0.16 0.09 0.10	0.16 0.32 0.33 0.21	0.12 0.39 0.36 0.24
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.19 0.39 0.39 0.26	0.04 0.25 -0.06 -0.07	-0.16 0.58 0.48 0.21	0.06 0.14 0.04 0.04	0.08 0.12 0.04 0.04	0.15 0.29 0.26 0.18	0.09 0.38 0.38 0.25
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.17 0.36 0.34 0.25	0.02 0.11 -0.13 -0.35	0.06 0.30 0.07 0.02	0.03 0.04 0.02 -0.11	0.02 0.10 0.07 0.02	0.14 0.24 0.23 0.16	0.10 0.37 0.35 0.25
2006 October to December July to September	0.15 0.35	-0.11 -0.17	-0.01 0.09	-0.07 -0.08	-0.01 -0.09	0.09 0.25	0.07 0.34

Table 1-2 – continued ${\bf Quarterly\ population\ estimates,\ national\ perspective\ --\ Total\ growth\ in\ percentage}$

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				percent			
2012 January to March	0.26	0.42	0.76	0.19	0.36	-0.23	0.60
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.29 0.33 0.41 0.23	0.38 0.53 0.52 0.18	0.51 0.51 0.56 0.43	0.13 0.41 0.27 0.20	-0.01 0.65 0.55 0.24	-0.32 -0.44 0.30 -0.18	0.17 0.02 0.96 0.36
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.29 0.36 0.41 0.28	0.22 0.41 0.42 0.31	0.19 0.38 0.45 0.33	0.04 0.45 0.35 0.37	-0.44 -0.04 1.00 0.65	-0.42 -0.05 0.36 0.45	0.05 0.12 0.68 0.56
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.23 0.32 0.44 0.25	0.26 0.43 0.44 0.31	0.19 0.36 0.52 0.56	0.31 0.53 0.43 0.39	0.06 0.87 0.36 0.45	0.16 -0.53 0.21 0.08	0.18 0.41 0.69 0.90
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.25 0.19 0.34 0.18	0.29 0.46 0.35 0.28	0.51 0.61 0.78 0.52	0.33 0.57 0.49 0.37	0.26 0.64 0.41 0.63	-0.32 -0.06 0.08 0.10	0.21 0.12 0.57 0.11
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0.22 0.26 0.33 0.24	0.25 0.48 0.41 0.20	0.41 0.52 0.65 0.52	0.28 0.58 0.43 0.38	0.28 0.34 0.88 -0.12	0.31 -0.18 0.70 0.17	0.06 0.40 0.60 0.66
2006 October to December July to September	0.13 0.10	0.14 0.06	0.54 0.93	0.27 0.47	-0.12 0.27	-0.18 0.11	0.15 0.12

Note(s): The numbers for total growth are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 1-3
Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Total growth

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012	05.000	4.000	187	-564	-649	45.004	07.000
January to March	85,282	-1,688	107	-504	-049	15,361	27,030
2011							
October to December	65,006	-236	-269	-846	220	10,975	22,496
July to September	122,567	694	297	941	355	22,435	49,916
April to June	114,726	162	807	158	814	25,306	42,774
January to March	74,535	-607	438	-555	0	14,139	30,980
2010							
October to December	39,174	-34	268	-425	536	10,822	13,526
July to September	128,163	-224	947	1,449	1,267	23,717	57,925
April to June	123,758	84	753	1,292	873	24,867	53,168
January to March	89,542	115	508	276	582	16,375	35,368
2009							
October to December	55,936	593	102	444	236	12,531	15.636
July to September	127,255	1.627	813	2,505	1.164	25.015	50,892
April to June	124,773	1,306	753	865	669	25,600	47,281
January to March	93,259	-242	276	360	745	16,633	31,057
2008							
October to December	62.742	186	-228	523	634	11,280	11.097
July to September	129,818	1,246	814	1,334	912	22.643	48.793
April to June	127,791	-311	662	384	330	20,346	49,075
January to March	86,271	-368	287	358	301	13,580	32,471
2007							
October to December	56,254	114	79	254	144	10,940	12,758
July to September	119,049	552	415	421	733	18,446	47,258
April to June	111.688	-680	103	217	495	17.435	44.103
January to March	80,344	-1,776	26	-1,019	128	11,884	31,694
2006							
October to December	47,459	-585	-19	-647	-102	7,174	8.315
July to September	114,168	-893	131	-767	-680	19,378	43,479

Table 1-3 – continued Quarterly population estimates, national perspective — Total growth

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	3,238	4,470	29,139	8,532	124	-99	201
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,602 4,084 5,121 2,889	4,077 5,651 5,444 1,892	19,189 19,438 21,223 15,937	5,885 18,713 12,281 9,298	-5 225 190 84	-139 -190 129 -78	57 8 317 118
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,600 4,429 5,101 3,461	2,254 4,266 4,380 3,233	7,126 14,139 16,756 12,306	1,819 20,249 15,763 16,718	-152 -15 341 220	-182 -24 158 197	16 38 222 183
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,852 3,938 5,312 2,993	2,707 4,383 4,524 3,199	7,002 13,165 19,063 20,356	13,686 23,560 18,970 17,409	21 294 120 152	69 -232 90 35	57 131 220 286
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,055 2,346 4,034 2,139	3,000 4,680 3,536 2,772	18,485 22,004 27,943 18,329	14,698 24,823 21,443 16,116	85 213 134 208	-141 -27 37 43	68 37 178 35
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,666 3,080 3,875 2,856	2,531 4,826 4,105 2,003	14,593 18,235 22,849 18,127	11,930 24,926 18,410 16,184	92 110 285 -38	134 -78 304 72	19 125 187 203
2006 October to December July to September	1,559 1,237	1,413 614	18,759 31,703	11,662 19,796	-40 86	-76 47	46 37

Note(s): The numbers for total growth are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 2-1
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Canada

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	34,755,634 34,670,352	 24,965	0	 60,317	60,317	 85,282	 0.25
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	34,605,346 34,482,779 34,368,053 34,293,518	28,196 44,110 35,706 25,163	0 0 0 0	36,810 78,457 79,020 49,372	36,810 78,457 79,020 49,372	65,006 122,567 114,726 74,535	0.19 0.36 0.33 0.22
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	34,254,344 34,126,181 34,002,423 33,912,881	29,186 43,397 36,170 27,687	0 0 0 0	9,988 84,766 87,588 61,855	9,988 84,766 87,588 61,855	39,174 128,163 123,758 89,542	0.11 0.38 0.36 0.26
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	33,856,945 33,729,690 33,604,917 33,511,658	30,093 44,958 37,649 27,874	0 0 0 0	25,843 82,297 87,124 65,385	25,843 82,297 87,124 65,385	55,936 127,255 124,773 93,259	0.17 0.38 0.37 0.28
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	33,448,916 33,319,098 33,191,307 33,105,036	30,519 44,795 36,669 27,286	0 0 0 0	32,223 85,023 91,122 58,985	32,223 85,023 91,122 58,985	62,742 129,818 127,791 86,271	0.19 0.39 0.39 0.26
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	33,048,782 32,929,733 32,818,045 32,737,701	30,818 42,397 36,491 22,941	0 0 0 0	25,436 76,652 75,197 57,403	25,436 76,652 75,197 57,403	56,254 119,049 111,688 80,344	0.17 0.36 0.34 0.25
2006 October to December July to September	32,690,242 32,576,074	27,617 40,042	0 0	19,842 74,126	19,842 74,126	47,459 114,168	0.15 0.35

 $\textbf{Note(s):} \ \ \mathsf{See} \ \ \mathsf{"Data} \ \ \mathsf{quality}, \ \mathsf{concepts} \ \ \mathsf{and} \ \ \mathsf{methodology} - \mathsf{Explanatory} \ \mathsf{notes} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{tables"} \ \mathsf{section}.$

Table 2-2 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Newfoundland and Labrador

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	509,348 511,036	 -262	 -1,579	 153	 -1,426	 -1,688	 -0.33
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	511,272 510,578 510,416 511,023	-50 279 -79 -218	-199 82 -179 -481	13 333 420 92	-186 415 241 -389	-236 694 162 -607	-0.05 0.14 0.03 -0.12
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	511,057 511,281 511,197 511,082	-8 321 -36 -175	156 -830 -138 238	-182 285 258 52	-26 -545 120 290	-34 -224 84 115	-0.01 -0.04 0.02 0.02
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	510,489 508,862 507,556 507,798	30 350 -7 -145	577 881 992 6	-14 396 321 -103	563 1,277 1,313 -97	593 1,627 1,306 -242	0.12 0.32 0.26 -0.05
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	507,612 506,366 506,677 507,045	58 378 27 -104	259 620 -490 -446	-131 248 152 182	128 868 -338 -264	186 1,246 -311 -368	0.04 0.25 -0.06 -0.07
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	506,931 506,379 507,059 508,835	48 174 -12 -162	115 293 -791 -1,671	-49 85 123 57	66 378 -668 -1,614	114 552 -680 -1,776	0.02 0.11 -0.13 -0.35
2006 October to December July to September	509,420 510,313	-82 74	-558 -1,047	55 80	-503 -967	-585 -893	-0.11 -0.17

Table 2-3
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Prince Edward Island

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012							
April to June January to March	146,070 145,883	 53	 -69	203	 134	 187	0.13
2011							
October to December	146,152	28	-468	171	-297	-269	-0.18
July to September	145,855	83	-432	646	214	297	0.20
April to June	145,048	55	64	688	752	807	0.56
January to March	144,610	53	-39	424	385	438	0.30
2010							
October to December	144,342	29	-143	382	239	268	0.19
July to September	143,395	77	-425	1,295	870	947	0.66
April to June	142,642	59	13	681	694	753	0.53
January to March	142,134	58	113	337	450	508	0.36
2009							
October to December	142,032	38	-124	188	64	102	0.07
July to September	141,219	86	58	669	727	813	0.58
April to June	140,466	65	-97	785	688	753	0.54
January to March	140,190	66	-108	318	210	276	0.20
2008							
October to December	140,418	46	-381	107	-274	-228	-0.16
July to September	139,604	93	50	671	721	814	0.58
April to June	138,942	71	157	434	591	662	0.48
January to March	138,655	72	-120	335	215	287	0.21
2007							
October to December	138,576	59	-150	170	20	79	0.06
July to September	138,161	79	-178	514	336	415	0.30
April to June	138,058	100	-216	219	3	103	0.07
January to March	138,032	4	-155	177	22	26	0.02
2006							
October to December	138,051	48	-159	92	-67	-19	-0.01
July to September	137,920	133	-319	317	-2	131	0.09

Table 2-4 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Nova Scotia

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	944,968 945,532	 -108	 -1,193	 737	 -456	 -564	 -0.06
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	946,378 945,437 945,279 945,834	-70 466 77 -24	-1,143 -780 -573 -1,034	367 1,255 654 503	-776 475 81 -531	-846 941 158 -555	-0.09 0.10 0.02 -0.06
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	946,259 944,810 943,518 943,242	3 534 116 16	-446 -877 274 -374	18 1,792 902 634	-428 915 1,176 260	-425 1,449 1,292 276	-0.04 0.15 0.14 0.03
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	942,798 940,293 939,428 939,068	40 559 150 52	355 357 -50 -263	49 1,589 765 571	404 1,946 715 308	444 2,505 865 360	0.05 0.27 0.09 0.04
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	938,545 937,211 936,827 936,469	79 594 193 102	116 -554 -492 -259	328 1,294 683 515	444 740 191 256	523 1,334 384 358	0.06 0.14 0.04 0.04
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	936,215 935,794 935,577 936,596	94 485 262 -326	-39 -1,004 -449 -1,082	199 940 404 389	160 -64 -45 -693	254 421 217 -1,019	0.03 0.04 0.02 -0.11
2006 October to December July to September	937,243 938,010	57 310	-929 -1,666	225 589	-704 -1,077	-647 -767	-0.07 -0.08

Table 2-5
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — New Brunswick

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	755,381						
	756,030	-125	-1,020	496	-524	-649	-0.09
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	755,810	-3	-136	359	223	220	0.03
	755,455	467	-779	667	-112	355	0.05
	754,641	40	144	630	774	814	0.11
	754,641	-68	-207	275	68	0	0.00
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	754,105	49	259	228	487	536	0.07
	752,838	504	-117	880	763	1,267	0.17
	751,965	84	203	586	789	873	0.12
	751,383	-25	243	364	607	582	0.08
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	751,147	90	113	33	146	236	0.03
	749,983	537	12	615	627	1,164	0.16
	749,314	127	30	512	542	669	0.09
	748,569	20	47	678	725	745	0.10
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	747,935	131	220	283	503	634	0.08
	747,023	573	-534	873	339	912	0.12
	746,693	172	-303	461	158	330	0.04
	746,392	76	-250	475	225	301	0.04
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	746,248	117	-85	112	27	144	0.02
	745,515	445	-270	558	288	733	0.10
	745,020	295	-120	320	200	495	0.07
	744,892	-35	-305	468	163	128	0.02
2006 October to December July to September	744,994 745,674	124 549	-373 -1,834	147 605	-226 -1,229	-102 -680	-0.01 -0.09

Table 2-6 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Quebec

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	8,028,434						
	8,013,073	4,850	-1,915	12,426	10,511	15,361	0.19
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	8,002,098	6,650	-1,246	5,571	4,325	10,975	0.14
	7,979,663	10,300	242	11,893	12,135	22,435	0.28
	7,954,357	7,700	-2,051	19,657	17,606	25,306	0.32
	7,940,218	4,300	-894	10,733	9,839	14,139	0.18
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	7,929,396	6,650	-368	4,540	4,172	10,822	0.14
	7,905,679	9,500	22	14,195	14,217	23,717	0.30
	7,880,812	7,850	-1,693	18,710	17,017	24,867	0.32
	7,864,437	5,900	-1,205	11,680	10,475	16,375	0.21
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	7,851,906	6,650	15	5,866	5,881	12,531	0.16
	7,826,891	10,500	-375	14,890	14,515	25,015	0.32
	7,801,291	8,450	-2,448	19,598	17,150	25,600	0.33
	7,784,658	5,850	-1,439	12,222	10,783	16,633	0.21
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	7,773,378	7,012	-1,446	5,714	4,268	11,280	0.15
	7,750,735	10,375	-2,086	14,354	12,268	22,643	0.29
	7,730,389	7,887	-4,399	16,858	12,459	20,346	0.26
	7,716,809	5,484	-1,776	9,872	8,096	13,580	0.18
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	7,705,869 7,687,423 7,669,988 7,658,104	6,578 9,469 7,567 4,251	-1,991 -3,516 -4,665 -2,503	6,353 12,493 14,533 10,136	4,362 8,977 9,868 7,633	10,940 18,446 17,435 11,884	0.14 0.24 0.23 0.16
2006 October to December July to September	7,650,930 7,631,552	6,149 8,724	-2,429 -3,268	3,454 13,922	1,025 10,654	7,174 19,378	0.09 0.25

Table 2-7
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Ontario

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	13,472,438 13,445,408	 8,894	 -3,932	 22,068	 18,136	 27,030	 0.20
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	13,422,912 13,372,996 13,330,222 13,299,242	9,983 15,600 12,862 9,441	-1,084 543 -1,880 -690	13,597 33,773 31,792 22,229	12,513 34,316 29,912 21,539	22,496 49,916 42,774 30,980	0.17 0.37 0.32 0.23
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	13,285,716 13,227,791 13,174,623 13,139,255	10,524 16,032 13,225 9,875	-1,811 2,083 -1,453 -1,396	4,813 39,810 41,396 26,889	3,002 41,893 39,943 25,493	13,526 57,925 53,168 35,368	0.10 0.44 0.40 0.27
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	13,123,619 13,072,727 13,025,446 12,994,389	10,919 16,315 13,606 10,340	-525 -1,288 -3,263 -4,157	5,242 35,865 36,938 24,874	4,717 34,577 33,675 20,717	15,636 50,892 47,281 31,057	0.12 0.39 0.36 0.24
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,983,292 12,934,499 12,885,424 12,852,953	11,346 16,627 13,971 10,792	-5,253 -2,928 -3,502 -3,458	5,004 35,094 38,606 25,137	-249 32,166 35,104 21,679	11,097 48,793 49,075 32,471	0.09 0.38 0.38 0.25
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,840,195 12,792,937 12,748,834 12,717,140	11,745 16,537 13,836 8,978	-3,588 -4,202 -3,451 -2,185	4,601 34,923 33,718 24,901	1,013 30,721 30,267 22,716	12,758 47,258 44,103 31,694	0.10 0.37 0.35 0.25
2006 October to December July to September	12,708,825 12,665,346	11,195 16,160	-5,957 -8,454	3,077 35,773	-2,880 27,319	8,315 43,479	0.07 0.34

Table 2-8 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Manitoba

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	1,261,498						
	1,258,260	1,160	-882	2,960	2,078	3,238	0.26
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,254,658	1,283	-1,004	3,323	2,319	3,602	0.29
	1,250,574	1,853	-1,473	3,704	2,231	4,084	0.33
	1,245,453	1,464	-853	4,510	3,657	5,121	0.41
	1,242,564	1,148	-1,026	2,767	1,741	2,889	0.23
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,238,964	1,264	-233	2,569	2,336	3,600	0.29
	1,234,535	1,825	-1,299	3,903	2,604	4,429	0.36
	1,229,434	1,429	-754	4,426	3,672	5,101	0.41
	1,225,973	1,116	-224	2,569	2,345	3,461	0.28
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,223,121	1,235	-601	2,218	1,617	2,852	0.23
	1,219,183	1,782	-833	2,989	2,156	3,938	0.32
	1,213,871	1,390	-440	4,362	3,922	5,312	0.44
	1,210,878	1,087	-640	2,546	1,906	2,993	0.25
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,207,823	1,206	-195	2,044	1,849	3,055	0.25
	1,205,477	1,750	-1,836	2,432	596	2,346	0.19
	1,201,443	1,374	-1,148	3,808	2,660	4,034	0.34
	1,199,304	1,082	-752	1,809	1,057	2,139	0.18
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,196,638 1,193,558 1,189,683 1,186,827	1,157 1,720 1,511 939	-453 -1,350 -1,268 -378	1,962 2,710 3,632 2,295	1,509 1,360 2,364 1,917	2,666 3,080 3,875 2,856	0.22 0.26 0.33 0.24
2006 October to December July to September	1,185,268 1,184,031	863 1,567	-1,035 -2,819	1,731 2,489	696 -330	1,559 1,237	0.13 0.10

Table 2-9
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Saskatchewan

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	1,072,082						
	1,067,612	1,043	-9	3,436	3,427	4,470	0.42
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,063,535	1,029	1	3,047	3,048	4,077	0.38
	1,057,884	1,681	534	3,436	3,970	5,651	0.53
	1,052,440	1,524	1,239	2,681	3,920	5,444	0.52
	1,050,548	989	-593	1,496	903	1,892	0.18
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,048,294	983	209	1,062	1,271	2,254	0.22
	1,044,028	1,626	156	2,484	2,640	4,266	0.41
	1,039,648	1,480	556	2,344	2,900	4,380	0.42
	1,036,415	941	757	1,535	2,292	3,233	0.31
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,033,708	925	463	1,319	1,782	2,707	0.26
	1,029,325	1,547	377	2,459	2,836	4,383	0.43
	1,024,801	1,405	480	2,639	3,119	4,524	0.44
	1,021,602	877	338	1,984	2,322	3,199	0.31
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,018,602	859	625	1,516	2,141	3,000	0.29
	1,013,922	1,467	1,540	1,673	3,213	4,680	0.46
	1,010,386	1,339	362	1,835	2,197	3,536	0.35
	1,007,614	829	682	1,261	1,943	2,772	0.28
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,005,083 1,000,257 996,152 994,149	910 1,259 1,237 780	974 2,153 1,691 427	647 1,414 1,177 796	1,621 3,567 2,868 1,223	2,531 4,826 4,105 2,003	0.25 0.48 0.41 0.20
2006 October to December July to September	992,736 992,122	419 1,094	529 -1,098	465 618	994 -480	1,413 614	0.14 0.06

Table 2-10 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Alberta

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	3,847,119						
	3,817,980	7,072	13,396	8,671	22,067	29,139	0.76
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,798,791	6,882	6,010	6,297	12,307	19,189	0.51
	3,779,353	8,722	3,136	7,580	10,716	19,438	0.51
	3,758,130	8,190	4,720	8,313	13,033	21,223	0.56
	3,742,193	6,954	5,275	3,708	8,983	15,937	0.43
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,735,067	6,848	2,510	-2,232	278	7,126	0.19
	3,720,928	8,680	1,155	4,304	5,459	14,139	0.38
	3,704,172	8,197	803	7,756	8,559	16,756	0.45
	3,691,866	6,989	148	5,169	5,317	12,306	0.33
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,684,864	6,876	-2,202	2,328	126	7,002	0.19
	3,671,699	8,655	-2,020	6,530	4,510	13,165	0.36
	3,652,636	8,171	1,731	9,161	10,892	19,063	0.52
	3,632,280	6,927	4,685	8,744	13,429	20,356	0.56
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,613,795	6,746	4,111	7,628	11,739	18,485	0.51
	3,591,791	8,418	2,657	10,929	13,586	22,004	0.61
	3,563,848	7,895	7,215	12,833	20,048	27,943	0.78
	3,545,519	6,717	3,862	7,750	11,612	18,329	0.52
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,530,926 3,512,691 3,489,842 3,471,715	6,936 7,833 7,805 6,252	2,035 2,205 4,677 4,725	5,622 8,197 10,367 7,150	7,657 10,402 15,044 11,875	14,593 18,235 22,849 18,127	0.41 0.52 0.65 0.52
2006 October to December July to September	3,452,956 3,421,253	6,294 7,404	7,678 16,729	4,787 7,570	12,465 24,299	18,759 31,703	0.54 0.93

Table 2-11
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — British Columbia

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	4,606,451 4,597,919	 2,067	 -2,554	 9,019	6,465	 8,532	 0.19
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,592,034 4,573,321 4,561,040 4,551,742	2,144 4,305 3,502 2,264	-353 -723 -746 -98	4,094 15,131 9,525 7,132	3,741 14,408 8,779 7,034	5,885 18,713 12,281 9,298	0.13 0.41 0.27 0.20
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,549,923 4,529,674 4,513,911 4,497,193	2,522 3,938 3,394 2,668	442 592 2,031 1,613	-1,145 15,719 10,338 12,437	-703 16,311 12,369 14,050	1,819 20,249 15,763 16,718	0.04 0.45 0.35 0.37
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,483,507 4,459,947 4,440,977 4,423,568	2,970 4,275 3,923 2,479	2,048 3,036 3,117 1,471	8,668 16,249 11,930 13,459	10,716 19,285 15,047 14,930	13,686 23,560 18,970 17,409	0.31 0.53 0.43 0.39
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,408,870 4,384,047 4,362,604 4,346,488	2,719 4,173 3,375 1,912	2,195 3,212 2,815 2,627	9,784 17,438 15,253 11,577	11,979 20,650 18,068 14,204	14,698 24,823 21,443 16,116	0.33 0.57 0.49 0.37
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,334,558 4,309,632 4,291,222 4,275,038	2,864 4,014 3,532 1,931	3,074 6,127 4,337 3,238	5,992 14,785 10,541 11,015	9,066 20,912 14,878 14,253	11,930 24,926 18,410 16,184	0.28 0.58 0.43 0.38
2006 October to December July to September	4,263,376 4,243,580	2,271 3,688	3,511 3,919	5,880 12,189	9,391 16,108	11,662 19,796	0.27 0.47

Table 2-12 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Yukon

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June January to March	35,010 34,886	 28	 -26	 122	 96	 124	 0.36
2011	01,000	20				12.	0.00
October to December July to September April to June January to March	34,891 34,666 34,476 34,392	54 53 33 30	-26 145 -15 43	-33 27 172 11	-59 172 157 54	-5 225 190 84	-0.01 0.65 0.55 0.24
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	34,544 34,559 34,218 33,998	55 56 35 31	-165 -144 137 19	-42 73 169 170	-207 -71 306 189	-152 -15 341 220	-0.44 -0.04 1.00 0.65
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	33,977 33,683 33,563 33,411	55 53 35 32	-6 175 9 4	-28 66 76 116	-34 241 85 120	21 294 120 152	0.06 0.87 0.36 0.45
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	33,326 33,113 32,979 32,771	55 52 35 33	88 127 13 90	-58 34 86 85	30 161 99 175	85 213 134 208	0.26 0.64 0.41 0.63
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	32,679 32,569 32,284 32,322	45 40 55 23	79 53 154 -76	-32 17 76 15	47 70 230 -61	92 110 285 -38	0.28 0.34 0.88 -0.12
2006 October to December July to September	32,362 32,276	45 34	-41 64	-44 -12	-85 52	-40 86	-0.12 0.27

Table 2-13
Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Northwest Territories

	Population at beginning period	ginning increase interprovincial		Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012 April to June	43,247						
January to March	43,346	123	-258	36	-222	-99	-0.23
2011							
October to December	43,485	120	-271	12	-259	-139	-0.32
July to September	43,675	143	-349	16	-333	-190	-0.44
April to June	43,546	131	24	-26	-2	129	0.30
January to March	43,624	121	-206	7	-199	-78	-0.18
2010							
October to December	43,806	118	-289	-11	-300	-182	-0.42
July to September	43,830	142	-192	26	-166	-24	-0.05
April to June	43,672	133	6	19	25	158	0.36
January to March	43,475	122	53	22	75	197	0.45
2009							
October to December	43.406	118	-46	-3	-49	69	0.16
July to September	43,638	141	-364	-9	-373	-232	-0.53
April to June	43,548	134	-82	38	-44	90	0.21
January to March	43,513	123	-61	-27	-88	35	0.08
2008							
October to December	43,654	119	-280	20	-260	-141	-0.32
July to September	43,681	141	-154	-14	-168	-27	-0.06
April to June	43,644	134	-200	103	-97	37	0.08
January to March	43,601	126	-92	9	-83	43	0.10
2007							
October to December	43,467	102	99	-67	32	134	0.31
July to September	43,545	169	-227	-20	-247	-78	-0.18
April to June	43,241	132	94	78	172	304	0.70
January to March	43,169	148	-75	-1	-76	72	0.17
2006							
October to December	43,245	104	-165	-15	-180	-76	-0.18
July to September	43,198	128	-75	-6	-81	47	0.11

Table 2-14 Quarterly population estimates and factors of demographic growth, provincial perspective — Nunavut

	Population at beginning period	Natural increase	Net interprovincial migration	Net international migration	Total net migration	Total growth	Total growth
			number				percent
2012							
April to June January to March	33,588 33,387	 170	 41	 -10	 31	 201	0.60
2011	,						
October to December	33,330	146	-81	-8	-89	57	0.17
July to September	33,322	158	-146	-4	-150	8	0.02
April to June	33,005	207	106	4	110	317	0.96
January to March	32,887	173	-50	-5	-55	118	0.36
2010							
October to December	32,871	149	-121	-12	-133	16	0.05
July to September	32,833	162	-124	0	-124	38	0.12
April to June	32,611	204	15	3	18	222	0.68
January to March	32,428	171	15	-3	12	183	0.56
2009							
October to December	32,371	147	-67	-23	-90	57	0.18
July to September	32,240	158	-16	-11	-27	131	0.41
April to June	32,020	200	21	-1	20	220	0.69
January to March	31,734	166	117	3	120	286	0.90
2008							
October to December	31,666	143	-59	-16	-75	68	0.21
July to September	31,629	154	-114	-3	-117	37	0.12
April to June	31,451	196 165	-28 -108	10 -22	-18 -130	178 35	0.57 0.11
January to March	31,416	100	-108	-22	-130	35	0.11
2007	04.007	400	70	7.	444	40	0.00
October to December	31,397	163	-70	-74	-144	19	0.06
July to September April to June	31,272 31,085	173 171	-84 7	36 9	-48 16	125 187	0.40 0.60
January to March	30,882	158	40	5	45	203	0.66
·	33,302	.00	.0	· ·			5.50
2006 October to December	30,836	130	-72	-12	-84	46	0.15
July to September	30,799	177	-132	-12	-140	37	0.13

Table 3-1
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Canada

	Natural incr	ease	Interprovinci	al migration		International migration				
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents	
_					number					
2012 January to March	93,755	68,790	78,321	78,321	55,528	9,019	4,344	4,245	13,709	
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	93,754 103,311 98,115 92,726	65,558 59,201 62,409 67,563	63,750 97,646 91,195 73,989	63,750 97,646 91,195 73,989	59,775 71,887 67,506 49,556	12,209 22,112 9,341 8,980	4,051 9,640 7,329 4,344	4,857 6,746 4,315 4,245	-9,950 25,788 17,841 8,697	
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	93,341 101,831 97,165 92,029	64,155 58,434 60,995 64,342	63,098 95,772 74,544 62,564	63,098 95,772 74,544 62,564	57,552 84,292 80,797 58,041	12,158 21,977 9,291 8,921	4,051 9,640 7,329 4,344	4,857 6,746 4,311 4,237	-34,600 19,557 13,064 12,628	
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	92,843 101,548 96,853 91,607	62,750 56,590 59,204 63,733	44,902 77,224 71,277 64,164	44,902 77,224 71,277 64,164	56,353 75,390 69,651 50,783	12,074 22,101 9,475 9,080	4,051 9,640 7,328 4,344	4,845 6,772 4,343 4,266	-17,642 26,140 23,963 23,604	
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	91,866 100,441 95,409 90,170	61,347 55,646 58,740 62,884	51,448 90,957 82,653 63,981	51,448 90,957 82,653 63,981	53,543 71,312 69,247 53,145	12,278 21,649 11,891 10,215	4,051 9,639 7,330 4,346	4,880 6,677 4,689 4,386	-8,213 32,398 31,125 16,095	
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	90,681 97,435 93,338 86,410	59,863 55,038 56,847 63,469	55,440 99,163 77,629 60,920	55,440 99,163 77,629 60,920	55,573 71,657 61,649 47,875	12,163 21,009 11,919 9,018	4,050 9,643 7,367 4,176	4,740 6,355 4,966 4,372	-17,284 22,716 23,066 18,742	
2006 October to December July to September	86,920 94,248	59,303 54,206	62,974 103,539	62,974 103,539	58,245 70,356	10,068 18,150	4,074 14,683	4,586 6,245	-27,823 13,482	

Table 3-2 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Newfoundland and Labrador

	Natural incr	rease	Interprovinci	al migration		Inter	national migra	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
_					number				
2012 January to March	1,107	1,369	2,541	4,120	155	47	20	55	80
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,173 1,352 1,172 1,116	1,223 1,073 1,251 1,334	1,590 2,653 2,742 2,508	1,789 2,571 2,921 2,989	206 176 175 128	65 118 50 47	20 46 34 20	62 86 55 55	-86 315 316 46
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,181 1,367 1,187 1,127	1,189 1,046 1,223 1,302	2,093 2,318 2,108 2,392	1,937 3,148 2,246 2,154	184 188 200 142	65 118 49 47	20 46 34 20	62 86 55 55	-259 255 128 -8
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,191 1,371 1,184 1,125	1,161 1,021 1,191 1,270	1,806 2,692 2,973 2,404	1,229 1,811 1,981 2,398	145 193 154 114	65 118 50 48	20 46 34 20	62 87 56 55	-52 362 239 -134
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,191 1,376 1,193 1,138	1,133 998 1,166 1,242	1,929 2,956 2,568 2,233	1,670 2,336 3,058 2,679	138 165 174 150	66 116 82 70	20 46 34 20	62 85 60 56	-161 238 86 138
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,111 1,222 1,119 1,101	1,063 1,048 1,131 1,263	1,959 2,999 2,327 1,601	1,844 2,706 3,118 3,272	167 144 126 109	83 144 35 26	20 46 17 10	62 82 64 56	-91 121 79 20
2006 October to December July to September	1,092 1,183	1,174 1,109	1,637 2,841	2,195 3,888	154 127	29 53	9 35	59 81	-20 52

Table 3-3
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Prince Edward Island

	Natural inci	rease	Interprovinci	al migration		Inter	national migra	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
_					number				
2012 January to March	388	335	844	913	284	8	6	14	-65
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	374 390 366 381	346 307 311 328	518 1,017 1,231 752	986 1,449 1,167 791	171 569 535 463	10 18 8 8	6 16 12 6	16 23 14 14	20 102 163 -23
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	365 377 363 379	336 300 304 321	631 972 811 716	774 1,397 798 603	467 1,166 572 388	10 18 8 8	6 16 12 6	16 23 14 14	-65 154 119 -35
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	366 379 363 379	328 293 298 313	360 822 636 687	484 764 733 795	314 518 599 328	10 19 8 8	6 16 12 6	16 23 14 14	-106 177 196 6
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	366 378 362 377	320 285 291 305	347 852 952 609	728 802 795 729	191 605 325 333	10 18 15 14	6 16 21 12	17 23 16 16	-63 91 119 20
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	358 350 344 337	299 271 244 333	487 773 684 581	637 951 900 736	204 420 219 149	15 28 16 13	11 27 13 7	16 22 17 15	-14 117 20 49
2006 October to December July to September	347 400	299 267	422 798	581 1,117	170 200	15 25	7 26	16 22	-54 138

Table 3-4 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Nova Scotia

	Natural incr	rease	Interprovinci	al migration		Inter	national migrat	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
_					number				
2012 January to March	2,246	2,354	4,179	5,372	552	128	76	99	336
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,183 2,487 2,309 2,260	2,253 2,021 2,232 2,284	2,944 4,936 4,378 3,556	4,087 5,716 4,951 4,590	469 627 577 463	173 314 133 128	71 168 127 76	114 159 101 99	114 933 184 191
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,195 2,495 2,304 2,253	2,192 1,961 2,188 2,237	3,089 5,198 4,072 3,852	3,535 6,075 3,798 4,226	479 766 694 458	173 312 133 127	71 168 127 76	114 159 101 99	-245 1,329 315 326
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,186 2,478 2,294 2,242	2,146 1,919 2,144 2,190	2,669 4,579 3,822 3,519	2,314 4,222 3,872 3,782	483 778 629 498	172 315 135 129	71 168 127 76	114 159 102 100	-219 1,117 246 226
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,179 2,472 2,293 2,244	2,100 1,878 2,100 2,142	2,987 5,139 4,320 3,605	2,871 5,693 4,812 3,864	491 828 732 600	174 307 156 135	71 168 127 76	115 156 110 104	55 761 90 78
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,191 2,386 2,297 1,994	2,097 1,901 2,035 2,320	2,973 5,092 3,668 2,699	3,012 6,096 4,117 3,781	581 755 645 542	160 276 235 177	71 168 120 68	111 150 116 102	-182 443 -10 58
2006 October to December July to September	2,117 2,267	2,060 1,957	3,141 5,406	4,070 7,072	632 896	198 357	66 239	108 147	-167 -42

Table 3-5
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — New Brunswick

	Natural incr	rease	Interprovinci	ial migration		Inter	national migra	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
_					number				
2012 January to March	1,759	1,884	2,634	3,654	552	55	53	79	25
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,787 1,994 1,807 1,770	1,790 1,527 1,767 1,838	2,540 3,511 3,517 2,927	2,676 4,290 3,373 3,134	619 525 441 382	74 133 57 55	49 120 91 53	92 127 81 79	-143 282 236 -26
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,797 1,997 1,810 1,769	1,748 1,493 1,726 1,794	2,451 3,857 2,763 2,819	2,192 3,974 2,560 2,576	428 717 555 425	74 133 57 54	49 120 91 53	92 127 81 79	-83 303 78 19
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,798 1,998 1,813 1,772	1,708 1,461 1,686 1,752	1,933 3,368 2,854 2,561	1,820 3,356 2,824 2,514	346 602 588 377	73 135 57 55	49 120 90 52	92 127 81 80	-197 155 -28 384
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,799 2,002 1,817 1,784	1,668 1,429 1,645 1,708	1,981 3,872 2,871 2,447	1,761 4,406 3,174 2,697	343 610 443 460	75 131 111 95	49 119 97 58	92 126 89 82	58 401 121 134
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,723 1,945 1,798 1,680	1,606 1,500 1,503 1,715	2,336 4,023 3,170 2,369	2,421 4,293 3,290 2,674	397 497 375 374	113 196 104 80	54 128 90 51	89 119 94 83	-137 248 53 206
2006 October to December July to September	1,649 2,000	1,525 1,451	2,062 3,409	2,435 5,243	397 470	88 158	50 180	86 117	-126 230

Table 3-6 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Quebec

	Natural incr	ease	Interprovinci	al migration		Inter	national migrat	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
					number				
2012 January to March	21,100	16,250	4,625	6,540	10,930	1,478	622	596	2,948
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	21,700 24,050 22,050 20,800	15,050 13,750 14,350 16,500	4,921 10,006 7,292 5,190	6,167 9,764 9,343 6,084	11,474 15,384 14,556 10,326	2,000 3,623 1,530 1,471	580 1,379 1,049 622	682 946 606 596	-3,801 -301 6,188 1,852
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	21,800 23,700 21,950 20,800	15,150 14,200 14,100 14,900	5,118 9,176 5,897 4,129	5,486 9,154 7,590 5,334	12,572 16,504 14,058 10,847	1,992 3,601 1,523 1,462	580 1,379 1,049 622	682 946 605 595	-5,938 859 5,731 2,268
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	21,750 23,700 22,200 21,000	15,100 13,200 13,750 15,150	3,759 7,263 5,158 4,059	3,744 7,638 7,606 5,498	11,658 14,958 13,482 9,391	1,979 3,622 1,552 1,487	580 1,379 1,049 622	680 951 610 599	-3,713 3,126 7,229 4,295
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	21,686 23,693 21,887 20,604	14,674 13,318 14,000 15,120	3,542 7,548 5,699 3,812	4,988 9,634 10,098 5,588	10,038 13,597 12,074 9,500	2,010 3,545 1,794 1,541	580 1,379 1,046 620	685 937 658 615	-2,209 3,860 6,190 1,908
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	20,708 22,450 21,444 19,785	14,130 12,981 13,877 15,534	3,446 7,145 4,972 3,223	5,437 10,661 9,637 5,726	10,404 13,892 11,554 9,363	1,835 3,168 1,863 1,409	578 1,376 1,479 839	665 892 697 613	-2,129 1,285 4,060 1,956
2006 October to December July to September	20,167 21,712	14,018 12,988	4,042 7,460	6,471 10,728	10,218 13,945	1,573 2,836	820 2,948	644 876	-5,367 741

Table 3-7
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Ontario

	Natural incr	ease	Interprovinci	al migration		Inter	national migrat	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
_					number				
2012 January to March	35,407	26,513	15,514	19,446	20,699	3,946	2,134	1,967	5,148
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	35,180 38,229 36,834 34,995	25,197 22,629 23,972 25,554	14,050 23,946 20,369 15,780	15,134 23,403 22,249 16,470	23,849 29,091 26,403 20,117	5,343 9,676 4,087 3,928	1,988 4,734 3,600 2,134	2,249 3,125 1,999 1,967	-4,648 12,749 7,875 5,873
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	34,830 37,823 36,409 34,592	24,306 21,791 23,184 24,717	14,293 24,142 17,523 13,444	16,104 22,059 18,976 14,840	23,471 34,885 35,311 24,448	5,319 9,615 4,065 3,903	1,988 4,734 3,600 2,134	2,249 3,125 1,996 1,962	-13,078 12,931 8,546 6,172
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	34,428 37,402 36,038 34,260	23,509 21,087 22,432 23,920	10,431 18,343 15,149 12,767	10,956 19,631 18,412 16,924	23,834 32,979 29,090 20,963	5,282 9,669 4,145 3,971	1,988 4,734 3,600 2,135	2,244 3,138 2,011 1,976	-13,054 10,959 10,404 7,723
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	34,111 37,062 35,687 33,932	22,765 20,435 21,716 23,140	9,541 20,001 17,506 12,655	14,794 22,929 21,008 16,113	23,572 31,798 32,002 23,531	5,371 9,470 5,631 4,837	1,988 4,734 3,593 2,130	2,260 3,094 2,172 2,031	-12,925 11,126 10,814 6,344
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	34,241 36,687 34,932 32,577	22,496 20,150 21,096 23,599	10,797 20,760 15,805 12,144	14,385 24,962 19,256 14,329	26,227 33,291 29,478 22,344	5,758 9,947 5,666 4,286	1,984 4,724 3,107 1,761	2,196 2,942 2,300 2,025	-15,656 9,797 9,099 7,107
2006 October to December July to September	33,283 36,188	22,088 20,028	11,460 19,382	17,417 27,836	29,444 34,179	4,784 8,626	1,720 6,190	2,124 2,893	-21,179 6,923

Table 3-8 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Manitoba

	Natural incr	ease	Interprovinc	al migration		Inter	national migrat	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
<u>_</u>					number				
2012 January to March	3,965	2,805	3,253	4,135	3,243	392	177	121	53
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,019 4,401 4,098 3,895	2,736 2,548 2,634 2,747	2,880 4,222 4,114 3,755	3,884 5,695 4,967 4,781	3,642 4,544 4,645 3,123	532 960 406 391	166 393 299 177	139 193 123 121	186 -80 95 -21
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,947 4,320 4,018 3,812	2,683 2,495 2,589 2,696	3,310 4,388 3,368 3,088	3,543 5,687 4,122 3,312	3,458 4,676 4,451 3,223	529 955 403 387	166 393 299 177	139 193 123 121	-387 -18 202 -323
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,866 4,229 3,930 3,731	2,631 2,447 2,540 2,644	1,946 3,384 2,942 2,822	2,547 4,217 3,382 3,462	2,860 3,583 4,325 2,752	525 959 413 395	166 393 299 177	138 193 125 122	-145 165 276 134
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,786 4,152 3,869 3,678	2,580 2,402 2,495 2,596	2,427 3,725 3,230 2,827	2,622 5,561 4,378 3,579	2,622 3,264 3,270 2,063	534 942 463 398	166 393 299 177	139 191 134 126	-71 -92 836 93
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,721 4,123 3,821 3,620	2,564 2,403 2,310 2,681	2,385 4,269 2,939 2,850	2,838 5,619 4,207 3,228	2,305 3,101 3,236 2,313	474 817 457 346	166 393 190 108	135 182 142 125	100 215 805 345
2006 October to December July to September	3,534 3,867	2,671 2,300	2,659 4,042	3,694 6,861	2,188 3,052	386 696	105 379	131 179	-45 -67

Table 3-9
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Saskatchewan

	Natural incr	ease	Interprovinci	al migration		Inter	national migra	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
					number				
2012 January to March	3,713	2,670	5,422	5,431	2,817	95	70	55	699
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,499 3,926 3,762 3,626	2,470 2,245 2,238 2,637	4,486 6,355 6,954 4,961	4,485 5,821 5,715 5,554	2,546 2,746 2,241 1,420	129 235 99 95	65 154 117 70	64 89 57 55	629 860 479 156
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,428 3,851 3,694 3,546	2,445 2,225 2,214 2,605	4,089 6,269 4,912 4,363	3,880 6,113 4,356 3,606	1,603 2,283 2,184 1,545	129 233 98 95	65 154 117 70	64 89 57 55	-413 369 198 70
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,341 3,743 3,588 3,447	2,416 2,196 2,183 2,570	3,061 4,901 4,499 4,321	2,598 4,524 4,019 3,983	1,476 1,999 2,115 1,300	128 234 100 96	65 154 117 70	64 89 57 56	-30 629 564 766
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,246 3,635 3,493 3,363	2,387 2,168 2,154 2,534	3,368 5,939 4,984 4,293	2,743 4,399 4,622 3,611	1,310 1,203 1,350 972	130 229 102 88	65 154 117 70	64 88 62 58	335 633 532 365
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,264 3,510 3,370 3,104	2,354 2,251 2,133 2,324	3,920 7,000 5,615 4,147	2,946 4,847 3,924 3,720	854 1,115 891 656	105 181 113 86	65 154 105 60	62 83 65 58	-105 409 359 224
2006 October to December July to September	2,844 3,205	2,425 2,111	4,045 5,230	3,516 6,328	851 697	96 173	57 210	60 81	-287 -35

Table 3-10 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Alberta

	Natural incr	rease	Interprovinci	ial migration		Inter	rnational migra	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
_					number				
2012 January to March	13,203	6,131	26,910	13,514	7,514	1,486	487	486	2,642
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,935 14,237 13,916 12,908	6,053 5,515 5,726 5,954	18,819 23,974 23,715 20,556	12,809 20,838 18,995 15,281	8,305 8,619 8,290 5,744	2,011 3,642 1,538 1,479	454 1,080 822 487	556 772 494 486	105 2,295 1,233 -558
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,721 14,036 13,736 12,750	5,873 5,356 5,539 5,761	16,072 21,702 17,251 15,008	13,562 20,547 16,448 14,860	6,667 9,485 9,729 6,762	2,003 3,620 1,531 1,470	454 1,080 822 487	556 772 494 485	-6,794 -1,869 -770 -125
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,559 13,847 13,535 12,503	5,683 5,192 5,364 5,576	9,436 16,263 18,658 18,711	11,638 18,283 16,927 14,026	5,929 7,585 7,739 5,764	1,989 3,641 1,560 1,495	454 1,080 822 487	555 775 497 488	-1,511 2,281 2,657 4,476
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,241 13,438 13,075 12,102	5,495 5,020 5,180 5,385	15,137 22,732 24,023 18,572	11,026 20,075 16,808 14,710	5,201 6,455 7,196 5,352	2,021 3,564 1,902 1,633	454 1,080 820 486	559 764 536 501	4,553 7,722 7,255 4,046
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,095 12,677 12,612 11,644	5,159 4,844 4,807 5,392	15,614 26,228 21,947 18,625	13,579 24,023 17,270 13,900	5,085 6,171 5,595 4,015	1,945 3,360 1,637 1,237	452 1,079 1,137 645	543 727 568 500	2,573 5,034 5,840 4,227
2006 October to December July to September	11,300 12,002	5,006 4,598	20,628 34,456	12,950 17,727	4,832 5,714	1,382 2,491	629 2,266	524 714	1,232 2,795

Table 3-11
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — British Columbia

	Natural incr	ease	Interprovinci	ial migration		Inter	national migra	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
_					number				
2012 January to March	10,390	8,323	11,062	13,616	8,644	1,366	699	759	1,801
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	10,441 11,731 11,285 10,497	8,297 7,426 7,783 8,233	10,248 15,981 14,939 12,598	10,601 16,704 15,685 12,696	8,373 9,523 9,553 7,338	1,849 3,349 1,415 1,360	652 1,550 1,178 699	868 1,206 771 759	-2,214 8,613 980 1,214
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	10,614 11,349 11,180 10,528	8,092 7,411 7,786 7,860	11,086 16,601 14,517 11,474	10,644 16,009 12,486 9,861	8,153 13,508 12,895 9,629	1,841 3,328 1,406 1,350	652 1,550 1,178 699	868 1,206 771 758	-7,241 5,195 -1,558 4,217
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	10,903 11,897 11,405 10,683	7,933 7,622 7,482 8,204	8,899 14,579 13,488 11,143	6,851 11,543 10,371 9,672	9,231 12,116 10,848 9,244	1,828 3,345 1,437 1,378	652 1,550 1,178 699	865 1,210 776 762	1,478 7,138 2,117 5,656
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	10,814 11,738 11,238 10,486	8,095 7,565 7,863 8,574	9,479 16,951 15,382 11,851	7,284 13,739 12,567 9,224	9,569 12,714 11,592 10,127	1,863 3,284 1,607 1,380	652 1,550 1,176 697	872 1,193 838 783	2,298 7,651 4,930 2,916
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	10,841 11,577 11,123 10,108	7,977 7,563 7,591 8,177	10,587 19,576 15,164 11,705	7,513 13,449 10,827 8,467	9,293 12,208 9,497 7,972	1,644 2,839 1,778 1,345	649 1,548 1,105 626	847 1,136 888 781	-1,459 5,004 2,605 4,543
2006 October to December July to September	10,197 10,951	7,926 7,263	12,150 19,163	8,639 15,244	9,321 11,021	1,503 2,709	611 2,202	820 1,115	-1,729 2,790

Table 3-12 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Yukon

	Natural inci	rease	Interprovinci	al migration		Inter	national migrat	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
					number				
2012 January to March	90	62	491	517	87	5	0	4	44
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	107 101 92 90	53 48 59 60	305 452 604 429	331 307 619 386	76 60 66 35	7 14 5 5	0 0 0 0	5 6 4 4	-97 -13 115 -15
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	107 103 92 89	52 47 57 58	323 451 483 264	488 595 346 245	41 76 100 133	7 14 5 5	0 0 0 0	5 6 4 4	-71 17 78 46
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	105 99 89 87	50 46 54 55	232 439 331 350	238 264 322 346	43 57 39 34	7 14 5 5	0 0 0 0	5 6 4 4	-59 29 46 91
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	103 97 87 86	48 45 52 53	260 507 301 375	172 380 288 285	40 21 27 22	7 13 8 7	0 0 0 0	5 6 4 4	-86 32 71 74
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	84 92 104 75	39 52 49 52	340 460 386 277	261 407 232 353	19 29 14 21	10 16 4 4	0 0 4 1	4 6 4 4	-37 10 66 1
2006 October to December July to September	94 81	49 47	208 487	249 423	12 8	4 8	0	4 6	-48 -14

Table 3-13
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Northwest Territories

	Natural incr	rease	Interprovinci	al migration		Inter	national migrat	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
_					number				
2012 January to March	179	56	509	767	41	8	0	6	9
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	175 195 187 178	55 52 56 57	347 447 861 666	618 796 837 872	37 17 19 12	9 17 8 8	0 0 0 0	6 8 6 6	-10 24 -31 9
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	172 193 188 177	54 51 55 55	362 436 579 653	651 628 573 600	28 32 41 36	9 17 8 8	0 0 0 0	6 8 6 6	-24 19 -8 0
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	170 191 186 177	52 50 52 54	271 432 474 484	317 796 556 545	30 22 40 15	9 17 8 8	0 0 0 0	6 8 6 6	-18 -6 12 -28
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	169 190 185 177	50 49 51 51	352 553 493 499	632 707 693 591	16 38 45 28	10 17 12 10	0 0 0	6 8 6 6	20 -27 76 -3
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	153 210 170 192	51 41 38 44	486 606 667 471	387 833 573 546	30 29 13 16	12 21 7 5	0 0 0 0	6 8 7 6	-79 -20 79 -6
2006 October to December July to September	139 185	35 57	360 704	525 779	24 45	6 10	0	6 8	-27 -33

Table 3-14 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective — Nunavut

	Natural incr	rease	Interprovinci	ial migration		Inter	national migrat	tion	
	Births	Deaths	In-migrants	Out-migrants	Immigrants	Emigrants	Returning emigrants	Net temporary emigrants	Net non-permanent residents
					number				
2012 January to March	208	38	337	296	10	5	0	4	-11
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	181 218 237 210	35 60 30 37	102 146 479 311	183 292 373 361	8 6 5 5	7 13 5 5	0 0 0 0	4 6 4 4	-5 9 8 -1
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	184 220 234 207	35 58 30 36	181 262 260 362	302 386 245 347	1 6 7 5	7 13 5 5	0 0 0 0	4 6 4 4	-2 13 5 1
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	180 214 228 201	33 56 28 35	99 159 293 336	166 175 272 219	4 0 3 3	7 13 5 5	0 0 0 0	4 6 4 4	-16 8 5 9
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	175 208 223 199	32 54 27 34	98 182 324 203	157 296 352 311	12 14 17 7	7 13 8 7	0 0 0 0	4 6 4 4	-17 2 5 -18
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	191 206 204 193	28 33 33 35	110 232 285 228	180 316 278 188	7 5 6 1	9 16 4 4	0 0 0	4 6 4 4	-68 53 11 12
2006 October to December July to September	157 207	27 30	160 161	232 293	2 2	4 8	0	4 6	-6 4

Table 4-1

Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Births

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	93,755	1,107	388	2,246	1,759	21,100	35,407
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	93,754 103,311 98,115 92,726	1,173 1,352 1,172 1,116	374 390 366 381	2,183 2,487 2,309 2,260	1,787 1,994 1,807 1,770	21,700 24,050 22,050 20,800	35,180 38,229 36,834 34,995
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	93,341 101,831 97,165 92,029	1,181 1,367 1,187 1,127	365 377 363 379	2,195 2,495 2,304 2,253	1,797 1,997 1,810 1,769	21,800 23,700 21,950 20,800	34,830 37,823 36,409 34,592
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	92,843 101,548 96,853 91,607	1,191 1,371 1,184 1,125	366 379 363 379	2,186 2,478 2,294 2,242	1,798 1,998 1,813 1,772	21,750 23,700 22,200 21,000	34,428 37,402 36,038 34,260
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	91,866 100,441 95,409 90,170	1,191 1,376 1,193 1,138	366 378 362 377	2,179 2,472 2,293 2,244	1,799 2,002 1,817 1,784	21,686 23,693 21,887 20,604	34,111 37,062 35,687 33,932
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	90,681 97,435 93,338 86,410	1,111 1,222 1,119 1,101	358 350 344 337	2,191 2,386 2,297 1,994	1,723 1,945 1,798 1,680	20,708 22,450 21,444 19,785	34,241 36,687 34,932 32,577
2006 October to December July to September	86,920 94,248	1,092 1,183	347 400	2,117 2,267	1,649 2,000	20,167 21,712	33,283 36,188

Table 4-1 – continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Births

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	3,965	3,713	13,203	10,390	90	179	208
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,019 4,401 4,098 3,895	3,499 3,926 3,762 3,626	12,935 14,237 13,916 12,908	10,441 11,731 11,285 10,497	107 101 92 90	175 195 187 178	181 218 237 210
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,947 4,320 4,018 3,812	3,428 3,851 3,694 3,546	12,721 14,036 13,736 12,750	10,614 11,349 11,180 10,528	107 103 92 89	172 193 188 177	184 220 234 207
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,866 4,229 3,930 3,731	3,341 3,743 3,588 3,447	12,559 13,847 13,535 12,503	10,903 11,897 11,405 10,683	105 99 89 87	170 191 186 177	180 214 228 201
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,786 4,152 3,869 3,678	3,246 3,635 3,493 3,363	12,241 13,438 13,075 12,102	10,814 11,738 11,238 10,486	103 97 87 86	169 190 185 177	175 208 223 199
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,721 4,123 3,821 3,620	3,264 3,510 3,370 3,104	12,095 12,677 12,612 11,644	10,841 11,577 11,123 10,108	84 92 104 75	153 210 170 192	191 206 204 193
2006 October to December July to September	3,534 3,867	2,844 3,205	11,300 12,002	10,197 10,951	94 81	139 185	157 207

Note(s): The numbers for births are final up to December 2008, updated from January 2009 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-2

Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Deaths

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	68,790	1,369	335	2,354	1,884	16,250	26,513
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	65,558 59,201 62,409 67,563	1,223 1,073 1,251 1,334	346 307 311 328	2,253 2,021 2,232 2,284	1,790 1,527 1,767 1,838	15,050 13,750 14,350 16,500	25,197 22,629 23,972 25,554
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	64,155 58,434 60,995 64,342	1,189 1,046 1,223 1,302	336 300 304 321	2,192 1,961 2,188 2,237	1,748 1,493 1,726 1,794	15,150 14,200 14,100 14,900	24,306 21,791 23,184 24,717
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	62,750 56,590 59,204 63,733	1,161 1,021 1,191 1,270	328 293 298 313	2,146 1,919 2,144 2,190	1,708 1,461 1,686 1,752	15,100 13,200 13,750 15,150	23,509 21,087 22,432 23,920
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	61,347 55,646 58,740 62,884	1,133 998 1,166 1,242	320 285 291 305	2,100 1,878 2,100 2,142	1,668 1,429 1,645 1,708	14,674 13,318 14,000 15,120	22,765 20,435 21,716 23,140
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	59,863 55,038 56,847 63,469	1,063 1,048 1,131 1,263	299 271 244 333	2,097 1,901 2,035 2,320	1,606 1,500 1,503 1,715	14,130 12,981 13,877 15,534	22,496 20,150 21,096 23,599
2006 October to December July to September	59,303 54,206	1,174 1,109	299 267	2,060 1,957	1,525 1,451	14,018 12,988	22,088 20,028

Table 4-2 – continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Deaths

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	2,805	2,670	6,131	8,323	62	56	38
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,736 2,548 2,634 2,747	2,470 2,245 2,238 2,637	6,053 5,515 5,726 5,954	8,297 7,426 7,783 8,233	53 48 59 60	55 52 56 57	35 60 30 37
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,683 2,495 2,589 2,696	2,445 2,225 2,214 2,605	5,873 5,356 5,539 5,761	8,092 7,411 7,786 7,860	52 47 57 58	54 51 55 55	35 58 30 36
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,631 2,447 2,540 2,644	2,416 2,196 2,183 2,570	5,683 5,192 5,364 5,576	7,933 7,622 7,482 8,204	50 46 54 55	52 50 52 54	33 56 28 35
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,580 2,402 2,495 2,596	2,387 2,168 2,154 2,534	5,495 5,020 5,180 5,385	8,095 7,565 7,863 8,574	48 45 52 53	50 49 51 51	32 54 27 34
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,564 2,403 2,310 2,681	2,354 2,251 2,133 2,324	5,159 4,844 4,807 5,392	7,977 7,563 7,591 8,177	39 52 49 52	51 41 38 44	28 33 33 35
2006 October to December July to September	2,671 2,300	2,425 2,111	5,006 4,598	7,926 7,263	49 47	35 57	27 30

Note(s): The numbers for deaths are final up to December 2008, updated from January 2009 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-3

Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Immigrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	55,528	155	284	552	552	10,930	20,699
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	59,775 71,887 67,506 49,556	206 176 175 128	171 569 535 463	469 627 577 463	619 525 441 382	11,474 15,384 14,556 10,326	23,849 29,091 26,403 20,117
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	57,552 84,292 80,797 58,041	184 188 200 142	467 1,166 572 388	479 766 694 458	428 717 555 425	12,572 16,504 14,058 10,847	23,471 34,885 35,311 24,448
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	56,353 75,390 69,651 50,783	145 193 154 114	314 518 599 328	483 778 629 498	346 602 588 377	11,658 14,958 13,482 9,391	23,834 32,979 29,090 20,963
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	53,543 71,312 69,247 53,145	138 165 174 150	191 605 325 333	491 828 732 600	343 610 443 460	10,038 13,597 12,074 9,500	23,572 31,798 32,002 23,531
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	55,573 71,657 61,649 47,875	167 144 126 109	204 420 219 149	581 755 645 542	397 497 375 374	10,404 13,892 11,554 9,363	26,227 33,291 29,478 22,344
2006 October to December July to September	58,245 70,356	154 127	170 200	632 896	397 470	10,218 13,945	29,444 34,179

Table 4-3 – continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Immigrants

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	3,243	2,817	7,514	8,644	87	41	10
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,642 4,544 4,645 3,123	2,546 2,746 2,241 1,420	8,305 8,619 8,290 5,744	8,373 9,523 9,553 7,338	76 60 66 35	37 17 19 12	8 6 5 5
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,458 4,676 4,451 3,223	1,603 2,283 2,184 1,545	6,667 9,485 9,729 6,762	8,153 13,508 12,895 9,629	41 76 100 133	28 32 41 36	1 6 7 5
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,860 3,583 4,325 2,752	1,476 1,999 2,115 1,300	5,929 7,585 7,739 5,764	9,231 12,116 10,848 9,244	43 57 39 34	30 22 40 15	4 0 3 3
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,622 3,264 3,270 2,063	1,310 1,203 1,350 972	5,201 6,455 7,196 5,352	9,569 12,714 11,592 10,127	40 21 27 22	16 38 45 28	12 14 17 7
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,305 3,101 3,236 2,313	854 1,115 891 656	5,085 6,171 5,595 4,015	9,293 12,208 9,497 7,972	19 29 14 21	30 29 13 16	7 5 6 1
2006 October to December July to September	2,188 3,052	851 697	4,832 5,714	9,321 11,021	12 8	24 45	2 2

Note(s): The numbers for immigrants are final up to December 2010, updated from January to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-4
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Emigrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	9,019	47	8	128	55	1,478	3,946
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,209 22,112 9,341 8,980	65 118 50 47	10 18 8 8	173 314 133 128	74 133 57 55	2,000 3,623 1,530 1,471	5,343 9,676 4,087 3,928
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,158 21,977 9,291 8,921	65 118 49 47	10 18 8 8	173 312 133 127	74 133 57 54	1,992 3,601 1,523 1,462	5,319 9,615 4,065 3,903
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,074 22,101 9,475 9,080	65 118 50 48	10 19 8 8	172 315 135 129	73 135 57 55	1,979 3,622 1,552 1,487	5,282 9,669 4,145 3,971
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,278 21,649 11,891 10,215	66 116 82 70	10 18 15 14	174 307 156 135	75 131 111 95	2,010 3,545 1,794 1,541	5,371 9,470 5,631 4,837
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	12,163 21,009 11,919 9,018	83 144 35 26	15 28 16 13	160 276 235 177	113 196 104 80	1,835 3,168 1,863 1,409	5,758 9,947 5,666 4,286
2006 October to December July to September	10,068 18,150	29 53	15 25	198 357	88 158	1,573 2,836	4,784 8,626

Table 4-4 – continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Emigrants

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	392	95	1,486	1,366	5	8	5
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	532 960 406 391	129 235 99 95	2,011 3,642 1,538 1,479	1,849 3,349 1,415 1,360	7 14 5 5	9 17 8 8	7 13 5 5
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	529 955 403 387	129 233 98 95	2,003 3,620 1,531 1,470	1,841 3,328 1,406 1,350	7 14 5 5	9 17 8 8	7 13 5 5
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	525 959 413 395	128 234 100 96	1,989 3,641 1,560 1,495	1,828 3,345 1,437 1,378	7 14 5 5	9 17 8 8	7 13 5 5
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	534 942 463 398	130 229 102 88	2,021 3,564 1,902 1,633	1,863 3,284 1,607 1,380	7 13 8 7	10 17 12 10	7 13 8 7
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	474 817 457 346	105 181 113 86	1,945 3,360 1,637 1,237	1,644 2,839 1,778 1,345	10 16 4 4	12 21 7 5	9 16 4 4
2006 October to December July to September	386 696	96 173	1,382 2,491	1,503 2,709	4 8	6 10	4 8

Note(s): The numbers for emigrants are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-5 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Returning emigrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	4,344	20	6	76	53	622	2,134
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,051	20	6	71	49	580	1,988
	9,640	46	16	168	120	1,379	4,734
	7,329	34	12	127	91	1,049	3,600
	4,344	20	6	76	53	622	2,134
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,051	20	6	71	49	580	1,988
	9,640	46	16	168	120	1,379	4,734
	7,329	34	12	127	91	1,049	3,600
	4,344	20	6	76	53	622	2,134
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,051	20	6	71	49	580	1,988
	9,640	46	16	168	120	1,379	4,734
	7,328	34	12	127	90	1,049	3,600
	4,344	20	6	76	52	622	2,135
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,051	20	6	71	49	580	1,988
	9,639	46	16	168	119	1,379	4,734
	7,330	34	21	127	97	1,046	3,593
	4,346	20	12	76	58	620	2,130
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,050	20	11	71	54	578	1,984
	9,643	46	27	168	128	1,376	4,724
	7,367	17	13	120	90	1,479	3,107
	4,176	10	7	68	51	839	1,761
2006 October to December July to September	4,074 14,683	9 35	7 26	66 239	50 180	820 2,948	1,720 6,190

Table 4-5 – continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Returning emigrants

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	177	70	487	699	0	0	0
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 299 177	65 154 117 70	454 1,080 822 487	652 1,550 1,178 699	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 299 177	65 154 117 70	454 1,080 822 487	652 1,550 1,178 699	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 299 177	65 154 117 70	454 1,080 822 487	652 1,550 1,178 699	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 299 177	65 154 117 70	454 1,080 820 486	652 1,550 1,176 697	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	166 393 190 108	65 154 105 60	452 1,079 1,137 645	649 1,548 1,105 626	0 0 4 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0
2006 October to December July to September	105 379	57 210	629 2,266	611 2,202	0 8	0 0	0

Note(s): The numbers for returning emigrants are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-6 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net temporary emigrants

2012 January to March							
				number			
	4,245	55	14	99	79	596	1,967
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,857 6,746 4,315 4,245	62 86 55 55	16 23 14 14	114 159 101 99	92 127 81 79	682 946 606 596	2,249 3,125 1,999 1,967
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,857 6,746 4,311 4,237	62 86 55 55	16 23 14 14	114 159 101 99	92 127 81 79	682 946 605 595	2,249 3,125 1,996 1,962
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,845 6,772 4,343 4,266	62 87 56 55	16 23 14 14	114 159 102 100	92 127 81 80	680 951 610 599	2,244 3,138 2,011 1,976
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,880 6,677 4,689 4,386	62 85 60 56	17 23 16 16	115 156 110 104	92 126 89 82	685 937 658 615	2,260 3,094 2,172 2,031
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	4,740 6,355 4,966 4,372	62 82 64 56	16 22 17 15	111 150 116 102	89 119 94 83	665 892 697 613	2,196 2,942 2,300 2,025
2006 October to December July to September	4,586 6,245	59 81	16 22	108 147	86 117	644 876	2,124 2,893

Table 4-6 – continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net temporary emigrants

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	121	55	486	759	4	6	4
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	139 193 123 121	64 89 57 55	556 772 494 486	868 1,206 771 759	5 6 4 4	6 8 6 6	4 6 4 4
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	139 193 123 121	64 89 57 55	556 772 494 485	868 1,206 771 758	5 6 4 4	6 8 6 6	4 6 4 4
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	138 193 125 122	64 89 57 56	555 775 497 488	865 1,210 776 762	5 6 4 4	6 8 6 6	4 6 4 4
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	139 191 134 126	64 88 62 58	559 764 536 501	872 1,193 838 783	5 6 4 4	6 8 6 6	4 6 4 4
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	135 182 142 125	62 83 65 58	543 727 568 500	847 1,136 888 781	4 6 4 4	6 8 7 6	4 6 4 4
2006 October to December July to September	131 179	60 81	524 714	820 1,115	4 6	6 8	4 6

Note(s): The numbers for net temporary emigrants are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-7 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net non-permanent residents

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	13,709	80	-65	336	25	2,948	5,148
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-9,950	-86	20	114	-143	-3,801	-4,648
	25,788	315	102	933	282	-301	12,749
	17,841	316	163	184	236	6,188	7,875
	8,697	46	-23	191	-26	1,852	5,873
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-34,600	-259	-65	-245	-83	-5,938	-13,078
	19,557	255	154	1,329	303	859	12,931
	13,064	128	119	315	78	5,731	8,546
	12,628	-8	-35	326	19	2,268	6,172
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-17,642 26,140 23,963 23,604	-52 362 239 -134	-106 177 196 6	-219 1,117 246 226	-197 155 -28 384	-3,713 3,126 7,229 4,295	-13,054 10,959 10,404 7,723
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-8,213	-161	-63	55	58	-2,209	-12,925
	32,398	238	91	761	401	3,860	11,126
	31,125	86	119	90	121	6,190	10,814
	16,095	138	20	78	134	1,908	6,344
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-17,284	-91	-14	-182	-137	-2,129	-15,656
	22,716	121	117	443	248	1,285	9,797
	23,066	79	20	-10	53	4,060	9,099
	18,742	20	49	58	206	1,956	7,107
2006 October to December July to September	-27,823	-20	-54	-167	-126	-5,367	-21,179
	13,482	52	138	-42	230	741	6,923

Table 4-7 – continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net non-permanent residents

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	53	699	2,642	1,801	44	9	-11
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	186	629	105	-2,214	-97	-10	-5
	-80	860	2,295	8,613	-13	24	9
	95	479	1,233	980	115	-31	8
	-21	156	-558	1,214	-15	9	-1
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-387	-413	-6,794	-7,241	-71	-24	-2
	-18	369	-1,869	5,195	17	19	13
	202	198	-770	-1,558	78	-8	5
	-323	70	-125	4,217	46	0	1
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-145	-30	-1,511	1,478	-59	-18	-16
	165	629	2,281	7,138	29	-6	8
	276	564	2,657	2,117	46	12	5
	134	766	4,476	5,656	91	-28	9
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-71	335	4,553	2,298	-86	20	-17
	-92	633	7,722	7,651	32	-27	2
	836	532	7,255	4,930	71	76	5
	93	365	4,046	2,916	74	-3	-18
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	100	-105	2,573	-1,459	-37	-79	-68
	215	409	5,034	5,004	10	-20	53
	805	359	5,840	2,605	66	79	11
	345	224	4,227	4,543	1	-6	12
2006 October to December July to September	-45 -67	-287 -35	1,232 2,795	-1,729 2,790	-48 -14	-27 -33	-6 4

Note(s): The numbers for net non-permanent residents are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-8 ${\bf Quarterly\ estimates\ of\ demographic\ components,\ national\ perspective-Interprovincial\ in-migrants}$

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	78,321	2,541	844	4,179	2,634	4,625	15,514
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	63,750	1,590	518	2,944	2,540	4,921	14,050
	97,646	2,653	1,017	4,936	3,511	10,006	23,946
	91,195	2,742	1,231	4,378	3,517	7,292	20,369
	73,989	2,508	752	3,556	2,927	5,190	15,780
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	63,098	2,093	631	3,089	2,451	5,118	14,293
	95,772	2,318	972	5,198	3,857	9,176	24,142
	74,544	2,108	811	4,072	2,763	5,897	17,523
	62,564	2,392	716	3,852	2,819	4,129	13,444
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	44,902 77,224 71,277 64,164	1,806 2,692 2,973 2,404	360 822 636 687	2,669 4,579 3,822 3,519	1,933 3,368 2,854 2,561	3,759 7,263 5,158 4,059	10,431 18,343 15,149 12,767
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	51,448	1,929	347	2,987	1,981	3,542	9,541
	90,957	2,956	852	5,139	3,872	7,548	20,001
	82,653	2,568	952	4,320	2,871	5,699	17,506
	63,981	2,233	609	3,605	2,447	3,812	12,655
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	55,440	1,959	487	2,973	2,336	3,446	10,797
	99,163	2,999	773	5,092	4,023	7,145	20,760
	77,629	2,327	684	3,668	3,170	4,972	15,805
	60,920	1,601	581	2,699	2,369	3,223	12,144
2006 October to December July to September	62,974	1,637	422	3,141	2,062	4,042	11,460
	103,539	2,841	798	5,406	3,409	7,460	19,382

Table 4-8 – continued ${\bf Quarterly\ estimates\ of\ demographic\ components,\ national\ perspective\ --\ Interprovincial\ in-migrants}$

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	3,253	5,422	26,910	11,062	491	509	337
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,880	4,486	18,819	10,248	305	347	102
	4,222	6,355	23,974	15,981	452	447	146
	4,114	6,954	23,715	14,939	604	861	479
	3,755	4,961	20,556	12,598	429	666	311
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,310	4,089	16,072	11,086	323	362	181
	4,388	6,269	21,702	16,601	451	436	262
	3,368	4,912	17,251	14,517	483	579	260
	3,088	4,363	15,008	11,474	264	653	362
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,946	3,061	9,436	8,899	232	271	99
	3,384	4,901	16,263	14,579	439	432	159
	2,942	4,499	18,658	13,488	331	474	293
	2,822	4,321	18,711	11,143	350	484	336
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,427	3,368	15,137	9,479	260	352	98
	3,725	5,939	22,732	16,951	507	553	182
	3,230	4,984	24,023	15,382	301	493	324
	2,827	4,293	18,572	11,851	375	499	203
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,385	3,920	15,614	10,587	340	486	110
	4,269	7,000	26,228	19,576	460	606	232
	2,939	5,615	21,947	15,164	386	667	285
	2,850	4,147	18,625	11,705	277	471	228
2006 October to December July to September	2,659 4,042	4,045 5,230	20,628 34,456	12,150 19,163	208 487	360 704	160 161

Note(s): The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2010 and preliminary from July 2010.

Table 4-9
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Interprovincial out-migrants

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	78,321	4,120	913	5,372	3,654	6,540	19,446
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	63,750 97,646 91,195 73,989	1,789 2,571 2,921 2,989	986 1,449 1,167 791	4,087 5,716 4,951 4,590	2,676 4,290 3,373 3,134	6,167 9,764 9,343 6,084	15,134 23,403 22,249 16,470
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	63,098 95,772 74,544 62,564	1,937 3,148 2,246 2,154	774 1,397 798 603	3,535 6,075 3,798 4,226	2,192 3,974 2,560 2,576	5,486 9,154 7,590 5,334	16,104 22,059 18,976 14,840
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	44,902 77,224 71,277 64,164	1,229 1,811 1,981 2,398	484 764 733 795	2,314 4,222 3,872 3,782	1,820 3,356 2,824 2,514	3,744 7,638 7,606 5,498	10,956 19,631 18,412 16,924
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	51,448 90,957 82,653 63,981	1,670 2,336 3,058 2,679	728 802 795 729	2,871 5,693 4,812 3,864	1,761 4,406 3,174 2,697	4,988 9,634 10,098 5,588	14,794 22,929 21,008 16,113
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	55,440 99,163 77,629 60,920	1,844 2,706 3,118 3,272	637 951 900 736	3,012 6,096 4,117 3,781	2,421 4,293 3,290 2,674	5,437 10,661 9,637 5,726	14,385 24,962 19,256 14,329
2006 October to December July to September	62,974 103,539	2,195 3,888	581 1,117	4,070 7,072	2,435 5,243	6,471 10,728	17,417 27,836

Table 4-9 – continued ${\bf Quarterly\ estimates\ of\ demographic\ components,\ national\ perspective-Interprovincial\ out-migrants}$

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	4,135	5,431	13,514	13,616	517	767	296
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,884 5,695 4,967 4,781	4,485 5,821 5,715 5,554	12,809 20,838 18,995 15,281	10,601 16,704 15,685 12,696	331 307 619 386	618 796 837 872	183 292 373 361
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,543 5,687 4,122 3,312	3,880 6,113 4,356 3,606	13,562 20,547 16,448 14,860	10,644 16,009 12,486 9,861	488 595 346 245	651 628 573 600	302 386 245 347
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,547 4,217 3,382 3,462	2,598 4,524 4,019 3,983	11,638 18,283 16,927 14,026	6,851 11,543 10,371 9,672	238 264 322 346	317 796 556 545	166 175 272 219
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,622 5,561 4,378 3,579	2,743 4,399 4,622 3,611	11,026 20,075 16,808 14,710	7,284 13,739 12,567 9,224	172 380 288 285	632 707 693 591	157 296 352 311
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,838 5,619 4,207 3,228	2,946 4,847 3,924 3,720	13,579 24,023 17,270 13,900	7,513 13,449 10,827 8,467	261 407 232 353	387 833 573 546	180 316 278 188
2006 October to December July to September	3,694 6,861	3,516 6,328	12,950 17,727	8,639 15,244	249 423	525 779	232 293

Note(s): The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2010 and preliminary from July 2010.

Table 4-10

Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Total growth

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	85,282	-1,688	187	-564	-649	15,361	27,030
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	65,006	-236	-269	-846	220	10,975	22,496
	122,567	694	297	941	355	22,435	49,916
	114,726	162	807	158	814	25,306	42,774
	74,535	-607	438	-555	0	14,139	30,980
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	39,174	-34	268	-425	536	10,822	13,526
	128,163	-224	947	1,449	1,267	23,717	57,925
	123,758	84	753	1,292	873	24,867	53,168
	89,542	115	508	276	582	16,375	35,368
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	55,936	593	102	444	236	12,531	15,636
	127,255	1,627	813	2,505	1,164	25,015	50,892
	124,773	1,306	753	865	669	25,600	47,281
	93,259	-242	276	360	745	16,633	31,057
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	62,742	186	-228	523	634	11,280	11,097
	129,818	1,246	814	1,334	912	22,643	48,793
	127,791	-311	662	384	330	20,346	49,075
	86,271	-368	287	358	301	13,580	32,471
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	56,254	114	79	254	144	10,940	12,758
	119,049	552	415	421	733	18,446	47,258
	111,688	-680	103	217	495	17,435	44,103
	80,344	-1,776	26	-1,019	128	11,884	31,694
2006 October to December July to September	47,459 114,168	-585 -893	-19 131	-647 -767	-102 -680	7,174 19,378	8,315 43,479

Table 4-10 - continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Total growth

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	3,238	4,470	29,139	8,532	124	-99	201
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,602 4,084 5,121 2,889	4,077 5,651 5,444 1,892	19,189 19,438 21,223 15,937	5,885 18,713 12,281 9,298	-5 225 190 84	-139 -190 129 -78	57 8 317 118
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,600 4,429 5,101 3,461	2,254 4,266 4,380 3,233	7,126 14,139 16,756 12,306	1,819 20,249 15,763 16,718	-152 -15 341 220	-182 -24 158 197	16 38 222 183
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,852 3,938 5,312 2,993	2,707 4,383 4,524 3,199	7,002 13,165 19,063 20,356	13,686 23,560 18,970 17,409	21 294 120 152	69 -232 90 35	57 131 220 286
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,055 2,346 4,034 2,139	3,000 4,680 3,536 2,772	18,485 22,004 27,943 18,329	14,698 24,823 21,443 16,116	85 213 134 208	-141 -27 37 43	68 37 178 35
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,666 3,080 3,875 2,856	2,531 4,826 4,105 2,003	14,593 18,235 22,849 18,127	11,930 24,926 18,410 16,184	92 110 285 -38	134 -78 304 72	19 125 187 203
2006 October to December July to September	1,559 1,237	1,413 614	18,759 31,703	11,662 19,796	-40 86	-76 47	46 37

Note(s): The numbers for total growth are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-11

Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Natural increase

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	24,965	-262	53	-108	-125	4,850	8,894
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	28,196 44,110 35,706 25,163	-50 279 -79 -218	28 83 55 53	-70 466 77 -24	-3 467 40 -68	6,650 10,300 7,700 4,300	9,983 15,600 12,862 9,441
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	29,186 43,397 36,170 27,687	-8 321 -36 -175	29 77 59 58	3 534 116 16	49 504 84 -25	6,650 9,500 7,850 5,900	10,524 16,032 13,225 9,875
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	30,093 44,958 37,649 27,874	30 350 -7 -145	38 86 65 66	40 559 150 52	90 537 127 20	6,650 10,500 8,450 5,850	10,919 16,315 13,606 10,340
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	30,519 44,795 36,669 27,286	58 378 27 -104	46 93 71 72	79 594 193 102	131 573 172 76	7,012 10,375 7,887 5,484	11,346 16,627 13,971 10,792
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	30,818 42,397 36,491 22,941	48 174 -12 -162	59 79 100 4	94 485 262 -326	117 445 295 -35	6,578 9,469 7,567 4,251	11,745 16,537 13,836 8,978
2006 October to December July to September	27,617 40,042	-82 74	48 133	57 310	124 549	6,149 8,724	11,195 16,160

Table 4-11 - continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Natural increase

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	1,160	1,043	7,072	2,067	28	123	170
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,283 1,853 1,464 1,148	1,029 1,681 1,524 989	6,882 8,722 8,190 6,954	2,144 4,305 3,502 2,264	54 53 33 30	120 143 131 121	146 158 207 173
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,264 1,825 1,429 1,116	983 1,626 1,480 941	6,848 8,680 8,197 6,989	2,522 3,938 3,394 2,668	55 56 35 31	118 142 133 122	149 162 204 171
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,235 1,782 1,390 1,087	925 1,547 1,405 877	6,876 8,655 8,171 6,927	2,970 4,275 3,923 2,479	55 53 35 32	118 141 134 123	147 158 200 166
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,206 1,750 1,374 1,082	859 1,467 1,339 829	6,746 8,418 7,895 6,717	2,719 4,173 3,375 1,912	55 52 35 33	119 141 134 126	143 154 196 165
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,157 1,720 1,511 939	910 1,259 1,237 780	6,936 7,833 7,805 6,252	2,864 4,014 3,532 1,931	45 40 55 23	102 169 132 148	163 173 171 158
2006 October to December July to September	863 1,567	419 1,094	6,294 7,404	2,271 3,688	45 34	104 128	130 177

Note(s): Natural increase is final up to December 2008, updated from January 2009 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-12
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net interprovincial migration

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	0	-1,579	-69	-1,193	-1,020	-1,915	-3,932
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0 0 0 0	-199 82 -179 -481	-468 -432 64 -39	-1,143 -780 -573 -1,034	-136 -779 144 -207	-1,246 242 -2,051 -894	-1,084 543 -1,880 -690
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0 0 0 0	156 -830 -138 238	-143 -425 13 113	-446 -877 274 -374	259 -117 203 243	-368 22 -1,693 -1,205	-1,811 2,083 -1,453 -1,396
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0 0 0 0	577 881 992 6	-124 58 -97 -108	355 357 -50 -263	113 12 30 47	15 -375 -2,448 -1,439	-525 -1,288 -3,263 -4,157
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0 0 0 0	259 620 -490 -446	-381 50 157 -120	116 -554 -492 -259	220 -534 -303 -250	-1,446 -2,086 -4,399 -1,776	-5,253 -2,928 -3,502 -3,458
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	0 0 0 0	115 293 -791 -1,671	-150 -178 -216 -155	-39 -1,004 -449 -1,082	-85 -270 -120 -305	-1,991 -3,516 -4,665 -2,503	-3,588 -4,202 -3,451 -2,185
2006 October to December July to September	0	-558 -1,047	-159 -319	-929 -1,666	-373 -1,834	-2,429 -3,268	-5,957 -8,454

Table 4-12 - continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective - Net interprovincial migration

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	-882	-9	13,396	-2,554	-26	-258	41
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-1,004 -1,473 -853 -1,026	1 534 1,239 -593	6,010 3,136 4,720 5,275	-353 -723 -746 -98	-26 145 -15 43	-271 -349 24 -206	-81 -146 106 -50
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-233 -1,299 -754 -224	209 156 556 757	2,510 1,155 803 148	442 592 2,031 1,613	-165 -144 137 19	-289 -192 6 53	-121 -124 15 15
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-601 -833 -440 -640	463 377 480 338	-2,202 -2,020 1,731 4,685	2,048 3,036 3,117 1,471	-6 175 9 4	-46 -364 -82 -61	-67 -16 21 117
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-195 -1,836 -1,148 -752	625 1,540 362 682	4,111 2,657 7,215 3,862	2,195 3,212 2,815 2,627	88 127 13 90	-280 -154 -200 -92	-59 -114 -28 -108
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	-453 -1,350 -1,268 -378	974 2,153 1,691 427	2,035 2,205 4,677 4,725	3,074 6,127 4,337 3,238	79 53 154 -76	99 -227 94 -75	-70 -84 7 40
2006 October to December July to September	-1,035 -2,819	529 -1,098	7,678 16,729	3,511 3,919	-41 64	-165 -75	-72 -132

Note(s): The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2010 and preliminary from July 2010.

Table 4-13

Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net international migration

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	60,317	153	203	737	496	12,426	22,068
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	36,810	13	171	367	359	5,571	13,597
	78,457	333	646	1,255	667	11,893	33,773
	79,020	420	688	654	630	19,657	31,792
	49,372	92	424	503	275	10,733	22,229
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	9,988	-182	382	18	228	4,540	4,813
	84,766	285	1,295	1,792	880	14,195	39,810
	87,588	258	681	902	586	18,710	41,396
	61,855	52	337	634	364	11,680	26,889
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	25,843	-14	188	49	33	5,866	5,242
	82,297	396	669	1,589	615	14,890	35,865
	87,124	321	785	765	512	19,598	36,938
	65,385	-103	318	571	678	12,222	24,874
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	32,223	-131	107	328	283	5,714	5,004
	85,023	248	671	1,294	873	14,354	35,094
	91,122	152	434	683	461	16,858	38,606
	58,985	182	335	515	475	9,872	25,137
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	25,436	-49	170	199	112	6,353	4,601
	76,652	85	514	940	558	12,493	34,923
	75,197	123	219	404	320	14,533	33,718
	57,403	57	177	389	468	10,136	24,901
2006 October to December July to September	19,842 74,126	55 80	92 317	225 589	147 605	3,454 13,922	3,077 35,773

Table 4-13 - continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Net international migration

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	2,960	3,436	8,671	9,019	122	36	-10
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	3,323 3,704 4,510 2,767	3,047 3,436 2,681 1,496	6,297 7,580 8,313 3,708	4,094 15,131 9,525 7,132	-33 27 172 11	12 16 -26 7	-8 -4 4 -5
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,569 3,903 4,426 2,569	1,062 2,484 2,344 1,535	-2,232 4,304 7,756 5,169	-1,145 15,719 10,338 12,437	-42 73 169 170	-11 26 19 22	-12 0 3 -3
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,218 2,989 4,362 2,546	1,319 2,459 2,639 1,984	2,328 6,530 9,161 8,744	8,668 16,249 11,930 13,459	-28 66 76 116	-3 -9 38 -27	-23 -11 -1 3
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,044 2,432 3,808 1,809	1,516 1,673 1,835 1,261	7,628 10,929 12,833 7,750	9,784 17,438 15,253 11,577	-58 34 86 85	20 -14 103 9	-16 -3 10 -22
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,962 2,710 3,632 2,295	647 1,414 1,177 796	5,622 8,197 10,367 7,150	5,992 14,785 10,541 11,015	-32 17 76 15	-67 -20 78 -1	-74 36 9 5
2006 October to December July to September	1,731 2,489	465 618	4,787 7,570	5,880 12,189	-44 -12	-15 -6	-12 -8

Note(s): Net international migration numbers are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 4-14
Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Total net migration

	Canada	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
				number			
2012 January to March	60,317	-1,426	134	-456	-524	10,511	18,136
2011							
October to December	36,810	-186	-297	-776	223	4,325	12,513
July to September	78,457	415	214	475	-112	12,135	34,316
April to June	79,020	241	752	81	774	17,606	29,912
January to March	49,372	-389	385	-531	68	9,839	21,539
2010							
October to December	9,988	-26	239	-428	487	4,172	3,002
July to September	84,766	-545	870	915	763	14,217	41,893
April to June	87,588	120	694	1,176	789	17,017	39,943
January to March	61,855	290	450	260	607	10,475	25,493
2009							
October to December	25,843	563	64	404	146	5,881	4,717
July to September	82,297 87,124	1,277	727 688	1,946 715	627 542	14,515	34,577
April to June	65,385	1,313 -97	210	308	725	17,150 10,783	33,675 20,717
January to March	65,365	-97	210	306	125	10,763	20,717
2008 October to December	32,223	128	-274	444	503	4.268	-249
July to September	85,023	868	-274 721	740	339	12,268	32,166
April to June	91.122	-338	591	191	158	12,459	35.104
January to March	58,985	-264	215	256	225	8,096	21,679
2007							
October to December	25.436	66	20	160	27	4.362	1.013
July to September	76,652	378	336	-64	288	8.977	30.721
April to June	75,197	-668	3	-45	200	9,868	30,267
January to March	57,403	-1,614	22	-693	163	7,633	22,716
2006							
October to December	19,842	-503	-67	-704	-226	1,025	-2,880
July to September	74,126	-967	-2	-1,077	-1,229	10,654	27,319

Table 4-14 - continued Quarterly estimates of demographic components, national perspective — Total net migration

	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia	Yukon	Northwest Territories	Nunavut
				number			
2012 January to March	2,078	3,427	22,067	6,465	96	-222	31
2011 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,319 2,231 3,657 1,741	3,048 3,970 3,920 903	12,307 10,716 13,033 8,983	3,741 14,408 8,779 7,034	-59 172 157 54	-259 -333 -2 -199	-89 -150 110 -55
2010 October to December July to September April to June January to March	2,336 2,604 3,672 2,345	1,271 2,640 2,900 2,292	278 5,459 8,559 5,317	-703 16,311 12,369 14,050	-207 -71 306 189	-300 -166 25 75	-133 -124 18 12
2009 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,617 2,156 3,922 1,906	1,782 2,836 3,119 2,322	126 4,510 10,892 13,429	10,716 19,285 15,047 14,930	-34 241 85 120	-49 -373 -44 -88	-90 -27 20 120
2008 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,849 596 2,660 1,057	2,141 3,213 2,197 1,943	11,739 13,586 20,048 11,612	11,979 20,650 18,068 14,204	30 161 99 175	-260 -168 -97 -83	-75 -117 -18 -130
2007 October to December July to September April to June January to March	1,509 1,360 2,364 1,917	1,621 3,567 2,868 1,223	7,657 10,402 15,044 11,875	9,066 20,912 14,878 14,253	47 70 230 -61	32 -247 172 -76	-144 -48 16 45
2006 October to December July to September	696 -330	994 -480	12,465 24,299	9,391 16,108	-85 52	-180 -81	-84 -140

Note(s): Total net migration numbers are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 5
Quarterly estimates of interprovincial migrants by province or territory of origin and destination, Canada, January to March 2012

Origin						D	estination						
Nev	Newfoundland and Labrador	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Manitoba	Saskat- chewan	Alberta	British Columbia		lorthwest Territories	Nunavut
	-						number						
Newfoundland and Labrador		31	308	115	37	546	76	35	2,765	113	0	35	59
Prince Edward Island	63		182	116	29	274	10	27	153	59	0	0	0
Nova Scotia	449	211		529	88	1,518	171	100	1,846	352	22	69	17
New Brunswick	142	136	808		381	889	65	54	998	181	0	0	0
Quebec	134	32	99	387		4,302	67	86	947	438	7	6	35
Ontario	967	261	1,644	779	2,765		968	1,189	7,400	3,037	154	150	132
Manitoba	84	17	73	79	92	1,191	_ :::	574	1,353	658	10	4	0
Saskatchewan	49	19	74	31	148	520	542		3,192	787	44	25	0
Alberta	508	105	647	357	412	3,031	608	2,426		5,168	51	156	45
British Columbia	109	32	304	188	465	2,965	699	832	7,819		167	36	0
Yukon Northwest Territories	0 24	0	31 9	0 53	96 82	69 64	0 8	25 67	163 244	126 131	36	/	0 49
	12	0	0	0	30	145	39	7	30	12		 21	49
Nunavut	12	U	U	U	30	145	39	,	30	12	0	21	
In-migrants	2,541	844	4,179	2,634	4,625	15,514	3,253	5,422	26,910	11,062	491	509	337
Out-migrants	4,120	913	5,372	3,654	6,540	19,446	4,135	5,431	13,514	13,616	517	767	296
Net	-1,579	-69	-1,193	-1,020	-1,915	-3,932	-882	-9	13,396	-2,554	-26	-258	41
Total number of migrants: 78,32	21												

Note(s): Preliminary estimates based on data from the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) Program and Fjk factors calculated using 2007/2008, 2008/2009 and 2009/2010 tax file data from Canada Revenue Agency.

Methodology

This section describes the concepts, data sources and methodology used to produce the population estimates. Population estimates are produced to measure the population counts according to various characteristics and geographies between two censuses. Population estimates are the official figures used for the count of the population at the national, provincial and territorial levels.

Population Estimates

Estimates of the total population

Types of estimates

Population estimates can be either intercensal or postcensal. Intercensal estimates are produced using counts from two consecutive censuses adjusted for census net undercoverage (CNU)¹ (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) and postcensal estimates. The production of intercensal estimates involves updating the postcensal estimates using the counts from a new census adjusted for CNU.¹

Postcensal estimates are produced using data from the most recent census adjusted for CNU¹ and the components of population growth. In terms of timeliness, postcensal estimates are more up-to-date than data from the most recent census adjusted for CNU,¹ but as they get farther from the date of that census, they become more variable.

Levels of estimates

Updating population estimates between censuses entails the use of data from administrative files or surveys. The quality of population estimates therefore depends on the availability of a number of administrative data files that are provided to Statistics Canada by Canadian and foreign government departments. Since some components are not available until several months after the reference date, three kinds of postcensal estimates are produced preliminary postcensal (PP), updated postcensal (PR) and final postcensal (PD). The time lag between the reference date and the release date is three to four months for preliminary estimates and two to three years for final estimates. Though it requires more vigilance on the part of users, the production of three successive series of postcensal estimates is the strategy that best satisfies the need for both timeliness and accuracy of the estimates. All tables in the CD-ROM indicate the level of the estimates they contain.

Calculation of postcensal population estimates

Population estimates – preliminary, updated and final – are produced by the component method. This method consists in taking the population figures from the most recent census, adjusted for census net undercoverage (CNU)¹ (census undercoverage minus census overcoverage), and adding or subtracting the number of births, deaths, and components of international and interprovincial migration.

A. Provincial / territorial estimates of total population

Population estimates are produced for the provinces and territories first; then they are summed to obtain an estimate of the population of Canada.

^{1.} In this case, the adjustment for the census net undercoverage also includes the incompletely enumerated Indian reserves.

The component-method formula for estimating total provincial / territorial populations is as follows:

$$P_{(t+i)} = P_{(t)} + B_{(t,t+i)} - D_{(t,t+i)} + I_{(t,t+i)} - (E_{(t,t+i)} + \Delta TE_{(t,t+i)}) + RE_{(t,t+i)} + \Delta NPR_{(t,t+i)} + \Delta N_{(t,t+i)} - Resid_{(t,t+1)}$$

where, for each province and territory:

(t,t+i)interval between times t and t+i; $\underset{-}{P_{(t+i)}}$ estimate of the population at time t+i;

base population at time t (census adjusted for (CNU)¹ or most recent estimate);

В number of births; number of deaths; D number of immigrants; Ε number of emigrants; ΔTE net temporary emigration; RE number of returning emigrants; ΔNPR net non-permanent residents; ΔN net interprovincial migration;

residual deviation (for intercensal estimates). Resid

В. Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final postcensal population estimates lies in the timeliness of the components. When all the components are preliminary, the estimate is described as preliminary postcensal (PP). When they are all final, the estimate is referred to as final postcensal (PD). Any other combination of levels is referred to as updated postcensal (PR).

Base population and components of population growth

Α. Base population

The base populations are derived from the quinquennial censuses between 1971 and 2006. The population universe of the 2006³ Census includes the following groups:

- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants with a usual place of residence in Canada;
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants who are abroad, either on a military base or attached to a diplomatic mission;
- Canadian citizens (by birth or by naturalization) and landed immigrants at sea or in port aboard merchant vessels under Canadian registry;
- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who are claiming refugee status and members of their families living with them;
- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Study Permits and members of their families living with them;
- persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Work Permits and members of their families living with them.

For census purposes, the last three groups in this list are referred to as non-permanent residents (NPR).

Unless otherwise noted, the term *preliminary* include both preliminary and updated estimates.

From 1991 to 2001 Census, "persons with a usual place of residence in Canada who hold Minister's permits (including extensions) and members of their families living with them" were included in the census universe.

Foreign residents have not been enumerated since 1991. Foreign residents are persons who belong to the following groups:

- government representatives of another country attached to the embassy, high commission or other diplomatic body of that country in Canada, and members of their families living with them;
- members of the Armed Forces of another country who are stationed in Canada, and members of their families living with them;
- residents of another country visiting Canada temporarily (for example, a foreign visitor on vacation or on business, with or without a visitor's permit).

These populations are adjusted as follows:

- adjustment of the population for census net undercoverage (CNU);
- addition of independent estimates for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves in 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006;
- adjustment for early enumeration in 1991 and 1996 in parts of northern Quebec, Newfoundland and Labrador, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories;
- addition of estimates of NPRs in 1971, 1976, 1981 and 1986. Since 1991, NPRs are included in the census universe;
- estimation of the July 1 base population by addition or subtraction of the components of growth between Census Day and June 30.

Adjustment for census net undercoverage (CNU)

The adjustment for CNU is important. CNU is the difference between the number of persons who should have been enumerated but were missed (undercoverage) and the number of persons who were enumerated but should not have been or who were counted more than once (overcoverage).

Coverage studies provide undercoverage estimates for the 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006 Censuses at the provincial and territorial levels, and for the 1971, 1976, 1981 and 1986 Censuses at the provincial level only. Estimates of overcoverage at the provincial and territorial levels are available only for the last four censuses (1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006). Overcoverage for previous censuses was estimated by assuming that the overcoverage-to-undercoverage ratio for each census between 1971 and 1986 was the same as in 1991. The CNU for the Yukon and the Northwest Territories prior to 1991 was estimated by assuming that the ratio between the CNU for each territory and the 10 provinces for each census between 1971 and 1986 was the same as in 1991.

For consistency, 1991 Census undercoverage and overcoverage were revised in 1998 to take into account the methodological improvements made in the 1996 Census coverage studies. This revision altered the CNU in all censuses between 1971 and 1986. Similarly, 1996 Census undercoverage and overcoverage were revised in 2003.

B. Births and deaths

Numbers of births and deaths are derived directly from the vital statistics database of Statistics Canada's Health Statistics Division. Although Statistics Canada manages the National system of vital statistics, the central vital statistics registries of the provinces and territories are responsible for collecting and processing the information from those administrative files. Under provincial / territorial vital statistics statutes (or similar legislation), all live births and all deaths must be registered, and all provinces and territories provide the information to Statistics Canada.

The vital statistics universe closely parallels the census universe. Both universes include births and deaths of all Canadians, immigrants and non-permanent residents (NPR) and exclude foreign residents.

Vital statistics by province or territory of residence are used to produce our final estimates of births and deaths.

When there are no vital statistics, the number of births is estimated using fertility rates by mother's age. The number of deaths is estimated using mortality rates by age and sex. These methods are used to calculate preliminary² estimates.

Special treatment for preliminary² estimates for Quebec and British Columbia

Quebec and British Columbia provide their most recent estimates of births and deaths. The figures are used to produce preliminary² estimates. For the final estimates, the two provinces' births and deaths are derived from the vital statistics compiled by Health Statistics Division.

Levels of estimates

For information on the differences between preliminary² and final estimates, see sections **B. Births and Deaths**, above.

C. Immigration

Like the numbers of births and deaths, Canadian immigration statistics must be kept by law. In Canada, immigration is regulated by the Immigration and Refugee Protection Act (IRPA) of 2002. This statute superseded the Immigration Act, which was passed in 1976 and amended more than 30 times in the years thereafter. Citizenship and Immigration Canada (CIC) collects and processes immigrants' administrative files. It then provides Statistics Canada with information from Field Operational Support System (FOSS) files. The information is used to estimate the number and characteristics of people granted permanent resident status by the federal government on a given date. For Demography Division, the terms immigrant and permanent resident are equivalent.

An immigrant is a person who is not a Canadian citizen by birth, but has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by Canadian immigration authorities. The number of immigrants does not include persons born abroad to Canadian parents who are only temporarily outside the country.

Immigrants are usually counted on or after the date on which they are granted permanent resident status or the right to live in Canada.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final postcensal estimates lies in the timeliness of the source used to estimate this component. Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, new calculations are carried out each year to update the immigration estimates. Immigration estimates are preliminary the first year and final the following year.

D. Net non-permanent residents

Like the numbers of births and deaths, Canadian immigration statistics must be kept by law. In Canada, the non-permanent residents (NPR) are regulated by the *Immigration and Refugee Protection Act* (IRPA) of 2002. This statute superseded the *Immigration Act*, which was passed in 1976 and amended more than 30 times in the years thereafter. Citizenship and Immigration Canada (CIC) collects and processes the administrative files of immigrants and NPRs in Canada. It then provides Statistics Canada with information from Field Operational Support System (FOSS) files. The information is used to estimate the number and characteristics of people granted non-permanent resident status by the federal government.

Non-permanent residents (NPR) are persons who are lawfully in Canada on a temporary basis under the authority of a temporary resident permit, along with members of their family living with them. Non-permanent residents (NPR) include foreign workers, foreign students, the humanitarian population and other temporary residents. The humanitarian population includes refugee claimants and temporary residents who are allowed to remain in Canada on humanitarian grounds and are not categorized as either foreign workers or foreign students. For Demography Division, the terms non-permanent resident and temporary resident are equivalent.

Estimates of the number of NPR are based on population estimates. The number of people in CIC's system is estimated on a specific date in each year of observation. First, the end-of-period population is estimated, and then the start-of-period population is subtracted from that estimate. That yields the net number of NPR.

Anyone who received non-permanent resident status prior to the observation date is counted. For refugee claimants, the date of their application is used. Permit holders and refugee claimants are excluded from the population if their permit has expired, if they receive permanent resident status, or if they are deported. In addition, refugee claimants are excluded if their file has been inactive for two years.

Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, the figures are recalculated for each new release period to update the estimates of the net number of NPR in Canada.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the source used to estimate this component. Since the FOSS file is continually being updated, the figures are recalculated for each new release period to update the estimates of the net number of NPRs. Non-permanent resident (NPR) estimates are preliminary the first year and updated the following year. They become final two to three years after the reference year, when all other components are also final.

E. **Emigration**

The number of emigrants is estimated using data from the Office of Immigration Statistics, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, data collected by the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) program, and data from the T1 Family File (T1FF).⁴ The first source is used to estimate emigration to the United States. CCTB data are used to estimate emigration to other countries. The estimates of the number of child emigrants have to be adjusted because the CCTB is not universal and does not provide direct information on the number of adult emigrants. As a result, four adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- incomplete coverage due to a delay in the receipt and processing of the files of children eligible for the CCTB. Since it seems to take four years after the reference period for CCTB administrative files to become complete, the adjustment is made if the estimates are finalized after two years. The factor is derived from the two-year ratios of emigrant children based on two versions of the CCTB files;
- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not eligible. This factor is obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB
- the differential propensity to emigrate between children who are eligible for the CCTB and children who are not. This factor is obtained by comparing the emigration rates of CCTB-eligible children with the rates for all children (aged 0 to 17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last three available years of T1FF;4
- the differential propensity to emigrate between adults and children. This factor generates the emigration rate for the population aged 18 and over. It is obtained by (1) calculating the average ratio over three years of the adult and child emigration rates based on T1FF4 data, (2) calculating the average ratio over three years of the adult and child emigration rates based on data from the Office of Immigration Statistics, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, and (3) taking the average of the two rates. This factor is calculated for Canada only.

The adult emigration rate is applied to the adult population to generate the number of adult emigrants, which is then added to the number of child emigrants to produce the number of emigrants for the entire population.

Emigration is disaggregated by province and territory based on the number of child emigrants adjusted for coverage and differential emigration.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the sources used to estimate this component. The same estimation method is used.

^{4.} The T1 family file (T1FF) is derived from the Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) T1 file by Income Statistics Division of Statistics Canada.

F. Net temporary emigration

Some people leave Canada to live temporarily in another country; others who were temporarily outside Canada return. The net result of those departures and returns is the component known as "net temporary emigration". Estimates of the number of departures are derived from the Reverse Record Check (RRC), the most important census coverage study. The RRC provides an estimate of the number of people who left Canada temporarily during an intercensal period and are still out of the country at the end of the period. Estimates of the number of returns are based on two sources: the Census and Demography Division's estimates of returning emigrants. The census provides the number of people who were outside Canada at the time of the previous census and returned during the intercensal period. That number includes all returning emigrants. Then Demography Division's estimate of the returning emigrants' component is subtracted to produce the number of returning temporary emigrants. The estimated numbers of departures (RRC) and returns (Census and Demography Division) yield an estimate of net temporary emigration.

That estimate is for the whole intercensal period; it is disaggregated into estimates for each of the five years in the period and then into monthly estimates using a seasonal adjustment that is an average between zero seasonality and the seasonality of emigration.

Net temporary emigration is calculated first for the national level. It is then disaggregated by province or group of provinces based on the RRC estimates of temporary emigration. For the Atlantic provinces and the territories, the estimate for the group is disaggregated on the basis of each province / territory's proportion of the group's total population.

Net temporary emigration can be estimated only for the intercensal period preceding the most recent census. Net temporary emigration in the current period is assumed to be the same as in the previous period for each province and territory.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the emigration estimate used to calculate the seasonal adjustment for the net temporary emigration. The same estimation method is used.

G. Returning emigrants

A returning emigrant is a person who returns to Canada after having been classified as an emigrant. In a manner similar to the procedure used to calculate the number of emigrants, data from the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) file and the Canada Revenue Agency's (CRA) 's T1FF4 are used to estimate the number of returning emigrants. Adjustment factors are applied to compensate for the fact that the CCTB program is not universal, and an adult/child ratio is used to estimate the number of adult returning emigrants. As a result, three adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not eligible. This factor is
 obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB
 files;
- the differential propensity to emigrate between children who are eligible for the CCTB and children who are not.
 This factor is obtained by comparing the emigration rates of CCTB-eligible children with the rates for all children (aged 0 to 17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last three available years of T1FFs;⁴
- the adult / child ratio, which is based on the census used in estimating the base population.

Levels of estimates

The difference between preliminary² and final estimates lies in the timeliness of the sources used to estimate this component. The same estimation method is used.

Η. Interprovincial migration

Interprovincial migration represents movements from one province or territory to another, involving a change in usual place of residence. As is the case for emigration, there is no provision for recording interprovincial migration in Canada. Consequently, such movements have to be estimated using data from the Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) of Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) and the T1FF.4

Final estimates of interprovincial migration are obtained by comparing addresses indicated on personal income tax returns over two consecutive tax years. However, the migration status of taxfilers' dependants has to be imputed. An adjustment is also required to take into account migrants who do not file income tax returns. From 2001/2002 to 2005/2006, the adjustment was slightly modified (for further information, see Wilkinson, 2004). From 2006/2007, this adjustment has been slightly modified (Cyr, 2008 – Internal document).

Since income tax returns are not available at the time preliminary estimates are produced, the estimation of preliminary² interprovincial migration is based on CCTB administrative files, which provide counts of child migrants (aged 0 to 17) receiving benefits under the program. The estimates have to be adjusted later for children who are not receiving the CCTB. Finally, the number of adult migrants is calculated using the number of child migrants and factors derived from the T1FF.4 As a result, three adjustment factors are used to take into account:

- the program's partial coverage, that is, people who do not apply for the CCTB or are not receiving benefits. This factor is obtained by comparing the estimated number of children in the population with the number of children in CCTB files:
- the differential propensity to migrate between children who are receiving the CCTB and children who are not. This factor is obtained by comparing the out-migration rates of children receiving the CCTB with the rates for all children (aged 0 to 17). This factor is calculated for each province and territory and is based on the last available year of T1FFs;4
- the differential propensity to migrate between adults and children. This factor generates the out-migration rate of the population aged 18 and over for each province / territory of origin and destination. It is obtained by calculating the ratio of the central migration rate for adults to the rate for children. It is estimated using data from the last three available years of T1FFs.4

The adult migration rate is then applied to the estimated adult population. The number of adult migrants is then added to the number of child migrants to produce the number of interprovincial migrants for the entire population.

Levels of estimates

For information on the differences between preliminary² and final estimates of total interprovincial migration, see section H. Interprovincial migration above.

Intercensal population estimates

Intercensal estimates – population estimates for reference dates between two censuses – are produced following each census. They reconcile previous postcensal estimates with the new census counts.

There are two main steps in the production of intercensal estimates:

- · calculation of the error of closure;
- linear distribution of the error of closure.

Error of closure is defined as the difference between the postcensal population estimates on Census Day and the population enumerated in that census (after adjustment for census net undercoverage (CNU)).1

The error of closure is spread uniformly over the intercensal period of days within each month.

Quality of demographic data

The estimates contain certain inaccuracies stemming from two types of errors:

- · errors in the census data;
- imperfections in other data sources and the method used to estimate the components.

Census data

A. Coverage, response and imputation errors

The errors attributable to census data can be divided into two groups: response and processing errors, and coverage errors. The first group implies non-response error, misinterpretation by respondents, incorrect coding and non-response imputation. Errors in the second group primarily result from undercoverage and, to a lesser extent, overcoverage. It should be noted that both types of errors are intrinsic to any survey data.

The coverage errors occur when dwellings and/or individuals are missed, incorrectly included or counted more than once. Following each census, Statistics Canada undertakes coverage studies to measure these errors. The main studies are the Reverse Record Check Survey (RRC) and the Census Overcoverage Study (COS). Based on these studies, estimates of census net undercoverage (CNU) (which is equal to the difference between undercoverage and overcoverage) are produced. Demography Division adjusts the population enumerated in the census by province and territory using these estimates.

When creating base populations, the Estimates Program corrects the census populations only for coverage errors. This correction, which is based on the findings of coverage studies, is primarily subject to sampling errors, and to a lesser extent, processing errors. Statistical tests indicate that coverage adjustments improve the quality of census data. The Estimates Program uses the estimates from coverage studies for the provinces and territories. However, given the size of the samples in these studies, estimates by age and sex are modelled. Furthermore, it is assumed that the coverage rates estimated for a province or territory apply to the regions within that geographic area. Prior to 1991, the Estimates Program used census data that was unadjusted for coverage errors. Coverage studies had been done to measure undercoverage, but none measured overcoverage. Following the decision to integrate a correction for the coverage to the enumerated population in 1991, the Program had to revise the population estimates for the period from 1971 to 1986. The correction is based on the findings of the coverage studies conducted during this period and on hypotheses regarding the ratio between the overcoverage and undercoverage levels based on the findings of subsequent coverage studies.

Nevertheless, the corrections to the census data due to CNU improved, in general, the quality of the estimates by compensating for the differential undercoverage by age, sex and by province/territory across censuses.

Text table 1 Estimated census net undercoverage, Canada, provinces and territories, 2001 and 2006 Censuses

Geography	Census population	Census net	Incompletely enumerated	Adjusted population	Rate
	population	undercoverage	Indian reserves	population	
	А	В	С	D=A+B+C	(B+C)/D*100
		number			in percent
2001 1					
Canada	30,007,094	924,430	34,539	30,966,063	3.10
Newfoundland and Labrador	512,930	9,401	0	522,331	1.80
Prince Edward Island	135,294	1,325	0	136,619	0.97
Nova Scotia	908,007	24,521	0	932,528	2.63
New Brunswick	729,498	20,095	0	749,593	2.68
Quebec	7,237,479	140,232	12,648	7,390,359	2.07
Ontario	11,410,046	436,349	15,960	11,862,355	3.81
Manitoba	1,119,583	30,903	110	1,150,596	2.70
Saskatchewan	978,933	21,231	581	1,000,745	2.18
Alberta	2,974,807	69,857	4,977	3,049,641	2.45
British Columbia	3,907,738	164,542	263	4,072,543	4.05
Yukon	28,674	1,423	0	30,097	4.73
Northwest Territories	37,360	3,295	0	40,655	8.10
Nunavut	26,745	1,256	0	28,001	4.49
2006 1					
Canada	31,612,897	868,658	40,115	32,521,670	2.79
Newfoundland and Labrador	505,469	5,046	0	510,515	0.99
Prince Edward Island	135,851	1,903	0	137,754	1.38
Nova Scotia	913,462	24,558	0	938,020	2.62
New Brunswick	729,997	16,059	0	746,056	2.15
Quebec	7,546,131	60,751	16,600	7,623,482	1.01
Ontario	12,160,282	465,824	15,391	12,641,497	3.81
Manitoba	1,148,401	34,330	0	1,182,731	2.90
Saskatchewan	968,157	22,594	739	991,490	2.35
Alberta	3,290,350	111,353	7,272	3,408,975	3.48
British Columbia	4,113,487	121,551	113	4,235,151	2.87
Yukon	30,372	1,805	0	32,177	5.61
Northwest Territories	41,464	1,620	0	43,084	3.76
Nunavut	29,474	1,264	0	30,738	4.11

^{1.} The levels and rates are based on the Reverse Record Check (RRC) and the Overcoverage Study and include non-permanent residents.

The adjustment also incorporates the results of a study on the estimates of the number of people living on incompletely enumerated Indian reserves to complete the corrections for coverage errors in the census. The results of the coverage studies contain mainly sampling errors.

These adjustments have a direct impact on:

- the error of closure and its distribution by age and sex within a province or a territory as well as by province/territory as the CNU1 and its distribution vary from one census to another;
- within-cohort consistency of population estimates. If for example, the male cohort in age group 0 to 4 in 1981 was tracked up to the 2001 Census (unadjusted for CNU)1 the age group 20 to 24 would be noticeably smaller in 2001 than the age group 15 to 19 in 1996. Since Canada receives many immigrants within these age groups, the opposite would be expected. However, only after adjustment for CNU,1 the cohort size increases from 1996 to 2001.

For further information regarding the main coverage studies, please see the following document on Statistics Canada's web site: 1996, 2001 and 2006 Census Technical Report on Coverage.

Components

Errors due to estimation methodologies and data sources other than the census can also be significant.

A. Births and deaths

Since the law requires the recording of vital statistics, the final estimates for births and deaths data meet very high standards. Nevertheless, since preliminary estimates are derived, they can be slightly different from final estimates.

B. Immigration and non-permanent residents

With respect to immigrants and NPRs, Citizenship and Immigration Canada administers special data files on both of these components. Since immigration is controlled by law, data on immigrants and non-permanent residents (NPRs) are compiled upon arrival in Canada. These data represent only "legal" immigration and exclude illegal immigrants. Thus, for the "legal" part of international movement into Canada, the data are considered to be of high quality. However, some biases such as the difference between the stated province of intended residence at the time of arrival and the actual province of residence, may persist. Finally, since information provided by the Visitor Data System (VDS) from Citizenship and Immigration Canada (CIC) is not complete (age and sex of dependents, province of residence for certain groups of permit holders), estimates of NPRs are more prone to error than data on immigrants.

C. Emigration, returning emigration and net temporary emigration

Of all the demographic components that are used in the population estimates program, these components are the most difficult to estimate with precision. Canada does not have a complete border registration system. While immigration and non-permanents residents (NPRs) are well documented by the federal government, Statistics Canada has always used techniques of indirect estimation in the estimation of persons leaving the country. For this reason, available statistics regarding these three components have historically been of a lower quality than other components.

Estimates of the number of emigrants and returning emigrants are both derived using Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) data provided by Canada Revenue Agency (CRA). Data are adjusted to take into account the incomplete coverage of the program and to derive the emigration and returning emigration of adults.

These adjustments and the delay in obtaining the data are the two main sources of errors. As current information on the number of persons living temporarily abroad does not exist, estimates are based on the Reverse Record Check (RRC) and the census. Estimates for the intercensal period, distributed equally among the five years, are maintained constant for the postcensal period. Moreover, assumptions were made to allow for the distribution of annual estimates to a quarterly level. Any geographical or quarterly variation may introduce error in the estimation of these components.

D. Interprovincial migration

Since July 1993, preliminary² interprovincial migration estimates have been based on Canada Child Tax Benefit (CCTB) files. Under this program, only 76% of children aged 0 to 17 at the Canada level were entitled to benefits on July 1, 2001. Consequently, preliminary CCTB based estimates are subject to larger error than final estimates derived from Canada Revenue Agency (CRA) tax files.

Quality assessment

In order to assess the quality of our estimates, two evaluation measures are used: precocity errors and errors of closure.

A. Precocity error

The quality of preliminary estimates of components is analyzed using precocity errors. Precocity error is defined as the difference between preliminary and final estimate of a particular component in terms of its relative proportion of the total population for the relevant geographical area. It can be calculated for both population and component estimates.

Precocity error allows for useful comparisons between components, as well as between provinces and territories or geographical areas of different population size. Note that when compared to the total population for an area, the differences between preliminary and final estimates of the components are quite small. There are, however, differences in the amount of impact on the population estimates between components and between provinces and territories.

Generally speaking, net interprovincial migration yields the greatest precocity errors. This is likely the result of the use of different data sources for preliminary and final estimates. In most years and for most provinces/territories, births, deaths and immigration estimates yielded the smallest precocity errors. For immigration estimates, this reflects the completeness of the data source and the availability of data for the more timely preliminary estimates. In the case of births and deaths, small precocity errors are due to the use of a different method (method of ratios) for preliminary estimates.

According to the analysis of the most recent precocity errors and assuming that the quality of the basic data remains constant, the present postcensal estimates should have an acceptable degree of reliability.

Text table 2
Quarterly precocity errors for components, Canada, provinces and territories

Year/ Component	Canada	N.L.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Y.T.	N.W.T.	Nvt.
Component														
						l	per thou	usand						
Births														
2008Q1	-0.13	-0.22	-0.22	-0.38	-0.23	0.02	-0.13	-0.21	-0.38	-0.34	-0.02	-0.34	-0.18	-0.32
2008Q2	-0.07	-0.09	0.05	-0.27	-0.19	0.04	-0.10	-0.07	-0.16	-0.17	-0.01	0.18	0.39	-0.38
2008Q3	-0.08	-0.47	0.16	-0.25	-0.06	-0.10	-0.02	-0.14	-0.28	-0.21	-0.01	-0.45	-0.09	0.03
2008Q4	-0.05	-0.26	-0.11	-0.09	-0.24	-0.02	-0.02	-0.12	-0.24	-0.09	-0.01	-0.24	-0.66	-0.47
Deaths														
2008Q1	0.09	0.07	0.55	0.32	0.28	0.02	0.17	0.03	-0.05	0.03	-0.01	-0.03	0.09	0.10
2008Q2	0.00	-0.11	0.22	0.03	-0.18	0.02	0.02	-0.11	0.10	-0.03	-0.01	-0.21	-0.09	0.32
2008Q3	0.04	0.32	-0.03	0.18	0.14	-0.01	0.08	0.00	0.01	-0.02	-0.01	0.12	0.27	-0.66
2008Q4 Immigration	0.03	0.19	-0.04	0.06	-0.08	0.00	0.07	0.17	0.11	-0.03	-0.02	0.12	-0.27	-0.09
2010Q1	0.00	-0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.09	0.00
2010Q1 2010Q2	0.00	-0.03	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.02	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	0.00	-0.09	0.00
2010Q2 2010Q3	0.00	-0.02	0.27	0.03	0.00	0.04	-0.01	0.02	-0.08	0.00	-0.06	-0.20	0.09	0.00
2010Q4	0.00	0.00	-0.26	-0.03	0.00	-0.03	0.01	0.01	-0.02	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00
Emigration	0.00	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0.	0.0.	0.02	0.0.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2007Q3	-0.14	-0.12	-0.13	0.06	-0.01	-0.06	-0.17	-0.09	0.05	-0.38	-0.09	-0.34	-0.37	-0.35
2007Q4	-0.10	-0.08	-0.06	0.01	-0.02	-0.05	-0.13	-0.08	0.02	-0.25	-0.08	-0.21	-0.21	-0.19
2008Q1	-0.09	-0.07	-0.06	0.01	-0.02	-0.05	-0.11	-0.07	0.01	-0.21	-0.07	-0.15	-0.16	-0.16
2008Q2	-0.06	-0.04	0.00	-0.01	0.00	-0.03	-0.06	-0.04	0.01	-0.20	-0.01	-0.12	-0.14	-0.13
Returning emigration														
2007Q3	-0.02	-0.04	-0.12	0.01	-0.05	0.00	-0.08	-0.06	-0.03	0.10	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00
2007Q4	-0.01	-0.02	-0.06	0.00	-0.02	0.00	-0.03	-0.03	-0.01	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2008Q1	-0.03	-0.02	-0.06	-0.01	-0.03	-0.01	-0.05	-0.04	-0.02	0.02	-0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
2008Q2	-0.03	-0.01	-0.03	-0.01	-0.03	-0.02	-0.05	-0.10	-0.06	0.02	-0.01	0.03	0.00	0.00
Net temporary emigration														
2007Q3	0.06	-0.09	-0.08	-0.03	-0.06	0.06	0.04	0.00	80.0	0.06	0.19	0.06	-0.05	-0.10
2007Q4	0.03	-0.07	-0.06	-0.03	-0.05	0.04	0.02	-0.01	0.06	0.04	0.13	0.06	-0.05	-0.03
2008Q1 2008Q2	0.03 0.00	-0.07 0.00	-0.06 0.01	-0.03 0.00	-0.05 0.00	0.03	0.02 0.00	-0.01 0.00	0.05 0.00	0.03	0.12 0.00	0.03	-0.07 0.02	-0.06 0.00
Net non-permanent residents	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00
2006Q3	0.10	-0.01	-0.30	0.07	0.05	0.05	0.14	0.07	0.01	0.03	0.20	0.06	0.32	-0.16
2006Q4	0.06	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.09	0.00	0.06	0.05	0.09	0.25	-0.30	0.00
2007Q1	-0.08	-0.04	-0.01	-0.06	-0.06	-0.04	-0.12	-0.08	-0.06	-0.10	-0.04	0.09	0.14	-0.06
2007Q2	-0.12	-0.02	0.01	-0.04	-0.01	-0.04	-0.18	-0.09	-0.05	-0.13	-0.14	-0.40	-0.12	-0.06
In-migrants														
2009Q3	0.63	1.00	1.87	1.04	1.17	0.28	0.35	1.31	2.02	1.23	0.70	3.38	3.21	2.11
2009Q4	0.37	0.80	0.60	0.63	0.67	0.15	0.21	0.75	1.28	0.73	0.42	2.47	1.91	1.61
2010Q1	0.51	1.11	1.36	0.89	1.00	0.16	0.25	1.14	1.81	1.17	0.55	2.00	3.38	3.64
2010Q2	0.59	0.73	2.22	0.94	0.86	0.22	0.30	1.13	1.98	1.57	0.60	2.25	0.82	4.26
Out-migrants														
2009Q3	0.63	1.04	4.28	1.08	1.13	0.25	0.39	1.21	1.59	1.37	0.61	3.41	3.05	-0.87
2009Q4	0.37	0.62	2.32	0.62	0.64	0.12	0.22	0.73	0.99	0.89	0.36	1.38	2.42	0.28
2010Q1	0.51	1.13	2.43	1.11	0.79	0.19	0.30	0.99	1.29	1.13	0.54	1.29	2.83	-1.57
2010Q2	0.59	1.35	3.62	1.12	0.93	0.26	0.40	1.21	1.52	1.03	0.61	3.80	3.92	-0.21
Net interprovincial migration		-0.04	2.44	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.10	0.42	0.14	0.00	0.02	0.46	2.00
2009Q3 2009Q4	•••	-0.04 0.18	-2.41 -1.72	-0.04 0.01	0.03	0.03	-0.04 -0.01	0.10 0.02	0.43 0.29	-0.14 -0.16	0.09 0.06	-0.03 1.09	0.16 -0.51	2.98 1.33
2009Q4 2010Q1		-0.02	-1.72 -1.06	-0.22	0.03	-0.03	-0.01 -0.05	0.02	0.29	0.16	0.06	0.71	-0.51 0.55	5.21
2010Q1 2010Q2		-0.02	-1.40	-0.22	-0.07	-0.03	-0.03	-0.13	0.32	0.04	-0.02	-1.55	-3.09	4.48
201092		0.01	1.40	0.10	0.07	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.40	0.04	0.02	1.00	5.03	7.70

B. Error of closure

The error of closure measures the exactness level of the final postcensal estimates. It can be defined as the difference between the enumerated population of the most recent census (after adjustments for census net undercoverage (CNU))¹ and the most current postcensal population estimates as of Census Day.

The error of closure comes from two sources: the relative differences in the amount of CNU¹ and errors in the components of demographic growth over the intercensal period. This can be calculated for total population estimates and for age, sex and marital status. With each 5-year intercensal period, the error of closure can only be calculated with the release of census data and estimates of CNU.¹

By dividing the error of closure by the census population adjusted for CNU,1 the differences are relatively small at the national level (0.16% for 2001 and 0.32% for 2006). At the provincial and territorial level, differences are understandably larger, since the estimates are also affected by errors in estimating interprovincial migration. Nevertheless, the provincial/territorial final postcensal estimates generally fall within 1% of the adjusted census population, except for the territories that falls within closer adjustments.

Text table 3
Error of closure of the estimates of population, Canada, provinces and territories, 2001 and 2006

	2001		2006	
	number	rate in percent	number	rate in percent
Canada	49,948	0.16	105,352	0.32
Newfoundland and Labrador	11,381	2.18	-1,137	-0.22
Prince Edward Island	1,483	1.09	74	0.05
Nova Scotia	9,005	0.97	-2,778	-0.30
New Brunswick	4,587	0.61	3,404	0.46
Quebec	-222	0.00	26,088	0.34
Ontario	11,288	0.10	50,173	0.40
Manitoba	-1,035	-0.09	-5,396	-0.46
Saskatchewan	16,017	1.60	-3,061	-0.31
Alberta	1,604	0.05	-47,801	-1.40
British Columbia	-4,347	-0.11	88,057	2.08
Yukon	-360	-1.20	-979	-3.04
Northwest Territories	497	1.22	-875	-2.03
Nunavut	50	0.18	-417	-1.36

Note(s): The error of closure is equal to the postcensal estimate (at the census date) minus the census count adjusted for census net undercoverage (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated indian reserves). The percentage is: error of closure, divided by the census count adjusted for census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated indian reserves, multiplied by 100.

Explanatory notes for the tables

Table 2 Quarterly population estimates and factors of growth, provincial perspective

Population Estimates are final intercensal and unadjusted for census net undercoverage prior

to July 1, 1971. Estimates are final intercensal from July 1, 1971 to April 1, 2006, final postcensal from July 1, 2006 to July 1, 2008, updated postcensal from October 1, 2008 to April 1, 2011 and preliminary postcensal from July 1, 2011.

March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

International migration Net international migration numbers are final up to June 2008, updated from

July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Interprovincial migration The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2010 and preliminary

from July 2010.

Total migration Total net migration numbers are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to

March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Total growth The numbers for total growth are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to

March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Table 3 Quarterly estimates of demographic components, provincial perspective, provincial perspective

Birth The numbers for births are final up to December 2008, updated from January 2009 to

March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Death The numbers for deaths are final up to December 2008, updated from

January 2009 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Immigrant The numbers for immigrants are final up to December 2010, updated from January

to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Emigrant The numbers for emigrants are final up to June 2008, updated from July 2008 to

March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Returning emigrant The numbers for returning emigrants are final up to June 2008, updated from

July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Net temporary emigrant The numbers for net temporary emigrants are final up to June 2008, updated from

July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

Net non-permanent resident The numbers for net non-permanent residents are final up to June 2008, updated

from July 2008 to March 2011 and preliminary from April 2011.

In-migrant The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2010 and preliminary

from July 2010.

Out-migrant The numbers for interprovincial migrants are final up to June 2010 and preliminary

from July 2010.

Appendix I

Glossary

Annualized rate

Refers to the ratio of the estimated number of events converted to an annual basis divided by the average quarterly populations. In this respect, birth, death, immigration rates, etc are calculated. Generally, the rate is expressed in per 1,000.

Census coverage

Census net undercoverage: Difference between undercoverage and overcoverage.

Overcoverage: Number of persons who should not have been counted in the census or who were counted more than once.

Undercoverage: Number of persons who were intended to have been enumerated in a census but were not enumerated.

Components of demographic growth

Any of the classes of events generating population movement variations. Births, deaths and migrations are the components responsible for the variation since they alter the total population.

Emigrant

Canadian citizen or *immigrant* who has left Canada to establish a permanent residence in another country.

Error of closure

Difference between the **postcensal estimate** for the same date as the census and the results of the census adjusted for **census net undercoverage** (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves).

Immigrant

Within the framework of this publication, the term immigrant refers to *landed immigrant*. A landed immigrant is a person who does not have Canadian citizenship but was granted the right by immigration authorities to live in Canada on a permanent basis.

International migration

International migration represents movement of population between Canada and a foreign country which involves a change in the usual place of residence. A distinction is made with regard to *immigrants*, *emigrants*, *returning emigrants*, *net temporary emigrants* and *net non-permanent residents*.

Interprovincial migration

Interprovincial migration represents movement from one province or territory involving a permanent change in residence. A person who takes up residence in another province or territory is an *out-migrant* with reference to the province or territory of origin and an *in-migrant* with reference to the province or territory of destination.

Natural increase

Variation in population size over a given period as a result of the difference between the numbers of births and deaths.

Net international migration

Net international migration is obtained according to the following formula:

Immigrants + returning emigrants + net non permanent residents- (emigrants + net temporary emigrants)

Net interprovincial migration

Net interprovincial migration represents the difference between *in-migrants* and *out-migrants* for a given province or territory.

Net non-permanent residents

Net non-permanent residents represent the variation in the number of non-permanent residents between two dates.

Non-permanent residents

A non permanent resident belongs to one of the five following groups:

- persons residing in Canada claiming refugee status;
- · persons residing in Canada who hold a study permit;
- persons residing in Canada who hold a work permit;
- · persons residing in Canada who hold a minister's permit;
- all non-Canadian born dependants of persons claiming refugee status, or of persons holding study permits, work permits or minister's permits and living in Canada.

Net temporary emigration

Net temporary emigration represents the variation in the number of temporary emigrants between two dates. Temporary emigration includes Canadian citizens and *immigrants* living temporarily abroad who have not maintained a usual place of residence in Canada.

Population

Estimated population and population according to the census are both defined as being the number of Canadians whose usual place of residence is in that area, regardless of where they happened to be on Census Day. Also included are any Canadians staying in a dwelling in that area on Census Day and having no usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada, as well as those considered **non-permanent residents**.

Population estimate

Postcensal: Population estimate produced by using data from the most recent available census adjusted for **census net undercoverage** (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) and estimate of the **components of demographic growth** since that last census. This estimate can be preliminary, updated or final.

Intercensal: Population estimate derived by using **postcensal estimates** and data adjusted for **census net undercoverage** (including adjustment for incompletely enumerated Indian reserves) of censuses preceding and following the year in question.

Population growth or total growth

Variation of population size between two dates. It can also be obtained by summing the *natural increase*, *total net migration* and if possible, substract *residual deviation*. It can be positive or negative.

Precocity error

Difference between preliminary and final estimate of a particular component in terms of its relative proportion of the total population for the relevant geographical area. It can be calculated for both population estimates and component of population growth.

Residual deviation

Difference between demographic *population growth* calculated using *intercensal estimates* of population between two dates and that obtained by the sum of the components for the same period. This deviation results from the distribution of the *error of closure* between years within the quinquennial period. This distribution is calculated by taking into account the number of days within each month.

Returning emigrant

Canadian citizen or *immigrant* having previously emigrated from Canada and subsequently returned to the country.

Total net migration

Sum of *net international* and *net interprovincial* migration.

Vital events

Includes all the demographic events (that is to say births, deaths, marriages and divorces) for which there exist a legal requirement to inform the Provincial or Territorial Registrar's Office.

Appendix II

Source and remarks

Base population

May 16, 2006 Census of Population adjusted for census net undercoverage and incompletely enumerated Indian reserves.

2006 Census: Statistics Canada, Census of Canada, 2006, Catalogue no. 92-200-XPB.

Census net undercoverage: See The Daily, September 29, 2008.

Incompletely enumerated Indian reserves: See The Daily, September 29, 2008.

Births and deaths

Statistics Canada, Health Statistics Division.

Statistics Canada, Demography Division, Catalogue no. 91-002-X, Quarterly, Analytical table 4.

Immigration

Citizenship and Immigration Canada.

Emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division - from data on emigrant children from the Canada Child Tax Benefit program (CCTB) from Canada Revenue Agency files - CRA and data from the « U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Office of Immigration Statistics ».

Returning emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on data from the CCTB program and adjustment factors calculated using CRA files.

Net temporary emigrants

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on data from the Reverse Record Check (RRC), 2001 and 2006 Censuses of Canada.

Non-permanent residents

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on data provided by Citizenship and Immigration Canada.

Interprovincial migration

Statistics Canada, Demography Division – based on the CTB program and adjustment factors calculated using CRA files.