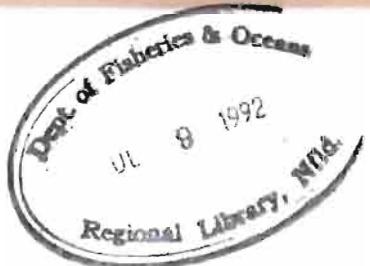




Scientific Excellence • Resource Protection & Conservation • Benefits for Canadians
Excellence scientifique • Protection et conservation des ressources • Bénéfices aux Canadiens



Length Data for Four Cyprinid Species in Lake 302, a Double-Basin Acidified Lake in the Experimental Lakes Area, Northwestern Ontario

S.M. Chalanchuk, L.C. Mohr and D.J. Allan

Central and Arctic Region
Department of Fisheries and Oceans
Winnipeg, Manitoba
R3T 2N6

1991

Canadian Data Report of
Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences
No. 846



Fisheries
and Oceans

Pêches
et Océans

Canada

Canadian Data Report of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences

Data reports provide a medium for filing and archiving data compilations where little or no analysis is included. Such compilations commonly will have been prepared in support of other journal publications or reports. The subject matter of data reports reflects the broad interests and policies of the Department of Fisheries and Oceans, namely, fisheries and aquatic sciences.

Data reports are not intended for general distribution and the contents must not be referred to in other publications without prior written authorization from the issuing establishment. The correct citation appears above the abstract of each report. Data reports are abstracted in *Aquatic Sciences and Fisheries Abstracts* and indexed in the Department's annual index to scientific and technical publications.

Numbers 1-25 in this series were issued as Fisheries and Marine Service Data Records. Numbers 26-160 were issued as Department of Fisheries and the Environment, Fisheries and Marine Service Data Reports. The current series name was introduced with the publication of report number 161.

Data reports are produced regionally but are numbered nationally. Requests for individual reports will be filled by the issuing establishment listed on the front cover and title page. Out-of-stock reports will be supplied for a fee by commercial agents.

Rapport statistique canadien des sciences halieutiques et aquatiques

Les rapports statistiques servent à classer et à archiver les compilations de données pour lesquelles il y a peu ou point d'analyse. Ces compilations auront d'ordinaire été préparées à l'appui d'autres publications ou rapports. Les sujets des rapports statistiques reflètent la vaste gamme des intérêts et des politiques du ministère des Pêches et des Océans, c'est-à-dire les sciences halieutiques et aquatiques.

Les rapports statistiques ne sont pas destinés à une vaste distribution et leur contenu ne doit pas être mentionné dans une publication sans autorisation écrite préalable de l'établissement auteur. Le titre exact paraît au-dessus du résumé de chaque rapport. Les rapports statistiques sont résumés dans la revue *Résumés des sciences aquatiques et halieutiques*, et ils sont classés dans l'index annuel des publications scientifiques et techniques du Ministère.

Les numéros 1 à 25 de cette série ont été publiés à titre de relevés statistiques, Services des pêches et de la mer. Les numéros 26 à 160 ont été publiés à titre de rapports statistiques du Service des pêches et de la mer, ministère des Pêches et de l'Environnement. Le nom actuel de la série a été établi lors de la parution du numéro 161.

Les rapports statistiques sont produits à l'échelon régional, mais numérotés à l'échelon national. Les demandes de rapports seront satisfaites par l'établissement auteur dont le nom figure sur la couverture et la page du titre. Les rapports épuisés seront fournis contre rétribution par des agents commerciaux.

Canadian Data Report of
Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 846

1991

LENGTH DATA FOR FOUR CYPRINID SPECIES IN
LAKE 302, A DOUBLE-BASIN ACIDIFIED LAKE
IN THE EXPERIMENTAL LAKES AREA,
NORTHWESTERN ONTARIO

by

S.M. Chalanchuk, L.C. Mohr and D.J. Allan

Central and Arctic Region
Department of Fisheries and Oceans
Winnipeg, Manitoba R3T 2N6

This is the 57th Data Report
from the Central and Arctic Region, Winnipeg

(c) Minister of Supply and Services Canada 1991

Cat. no. Fs 97-13/846E ISSN 0706-6465

Correct citation for this publication is:

Chalanchuk, S.M., L.C. Mohr, and D.J. Allan. 1991. Length data for four cyprinid species in Lake 302, a double-basin acidified lake in the Experimental Lakes Area, northwestern Ontario. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 846: iv + 43 p.

TABLE OF CONTENTS		<u>Page</u>	<u>Figure</u>	<u>Page</u>	
ABSTRACT/RÉSUMÉ	iv				3c
INTRODUCTION	1	3d	from May, 1987 until October, 1988)	21	
MATERIALS AND METHODS	1	3e	for October, 1989	22	
ACKNOWLEDGMENTS	1	Monthly length-frequency distributions for northern redbelly dace in L302N:			
REFERENCES	1	4a	from May 1982 until October, 1982	23	
LIST OF TABLES		4b	from May, 1983 until June, 198624	24	
<u>Table</u>		4c	for May, 1987 and September, 1987	25	
1	Summary of figures designated by species, lake basin, and year .	3	Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302S:		
LIST OF FIGURES		5a	from June, 1982 until October, 1982	26	
<u>Figure</u>		5b	from May, 1983 until October, 198327	27	
1a	Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N: from May, 1982 until October, 1982	4	5c	from May, 1984 until October, 198528	28
1b	from May, 1983 until October, 1983	5	5d	from May, 1986 until October, 198629	29
1c	from May, 1984 until September, 1984	6	5e	from April, 1987 until September, 1987	30
1d	for May, 1985 and October, 1985	7	5f	from May, 1988 until October, 1988	31
1e	from May, 1986 until October, 1986	8	5g	from May, 1989 until October, 1989	32
1f	for May, 1987 and September, 1987	9	5h	for May, 1990 and October, 1990	33
1g	from May, 1988 until October, 1988	10	Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302S:		
1h	for May, 1989 and October, 1989)	11	6a	from June, 1982 until October, 1982	34
1i	from May, 1990 until October, 1990	12	6b	from June, 1983 until October, 1983	35
Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302N:		6c	from May, 1984 until September, 1984	36	
2a	from May, 1982 until October, 1982	13	6d	from May, 1985 until October, 1986	37
2b	from May, 1983 until October, 1983	14	6e	from April, 1987 until May, 1987	38
2c	from May, 1984 until September, 1984	15	Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302S:		
2d	from October, 1985 until October, 1986	16	7a	from June, 1982 until August, 1982	39
2e	for May, 1987 and September, 1987	17	7b	from June, 1983 until September, 1983	40
Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302N:		7c	for May, 1984 and May, 1985	41	
3a	from May, 1982 until August, 1982	18	Monthly length-frequency distributions for northern redbelly dace in L302S:		
3b	from May, 1983 until September, 1983	19	8a	for June, 1982 and August, 1982	42
			8b	from July, 1983 until September, 1983	43

ABSTRACT

Chalanchuk, S.M., L.C. Mohr, and D.J. Allan. 1991. Length data for four cyprinid species in Lake 302, a double-basin acidified lake in the Experimental Lakes Area, northwestern Ontario. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 846: iv + 43 p.

Length-frequency data are presented for four species of Cyprinidae in Lake 302, in the Experimental Lakes Area, northwestern Ontario: pearl dace (Semotilus margarita), fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), finescale dace (Phoxinus neogaeus), and northern redbelly dace (Phoxinus eos). From 1982 until 1990, the north basin (L302N) received additions of nitric or hydrochloric acid; during this time period, the south basin (L302S) received additions of sulphuric acid.

Key words: fork length; pearl dace; Semotilus margarita; fathead minnow; Pimephales promelas; finescale dace; Phoxinus neogaeus; northern redbelly dace; Phoxinus eos; pH; sulphuric acid; nitric acid; hydrochloric acid.

RÉSUMÉ

Chalanchuk, S.M., L.C. Mohr, and D.J. Allan. 1991. Length data for four cyprinid species in Lake 302, a double-basin acidified lake in the Experimental Lakes Area, northwestern Ontario. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 846: iv + 43 p.

On présente des données sur la fréquence de longueurs de quatre espèces de cyprinidés vivant dans le Lac 302 de la Région des Lacs Expérimentaux située dans le nord-ouest de l'Ontario: le mulet perlé (Semotilus margarita), le tête-de-boule (Pimephales promelas), le ventre citron (Phoxinus neogaeus) et le ventre rouge du nord (Phoxinus eos). De 1982 à 1990, le bassin septentrional (L302N) a reçu des apports d'acide nitrique ou d'acide chlorhydrique et le bassin méridional (L302S), des apports d'acide sulfurique.

Mots clés: longueur à la fourche; mulet perlé; Semotilus margarita; tête-de-boule; Pimephales promelas; ventre citron; Phoxinus neogaeus; ventre rouge du nord; Phoxinus eos; pH; acide sulfurique; acide nitrique; acide chlorhydrique.

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to present data on the cyprinid populations in Lake 302, in the Experimental Lakes Area (ELA), northwestern Ontario. The Cyprinidae in Lake 302 are pearl dace (Semotilus margarita), fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), finescale dace (Phoxinus neogaeus), and northern redbelly dace (Phoxinus eos).

Several researchers have recently documented the sensitivity of some species of Cyprinidae to acidification (Rahel and Magnuson 1983; Mills and Schindler 1986; Pauwels and Haines 1986). According to these studies, the pH thresholds for occurrence of the four species of cyprinids present in L302 are approximately 5.2 to 5.9. Reproductive impairment of these species likely occurs at even higher pH values, as shown by McCormick et al. (1989) for fathead minnow. The initiation of an acidification experiment in L302, a double-basin lake in the ELA, provided an opportunity for monitoring the population responses of the cyprinids to decreasing values of pH caused by different acids.

In this report, we present length-frequency data for four species of cyprinids in L302 from 1982 until 1990.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Lake 302 is a small, double-basin lake in the ELA. The two basins are separated by a vinyl-impregnated nylon curtain. The north basin, L302N (area = 12.8 ha, maximum depth = 13 m, mean depth = 5.7 m), is quite similar to the south basin, L302S (area = 10.9 ha, maximum depth = 10 m, mean depth = 5.1 m) in size and depth.

Each basin has undergone acidification since June, 1982. L302N has received additions of nitric acid (HNO_3) from 1982 to 1986 and of hydrochloric acid (HCl) from 1987 to 1990. Time-weighted mean epilimnetic pH decreased from 6.71 in 1982 to 5.04 in 1989 (Cruikshank 1990) and was 5.18 for 1990 (D.R. Cruikshank, Freshwater Institute, Winnipeg, Manitoba, personal communication). L302S has received additions of sulphuric acid (H_2SO_4) from 1982 to 1990. Time-weighted mean epilimnetic pH has decreased from 6.25 in 1982 to 4.53 in 1989 (Cruikshank 1990) and was 4.52 for 1990 (D.R. Cruikshank, personal communication). Further information on bathymetry, background chemistry, and acid additions to Lake 302 can be found in Brunskill and Schindler (1971); Linsey et al. (1985); Cruikshank (1984, 1986, 1990). Information on previous experiments conducted in L302 or on other biological aspects of the acidification experiment can be found in Schindler et al. (1980); Chalanchuk (1986); Findlay and Kasian (1990).

Fish were sampled monthly during 1982 and 1983, and seasonally (spring and fall) from 1984 to 1990. They were primarily captured by modified versions of small-mesh (mesh size = 5-6.5 mm) Beamish-style trap nets (Beamish 1972) throughout the study. Trap nets were set for two or three day periods. Catches of less than five hundred fish were sampled completely; larger catches were usually subsampled. In 1982, commercial wire-mesh (mesh size = 5 mm) minnow traps were also used to capture fish. Each fish was measured for fork length to the nearest mm. Length-frequency histograms were constructed on a monthly basis for each species of fish. Histograms were not constructed for sample sizes of less than 15 fish. No fathead minnow were captured in either basin in 1989 and 1990.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This study was funded by Fisheries and Oceans. We thank Dr. K. Mills for his help throughout the study. Thanks also to Dr. D. Bodaly for his useful comments on the manuscript.

REFERENCES

- Beamish, R.J. 1972. Design of a trap-net for sampling shallow-water habitats. Fish. Res. Board Can. Tech. Rep. 305: 14 p.
- Brunskill, G.J., and D.W. Schindler. 1971. Geography and bathymetry of selected basins, Experimental Lakes Area, northwestern Ontario. J. Fish. Res. Board Can. 28: 139-155.
- Chalanchuk, S.M. 1986. Condition and growth of white suckers, Catostomus commersoni, in Lake 302, a double-basin lake in the Experimental Lakes Area. Can. Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 1476: iv + 13 p.
- Cruikshank, D.R. 1984. Whole lake chemical additions in the Experimental Lakes Area, 1969-1983. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 449: iv + 23 p.
- Cruikshank, D.R. 1986. Whole lake chemical additions in the Experimental Lakes Area, 1984-1985. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 580: iv + 10 p.
- Cruikshank, D.R. 1990. Whole lake additions in the Experimental Lakes Area, 1986-1989. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 816: v + 21 p.
- Findlay, D.L., and S.E.M. Kasian. 1990. Phytoplankton communities of lakes experimentally acidified with sulphuric and nitric acids. Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 47: 1378-1386.
- Linsey, G.A., J. Braund, M. Stainton, and J. Prokopowich. 1985. Water chemistry data for north and south basins of Lake 302, Experimental Lakes Area, northwestern Ontario, 1968-1983. Can. Data Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 509: iv + 307 p.

- McCormick, J.H., K.M. Jensen, and L.E. Anderson. 1989. Chronic effects of low pH and elevated aluminum on survival, maturation, on spawning and embryo-larval development of the fathead minnow in soft water. *Water Air Soil Pollut.* 43: 293-307.
- Mills, K.H., and D.W. Schindler. 1986. Biological indicators of lake acidification. *Water Air Soil Pollut.* 30: 779-789.
- Pauwels, S.J., and T.A. Haines. 1986. Fish species distribution in relation to water chemistry in selected Maine lakes. *Water Air Soil Pollut.* 30: 477-488.
- Rahel, F.J., and J.J. Magnuson. 1983. Low pH and absence of fishes in naturally acidic Wisconsin lakes: inference for cultural acidification. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* 40: 3-9.
- Schindler, D.W., T. Ruszcynski, and E.J. Fee. 1980. Hypolimnion injection of nutrient effluents as a method for reducing eutrophication. *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* 37: 320-327.

Table 1. Summary of figures designated by species, lake basin, and year.

Species	Lake basin	Year	Figure
Pearl dace	302N	1982-1990	1a-1i
Pearl dace	302S	1982-1990	5a-5h
Fathead minnow	302N	1982-1987	2a-2e
Fathead minnow	302S	1982-1987	6a-6c
Finescale dace	302N	1982-1989	3a-3e
Finescale dace	302S	1982-1984	7a-7c
N. redbelly dace	302N	1982-1989	4a-4c
N. redbelly dace	302S	1982-1983	8a-8b

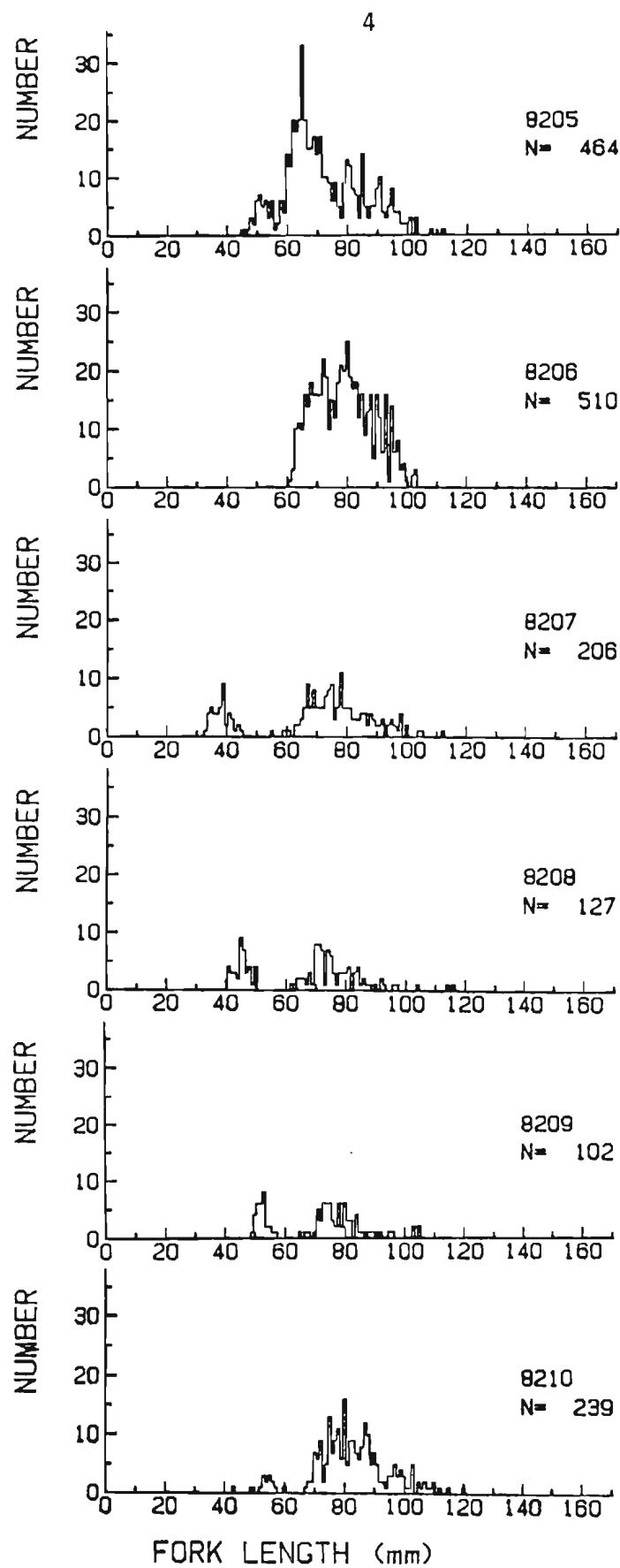


Fig. 1a. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N from May, 1982 (8205) until October, 1982 (8210).

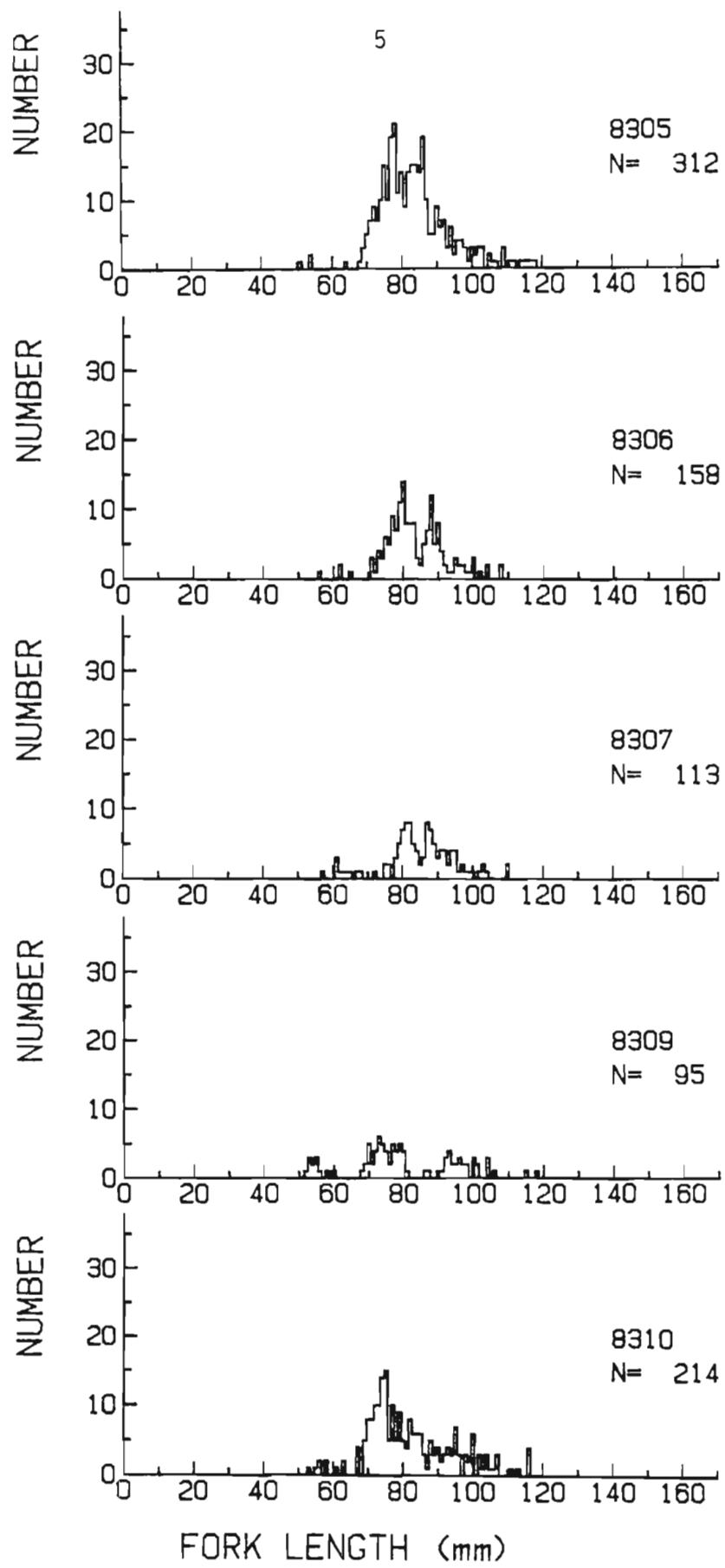


Fig. 1b. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N from May, 1983 (8305) until October, 1983 (8310).

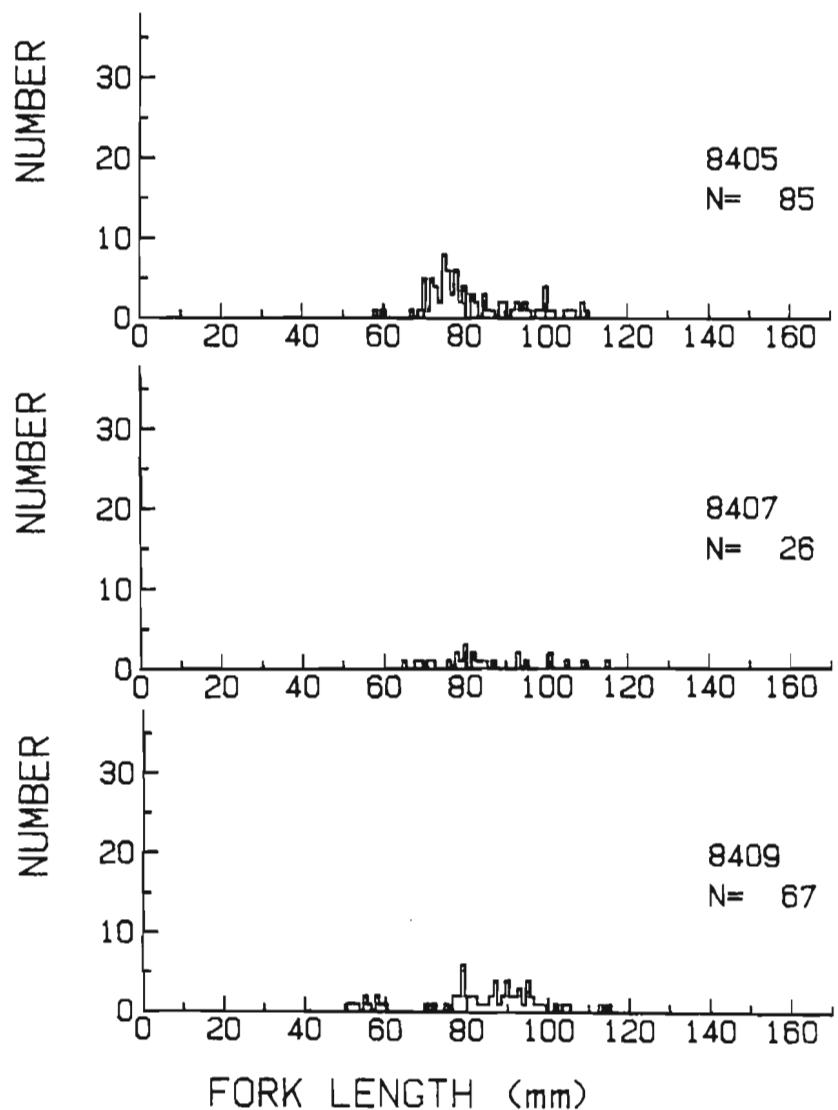


Fig. 1c. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N from May, 1984 (8405) until September, 1984 (8409).

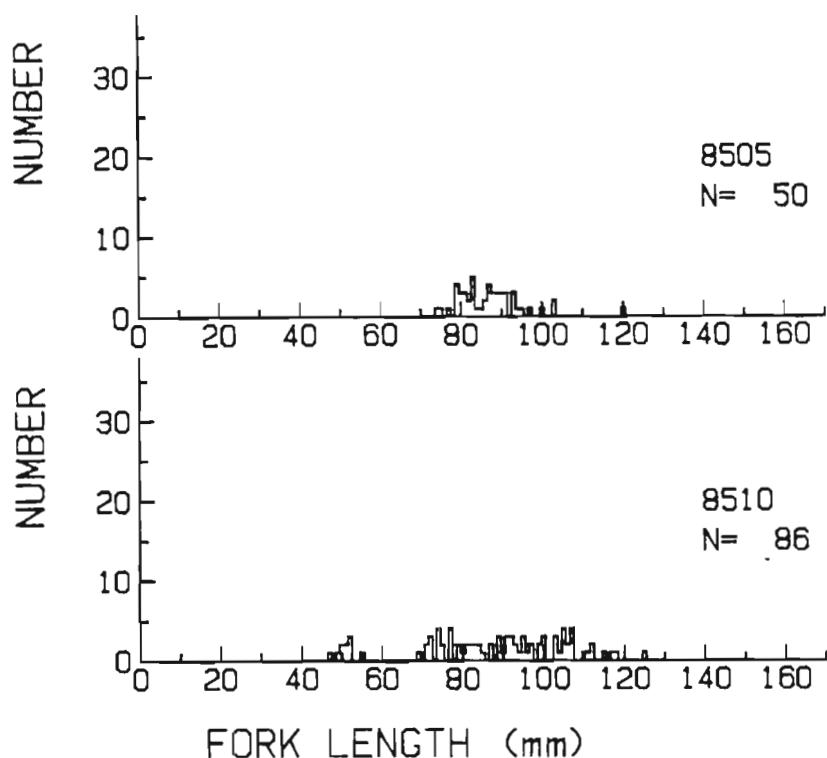


Fig. 1d. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N for May, 1985 (8505) and October, 1985 (8510).

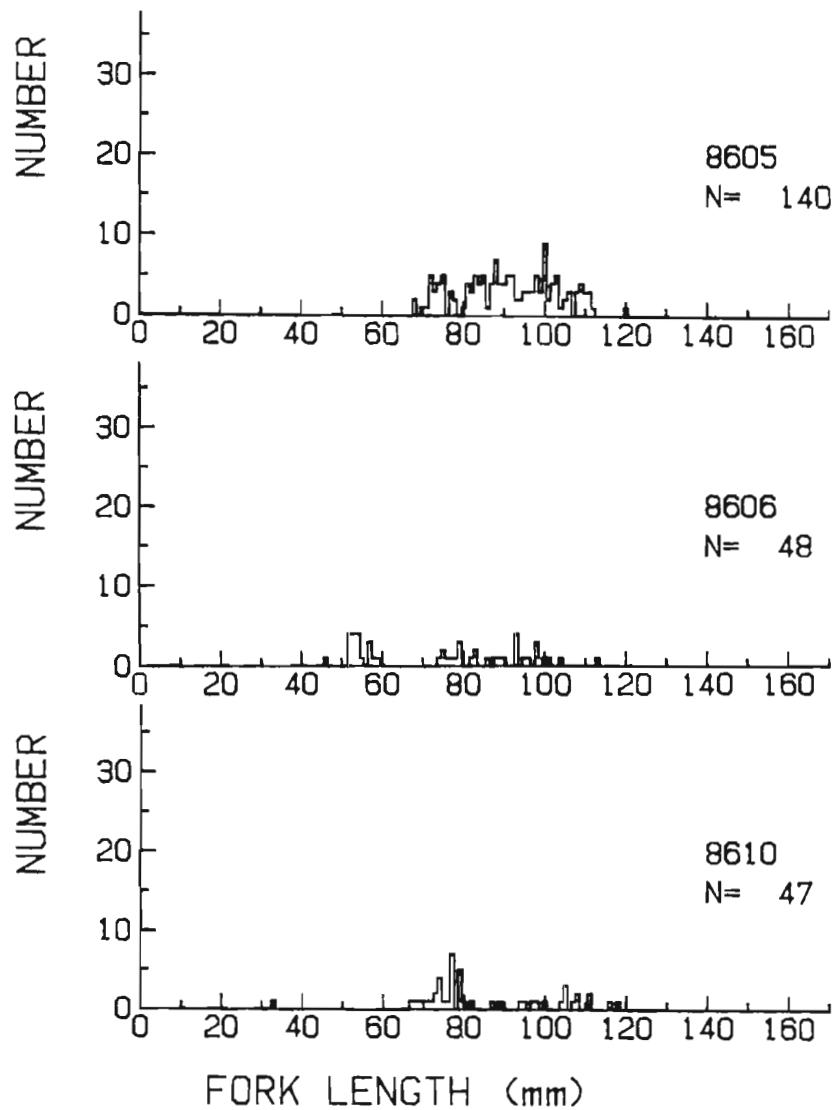


Fig. 1e. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N from May, 1986 (8605) until October, 1986 (8610).

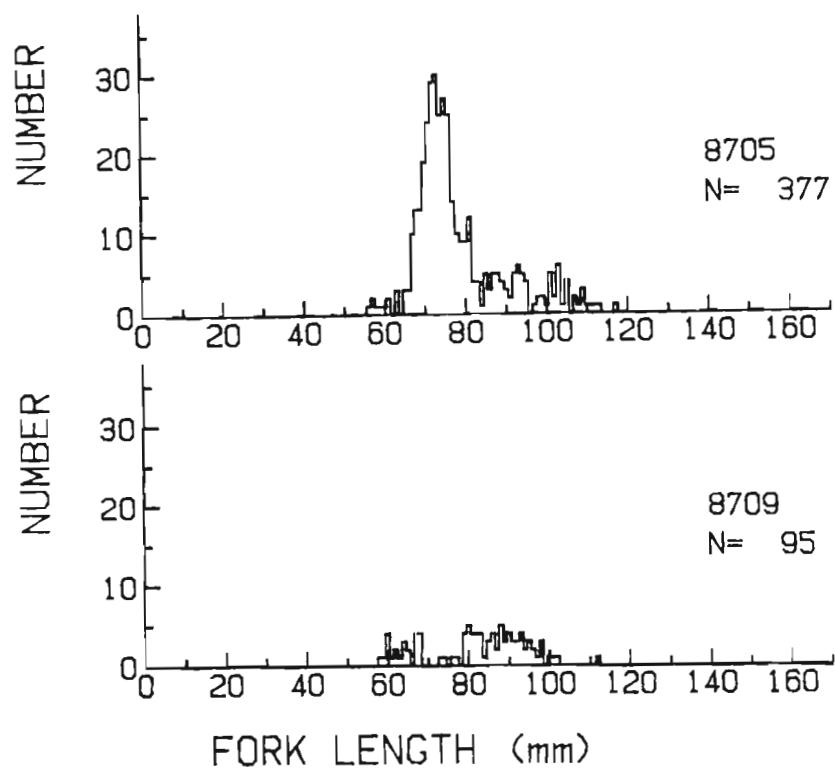


Fig. 1f. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N for May, 1987 (8705) and September, 1987 (8709).

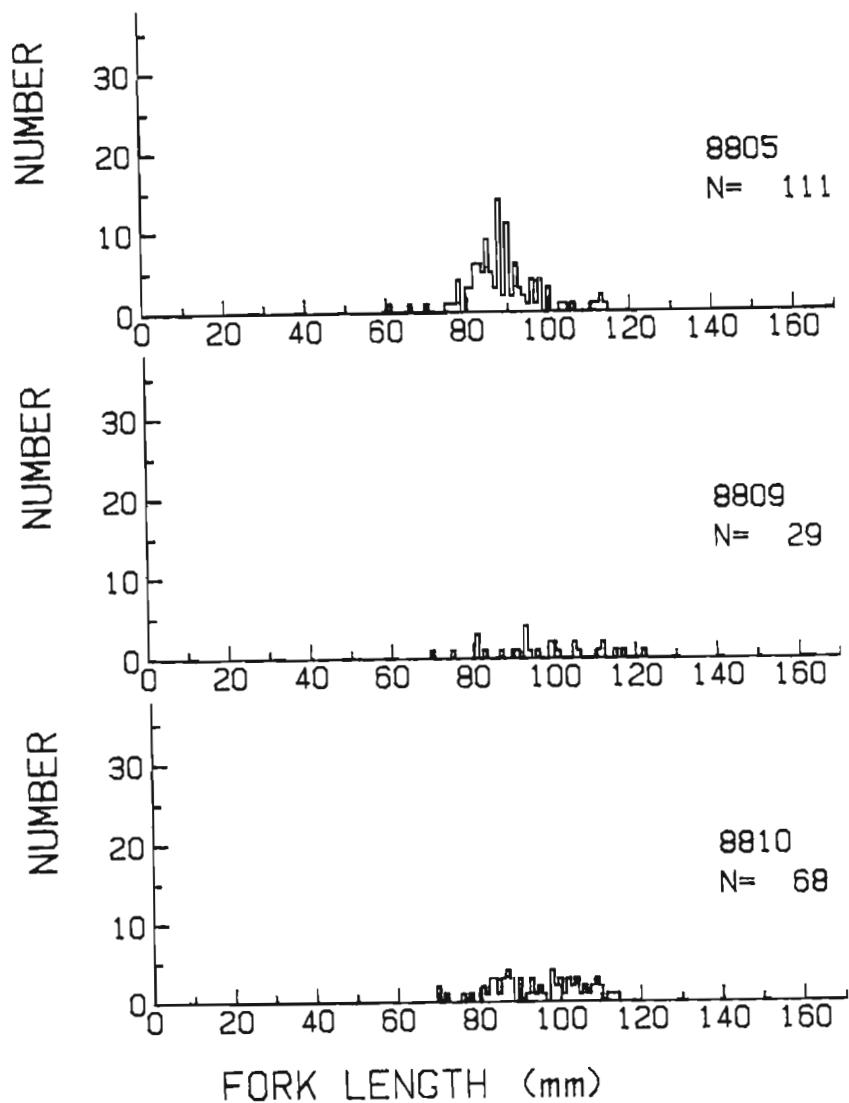


Fig. 1g. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N from May, 1988 (8805) until October, 1988 (8810).

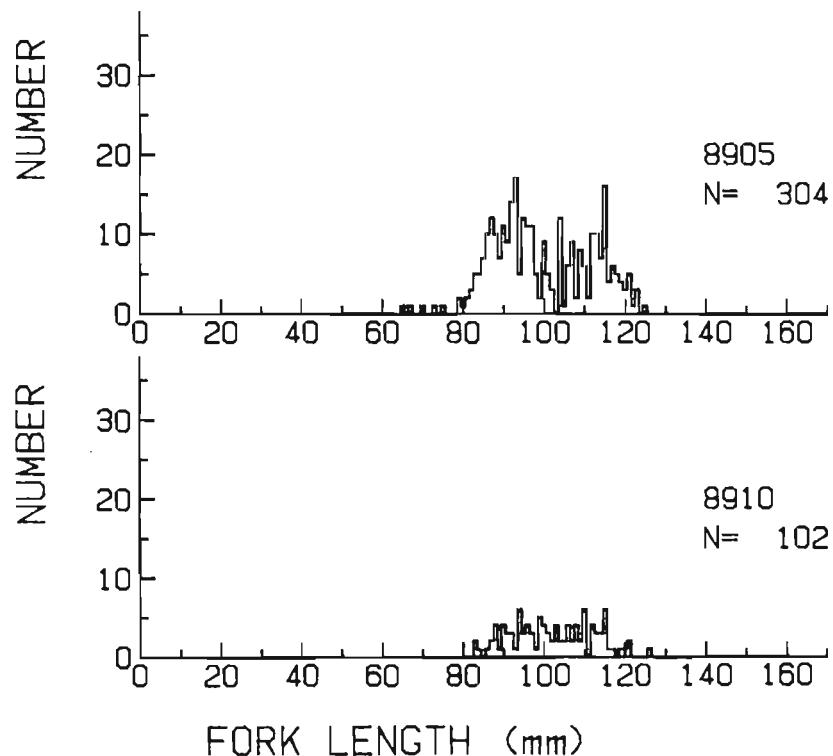


Fig. 1h. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N for May, 1989 (8905) and October, 1989 (8910).

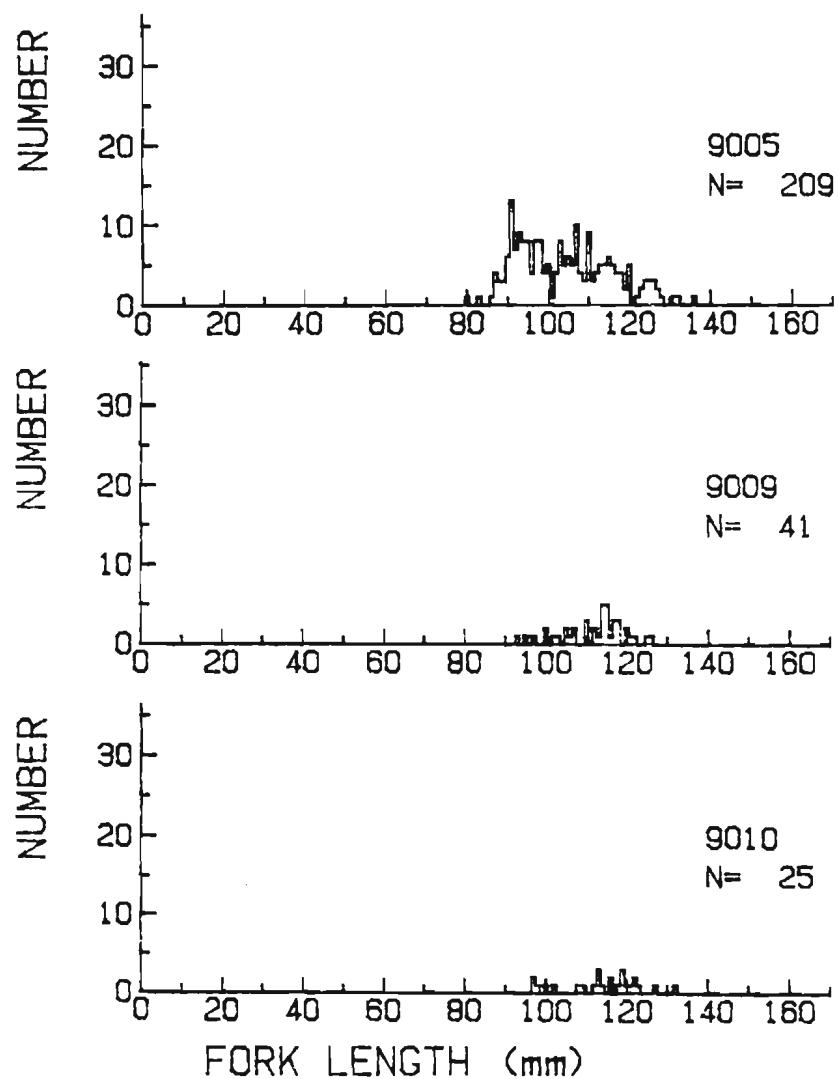


Fig. 11. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302N from May, 1990 (9005) until October, 1990 (9010).

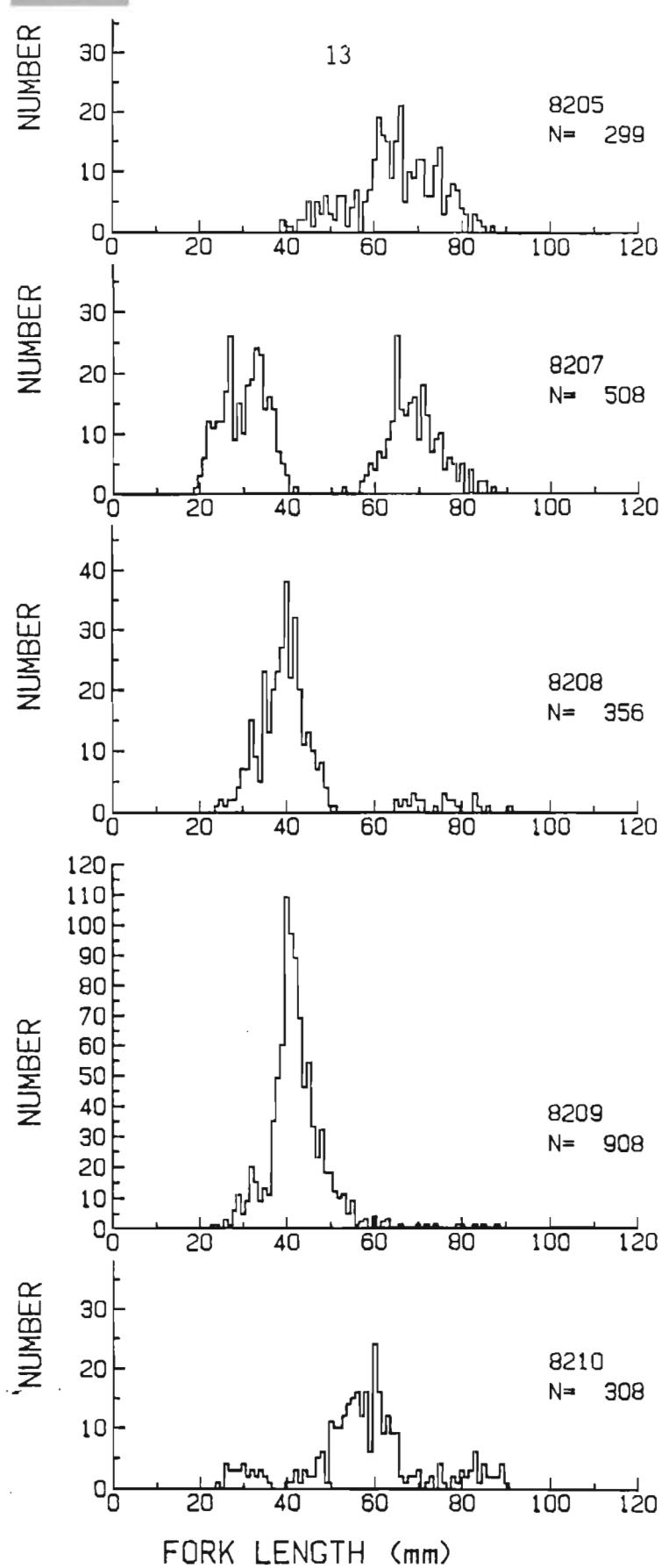


Fig. 2a. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302N from May, 1982 (8205) until October, 1982 (8210). Note change in scale of y-axis for September, 1982 (8209).

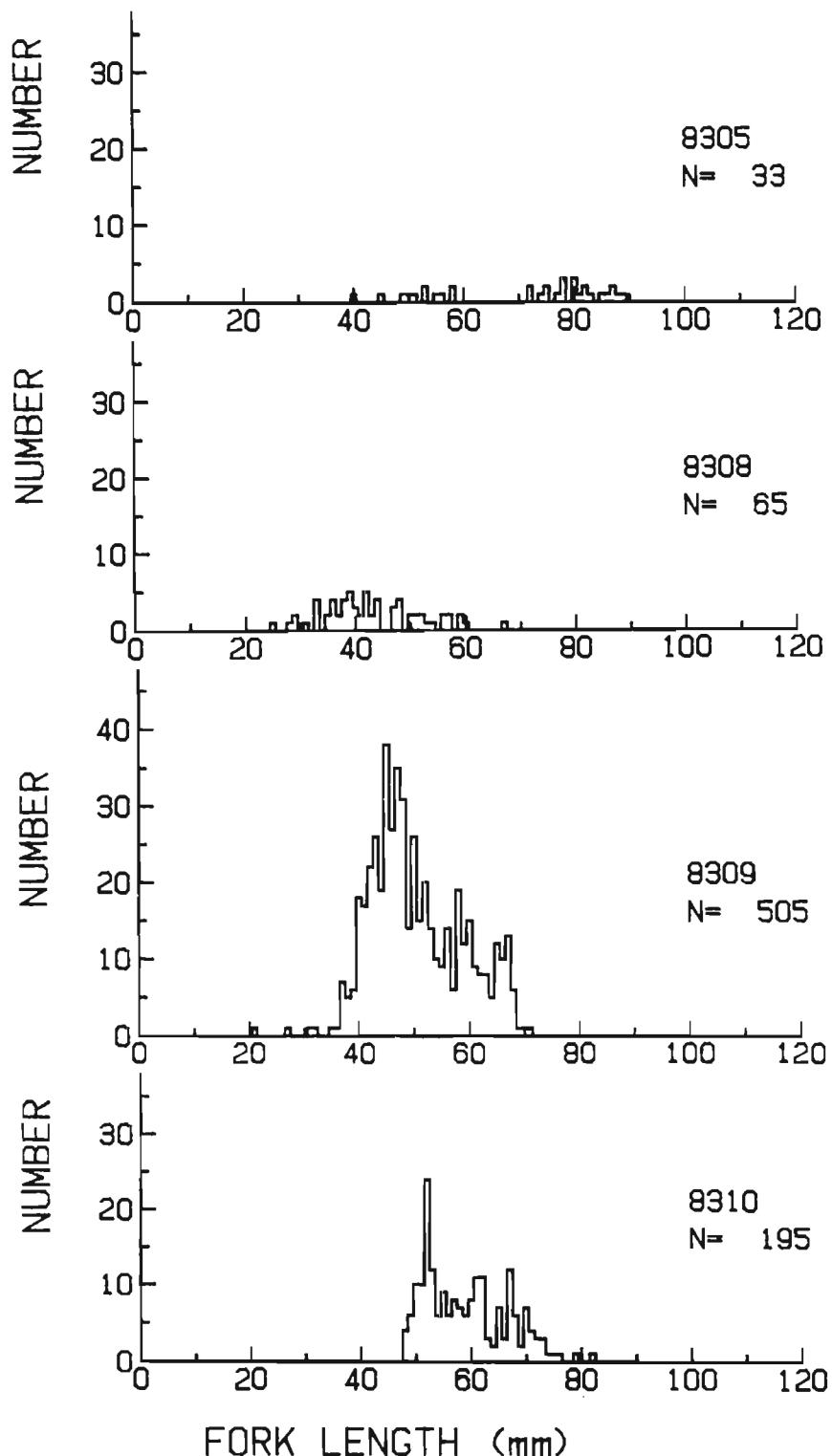


Fig. 2b. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302N from May, 1983 (8305) until October, 1983 (8310).

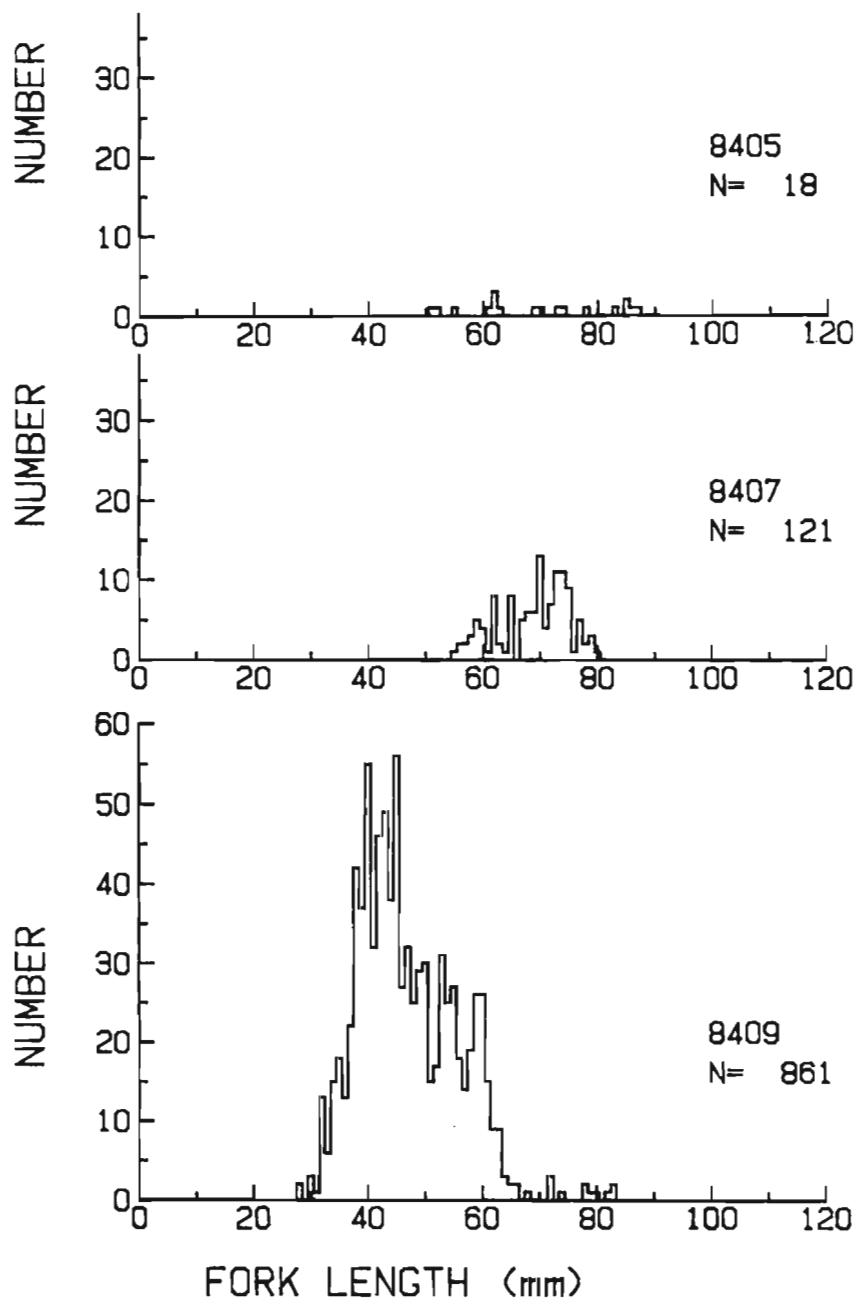


Fig. 2c. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302N from May, 1984 (8405) until September, 1984 (8409).

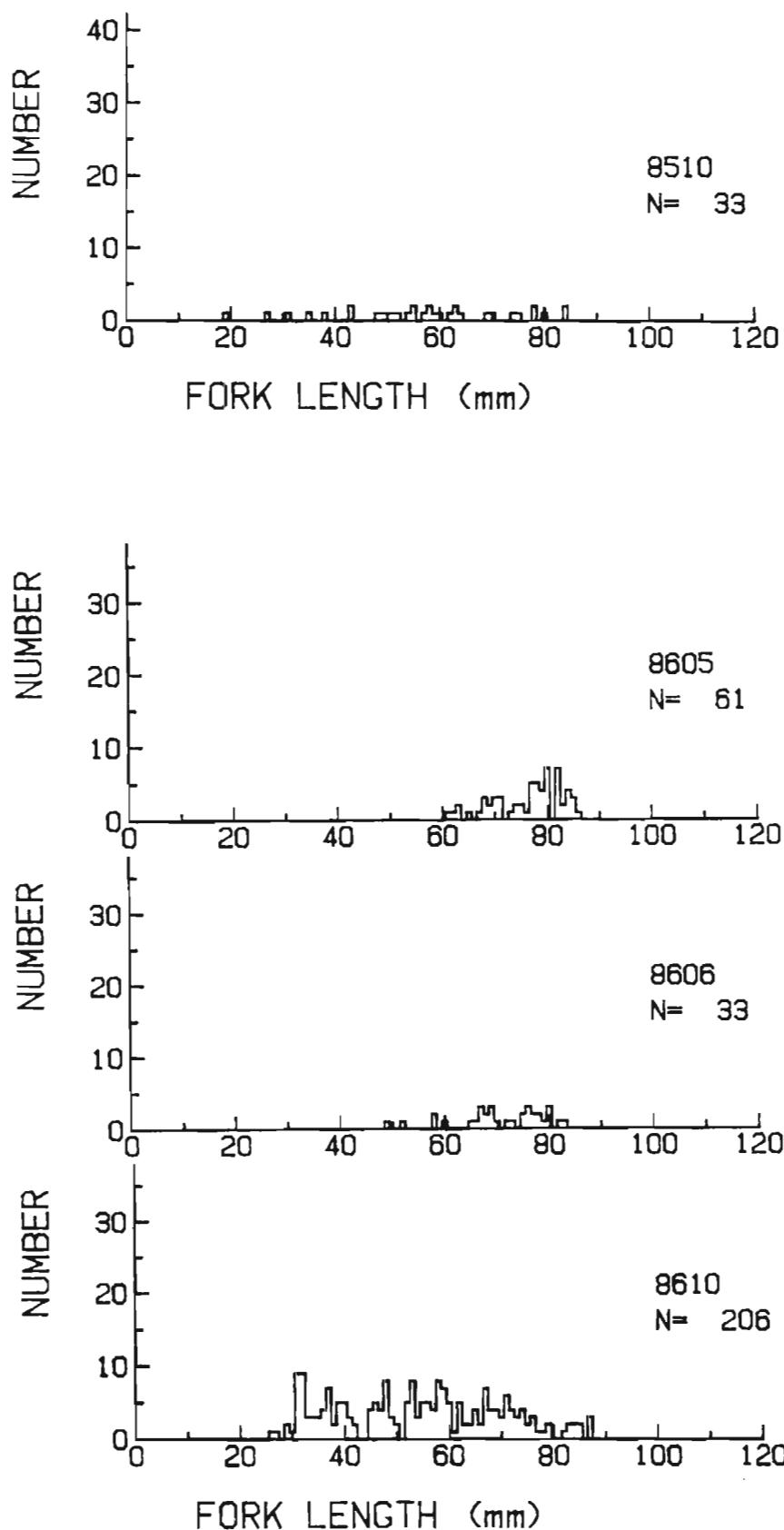


Fig. 2d. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302N from October, 1985 (8510) until October, 1986 (8610).

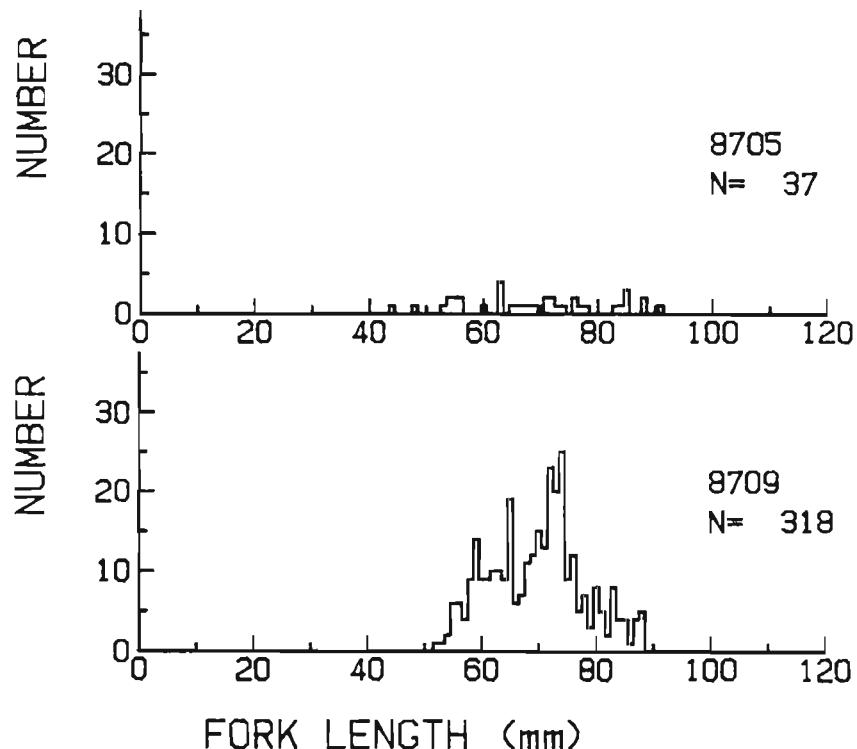


Fig. 2e. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302N for May, 1987 (8705) and September, 1987 (8709).

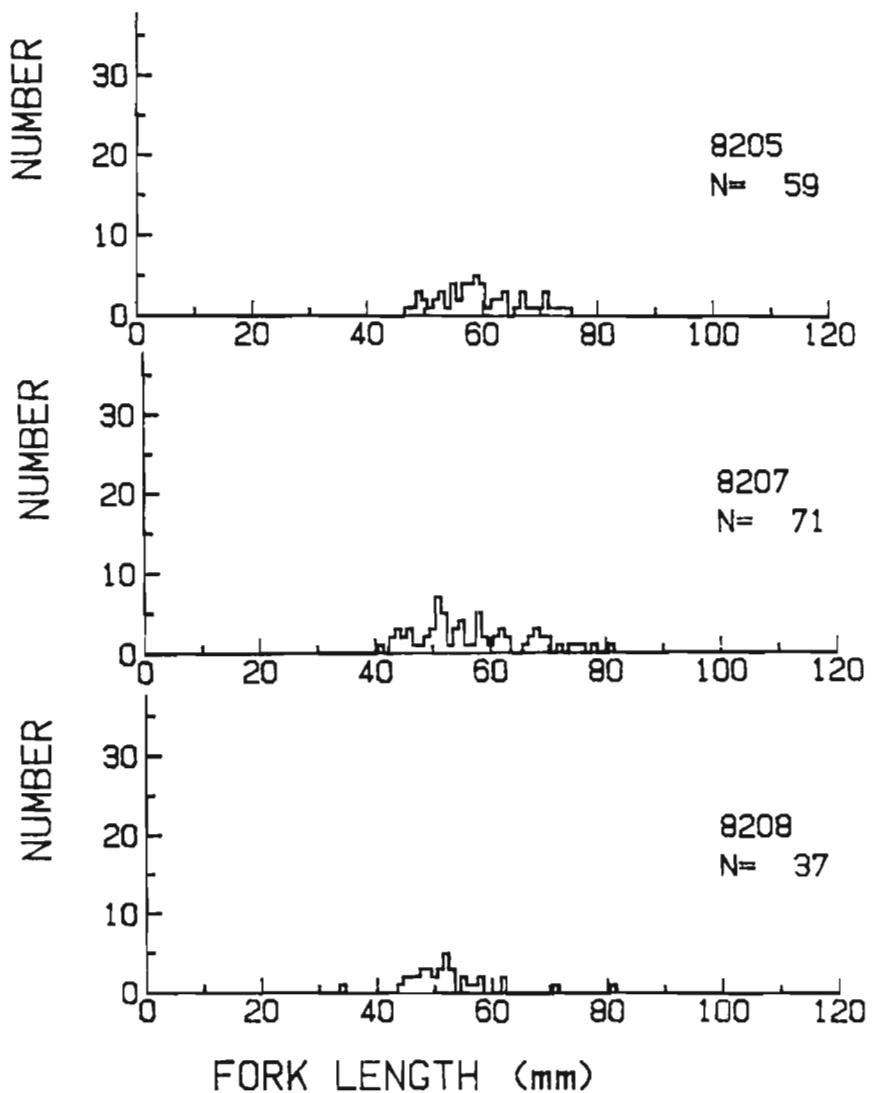


Fig. 3a. Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302N from May, 1982 (8205) until August, 1982 (8208).

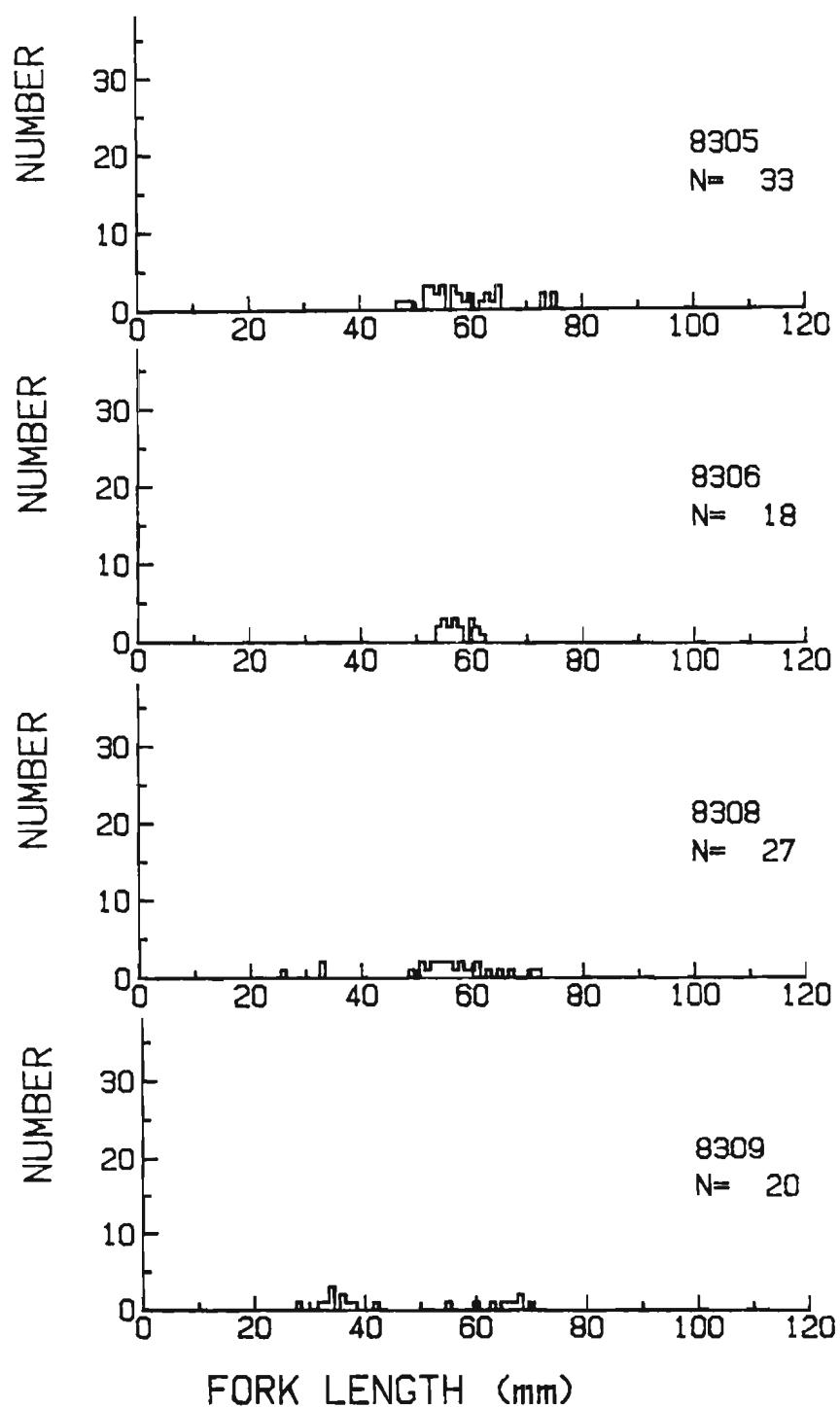


Fig. 3b. Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302N from May, 1983 (8305) until September, 1983 (8309).

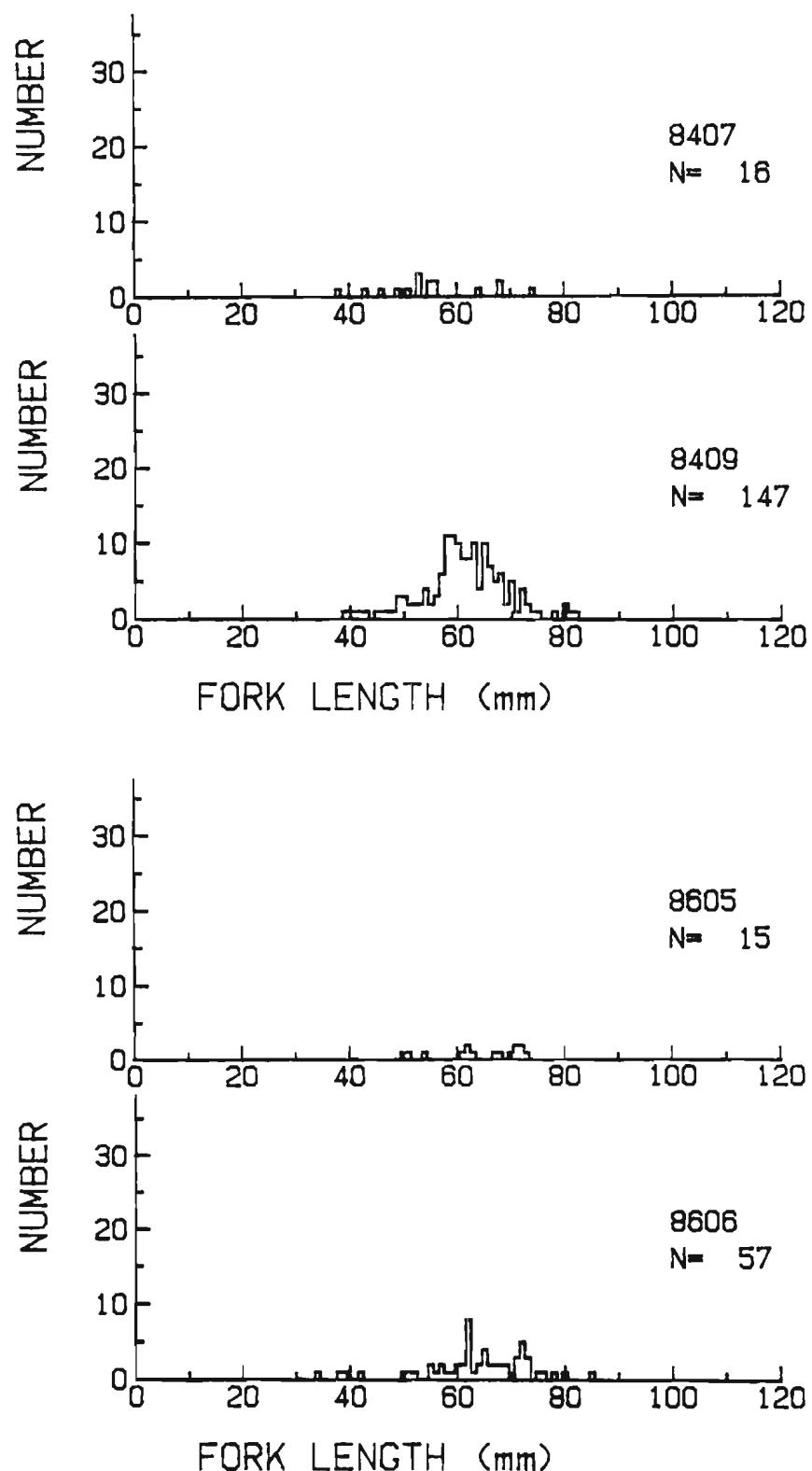


Fig 3c. Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302 from July, 1984 (8407) until June, 1986 (8606).

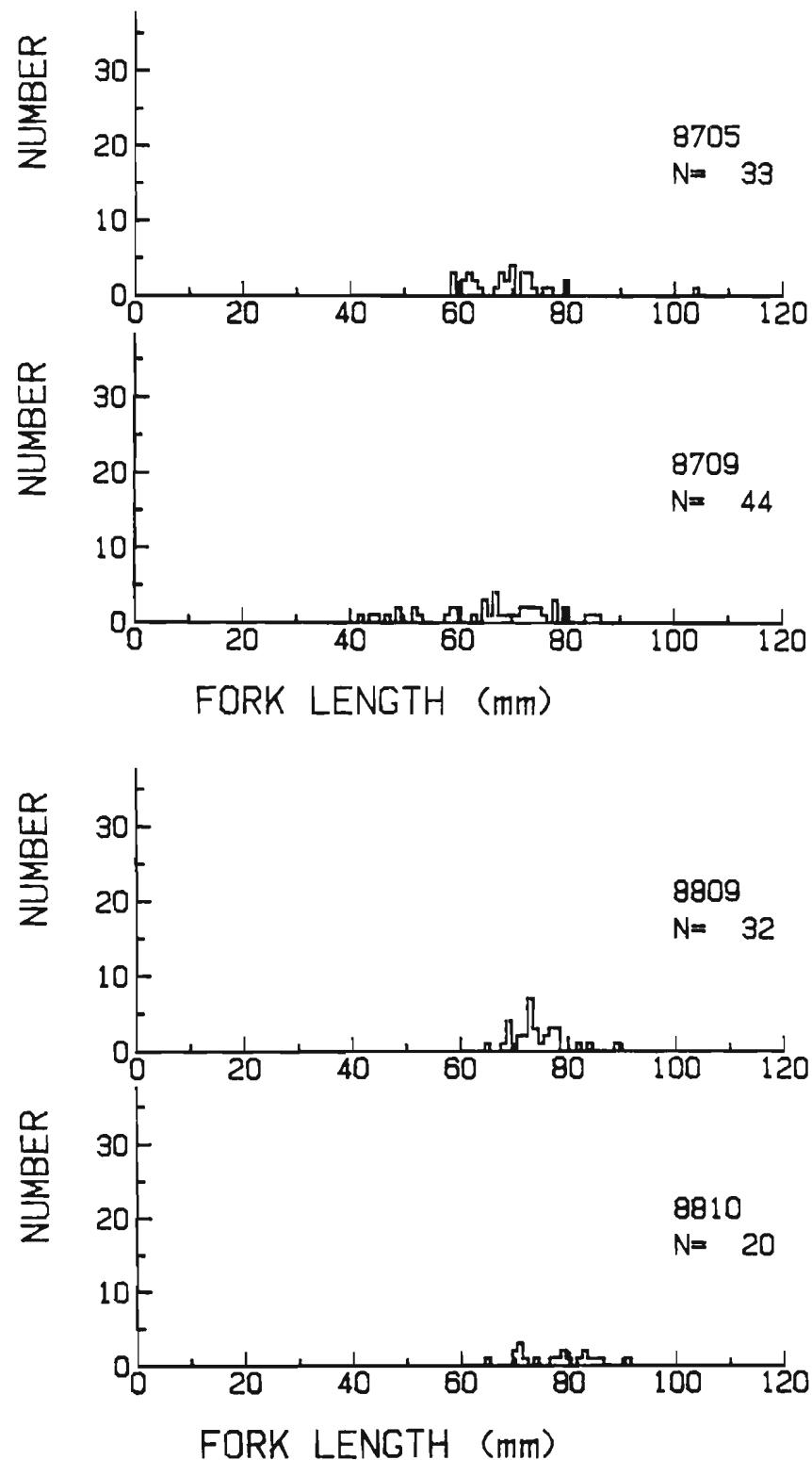


Fig. 3d. Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302N from May, 1987 (8705) until October, 1988 (8810).

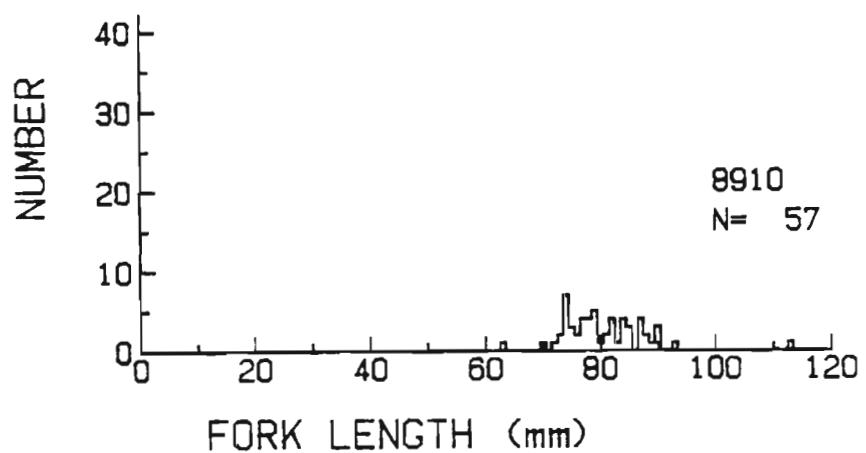


Fig. 3e. Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302N for October, 1989 (8910).

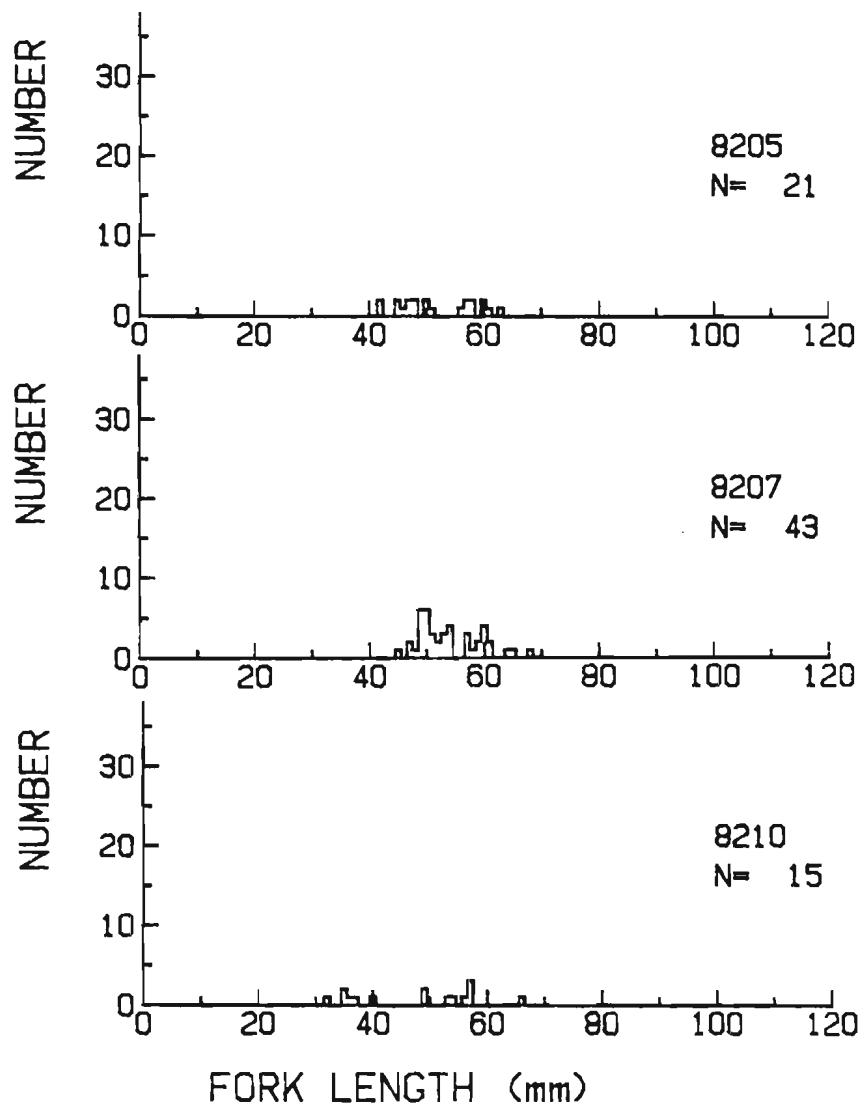


Fig. 4a. Monthly length-frequency distributions for northern redbelly dace in L302N from May, 1982 (8205) until October, 1982 (8210).

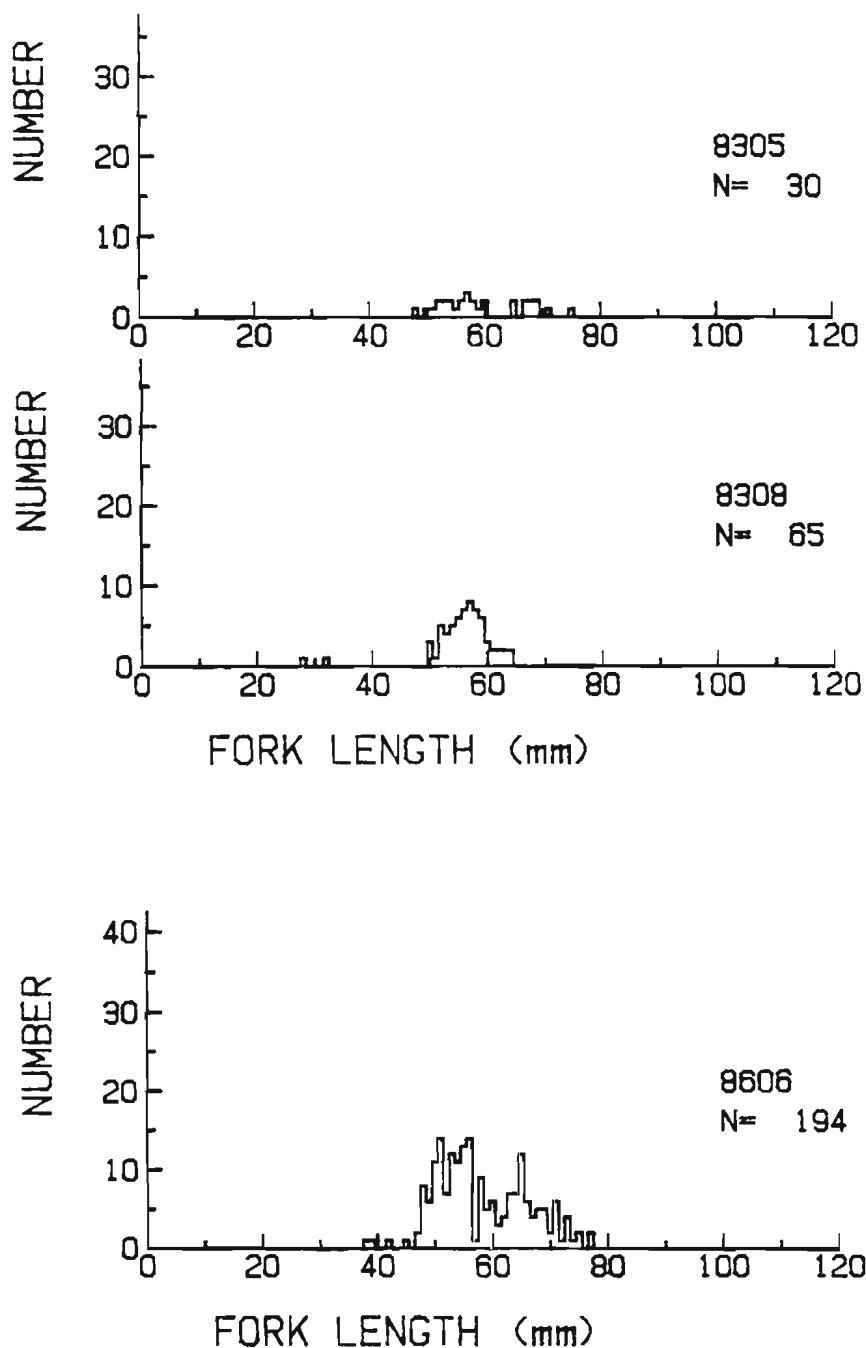


Fig. 4b. Monthly length-frequency distributions for northern redbelly dace in L302N from May, 1983 (8305) until June, 1986 (8606).

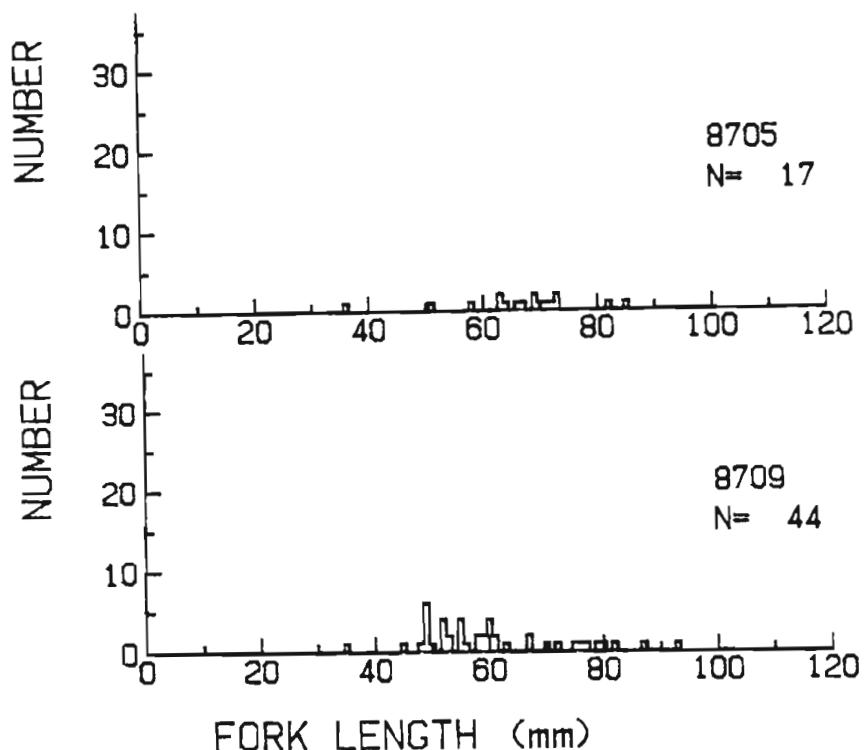


Fig. 4c. Monthly length-frequency distributions for northern redbelly dace in L302N for May, 1987 (8705) and September, 1987 (8709).

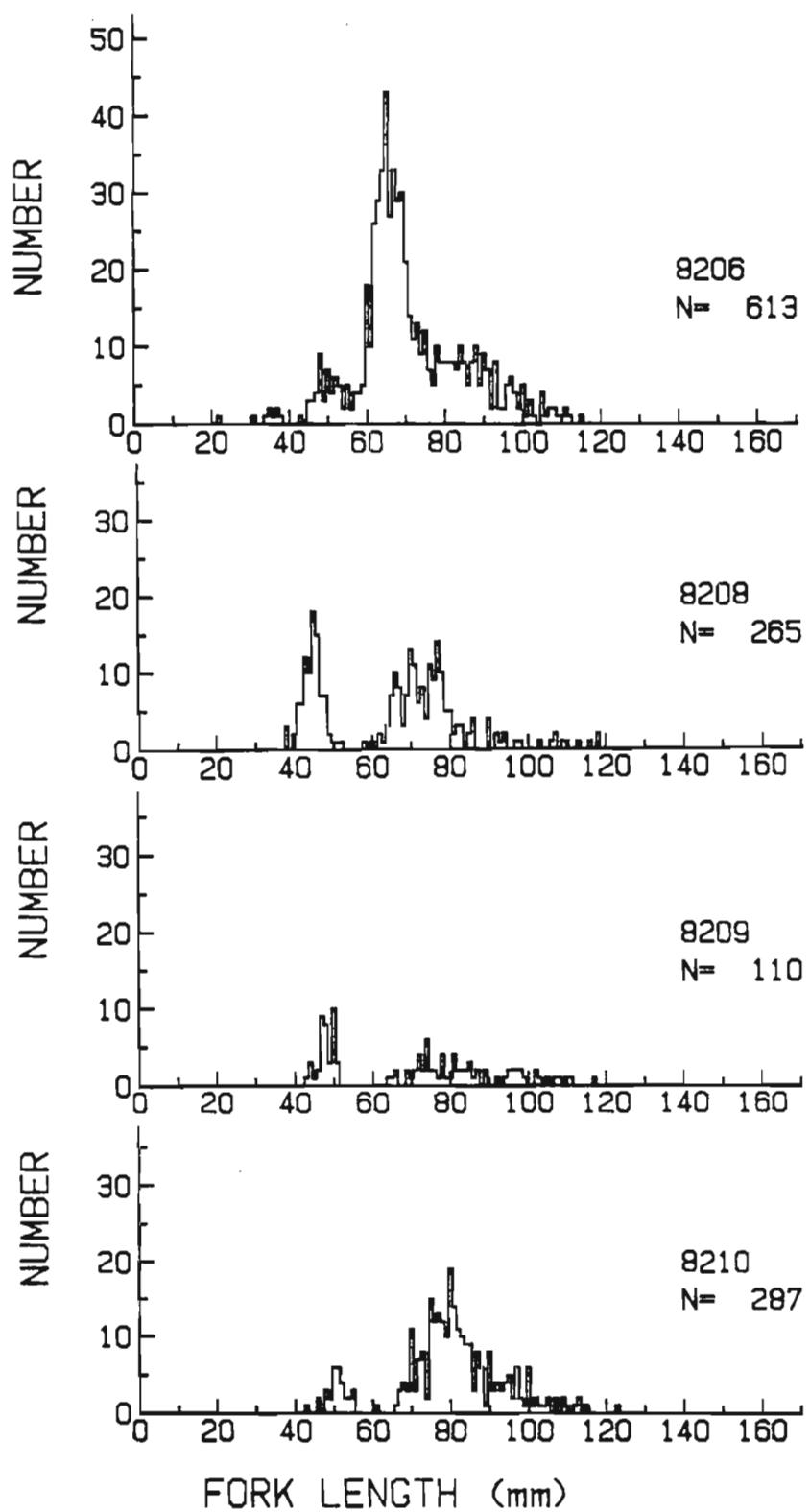


Fig. 5a. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302S from June, 1982 (8206) until October, 1982 (8210).

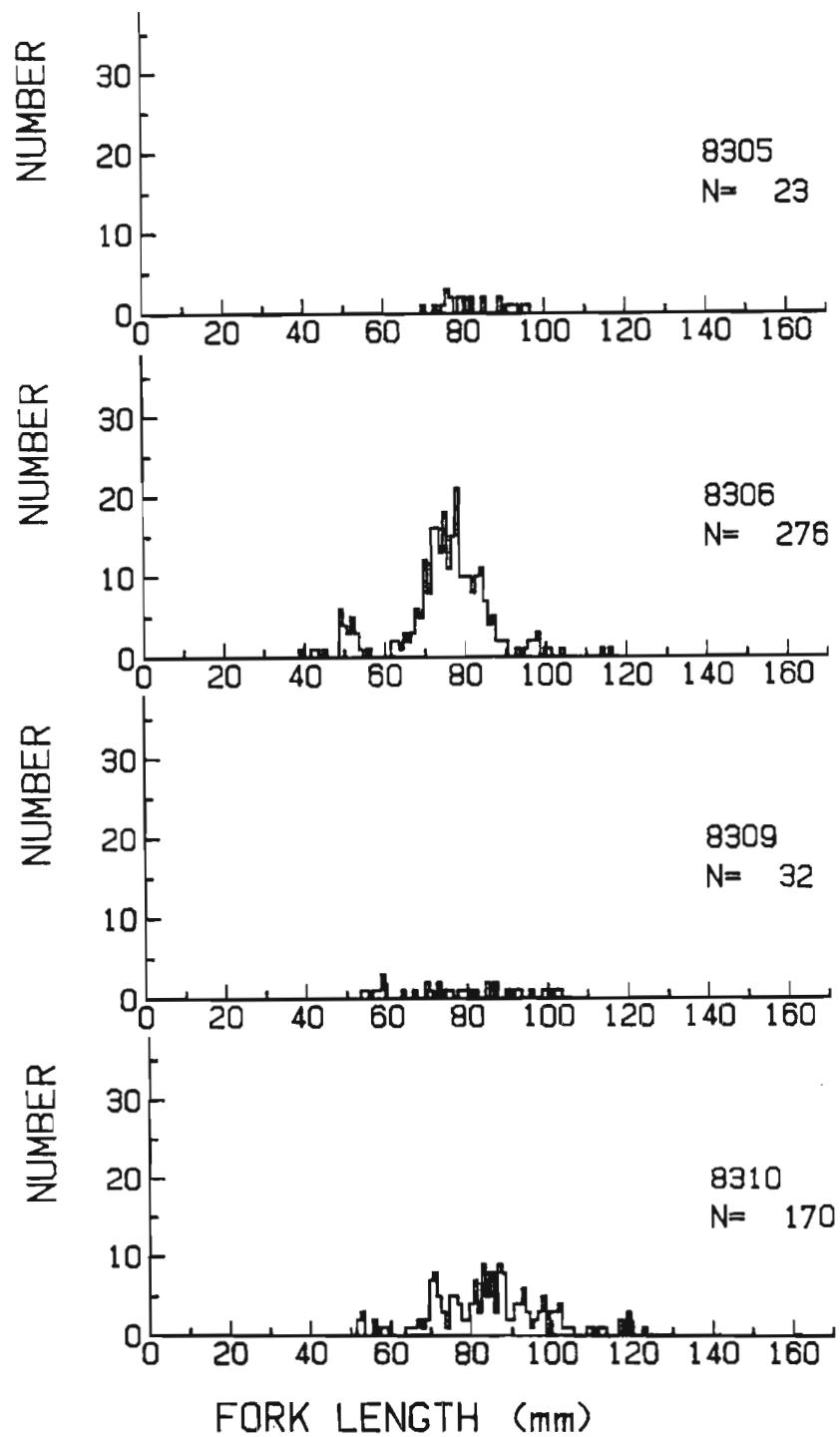


Fig. 5b. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302S from May, 1983 (8305) until October, 1983 (8310).

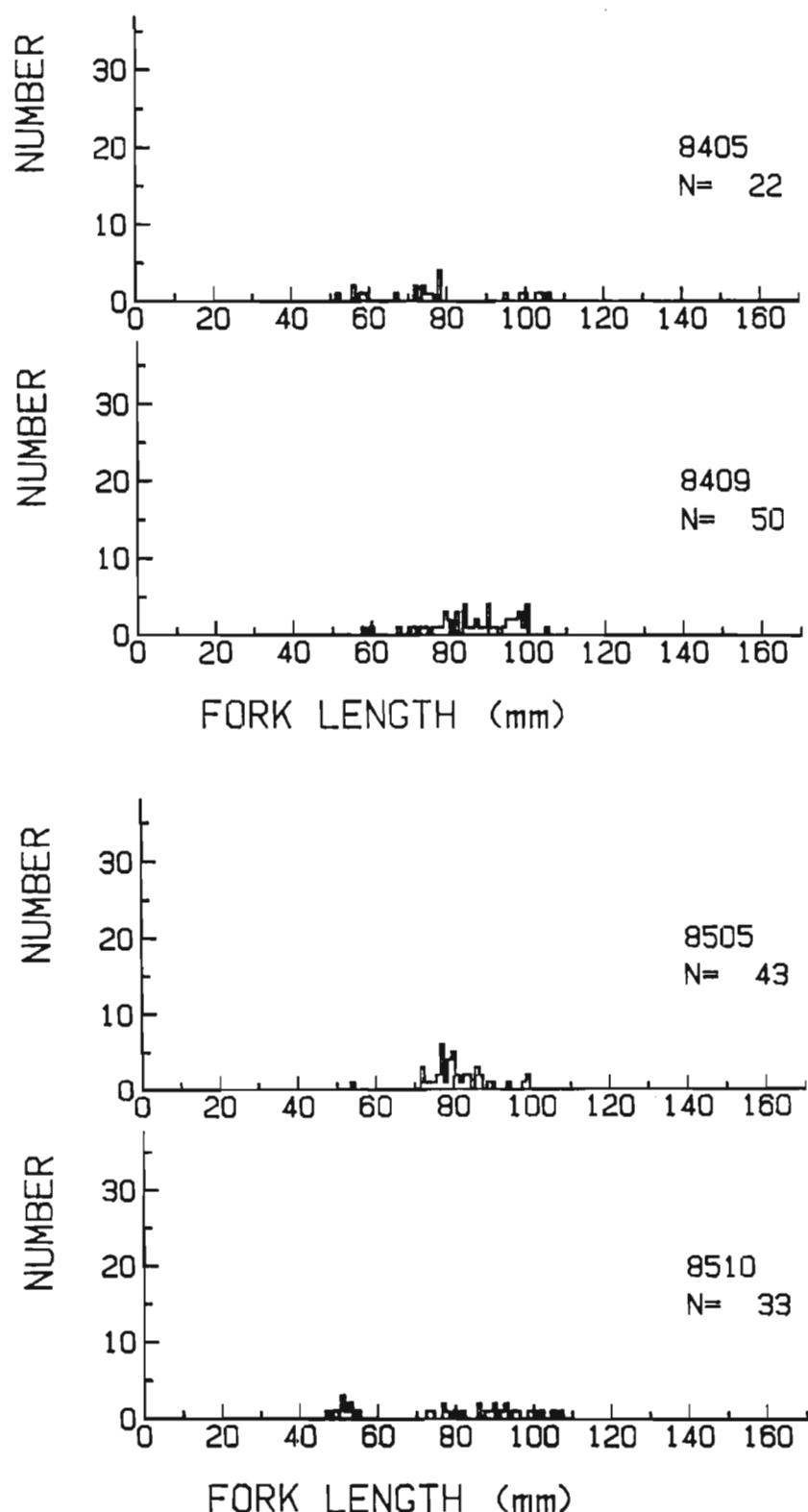


Fig. 5c. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302S from May, 1984 (8405) until October, 1985 (8510).

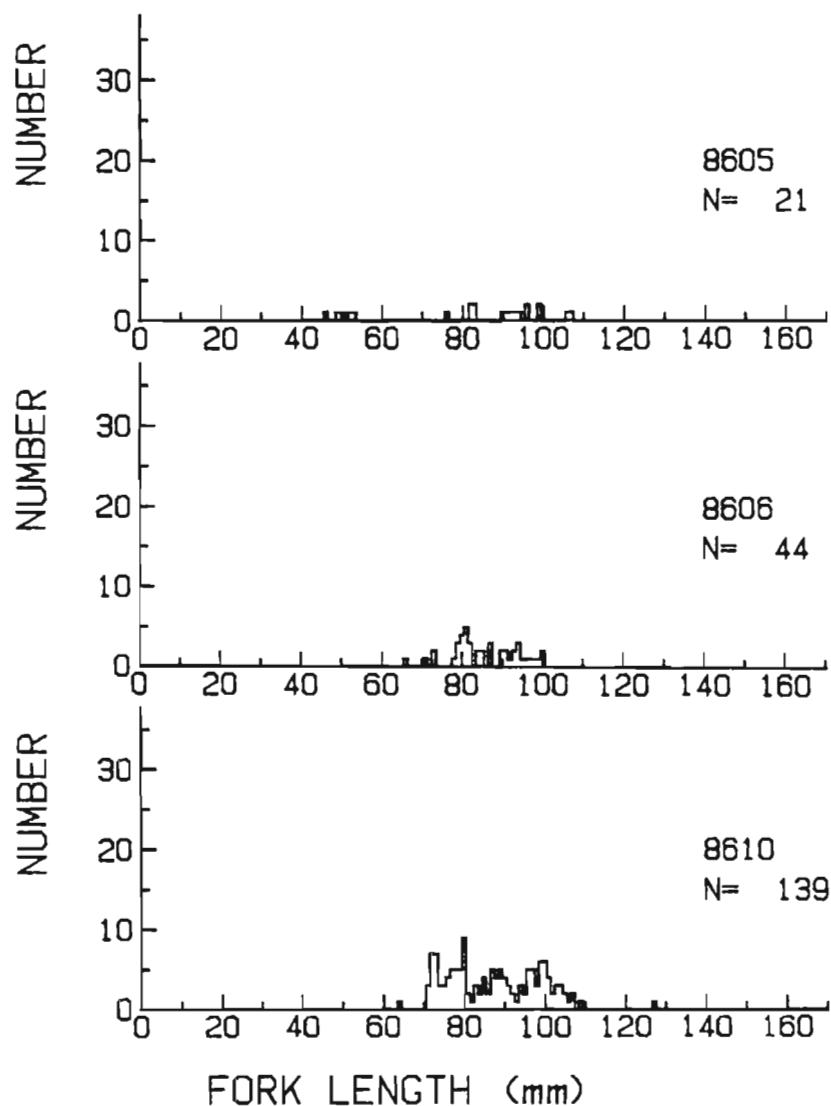


Fig. 5d. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302S from May, 1986 (8605) until October, 1986 (8610).

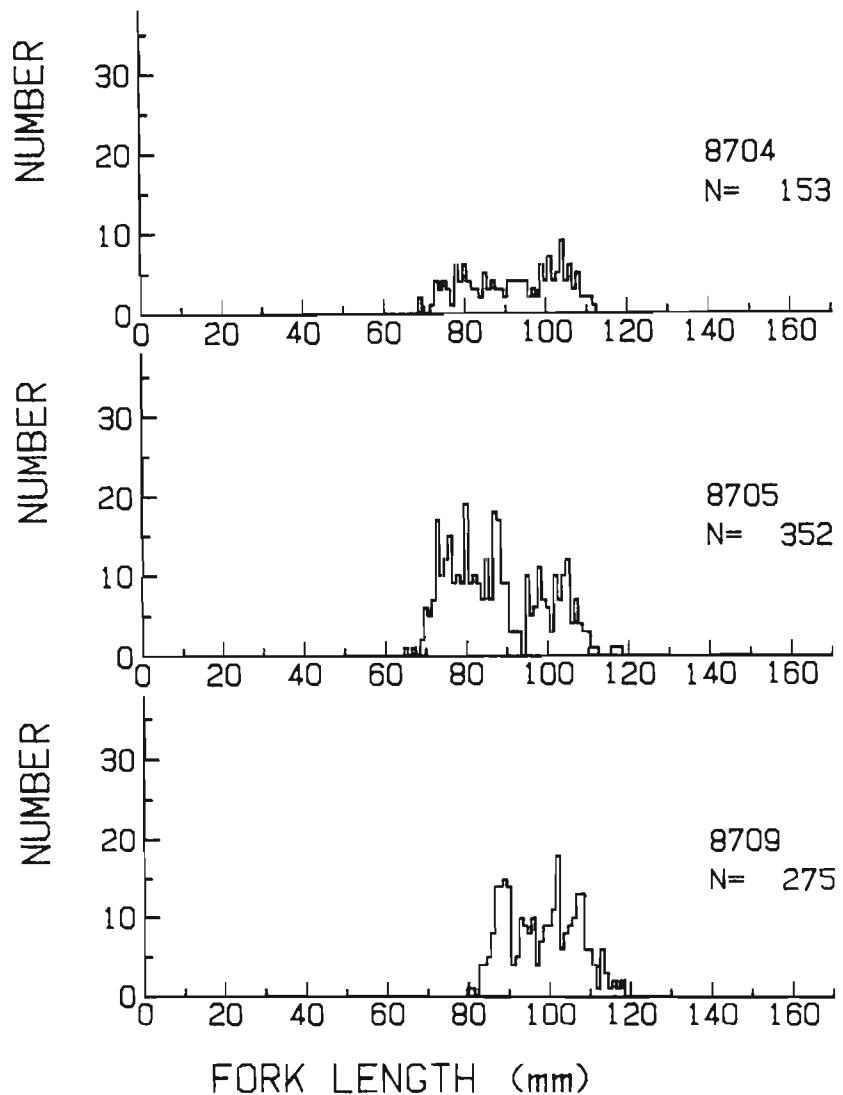


Fig. 5e. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302S from April, 1987 (8704) until September, 1987 (8709).

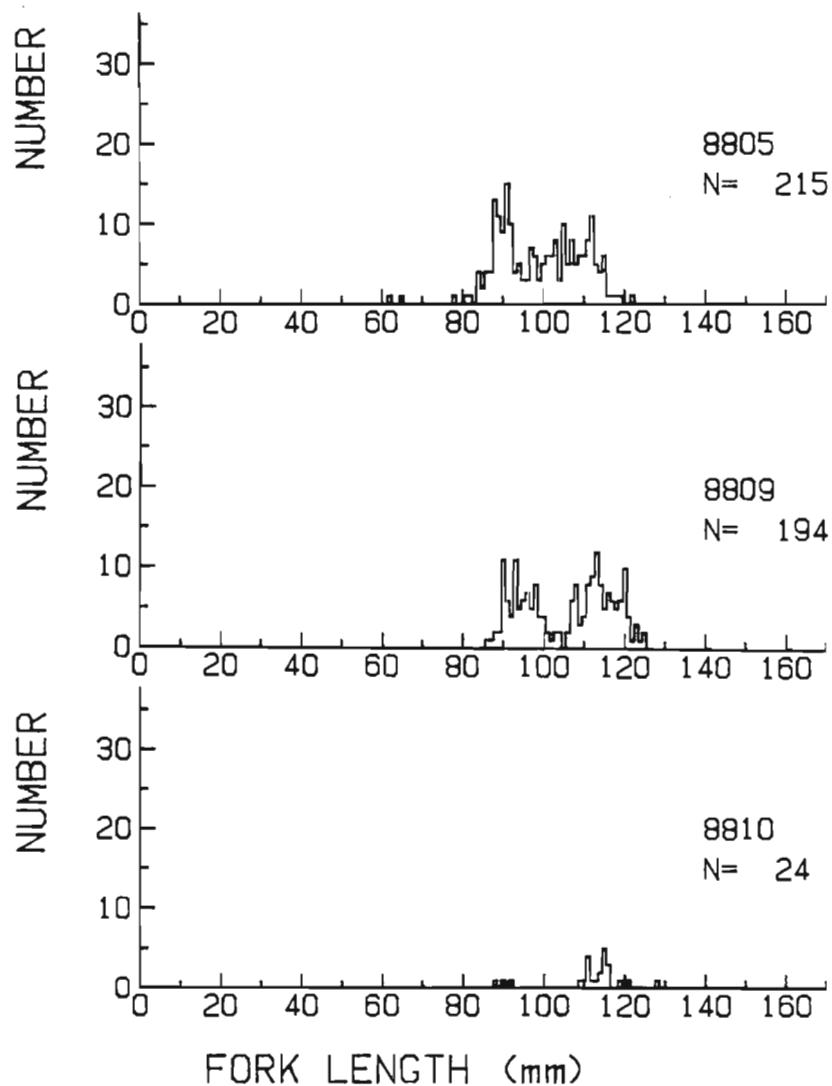


Fig. 5f. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302S from May, 1988 (8805) until October, 1988 (8810).

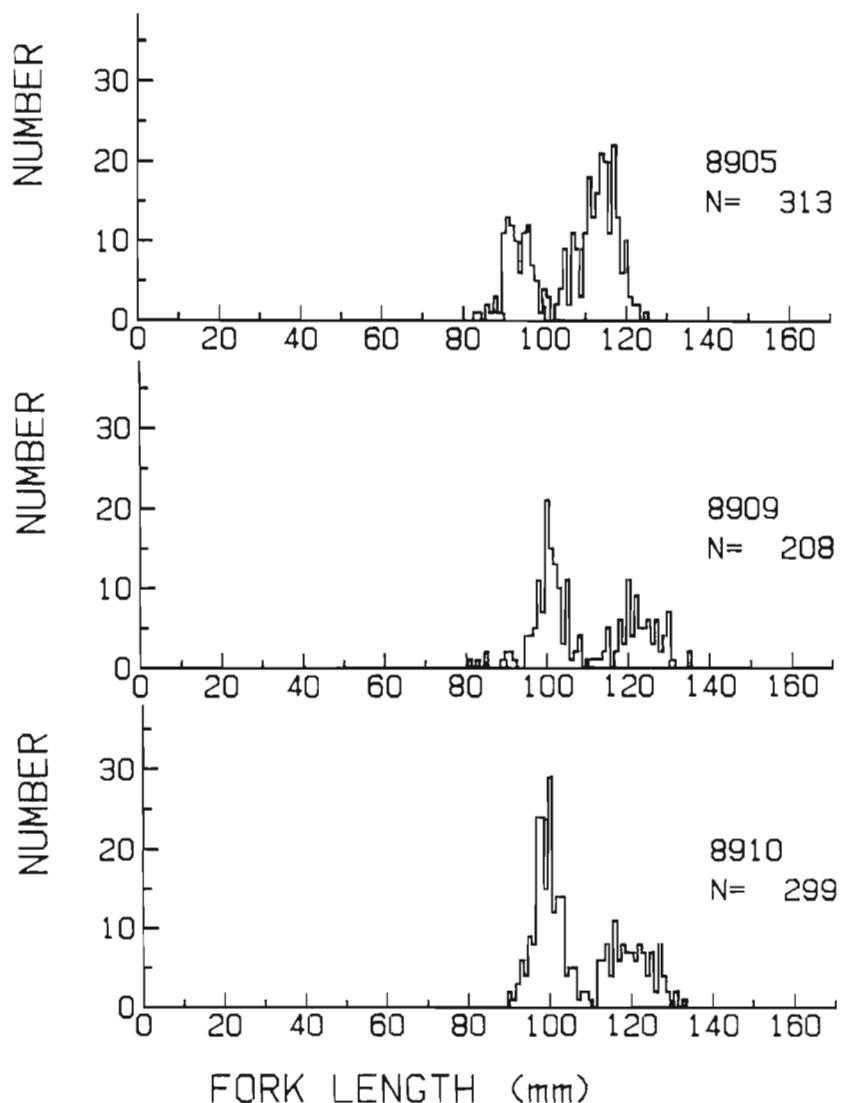


Fig. 5g. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L302S from May, 1989 (8905) until October, 1989 (8910).

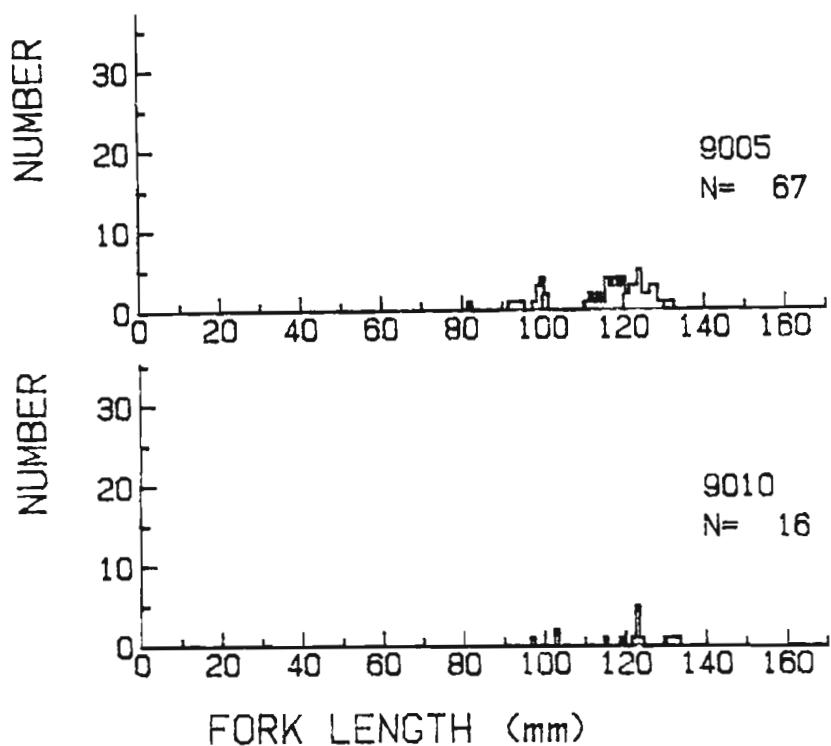


Fig. 5h. Monthly length-frequency distributions for pearl dace in L3025 for May, 1990 (9005) and October, 1990 (9010).

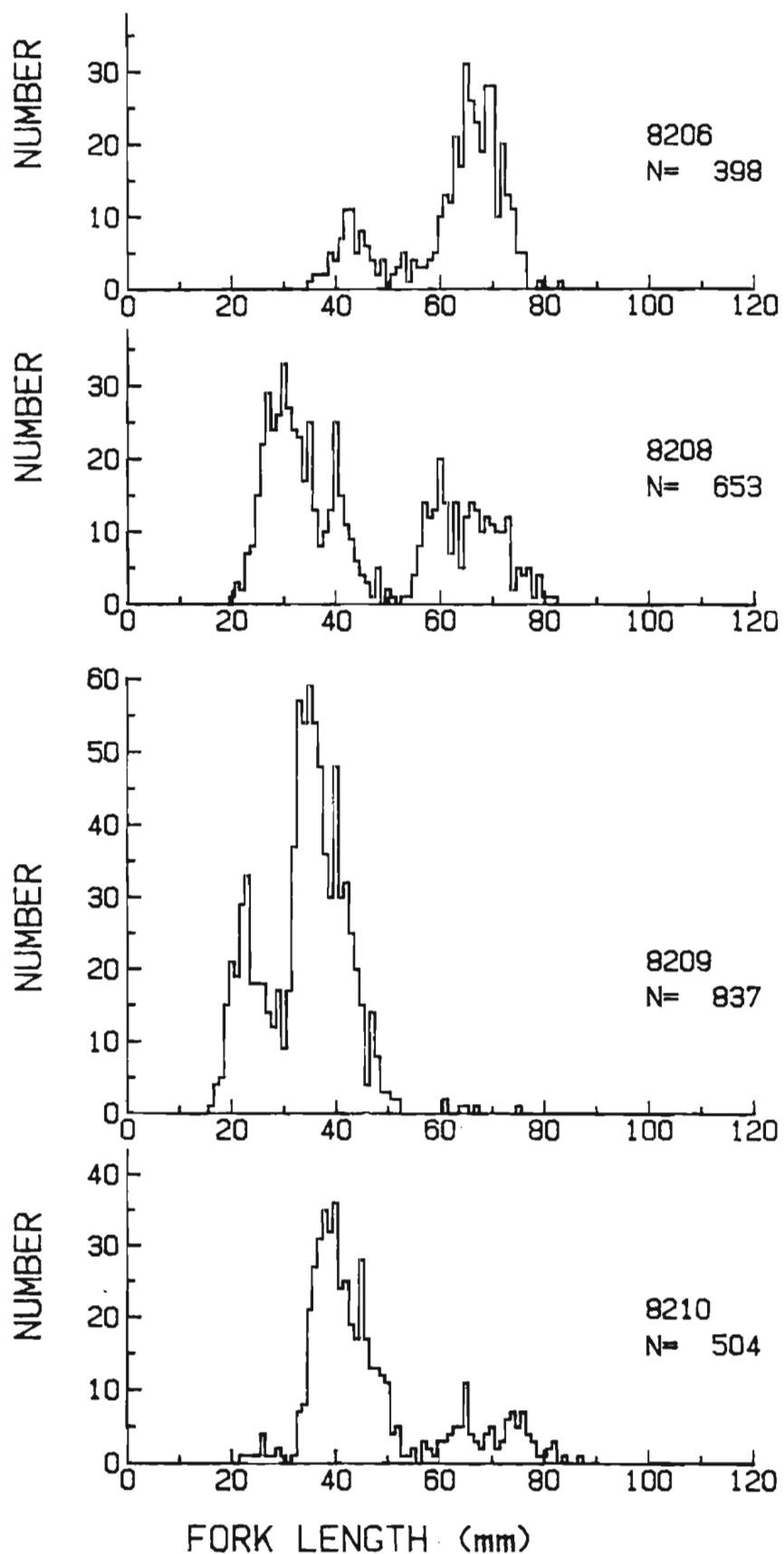


Fig. 6a. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302S from June, 1982 (8206) until October, 1982 (8210).

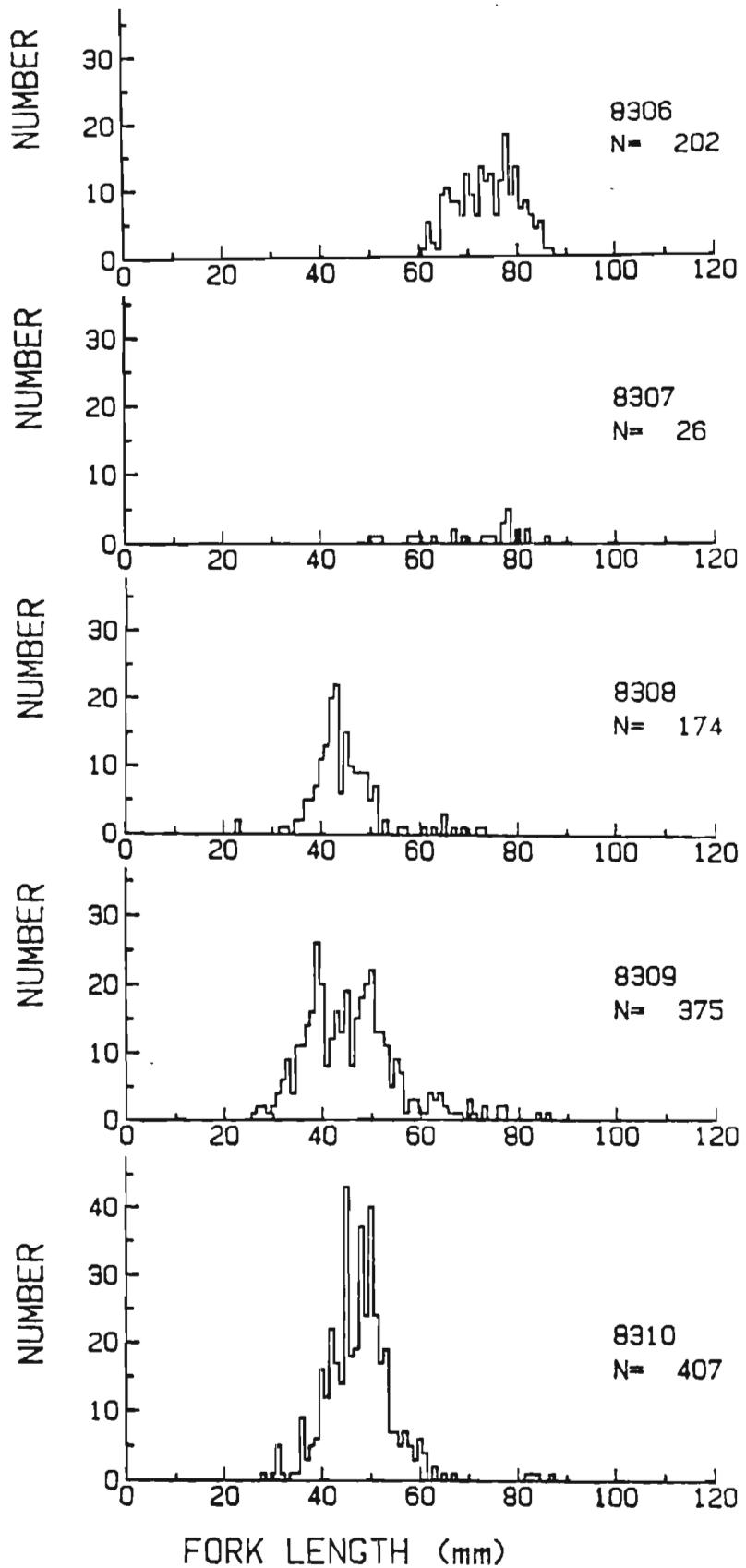


Fig. 6b. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302S from June, 1983 (8306) until October, 1983 (8310).

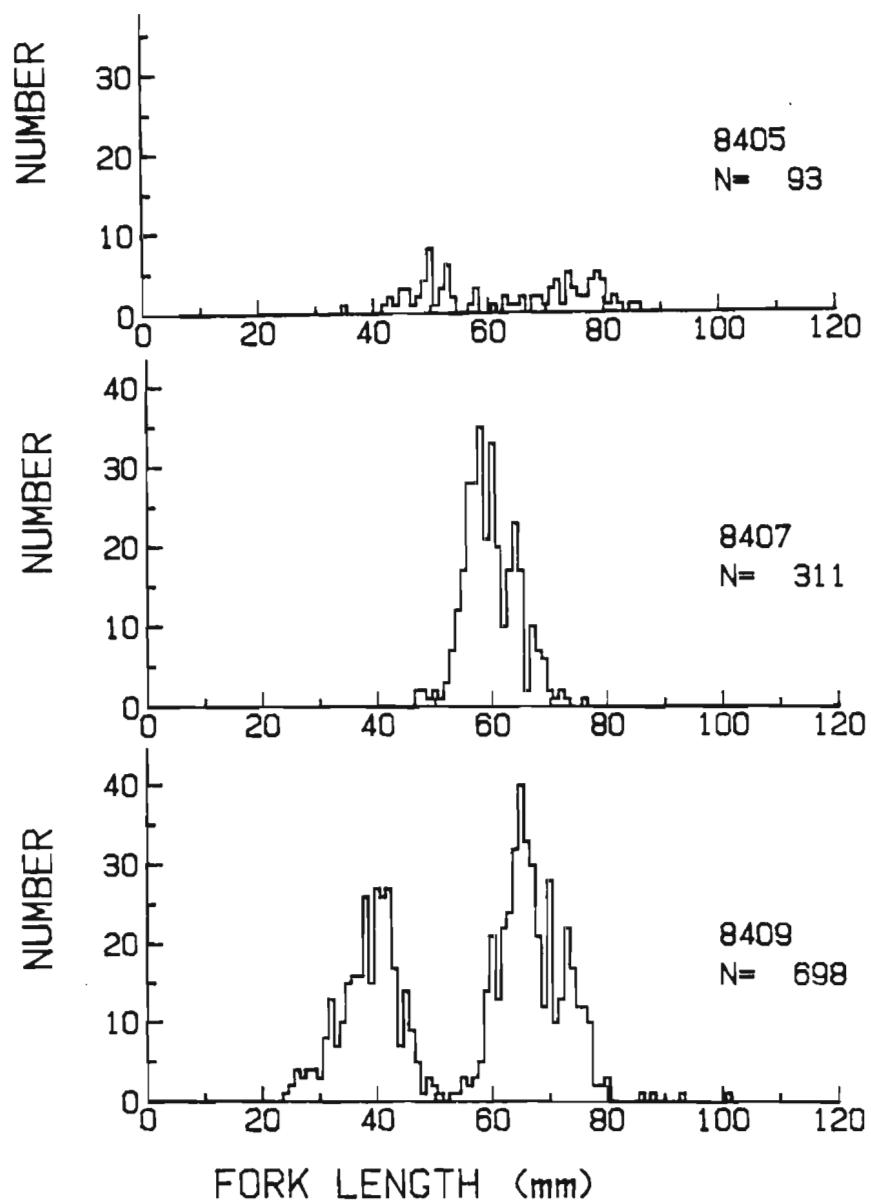


Fig. 6c. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302S from May, 1984 (8405) until September, 1984 (8409).

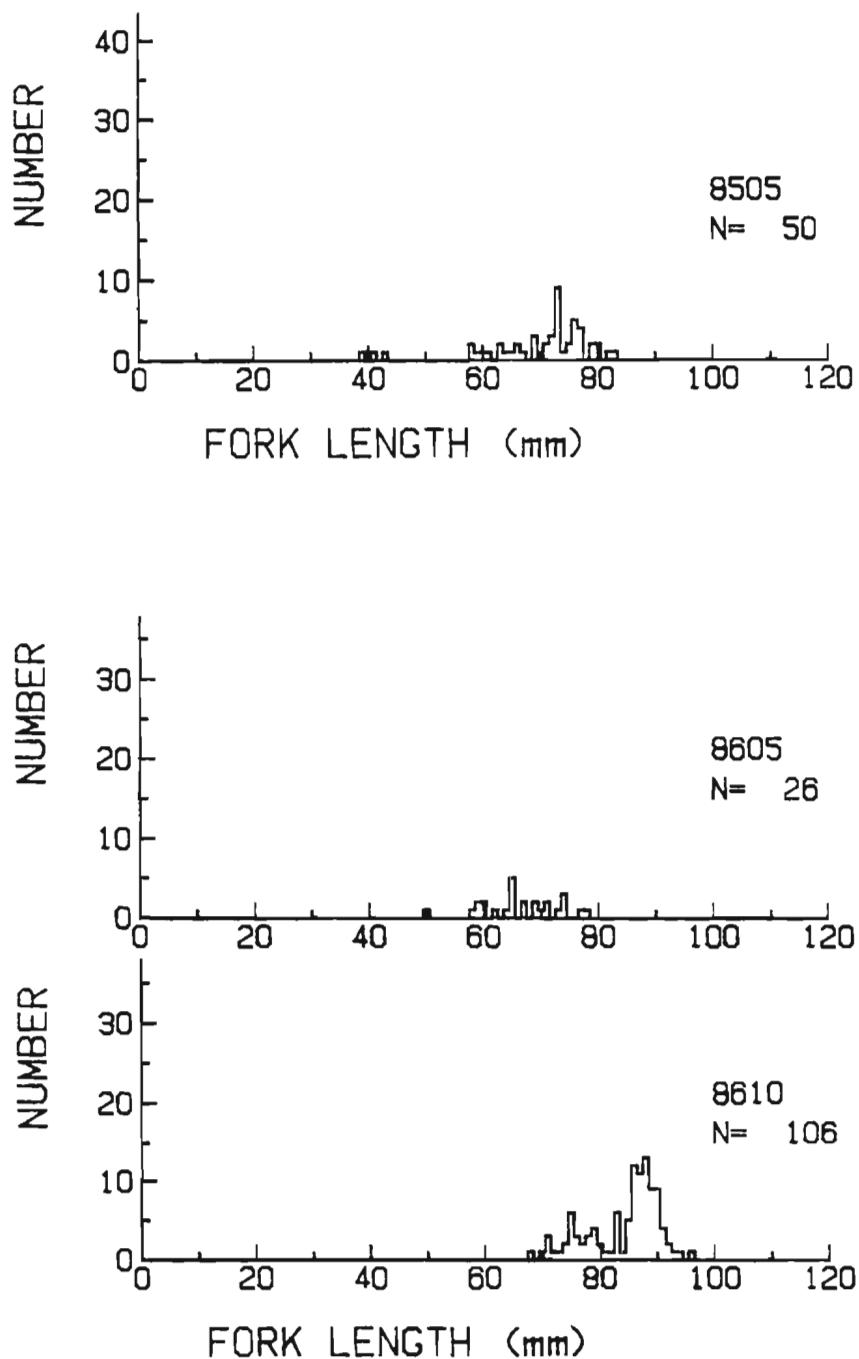


Fig. 6d. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302S from May, 1985 (8505) until October, 1986 (8610).

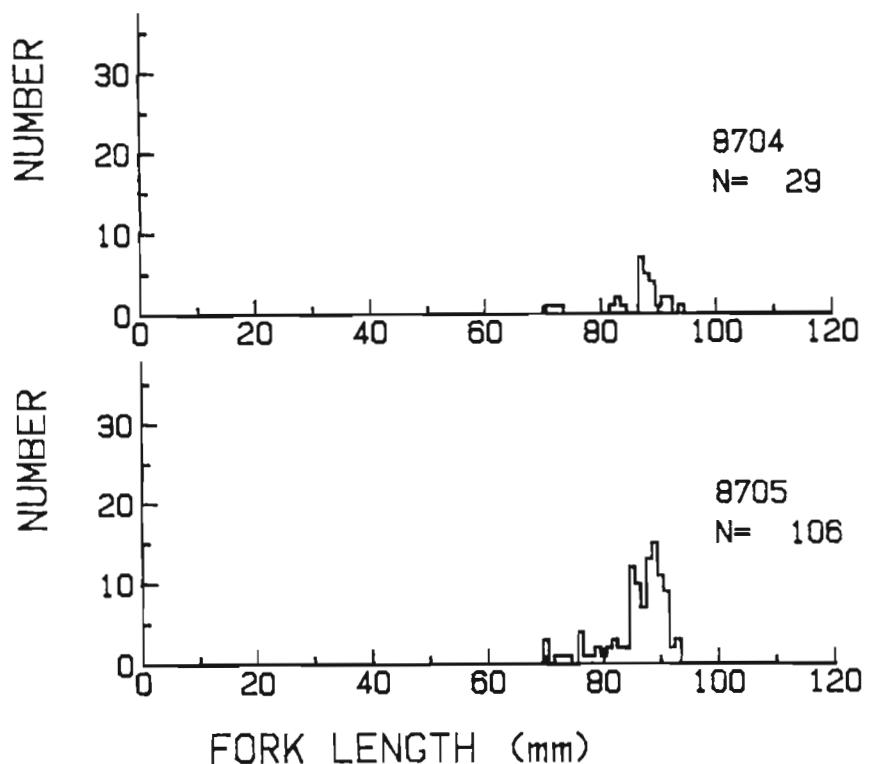


Fig. 6e. Monthly length-frequency distributions for fathead minnow in L302S from April, 1987 (8704) until May, 1987 (8705).

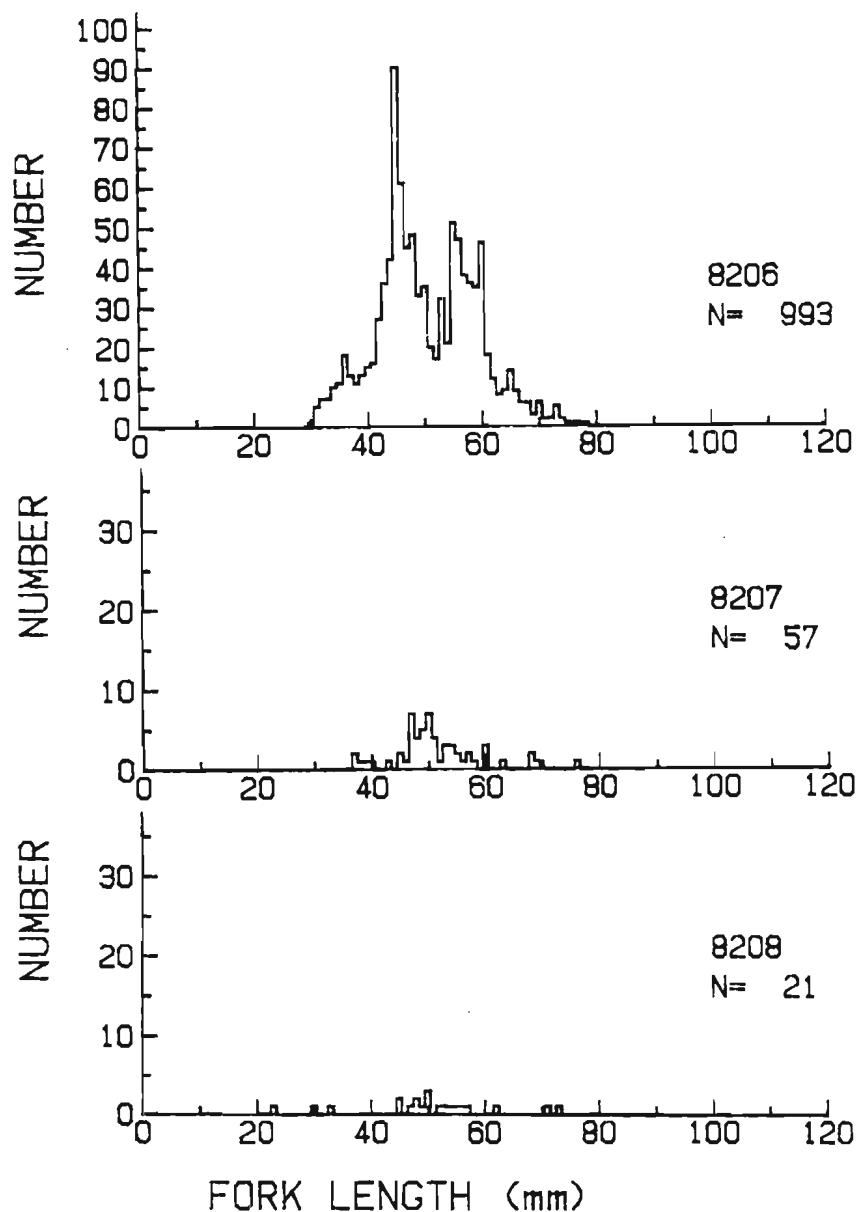


Fig. 7a. Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302S from June, 1982 (8206) until August, 1982 (8208). Note change in scale of y-axis for June, 1982 (8206).

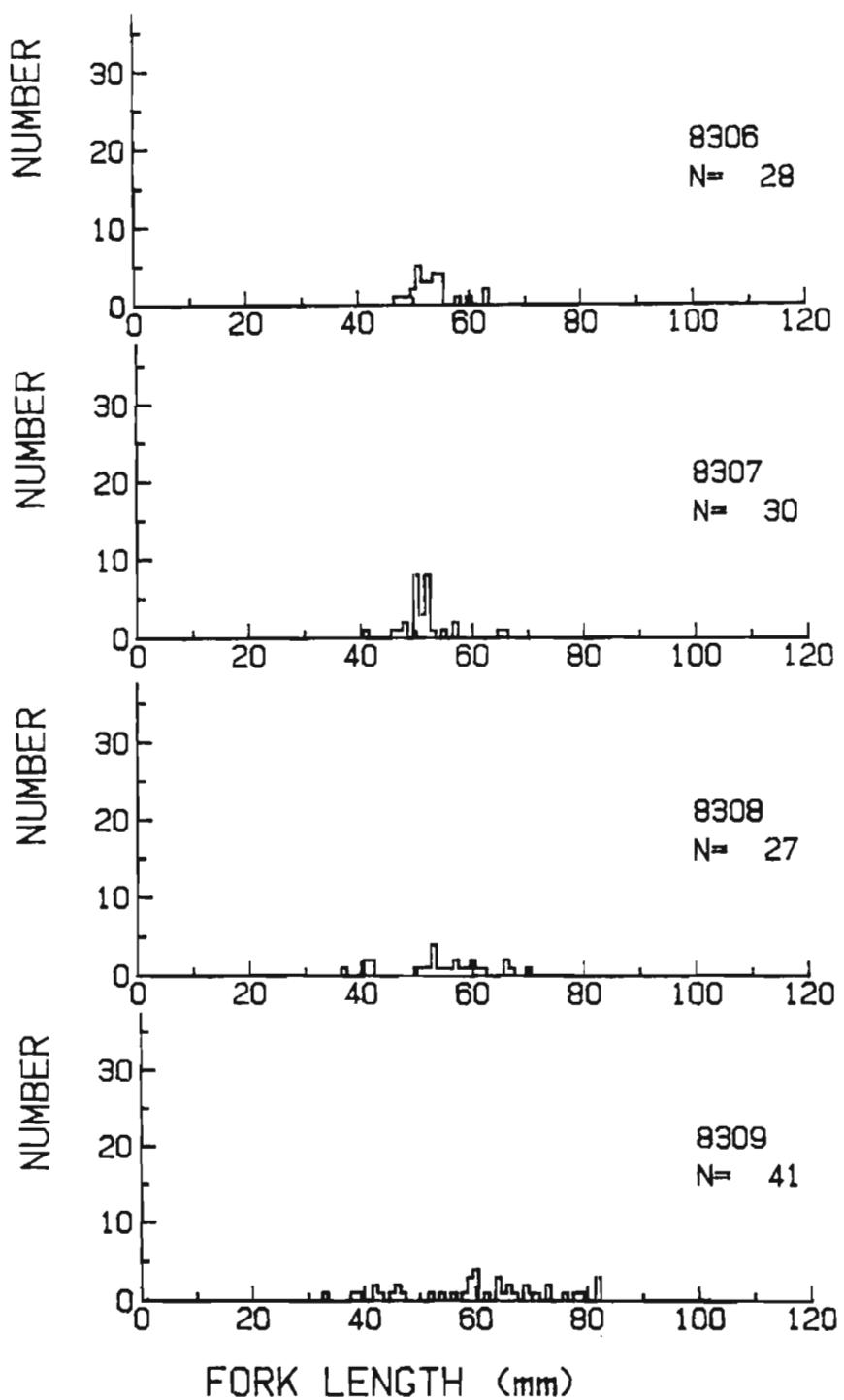


Fig. 7b. Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302S from June, 1983 (8306) until September, 1983 (8309).

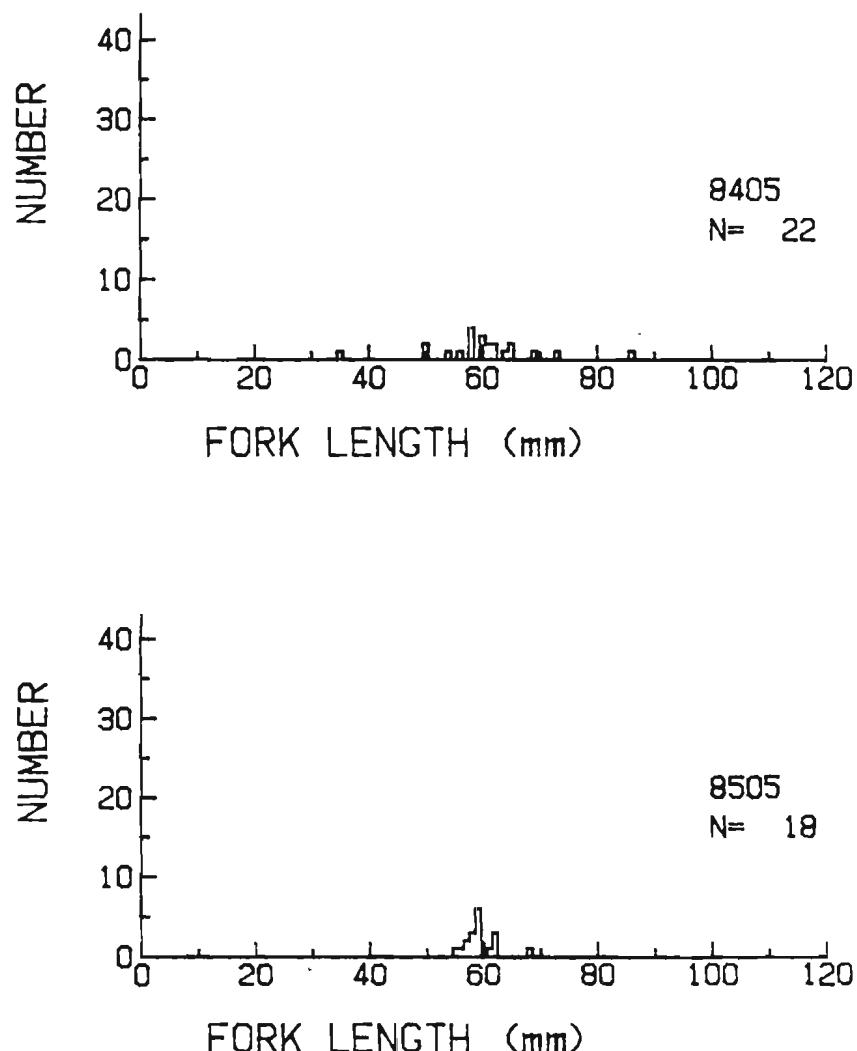


Fig. 7c. Monthly length-frequency distributions for finescale dace in L302S for May, 1984 (8405) and May, 1985 (8505).

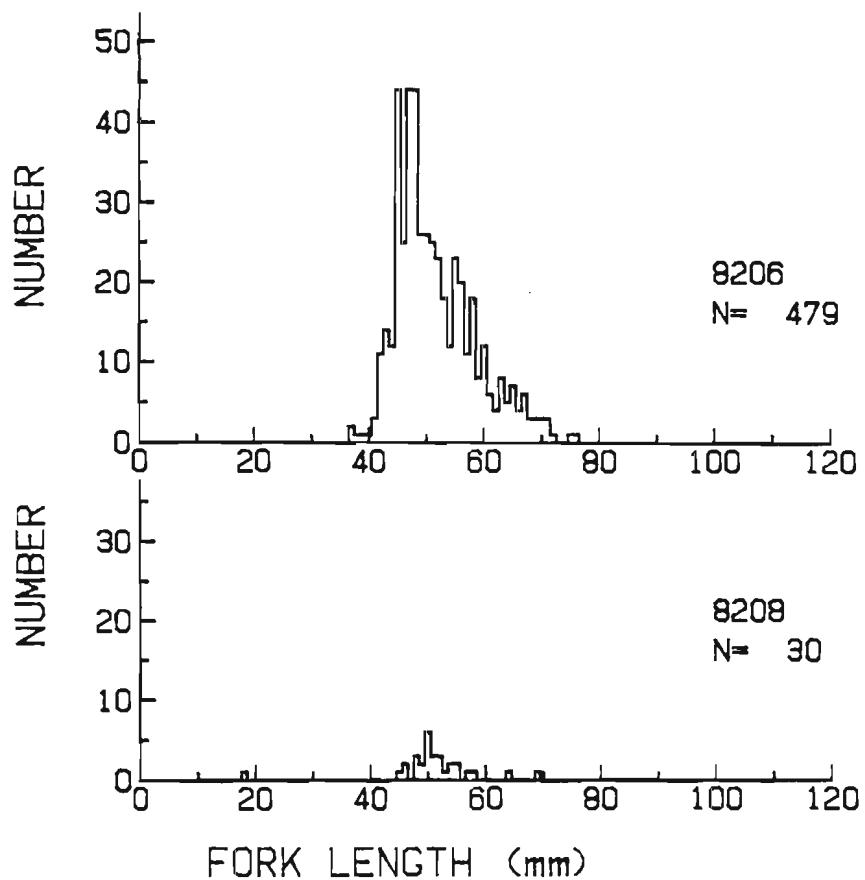


Fig. 8a. Monthly length-frequency distributions for northern redbelly dace in L302S for June, 1982 (8206) and August, 1982 (8208).

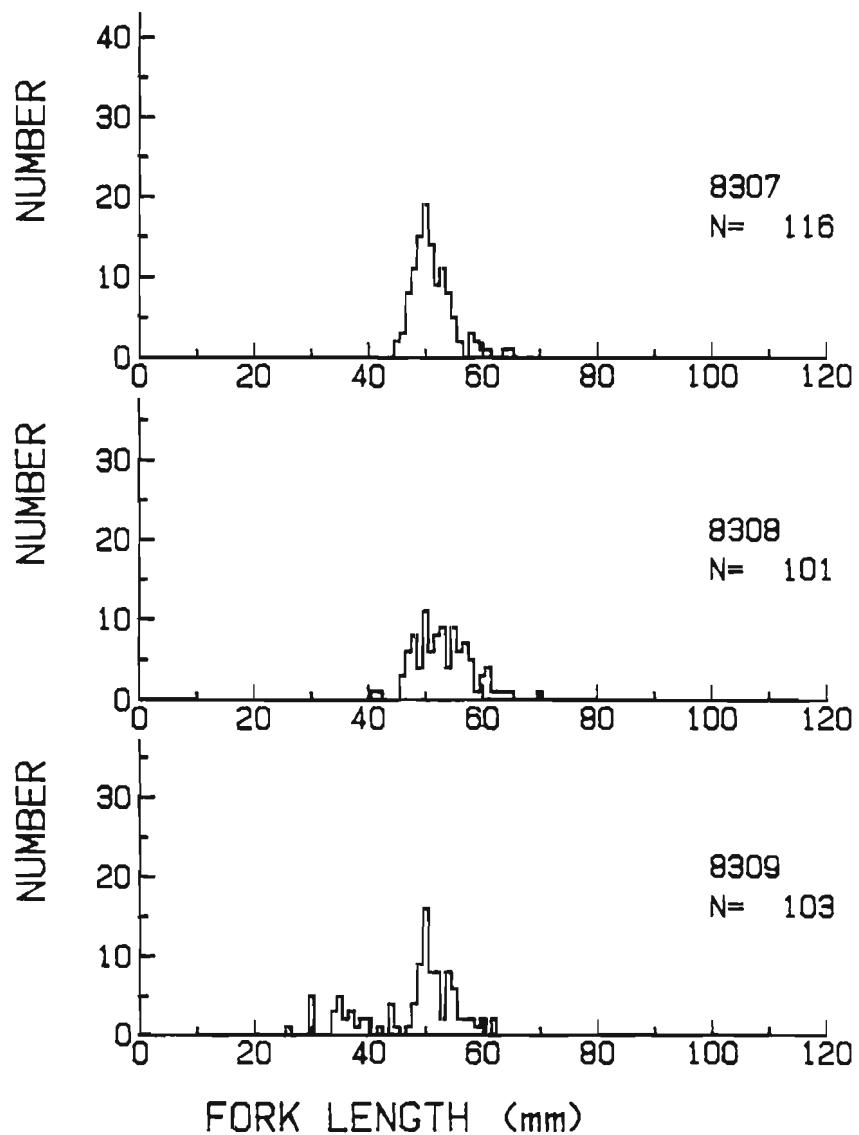


Fig. 8b. Monthly length-frequency distributions for northern redbelly dace in L302S from July, 1983 (8307) until September, 1983 (8309).

