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## STRAIT OF GEORGIA AND NORTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND SPORT

 FISHERY CREEL SURVEY STATISTICS FOR SALMON AND GROUNDFISH, 2001by
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This report documents the 2001 catch and effort estimates for the Strait of Georgia and Northern Vancouver Island sport fishery creel surveys. Catch and effort statistics for the Strait of Georgia and Northern Vancouver Island tidal sport fishery are presented for each month, Statistical Area and by individual species. Strait of Georgia creel survey data collection began in 1980 and continues today. Historical data are presented from as far back as 1960 and comparisons are made between the current and these historical data to determine trends in catch and effort.

The 2001 Strait of Georgia statistics for Statistical Areas 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19,28 and 29 , were derived from 11,390 fishing interviews and 88 aerial surveys. For the entire year 2001 anglers conducted an estimated 197,914 boat trips and kept 48,970 chinook, 14,104 coho, 4,558 chum, 117,302 pink, 3,219 sockeye salmon, as well as 338 halibut, 8,598 lingcod and 65,004 rockfish. Catch and effort for 2001 increased by $18 \%$ from 2000 and total salmon catch also increased from 49,752 to 179,368 in 2001. Historically, effort has dropped from a high of 664,517 boat trips in 1988 and chinook catch has dropped from a high of 369,445 in 1984. Total salmon catch per boat trip has increased from 0.33 in 2000 to 0.96 in 2001. Chinook catch also increased $60 \%$ from 28,226 to 45,113 for the same period in 2000 . Among salmon examined for adiposeclips, $8.7 \%$ of chinook and $89 \%$ of coho had adipose fin clips. The chinook catch consisted of $1.4 \%$ age 2 fish, $59.0 \%$ age 3 fish, $32.8 \%$ age 4 and $4.1 \%$ age 5 . The length frequency distributions of the chinook and coho are also given.

The 2001 Northern Vancouver Island statistics for Statistical Area 12, were derived from 695 fishing interviews and 14 aerial surveys. Anglers conducted an estimated 10,825 boat trips and kept 3,759 chinook, 126 coho, 59 chum, 11,967 pink, 43 sockeye salmon, as well as 819 halibut, 977 lingcod and 5,654 rockfish. The effort for 2001 showed a decrease of $32 \%$ from 15,934 boat trips in 2000 . Total salmon catch also decreased $45 \%$ from 29,172 in 2000. Total salmon catch per boat trip has decreased from 1.83 in 2000 to 1.47 in 2001. Among chinook salmon examined for adipose-clips, $3.8 \%$ had adipose fin clips. The age composition of chinook catch consisted of $33.7 \%$ age 3 fish and $66.3 \%$ age 4 (only a total of 23 chinook were aged in 2001). The length frequency distributions of the chinook and coho are also given.

## RÉSUMÉ

Hardie, D.C., D.A. Nagtegaal, K. Hein, and J. Sturhahn. 2003. Strait of Georgia and Northern Vancouver Island sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 2001. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2640: 107 p.

Ce rapport présente les captures et l'effort de pêche estimés à partir des relevés de la pêche sportive pour le détroit de Géorgie et le nord de l'île de Vancouver en 2000. Les statistiques sur la pêche sportive dans les eaux à marée de ces deux régions sont présentées par mois, par zone statistique et par espèce. La collecte de ces données pour le détroit de Géorgie a débuté en 1980 et se poursuit encore. Des données remontant jusqu'à 1960 sont présentées et comparées aux données actuelles pour déterminer "l'évolution des captures et de l'effort de pêche.

Les statistiques de l'an 2000 pour les zones statistiques $13,14,15,16,17,18,19$, 28 et 29 du détroit de Géorgie ont été obtenues à partir de 13480 entrevues de pêcheurs et de 47 relevés aériens. On estime qu'au cours de l'année 2000, les pêcheurs sportifs ont effectué 170798 sorties en bateau et ont gardé 32750 saumons quinnats, 4678 saumons cohos, 2558 saumons kétas, 9771 saumons roses, 6367 saumons rouges, 543 flétans, 6127 morues-lingues et 54881 sébastes. Les données de captures et d'effort de pêche en 2000 montrent que la tendance à la baisse se poursuit : par rapport aux chiffres de 1999, l'effort de pêche a fléchi de $1,8 \%$ (de 161316 à 158404 ) et les prises totales de saumon ont diminué de $31 \%$ (de 71614 à 49752 ). L'effort de pêche avait atteint un sommet de 664517 sorties en bateau en 1988, tandis que le nombre de saumons quinnats capturés annuellement avait atteint un maximum de 369445 en 1984. Les prises totales de saumon par sortie en bateau ont baissé de 0,47 en 1999 à 0,33 en 2000. Les prises de saumon quinnat ont diminué de $35 \%$, soit de 43559 en 1999 à 28226 pour la même période en 2000. Quant aux saumons examinés pour voir s'ils étaient marqués, $6,8 \%$ des saumons quinnats et $86 \%$ des saumons cohos avaient la nageoire adipeuse coupée. Les prises de saumon quinnat était constituées de $2,2 \%$ de poissons de 2 ans, de $56,6 \%$ de poissons de 3 ans, de $35,0 \%$ de poissons de 4 ans et de $6,2 \%$ de poissons de 5 ans. La distribution de la fréquence des longueurs est également présentée pour les saumons quinnat et coho.

Les statistiques de l'an 2000 pour la zone statistique 12, qui couvre le nord de l'île de Vancouver, ont été obtenues à partir de 1862 entrevues de pêcheurs et dẹ 10 relevés aériens. On estime qu'au cours de l'année 2000, les pêcheurs à la ligne ont effectué 15934 sorties en bateau et ont gardé 4628 saumons quinnats, 125 saumons cohos, 103 saumons kétas, 23519 saumons roses, 744 saumons rouges, 1524 flétans, 1066 morues-lingues et 8959 sébastes. En 2000, l'effort de pêche a baissé de $51 \%$ par rapport aux 32443 sorties en bateau effectuées en 1999. Les prises de saumon totales ont également baissé, de $44 \%$ par rapport aux 52227 saumons capturés en 1999. Par contre, les prises totales de saumon par sortie en bateau ont augmenté de 1,60 en 1999 à 1,83 en
2000. Des saumons quinnats examinés pour voir s'ils étaient marqués, $2,1 \%$ avaient la nageoire adipeuse coupée. Les prises de saumon quinnat était constituées de $28,0 \%$ de poissons de 3 ans, de $57,1 \%$ de poissons de 4 ans et de $14,8 \%$ de poissons de 5 ans ou plus. La distribution de la fréquence des longueurs est également présentée pour les saumons quinnat et coho.

PART 1
STRAIT OF GEORGIA

## INTRODUCTION

Part 1 of this report documents the 2001 catch and effort statistics for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery and presents the methodology for collecting these data. Data are presented in tables and graphs with catch and effort dating back to 1960. The 2001 catch and effort are displayed in tables by month, Statistical Area and species. Graphs showing historical trends and comparisons in catch and effort for 94-98 average, 1999, 2000 and 2001 are also provided. The 2001 report is one of a series of annual reports documenting the activities of the creel survey and providing official Strait of Georgia tidal sport fishery catch statistics. A list of previous reports in this series may be found in Appendix A. In this report all tables, figures and appendices are located at the end of text.

## BACKGROUND

" - - The Strait of Georgia fishery supports one of the most valuable recreational fisheries in British Columbia. Coded-wire tag recoveries indicate these catches consist primarily of Fraser River, Puget Sound and East Coast Vancouver Island fish stocks. There has been evidence of declining stocks since the 1970's (Argue et al. 1983). Various groups (Commercial, First Nation and Recreational) on both sides of the border depend on these stocks. There is also evidence from declining marine survival rates of salmon stocks (Cross et al. 1991; Beamish et al. 1994), that marine environmental factors may be involved.

The creel survey study area (Fig. 1, Appendix B) comprises over 5,900 $\mathrm{km}^{2}$ of water surface area and has in excess of $2,400 \mathrm{~km}$ of shoreline. From its southern end near Victoria, the area extends about 290 km northwest to Campbell River and at its greatest width is about 32 km wide. Two major population centres, Vancouver and Victoria, and many smaller centres such as Nanaimo and Campbell River are located within the study area. Over 500 boat launch ramps, marinas and public wharves as well as thousands of private boat launching facilities provide access.

The recreational fishery is active throughout the year but over $85 \%$ of the effort occurs in the summer months of May to September (Collicutt and Shardlow 1993). The most sought after species in the Strait of Georgia recreational fishery are the chinook (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha) and coho ( $O$. kisutch) salmon, but in recent years significant fisheries directed at pink (O. gorbuscha), sockeye (O. nerka), rockfish (Sebastes) and halibut (Hippoglossus stenolepis) have developed in certain areas.

The size of vessel, methods of fishing and terminal tackle vary widely depending on location and time of year. Vessels range from 4 m car-top boats to yachts more than 17 m in length, although most boats would be in the 5 m to 8 m range. Popular fishing methods include trolling, mooching, bucktailing and stripcasting.

Over the past three decades the recreational fishery in this area has undergone dramatic changes. Prior to 1960, the numbers of chinook and coho taken by the
commercial troll fleet was almost double that taken by sport fishermen. During the 1980's however, the situation reversed with the sport fishery taking more than triple the commercial harvest of chinook and coho. The recreational fishery is still the primary harvester of chinook and coho in the Strait of Georgia. Effort in the recreational fishery has fluctuated from about 200,000 boat trips in 1960 to peaks of 769,000 in 1980 and 600,000 in 1988 to an all time low of 162,000 boat trips in 1998.

The Creel Survey for 2001 ran from April to September in all Statistical Areas of the Strait of Georgia. Additional Creel Survey coverage was provided to Statistical Area 19 ( 12 months) and Areas 13 and 14 for October. For historical comparisons, the catch and effort statistics for April to September are used. The entire catch and effort statistics for the year 2000 are provided in the tables, figures and appendices.

The 2001 fishery showed an $18 \%$ increase in effort to 186,000 boat trips from 158,000 in 2000 . The chinook catch climbed through the 1960's with a peak in the mid "1970's of over 400,000 pieces and a second peak of 330,000 pieces in 1984. A steady decline has occurred since, to a low of 20,000 pieces in 1998. The chinook catch fluctuates greatly between years, 44,000 in 1999, 28,000 in 2000 and 45,000 pieces in 2001. The 2001 chinook catch increased $18 \%$ from the year 2000. Although annual coho catches have varied widely, an increase from about 200,000 pieces in 1960 to over one million pieces in 1988 was recorded. A gradual decline from 1988 levels to 98,000 pieces in 1997 has followed the general decline of stocks. The 1999 coho catch was an all time low of 315 pieces; this was due, however, to a majority of areas being closed to coho retention. The coho catch continues to improve dramatically from retention of adipose-clipped only fisheries in selected areas. The 2001 coho catch increased $2969 \%$ from 4,300 to 132,000 pieces.

From 1956 to 1976, estimates of catch and effort in the sport fishery published by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO) were based on subjective assessments completed by Fishery Officers and on small-scale creel surveys. The general lack of statistical rigor and consistency associated with these methods of catch estimation as well as the rapid growth of the recreational fishery led to the initiation of the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey Pilot Program in 1980 (DPA 1982). The survey has been run continuously (with minor interruptions) since then. Although many details such as sampling locations and times are regularly updated to reflect changes in the fishery, the basic design of the survey remains similar to the pilot project conducted in 1980.

Creel survey data are used for a variety of management and reporting purposes. Catch and effort information is also used by local people (both inside and outside DFO) to monitor the fishery in their area. In addition, creel survey information is used to predict the effect of regulation changes and to measure the success of conservation actions imposed. The adipose clip information collected during the survey is supplied to the Mark Recovery Program (Kuhn et al. 1988) and used in combination with other data for exploitation rate, marine survival and stock distribution analyses.

## OBJECTIVES

The specific objectives of the 2001 Strait of Georgia creel survey were:

1. To estimate the sport angler effort, catches and releases of chinook, coho, chum, pink, sockeye salmon, halibut, lingcod, rockfish and other finfish by month for Statistical Areas 13 through 19, 28 and 29.
2. To estimate the catch rate for adipose-clipped chinook and coho in the sport fishery.
3. To estimate the age composition and mean length-at-age for chinook, and the length frequency for chinook and coho.

## METHODS

## STUDY DESIGN

The design of the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey conducted in 2001 was similar to that used by DPA Consulting Ltd. (1982) with some modifications to the data analyses, sampling intensity, flight routes and data processing. It is comprised of two independent surveys: angler interviews and aerial overflights. Angler interviews provide data on sport fishing catch per unit effort (CPUE) and daily activity patterns. Aerial overflights provide estimates of the total sport fishing effort in the study area at the time of the aerial survey. These data are combined to provide monthly estimates of total sport fishing effort and total catch of salmon and groundfish in the sport fishery. In its simplest form, the estimated total catch is calculated by multiplying the estimated total effort by CPUE.

The fishery was stratified according to the following criteria:

1. Month. The survey operated from April through to and including September for the entire geographic area. Statistical Area 19 received 12 months of survey coverage for 2001 and Statistical Areas 13 and 14 also received additional coverage for October.
2. Geographic area. Catch and effort estimates were produced for Statistical Areas 13 through 19, 28 and 29 (Fig. 1, Appendix B).
3. Day type. Weekend and mid-week days were considered independently because sport fishing activity is known to differ for the two types of days.
4. Time of day. Sampling shifts (one shift is a set number of consecutive hours of interviewing anglers at one site by one creel surveyor) were conducted during set time periods. From April to October sampling was conducted during either an
early shift (approximately 0700 to 1500 hours) or a late day shift (approximately 1500 to 2300 hours).
5. Guided versus unguided anglers. Certain sites are known to have considerable guided fishing effort. Unpublished data from previous surveys in this series indicate that the CPUE from guided boats differs markedly from unguided boats. Guided vs. unguided, was documented by the interviewer, however, at this time the catch estimate program does not generate catch and effort estimates differently for the two types.

In each region, various landing sites were chosen as locations for surveyors to conduct interviews. Site selection was based on four criteria: representativeness, traffic volume, site accessibility and adequate observation points. Discussions with local fishers, marina operators and Fisheries Officers and data from previous surveys were used to choose sites that were representative of the local sport fishing activity (i.e. sites which were used by a wide cross-section of anglers). Sites with expected traffic volumes of more than 15 boats per day in the summer were considered as possible sampling locations. Expected traffic volumes for sites were compiled from previous surveys or from discussions with marina operators or local Fisheries Officers.

Site accessibility refers to whether an interviewer can easily reach a site by car or ferry during the defined shift hours. Only sites with good accessibility were selected. As a result, landing sites on most of the islands in the Strait of Georgia were excluded from the survey. This was not expected to be a major factor, however, since most of the fishing occurs from accessible sites. The final criterion, adequate observation points, was essential for interviewers to obtain an accurate count of all boats returning to a landing site. At some large marinas, two sampling sites were identified if it was impossible to see all boats returning from a single site.

Allocation of sampling effort among months followed the same general pattern as fishing effort, that is, more effort was allocated during the summer when fishing effort is at its highest. Allocation of sampling effort among regions (groups of Statistical Areas) also followed fishing effort patterns. Within each month, each chosen site was allocated between 6 and 11 shifts. These shifts were divided equally among weekend and midweek days and early and late daily time periods.

Fisheries and Oceans Canada conducted data collection, preliminary processing and conducted the estimation of catch and effort statistics.

## DATA COLLECTION

## Angler Interviews

Surveyors were stationed at access points for scheduled shifts to interview anglers as they returned from fishing. The number of boats returning to a site during a shift as
well as the number of interviews attempted and completed were recorded on a tally sheet. For each boating party landing, the following information was recorded on an interview form (Fig. 2):

1. Total number of licensed anglers in the boat.
2. Time of landing.
3. Whether the party had been sport fishing and whether guided or not guided.
4. Residency of anglers.
5. Time of departure and length of trip.
6. Time during which fishing lines were in the water.
7. Average number of lines in the water.
8. Catch Summary: -Total number and species of kept and released fish for each of the sub-Statistical Areas (possible to record for three separate sub-Statistical Areas).
-Number of hours spent fishing, type of fishing conducted and primary fishing location in each sub-Statistical Area.
9. Coded wire tag information for chinook and coho.
10. Number of hours directed at each species.
11. Loss of catch to seals or sea lions.
12. Shellfish catch summary (New for 2000)

Interviewers trained in fish identification inspected each boating party's catch. Landed chinook and coho were checked for a missing adipose fin, which indicates the presence of a coded-wire tag, embedded in the fish's nose cartilage. In addition, scale samples for age determination and measurements of nose-fork length were taken during every sampling shift. Five scales were removed from the INPFC (International North Pacific Fisheries Commission) preferred area of each biosampled chinook (Mosher 1968).

In 2001, interviews were conducted each month at a maximum of 38 of the 50 designated landing sites (boat ramps, marinas, or resorts, Fig. 1) representative of the sport fishing activity in the survey area. Targets of desired precision and number of surveyors available dictated the number of sites selected in each area. For each area - day type - work block stratum, sampling shifts at a site were chosen on a near random basis from the total number of shifts available. For definition of the above terms (day type, work block, shift) see Appendix C.

## Aerial Overflights and vessel counts

April through to and including October aerial surveys were conducted by J. O. Thomas in conjunction with Transport Canada from airplanes travelling along predefined routes (Fig. 3). This allowed observers to count vessels actively sport fishing throughout the Strait of Georgia. Planes flew at an altitude of 150-210 m (500-700 feet) to facilitate a broad range of vision and still allow easy identification of vessel type. Each plane carried one observer; the observer counted sport fishing boats in the flight
path. The counts of sport fishing boats for the Victoria (Statistical Area 19) creel survey for January, February, March, November and December were conducted by DFO. These counts were conducted from a boat travelling along a predefined route through Area 19.

The flight and boat path and time of departure were designed to cover major concentrations of sport fishing activity at peak periods. To maximise precision, the observers in the airplanes and boat avoided times during which fishing effort was rapidly changing. The number of overflights and boat runs each month was governed by budget constraints, targets of desired precision and by the expected number of interviews from a given number of sampling shifts (English et al. 1986). The days for overflights and boat runs during a month were randomly selected for each day type (weekday and weekend).

## DATA ANALYSIS

-     - Data analysis included calculation of catch and effort statistics, calculation of variance of total fishing effort and catch, estimation of marked chinook and coho salmon, estimation of age and length composition of chinook catch and length frequency distribution of coho. See Appendix C for established methods and equations used to analyse the above data.

To provide more accurate catch and effort estimates the computer analysis program was altered in 2001.

The initial creel survey catch estimate analysis program was based on the landing site. A mean catch per unit effort (CPUE) estimate for a landing group was based on data from several nearby landing sites. The CPUE estimates were then matched to the subarea using information on the sub-areas fished by anglers returning to the landing sites within the landing group.

The new analysis program uses sub-area specific CPUE estimates to compute catch estimates for each sub-area. That is the actual catch and effort from fishing events within the statistical sub-area are used to generate the estimates. The combination of subarea CPUE estimates and sub-area effort estimates is a more accurate and simpler analysis approach (English 2000).

An additional change to the analysis program is the removal of factors used to weight the CPUE estimates for each landing site to account for the portion of boat trips interviewed and the number of interview shifts per work block. The number of boat trips that include fishing activity for a specific sub-area, the similarity in CPUE between adjacent sub-areas, and obtaining a large representative sample from each of the major fishing areas are the most important factors of the new method. Some formulas used to estimate the standard errors for CPUE and total catch have changed (Appendix C, formulas 1, 2, 3 and 4).

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

## DISTRIBUTION OF SAMPLING EFFORT

A total of 11,390 interviews with anglers, and 88 overflights were conducted in 2001 (Table 1). The monthly distribution of interviews generally reflected the monthly distribution of fishing effort (number of boat trips, Table 3, Fig. 4). The total interviews represent $5.8 \%$ of the estimated total fishing effort for the entire study area (197,914 boat trips, Table 3). The interviews involving actively fishing anglers represent $5.7 \%$ of the total fishing effort and ranged in each Statistical Area from lows of $1.9 \%$ in Area 15 and $4.0 \%$ in Area 29 to highs of $7.0 \%$ in Area 13 and $6.2 \%$ in Area 19 (Tables 1 and 4). For the 2001 Creel Survey Statistical Areas 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 28 and 29 received coverage for April through to and including September while Statistical Area 19 received 12 months of coverage, and Statistical Areas 13 and 14 received additional coverage through October (Table 1).

## SPORT FISHING EFFORT AND CATCH

For comparisons to 2000 catch and effort estimates only the estimates from April to September will be discussed. The total 2001 Strait of Georgia sport fishing catch and effort statistics are summarised for each species by month (Tables 3, 5, 7, 9 and 11) and by Statistical Area (Tables 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12). Fishing effort and catch statistics by species are presented for each combination of month and Statistical Area (Appendices D1 to D-11).

Anglers made 186,460 boat trips during 2001; this is an $18 \%$ increase in effort from $2000(158,404)$. The estimated effort in 2001 shows yearly fluctuations in angler effort (Fig. 5). The fishing effort followed the same general seasonal pattern as seen in previous years where effort levels climbed steadily from April, peaked in August and declined in September and October (Table 3, Fig. 6).

The total finfish sport catch in the Strait of Georgia was estimated at 288,960 pieces (including steelhead and cutthroat trout) and consisted of $62 \%(179,368)$ salmon, $16 \%(47,202)$ groundfish and $22 \%(62,245)$ rockfish (Tables 3, 7 and 9). Anglers released an additional 255,430 salmon of mixed species (Tables 2 and 3, Appendix D-8).

The major regulation changes, which affected the 2001 sport fishery were:

1. Aug 1, 2001 Statistical Areas 13 and 14 were opened for the retention of adiposeclipped coho.
2. Non-retention of coho in all B. C. tidal and non- tidal waters was enforced with the exceptions of a few selected terminal adipose-clipped (hatchery) fisheries such as the mouth of the Capilano River (Statistical Area 28), a portion of Sechelt Inlet (Area
16), the Big Qualicum River (Area 14) and Sooke (Area 19). Coho daily limits were two with a possession limit of four; minimum size was 41 cm .

General regulations included a minimum size limit for chinook of 62 cm , with a daily limit of two, possession of four, and an annual limit of 15 for the Strait of Georgia (Cape Sutil to Cadboro Bay). In a portion of Statistical Area 19 (Cadboro Bay to Sheringham Pt.), the minimum size limit for chinook was 45 cm , with a daily limit of two, possession of four, and an annual limit of 20. Only barbless hooks could be used when angling for salmon. See Appendix $G$ for a historical synopsis of regulation changes.

## Salmon

Salmon sport catches for the Strait of Georgia in 2001 totalled 179,368 pieces (April to September) and 188,479 for the entire creel period (Tables 2 and 3). The catch cōnsisted of $26 \%$ chinook, $7 \%$ coho, $2 \%$ chum, $62 \%$ pink and $2 \%$ sockeye.

In 2001, anglers kept 45,113 chinook (Table 3) compared to 28,226 in 2000 and 43,559 in 1999 (Table 2, Fig. 5). The chinook catch has fluctuated greatly for the last few years. The 1999 catch showed a significant increase from 1998, the 2000 chinook catch decreased $35 \%$ from 1999 and now the 2001 catch has increased $60 \%$ from the 2000 catch. The 2001 monthly chinook catches rose steadily through June and July and peaked in August (Table 3, Fig. 7). The seasonal (April to September) average catch efficiency for chinook increased from 0.18 in 2000 to 0.24 fish per boat trip overall and peaked in the summer months at 0.26 fish per boat trip (Table 13, Fig. 8). Catch patterns were similar to those in recent years. The CPUE for salmon in Statistical Area 19 for January to March was 0.53 and for November to December it was 0.44 .

The spatial distribution of chinook catch followed a similar pattern to previous years. The highest catches were taken in Area 19 (36\%), Area 13 ( $28 \%$ of total), and Areas 14 and 17 (10\%) (Table 4, Appendix D-2, Fig. 9). The CPUE was 0.32 for Area 13, 0.31 for Area 19 and 0.30 for Area 15 (Table 4, Appendix D-2). Peak catches occurred during June, July and August.

A large increase in coho catch occurred in 2001. For the period of April to the end of October the coho catch was 11,544 adipose-clipped coho and 2,563 wild coho for a total of 14,107 pieces (Tables 5 and 6, Appendix D-4). Monthly coho catches peaked in August (Table 5, Fig. 10 and 11). The increase in coho catch was due to Statistical Areas 13 and 14 opening August 1 to the retention of adipose-clipped coho. Of the adipose-clipped coho catch, $64 \%$ occurred in Area 14 and $13 \%$ in Area 13, $59 \%$ of the wild coho catch occurred in Area 19 and $22 \%$ in Area 28 (Table 6). There was no retention of wild coho in Area 19 but estimates 2,495 coho were kept, also the retention of adipose-clipped coho did not open until October yet 1,502 adipose-clipped coho were caught from July to September (Table 6).

In 2001, Strait of Georgia anglers caught 404 chum from April to September (Table 3, Fig. 12), in October an additional 4,489 chum were caught in Area 13 (Appendix D4). Also 117,120 pink (Tables 3 and 4, Fig. 13) of which $52 \%$ came from Area 13 and $41 \%$ from Area 19 and 3,219 sockeye (Tables 3 and 4, Fig. 14), where the highest catches also were from Area 13 (45\%; Table 4).

The average number of salmon caught during each boat trip in 2001 increased from 0.31 in 2000 to 0.96 .

| Year | CPUE |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1990 | 1.46 |
| 1991 | 1.18 |
| 1992 | 1.59 |
| 1993 | 2.30 |
| 1994 | 0.89 |
| 1995 | 1.07 |
| 1996 | 0.81 |
| 1997 | 1.09 |
| 1998 | 0.24 |
| 1999 | 0.44 |
| 2000 | 0.31 |
| 2001 | 0.96 |

In 2001, Areas 19 (29\%) and 13 ( $21 \%$ ) showed the highest effort expended with a total salmon CPUE of 1.22 and 1.99, respectively (Table 4, Fig. 15). July and August were the most successful summer months at 1.73 and 1.24 salmon per trip. October had a CPUE of 1.35 partly because of the Area 13 chum fishery which had a CPUE of 1.91 (Table 3). Statistical Area 19 had a CPUE of 0.53 for January to March and 0.44 for November and December.

There were also significant numbers of salmon caught and released in 2001. A total of 54,504 chinook and 121,437 coho for a total of 255,430 released salmon between April and September 2001 (Tables 3 and 5). Area 19 recorded the greatest number of salmon hooked and released followed by Area 13 (Tables 4 and 6 and Appendix D-8).

## Groundfish

The 2001 Strait of Georgia catch consisted of 109,592 groundfish, which made up $38 \%$ of the overall catch (Tables 2 and 7).

Numbers within the "other" catch category declined dramatically, from 13,793 in 1999 to only 145 in 2001. The decline in numbers is attributed to more accurate species catch data in the field and estimates generated by the analysis program. The category of "other" catch has more accurately been placed into the total groundfish catch category.

Comparing catch estimate data from 1995 when the creel program was not as species specific to today's creel program catch estimates for 2000, total groundfish catch
has increased $100 \%$ while "other" catch has decreased $99 \%$. Angler effort when compared for the same period shows a decline of $48 \%$ and total rockfish catch also shows a $50 \%$ decline. The species composition of the groundfish catch, based on the Tables 7 and 9 data, is as follows:

|  | Catch | \% of Total <br> Groundfish <br> Catch | Major <br> Catch <br> Groundfish |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Species |  | $0.3 \%$ | 19 |
| Halibut (Hippoglossus stenolepis) | 338 | $8 \%$ | 17 |
| Lingcod (Ophiodon elongatus) | 8,590 | $57 \%$ | 13 |
| Rockfish (Sebastes spp.) | 62,245 | 28 |  |
| Other Groundfish | 38,274 | $35 \%$ | 28 |
| Other Finfish | 145 | $0.1 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  | $100 \%$ |
| Total | 109,592 |  |  |

The majority of the groundfish catch was taken in the summer months, reflecting the high fishing effort in the summer (Tables 7 and 9; Fig. 6). Catch by Statistical Area for rockfish was highest in Area 13, $21 \%$ of total and Area 16 (19\%) (Table 10). Lingcod were caught in greatest numbers in Area 17, 25\% and $22 \%$ from Area 16 (Table 8), while the largest halibut catch came from Area 19 ( $64 \%$ of total; Table 8).

Rockfish species were identified for the entire survey area in 2001, catch and release estimates were generated for nine species (Tables 9, 10, 11 and 12). The major catches are shown below. The "other" rockfish category consists of china (S. nebulosus), redstripe (S. proriger), tiger (S. nigrocinctus), yellowtail (S. flavidus) and unidentified species.

| Rockfish | Catch | \% of Total <br> Rockfish <br> Catch | Major <br> Catch <br> Species |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Black (Sebastes melanops) | 665 | $1 \%$ | 19 |
| Canary (Sebastes pinniger) | 2362 | $4 \%$ | 14 |
| Copper (Sebastes caurinus) | 18968 | $30 \%$ | 17 |
| Quillback (Sebastes maliger) | 28161 | $45 \%$ | 13 |
| Yelloweye (Sebastes ruberrimus) | 7248 | $12 \%$ | 16 |
| Other (Sebastes spp.) | 4841 | $8 \%$ |  |
| Total | 62245 |  |  |

Along with the 62,245 rockfish harvested in 2001, an additional 42,658 rockfish were released (Table 11).

The CPUE for rockfish (Table 13, Fig. 16 and 17) was relatively constant throughout the creel survey period and averaged 0.33 fish per boat trip, while the CPUE for halibut was 0.002 and lingcod was 0.05 fish per boat trip (Table 13). The CPUE for
all non-salmon species and for total finfish during 2001 was 0.58 and 1.55 , respectively (Table 13).

## BIOLOGICAL DATA

## Percentage and Catch of Adipose-clipped Chinook and Coho

In 2001, 2,630 chinook and 704 coho were examined for adipose-clips. Tables 14 and 16 show for chinook and coho respectively, the number of clips observed and the total fish inspected by month and region. The data were presented by Region since some Statistical Areas had insufficient numbers of fish examined for clips in some months, and those data were included with other Areas. Three Regions were defined: the Northern Gulf represented by Areas 13-16; the South Gulf represented by Areas 17, 18, 28 and 29 and the Victoria region represented by Area 19.

Among chinook examined for adipose-clips, $8.7 \%$ had clips. The observed proportion of chinook adipose-clips was $13.0 \%$ for Victoria region, $7.3 \%$ for South Gulf and $5.0 \%$ for the North Gulf (Table 14). Among coho examined, $89 \%$ had adipose clips. There was a large increase in coho catch in 2001 primarily from adipose-clipped only fisheries in Statistical Areas 13 and 14 and other select terminal areas, the high percent ( $89 \%$ ) of adipose-clips reflects the fishery. Monthly catch estimates of adipose-clipped chinook are shown by Region in Table 15. The 2001 creel survey catch estimate program generated catches of adipose-clipped, wild and not visually checked coho by the month and Area (Tables 5, 6 and Appendix D-6).

From the Strait of Georgia fishery, a total of 596 chinook with adipose-clips were returned to the head recovery program for coded-wire tag (CWT) extraction and decoding. The CWT data show that the main contributing rivers from the United States were Friday Creek (26), Cascade River (23) and Kendall Creek (20; Table 18). Canada's main contributing rivers were the Chilliwack and Cowichan Rivers both at 58 recovered CWTs, the Big Qualicum River (27), Shuswap (26), Porteau Cove (Tenderfoot Creek) (23) and the Puntledge River (20; Table 18).

## Catch-At-Age for Chinook

During 2001, 2,157 chinook were sampled for length, 360 of these chinook were also sampled for age analysis. Of this total, 339 fish were found to have accurate ages ( 44 samples lost to regenerated scales, marine annuli, etc.). Table 19 shows the monthly number and percent age composition of chinook sampled for age. All ages shown in this report represent the saltwater age. The age data are summarised graphically in Figure 18. The monthly age proportions were applied to the estimated monthly chinook catches to provide a breakdown by age group (Table 20).

In 2001, the chinook sport catch in the Strait of Georgia consisted primarily of age 3 fish ( $59.0 \%$ ), followed by age 4 fish ( $32.8 \%$ ), age 5 fish ( $4.1 \%$ ) and age 2 fish (1.4\%). Age 3 chinook dominated the catch throughout the year (Table 19, 20 and Figure 18).

| \% Age Composition of Chinook |  |  |  |  | Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Catch Year | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5+ |  |
| 1983 | 57.1 | 25.5 | 14.2 | 3.1 | Shardlow et al. (1989). |
| 1984 | 21.6 | 67.3 | 9.4 | 1.7 | Shardlow and Collicutt (1989a) |
| 1985 | 6.6 | 70.8 | 20.6 | 2.0 | Shardlow and Collicutt (1989b) |
| 1986 | 10.9 | 44.9 | 40.4 | 3.8 | Shardlow and Collicutt (1989\%) |
| 1987 | 7.8 | 62.1 | 25.0 | 5.2 | Shardlow and Collicutt (1989d) |
| 1988 | 26.4 | 35.3 | 35.4 | 2.8 | Shardlow and Collicutt (1989e) |
| 1989 | 3.1 | 83.3 | 10.5 | 3.1 | Collicutt and Shardlow (1990) |
| 1990 | 4.0 | 37.0 | 53.0 | 6.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1991 | 2.0 | 67.0 | 25.0 | 6.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1992 | 7.0 | 58.0 | 28.0 | 7.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1993 | 1.0 | 69.0 | 26.0 | 4.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1994 | 2.0 | 50.0 | 40.0 | 8.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1995 | 2.0 | 62.0 | 29.0 | 7.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1996 | 1.0 | 70.0 | 26.0 | 3.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1997 | 0.0 | 66.0 | 29.0 | 5.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1998 | 5.0 | 31.0 | 55.0 | 9.0 | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1999 | 0.3 | 73.4 | 21.4 | 4.9 | Hardie et al. 2001 |
| 2000 | 2.2 | 56.6 | 35.0 | 6.2 | Hardie et al. 2002 |
| 2001 | 1.4 | 59.0 | 32.8 | 4.4 |  |

*Calculated from this report's yearly catch estimates

## Mean Length-At-Age for Chinook

Table 21 shows the monthly mean nose-fork length at age for the 316 chinook for which both length and age data were available. Figure 19 shows the length frequency distribution for all the measured chinook. The overall mean length for age 3 fish was 687 mm and age 4 fish was 789 mm (Table 21). The largest salmon sampled (length only) was a 111 cm chinook at Discovery Marina (Area 13).

As shown below, there was a minimal increase in the percentage of sub-legal size chinook ( 45 cm in the Victoria area and 62 cm in the Strait of Georgia). This percentage (number of under size chinook divided by the total chinook sampled for the area) has dropped and remained low since its highest level in 1989 when the 62 cm size limit was implemented.

Sub-legal Chinook

| Year | Victoria | Strait of Georgia | Reference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1989 | $2 \%$ | $20 \%$ | Collicutt and Shardlow, 1990 |
| 1990 | 0.01 | $10 \%$ | Collicutt and Shardlow, 1992 |
| 1991 | $<1 \%$ | $7 \%$ | Collicutt and Shardlow, 1993 |
| 1992 | 0.02 | $2 \%$ | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1993 | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1994 | $0 \%$ | $2 \%$ | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1995 | $0 \%$ | $3 \%$ | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1996 | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1997 | $0 \%$ | $2 \%$ | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1998 | $1 \%$ | $6 \%$ | Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1999 | $0 \%$ | $<1 \%$ | Hardie et al. 2001 |
| 2000 | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | Hardie et al. 2002 |
| 2001 | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | This report |

## Length Frequency Distribution for Coho

Figure 20 shows the length frequency distribution for the 438 coho sampled in 2001. The mean size of coho in 2001 was 56.9 cm , which, as shown below is an increase in coho size from 2000.

|  | Coho mean annual length |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Mean Length | Sample Size |
| 1986 | 53.4 | 5354 |
| 1987 | 50.5 | 4997 |
| 1988 | 50.0 | 13000 |
| 1989 | 49.6 | 6883 |
| 1990 | 51.4 | 8959 |
| 1991 | 54.2 | 2281 |
| 1992 | 53.2 | 19602 92 to 97 Unpublished reports |
| 1993 | 51.0 | 22203 |
| 1994 | 53.7 | 5890 |
| 1995 | 56.3 | 1672 |
| 1996 | 53.0 | 2257 |
| 1997 | 49.7 | 1710 |
| 1998 | 49.0 | 60 Hardie et al. 1999 |
| 1999 | 58.7 | 51 Hardie et al. 2001 |
| 2000 | 53.2 | 186 Hardie et al. 2002 |
| 2001 | 56.9 | 438 This report |

## SUMMARY

A sport fishery creel survey was conducted in the Strait of Georgia in 2001 to estimate the catches of all the important recreational finfish species and the total sport fishing boat trips. In the report, data are presented by both month and Statistical Areas. Comparisons are made to previous data to determine trends in catch and effort. From the catch and effort estimates, CPUE could be calculated. These data also provide estimates of the number of chinook and coho salmon with adipose fin clips. Also the age composition of chinook and the length frequency distributions of chinook and coho are shown.

For the April to September fishing effort had dropped $76 \%$ from a high of 664,517 boat trips in 1988 to a low of 162,296 in 1998. The 2001 season has shown an increase of $18 \%$ in effort from 2000 to 186,460 boat trips. Total salmon catch increased from 49,752 to 179,368 and chinook catch also increased from 28,226 in 2000 to $45,113$. " Total salmon CPUE increased from 0.31 in 2000 to 0.96 in 2001.

For the entire year 2001 creel survey period (April to October plus an entire 12 months for Statistical Area 19), sport fishers made an estimated 197,914 boat trips in the Strait of Georgia. A total of 11,390 fishing parties, were interviewed at a monthly maximum of 35 landing sites in the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey area. This sampling represents approximately $5.8 \%$ of the total number of boat trips conducted by sport fishers in the Strait of Georgia in 2001. A total of 88 overflights were also conducted to take "snapshot" counts of fishing effort.

Sport fishers in the Strait of Georgia landed an estimated total yearly finfish catch of 301,819 pieces of which $62 \%$ were salmon and $38 \%$ were groundfish. The 188,479 landed salmon consisted of 48,970 chinook, 14,107 coho, 4,558 chum, 117,302 pink salmon and 3,219 sockeye salmon. Anglers released an additional 269,743 salmon of mixed species. The 113,340 landed groundfish consisted of 338 halibut, 8,598 lingcod, 65,004 rockfish, 39,243 other groundfish and 157 other finfish.

During the creel comparison period of April to September, Sport fishers in the Strait of Georgia landed an estimated total finfish catch of 288,960 pieces. The 179,368 landed salmon consisted of 45,113 chinook, 13,187 coho, 404 chum, 117,120 pink salmon and 3,219 sockeye salmon. Anglers released an additional 255,430 salmon of mixed species. The 109,592 landed groundfish consisted of 338 halibut, 8,590 lingcod, 62,245 rockfish and 145 other finfish.

Among salmon examined for adipose-clips, $8.7 \%$ of chinook and $89 \%$ of coho had adipose-clips. The majority of chinook sport catches in 2001 consisted of age 3 fish (59.0\%), followed by age 4 fish ( $32.8 \%$ ), age 5 fish ( $4.1 \%$ ) and age 2 fish ( $1.4 \%$ ). Of the total chinook measured in $2001,2 \%$ were sub-legal in size. The mean yearly size of coho was 56.9 cm .

## PART 2

NORTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND

## INTRODUCTION

Part 2 of this report documents the 2001 catch and effort statistics for the Northern Vancouver Island sport fishery. The Northern Vancouver Island access point creel survey follows the methodology of the Strait of Georgia creel survey for objectives, study design, data collection and data analysis. The following text in Objectives and Methods contain only the differences between the two creel surveys. A list of previous reports in this series may be found in Appendix A. In this report all tables, figures and appendices are located at the end of the text.

## BACKGROUND

The study area is located on the north-eastern coast of Vancouver Island (Fig. 21), consisting of Queen Charlotte and Johnstone Straits. The area is approximately 80 km wide by 110 km long; the creel survey study area was divided into five sub-areas, 12A to 12E. The major fishing areas include Gordon Channel, Hardy Bay, Broughton Strait, Blackfish Sound, Baronet Passage, Knight Inlet, Tribune Channel, and Sutlej Channel. Statistical Sub-Area 12D was not covered in 2000 or 2001 due to the cost of an isolated access point and extended float plane over flights for boat counts. In 1999, 12D contained only $1.8 \%$ of the total effort for Area 12 and $1.5 \%$ of the total salmon catch (Hardie et al. 2001).

The 2001 creel survey was conducted during July and August. The most sought after species in the Northern Vancouver Island recreational fishery were the chinook (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha) and coho (O. kisutch) salmon, but with the closure of coho (1998), pink salmon (O. gorbuscha) has replaced coho as a primary target species. Significant fisheries are also directed at sockeye (O. nerka), rockfish (Sebastes spp.) and halibut (Hippoglossus stenolepis).

The 2001 creel survey showed a decrease in estimated fishing effort of $32 \%$. Fishing effort of 15,934 boat trips in July and August 2000 decreased to 10,825 boat trips in 2001 for the same period. The average aerial count of boats actively fishing in August 2000 was 154 and in 2001 the count was 64 . The catches also reflect the decrease in fishing effort, 3,759 chinook, 11,967 pink salmon and 819 halibut were caught and an additional 35,832 released coho (Table 22). The 2000 creel survey estimated (July and August only) 4,628 chinook, 23,519 pink, 1,524 halibut and 9,626 released coho (Hardie et al. 2002).

## OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the 2001 Northern Vancouver Island creel survey are contained in Part 1 Strait of Georgia objectives.

## METHODS

## STUDY DESIGN

The design of the 2001 Northern Vancouver Island Creel Survey was similar to that used for the 2001 Strait of Georgia Creel Survey, with some modifications to the data analyses and sampling intensity.

The fishery was stratified according to the following criteria:

1. Month. The survey operated for July and August.
2. Geographic area. Catch and effort estimates were produced for statistical subareas 12A, 12B, 12C and 12E (Fig. 21).
3.- Day type. Weekend and mid-week days were considered independently because sport fishing activity is known to differ for the two types of days.
3. Time of day. Sampling shifts (one shift is a set number of consecutive hours of interviewing anglers at one site by one creel surveyor) were conducted during set time periods. From June to September sampling was conducted during either an early shift (approximately 0700 to 1500 hours) or a late day shift (approximately 1500 to 2300 hours).
4. Guided versus unguided anglers. Certain sites are known to have primarily guided fishing effort. Unpublished data from previous surveys in this series confirm that the CPUE from guided boats differs markedly from unguided boats. Effort was made to document guided versus unguided; however the catch estimate program has no allowances for guided versus non-guided.

Allocation of sampling effort among months followed the same general pattern as fishing effort (Fig. 22), that is, more effort was allocated during August when fishing effort is at its highest. Shifts were divided equally among weekend and mid-week days and early and late daily time periods.

DFO conducted data collection, data entry, preliminary processing and generated estimations of the catch and effort statistics.

## DATA COLLECTION

## Angler Interviews

Surveyors were stationed at access points for scheduled shifts to interview anglers as they returned from fishing. Figure 2 contains the questions asked of each landing boating party.

In 2001, interviews were conducted each month at six sites, Echo Bay, Telegraph Cove, Alder Bay, the public ramp and the Quarterdeck Marina in Port Hardy and the Port McNeill ramp. For each area - day type - work block stratum, sampling shifts at a site were chosen on a near random basis from the total number of shifts available. For definition of the above terms (day type, work block, shift) see Appendix C.

Two main sources of potential bias may exist for this survey: non-representative sampling and analytical method. All of the high volume access points were identified and sampled through this survey to minimise the potential of non-representative sampling bias. Some active remote resorts (Farewell Harbour Resort, Double Bay Resort) in the Blackfish Sound area were not sampled for logistical reasons, however, the fishery in this area was represented through data collected at Telegraph Cove and Alder Bay sites. Potential bias occurs through analytical methodology when access point data cannot be highly associated with a specific sub-area (or sub-area group). For this survey access pöint data and sub-areas were associated using mapping analysis which indicated a very high degree of association for each site sub-area used minimising the potential for bias from this source. Fishing interviews from landings to the Quarterdeck Marina and public ramp in Port Hardy showed that $100 \%$ of the fishing activity occurred in sub-area 12A. Landings at Telegraph Cove showed $48 \%$ activity in sub-area 12C and $42 \%$ activity in sub-area 12B. Fishing activity in Alder Bay was split with $44 \%$ in sub-area 12B and $42 \%$ in sub-area 12C. Port McNeill showed $79 \%$ fishing activity from sub-area 12B and $20 \%$ in sub-area 12C. Sub-area 12E showed $88 \%$ of the fishing activity for Echo Bay.

## Aerial Overflights

Aerial surveys, conducted from airplanes travelling along a pre-defined 440 km route (Fig. 23), allowed observers to count vessels actively sport fishing throughout the Northern Vancouver Island. During the creel survey period 14 flights were conducted in 2001.

## DATA ANALYSIS

Methods and equations are contained in Appendix C.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

## DISTRIBUTION OF SAMPLING EFFORT

A total of 714 interviews, of which 695 involved actively fishing anglers, and 14 overflights were conducted in 2001 (Table 1). The monthly distribution of interviews generally reflected the monthly distribution of fishing effort (Table 23, Fig. 22). The total interviews represents $6.6 \%$ of the estimated total fishing effort ( 10,825 boat trips)
for the entire study area (Table 22). The interviews involving actively fishing anglers represent $6.4 \%$ of the total fishing effort.

## SPORT FISHING EFFORT AND CATCH

The 2001 Northern Vancouver Island sport fishing catch and effort statistics are summarised for each species by month (Tables 23, 25, 27, 29 and 31) and by Statistical Sub-Area (Tables 24, 26, 28, 30, 32). Appendix I and J give catch and effort by month and Statistical Sub-Area.

Angler effort decreased in 2001 by $32 \%$ from 15,934 boat trips in 2000, to 10,825 boat trips in 2001.

The total finfish sport catch in the Northern Vancouver Island was estimated at 24,570 pieces, including steelhead and cutthroat trout (Table 22) and consisted of $65 \%$ salmon and $35 \%$ groundfish. Anglers released an additional 46,522 salmon of mixed species.

Regulation changes introduced in 1998 and which remain in affect are:

1. Only barbless hooks were to be used when fishing for salmon, throughout the coast.
2. Non-retention of coho in all B. C. tidal and non- tidal waters was enforced with the exceptions of a few selected terminal fisheries such as the mouth of the Capilano River (Statistical Area 28), a portion of Sechelt Inlet (Area 16), the Big Qualicum River (Area 14) and Sooke (Area 19). Coho daily limits were two with a possession limit of four; minimum size was 41 cm .

General regulations included a minimum size limit for chinook of 62 cm , with a daily limit of two, possession of four, and an annual limit of 15 for the Strait of Georgia (Cape Sutil to Cadboro Bay). In a portion of Statistical Area 19 (Cadboro Bay to Sheringham Pt.), the minimum size limit for chinook was 45 cm , with a daily limit of two, possession of four, and an annual limit of 20. See appendix F for a historical synopsis of regulation changes.

## Salmon

Salmon sport catches for the Northern Vancouver Island decreased 45\% from 29,172 in 2000 to 15,953 pieces in 2001 (Tables 22 and 23). The catch consisted of $24 \%$ chinook and $75 \%$ pink salmon.

In 2001, anglers kept 3,759 chinook which was a $19 \%$ decrease from 2000, pink catches also decreased $49 \%$ to 11,967 from 23,519 in 2000 (Tables 23 and 24, and Fig. 25). Anglers also caught 59 chum and 43 sockeye salmon (Tables 23 and 24, and Fig. 25), coho remained closed to retention. The average catch efficiency varied, chinook
increased from 0.29 to 0.35 while pink CPUE decreased from 1.48 to 1.11 (Table 33). The average yearly CPUE decreased from 1.83 to 1.47 in 2001. August was the peak month for salmon fishing with a CPUE of 2.71 (Table 33, Figures 24 and 25).

The fishing effort was evenly distributed through Statistical Area 12 in 2001, SubArea 12B had $37 \%$ of angler effort, Sub-Area 12A had $34 \%, 12 \mathrm{C}$ had $29 \%$ and the remaining 1\% was in Sub-Area 12E (Table 24). Sub-Area 12B contained $41 \%$ of the total salmon catch and 12 A and 12 B contained $30 \%$ and $25 \%$ respectively (Table 24 : Appendix I).

The non-retention of coho for the 2001 sport fishing season continues to alter the catch estimates. Previously a significant coho fishery occurred in the Northern Vancouver Island with 25,873 retained in 1993 (access point survey April to the end of August). In 2001, anglers released 35,832 coho as compared to 9,626 in 2000 and 22,604 coho in 1999 (Tables 22 and 26).

## Groundfish

The 2001 Northern Vancouver Island catch consisted of 8,617 groundfish, which made up $35 \%$ of the overall catch. The species composition of the groundfish catch, based on the Tables 27 and 29 data, is shown below. The category "other" groundfish consists of starry flounder (Platichthys stellatus), rock sole (Lepidopsetta bilineata), dogfish (Squalus acanthias), cabezon (Scorpaenichthys marmoratus), greenling (Hexagrammos spp.) and other unidentfied sole and groundfish.
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lrll}\hline & & & \begin{array}{l}\text { \% of Total } \\
\text { Groundfish } \\
\text { Catch }\end{array}\end{array}
$$ $$
\begin{array}{l}\text { Catch }\end{array}
$$ \begin{array}{l}Major <br>
Catch <br>

Area\end{array}\right]\)| Groundfish | 819 | $10 \%$ | 12 A |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Species | 977 | $11 \%$ | 12 A |
| Halibut (Hippoglossus stenolepis) | 1,167 | $14 \%$ | 12 A |
| Lingcod (Ophiodon elongatus) | 5,654 | $66 \%$ | 12 A |
| Other Groundfish | 8,617 |  |  |
| Rockfish (Sebastes spp.) |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

The groundfish catch was evenly distributed between July and August (Tables 27 and 29). Catch by Statistical Sub-Area for all groundfish was highest in 12B (Tables 28 and 30 and Appendix J).

Rockfish species were identified for the entire survey area in 2001, catch and release estimates were generated for nine species (Tables 29, 30, 31 and 32). The major catches are shown below. The "other" rockfish category consists of canary (Sebastes pinniger), china (S. nebulosus), redstripe ( $S$. proriger), tiger ( $S$. nigrocinctus) and unidentified species.

|  | Catch | \% of Total <br> Rockfish <br> Cackfish | Major <br> Catch |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Species | 2,035 | $36.0 \%$ | Area |
| Black (Sebastes melanops) | 67 | $1.2 \%$ | 12 B |
| Copper (Sebastes caurinus) | 1,911 | $33.8 \%$ | 12 A |
| Quillback (Sebastes maliger) | 728 | $12.9 \%$ | 12 A |
| Yelloweye (Sebastes ruberrimus) | 913 | $16.1 \%$ | 12 A |
| Other (Sebastes spp.) | 5,654 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

The CPUE for rockfish was relatively constant throughout the creel survey period " and averaged 0.52 , while the CPUE for halibut was 0.08 and lingcod was 0.09 (Table 33). The CPUE for total finfish during 2001 decreased from 2.81 to 2.27 .

## BIOLOGICAL DATA

## Percentage and Catch of Adipose-clipped Chinook and Coho

In 2001, 317 chinook were examined for adipose-clips (Table 34). Among chinook examined, $3.8 \%$ had adipose clips. A total catch of 142 clipped chinook was estimated for Northern Vancouver Island in 2001 (Table 35).

## Catch-At-Age for Chinook

During 2001, due to budgetary constraints only 35 chinook scale samples were read for age. Of these samples only 23 were aged correctly and had corresponding length measurements.

In 2001, the chinook sport catch in Northern Vancouver Island consisted of $66.3 \%$ age 4 fish (sample size 14 of 23), and $33.7 \%$ age 3 fish ( 9 of 23 ).

## Mean Length-At-Age for Chinook

The yearly average size of age 3 chinook was $745 \mathrm{~mm}+/-4.9 \mathrm{~mm}$ at $95 \%$ Confidence Limits (sample size 9). The average yearly size of age 4 chinook was 870 $\mathrm{mm}+/-3.1 \mathrm{~mm}$ at $95 \%$ Confidence Limits (sample size of 14). Figure 27 gives the length frequency of chinook sampled for length in 2001.

The largest length sample for chinook was 117 cm taken at the Quarterdeck Marina.

## SUMMARY

A sport fishery creel survey was conducted in the Northern Vancouver Island in 2001 to estimate the catches of all the important recreational finfish species and the total sport fishing boat trips. In the report, data are presented by both month and Statistical Sub-Area. From the catch and effort estimates CPUE could be calculated.

The downward trend in fishing effort and catch of the main target species was evident again in 2001. Fishing effort decreased $32 \%$ from 15,934 (2000) to 10,825 (2001). Total salmon catch also decreased by $45 \%$ from 29,172 (2000) to 10,825 in 2001.

Sport fishers made an estimated 10,825 boat trips in the Northern Vancouver Island. A total of 714 boating parties, of which 695 were actively fishing, were _interviewed at six landing sites in the Northern Vancouver Island creel survey area. This sampling represents approximately $6.4 \%$ of the total number of boat trips conducted by sport fishers in the Northern Vancouver Island. A total of 14 overflights were also conducted during the creel survey period.

Sport fishers in the Northern Vancouver Island landed an estimated total finfish catch of 24,570 pieces of which $65 \%$ were salmon and $35 \%$ were groundfish. The 15,953 landed salmon consisted of 3,759 chinook, 59 chum, 11,967 pink salmon and 43 sockeye salmon. Anglers released an additional 46,522 salmon of mixed species. CPUE averaged 1.47 for salmon (all species), 0.80 for groundfish and 2.27 for total finfish. The 8,617 landed groundfish consisted of 819 halibut, 977 lingcod, 5,654 rockfish and 119 other finfish.

The age composition of chinook catch consisted of $33.7 \%$ age 3 fish and $66.3 \%$ age 4 (only a total of 23 chinook were aged in 2001). Among chinook salmon examined $3.8 \%$ had adipose clips.

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TABLES
Table 1. Number of fishing interviews by month and Statistical Area and number of overflights by month for Northern Vancouver Island and the Strait of Georgia Creel Surveys, 2001.

| Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S of } G \\ & \text { Total } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | S of G Over Flights |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | 12 | Area 12 Over Flights |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |  |
| Jan-Mar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 650 |  |  | 650 | 31 |
| Apr |  |  |  | 125 | 37 |  | 101 | 65 | 24 | 262 | 51 | 12 | 677 | 5 |
| May |  |  |  | 146 | 54 | 6 | 166 | 201 | 68 | 456 | 51 | 30 | 1178 | 5 |
| Jun |  |  |  | 489 | 262 | 10 | 177 | 185 | 52 | 322 | 92 | 62 | 1651 | 6 |
| Jul | 497 |  | 7 | 678 | 372 | 19 | 257 | 233 | 92 | 438 | 110 | 79 | 2278 | 8 |
| Aug | 198 |  | 7 | 877 | 371 | 15 | 171 | 276 | 232 | 775 | 79 | 69 | 2865 | 6 |
| Sep |  |  |  | 400 | 165 | 20 | 100 | 144 | 100 | 269 | 40 | 59 | 1297 | 4 |
| Oct |  |  |  | 228 | 65 |  |  | 10 |  | 113 |  |  | 416 | 11 |
| Nov-Dec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 378 |  |  | 378 | 12 |
| Total | 695 |  | 14 | 2943 | 1326 | 70 | 972 | 1114 | 568 | 3663 | 423 | 311 | 11390 | 88 |

Table 2. Tidal effort estimates and sport catches for the Strait of Georgia, 1983 to 2001. (This, table uses values from April up to and including September for historical comparisons. See Appendix E-1 for total effort and catch estimates for 1982 to 2001. See Appendix E-2 for historical effort and catch estimates from 1960 to 1982).


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[^0]Table 3. Salmon catches and effort by species and month for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

| Month | Value | Effort | Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  | Salmon Released |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Chinook | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon | *Legal Chinook | *Sub-legal Chinook | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon |
| Jan - | Total | 5061 | 2668 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2668 | 519 | 4483 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6750 |
| Mar | STD | 347 | 469 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 469 | 158 | 698 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 997 |
| Apr | Total | 6806 | 1011 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1011 | 374 | 1280 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 2549 |
|  | STD | 606 | 226 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 226 | 152 | 258 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 523 |
| May | Total | 6537 | 1635 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1649 | 295 | 2764 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4889 |
|  | STD | 575 | 239 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 239 | 91 | 435 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 743 |
| Jun | Total | 42340 | 13180 | 0 | 219 | 0 | 13662 | 1798 | 11018 | 31 | 366 | 1936 | 34702 |
|  | STD | 3465 | 1870 | 0 | 196 | 0 | 1912 | 1192 | 1563 | 32 | 387 | 1616 | 5697 |
| Jul | Total | 45171 | 11723 | 0 | 14225 | 926 | 28988 | 591 | 11164 | 70 | 2099 | 554 | 50397 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 1026 | 0 | 2297 | 481 | 2940 | 150 | 1169 | 47 | 589 | 216 | 4975 |
| Aug | Total | 56298 | 12866 | 49 | 73972 | 2293 | 97611 | 2270 | 12262 | 63 | 23099 | 1278 | 111072 |
|  | STD | 2682 | 1262 | 29 | 5059 | 587 | 6067 | 917 | 1375 | 44 | 2862 | 327 | 7706 |
| Sep | Total | 29308 | 4698 | 355 | 28704 | 0 | 36447 | 416 | 10272 | 49 | 11315 | 146 | 51821 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 720 | 104 | 3649 | 0 | 4264 | 167 | 1776 | 35 | 3860 | 95 | 7017 |
| Oct | Total | 3970 | 122 | 4154 | 182 | 0 | 5376 | 0 | 122 | 123 | 0 | 0 | 5701 |
|  | STD | 357 | 67 | 706 | 52 | 0 | 770 | 0 | 39 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 717 |
| Nov - | Total | 2423 | 1067 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1067 | 393 | 1045 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1862 |
| Dec | STD | 621 | 159 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 159 | 91 | 252 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 335 |
| Apr to | Total | 186460 | 45113 | 404 | 117120 | 3219 | 179368 | 5744 | 48760 | 213 | 36910 | 3914 | 255430 |
| Sep | STD | 5193 | 2602 | 108 | 6650 | 759 | 8210 | 1531 | 3018 | 80 | 4857 | 1665 | 12910 |
| Yearly | Total | 197914 | 48970 | 4558 | 117302 | 3219 | 188479 | 6656 | 54410 | 336 | 36910 | 3914 | 269743 |
|  | STD | 5254 | 2649 | 714 | 6651 | 759 | 8261 | 1542 | 3108 | 113 | 4857 | 1665 | 12972 |

*Legal: The salmon was equal to or greater in length than the legal size limit, sub-legal; the salmon was less than the legal size.
Table 4. Salmon catches and effort by species and Statistical Area for the Strait of Georgia; 2001.

| Area | Value | Effort | Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  | Salmon Released |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Chinook | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon | Legal Chinook | Sub-legal Chinook | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon |
| 13 | Total | 42241 | 13590 | 4489 | 60674 | 1196 | 84058 | 344 | 6098 | 166 | 22621 | 819 | 66949 |
|  | STD | 2627 | 1650 | 713 | 4660 | 518 | 5506 | 107 | 972 | 88 | 4506 | 292 | 6874 |
| 14 | Total | 23325 | 5041 | 16 | 1531 | 0 | 11684 | 1357 | 5426 | 101 | 555 | 11 | 33971 |
|  | STD | 2037 | 1042 | 22 | 431 | 0 | 1946 | 893 | 823 | 57 | 309 | 14 | 4357 |
| 15 | Total | 3707 | 1097 | 13 | 40 | 0 | 1240 | 94 | 3777 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 5143 |
|  | STD | 460 | 175 | 19 | 23 | 0 | 191 | 36 | 612 | 0 | 19 | 0 | 877 |
| 16 | Total | 16200 | 1757 | 1 | 90 | 0 | 1854 | 37 | 3204 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3927 |
|  | STD | 982 | 291 | 1 | 47 | 0 | 296 | 33 | 952 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1029 |
| 17 | Total | 27241 | 5004 | 0 | 416 | 0 | 5999 | 233 | 8794 | 0 | 257 | 0 | 23701 |
|  | STD | 1552 | 524 | 0 | 117 | 0 | 637 | 107 | 968 | 0 | 137 | 0 | 2102 |
| 18 | Total | 11933 | 1710 | 0 | 5577 | 57 | 7353 | 559 | 5770 | 0 | 725 | 68 | 11202 |
|  | STD | 801 | 257 | 0 | 1146 | 38 | 1191 | 128 | 1223 | 0 | 264 | 34 | 3692 |
| 19 | Total | 57197 | 17807 | 39 | 47793 | 1216 | 69650 | 3908 | 11699 | 69 | 12620 | 2909 | 110519 |
|  | STD | 3276 | 1574 | 26 | 4563 | 255 | 5575 | 1238 | 1496 | 43 | 1759 | 1637 | 8882 |
| 28 | Total | 8223 | 1356 | 0 | 309 | 0 | 3174 | 29 | 4429 | 0 | 44 | 0 | 7352 |
|  | STD | 717 | 227 | 0 | 92 | 0 | 465 | 21 | 733 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 1148 |
| 29 | Total | 7847 | 1608 | 0 | 872 | 750 | 3467 | 95 | 5213 | 0 | 73 | 107 | 6979 |
|  | STD | 1037 | 476 | 0 | 415 | 490 | 942 | 72 | 1245 | 0 | 81 | 83 | 1402 | months of survey coverage and Areas 13 and 14 additional coverage for October).

Table 5. Coho catches, releases and effort by month for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

| Month | Value | Effort | Coho Catch |  |  |  | Legal Released Coho |  |  |  | Sub-legal Released Coho |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild |  | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total | Not Checked | Adipose clipped |  | Total |
| Jan - | Total | 5061 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1269 | 1269 |
| Mar | STD | 347 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 514 | 514 |
| Apr | Total | 6806 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 87 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 757 | 757 |
|  | STD | 606 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 295 | 295 |
| May | Total | 6537 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 101 | 101 | 0 | 0 | 1599 | 1599 |
|  | STD | 575 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 441 | 441 |
| Jun | Total | 42340 | 0 | 0 | 263 | 263 | 6109 | 942 | 6143 | 13194 | 2329 | 39 | 3604 | 5972 |
|  | STD | 3465 | 0 | 0 | 239 | 239 | 2849 | 591 | 1497 | 3272 | 1277 | 17 | 818 | 1517 |
| Jul | Total | 45171 | 0 | 1162 | 936 | 2098 | 6137 | 2599 | 19531 | 28267 | 1308 | 897 | 2263 | 4468 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 0 | 238 | 240 | 338 | 1134 | 1156 | 3713 | 4051 | 150 | 320 | 533 | 640 |
| Aug | Total | 56298 | 0 | 7246 | 964 | 8210 | 3629 | 1216 | 33782 | 38627 | 1287 | 770 | 3881 | 5938 |
|  | STD | 2682 | 0 | 1134 | 187 | 1149 | 588 | 334 | 3469 | 3534 | 613 | 316 | 894 | 1129 |
| Sep | Total | 29308 | 0 | 2309 | 293 | 2602 | 1945 | 297 | 17953 | 20195 | 876 | 63 | 1293 | 2232 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 0 | 459 | 201 | 501 | 713 | 117 | 3406 | 3482 | 562 | 68 | 485 | 745 |
| Oct | Total | 3970 | 0 | 827 | 93 | 920 | 0 | 51 | 2937 | 2988 | 0 | 0 | 526 | 526 |
|  | STD | 357 | 0 | 177 | 40 | 181 | 0 | 30 | 527 | 528 | 0 | 0 | 238 | 238 |
| Nov- | Total | 2423 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 15 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 82 |
| Dec | STD | 621 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 14 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 72 | 72 |
| Apr to | Total | 186460 | 0 | 10717 | 2470 | 13187 | 17820 | 5054 | 77597 | 100471 | 5800 | 1769 | 13397 | 20966 |
| Sep | STD | 5193 | 0 | 1246 | 436 | 1320 | 3203 | 1346 | 6298 | 7193 | 1531 | 455 | 1507 | 2196 |
| Yearly | Total | 197914 | 0 | 11544 | 2563 | 14107 | 17820 | 5112 | 80549 | 103481 | 5800 | 1769 | 15274 | 22843 |
|  | STD | 5254 | 0 | 1258 | 438 | 1333 | 3203 | 1346 | 6320 | 7212 | 1531 | 455 | 1611 | 2269 |

Table 6. Coho catches, releases and effort by Statistical Area for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

| Area | Value | Effort | Coho Catch |  |  |  | Legal Released Coho |  |  |  | Sub-legal Released Coho |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total |
| 13 | Total | 42241 | 0 | 3866 | 214 | 4080 | 0 | 1656 | 29140 | 30796 | 438 | 155 | 1622 | 2215 |
|  | STD | 2627 | 0 | 509 | 64 | 513 | 0 | 601 | 3123 | 3180 | 169 | 120 | 461 | 506 |
| 14 | Total | 23325 | 0 | 4911 | 186 | 5097 | 2159 | 729 | 12434 | 15322 | 1344 | 323 | 2704 | 4371 |
|  | STD | 2037 | 0 | 1076 | 88 | 1079 | 515 | 201 | 2670 | 2726 | 300 | 228 | 749 | 838 |
| 15 | Total | 3707 | 0 | 91 | 0 | 91 | 5 | 30 | 344 | 379 | 49 | 166 | 373 | 588 |
|  | STD | 460 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 31 | 4 | 18 | 88 | 90 | 29 | 67 | 82 | 110 |
| 16 | Total | 16200 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 13 | 158 | 171 | 0 | 4 | 240 | 244 |
|  | STD | 982 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 12 | 57 | 59 | 0 | 4 | 122 | 122 |
| 17 | Total | 27241 | 0 | 581 | 0 | 581 | 2760 | 219 | 4511 | 7490 | 1208 | 13 | 3178 | 4399 |
|  | STD | 1552 | 0 | 266 | 0 | 266 | 512 | 112 | 1019 | 1146 | 754 | 14 | 729 | 1049 |
| 18 | Total | 11933 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 102 | 2 | 49 | 153 | 124 | 0 | 248 | 372 |
|  | STD | 801 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 | 56 | 2 | 34 | 65 | 68 | 0 | 86 | 110 |
| 19 | Total | 57197 | 0 | 983 | 1512 | 2495 | 12794 | 2368 | 33413 | 48575 | 2637 | 202 | 4149 | 6988 |
|  | STD | 3276 | 0 | 213 | 329 | 392 | 3119 | 1181 | 4689 | 5753 | 1285 | 173 | 844 | 1547 |
| 28 | Total | 8223 | 0 | 950 | 561 | 1511 | 0 | 88 | 355 | 443 | 0 | 854 | 1496 | 2350 |
|  | STD | 717 | 0 | 214 | 259 | 336 | 0 | 69 | 162 | 176 | 0 | 325 | 599 | 681 |
| 29 | Total | 7847 | 0 | 157 | 80 | 237 | 0 | 7 | 145 | 152 | 0 | 52 | 1264 | 1316 |
|  | STD | 1037 | 0 | 66 | 67 | 94 | 0 | 5 | 94 | 94 | 0 | 16 | 436 | 437 |
|  | Total | 197914 | 0 | 11544 | 2563 | 14107 | 17820 | 5112 | 80549 | 103481 | 5800 | 1769 | 15274 | 22843 |
|  | STD | 5254 | 0 | 1258 | 438 | 1333 | 3203 | 1346 | 6320 | 7212 | 1531 | 455 | 1611 | 2269 |

Estimates are for all months surveyed (April through to and including September for the entire geographic area, Area 19 received 12 months of survey coverage and Areas 13 and 14 additional coverage for October).
Table 7. Groundfish catches and effort by species and month for the Strait of Georgia, 200d.

| Month |  | Effort | Groundfish Catch |  |  |  |  | Groundfish Released |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Halibut | Lingcod | English sole | Other Groundfish | Total Groundfish | Halibut | Lingcod | English sole |  | Other Groundfish | Total Groundfish |
| Jan - | Total | 5061 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 299 | 63 | 1474 |  | 5 | 24 | 1928 |
| Mar | STD | 347 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 134 | 56 | 387 |  | 3 | 30 | 481 |
| Apr | Total | 6806 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 156 | 1460 | 0 | 2813 |  | 0 | 419 | 4000 |
|  | STD | 606 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 79 | 292 | 0 | 501 |  | 0 | 211 | 647 |
| May | Total | 6537 | 68 | 8 | 9 | 57 | 1832 | 6 | 2885 |  | 0 | 96 | 3673 |
|  | STD | 575 | 44 | 6 | 7 | 73 | 455 | 7 | 473 |  | 0 | 43 | 507 |
| Jun | Total | 42340 | 107 | 2973 | 19 | 192 | 15175 | 0 | 20126 |  | 1 | 1300 | 31354 |
|  | STD | 3465 | 61 | 442 | 15 | 98 | 2183 | 0 | 2129 |  | 0 | 205 | 2864 |
| Jul | Total | 45171 | 10 | 2540 | 0 | 253 | 10696 | 3 | 15629 |  | 0 | 669 | 35899 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 9 | 455 | 0 | 125 | 1556 | 2 | 2966 |  | 0 | 225 | 3756 |
| Aug | Total | 56298 | 77 | 2702 | 6 | 284 | 11119 | 77 | 17388 |  | 0 | 832 | 34296 |
|  | STD | 2682 | 65 | 499 | 6 | 133 | 1904 | 65 | 2797 |  | 0 | 295 | 3637 |
| Sep | Total | 29308 | 43 | 367 | 81 | 84 | 6920 | 0 | 5885 |  | 0 | 552 | 12374 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 34 | 107 | 53 | 57 | 1785 | 0 | 928 |  | 0 | 221 | 1694 |
| Oct | Total | 3970 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 299 | 0 | 1066 |  | 0 | 0 | 1256 |
|  | STD | 357 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 192 | 0 | 377 |  | 0 | 0 | 514 |
| Nov - | Total | 2423 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 379 | 0 | 1694 |  | 0 | 10 | 1798 |
| Dec | STD | 621 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 196 | 0 | 886 |  | 0 | 10 | 888 |
| Apr to | Total | 186460 | 338 | 8590 | 115 | 1026 | 47202 | 86 | 64726 |  | 1 | 3868 | 121596 |
| Sep | STD | 5193 | 107 | 814 | 56 | 240 | 3781 | 66 | 4742 |  | 0 | 524 | 6251 |
| Yearly | Total | 197914 | 338 | 8598 | 121 | 1026 | 48179 | 149 | 68960 |  | 6 | 3902 | 126578 |
|  | STD | 5254 | 107 | 814 | 56 | 240 | 3793 | 87 | 4854 |  | 3 | 525 | 6353 |

No catch for Herring or Flounder for 2001.
Table 8. Groundfish catches and effort by species and Statistical Area for the Strait of Georigia, 2001.

| Area | Value | Effort | Groundfish Catch |  |  |  |  | Groundfish Released |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Halibut | Lingcod | English sole | Other Groundfish | Total Groundfish | Halibut | Lingcod | English sole | Other Groundfish | Total Groundfish |
| 13 | Total | 42241 | 25 | 1462 | 0 | 62 | 3508 | 0 | 6997 | 0 | 164 | 17329 |
|  | STD | 20720 | 21 | 856 | 0 | 37 | 1778 | 0 | 3533 | 0 | 85 | 7607 |
| 14 | Total | 23325 | 42 | 1151 | 0 | 104 | 2400 | 0 | 12094 | 0 | 308 | 18728 |
|  | STD | 13096 | 34 | 949 | 0 | 62 | 1358 | 0 | 7311 | 0 | 189 | 8973 |
| 15 | Total | 3707 | 0 | 123 | 0 | 0 | 227 | 0 | 716 | 0 | 1 | 2861 |
|  | STD | 1802 | 0 | 111 | 0 | 0 | 124 | 0 | 340 | 0 | 1 | 1220 |
| 16 | Total | 16200 | 0 | 1883 | 0 | 5 | 6048 | 0 | 8241 | 0 | 375 | 15933 |
|  | STD | 7715 | 0 | 1087 | 0 | 5 | 3314 | 0 | 4669 | 0 | 274 | 6471 |
| 17 | Total | 27241 | 54 | 2134 | 0 | 171 | 7872 | 54 | 11956 | 0 | 1586 | 20098 |
|  | STD | 13025 | 54 | 1272 | 0 | 138 | 4377 | 54 | 6184 | 0 | 1196 | 7640 |
| 18 | Total | 11933 | 0 | 566 | 24 | 154 | 3518 | 1 | 2419 | 0 | 1032 | 8149 |
|  | STD | 6290 | 0 | 320 | 15 | 110 | 2316 | 1 | 1060 | 0 | 529 | 3413 |
| 19 | Total | 57197 | 217 | 919 | 97 | 152 | 8993 | 94 | 24045 | 1 | 413 | 36119 |
|  | STD | 24101 | 104 | 568 | 71 | 152 | 4090 | 62 | 9829 | 4 | 267 | 11489 |
| 28 | Total | 8223 | 0 | 251 | 0 | 292 | 12624 | 0 | 1449 | 0 | 3 | 4203 |
|  | STD | 3962 | 0 | 135 | 0 | 186 | 6329 | 0 | 765 | 0 | 3 | 1700 |
| 29 | Total | 7847 | 0 | 109 | 0 | 86 | 2989 | 0 | 1043 | 0 | 20 | 3158 |
|  | STD | 3687 | 0 | 69 | 0 | 61 | 1604 | 0 | 518 | 0 | 14 | 1221 |
|  | Total | 197914 | 338 | 8598 | 121 | 1026 | 48179 | 149 | 68960 | 1 | 3902 | 126578 |
|  | STD | 38509 | 124 | 2212 | 73 | 313 | 9994 | 82 | 14989 | 4 | 1379 | 19701 |

Estimates are for all months surveyed (April through to and including September for the entire geographic area, Area 19 received 12 months of survey coverage and Areas 13 and 14 additional coverage for October).
Table 9. Rockfish catches and effort by species and month for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.i

| Month | Effort |  | Rockfish Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Black | Canary | Copper | China | Quillback | Redstripe | Tiger | Yellow eye | Yellow tail | All Rockish |
| Jan - | Total | 5061 | 0 | 42 | 306 | 0 | 0318 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 665 |
| Mar | STD | 347 | 0 | 54 | 198 |  | 0274 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 382 |
| Apr | Total | 6806 | 1 | 0 | 683 |  | 01435 |  | 0 | 128 | 0 | 02413 |
|  | STD | 606 | 2 | 0 | 185 | 0 | 0 287 |  | 0 | 42 | 0 | 0 403 |
| May | Total | 6537 | 20 | 130 | 807 | 2 | 21362 |  | $0 \quad 14$ | 168 | 0 | - 2714 |
|  | STD | 575 | 16 | 126 | 227 |  | 3330 |  | 0 | 43 | 0 | 520 |
| Jun | Total | 42340 | 257 | 118 | 8444 |  | 08122 |  | 0 | 2516 | 0 | 020621 |
|  | STD | 3465 | 199 | 48 | 1233 |  | 01049 |  | 0 | 405 | 0 | 2242 |
| Jul | Total | 45171 | 262 | 1351 | 2900 | 0 | 06090 |  | 0 | 2778 | 117 | 14338 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 152 | 315 | 549 |  | 01095 |  | 0 | 974 | 83 | 2193 |
| Aug | Total | 56298 | 99 | 750 | 4226 | 10 | 8687 |  | 090 | 1445 | 25 | - 16689 |
|  | STD | 2682 | 46 | 442 | 783 | 9 | 91377 |  | 037 | 336 | 20 | - 2136 |
| Sep | Total | 29308 | 26 | 13 | 1908 | 0 | 02465 | 64 | 4 | 213 | 30 | 5470 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 28 | 13 | 807 | 0 | 0729 | 37 | 7 | 112 | 30 | 1258 |
| Oct | Total | 3970 | 0 | 0 | 206 | 0 | 0370 |  | 0 | 231 | 0 | 0818 |
|  | STD | 357 | 0 | 0 | 89 | 0 | 0132 |  | 0 | 152 | 0 | 0 245 |
| Nov. | Total | 2423 | 0 | 0 | 533 | 0 | 0659 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | - 1276 |
| Dec | STD | 621 | 0 | 0 | 467 | 0 | 0575 |  | 00 | 0 | 0 | O 1044 |
| Apr to | Total | 186460 | 665 | 2362 | 18968 | 12 | 28161 | 64 | 409 | 7248 | 172 | 62245 |
| Sep | STD | 5193 | 257 | 559 | 1782 | 10 | 2218 | 37 | 738 | 1114 | 90 | 4052 |
| Yearly | Total | 197914 | 665 | 2404 | 20013 | 12 | 229508 | 64 | 4109 | 7479 | 172 | 25004 |
|  | STD | 5254 | 257 | 562 | 1855 | 10 | 2311 | 37 | 738 | 1124 | 90 | 4209 |

Table 10. Rockfish catches and effort by species and Statistical Area for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

| Area | Effort | Rockfish Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Black | Canary | Copper | China | Quillback | Redstripe | Tiger | Yellow eye | Yellow tail | All Rockfish |
| 13 Total | 42241 | 61 | 311 | 1394 | 0 | 9076 | 64 | 14 | 762 | 0 | 13130 |
| STD | 2627 | 44 | 105 | 402 | 0 | 1236 | 37 | 8 | 157 | 0 | 1731 |
| 14 Total | 23325 | 252 | 1765 | 131 | 0 | 4479 | 0 | 2 | 1175 | 0 | 7934 |
| STD | 2037 | 150 | 531 | 57 | 0 | 1127 | 0 | 4 | 317 | 0 | 1740 |
| 15 Total | 3707 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 4 | 369 | 0 | 0 | 562 | 0 | 946 |
| STD | 460 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 161 | 0 | 225 |
| 16 Total | 16200 | 0 | 0 | 1034 | 6 | 7274 | 0 | 20 | 3710 | 69 | 12184 |
| STD | 982 | 0 | 0 | 327 | 9 | 1245 | 0 | 17 | 1030 | 70 | 2183 |
| 17 Total | 27241 | 0 | 103 | 6866 | 0 | 3276 | 0 | 0 | 878 | 0 | 11689 |
| STD | 1552 | 0 | 51 | 1060 | 0 | 450 | 0 | 0 | 205 | 0 | 1452 |
| 18 Total | 11933 | 3 | 0 | 1647 | 0 | 801 | 0 | 66 | 26 | 0 | 2943 |
| STD | 801 | 2 | 0 | 389 | 0 | 247 | 0 | 32 | 20 | 0 | 570 |
| 19 Total | 57197 | 344 | 42 | 4068 | 2 | 3669 | 0 | 7 | 151 | 97 | 9462 |
| STD | 3276 | 204 | 54 | 761 | 3 | 839 | 0 | 8 | 65 | 57 | 1602 |
| 28 Total | 8223 | 0 | 183 | 4118 | 0 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4672 |
| STD | 717 | 0 | 132 | 1124 | 0 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1186 |
| 29 Total | 7847 | 0 | 0 | 749 | 0 | 454 | 0 | 0 | 215 | 6 | 2044 |
| STD | 1037 | 0 | 0 | 225 | 0 | 131 | 0 | 0 | 79 | 4 | 683 |
| Total | 1.97914 | 665 | 2404 | 20013 | 12 | 29508 | 64 | 109 | 7479 | 172 | 65004 |
| STD | 5254 | 257 | 562 | 1855 | 10 | 2311 | 37 | 38 | 1124 | 90 | 4209 |

Estimates are for all months surveyed (April through to and including September for the entire geographic area, Area 19 received 12 months of survey coverage and Areas 13 and 14 additional coverage for October).
Table 11. Rockfish released and effort by species and month for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

| Month |  | Effort | Rockfish Released |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Black | Canary | Copper | China | Quillback | Redstripe | Tiger | Yellow eye | Yellow tail | All Rockfish |
| Jan - | Total | 5061 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 204 |
| Mar | STD | 347 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 |
| Apr | Total | 6806 | 0 | 0 | 133 | 0 | 240 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 1039 |
|  | STD | 606 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 209 |
| May | Total | 6537 | 19 | 0 | 72 | 0 | 327 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 1246 |
|  | STD | 575 | 22 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 172 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 256 |
| Jun | Total | 42340 | 386 | 0 | 3893 | 0 | 2804 | 0 | 4 | 52 | 0 | 15908 |
|  | STD | 3465 | 289 | 0 | 815 | 0 | 482 | 0 | 7 | 21 | 0 | 1696 |
| Jul | Total | 45171 | 0 | 0 | 2598 | 29 | 1456 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 0 | 11463 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 0 | 0 | 1048 | 22 | 309 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 2225 |
| Aug | Total | 56298 | 278 | 0 | 1495 | 0 | 498 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 0 | 7226 |
|  | STD | 2682 | 229 | 0 | 499 | 0 | 157 | 0 | 0 | 71 | 0 | 894 |
| Sep | Total | 29308 | 192 | 0 | 972 | 54 | 295 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 5776 |
|  | STD | 1880 | 180 | 0 | 621 | 51 | 318 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 1128 |
| Oct | Total | 3970 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 422 |
|  | STD | 357 | 0 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 103 |
| Nov - | Total | 2423 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 565 |
| Dec | STD | 621 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 402 |
| Apr to | Total | 186460 | 875 | 0 | 9163 | 83 | 5620 | 0 | 4 | 277 | 0 | 42658 |
| Sep | STD | 5193 | 411 | 0 | 1550 | 56 | 699 | 0 | 7 | 83 | 0 | 3164 |
| Yearly | Total | 197914 | 887 | 59 | 9163 | 83 | 5631 | 0 | 4 | 277 | 0 | 43849 |
|  | STD | 5254 | 411 | 61 | 1550 | 56 | 699 | 0 | 7 | 83 | 0 | 3192 |

Table 12. Rockfish released and effort by species and Statistical Area for the Strait of Georigia, 2001.

| Area |  | Effort | Rockfish Released |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Black | Canary | Copper | China | Quillback | Redstripe | Tiger | Yellow eye | Yellow tail | All Rockfish |
| 13 | Total | 42241 | 0 | 0 | 709 | 0 | 365 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 3951 |
|  | STD | 2627 | 0 | 0 | 572 | 0 | 275 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 843 |
| 14 | Total | 23325 | 272 | 0 | 163 | 0 | 46 | 0 | 4 | 137 | 0 | 3638 |
|  | STD | 2037 | 229 | 0 | 137 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 7 | 76 | 0 | 807 |
| 15 | Total | 3707 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 610 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 733 |
|  | STD | 460 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 330 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 340 |
| 16 | Total | 16200 | 6 | 0 | 362 | 0 | 1059 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 4933 |
|  | STD | 982 | 3 | 0 | 284 | 0 | 307 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 845 |
| 17 | Total | 27241 | 0 | 0 | 5894 | 28 | 3189 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0 | 18670 |
|  | STD | 1552 | 0 | 0 | 1198 | 22 | 443 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 2482 |
| 18 | Total | 11933 | 10 | 0 | 415 | 1 | 200 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2129 |
|  | STD | 801 | 13 | 0 | 118 | 1 | 93 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 340 |
| 19 | Total | 57197 | 599 | 59 | 140 | 0 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 7775 |
|  | STD | 3276 | 341 | 61 | 70 | 0 | 63 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 1056 |
| 28 | Total | 8223 | 0 | 0 | 1404 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1582 |
|  | STD | 717 | 0 | 0 | 723 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 768 |
| 29 | Total | 7847 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 2 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 438 |
|  | STD | 1037 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 2 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134 |
|  | Total | 197914 | 887 | 59 | 9163 | 83 | 5631 | 0 | 4 | 277 | 0 | 43849 |
|  | STD | 5254 | 411 | 61 | 1550 | 56 | 699 | 0 | 7 | 83 | 0 | 3192 | months of survey coverage and Areas 13 and 14 additional coverage for October).

Table 13. Monthly CPUE (catches per boat trip) by species for the Strait of Georgia, 2001*

| Month | Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Salmon Released |  |  | Groundfish Catch |  |  |  | Total Catch Success |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Chinook | Coho | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon | Chinook Coho |  | All <br> Salmon | Halibut | Lingcod | Total Ground | Rockfish |  |
| Jan - | 0.53 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.53 | 0.99 | 0.00 | 1.33 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 0.72 |
| Mar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr | 0.15 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.15 | 0.24 | 0.12 | 0.37 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.35 | 0.72 |
| May | 0.25 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.25 | 0.47 | 0.26 | 0.75 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.28 | 0.42 | 0.95 |
| Jun | 0.31 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.32 | 0.30 | 0.45 | 0.82 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.36 | 0.49 | 1.17 |
| Jul | 0.26 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.31 | 0.02 | 0.64 | 0.26 | 0.72 | 1.12 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.24 | 0.32 | 1.20 |
| Aug | 0.23 | 0.15 | 0.00 | 1.31 | 0.04 | 1.73 | 0.26 | 0.79 | 1.97 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 2.23 |
| Sep | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.98 | 0.00 | 1.24 | 0.36 | 0.77 | 1.77 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.24 | 0.19 | 1.67 |
| Oct | 0.03 | 0.23 | 1.05 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 1.35 | 0.03 | 0.89 | 1.44 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.21 | 1.64 |
| Nov - <br> Dec | 0.44 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.44 | 0.59 | 0.04 | 0.77 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.16 | 0.53 | 1.12 |
| Apr- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sep | 0.24 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.63 | 0.02 | 0.96 | 0.29 | 0.65 | 1.37 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.33 | 1.55 |
| Year | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.59 | 0.02 | 0.95 | 0.31 | 0.63 | 1.36 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.24 | 0.33 | 1.52 |

- Calculated using Tables 3, 5, 7 and 9 data.

Table 14. Number of adipose-clipped chinook observed by month and Region for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

| Month |  | North Gulf | South Gulf | Victoria | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan | Unmarked | 0 | 0 | 245 | 245 |
| to | Marked | 0 | 0 | 39 | 39 |
| Mar | Total | 0 | 0 | 284 | 284 |
| Apr | Unmarked | 16 | 9 | 50 | 75 |
| Apr | Marked | 2 | 0 | 5 | 7 |
| Apr | Total | 18 | 9 | 55 | 82 |
| May | Unmarked | 82 | 77 | 150 | 309 |
| May | Marked | 9 | 4 | 21 | 34 |
| May | Total | 91 | 81 | 171 | 343 |
| Jun | Unmarked | 239 | 94 | 73 | 406 |
| Jun | Marked | 14 | 7 | 7 | 28 |
| Jun | Total | 253 | 101 | 80 | 434 |
| Jul | Unmarked | 417 | 59 | 84 | 560 |
| Jul | Marked | 23 | 9 | 4 | 36 |
| Jul | Total | 440 | 68 | 88 | 596 |
| Aug | Unmarked | 254 | 51 | 189 | 494 |
| Aug | Marked | 4 | 4 | 17 | 25 |
| Aug | Total | 258 | 55 | 206 | 519 |
| Sep | Unmarked | 80 | 53 | 51 | 184 |
| Sep | Marked | 5 | 3 | 6 | 14 |
| Sep | Total | 85 | 56 | 57 | 198 |
| Oct | Unmarked | 3 | 0 | 7 | 10 |
| Oct | Marked | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Oct | Total | 3 | 0 | 8 | 11 |
| Nov | Unmarked | 0 | 0 | 118 | 118 |
| to | Marked | 0 | 0 | 45 | 45 |
| Dec | Total | 0 | 0 | 163 | 163 |
| Total | Unmarked | 1091 | 343 | 967 | 2401 |
|  | Marked | 57 | 27 | 145 | 229 |
|  | Total | 1148 | 370 | 1112 | 2630 |
| Proportion of |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marks |  | 0.050 | 0.073 | 0.130 | 0.087 |

Table 15. Monthly estimated catches of adipose-clipped chinook by Region for the Strait of Georgia, 2001*.

| Month |  | North Gulf | South <br> Gulf | Victoria | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan - | Catch |  |  | 366 | 366 |
| Mar | STD |  |  | 85 | 85 |
| Apr | Catch | 14 | 0 | 46 | 139 |
|  | STD | 18 | 0 | 24 | 30 |
| May | Catch | 45 | 32 | 66 | 140 |
|  | STD | 20 | 17 | 22 | 34 |
| Jun | Catch | 240 | 264 | 440 | 1306 |
|  | STD | 98 | 102 | 196 | 242 |
| Jul | Catch | 404 | 235 | 101 | 756 |
|  | STD | 94 | 85 | 54 | 138 |
| Aug | Catch | 114 | 80 | 365 | 777 |
|  | STD | 60 | 44 | 95 | 121 |
| Sep | Catch | 86 | 106 | 133 | 226 |
|  | STD | 43 | 65 | 73 | 107 |
| Oct | Catch | 0 |  | 12 | 9 |
|  | STD | 0 |  | 16 | 16 |
| Nov- | Catch |  |  | 295 | 295 |
| Dec | STD |  |  | 58 | 58 |
| Total | Catch | 903 | 716 | 1824 | 4014 |
|  | STD | 170 | 143 | 273 | 352 |

* Calculated using data from Table 14 and Appendix D-2.

Table 16. Monthly number of adipose-clipped coho observed by Region for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

| Month |  | North Gulf | South Gulf | Victoria | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan | Unmarked | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| to | Marked | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mar | Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr | Unmarked | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr | Marked | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr | Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May | Unmarked | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| May | Marked | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| May | Total | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| Jun | Unmarked | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jun | Marked | 0 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Jun | Total | 0 | 8 | 0 | 8 |
| Jul | Unmarked | 0 | 3 | 14 | 17 |
| Jul | Marked | 0 | 39 | 10 | 49 |
| Jul | Total | 0 | 42 | 24 | 66 |
| Aug | Unmarked | 5 | 0 | 34 | 39 |
| Aug | Marked | 243 | 51 | 14 | 308 |
| Aug | Total | 248 | 51 | 48 | 347 |
| Sep | Unmarked | 3 | 0 | 7 | 10 |
| Sep | Marked | 163 | 11 | 2 | 176 |
| Sep | Total | 166 | 11 | 9 | 186 |
| Oct | Unmarked | 4 | 0 | 6 | 10 |
| Oct | Marked | 57 | 0 | 24 | 81 |
| Oct | Total | 61 | 0 | 30 | 91 |
| Nov | Unmarked | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| to | Marked | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Dec | Total | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | Unmarked | 12 | 3 | 62 | 77 |
|  | Marked | 463 | 110 | 54 | 627 |
|  | Total | 475 | 113 | 116 | 704 |
| Proportion of |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marks |  | 0.975 | 0.973 | 0.466 | 0.891 |

Region definitions: North Gulf (Areas 13, 14, 15 and 16), South Gulf (Areas 17, 18,28 and 29) and Victoria (Area 19).

Table 17. Monthly estimated catches of adipose-clipped coho by Region for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

| Month |  | North Gulf | South <br> Gulf | Victoria | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan - | Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr | Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May | Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jun | Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jul | Catch | 4 | 748 | 410 | 1162 |
|  | STD | 2 | 182 | 154 | 238 |
| Aug | Catch | 6231 | 706 | 309 | 7246 |
|  | STD | 1096 | 273 | 94 | 1134 |
| Sep | Catch | 2045 | 234 | 30 | 2309 |
|  | STD | 442 | 116 | 42 | 459 |
| Oct | Catch | 593 | 0 | 234 | 827 |
|  | STD | 141 | 0 | 106 | 177 |
| Nov - | Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | Catch | 8873 | 1688 | 983 | 11544 |
|  | STD | 1191 | 348 | 213 | 1258 |

Region definitions: North Gulf (Areas 13, 14, 15 and 16), South Gulf (Areas 17, 18,28 and 29) and Victoria (Area 19).

Table 18. Origin of coded-wire tagged chinook caught in the Strait of Georgia, 2001 (Places of origin with less than 5 returns are totaled as Other river).

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| River or Creek of Origin | Country | Number | Percent |
|  |  |  |  |
| Dome Cr. (Penny) | CAN | 7 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Chelhalis | CAN | 8 | $1.3 \%$ |
| Oyster | CAN | 9 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Inch Cr. | CAN | 10 | $1.7 \%$ |
| Nanaimo | CAN | 10 | $1.7 \%$ |
| Nicola (Spius Cr.) | CAN | 10 | $1.7 \%$ |
| Capilano | CAN | 11 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Little Qualicum | CAN | 11 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Spius | CAN | 11 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Tenderfoot Cr. | CAN | 11 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Sooke | CAN | 14 | $2.3 \%$ |
| Quinsam | CAN | 16 | $2.7 \%$ |
| Stave (Inch Cr.) | CAN | 18 | $3.0 \%$ |
| Puntledge | CAN | 20 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Porteau Cove (Tenderfoot Cr.) | CAN | 23 | $3.9 \%$ |
| Shuswap | CAN | 26 | $4.4 \%$ |
| Big Qualicum | CAN | 27 | $4.5 \%$ |
| Chilliwack | CAN | 58 | $9.7 \%$ |
| Cowichan | CAN | 58 | $9.7 \%$ |
| Other | CAN | 26 | $4.4 \%$ |
| Green | USA | 5 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Tulalip | USA | 7 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Voight Cr. | USA | 9 | $1.5 \%$ |
| Skagit | USA | 11 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Big Soos | USA | 15 | $2.5 \%$ |
| Wa Prod Area | USA | 15 | $2.5 \%$ |
| Wallace | USA | 17 | $2.9 \%$ |
| Kendall | USA | 20 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Cascade | USA | 23 | $3.9 \%$ |
| Friday Cr. | USA | 26 | $4.4 \%$ |
| Other | USA | 64 | $10.7 \%$ |

Table 19. Monthly number and percent age composition of chinook sampled for age in the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey, 2001.

| Month | Age 2 | Age 3 |  | Age 4 | Age 5 |  | Age 6 Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $n$ \% | n | \% | n \% | n | \% | n | \% | Sampled |
| Jan-Mar | $12.4 \%$ |  | 73.2\% | 10 24.4\% |  | $00.0 \%$ |  | 0 | 41 |
| Apr | $00.0 \%$ | 12 | 63.2\% | $736.8 \%$ |  | 00.0\% |  | 0 | 19 |
| May | $00.0 \%$ | 14 | 63.6\% | $731.8 \%$ |  | 14.5\% |  | 0 | 22 |
| Jun | $11.6 \%$ |  | 64.1\% | 21 32.8\% |  | 11.6\% |  | 0 | 64 |
| .Jul | $00.0 \%$ |  | 65.2\% | 18 27.3\% |  | $57.6 \%$ |  | 0 | 66 |
| Aug | 11.1\% | 44 | 46.3\% | 44 46.3\% |  | 5 5.3\% |  | 11.1\% | 95 |
| Sep | $26.3 \%$ | 22 | 68.8\% | $721.9 \%$ |  | 13.1\% |  | 0 | 32 |
| Total | 5 | 206 |  | 114 |  | 13 |  | 1 | 339 |
| Overall age composition of catch* | 1.4\% |  | 59.0\% | 32.8\% |  | 4.1\% |  | 0.3\% |  |

[^1]Table 20. Monthly estimated catches at age of chinook for the Strait of Georgia, 2001*.

| Month |  | Age 2 | Age 3 | Age 4 | Age 5 | Age 6 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan to |  | 65 | 1952 | 651 | 0 | 0 | 2668 |
| Mar |  | 64 | 185 | 179 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Apr | Catch | 0 | 639 | 372 | 0 | 0 | 1011 |
|  | STD | 0 | 112 | 112 | 0 | 0 |  |
| May | Catch | 0 | 1040 | 520 | 74 | 0 | 1635 |
| - | STD | 0 | 168 | 162 | 73 | 0 |  |
| - Jun | Catch | 206 | 8443 | 4325 | 206 | 0 | 13180 |
|  | STD | 204 | 791 | 774 | 204 | 0 |  |
| Jul | Catch | 0 | 7638 | 3197 | 888 | 0 | 11723 |
|  | STD | 0 | 688 | 643 | 382 | 0 |  |
| Aug | Catch | 135 | 5959 | 5959 | 677 | 135 | 12866 |
|  | STD | 135 | 658 | 658 | 295 | 17 |  |
| Sep | Catch | 294 | 3230 | 1028 | 147 | 0 | 4698 |
|  | STD | 201 | 385 | 343 | 145 | 0 |  |
| Oct | Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 122 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Nov to |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1067 |
| Dec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | Catch | 700 | 28901 | 16052 | 1992 | 135 | 48970 |
|  | STD | 323 | 1325 | 1278 | 548 | 17 |  |
| Annual |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage |  | 1.4\% | 59.0\% | 32.8\% | 4.1\% | 0.3\% | 100.0\% |

* Calculated by applying the total monthly chinook catch from Table 3 to the monthly age proportions from Table 19.
Table 21. Monthly mean nose-fork length (L) at age of chinook sampled in the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey, 2001.

| Month | Age 2 |  | Age 3 |  | Age 4 |  | Age 5 |  | Age 6 |  | Tota Sampled |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | L (mm) | n | L (mm) | n | L (mm) | n | L (mm) | n | L (mm) | n |  |
| Jan |  |  | 524 | 12 | 645 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| Feb |  |  | 514 | 8 | 680 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 9 |
| Mar | 500 | 1 | 516 | 10 | 550 | 5 |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| Apr |  |  | 635 | 12 | 714 | 7 |  |  |  |  | 19 |
| May |  |  | 652 | 14 | 746 | 7 | 895 | 1 |  |  | 22 |
| Jun | 480 | 1 | 741 | 41 | 804 | 21 | 810 | 1 |  |  | 64 |
| Jul |  |  | 724 | 41 | 834 | 13 | 913 | 5 |  |  | 59 |
| Aug | 500 | 1 | 730 | 37 | 829 | 35 | 841 | 5 | 1010 | 1 | 79 |
| Sep | 575 | 2 | 725 | 22 | 847 | 7 | 1000 | 1 |  |  | 32 |
| Avg. | 526 | 5 | 687 | 197 | 789 | 100 | 883 | 13 | 1010 | 1 | 316 |

Table 22. Tidal effort estimates and sport catches for Northern Vancouver Island, 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001. (This table uses values for July and August only for historical comparisons. See Appendix H for total effort and catch estimates for all months surveyed.)

| Year | Effort | Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Released |  | Groundfish Catch |  |  | Total Finfish Catch |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Chinook | Coho | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon | Chinook | Coho | Halibut | Lingcod | Total Rockfish |  |
| 1998 | 14779 | 2224 | 0 | 788 | 14983 | 440 | 18435 | 6364 | 27247 | 3347 | 911 | 10478 | 33419 |
| 1999 | 32443 | 7259 | 430 | 607 | 42398 | 1538 | 52227 | 5256 | 22604 | 6117 | 1575 | 15691 | 75610 |
| 2000 | 15934 | 4628 | 125 | 103 | 23519 | 744 | 29172 | 4904 | 9626 | 1524 | 1066 | 8959 | 44845 |
| 2001 | 10825 | 3759 | 126 | 59 | 11967 | 43 | 15953 | 6332 | 35832 | 819 | 977 | 5654 | 24570 |

Table 23. Salmon catches and effort by species and month for Northern Vancouver Island; 2001.

| Month | Value | Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Salmon Released |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Effort | Chinook | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon | Legal Chinook | Sub-legal Chinook | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon |
| Jul | Total | 6092 | 2500 | 59 | 481 | 0 | 3123 | 373 | 4094 | 8 | 59 | 85 | 21054 |
|  | STD | 736 | 512 | 41 | 125 | 0 | 574 | 129 | 1547 | 8 | 45 | 51 | 3343 |
| Aug | Total | 4733 | 1259 | 0 | 11486 | 43 | 12830 | 149 | 1716 | 0 | 4185 | 15 | 25468 |
|  | STD | 895 | 312 | 0 | 2376 | 21 | 2627 | 62 | 402 | 0 | 1060 | 12 | 4300 |
|  | Total | 10825 | 3759 | 59 | 11967 | 43 | 15953 | 522 | 5810 | 8 | 4244 | 100 | 46522 |
|  | STD | 1159 | 600 | 41 | 2379 | 21 | 2689 | 143 | 1599 | 8 | 1061 | 52 | 5447 |

Table 24. Salmon catches and effort by species and Statistical Sub-Area for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

| Area | Value | Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Salmon Released |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Effort | Chinook | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | Total <br> Salmon | Legal Chinook | Sub-legal Chinook | Chum |  | Pink | Sockeye | Total Salmon |
| A | Total | 3689 | 1549 | 0 | 3543 | 0 | 5159 | 178 | 3193 |  | 0 | 1277 | 67 | 20850 |
|  | STD | 747 | 460 | 0 | 1466 | 0 | 1680 | 113 | 1508 |  | 0 | 682 | 47 | 4013 |
| B | Total | 3955 | 1253 | 46 | 5193 | 26 | 6544 | 193 | 1818 |  | 8 | 1882 | 27 | 16384 |
|  | STD | 809 | 331 | 39 | 1738 | 19 | 1945 | 69 | 501 |  | 8 | 735 | 22 | 3435 |
| C | Total | 3110 | 938 | 13 | 3060 | 17 | 4060 | 149 | 775 |  | 0 | 1023 | 6 | 8908 |
|  | STD | 362 | 196 | 14 | 701 | 10 | 791 | 56 | 179 |  | 0 | 345 | 6 | 1326 |
| E | Total | 71 | 19 | 0 | 171 | 0 | 190 | 2 | 24 |  | 0 | 62 | 0 | 380 |
|  | STD | 0 | 6 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 30 | 2 | 7 |  | 0 | 27 | 0 | 43 |
|  | Total | 10825 | 3759 | 59 | 11967 | 43 | 15953 | 522 | 5810 |  | 8 | 4244 | 100 | 46522 |
|  | STD | 1159 | 600 | 41 | 2379 | 21 | 2689 | 143 | 1599 |  | 8 | 1061 | 52 | 5447 |

Table 25. Coho catches, releases and effort by month for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001,:

| Month | Value | Effort | Coho Catch |  |  |  | Legal Released Coho |  |  |  | Sub-legal Released Coho |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total |
| Jul | Total | 6092 | 0 | 34 | 49 | 83 | 7736 | 177 | 1344 | 9257 | 6406 | 0 | 760 | 7166 |
|  | STD | 736 | 0 | 41 | 44 | 60 | 1523 | 121 | 761 | 1707 | 1804 | 0 | 447 | 1859 |
| Aug | Total | 4733 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 18494 | 0 | 0 | 18494 | 915 | 0 | 0 | 915 |
|  | STD | 895 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 3685 | 0 | 0 | 3685 | 273 | 0 | 0 | 273 |
|  | Total | 10825 | 43 | 34 | 49 | 126 | 26230 | 177 | 1344 | 27751 | 7321 | 0 | 760 | 8081 |
|  | STD | 1159 | 34 | 41 | 44 | 69 | 3987 | 121 | 761 | 4061 | 1824 | 0 | 447 | 1878 |

Table 26. Coho catches, releases and effort by Statistical Sub-Area for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

| Month | Value | Effort | Coho Catch |  |  |  | Legal Released Coho |  |  |  | Sub-legal Released Coho |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total | Not Checked | Adipose clipped | Wild | Total |
| A | Total | 3689 | 0 | 34 | 34 | 68 | 9905 | 101 | 1212 | 11218 | 4210 | 0 | 709 | 4919 |
|  | STD | 747 | 0 | 41 | 41 | 58 | 2615 | 89 | 754 | 2723 | 1606 | 0 | 445 | 1667 |
| B | Total | 3955 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 10183 | 0 | 0 | 10183 | 2275 | 0 | 0 | 2275 |
|  | STD | 809 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 2797 | 0 | 0 | 2797 | 843 | 0 | 0 | 843 |
| C | Total | 3110 | 17 | 0 | 15 | 32 | 5861 | 76 | 132 | 6069 | 824 | 0 | 51 | 875 |
|  | STD | 362 | 17 | 0 | 15 | 23 | 1112 | 82 | 100 | 1119 | 194 | 0 | 44 | 199 |
| E | Total | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 281 | 0 | 0 | 281 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
|  | Total | 10825 | 43 | 34 | 49 | 126 | 26230 | 177 | 1344 | 27751 | 7321 | 0 | 760 | 8081 |
|  | STD | 1159 | 34 | 41 | 44 | 69 | 3987 | 121 | 761 | 4061 | 1824 | 0 | 447 | 1878 |

Table 27. Groundfish catches and effort by species and month for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

| Month | Value | Groundfish Catch |  |  |  |  | Groundfish Released |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Effort | Halibut Lingcod |  | Other Grndfish | Total Grndfish | Halibut | Other Lingcod Grndfish |  | Total Grndfish |
| Jul | Total | 6092 | 628 | 539 | 124 | 1697 | 191 | 540 | 0 | 1953 |
|  | STD | 736 | 270 | 208 | 80 | 498 | 115 | 339 | 47 | 502 |
| Aug | Total | 4733 | 191 | 438 | 115 | 1126 | 0 | 812 | 0 | 1017 |
|  | STD | 895 | 101 | 134 | 82 | 301 | 0 | 258 | 0 | 277 |
|  | Total | 10825 | 819 | 977 | 239 | 2823 | 191 | 1352 | 0 | 2970 |
|  | STD | 1159 | 288 | 247 | 115 | 582 | 115 | 426 | 47 | 574 |

There were zero catches of Herring, English Sole and Flounder in 2001.

Table 28. Groundfish catches and effort by species and Statistical Sub-Area for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

| Area | Value | Groundfish Catch |  |  |  |  | Groundfish Released |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Effort Halibut Lingcod |  |  | Other Grndfish | Total Grndfish | Halibut Lingcod |  | Other Grndfish | Total Grndfish |
| A | Total | 3689 | 613 | 514 | 101 | 1511 | 101 | 713 | 0 | 1313 |
|  | STD | 747 | 276 | 212 | 79 | 499 | 89 | 375 | 47 | 479 |
| B | Total | 3955 | 135 | 311 | 92 | 903 | 26 | 394 | 0 | 982 |
|  | STD | 809 | 76 | 117 | 72 | 276 | 22 | 181 | 0 | 267 |
| C | Total | 3110 | 68 | 145 | 46 | 393 | 64 | 232 | 0 | ) 659 |
|  | STD | 362 | 38 | 50 | 41 | 114 | 69 | 89 | 0 | ) 166 |
| E | Total | 71 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 016 |
|  | STD | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 7 | 0 | - 7 |
|  | Total | 10825 | 819 | 977 | 239 | 2823 | 191 | 1352 | 0 | ) 2970 |
|  | STD | 1159 | 288 | 247 | 115 | 582 | 115 | 426 | 47 | - 574 |

* There were zero catches of Herring, English Sole and Flounder in 2001.

Table 29. Rockfish catches and effort by species and month for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

| Value |  | Rockfish Catch, kept |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Effort Black Canary Copper China Quillback Redstripe Tiger Yellow Yellow All |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ckfish |
| Jul | Total | 6092 | 946 | 33 | 67 | 0 | 848 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 90 | 2527 |
|  | STD | 736 | 852 | 33 | 47 | 0 | 335 | 0 | 0 | 124 | 102 | 1034 |
| Aug | Total | 4733 | 1089 | 99 | 0 | 58 | 1063 | 0 | 0 | 508 | 213 | 3127 |
|  | STD | 895 | 387 | 42 | 0 | 45 | 283 | 0 | 0 | 181 | 64 | 773 |
|  | Total | 10825 | 2035 | 132 | 67 | 58 | 1911 | 0 | 0 | 728 | 303 | 5654 |
|  | STD | 1159 | 935 | 54 | 47 | 45 | 438 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 120 | 1291 |

Table 30. Rockfish catches and effort by species and Statistical Sub-Area for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

Rockfish Catch, kept
Effort Black Canary Copper China Quillback Redstripe Tiger Yellow Yellow All

| Area Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | eye tail |  | Rockfish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A Total | 3689 | 1222 | 62 | 67 | 0 | 820 | 0 | 0 | 374 | 57 | 2900 |
| STD | 747 | 886 | 41 | 47 | 0 | 342 | 0 | 0 | 170 | 37 | 1105 |
| B Total | 3955 | 549 | 44 | 0 | 35 | 757 | 0 | 0 | 230 | 187 | 1898 |
| STD | 809 | 272 | 31 | 0 | 39 | 256 | 0 | 0 | 126 | 112 | 621 |
| C Total | 3110 | 246 | 25 | 0 | 23 | 319 | 0 | 0 | 116 | 56 | 809 |
| STD | 362 | 123 | 16 | 0 | 23 | 97 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 23 | 244 |
| E Total | 71 | 18 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 47 |
| STD | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 14 |


| Total | 10825 | 2035 | 132 | 67 | 58 | 1911 | 0 | 0 | 728 | 303 | 5654 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| STD | 1159 | 935 | 54 | 47 | 45 | 438 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 120 | 1291 |

Table 31. Rockfish released and effort by species and month for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

Rockfish Catch,released
Effort Black Canary Copper China Quillback Redstripe Tiger Yellow Yellow All

| Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | eye |  | tail | Rockfish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jul Total | 6092 | 292 | 0 | 61 | 170 | 144 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 194 | 1345 |
| STD | 736 | 290 | 0 | 39 | 206 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 206 | 511 |
| Aug Total | 4733 | 240 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 170 | 658 |
| STD | 895 | 118 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 71 | 194 |


| Total | 10825 | 532 | 0 | 61 | 170 | 230 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 364 | 2003 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| STD | 1159 | 313 | 0 | 39 | 206 | 97 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 217 | 546 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Table 32. Rockfish released and effort by species and Statistical Sub-Area for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

Rockfish Catch, released
Effort Black Canary Copper China Quillback Redstripe Tiger Yellow Yellow All

| Area Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| A | Total | 3689 | 300 | 0 | 0 | 170 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 | 975 |
|  | STD | 747 | 291 | 0 | 0 | 206 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 | 459 |
| B | Total | 3955 | 141 | 0 | 31 | 0 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 250 | 660 |
|  | STD | 809 | 104 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 211 | 270 |
| C | Total | 3110 | 85 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 72 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 54 | 358 |
|  | STD | 362 | 52 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 28 | 120 |
| E | Total | 71 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 10 |
|  | STD | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |


| Total | 10825 | 532 | 0 | 61 | 170 | 230 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 364 | 2003 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| STD | 1159 | 313 | 0 | 39 | 206 | 97 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 217 | 546 |

Table 33. Monthly CPUE (catches per boat trip) by species for Northern Vancouver Island; 2001.

|  | Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  |  | Salmon Released |  |  | Groundfish Catch |  |  |  | Total Catch Success |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | Chinook | Coho | Chum | Pink | Sockeye T | $\begin{aligned} & \text { tal } \\ & \text { Imon } \end{aligned}$ | Chinook | Coho | Other Salmon | Halibut | ingcod T | dfish | Rockfish |  |
| Jul | 0.41 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.51 | 0.73 | 2.70 | 3.46 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.28 | 0.41 | 1.21 |
| Aug | 0.27 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 2.43 | 0.01 | 2.71 | 0.39 | 4.10 | 5.38 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.24 | 0.66 | 3.64 |
| Yearly | 0.35 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 1.11 | 0.00 | 1.47 | 0.58 | 3.31 | 4.30 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.26 | 0.52 | 2.27 |

* Calculated using tables 23, 25, 27 and 29. ;

Table 34. Monthly number of adipose-clipped chinook observed for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Jul | Unclipped | 199 |
| Jul | Clipped | 8 |
| Jul | Total | 207 |
|  |  |  |
| Aug | Unclipped | 106 |
| Aug | Clipped | 4 |
| Aug | Total | 110 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Total | Unclipped | 305 |
|  | Clipped | 12 |
|  | Total | 317 |
| Proportion of |  |  |
| Marks |  |  |

Table 35. Monthly estimated catches of adipose-clipped chinook for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Jul | Catch | 97 |
|  | STD | 40 |
|  |  |  |
|  | Catch | 46 |
|  | STD | 26 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Total | Catch | 142 |
|  | STD | 40 |



Figure 1. Strait of Georgia creel survey study area and landing site locations, 2001.


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Figure 2. Strait of Georgia and Northern Vancouver Island interview form for 2001.


Figure 3. Overflight routes for the Strait of Georgia, 2001.

## Effort and Fishing Interviews



Figure 4. Comparison of monthly total fishing effort and monthly fishing interviews, Strait of Georgia, 2001.

## Effort and Catch for the Strait of Georgia



Figure 5. Tidal effort (boat trips) statistics and sport catches of chinook and coho salmon for the Strait of Georgia, 1983-2001. (For the purposes of historical comparisons only the data from April to September were used. See Appendix E-3 for historical data graph 1960 to 1982).

Fishing Effort by Month


Figure 6. Monthly fishing effort estimates (boat trips) for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery for 1999, 2000, 2001 and the 5 year avg. for 1994 to 1998.


Figure 7. Monthly chinook catches for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery for 1999, 2000, 2001 and the five year avg. for 1994 to 1998.


Figure 8. Monthly chinook catches per boat trip for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery for 1999, 2000, 2001 and the five year avg. for 1994 to 1998.


Figure 9. Annual sport catches of chinook and coho salmon by Statistical Area in the Strait of Georgia, 1994-1998 avg., 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 10. Monthly coho catches for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery for 1994-1998 avg., 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 11. Monthly coho catches per boat trip for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery for 1994-1998 avg., 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 12. Monthly chum catches for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery, 1994-1998 avg., 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 13. Monthly pink catches for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery, 1994-1998 avg., 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 14. Monthly sockeye catches for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery for 1994-1998 avg., 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 15. Total salmon landed and total fishing effort expended by Statistical Area in the Strait of Georgia sport fishery, 1994-1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 16. Monthly rockfish catches for the Strait of Georgia sport fishery, 1994-1998 avg., 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 17. Monthly rockfish catches per boat trip for the Strait of Georgia, 1994-1998 avg., 1999, 2000 and 2001.


Figure 18. Monthly percent age composition of chinook salmon sampled in the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey, 2001.

Length Frequency of Chinook Samples


Figure 19. Length frequency distribution of chinook salmon sampled in the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey, 2001.

Length Frequency of Sampled Coho


Figure 20. Length frequency distribution of coho salmon sampled in the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey, 2001.

Figure 21. Statistical sub area map for the Northern Vancouver Island creel survey.

## Effort and Fishing Interviews



Figure 22. Comparison of monthly total fishing effort and monthly fishing interviews, Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

Figure 23. Northern Vancouver Island overflight routes, 2001.


Figure 24. Total salmon catch and effort (boat trips) by month for Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.


Figure 25. Comparison of monthly salmon catch between major target species in Northern Vancouver Island, 2001.

## Length Frequency of Chinook Samples



Figure 26. Length frequency distribution of chinook salmon sampled in the Northern Vancouver Island Creel Survey, 2001.

## APPENDICES

## APPENDIX A. PREVIOUS STRAIT OF GEORGIA AND NORTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND CREEL SURVEY REPORTS.

Shardlow, T. F., K. K. English, T. Hoyt, G. E. Gillespie, and T. A. Calvin. 1989. Strait of Georgia Creel Survey sport fishery statistics, 1983. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 1872: 53 p .

Shardlow, T. F. and L. D. Collicutt. 1989 a. Strait of Georgia sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1984. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2032: 61 p.

Shardlow, T. F. and L. D. Collicutt. 1989 b. Strait of Georgia sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1985. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2033: 60 p.

Shardlow, T. F. and L. D. Collicutt. 1989 c. Strait of Georgia sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1986. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2034: 61 p .

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Shardlow, T. F. and L. D. Collicutt. 1989 e. Strait of Georgia sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1988. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2036: 63 p.

Collicutt, L. D. and T. F. Shardlow. 1990. Strait of Georgia sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1989. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2087: 75 p.

Collicutt, L. D., B. G. Naito, P. Ryall, and L. Lapi. 1992. Northern Vancouver Island sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1991. Can. Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 1857: 121 p.

Collicutt, L. D. and T. F. Shardlow. 1992. Strait of Georgia sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1990. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2109: 76 p.

Collicutt, L. D. and T. F. Shardlow. 1995. Strait of Georgia sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1991. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2137: 75 p.

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Collicutt, L. D., T. F. Shardlow, B. D. Smith, and G. E. Gillespie. 1994. Northern Vancouver Island sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1992. Can. Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 1973: 53 p.

Collicutt, L. D., T. F. Shardlow, B. D. Smith, and G. E. Gillespie. 1994. Northern Vancouver Island sport fishery creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1993. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 1974: 53 p.

Hardie, D. C., D. A. Nagtegaal, and L. Nagy. 1999. Strait of Georgia sport fishery and Northern Vancouver Island creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1998. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2500: 92 p.

Hardie, D. C., D. A. Nagtegaal, and L. Nagy. 2001. Strait of Georgia sport fishery and Northern Vancouver Island creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 1999. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2553: 111 p.

Hardie, D. C., D. A. Nagtegaal, K. Hein and J. Sturhahn. 2002. Strait of Georgia sport fishery and Northern Vancouver Island creel survey statistics for salmon and groundfish, 2000. Can. Manuscr. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2608: 112 p.

## APPENDIX B. STRAIT OF GEORGIA CREEL SURVEY STUDY AREA.

The Strait of Georgia Creel Survey study area and landing site locations used in 1998 are shown in Appendix B-2. The study area includes those waters of Juan de Fuca Strait and the Strait of Georgia bounded in the south by a line from Sheringham Pt. on Vancouver Island due south to an intersection with the International Boundary and along the International Boundary to the B.C, Mainland coast at Blaine (Boundary Bay) and in the northern by the following 3 boundary lines:

1) Discovery Passage from Granite Pt. on Quadra Island to the stream mouth west of Moriarty Pt. on Vancouver Island.
2) Okisollo Channel from Granite Pt. on Quadra Island due northern to Sonora Island.
"3) Cordero Channel from Burnt Bluff on the mainland $214^{\circ}$ passing west of Dent Island to Sonora Island.

The area for which the Strait of Georgia Creel Survey statistics apply includes the above listed administrative area with the exception of the following areas:

1) Bute Inlet above a line from Lawrence Pt. running across the inlet. This area coincides with management units 13-21 and 13-22.
2) Waters of Pryce Channel, Waddington Channel, Pendrell Sound, Homfray Channel and Toba Inlet bounded by a line drawn from Horace Head on East Redonda Island at the south end of Waddington Channel to the northern point of Roscoe Bay on West Redonda Island and a line drawn within Homfray Channel from Price Pt. on the eastern shore of the channel by a line drawn from George Head at the easterly entrance of Ramsay Arm to Sutil Pt. on Cortes Island.
3) Hotham Sound above a line drawn from Elephant Pt. on the western shore of the Sound to the southern point of Granville Bay on the eastern shore of the Sound.
4) Jervis Inlet above a line drawn within Prince of Whales Reach from the mouth of Treat Creek on the east shore across the Reach to the Summit (1625') at the head of Goliath Bay.
5) Sechelt Inlet including Narrows Inlet and Salmon Inlet above a line drawn within Skookumchuck Narrows from the "dog-leg" point south-east of the Egmont Pt. $224^{\circ}$ across the Narrows to Sechelt Peninsula.

## APPENDIX C. METHODS AND EQUATIONS USED IN ANALYSIS OF CATCH AND EFFORT STATISTICS FOR THE STRAIT OF GEORGIA AND NORTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND SPORT FISHERY CREEL SURVEY.

Description of terms, variables and subscripts used in this report.

## DESCRIPTION OF TERMS



DESCRIPTION OF VARIABLES

| A | - | Number of boats actively fishing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| B | - | Number of boats observed on a flight |
| C | - | Catch |
| C $^{\prime}$ | - | Catch of marked salmon |
| CPE | - | Catch per boat trip |
| E | - | Effort (estimated total number of boat trips) |
| I | - | Number of boats interviewed and found to have been fishing |
| L | - | Number of boats landing |
| n | - | Number sampled |
| N | - | Population size from which n samples were observed |
| P | - | Proportion |
| T | Number of boat trips |  |
| V | - | Number found to be marked |
| W1 | Weighting factor to expand for all possible stints at each site |  |
| W2 | - | Weighting factor to expand for all boats that landed in each work |

DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIPTS

| a | - | age |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| g | - | a set of landing sites |
| d | - | day type |
| i | - | site |
| j | - | work block |
| k | - | stint |
| l | - | landing time block |
| m | - | month |

the next boat landing at site i and upon interviewing, found to have been fishing ( q ranges from 1 to n ) species
r sub-Statistical Area time block flight region annual

The description of terms, variables and subscripts used in the data analysis is given in Table C-1.

## Calculation of Catch and Effort Statistics

To estimate the monthly catch and effort, three components had to be calculated . from a month's data:
(1) the weighted mean daily fishing pattern from interview data, (2) the weighted mean catch per unit effort from interview data and (3) the mean sport count from overflight data.

The equations used to estimate the means and variances for all catch and effort statistics are shown below.

Weighting factors used to estimate the daily fishing activity were calculated using the equations derived from DPA Consulting Ltd. (1982).

The data obtained from each shift were multiplied by the following weighting factor (W1) to expand for all possible stints at each site. The formula reads:

$$
\begin{equation*}
W 1_{d i j}=\frac{N_{d}}{n_{d i j}} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $N_{d}$ is the total number of days of type $d$ in that month and $n_{d i j}$ is the number of times the jth work block at the ith site was sampled on type d days.

The interviews aggregated by work block were multiplied by the weighting factor W2 to expand for all boats that landed in each work block. The formula reads:

$$
\begin{equation*}
W 2_{\text {dijk }}=\frac{L_{d i j k}}{I_{d i j k}} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{dijk}}$ is the number of boats landed and $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{dijk}}$ is the number of boats interviewed on the kth stint in the jth work block at the ith site on a day type d .

Therefore, the following equations can be used to calculate an unbiased estimate of the total monthly catch ( $\hat{C}_{d g r}$ ), fishing trips ( $\hat{T}_{d g}$ ) and fishing activity in time block $\hat{A}_{d g l}$ for each day type (d) where g is a set of landing sites (i). These formulas read:

$$
\begin{align*}
\hat{C}_{d g r} & =\sum_{i} \sum_{j}\left[W 1_{d i j} \sum_{k} \sum_{q}\left(W 2_{d i j k} C_{d i j k l q r}\right)\right]  \tag{3}\\
\hat{T}_{d g} & =\sum_{i} \sum_{j}\left[W 1_{d i j} \sum_{k} \sum_{q}\left(W 2_{d i j k}\right)\right]  \tag{4}\\
\hat{A}_{d g t} & =\sum_{i} \sum_{j}\left[W 1_{d i j} \sum_{k} \sum_{q}\left(W 2_{d i j k} A_{d i j k q t}\right)\right] \tag{5}
\end{align*}
$$

where $C_{d i j k q r}$ is the catch of species $r$ by the qth fishing party, and $A_{d i j k q t}$ can equal 0 or 1 , thereby indicating whether the qth fishing party was actively fishing in time block t . Thus, the mean monthly catch per unit effort ( $\mathrm{CPE}_{\text {dgr }}$ ) measured in terms of numbers of fish kept per completed boat trip, and proportion of daily fishing effort active during the hour of the aerial survey $\left(\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{dgt}}\right)$ can be calculated with the following equations:

$$
\begin{gather*}
C P E_{d g r}=\frac{\hat{C}_{d g r}}{\hat{T}_{d g}}  \tag{6}\\
P_{d g t}=\frac{\hat{A}_{d g t}}{\hat{T}_{d g}}
\end{gather*}
$$

where $\mathrm{CPE}_{\mathrm{dgr}}$ and $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{dgt}}$ are calculated for each day type (d) and group of landing sites (g).

The groups of landing sites reflect geographic areas with similar catch rates and/or activity patterns.

The estimated mean number of boats fishing during the hour of the sport boat count by overflight was calculated for each sub-Statistical Area using the following equation:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\bar{B}_{d s t}=\frac{\sum_{u} B_{s d t u}}{n_{d s}} \tag{8}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $B_{s d t u}$ is the number of boats observed fishing on flight $u$ at time $t$, in subStatistical Area s for day type d.

-     - The mean sport boat count at the time of the overflight ( $\bar{B}_{d s t}$ ) and proportion of daily fishing effort active during the hour of the overflight ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{dgt}}$ ) were used in the following equation to calculate the total fishing effort for sub-Statistical Area s on day type d:

$$
\begin{equation*}
E_{d s}=\bar{B}_{d s t} \frac{1}{P_{d g t}} N_{d} \tag{9}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{d}}$ is the number of type d days in the month. Interview data for the subStatistical Areas fished (s) by anglers landing at each of the sites (i) within a landing group (g) were used to select the proportions ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{dgt}}$ ) that are appropriate for each mean boat count ( $\bar{B} d s t)$.

The estimate for total effort by sub-Statistical Area and day type ( $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{ds}}$ ) and the weighted catch per boat trip for a group of landing sites by day type, area and species $\left(\mathrm{CPE}_{d g r}\right)$ were used to calculate total catch for each species (r) and each sub-Statistical Area (s):

$$
\begin{equation*}
C_{s r}=\sum_{d}\left(E_{d s} C P E_{d g r}\right) \tag{10}
\end{equation*}
$$

The interview data were also used to select the catch per effort estimates $\left(\mathrm{CPE}_{\mathrm{dgr}}\right)$ that should be applied to the effort estimates $\left(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{ds}}\right)$ for a specific sub-Statistical Area (s).

## Variance of Total Fishing Effort

The variance estimate for the number of boat trips in each sub-area was:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\operatorname{Var}\left(b_{d s u}\right)=\frac{\left(N_{d}-n_{d s}\right)}{\left(N_{d}-1\right)} \times \frac{\sum_{u=1}^{n} b_{d s u}^{2}-\frac{\left(\sum_{u=1}^{n} b_{d s u}\right)^{2}}{n_{d s}}}{\left(n_{d s}-1\right)} \tag{11}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $b_{d s u}$ is the estimated number of boat trips on aerial survey $u$, in sub-area $s$, on day type $d$ and $n$ is the number of days when boat counts were conducted in sub-area $s$ on type $d$ days; and $N_{d}$ is the total number of type $d$ days in the month.

The variance estimate for the total number of boat trips in a given month for each day type and sub area was:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\operatorname{Var}\left(E_{b_{d s}}\right)=N_{d}^{2} \times \operatorname{Var}\left(b_{d s}\right) \tag{12}
\end{equation*}
$$

## Variance of Total Catch

The variance estimate for mean catch per effort was:

$$
\begin{equation*}
\operatorname{Var}\left(C P E_{d s i}\right)=\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n i} c p e_{d s i}^{2}-\frac{\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n i} \times c p e_{d s i}\right)^{2}}{n i_{d s}}}{\left(n i_{d s}-1\right)} \tag{13}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $c p e_{d s i}$ is the catch per effort reported in interview $i$, for the sub-area or group of sub-areas $s$, on the day type $d$; and $n i_{d s}$ is the number of interviews for that stratum.

The variance for the total catch in each stratum was estimated by combining the variance for fishing effort and variance for catch per effort using the significant terms of a Taylor series expansion (Cochran 1963):

$$
\begin{equation*}
\operatorname{Var}\left(C_{s}\right)=\sum_{d=1}^{2}\left(E_{d s}^{2} \times \operatorname{Var}(C P E)_{d s}+C P E_{d s}^{2} \times \operatorname{Var}(E)_{d s}+\operatorname{Var}\left(E_{d s}\right) \times \operatorname{Var}(C P E)_{d s}\right) \tag{14}
\end{equation*}
$$

## Estimation of Marked Chinook and Coho Salmon

The incidence of marked (adipose-clipped) chinook and coho was recorded in each interview. The proportion of marks observed for each region, month and species ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{xmr}}$ ) was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
P_{x m r}=\frac{V_{x m r}}{n_{x m r}} \tag{15}
\end{equation*}
$$

where V is the number of marked fish observed and n is the number of fish inspected by region (x), month (m) and species (r).

The variance of each proportion was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S_{P_{x m r}}^{2}=\frac{P_{x m r}\left(1-P_{x m r}\right)}{n_{x m r}} \tag{16}
\end{equation*}
$$

Monthly catch estimates of marked salmon were calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
C_{x m r}^{\prime}=P_{x m r} C_{x m r} \tag{17}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{Xmr}}$ is the estimated catch of species r in region x and month m .
The variance of the marked catch estimates was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S^{2} C_{x m r}=P_{x m r}^{2} S^{2} C_{x m r}+C_{x m r}^{2} S_{P_{x m r}}^{2}+S_{C_{x m r}}^{2} S_{P_{x m r}}^{2} \tag{18}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $S^{2} C_{x m r}$ is the variance of the catch estimates of species $r$ in region $x$ and month $m$.

The estimate annual proportions of marked salmon caught in each region (weighted by the corresponding regional annual catch estimates) were calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
P_{x r y}=\frac{C_{x r y}^{\prime}}{C_{x r y}} \tag{19}
\end{equation*}
$$

where

$$
\begin{equation*}
C_{x r y}^{\prime}=\sum_{m} C_{x m r}^{\prime} \quad \text { and } \quad C_{x r y}=\sum_{m} C_{x m r} \tag{20}
\end{equation*}
$$

- . The variance of the annual proportions was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S_{P x r y}^{2}=\left(\frac{C_{x r y}^{\prime}}{C_{x r y}}\right)^{2}\left[\frac{S^{2} C_{x r y}^{\prime}}{\left(C_{x r y}^{\prime}\right)^{2}}+\frac{S^{2} C_{x r y}}{\left(C_{x r y}\right)^{2}}\right] \tag{21}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $S^{2} c_{x y}$ is the variance of the annual estimated catch of species r in region x .

## Estimation of Age Composition of Chinook Catch

Scale samples and length measurements were taken in a sub-sampling program during the interview process. Ages used in this report represent saltwater age of the fish.

The proportion of chinook at each age and month ( $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{am}}$ ) was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
P_{a m}=\frac{a_{m}}{n_{m}} \tag{22}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $a_{m}$ represents the number of fish observed at age a during month $m$, and $n_{m}$ is the total number of fish bio-sampled in that month.

The variance of each proportion was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S_{a m}^{2}=\frac{P_{a m}\left(1-P_{a m}\right)}{n_{m}} \tag{23}
\end{equation*}
$$

The catch at age of chinook in each month was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
C_{a m}=P_{a m} C_{m} \tag{24}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $C_{m}$ is the estimated catch of chinook salmon in a given month $m$.
The variance of the catch at age estimate was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S^{2} C_{a m}=P_{a m}^{2} S^{2} C_{m}+C_{m}^{2} S_{P a m}^{2}+S_{C m}^{2} S_{P a m}^{2} \tag{25}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $S^{2}{ }_{C m}$ is the variance of the month catch estimate $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{m}}$.
The annual catch at age was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
C_{a y}=\sum_{m} C_{a m} \tag{26}
\end{equation*}
$$

with a variance:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S^{2} c_{a y}=\sum_{m} S^{2} c a m \tag{27}
\end{equation*}
$$

The annual proportion at age (weighted by monthly catch) was calculated as:

$$
\begin{equation*}
P_{a y}=\frac{C_{a y}}{C_{y}} \tag{28}
\end{equation*}
$$

with a variance:

$$
\begin{equation*}
S_{\text {Pay }}^{2}=\left(\frac{C_{a y}}{C_{y}}\right)^{2}\left[\frac{S^{2} C_{a y}}{\left(C_{a y}\right)^{2}}+\frac{S^{2} C_{y}}{\left(C_{y}\right)^{2}}\right] \tag{29}
\end{equation*}
$$

APPENDIX D-1. STRAIT OF GEORGIA FISHING EFFORT (NUMBER OF BOAT TRIPS) SUMMARY, 2001.

| Month |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5061 | 0 | 0 | 5061 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 347 | 0 | 0 | 347 |
| Apr | Estimate | 531 | 274 | 104 | 416 | 1502 | 361 | 2519 | 405 | 694 | 6806 |
|  | STD | 118 | 192 | 33 | 96 | 334 | 191 | 318 | 117 | 209 | 606 |
| May | Estimate | 498 | 376 | 239 | 879 | 1590 | 230 | 1646 | 477 | 602 | 6537 |
|  | STD | 164 | 77 | 129 | 150 | 295 | 60 | 341 | 79 | 212 | 575 |
| Jun | Estimate | 6615 | 3335 | 736 | 2361 | 9611 | 1310 | 15649 | 1077 | 1646 | 42340 |
|  | STD | 1997 | 647 | 192 | 352 | 987 | 167 | 2476 | 353 | 428 | 3465 |
| Jul | Estimate | 10522 | 7497 | 1338 | 4491 | 5985 | 1687 | 10007 | 2867 | 777 | 45171 |
|  | STD | 1098 | 671 | 199 | 450 | 680 | 196 | 1012 | 280 | 178 | 1880 |
| Aug | Estimate | 14803 | 10123 | 732 | 3579 | 4502 | 4202 | 13638 | 1978 | 2741 | 56298 |
|  | STD | 1094 | 1749 | 131 | 546 | 578 | 705 | 1122 | 312 | 658 | 2682 |
| Sep | Estimate | 7108 | 905 | 558 | 4474 | 4051 | 4143 | 5263 | 1419 | 1387 | 29308 |
|  | STD | 617 | 398 | 316 | 555 | 663 | 197 | 1256 | 441 | 582 | 1880 |
| Oct | Estimate | 2164 | 815 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 991 | 0 | 0 | 3970 |
|  | STD | 297 | 147 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134 | 0 | 0 | 357 |
| Nov - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2423 | 0 | 0 | 2423 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 621 | 0 | 0 | 621 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 40077 | 22510 | 3707 | 16200 | 27241 | 11933 | 48722 | 8223 | 7847 | 186460 |
| Sep | STD | 2610 | 2032 | 460 | 982 | 1552 | 801 | 3195 | 717 | 1037 | 5193 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 42241 | 23325 | 3707 | 16200 | 27241 | 11933 | 57197 | 8223 | 7847 | 197914 |
| Total | STD | 2627 | 2037 | 460 | 982 | 1552 | 801 | 3276 | 717 | 1037 | 5254 |

APPENDIX D-2. STRAIT OF GEORGIA CHINOOK CATCH SUMMARY, 2001.

APPENDIX D-3. STRAIT OF GEORGIA ADIPOSE-CLIPPED COHO CATCH SUMMĄRY, 2001.

| Month |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jun | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jul | Estimate | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 0 | 410 | 638 | 58 | 1162 |
|  | STD | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 55 | 0 | 154 | 172 | 23 | 238 |
| Aug | Estimate | 1907 | 4242 | 78 | 4 | 529 | 0 | 309 | 117 | 60 | 7246 |
|  | STD | 358 | 1036 | 24 | 2 | 260 | 0 | 94 | 70 | 43 | 1134 |
| Sep | Estimate | 1669 | 362 | 13 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 195 | 39 | 2309 |
|  | STD | 354 | 264 | 19 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 107 | 44 | 459 |
| Oct | Estimate | 290 | 303 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 234 | 0 | 0 | 827 |
|  | STD | 76 | 119 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 106 | 0 | 0 | 177 |
| Nov - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 3576 | 4608 | 91 | 5 | 581 | 0 | 749 | 950 | 157 | 10717 |
| Sep | STD | 503 | 1069 | 31 | 2 | 266 | 0 | 185 | 214 | 66 | 1246 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 3866 | 4911 | 91 | 5 | 581 | 0 | 983 | 950 | 157 | 11544 |
| Total | STD | 509 | 1076 | 31 | 2 | 266 | 0 | 213 | 214 | 66 | 1258 |

APPENDIX D-4. STRAIT OF GEORGIA CHUM CATCH SUMMARY, 2001.

APPENDIX D-5. STRAIT OF GEORGIA PINK CATCH SUMMARY, 2001.

| Month |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jun | Estimate | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 209 | 0 | 0 | 219 |
|  | STD | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 196 | 0 | 0 | 196 |
| Jul | Estimate | 2560 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 | 11577 | 43 | 6 | 14225 |
|  | STD | 950 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 2091 | 30 | 4 | 2297 |
| Aug | Estimate | 35235 | 1226 | 25 | 79 | 327 | 4456 | 31647 | 160 | 817 | 73972 |
|  | STD | 3504 | 393 | 13 | 45 | 103 | 1061 | 3443 | 55 | 411 | 5059 |
| Sep | Estimate | 22687 | 285 | 15 | 11 | 89 | 1102 | 4360 | 106 | 49 | 28704 |
|  | STD | 2921 | 177 | 19 | 13 | 56 | 433 | 2134 | 68 | 54 | 3649 |
| Oct | Estimate | 182 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 182 |
|  | STD | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 |
| Dec | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 60492 | 1531 | 40 | 90 | 416 | 5577 | 47793 | 309 | 872 | 117120 |
| Sep | STD | 4660 | 431 | 23 | 47 | 117 | 1146 | 4563 | 92 | 415 | 6650 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 60674 | 1531 | 40 | 90 | 416 | 5577 | 47793 | 309 | 872 | 117302 |
| Total | STD | 4660 | 431 | 23 | 47 | 117 | 1146 | 4563 | 92 | 415 | 6651 |

APPENDIX D-6. STRAIT OF GEORGIA SOCKEYE CATCH SUMMARY, 2001.

| Month |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| May | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jun | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jul | Estimate | 510 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 410 | 0 | 1 | 926 |
|  | STD | 448 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 175 | 0 | 2 | 481 |
| Aug | Estimate | 686 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 806 | 0 | 749 | 2293 |
|  | STD | 261 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 186 | 0 | 490 | 587 |
| Sep | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Oct | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nov - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 1196 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 57 | 1216 | 0 | 750 | 3219 |
| Sep | STD | 518 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 255 | 0 | 490 | 759 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 1196 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 57 | 1216 | 0 | 750 | 3219 |
| Total | STD | 518 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 255 | 0 | 490 | 759 |

APPENDIX D-7. STRAIT OF GEORGIA CATCH SUMMARY FOR TOTAL SALMONIDS, 2001.

| Month |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2668 | 0 | 0 | 2668 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 469 | 0 | 0 | 469 |
| Apr | Estimate | 46 | 66 | 10 | 4 | 265 | 100 | 506 | 0 | 14 | 1011 |
|  | STD | 34 | 108 | 5 | 6 | 101 | 81 | 146 | 0 | 17 | 226 |
| May | Estimate | 31 | 41 | 110 | 272 | 387 | 57 | 539 | 75 | 137 | 1649 |
|  | STD | 17 | 13 | 87 | 99 | 100 | 20 | 139 | 45 | 88 | 239 |
| Jun | Estimate | 3253 | 491 | 151 | 456 | 2994 | 74 | 5239 | 401 | 603 | 13662 |
|  | STD | 1309 | 152 | 76 | 123 | 393 | 24 | 1268 | 253 | 265 | 1912 |
| Jul | Estimate | 7636 | 1881 | 536 | 820 | 904 | 258 | 15177 | 1582 | 194 | 28988 |
|  | STD | 1538 | 345 | 105 | 230 | 290 | 65 | 2434 | 277 | 65 | 2940 |
| Aug | Estimate | 42541 | 8077 | 276 | 176 | 1350 | 4713 | 38141 | 437 | 1900 | 97611 |
|  | STD | 3979 | 1832 | 61 | 64 | 379 | 1080 | 3953 | 123 | 813 | 6067 |
| Sep | Estimate | 25879 | 766 | 157 | 126 | 99 | 2151 | 5971 | 679 | 619 | 36447 |
|  | STD | 3137 | 512 | 91 | 76 | 56 | 490 | 2761 | 241 | 380 | 4264 |
| Oct | Estimate | 4672 | 362 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 342 | 0 | 0 | 5376 |
|  | STD | 750 | 124 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 122 | 0 | 0 | 770 |
| Nov - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1067 | 0 | 0 | 1067 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 159 | 0 | 0 | 159 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 79386 | 11322 | 1240 | 1854 | 5999 | 7353 | 65573 | 3174 | 3467 | 179368 |
| Sep | STD | 5455 | 1942 | 191 | 296 | 637 | 1191 | 5552 | 465 | 942 | 8210 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 84058 | 11684 | 1240 | 1854 | 5999 | 7353 | 69650 | 3174 | 3467 | 188479 |
| Total | ṠTD | 5506 | 1946 | 191 | 296 | 637 | 1191 | 5575 | 465 | 942 | 8261 |

APPENDIX D-8. STRAIT OF GEORGIA SUMMARY FOR TOTAL RELEASED SALMONIDS, 2001*.

| Month |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6750 | 0 | 0 | 6750 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 997 | 0 | 0 | 997 |
| Apr | Estimate | 284 | 96 | 11 | 8 | 249 | 111 | 1050 | 35 | 705 | 2549 |
|  | STD | 94 | 86 | 6 | 13 | 62 | 58 | 292 | 32 | 405 | 523 |
| May | Estimate | 117 | 182 | 128 | 65 | 2072 | 109 | 1042 | 193 | 981 | 4889 |
|  | STD | 57 | 88 | 84 | 35 | 480 | 62 | 271 | 132 | 456 | 743 |
| Jun | Estimate | 4400 | 2412 | 262 | 256 | 8142 | 390 | 16704 | 1053 | 1083 | 34702 |
|  | STD | 966 | 695 | 105 | 104 | 1157 | 169 | 5379 | 704 | 480 | 5697 |
| Jul | Estimate | 5376 | 6948 | 1933 | 1850 | 2950 | 1106 | 25638 | 4086 | 510 | 50397 |
|  | STD | 774 | 841 | 329 | 819 | 735 | 258 | 4644 | 674 | 175 | 4975 |
| Aug | Estimate | 28894 | 20815 | 1558 | 766 | 8042 | 5163 | 42391 | 806 | 2637 | 111072 |
|  | STD | 3746 | 4090 | 354 | 232 | 1397 | 3481 | 3681 | 278 | 865 | 7706 |
| Sep | Estimate | 24996 | 1597 | 1251 | 982 | 2246 | 4323 | 14184 | 1179 | 1063 | 51821 |
|  | STD | 5610 | 904 | 719 | 567 | 594 | 1187 | 3674 | 521 | 764 | 7017 |
| Oct | Estimate | 2882 | 1921 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 898 | 0 | 0 | 5701 |
|  | STD | 451 | 482 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 281 | 0 | 0 | 717 |
| Nov - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1862 | 0 | 0 | 1862 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 335 | 0 | 0 | 335 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 64067 | 32050 | 5143 | 3927 | 23701 | 11202 | 101009 | 7352 | 6979 | 255430 |
| Sep | STD | 6859 | 4330 | 877 | 1029 | 2102 | 3692 | 8815 | 1148 | 1402 | 12910 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 66949 | 33971 | 5143 | 3927 | 23701 | 11202 | 110519 | 7352 | 6979 | 269743 |
| Total | STD | 6874 | 4357 | 877 | 1029 | 2102 | 3692 | 8882 | 1148 | 1402 | 12972 |

*Includes chinook, coho, chum, pink, sockeye, steelhead and cutthroat trout.
APPENDIX D-9. STRAIT OF GEORGIA HALIBUT CATCH SUMMARY, 2001.

| Month |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr | Estimate | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 33 |
|  | STD | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 13 |
| May | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 68 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 44 |
| Jun | Estimate | 21 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 107 |
|  | STD | 28 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 0 | 0 | 61 |
| Jul | Estimate | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
|  | STD | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Aug | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 77 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 65 |
| Sep | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 34 |
| Oct | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nov - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 25 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 0 | 217 | 0 | 0 | 338 |
| Sep | STD | 28 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 107 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 25 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 0 | 217 | 0 | 0 | 338 |
| Total | STD | 28 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 59 | 0 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 107 |

APPENDIX D-10. STRAIT OF GEORGIA LINGCOD CATCH SUMMARY, 2001.

|  |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Month | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar } \\ & \text { Apr } \end{aligned}$ | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
|  | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
| May | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Jun | Estimate | 717 | 0 | 110 | 621 | 685 | 230 | 503 | 72 | 35 | 2973 |
|  | STD | 253 | 0 | 44 | 167 | 109 | 125 | 266 | 51 | 24 | 442 |
| Jul | Estimate | 327 | 230 | 12 | 616 | 1023 | 178 | 88 | 52 | 14 | 2540 |
|  | STD | 156 | 109 | 4 | 260 | 311 | 62 | 41 | 31 | 6 | 455 |
| Aug | Estimate | 319 | 921 | 1 | 646 | 292 | 131 | 236 | 98 | 58 | 2702 |
|  | STD | 106 | 430 | 1 | 166 | 95 | 59 | 84 | 68 | 25 | 499 |
| Sep | Estimate | 99 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 132 | 26 | 79 | 29 | 2 | 367 |
|  | STD | 57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 56 | 16 | 61 | 34 | 1 | 107 |
| Oct | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
|  | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 6 |
| Nov - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 1462 | 1151 | 123 | 1883 | 2134 | 566 | 911 | 251 | 109 | 8590 |
| Sep | STD | 321 | 444 | 44 | 351 | 348 | 152 | 289 | 97 | 35 | 814 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 1462 | 1151 | 123 | 1883 | 2134 | 566 | 919 | 251 | 109 | 8598 |
| Total | STD | 321 | 444 | 44 | 351 | 348 | 152 | 289 | 97 | 35 | 814 |

APPENDIX D-11. STRAIT OF GEORGIA ROCKFISH CATCH SUMMARY, 2001.

| Month |  | Statistical Area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 28 | 29 |  |
| Jan - | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 665 | 0 | 0 | 665 |
| Mar | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 382 | 0 | 0 | 382 |
| Apr | Estimate | 774 | 78 | 39 | 232 | 314 | 103 | 771 | 59 | 43 | 2413 |
|  | STD | 254 | 109 | 22 | 88 | 80 | 69 | 255 | 40 | 20 | 403 |
| May | Estimate | 905 | 57 | 14 | 487 | 86 | 101 | 641 | 377 | 46 | 2714 |
|  | STD | 286 | 23 | 9 | 237 | 43 | 51 | 275 | 224 | 43 | 520 |
| Jun | Estimate | 4402 | 1184 | 518 | 2583 | 8117 | 191 | 2115 | 1094 | 417 | 20621 |
|  | STD | 1263 | 666 | 199 | 599 | 1255 | 66 | 785 | 589 | 218 | 2242 |
| Jul | Estimate | 1597 | 3330 | 257 | 4370 | 1725 | 911 | 1173 | 514 | 461 | 14338 |
|  | STD | 438 | 743 | 76 | 1840 | 634 | 225 | 385 | 210 | 167 | 2193 |
| Aug | Estimate | 2975 | 3040 | 71 | 4459 | 861 | 1219 | 1258 | 1816 | 990 | 16689 |
|  | STD | 689 | 1413 | 33 | 976 | 209 | 491 | 245 | 638 | 622 | 2136 |
| Sep | Estimate | 2092 | 26 | 47 | 53 | 586 | 418 | 1349 | 812 | 87 | 5470 |
|  | STD | 750 | 18 | 59 | 63 | 280 | 145 | 596 | 746 | 45 | 1258 |
| Oct | Estimate | 385 | 219 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 214 | 0 | 0 | 818 |
|  | STD | 161 | 152 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 106 | 0 | 0 | 245 |
| Nov- | Estimate | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1276 | 0 | 0 | 1276 |
| Dec | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1044 | 0 | 0 | 1044 |
| Apr to | Estimate | 12745 | 7715 | 946 | 12184 | 11689 | 2943 | 7307 | 4672 | 2044 | 62245 |
| Sep | STD | 1724 | 1733 | 225 | 2183 | 1452 | 570 | 1149 | 1186 | 683 | 4052 |
| Yearly | Estimate | 13130 | 7934 | 946 | 12184 | 11689 | 2943 | 9462 | 4672 | 2044 | 65004 |
| Total | STD | 1731 | 1740 | 225 | 2183 | 1452 | 570 | 1602 | 1186 | 683 | 4209 |


|  | Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  | Salmon Released |  |  | Groundfish Catch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Effort | Chinook | Coho | Chum | Pink | Sockeye | All Salmon | Chinook | Coho | All Salmon | Halibut | Lingcod | Rockfish D | ogfish | Other |
| 1980 | 510400 | 204100 | 393500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 609200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1981 | 494604 | 197239 | 317091 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 572964 | 0 | 0 | 215556 | 0 | 51319 | 77889 | 2280 | 8633 |
| 1982 | 559395 | 124390 | 411686 | 0 | 2846 | 0 | 547196 | 0 | 0 | 578169 | 0 | 77035 | 176302 | 7214 | 43126 |
| 1983 | 574257 | 198433 | 404031 | 0 | 54852 | - | 668142 | 0 | 0 | 775502 | 0 | 73800 | 209099 | 4518 | 94100 |
| 1984 | 651090 | 369445 | 443590 | 0 | 10229 | 0 | 828290 | 0 | 0 | 639676 | 0 | 137492 | 158676 | 4649 | 84353 |
| 1985 | 628513 | 234838 | 728197 | 0 | 91246 | 0 | 1062939 | 0 | 0 | 703264 | 0 | 77103 | 134112 | 4680 | 58531 |
| 1986 | 582946 | 181896 | 571980 | 919 | 3145 | 918 | 760361 | 0 | 0 | 166862 | 0 | 70817 | 167783 | 5212 | 65081 |
| 1987 | 589731 | 121081 | 641572 | 3544 | 90004 | 8867 | 867029 | 0 | 0 | 1068027 | 0 | 65789 | 136270 | 4110 | 61497 |
| 1988 | 664517 | 119117 | 1084790 | 4802 | 8843 | 16376 | 1235680 | 0 | 0 | 935330 | 0 | 65929 | 194735 | 4114 | 71045 |
| 1989 | 603331 | 132846 | 497223 | 7819 | 123046 | 13356 | 775616 | 190186 | 0 | 1201306 | 0 | 52329 | 199898 | 3672 | 57165 |
| 1990 | 543368 | 111914 | 630033 | 2978 | 11549 | 30669 | 792440 | 221081 | 0 | 704554 | 0 | 31716 | 154858 | 2679 | 30016 |
| 1991 | 466749 | 115523 | 157111 | 5273 | 249662 | 23521 | 551521 | 178921 | 0 | 622445 | 0 | 8214 | 173383 | 4972 | 23469 |
| 1992 | 467559 | 116581 | 595554 | 5927 | 19085 | 6745 | 744564 | 165710 | 0 | 417401 | 0 | 5968 | 135763 | 1802 | 32146 |
| 1993 | 528508 | 127576 | 861323 | 3096 | 173143 | 23766 | 1217381 | 182111 | 0 | 526817 | 0 | 7239 | 104009 | 1907 | 35218 |
| 1994 | 461129 | 70839 | 294767 | 4279 | 18476 | 14054 | 410352 | 147571 | 0 | 418387 | 0 | 6885 | 162431 | 1244 | 35840 |
| 1995 | 323642 | 62173 | 86145 | 4023 | 183938 | 5897 | 347401 | 112324 | 0 | 317735 | 0 | 4829 | 112299 | 1884 | 32365 |
| 1996 | 289423 | 89589 | 127890 | 3474 | 7887 | 2419 | 233469 | 180238 | 0 | 366379 | 0 | 3733 | 102818 | 1497 | 39786 |
| 1997 | 268797 | 56332 | 104953 | 1761 | 111124 | 16887 | 293605 | 65421 | 0 | 404166 | 0 | 4086 | 87453 | 2528 | 52088 |
| 1998 | 162296 | 20923 | 1376 | 3624 | 6848 | 4474 | 38449 | 34786 | 20992 | 2340 | 2203 | 3291 | 84251 |  | 43565 |
| 1999 | 164282 | 43588 | 478 | 4404 | 27845 | 492 | 76808 | 60423 | 14000 | 105792 | 2489 | 3691 | 67256 |  | 13937 |
| 2000 | 170798 | 32750 | 4678 | 2558 | 9772 | 6367 | 56130 | 57896 | 37865 | 148224 | 543 | 6127 | 54881 |  | 165 |
| 2001 | 197914 | 48970 | 14107 | 4558 | 117302 | 3219 | 188479 | 61066 | 125055 | 262993 | 338 | 8598 | 65004 |  | 157 |

" 0 " indicates that no catch estimates were generated
*SOURCE: Catch statistics 1980-1993 from unpublished creel survey data.

APPENDIX E-2. TIDAL EFFORT STATISTICS AND SPORT CATCH ESTIMATES OF CHINOOK AND COHO FOR THE STRAIT OF GEORGIA, 1960 TO 1982*.

|  |  | Catch |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Year | Effort** <br> (boat <br> trips) | Chinook | Coho |
|  | 189,150 | 83,000 | 238,000 |
| 1960 | 199,935 | 63,000 | 152,000 |
| 1961 | 205,547 | 86,000 | 167,000 |
| 1962 | 247,590 | 65,000 | 199,000 |
| 1963 | 198,120 | 51,000 | 182,000 |
| 1964 | 250,020 | 53,000 | 175,000 |
| 1965 | 259,100 | 80,000 | 249,000 |
| 1966 | 254,500 | 115,000 | 200,000 |
| 1967 | 265,030 | 150,000 | 250,000 |
| 1968 | 281,475 | 185,000 | 200,000 |
| 1969 | 306,255 | 220,000 | 500,000 |
| 1970 | 341,123 | 255,000 | 800,000 |
| 1971 | 300,349 | 287,000 | 335,000 |
| 1972 | 293,141 | 272,000 | 373,000 |
| 1973 | 443,441 | 269,000 | 772,000 |
| 1974 | 334,490 | 398,000 | 454,000 |
| 1975 | 340,729 | 490,000 | 415,000 |
| 1976 | 363,350 | 372,000 | 682,000 |
| 1977 | 369,035 | 500,000 | $1,103,000$ |
| 1978 | 404,710 | 350,000 | 708,735 |
| 1979 | 510,400 | 204,100 | 393,500 |
| 1980 | 494,604 | 197,239 | 317,091 |
| 1981 | 559,395 | 124,390 | 411,686 |
| 1982 |  |  |  |

*SOURCE: Coho catch statistics: 1960-1978 from Argue et al. (1983); 1979 from R. Kadowaki (Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Pacific Bio. Stn. Nanaimo, B.C. pers. comm.); 1980-1982 from unpublished creel survey data.

Chinook catch statistics: 1960-1977 from Argue et al. (1983); 1978 and 1979 from B. Riddell (Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Pacific Bio. Stn. Nanaimo, B.C. pers. comm.) following the methods of Argue et al . (1983); 1980-1982 from unpublished creel survey data.

Effort statistics: 1960-1979 from published and unpublished Fisheries Officer statistics; 1980-1982 from unpublished creel survey data.
**Effort prior to 1980 (the start of the creel survey) may not represent boat trips.

APPENDIX E-3. STRAIT OF GEORGIA HISTORICAL CATCH* AND EFFORT** GRAPH, 1960 TO 1982.

Historical Catch and Effort

*SOURCE: Coho catch statistics: 1960-1978 from Argue et al. (1983); 1979 from R. Kadowaki (Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Pacific Bio. Stn. Nanaimo, B.C. pers. comm.); 1980-1982 from unpublished creel survey data.
Chinook catch statistics: 1960-1977 from Argue et al. (1983); 1978 and 1979 from B. Riddell (Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Pacific Bio. Stn. Nanaimo, B.C. pers. comm.) following the methods of Argue et al . (1983); 1980-1982 from unpublished creel survey data.
Effort statistics: 1960-1979 from published and unpublished Fisheries Officer statistics; 1980-1982 from unpublished creel survey data.
**Effort prior to 1980 (the start of the creel survey) may not represent boat trips.

## APPENDIX F. HISTORICAL REGULATION CHANGES AFFECTING THE STRAIT OF GEORGIA AND NORTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND SPORT FISHERY*.

1981 July 1, chinook minimum size limit changed from 30 cm to 45 cm . Minor spot closures, E.g. River mouths only.

1982 Annual bag limit established at 30 chinook.
1985 May 15, daily limit reduced from 4 to 2 chinook.
June 5, annual limit reduced from 30 to 20 chinook.
Spot closure plan implemented ( 32 closures), similar program continues to present day.

1988 April 1, annual bag limit reduced to 8 chinook.
A proposed chinook minimum size limit of 62 cm (not enforced).
The Strait of Georgia has been divided into 2 areas: 1. Victoria area, Cadboro Bay to Sheringham Point. 2. The rest of the Strait of Georgia.

1989 Feb 1, 62 cm minimum size limit for chinook.
Aug 16, Victoria area, minimum size limit for chinook reduced to 45 cm and the annual limit increased to 20 fish. Strait of Georgia, chinook size limit of 62 cm and an increase in annual limit to 15 fish.

1992
*SOURCE: regulation changes 1981 and 1982, English et al. (1986); 1985 T. F. Shardlow, et al. (1989); 1988 T. F. Shardlow, et al. (1989); 1989 L. D. Collicutt et al. (1990); 1992, 1994 Wendy Grider (Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Vancouver, B.C. pers. comm).

## APPENDIX G. SPECIES BREAK DOWN OF FISH COMMONLY INCLUDED WITH OTHER GROUNDFISH.

## Common Names

## Pacific Cod

Pacific Tomcod
Walleye Pollock
Pacific Hake
Perch (all species)
Greenlings (all species)
gadus macrocephalus
Microgadus proximus
Theragra chalcogramma
Merluccius productus
Family Scorpaenidae
Family Hexagrammidae
APPENDIX H. TOTAL ESTIMATED EFFORT AND SPORT CATCHES FOR NORTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND ( totals include data for all months sampled).

| Salmon Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total Salmon Release |  | Groundfish Catch |  |  |  | Total Finfish Catch |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Effort | Chinook | Coho | Chum |  | Sockeye | Total Salmon | Chinook | Coho | Halibut | Lingcod | Total Rockfish | Other |  |
| *1998 | 16408 | 2366 |  | 850 | 15004 | 440 | 18660 | 6691 | 30857 | 3652 | 1521 | 12010 | 248 | 36091 |
| *1999 | 39151 | 7813 | 430 | 607 | 52359 | 1538 | 62743 | 6844 | 34829 | 6713 | 2056 | 19354 | 143 | 91145 |
| *2000 | 15934 | 4628 | 125 | 103 | 23519 | 744 | 29172 | 4904 | 9626 | 1524 | 1066 | 8959 | 0 | 44845 |
| *2001 | 10825 | 3759 | 126 |  | 11967 | 43 | 15953 | 42164 | 1796 | 24570 | 0 | 8959 | 0 | 31626 |

*1998 and 1999 Access point creel survey catch estimates are for July, August and Sept. *2000 and 2001 Access point creel survey catch estimates are for July and August.
APPENDIX I. SALMON CATCHES AND EFFORT BY MONTH AND STATISTICAL;SUB-AREA FOR NORTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND, 2001.

| Catch |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Released |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month Sub A | Area | Effort | Chinook | Chum | Not Checked Hatchery Coho Coho |  |  |  | Wild Coho |  | Pink | TotalSockeye Salmon |  | Chinook | Coho | All Salmon |
| 7 A | Catch | 2226 | 1147 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 34 |  | 34 | 0 | 0 | 1215 | 2840 | 10227 | 13134 |
| 7 A | STD | 508 | 416 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 41 |  | 41 | 0 | 0 | 440 | 1493 | 2267 | 3043 |
| 7 B | Catch | 1902 | 714 | 46 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 209 | 0 | 969 | 1178 | 3985 | 5247 |
| 7 B | STD | 463 | 245 | 39 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 94 | 0 | 304 | 406 | 1037 | 1310 |
| 7 C | Catch | 1964 | 639 | 13 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 15 | 272 | 0 | 939 | 449 | 2211 | 2673 |
| 7 C | STD | 263 | 171 | 14 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 15 | 83 | 0 | 208 | 133 | 389 | 448 |
| 7 E | Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7 E | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8 A | Catch | 1463 | 402 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 3543 | 0 | 3944 | 531 | 5910 | 7716 |
| 8 A | STD | 548 | 197 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 1466 | 0 | 1621 | 240 | 2248 | 2616 |
| 8 B | Catch | 2053 | 539 | 0 |  | 26 |  | 0 |  | 0 | ) 4984 | 26 | 5575 | 833 | 8473 | 11137 |
| 8 B | STD | 663 | 222 | 0 |  | 30 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 1735 | 19 | 1921 | 300 | 2730 | 3176 |
| 8 C | Catch | 1146 | 299 | 0 |  | 17 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 2788 | 17 | 3121 | 475 | 4733 | 6235 |
| 8 C | STD | 249 | 96 | 0 |  | 17 |  | 0 |  | 0 | - 696 | 10 | 763 | 132 | 1069 | 1248 |
| 8 E | Catch | 71 | 19 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 171 | 0 | 190 | 26 | 293 | 380 |
| 8 E | STD | 0 | 6 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 0 | 28 | 0 | 30 | 7 | 34 | 43 |
| Total | Catch | 10825 | 3759 | 59 |  | 43 |  | 34 |  |  | 11967 | 43 | 15953 | 6332 | 35832 | 46522 |
|  | STD | 1159 | 600 | 41 |  | 34 |  | 41 |  |  | 2379 | 21 | 2689 | 1605 | 4474 | 5447 |

APPENDIX J. GROUNDFISH CATCHES AND EFFORT BY MONTH AND STATISTICAL SUB-AREA FOR NORTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND, 2001.

|  |  |  | Catch |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Month | Sub Area |  | Effort | Halibut | Lingcod | Rockfish |  |
| 7 | A | Catch | 2226 | 541 | 371 | 1925 |  |
| 7 | A | STD | 508 | 267 | 194 | 994 |  |
| 7 | B | Catch | 1902 | 59 | 125 | 547 |  |
| 7 | B | STD | 463 | 33 | 71 | 283 |  |
| 7 | C | Catch | 1964 | 28 | 43 | 55 |  |
| 7 | C | STD | 263 | 20 | 25 | 29 |  |
| 7 | E | Catch | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 7 | E | STD | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | A | Catch | 1463 | 72 | 143 | 975 |  |
| 8 | A | STD | 548 | 68 | 86 | 482 |  |
| 8 | B | Catch | 2053 | 76 | 186 | 1351 |  |
| 8 | B | STD | 663 | 68 | 93 | 553 |  |
| 8 | C | Catch | 1146 | 40 | 102 | 754 |  |
| 8 | C | STD | 249 | 32 | 43 | 242 |  |
| 8 | E | Catch | 71 | 3 | 7 | 47 |  |
| 8 | E | STD | 0 | 3 | 3 | 14 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cotal | Catch | 10825 | 819 | 977 | 5654 |  |
|  |  | STD | 1159 | 288 | 247 | 1291 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


[^0]:    *Catch and effort estimates: 1983 to 1992 from prior annual reports (see Appendix A), 1993 to 1997 from unpublished creel survey
    ** A zero in a species column indicates that no catch estimates were generated for that species for that year.
    ***Other catch has dropped because of more accurate catch recording in the creel survey and more inclusive species catch estimates, other catch has been more accurately put into total groundfish, rockfish and shellfish categories.

[^1]:    * Overall age composition calculated from table 20.

