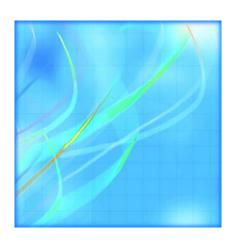
Catalogue no. 51-008-X

# Aircraft Movement Statistics: Airports Without Air Traffic Control Towers (TP 141)



January 2014



Statistics Canada Statistique Canada



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# **Aircraft Movement Statistics: Airports Without Air Traffic Control Towers (TP 141)**

January 2014

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#### **Symbols**

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- . not available for any reference period
- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- 0 true zero or a value rounded to zero
- 0s value rounded to 0 (zero) where there is a meaningful distinction between true zero and the value that was rounded
- p preliminary
- r revised
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- E use with caution
- F too unreliable to be published
- \* significantly different from reference category (p < 0.05)

#### **Acknowledgments**

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This publication was prepared by **Kathie Davidson**, **Conrad Ogrodnik**, **John Scolli** and **Bev Pomfret** of the Aviation Statistics Centre (ASC) of the Environment, Energy and Transportation Statistics Division (EETSD) under the general direction of **Kevin Roberts**, Director, EETSD, **Michael Scrim**, Assistant Director, EETSD and **Ed Hamilton**, Chief, ASC.

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# **Highlights**

Goose Bay, Newfoundland and Labrador (2,155 movements) reported the greatest number of itinerant movements in January 2014.

In January 2014, Peterborough, Ontario (1,340 movements) reported the largest number of local movements.

# **Analysis**

In January 2014, the number of take-offs and landings for 126 airports without air traffic control towers reached 33,072 movements. Goose Bay, Newfoundland and Labrador (2,155 movements) and Red Lake, Ontario (1,765 movements) were the most active sites. Of the 121 airports for which year-over-year comparisons were possible, 63 airports reported decreases.

There were 26,982 itinerant movements (flights from one airport to another) recorded by 108 airports without air traffic control towers in January 2014. Goose Bay, Newfoundland and Labrador (2,155 movements) reported the greatest number of itinerant movements in January 2014.

Forty-two airports without air traffic control towers reported 3,924 local movements (flights that remain in the vicinity of the airport) in January 2014. Peterborough, Ontario, the most active site, recorded 1,340 take-offs and landings, down 24.6% from January 2013. The decrease can be partially attributed to inclement weather.

# **Related products**

# Selected publications from Statistics Canada

51-007-X	Aircraft Movement Statistics: NAV CANADA Towers and Flight Service Stations (TP 141)
51-203-X	Air Carrier Traffic at Canadian Airports
51-206-X	Canadian Civil Aviation
51-209-X	Aircraft Movement Statistics: NAV CANADA Towers and Flight Service Stations: Annual Report (TP 577)
51-210-X	Aircraft Movement Statistics: Airports Without Air Traffic Control Towers: Annual Report (TP 577)

#### **Selected CANSIM tables from Statistics Canada**

401-0007	Aircraft movements, by class of operation and peak hour and peak day of movements, airports with NAV CANADA towers, monthly
401-0008	Aircraft movements, by civil and military movements, airports with NAV CANADA towers, monthly
401-0009	Itinerant movements, by type of operation, airports with NAV CANADA towers, monthly
401-0010	Itinerant movements, by instrument flight rules, visual flight rules and runway 88, airports with NAV CANADA towers, monthly
401-0011	Itinerant movements, by type of power plant, airports with NAV CANADA towers, monthly
401-0012	Itinerant movements, by aircraft gross take-off weight, airports with NAV CANADA towers, monthly
401-0013	Domestic and international itinerant movements, by type of operation, airports with NAV CANADA towers, monthly
401-0014	Aircraft movements, by class of operation and peak hour and peak day of movements, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, monthly
401-0015	Aircraft movements, by civil and military movements, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, monthly
401-0016	Itinerant movements, by type of operation, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, monthly
401-0017	Itinerant movements, by instrument flight rules, visual flight rules and runway 88, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, monthly

401-0018	Itinerant movements, by type of power plant, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, monthly
401-0019	Itinerant movements, by aircraft gross take-off weight, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, monthly
401-0020	Domestic and international itinerant movements, by type of operation, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, monthly
401-0021	Monthly aircraft movements, by class of operation and type of operation, airports without air traffic control towers
401-0022	Monthly itinerant movements, by weight group and type of power plant, airports without air traffic control towers
401-0023	Aircraft movements, by class of operation, airports with NAV CANADA towers, annual
401-0024	Aircraft movements, by civil and military movements, airports with NAV CANADA towers, annual
401-0025	Itinerant movements, by type of operation, airports with NAV CANADA towers, annual
401-0026	Itinerant movements, by instrument flight rules, visual flight rules and runway 88, airports with NAV CANADA towers, annual
401-0027	Itinerant movements, by type of power plant, airports with NAV CANADA towers, annual
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401-0034	Itinerant movements, by type of power plant, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, annual

401-0035	Itinerant movements, by aircraft gross take-off weight, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, annual
401-0036	Domestic and international itinerant movements, by type of operation, airports with NAV CANADA flight service stations, annual
401-0037	Annual aircraft movements, by class of operation and type of operation, airports without air traffic control towers
401-0038	Annual itinerant movements, by weight group and type of power plant, airports without air traffic control towers

#### **Selected surveys from Statistics Canada**

2715	Aircraft Movement Statistics

#### Selected summary tables from Statistics Canada

• Aircraft movements by class of operation (monthly)

# **Statistical tables**

Table 1
Total aircraft movements by class of operation

	Number of days reported for	Total, itinerant and local	Total itinerant	Tota loca
	current month	movements	movements	movements
		number		
Akulivik, Quebec	_:	125	125	C
Amos Municipal, Quebec	31	88	42	46
Arctic Bay, Nunavut Arviat, Nunavut	23 23	76 166	76 166	C
Aupaluk, Quebec	23	87	87	(
Baie-Comeau, Quebec	30	519	491	28
Baker Lake, Nunavut	24	174	173	1
Barrie-Orillia-Lake Simcoe Regional, Ontario	31	737	285	452
Bathurst, New Brunswick	31	256	256	(
Berens River, Manitoba Bloodvein River, Manitoba		130 102	••	•
Brochet, Manitoba	••	80		•
Buffalo Narrows, Saskatchewan	 26	532	508	24
Cambridge Bay, Nunavut	31	259	255	_
Cape Dorset, Nunavut	18	61	61	(
Charlo, New Brunswick	25	139	139	(
Chesterfield Inlet, Nunavut	23	118	118	
Chevery, Quebec	21 31	192 503	192 501	
Chibougamau/Chapais, Quebec Clyde River, Nunavut	21	80	80	:
Collingwood, Ontario	31	251	121	130
Comox, British Columbia	30	1,216	1,216	
Coral Harbour, Nunavut	27	117	117	(
Cross Lake, Manitoba	••	168		
Dauphin, Manitoba	27	205	161	4
Dawson, Yukon	23 30	104 387	104 379	(
Dawson Creek, British Columbia Déline, Northwest Territories	27	367 165	379 165	3
Digby, Nova Scotia	2	3	3	(
Drummondville, Quebec	31	237	115	122
Oryden Regional, Ontario	31	767	649	118
Eastmain River, Quebec	26	116	116	(
Elliot Lake Municipal, Ontario	28	233	153	80
Eureka, Nunavut	2 7	2 14	2 14	(
Faro, Yukon Flin Flon, Manitoba	31	383	377	
Fort Frances Municipal, Ontario	30	385	385	,
Fort Liard, Northwest Territories	8	21	21	Ċ
Fort McPherson, Northwest Territories	6	12	12	(
Fort Resolution, Northwest Territories	5	9	9	(
Fort Simpson, Northwest Territories	1	1	1	(
Fort Smith, Northwest Territories Baspé, Quebec	31 31	366 270	366 270	(
Seraldton, Ontario	26	270 97	270 97	
Gillam, Manitoba	30	150	150	
Gjoa Haven, Nunavut	18	54	54	
Gods Lake Narrows, Manitoba		200		
Gods River, Manitoba	···	106	0.455	:
Goose Bay, Newfoundland and Labrador Grise Fiord. Nunavut	31 10	2,155	2,155	
Havre St-Pierre, Quebec	26	21 230	21 228	
Hay River, Northwest Territories	1	4	4	
Hearst/René Fontaine Municipal, Ontario	22	109	109	
gloolik, Nunavut	29	136	136	
ford, Manitoba		14		
nukjuak, Quebec		186	186	
sland Lake, Manitoba	31	911 116	901 112	1
vujivik, Quebec Kangiqsualujjuaq, Quebec	•	121	112	
Kangiqsujuaq, Quebec	•	108	108	
Kangirsuk, Quebec	•	142	142	
Kapuskasing, Ontario	31	301	299	;
Kugaaruk, Nunavut	29	78	78	(
Kugluktuk, Nunavut	31	228	224	
Kuujjuarapik, Quebec	30	375	359	10
ac Brochet, Manitoba		112 278		
Little Grand Rapids, Manitoba				

See notes at the end of the table.

Table 1 – continued

Total aircraft movements by class of operation

	Number of days reported for	Total, itinerant	Total	Total
	current month	and local movements	itinerant movements	local movements
		number		
_ourdes-de-Blanc-Sablon, Quebec	26	365	357	8
_utselk'e, Northwest Territories	24	86	86	0
Mayo, Yukon	3	6	6	0
Miramichi, New Brunswick	23 31	244	244 945	0 14
Moosonee, Ontario Muskoka, Ontario	28	959 294	238	56
Nakina, Ontario	30	482	482	0
Natashquan, Quebec	20	127	127	0
Norway House, Manitoba	31	324	316	8
Old Crow, Yukon	19	43	43	0
Oxford House, Manitoba		242		
Pabok, Quebec	9	20	20	0
Pangnirtung, Nunavut	27	133	133	0
Peterborough, Ontario	31	1,472	132	1,340
Pickle Lake, Ontario	31	1,457	1,405	52
Pikwitonei, Manitoba		18		
Pond Inlet, Nunavut	22	72	72	0
Poplar River, Manitoba Port-Menier. Quebec	 16	126 71	 71	0
	5	18	18	0
Prince Rupert/Digby Island, British Columbia Prince Rupert/Seal Cove, British Columbia	29	530	530	0
Pukatawagan, Manitoba	29	182	330	U
Puvirnituq, Quebec		519	429	90
Qikiqtarjuaq, Nunavut	1 <del>.</del>	55	55	0
Quagtag, Quebec		127	127	ő
Quesnel, British Columbia	30	300	260	40
Red Lake, Ontario	31	1,765	1,727	38
Red Sucker Lake, Manitoba		106		
Repulse Bay, Nunavut	20	66	66	0
Resolute Bay, Nunavut	27	93	93	0
Rimouski, Quebec	15	107	81	26
Roberval, Quebec	17	156	90	66
Salluit, Quebec		148	148	0
Sandspit, British Columbia	31	168	152	16
Sanikiluaq, Nunavut Shamattawa. Manitoba	21	100 160	100	0
Shariattawa, Manitoba Sherbrooke, Quebec	 22	287	 119	 168
South Indian Lake, Manitoba	22	86	119	100
St. Anthony, Newfoundland and Labrador	 28	248	248	0
St-Augustin, Quebec	19	130	130	ŏ
St. Theresa Point, Manitoba	30	768	758	10
Stephenville, Newfoundland and Labrador	21	87	87	0
Stony Rapids, Saskatchewan	28	671	663	8
Sydney, Nova Scotia	31	565	547	18
Tadoule Lake, Manitoba		28		
Taloyoak, Nunavut	29	96	96	0
Tasiujaq, Quebec		80	80	0
The Pas, Manitoba	30	350	262	88
Fillsonburg, Ontario	 31	228	136	92 44
Гоfino, British Columbia Ггоіs-Rivières, Quebec	26	260 773	216 302	44 471
Jmiujag, Quebec	20	120	120	0
Waskaganish, Quebec	28	264	258	6
Waskagamsh, Quebec Watson Lake, Yukon	26	128	128	0
Vemindji, Quebec	20	118	118	0
Whale Cove, Nunavut	15	69	69	ő
Wrigley, Northwest Territories	10	24	24	Ő
/ork Landing, Manitoba		28	<del></del>	
Yorkton Municipal, Saskatchewan	27	435	273	162
Total (126)	31	33,072 1	26,982	3,924

<sup>1.</sup> Total, itinerant and local movements: The value may not equal the sum of total itinerant and local movements. This is due to some airports reporting only aggregated data (total itinerant plus local movements) rather than the two components. See Appendix I, Factors influencing the data.

Table 2-1 Itinerant movements by class and type of operation

	Total itinerant				International			Government	
	movements -	Carrier	Other commercial	Private	Carrier co	Other mmercial	Private	Civil	Military
				nı	ımber				
Akulivik, Quebec	125								
Amos Municipal, Quebec	42	30	1	9	0	0	0	0	2
Arctic Bay, Nunavut	76 166	75 162	1 2	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 2	0
Arviat, Nunavut Aupaluk, Quebec	87	102	2	U	U	U	U	2	U
Baie-Comeau, Quebec	491	404	0	14	Ö	0	0	70	3
Baker Lake, Nunavut	173	170	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
Barrie-Orillia-Lake Simcoe Regional, Ontario	285	137	19	62	4	1	10	50	2
Bathurst, New Brunswick	256	235	0	14	2	0	0	4	1
Buffalo Narrows, Saskatchewan Cambridge Bay, Nunavut	508 255	455 251	12 0	0	2 0	12 0	0	26 4	1
Cape Dorset, Nunavut	61	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Charlo, New Brunswick	139	84	26	21	ő	Ö	2	6	0
Chesterfield Inlet, Nunavut	118	116	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Chevery, Quebec	192	192	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chibougamau/Chapais, Quebec	501	472	0	20	0	0	3	6	0
Clyde River, Nunavut Collingwood, Ontario	80 121	77 25	0 13	0 81	3 0	0	0 0	0 2	0
Comox, British Columbia	1,216	898	5	6	7	0	0	20	280
Coral Harbour, Nunavut	117	109	8	ő	Ö	Ö	ő	0	200
Dauphin, Manitoba	161	87	0	10	0	0	1	63	0
Dawson, Yukon	104	100	0	3	0	0	1	0	0
Dawson Creek, British Columbia	379	291	2	42	8	11	9	16	0
Déline, Northwest Territories	165 3	161	0 0	0	0 0	0	0 0	2 2	2
Digby, Nova Scotia Drummondville, Quebec	115	1 32	6	0 77	0	0	0	0	0
Dryden Regional, Ontario	649	419	80	21	Ő	1	0	111	17
Eastmain River, Quebec	116	116	0	0	Ö	Ö	Ö	0	0
Elliot Lake Municipal, Ontario	153	128	20	3	0	0	0	2	0
Eureka, Nunavut	2	. 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Faro, Yukon	14	12	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Flin Flon, Manitoba Fort Frances Municipal, Ontario	377 385	325 371	3 0	6 8	4 0	0 0	0 4	39 2	0
Fort Liard, Northwest Territories	21	7	0	0	14	0	0	0	0
Fort McPherson, Northwest Territories	12	8	Ö	2	0	Ö	Ö	2	Č
Fort Resolution, Northwest Territories	9	7	0	0	0	0	0	2	C
Fort Simpson, Northwest Territories	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fort Smith, Northwest Territories	366	303	1	1 4	44	9	3 0	5	0
Gaspé, Quebec Geraldton, Ontario	270 97	229 71	0 2	6	0 0	0 0	0	35 18	2
Gillam, Manitoba	150	150	0	0	Ő	0	ő	0	0
Gjoa Haven, Nunavut	54	54	Ō	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö
Goose Bay, Newfoundland and Labrador	2,155	1,676	4	18	134	15	101	125	82
Grise Fiord, Nunavut	21	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Havre St-Pierre, Quebec	228	158 4	7 0	4 0	42	0	0 0	16 0	1
Hay River, Northwest Territories Hearst/René Fontaine Municipal, Ontario	4 109	93	0	9	0 0	0	0	7	0
Igloolik, Nunavut	136	122		ő	13	0	ő	ó	1
Inukjuak, Quebec	186								
Island Lake, Manitoba	901	884	0	9	1	0	1	6	0
lvujivik, Quebec	112		-	-	•		•	•	
Kangiqsualujjuaq, Quebec	121	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	
Kangiqsujuaq, Quebec Kangirsuk, Quebec	108 142		-	•			•		
Kapuskasing, Ontario	299	237	2	Ö	Ö	0	0	0	60
Kugaaruk, Nunavut	78	76	0	0	2	0	0	0	C
Kugluktuk, Nunavut	224	219	2	0	1	0	0	2	C
Kuujjuarapik, Quebec	359	351	0	6	0	0	0	2	C
Lourdes-de-Blanc-Sablon, Quebec	357	341	0	0	3	0	0 0	10	3
_utselk'e, Northwest Territories Mayo, Yukon	86 6	78 4	0 0	0 0	4 0	0 0	0	4 2	(
Miramichi, New Brunswick	244	215		22	0	0	0	2	(
Moosonee, Ontario	945	915	Ö	15	2	Ö	ŏ	12	1
Muskoka, Ontario	238	129	15	43	2	0	2	46	1
Nakina, Ontario	482	476	2	0	0	0	0	4	(
Natashquan, Quebec	127	118		0	5	0	0	2	2
Norway House, Manitoba	316	239	0	4	50	0	15	8	0

Table 2-1 – continued Itinerant movements by class and type of operation

	Total itinerant				International			Government	
	movements —	Carrier	Other	Private	Carrier	Other	Private	Civil	Military
			minercial			Jillillercial			
_				nu	mber				
Old Crow, Yukon	43	42	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Pabok, Quebec	20	6	0	0	0	0	0	14	0
Pangnirtung, Nunavut	133	132	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Peterborough, Ontario	132	15	25	74	0	0	0	4	14
Pickle Lake, Ontario	1,405	1,343	25	5	3	0	0	28	1
Pond Inlet, Nunavut	72	70	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Port-Menier, Quebec	71	61	8	2	0	0	0	0	0
Prince Rupert/Digby Island, British Columbia	18	12	0	0	6	0	0	0	0
Prince Rupert/Seal Cove, British Columbia	530	355	0	26	40	0	14	95	0
Puvirnitug, Quebec	429		_	_	_	_	_		_
Qikiqtarjuaq, Nunavut	55	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quagtag, Quebec	127		-	-	-	•	-	-	-
Quesnel, British Columbia	260	191	Ö	59	2	0	2	6	0
Red Lake, Ontario	1,727	1,475	128	6	23	ő	2	93	ő
Repulse Bay, Nunavut	66	66	0	ő	0	ő	0	0	Ö
Resolute Bay, Nunavut	93	84	0	4	0	0	Ő	ő	5
Rimouski, Quebec	81	38	4	16	ő	ő	5	18	0
Roberval, Quebec	90	32	2	55	1	0	0	0	0
Salluit, Quebec	148	32	2	33	ı	U	U	U	U
Sandspit, British Columbia	152	139	0	1	0	0	0	10	2
	100	84	10	2	0	0	0	4	0
Sanikiluaq, Nunavut		32		64	2		3	2	4
Sherbrooke, Quebec	119		11	4		1	0		
St. Anthony, Newfoundland and Labrador	248	198	0	•	0	0		44	2
St-Augustin, Quebec	130	129	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
St. Theresa Point, Manitoba	758	746	0	4	0	0	0	8	0
Stephenville, Newfoundland and Labrador	87	41	0	6	10	0	0	30	0
Stony Rapids, Saskatchewan	663	639	0	.1	5	0	1	17	0
Sydney, Nova Scotia	547	510	0	10	1	0	0	22	4
Taloyoak, Nunavut	96	96	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tasiujaq, Quebec	80				-		-		
The Pas, Manitoba	262	238	6	6	0	0	0	12	0
Tillsonburg, Ontario	136								
Tofino, British Columbia	216	119	2	47	3	0	2	38	5
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	302	105	23	156	0	0	0	16	2
Umiujaq, Quebec	120								
Waskaganish, Quebec	258	251	0	7	0	0	0	0	0
Watson Lake, Yukon	128	94	0	15	0	0	0	19	0
Wemindji, Quebec	118	116	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Whale Cove, Nunavut	69	69	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wrigley, Northwest Territories	24	16	0	0	8	0	0	0	0
Yorkton Municipal, Saskatchewan	273	166	Õ	69	15	1	5	13	4
Total (108)	26,982	20,949	482	1,185	467	51	186	1,235	506

Table 2-2 Itinerant movements by type of power plant

	Total itinerant		Aircraft		Helicopters	Gliders
	movements	Jet	Turbo	Piston		
			number			
Akulivik, Quebec	125	-				
Amos Municipal, Quebec	42	0	26	10	6	C
Arctic Bay, Nunavut Arviat, Nunavut	76 166	0	76 166	0 0	0	0
Aupaluk, Quebec	87	U	100	U	U	
Baie-Comeau, Quebec	491	22	453	10	6	 C
Baker Lake, Nunavut	173	0	172	1	0	C
Barrie-Orillia-Lake Simcoe Regional, Ontario	285	30	108	85	62	C
Bathurst, New Brunswick Buffalo Narrows. Saskatchewan	256 508	3 0	222 438	13 65	18 5	0
Cambridge Bay, Nunavut	255	41	198	2	14	0
Cape Dorset, Nunavut	61	0	61	0	0	Ö
Charlo, New Brunswick	139	2	95	28	14	0
Chesterfield Inlet, Nunavut	118	0	118	0	0	0
Chevery, Quebec	192	0	192	0	0	0
Chibougamau/Chapais, Quebec Clyde River, Nunavut	501 80	7 0	469 80	9	16 0	0
Collingwood, Ontario	121	4	23	84	10	Ö
Comox, British Columbia	1,216	185	769	98	164	Ö
Coral Harbour, Nunavut	117	0	117	0	0	0
Dauphin, Manitoba	161	13	129	13	6	Q
Dawson, Yukon	104	0	84	2	18	0
Dawson Creek, British Columbia Déline. Northwest Territories	379 165	15 0	293 142	40 23	31 0	0
Digby, Nova Scotia	3	0	0	0	3	0
Drummondville, Quebec	115	ŏ	Ö	80	35	Ö
Dryden Regional, Ontario	649	8	401	114	126	0
Eastmain River, Quebec	116	0	116	0	0	0
Elliot Lake Municipal, Ontario	153	0	112	31	10	0
Eureka, Nunavut Faro, Yukon	2 14	0 0	2 6	0 4	0 4	0
Flin Flon, Manitoba	377	5	361	11	0	0
Fort Frances Municipal, Ontario	385	2	257	90	36	Ö
Fort Liard, Northwest Territories	21	0	5	2	14	0
Fort McPherson, Northwest Territories	12	0	10	2	0	0
Fort Resolution, Northwest Territories Fort Simpson, Northwest Territories	9 1	0	9 1	0 0	0	0
Fort Smith, Northwest Territories	366	4	301	43	18	0
Gaspé, Quebec	270	7	257	2	4	Ö
Geraldton, Ontario	97	0	64	14	19	0
Gillam, Manitoba	150	0	102	48	0	0
Gjoa Haven, Nunavut	54	0	49	0	5	0
Goose Bay, Newfoundland and Labrador Grise Fiord, Nunavut	2,155 21	328 0	1,610 21	19 0	198 0	0
Havre St-Pierre, Quebec	228	2	138	24	64	Ö
Hay River, Northwest Territories	4	0	2	2	0	0
Hearst/René Fontaine Municipal, Ontario	109	0	92	9	8	0
Igloolik, Nunavut	136	0	136	0	0	0
Inukjuak, Quebec Island Lake, Manitoba	186 901	0	464	81	356	
Ivujivik, Quebec	112		404		330	
Kangiqsualujjuaq, Quebec	121					
Kangiqsujuaq, Quebec	108					
Kangirsuk, Quebec	142					:
Kapuskasing, Ontario Kugaaruk, Nunavut	299 78	0 3	299 75	0	0	0
Kugluktuk, Nunavut	224	28	192	0	4	(
Kuujjuarapik, Quebec	359	2	353	4	Ö	Č
Lourdes-de-Blanc-Sablon, Quebec	357	2	348	3	4	C
Lutselk'e, Northwest Territories	86	0	86	0	0	C
Mayo, Yukon	6	0	2	2	2	C
Miramichi, New Brunswick Moosonee, Ontario	244 945	22 0	132 855	86 24	4 66	(
Muskoka, Ontario	238	13	94	62	69	(
Nakina, Ontario	482	0	472	8	2	(
Natashquan, Quebec	127	Ö	112	5	10	č
Norway House, Manitoba	316	0	226	31	59	C
Old Crow, Yukon	43	0	42	0	1	(

Table 2-2 – continued Itinerant movements by type of power plant

	Total itinerant Aircraft				Helicopters	Gliders
	movements	Jet	Turbo	Piston		
			number			
Pabok, Quebec	20	6	14	0	0	0
Pangnirtung, Nunavut	133	0	131	0	2	0
Peterborough, Ontario	132	14	17	93	8	0
Pickle Lake, Ontario	1,405	0	1,333	21	51	0
Pond Inlet, Nunavut	72	0	71	1	0	0
Port-Menier, Quebec	71	0	36	35	0	0
Prince Rupert/Digby Island, British Columbia	18	0	0	18	0	0
Prince Rupert/Seal Cove, British Columbia	530	0	28	271	231	0
Puvirnituq, Quebec	429					
Qikiqtarjuaq, Nunavut	55	0	55	0	0	0
Quagtag, Quebec	127					
Quesnel, British Columbia	260	20	165	43	32	0
Red Lake, Ontario	1.727	4	1,470	181	72	0
Repulse Bay, Nunavut	<sup>′</sup> 66	0	66	0	0	0
Resolute Bay, Nunavut	93	2	91	0	0	Ō
Rimouski, Quebec	81	8	42	27	4	Ö
Roberval, Quebec	90	4	16	64	6	0
Salluit, Quebec	148	•	.0	•	· ·	
Sandspit, British Columbia	152	7	101	0	44	0
Sanikiluaq, Nunavut	100	0	99	ĭ	0	Ö
Sherbrooke, Quebec	119	6	16	85	10	2
St. Anthony, Newfoundland and Labrador	248	Õ	236	0	12	0
St-Augustin, Quebec	130	ő	129	ĭ	0	Ö
St. Theresa Point. Manitoba	758	8	289	41	420	0
Stephenville, Newfoundland and Labrador	87	4	67	2	14	0
Stony Rapids, Saskatchewan	663	0	539	124	0	0
Sydney, Nova Scotia	547	197	296	28	26	0
Taloyoak, Nunavut	96	0	96	0	0	0
Tasiujag, Quebec	80	U	30	U	U	
The Pas, Manitoba	262	9	176	36	41	0
Tillsonburg, Ontario	136			30	41	
Tofino. British Columbia	216	 4	9	 147	 56	0
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	302	17	9 27	209	49	0
	120	17	21	209	49	Ü
Umiujaq, Quebec	258	i	244	. 12		
Waskaganish, Quebec		•	244	13	0	0
Watson Lake, Yukon	128	0	83	34	11	0
Wemindji, Quebec	118	0	116	2	0	0
Whale Cove, Nunavut	69	0	69	0	0	0
Wrigley, Northwest Territories	24	0	0	14	10	0
Yorkton Municipal, Saskatchewan	273	2	71	184	16	0
Total (108)	26,982	1,061	18,433	2,959	2,606	2

Table 2-3 Itinerant movements by aircraft weight groups

	Total itinerant	Maximum take-off weight in kilograms						
	movements	2,000 and under	2,001 to 4,000	4,001 to 5,670	5,671 to 9,000	9,001 to 18,000	18,001 to 35,000	35,001 and over
				number				
Akulivik, Quebec	125							
Amos Municipal, Quebec Arctic Bay, Nunavut	42 76	12 0	2	28 17	0 12	0 44	0 3	0
Arviat, Nunavut	166	0	0	16	0	0	150	0
Aupaluk, Quebec	87							
Baie-Comeau, Quebec	491	2	12	99	84	152	142	0
Baker Lake, Nunavut	173	1	0	19	0	0	153	0
Barrie-Orillia-Lake Simcoe Regional, Ontario Bathurst, New Brunswick	285 256	129 25	14 42	118 66	7 16	4 100	13 7	0
Buffalo Narrows, Saskatchewan	508	41	29	308	130	0	0	0
Cambridge Bay, Nunavut	255	0	2	51	18	66	91	27
Cape Dorset, Nunavut	61	0	0	6	7	47	1	C
Charlo, New Brunswick	139	36	6	37	0	58	2	C
Chesterfield Inlet, Nunavut	118	0	0	7	0	0	111	C
Chevery, Quebec Chibougamau/Chapais, Quebec	192 501	0 15	0 10	84 143	108 40	0 225	0 68	C
Clyde River, Nunavut	80	0	0	5	16	23	36	(
Collingwood, Ontario	121	91	10	16	0	4	0	Ċ
Comox, British Columbia	1,216	28	88	64	521	227	73	215
Coral Harbour, Nunavut	117	0	0	16	0	81	20	(
Dauphin, Manitoba Dawson, Yukon	161 104	11 18	8 2	129 12	13 0	0	0 72	C
Dawson, Tukon Dawson Creek, British Columbia	379	61	10	41	141	107	19	0
Déline, Northwest Territories	165	6	27	62	38	2	20	10
Digby, Nova Scotia	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	Ċ
Drummondville, Quebec	115	107	8	0	0	0	0	C
Oryden Regional, Ontario	649	163	94	379	4	6	0	3
Eastmain River, Quebec Elliot Lake Municipal, Ontario	116 153	0 25	0 10	16 106	0 6	100 6	0	0
Eureka, Nunavut	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Faro, Yukon	14	8	Õ	6	Ö	Ö	0	Ö
Flin Flon, Manitoba	377	4	7	269	15	7	75	0
Fort Frances Municipal, Ontario	385	45	79	259	2	0	0	0
Fort Liard, Northwest Territories Fort McPherson, Northwest Territories	21 12	14 2	4 0	3 10	0	0	0	0
Fort Resolution, Northwest Territories	9	0	0	5	4	0	0	C
Fort Simpson, Northwest Territories	1	Ő	1	Ö	Ö	Ö	Ö	Č
Fort Smith, Northwest Territories	366	60	5	23	270	0	4	4
Gaspé, Quebec	270	0	4	14	0	215	37	0
Geraldton, Ontario Gillam, Manitoba	97 150	21 0	22 48	46 0	6 0	2 0	0 102	0
Gjoa Haven, Nunavut	54	1	0	8	0	17	28	0
Goose Bay, Newfoundland and Labrador	2,155	138	21	786	461	359	320	70
Grise Fiord, Nunavut	21	0	0	21	0	0	0	C
Havre St-Pierre, Quebec	228	56	32	42	32	6	60	C
Hay River, Northwest Territories Hearst/René Fontaine Municipal, Ontario	4 109	0 10	0 9	0 86	0 4	2 0	2 0	C
gloolik, Nunavut	136	0	0	20	29	59	28	C
nukjuak, Quebec	186							
sland Lake, Manitoba	901	429	28	245	1	104	94	C
vujivik, Quebec	112	•					-	
Kangiqsualujjuaq, Quebec	121 108	•	••		•	•	•	
Kangiqsujuaq, Quebec Kangirsuk, Quebec	142	•			•	•		
Kapuskasing, Ontario	299	Ö	0	271	8	20	0	(
Kugaaruk, Nunavut	78	0	0	3	3	42	30	Ċ
Kugluktuk, Nunavut	224	2	0	18	18	84	82	20
Kuujjuarapik, Quebec	359	4	0	138	101	51	166	(
.ourdes-de-Blanc-Sablon, Quebec .utselk'e, Northwest Territories	357 86	2 0	5 51	149 35	101 0	98 0	2 0	(
Mayo, Yukon	6	2	2	2	0	0	0	(
/liramichi, New Brunswick	244	88	70	42	20	18	4	2
Moosonee, Ontario	945	27	67	592	75	122	62	(
Muskoka, Ontario	238	77	51	59	43	5	0	3
Nakina, Ontario	482	0	333	85 70	40	24	0	(
Natashquan, Quebec Norway House, Manitoba	127 316	10 78	5 12	70 225	40 1	2 0	0	(
tornay riouse, maintoba	310	70	14	220	1	U	J	,

Table 2-3 – continued Itinerant movements by aircraft weight groups

	Total itinerant							
	movements	2,000 and under	2,001 to 4,000	4,001 to 5,670	5,671 to 9,000	9,001 to 18,000	18,001 to 35,000	35,001 and over
		and under	10 4,000	10 3,070	10 3,000	10 10,000	10 33,000	and over
				number				
Old Crow, Yukon	43	1	0	3	0	0	39	0
Pabok, Quebec	20	0	0	2	0	8	10	0
Pangnirtung, Nunavut	133	0	0	5	2	59	67	0
Peterborough, Ontario	132	76	21	13	7	2	2	11
Pickle Lake, Ontario	1,405	53	531	306	113	80	322	0
Pond Inlet, Nunavut	72	1	0	20	9	14	28	0
Port-Menier, Quebec	71	0	35	36	0	0	0	0
Prince Rupert/Digby Island, British Columbia	18	0	18	0	0	0	0	0
Prince Rupert/Seal Cove, British Columbia	530	135	313	82	0	0	0	0
Puvirnitug, Quebec	429							
Qikiqtarjuaq, Nunavut	55	0	0	4	0	19	32	0
Quagtag, Quebec	127						_	_
Quesnel, British Columbia	260	71	8	8	173	0	0	0
Red Lake. Ontario	1,727	81	627	502	276	26	215	0
Repulse Bay, Nunavut	66	0	0	12	0	0	54	Ö
Resolute Bay, Nunavut	93	Ö	Ö	28	Ö	8	48	9
Rimouski, Quebec	81	23	8	34	Ö	2	14	Ő
Roberval, Quebec	90	42	28	12	2	6	0	ő
Salluit, Quebec	148				-	J	Ū	Ū
Sandspit, British Columbia	152	34	4	41	9	3	59	2
Sanikiluaq, Nunavut	100	0	1	29	10	2	58	0
Sherbrooke, Quebec	119	85	10	18	4	2	0	ő
St. Anthony, Newfoundland and Labrador	248	4	2	70	46	122	4	0
St-Augustin, Quebec	130	1	0	54	75	0	0	0
St. Theresa Point, Manitoba	758	459	4	124	8	105	58	0
Stephenville, Newfoundland and Labrador	736 87	0	16	4	26	37	4	0
Stony Rapids, Saskatchewan	663	2	122	283	173	83	0	0
Sydney, Nova Scotia	547	38	48	203 22	4	236	113	86
Taloyoak, Nunavut	96	0	0	0	6	56	34	00
	80	U	U	U	O	30	34	U
Tasiujaq, Quebec	262	45	32	 131	7	2	45	
The Pas, Manitoba								U
Tillsonburg, Ontario	136 216	 86	115			0	 7	0
Tofino, British Columbia			115	6	2			
Trois-Rivières, Quebec	302	202	50	17	4	1	11	17
Umiujaq, Quebec	120				;	407		
Waskaganish, Quebec	258	12	2	35	4	197	8	0
Watson Lake, Yukon	128	21	23	37	47	0	0	0
Wemindji, Quebec	118	0	2	28	0	88	0	0
Whale Cove, Nunavut	69	0	0	2	0	4	63	0
Wrigley, Northwest Territories	24	20	4	0	0	0	0	0
Yorkton Municipal, Saskatchewan	273	156	40	75	2	0	0	0
Total (108)	26,982	3,500	3,294	7,420	3,343	3,651	3,374	479

Table 3 Local movements by type of operation

	Total local	Local civil	Local military
	movements	movements	movements
_			
Amos Municipal, Quebec	46	46	0
Baie-Comeau, Quebec	28	16	12
Baker Lake, Nunavut	1	1	0
Barrie-Orillia-Lake Simcoe Regional, Ontario	452	452	0
Buffalo Narrows, Saskatchewan	24	24	0
Cambridge Bay, Nunavut	4	4	0
Chibougamau/Chapais, Quebec	2	2	0
Collingwood, Ontario	130	130	0
Dauphin, Manitoba	44	44	0
Dawson Creek, British Columbia	8	8	0
Drummondville, Quebec	122	122	0
Dryden Regional, Ontario	118	118	0
Elliot Lake Municipal, Ontario	80	80	0
Flin Flon, Manitoba	6	6	0
Havre St-Pierre, Quebec	2	2	0
sland Lake, Manitoba	10	10	0
vujivik, Quebec	4	10	0
Kapuskasing, Ontario	2	2	0
Kapuskasing, Ontano Kugluktuk, Nunavut	4	4	0
	16	16	0
Kuujjuarapik, Quebec Lourdes-de-Blanc-Sablon, Quebec	8	8	0
Moosonee, Ontario	14	14	0
Muskoka, Ontario	56	56	0
Norway House, Manitoba		8	0
Peterborough, Ontario	1,340	1,338	2
Pickle Lake, Ontario	52	52	0
Puvirnituq, Quebec	90		
Quesnel, British Columbia	40	40	0
Red Lake, Ontario	38	38	0
Rimouski, Quebec	26	26	0
Roberval, Quebec	66	66	0
Sandspit, British Columbia	16	16	0
Sherbrooke, Quebec	168	168	0
St. Theresa Point, Manitoba	10	10	0
Stony Rapids, Saskatchewan	8	8	0
Sydney, Nova Scotia	18	16	2
he Pas, Manitoba	88	88	0
illsonburg, Ontario	92		
ofino, British Columbia	44	40	4
Frois-Rivières, Quebec	471	469	2
Waskaganish, Quebec	6	6	0
Yorkton Municipal, Saskatchewan	162	162	Ö
Fotal (42)	3,924	3,716	22

# **Methodology**

#### Airports without air traffic control towers

#### Survey universe

The statistics in this publication reflect the number of aircraft movements reported to the Aviation Statistics Centre (ASC) by airport and carrier personnel, members of flying clubs and employees of various levels of government at airports without control towers across Canada. There are approximately 6,000 aerodromes in Canada, including land (runways and/or heliports) and water facilities. Of these, approximately 1,300 are airports operating under licences issued by Transport Canada (including those listed in 51-007-X and most of those listed in this publication). Criteria for inclusion in this publication are the size and scope of operation and the importance in establishing regional traffic patterns.

#### Coverage

The statistics appearing in this publication were compiled in most cases from daily air traffic records received by the ASC. The data for 19 of Manitoba's airports are submitted by the Department of Highways and Transportation of the Manitoba Government on the Manitoba airport activity summary (See Factors influencing the data in Appendix I).

The daily air traffic records (Form 06-0065) are designed to capture three data items for each aircraft arrival and/or departure for itinerant movements, and two items for local movements. Section A of the record dealing with itinerant movements reports the following information for each movement:

- (a) the aircraft registration or air carrier code and flight number;
- (b) the aircraft type;
- (c) the last station before landing at the reporting airport or the next station after take-off.

Section B of the record provides for the reporting of the number of local civil and local military movements for each day.

Due to revisions, the sum of totals released in this report may not equal the annual totals published in Aircraft Movement Statistics: Airports Without Air Traffic Control Towers: Annual Report (TP 577) - 51-210-X.

The daily air traffic records are completed on a daily basis and mailed or sent electronically to the Aviation Statistics Centre where they are registered and edited for clarity and reliability. Survey respondents are contacted by telephone to follow up for non-response.

The Aviation Statistics Centre maintains a data base of parameter files of current information on all registered aircraft. Other parameter file information includes registered aircraft identifications and their corresponding aircraft types, gross take-off weights, types of power plant (piston, jet or turboprop); whether the aircraft are fixed wing, helicopters or gliders. This information also provides a basis for identifying type of flight (commercial, private and government) and the geographical area in which the flight takes place. The storage of this information allows for a reduction in the reporting burden of the survey respondents and limits the element of human error associated with the preparation of source documents.

# **Data quality and limitations**

Although every effort is made to ensure the quality of the data, the statistics relative to airports where there is no air traffic control tower or flight service station should be used with due consideration for their limitations.

The validity of the source data reported is controlled through the use of computerized edit programs. Identified errors originating with the source documents or with data transmission are manually corrected by Aviation Statistics Centre editing staff.

To help respondents maintain a high level of accuracy in reporting, the Aviation Statistics Centre issues instructions explaining the various concepts of the required source data and the method of completing the forms. Respondents are also furnished with an "Air traffic designators" handbook (TP 143) showing the official Transport Canada aircraft type designators and the designators of various domestic and international air carriers. This handbook and another titled "Canada Flight Supplement" listing various airport codes, serve as reference to ensure the reporting of the proper aircraft identity and the last stop or next stop of flights at reporting airports.

At airports without towers or flight service stations, survey respondents, in performing their various assignments, are not always aware of all aircraft movements at their airport. For example, at small airports the airport manager may be responsible for both the administration and maintenance of the station facilities. At some airports the Daily air traffic records are filed by flying club managers who may not be completely familiar with other activities at other areas of the airport.

At airports with flying school operations it is sometimes difficult to record each individual local aircraft movement. In such cases, the Aviation Statistics Centre would advise the airport manager to report local movements based on hours expended in flying training operations. Observations have shown that, on average, six circuits can be made during each hour of flying training. Therefore, 12 local aircraft movements would be counted for each hour of flying training. At stations where the circuits demand a different norm, the respondent will make corrections accordingly.

# **Appendix I**

#### Factors influencing the data

1. Aggregate data only are available for the 19 airports reported by the Manitoba Department of Highways and Transportation listed below.

Berens River Pikwitonei Bloodvein River Poplar River Brochet Pukatawagan Cross Lake Red Sucker Lake Gods Lake Narrows Shamattawa Gods River South Indian Lake Tadoule Lake llford Lac Brochet Thicket Portage Little Grand Rapids York Landing

Oxford House

2. Aggregate data only are available for the 12 airports reported by the Kativik Regional Government in Quebec listed below.

Akulivik Kangirsuk
Aupaluk Puvirnituq
Inukjuak Quaqtaq
Ivujivik Salluit
Kangiqsualujjuaq Tasiujaq
Kangiqsujuaq Umiujaq

- 3. Aggregate data only are available for Tillsonburg, Ontario.
- 4. When comparing monthly data for current year versus previous year, please note that:
- a) Data for the following airports were included in the report for January 2013 but were not available at the time of the release of this report:
- 1. Beaver Creek, Yukon
- 2. Gamèti/Rae Lakes, Northwest Territories
- 3. Hall Beach, Nunavut
- 4. Kimmirut, Nunavut
- 5. Tuktoyaktuk, Northwest Territories
- 6. Tulita, Northwest Territories

- b) Data for the following airports are included in January 2014 but not in January 2013:
- 1. Fort Simpson, Northwest Territories
- 2. Lutselk'e, Northwest Territories
- 3. Wrigley, Northwest Territories

# **Appendix II**

#### **Glossary of terms**

#### Air carrier

Aircraft operators, licensed by the Canadian Transportation Agency to transport persons, mail and/or goods by air.

- **-Level I**. Effective 2010, this includes every Canadian air carrier that, in the calendar year immediately preceding the reporting year, transported at least 2 million revenue passengers or at least 400 thousand tonnes of cargo.
- **-Level II**. Effective 2010, this includes every Canadian air carrier that, in the calendar year immediately preceding the reporting year, transported at least 100 thousand, but fewer than 2 million revenue passengers, or at least 50 thousand but less than 400 thousand tonnes of cargo.
- **–Level III.** Effective 2010, this includes every Canadian air carrier not classified in reporting level I or II that, in the calendar year immediately preceding the reporting year, realized gross revenues of at least 2 million dollars for the provision of air services for which the air carrier held a licence.
- **–Level IV**. Effective 2010, this includes every Canadian air carrier not classified in reporting level I, II or III that, in the calendar year immediately preceding the reporting year, realized gross revenues of less than 2 million dollars for the provision of air services for which the air carrier held a licence.

#### Aircraft movement

A take off, a landing, or a simulated approach by an aircraft. ATC Manops amendment 8-8-83. NC-703.

#### Class of operation

Aircraft movements are classified as either "Itinerant" or "Local".

#### Commercial

Flights by aircraft operators licensed by the Canadian Transportation Agency to perform commercial air services. Commercial operations are divided into two categories: Air carrier and Other commercial.

#### **Domestic itinerant movements**

Movements, at a Canadian airport, of aircraft departing to or arriving from another point in Canada.

#### **FSS**

Flight service station.

#### **Government-Civil**

Aircraft owned by federal, provincial and municipal bodies as well as foreign states, but excluding those owned by crown corporations, boards and commissions. Such aircraft are coded "3" under "Purpose" in the Canadian civil aircraft register.

#### **Government-Military**

Aircraft of any branch of the armed forces of any nation.

#### I.F.R. flight

A flight conducted in accordance with Instrument Flight Rules.

#### International movements

Movements, at a Canadian airport, of aircraft arriving from or departing to a point outside Canada. International movements are subclassified into "transborder" (to or from a point in the United States including Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico), and "other international" (to or from points in countries other than Canada and the United States). Since aircraft movements are reported on the basis of place "arrived from" or "departed to", an arrival at Halifax airport from London, England would appear under "other international". If the same aircraft moved on to Toronto, both the departure at Halifax and the arrival at Toronto would be shown as "domestic".

#### **Itinerant movements**

At airports with control towers and/or flight service stations: for the purpose of completing air traffic records, itinerant movements are considered as movements in which aircraft proceed to or arrive from another location; or where aircraft leave the circuit but return without landing at another airport. At airports without control towers: an aircraft movement in which the aircraft arrives from or departs to a point other than the reporting airport; or a movement by an aircraft that leaves the close proximity of an airport and returns without landing at another airport.

#### Local movements

At airports with control towers and/or flight service stations: for the purpose of completing air traffic records, local movements are considered as movements in which the aircraft remains in the circuit. At airports without control towers: an aircraft movement in which the aircraft remains in the close proximity of the airport. Local movements are often carried out during training flights (touch-and-go), equipment tests, etc.

#### Maximum take-off weight

The maximum weight for which the aircraft is licensed to operate. For operational purposes, all weights are rounded upwards to the next 1,000 kilograms. Thus 3,200 kilograms becomes 4,000 kilograms.

#### Other commercial

Flights performed by Commercial aircraft operators not included in the Air carrier categories. Flying schools, agricultural sprayers, water-bombers, aerial photography and survey, etc.

#### **Power plant**

The source of propulsion. For example, piston engines, turbo-propellers and jet engines. "Helicopters", in this report, include both piston and turboshaft-driven engines.

#### Private aircraft

Aircraft used solely for private purposes, not for hire and compensation, which are classified as "Private" or "Private Restricted" in the Canadian civil aircraft register or similar registries of other countries. Owners include individuals, groups and business firms.

#### **Runway 88**

Through control zone flights, i.e. flights which communicate with the tower while transiting the tower control zone to another destination without landing at the reporting airport.

Data for these runways are not included in the grand total.

#### Simulated approaches

Movements that are either missed instrument or practice instrument approaches without landing.

#### TC

Transport Canada.

#### **Tower control zone**

A controlled airspace within the proximity of an air traffic control tower, usually within a radius of less than 24 kilometres of the tower.

#### V.F.R. flight

A flight conducted in accordance with Visual Flight Rules.

#### Weight group

The classification of weight classes in groups for statistical purposes.