

AGRICULTURAL TRADE = \$777 MILLION IN 2014

Let's keep a good thing growing!



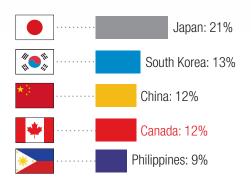
Oregon exported \$385 million to Canada, including:

- → \$69M in fruits and nuts (including \$34M in hazelnuts)
- → \$35M in live plants
- → \$34M in processed potatoes (including fries and chips)
- → \$31M in seeds for sowing (including \$10M in rye grass seeds)
- → \$20M in sauces and condiments

Oregon imported \$392 million from Canada, including:

- → \$55M in wheat
- → \$41M in fresh/frozen meat (including \$33M in beef)
- → \$39M in vegetables (including \$17M in mushrooms)
- → \$35M in canola oil
- → \$34M in live animals (including \$19M in hogs)

Oregon's top agriculture and agri-food export markets:



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A Strong Partnership in Trade:

- Since 2005, agriculture and agri-food trade between the U.S. and Canada has more than quadrupled, leading to significant changes in trade patterns and resulting in a more integrated North American marketplace.
- The U.S. and, in particular, Oregon has benefited from this strong relationship - with Canada purchasing over \$26B in agriculture and agri-food products from the U.S. in 2014, of which \$385M came from Oregon.
- Supply chains that cross our shared border are cost-effective and efficient because of the proximity to each other's agricultural inputs and products. For example, Canada is a major supplier of energy and fertilizers, while the U.S. equips Canada with farm machinery and crop protection technologies.
- Access to Canadian cattle, hogs, and oilseeds allows American feedlots, finishers, and crushing plants to run at capacity, supporting U.S. jobs.

Trade and investment with Canada = 98,100 jobs in Oregon

M = Million

 $\mathbf{B} = Billion$

Data source: U.S. Census Bureau All figures in U.S. dollars and based on 2014 data (as of May 2015), including re-exports. E-mail: MAS-SAM@agr.gc.ca



