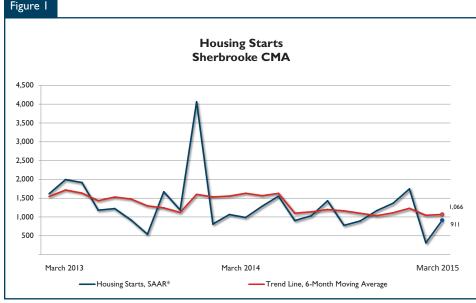


CANADA MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION

### Date Released: Second Quarter 2015

## **Highlights**

- The housing starts trend was largely unchanged in March and remained at a historically low level.
- The recovery of the resale market that began in mid-2014 took a pause in the first quarter.
- After falling for two quarters, the average price stagnated.



Source: CMHC

\*SAAR<sup>1</sup>: Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate

<sup>1</sup> All starts figures in this report, other than actual starts and the trend estimate, are seasonally adjusted annual rates (SAAR)—that is, monthly figures adjusted to remove normal seasonal variation and multiplied by 12 to reflect annual levels. By removing seasonal ups and downs, seasonal adjustment allows for a comparison from one season to the next and from one month to the next. Reporting monthly figures at annual rates indicates the annual level of starts that would be obtained if the monthly pace were maintained for 12 months. This facilitates comparison of the current pace of activity to annual forecasts as well as to historical annual levels.

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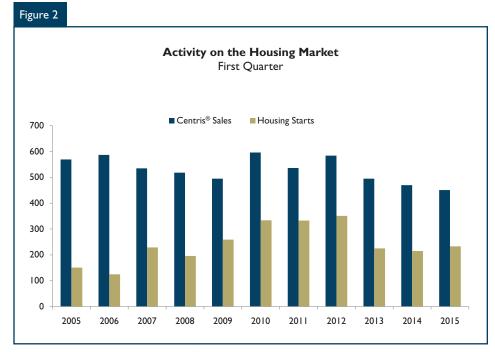
Housing market intelligence you can count on

### New home market: the activity remains soft

Housing starts in the Sherbrooke census metropolitan area (CMA) were trending at 1,066 units in March, compared to 1,044 in February, according to Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation (CMHC). The trend is a six-month moving average of the monthly seasonally adjusted annual rates (SAAR) of housing starts. The trend in housing starts in the Sherbrooke area stayed relatively unchanged in March (see Figure 1). What's more, it remained at one of the lowest levels recorded in the last two years. Many factors continued to limit demand on the new home market. In particular, the number of homes for sale, both new and existing, and the rental vacancy rate remained historically high in the area.

The actual data revealed that residential construction in the Sherbrooke CMA was slightly stronger in the first quarter of 2015. In all, foundations were laid for 233 homes there from January to March 2015, compared to 215 in the same period last year (see Figure 2). This increase was attributable, however, to stronger activity in the rental housing segment, as construction of freehold homes and condominiums decreased.

In more detail, starts of freehold homes<sup>2</sup> fell considerably (-27 per cent) in the first three months of 2015 from the same period in 2014, reaching 85 units, the lowest level for a first quarter since 2006.The decrease was less significant in the single-detached



Source: CMHC, QFREB by the Centris® system

home segment (-22 per cent) than in the semi-detached and row housing segment (-30 per cent). Also, no condominium units were started in the first quarter, while 22 units of this housing type were started in the first quarter of 2014. In addition to the factors previously mentioned, which limited demand on the new home market, the extreme cold experienced in February contributed to slowing down the work of some of the area's builders.

The new home inventory (number of completed and unabsorbed homes) fell by 20 per cent in the first quarter of 2015 over the same quarter in 2014. Inventories decreased for single-detached, semi-detached and condominium units but increased in the case of row homes. In spite of this adjustment, the inventory of new homes for sale remained high, especially in the row housing segment. It is therefore not surprising that this housing type recorded the greatest drop in starts during the first quarter of this year.

The rental housing segment rebounded markedly thanks to the start of a rental project in the Fleurimont borough. In fact, starts in this segment reached 148 units in the first quarter of 2015, compared to 76 during the same period in 2014. Consequently, the number of rental units under construction rose by nearly 50 per cent year over year to 644 units, 300 of which are part of a single rental housing project. This level is nevertheless very high given the current market conditions. It should be recalled that the vacancy rate—5.4 per cent—is at the highest level observed in the area since 2007.

<sup>2</sup> Freehold homes refer to dwellings where the owner also holds the title of ownership to the land (single-detached, semi-detached and row houses, as well as duplexes).

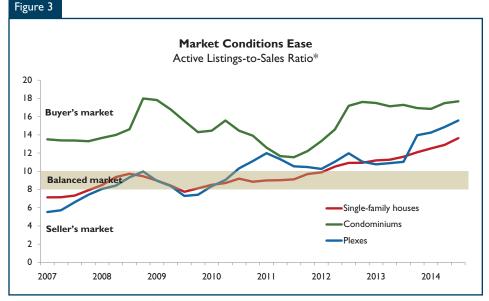
## Resale market: the recovery in sales takes a pause

After posting a good performance in the second half of 2014, activity on the resale market slowed down in the first quarter of 2015. According to data from the Quebec Federation of Real Estate Boards (OFREB), overall Centris<sup>®</sup> sales of residential properties registered from January to March 2015 reached 451 units, versus 470 in the first quarter of 2014 (see Figure 2). This slight decrease in transactions occurred especially in the single-family and condominium housing segments, while the number of transactions in the plex segment remained stable.

Given the less sustained pace of transactions, the supply of existing homes for sale remained on an upward trend. In the first quarter of 2015, 2,066 properties were listed on the resale market, compared to 1,803 during the same period in 2014, for a rise of 15 per cent. In all, 1,049 new listings were added to the supply of properties for sale in the first three months of the year, a slightly smaller number, however, than in the first quarter of 2014.

Market conditions eased in the entire area in the first quarter compared to the same period a year ago.This resulted from the fact that supply outpaced demand: there were 15-per-cent more existing homes for sale at the end of the first quarter of 2015 than at the same time in 2014, but the number of transactions did not increase. It is therefore not surprising to see that the active listings-to-sales ratio—the barometer of the relationship between sellers and buyers—rose, reaching 13.7 to 1 in the first quarter. At that level, this ratio indicates a buyer's market,<sup>3</sup> a situation that has persisted since 2012. Condominiums remained the housing type with the softest market conditions, as evidenced by a Centris<sup>®</sup> active listings-to-sales ratio of nearly 18 to 1 (see Figure 3).

The easing of market conditions observed for all housing types also had an impact on the trend in prices, which barely rose. After registering a decrease at the end of 2014, the average price of overall residential transactions reached \$218,990 at the beginning of 2015, a level marginally greater than the average recorded in the first quarter of 2014. Plex and condominium transactions in the higher price ranges put upward pressure on the average price, while single-family homes, which accounted for more than three quarters of all transactions, were selling for slightly lower prices, on average, than a year ago.



Source: QFREB by the Centris<sup>®</sup> system \* Average of the last four quarters

<sup>3</sup> The relationship between buyers and sellers is generally considered to be balanced when the Centris® active listings-to-sales ratio is between 8 and 10 to 1. When this ratio is above 10 to 1, the power relationship between buyers and sellers changes and the edge goes to buyers.

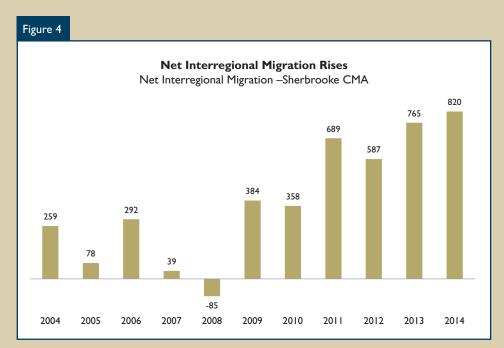
## Net interregional migration increases

Net interregional migration<sup>4</sup> in the Sherbrooke CMA reached 820 people in 2014, for an increase of 7 per cent compared to 2013 (765 people). The rise in net migration was attributable to the fact that fewer people left the area and not to a surge in immigration.

Since the last recession of 2008-2009, net migration has been trending upward (see Figure 4). Exceptionally, there had been a deficit in 2008 because much fewer people had come to settle in the CMA.

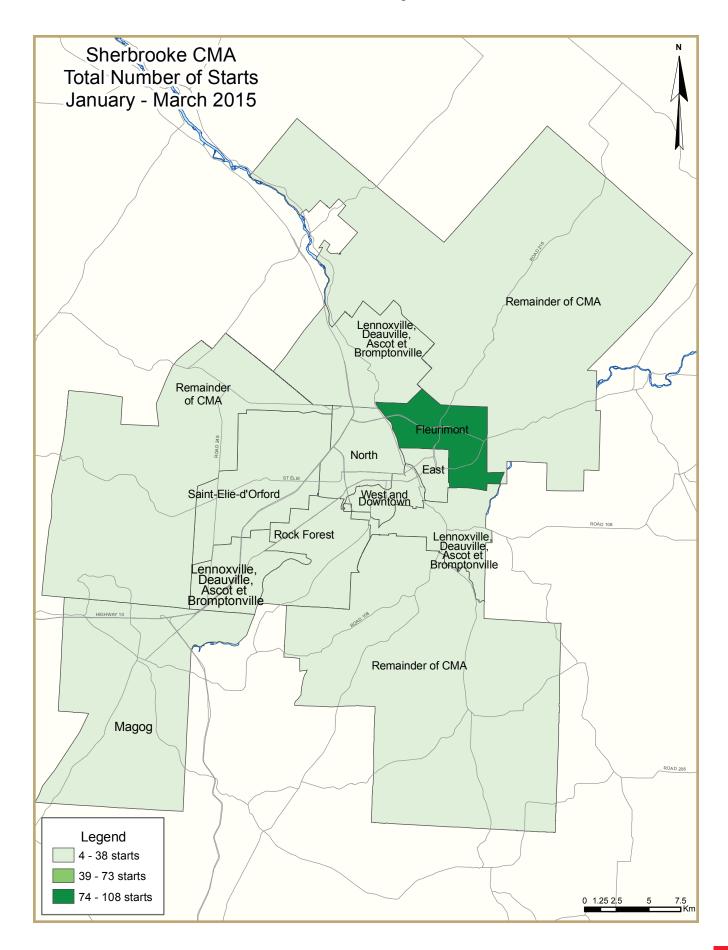
In 2014, the rise in net migration was observed especially for young children aged 0 to 9, people aged 25 to 39 and those aged 50 to 59. Not only did more people in these age groups, certainly including quite a few families, come to settle in the area, but also fewer of them left than in the past. These gains likely resulted from improving employment in the area. It should be recalled that net job creation exceeded 4,000 jobs in 2014. Also, this situation probably helped sustain the demand on the Sherbrooke housing market, particularly on the part of young families.

In closing, the decrease in net interregional migration among people aged from 20 to 24 must be mentioned. These people are the largest migrant group in the area, on account of the renowned universities located in Sherbrooke. Overall, 1,444 people in this age group came to settle in the area in 2014, nearly 70 fewer than in 2013. This was the lowest result posted since 2002. This situation may be attributable to the aging of the Quebec population and the increased competition among Quebec universities.



Source: Institut de la statistique du Québec

<sup>4</sup> Net interregional migration for the Sherbrooke CMA, for a given period, is defined as the sum of persons from Quebec regions (outside the Sherbrooke CMA) who moved to the Sherbrooke CMA less the sum of persons who left the Sherbrooke CMA to go live in other Quebec regions.



## HOUSING NOW REPORT TABLES

#### Available in ALL reports:

- I Housing Starts (SAAR and Trend)
- I.I Housing Activity Summary of CMA
- 2 Starts by Submarket and by Dwelling Type Current Month or Quarter
- 2.1 Starts by Submarket and by Dwelling Type Year-to-Date
- 3 Completions by Submarket and by Dwelling Type Current Month or Quarter
- 3.1 Completions by Submarket and by Dwelling Type Year-to-Date
- 4 Absorbed Single-Detached Units by Price Range
- 5 MLS<sup>®</sup> Residential Activity
- 6 Economic Indicators

#### Available in SELECTED Reports:

- 1.3 History of Housing Activity (once a year)
- 2.2 Starts by Submarket, by Dwelling Type and by Intended Market Current Month or Quarter
- 2.3 Starts by Submarket, by Dwelling Type and by Intended Market Year-to-Date
- 2.4 Starts by Submarket and by Intended Market Current Month or Quarter
- 2.5 Starts by Submarket and by Intended Market Year-to-Date
- 3.2 Completions by Submarket, by Dwelling Type and by Intended Market Current Month or Quarter
- 3.3 Completions by Submarket, by Dwelling Type and by Intended Market Year-to-Date
- 3.4 Completions by Submarket and by Intended Market Current Month or Quarter
- 3.5 Completions by Submarket and by Intended Market Year-to-Date
- 4.1 Average Price (\$) of Absorbed Single-Detached Units

#### **SYMBOLS**

- n/a Not applicable
- \* Totals may not add up due to co-operatives and unknown market types
- \*\* Percent change > 200%
- Nil
- -- Amount too small to be expressed
- SA Monthly figures are adjusted to remove normal seasonal variation

Table I: Housing Starts (SAAR and Trend)												
First Quarter 2015												
Sherbrooke CMA <sup>1</sup>	Anr	nual	٢	1onthly SAA	R		$Trend^2$					
	2013	2014	Jan. 2015	Feb. 2015	Mar. 2015	Jan. 2015	Feb. 2015	Mar. 2015				
Single-Detached	442	369	138	96	287	334	306	286				
Multiples	1,054	759	١,608	216	624	896	738	780				
Total	1,496	1,128	١,746	312	911	1,230	1,044	1,066				
	Quarter	ly SAAR		Actual			YTD					
	2014 Q4	2015 QI	2014 Q I	2015 QI	% change	2014 QI	2015 QI	% change				
Single-Detached	385	217	37	29	-21.6%	37	29	-21.6%				
Multiples	744	816	178	204	14.6%	178	204	14.6%				
Total	1,129	1,033	215	233	8.4%	215	233	8.4%				

Source: CMHC

<sup>1</sup> Census Metropolitan Area

<sup>2</sup> The trend is a six-month moving average of the monthly seasonally adjusted annual rates (SAAR)

Detailed data available upon request

Tab	le I.I: Ho	$\sim$	-		f Sherbro	oke CM/	4		
		Fi	rst Quart						
			Owne	rship			Ren	tal	
		Freehold		C	Condominium		Ren	cai	-
	Single	Semi	Row, Apt. & Other	Single	Row and Semi	Apt. & Other	Single, Semi, and Row	Apt. & Other	Total*
STARTS									
Q1 2015	29	30	26	0	0	0	0	I 48	233
Q1 2014	37	42	38	0	0	22	0	76	215
% Change	-21.6	-28.6	-31.6	n/a	n/a	-100.0	n/a	94.7	8.4
Year-to-date 2015	29	30	26	0	0	0	0	I 48	233
Year-to-date 2014	37	42	38	0	0	22	0	76	215
% Change	-21.6	-28.6	-31.6	n/a	n/a	-100.0	n/a	94.7	8.4
UNDER CONSTRUCTION									
Q1 2015	150	64	52	0	0	43	4	644	957
Q1 2014	178	70	98	0	0	64	4	435	849
% Change	-15.7	-8.6	-46.9	n/a	n/a	-32.8	0.0	48.0	12.7
COMPLETIONS									
Q1 2015	51	14	20	0	0	11	0	24	120
Q1 2014	59	30	9	0	0	23	0	36	157
% Change	-13.6	-53.3	122.2	n/a	n/a	-52.2	n/a	-33.3	-23.6
Year-to-date 2015	51	14	20	0	0	11	0	24	120
Year-to-date 2014	59	30	9	0	0	23	0	36	157
% Change	-13.6	-53.3	122.2	n/a	n/a	-52.2	n/a	-33.3	-23.6
<b>COMPLETED &amp; NOT ABSORB</b>	ED								
Q1 2015	34	46	42	0	0	15	n/a	n/a	137
Q1 2014	45	76	23	0	1	27	n/a	n/a	172
% Change	-24.4	-39.5	82.6	n/a	-100.0	-44.4	n/a	n/a	-20.3
ABSORBED									
Q1 2015	50	22	23	0	0	16	n/a	n/a	111
Q1 2014	53	31	14	0	0	20	n/a	n/a	118
% Change	-5.7	-29.0	64.3	n/a	n/a	-20.0	n/a	n/a	-5.9
Year-to-date 2015	50	22	23	0	0	16	n/a	n/a	111
Year-to-date 2014	53	31	14	0	0	20	n/a	n/a	118
% Change	-5.7	-29.0	64.3	n/a	n/a	-20.0	n/a	n/a	-5.9

	Table 1.2:		Activity S		y by Subr	narket			
			Owne						
		Freehold	0 1111	•	Condominium	1	Ren	tal	
	Single	Semi	Row, Apt. & Other	Single	Row and Semi	Apt. & Other	Single, Semi, and Row	Apt. & Other	Total*
STARTS							11011		
Old City of Sherbrooke									
QI 2015	6	2	2	0	0	0	0	16	26
QI 2014	3	0	8	0	0	5	0	59	75
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbroo	ke								
QI 2015	10	14	24	0	0	0	0	126	174
QI 2014	20	38	30	0	0	12	0	1	101
New City of Sherbrooke									
QI 2015	16	16	26	0	0	0	0	142	200
QI 2014	23	38	38	0	0	17	0	60	176
Magog									
QI 2015	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
QI 2014	5	4	0	0	0	5	0	8	22
Remainder of the CMA									
Q1 2015	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	6	17
Q1 2014	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	17
Sherbrooke CMA									
QI 2015	29	30	26	0	0	0	0	148	233
QI 2014	37	42	38	0	0	22	0	76	215
UNDER CONSTRUCTION									
Old City of Sherbrooke									
Q1 2015	17	2	2	0	0	34	0	428	483
QI 2014	11	0	10	0	0	33	0	365	419
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbroo	ke								
QI 2015	49	36	48	0	0	0	0	179	312
QI 2014	68	58	86	0	0	12	0	40	264
New City of Sherbrooke									
QI 2015	66	38	50	0	0	34	0	607	795
QI 2014	79	58	96	0	0	45	0	405	683
Magog									
QI 2015	27	16	0	0	0	9	4	31	87
QI 2014	34	12	2	0	0	19	4	16	87
Remainder of the CMA									
Q1 2015	57	10		0	0	0		6	75
Q1 2014	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	79
Sherbrooke CMA									
Q1 2015	150	64		0	0	43		644	957
Q1 2014	178	70	98	0	0	64	4	435	849

T	Table 1.2:		Activity S		y by Subr	narket			
			Owne						
		Freehold			Condominium		Ren	tal	
	Single	Semi	Row, Apt. & Other	Single	Row and Semi	Apt. & Other	Single, Semi, and Row	Apt. & Other	Total*
COMPLETIONS									
Old City of Sherbrooke									
QI 2015	3	0	0	0	0	5	0	8	16
QI 2014	6	2	4	0	0	8	0	0	20
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbroo	ke								
QI 2015	13	6	20	0	0	6	0	16	61
Q1 2014	23	24	5	0	0	0	0	33	85
New City of Sherbrooke									
Q1 2015	16	6	20	0	0	П	0	24	77
QI 2014	29	26	9	0	0	8	0	33	105
Magog									
QI 2015	16	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	24
QI 2014	13	4	0	0	0	15	0	3	35
Remainder of the CMA									
QI 2015	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
QI 2014	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17
Sherbrooke CMA					1				
QI 2015	51	14	20	0	0	11	0	24	120
QI 2014	59	30	9	0	0	23	0	36	157
COMPLETED & NOT ABSORB				-	-		-		
Old City of Sherbrooke									
Q1 2015	10	2	2	0	0	14	n/a	n/a	28
QI 2014	11	3	3	0	0	16	n/a	n/a	33
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrool		5		Ŭ	Ū	10	Th d	11/4	
QI 2015	14	41	40	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	95
QI 2014	21	66	20	0	0	5	n/a	n/a	112
New City of Sherbrooke	21	00	20	Ŭ	U	5	n/a	11/4	112
QI 2015	24	43	42	0	0	14	n/a	n/a	123
QI 2013 QI 2014	32	69	23	0	0	21	n/a	n/a	125
Magog	52	07	23	U	U	21	Ti/a	11/a	115
QI 2015	5	3	0	0	0	1	2/2	nla	9
QI 2013 QI 2014	4	5		0		6	n/a	n/a	16
Remainder of the CMA	4	5	U	0	I	0	n/a	n/a	10
QI 2015	5	0	0	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	5
QI 2015 QI 2014	9	2		0		0		n/a n/a	5
Sherbrooke CMA	9	2	U	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	11
	24	A /	40	•	0	1.5	1		1.77
QI 2015	34	46	42	0	0	15	n/a	n/a	137
QI 2014	45	76	23	0	1	27	n/a	n/a	172

	Table 1.2:	Housing	Activity	Summar	y by Subr	narket			
		Fi	rst Quar	ter 2015					
			Owne	ership			Ren	tal	
		Freehold		C	Condominium		Ren	Lai	
	Single	Semi	Row, Apt. & Other	Single	Row and Semi	Apt. & Other	Single, Semi, and Row	Apt. & Other	Total*
ABSORBED									
Old City of Sherbrooke									
QI 2015	3	0	I	0	0	5	n/a	n/a	9
QI 2014	5	2	3	0	0	7	n/a	n/a	17
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbroo	ke								
QI 2015	11	15	21	0	0	8	n/a	n/a	55
QI 2014	19	26	11	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	56
New City of Sherbrooke									
QI 2015	14	15	22	0	0	13	n/a	n/a	64
QI 2014	24	28	14	0	0	7	n/a	n/a	73
Magog									
QI 2015	18	7	1	0	0	3	n/a	n/a	29
QI 2014	13	3	0	0	0	13	n/a	n/a	29
Remainder of the CMA									
QI 2015	18	0	0	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	18
QI 2014	16	0	0	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	16
Sherbrooke CMA									
QI 2015	50	22	23	0	0	16	n/a	n/a	111
QI 2014	53	31	14	0	0	20	n/a	n/a	118

Table 2: Starts by Submarket and by Dwelling Type													
First Quarter 2015													
	Sin	Single		mi	Row		Apt. &	Other	Total				
Submarket	QI	QI	QI	QI	QI	QI	QI	QI	QI	QI	%		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change		
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	28	4	28	-85.7		
Sherbrooke (East)	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	11	4	11	-63.6		
Sherbrooke (North)	6	3	0	0	0	4	12	29	18	36	-50.0		
Old City of Sherbrooke	6	3	2	0	0	4	18	68	26	75	-65.3		
Fleurimont	2	4	0	16	0	0	106	0	108	20	**		
Rock Forest	- 1	6	2	8	0	12	16	12	19	38	-50.0		
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	3	1	8	0	0	0	6	0	17	I	**		
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	4	9	4	14	16	16	6	3	30	42	-28.6		
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	10	20	14	38	16	28	134	15	174	101	72.3		
New City of Sherbrooke	16	23	16	38	16	32	152	83	200	176	13.6		
Magog	6	5	10	4	0	0	0	13	16	22	-27.3		
Remainder of the CMA	7	9	4	0	0	0	6	8	17	17	0.0		
Sherbrooke CMA	29	37	30	42	16	32	158	104	233	215	8.4		

Table 2.1: Starts by Submarket and by Dwelling Type January - March 2015												
	Sin	gle	Se	mi	Row		Apt. & Other		Total			
Submarket	YTD	YTD	YTD	YTD	%							
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	Change	
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	28	4	28	-85.7	
Sherbrooke (East)	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	11	4	11	-63.6	
Sherbrooke (North)	6	3	0	0	0	4	12	29	18	36	-50.0	
Old City of Sherbrooke	6	3	2	0	0	4	18	68	26	75	-65.3	
Fleurimont	2	4	0	16	0	0	106	0	108	20	**	
Rock Forest	1	6	2	8	0	12	16	12	19	38	-50.0	
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	3	1	8	0	0	0	6	0	17	I	**	
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	4	9	4	14	16	16	6	3	30	42	-28.6	
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	10	20	14	38	16	28	134	15	174	101	72.3	
New City of Sherbrooke	16	23	16	38	16	32	152	83	200	176	13.6	
Magog	6	5	10	4	0	0	0	13	16	22	-27.3	
Remainder of the CMA	7	9	4	0	0	0	6	8	17	17	0.0	
Sherbrooke CMA	29	37	30	42	16	32	158	104	233	215	8.4	

Table 2.2: Starts by Submarket, by Dwelling Type and by Intended Market First Quarter 2015												
		Ro	w		Apt. & Other							
Submarket	Freeho Condoi		Rer	ntal	Freeho Condor		Rer	ntal				
	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014				
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0											
Sherbrooke (East)	0	0	0	0	0	7	4	4				
Sherbrooke (North)	0	0 4 0 0 0 2										
Old City of Sherbrooke	0	4	0	0	2	9	16	59				
Fleurimont	0	0	0	0	0	0	106	0				
Rock Forest	0	12	0	0	2	12	14	0				
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0				
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	16	16	0	0	0	2	6	I				
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	16	28	0	0	8	14	126	I				
New City of Sherbrooke	16 32 0 0 10 23 142											
Magog	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	8				
Remainder of the CMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	8				
Sherbrooke CMA	16 32 0 0 10 28 148											

Table 2.3: Starts by			welling T March 20	-	by Intend	led Mark	et			
		Re	wc		Apt. & Other					
Submarket	Freeho Condo		Rei	ntal	Freeho Condo	old and minium	Rei	ntal		
	YTD 2015	YTD 2014	YTD 2015	YTD 2014	YTD 2015	YTD 2014	YTD 2015	YTD 2014		
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	28		
Sherbrooke (East)	0	0	0	0	0	7	4	4		
Sherbrooke (North)	0	4	0	0	0	2	12	27		
Old City of Sherbrooke	0	4	0	0	2	9	16	59		
Fleurimont	0	0	0	0	0	0	106	0		
Rock Forest	0	12	0	0	2	12	14	0		
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0		
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	16	16	0	0	0	2	6	I		
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	16	28	0	0	8	14	126	I		
New City of Sherbrooke	16 32		0	0	10	23	142	60		
Magog	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	8		
Remainder of the CMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	8		
Sherbrooke CMA	16	32	0	0	10	28	148	76		

Table 2.4: Starts by Submarket and by Intended Market First Quarter 2015												
Submarket	Free	hold	Condo	minium	Rer	ntal	Tot	al*				
Submarket	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014				
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	4	0	0	0	0	28	4	28				
Sherbrooke (East)	0	2	0	5	4	4	4	11				
Sherbrooke (North)	6	9	0	0	12	27	18	36				
Old City of Sherbrooke	10	11	0	5	16	59	26	75				
Fleurimont	2	20	0	0	106	0	108	20				
Rock Forest	5	26	0	12	14	0	19	38				
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	17	I	0	0	0	0	17	I				
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	24	41	0	0	6	I	30	42				
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	48	88	0	12	126	I	174	101				
New City of Sherbrooke	58	99	0	17	142	60	200	176				
Magog	16	9	0	5	0	8	16	22				
Remainder of the CMA	9		0	0	6	8	17	17				
Sherbrooke CMA	85 117 0 22 148 76 233											

Table 2.5: Starts by Submarket and by Intended Market January - March 2015												
	Freehold		Condo	minium	Rei	ntal	To	tal*				
Submarket	YTD 2015	YTD 2014										
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	4	0	0	0	0	28	4	28				
Sherbrooke (East)	0	2	0	5	4	4	4	H				
Sherbrooke (North)	6	9	0	0	12	27	18	36				
Old City of Sherbrooke	10	11	0	5	16	59	26	75				
Fleurimont	2	20	0	0	106	0	108	20				
Rock Forest	5	26	0	12	14	0	19	38				
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	17	I	0	0	0	0	17	1				
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	24	41	0	0	6	I	30	42				
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	48	88	0	12	126	I	174	101				
New City of Sherbrooke	58	99	0	17	142	60	200	176				
Magog	16	9	0	5	0	8	16	22				
Remainder of the CMA	11	9	0	0	6	8	17	17				
erbrooke CMA 85 117 0 22 148 76 233												

Table 3: Completions by Submarket and by Dwelling Type													
First Quarter 2015													
	Sin	Single		ni	Row		Apt. &	Other		Total			
Submarket	Q1 2015	Q1 2014	Q1 2015	Q1 2014	Q1 2015	Q1 2014	Q1 2015	Q1 2014	Q1 2015	Q1 2014	% Change		
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	I	-100.0		
Sherbrooke (East)	0 2 0 0 0 0 8 0 8 2												
Sherbrooke (North)	3	3	0	2	0	4	5	8	8	17	-52.9		
Old City of Sherbrooke	3	6	0	2	0	4	13	8	16	20	-20.0		
Fleurimont	1	3	0	12	4	3	4	28	9	46	-80.4		
Rock Forest	4	6	0	2	8	0	12	0	24	8	200.0		
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	0	5	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	5	-20.0		
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	8	9	6	10	4	0	6	7	24	26	-7.7		
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	13	23	6	24	16	3	26	35	61	85	-28.2		
New City of Sherbrooke	16	29	6	26	16	7	39	43	77	105	-26.7		
Magog	16	13	8	4	0	0	0	18	24	35	-31.4		
Remainder of the CMA	19	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	17	11.8		
Sherbrooke CMA	51	59	14	30	16	7	39	61	120	157	-23.6		

Table 3.1: Completions by Submarket and by Dwelling Type January - March 2015														
	Sin	gle	Sei	ni	Row		Apt. &	Other						
Submarket	YTD 2015	YTD 2014	% Change											
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	-100.0			
Sherbrooke (East)	0	2	0	0	0	0	8	0	8	2	**			
Sherbrooke (North)	3	3	0	2	0	4	5	8	8	17	-52.9			
Old City of Sherbrooke	3	6	0	2	0	4	13	8	16	20	-20.0			
Fleurimont	I	3	0	12	4	3	4	28	9	46	-80.4			
Rock Forest	4	6	0	2	8	0	12	0	24	8	200.0			
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	0	5	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	5	-20.0			
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	8	9	6	10	4	0	6	7	24	26	-7.7			
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	13	23	6	24	16	3	26	35	61	85	-28.2			
New City of Sherbrooke	16	29	6	26	16	7	39	43	77	105	-26.7			
Magog	16	13	8	4	0	0	0	18	24	35	-31.4			
Remainder of the CMA	19	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	17	11.8			
Sherbrooke CMA	51	59	14	30	16	7	39	61	120	157	-23.6			

Table 3.2: Completions by Submarket, by Dwelling Type and by Intended Market First Quarter 2015													
		Ro	w			Apt. &	Other						
Submarket	Freeho Condor		Rer	ntal	Freeho Condoi		Rental						
	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014	QI 2015	QI 2014					
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Sherbrooke (East)	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0					
Sherbrooke (North)	0	4	0	0	5	8	0	0					
Old City of Sherbrooke	0	4	0	0	5	8	8	0					
Fleurimont	4	3	0	0	0	0	4	28					
Rock Forest	8	0	0	0	4	0	8	0					
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0					
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	4	0	0	0	6	2	0	5					
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	16	3	0	0	10	2	16	33					
New City of Sherbrooke	16	7	0	0	15	10	24	33					
Magog	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	3					
Remainder of the CMA	0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0					
Sherbrooke CMA	16	7	0	0	15	25	24	36					

# Table 3.3: Completions by Submarket, by Dwelling Type and by Intended Market January - March 2015

		Ro	ow.		Apt. & Other							
Submarket		old and minium	Rei	ntal		old and minium	Rental					
	YTD 2015	YTD 2014	YTD 2015	YTD 2014	YTD 2015	YTD 2014	YTD 2015	YTD 2014				
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Sherbrooke (East)	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0				
Sherbrooke (North)	0	4	0	0	5	8	0	0				
Old City of Sherbrooke	0	4	0	0	5	8	8	0				
Fleurimont	4	3	0	0	0	0	4	28				
Rock Forest	8	0	0	0	4	0	8	0				
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0				
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	4	0	0	0	6	2	0	5				
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	16	3	0	0	10	2	16	33				
New City of Sherbrooke	16	7	0	0	15	10	24	33				
Magog	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	3				
Remainder of the CMA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
Sherbrooke CMA	16	7	0	0	15	25	24	36				

Table 3.4: Completions by Submarket and by Intended Market First Quarter 2015													
Submarket	Free	hold	Condor	minium	Rer	ntal	Total*						
Submarket	QI 2015	QI 2014											
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	I	0	0	0	0	0	I					
Sherbrooke (East)	0	2	0	0	8	0	8	2					
Sherbrooke (North)	3	9	5	8	0	0	8	17					
Old City of Sherbrooke	3	12	5	8	8	0	16	20					
Fleurimont	5	18	0	0	4	28	9	46					
Rock Forest	16	8	0	0	8	0	24	8					
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	0	5	0	0	4	0	4	5					
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	18	21	6	0	0	5	24	26					
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	39	52	6	0	16	33	61	85					
New City of Sherbrooke	42	64	11	8	24	33	77	105					
Magog	24	17	0	15	0	3	24	35					
Remainder of the CMA	19	19 17		0	0	0	19	17					
Sherbrooke CMA	85	98	П	23	24	36	120	157					

Table 3.5: Completions by Submarket and by Intended Market January - March 2015													
	Free	hold	Condo	minium	Rer	ntal	Total*						
Submarket	YTD 2015	YTD 2014											
Sherbrooke (West and City Centre)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	I					
Sherbrooke (East)	0	2	0	0	8	0	8	2					
Sherbrooke (North)	3	9	5	8	0	0	8	17					
Old City of Sherbrooke	3	12	5	8	8	0	16	20					
Fleurimont	5	18	0	0	4	28	9	46					
Rock Forest	16	8	0	0	8	0	24	8					
Saint-Élie-d'Orford	0	5	0	0	4	0	4	5					
Lennoxville, Deauville, Ascot, Bromptonville	18	21	6	0	0	5	24	26					
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	39	52	6	0	16	33	61	85					
New City of Sherbrooke	42	64	11	8	24	33	77	105					
Magog	24	17	0	15	0	3	24	35					
Remainder of the CMA	19	17	0	0	0	0	19	17					
Sherbrooke CMA	85	98	11	23	24	36	120	157					

	Table 4: Absorbed Single-Detached Units by Price Range												
					First Q	Juarte	r 2015						
					Price F	Ranges							
Submarket	< \$20	0,000	\$200, \$249		\$250,000 - \$299,999		\$300,000 - \$349,999		\$350,000 +		Total	Median	Average Price (\$)
	Units	Share (%)	Units	Share (%)	Units	Share (%)	Units	Share (%)	Units	Share (%)		Price (\$)	Price (\$)
Old City of Sherbrooke										. ,			
QI 2015	0	0.0	I	33.3	0	0.0	I	33.3	I	33.3	3		
QI 2014	1	20.0	I	20.0	1	20.0	I	20.0	I	20.0	5		
Year-to-date 2015	0	0.0	I	33.3	0	0.0	I	33.3	I	33.3	3		
Year-to-date 2014	1	20.0	I	20.0	I	20.0	I	20.0	I	20.0	5		
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke													
QI 2015	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	18.2	I	9.1	8	72.7	11	416,000	406,477
QI 2014	4	21.1	3	15.8	4	21.1	2	10.5	6	31.6	19	270,000	281,673
Year-to-date 2015	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	18.2	I	9.1	8	72.7	11	416,000	406,477
Year-to-date 2014	4	21.1	3	15.8	4	21.1	2	10.5	6	31.6	19	270,000	281,673
New City of Sherbrook	New City of Sherbrooke												
QI 2015	0	0.0	I	7.1	2	14.3	2	14.3	9	64.3	14	383,000	393,309
QI 2014	5	20.8	4	16.7	5	20.8	3	12.5	7	29.2	24	265,000	280,929
Year-to-date 2015	0	0.0	I	7.1	2	14.3	2	14.3	9	64.3	14	383,000	393,309
Year-to-date 2014	5	20.8	4	16.7	5	20.8	3	12.5	7	29.2	24	265,000	280,929
Magog													
QI 2015	3	25.0	I	8.3	I	8.3	4	33.3	3	25.0	12	300,000	302,146
QI 2014	2	40.0	1	20.0	I	20.0	0	0.0	I	20.0	5		
Year-to-date 2015	3	25.0	1	8.3	I	8.3	4	33.3	3	25.0	12	300,000	302,146
Year-to-date 2014	2	40.0	1	20.0	I	20.0	0	0.0	I	20.0	5		
Remainder of the CMA													
QI 2015	0	0.0	3	17.6	2	11.8	6	35.3	6	35.3	17	322,284	339,473
QI 2014	4	25.0	2	12.5	3	18.8	I	6.3	6	37.5	16	282,000	298,438
Year-to-date 2015	0	0.0	3	17.6	2	11.8	6	35.3	6	35.3	17	322,284	339,473
Year-to-date 2014	4	25.0	2	12.5	3	18.8	I	6.3	6	37.5	16	282,000	298,438
Sherbrooke CMA													
QI 2015	3	7.0	5	11.6	5	11.6	12	27.9	18	41.9	43	330,000	346,584
QI 2014	- 11	24.4	7	15.6	9	20.0	4	8.9	14	31.1	45	260,000	281,829
Year-to-date 2015	3	7.0	5	11.6	5	11.6	12	27.9	18	41.9	43	330,000	346,584
Year-to-date 2014	- 11	24.4	7	15.6	9	20.0	4	8.9	14	31.1	45	260,000	281,829

Source: CMHC (Market Absorption Survey)

Table 4.1: Average Price (\$) of Absorbed Single-detached Units First Quarter 2015												
Submarket	QI 2015	QI 2014	% Change	YTD 2015	YTD 2014	% Change						
Old City of Sherbrooke			n/a			n/a						
Suburbs of the old city of Sherbrooke	406,477	281,673	44.3	406,477	281,673	44.3						
New City of Sherbrooke	393,309	280,929	40.0	393,309	280,929	40.0						
Magog	302,146		n/a	302,146		n/a						
Remainder of the CMA	339,473	298,438	13.7	339,473	298,438	13.7						
Sherbrooke CMA	346,584	281,829	23.0	346,584	281,829	23.0						

Source: CMHC (Market Absorption Survey)

	Table 5: Ce	ntris <sup>®</sup> Resid	lential Activ	vity <sup>l</sup> for She	rbrooke		
						Last Four	Quarters <sup>3</sup>
	Number of Sales	Number of New Listings	Number of Active Listings	Average Price (\$)	Active Listings to Sales Ratio <sup>2</sup>	Average Price <sup>2</sup> (\$)	Active Listings to Sales Ratio <sup>2</sup>
SINGLE FAMILY*							
QI 2015	348	772	I,470	222,591	12.7	230,765	13.6
QI 2014	367	746	1,250	224,135	10.2	242,328	11.6
% Change	-5.2	3.5	17.5	-0.7	n/a	-4.8	n/a
YTD 2015	348	772	١,470	222,591	12.7	n/a	n/a
YTD 2014	367	746	I,250	224,135	10.2	n/a	n/a
% Change	-5.2	3.5	17.5	-0.7	n/a	n/a	n/a
CONDOMINIUMS*							
QI 2015	58	175	365	179,943	18.9	172,948	17.7
QI 2014	61	240	367	169,569	18.0	176,470	17.3
% Change	-4.9	-27.1	-0.5	6.1	n/a	-2.0	n/a
YTD 2015	58	175	365	179,943	18.9	n/a	n/a
YTD 2014	61	240	367	169,569	18.0	n/a	n/a
% Change	-4.9	-27.1	-0.5	6.1	n/a	n/a	n/a
PLEX*							
QI 2015	41	97	214	249,241	15.7	238,994	15.6
QI 2014	40	117	172	215,025	12.9	230,821	11.0
% Change	2.5	-17.1	24.4	15.9	n/a	3.5	n/a
YTD 2015	41	97	214	249,241	15.7	n/a	n/a
YTD 2014	40	117	172	215,025	12.9	n/a	n/a
% Change	2.5	-17.1	24.4	15.9	n/a	n/a	n/a
TOTAL							
QI 2015	451	I,049	2,066	218,990	13.7	223,291	14.5
QI 2014	470	1,108	1,803	215,345	11.5	231,587	12.4
% Change	-4.0	-5.3	14.6	1.7	n/a	-3.6	n/a
YTD 2015	451	1,049	2,066	218,990		n/a	n/a
YTD 2014	470	1,108	1,803	215,345	11.5	n/a	n/a
% Change	-4.0	-5.3	14.6	1.7	n/a	n/a	n/a

<sup>1</sup> Source: QFREB by the Centris<sup>®</sup> system

<sup>3</sup> Weighted average for the last four quarters, to reduce strong variations from one quarter to another and give a clearer trend.

-- Data not available when there are fewer than 30 sales.

n/a Not applicable.

 $^{\ast}$  Refer to Centris® for the definitions.

\*\* Observed change greater than 100%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Calculations: CMHC.

			Т	able 6:	Economi	c Indica	tors					
				Fire	st Quarte	er 2015						
		Inter	rest Rates		NHPI,	CPI	Sherbrooke Labour Market					
		P & I Per \$100,000	Mortgag (% I Yr. Term		Total, (Quebec) 2007=100	(Quebec) 2002 =100	Employment SA (,000)	Unemployment Rate (%) SA	Participation Rate (%) SA	Average Weekly Earnings (\$)		
2014	January	595	3.14	5.24	118.0	121.7	98.1	6.9	59.9	741		
	February	595	3.14	5.24	8.	122.6	99.1	7.3	60.4	750		
	March	581	3.14	4.99	118.0	122.9	100.2	7.6	61.1	756		
	April	570	3.14	4.79	8.	123.4	100.6	8.0	61.5	765		
	May	570	3.14	4.79	118.2	123.8	100.7	8.1	61.4	772		
	June	570	3.14	4.79		123.9	103.1	7.4	61.7	779		
	July	570	3.14	4.79	118.2	123.7	103.2	6.9	61.2	782		
	August	570	3.14	4.79	118.2	123.8	103.9	6.6	61.5	788		
	September	570	3.14	4.79	118.0	123.9	102.4	6.9	61.6	794		
	October	570	3.14	4.79	118.0	124.3	102.6	7.1	62.2	802		
	November	570	3.14	4.79	118.0	123.8	103.0	7.1	62.8	806		
	December	570	3.14	4.79	117.9	122.8	102.1	7.4	62.5	804		
2015	January	570	3.14	4.79	118.0	122.6	101.8	7.7		801		
	February	567	2.89	4.74	118.3	123.9	101.8	7.8		789		
	March	567	2.89	4.74		124.7	101.6	7.4		787		
	April											
	May											
	June											
	July											
	August											
	September											
	October											
	November											
	December											

"P & I" means Principal and Interest (assumes \$100,000 mortgage amortized over 25 years using current 5 year interest rate)

"NHPI" means New Housing Price Index

"CPI" means Consumer Price Index

"SA" means Seasonally Adjusted

Source: CMHC, adapted from Statistics Canada (CANSIM), Statistics Canada (CANSIM)

## METHODOLOGY

#### Starts & Completions Survey Methodology

The Starts and Completions Survey is conducted by way of site visits which are used to confirm that new units have reached set stages in the construction process. Since most municipalities in the country issue building permits, these are used as an indication of where construction is likely to take place. In areas where there are no permits, reliance has to be placed either on local sources or searching procedures.

The Starts and Completions Survey is carried out monthly in urban areas with population in excess of 50,000, as defined by the 2011 Census. In urban areas with populations of 10,000 to 49,999, all Starts are enumerated in the last month of the quarter (i.e. four times a year, in March, June, September and December). In these centres with quarterly enumeration, Completion activity is modeled based on historical patterns. Monthly Starts and Completions activity in these quarterly locations are statistically estimated at a provincial level for single and multi categories. Centres with populations below 10,000 are enumerated on a sample basis, also in the last month of each quarter (i.e. four times a year, in March, June, September and December).

The Starts and Completions Survey enumerates dwelling units in new structures only, designed for non-transient and year-round occupancy.

Mobile homes are included in the surveys. A mobile home is a type of manufactured house that is completely assembled in a factory and then moved to a foundation before it is occupied.

Trailers or any other movable dwelling (the larger often referred to as a mobile home) with no permanent foundation are excluded from the survey.

Conversions and/or alterations within an existing structure are excluded from the surveys as are seasonal dwellings, such as: summer cottages, hunting and ski cabins, trailers and boat houses; and hostel accommodations, such as: hospitals, nursing homes, penal institutions, convents, monasteries, military and industrial camps, and collective types of accommodation such as: hotels, clubs, and lodging homes.

#### Market Absorption Survey Methodology

The Market Absorption Survey is carried out in conjunction with the Starts and Completions Survey in urban areas with populations in excess of 50,000. When a structure is recorded as completed, an update is also made as units are sold or rented. The dwellings are then enumerated each month until such time as full absorption occurs.

# STARTS AND COMPLETIONS SURVEY AND MARKET ABSORPTION SURVEY DEFINITIONS

A "**dwelling unit**", for purposes of the Starts and Completions Survey, is defined as a structurally separate set of self-contained living premises with a private entrance from outside the building or from a common hall, lobby, or stairway inside the building. Such an entrance must be one that can be used without passing through another separate dwelling unit.

A "**start**", for purposes of the Starts and Completions Survey, is defined as the beginning of construction work on a building, usually when the concrete has been poured for the whole of the footing around the structure, or an equivalent stage where a basement will not be part of the structure.

The number of units "**under construction**" as at the end of the period shown, takes into account certain adjustments which are necessary for various reasons. For example, after a start on a dwelling has commenced construction may cease, or a structure, when completed, may contain more or fewer dwelling units than were reported at start.

A "**completion**", for purposes of the Starts and Completions Survey, is defined as the stage at which all the proposed construction work on a dwelling unit has been performed, although under some circumstances a dwelling may be counted as completed where up to 10 per cent of the proposed work remains to be done.

The term "**absorbed**" means that a housing unit is no longer on the market (i.e. has been sold or rented). This usually happens when a binding contract is secured by a non-refundable deposit and has been signed by a qualified purchaser. The purpose of the Market Absorption Survey is to measure the rate at which units are sold or rented after they are completed, as well as collect prices.

### DWELLING TYPES:

A "**Single-Detached**" dwelling (also referred to as "**Single**") is a building containing only one dwelling unit, which is completely separated on all sides from any other dwelling or structure. Includes link homes, where two units may share a common basement wall but are separated above grade. Also includes cluster-single developments.

A "**Semi-Detached (Double)**" dwelling (also referred to as "**Semi**") is one of two dwellings located side-by-side in a building, adjoining no other structure and separated by a common or party wall extending from ground to roof.

A "**Row (Townhouse)**" dwelling is a one family dwelling unit in a row of three or more attached dwellings separated by a common or party wall extending from ground to roof.

The term **"Apartment and other**" includes all dwellings other than those described above, including structures commonly known as stacked townhouses, duplexes, triplexes, double duplexes and row duplexes.

## INTENDED MARKET:

The "intended market" is the tenure in which the unit is being marketed. This includes the following categories:

Freehold: A residence where the owner owns the dwelling and lot outright.

**Condominium (including Strata-Titled):** An individual dwelling which is privately owned, but where the building and/or the land are collectively owned by all dwelling unit owners. A condominium is a form of ownership rather than a type of house.

**Rental**: Dwelling constructed for rental purposes regardless of who finances the structure.

## GEOGRAPHICAL TERMS:

A census metropolitan area (CMA) or a census agglomeration (CA) is formed by one or more adjacent municipalities centred on a large urban area (known as the urban core). The census population count of the urban core is at least 10,000 to form a census agglomeration and at least 100,000 to form a census metropolitan area. To be included in the CMA or CA, other adjacent municipalities must have a high degree on integration with the central urban area, as measured by commuting flows derived from census place of work data. CMAs and CAs contain whole municipalities or Census Subdivisions.

A "Rural" area, for the purposes of this publication, is a centre with a population less than 10,000.

All data presented in this publication is based on Statistics Canada's 2006 Census area definitions.

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