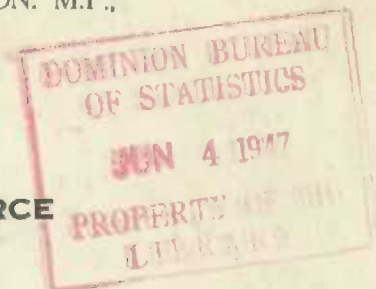


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Minister of Trade and Commerce



**CANADA**

**DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE**

**DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS**

**EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS BRANCH**

**DOES NOT CIRCULATE**  
**NE PAS PRÊTER**

**THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION**

At the Beginning of

**APRIL, 1947**

**TOGETHER WITH PAYROLLS**

For the Last Week in March

+ + +

(As reported by employers having 15 or more employees)



**OTTAWA**  
1947



DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE  
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS  
EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL STATISTICS BRANCH  
OTTAWA - CANADA

THE APRIL EMPLOYMENT SITUATION,  
TOGETHER WITH STATISTICS OF PAYROLLS  
IN THE LAST WEEK IN MARCH, 1947.

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Dominion Statistician:	Herbert Marshall
Director, Labour and Prices:	H.F. Greenway
Chief, Employment and Payroll Statistics Branch:	M.E.K. Roughsedge

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Note:- In addition to the statistics of the present bulletin, other available data respecting the current labour situation are published in the Monthly Labour Gazette, the official journal of the Department of Labour. These comprise information regarding the operations of the Unemployment Insurance Commission, including statistics of the Employment Service, and statements showing unemployment as reported quarterly by trade unions.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

EMPLOYMENT.

There was moderate expansion in employment in the Dominion at the beginning of April, when the trend was upward in manufacturing and in the non-manufacturing industries with the exception of logging. The general improvement raised the index of employment, on the 1926 base as 100, from 180.3 at Mar. 1, to 180.7 at Apr. 1, a figure which has never been exceeded at the time of year. The index at Apr. 1 in 1946 was 168.9, and that in 1945, 176.9; in 1944 and 1943, the Apr. 1 figures were practically the same as at the date under review, standing at 180.5 and 180.6, respectively.

Data were tabulated by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics from 17,526 employers in the eight major industrial divisions, whose staffs numbered 1,858,738 at the beginning of April; as compared with 1,855,636 at Mar. 1, there was an increase of 3,102 persons, or 0.2 p.c. There were rather small general advances for workers of both sexes.

The most pronounced change in the situation at Apr. 1 as compared with Mar. 1 was the seasonal decline of 12,767 persons, or 11.1 p.c., recorded in logging. There were smaller losses in railway construction and maintenance, and the trend was downward in several groups of manufacturing, notably in food and tobacco processing. These reductions were also seasonal in character. On the other hand, moderate improvement was shown in most other branches of manufacturing and in the remaining non-manufacturing industries. On the whole, the co-operating manufacturers reported some 4,000 additional employees, most of whom were taken on in the iron and steel and textile-using divisions. In the construction group as a whole, there was a gain of nearly 5,200 persons, there being expansion in building and highway work. The additions to the staffs reported in mining, communications, transportation, services and trade were on a smaller scale.



Number of Persons Employed at Apr. 1, 1947, by the Co-operating Establishments and Aggregate and Average Weekly Earnings of such Employees, Together with Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls as at Apr. 1, 1947, Mar. 1, 1947, With Comparative Figures for Apr. 1, 1946 and Apr. 1, 1945, Based on June 1, 1941, as 100 p.c.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Geographical and Industrial Unit	No. of Employees Reported at Apr. 1, 1947	Aggregate Weekly Payrolls at Apr. 1, 1947	Per Capita Weekly Earnings at				Index numbers of								
			Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1945	Employment				Aggregate Weekly Payrolls				
							Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1945	Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1945	
(a) Provinces															
Maritime Provinces	6.4	118,305	3,955,621	33.44	32.60	31.34	31.48	100.1	97.7	110.8	118.4	152.6	145.5	158.5	170.9
Prince Edward Island	1.1	2,649	79,455	29.98	29.16	27.37	26.41	119.0	115.8	119.0	113.0	163.4	154.7	148.8	141.4
Nova Scotia	3.1	58,527	1,904,036	32.53	32.43	32.17	32.81	82.2	82.3	103.0	114.5	118.3	118.0	146.6	167.7
New Brunswick	3.2	57,129	1,972,130	34.52	32.95	30.43	29.77	128.2	121.9	123.1	125.4	212.1	192.5	179.6	178.9
Quebec	30.1	559,761	19,212,991	34.32	34.20	31.31	30.61	118.4	119.8	109.7	117.7	169.4	170.7	142.9	150.8
Ontario	17.5	792,274	28,766,963	36.33	36.47	32.77	32.49	117.7	117.0	108.8	113.5	157.6	157.2	131.3	136.0
Prairie Provinces	11.5	213,787	7,741,765	36.21	35.92	33.04	32.04	120.8	121.1	114.4	110.1	165.3	164.4	142.8	134.3
Manitoba	5.3	98,354	3,532,610	35.92	35.81	32.75	31.65	119.3	119.9	113.5	110.1	161.4	161.6	140.0	131.3
Saskatchewan	2.3	41,041	1,466,177	35.53	35.55	32.13	30.67	114.1	113.9	107.0	103.8	156.2	156.2	132.4	126.2
Alberta	8.8	74,392	2,750,978	36.98	36.28	33.92	33.35	127.1	127.2	120.1	113.9	176.2	173.1	152.9	143.4
British Columbia	9.0	174,611	6,672,922	38.22	37.99	35.23	34.87	136.0	134.1	119.1	128.2	182.6	179.0	147.9	158.2
CANADA	100	1,858,738	66,370,262	35.71	35.61	32.48	32.00	118.3	118.1	110.6	115.8	163.7	163.0	139.1	144.1
(b) Cities															
Montreal		275,494	9,523,320	34.57	34.54	32.08	31.73	124.0	123.9	116.2	125.5	167.1	166.8	145.6	156.3
Quebec City		25,067	744,240	29.69	29.81	27.53	27.32	102.4	101.5	99.3	140.8	144.8	144.0	130.3	186.1
Toronto		252,235	9,097,123	36.07	35.81	32.84	31.92	122.8	122.1	115.8	123.5	164.9	162.7	141.5	147.3
Ottawa		23,770	739,385	31.11	31.15	28.13	28.09	118.3	116.7	113.1	108.7	159.5	157.5	137.8	132.1
Hamilton		60,009	2,183,514	36.39	37.21	32.73	33.13	111.9	109.8	106.4	113.2	148.4	148.9	126.9	136.2
Windsor		35,106	1,512,426	43.08	43.20	41.84	41.93	109.9	108.7	111.2	120.6	126.1	125.0	123.4	133.8
Winnipeg		64,578	2,120,362	32.83	32.82	30.37	29.29	124.3	124.2	116.8	114.5	160.2	160.0	139.2	132.3
Vancouver		80,380	2,879,430	35.82	35.78	32.74	33.67	162.2	161.3	133.7	157.8	205.8	204.3	165.6	200.6
Halifax		23,074	755,722	32.75	32.31	29.80	32.94	128.1	132.2	142.2	159.1	185.1	188.4	186.0	225.8
St. John		14,975	492,093	32.86	31.12	30.60	30.30	140.9	134.0	135.1	147.1	213.6	192.5	191.3	209.7
Sherbrooke		10,016	294,791	29.43	29.84	27.13	25.06	110.9	111.5	106.5	107.3	157.0	159.9	138.2	126.7
Three Rivers		10,290	339,365	32.98	33.42	30.80	29.56	124.4	121.5	105.3	124.1	158.7	157.1	125.4	142.1
Kitchener - Waterloo		19,437	670,508	34.50	34.22	30.70	29.49	131.5	129.9	121.1	111.1	196.6	195.2	163.3	144.1
London		24,962	819,548	32.83	33.04	30.63	28.81	139.8	139.4	122.9	118.5	179.6	180.3	148.9	135.6
Fort William - Port Arthur		10,158	383,102	37.71	38.02	34.40	34.16	71.0	69.2	64.6	104.0	100.4	98.7	83.0	132.7
Regina		10,891	345,074	31.68	31.12	28.75	28.17	119.7	118.0	111.3	112.5	164.2	159.0	139.5	138.5
Saskatoon		6,912	215,301	31.15	31.42	28.42	26.35	138.1	135.3	128.7	119.8	195.7	193.4	166.0	143.1
Calgary		19,544	665,556	34.05	33.99	31.97	31.92	123.4	121.6	115.4	111.7	166.6	164.0	141.1	137.1
Edmonton		18,573	604,059	32.52	32.29	30.21	28.62	134.7	134.5	128.3	119.3	179.9	178.4	158.9	140.7
Victoria		13,327	456,463	34.40	34.45	31.60	33.88	153.4	155.7	144.8	170.3	210.4	213.9	182.6	229.1
(c) Industries															
Manufacturing	1,027,717	36,951,410		35.98	35.81	32.82	32.55	116.3	115.8	110.1	126.7	160.8	159.5	138.7	158.7
Durable Goods 1/	479,331	19,460,934		38.51	38.48	35.34	35.78	113.0	111.9	105.7	137.2	154.5	152.8	132.8	175.2
Non-durable Goods	524,773	17,528,967		33.40	33.17	30.30	28.73	119.4	119.5	114.3	117.8	168.7	167.7	145.8	142.7
Electric Light and Power	23,613	961,509		40.72	40.77	38.88	37.00	117.1	117.0	110.2	93.7	149.6	149.7	132.0	107.6
Lumber	102,219	3,724,730		36.44	34.29	28.69	28.28	212.3	233.7	191.8	169.0	388.0	410.7	276.6	240.5
Mining	64,875	2,779,905		42.85	43.30	39.59	38.46	77.9	76.7	86.8	84.4	104.7	104.3	109.0	102.9
Communications	42,938	1,460,786		34.02	33.74	32.52	31.51	163.6	161.1	136.2	115.3	204.2	199.5	162.8	134.3
Transportation	168,041	7,472,207		44.47	44.47	39.74	39.17	132.5	131.5	126.5	122.2	179.9	178.6	152.3	149.1
Construction and Maintenance	165,309	5,569,787		33.69	34.89	31.45	30.05	92.0	89.1	78.3	62.6	134.7	135.2	104.4	82.5
Services	59,395	1,379,092		23.22	23.20	20.88	19.73	132.7	131.5	126.1	117.7	190.5	188.3	163.9	145.0
Trade	228,244	7,032,365		30.81	30.77	28.18	26.50	127.7	125.9	117.9	110.1	166.9	164.5	141.4	124.3
EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES	1,858,738	66,370,262		35.71	35.61	32.48	32.00	118.3	118.1	110.6	115.8	163.7	163.0	139.1	144.1
Finance	79,882	2,950,043		36.93	36.66	34.54	33.58	131.6	130.5	123.6	110.9	168.3	165.7	148.1	129.2
TOTAL - NINE LEADING INDUSTRIES	1,938,620	69,320,305		35.76	35.66	32.56	32.06	118.9	118.6	111.1	115.6	163.9	163.2	139.5	143.5

1/ This classification comprises the following:- iron and steel, non-ferrous metals, electrical apparatus, lumber, musical instruments and clay, glass and stone products. The non-durable group includes the remaining manufacturing industries, as listed in Tables 1 and 9, with the exception of electric light and power.



### PAYROLLS.

The weekly payrolls disbursed at Apr. 1 by the firms furnishing statistics in the eight leading industries aggregated \$66,370,262, as compared with \$66,088,390 distributed on or about Mar. 1. The increase amounted to 0.4 p.c. The average weekly earnings<sup>1/</sup> of the typical individual in recorded employment slightly advanced, from \$35.61 in the last return, to \$35.71 at the date under review, as compared with \$32.48 at Apr. 1, 1946, \$32.00 at Apr. 1, 1945, \$32.37 at Apr. 1, 1944, \$31.14 at Apr. 1, 1943, and \$28.41 at Apr. 1, 1942.

Including the figures for financial institutions, the most recent survey shows that the total number of wage-earners and salaried employees reported in the nine major industrial groups was 1,938,620, as compared with 1,934,872 at the beginning of March. The weekly payrolls of these workers totalled \$69,320,305, as compared with \$68,992,935 in the preceding return.

The per capita earnings in the nine main industrial divisions including finance, were \$35.76 as compared with \$35.66 at Mar. 1, and \$32.56 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the months since then, the number in recorded employment in the nine leading industries has risen by seven p.c., while there has been an increase of 17.5 p.c. in the indicated salaries and wages.

The table on page 2 summarizes the latest statistics of employment and payrolls for the leading industrial groups, the provinces and economic areas, and the leading industrial cities, and gives comparisons as at Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946. On page 4 appears a monthly record for the eight leading industries as a whole, and for manufacturing, showing the movements of employment and payrolls in the period since 1943.

The index numbers of payrolls are based on the amounts disbursed by the co-operating firms at June 1, 1941, as 100. To facilitate comparisons of the trends of employment and payrolls, the indexes of employment have been converted from their original base, 1926=100, to June 1, 1941, as 100. The table on page 4 indicates that in the period for which data are available, the number of persons employed by firms in the eight leading industrial groups has shown an increase of 18.3 p.c., while the aggregate weekly earnings of these workers are higher by 63.7 p.c., and the average weekly earnings have risen by 41.4 p.c. Including finance, the gain in employment from June 1, 1941, to Apr. 1, 1947, amounted to 18.9 p.c., and that in payrolls, to 63.9 p.c. The explanation previously given for the much greater rise in the reported salaries and wages than in employment during the period of observation may again be stated:- (1) the higher proportions of workers still employed in the heavy manufacturing industries despite the reductions which preceded and followed the termination of the war; (2) the payment of cost-of-living bonuses to the majority of workers; the rates at which these allowances were calculated were increased on more than one occasion before their incorporation in the basic wage rates as from Feb. 15, 1944; (3) the progressive up-grading of employees as they gained experience in their work; (4) the payment of higher wage-rates in a great many cases and (5) declines in the numbers and proportions of women workers.

At the date under review, the advance in employment in manufacturing as compared with June 1, 1941, amounted to 16.3 p.c., and that in the indicated salaries and wages, to 60.8 p.c.; the average weekly earnings showed an increase of 40.6 p.c. The level of employment at Apr. 1 was higher than in any earlier month since Sept. 1, 1945. The reported disbursements were at their maximum in the period since May 1 of that year.

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<sup>1/</sup> The attention of those interested in hourly earnings is drawn to the statistics published in the monthly bulletins on man-hours and average hourly earnings.

INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT, PAYROLLS AND WEEKLY EARNINGS, BASED ON JUNE 1, 1941=100, TOGETHER WITH PER CAPITA WEEKLY EARNINGS.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Eight Leading Industries					Manufacturing				
Date	Index Numbers of			Per Capita Weekly Earnings	Index Numbers of			Per Capita Weekly Earnings	Date
	Employment	Aggregate Payrolls	Per Capita Weekly Earnings		Employment	Aggregate Payrolls	Per Capita Weekly Earnings		
June 1, 1941	100.0	100.0	100.0	\$25.25	100.0	100.0	100.0	\$25.57	June 1, 1941
Jan. 1, 1944	121.5	140.4	117.6	29.69	134.8	156.5	118.0	30.18	Jan. 1, 1944
Feb. 1	119.8	148.1	126.8	31.76	135.3	170.6	120.4	32.78	Feb. 1
Mar. 1	118.8	149.1	128.2	32.27	134.8	172.2	130.0	33.23	Mar. 1
Apr. 1	118.1	148.6	128.2	32.37	134.2	171.7	130.2	33.28	Apr. 1
May 1	116.5	146.2	127.9	32.26	132.9	168.1	128.7	32.92	May 1
June 1	118.1	146.0	126.9	31.90	132.8	166.7	127.6	32.64	June 1
July 1	120.0	148.1	125.6	31.72	134.4	167.7	126.9	32.44	July 1
Aug. 1	120.7	148.4	125.3	31.63	133.9	166.8	126.6	32.38	Aug. 1
Sept. 1	121.5	149.6	126.5	31.69	134.6	168.6	127.3	32.55	Sept. 1
Oct. 1	120.0	151.0	128.2	32.36	133.2	169.2	129.1	33.02	Oct. 1
Nov. 1	120.4	151.0	127.9	32.29	131.7	168.1	129.8	33.20	Nov. 1
Dec. 1	121.6	152.1	127.1	32.19	131.0	168.0	130.4	33.35	Dec. 1
Jan. 1, 1945	118.1	138.1	119.2	30.10	126.6	147.1	118.2	30.22	Jan. 1, 1945
Feb. 1	117.2	146.4	127.3	32.15	128.0	162.6	129.3	33.06	Feb. 1
Mar. 1	116.7	148.9	129.9	32.81	127.6	164.7	131.2	33.56	Mar. 1
Apr. 1	115.8	144.1	126.7	32.00	126.7	158.7	127.3	32.55	Apr. 1
May 1	114.9	145.4	128.9	32.55	125.4	161.9	131.4	33.59	May 1
June 1	114.8	143.3	127.1	32.10	124.4	157.2	128.6	32.98	June 1
July 1	114.9	144.5	128.0	32.32	123.3	156.3	128.9	32.94	July 1
Aug. 1	114.6	143.0	127.1	32.09	121.5	152.9	128.0	32.73	Aug. 1
Sept. 1	113.2	141.1	127.0	32.06	118.2	148.0	127.4	32.58	Sept. 1
Oct. 1	110.5	137.8	127.0	32.08	112.1	140.4	127.3	32.54	Oct. 1
Nov. 1	112.1	139.3	126.6	31.95	110.9	139.3	127.6	32.64	Nov. 1
Dec. 1	113.4	139.5	125.3	31.63	109.6	136.7	126.9	32.44	Dec. 1
Jan. 1, 1946	110.2	127.6	118.5	29.92	107.1	121.2	115.3	29.49	Jan. 1, 1946
Feb. 1	109.5	135.5	126.8	31.97	108.8	135.4	126.8	32.43	Feb. 1
Mar. 1	109.4	137.3	128.5	32.44	108.7	135.3	126.8	32.43	Mar. 1
Apr. 1	110.6	139.1	128.6	32.43	110.1	138.7	128.4	32.82	Apr. 1
May 1	110.9	137.8	126.9	32.05	110.3	137.1	126.1	32.24	May 1
June 1	111.3	136.6	126.5	31.68	109.9	134.3	124.5	31.83	June 1
July 1	113.7	141.9	127.7	32.25	111.4	138.5	126.6	32.37	July 1
Aug. 1	113.2	143.1	129.3	32.64	109.6	137.5	127.7	32.66	Aug. 1
Sept. 1	114.9	145.6	129.6	32.72	111.4	140.1	127.9	32.71	Sept. 1
Oct. 1	116.6	149.8	131.3	33.15	112.1	143.0	129.8	33.18	Oct. 1
Nov. 1	119.6	154.4	132.0	33.33	114.8	147.5	130.8	33.45	Nov. 1
Dec. 1	121.6	159.9	134.5	33.95	115.6	153.6	135.1	34.54	Dec. 1
Jan. 1, 1947	118.5	149.9	129.3	32.64	113.5	141.5	126.7	32.40	Jan. 1, 1947
Feb. 1	118.3	160.6	138.7	35.03	115.4	156.8	138.2	35.34	Feb. 1
Mar. 1	118.1	163.0	141.0	35.61	115.8	159.5	140.0	35.81	Mar. 1
Apr. 1	118.3	163.7	141.4	35.71	116.3	160.8	140.5	35.95	Apr. 1
May 1									May 1
June 1									June 1
July 1									July 1
Aug. 1									Aug. 1
Sept. 1									Sept. 1
Oct. 1									Oct. 1
Nov. 1									Nov. 1
Dec. 1									Dec. 1

Explanation of the Method Used in Tabulating the Monthly Statistics of Payrolls.

The questionnaire used asks employers to furnish data showing the gross earnings of their employees in the last pay periods in the month, the employees and their earnings to be grouped according to the duration of their pay periods; the payrolls reported include amounts deducted for taxes, Unemployment Insurance contributions, etc. Cost-of-living allowances, incorporated in the basic wage-rates as from Feb. 15, 1944, are included, as was the case before their incorporation in the basic rates. Incentive and production bonuses are also included. The statements furnished show the amounts earned in monthly, semi-monthly, fortnightly and weekly pay periods; occasionally data for other periods are given. Many firms furnish information for different categories of employees who are paid at each of these intervals, while others habitually use only one or two pay periods in their time-keeping.

In the Bureau, the statistics of earnings reported for any period exceeding a week are reduced to the proportions which would be earned in one week, the numerator of the fractions ordinarily used for this purpose being six days, the standard working week; the denominators of the fractions are the numbers of working days in the different pay periods, excluding only the Sundays. Where operations are continuous, the numerator of the fraction is seven, the denominator being the total number of days in the pay period, including Sundays. In the case of salaried employees paid at annual or monthly rates, so that their earnings are not affected by variations in the number of working days in the month, fixed proportions are used to reduce the earnings to a weekly basis, without regard to the length of the calendar month.

The sums resulting from these various calculations are then aggregated to give the total amounts which would be paid for services rendered in one week by the persons on the payrolls of the co-operating establishments. The employees reported are not in all cases necessarily employed for a period of six days by one employer. As has previously been stated in connection with the figures of employment, the inclusion of casual workers to a greater extent than was the case in the former surveys, as a result of the collection of the statistics of payrolls, constitutes an element of incomparability in the present statistics of employment, and those tabulated prior to April, 1941.



while the per capita figure was the highest yet recorded.

With regard to the marked variations in the average earnings of workers in the different industrial classes, (shown in Tables 1 to 5 and in the table on page 2), it must again be pointed out that the sex distribution of such persons is an important factor, frequently associated with variations in the age-groups. (The table on page 6 and that on the last page of this bulletin show the sex distribution indicated at Apr. 1, 1947). In general, the female workers tend to belong to the younger age classes, in which the earnings are naturally lower than among those of greater experience. The matter of short-time or overtime may also considerably influence the reported aggregates and averages, which likewise reflect variations in the extent to which casual labour is used; the degree of skill generally required of workers in the industry is of course a factor of paramount importance.

#### THE SEX DISTRIBUTION OF THE PERSONS IN RECORDED EMPLOYMENT.

Of the 1,858,738 persons in recorded employment in the eight leading industries at Apr. 1, 1,454,587 were men and 404,151 were women. These figures show increases of some 1,429 men, and about 1,673 women as compared with Mar. 1, the gains being approximately 0.1 p.c. in the former case and 0.4 p.c. in the latter. The disparity in the rates of increase was not sufficiently large to alter the ratio of women per 1,000 workers of both sexes, which was 217 at Apr. 1 as at Mar. 1, 1947, as compared with 226 at Apr. 1, 1946, 257 at Apr. 1, 1945, and 261 at Apr. 1, 1944, when the first survey of the situation as at the beginning of April was made.

In the nine leading industries (viz., manufacturing, logging, mining, communications, transportation, construction and maintenance, services, trade and finance), the reported staffs of 1,938,620 were composed of 1,497,992 men and 440,628 women, the latter workers forming 227 per 1,000 of both sexes. This ratio coincided with that at Mar. 1, 1947, but was lower than the proportion of 237 women per 1,000 employees indicated at the beginning of April of last year.

As compared with Mar. 1, there was a small decline in employment for women in manufacturing, together with a moderate rise in the reported number of male employees. Among the non-manufacturing classes, logging showed marked seasonal curtailment, releasing workers of both sexes; the loss among men was of course particularly important. The gains in transportation and construction took place largely among men. In services, trade and finance, improvement was shown for workers of both sexes, although the increases among men were relatively greater.

As compared with Apr. 1, 1946, there was an advance of about seven p.c. in the total number in recorded employment in the eight major industrial groups; among men, the increase amounted to just over eight p.c., and that among females to three p.c. In the case of the nine leading industries taken as a whole, a rise of more than eight p.c. in recorded employment for men was indicated at Apr. 1, as compared with a gain of not quite three p.c. among women workers in the 12 months. In most of the manufacturing and the non-manufacturing industries, except coal mining, activity was at a higher level for workers of both sexes, but the increases in the case of men were generally on a considerably larger scale. The falling-off in mining in the year was largely due to the dispute in the Maritime coal mines.

#### TABLES.

The latest statistics of employment and payrolls are summarized in the table on page 2, while Tables 1 to 5 at the end of this report contain the latest data of employment and payrolls, together with index numbers as at Mar. 1 and Apr. 1, 1947, and Apr. 1, 1946. In these tables, the index numbers of employment, calculated on



The Sex Distribution of the Workers in Recorded Employment in the Provinces, the Leading Cities, and the Nine Major Industrial Groups at Apr. 1, 1947, with Comparisons as at Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946.

Geographical and Industrial Unit	Apr. 1, 1947 <sup>2/</sup>					Mar. 1, 1947		Apr. 1, 1946	
	Total	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
(a) Provinces	No.	No.	No.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.
Maritime Provinces	122,559	102,857	19,702	83.9	16.1	83.5	16.5	84.7	15.3
Prince Edward Island	2,962	2,176	786	73.5	26.5	71.7	28.3	69.7	30.3
Nova Scotia	60,813	50,804	10,009	83.5	16.5	83.0	17.0	85.9	14.1
New Brunswick	58,784	49,877	8,907	84.8	15.2	84.5	15.5	84.0	16.0
Quebec	581,840	440,835	141,005	75.8	24.2	76.2	23.8	74.6	25.4
Ontario	828,874	629,210	199,664	75.9	24.1	75.8	24.2	74.6	25.4
Prairie Provinces	225,233	176,684	48,549	78.4	21.6	78.7	21.3	77.8	22.2
Manitoba	103,473	78,616	24,857	76.0	24.0	76.5	23.5	75.7	24.3
Saskatchewan	43,962	34,775	9,187	79.1	20.9	79.3	20.7	77.9	22.1
Alberta	77,798	63,293	14,505	81.4	18.6	81.4	18.6	80.3	19.7
British Columbia	180,114	148,406	31,708	82.4	17.6	82.2	17.8	81.0	19.0
CANADA	1,938,620	1,497,992	440,628	77.3	22.7	77.3	22.7	76.3	23.7
(b) Cities									
Montreal	292,146	200,914	91,232	68.8	31.2	69.0	31.0	67.7	32.3
Quebec	26,386	18,543	7,843	70.3	29.7	70.5	29.5	70.5	29.5
Toronto	270,300	180,878	89,422	66.9	33.1	66.7	33.3	65.4	34.6
Ottawa	27,381	17,995	9,386	65.7	34.3	65.3	34.2	63.5	36.5
Hamilton	61,339	45,038	16,301	73.4	26.6	72.8	27.2	72.2	27.8
Windsor	35,791	30,184	5,607	84.3	15.7	84.1	15.9	84.9	15.1
Winnipeg	68,594	46,943	21,651	68.3	31.7	68.7	31.3	67.9	32.1
Vancouver	83,944	62,011	21,933	73.9	26.1	74.0	26.0	71.4	28.6
Halifax	23,074	17,353	5,721	75.2	24.8	75.8	24.2	75.9	24.1
St. John	14,975	11,299	3,676	75.5	24.5	75.1	24.9	74.4	25.6
Sherbrooke	10,016	6,431	3,585	64.2	35.8	64.2	35.8	62.2	37.8
Three Rivers	10,290	7,748	2,542	75.3	24.7	74.8	25.2	72.4	27.6
Kitchener - Waterloo	19,437	13,367	6,070	68.8	31.2	69.1	30.9	68.1	31.9
London	24,962	17,190	7,772	68.9	31.1	68.4	31.6	67.2	32.8
Ft. William - Pt. Arthur	10,158	8,555	1,603	84.2	15.8	84.5	15.5	83.3	16.7
Regina	10,891	6,739	4,152	61.9	38.1	61.4	38.6	61.3	38.7
Saskatoon	6,912	5,020	1,892	72.6	27.4	72.8	27.2	69.1	30.9
Calgary	19,544	14,691	4,853	75.2	24.8	75.2	24.8	73.9	26.1
Edmonton	18,573	12,693	5,880	68.3	31.7	68.2	31.8	67.3	32.7
Victoria	13,327	10,081	3,246	75.6	24.4	76.1	23.9	74.8	25.2
(c) Industries									
Manufacturing	1,027,717	790,147	237,570	76.9	23.1	76.8	23.2	75.9	24.1
Durable Goods <sup>1/</sup>	479,331	424,527	54,804	88.6	11.4	88.5	11.5	87.8	12.2
Non-Durable Goods	524,773	344,769	180,004	65.7	34.3	65.6	34.4	64.6	35.4
Electric Light and Power	23,613	20,851	2,762	88.3	11.7	88.4	11.6	88.2	11.8
Logging	102,219	100,635	1,584	98.5	1.5	98.4	1.6	98.4	1.6
Mining	64,875	63,323	1,552	97.6	2.4	97.5	2.5	97.7	2.3
Communications	42,938	19,458	23,480	45.3	54.7	45.0	55.0	45.6	54.4
Transportation	168,041	157,335	10,706	93.6	6.4	93.6	6.4	92.5	7.5
Construction and Maintenance	165,309	161,748	3,561	97.8	2.2	97.8	2.2	97.5	2.5
Services	59,395	27,480	31,915	46.3	53.7	45.8	54.2	44.5	55.5
Trade	228,244	134,461	93,783	58.9	41.1	59.3	40.7	57.1	42.9
EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES	1,958,738	1,454,587	404,151	73.3	26.7	73.3	26.7	72.4	27.6
Finance	79,882	43,405	36,477	54.3	45.7	54.1	45.9	51.2	48.8
TOTAL - ALL INDUSTRIES	1,938,620	1,497,992	440,628	77.3	22.7	77.3	22.7	76.3	23.7

<sup>1/</sup> This classification comprises the following:- iron and steel, non-ferrous metals, electrical apparatus, lumber, musical instruments and clay, glass and stone products. The non-durable group includes the remaining manufacturing industries with the exception of electric light and power.

<sup>2/</sup> The April data are subject to revision.

their original base, 1926=100, have been converted to June 1, 1941, for comparison with the statistics of earnings. For all general purposes, apart from comparison with the payroll statistics, however, the index numbers of employment in Tables 6 to 11, based on 1926=100, should be used.

The table on page 6 summarizes for the provinces, the cities and the major industrial divisions, the latest statistics of employment, showing the numbers and proportions of male and female workers reported at Apr. 1, with comparisons from earlier surveys; in this table, the provincial and city figures given are those for the nine leading industries, including the employees reported in financial institutions, excluded in most cases from the data given in the table on page 2. Table 12 shows the sex distribution in a considerable list of industries in the Dominion as a whole at the date under review, with comparative statistics as at Mar. 1 in 1947, and at Apr. 1 in 1946, 1945 and 1944.

### EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS BY INDUSTRIES.

#### Manufacturing.

The trend of employment in manufacturing was favourable at the beginning of April, but the number of persons then added to the reported staffs was somewhat less than average in the experience of the period since 1920. Statistics for the date under review were tabulated from 9,210 plants employing 1,027,717 workers, as compared with 1,023,716 at Mar. 1, when the index, based on the 1926 average as 100, was 194.5, rising to 195.3 at the beginning of April; it was then 5.6 p.c. above that of 184.9 indicated 12 months ago. The latest index was lower than those of 212.9, 225.5, 224.3 and 199.4 at Apr. 1 in the years 1945, 1944, 1943 and 1942, respectively, but was otherwise the highest in the record for that month.

Employment in the iron and steel group showed important expansion at Apr. 1, the co-operating manufacturers increasing their staffs by 2,550 persons since Mar. 1. Improvement on a considerable scale was also noted in textile, electrical apparatus, non-ferrous metal and lumber plants, while there were smaller advances in fur, pulp and paper, rubber, clay, glass and stone, chemical and beverage factories. Curtailment was reported in animal and vegetable foods, printing and publishing, tobacco and miscellaneous manufactured products. In some cases, the declines were seasonal in character.

Payrolls in Manufacturing.- The weekly salaries and wages paid on or about Apr. 1 by the factories furnishing data totalled \$36,951,410, a sum which was greater by 0.8 p.c. than their disbursements of \$36,658,208 at Mar. 1, when the average per employee had been \$35.81, as compared with \$35.95 at the date under review. At Apr. 1, 1946, the per capita figure was \$32.82; the means at the same date in earlier years for which statistics are available were as follows: 1945, \$32.55; 1944, \$33.28, 1943, \$31.81 and 1942, \$28.94.

Based on the weekly salaries and wages distributed at June 1, 1941, by the co-operating manufacturers as 100 p.c., the index number of payrolls at the date under review was 160.8, as compared with 159.5 at the beginning of March, and 138.7 at Apr. 1 in 1946. In the last 12 months, there has been an increase of 15.9 p.c. in the indicated payrolls, accompanying that of 5.6 p.c. in recorded employment in factories.

#### The Sex Distribution of the Workers Reported in Manufacturing.

Of the persons employed at the beginning of April by the co-operating manufacturing establishments, 237,570 were women, and 790,147 were men. Workers of the former sex constituted 231 per 1,000 of the total workers. This ratio was lower

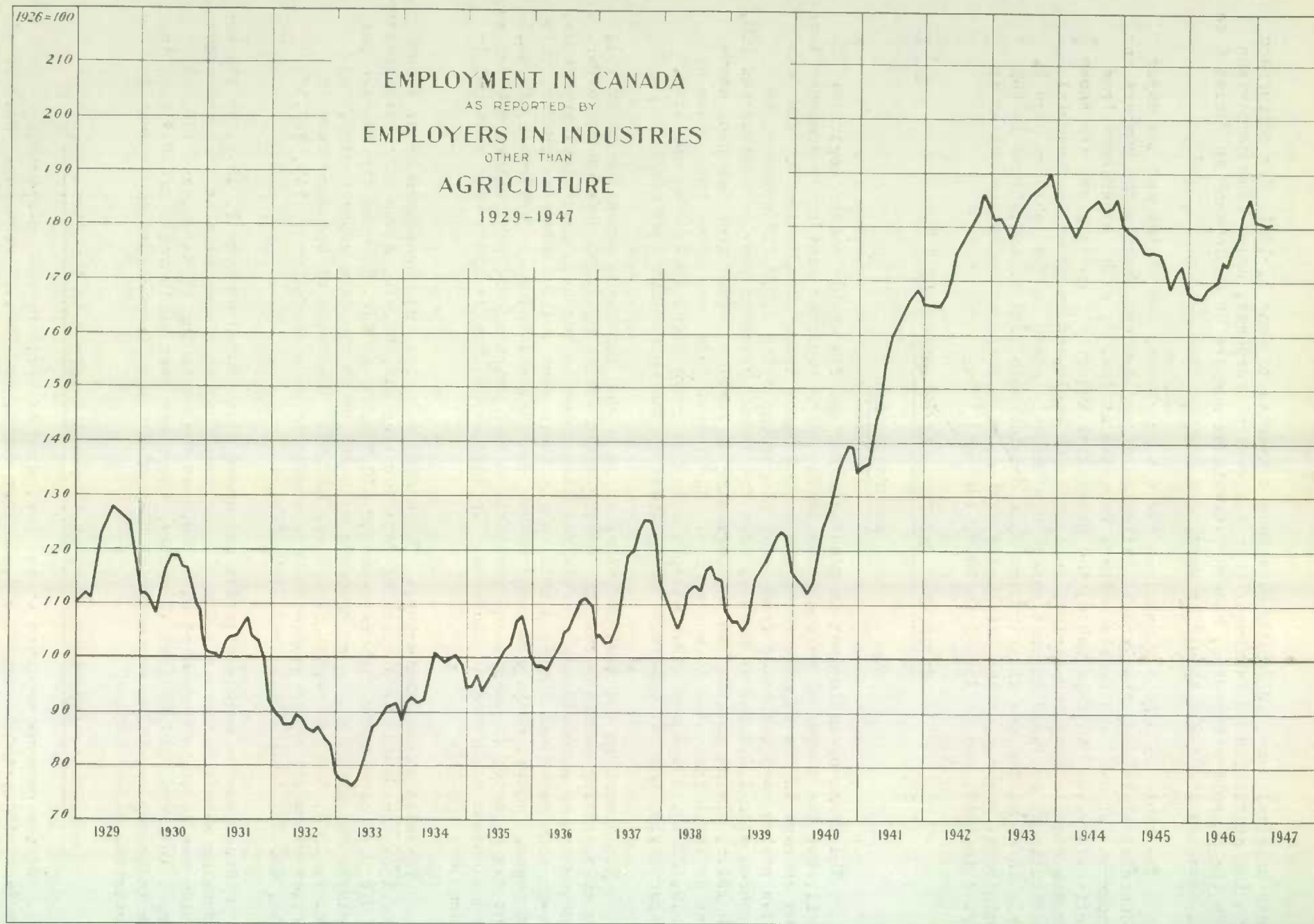


1926=100

EMPLOYMENT IN CANADA  
AS REPORTED BY  
EMPLOYERS IN INDUSTRIES  
OTHER THAN  
AGRICULTURE  
1929-1947

210  
200  
190  
180  
170  
160  
150  
140  
130  
120  
110  
100  
90  
80  
70

1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947





than in any earlier enquiry into sex distribution with the exception of that for Jan. 1, 1947, when the proportion was the same. The numbers of women per 1,000 workers at Apr. 1 in earlier surveys were as follows: 1946, 241; 1945, 272, and 1944, 280. At Mar. 1, 1947, there were 232 women in each 1,000 persons on the staffs of the reporting employers.

As elsewhere stated, there was a general increase of 4,001, or 0.4 p.c. in the workers reported in manufacturing at the beginning of April as compared with Mar. 1. This gain took place among men, there being a minor decline in the reported number of women workers.

In the last 12 months, recorded employment generally in manufacturing has risen by 5.6 p.c. Among men, the increase has amounted to approximately seven p.c., while the number of women reported by the co-operating establishments has advanced by slightly more than one p.c.

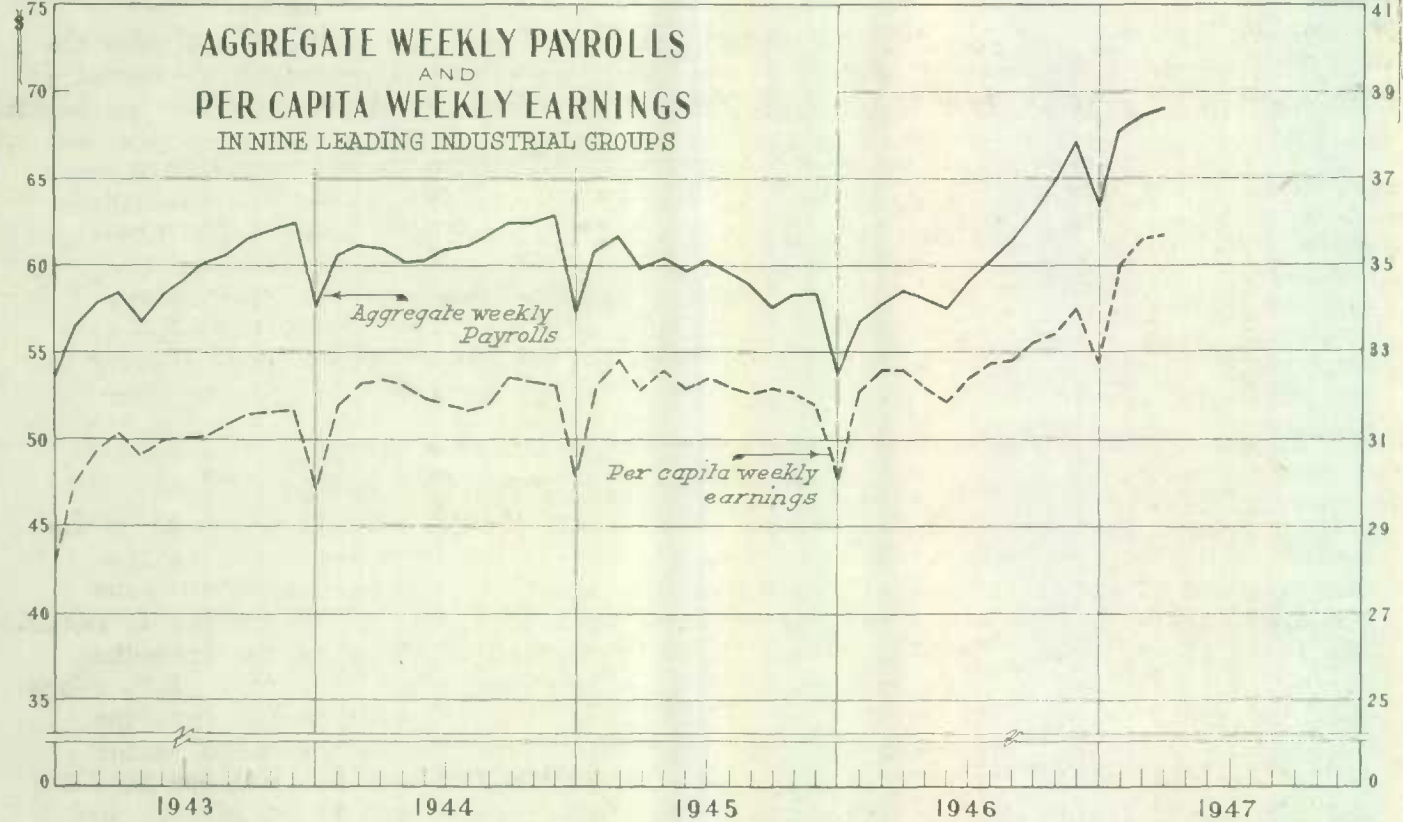
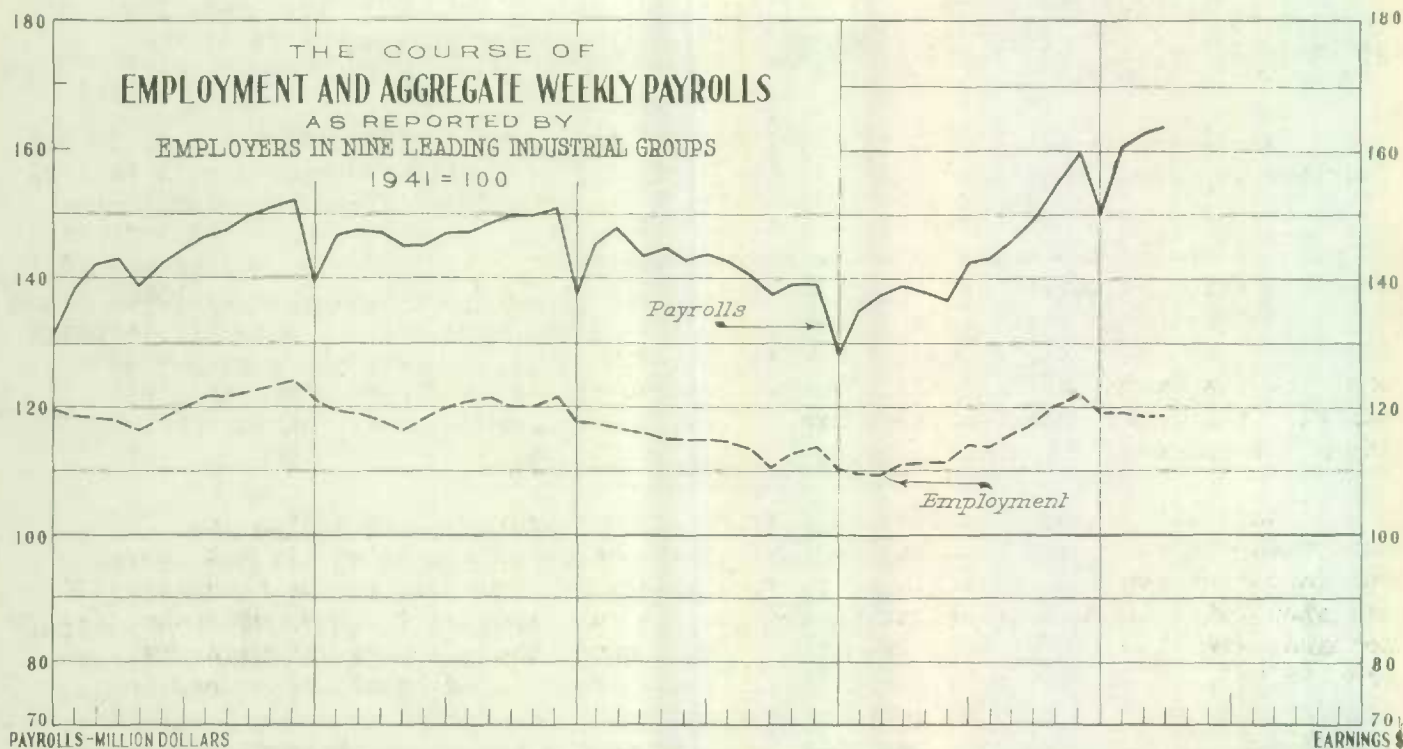
#### Non-Manufacturing Industries.

Logging.- Seasonal curtailment on a scale somewhat below the average at Apr. 1 in the experience of the years since 1920 was indicated in logging at the date under review, according to returns furnished by 656 employers whose working forces aggregated 102,219, as compared with 114,986 persons at Mar. 1. This decline of 11.1 p.c. was larger than the loss noted at Apr. 1, 1946. The latest index of employment, at 336.0, was the highest on record for Apr. 1, exceeding by 10.7 p.c. that of 303.6 at the same date of last year.

The payrolls disbursed aggregated \$3,724,730, a decrease of 5.5 p.c. from the total of \$3,942,793 reported at Mar. 1; as compared with the amounts distributed at the beginning of April of 1946, however, there was a gain of 40.3 p.c. The per capita weekly earnings rose from \$34.29 at Mar. 1, to \$36.44 at the date under review, as compared with \$28.69 at Apr. 1, 1946. The latest average no doubt includes certain payments for services rendered earlier in the season, final payment for the season being reported in the pay period under review in the case of several large logging companies. It should be noted that the figures of aggregate and average earnings in logging do not include the value of board and lodging, frequently a part of the remuneration of workers engaged in bush operations. The high labour turnover in many camps is also a factor affecting the reported earnings. These vary greatly in the different provinces, the average in British Columbia being much higher than elsewhere. (See Tables 2 and 3).

Mining.- Activity in coal mining continued seriously affected by the dispute in the Maritime coal fields, but other areas showed a small increase in the number of workers reported at Apr. 1, when the extraction of other non-metallic minerals and of metallic ores afforded more employment. Data were received from 618 operators with 64,875 workers, as compared with 63,912 at the beginning of March. The index of employment, at 138.0, was higher than that of 135.9 in the preceding survey, but was 10.3 p.c. below that of 153.8 at the beginning of April, 1946, since when, the index of payrolls has fallen by 3.9 p.c.; these losses result from the coal-mining dispute. The weekly salaries and wages reported in the period under review amounted to \$2,779,905, as compared with \$2,767,397 paid on or about Mar. 1. The per capita figure declined from \$43.30 at that date, to \$42.85 at Apr. 1, but exceeded the average of \$39.59 indicated 12 months earlier.

Communications.- Employment in communications at the beginning of April showed substantial improvement, according to returns from 76 companies with a staff of 42,938 persons; as compared with 42,285 at Mar. 1, there was a rise of 1.5 p.c. A moderately upward movement is usual at Apr. 1. The weekly payrolls distributed at the date under review aggregated \$1,460,786, as compared with \$1,426,906 in the





preceding survey. The average earnings advanced from \$33.74 at Mar. 1 to \$34.02 at the first of April, as compared with \$32.52 at the same date in 1946. The latest index of employment, at 159.0, was 20.1 p.c. above that at Apr. 1 of last year; since then, the payroll index has risen by 25.4 p.c.

Transportation.- Considerable gains were indicated in employment in transportation at Apr. 1; statistics were tabulated from 752 employers whose working forces included 168,041 men and women, 1,277 more than at the beginning of March. Local transportation and shipping and stevedoring showed heightened activity, while no general change was noted in steam railway operation. The index of employment in transportation, at 130.9, was 5.6 p.c. higher than that of 124.0 at Apr. 1, 1946. The accompanying increase in the index of payrolls was 18.1 p.c. The weekly salaries and wages paid to the persons in recorded employment in transportation at the date under review amounted to \$7,472,207, as compared with \$7,416,287 in the week of Mar. 1. The latest per capita figure, at \$44.47, was the same as that at Mar. 1, 1947, but exceeded the Apr. 1, 1946, average of \$39.74.

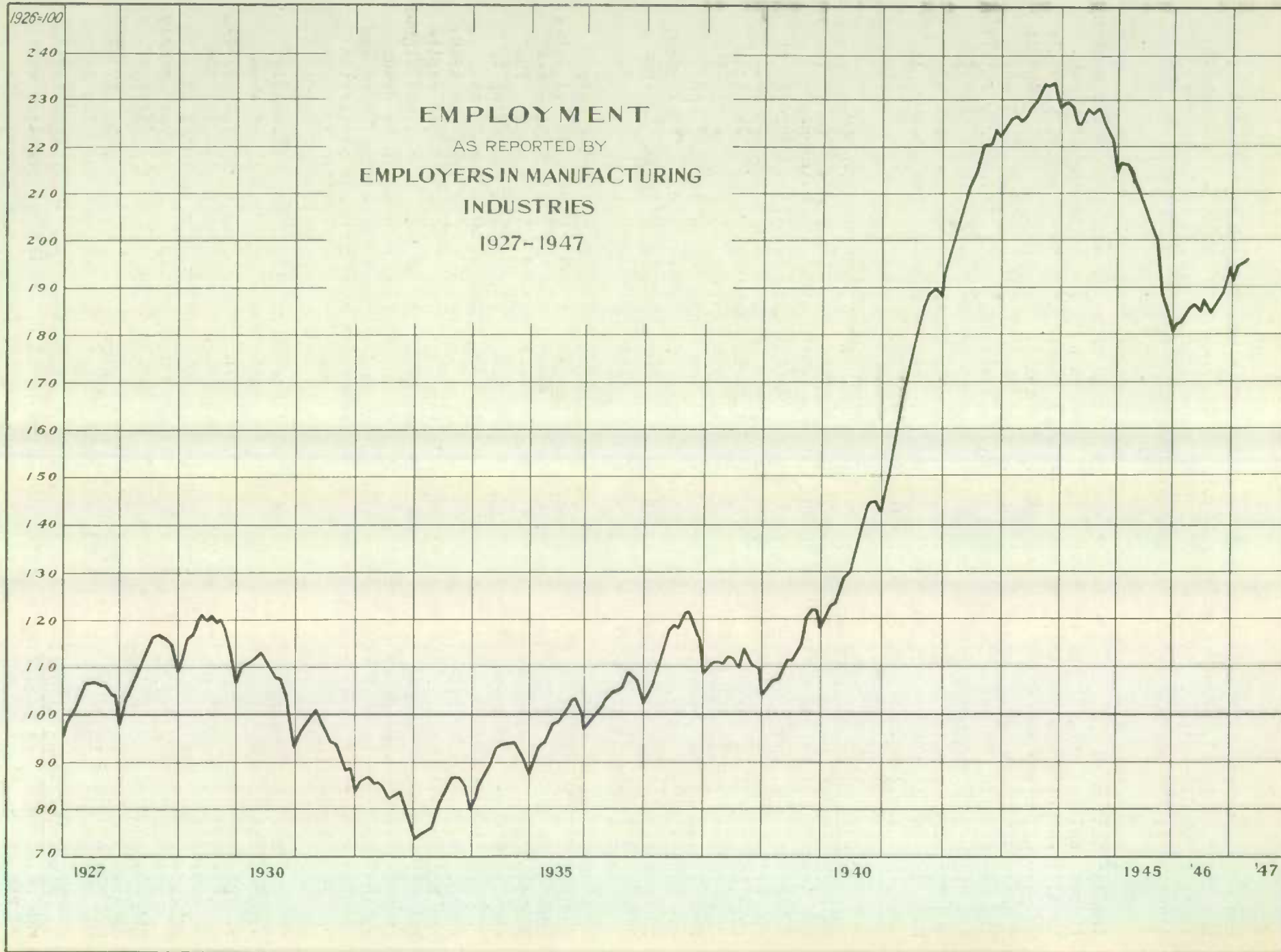
Construction and Maintenance.- Building and highway construction and maintenance work showed important expansion at the beginning of April, but there was important seasonal curtailment in the railway construction and maintenance division. The 2,060 contractors furnishing returns reported 165,309 employees, as compared with 160,113 at Mar. 1. On the other hand, the payrolls disbursed fell from \$5,586,802 at that date, to \$5,569,767 at Apr. 1; the loss largely resulted from reduced working time on railway maintenance. The average earnings declined from \$34.89 in the preceding report, to \$33.69 at the beginning of April; the per capita figure at Apr. 1, 1946, had been \$31.45. The latest index of employment in construction, at 127.9, was higher by 20.7 p.c. than that of 106.0 at the same date a year ago, since when the payroll index has risen by 29 p.c.

Services.- Seasonal advances which approximated the average in size were indicated in the services division at Apr. 1; the gain of 648 workers, or 1.1 p.c., took place largely in laundries and dry-cleaning establishments. Information was received from 960 firms with a staff of 59,395, of whom 31,915 were females. The weekly salaries and wages reported at Apr. 1 amounted to \$1,379,092, exceeding by 1.2 p.c. the disbursements at the first of March. The index of employment, at 228.5, was higher by 5.3 p.c. than that of 217.1 at the beginning of April in 1946; the accompanying gain in the index of payrolls was 16.2 p.c. The latest per capita figure, at \$23.22, showed little change from that of \$23.20 at Mar. 1, but was higher than the weekly average of \$20.88 at Apr. 1, 1946. Attention must again be drawn to the fact that many of those employed in hotels and restaurants receive board and lodging as part of their remuneration; no adjustment is made in these statistics for such allowances.

Trade.- Employment in merchandising establishments at Apr. 1 was seasonally active, the co-operating employers indicating a working force of 228,244, of whom 93,783 were women and girls. The total number on the payroll was greater by 3,131, or 1.4 p.c., than that reported at Mar. 1; the increase was about normal for the time of year. The salaries and wages disbursed at the latest date amounted to \$7,032,365, as compared with \$6,926,959 in the preceding return. The average weekly earnings showed a slight advance, from \$30.77 at Mar. 1 to \$30.81 at the first of April, as compared with \$28.18 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the year, the index of employment has risen by 8.3 p.c., and that of payrolls, by 18.0 p.c.

Financial Institutions.- The 963 financial institutions from which information was received at the beginning of April had a personnel of 79,882, as compared with 79,236 at the first of March; of the latest aggregate, 36,477 were women. The indicated weekly payrolls totalled \$2,950,043, as compared with \$2,904,545 paid on





or about Mar. 1. The most recent per capita figure was \$36.93, as compared with \$36.66 at Mar. 1, 1947, and \$34.54 at Apr. 1, 1946. The index of employment in financial institutions, at 152.8 at the date under review, was 6.5 p.c. above that of 143.5 a year earlier, while the index number of payrolls was higher by 13.6 p.c.

#### EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS BY ECONOMIC AREAS.

Employment in Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, Ontario, Saskatchewan and British Columbia showed moderate improvement at Apr. 1 as compared with Mar. 1, the greatest gains being in Ontario and British Columbia. The losses in the remaining provinces were small. In all provinces except Quebec and Manitoba, the increases in the numbers at work were accompanied by higher disbursements in weekly salaries and wages. In Quebec, Ontario and Saskatchewan, the average earnings per employee were lower than at Mar. 1, but elsewhere the per capita figures reached new high levels.

Maritime Provinces.- In spite of the adverse effect of the prolonged dispute in the coal fields, there was a seasonal rise in industrial activity in the Maritime Area at the beginning April, when Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick showed improvement. Statements were received from 1,278 employers with an aggregate working force of 118,305 persons, of whom 18,039 were women, as compared with a staff of 115,457 at Mar. 1. This gain of 2,848 persons, or 2.5 p.c., was accompanied by that of 5.1 p.c. in the aggregate weekly payrolls reported by the co-operating firms, whose disbursements totalled \$3,955,621. The latest index of employment, at 152.6, was 9.6 p.c. lower than at the same date a year ago, since when the index of payrolls has fallen by 3.6 p.c.; the losses in this comparison largely result from the dispute in the coal-mining industry. The per capita earnings, at \$33.44 at the date under review, were higher than those of \$32.60 at Mar. 1, 1947, also exceeding the mean of \$31.34 at Apr. 1, 1946.

Manufacturing in the Maritime Provinces as a whole showed curtailment, chiefly in animal and vegetable food processing; lumber, clay, glass and stone and some other factories, on the other hand, reported a higher level of employment. Among the non-manufacturing divisions, construction was considerably more active, and there were smaller gains in mining, communications, services and trade. Transportation was seasonally quieter and there was a slight decline in logging.

Quebec.- The trend of employment was downward in Quebec, where seasonal curtailment in logging and construction more than offset the improvement indicated in the remaining non-manufacturing industries and in manufacturing; the advance in the latter was most noteworthy, although the gains in mining, communications, transportation, services and trade were on a fairly large scale for the time of year. Within the manufacturing group, there were widely distributed increases, of which the greatest were in textile and pulp and paper mills. Smaller advances were reported in food, rubber, electrical apparatus, non-ferrous metal and other divisions. On the other hand, lumber and iron and steel plants released employees.

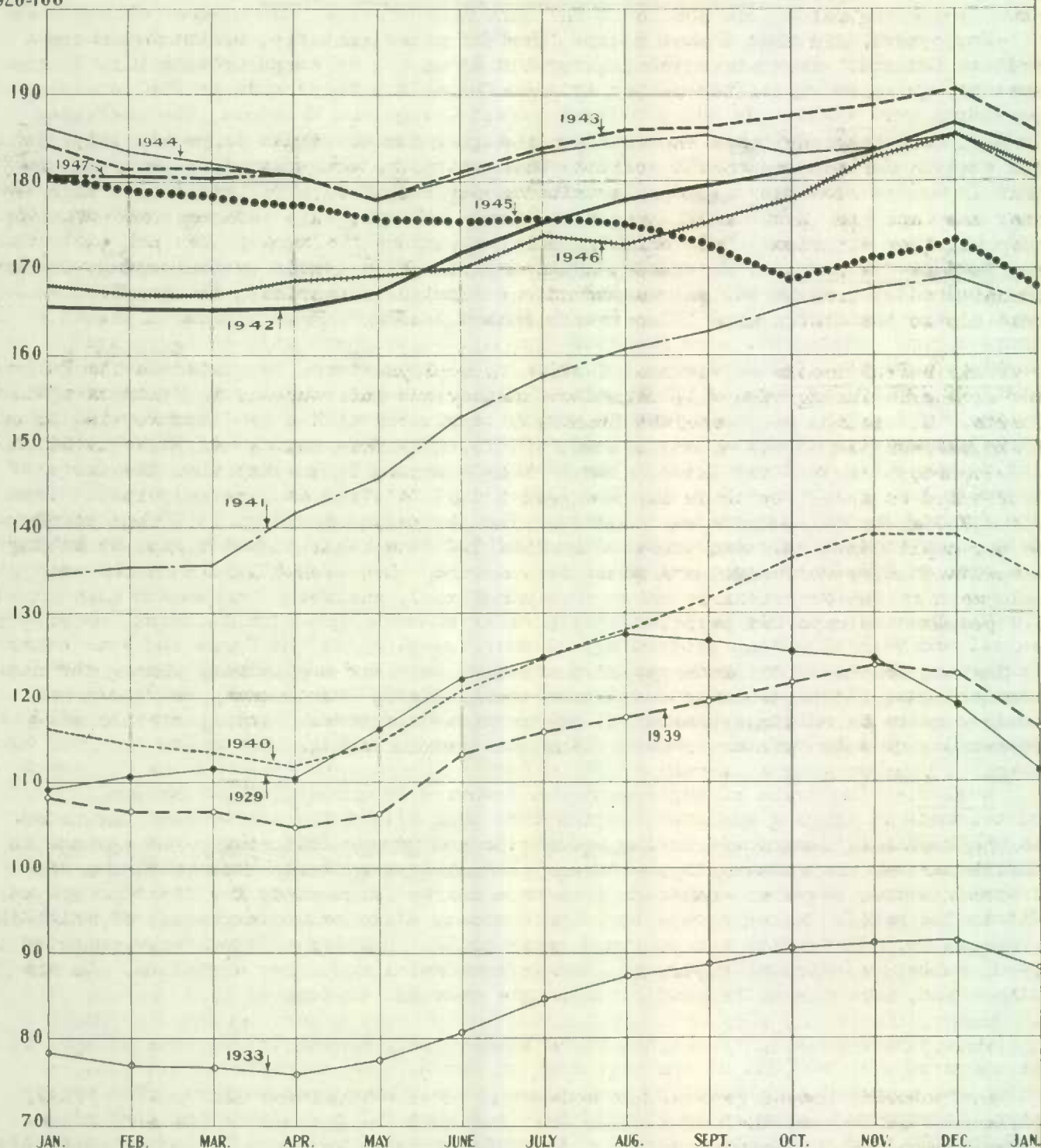
Data were tabulated from 4,634 firms with a staff of 559,761 persons at Apr. 1, as compared with 565,938 at the beginning of March. The decrease of 1.1 p.c., which was seasonal in character, took place largely among men workers. The weekly payrolls reported amounted to \$19,212,991 a figure 0.7 p.c. less than that of \$19,356,070 paid on or about Mar. 1. The average earnings, however, were rather higher, rising from \$34.20 at Mar. 1, to \$34.32 at the beginning of April. A year earlier, the per capita figure had been \$31.31, and that at Apr. 1, 1945, \$30.61. The index number of payrolls at the latest date, at 169.4, was 15.5 p.c. above that of 142.9 at Apr. 1 of last spring, while the index of employment was higher by eight p.c.

Ontario.- The trend in Ontario was favourable at the beginning of April, according to data from 7,148 establishments in the eight leading industries with a



# EMPLOYMENT IN CANADA AS REPORTED BY EMPLOYERS IN INDUSTRIES OTHER THAN AGRICULTURE 1929 AND 1933 AND 1939 TO 1947

1926=100



The curve is based upon the number of employees at work at the first day of the month as indicated by the firms reporting in comparison with the average employment they afforded during the calendar year 1926 as 100. Curves are plotted for 1929, the year of maximum industrial activity; for 1933, when employment was at its minimum in the record since 1920, and for the years since 1938



combined working force of 792,274 persons, as compared with 787,811 in the preceding month. Of the latest total, 182,236 were females. The general increase over Mar. 1, which amounted to 0.6 p.c., was contrary to the usual seasonal movement at the time of year in the experience of the period since 1920. The weekly earnings disbursed at Apr. 1 were also higher, aggregating \$28,786,963. As compared with \$28,729,734 at Mar. 1, there was a gain of 0.2 p.c. The per capita figure, however, fell from \$36.47 in the preceding return, to \$36.33 at the date under review, as compared with \$32.77 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the 12 months, the level of recorded employment in Ontario has risen by 8.2 p.c., the latest index being 189.8, as compared with 175.5 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the year, the index number of payrolls has mounted by 20 p.c.

Manufacturing operations showed expansion at the date under review, as compared with a month earlier, increased activity being noted in animal food, rubber, textile, chemical, clay, glass and stone, electrical apparatus, iron and steel and non-ferrous metal manufacturing plants. The vegetable food, tobacco, pulp and paper and printing and publishing divisions, however, were quieter. Among the non-manufacturing classes, logging showed a seasonal recession, while employment increased in mining, communications, transportation, construction, services and trade; the greatest additions to the staffs were in construction and trade.

Prairie Provinces.- A seasonal decline in employment was indicated in the Prairie Area at the beginning of April, when the tendency was unfavourable in Manitoba and Alberta. Statistics were received from 2,402 employers with a combined working force of 170,345 men and 43,442 women, a total of 213,787. This number was lower by 525, or 0.2 p.c., than that indicated in their last report. The salaries and wages distributed at Apr. 1 by these firms aggregated \$7,741,765, as compared with \$7,698,787 at Mar. 1. There was accordingly an increase of 0.6 p.c. in this comparison. The per capita weekly earnings rose from \$35.92 at the beginning of March, to \$36.21 at the date under review. The Apr. 1, 1946, average had been \$33.04. In the year, employment in the Prairie Area has risen by 5.6 p.c., and there has been a gain of 15.8 p.c. in the reported payrolls.

Most of the reduction in employment at the date under review took place in manufacturing, logging, mining and construction. In the first-named, the largest losses were in animal food processing and in printing and publishing, while moderate increases were noted in many other branches of manufacturing. The trend was also upward in transportation, services and trade.

British Columbia.- Industrial activity showed expansion in British Columbia at the first of April. Returns were tabulated from 2,060 establishments, employing 174,611 persons, of whom 29,121 were women. An increase of 1.4 p.c. in the personnel of both sexes as compared with Mar. 1 was accompanied by that of two p.c. in the reported payrolls. The latest weekly aggregate of salaries and wages was \$6,872,922, as compared with \$6,539,392 in the preceding period of observation. The average earnings per employee were \$38.22 at Apr. 1, as compared with \$37.99 at Mar. 1, and \$35.23 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the 12 months, there has been an increase of 14.2 p.c. in employment, the latest index being 183.5, as compared with 160.7 at Apr. 1, 1946; since then, the indicated payrolls have advanced by 23.5 p.c.

Manufacturing showed general but moderate improvement at the date under review. The largest gains were in lumber mills, but many other divisions were somewhat more active. Among the non-manufacturing industries, mining, logging, communications, construction and services afforded more employment. There were small declines in transportation and trade.

#### EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS BY CITIES.

The following paragraphs deal briefly with the situation indicated at Apr. 1 by employers in cities having populations of 35,000 persons and over.



Halifax.- There was a considerable decrease in employment in Halifax at Apr. 1, the staffs of the 243 co-operating establishments, at 23,074, having fallen from 23,803 at Mar. 1. This loss of 3.1 p.c. was accompanied by that of 1.7 p.c. in the reported payrolls, which totalled \$755,722, as compared with \$769,151 in the last return. The average per employee stood at \$32.75, exceeding the Mar. 1 per capita figure of \$32.31, and that of \$29.80 at Apr. 1, 1946. Transportation reported most of the reduction indicated at the date under review, when manufacturing and trade were also quieter than at the beginning of March. In the last 12 months, the number of persons in recorded employment in Halifax has declined by 3.1 p.c., but the weekly payrolls have advanced by 1.7 p.c.

Saint John.- The trend of employment in Saint John was upward at Apr. 1, according to data from 171 firms employing 11,299 men and 3,676 women, a total which was greater by 728, or 5.1 p.c., than the number reported at Mar. 1. The weekly salaries and wages disbursed were also greater, aggregating \$492,093, as compared with \$443,423 in the preceding period of observation. The latest average earnings per worker were \$32.86, being higher than the Mar. 1 mean of \$31.12, and that of \$30.60 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the latter comparison, employment in Saint John has risen by 4.3 p.c., and there has been a gain of 11.7 p.c. in the indicated payrolls.

Montreal.- Slightly greater activity was noted in Montreal at Apr. 1, the 2,651 co-operating firms reporting the addition of 199 persons to their staffs, which included 191,849 men and 83,645 women, an aggregate of 275,494. The sum of \$9,523,320 was distributed in weekly payrolls to these workers, as compared with \$9,508,102 paid to those employed in the preceding period of observation. The per capita figure was \$34.57, three cents higher than the average at Mar. 1, and \$2.49 more than that of \$32.08 at the beginning of April of last year. In the 12 months, the index of employment has risen by 6.7 p.c., and that of payrolls, by 14.8 p.c.

Moderate curtailment was indicated in manufacturing at Apr. 1. The largest decrease took place in iron and steel factories, but the trend was upward in many other branches of manufacturing, notably in fur, textile and electrical apparatus plants. Within the non-manufacturing divisions, transportation, communications, services and trade showed greater activity. This was also the case in building, but road construction and maintenance reported a pronounced falling-off.

Quebec City.- There was a moderate increase in industrial employment in Quebec, where the 305 co-operating establishments indicated a working force of 25,067, as compared with 24,830 at Mar. 1; of the Apr. 1 total, 7,351 were women, a proportion of 293 per 1,000 workers. The latest weekly aggregate of salaries and wages, standing at \$744,240, showed a rise of 0.6 p.c. from Mar. 1. Employment in manufacturing was rather brisker, fur, leather, animal food, textile and iron and steel plants reporting relatively small gains, while lumber-using factories released some employees. Among the non-manufacturing industries, construction and transportation showed a falling-off, while trading establishments afforded more employment. The latest average earnings were \$29.69, as compared with \$29.81 at Mar. 1, 1947, and \$27.53 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the year, the index of employment has risen by 3.2 p.c., and that of aggregate payrolls, by 11.1 p.c.

Sherbrooke.- A further small decline in employment was indicated in Sherbrooke, the loss taking place largely in construction and trade; iron and steel plants were rather busier. Information received at Apr. 1 from 104 firms showed a personnel of 6,431 men and 3,585 women, or 10,016 in all, as compared with 10,067 a month earlier. The weekly salaries and wages amounted to \$294,791, an average of \$29.43 per employee. The payrolls reported at Mar. 1 stood at \$300,358, and the per capita figure at \$29.84. The average at Apr. 1 of last spring was \$27.13. Since then, there has been a gain of 4.2 p.c. in the index of employment in this city, accompanied by that of 11.7 p.c. in the weekly payrolls.



Three Rivers.- Expansion in employment was again noted in this city, the 93 firms furnishing statistics having a staff of 7,748 men and 2,542 women at Apr. 1. This aggregate of 10,290 was greater by 240, or 2.4 p.c. than that reported at Mar. 1. Manufacturing, transportation and construction were brisker. There was also an increase in the weekly salaries and wages reported; these totalled \$339,365, as compared with \$335,867 at the beginning of March. The average per worker stood at \$32.98, an amount which was lower by 44 cents than the per capita figure of \$33.42 at Mar. 1, but exceeded that of \$30.80 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the latter comparison, there was an increase of 18.1 p.c. in recorded employment in Three Rivers, while the aggregate weekly payrolls have risen by 26.6 p.c.

Toronto.- The trend in Toronto was again favourable, the improvement being seasonal in character. Manufacturing was more active, and there were moderate gains in communications, transportation, construction and trade. Within the manufacturing division, there were advances in rubber, textile, electrical apparatus, iron and steel and non-ferrous metal plants, while curtailment was indicated in the vegetable food and printing and publishing groups.

The 2,523 employers furnishing information at Apr. 1 had a working force of 80,655 women and 171,580 men, a total of 252,235, as compared with 250,683 in their last return. This gain of 0.6 p.c. was accompanied by that of 1.3 p.c. in the indicated payrolls, which aggregated \$9,097,123 paid on or about the date under review for services rendered in the last week in March. The per capita figure was \$36.07, as compared with \$35.81 in the preceding period of observation, and \$32.84 at the first of April of last year. The latest index of employment, at 188.3, was higher at 6.1 p.c. than that of 177.5 at Apr. 1, 1946, while the payroll index has risen by 16.6 p.c. in the 12 months.

Ottawa.- Manufacturing in this city was quieter at Apr. 1 than at the beginning of March, there being rather slight losses in pulp and paper and chemical plants. The non-manufacturing industries, on the other hand, afforded more employment; the largest gains were in construction, services and trade. Statistics were received from 302 firms employing 23,770 workers at Apr. 1, compared with 23,443 a month earlier; there were 7,174 women on the Apr. 1 staffs. The weekly salaries and wages disbursed at the date under review amounted to \$739,385, exceeding by 1.3 p.c. those of \$730,191 reported at Mar. 1. The per capita weekly earnings, however, fell slightly, from \$31.15 in the last return to \$31.11 at Apr. 1, as compared with \$28.13 at the same date of last year. In the latter comparison, there was an increase of 4.6 p.c. in the index of employment, accompanied by that of 15.8 p.c. in the index of payrolls.

Hamilton.- Considerably greater activity was indicated in Hamilton at the beginning of April, when manufacturing showed decided improvement, and there were increases on a smaller scale in the non-manufacturing classes. Within the former group, most of the gain took place in iron and steel plants, while the largest increases in the non-manufacturing division were in construction, services and trade. On the whole, there was a gain of 1,125 persons, or 1.9 p.c. in the staffs of the 424 co-operating establishments, which employed 44,247 men and 15,762 women, a total of 60,009. The general expansion was seasonal, being similar in scale to that noted a year earlier. The weekly payrolls, which were stated as \$2,183,514, were less by 0.4 p.c., than those disbursed by the same firms at Mar. 1. The per capita figure stood at \$36.39, 82 cents less than in the last return, but \$3.66 above the average of \$32.73 at Apr. 1, 1946. During the 12 months, reported employment has advanced by 5.2 p.c., and the aggregate weekly salaries and wages, by 16.9 p.c.

Windsor.- Moderate improvement in employment was noted in Windsor at the date under review, largely in iron and steel plants. The 256 firms furnishing data employed 35,106 persons, of whom 5,329 were women; at Mar. 1, they had reported 34,717 workers. The weekly salaries and wages paid at Apr. 1 by these employers aggregated \$1,512,426. As compared with \$1,499,928 at Mar. 1, there was a gain of 0.8

p.c., accompanying that of 1.1 p.c. in the working force. The indicated payrolls were higher than at Apr. 1, 1946, the index having mounted by 2.3 p.c. in the year, but recorded employment has fallen by 1.2 p.c. The average weekly earnings per employee stood at \$43.08 at Apr. 1, as compared with \$43.20 at Mar. 1, and \$41.84 at Apr. 1 of last spring.

Fort William - Port Arthur.- Employment in Fort William and Port Arthur showed an upward movement at Apr. 1, when the 126 co-operating establishments added 250 persons, bringing their staffs to 10,158, of whom 1,603 were women. The largest gains took place in lumber and iron and steel factories, while there were small increases in transportation, services and trade. The salaries and wages distributed rose from \$376,750 at Mar. 1, to \$383,102 at the date under review, but the average weekly earnings per employee declined from \$38.02 in the last report to \$37.71 at the first of April, as compared with \$34.40 a year earlier. From Apr. 1, 1946, to the date under review, recorded employment in Fort William and Port Arthur has advanced by 10 p.c., and there has been a gain of 21 p.c. in the reported salaries and wages.

Kitchener - Waterloo.- Slight curtailment was indicated in Kitchener and Waterloo at the beginning of April, minor curtailment in manufacturing being partly offset by small gains in trade. The 178 firms furnishing data reported 19,437 employees, of whom 6,070 were women. The aggregate weekly payrolls amounted to \$670,508, an average of \$34.50 per worker. At Mar. 1, these establishments had indicated the employment of 19,453 workers, who had received \$665,631 in weekly payrolls. The per capita figure was then \$34.22, and that at Apr. 1 of last spring was \$30.70. Since then, recorded employment in these cities has risen by 8.6 p.c., and the indicated payrolls, by 20.4 p.c.

London.- Employment in London was in rather greater volume at the date under review, when the 282 co-operating establishments had a staff of 17,190 men and 7,772 women. The total of 24,962 was higher by 0.2 p.c. than that of 24,906 reported at Mar. 1. Manufacturing showed little general change; improvement was noted in beverages and some other classes, but paper product and vegetable food factories released some employees. Communications and certain other non-manufacturing groups reported greater activity. The weekly salaries and wages were stated at \$819,548, as compared with \$822,999 at Mar. 1. The latest average per employee was \$32.83, being lower than that of \$33.04 in the preceding period of observation, but higher than the mean of \$30.63 at the same date a year ago. In the latter comparison, the index of employment in London showed an increase of 13.7 p.c. at Apr. 1, while the indicated salaries and wages have risen by 20.6 p.c.

Winnipeg.- There was little general change in the situation in Winnipeg at Apr. 1, according to information furnished by 688 employers, whose working forces aggregated 64,578 persons, 43 more than at the beginning of March. The women in recorded employment at Apr. 1 numbered 19,804. The payrolls, at \$2,120,362, were higher by 0.1 p.c. than at Mar. 1. The per capita weekly earnings were practically unchanged, at \$32.82 in the preceding report and \$32.83 at the date under review. The average at the first of April in 1946 was lower, at \$30.37.

Manufacturing was quieter than at the first of March; the printing and publishing and animal food processing divisions released employees. Construction also showed a falling-off, while services and trade were brisker. The general trend in Winnipeg had been upward at Apr. 1 of last year, when the index of employment was 6.5 p.c. below the latest figure of 151.9. There was an increase of 15.1 p.c. in the payrolls in the 12 months.

Regina.- Further improvement (mainly in construction, services and trade), was noted in Regina at the first of April. Data were received from 166 establishments with a personnel of 10,891, of whom 4,152 were women. At Mar. 1, these firms had employed 10,739 workers. The increase of 1.4 p.c. in the employees was accompanied by



that of 3.3 p.c. in the reported payrolls, which totalled \$345,074, as compared with \$334,181 a month earlier. The weekly average per person rose from \$31.12 at Mar. 1 to \$31.68 at the date under review, as compared with \$28.75 a year ago. Since then, the index of employment in Regina has advanced by 7.6 p.c., and that of payrolls, by 17.7 p.c.

Saskatoon.- Employment in Saskatoon showed a moderately upward movement at Apr. 1, according to statistics furnished by 141 employers with 5,020 men and 1,892 women on their staffs; the total of 6,912 was larger by 141 than that reported a month earlier. Manufacturing, construction and trade were somewhat busier at the date under review. The weekly salaries and wages were also slightly higher, rising from \$212,725 at Mar. 1 to \$215,301 at the beginning of April, but the latest per capita earnings were lower, at \$31.15, as compared with \$31.42 in the preceding period of observation; the Apr. 1, 1946, figure, however, had been \$28.42. In the 12 months the number in recorded employment in Saskatoon has increased by 7.3 p.c., and there has been a gain of 17.9 p.c. in the indicated payrolls.

Calgary.- Heightened industrial activity was noted in Calgary at April 1, when construction, transportation, services and trade showed improvement. Manufacturing, on the other hand, was quieter. Statistics were received from 292 employers whose working forces consisted of 14,691 men and 4,853 women, an aggregate of 19,544, as compared with that of 19,270 a month earlier. The weekly salaries and wages disbursed were stated as \$665,556, - 1.6 p.c. higher than the total of \$655,068 reported by the same firms at Mar. 1; the average per employee had then been \$33.99, rising to \$34.05 at the date under review. The Apr. 1, 1946, figure was \$31.97. In the last year, recorded employment in this city has mounted by 6.9 p.c., and the payrolls, by 18.1 p.c.

Edmonton.- Little general change from Mar. 1 was noted in Edmonton at the beginning of April. Employment in trade, transportation and construction was rather brisker, while curtailment was indicated in manufacturing, mainly in the animal food division. A staff of 12,693 men and 5,880 women was reported by the 238 co-operating establishments at the date under review, when the total of 18,573 persons was larger by only 20 than that indicated a month earlier. The payrolls, at \$604,059, was higher by 0.8 p.c. than those of \$599,140 at Mar. 1. The average per employee was \$32.52, as compared with \$32.29 at the beginning of March, and \$30.21 at Apr. 1, 1946. Since then, the working forces of the firms participating in the current surveys in this city have risen by five p.c., and there has been a gain of 13.2 p.c. in the indicated salaries and wages.

Vancouver.- There was a further increase in employment in Vancouver at the beginning of April, most of which took place in manufacturing, construction and services. Within the manufacturing division, iron and steel plants showed the most noteworthy gains. The 914 firms whose returns were compiled employed 80,380 persons, of whom 20,289 were women; the Mar. 1 staff had numbered 79,370. The weekly salaries and wages amounted to \$2,879,430, a sum which was larger by 0.8 p.c. than that of \$2,857,962 disbursed by the same establishments in the preceding period of observation. The latest per capita earnings were \$35.82, as compared with \$35.78 at Mar. 1, and \$32.74 at Apr. 1, 1946. In the year, the general index of employment in Vancouver has advanced by 13.9 p.c., and that of payrolls, by 24.3 p.c.

Victoria.- The trend of employment was unfavourable in Victoria at the first of April. Manufacturing, (mainly in the iron and steel group) was quieter, the losses therein rather more than offsetting small advances in transportation, construction and services. Data were tabulated from 200 employers of 10,081 men and 3,246 women. The total was less by 198, or 1.5 p.c., and their Mar. 1 personnel of 13,525. The payrolls were also lower, by 1.6 p.c. The aggregate of \$458,463 at the date under review represented \$34.40 per employee, as compared with \$34.45 at Mar. 1, when the salaries and wages were given as \$465,957. The per capita figure at Apr. 1, 1946, had

been \$31.60. In the last 12 months, employment in Victoria has advanced by 5.9 p.c., and the weekly salaries and wages, by 15.2 p.c.

TABLES.

Tables 1 to 5 in the following pages show the number of employees reported at Apr. 1, 1947, by the co-operating establishments, together with the aggregate weekly payrolls and the per capita earnings of such persons, classed by industry in the Dominion as a whole, in the provinces and economic areas and in the 20 leading industrial cities. Index numbers of weekly payrolls, based on the amounts disbursed by the co-operating firms at June 1, 1941, are also given; to provide comparisons of the trends of employment and payrolls, the index numbers of employment have been converted for these latter tables from their original base, 1926=100, to June 1, 1941, as 100. In Tables 6 to 11 are given index numbers of employment on the 1926 base, for the provinces and economic areas, the eight leading cities, and for the major industrial groups in the Dominion as a whole.

In the table on page 6 appears a summary of the statistics of sex distribution in the provinces, the cities and the major industrial divisions, while Table 12 gives the industrial data, in considerable detail, for the Dominion as a whole.

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Table 1.- Number of Persons Employed at Apr. 1, 1947, by the Co-operating Establishments in Various Industries, and Aggregate and Average Weekly Earnings of Such Employees, Together with Average Weekly Earnings at Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946 and Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls as at Apr. 1, 1947, Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946, Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Industries	No. of Employees Reported at Apr. 1, 1947	Aggregate Weekly Payrolls at Apr. 1, 1947	Average Weekly Earnings at			Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.					
			Apr. 1 1947			Employment			Aggregate Payrolls		
			Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946
<b>MANUFACTURING</b>	1,027,717	36,951,410	35.95	35.81	32.82	116.3	115.4	110.1	160.8	159.5	138.7
Animal products - edible	41,202	1,445,171	35.17	35.10	32.82	117.9	114.9	122.7	163.0	164.0	158.1
Fur and products	3,903	132,872	34.04	33.18	30.45	122.7	119.9	127.7	158.5	150.2	147.0
Leather products	33,630	934,147	27.72	27.60	25.51	117.5	117.3	113.8	173.1	171.7	154.1
Boots and shoes	20,355	546,126	26.83	26.70	24.85	112.2	111.3	108.5	170.0	168.6	152.3
Lumber and its products	74,086	2,394,050	32.31	32.38	28.97	112.7	111.4	101.7	171.2	171.0	138.4
Rough and dressed lumber	41,314	1,400,938	33.91	33.92	29.87	98.8	98.0	85.8	157.1	155.8	121.2
Furniture	15,783	486,598	30.83	30.81	27.95	149.4	149.1	131.5	192.1	191.6	153.1
Other lumber products	16,989	506,584	29.82	30.15	27.94	129.7	127.6	126.5	203.9	205.0	179.4
Plant products - edible	57,340	1,740,997	30.36	30.19	28.37	127.9	129.7	117.3	170.0	171.3	146.2
Pulp and paper products	105,771	4,193,276	39.64	39.43	35.29	130.7	130.8	121.0	175.3	174.5	145.0
Pulp and paper	45,950	2,057,646	44.78	44.87	38.89	124.4	123.7	114.0	177.9	177.3	142.0
Paper products	20,401	644,778	31.61	31.60	28.34	153.1	152.9	140.6	193.9	193.7	161.9
Printing and publishing	39,420	1,490,852	37.82	37.20	34.70	128.2	129.9	120.9	165.0	163.7	142.7
Rubber products	25,007	960,429	38.41	38.46	32.80	147.2	145.7	140.0	241.1	239.0	195.9
Textile products	154,521	4,314,403	27.92	27.78	25.33	110.4	109.6	105.1	160.5	158.6	135.3
Thread, yarn and cloth	56,804	1,623,631	28.68	28.70	25.70	106.4	106.4	100.7	161.4	161.4	137.3
Cotton yarn and cloth	21,928	614,260	28.01	28.23	25.21	89.2	89.0	88.2	130.1	130.8	116.7
Woolen yarn and cloth	14,813	412,505	27.85	27.60	25.17	107.8	109.2	101.3	168.2	168.2	142.2
Artificial silk and silk goods	14,752	441,782	29.95	29.27	26.54	133.5	133.1	121.2	213.2	212.7	172.1
Hosiery and knit goods	25,151	630,606	25.07	25.22	22.03	115.9	115.1	112.4	161.0	160.8	141.0
Garments and personal furnishings	54,956	1,530,340	27.85	27.49	25.20	113.6	112.3	106.2	164.5	160.4	142.6
Other textile products	17,810	529,826	29.75	29.38	26.37	104.3	103.8	104.8	147.0	144.1	135.3
Tobacco	11,692	318,366	27.23	26.92	24.39	131.5	140.1	119.4	199.4	210.1	162.3
Beverages	16,626	639,036	38.44	37.87	34.58	144.9	143.7	137.4	187.1	182.8	155.8
Chemicals	41,765	1,612,060	38.60	38.12	34.94	93.8	92.9	92.8	134.5	132.4	120.6
Clay, glass and stone products	21,018	745,863	35.49	35.41	31.36	136.5	134.1	120.3	193.2	189.2	153.4
Electric light and power	23,613	961,509	40.72	40.77	38.88	117.1	117.0	110.2	149.6	149.7	132.0
Electric apparatus	50,280	1,858,884	36.97	36.66	33.66	159.5	157.4	132.3	217.6	212.9	163.3
Iron and steel products	285,979	11,617,307	40.82	40.65	37.36	106.6	105.7	105.2	142.5	141.4	128.5
Crude, rolled and forged products	34,653	1,476,737	42.61	43.84	37.41	125.6	123.0	131.9	148.5	151.7	129.7
Machinery (other than vehicles)	30,367	1,188,651	39.14	39.18	35.77	114.5	113.8	103.2	159.4	158.6	126.5
Agricultural implements	15,218	586,945	38.23	39.17	34.32	169.7	164.7	154.3	258.2	250.2	205.5
Land vehicles and aircraft	107,781	4,564,739	42.35	42.16	39.70	94.9	94.4	91.2	124.1	122.8	113.3
Automobiles and parts	42,437	1,816,540	42.81	43.61	41.75	108.7	105.5	89.3	121.9	121.4	99.4
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	24,047	982,075	40.84	40.02	38.73	125.0	119.5	136.0	167.8	159.2	179.0
Heating appliances	8,902	244,549	35.43	35.19	32.97	132.4	130.6	121.2	177.1	173.6	151.7
Iron and steel fabrication (n.e.s.)	10,184	419,003	41.14	40.93	37.64	88.0	87.6	77.2	148.1	146.7	112.6
Foundry and machine shop products	8,676	335,600	38.68	38.55	36.96	98.3	97.8	95.9	163.5	162.3	154.3
Other iron and steel products	48,151	1,809,028	37.57	37.76	34.04	103.6	103.3	103.7	140.7	140.9	130.2
Non-ferrous metal products	46,971	1,813,872	38.62	38.33	35.58	111.6	110.4	100.1	157.5	154.7	127.2
Non-metallic mineral products	15,474	669,076	43.24	42.46	39.68	116.5	117.1	120.8	167.6	165.3	138.0
Miscellaneous	18,839	596,190	31.65	31.30	29.65	142.9	144.9	137.0	204.7	205.1	188.2
<b>LOGGING</b>	102,219	3,724,730	36.44	34.29	28.69	212.3	238.7	191.2	386.0	410.7	276.6
<b>MINING</b>	64,875	2,779,905	42.85	43.30	38.55	77.9	76.7	86.2	104.7	104.3	109.0
Coal	13,677	609,608	44.57	42.25	40.32	54.2	54.1	104.9	95.0	89.7	166.2
Metallic ores	38,366	1,708,902	44.54	46.11	41.24	80.5	79.1	73.5	99.0	100.8	84.2
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	12,832	461,395	35.90	36.01	32.46	119.9	117.5	100.4	160.8	157.5	131.8
<b>COMMUNICATIONS</b>	42,938	1,460,786	34.02	33.74	32.52	105.6	101.1	136.2	206.2	199.5	162.8
Telegraphs	7,886	294,241	37.31	37.97	32.28	115.8	115.6	115.9	169.6	172.3	145.4
Telephones	34,729	1,166,975	33.29	32.78	32.58	176.4	175.2	142.5	214.5	207.3	167.6
<b>TRANSPORTATION</b>	168,041	7,472,237	44.47	44.47	39.74	132.5	131.5	125.5	179.9	178.6	152.3
Street railways, cartage and storage	57,291	2,174,279	37.95	38.39	34.44	149.1	147.9	136.2	194.5	195.1	160.9
Steam railways	88,786	4,519,398	50.88	50.45	44.64	129.7	129.7	127.2	182.2	180.6	157.5
Shipping and stevedoring	21,964	779,530	35.42	35.73	31.78	103.1	99.3	91.0	140.5	136.3	111.6
<b>CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE</b>	165,309	5,569,767	33.69	34.89	31.45	92.0	89.1	76.3	134.7	135.2	104.4
Building	75,644	2,734,589	36.15	36.99	34.58	117.0	114.1	87.2	146.5	146.2	104.8
Highway	50,035	1,626,276	30.50	32.62	29.19	68.2	62.1	59.2	108.5	104.7	88.7
Railway	39,630	1,308,902	33.03	33.84	29.43	91.5	95.0	87.2	152.3	161.1	129.2
<b>SERVICES</b>	59,395	1,379,092	23.22	23.20	20.86	132.7	131.5	126.1	190.5	188.3	163.9
Hotels and restaurants	38,697	857,788	22.17	22.47	19.76	157.1	136.9	127.2	203.7	206.4	170.8
Personal (chiefly laundries)	20,698	521,304	25.19	24.60	22.84	124.9	122.7	124.9	172.1	163.1	154.3
<b>TRADE</b>	228,744	7,032,365	30.81	30.77	28.18	127.7	125.9	117.9	166.9	164.5	141.4
Retail	204,392	4,690,164	25.54	28.51	26.01	126.5	133.3	116.0	165.7	162.7	140.2
Wholesale	24,352	2,342,201	36.66	36.51	33.94	136.2	135.6	124.7	169.4	167.9	143.2
<b>EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES</b>	1,858,736	66,370,282	35.71	35.61	32.43	118.3	118.1	110.6	163.7	163.0	139.1
<b>FINANCE</b>	79,882	2,950,043	36.93	36.60	34.54	131.6	130.5	123.6	168.3	165.7	148.1
Banks and trust companies	44,936	1,477,714	32.88	32.97	30.86	138.6	138.5	129.6	174.4	174.8	153.1
Brokerage and stock market	3,511	151,467	43.14	44.94	38.08	174.0	174.1	201.4	241.1	251.5	250.9
Insurance	31,435	1,320,872	42.07	41.09	39.44	119.5	117.0	111.7	156.6	150.1	137.5
<b>NINE LEADING INDUSTRIES</b>	1,938,620	69,320,305	35.76	35.66	32.56	118.9	118.6	111.1	163.9	163.2	139.5

Table 2.- Number of Persons Employed at Apr. 1, 1947 by the Co-operating Establishments in Certain Industries in the Five Economic Areas, and Aggregate and Average Weekly Earnings of Such Employees, Together with Average Weekly Earnings at Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946, and Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls as at Apr. 1, 1947, Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946, Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Areas and Industries	No. of Employees Reported at Apr. 1, 1947	Aggregate Weekly Pay- rolls at Apr. 1, 1947	Average Weekly Earnings at				Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.					
							Employment			Aggregate Payrolls		
			Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946		Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946
		\$	\$	\$	\$							
<b>Maritime - Manufacturing</b>	45,780	1,582,870	34.58	33.91	32.13		106.4	107.2	115.4	158.6	156.2	159.9
<b>Provinces</b>												
Lumber products	5,136	138,686	27.00	27.11	24.23		97.2	90.7	87.1	146.9	137.6	119.3
Pulp and paper	5,847	227,755	38.96	38.43	34.63		112.4	111.4	108.0	166.9	163.2	142.5
Iron and steel	18,439	741,891	40.23	39.15	36.41		112.1	112.6	135.2	164.9	161.2	180.6
Logging	10,320	343,724	33.31	26.38	26.34		172.4	173.2	131.5	377.3	300.3	231.9
Mining	3,442	137,197	39.86	38.65	38.14		19.0	17.1	88.2	33.2	28.9	148.2
Transportation	18,738	780,085	41.63	40.91	36.83		187.7	191.4	196.4	266.2	267.4	247.0
Construction	19,029	545,845	28.68	29.77	26.02		79.2	66.9	70.8	118.0	103.3	95.9
Trade	15,086	409,888	27.22	27.15	25.60		124.5	123.2	123.4	165.7	163.7	154.4
<b>Maritimes - All Industries</b>	118,305	3,955,621	33.44	32.60	31.34		100.1	97.7	110.2	152.2	145.5	158.5
<b>Quebec - Manufacturing</b>	336,345	11,480,679	34.17	33.90	31.47		115.1	114.7	108.7	164.0	162.2	142.6
Lumber products	16,627	469,115	28.21	28.09	27.36		104.0	105.6	100.7	187.4	189.7	166.1
Pulp and paper	37,174	1,500,908	40.58	40.44	35.92		124.1	122.2	117.7	172.4	171.0	145.8
Textile products	83,545	2,302,545	27.56	27.47	25.13		114.1	113.4	108.7	167.6	166.0	146.6
Chemicals	17,044	665,463	39.04	37.99	35.38		81.7	80.8	78.2	117.8	114.5	103.9
Iron and steel	71,227	2,863,236	40.20	40.02	37.77		112.1	112.4	110.1	149.4	149.0	138.4
Logging	44,400	1,493,017	33.63	32.27	27.71		205.4	241.5	185.4	503.8	568.4	374.6
Mining	13,992	554,550	39.63	40.06	36.09		108.5	106.0	99.0	134.3	132.7	116.0
Communications	11,285	406,763	36.04	36.37	35.13		177.7	173.9	143.4	202.0	199.4	159.3
Transportation	40,916	1,841,569	45.01	45.28	39.61		119.9	118.6	112.2	168.0	167.3	139.3
Construction	44,284	1,450,955	32.76	34.40	30.73		84.6	87.6	67.0	126.8	137.7	94.0
Services	15,693	366,854	23.38	23.17	21.45		139.4	138.7	134.0	196.7	192.9	174.3
Trade	52,846	1,618,624	30.63	30.60	27.98		126.5	124.5	116.8	161.9	159.0	137.7
<b>Quebec - All Industries</b>	559,761	19,212,991	34.32	34.20	31.31		112.4	112.8	109.7	169.4	170.7	142.6
<b>Ontario - Manufacturing</b>	503,518	18,583,625	36.91	36.89	33.41		115.3	114.5	107.7	155.7	154.7	131.5
Lumber products	24,802	752,578	30.34	30.54	27.29		113.1	112.7	103.5	160.7	161.1	133.2
Plant products - edible	30,725	918,091	29.88	29.94	28.16		132.4	133.0	117.5	168.6	169.7	141.7
Pulp and paper	48,693	1,894,117	38.90	38.57	34.51		140.2	141.2	127.2	180.2	180.6	146.9
Textile products	59,622	1,720,355	28.85	28.71	25.99		104.3	103.8	100.7	149.2	148.3	130.2
Chemicals	20,364	778,087	38.21	38.38	34.18		100.7	99.1	102.0	142.4	142.2	128.1
Electrical apparatus	34,314	1,271,692	37.06	36.79	32.86		157.4	155.9	135.7	210.3	206.8	159.9
Iron and steel	159,713	6,536,314	40.93	41.28	37.31		100.9	99.1	94.2	133.1	131.9	114.3
Non-ferrous metal products	28,394	1,087,695	38.31	38.40	34.85		115.9	114.7	107.1	170.0	168.6	139.1
Logging	28,949	1,092,491	37.74	36.78	25.37		285.0	339.7	275.6	595.4	691.6	385.2
Mining	23,937	1,015,236	42.41	44.48	39.75		77.8	76.6	69.9	93.4	96.4	79.0
Communications	17,853	602,910	33.77	33.74	33.46		179.1	176.6	141.3	219.3	216.2	172.9
Transportation	48,520	2,208,865	45.52	45.42	40.33		128.2	125.8	121.1	169.5	166.0	141.8
Construction	57,497	1,979,399	34.53	36.06	33.29		100.1	93.4	83.1	135.3	132.2	109.6
Services	23,173	525,020	22.66	22.56	20.26		123.0	122.6	119.2	178.6	177.2	155.7
Trade	88,827	2,779,519	31.29	31.35	28.45		121.7	119.7	113.0	160.6	158.2	135.5
<b>Ontario - All Industries</b>	792,274	28,786,963	36.53	36.47	32.77		117.7	117.0	108.2	157.6	157.2	131.3
<b>Prairie - Manufacturing</b>	68,619	2,430,339	35.42	35.08	32.37		125.6	126.6	123.3	170.6	170.3	151.4
<b>Provinces</b>												
Animal products - edible	11,317	400,375	35.38	35.55	31.17		127.3	133.7	143.5	172.2	181.8	172.7
Lumber products	5,190	154,677	29.20	29.64	26.79		133.5	131.6	116.9	181.4	177.9	146.0
Plant products - edible	6,635	210,599	31.74	31.45	30.10		147.9	149.6	136.5	186.9	187.2	163.0
Textile products	5,171	130,518	25.24	24.76	23.28		122.4	121.4	113.0	177.2	172.5	150.4
Iron and steel	20,855	820,286	39.71	39.07	36.00		112.0	111.3	107.7	161.5	157.9	139.9
Mining	14,998	690,473	46.04	44.26	43.35		136.3	137.5	123.0	178.6	173.2	158.3
Communications	5,592	183,317	32.78	32.85	30.50		131.9	131.2	122.2	167.5	167.0	144.4
Transportation	39,238	1,771,604	45.15	45.29	40.92		126.8	125.7	121.5	168.8	167.2	146.7
Construction	25,525	895,023	35.06	34.38	31.54		77.8	80.4	68.7	122.1	123.9	96.6
Services	9,743	227,902	23.39	23.62	20.87		131.2	129.2	126.7	186.9	185.9	161.0
Trade	46,731	1,448,403	30.09	31.03	28.64		134.4	132.0	122.8	172.6	169.7	146.3
<b>Prairies - All Industries</b>	213,787	7,741,765	36.21	35.92	33.04		120.8	121.1	114.4	165.3	164.4	142.8
<b>British Columbia - Manufacturing</b>	73,456	2,873,899	39.12	39.13	36.04		128.1	127.3	118.5	177.0	176.0	150.8
Animal products - edible	5,372	188,593	35.11	35.75	34.51		112.4	111.2	108.5	153.9	155.0	144.3
Lumber products	22,331	878,994	39.36	39.51	34.13		119.8	118.5	100.7	177.5	176.2	130.0
Plant products - edible	5,232	164,072	31.36	31.22	28.39		134.9	132.8	118.9	186.3	182.6	151.1
Pulp and paper	8,895	379,217	42.63	42.53	37.80		130.8	131.1	118.3	175.0	174.9	140.2
Iron and steel	15,945	655,580	41.12	41.02	38.98		131.4	131.1	141.4	182.4	181.6	186.7
Non-ferrous metal products	3,796	160,056	42.16	42.20	45.04		115.0	115.2	96.6	136.9	138.0	123.6
Logging	15,209	700,794	46.08	43.22	43.16		161.9	149.6	129.3	189.0	163.8	142.1
Mining	8,506	382,449	44.86	45.24	41.62		84.2	83.4	79.8	107.9	107.5	95.8
Transportation	20,829	870,084	42.18	42.47	39.21		164.6	155.6	132.0	211.3	214.2	167.9
Construction	18,974	698,565	36.22	37.94	33.42		146.7	140.5	111.6	211.6	208.9	147.2
Services	8,110	206,999	25.52	25.88	23.12		166.6	162.0	138.7	231.3	228.2	179.0
Trade	24,764	775,931	31.31	30.77	28.48		142.1	142.9	125.3	196.4	194.1	158.7
<b>B. C. - All Industries</b>	174,611	6,672,922	38.22	37.99	35.23		136.0	134.1	119.1	182.6	179.0	147.9



Table 3.- Number of Persons Employed at Apr. 1, 1947 by the Co-operating Establishments in Certain Industries in the Indicated Provinces and Aggregate and Average Weekly Earnings of Such Employees, with Average Weekly Earnings at Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946 and Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls as at Apr. 1 and Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946, Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	No. of Employees Reported at Apr. 1, 1947	Aggregate Weekly Payrolls at Apr. 1, 1947	Average Weekly Earnings at			Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.					
			Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Employment			Payrolls		
						Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946
		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Prince Edward Island											
- Manufacturing	695	21,601	31.08	27.39	25.74	117.6	144.7	167.2	187.2	202.9	220.4
- Trade	736	16,989	21.59	20.19	19.48	139.6	118.0	107.6	166.0	151.2	113.0
- All Industries	2,649	79,455	29.99	28.16	27.37	119.0	115.8	119.0	163.4	154.7	148.8
Nova Scotia											
- Manufacturing	24,945	876,147	35.12	34.02	33.18	103.1	105.6	117.3	150.2	148.9	161.3
- Animal products - edible	1,564	46,422	29.68	30.27	39.98	67.4	71.7	111.7	99.0	106.3	218.6
- Iron and steel	12,621	508,472	40.29	38.92	35.78	103.1	103.7	130.9	155.9	161.3	175.6
- Mining	3,078	124,474	40.44	39.24	38.50	18.3	16.1	90.1	32.2	27.4	150.4
- Coal	2,358	100,028	42.42	41.72	38.83	14.8	12.6	91.6	27.3	22.7	153.9
- Transportation	4,153	303,939	37.28	37.81	33.70	148.5	165.8	179.4	202.2	228.9	220.5
- Steam railway operations	3,557	157,634	44.32	45.38	40.61	105.9	110.3	125.1	160.3	171.0	173.4
- Shipping and stavedoring	3,563	107,569	30.19	31.59	27.40	241.8	293.3	307.1	307.8	391.2	355.5
- Construction	10,248	281,777	27.36	28.80	27.86	61.0	51.9	42.5	93.4	83.1	66.4
- Building	3,645	111,981	30.72	31.11	30.14	73.3	74.3	52.6	102.9	110.3	71.7
- Highway	5,444	130,756	23.54	24.42	25.99	53.6	36.9	31.9	81.3	57.3	52.9
- Retail trade	5,295	132,218	24.97	24.97	21.94	119.7	121.5	120.9	160.6	163.6	145.1
- Wholesale trade	2,504	85,064	33.92	33.55	31.95	143.1	142.7	160.9	170.6	168.3	181.6
- All Industries	58,527	1,904,036	32.53	32.43	32.17	82.2	82.3	103.0	119.3	113.0	146.6
New Brunswick											
- Manufacturing	20,140	685,122	34.02	33.32	30.98	109.0	106.8	109.8	170.0	165.2	156.3
- Lumber products	3,171	87,306	27.53	27.74	23.98	90.1	79.6	79.2	149.6	133.2	116.5
- Pulp and paper products	3,558	148,935	41.40	40.90	36.86	106.2	105.3	106.2	160.4	157.3	142.8
- Iron and steel	5,582	224,267	40.18	39.79	38.14	126.5	127.1	136.3	186.4	185.4	192.2
- Logging	9,086	319,309	35.14	27.10	29.57	182.5	178.0	123.6	393.0	292.2	224.1
- Transportation	10,080	453,612	45.00	43.61	39.66	230.5	218.0	213.6	349.4	320.2	285.9
- Steam railway operations	5,878	297,717	50.65	49.72	44.01	197.8	199.6	191.7	287.8	285.1	242.2
- Construction	8,312	250,852	30.18	31.04	24.56	104.8	87.6	119.2	168.3	144.7	156.2
- Highway	3,899	110,738	28.94	29.91	22.59	87.2	62.5	117.7	181.5	129.2	183.7
- Railway	2,814	85,808	30.42	32.52	25.95	106.1	96.8	122.8	179.9	175.5	177.7
- Retail trade	4,286	105,279	24.56	24.57	23.83	119.0	115.9	116.6	165.6	181.9	186.2
- All Industries	57,129	1,972,130	34.52	32.95	30.43	128.2	121.9	123.1	212.1	192.5	179.6
Manitoba											
- Manufacturing	38,729	1,367,747	35.32	34.95	32.42	121.2	121.7	117.1	165.9	164.9	147.0
- Animal products - edible	4,438	164,969	37.17	36.84	32.52	115.3	123.9	135.4	164.4	175.0	170.0
- Plant products - edible	2,942	89,636	30.47	30.95	29.94	142.4	140.7	134.4	173.2	173.8	159.7
- Pulp and paper products	3,454	129,722	37.56	36.55	34.29	121.2	124.9	112.6	162.8	163.4	139.4
- Textiles	4,224	106,291	25.16	24.95	23.09	121.1	119.6	112.4	172.0	169.3	146.7
- Iron and steel	14,029	554,871	39.55	38.83	35.97	113.0	112.5	108.2	163.2	159.4	140.2
- Transportation	18,530	828,746	44.72	44.93	40.42	130.3	130.3	127.4	173.3	174.2	163.1
- Street railways	7,646	288,634	37.75	37.79	35.58	153.0	152.2	137.4	202.7	201.8	171.6
- Steam railway operations	10,837	538,583	49.70	49.97	43.44	116.8	117.3	120.7	161.0	162.6	145.5
- Construction	8,693	300,218	34.54	33.66	31.57	71.4	77.7	87.4	104.3	110.6	89.9
- Building	3,211	108,099	33.67	35.14	35.91	69.3	68.7	53.3	76.2	78.9	62.2
- Railway	4,072	144,807	35.56	32.83	29.99	73.2	83.1	77.4	131.7	138.1	117.4
- Services	4,107	92,146	22.44	22.92	20.01	146.2	143.2	142.9	196.8	196.2	171.5
- Retail trade	15,192	448,857	29.56	29.92	27.08	141.6	137.5	128.8	179.7	176.8	151.2
- Wholesale trade	6,637	234,564	35.34	35.14	33.46	150.1	130.1	117.6	162.2	160.3	141.1
- All Industries	98,354	3,552,610	35.02	35.81	32.75	119.3	119.9	113.5	161.4	161.6	140.0
Saskatchewan											
- Manufacturing	9,793	347,539	35.49	36.04	31.99	127.6	127.6	128.0	164.7	167.3	149.7
- Animal products - edible	3,012	98,448	32.69	33.97	29.27	147.5	148.9	156.7	190.6	199.9	188.9
- Street railways	4,464	142,696	31.97	32.51	32.73	105.4	99.9	93.9	132.7	128.0	121.0
- Steam railway operations	4,852	275,111	56.70	57.15	48.60	127.0	124.6	122.1	165.2	163.3	136.1
- Construction	7,098	244,072	34.39	34.02	31.06	76.1	80.8	61.9	125.7	132.1	91.9
- Highway	1,576	52,358	33.25	32.26	31.59	50.0	50.0	40.4	82.1	79.7	62.4
- Railway	3,641	130,376	35.81	35.20	31.31	80.9	95.1	72.5	133.3	153.9	104.5
- Retail trade	6,494	185,462	28.60	27.49	25.93	127.4	125.2	122.0	176.2	166.3	151.8
- Wholesale trade	3,942	135,712	34.43	34.40	31.49	115.5	114.5	103.9	159.7	158.1	131.9
- All Industries	41,041	1,458,177	36.53	36.55	32.13	114.1	113.9	107.0	156.2	156.2	132.4
Alberta											
- Manufacturing	20,097	715,053	35.58	34.88	32.44	133.7	136.1	133.4	183.8	183.3	161.2
- Animal products - edible	3,867	136,958	35.42	35.21	31.02	133.1	140.5	147.9	170.1	178.5	165.6
- Plant products - edible	2,498	80,602	32.27	30.89	30.34	146.4	152.6	132.0	189.5	189.2	160.6
- Iron and steel	4,417	176,630	39.99	39.02	36.21	122.4	121.4	118.1	172.2	166.8	150.2
- Mining	11,240	509,835	45.36	42.98	44.24	151.6	153.9	139.3	187.7	180.6	178.5
- Coal	8,300	378,376	45.59	41.40	44.06	155.5	160.2	163.7	213.6	199.7	204.0
- Transportation	11,392	525,051	46.09	45.68	41.47	129.7	127.7	123.5	176.5	172.2	151.5
- Street railways	4,176	154,700	37.05	38.28	35.69	128.8	126.0	113.6	156.1	160.3	135.8
- Steam railway operations	7,130	367,129	51.49	50.05	44.58	130.0	127.6	127.7	187.6	179.2	159.7
- Construction	9,734	350,733	36.03	35.40	31.83	85.0	82.1	74.4	139.7	132.6	108.0
- Highway	4,083	143,823	35.22	35.60	31.44	82.5	79.7	70.0	128.3	125.2	97.0
- Railway	2,877	109,109	37.92	35.94	31.82	66.2	66.2	69.3	130.3	123.5	114.5
- Services	3,699	90,868	24.57	24.37	22.24	120.6	119.3	112.1	166.3	163.2	140.4
- Retail trade	9,699	277,713	28.63	28.88	26.72	133.3	131.0	119.1	180.2	177.4	149.9
- Wholesale trade	4,777	166,095	34.77	35.46	32.25	131.0	129.7	123.0	168.3	166.9	142.8
- All Industries	74,392	2,750,978	36.98	36.28	33.92	127.1	127.2	120.1	176.2	173.1	152.9

Table 4.- Number of Persons Employed at Apr. 1, 1947 by the Co-operating Establishments in Certain Industries in the Eight Leading Cities, and Aggregate and Average Weekly Earnings of Such Employees, Together with Average Weekly Earnings at Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946 and Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls as at Apr. 1, 1947, Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946, Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.

(The latest figures are subject to revision)

Cities and Industries	No. of Employees Reported at Apr. 1, 1947	Aggregate Weekly Pay- rolls at Apr. 1, 1947	Average Weekly Earnings at				Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.					
			Apr. 1				Employment			Aggregate Payrolls		
			1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946		Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946
		\$	\$	\$	\$							
<b>Montreal</b> - Manufacturing	185,015	8,583,538	38.42	38.06	33.06		120.3	120.6	115.5	165.3	164.0	148.2
Plant products - edible	9,973	311,247	31.21	30.88	29.37		111.3	111.3	104.1	161.2	159.5	141.4
Pulp and paper	11,418	432,455	37.88	37.44	33.99		136.7	137.0	132.4	182.3	180.6	157.6
Textiles	37,532	1,101,794	29.36	29.04	26.66		111.6	111.5	103.8	164.3	161.4	147.1
Tobacco	6,274	182,583	29.16	28.60	27.32		106.8	108.1	98.9	180.5	179.2	156.6
Iron and steel	48,030	1,971,245	41.04	40.67	38.86		106.5	108.3	109.6	138.6	139.6	136.0
Communications	6,093	248,320	40.75	40.27	40.29		191.4	186.0	152.5	210.1	204.9	165.6
Transportation	13,368	503,225	37.64	38.38	31.50		106.9	101.9	92.5	143.9	143.8	104.2
Construction	16,981	605,082	35.94	37.88	33.87		143.8	151.3	115.9	193.7	216.4	151.0
Services	12,285	297,422	24.24	23.94	22.28		148.2	147.2	142.2	207.3	201.9	183.2
Trade	41,670	1,307,477	31.38	31.36	28.91		130.0	129.2	119.4	161.7	159.2	138.4
<b>Montreal</b> - All Industries	275,494	9,523,320	34.57	34.54	32.08		124.0	123.9	116.2	167.1	166.8	145.6
<b>Quebec</b> - Manufacturing	14,885	465,634	31.28	30.80	29.94		91.7	90.6	88.6	132.4	128.9	118.2
Iron and steel	2,706	112,803	41.69	40.13	38.74		105.4	101.8	90.1	150.7	140.1	118.7
Transportation	1,385	46,110	33.29	33.72	30.71		145.9	151.2	129.9	175.4	184.1	152.8
Construction	2,159	68,064	31.53	34.17	30.70		90.1	93.2	93.8	159.2	178.2	160.9
Services	1,528	31,796	20.81	21.23	17.56		137.0	135.6	140.9	208.2	210.2	180.7
Trade	4,547	114,388	25.18	25.68	23.65		132.7	128.0	128.8	164.9	161.7	149.5
<b>Quebec</b> - All Industries	25,067	744,240	29.69	29.81	27.53		102.4	101.5	99.3	144.6	144.0	130.3
<b>Toronto</b> - Manufacturing	166,615	6,150,614	36.92	36.51	33.64		118.8	118.5	113.2	162.2	159.6	140.7
Plant products - edible	13,909	405,837	29.18	29.00	27.39		127.3	129.1	117.4	154.2	158.4	134.0
Pulp and paper	20,801	791,151	38.03	37.48	34.31		134.4	135.8	126.0	171.4	170.7	147.1
Textiles	20,821	653,003	31.36	30.88	28.91		105.4	104.3	104.0	155.7	152.3	140.7
Chemicals	11,061	408,869	36.96	36.96	32.94		136.9	134.8	137.7	195.0	193.9	175.2
Electrical apparatus	15,975	592,581	37.42	37.10	33.78		170.2	167.6	142.1	231.5	227.8	173.1
Iron and steel	33,390	1,346,258	40.32	39.89	37.21		55.2	94.2	89.2	133.0	130.2	115.7
Communications	5,508	218,134	39.60	39.78	40.42		185.6	184.5	147.8	213.4	213.1	173.6
Transportation	11,487	452,076	39.36	39.66	34.12		149.9	148.0	139.6	195.5	194.6	157.2
Construction	10,610	422,464	39.97	41.00	38.37		123.2	121.9	106.7	152.5	154.6	129.5
Services	11,871	297,125	24.15	23.82	21.30		115.9	116.2	115.1	174.3	172.7	154.3
Trade	46,119	1,565,329	33.94	33.75	30.63		126.9	125.5	117.7	164.9	162.2	137.8
<b>Toronto</b> - All Industries	252,235	9,097,123	36.07	35.81	32.84		122.8	122.1	115.8	164.9	162.7	141.5
<b>Ottawa</b> - Manufacturing	9,551	332,078	34.77	34.39	31.89		95.5	96.0	96.5	133.8	133.1	123.6
Pulp and paper	3,340	124,350	37.23	36.35	33.43		119.2	119.4	118.5	155.1	151.7	138.5
Iron and steel	1,727	64,406	37.29	37.21	33.72		52.7	54.6	56.2	88.3	88.3	84.2
Construction	3,268	106,843	32.69	35.33	27.64		131.5	126.1	107.2	182.9	178.9	126.8
Services	2,629	55,591	21.15	21.37	18.06		139.6	136.8	141.2	216.4	214.4	185.5
Trade	5,872	156,582	26.67	26.84	24.35		134.3	129.9	129.8	171.9	167.4	152.0
<b>Ottawa</b> - All Industries	23,770	759,381	31.11	31.15	28.13		118.5	116.7	113.1	159.5	157.5	137.2
<b>Hamilton</b> - Manufacturing	48,211	1,813,027	37.61	38.45	33.38		109.2	107.6	104.7	146.4	147.5	124.5
Textiles	6,821	182,170	26.71	27.03	24.02		98.6	99.4	101.2	131.5	134.3	122.2
Electrical apparatus	6,863	257,696	37.55	37.75	33.11		130.1	129.7	120.4	186.1	186.6	150.6
Iron and steel	21,246	897,244	42.23	44.04	37.58		97.8	94.7	93.0	130.4	131.6	111.9
Construction	2,765	98,558	35.84	36.65	35.00		108.2	103.7	99.4	141.7	138.2	130.6
Trade	5,393	161,970	30.03	30.53	27.57		116.1	114.0	111.4	151.6	149.1	131.7
<b>Hamilton</b> - All Industries	60,009	2,183,514	36.39	37.21	32.73		111.9	109.8	106.4	148.4	148.9	126.9
<b>Windsor</b> - Manufacturing	29,888	1,333,765	44.63	44.73	43.19		106.8	105.6	109.8	121.1	120.0	120.4
Iron and steel	23,683	1,086,578	45.87	46.12	44.68		100.5	99.1	105.1	113.6	112.6	115.4
Construction	1,014	39,347	38.69	39.37	37.77		151.5	149.6	135.9	199.7	202.2	173.5
Trade	2,001	59,947	29.96	30.91	28.68		119.2	115.2	111.8	136.6	136.2	121.0
<b>Windsor</b> - All Industries	35,106	1,512,426	43.08	43.20	41.84		109.9	108.7	111.2	126.1	125.0	123.4
<b>Winnipeg</b> - Manufacturing	32,646	1,120,965	34.34	33.96	31.64		121.7	122.5	117.0	165.0	164.2	145.5
Animal products - edible	4,254	159,241	37.43	37.03	32.63		114.7	123.7	135.3	163.5	174.4	169.4
Textiles	4,076	103,411	25.37	25.16	23.17		119.0	118.4	111.3	170.8	168.6	145.5
Chemicals	665	23,406	35.20	34.00	31.35		113.5	113.2	122.8	152.1	145.5	147.3
Iron and steel	10,581	407,898	38.55	37.76	35.33		111.2	110.5	104.0	158.5	154.3	134.3
Communications	1,642	48,172	29.34	28.50	27.70		130.5	133.3	119.2	139.4	139.3	120.2
Transportation	4,124	152,518	36.98	38.03	33.78		142.9	142.2	139.6	179.7	183.9	160.2
Construction	2,786	100,140	35.94	35.38	36.45		62.1	68.4	48.9	74.7	81.1	59.4
Services	3,885	86,147	22.17	22.61	19.91		150.1	147.1	147.8	198.6	198.5	175.3
Trade	19,484	612,086	31.41	31.73	28.98		139.9	136.5	127.4	177.0	174.8	150.2
<b>Winnipeg</b> - All Industries	64,576	2,120,362	32.83	32.82	30.37		124.3	124.2	116.2	160.2	160.0	139.2
<b>Vancouver</b> - Manufacturing	33,403	1,295,559	38.79	38.84	35.19		133.6	132.7	127.6	183.4	182.4	159.1
Lumber products	8,001	317,587	39.69	40.46	33.46		131.3	132.5	113.6	182.9	188.2	134.2
Iron and steel	9,935	415,832	41.84	41.93	39.78		116.1	112.5	125.6	166.4	161.5	170.9
Communications	3,584	116,607	32.54	32.46	28.61		154.2	151.3	132.8	204.3	182.1	154.8
Transportation	11,066	414,926	37.50	37.93	35.71		198.3	201.2	154.7	239.3	245.5	178.1
Construction	7,825	300,667	38.42	39.92	34.09		240.0	232.8	166.9	321.7	324.1	202.5
Services	5,810	150,538	25.91	26.14	23.75		171.8	167.0	145.0	234.3	229.9	186.6
Trade	18,651	594,370	32.14	31.50	29.27		140.1	140.4	124.3	197.0	193.4	160.6
<b>Vancouver</b> - All Industries	80,380	2,879,430	35.82	35.78	32.74		152.2	151.3	133.7	205.2	204.3	165.6



Table 5.- Number of Persons Employed at Apr. 1, 1947, by the Co-operating Establishments in Certain Industries in Specified Cities and Aggregate and Average Weekly Earnings of Such Employees, with Average Weekly Earnings at Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946, and Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls as at Apr. 1 and Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946, Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Cities and Industries	No. of Employees Reported at Apr. 1, 1947	Aggregate Weekly Payrolls at Apr. 1, 1947	Average Weekly Earnings at			Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941, as 100 p.c.					
			Apr. 1 Mar. 1 Apr. 1			Employment			Payrolls		
			1947	1947	1946	Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946	Apr. 1 1947	Mar. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1946
		\$	\$	\$	\$						
<u>Halifax</u> - Manufacturing	8,962	333,806	37.25	35.44	33.57	120.8	121.6	142.0	197.7	189.1	209.0
Plant products - edible	1,023	26,406	25.81	26.87	23.34	77.0	75.2	69.0	120.8	118.2	97.9
Iron and steel	4,824	201,135	41.69	38.13	35.96	154.5	157.3	207.9	256.9	239.2	298.0
Transportation	3,527	106,327	30.15	31.84	27.52	291.6	346.9	390.9	350.8	440.8	422.1
Construction	2,551	83,097	32.57	32.32	30.89	104.4	104.5	87.9	121.1	120.2	96.5
Services	1,016	21,906	21.56	21.25	18.29	91.8	91.0	89.5	130.9	127.9	119.9
Trade	4,348	137,102	28.28	28.39	25.42	126.0	127.0	127.4	163.9	166.7	161.5
- All Industries	23,074	755,722	32.75	32.31	29.80	128.1	132.2	142.2	185.1	188.4	188.0
<u>Saint John</u> - Manufacturing	5,549	191,049	34.43	33.60	33.16	111.5	110.1	112.6	175.0	168.2	171.9
Iron and steel	1,243	53,998	43.44	41.35	43.75	93.4	97.6	111.9	148.3	147.6	199.2
Trade	3,015	82,789	27.46	27.55	27.47	107.2	105.9	101.8	150.5	149.2	140.9
- All Industries	14,975	492,093	32.86	31.12	30.60	140.9	134.0	135.1	213.6	192.5	191.3
<u>Sherbrooke</u> - Manufacturing	7,845	232,565	29.64	30.19	27.22	109.2	108.9	106.4	155.0	157.4	138.9
Textiles	4,292	116,210	27.09	27.23	24.95	101.0	101.8	101.2	148.6	150.7	137.3
Iron and steel	2,178	78,047	35.33	37.89	33.25	109.2	105.0	98.0	149.8	152.4	122.3
- All Industries	10,016	294,791	29.43	29.94	27.13	110.9	111.5	106.5	157.0	159.9	138.2
<u>Three Rivers</u> - Manufacturing	7,865	270,255	34.36	34.96	31.95	124.0	121.8	110.1	154.3	154.3	127.4
Pulp and paper	3,464	154,384	44.57	45.29	40.09	120.9	116.2	95.3	166.3	162.5	118.0
Textiles	2,315	48,854	21.10	21.99	19.73	99.5	100.4	94.5	121.0	127.3	107.5
- All Industries	10,290	339,365	32.98	33.42	30.80	124.4	121.6	105.3	158.7	157.1	125.4
<u>Kitchener</u> - Manufacturing	16,264	561,853	34.55	34.29	30.36	133.9	134.3	125.9	202.3	201.4	167.2
Animal products - edible	1,247	45,189	36.24	35.31	32.69	115.7	115.3	110.7	171.1	166.2	147.7
Leather and products	1,690	59,590	35.26	35.31	31.26	101.6	101.6	99.3	159.5	159.5	138.0
Lumber products	1,833	61,668	33.64	33.07	29.69	145.3	146.8	135.9	211.3	209.9	174.4
Rubber products	5,550	205,410	37.01	36.91	31.33	167.1	167.2	156.3	258.7	257.5	204.9
Textiles	1,683	48,219	28.65	28.01	23.80	97.5	97.3	94.8	158.1	154.2	127.6
Iron and steel	1,395	51,856	37.17	36.59	33.25	135.0	139.2	139.9	203.4	206.4	167.7
- All Industries	19,437	670,508	34.50	34.22	30.70	131.5	129.9	121.1	196.4	195.2	163.3
<u>London</u> - Manufacturing	15,714	519,462	33.06	33.60	30.83	135.6	135.5	123.3	178.5	180.9	151.2
Plant products - edible	2,290	66,898	29.21	30.04	28.20	144.1	146.0	124.7	192.0	200.2	160.5
Pulp and paper	2,389	76,457	32.01	32.42	30.65	152.2	157.5	126.4	184.3	193.1	146.3
Textiles	1,420	34,700	24.44	24.94	21.95	86.1	85.5	82.9	111.3	113.3	96.6
Iron and steel	4,148	153,830	37.09	37.62	33.54	144.8	144.8	141.2	193.5	196.2	171.1
Trade	3,506	105,775	30.17	30.11	28.33	143.7	144.5	117.0	166.0	166.6	136.3
- All Industries	24,962	819,548	32.33	33.04	30.63	139.9	139.4	122.9	179.6	180.3	148.9
<u>Ft. William</u> - Manufacturing	5,855	244,577	41.77	41.93	37.75	63.9	61.8	55.9	100.2	97.4	78.7
Pulp and paper	2,201	98,296	44.66	45.30	40.66	140.2	139.1	134.2	170.0	171.2	148.2
Iron and steel	2,130	86,298	40.52	40.12	37.63	31.5	31.0	25.3	52.0	50.6	38.8
Transportation	1,257	46,495	36.99	36.27	36.93	88.9	87.6	93.9	78.6	80.2	82.8
Trade	1,594	46,779	29.35	29.32	26.51	114.4	112.7	105.5	158.4	156.2	129.8
- All Industries	10,158	383,102	37.71	38.02	34.40	71.0	69.2	64.6	100.4	98.7	83.0
<u>Regina</u> - Manufacturing	2,194	77,273	35.22	35.29	32.93	99.5	100.6	102.0	119.3	120.9	114.0
Animal products - edible	459	15,933	34.49	35.26	30.30	116.9	124.8	143.3	142.3	155.3	156.9
Iron and steel	213	6,327	29.70	30.34	33.40	30.9	30.3	25.6	31.9	32.1	29.9
Trade	4,749	144,105	30.34	28.93	26.93	137.2	134.1	120.2	183.9	170.7	145.3
- All Industries	10,591	345,074	31.68	31.12	28.75	119.7	118.0	111.3	164.2	159.0	139.5
<u>Saskatoon</u> - Manufacturing	2,105	71,725	34.07	34.65	31.30	177.1	172.7	169.9	220.8	219.9	198.3
Animal products - edible	813	27,574	33.92	35.07	30.25	224.0	209.1	230.0	287.9	277.9	263.7
Trade	2,592	78,685	30.36	30.46	27.28	119.7	118.2	115.7	172.5	170.9	148.9
- All Industries	6,912	215,301	31.15	31.42	28.42	138.1	135.3	128.7	195.7	193.4	166.0
<u>Calgary</u> - Manufacturing	7,386	273,263	37.00	36.08	33.92	125.9	126.9	127.9	173.9	170.9	147.3
Animal products - edible	1,233	42,535	34.50	33.60	30.20	132.2	131.6	141.6	162.4	157.5	152.3
Plant products - edible	1,038	33,103	31.89	31.73	28.72	143.1	140.6	128.9	187.5	183.3	149.3
Iron and steel	2,185	87,006	39.92	38.97	36.00	116.5	115.0	106.7	158.0	152.7	130.2
Construction	1,524	50,599	33.19	34.97	31.26	83.0	75.9	57.4	133.4	128.5	87.6
Trade	6,498	205,596	31.64	31.71	29.52	126.9	125.5	114.2	164.2	162.7	137.4
- All Industries	19,544	665,556	34.06	33.99	31.97	123.4	121.6	115.4	166.6	164.0	141.1
<u>Edmonton</u> - Manufacturing	6,719	235,436	35.04	34.66	32.34	124.4	127.8	129.0	174.4	177.3	167.0
Animal products - edible	2,407	87,750	36.46	36.44	32.02	124.9	136.2	141.0	173.9	169.5	172.4
Iron and steel	1,456	56,923	39.10	38.20	36.72	119.0	117.1	122.7	180.5	173.4	174.7
Construction	1,694	61,464	36.28	35.92	31.87	146.1	142.9	125.5	188.0	169.6	139.9
Trade	5,742	167,588	29.19	29.74	27.31	156.6	153.7	145.2	194.7	194.3	167.9
- All Industries	18,573	604,059	32.52	32.29	30.21	134.7	134.5	128.3	179.9	178.4	158.9
<u>Victoria</u> - Manufacturing	6,639	252,786	38.08	38.09	35.43	172.6	179.6	171.3	227.6	236.5	209.1
Lumber products	1,176	47,181	40.12	39.62	33.97	111.1	108.9	101.9	167.0	164.2	128.2
Iron and steel	3,421	128,550	37.58	38.33	36.97	257.4	284.1	273.6	314.4	353.9	329.3
Transportation	1,026	39,338	38.34	39.21	33.80	165.1	162.4	154.2	197.2	198.3	161.5
Trade	2,965	81,472	27.43	27.05	24.68	139.2	140.1	123.1	180.4	178.9	144.2
- All Industries	13,327	458,463	34.40	34.45	31.60	153.4	155.7	144.8	210.4	213.9	182.6

TABLE 6.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY PROVINCES AND ECONOMIC AREAS.  
(AVERAGE CALENDAR YEAR 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

	CANADA	Maritime Provinces	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	Manitoba	Sask- atchewan	Alberta	British Columbia
Apr. 1, 1930	107.8	107.9	-	-	-	103.7	112.7	103.2	-	-	-	106.0
Apr. 1, 1931	99.7	102.3	-	-	-	98.5	102.4	97.7	-	-	-	92.4
Apr. 1, 1932	87.5	88.3	-	-	-	95.0	91.1	86.1	-	-	-	80.9
Apr. 1, 1933	76.0	78.3	-	-	-	73.1	78.3	78.3	-	-	-	68.8
Apr. 1, 1934	91.3	95.1	-	-	-	85.1	98.7	93.3	-	-	-	86.6
Apr. 1, 1935	93.4	95.8	-	-	-	85.9	100.7	86.9	-	-	-	91.8
Apr. 1, 1936	97.4	101.9	-	-	-	91.4	103.4	90.5	-	-	-	95.9
Apr. 1, 1937	103.0	105.4	-	-	-	102.2	108.8	99.4	-	-	-	97.6
Apr. 1, 1938	105.0	103.6	80.0	115.6	90.5	107.4	109.6	89.4	89.2	87.4	91.0	100.2
Apr. 1, 1939	104.9	99.7	88.3	114.7	82.3	109.4	108.0	91.7	88.9	91.9	95.9	100.5
Apr. 1, 1940	111.9	111.9	94.0	123.7	98.4	112.2	118.8	96.7	94.8	94.4	101.2	102.8
Apr. 1, 1941	141.3	135.6	93.4	151.2	119.4	143.1	152.0	116.7	113.3	106.6	128.5	129.4
Apr. 1, 1942	165.2	155.6	92.0	175.0	135.3	176.8	174.8	127.2	125.5	112.9	139.4	149.6
Apr. 1, 1943	180.6	171.3	108.0	190.6	150.9	195.7	185.6	135.3	133.1	121.7	147.6	185.0
Jan. 1, 1944	185.7	186.3	128.0	196.9	176.4	201.3	185.4	149.5	141.6	137.5	169.7	190.2
Feb. 1	183.2	177.1	126.8	189.9	163.9	198.5	184.8	145.1	139.5	129.5	163.8	188.0
Mar. 1	181.7	175.1	132.7	190.6	157.9	197.1	183.9	142.3	136.9	129.0	159.4	186.3
Apr. 1	180.5	177.3	140.5	190.7	162.4	194.2	182.9	142.6	139.2	130.3	156.0	184.7
May 1	178.2	176.6	123.1	200.3	149.5	190.4	180.9	141.0	138.2	130.6	152.2	183.3
June 1	180.5	178.2	133.6	197.4	156.4	194.3	182.1	145.2	141.6	138.3	155.3	183.6
July 1	183.5	187.9	136.7	205.5	168.5	195.3	185.1	148.4	144.0	143.2	158.5	187.5
Aug. 1	184.3	185.8	138.0	200.7	169.9	197.7	185.0	151.6	145.5	148.1	163.3	185.7
Sept. 1	185.5	184.5	134.4	199.2	168.9	200.0	186.5	150.3	143.3	145.5	164.0	188.1
Oct. 1	183.3	189.1	133.9	205.7	171.5	193.8	185.9	148.0	142.1	140.1	162.1	185.6
Nov. 1	183.9	187.1	132.3	204.5	168.3	196.7	185.9	148.1	143.9	141.8	158.5	182.5
Dec. 1	185.7	191.8	133.5	210.4	171.9	197.6	188.0	151.9	147.3	145.3	163.2	182.5
Jan. 1, 1945	180.4	182.5	123.2	187.9	179.3	191.1	184.2	149.2	145.0	141.1	160.9	175.9
Feb. 1	178.9	179.9	123.7	192.4	167.6	189.1	184.3	145.3	142.4	134.8	156.5	172.0
Mar. 1	178.2	179.9	141.2	191.7	167.2	188.5	184.2	141.2	137.6	130.9	153.3	172.0
Apr. 1	176.9	180.5	121.0	192.3	169.2	185.2	183.0	141.2	137.3	132.2	153.2	173.0
May 1	175.5	183.1	113.9	196.7	170.1	184.9	180.1	139.3	135.2	132.0	150.3	172.4
June 1	175.3	181.0	121.8	191.9	170.7	184.3	178.9	141.8	137.6	136.5	151.6	175.5
July 1	175.5	177.7	128.8	194.7	159.0	181.9	179.8	144.6	138.9	140.7	155.7	180.4
Aug. 1	175.0	176.4	127.9	192.9	158.2	181.6	177.9	147.5	141.3	144.4	158.9	180.1
Sept. 1	172.8	173.2	131.2	189.1	155.5	178.1	175.2	147.2	140.9	142.6	159.9	183.6
Oct. 1	168.7	170.5	124.2	185.7	153.9	175.0	169.6	147.4	141.1	142.6	160.2	174.2
Nov. 1	171.2	178.2	123.1	193.6	161.9	178.8	170.8	150.6	145.4	145.9	161.7	172.5
Dec. 1	173.2	186.7	124.9	199.5	174.1	179.4	173.1	153.6	148.1	148.5	165.4	171.5
Jan. 1, 1946	168.2	169.5	120.4	176.2	164.1	171.8	172.2	150.6	144.8	143.4	164.0	163.7
Feb. 1	167.2	165.7	122.2	172.3	159.9	170.4	173.9	145.7	140.1	136.2	160.4	159.8
Mar. 1	167.0	164.4	125.1	172.1	157.0	171.9	173.6	145.3	139.7	135.7	160.0	156.4
Apr. 1	169.9	168.9	127.5	173.0	166.0	172.5	175.5	146.9	141.5	136.3	161.6	160.7
May 1	169.3	167.9	133.7	176.1	159.2	170.3	176.7	149.1	142.4	143.3	163.0	163.9
June 1	169.9	172.9	132.2	180.4	165.7	174.8	178.4	153.3	144.3	149.4	169.6	139.3
July 1	173.6	176.0	136.0	184.1	168.2	175.4	179.6	158.2	148.4	153.3	176.3	162.2
Aug. 1	172.8	168.4	142.4	177.1	158.8	177.5	174.8	161.0	150.4	156.5	179.9	170.4
Sept. 1	175.5	171.9	146.4	178.4	165.1	181.4	176.1	162.0	151.9	157.0	180.5	176.9
Oct. 1	178.1	176.7	139.8	185.5	167.8	184.7	179.0	161.1	153.6	166.5	175.3	179.3
Nov. 1	182.7	179.0	139.7	193.7	162.7	189.1	185.1	163.8	157.4	160.9	175.4	182.2
Dec. 1	185.7	184.5	137.7	193.2	176.2	192.7	188.2	164.7	157.7	160.3	178.1	184.6
Jan. 1, 1947	181.0	169.4	128.9	169.0	172.4	186.7	186.7	158.3	151.3	148.4	175.4	180.4
Feb. 1	180.7	168.0	124.7	172.3	165.2	186.2	187.6	154.6	148.3	142.9	171.7	180.8
Mar. 1	180.4	148.9	124.0	138.1	164.4	188.4	188.7	155.4	149.5	145.1	171.1	180.9
Apr. 1	180.7	152.6	127.4	138.0	172.9	186.3	189.8	155.0	148.8	145.3	170.9	183.5

Relative Weight of Employment by Provinces and Economic Areas as at April 1, 1947.

100.0    6.4    .1    3.2    3.1    30.1    42.6    11.5    5.3    2.0    4.0    9.4

Note:- The "Relative Weight", as given just above, shows the proportion of employees in the indicated area, to the total number of all employees reported in Canada by the firms making returns at the date under review.



TABLE 7.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY PRINCIPAL CITIES  
(AVERAGE CALENDAR YEAR 1926=100)

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

	Montreal	Quebec	Toronto	Ottawa	Hamilton	Windsor	Winnipeg	Vancouver
Apr. 1, 1930	109.2	111.7	116.5	116.2	120.4	140.9	103.4	110.4
Apr. 1, 1931	106.2	122.2	109.5	121.8	109.8	104.2	97.3	101.9
Apr. 1, 1932	91.2	102.0	97.8	101.7	87.4	89.8	86.8	87.8
Apr. 1, 1933	76.4	92.7	85.0	85.3	70.9	79.0	78.0	79.0
Apr. 1, 1934	82.1	95.4	92.7	97.6	83.0	102.9	79.7	84.8
Apr. 1, 1935	83.8	93.4	94.8	99.3	87.7	132.6	83.5	89.7
Apr. 1, 1936	88.3	91.7	98.7	103.1	96.8	131.2	88.1	100.1
Apr. 1, 1937	96.8	93.3	105.8	101.9	108.2	151.4	91.6	104.4
Apr. 1, 1938	100.6	100.4	106.0	101.7	106.4	148.9	89.6	104.6
Apr. 1, 1939	102.2	118.1	106.1	107.3	99.1	139.1	88.3	107.4
Apr. 1, 1940	108.8	108.1	115.9	110.6	116.4	155.1	95.4	111.5
Apr. 1, 1941	134.0	151.2	145.4	142.3	151.4	221.9	114.8	139.9
Apr. 1, 1942	160.3	207.8	174.8	156.6	181.5	266.8	127.4	177.9
Apr. 1, 1943	185.2	265.0	194.3	165.2	191.5	309.6	134.7	240.4
Jan. 1, 1944	191.2	277.8	198.0	165.7	180.0	299.2	147.2	256.3
Feb. 1	190.9	271.6	197.5	161.3	179.6	297.0	145.8	254.0
Mar. 1	190.3	271.2	198.0	160.7	178.9	297.0	142.4	251.6
Apr. 1	190.0	270.7	197.8	161.5	179.7	295.4	144.4	247.2
May 1	188.9	269.1	197.7	163.0	178.9	288.4	142.4	242.9
June 1	188.9	268.1	197.5	165.2	178.7	288.0	144.3	243.5
July 1	188.1	270.5	199.8	168.1	183.8	288.5	144.8	247.0
Aug. 1	186.3	269.6	197.3	170.5	181.6	289.7	145.5	237.6
Sept. 1	186.2	271.4	198.0	170.9	180.3	288.4	143.0	237.4
Oct. 1	185.6	268.7	195.8	170.1	180.3	284.1	144.6	232.0
Nov. 1	184.1	263.7	196.8	170.8	182.4	286.8	146.6	229.0
Dec. 1	182.8	247.8	198.0	172.8	185.5	289.5	151.3	232.6
Jan. 1, 1945	177.1	237.5	192.9	174.7	179.8	284.2	149.8	222.9
Feb. 1	177.2	231.0	191.4	167.7	182.4	280.8	147.3	222.9
Mar. 1	176.7	229.6	190.5	164.8	182.8	280.3	140.5	223.0
Apr. 1	177.1	230.8	189.4	163.7	183.3	277.2	139.9	223.9
May 1	176.7	230.4	188.4	160.7	181.9	273.6	138.3	223.2
June 1	175.6	229.1	186.4	159.1	176.7	270.0	139.4	228.1
July 1	174.1	227.7	186.8	161.5	177.1	266.9	139.0	232.8
Aug. 1	171.8	221.7	180.6	158.8	173.6	267.8	140.1	231.3
Sept. 1	169.2	210.7	179.8	156.7	168.9	258.4	139.9	229.7
Oct. 1	164.5	196.3	173.3	156.2	168.4	162.9	140.7	209.3
Nov. 1	164.9	189.6	174.7	159.0	169.2	162.2	146.1	207.4
Dec. 1	165.7	173.3	177.7	168.0	172.6	123.7	150.4	206.3
Jan. 1, 1946	158.8	167.1	173.0	168.6	169.1	181.3	147.5	197.5
Feb. 1	160.0	158.9	174.1	165.2	170.2	228.1	142.0	192.8
Mar. 1	161.1	159.4	174.8	167.0	168.9	226.9	141.2	187.1
Apr. 1	164.0	162.7	177.5	170.4	172.3	255.7	142.7	189.7
May 1	166.5	162.8	177.5	171.9	172.8	263.8	144.9	191.7
June 1	169.0	164.4	176.8	170.8	173.0	266.7	145.7	179.8
July 1	169.9	167.7	176.9	173.1	175.9	241.2	149.9	191.8
Aug. 1	168.1	171.5	174.5	175.7	144.7	237.1	151.7	194.0
Sept. 1	172.7	172.5	176.4	177.3	141.7	232.6	153.4	201.2
Oct. 1	173.2	173.8	178.2	179.9	142.1	229.6	155.6	204.1
Nov. 1	174.4	175.0	181.5	180.6	172.9	240.7	159.8	210.0
Dec. 1	177.9	174.2	187.2	183.7	176.2	244.4	161.9	216.4
Jan. 1, 1947	174.1	169.5	185.5	184.4	174.9	238.4	154.2	212.9
Feb. 1	173.9	164.9	185.1	177.6	177.7	243.6	151.0	213.6
Mar. 1	174.8	166.3	187.2	175.7	177.8	250.0	151.8	214.7
Apr. 1	174.9	167.9	188.3	178.2	181.2	252.6	151.9	216.0

Relative Weight of Employment by Cities as at April 1, 1947.

14.8      1.3      13.6      1.3      3.2      1.9      3.5      4.3

Note:- The "Relative Weight", as given just above, shows the proportion of employees in the indicated city, to the total number of all employees reported in Canada by the firms making returns at the date under review.

TABLE 8.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRIES,  
(AVERAGE CALENDAR YEAR 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

	All Industries	Manu- facturing	Logging	Mining	Commun- ications	Trans- portation	Con- struction	Services	Trade
Apr. 1, 1930	107.8	111.3	87.6	114.6	117.1	99.5	86.4	126.1	123.1
Apr. 1, 1931	99.7	99.7	42.9	108.1	103.3	94.3	96.8	122.0	125.1
Apr. 1, 1932	87.5	87.3	31.1	101.0	93.9	81.9	79.9	113.9	114.3
Apr. 1, 1933	76.0	76.0	35.6	91.4	84.5	74.2	54.7	102.5	107.6
Apr. 1, 1934	91.3	88.1	104.9	103.3	76.8	75.9	95.8	111.8	116.1
Apr. 1, 1935	93.4	93.9	104.3	117.7	77.7	76.3	80.2	111.4	117.4
Apr. 1, 1936	97.4	101.1	102.6	128.2	77.7	78.5	71.8	118.5	121.0
Apr. 1, 1937	103.0	110.8	132.5	146.0	81.4	79.5	53.7	122.7	127.5
Apr. 1, 1938	105.0	110.8	115.0	151.3	82.5	78.5	71.6	129.8	127.1
Apr. 1, 1939	104.9	107.1	64.0	157.4	81.2	79.3	91.6	131.4	131.1
Apr. 1, 1940	111.9	123.4	90.0	164.4	83.2	82.8	59.6	133.4	137.6
Apr. 1, 1941	141.3	158.2	166.2	174.1	93.4	94.3	100.2	158.3	149.1
Apr. 1, 1942	165.2	199.4	208.7	175.0	101.8	99.0	98.0	172.8	153.0
Apr. 1, 1943	180.6	224.3	189.0	160.6	102.8	109.4	118.8	181.2	148.8
Jan. 1, 1944	185.7	226.4	260.7	156.1	105.1	117.5	105.8	194.3	172.0
Feb. 1	183.2	227.3	271.8	159.5	105.1	114.2	90.9	195.9	159.9
Mar. 1	181.7	226.5	270.4	159.3	104.9	114.8	85.3	196.8	156.5
Apr. 1	180.5	225.5	240.5	159.1	105.5	117.1	81.8	198.9	159.4
May 1	178.2	223.2	162.4	155.4	106.1	120.9	87.2	200.7	160.4
June 1	180.5	223.1	175.9	152.9	107.8	122.4	101.3	202.2	161.3
July 1	183.5	225.8	175.4	153.1	110.0	124.4	110.8	207.7	161.2
Aug. 1	184.3	225.0	155.6	155.1	112.9	125.2	124.5	207.9	161.7
Sept. 1	185.5	226.2	155.0	152.4	113.1	124.1	130.8	207.1	162.0
Oct. 1	183.3	223.7	181.0	150.6	111.6	125.2	114.2	205.4	165.7
Nov. 1	183.8	221.3	239.8	149.2	110.7	123.9	112.7	204.6	170.3
Dec. 1	185.7	220.1	300.9	151.5	110.6	124.2	109.5	204.6	179.5
Jan. 1, 1945	180.4	212.7	313.0	146.4	110.7	122.3	98.2	201.1	180.8
Feb. 1	178.9	215.0	312.3	151.5	110.2	118.2	89.9	198.0	169.4
Mar. 1	178.2	214.3	309.8	150.7	111.2	117.9	89.2	199.0	167.0
Apr. 1	176.9	212.9	267.6	149.5	112.1	120.7	87.0	201.1	172.6
May 1	175.5	210.6	205.8	145.7	112.6	124.4	98.8	202.4	171.0
June 1	175.3	209.0	201.1	144.6	115.5	125.9	103.1	202.4	171.1
July 1	175.5	207.2	184.6	146.5	118.7	126.3	112.6	208.9	172.0
Aug. 1	175.0	204.1	183.2	144.9	121.8	127.8	119.3	211.3	171.4
Sept. 1	172.8	198.6	181.4	143.9	123.4	128.3	123.9	213.1	172.2
Oct. 1	168.7	188.3	205.2	143.6	123.4	127.3	124.7	209.9	176.5
Nov. 1	171.2	186.3	277.1	144.7	125.2	127.4	130.7	210.5	181.7
Dec. 1	173.2	184.2	326.8	150.5	126.7	128.0	132.0	211.2	192.3
Jan. 1, 1946	168.2	179.9	344.4	149.1	127.1	125.2	107.7	207.3	193.6
Feb. 1	167.2	182.8	343.5	150.8	127.3	122.2	102.4	211.9	178.6
Mar. 1	167.0	182.6	339.5	152.9	128.4	121.3	101.3	211.7	179.9
Apr. 1	168.9	184.9	303.6	153.8	132.4	124.0	106.0	217.1	184.8
May 1	169.3	186.2	223.9	155.9	135.4	127.7	115.2	219.1	186.7
June 1	169.9	184.7	193.7	157.5	141.4	126.8	131.1	224.3	187.7
July 1	173.6	187.2	197.0	159.5	146.4	128.3	141.7	233.3	191.1
Aug. 1	172.8	184.2	188.5	156.6	151.1	129.6	148.1	239.8	190.0
Sept. 1	175.5	187.2	193.5	155.7	152.9	131.4	152.3	239.3	192.1
Oct. 1	178.1	188.4	241.7	154.5	151.9	133.2	152.2	235.1	196.8
Nov. 1	182.7	192.8	298.5	156.5	153.6	135.7	151.9	224.9	201.3
Dec. 1	185.7	194.2	353.9	159.8	154.7	135.8	145.8	226.8	212.0
Jan. 1, 1947	181.0	190.6	370.5	154.0	154.9	132.0	125.1	223.7	212.3
Feb. 1	180.7	193.9	375.6	162.1	155.1	129.3	121.2	224.8	196.4
Mar. 1	180.4	194.5	377.0	135.9	156.6	129.9	123.8	226.4	197.4
Apr. 1	180.7	195.3	336.0	138.0	159.0	130.9	127.9	228.5	200.2

Relative Weight of Employment by Industries as at April 1, 1947.

100.0      55.2      5.5      3.5      2.3      9.1      8.9      3.2      12.3

Note:- The "Relative Weight" as given just above, shows the proportion of employees in the indicated industry, to the total number of all employees reported in Canada by the firms making returns at the date under review.



TABLE 9.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRIES (AVERAGE 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Industries	1/Relative Weight	Apr.1 1947	Mar.1 1947	Apr.1 1946	Apr.1 1945	Apr.1 1944	Apr.1 1943	Apr.1 1942
<b>MANUFACTURING</b>	55.2	195.3	194.5	184.9	212.9	225.5	224.3	199.4
Animal products - edible	2.2	203.9	205.5	212.2	204.2	209.9	170.5	162.3
Fur and products	.2	151.7	148.2	157.8	133.7	125.6	128.4	117.2
Leather and products	1.8	161.0	160.7	155.9	140.6	140.2	143.0	142.7
Boots and shoes	1.1	147.0	146.5	142.1	128.9	127.7	128.5	133.2
Lumber and products	4.0	136.2	135.3	122.9	120.2	115.4	110.3	113.9
Rough and dressed lumber	2.2	114.3	113.4	99.4	97.1	90.8	90.0	101.2
Furniture	.9	167.2	166.8	147.1	128.5	123.7	109.2	114.6
Other lumber products	.9	192.6	189.5	187.9	199.9	198.8	188.0	160.8
Musical instruments	.1	41.9	41.6	36.9	28.6	29.5	46.9	40.2
Plant products - edible	3.1	171.1	173.5	157.0	160.5	150.6	136.5	136.2
Pulp and paper products	5.7	167.7	167.8	155.2	137.5	133.0	126.7	132.8
Pulp and paper	2.5	149.9	149.1	137.4	121.2	117.4	115.1	123.2
Paper products	1.1	256.2	255.9	235.2	213.6	209.0	188.8	188.9
Printing and publishing	2.1	161.2	162.6	151.4	133.3	127.7	120.6	126.2
Rubber products	1.3	198.1	196.1	188.6	181.3	169.5	129.4	127.2
Textile products	8.3	175.9	174.7	167.5	160.9	161.4	165.4	169.0
Thread, yarn and cloth	3.0	180.8	180.7	171.1	160.0	160.4	169.5	177.8
Cotton yarn and cloth	1.2	112.2	112.0	111.0	111.0	113.8	123.6	129.6
Woollen yarn and cloth	.8	200.9	203.4	188.7	169.6	171.9	197.4	206.3
Artificial silk and silk goods	.8	781.3	779.7	710.0	627.5	599.0	557.8	580.4
Hosiery and knit goods	1.4	165.8	164.6	160.8	147.2	151.3	138.0	145.4
Garments and personal furnishings	3.0	176.8	174.7	165.2	165.0	162.5	171.0	171.6
Other textile products	.9	175.1	172.3	174.0	178.5	177.4	179.6	173.2
Tobacco	.6	140.7	149.9	127.8	145.8	140.4	160.6	166.0
Beverages	.9	297.9	295.4	282.4	253.6	230.3	214.3	222.3
Chemicals and allied products	2.2	330.8	327.5	327.2	597.0	587.9	692.6	666.5
Clay, glass and stone products	1.1	181.9	178.8	160.3	134.7	137.5	130.1	128.5
Electric light and power	1.3	175.5	175.4	165.2	140.5	134.9	135.3	138.4
Electrical apparatus	2.7	339.9	335.5	281.9	293.2	330.9	292.2	242.7
Iron and steel products	15.4	212.2	210.3	206.8	296.6	341.6	342.3	265.2
Crude, rolled and forged products	1.9	261.5	259.8	257.4	246.2	250.2	254.8	244.2
Machinery (other than vehicles)	1.6	257.9	256.3	232.5	220.6	221.8	253.5	251.7
Agricultural implements	.8	183.1	177.7	166.5	135.2	122.2	135.3	118.5
Land vehicles and aircraft	5.8	171.9	170.9	166.2	261.6	312.6	281.7	230.4
Automobiles and parts	2.3	278.8	270.2	229.1	285.8	294.6	313.8	280.7
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	1.3	492.4	478.3	544.5	1251.3	1552.1	1480.9	760.6
Heating appliances	.4	209.7	206.9	193.0	193.8	164.0	161.9	160.4
Iron and steel fabrication (n.e.s.)	.5	199.1	198.2	176.3	281.9	292.6	335.5	279.2
Foundry and machine shop products	.5	228.3	227.3	222.8	237.2	279.4	287.7	285.6
Other iron and steel products	2.6	222.6	221.9	222.7	338.6	398.0	470.5	347.2
Non-ferrous metal products	2.5	324.3	320.8	291.0	395.1	453.9	483.0	372.6
Non-metallic mineral products	.8	209.4	210.4	217.0	213.7	209.6	204.6	190.8
Miscellaneous	1.0	303.1	307.8	294.0	349.7	371.4	399.2	325.1
<b>LOGGING</b>	5.5	336.0	377.9	303.6	267.6	240.5	189.0	208.7
<b>MINING</b>	3.5	138.0	135.9	155.8	149.5	159.1	160.6	175.0
Coal	.7	49.6	49.5	96.0	94.8	99.2	92.4	97.4
Metallic ores	2.1	299.5	294.4	273.6	261.7	292.5	315.7	357.3
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	.7	193.1	189.1	161.7	160.5	156.2	151.5	153.6
<b>COMMUNICATIONS</b>	2.3	159.0	156.6	132.4	112.1	105.5	102.8	101.8
Telegraphs	.4	133.8	133.5	133.9	127.2	129.1	132.3	117.3
Telephones	1.9	164.5	161.5	151.4	107.6	99.0	94.8	97.5
<b>TRANSPORTATION</b>	9.1	130.9	129.9	124.0	120.7	117.1	109.4	99.0
Street railways and cartage	3.1	218.5	216.7	199.6	166.4	179.9	162.9	146.2
Steam railways	4.8	111.4	111.4	109.8	107.2	105.0	100.3	91.6
Shipping and stevedoring	1.2	97.8	94.2	86.4	95.6	90.9	85.2	74.2
<b>CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE</b>	8.9	127.9	123.8	106.0	87.0	81.8	118.8	98.0
Building	4.1	165.1	161.0	123.1	82.9	83.0	171.3	131.1
Highways	2.7	124.0	112.0	106.8	87.8	79.7	96.3	89.0
Railway	2.1	91.9	95.4	87.5	90.3	82.5	86.2	72.6
<b>SERVICES</b>	3.2	228.5	226.4	217.1	201.1	198.9	181.2	172.8
Hotels and restaurants	2.1	227.1	226.9	210.8	200.5	196.6	173.5	164.5
Personal (chiefly laundries)	1.1	231.2	225.3	229.4	202.3	203.0	194.6	187.1
<b>TRADE</b>	12.3	200.2	197.4	184.8	172.6	159.4	148.8	153.0
Retail	8.9	206.5	202.9	191.0	180.4	166.4	155.7	159.8
Wholesale	3.4	185.5	184.7	169.9	153.6	141.4	130.6	134.7
<b>EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES</b>	100.0	180.7	180.4	168.9	176.9	180.5	180.6	165.2
<b>FINANCE</b>	-	152.8	151.5	143.5	128.8	125.4	122.5	122.9
Banks and trust companies	-	154.3	154.2	144.2	133.0	129.9	126.8	125.5
Brokerage and stock market	-	214.5	214.7	248.3	159.9	135.7	109.0	114.4
Insurance	-	146.1	143.1	136.6	121.3	118.6	117.6	119.9
<b>TOTAL - NINE LEADING INDUSTRIES</b>	-	179.4	179.0	167.7	174.5	177.8	177.8	163.1

1/ The relative weight shows the proportion of employees reported in the indicated industry to the total number of employees reported in Canada by the firms making returns at the date under review.

TABLE 10.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY ECONOMIC AREAS AND INDUSTRIES (AVERAGE 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Areas and Industries		<sup>1/</sup> Relative Weight	Apr.1 1947	Mar.1 1947	Apr.1 1946	Apr.1 1945	Apr.1 1944	Apr.1 1943	Apr.1 1942
Maritime	- Manufacturing	38.7	162.0	163.2	175.6	206.4	212.5	201.3	171.8
Provinces	Lumber products	4.3	108.9	101.6	97.5	113.4	121.4	108.8	101.2
	Pulp and paper	4.9	210.3	208.5	202.1	183.8	180.3	183.8	190.7
	Textile products	3.9	123.2	121.4	107.9	114.8	112.1	115.3	118.7
	Iron and steel	15.6	205.2	206.1	247.5	335.7	362.3	339.3	259.3
	Other manufactures	10.0	146.0	155.0	162.6	164.9	152.2	141.3	136.4
	Logging	8.7	447.9	450.0	345.0	346.1	412.1	313.2	233.0
	Mining	2.9	22.6	20.5	105.6	102.3	107.3	98.0	112.6
	Communications	2.8	138.2	135.4	129.3	122.0	121.3	122.4	111.6
	Transportation	15.8	159.9	163.1	167.3	190.9	175.4	160.1	136.7
	Construction	16.1	200.3	169.0	179.1	167.9	136.3	183.6	173.0
	Services	2.3	268.1	264.1	271.8	297.1	302.1	284.7	271.7
	Trade	12.7	210.0	207.6	208.1	194.6	173.9	164.1	167.6
Maritimes	- All Industries	100.0	152.6	148.9	168.8	180.6	177.3	171.3	155.6
Quebec	- Manufacturing	60.1	200.2	199.5	189.1	224.1	243.6	242.4	211.6
	Lumber products	3.0	149.6	152.0	144.9	131.8	128.6	115.2	121.4
	Pulp and paper	6.7	154.4	152.8	146.4	131.6	128.7	120.7	128.1
	Textile products	14.9	204.9	203.6	195.3	187.8	188.1	190.6	192.9
	Iron and steel	12.7	215.6	216.2	211.8	320.8	384.5	367.1	264.0
	Other manufactures	22.8	216.4	215.2	198.1	248.7	268.7	279.7	245.9
	Logging	7.9	468.4	550.7	422.6	357.2	320.3	253.2	308.3
	Mining	2.5	319.7	312.5	291.7	284.6	314.9	320.5	303.8
	Communications	2.0	162.6	159.1	131.2	109.3	101.4	98.0	100.1
	Transportation	7.3	115.1	113.9	108.3	101.5	99.2	94.2	87.6
	Construction	7.9	102.5	106.1	81.1	66.0	63.1	108.3	93.6
	Services	2.8	207.0	206.0	199.0	188.4	185.3	169.5	159.9
	Trade	9.5	208.9	205.6	192.9	182.1	175.3	160.9	163.3
Quebec	- All Industries	100.0	186.3	186.4	172.5	185.2	194.2	195.7	176.8
Ontario	- Manufacturing	63.6	197.8	196.5	184.8	207.2	213.4	216.5	199.6
	Lumber products	3.1	113.1	112.7	103.6	104.8	98.5	98.5	90.8
	Pulp and paper	6.2	176.2	177.5	159.9	137.9	131.9	126.8	131.3
	Textile products	7.5	147.0	146.2	141.9	133.8	135.3	140.6	146.6
	Iron and steel	20.2	224.5	220.7	209.8	284.0	313.1	327.8	254.6
	Other manufactures	26.6	225.7	225.2	210.9	224.7	221.3	218.1	207.5
	Logging	3.7	315.8	376.4	305.4	261.2	191.6	158.1	164.7
	Mining	3.0	244.1	240.4	219.3	216.1	225.0	245.4	289.0
	Communications	2.2	161.0	158.8	127.5	102.6	94.8	89.0	93.2
	Transportation	6.1	121.4	119.2	114.7	111.3	106.6	100.6	94.1
	Construction	7.3	146.9	137.1	122.0	97.0	86.6	118.5	99.6
	Services	2.9	245.4	244.6	237.9	216.9	220.9	202.3	199.7
	Trade	11.2	200.9	197.7	186.6	174.5	158.3	150.4	157.9
Ontario	- All Industries	100.0	189.8	188.7	176.5	183.0	182.9	185.6	174.8
Prairie	- Manufacturing	32.1	174.9	176.2	171.7	179.1	195.6	181.3	163.6
Provinces	Lumber products	2.4	188.2	185.6	164.8	169.6	143.4	127.0	144.7
	Pulp and paper	2.4	128.8	131.5	119.3	106.0	101.0	99.9	105.6
	Textile products	2.4	241.0	239.1	222.4	234.9	228.0	227.4	220.7
	Iron and steel	9.7	124.0	125.2	119.2	135.2	170.8	168.3	137.3
	Other manufactures	15.2	237.5	242.2	244.0	249.0	261.7	227.0	210.0
	Logging	1.6	192.6	222.0	236.0	209.9	230.5	192.1	257.2
	Mining	7.0	165.7	167.2	149.6	148.3	150.7	144.4	147.5
	Communications	2.6	145.7	145.0	135.0	122.5	117.0	115.2	109.9
	Transportation	18.3	140.1	138.4	134.3	129.1	127.3	118.9	106.4
	Construction	11.9	101.7	105.2	89.8	75.6	70.1	80.4	76.0
	Services	4.6	213.4	210.2	206.2	183.0	181.1	159.9	145.3
	Trade	21.9	177.2	174.0	161.9	151.0	158.6	128.4	128.6
Prairies	- All Industries	100.0	155.0	155.4	146.8	141.2	142.6	135.3	127.2
British	- Manufacturing	42.1	203.0	201.8	187.8	244.1	268.7	261.0	201.9
Columbia	Lumber products	12.8	161.0	159.2	135.4	126.9	123.2	122.2	141.9
	Pulp and paper	5.1	194.4	194.8	175.8	165.5	161.4	152.9	154.9
	Textile products	.9	246.9	238.0	217.6	206.9	220.5	200.6	196.6
	Iron and steel	9.2	322.8	322.0	347.5	816.6	1035.2	1016.0	551.5
	Other manufactures	14.1	203.1	202.2	185.7	178.8	171.2	162.1	151.0
	Logging	8.7	196.5	181.6	157.0	153.8	153.2	113.4	125.6
	Mining	4.9	99.1	98.2	93.9	85.4	97.8	101.7	110.2
	Communications	2.8	178.0	175.4	153.6	133.9	129.7	137.4	120.9
	Transportation	11.8	156.9	157.9	134.0	122.0	122.5	110.8	95.1
	Construction	10.9	153.9	147.4	117.1	91.7	112.1	184.9	95.0
	Services	4.6	238.2	231.7	198.3	182.1	166.6	151.4	138.5
	Trade	14.2	225.7	226.9	198.9	181.5	168.3	156.9	160.8
B. C.	- All Industries	100.0	183.5	180.9	160.7	173.0	184.7	188.0	149.6

<sup>1/</sup> Proportion of employees in indicated industry in an area to the total number of employees reported in that area by the firms making returns at the date under review.



TABLE 11.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY CITIES AND PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES (AVERAGE 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Cities and Industries		1/ Relative Weight	Apr.1 1947	Mar.1 1947	Apr.1 1946	Apr.1 1945	Apr.1 1944	Apr.1 1943	Apr.1 1942
Montreal -	Manufacturing	67.2	191.9	192.3	184.3	214.1	238.1	232.0	193.6
	Plant products - edible	3.6	160.2	160.2	149.9	149.6	144.7	137.2	146.6
	Pulp and paper (chiefly printing)	4.2	168.9	169.3	163.6	150.1	145.5	135.7	133.1
	Textiles	13.6	177.4	177.2	172.9	166.4	171.8	173.2	176.0
	Tobacco, distilled and malt liquors	4.2	176.2	176.7	163.0	171.7	172.6	175.0	165.5
	Iron and steel	17.4	195.9	199.3	201.7	308.2	375.3	360.6	257.4
	Other manufactures	24.2	213.0	212.3	193.2	204.2	222.5	217.8	181.8
	Communications	2.2	124.4	120.9	99.1	79.1	71.1	69.1	70.3
	Transportation	4.9	108.1	103.0	93.5	83.2	80.9	74.3	74.3
	Construction	5.1	96.6	102.0	77.9	58.0	53.1	70.7	64.3
	Trade	15.1	203.2	200.3	186.6	177.4	168.6	154.8	155.4
	- All Industries	100.0	174.9	174.9	164.0	177.1	190.0	185.2	160.3
Quebec -	Manufacturing	59.4	172.4	170.4	166.6	293.1	366.0	362.9	265.8
	Leather products	13.4	126.5	125.4	125.1	110.9	112.4	109.8	106.6
	Other manufactures	46.0	192.8	190.3	185.1	374.1	476.8	473.6	334.9
	Transportation	8.5	100.7	104.3	89.6	85.1	76.6	76.7	68.2
	Construction	8.6	142.4	147.2	148.2	139.6	144.0	136.9	135.6
Quebec -	- All Industries	100.0	167.9	166.3	162.7	230.8	270.7	265.0	207.8
Toronto -	Manufacturing	66.0	193.3	192.4	184.2	212.6	231.3	230.5	200.0
	Plant products - edible	5.5	189.7	192.4	175.0	173.2	166.2	146.5	159.7
	Printing and publishing	3.2	201.0	203.0	188.3	166.2	186.4	145.5	154.0
	Textiles	8.3	126.5	125.7	124.8	118.0	119.2	127.7	128.3
	Iron and steel	13.2	221.5	219.1	207.5	343.5	442.9	445.6	333.3
	Other manufactures	30.9	210.1	208.3	201.8	223.2	228.8	228.0	199.1
	Communications	2.2	131.6	130.6	104.8	82.9	75.4	70.7	73.4
	Transportation	4.6	155.7	153.8	144.9	132.3	127.2	112.3	105.5
	Construction	4.2	167.3	155.2	144.6	107.4	95.7	100.2	80.6
	Trade	19.3	186.9	184.9	173.3	158.4	145.2	138.7	145.4
Toronto -	- All Industries	100.0	188.3	187.2	177.5	189.4	197.8	194.3	174.8
Ottawa -	Manufacturing	40.2	143.1	143.9	144.7	158.8	169.3	169.4	155.9
	Lumber products	2.6	55.9	53.5	45.6	42.4	42.0	45.1	47.8
	Pulp and paper	14.1	139.7	139.0	137.9	127.4	133.4	131.7	127.7
	Other manufactures	23.5	177.3	179.5	184.7	223.5	239.4	239.4	213.6
	Construction	13.7	212.2	203.6	173.1	115.3	97.1	162.3	175.8
	Trade	24.7	231.5	224.0	223.8	206.5	188.4	174.0	170.7
Ottawa -	- All Industries	100.0	178.2	175.7	170.4	183.7	161.5	165.2	156.6
Hamilton -	Manufacturing	90.3	180.8	178.2	173.4	191.2	191.5	204.9	193.3
	Textiles	11.4	105.9	106.9	109.4	102.3	105.3	101.6	113.1
	Electrical apparatus	11.4	210.6	210.0	195.0	201.2	210.1	195.6	184.4
	Iron and steel	35.4	208.6	201.9	200.0	253.6	259.3	306.1	272.5
	Other manufactures	22.1	196.1	195.2	184.0	176.8	161.9	154.2	153.6
	Construction	4.6	166.4	158.5	152.0	104.2	68.0	108.9	89.6
	Trade	9.0	179.3	173.0	169.1	169.6	150.4	144.3	145.4
Hamilton -	- All Industries	100.0	181.2	177.3	172.3	185.3	179.7	191.5	181.5
Windsor -	Manufacturing	85.1	276.3	273.0	283.9	312.5	337.4	359.5	304.7
	Iron and steel	67.4	283.8	279.9	296.8	332.6	372.8	398.5	339.4
	Other manufactures	17.7	250.7	249.4	240.5	244.7	218.6	211.5	188.0
	Construction	2.9	103.5	101.5	92.8	74.9	68.9	95.3	90.7
Windsor -	- All Industries	100.0	252.6	250.0	253.7	277.2	295.4	309.6	268.8
Winnipeg -	Manufacturing	50.6	163.6	164.6	157.2	168.9	187.7	172.7	160.7
	Animal products - edible	6.6	221.9	239.3	261.9	242.1	244.4	201.7	173.2
	Printing and publishing	4.6	129.4	133.7	119.5	104.7	102.4	98.5	106.0
	Textiles	6.3	239.1	237.9	223.8	244.0	237.0	235.4	225.1
	Iron and steel	16.4	123.7	123.0	115.7	128.4	167.5	154.1	126.2
	Other manufactures	16.7	196.3	193.5	181.2	212.7	207.9	203.9	215.1
	Transportation	6.4	103.5	103.1	101.2	94.8	85.9	77.4	71.4
	Construction	4.3	96.0	105.8	75.6	42.7	41.5	68.4	58.3
	Trade	30.2	156.1	152.3	142.2	129.0	119.1	105.9	109.6
Winnipeg -	- All Industries	100.0	151.9	151.8	142.7	139.9	144.4	134.7	127.4
Vancouver -	Manufacturing	41.5	247.7	246.0	236.6	370.2	442.2	428.5	282.1
	Lumber products	10.0	172.3	173.9	149.0	155.6	122.0	108.4	139.1
	Other manufactures	31.6	237.4	233.9	232.5	493.9	610.3	590.2	351.4
	Communications	4.5	167.5	165.0	144.4	122.1	116.2	114.3	114.0
	Transportation	13.3	166.0	168.4	129.5	111.5	111.7	97.5	82.9
	Construction	9.7	190.1	184.4	132.2	77.7	84.6	130.0	81.1
	Services	7.2	235.3	228.8	198.6	181.5	164.6	148.7	133.9
	Trade	23.2	224.7	225.2	199.4	184.2	170.3	157.7	161.8
Vancouver -	- All Industries	100.0	216.0	214.7	189.7	223.9	247.2	240.4	177.9

1/ Proportion of employees in indicated industry within a city to the total number of employees reported in that city by the firms making returns at the date under review.

Table 12.- Sex Distribution of the Persons in Recorded Employment at Apr. 1, 1947 with Comparison as at Mar. 1, 1947 and Apr. 1, 1946.

Industries	Apr. 1, 1947					Mar. 1, 1947		Apr. 1, 1946	
	Total	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
	No.	No.	No.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.
MANUFACTURING	1,027,717	790,147	237,570	76.9	23.1	76.8	23.2	75.9	24.1
Animal products - edible	41,202	33,677	7,525	81.7	18.3	81.4	18.6	82.0	18.0
Fur and products	3,903	2,539	1,364	65.1	34.9	64.0	36.0	62.3	37.7
Leather and products	33,630	20,506	13,124	61.0	39.0	61.1	38.9	60.1	39.9
Boots and shoes	20,355	11,716	8,639	57.6	42.4	57.5	42.5	56.5	43.4
Lumber and products	74,086	67,889	6,197	91.6	8.4	91.5	8.5	90.3	9.7
Rough and dressed lumber	41,314	39,050	2,264	94.5	5.5	94.3	5.7	93.8	6.2
Furniture	15,783	14,309	1,474	90.7	9.3	90.5	9.5	89.1	10.9
Other lumber products	16,989	14,530	2,459	85.5	14.5	85.9	14.1	84.2	15.8
Plant products - edible	57,340	39,044	18,296	68.1	31.9	68.3	31.7	67.6	32.4
Pulp and paper products	105,771	84,171	21,600	79.6	20.4	79.4	20.6	78.6	21.4
Pulp and paper	45,950	43,194	2,756	94.0	6.0	94.1	5.9	93.8	6.2
Paper products	20,401	12,754	7,647	62.5	37.5	62.4	37.6	60.2	39.8
Printing and publishing	39,420	28,223	11,197	71.6	28.4	71.1	28.9	70.4	29.6
Rubber products	25,007	18,420	6,587	73.7	26.3	73.9	26.1	73.2	26.8
Textile products	154,521	69,934	84,587	45.3	54.7	44.9	55.1	43.5	56.5
Thread, yarn and cloth	56,604	35,042	21,562	61.9	38.1	62.0	38.0	60.2	39.8
Cotton yarn and cloth	21,928	13,298	8,630	60.6	39.4	60.4	39.6	59.2	40.8
Woolen yarn and cloth	14,813	8,709	6,104	58.8	41.2	59.0	41.0	56.2	43.8
Artificial silk and silk goods	14,752	9,551	5,201	64.7	35.3	65.4	34.6	63.3	36.7
Hosiery and knit goods	25,151	9,330	15,821	37.1	62.9	36.1	63.9	34.8	65.2
Garments and personal furnishings	54,956	16,088	38,868	29.3	70.7	29.5	70.5	28.9	71.1
Other textile products	17,810	9,474	8,336	53.2	46.8	50.3	49.7	47.7	52.3
Tobacco	11,692	5,215	6,477	44.6	55.4	46.1	53.9	40.0	60.0
Beverages	16,626	14,317	2,309	86.1	13.9	86.1	13.9	83.4	16.6
Chemicals and allied products	41,765	30,865	10,900	73.9	26.1	73.6	26.4	71.8	28.2
Clay, glass and stone products	21,018	18,259	2,759	86.9	13.1	87.0	13.0	82.5	17.5
Electric light and power	23,613	20,851	2,762	88.3	11.7	88.4	11.6	88.2	11.8
Electrical apparatus	50,280	34,026	16,254	67.7	32.3	67.4	32.6	66.8	33.2
Iron and steel products	285,979	263,856	22,123	92.3	7.7	92.2	7.8	91.5	8.5
Crude, rolled and forged products	34,653	32,880	1,773	94.9	5.1	94.9	5.1	93.3	6.7
Machinery (other than vehicles)	30,367	27,053	3,314	89.1	10.9	88.9	11.1	88.3	11.7
Agricultural implements	15,218	14,486	732	95.2	4.8	95.0	5.0	94.1	5.9
Land vehicles and aircraft	107,781	101,800	5,981	94.5	5.5	94.4	5.6	94.1	5.9
Automobiles and parts	42,437	38,158	4,279	89.9	10.1	89.9	10.1	89.8	10.2
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	24,047	23,132	915	96.2	3.8	96.0	4.0	95.2	4.8
Heating appliances	6,902	6,391	511	92.6	7.4	92.5	7.5	92.0	8.0
Iron and steel fabrication (n.e.s.)	10,184	9,315	869	91.5	8.5	91.2	8.8	92.4	7.6
Foundry and machine shop products	8,676	8,184	492	94.3	5.7	94.6	5.4	93.2	6.8
Other iron and steel products	48,151	40,605	7,546	84.3	15.7	84.2	15.8	83.0	17.0
Non-ferrous metal products	46,971	39,602	7,369	84.3	15.7	84.2	15.8	82.6	17.4
Non-metallic mineral products	15,474	14,087	1,387	91.0	9.0	91.2	8.8	91.7	8.3
Miscellaneous	18,839	12,889	5,950	68.4	31.6	67.6	32.4	66.2	33.8
LOGGING	102,219	100,635	1,584	98.5	1.5	98.4	1.6	98.4	1.6
MINING	64,875	63,323	1,552	97.6	2.4	97.5	2.5	97.7	2.3
Coal	13,677	13,436	241	98.2	1.8	98.2	1.8	98.9	1.1
Metallic ores	38,366	37,606	760	98.0	2.0	98.0	2.0	97.9	2.1
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	12,832	12,281	551	95.7	4.3	95.6	4.4	94.3	5.7
COMMUNICATIONS	42,938	19,458	23,480	45.3	54.7	45.0	55.0	45.6	54.4
Telegraphs	7,886	6,255	1,631	79.3	20.7	78.4	21.6	74.7	25.3
Telephones	34,729	12,970	21,759	37.3	62.7	37.0	63.0	37.3	62.7
TRANSPORTATION	168,041	157,335	10,706	93.6	6.4	93.6	6.4	92.5	7.5
Street railways, cartage and storage	57,291	52,997	4,294	92.5	7.5	92.4	7.6	91.3	8.7
Steam railway operations	88,786	83,125	5,661	93.6	6.4	93.6	6.4	92.5	7.5
Shipping and stevedoring	21,964	21,213	751	96.6	3.4	96.5	3.5	96.0	4.0
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE	165,309	161,748	3,561	97.8	2.2	97.8	2.2	97.5	2.5
Building	75,644	73,543	2,101	97.2	2.8	97.2	2.8	96.4	3.6
Highway	50,035	48,718	1,317	97.4	2.6	97.1	2.9	97.0	3.0
Railway	39,630	39,487	143	99.6	0.4	99.7	0.3	99.6	0.4
SERVICES	59,395	27,480	31,915	46.3	53.7	45.8	54.2	44.5	55.5
Hotels and restaurants	38,697	19,200	19,497	49.6	50.4	49.4	50.6	48.4	51.6
Personal (chiefly laundries)	20,698	8,280	12,418	40.0	60.0	38.7	61.3	37.4	62.6
TRADE	228,244	134,461	93,783	58.9	41.1	59.3	40.7	57.1	42.9
Retail	164,352	85,676	78,676	52.1	47.9	52.6	47.4	50.6	49.4
Wholesale	63,892	48,785	15,107	76.4	23.6	76.3	23.7	74.6	25.4
EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES	1,858,738	1,454,587	404,151	78.3	21.7	78.3	21.7	77.4	22.6
FINANCE	79,882	43,405	36,477	54.3	45.7	54.1	45.9	51.2	48.8
Banks and trust companies	44,936	22,774	22,162	50.7	49.3	50.6	49.4	45.2	54.8
Brokerage and stock market operations	3,511	2,317	1,194	66.0	34.0	65.2	34.8	62.5	37.5
Insurance	31,435	18,314	13,121	58.3	41.7	58.1	41.9	58.5	41.5
ALL INDUSTRIES	1,938,620	1,497,992	440,628	77.3	22.7	77.3	22.7	76.3	23.7



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