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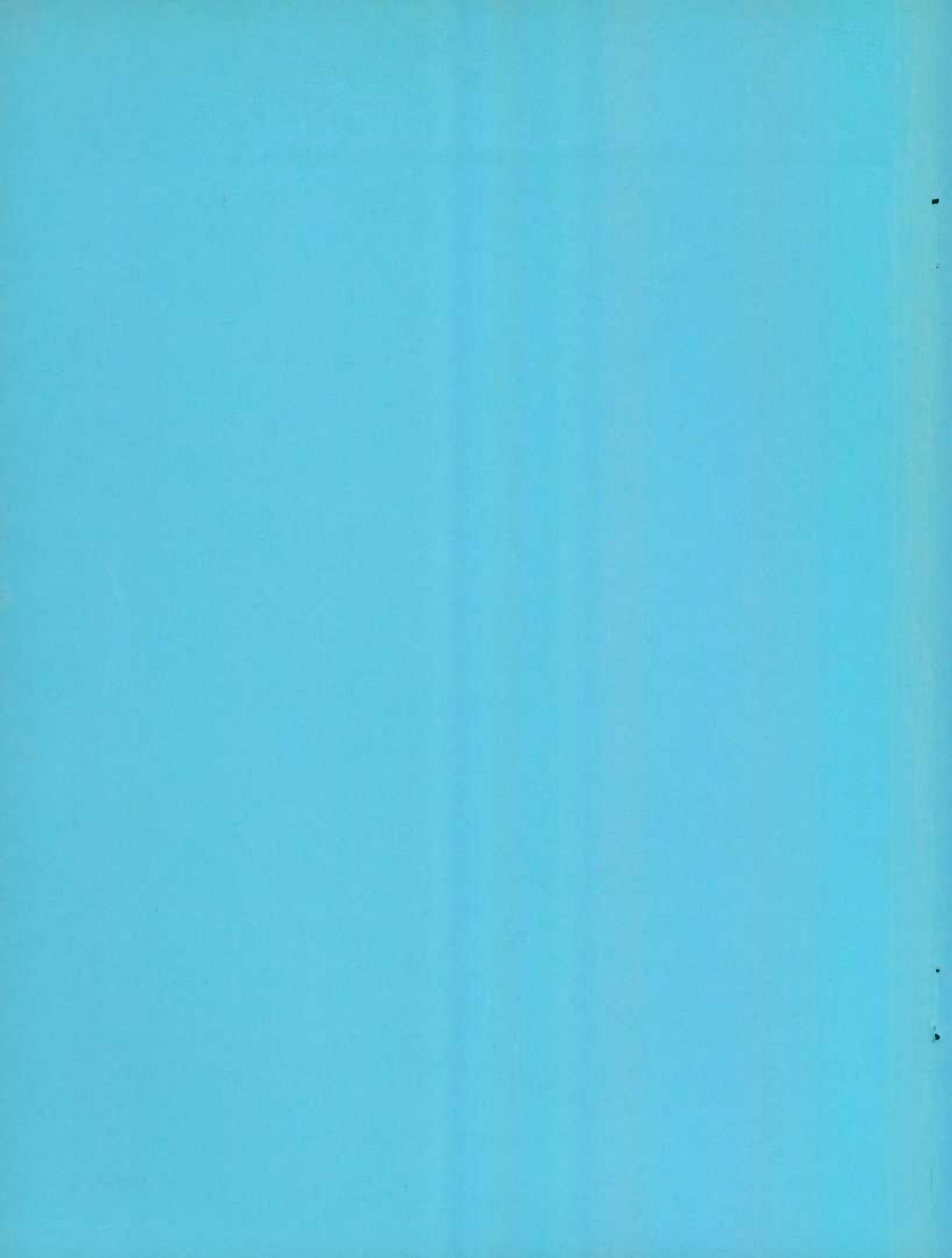
THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION

At the Beginning of

MAY, 1950

TOGETHER WITH PAYROLLS





DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

DOMINION BUREAU
OF STATISTICS

JUL 12 1950

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Vol. 28

No. 5

THE EMPLOYMENT SITUATION

At the Beginning of

MAY, 1950

TOGETHER WITH PAYROLLS

For the Last Week in April

(As reported by employers having 15 or more employees)

Published by Authority of the Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe
Minister of Trade and Commerce

Prepared in the Employment Section
of the Labour and Prices Division,
Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa

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THE MAY EMPLOYMENT SITUATION,
TOGETHER WITH STATISTICS OF PAYROLLS
IN THE LAST WEEK IN APRIL, 1950.

The trend of employment in the major non-agricultural industries continued slightly upward at the first of May, according to information furnished the Dominion Bureau of Statistics by 21,360 leading establishments^{1/}, in which the staffs rose by 0.4 p.c. from Apr. 1, when the index had shown the same percentage advance from Mar. 1. Although curtailment was indicated at May 1 in 5 of the last 10 years, the general experience of the period since 1920 shows that an increase in industrial activity is usual at that date. The latest gain was considerably below the average recorded in the last 30 years.

Based on the 1926 average as 100, the index number of employment rose from 187.9 at April 1, to 188.7 at May 1, as compared with 189.1 at May 1, 1949. These two figures are the highest in the record for the time of year. During the war, the peak of employment at May 1 was recorded in 1944 and 1943, when the index had stood at 178.2 in both years.

A brief review of the returns, geographically^{2/}, shows improvement as compared with Apr. 1 in all provinces except Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, where seasonal losses in certain industries more than offset moderate improvement in other classes. The trend in 17 of the cities for which data are published was favourable, Halifax, Saint John, Fort William-Port Arthur, Windsor and Victoria being the exceptions; the falling-off in Halifax and Saint John was considerable, resulting mainly from seasonal curtailment in shipping operations. All major groups except logging showed generally heightened activity, the gains ranging from 0.2 p.c. in both manufacturing and mining and 0.5 p.c. in communications, to 4.7 p.c. in transportation and 4.9 p.c. in construction. The seasonal loss in logging amounted to 32 p.c., a figure which exceeded the average decline at May 1 in the period since 1920.

The small gain generally indicated in employment at May 1 as compared with Apr. 1 was accompanied by a rise of 0.7 p.c. in the sums disbursed in weekly salaries and wages^{3/} by the co-operating employers. The trend was upward in Prince Edward Island, Ontario and the four Western Provinces, but was unfavourable in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. The general decline in the weekly salaries and wages reported in Nova Scotia, however, was relatively less than the reduction recorded in employment, so that the earnings in that province averaged higher than at Apr. 1. The per capita figures in Prince Edward Island, Ontario and British Columbia also showed a rise at May 1, but the averages in the remaining provinces were rather lower than at the beginning of April. The declines were associated in some cases with changes in the industrial distribution of the reported wage-earners;

^{1/}See explanatory notes on pages I and II.

^{2/}Data for Newfoundland are not yet available.

^{3/}For estimates of total expenditures in wages, salaries and supplementary labour income see the bulletins "Monthly Estimates of Labour Income" issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Table A.- Geographical and Industrial Distribution of the Employees and the Weekly Payrolls of the Reporting Establishments* at May 1, 1950, and Average Weekly Salaries and Wages of these Persons, Together with Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls, with Comparisons at Apr. 1, 1950 and May 1, 1949 and 1948.
 (The latest figures are subject to revision).

Geographical and Industrial Unit	No. of Employees Reported at May 1, 1950	Weekly Salaries and Wages at May 1, 1950	Average Weekly Salaries and Wages at				Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.										
							Employment					Payrolls					
			May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1948	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1948	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1948	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	
(a) Province		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$											
Maritime Provinces	125,430	4,977,605	39.68	39.63	38.11	36.34	104.7	107.3	107.2	110.2	189.4	193.8	186.2	183.1			
Prince Edward Island	3,264	118,420	36.39	35.36	35.19	31.90	140.9	138.1	130.5	133.5	234.0	222.9	212.2	196.4			
Nova Scotia	70,130	2,854,874	40.71	40.42	38.19	37.02	97.0	99.5	101.7	101.5	174.4	177.5	171.2	166.5			
New Brunswick	52,046	2,004,311	38.51	38.83	38.16	35.68	115.5	118.6	115.0	123.4	213.2	220.8	210.3	211.5			
Quebec	565,561	24,257,782	42.89	43.00	41.59	38.02	117.7	117.5	118.5	118.4	210.8	210.8	205.7	187.9			
Ontario	856,324	39,888,713	46.58	46.37	44.54	40.87	124.6	124.3	121.9	121.3	214.6	213.0	203.8	183.8			
Prairie Provinces	240,628	10,707,528	44.50	44.85	42.73	39.30	133.1	131.4	132.3	124.4	223.7	222.7	214.4	184.8			
Manitoba	106,631	4,671,919	43.81	44.06	42.40	38.82	127.1	128.1	128.2	122.1	210.5	209.9	205.2	177.6			
Saskatchewan	43,477	1,869,937	43.01	43.48	41.41	38.15	117.3	114.6	120.1	115.5	194.4	192.2	191.9	170.2			
Alberta	90,520	4,165,672	46.02	46.43	43.80	40.80	151.1	149.1	147.2	133.2	259.8	258.6	240.7	203.0			
British Columbia	189,834	9,141,788	48.18	47.41	45.91	42.39	144.5	140.7	148.0	149.4	244.7	234.6	235.1	216.3			
CANADA	1,977,777	88,973,418	44.99	44.88	43.19	39.70	123.6	123.1	123.6	122.1	215.7	214.2	207.3	188.0			
(b) Cities																	
Montreal	300,932	13,073,204	43.44	43.54	42.04	38.39	132.8	131.3	132.1	128.0	225.4	222.3	216.8	191.8			
Quebec City	31,517	1,156,737	37.02	36.87	35.80	33.53	113.1	109.8	116.8	117.7	202.7	196.2	201.5	186.8			
Toronto	287,201	13,267,342	46.20	46.03	44.15	40.73	136.3	136.0	131.4	128.2	235.2	232.3	216.2	194.9			
Ottawa	27,718	1,068,182	38.54	38.84	37.35	34.14	131.3	127.9	129.4	121.8	219.0	213.7	208.8	180.3			
Hamilton	68,872	3,248,428	48.55	48.29	47.39	45.31	122.9	121.2	124.3	118.8	218.2	212.1	214.7	187.4			
Windsor	37,239	2,013,381	54.07	54.09	51.12	48.10	113.8	114.8	124.1	114.4	165.3	166.8	170.4	147.7			
Winnipeg	68,404	2,788,388	40.78	40.79	38.91	36.04	130.4	129.7	132.3	126.4	208.5	207.4	202.0	178.4			
Vancouver	83,970	3,857,167	45.94	45.04	43.67	39.98	153.3	153.1	158.8	160.3	265.9	259.6	261.5	241.0			
Halifax	22,094	814,192	36.85	36.86	36.52	34.41	121.4	128.1	118.3	119.3	195.9	206.6	189.0	161.0			
Saint John	13,299	497,548	37.41	35.68	35.88	34.50	120.2	129.1	119.5	140.4	209.3	215.6	199.9	225.5			
Sherbrooke	10,459	385,876	36.89	37.08	36.49	34.02	115.8	114.8	118.0	113.7	206.2	205.4	207.5	185.9			
Three Rivers	10,782	445,089	41.28	42.66	42.03	38.83	130.0	121.0	129.1	128.2	206.8	199.0	209.1	192.2			
Brantford	15,095	692,873	45.90	46.11	44.61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kitchener - Waterloo	20,801	877,210	42.17	42.54	40.08	38.37	135.0	133.7	132.7	132.7	251.2	251.0	234.7	225.0			
London	28,459	1,228,072	45.15	42.59	40.94	38.09	156.5	155.6	148.3	142.2	265.3	260.4	239.4	212.6			
Fort William - Port Arthur	10,301	480,065	46.80	45.93	44.95	41.92	68.7	69.8	78.5	80.5	122.9	123.2	132.9	127.1			
St. Catharines	28,745	1,383,392	51.73	50.97	49.09	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regina	11,830	465,199	40.00	39.25	38.12	34.84	130.9	126.8	131.8	126.9	223.8	218.2	213.5	165.1			
Saskatoon	7,888	305,620	38.49	38.96	36.90	34.16	149.3	143.9	144.9	142.1	262.4	256.0	243.6	221.0			
Calgary	23,859	1,040,761	43.62	43.48	41.82	37.48	148.5	143.1	139.9	131.2	253.5	247.0	231.2	193.9			
Edmonton	25,508	1,084,204	42.50	42.18	40.32	36.04	185.6	179.8	172.3	148.3	320.4	308.0	280.4	214.8			
Victoria	12,816	553,912	43.22	43.74	41.50	38.78	142.6	145.6	152.2	149.6	243.9	252.1	249.9	231.3			
(c) Industries																	
Manufacturing	1,046,826	48,508,348	46.34	46.20	44.43	40.78	119.5	119.3	121.0	120.1	213.3	212.3	207.1	188.7			
Durable Goods ^{1/}	481,035	23,794,768	49.47	49.34	47.30	45.38	113.0	112.9	117.3	118.0	199.0	198.2	197.1	181.3			
Non-Durable Goods	532,397	23,001,408	43.20	43.06	41.49	38.11	123.7	123.5	122.8	121.3	226.9	225.8	216.6	196.5			
Electric Light and Power	33,394	1,712,172	51.27	51.05	48.30	45.39	162.2	180.2	158.5	139.2	264.4	258.9	243.0	199.7			
Logging	32,400	1,507,367	48.52	41.79	44.86	41.18	68.2	100.3	79.3	106.5	158.1	206.6	177.3	219.7			
Mining	68,285	4,668,881	54.11	64.25	50.39	49.27	105.5	103.3	98.7	97.2	175.3	175.4	152.6	150.0			
Communications	55,841	2,355,738	42.34	41.88	39.99	36.65	206.4	205.2	192.0	177.0	315.1	310.0	276.2	235.7			
Transportation	178,444	9,319,919	52.23	53.13	51.05	45.20	138.2	132.0	140.2	140.0	220.5	214.1	218.4	195.2			
Construction and Maintenance	208,300	8,986,374	45.14	43.50	40.95	37.37	112.7	107.4	113.7	105.8	210.9	202.7	202.2	171.7			
Services ^{2/}	75,325	2,253,474	29.92	29.84	28.30	25.82	144.1	141.5	143.9	142.3	260.0	253.1	245.7	220.8			
Trade	294,558	11,873,315	38.81	38.45	37.06	34.05	147.0	145.9	143.2	138.7	237.7	234.8	222.4	196.6			
EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES	1,977,777	88,973,418	44.99	44.88	43.19	39.70	123.6	123.1	123.8	122.1	215.7	214.2	207.3	188.0			
Finance	93,762	3,998,936	42.65	42.68	41.21	38.69	151.4	151.2	143.9	137.6	222.5	221.9	204.5	183.4			
NINE LEADING INDUSTRIES	2,071,539	92,972,352	44.68	44.77	43.10	39.65	124.7	124.1	124.6	122.7	216.0	214.6	207.2	187.6			

^{1/}This classification comprises the following:- iron and steel, non-ferrous metals, electrical apparatus, lumber, musical instruments and clay, glass and stone products. The non-durable group includes the remaining manufacturing industries, as listed in Tables I and II, with the exception of electric light and power. ^{2/} Consisting almost entirely of hotels and restaurants and laundries and dry-cleaning plants.

* See explanatory statements on pages I and II.

reduction in the hours of work^{1/} in some establishments was also a factor. Nevertheless, the general per capita figure, at \$44.99 at May 1, was the maximum in the record, exceeding by 4.2 p.c. the average at the first of May in 1949.

Changes in Employment for Men and Women.— According to the May 1 survey, the number of men on the payrolls of leading establishments was higher by 0.5 p.c. than at Apr. 1, while the number of women rose by 0.2 p.c. in the same comparison. This disparity in the percentages was not enough to change the proportions of workers of the two sexes, which stood at 769 men and 231 women per 1,000 workers reported in the nine leading industries at May 1 and at Apr. 1. A year ago, the ratios were 772 men and 228 women per 1,000. In that comparison, the number of men at the date under review showed a small fractional decline, but the reported number of women rose by 1.1 p.c. Changes in the industrial distribution of employment in the 12 months was an important factor contributing to these variations in the trends for workers of the two sexes.

In the manufacturing division, employment for men advanced by 0.5 p.c. from Apr. 1, but the number of women on the payrolls of leading establishments fell by 0.8 p.c. The proportion of women per 1,000 employees was lower, at 227, as compared with 230 a month earlier, but was a little higher than the ratio of 225 indicated at May 1, 1949. Since then, recorded employment for women in manufacturing has fallen by 0.2 p.c., while that for men has diminished by 1.6 p.c.

Changes in the Major Industrial Divisions.— The improvement recorded in manufacturing at May 1 was slight, the index of employment gaining by only 0.2 p.c. from Apr. 1; the advance in the payroll index in the same comparison was 0.5 p.c. The increase in activity was decidedly below-normal in the experience of the years since 1920. The most recent index of employment was 1.3 p.c. lower than at May 1, 1949, and was also slightly lower than at the same date in 1948. The payroll index, however, was 3.0 p.c. above its level of 12 months ago, and 13.0 p.c. higher than at May 1 in 1948.

There was a small advance from Apr. 1 in employment in both durable and non-durable manufactured goods; the index in the former rose by 0.1 p.c., and that in the latter group by 0.2 p.c. The increases in the payroll indexes were 0.4 p.c. and 0.5 p.c., respectively. On the whole, employment at May 1 in the durable goods category was 3.6 p.c. lower than at the same date of last year. Within this division, there was an upward movement from Apr. 1 in the lumber, clay, glass and stone, electrical apparatus and non-ferrous metal industries, with a further recession in the iron and steel division, in which the most important losses at the date under review were in railway rolling stock and aircraft plants. Shortages of materials due to industrial disputes in American automotive works continued to affect the situation in Canada; there was nevertheless a general improvement in the motor group as compared with a month earlier.

In the light manufactured goods division, the index of employment was slightly higher than at May 1 in 1949, or any earlier year of the record. Seasonally heightened activity as compared with Apr. 1 was reported in the animal and vegetable food industries, and in beverages, there being advances of 5.5 p.c., 1.4 p.c. and 5.2 p.c. in these industries, respectively; in the animal food group, expansion

^{1/}The attention of those interested in hourly earnings and weekly wages is drawn to the statistics published in the monthly bulletins on man-hours and average hourly earnings.

B. INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT, PAYROLLS AND AVERAGE WEEKLY SALARIES AND WAGES, BASED ON JUNE 1, 1941=100,
TOGETHER WITH PER CAPITA WEEKLY EARNINGS.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

was noted in the meat, dairy and fish-processing divisions. Pulp and paper mills showed a seasonal increase of 2.2 p.c. There were moderate gains in chemical, miscellaneous non-metallic mineral product, and miscellaneous manufacturing factories. On the other hand, the leather, printing and publishing, rubber, textile and tobacco industries reported curtailed employment. The loss in the textile group as a whole was above-average for the time of year. Within this class, there were large declines in the garment trades, with a smaller falling-off in woollen and silk mills. The considerable reduction in tobacco processing was seasonal in character.

Except in logging, the general trend in the non-manufacturing classes was favourable. The improvement in communications, construction and trade was not equal to that usually indicated at May 1 in preceding years since 1920; the gain in transportation was rather above-average. In mining, the small increase on the whole was at variance with the movement usually reflected in the statistics for the first of May. Coal mining in the Western Provinces was seasonally quieter, there being large losses at the date under review. The extraction of other non-metallic minerals and of metallic ores, however, afforded more employment, increases of 0.5 p.c. and 4.7 p.c. being reported in those groups, respectively. In the branches of the service group for which data are available, there was an upward movement, approximating the average for the time of year. In logging, the reduction of 32 p.c. was above-normal. The index in that group was at its lowest point since May 1, 1941; the index of payrolls was lower than in any earlier month since June 1, 1946. The latest figure of average earnings, however, was the highest in the record.

Changes in Non-Agricultural Industries in the Provinces.— Employment in the Maritime Provinces showed a contra-seasonal recession at May 1; improvement in manufacturing and some other classes was more than offset by reductions of a seasonal character in transportation in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and in logging in the latter province. The slight gain in Quebec took place mainly in transportation and construction; mining, laundries and dry-cleaning plants and trade showed minor improvement, while reduced activity on the whole was noted in manufacturing. Increases took place in food, beverages, pulp and paper mills and some other classes, but leather, textile and iron and steel plants were slacker. In logging, a loss of 50.6 p.c. was recorded. The falling-off in the payrolls which accompanied the small general advance in employment in Quebec was partly due to reduced working hours in certain establishments, together with changes in the distribution of employment. The average earnings in the eight leading industries declined by 11 cents at May 1 from Apr. 1, but were \$1.30 higher than at May 1, 1949. The two most recent figures were the highest in the record.

In Ontario, there were widely-dispersed, but moderate gains. Food, beverage, chemical, clay, glass and stone, electrical apparatus, iron and steel and non-ferrous metal factories showed heightened activity, although the expansion was not on a large scale. With the exception of logging, all major non-manufacturing industries for which statistics are available also reported improvement. The most noteworthy advance was that of 7.4 p.c. in transportation, and 2.9 p.c. in construction. The index number of payrolls in this province was higher than in any earlier month of the present year, although it was rather lower than in the last quarter of 1949. The latest per capita figure has never been exceeded.

Table C.- The Sex Distribution of the Workers in Recorded Employment in the Provinces, the Leading Cities, and the Nine Major Industrial Groups at May 1, 1950, with Comparisons as at Apr. 1, 1950 and May 1, 1949.

Geographical and Industrial Unit	May 1, 1950 ^{3/}					Apr. 1, 1950		May 1, 1949	
	Total	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
	No.	No.	No.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.
(a) Provinces									
Maritime Provinces	130,144	109,653	20,491	84.3	15.7	84.9	15.1	84.2	15.8
Prince Edward Island	3,577	2,710	867	75.8	24.2	76.7	23.3	74.7	25.3
Nova Scotia	72,698	61,822	10,876	85.0	15.0	85.4	14.6	85.3	14.7
New Brunswick	53,869	45,121	8,748	83.8	16.2	84.7	15.3	83.4	16.6
Quebec	590,922	440,661	150,261	74.6	25.4	74.4	25.6	74.7	25.3
Ontario	899,339	680,867	218,472	75.7	24.3	75.7	24.3	76.2	23.8
Prairie Provinces									
Manitoba	254,356	200,676	53,680	78.9	21.1	79.1	20.9	79.1	20.9
Saskatchewan	112,541	86,999	26,542	76.4	23.6	76.8	23.2	76.5	23.5
Alberta	46,737	36,862	9,875	78.9	21.1	78.8	21.2	79.2	20.8
British Columbia	95,078	77,815	17,263	81.8	18.2	81.9	18.1	82.3	17.7
CANADA	196,778	181,953	34,825	82.3	17.7	81.9	18.1	81.9	18.1
	2,071,539	1,593,810	477,729	76.9	23.1	76.9	23.1	77.2	22.8
(b) Cities									
Montreal	320,040	222,271	97,769	69.5	30.5	69.0	31.0	69.6	30.4
Quebec	33,027	23,210	9,817	70.3	29.7	69.9	30.1	70.1	29.9
Toronto	308,949	210,457	98,492	68.1	31.9	67.9	32.1	68.3	31.7
Ottawa	31,584	21,370	10,214	67.7	32.3	66.7	33.3	67.5	32.5
Hamilton	68,365	51,093	17,272	74.7	25.3	74.9	25.1	75.1	24.9
Windsor	38,015	31,275	6,740	82.3	17.7	82.8	17.2	83.5	16.5
Winnipeg	73,050	50,457	22,593	69.1	30.9	69.7	30.3	69.4	30.6
Vancouver	88,500	64,574	23,926	73.0	27.0	72.9	27.1	72.8	27.2
Halifax	22,094	15,568	6,526	70.5	29.5	72.3	27.7	70.4	29.6
Saint John	13,299	9,842	3,457	74.0	26.0	76.5	23.5	72.9	27.1
Sherbrooke	10,459	6,911	3,548	66.1	33.9	65.8	34.2	65.3	34.7
Three Rivers	10,782	8,105	2,677	75.2	24.8	74.1	25.9	75.9	24.1
Brantford	15,095	11,723	3,372	77.7	22.3	77.3	22.7	78.1	21.9
Kitchener - Waterloo	20,801	14,537	6,264	69.9	30.1	69.2	30.7	70.0	30.0
London	28,459	19,529	8,930	68.6	31.4	69.1	30.9	68.7	31.3
Fort William - Port Arthur	10,301	8,562	1,739	83.1	16.9	83.5	16.5	83.8	16.2
St. Catharines - Welland	26,745	22,017	4,728	82.3	17.7	81.9	18.1	82.6	17.4
Regina	11,630	7,700	3,930	66.2	33.8	65.8	34.2	66.0	34.0
Saskatoon	7,88	5,714	2,174	72.4	27.6	71.4	28.6	70.2	29.8
Calgary	23,859	18,137	5,722	76.0	24.0	75.7	24.3	76.6	24.4
Edmonton	25,508	18,893	6,615	74.1	25.9	73.6	26.4	72.3	27.7
Victoria	12,816	9,749	3,067	76.1	23.9	76.6	23.4	75.3	24.7
(c) Industries									
Manufacturing	1,046,826	808,791	238,035	77.3	22.7	77.0	23.0	77.5	22.5
Durable Goods ^{1/}	481,035	429,776	51,259	89.3	10.7	89.1	10.9	89.4	10.6
Non-Durable Goods	532,397	349,962	182,435	65.7	34.3	65.5	34.5	65.7	34.3
Electric Light and Power	33,394	29,053	4,341	87.0	13.0	86.8	13.2	87.6	12.4
Logging	32,400	31,662	738	97.7	2.3	98.0	2.0	97.6	2.4
Mining	86,283	84,368	1,917	97.8	2.2	97.8	2.2	97.7	2.3
Communications	55,641	25,868	29,773	48.5	53.5	47.3	52.7	48.1	51.9
Transportation	178,444	167,897	10,747	94.0	6.0	93.9	6.1	94.0	6.0
Construction and Maintenance	208,300	203,496	4,804	97.7	2.3	97.6	2.4	97.9	2.1
Services ^{2/}	75,325	37,702	37,623	50.1	49.9	50.1	49.9	48.5	51.5
Trade	294,568	185,048	109,510	62.8	37.2	63.1	36.9	61.2	38.8
EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES	1,977,777	1,544,630	433,147	78.1	21.9	78.1	21.9	78.3	21.7
Finance	93,762	49,180	44,582	52.5	47.5	52.6	47.4	53.0	47.0
TOTAL - ALL INDUSTRIES	2,071,539	1,593,810	477,729	76.9	23.1	76.9	23.1	77.2	22.8

1/This classification comprises the following:- iron and steel, non-ferrous metals, electrical apparatus, lumber, musical instruments and clay, glass and stone products. The non-durable group includes the remaining manufacturing industries with the exception of electric light and power.

2/Mainly hotels and restaurants and laundry and dry-cleaning plants.

3/The May 1 data are subject to revision.

The most pronounced changes indicated in the situation in the Prairie Provinces were seasonal declines in logging and mining, (notably in Alberta), and the general advances recorded in construction. Transportation was more active in Alberta, and manufacturing in Saskatchewan. There were moderate gains in communications, trade, and in the service establishments for which data are available. In British Columbia, employment reached a higher level in all the principal industries covered in the survey. The gains of 1.6 p.c. reported in manufacturing, 18.5 p.c. in logging, and 4.9 p.c. in construction were most marked. In this province, the per capita figure reached a new all-time maximum, although the latest index number of payrolls was lower than in the latter half of 1949.

Changes in Industrial Employment in the Cities.- Continued improvement was reported in most of the larger centres of population at May 1, when gains were noted in 17 of the 22 cities for which data are segregated. The exceptions were Halifax and Saint John, in which there were seasonal losses in transportation; Windsor, which continued to suffer from shortages of materials due to industrial disputes in American automotive plants; Fort William-Port Arthur, in which manufacturing was quieter, and Victoria, where there was a considerable loss in construction, with smaller declines in some other classes. Employment in the other cities for which statistics are given in this report showed expansion. The increases varied from 0.4 p.c. in Vancouver and 0.6 p.c. in Winnipeg and London, to 2.9 p.c. in Quebec, 3.2 p.c. in Edmonton, 3.7 p.c. in Saskatoon, and 7.4 p.c. in Three Rivers.

The trends of payrolls on the whole followed the same general direction as those of employment, there being losses in the reported salaries and wages in the 5 cities in which the working forces declined, with increases in the remaining 17 centres. The average weekly earnings were higher in 12 centres and lower in 10 than at Apr. 1; in all but one of the cities for which data are segregated, the latest figures were higher than at May 1, 1949, Three Rivers being the exception. In most cases, the changes from the preceding month - increases or decreases - were rather small; the gain of \$1.53 in the Saint John area was the largest. The variations in the per capita earnings were associated with changes in the distribution of employment in the different cities, although reduced working hours in some cases also had an effect in the comparison with Apr. 1.

Changes in Industrial Payrolls.- For the fourth successive month, there was a moderate rise in the index number of weekly payrolls, which was 0.7 p.c. higher at May 1 than at the beginning of April, and exceeded by 4.1 p.c. the May 1, 1949, figure. The most recent index was lower than in the latter half of 1949 and the last two months of 1948, but was otherwise the maximum in the record. Higher disbursements than at the first of April were indicated at the date under review in most provinces, in 17 of the 22 larger cities, and in all the major industrial divisions with the exception of logging and mining; in the former, there was a loss of 24.3 p.c., while in mining, the index of payrolls eased by 0.1 p.c. The increase in manufacturing amounted only to 0.5 p.c.; the payroll figure in this group was three p.c. higher than at May 1, 1949, and exceeded any earlier index with the exception of those for Oct. 1 and Nov. 1 in 1949.

Changes in Per Capita Earnings.- The average weekly salaries and wages of persons employed by 21,360 of the larger firms in the eight leading industries continued their upward movement, showing an increase of 11 cents from Apr. 1. The latest figure, at \$44.99, was the maximum in the record, exceeding by 4.2 p.c. the May 1, 1949, per capita. The payment of higher wage rates in some establishments contributed to the rise at the date under review.

In manufacturing, the general average was \$46.34, as compared with \$46.20 a month earlier, and \$44.43 at May 1 of last year. Since the monthly record was established in the spring of 1941, the per capita figure in this group of industries has mounted by 81.2 p.c., while as compared with the average earnings of persons employed by the same establishments in 1939, there was a gain of just over 100 p.c. at the beginning of May.

The per capita figures in mining, transportation and construction were rather lower than at Apr. 1, partly as a result of seasonal variations in the industrial and occupational distributions within these categories; in mining, a change in the geographical distribution was also a factor, there being a considerable curtailment in coal mining operations in the Western Provinces, in which the average earnings are above the general level. In the communications, logging, services, trade and financial industries, there was an upward movement in the per capita figures at May 1 as compared with Apr. 1. In all major industries, the latest averages were higher than at the first of May a year ago.

The last two monthly bulletins have given statistics of average weekly earnings in manufacturing in 1939 in the provinces and the 8 larger cities, with the most recent averages, and those for the same dates in 1945 and 1946, when the wartime high and the post-war low figures for those dates were recorded, respectively. The following table gives corresponding figures for manufacturing for 1939, and at May 1 in 1945, 1946 and 1950, in the 14 cities of medium size.

Average Weekly Salaries and Wages in Leading Manufacturing Establishments
in Specified Cities in 1939, and at May 1 in 1945, 1946 and 1950.

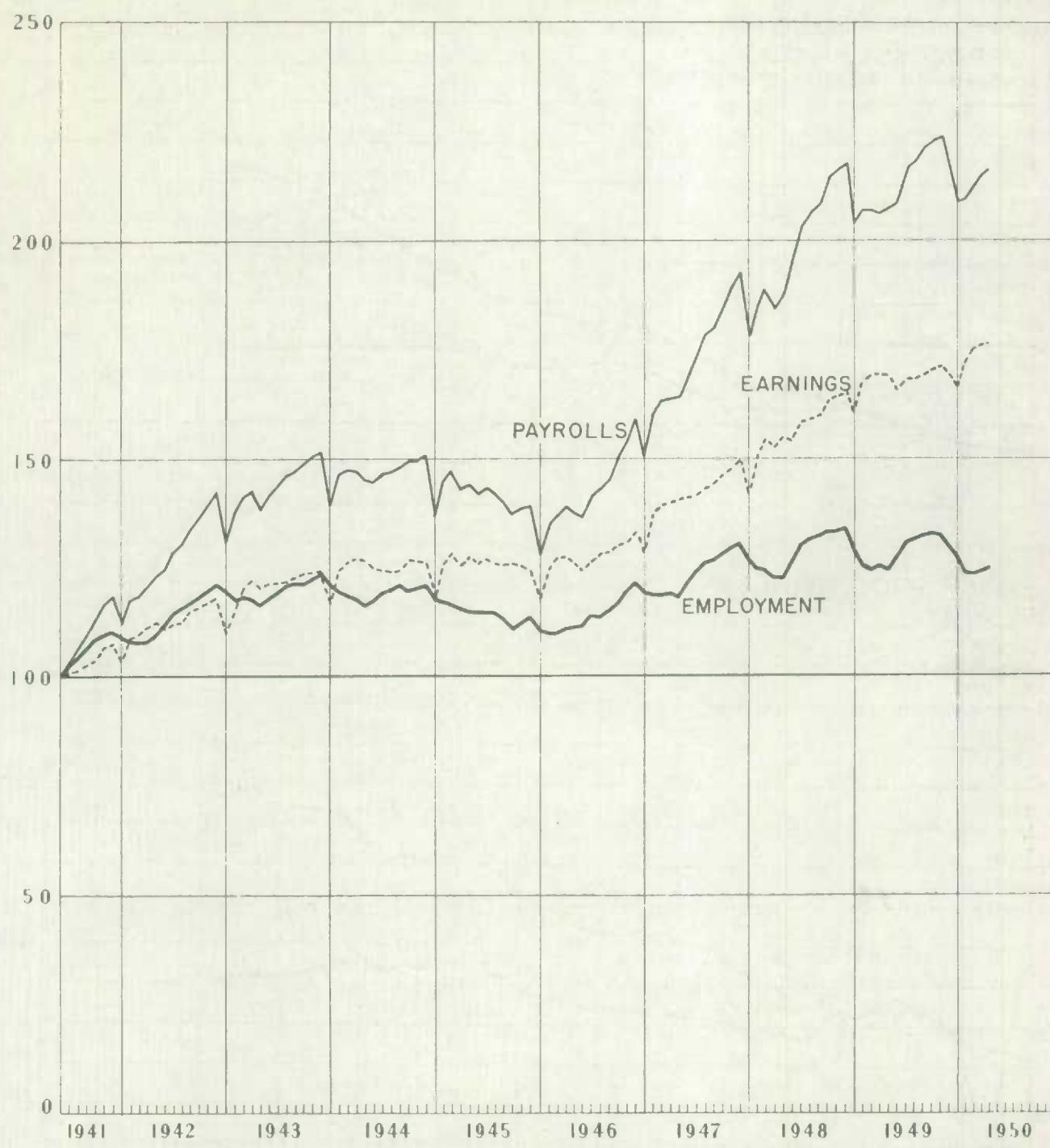
	Annual Averages ^{1/} 1939	Increase at May 1, 1950, over 1939 average			
		May 1, 1945	May 1, 1946	May 1, 1950	
	\$	\$	\$	p.c.	
Halifax	24.86	37.34	33.43	42.35	70.4
Saint John	21.56	33.48	31.05	41.67	93.3
Sherbrooke	19.02	27.21	26.82	37.58	97.6
Three Rivers	20.52	31.77	31.22	45.01	118.3
Brantford	20.88	47.37	126.9
Kitchener - Waterloo	20.43	30.05	29.72	42.68	108.9
London	23.38	30.30	30.47	45.15	93.1
Ft. William - Pt. Arthur	28.52	37.65	37.52	52.30	83.4
St. Catharines - Welland	24.15	53.75	122.6
Regina	26.43	34.66	32.72	45.18	70.9
Saskatoon	26.19	29.89	30.24	42.86	63.7
Calgary	27.82	34.95	33.69	47.58	71.0
Edmonton	25.05	31.68	32.32	45.98	83.6
Victoria	26.42	37.74	34.77	48.99	85.4

The variations in the rates of increase in these centres during and since the war are considerable, a situation which is associated with the industrial and sex distributions of the workers engaged in manufacturing in the cities. In all cases, however, the latest figures are substantially higher than in 1939.

Charts. - The chart on page 9 depicts the general trends of industrial employment, payrolls and average weekly salaries and wages in Canada from 1941. Charts 2 to 9 shows for specified industries the movements of employment from 1939, with the course of weekly payrolls from 1941. Chart 10 depicts the monthly trends of employment in specified years, while Chart 11 shows the movements in manufacturing from 1931.

1/ Preliminary

THE COURSE OF EMPLOYMENT AGGREGATE WEEKLY PAYROLLS
AND
AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS AS REPORTED BY LEADING EMPLOYERS
IN
NINE MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS*
JUNE 1 1941=100

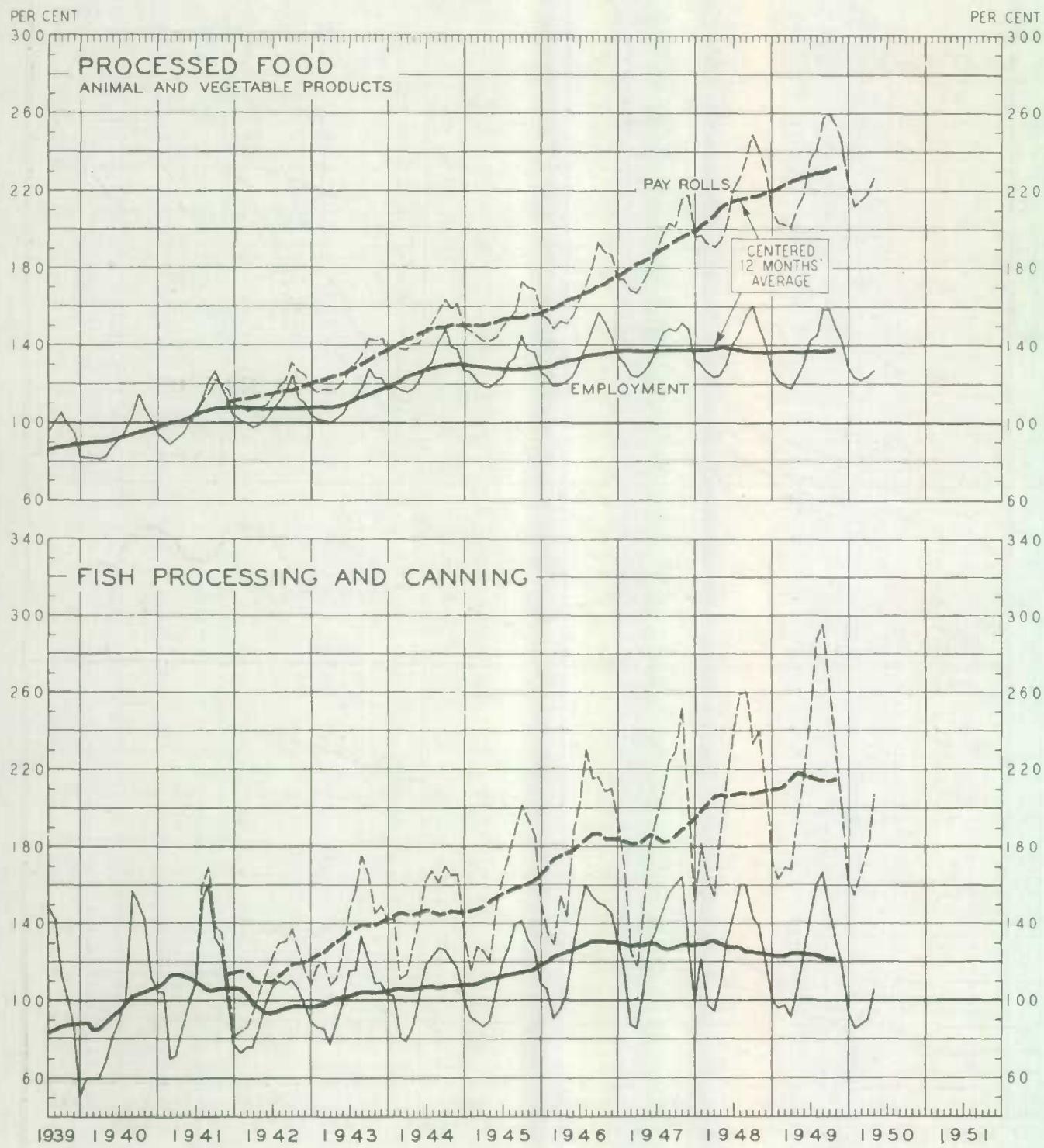


* LISTED ON PAGE 2, SECTION C

EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS IN MANUFACTURING

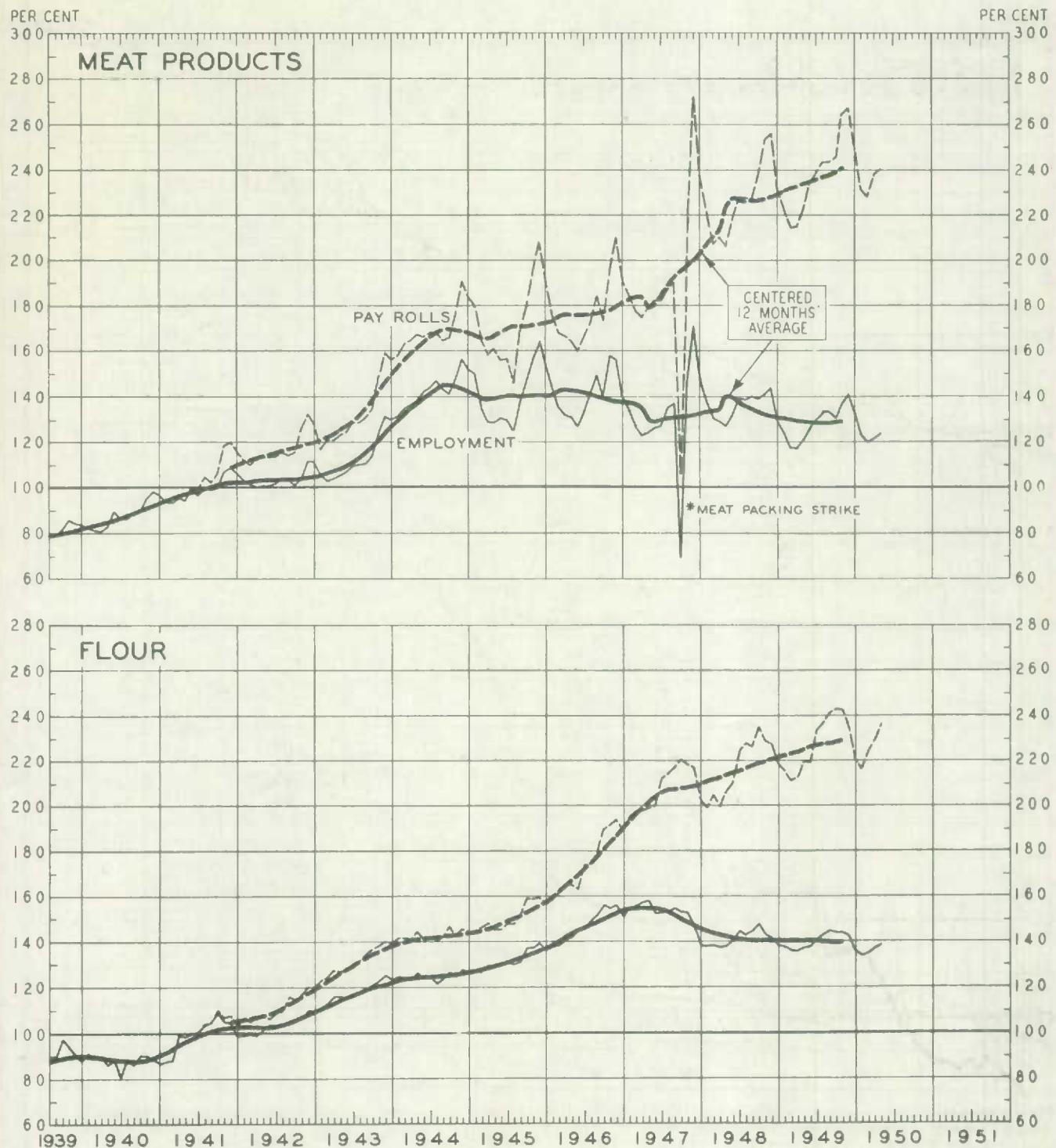
EDIBLE ANIMAL AND PLANT PRODUCTS

JUNE 1941 = 100



EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS IN MANUFACTURING EDIBLE ANIMAL AND PLANT PRODUCTS

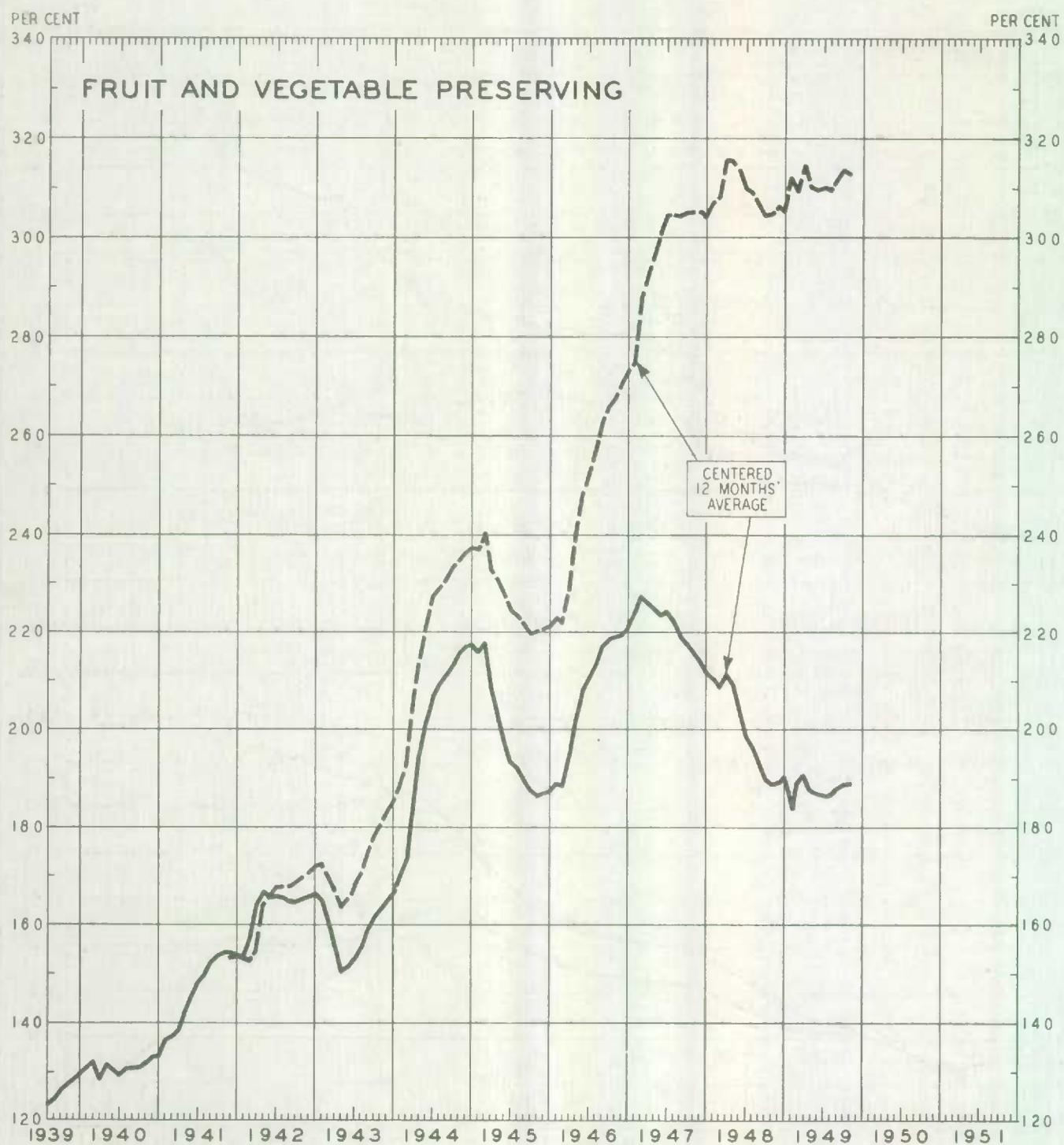
JUNE 1941 = 100



EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS IN MANUFACTURING

EDIBLE PLANT PRODUCTS

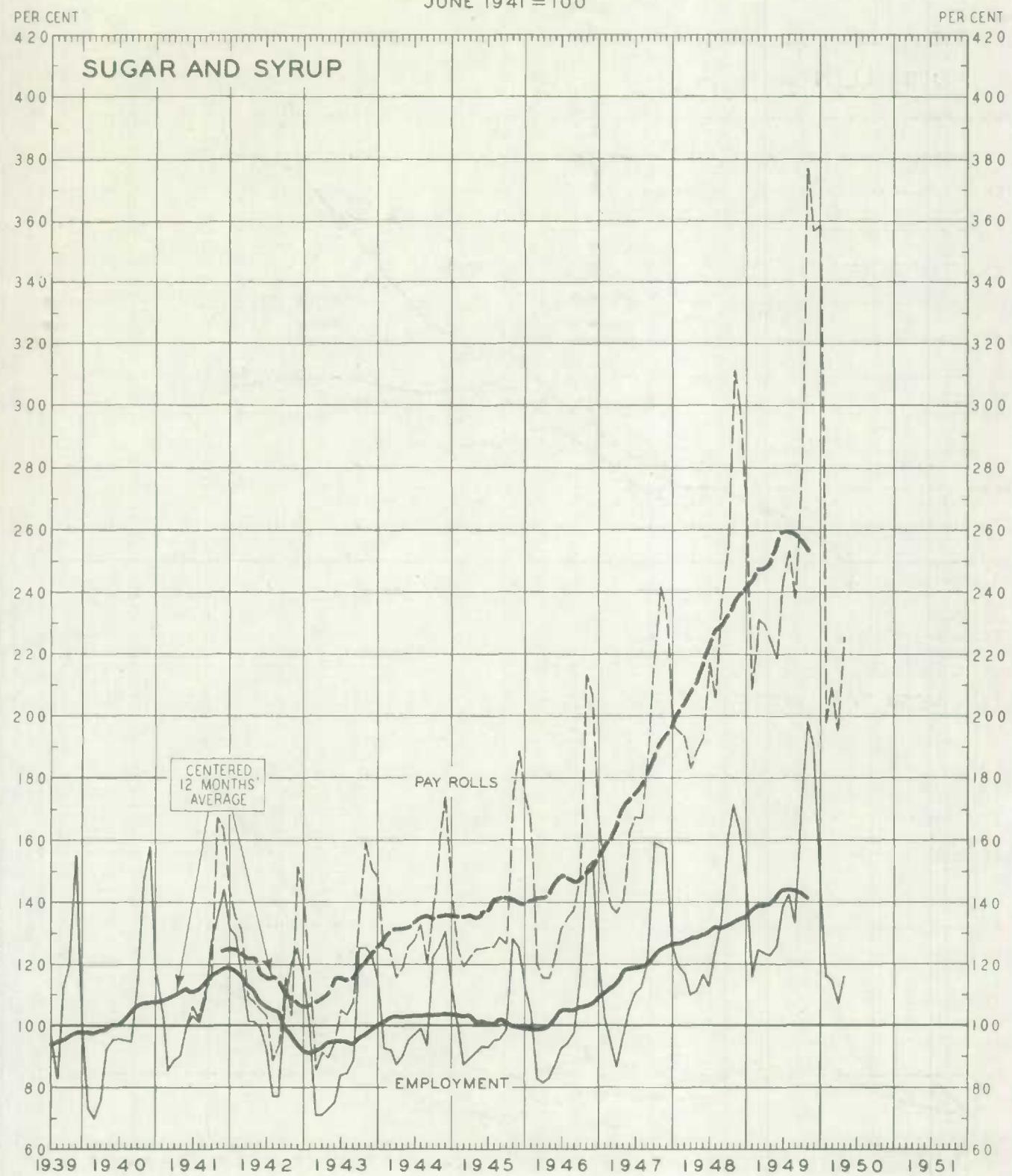
JUNE 1941 = 100



EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS IN MANUFACTURING

SUGAR AND SYRUP

JUNE 1941 = 100



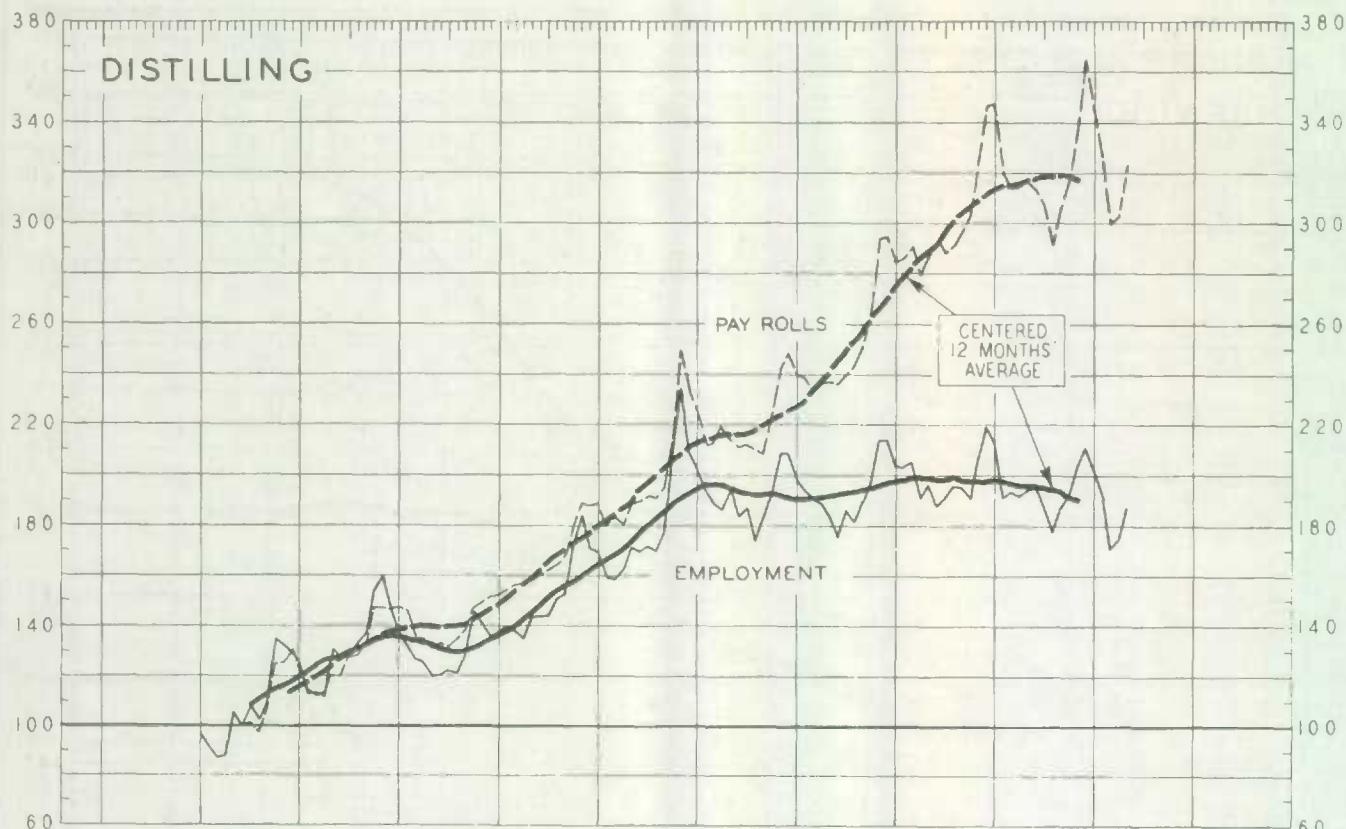
EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS IN MANUFACTURING

BEVERAGES

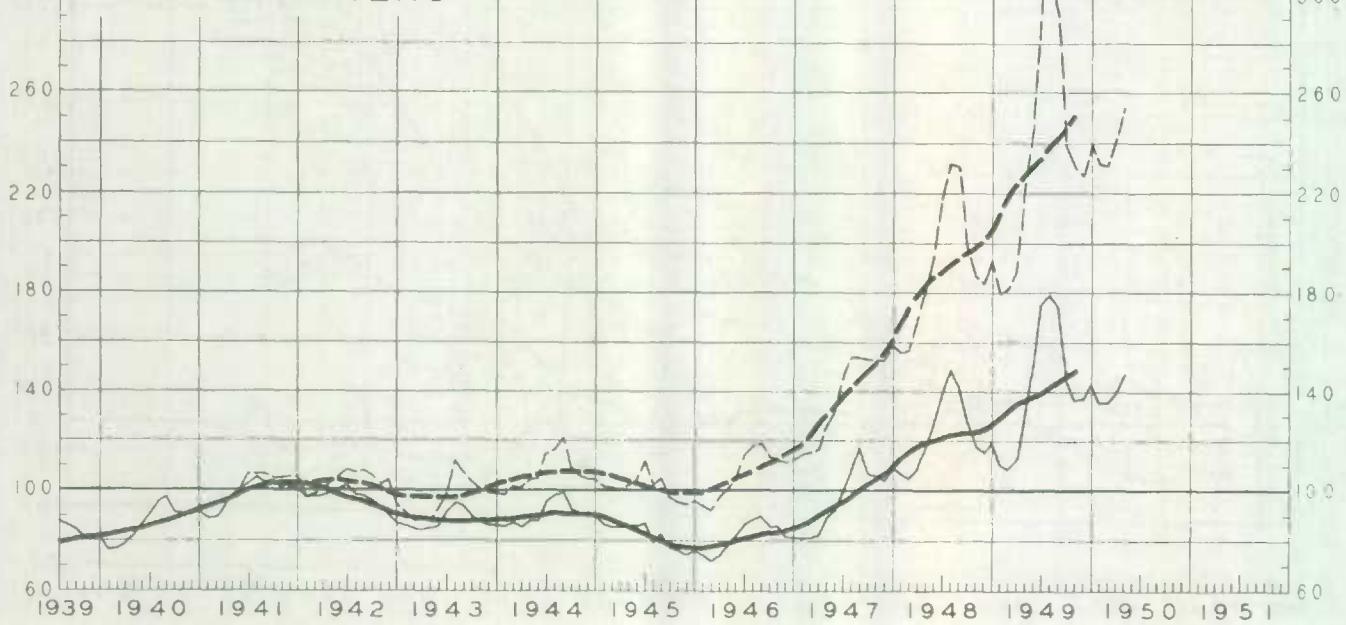
PER CENT

JUNE 1941 = 100

PER CENT

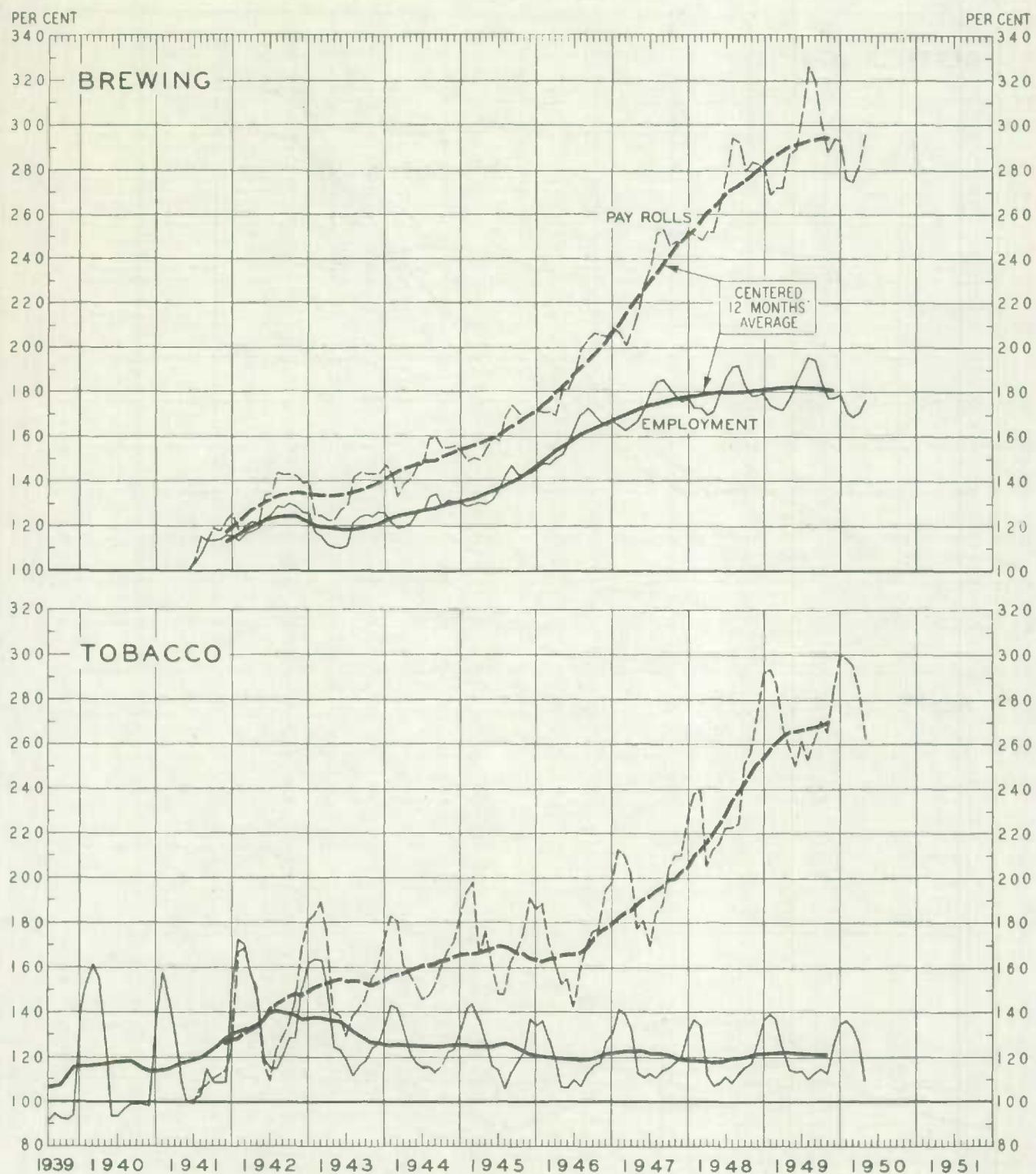
300
260
220
180
140
100
60

AERATED WATERS



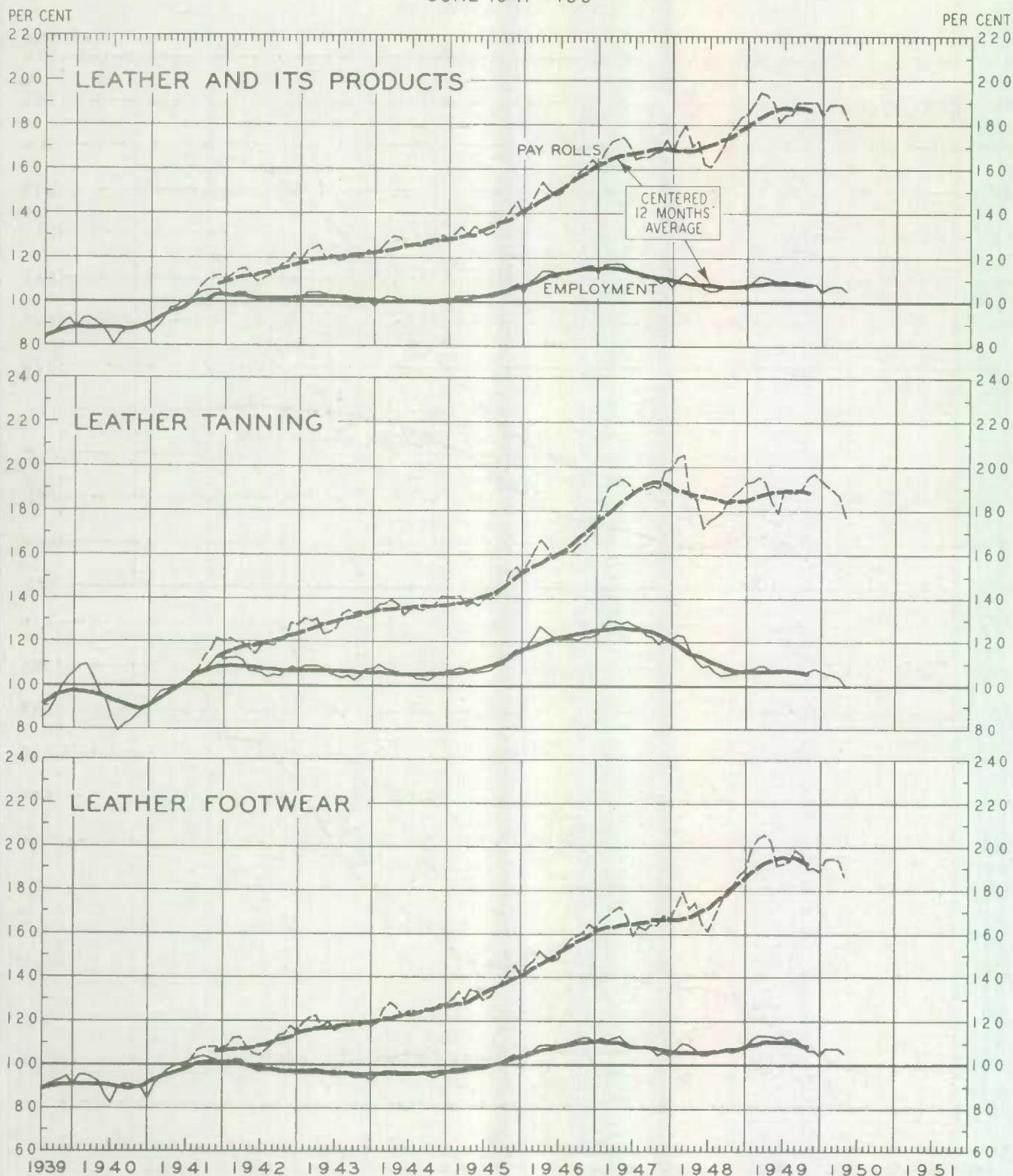
EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS IN MANUFACTURING BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO

JUNE 1941 = 100



EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS IN MANUFACTURING LEATHER

JUNE 1941 = 100



EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS IN MANUFACTURING

RUBBER

JUNE 1941 = 100

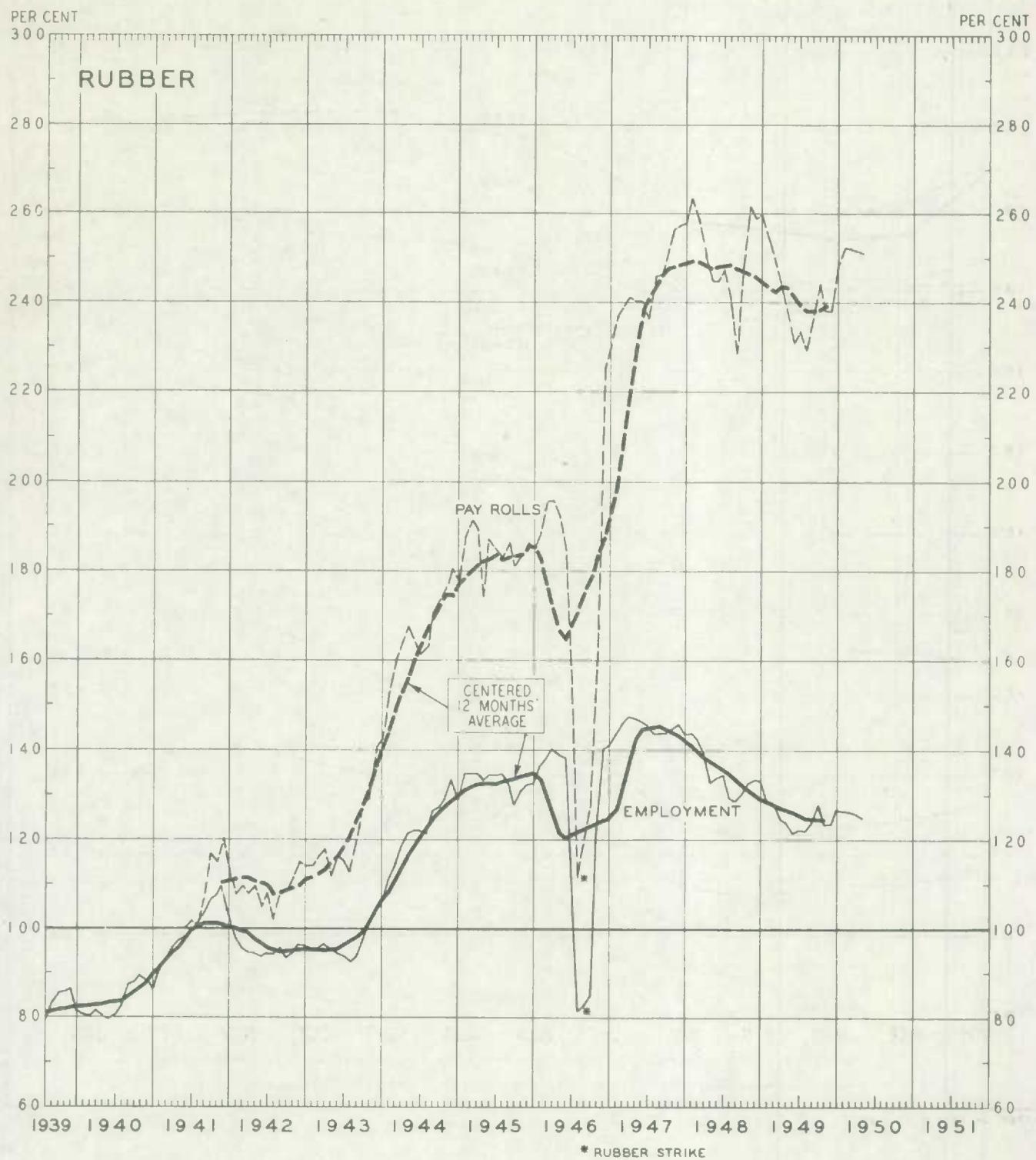
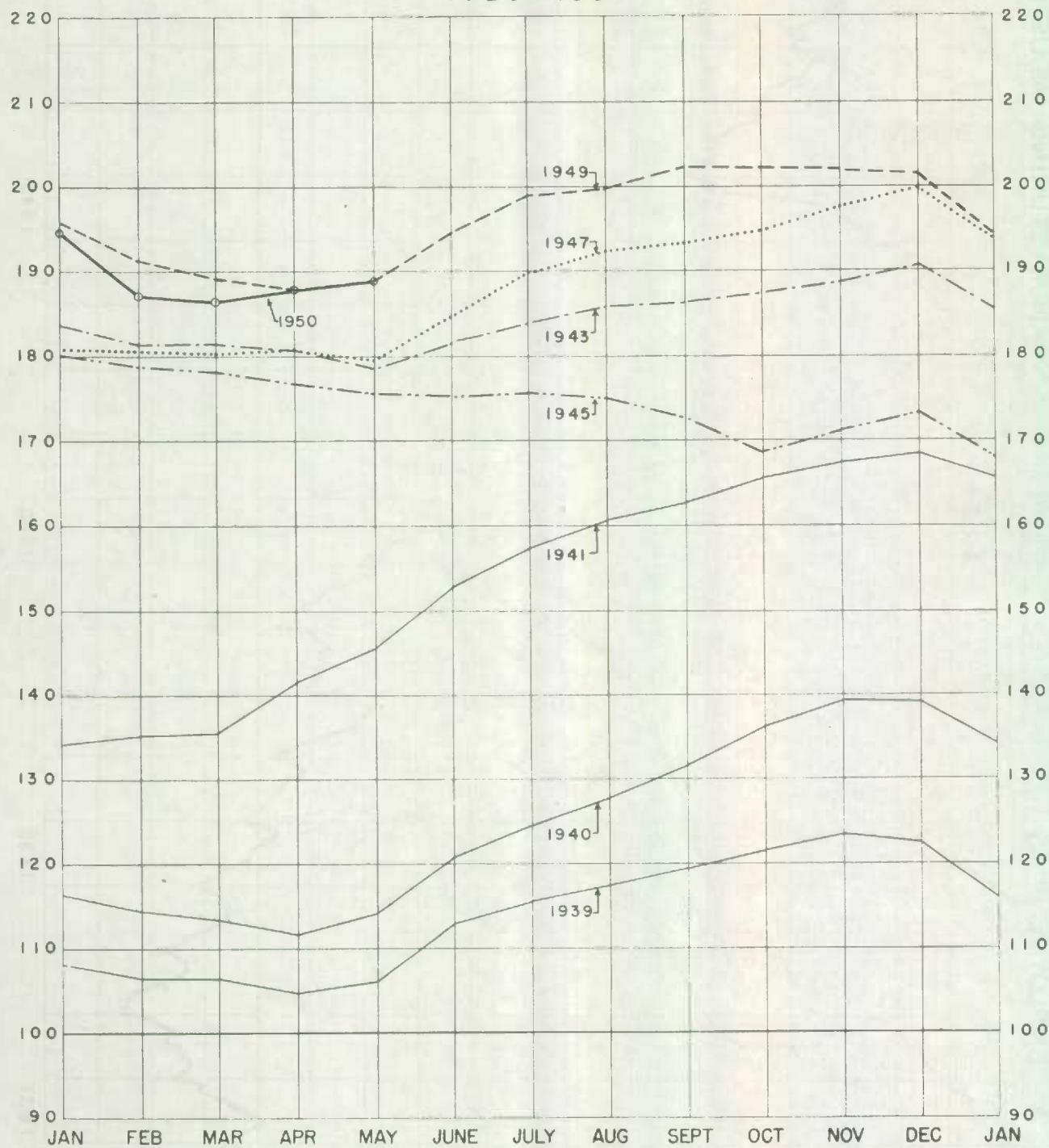


CHART 10

EMPLOYMENT IN CANADA AS REPORTED BY EMPLOYERS
IN EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES*

1939 — 1950

1926 = 100



The curve is based upon the number of employees at work at the first day of the month as indicated by the firms reporting in comparison with the average employment they afforded during the calendar year 1926 as 100.

EMPLOYMENT AS REPORTED BY EMPLOYERS IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES

1931 - 1949

1926 = 100

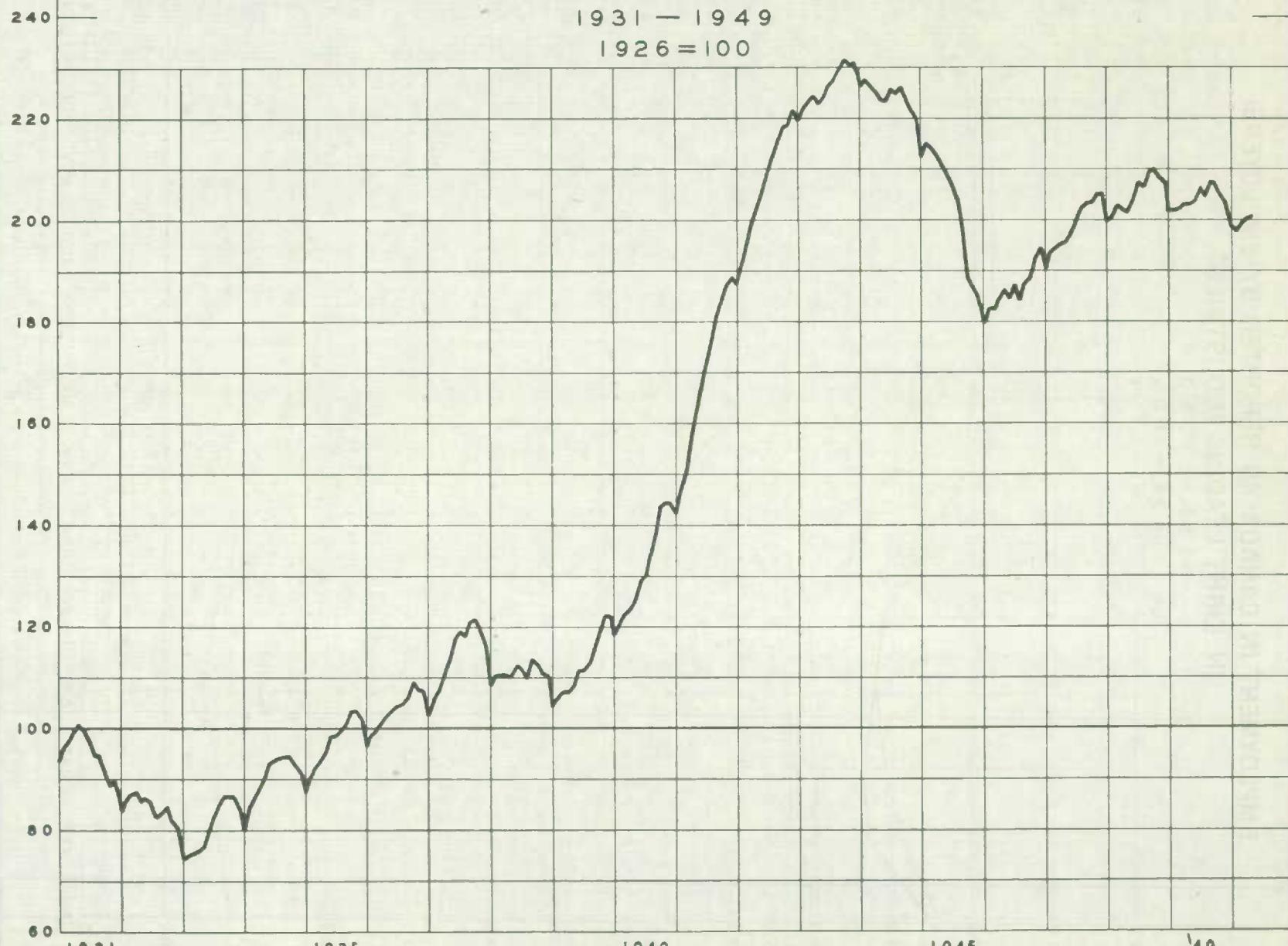


Table 1.- Industrial Distribution of the Employees and Weekly Payrolls of the Reporting Establishments* at May 1, 1950, and Average Weekly Salaries and Wages of their Employees. Together with Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls, with Comparisons from a month and a year earlier.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Industries	No. of Employees Reported at May 1, 1950	Weekly Salaries and Wages at May 1, 1950	Average Weekly Salaries and Wages at			Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.					
			May 1 Apr. 1 May 1			Employment			Payrolls		
			1950	1950	1949	May 1950	1950	1949	May 1950	1950	1949
		\$	\$	\$	\$						
MANUFACTURING	1,046,826	48,508,348	46.34	46.20	44.43	119.5	119.3	121.0	213.3	212.3	207.1
Animal products - edible	34,854	1,601,395	45.96	46.24	43.31	126.1	119.4	124.9	228.5	217.9	213.0
Fur and products	4,148	177,603	42.82	41.95	39.90	133.9	131.8	141.6	214.2	206.6	211.2
Leather and products	29,973	981,106	32.73	33.29	32.64	106.0	106.9	109.6	182.5	189.2	190.3
Boots and shoes	19,176	800,748	31.33	32.07	31.97	106.5	106.7	112.7	186.1	192.7	202.9
Lumber products	79,703	3,245,767	40.72	40.79	39.21	118.4	117.8	116.9	221.7	221.1	211.7
Rough and dressed lumber	48,049	2,028,479	42.22	42.19	40.40	113.4	112.4	109.5	224.4	222.1	207.7
Furniture	19,148	751,734	39.26	39.39	38.29	158.2	160.3	151.9	226.3	230.2	214.1
Other lumber products	12,606	465,564	37.23	37.62	36.48	101.9	100.5	113.4	204.6	204.0	223.9
Plant products - edible	57,159	2,237,007	38.14	38.91	37.70	130.6	128.8	125.9	225.4	220.9	210.2
Pulp and paper products	113,386	5,899,985	52.05	51.73	49.41	139.2	138.2	138.0	244.3	241.1	229.7
Pulp and paper	47,155	2,749,835	58.31	58.23	58.04	123.7	121.1	127.5	228.6	223.4	226.3
Paper products	21,340	913,239	42.79	42.36	39.95	167.7	168.1	159.5	296.6	294.4	265.7
Printing and publishing	44,861	2,236,811	49.86	49.52	46.49	147.8	148.3	142.9	247.5	246.6	222.6
Rubber products	21,222	899,299	47.09	46.88	44.99	124.9	125.9	124.0	250.9	251.7	237.9
Textile products	164,938	5,947,864	36.06	36.39	35.03	117.5	118.9	117.9	221.2	225.8	216.8
Thread, yarn and cloth	60,807	2,588,687	39.28	39.74	38.17	112.9	113.8	113.3	235.0	239.6	228.9
Cotton yarn and cloth	23,989	921,163	38.43	38.87	37.06	97.2	97.3	94.8	193.7	196.0	182.0
Woolen yarn and cloth	14,218	537,028	37.77	37.76	36.88	99.4	101.1	108.2	210.7	214.3	223.1
Synthetic silk and silk goods	16,802	698,691	41.58	42.29	41.00	150.9	152.0	148.5	342.2	350.6	328.5
Hosiery and knit goods	23,701	785,699	33.16	33.21	31.42	111.4	111.7	117.1	202.6	203.3	202.8
Garments and personal furnishings	64,574	2,180,231	33.45	33.95	32.69	132.3	135.0	131.0	228.5	236.6	223.0
Other textile products	15,854	615,247	38.68	38.34	37.27	94.3	95.1	94.9	180.6	180.5	175.0
Tobacco	9,745	419,172	43.01	40.28	40.68	109.5	126.6	114.6	262.8	284.4	259.0
Beverages	19,802	974,701	49.22	49.04	47.67	170.8	162.3	166.7	285.6	268.5	269.2
Chemicals and allied products	43,797	2,176,688	49.70	49.33	47.67	99.6	99.1	97.6	181.7	179.4	171.5
Clay, glass and stone products	21,792	1,045,088	47.87	47.71	45.07	143.3	140.7	142.3	278.6	272.6	260.9
Electric light and power	33,594	1,712,172	51.27	51.05	48.50	162.2	160.2	158.6	264.4	259.9	245.0
Electrical apparatus	54,883	2,767,695	50.25	48.83	47.96	172.5	170.9	167.1	324.6	318.9	299.7
Iron and steel products	277,844	14,370,042	51.72	51.54	49.30	103.7	104.0	110.4	176.3	176.3	176.8
Crude, rolled and forged products	35,874	1,952,157	54.42	53.77	52.50	131.8	130.4	143.2	194.8	190.4	203.6
Machinery (other than vehicles)	27,049	1,352,858	49.28	49.44	47.00	107.4	106.2	116.3	184.7	183.2	191.6
Agricultural implements	17,148	684,106	51.66	51.19	51.33	189.6	190.5	207.3	362.1	361.1	393.9
Land vehicles and aircraft	110,063	5,906,431	53.66	53.66	50.31	96.8	98.5	103.6	159.8	162.6	160.6
Automobiles and parts	45,126	2,596,330	57.54	56.94	52.61	115.1	114.1	118.9	172.2	168.9	182.9
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	14,823	718,301	48.12	47.72	47.77	75.1	73.8	79.9	120.4	117.5	127.4
Heating appliances	8,057	360,200	44.71	44.95	43.58	145.0	142.9	148.0	244.6	242.2	244.1
Iron and steel fabrication (n.e.s.)	10,891	664,260	51.81	51.50	49.46	97.6	98.4	98.7	213.8	214.6	206.0
Foundry and machine shop products	7,991	413,842	51.79	51.62	47.06	83.1	83.1	94.0	209.8	209.1	209.0
Other iron and steel products	45,848	2,242,688	48.81	48.31	45.84	97.9	97.2	99.4	174.3	171.5	169.6
Non-ferrous metal products	45,839	2,339,861	51.05	51.11	48.68	112.2	111.1	119.3	211.9	210.2	212.0
Non-metallic mineral products	15,484	882,756	57.01	56.19	54.97	122.5	121.1	117.7	238.9	232.7	221.2
Miscellaneous	18,895	742,249	39.28	39.36	38.38	181.2	160.4	150.0	282.1	281.4	271.8
LOGGING	32,400	1,507,587	48.52	41.79	44.88	68.2	100.3	79.3	158.1	208.8	177.3
MINING	86,283	4,668,881	54.11	54.25	50.39	103.5	103.3	96.7	175.3	175.4	152.6
Coal	23,772	1,193,767	50.22	51.89	45.22	94.2	97.7	94.5	185.9	199.1	167.9
Metallic ores	44,865	2,556,680	57.24	56.57	53.90	93.6	93.1	91.2	147.7	145.3	155.6
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	17,846	918,424	51.46	51.64	48.16	166.5	158.9	123.9	318.7	302.6	220.2
COMMUNICATIONS	55,841	2,355,738	42.34	41.88	39.99	206.4	205.2	192.0	315.1	310.0	278.2
Telegraphs	8,244	373,280	45.28	44.92	44.82	121.0	121.0	120.9	215.2	213.5	212.6
Telephones	43,942	1,824,455	41.52	41.10	39.04	225.6	224.2	211.2	335.4	329.9	295.2
TRANSPORTATION	178,444	9,319,919	52.23	53.13	51.06	138.2	132.0	140.2	220.3	214.1	218.4
Street railways, cartage and storage	62,110	2,952,623	47.54	47.40	45.86	154.9	153.6	154.1	252.8	250.0	242.3
Steam railways	89,011	5,144,692	57.80	59.45	66.62	129.9	128.0	132.2	207.3	211.5	206.7
Shipping and stevedoring	27,323	1,222,604	44.75	45.18	44.52	121.8	92.0	129.0	210.1	153.1	221.2
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE	206,800	8,986,374	43.14	43.50	40.85	112.7	107.4	113.7	210.9	202.7	202.2
Building	109,596	5,157,536	47.06	46.77	44.79	167.2	149.8	150.6	258.6	244.9	235.9
Highway	64,920	2,371,057	36.52	38.61	34.18	88.9	77.7	95.3	188.2	155.4	169.0
Railway	33,784	1,457,781	43.15	41.81	42.91	78.1	86.5	82.6	170.0	182.4	178.8
SERVICES (as indicated below)	75,525	2,253,474	29.92	29.64	28.30	144.1	141.5	143.9	260.0	253.1	246.7
Hotels and restaurants	44,504	1,220,777	27.43	27.24	26.41	148.8	146.2	147.9	270.1	263.5	258.5
Personal (chiefly laundries)	19,693	593,885	30.16	29.85	28.97	128.9	126.3	129.4	218.2	211.5	209.6
TRADE	294,558	11,373,315	38.61	38.45	37.06	147.0	145.9	143.2	237.7	234.8	222.4
Retail	211,593	7,632,973	36.11	35.94	34.58	144.7	143.1	140.8	238.1	234.5	222.4
Wholesale	83,185	3,740,342	44.97	44.77	43.34	156.6	156.4	152.7	238.7	235.3	222.5
EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES	1,977,777	88,973,416	44.99	44.88	43.19	123.6	123.1	123.8	215.7	214.2	207.3
FINANCE	93,762	3,998,936	42.55	42.58	41.21	151.4	151.2	143.9	222.5	221.9	204.5
Banks and trust companies	55,070	2,021,606	38.09	38.14	37.11	160.7	160.6	15.8	234.9	235.0	220.6
Brokerage and stock market operations	3,801	205,458	54.05	53.43	49.18	157.7	164.6	152.8	247.1	239.4	218.1
Insurance	38,891	1,771,872	48.03	47.86	46.48	138.8	138.8	129.3	207.6	207.0	187.1
NINE LEADING INDUSTRIES	2,071,589	92,972,352	44.88	44.77	43.10	124.7	124.1	124.6	216.0	214.6	207.2

* See explanatory statement on pages I and II.

Table 2.- Distribution of The Employees and Weekly Payrolls of the Reporting Establishments at May 1, 1950, in The Major Industries in the Five Economic Areas and Average Weekly Salaries and Wages of Their Employees, Together with Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls with Comparisons from a month and a year earlier.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Area and Industries	No. of Employees Reported at May 1, 1950	Weekly Salaries and Wages at May 1, 1950	Average Weekly Salaries and Wages at			Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 Pcs.					
						Employment			Payrolls		
			May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949
MARITIME PROVINCES											
Manufacturing	44,491	\$1,870,512	42.04	42.27	40.68	104.1	101.5	106.8	188.5	184.8	187.0
Lumber products	4,886	141,177	28.89	29.26	28.87	93.1	89.1	91.7	148.0	145.4	151.7
Pulp and paper products	6,175	305,184	49.42	50.25	48.70	117.5	112.9	113.1	220.5	215.8	209.2
Iron and steel	16,163	777,720	48.15	48.24	45.98	98.1	97.7	104.3	173.0	172.6	175.7
Logging	2,115	62,250	29.42	31.65	30.58	55.5	63.8	44.8	68.3	132.7	90.4
Mining	15,248	754,128	49.46	49.94	42.76	84.3	83.1	83.9	181.8	180.9	158.0
Transportation	14,994	719,714	48.00	45.69	46.60	147.7	176.2	147.7	243.8	277.0	236.9
Construction	23,126	754,809	32.64	32.88	33.06	94.0	94.0	103.2	160.0	161.0	178.1
Trade	16,187	652,502	32.58	32.72	31.74	137.0	136.3	134.4	214.8	214.5	205.7
- Eight Leading Industries	125,430	4,977,606	39.68	39.63	38.11	104.7	107.3	107.2	189.4	193.8	186.2
QUEBEC											
Manufacturing	338,286	\$14,647,310	43.28	43.58	42.02	115.8	115.9	118.1	209.1	210.3	207.5
Lumber products	16,760	607,325	36.24	36.43	35.24	100.5	100.6	99.1	218.1	219.3	210.6
Pulp and paper products	59,115	2,063,919	52.77	52.69	51.17	127.8	125.9	127.8	233.6	229.7	226.5
Textile products	93,539	3,296,884	35.25	35.72	34.51	126.9	128.2	124.6	238.4	244.1	229.4
Chemicals and allied products	17,839	865,064	48.49	48.54	48.60	85.3	85.0	85.6	150.4	150.0	145.1
Iron and steel	60,565	3,006,478	49.64	49.85	47.74	95.2	97.5	108.5	157.0	161.4	172.1
Logging	8,091	300,579	37.15	36.07	38.91	39.6	80.2	51.8	104.7	205.9	143.8
Mining	16,515	868,785	52.61	52.18	49.54	151.9	130.1	99.8	211.2	206.7	160.5
Communications	14,928	677,290	45.37	45.00	42.01	229.0	228.3	213.6	326.5	323.0	282.6
Transportation	47,510	2,439,976	51.36	53.97	50.63	136.5	117.4	137.7	219.7	198.4	218.4
Construction	54,814	2,268,653	41.39	42.38	39.38	102.0	96.2	105.5	192.3	185.7	189.2
Services ^{1/}	19,154	556,712	29.05	28.89	27.89	157.8	156.6	154.5	258.8	253.7	247.4
Trade	68,253	2,698,277	38.07	37.95	37.19	145.0	142.2	137.8	227.5	225.5	214.2
- Eight Leading Industries	565,561	24,267,782	42.89	43.00	41.59	117.7	117.5	118.5	210.8	210.8	205.7
ONTARIO											
Manufacturing	520,898	25,236,372	48.45	48.09	46.15	120.1	120.0	121.5	215.3	211.5	205.4
Lumber products	25,732	996,148	38.71	39.26	37.04	114.8	114.5	115.9	201.6	204.1	195.7
Plant products	29,796	1,180,173	39.61	39.80	38.06	130.1	127.3	127.0	220.1	215.3	206.5
Pulp and paper products	52,763	2,745,425	52.03	51.39	48.56	151.6	151.9	149.2	260.2	257.5	238.8
Textile products	59,788	2,273,854	38.03	38.11	36.57	104.7	105.5	107.7	199.3	202.0	197.4
Chemicals and allied products	21,450	1,085,568	50.61	50.17	48.61	109.8	109.0	104.8	203.0	199.8	186.5
Electrical apparatus	38,976	1,966,994	50.47	49.97	49.26	177.5	174.9	169.4	324.5	318.7	296.5
Iron and steel	166,500	8,885,116	53.36	52.85	50.81	106.3	105.3	110.8	180.6	178.7	179.6
Non-ferrous metal products	27,031	1,383,452	51.18	51.29	48.46	114.3	113.7	116.8	228.4	226.8	217.6
Logging	7,951	329,026	41.38	42.94	41.88	77.9	139.3	96.0	179.2	332.3	223.8
Mining	26,052	1,460,070	56.04	55.56	52.61	85.9	83.2	83.1	135.8	131.3	124.1
Communications	22,371	950,863	42.50	42.17	39.93	218.1	217.7	206.2	332.9	329.5	297.5
Transportation	64,599	2,941,021	63.87	56.08	51.44	142.2	132.5	145.3	221.7	211.1	216.1
Construction	72,475	3,322,901	45.85	45.63	43.60	121.7	118.3	113.7	219.0	211.9	194.8
Services ^{1/}	32,076	976,535	30.44	30.03	28.21	135.9	133.3	135.2	266.5	257.8	242.6
Trade	119,902	4,671,926	38.98	39.04	37.43	145.8	144.2	138.9	235.8	233.7	218.3
- Eight Leading Industries	866,324	39,888,713	48.58	46.37	44.54	124.6	124.3	124.1	214.6	213.0	203.8
RAIRIE PROVINCES											
Manufacturing	71,397	\$3,188,123	44.66	44.76	42.62	133.9	133.8	133.8	230.1	230.3	219.1
Animal products - edible	8,705	421,849	48.46	48.14	45.33	121.4	119.0	124.3	204.2	198.9	195.1
Lumber products	4,749	184,419	38.83	38.09	36.77	118.4	127.1	129.3	203.8	214.5	216.1
Plant products - edible	6,517	269,284	41.52	40.78	39.44	139.6	139.7	138.8	234.7	231.7	222.5
Textile products	6,022	188,463	31.30	32.32	31.12	143.0	146.5	144.7	251.5	266.1	263.2
Iron and steel	25,044	1,102,119	47.83	48.82	45.88	124.7	124.4	123.8	218.5	220.5	206.2
Mining	18,179	1,036,992	57.04	58.00	53.54	163.4	169.2	159.4	264.9	278.8	243.1
Communications	7,953	327,208	41.14	39.91	39.47	185.3	179.8	164.0	286.8	272.9	249.0
Transportation	40,766	2,128,943	52.22	53.38	51.91	128.9	128.0	132.1	197.8	200.7	201.6
Construction	34,429	1,494,449	43.41	44.51	40.76	102.8	92.4	105.1	200.1	186.2	192.5
Services ^{1/}	11,466	339,636	29.57	29.37	28.45	137.7	134.3	141.7	241.2	233.6	236.2
Trade	65,344	2,154,926	38.94	38.38	36.92	147.6	146.5	146.4	236.9	230.8	222.7
- Eight Leading Industries	240,628	10,707,528	44.50	44.56	42.73	135.1	131.4	132.9	223.7	222.7	214.4
BRITISH COLUMBIA											
Manufacturing	73,764	\$3,666,051	49.70	49.47	47.47	132.2	130.2	130.7	233.2	228.6	220.4
Animal products - edible	4,773	234,870	47.07	47.85	44.50	118.4	100.0	115.0	214.5	192.2	205.3
Lumber products	27,576	1,316,898	47.75	47.44	46.07	146.5	143.1	137.8	260.6	264.7	238.1
Plant products - edible	3,701	155,023	41.69	41.67	39.27	116.3	116.6	109.7	236.8	237.2	219.2
Pulp and paper products	9,003	494,899	54.97	54.53	50.91	139.6	138.8	143.4	231.9	228.9	220.5
Iron and steel	11,582	568,809	51.68	51.56	50.49	96.5	94.4	99.9	187.1	164.3	166.1
Non-ferrous metal products	4,264	234,820	55.07	56.73	52.38	132.5	131.3	130.7	206.7	207.0	193.8
Logging	13,159	778,282	59.14	53.59	54.87	139.2	117.5	147.0	208.1	159.1	203.9
Mining	10,289	648,911	53.35	53.70	51.93	102.3	100.6	92.3	155.9	154.4	136.9
Transportation	20,575	1,080,265	52.99	52.69	52.49	150.8	149.9	151.4	256.3	254.7	256.1
Construction	23,456	1,145,382	48.85	48.39	45.56	175.7	167.4	189.2	331.3	313.0	333.2
Services ^{1/}	9,314	304,223	32.66	32.43	31.06	158.0	156.3	169.7	278.5	273.5	285.1
Trade	32,872	1,355,684	41.24	40.64	38.62	162.6	161.6	169.0	286.6	281.0	276.6
- Eight Leading Industries	189,834	9,141,788	48.18	47.41	45.91	144.5	140.7	145.0	244.7	234.6	235.1

* See explanatory statement on pages I and II.

1/ See footnote 2 on page 2.

Table 3.- Distribution of the Employees and Weekly Payrolls of the Reporting Establishments* at May 1, 1950 in the Major Industries in the Indicated Provinces and Average Salaries and Wages of their Employees, Together with Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls with Comparisons from a month and a year earlier.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	No. of Employees Reported at May 1, 1950	Weekly Salaries and Wages at May 1, 1950	Average Weekly Salaries and Wages at			Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.					
						Employment			Payrolls		
			May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	849	30,674	36.13	36.78	35.26	152.3	146.9	152.3	273.2	268.3	266.7
Trade	721	19,109	26.50	27.07	22.67	128.7	119.8	128.9	190.7	181.3	166.9
- Eight Leading Industries	3,264	118,420	36.39	35.36	35.19	140.5	138.1	130.5	234.0	222.9	212.2
NOVA SCOTIA		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	23,996	1,023,224	42.64	42.56	40.66	99.5	97.7	105.6	176.0	172.8	174.6
Animal products - edible	2,460	103,213	41.98	39.86	38.89	112.6	105.6	106.2	247.7	216.6	218.2
Iron and steel	10,983	535,828	48.79	48.75	46.29	89.7	89.4	96.1	164.1	163.4	166.7
Mining	14,024	710,189	50.64	50.66	45.25	83.7	82.4	84.2	183.8	180.6	167.9
Coal	13,226	678,665	51.31	51.35	45.75	83.4	82.7	85.1	186.1	185.7	157.2
Transportation	6,952	310,180	44.62	42.98	44.12	126.5	149.3	127.5	206.4	233.8	206.6
Steam railway operation	3,803	201,812	53.07	55.38	51.87	113.2	109.8	109.0	205.3	200.3	193.3
Shipping and stevedoring	2,214	86,342	29.98	33.10	32.87	148.7	231.4	159.6	187.3	321.7	220.4
Construction	10,885	356,541	32.76	33.47	32.55	63.9	68.4	79.5	117.1	128.0	144.5
Building	4,000	143,501	35.88	36.10	34.90	77.2	75.1	71.5	128.4	125.7	115.2
Highway	5,194	158,285	30.47	30.77	30.44	50.5	64.6	86.6	98.4	127.1	168.4
Retail trade	6,789	198,633	29.26	29.64	29.25	138.6	137.5	136.9	217.6	217.7	212.0
Wholesale trade	3,103	125,393	40.41	39.27	39.14	155.2	160.6	168.7	209.2	210.3	201.6
- Eight Leading Industries	70,130	2,854,874	40.71	40.42	38.19	97.0	99.5	101.7	174.4	177.5	171.2
NEW BRUNSWICK		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	19,646	816,614	41.57	42.15	40.94	107.5	103.6	108.1	204.4	199.8	202.9
Lumber products	2,846	84,922	29.64	29.67	31.41	81.2	78.0	76.9	146.7	141.7	146.5
Pulp and paper products	4,136	215,431	52.09	53.88	52.86	122.2	116.5	114.6	229.2	225.3	218.1
Iron and steel	5,004	234,040	46.77	47.21	45.34	113.4	112.5	118.3	195.6	196.7	197.6
Logging	1,645	51,405	31.26	34.30	33.13	35.0	61.7	41.3	63.3	129.7	85.9
Transportation	7,430	375,478	60.54	47.69	46.40	165.2	202.0	163.5	284.7	328.7	270.3
Steam railway operation	4,878	273,058	55.98	56.54	52.95	164.2	175.4	165.5	263.5	284.7	251.8
Construction	11,558	374,366	32.39	32.51	33.49	141.2	131.0	136.9	242.8	224.7	247.0
Highway	7,403	205,068	27.70	29.11	30.11	176.7	137.9	159.7	336.1	277.2	332.2
Railway	1,744	75,772	43.45	35.85	41.81	65.8	99.6	67.0	169.3	198.9	156.2
Retail trade	4,906	149,384	30.45	31.12	29.41	129.4	128.3	127.3	230.2	229.7	217.9
- Eight Leading Industries	52,046	2,004,311	38.61	38.83	38.16	115.5	118.6	116.0	213.2	220.8	210.0
MANITOBA		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	40,079	1,756,267	43.82	44.09	41.94	129.3	129.6	129.6	219.6	221.4	210.4
Animal products - edible	3,001	152,883	50.84	50.32	48.16	115.5	115.1	114.8	192.0	189.0	179.0
Plant products - edible	3,093	124,948	40.40	39.42	38.36	142.4	142.0	135.1	232.9	228.5	206.5
Pulp and paper products	4,097	190,876	46.54	46.97	44.40	144.0	145.6	143.5	232.5	234.0	220.5
Textiles	4,895	154,424	50.93	52.13	50.93	143.7	147.6	149.1	247.6	264.1	256.9
Iron and steel	16,189	721,497	47.56	48.53	45.44	122.1	122.7	122.2	211.9	217.2	202.6
Transportation	18,636	964,630	52.04	52.34	52.01	130.1	131.6	134.5	200.2	203.8	206.8
Street railway	7,473	352,932	44.55	44.23	44.32	148.3	149.7	166.1	227.8	228.4	238.3
Steam railway operation	11,016	629,439	57.14	57.92	57.44	118.7	120.2	121.3	188.1	193.1	193.2
Construction	12,233	518,991	42.43	44.31	40.84	96.9	88.5	98.2	174.7	166.6	170.0
Building	5,496	262,226	45.80	46.59	42.80	106.2	101.7	94.2	186.4	161.9	137.0
Railway	4,276	178,866	41.83	44.82	43.14	76.8	69.0	85.1	163.7	157.4	187.0
Services ^{1/}	4,770	134,899	28.26	28.16	27.87	156.0	155.1	166.6	261.1	245.4	249.6
Retail trade	16,107	804,835	37.55	36.92	35.37	140.9	141.6	146.1	223.1	220.4	217.8
Wholesale trade	7,716	329,029	42.68	42.06	41.03	132.8	131.6	133.5	203.2	198.6	197.8
- Eight Leading Industries	106,631	4,671,919	43.81	44.06	42.40	127.1	126.1	128.2	210.3	209.9	206.2
SASKATCHEWAN		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	9,866	444,606	45.07	45.29	43.31	128.3	122.6	126.4	210.0	204.7	206.2
Animal products - edible	2,451	106,364	43.75	43.94	41.16	119.0	110.9	126.4	208.5	195.2	208.3
Street railways	4,059	160,462	39.53	39.58	38.87	92.4	90.4	102.7	146.0	139.2	168.5
Steam railway operation	4,871	301,189	61.83	65.00	62.11	127.5	127.5	128.8	180.9	190.4	183.5
Construction	7,462	316,332	42.39	44.35	40.04	79.6	72.4	88.7	161.8	164.1	171.0
Highway	1,915	81,832	42.73	46.18	38.02	61.3	57.7	65.4	150.6	129.9	120.5
Railway	3,299	147,814	44.81	44.80	42.25	73.3	71.3	85.2	161.1	146.9	165.5
Retail trade	7,504	271,063	36.12	36.17	34.24	136.9	134.9	136.5	232.8	225.1	224.2
Wholesale trade	4,823	201,800	41.80	41.66	39.64	136.3	134.6	132.2	226.2	222.4	209.9
- Eight Leading Industries	43,477	1,869,937	43.01	43.48	41.41	117.3	114.8	120.1	194.4	192.2	191.9
ALBERTA		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	21,443	987,250	46.04	45.77	43.80	147.1	147.9	144.6	264.1	264.1	246.8
Animal products - edible	3,273	162,802	49.68	49.06	46.02	125.0	125.2	128.1	214.2	211.7	203.2
Plant products - edible	2,263	95,401	42.16	41.86	39.95	129.8	130.2	138.3	228.5	227.7	230.2
Iron and steel	5,623	272,220	48.41	49.47	46.71	155.4	152.9	151.1	263.9	265.3	247.7
Mining	14,065	787,367	66.02	57.21	52.37	189.2	195.5	184.5	286.5	301.8	260.5
Coal	7,006	357,001	50.86	53.57	47.30	111.3	116.9	134.4	201.5	237.0	191.6
Transportation	13,300	702,582	52.83	54.94	52.40	142.0	137.4	141.0	221.3	222.7	218.0
Street railways	5,354	240,320	44.89	44.30	43.69	130.5	129.6	122.7	206.9	202.5	188.9
Steam railway operation	7,596	451,918	58.72	62.79	58.27	140.3	138.0	144.1	231.0	235.6	235.4
Construction	14,734	859,126	44.74	45.73	41.11	126.4	111.6	124.6	269.1	233.8	234.8
Highway	5,031	208,415	40.43	41.84	36.24	101.7	83.0	108.8	164.8	155.4	177.4
Railway	3,398	144,690	42.58	46.81	42.32	78.1	72.3	86.2	172.8	172.0	186.4
Services ^{1/}	4,402	139,728	31.74	31.24	30.81	125.2	122.0	131.5	223.3	214.3	215.6
Retail trade	12,899	478,236	37.08	36.88	35.07	169.7	167.4	162.5	275.4	268.4	250.0
Wholesale trade	6,295	269,885	42.87	42.45	40.51	168.5	165.9	168.3	266.7	259.9	238.8
- Eight Leading Industries	90,520	4,165,672	46.02	46.43	43.80	161.1	149.1	147.2	269.8	258.8	240.7

* See explanatory statement on pages I and II.

1/ See footnote 2 on page 2.

Table 4.- Distribution of The Employees and Weekly Payrolls of the Reporting Establishments¹ at May 1, 1950 in the Major Industries in the Larger Cities, and Average Weekly Salaries and Wages of Their Employees, Together with Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls with Comparisons from a month and a year earlier.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Cities and Industries	No. of Employees Reported at May 1, 1950	Weekly Salaries and Wages at May 1, 1950	Average Weekly Salaries and Wages at			Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.					
			May 1 Apr. 1 May 1			Employment			Payrolls		
			1950	1950	1949	1950	1950	1949	1950	1950	1949
MONTREAL											
Manufacturing	186,607	\$8,524,118	44.61	44.74	43.19	122.6	123.8	124.0	213.2	215.8	206.5
Plant products - edible	11,462	452,813	39.44	38.90	37.83	130.1	127.6	119.1	241.5	233.5	212.7
Pulp and paper products	15,764	699,508	50.83	50.86	47.89	152.0	163.3	148.8	276.0	278.4	254.7
Textiles	44,326	1,566,936	38.00	36.31	36.02	130.6	132.1	127.2	258.5	260.2	223.2
Tobacco	5,806	265,243	45.87	44.83	42.82	98.9	100.1	101.6	261.6	269.0	251.9
Iron and steel	42,062	2,158,035	50.77	50.96	49.07	93.0	96.7	106.1	160.2	156.6	163.0
Communications	8,136	418,747	51.47	50.39	48.28	247.1	247.2	221.6	339.9	333.0	288.5
Transportation	17,642	855,265	46.48	48.09	46.64	136.8	100.2	132.8	239.3	175.9	223.7
Construction	21,973	1,009,744	45.95	46.05	44.06	178.9	176.6	175.4	292.6	286.4	278.4
Services ^{1/}	14,428	435,568	50.19	29.95	28.82	162.4	160.1	157.6	259.6	254.2	246.4
Trade	61,741	2,005,543	38.72	38.74	37.86	146.2	145.8	141.3	223.4	222.9	211.0
- Eight Leading Industries	300,982	13,073,204	43.44	43.34	42.04	132.8	131.3	132.1	226.4	222.5	216.6
QUEBEC											
Manufacturing	17,533	661,309	37.72	37.56	36.78	92.4	91.8	97.8	171.8	169.9	177.7
Iron and steel	1,209	55,807	48.25	47.93	45.35	47.1	43.2	97.1	78.6	71.6	145.0
Transportation	1,958	79,811	40.76	41.23	39.19	179.3	146.2	174.6	248.1	200.5	233.0
Construction	3,683	158,671	40.84	40.88	38.02	145.4	135.2	150.8	297.5	276.7	291.5
Services ^{1/}	1,712	47,246	27.50	27.47	27.08	144.7	140.4	145.8	286.7	270.9	287.0
Trade	5,662	186,316	32.91	32.82	30.93	154.1	152.1	150.3	235.6	232.0	216.0
- Eight Leading Industries	31,817	1,166,737	37.02	36.87	35.80	113.1	109.8	118.8	202.7	196.2	201.5
TORONTO											
Manufacturing	175,806	\$8,586,872	47.70	47.61	45.81	126.9	126.6	123.3	225.0	223.5	209.4
Plant products - edible	13,394	530,769	39.63	39.52	38.15	125.0	124.6	117.9	206.9	205.7	187.0
Pulp and paper products	23,435	1,201,012	51.25	50.76	47.50	149.6	150.3	144.5	287.7	256.3	229.1
Textiles	22,082	875,382	39.55	39.67	37.94	109.8	111.1	108.9	208.5	206.7	196.2
Chemicals and allied products	10,994	540,211	49.14	48.71	47.28	141.8	141.5	136.7	269.8	266.6	249.3
Electrical apparatus	17,707	887,555	50.13	49.36	47.59	188.8	185.1	171.6	344.4	332.6	297.0
Iron and steel	37,663	1,910,246	50.72	50.55	49.34	108.3	107.9	105.6	189.4	188.0	179.4
Communications	6,829	340,060	49.80	48.59	46.04	222.6	222.7	209.7	319.2	311.7	280.2
Transportation	13,113	642,011	48.96	50.09	46.57	168.7	164.6	163.0	272.9	272.5	261.2
Construction	14,479	770,428	53.21	52.13	49.61	155.9	148.3	142.1	259.7	242.0	221.3
Services ^{1/}	16,829	555,099	53.28	52.61	50.75	132.3	129.8	129.0	265.8	253.7	242.5
Trade	60,282	2,562,191	42.50	42.72	40.60	150.6	148.7	143.7	241.4	239.4	220.5
- Eight Leading Industries	287,201	13,267,342	46.20	46.05	44.15	136.3	135.0	131.4	235.2	232.5	216.2
OTTAWA											
Manufacturing	9,746	414,835	42.55	42.24	41.19	98.3	96.8	100.5	171.6	170.5	170.1
Pulp and paper products	3,610	162,013	46.18	46.94	44.78	124.6	124.7	118.3	200.6	204.2	185.2
Iron and steel	1,526	66,153	45.35	45.25	40.90	46.6	44.2	62.0	90.7	89.6	113.0
Construction	4,691	160,275	40.57	41.96	40.89	171.6	149.1	163.3	295.9	265.9	285.6
Services ^{1/}	2,826	77,871	27.54	26.97	25.87	134.1	135.7	139.5	271.5	265.0	288.0
Trade	7,589	254,616	33.85	33.41	31.95	151.2	152.4	148.1	231.0	231.8	216.1
- Eight Leading Industries	27,718	1,066,182	38.54	38.64	37.35	151.5	127.9	129.4	219.0	213.7	208.0
HAMILTON											
Manufacturing	51,146	2,619,652	51.22	50.70	49.64	117.5	117.6	121.3	210.7	208.7	212.0
Textiles	8,465	234,540	56.29	36.43	35.11	95.6	98.3	104.7	171.8	177.1	181.1
Electrical apparatus	7,842	415,274	54.08	54.10	51.96	143.2	142.0	139.7	294.6	292.4	277.6
Iron and steel	23,443	1,311,221	55.93	55.14	55.88	106.5	106.4	111.6	187.7	184.6	196.0
Construction	5,509	169,022	48.17	47.37	46.71	126.4	108.0	134.3	223.6	188.1	230.3
Trade	7,807	281,046	58.95	37.80	36.84	140.3	135.7	124.7	250.6	224.7	204.8
- Eight Leading Industries	68,872	3,246,428	48.55	48.29	47.39	122.9	121.2	124.6	216.2	212.1	214.7
WINDSOR											
Manufacturing	28,810	1,651,377	57.32	57.20	53.44	105.9	107.6	121.0	152.2	164.6	162.7
Iron and steel	23,495	1,375,890	58.55	58.40	54.35	99.9	102.3	117.2	142.4	145.5	155.1
Construction	1,667	89,069	53.43	53.64	50.75	230.5	230.7	174.8	425.4	411.4	295.0
Trade	3,763	144,461	58.39	37.97	38.64	155.7	155.1	152.1	216.6	209.6	198.4
- Eight Leading Industries	37,239	2,013,381	54.07	54.09	51.12	113.8	114.6	124.1	165.6	166.6	170.4
WINNIPEG											
Manufacturing	55,045	1,413,957	42.79	43.15	40.89	128.9	129.0	129.0	217.3	219.3	207.6
Animal products - edible	2,782	143,603	51.69	51.17	48.93	113.0	112.6	111.8	186.6	185.9	175.2
Plant products - edible	2,700	109,390	40.51	39.53	38.91	136.2	135.8	127.5	226.6	219.3	204.1
Textiles	4,763	149,168	31.52	32.60	31.56	141.5	145.0	145.2	244.1	260.6	252.6
Iron and steel	11,432	532,043	46.54	47.69	44.28	120.2	120.9	120.4	206.6	212.7	196.7
Communications	1,601	62,242	41.47	39.21	39.06	208.5	204.5	169.9	262.2	245.1	210.2
Transportation	4,460	195,821	43.79	43.36	42.60	152.0	152.6	166.3	219.7	218.7	219.7
Construction	3,758	151,955	40.55	43.08	36.98	75.0	68.1	82.6	107.2	103.1	112.9
Services ^{1/}	4,343	123,812	28.61	28.38	27.44	155.5	152.4	180.7	249.2	263.1	252.1
Trade	21,246	858,202	39.45	38.81	37.33	139.9	139.9	143.8	219.8	216.3	214.7
- Eight Leading Industries	68,404	2,788,388	40.76	40.79	38.91	130.4	129.7	132.3	206.5	207.4	202.0
VANCOUVER											
Manufacturing	32,439	1,593,454	49.12	48.54	48.75	134.9	135.9	134.6	235.1	234.0	222.4
Lumber products	9,868	469,324	48.64	47.54	48.95	153.1	156.6	146.3	258.1	258.4	238.4
Iron and steel	7,379	385,765	52.28	52.19	50.78	68.3	87.5	95.5	156.2	163.1	167.9
Communications	4,760	183,958	38.65	38.61	38.91	198.6	193.7	181.6	280.9	275.0	258.4
Transportation	8,458	425,472	50.07	48.00	48.58	145.6	148.4	150.9	233.5	228.0	233.9
Construction	8,565	452,864	52.87	50.11	49.19	251.3	239.0	307.1	441.3	397.6	503.0
Services ^{1/}	6,523	214,447	33.92	33.75	52.16	161.9	161.2	173.8	281.7	279.3	290.8
Trade	23,367	986,232	42.21	41.56	39.23	168.6	167.5	164.8	284.5	277.6	274.6
- Eight Leading Industries	65,970	3,667,167	45.94	45.04	43.67	153.8	163.1	169.8	265.9	269.6	261.5

* See explanatory statement on pages I and II.

1/ See footnote 2 on page 2.

Table 6.- Distribution of the Employees and Weekly Payrolls of the Reporting Establishments^a at May 1, 1950 in the Major Industries in Specified Cities and Average Weekly Salaries and Wages of their Employees, Together with Index Numbers of Employment and Payrolls with Comparisons from a month and a year earlier.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Cities and Industries	No. of Employees Reported at May 1, 1950	Weekly Salaries and Wages at May 1, 1950	Average Weekly Salaries and Wages at			Index Numbers Based on June 1, 1941 as 100 p.c.					
						Employment			Payrolls		
			May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949
HALIFAX		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	7,342	310,932	42.35	42.19	42.13	101.5	102.8	100.3	189.0	190.7	185.7
Plant products - edible	1,281	34,688	27.25	27.66	28.28	96.1	95.8	85.9	158.8	156.6	147.2
Iron and steel	2,944	141,012	47.90	47.98	45.53	94.2	97.5	99.2	180.0	186.6	180.2
Transportation	2,113	63,503	30.05	32.59	33.31	174.7	286.5	185.9	208.5	370.6	246.8
Construction	2,629	102,819	39.11	40.01	37.21	105.3	95.7	98.0	147.8	138.0	129.6
Trade	6,121	203,393	35.23	35.27	33.21	149.3	148.8	145.4	218.8	218.3	212.8
- Mine Leading Industries	22,094	814,192	36.85	36.86	36.52	121.4	128.1	118.6	195.9	208.6	189.0
SAINT JOHN		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	4,379	182,489	41.67	40.57	39.91	87.2	84.7	91.4	155.7	158.8	157.2
Iron and steel	725	35,282	48.56	45.79	45.28	56.2	53.6	81.1	99.1	88.9	100.2
Trade	3,183	105,839	33.25	32.88	31.97	110.8	112.6	108.8	186.6	187.4	175.1
- Mine Leading Industries	13,299	497,548	37.41	35.88	35.88	120.2	129.1	119.5	209.3	216.8	199.9
SHERBROOKE		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	7,608	285,887	37.50	37.60	37.45	107.0	107.4	110.6	192.7	193.6	198.0
Textiles	4,680	164,464	35.14	35.48	35.55	110.6	111.5	110.1	212.7	216.5	212.8
Iron and steel	1,561	71,066	45.53	44.69	43.48	78.2	78.5	90.7	136.4	134.4	151.0
- Mine Leading Industries	10,459	356,876	36.89	37.06	36.49	115.6	114.8	118.0	206.2	205.4	207.8
THREE RIVERS		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	7,929	356,890	45.01	45.02	44.74	124.8	122.6	130.2	204.3	200.9	211.0
Pulp and paper products	3,378	199,309	59.00	58.85	57.53	117.6	116.2	124.7	214.7	211.4	221.4
Textiles	2,444	73,096	29.91	30.58	30.41	105.0	102.6	99.6	181.1	180.9	174.8
- Mine Leading Industries	10,782	445,089	41.28	42.66	42.03	150.0	121.0	129.1	206.8	199.0	209.1
BRANTFORD		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	12,987	615,160	47.57	47.82	46.14	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textiles	1,978	80,880	40.89	40.84	39.70	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iron and steel	8,852	365,935	51.95	52.88	50.05	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mine Leading Industries	16,095	692,573	45.90	46.11	44.61	-	-	-	-	-	-
KITCHENER-WATERLOO		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	16,049	684,947	42.68	43.18	40.28	130.2	129.8	130.5	243.7	245.9	250.7
Animal products - edible	1,394	67,776	48.62	49.85	44.24	129.3	125.9	122.9	256.6	256.1	221.9
Leather products	1,735	68,158	39.27	39.66	39.51	104.4	107.0	101.7	182.4	188.8	178.8
Lumber products	2,143	90,689	42.32	44.38	39.23	160.6	161.6	160.0	297.1	313.2	273.8
Rubber products	4,602	202,603	44.02	45.04	40.62	138.6	137.4	143.6	255.1	258.9	243.9
Textiles	1,780	62,884	35.33	34.92	33.49	103.0	102.1	105.5	210.0	208.8	205.9
- Mine Leading Industries	20,801	877,210	42.17	42.84	40.08	135.0	133.7	132.7	251.2	251.0	234.7
LONDON		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	16,527	746,241	45.15	44.59	42.52	145.1	143.3	139.0	263.8	257.3	257.0
Plant products - edible	2,369	88,032	57.16	57.12	57.29	163.0	161.5	144.8	265.3	262.7	242.4
Pulp and paper products	2,371	113,582	47.82	47.72	43.77	166.2	164.7	144.2	277.5	274.3	234.4
Iron and steel	4,125	202,498	49.09	48.69	46.06	147.0	144.7	141.5	260.4	264.2	235.9
Trade	4,891	173,214	36.92	36.57	36.09	172.8	173.2	164.6	239.2	237.8	224.9
- Mine Leading Industries	28,459	1,228,072	43.15	42.59	40.94	166.5	166.6	148.8	265.3	260.4	239.4
FT. WILLIAM-PT. ARTHUR		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	6,006	261,928	52.30	51.74	49.97	55.6	58.2	60.2	108.5	112.2	112.2
Pulp and paper products	2,069	126,123	60.48	59.58	57.18	131.7	136.2	141.8	216.5	219.8	220.3
Iron and steel	1,721	81,880	47.58	47.13	46.35	25.3	26.0	26.8	49.3	50.2	50.6
Transportation	1,468	73,857	50.25	47.95	47.25	99.4	98.6	141.0	118.3	109.7	157.7
Trade	2,077	78,657	37.87	36.93	35.94	126.9	128.0	129.6	223.5	219.9	217.7
- Mine Leading Industries	10,301	480,065	46.60	45.93	44.95	68.7	89.9	78.5	122.8	123.2	132.9
X-SAINTE-CATHERINES		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	21,727	1,167,751	53.75	52.81	50.74	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pulp and paper	2,757	163,206	59.20	58.10	57.26	-	-	-	-	-	-
Textiles	2,200	86,061	39.11	39.13	36.01	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iron and steel	13,395	755,480	56.40	55.21	52.52	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Mine Leading Industries	26,745	1,585,392	51.73	50.97	49.09	-	-	-	-	-	-
REGINA		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	2,349	106,131	45.18	44.50	44.09	102.4	99.2	100.1	162.9	155.4	154.6
Animal products - edible	520	23,058	44.34	43.28	41.81	132.4	123.0	131.4	207.3	187.9	193.0
Trade	5,387	208,775	38.76	37.86	36.99	148.9	148.9	149.9	263.2	246.1	245.2
- Mine Leading Industries	11,630	485,199	40.00	39.25	38.12	130.9	128.9	131.8	225.8	216.2	213.5
SASKATCHEWAN		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	2,195	94,069	42.86	42.77	41.70	180.8	176.5	174.7	303.5	295.4	285.1
Animal products - edible	667	29,129	43.67	43.43	44.33	185.7	175.2	174.4	326.2	309.3	314.3
Trade	3,095	112,802	36.48	36.67	34.49	138.9	136.8	135.3	230.9	225.6	211.1
- Mine Leading Industries	7,888	303,620	38.49	38.96	36.90	149.3	143.9	144.9	262.4	256.0	245.8
CALGARY		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	7,663	364,590	47.58	47.98	44.91	130.7	134.5	135.3	248.0	245.0	231.7
Plant products - edible	944	41,156	43.60	45.47	41.66	130.1	133.6	132.0	241.2	248.6	235.9
Iron and steel	2,717	151,001	48.22	49.98	48.38	144.8	140.7	148.5	237.0	238.7	233.8
Construction	2,585	108,420	45.46	46.34	45.69	116.7	105.6	92.0	289.9	243.8	204.6
Trade	8,075	323,576	40.07	39.74	37.98	162.1	160.1	153.6	266.2	250.1	231.4
- Mine Leading Industries	23,859	1,040,761	43.82	43.48	41.82	146.6	143.1	139.9	265.5	247.0	231.2
EDMONTON		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	7,616	350,166	45.96	46.12	43.68	147.1	145.2	140.1	265.2	262.8	238.3
Animal products - edible	2,009	99,418	43.49	49.77	47.42	128.5	127.2	131.0	210.6	209.6	205.8
Iron and steel	2,000	95,447	47.72	48.45	45.34	161.9	158.8	147.3	300.7	298.8	259.8
Construction	4,140	200,584	48.44	47.35	46.30	328.8	302.5	298.0	662.7	505.9	489.4
Trade	8,368	317,080	37.93	37.47	35.80	194.3	190.5	182.8	326.0	315.7	288.6
- Mine Leading Industries	26,808	1,084,204	42.50	42.18	40.32	185.6	179.8	172.3	320.4	308.0	280.4
VICTORIA		\$	\$	\$	\$						
Manufacturing	5,201	264,818	48.99	49.36	47.86	137.1	132.4	142.1	230.3	224.0	233.4
Lumber products	1,259	57,455	45.84	46.89	47.95	117.4	111.7	116.2	197.0	192.6	204.8
Iron and steel	1,847	90,454	48.97	49.89	49.65	139.0	129.5	141.1	221.3	210.0	227.7
Trade	3,441	131,577	38.24	38.71	35.57	149.6	162.9	161.1	286.9	265.9	258.8
- Mine Leading Industries	12,816	565,812	43.22	43.74	41.60	142.6	146.6	152.2	243.9	252.1	249.9

* See explanatory statement on pages I and II. x Includes Merritton, Thorold and Welland.

TABLE 6.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY PROVINCES AND ECONOMIC AREAS,
(AVERAGE CALENDAR YEAR 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

	CANADA	Maritime Provinces	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta	British Columbia
May 1, 1934	92.0	98.3	-	-	-	85.5	98.5	85.4	-	-	-	88.4
May 1, 1935	95.2	97.4	-	-	-	89.7	101.7	87.9	-	-	-	92.6
May 1, 1936	99.5	103.4	-	-	-	96.4	103.4	92.7	-	-	-	99.0
May 1, 1937	106.5	110.7	-	-	-	105.2	111.2	93.2	-	-	-	103.4
May 1, 1938	107.4	107.3	72.6	118.5	98.3	112.6	109.9	91.5	90.3	89.2	95.0	102.8
May 1, 1939	106.2	100.2	82.2	114.4	84.1	111.8	107.9	94.5	90.7	98.2	97.7	103.3
May 1, 1940	114.3	112.8	86.4	124.0	100.7	113.9	121.0	100.2	97.6	103.6	102.0	107.2
May 1, 1941	145.5	136.5	96.8	158.2	115.2	146.8	156.5	124.1	120.5	122.1	131.1	132.7
May 1, 1942	167.4	166.7	94.4	179.3	132.3	177.9	175.9	130.9	129.1	118.5	141.9	168.8
May 1, 1943	178.2	170.6	102.3	194.1	145.0	192.0	181.8	135.9	135.0	125.5	144.2	186.8
May 1, 1944	178.2	176.6	123.1	200.3	149.5	190.4	180.8	141.0	138.2	150.6	152.2	183.3
May 1, 1945	175.5	183.1	113.9	196.7	170.1	184.9	180.1	139.5	135.2	132.0	150.3	172.4
May 1, 1946	189.5	167.8	133.7	176.1	159.2	170.3	176.7	149.1	142.4	143.3	163.0	163.9
Jan. 1, 1947	181.0	169.4	128.9	169.0	172.4	186.7	186.7	158.3	151.3	148.4	175.4	180.4
Feb. 1	180.7	168.0	124.7	172.3	165.2	186.2	187.6	154.6	148.3	142.9	171.7	180.8
Mar. 1	180.4	148.9	124.0	138.1	144.4	188.4	188.7	155.4	149.5	145.1	171.1	180.9
Apr. 1	180.7	153.3	127.4	138.2	174.4	185.8	189.9	155.3	149.1	145.5	171.1	183.6
May 1	179.6	151.7	128.0	141.9	165.7	182.2	189.4	155.7	148.9	147.2	171.6	186.2
June 1	184.5	165.8	139.3	165.2	168.2	186.9	191.8	161.9	152.4	157.7	179.1	192.4
July 1	189.5	179.4	150.9	186.3	172.2	191.2	195.7	167.3	155.7	162.5	187.8	198.9
Aug. 1	192.6	183.9	157.0	188.2	180.1	195.0	196.7	172.1	159.1	167.5	194.8	204.2
Sept. 1	193.2	184.7	159.2	191.7	177.3	196.1	196.4	172.1	158.5	168.0	195.4	207.5
Oct. 1	194.8	186.2	162.7	198.5	179.2	199.3	199.8	166.8	155.7	163.1	186.1	206.0
Nov. 1	197.8	193.3	160.4	201.4	184.9	203.7	202.2	170.1	160.7	168.0	186.9	203.1
Dec. 1	199.6	192.3	164.3	193.9	192.0	205.6	205.0	171.7	161.8	168.4	189.0	202.6
Jan. 1, 1948	193.7	181.9	152.2	178.4	188.2	196.8	202.7	166.2	156.3	169.0	186.0	194.0
Feb. 1	189.3	179.9	170.2	182.4	177.4	193.6	198.8	156.4	152.6	148.3	167.4	190.5
Mar. 1	188.9	171.0	171.2	169.0	173.4	193.4	199.3	158.4	150.6	147.7	177.2	168.1
Apr. 1	186.6	166.1	163.7	170.7	160.3	187.3	187.7	159.6	151.1	148.8	179.8	190.8
May 1	186.5	167.9	143.0	170.4	166.4	186.3	196.7	159.6	152.2	147.2	179.1	196.1
June 1	192.3	172.5	153.7	174.6	171.0	194.4	200.0	168.9	157.8	161.0	190.9	202.0
July 1	198.0	186.7	169.7	192.9	180.5	198.6	204.8	175.9	163.1	166.9	201.2	207.8
Aug. 1	200.2	190.0	161.4	196.8	183.0	206.3	203.3	179.5	165.9	169.7	206.7	212.6
Sept. 1	201.8	189.1	165.3	198.8	178.2	205.1	205.4	180.6	166.5	169.4	209.4	218.2
Oct. 1	203.3	192.8	164.3	205.7	172.0	205.8	208.3	180.8	167.3	171.1	207.5	214.8
Nov. 1	203.5	194.9	160.4	207.7	180.9	207.1	208.5	180.3	168.5	167.9	206.1	212.2
Dec. 1	204.3	197.8	156.2	209.9	184.9	207.5	210.4	180.9	169.5	167.0	207.8	206.1
Jan. 1, 1949	196.0	177.2	151.3	178.2	177.5	198.2	206.1	173.9	162.4	158.0	201.8	192.4
Feb. 1	190.5	188.2	139.9	172.4	164.7	193.0	202.8	166.7	157.5	146.2	194.4	181.5
Mar. 1	188.9	167.1	139.1	170.3	164.8	190.2	201.8	165.6	156.4	145.9	192.3	179.6
Apr. 1	187.5	167.4	163.0	173.1	160.5	184.8	200.2	166.0	155.4	146.8	194.5	188.8
May 1	189.1	163.3	159.8	170.7	155.2	186.4	200.1	170.5	159.9	153.0	198.0	196.9
June 1	194.5	169.0	151.2	178.4	160.7	194.5	202.4	177.4	163.7	165.1	206.3	204.7
July 1	199.5	187.4	152.8	202.0	176.5	198.0	206.4	181.8	168.0	167.3	212.2	209.1
Aug. 1	200.5	188.9	157.5	203.8	171.7	199.4	205.5	165.5	170.7	169.7	218.6	212.6
Sept. 1	202.1	190.4	165.3	205.7	172.1	199.5	208.3	186.5	171.7	169.9	220.0	215.1
Oct. 1	202.2	192.0	165.9	208.9	172.0	199.5	209.2	185.9	173.5	170.8	214.5	211.9
Nov. 1	202.3	188.5	185.0	206.1	167.5	202.0	208.5	185.2	173.1	171.8	212.3	208.7
Dec. 1	201.8	193.7	171.4	208.0	176.5	201.9	208.7	184.5	172.0	170.8	212.4	205.2
Jan. 1, 1950	194.0	172.9	157.7	173.7	172.9	191.4	205.1	178.5	166.5	160.5	207.7	193.2
Feb. 1	187.2	165.5	148.2	168.3	163.1	185.8	201.0	168.9	159.5	145.4	198.4	174.9
Mar. 1	186.8	162.3	141.3	165.3	159.3	183.8	200.3	167.7	157.3	144.8	198.3	181.9
Apr. 1	187.9	163.5	147.9	167.0	160.0	184.8	200.5	168.6	157.3	146.2	200.6	189.8
May 1	186.7	159.5	150.9	162.9	155.8	185.2	201.0	170.8	158.5	149.5	203.2	194.9

Relative Weight of Employment by Provinces and Economic Areas as at May 1, 1950.

100.0 6.3 0.2 3.5 2.6 28.6 43.3 12.2 5.4 2.2 4.6 9.6

Note:- The "Relative Weight", as given just above, shows the proportion of employees in the indicated area, to the total number of employees reported in Canada by the firms making returns at the date under review.

TABLE 7.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY PRINCIPAL CITIES,
(AVERAGE CALENDAR YEAR 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Quebec</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Ottawa</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Windsor</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>	
May	1, 1934	82.9	96.3	92.9	100.8	83.9	109.3	81.2	85.9
May	1, 1935	86.3	96.7	95.7	101.3	80.3	133.5	85.5	93.4
May	1, 1936	92.7	95.8	100.2	107.7	98.1	136.1	87.3	101.9
May	1, 1937	101.1	97.6	107.4	106.6	111.9	152.9	93.5	106.6
May	1, 1938	104.5	103.8	106.3	105.0	107.2	148.9	91.8	106.9
May	1, 1939	104.5	122.8	107.6	106.4	102.3	140.8	90.0	110.3
May	1, 1940	111.3	115.6	117.9	111.0	120.1	156.2	96.6	115.7
May	1, 1941	138.1	158.6	149.7	145.8	157.4	227.9	119.4	141.3
May	1, 1942	162.9	214.3	176.9	156.6	184.7	268.6	150.5	193.4
May	1, 1943	186.9	269.7	192.4	184.5	187.8	306.0	137.4	240.1
May	1, 1944	188.9	269.1	197.7	163.0	178.9	288.4	142.4	242.9
May	1, 1945	178.7	230.4	188.4	160.7	181.9	273.6	138.3	223.2
May	1, 1946	166.5	162.8	177.5	171.9	172.8	283.8	144.9	191.7
Jan.	1, 1947	174.1	169.5	185.5	184.4	174.9	238.4	154.2	212.9
Feb.	1	173.9	164.9	185.1	177.8	177.7	243.6	151.0	213.6
Mar.	1	174.8	166.3	187.2	175.7	177.8	250.0	151.8	214.7
Apr.	1	176.0	167.9	188.3	178.2	181.2	252.6	151.9	216.0
May	1	176.8	170.6	188.5	177.5	182.5	263.7	152.2	217.5
June	1	178.9	178.9	189.0	180.4	185.3	272.5	153.2	222.4
July	1	179.7	188.9	192.8	183.9	188.4	273.7	155.9	224.9
Aug.	1	179.3	195.6	190.8	184.0	187.2	276.5	157.4	230.5
Sept.	1	179.9	199.8	191.0	183.8	185.1	276.2	157.4	229.5
Oct.	1	181.5	199.8	191.8	182.8	187.8	279.7	153.9	225.2
Nov.	1	182.9	198.8	196.5	182.9	189.7	278.7	162.2	220.4
Dec.	1	185.8	199.7	200.2	185.5	191.8	273.9	186.9	232.3
Jan.	1, 1948	180.3	190.2	198.9	185.4	189.3	287.4	159.3	226.5
Feb.	1	178.7	188.2	198.6	183.1	189.0	206.7	154.6	226.1
Mar.	1	179.1	191.4	198.3	181.2	188.9	288.1	152.8	226.5
Apr.	1	178.3	190.7	196.2	184.1	190.4	287.8	154.2	225.5
May	1	180.8	192.9	196.5	183.5	192.4	283.1	154.4	227.5
June	1	181.9	197.9	196.8	191.2	195.3	287.9	158.8	232.0
July	1	183.1	200.5	199.2	197.2	199.8	281.1	162.0	235.8
Aug.	1	182.8	202.1	196.8	197.0	197.8	284.0	162.8	236.8
Sept.	1	185.9	204.3	196.9	197.9	198.2	284.0	163.8	240.4
Oct.	1	188.5	203.9	200.2	198.4	198.4	292.0	164.9	288.5
Nov.	1	190.2	201.9	203.4	201.1	200.5	288.4	168.3	239.7
Dec.	1	192.8	200.7	208.4	202.9	202.8	288.9	171.4	236.5
Jan.	1, 1949	186.8	186.7	204.7	202.2	197.8	284.7	165.5	228.1
Feb.	1	184.6	181.1	202.0	196.0	197.2	274.8	158.9	219.4
Mar.	1	183.3	185.4	201.7	194.8	198.1	279.1	158.2	218.1
Apr.	1	183.2	185.4	200.3	193.5	199.5	281.9	166.9	223.2
May	1	186.4	191.4	201.4	194.9	201.8	285.2	161.7	226.5
June	1	189.1	199.5	201.4	199.4	203.5	278.8	163.1	229.8
July	1	190.2	201.7	204.6	201.9	199.5	298.8	166.8	230.4
Aug.	1	187.9	204.5	201.9	202.2	201.7	295.7	168.8	232.8
Sept.	1	190.2	204.3	204.1	202.5	202.7	297.1	168.8	233.3
Oct.	1	192.3	200.7	205.9	200.0	203.7	300.1	170.6	228.5
Nov.	1	193.1	200.4	208.3	198.7	204.9	294.1	172.1	228.8
Dec.	1	195.0	200.7	211.6	203.2	203.0	285.5	172.4	228.1
Jan.	1, 1950	187.6	185.6	208.1	204.7	200.8	288.4	166.2	220.3
Feb.	1	185.1	178.0	208.4	194.9	196.8	286.3	160.9	209.1
Mar.	1	184.8	178.8	206.0	189.5	196.1	289.0	158.5	212.6
Apr.	1	185.3	180.0	207.0	192.6	196.2	283.5	158.5	217.3
May	1	187.4	185.3	208.9	198.0	199.0	261.6	159.4	218.2

Relative Weight of Employment by Cities as at May 1, 1950.

15.2 1.6 14.5 1.4 3.4 1.9 3.5 4.2

Note:- The "Relative Weight", as given just above, shows the proportion of employees in the indicated city, to the total number of employees reported in Canada by the firms making returns at the date under review.

TABLE 8.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRIES,
(AVERAGE CALENDAR YEAR 1928=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

	All Industries	Manu- facturing	Logging	Mining	Commun- ications	Trans- portation	Con- struction	*Services	Trade
May 1, 1934	92.0	90.2	80.5	105.6	76.9	78.5	95.8	111.7	115.8
May 1, 1935	95.2	95.6	93.9	118.2	77.5	80.1	84.7	116.4	119.3
May 1, 1936	99.5	102.7	88.6	127.4	78.4	82.8	79.4	120.4	123.3
May 1, 1937	105.3	113.8	86.7	147.4	82.9	85.1	71.4	125.2	128.4
May 1, 1938	107.4	110.6	97.5	149.7	82.5	83.9	88.2	131.9	131.3
May 1, 1939	108.2	108.4	51.0	156.8	82.0	81.4	94.2	133.2	135.1
May 1, 1940	114.3	125.7	60.5	164.5	83.8	88.8	68.4	138.2	138.8
May 1, 1941	145.5	162.3	107.9	174.3	94.6	99.2	120.0	165.6	154.8
May 1, 1942	167.4	202.3	158.5	173.5	103.7	104.1	109.3	178.3	153.8
May 1, 1943	178.2	222.9	151.8	157.8	102.5	111.7	115.7	182.7	151.7
May 1, 1944	178.2	223.2	162.4	156.4	106.1	120.9	87.2	200.7	180.4
May 1, 1945	175.5	210.6	205.8	145.7	112.6	124.4	98.8	202.4	171.0
May 1, 1946	169.3	186.2	223.9	155.9	135.4	127.7	115.2	219.1	186.7
Jan. 1, 1947	181.0	190.6	370.6	154.0	154.9	132.0	125.1	223.7	212.3
Feb. 1	180.7	193.9	375.6	162.1	155.1	129.3	121.2	224.3	198.4
Mar. 1	180.4	194.5	377.9	136.9	158.8	129.9	123.8	226.4	197.4
Apr. 1	180.7	195.2	331.0	158.7	159.0	131.1	128.6	228.5	200.2
May 1	179.6	195.8	241.3	139.5	161.4	134.7	133.2	231.9	200.7
June 1	184.5	197.8	239.8	157.5	165.7	129.9	149.8	238.4	201.8
July 1	189.5	200.6	241.5	167.5	169.9	141.2	165.0	250.5	206.9
Aug. 1	192.6	202.5	246.0	170.2	173.5	142.7	176.2	260.2	206.0
Sept. 1	193.2	203.3	242.2	167.1	171.6	141.8	179.9	268.7	207.2
Oct. 1	194.9	203.6	266.1	165.2	169.4	141.7	180.4	261.0	211.7
Nov. 1	197.8	205.1	352.3	168.0	168.0	138.2	181.3	245.0	216.7
Dec. 1	199.6	205.1	406.2	171.0	168.4	140.0	170.5	241.9	228.3
Jan. 1, 1948	193.7	199.9	414.3	167.1	168.0	139.3	142.8	240.4	230.3
Feb. 1	189.3	200.7	393.8	153.4	168.0	132.8	137.8	230.1	212.7
Mar. 1	188.9	202.6	371.3	164.9	168.1	132.8	129.0	238.0	212.0
Apr. 1	186.5	202.0	273.3	166.9	170.6	132.5	130.8	237.9	215.8
May 1	186.5	301.8	168.6	172.3	172.0	138.3	147.0	245.0	214.4
June 1	192.8	203.8	218.4	174.8	176.6	141.8	166.8	250.2	216.0
July 1	198.0	207.2	226.6	178.7	181.3	142.8	165.6	261.1	220.0
Aug. 1	200.9	206.5	224.0	179.7	184.8	144.9	207.8	268.7	219.4
Sept. 1	201.8	209.5	220.3	181.5	186.6	145.6	201.6	268.4	220.5
Oct. 1	203.3	210.0	267.7	179.6	184.3	148.6	197.3	267.7	221.8
Nov. 1	203.6	208.3	321.6	181.5	182.7	144.6	192.7	266.9	220.5
Dec. 1	204.3	207.9	351.0	181.1	182.6	144.6	184.8	261.0	229.3
Jan. 1, 1949	196.0	202.7	326.2	176.8	183.8	140.7	158.6	246.6	230.0
Feb. 1	190.5	202.8	280.8	178.8	181.8	134.9	142.9	245.0	221.1
Mar. 1	188.9	203.0	262.1	170.5	183.3	132.9	138.7	242.9	220.0
Apr. 1	187.6	203.0	184.0	171.1	182.8	136.5	142.0	244.8	221.3
May 1	189.1	203.3	126.8	171.4	186.6	138.5	150.0	247.8	224.5
June 1	194.6	205.1	178.4	175.7	191.4	141.4	173.8	254.4	228.2
July 1	199.5	207.4	198.9	178.1	196.7	144.2	191.8	265.4	227.7
Aug. 1	200.5	206.4	188.7	183.4	201.1	146.7	203.5	272.3	227.6
Sept. 1	202.1	209.2	160.9	186.8	202.6	145.4	206.8	270.4	228.0
Oct. 1	202.2	208.6	178.7	184.1	200.6	145.6	202.6	253.0	234.5
Nov. 1	202.0	206.5	228.9	184.8	199.2	142.8	197.7	249.7	238.7
Dec. 1	201.8	204.5	246.3	184.4	199.6	142.2	191.0	248.5	248.8
Jan. 1, 1950	194.0	199.7	238.7	180.3	198.1	138.6	157.3	245.3	249.9
Feb. 1	187.2	198.9	191.6	181.1	196.9	130.8	143.8	243.6	227.8
Mar. 1	186.6	198.7	179.6	181.8	196.4	129.4	141.0	239.8	227.5
Apr. 1	187.0	200.4	158.8	183.0	199.6	130.4	149.3	243.7	228.7
May 1	188.7	200.7	108.0	183.4	200.6	138.5	156.6	249.1	230.5

Relative Weight of Employment by Industries as at May 1, 1950.

100.0	52.9	1.7	4.4	2.8	9.0	10.8	3.8	14.9
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Note:- The "Relative Weight", as given just above, shows the proportion of employees in the indicated industry to the total number of employees reported in Canada by the firms making returns at the date under review.

* Consisting almost entirely of hotels and restaurants and laundries and dry-cleaning establishments.

TABLE 9.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRIES (AVERAGE 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Industries	1/Relative Weight	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1948	May 1 1947	May 1 1946	May 1 1945
MANUFACTURING	52.9	200.7	200.4	203.3	201.8	195.8	186.2	210.6
Animal products - edible	1.8	218.0	206.5	215.9	217.5	216.1	216.5	207.9
Fur and products	0.2	165.5	162.9	175.0	162.9	156.5	161.3	140.5
Leather and products	1.5	145.8	146.5	150.4	148.5	159.8	155.9	140.7
Boots and shoes	1.0	138.2	139.8	147.7	139.8	146.9	143.1	129.2
Lumber products	4.0	143.1	142.4	141.3	144.8	136.4	126.2	120.3
Rough and dressed lumber	2.4	131.2	130.0	126.7	128.0	114.5	103.8	97.6
Furniture	1.0	177.0	179.4	170.0	166.6	164.2	146.9	128.2
Other lumber products	0.6	151.3	149.3	168.4	191.8	196.6	190.9	200.4
Musical instruments	.04	41.3	44.0	41.5	40.3	42.3	37.4	27.7
Plant products - edible	2.9	174.8	172.3	168.5	165.2	170.0	157.5	166.8
Pulp and paper products	5.7	178.6	177.3	177.0	179.8	170.9	157.0	158.1
Pulp and paper	2.4	149.1	145.9	153.6	163.4	152.9	140.8	122.8
Paper products	1.1	260.5	281.2	286.9	258.2	266.7	236.0	212.4
Printing and publishing	2.2	185.1	185.7	178.9	173.5	161.8	152.0	133.3
Rubber products	1.1	168.1	169.4	166.9	178.9	197.8	187.1	179.4
Textile products	8.3	187.3	189.5	188.0	181.7	174.8	166.1	158.8
Thread, yarn and cloth	3.1	191.9	193.4	192.5	192.3	178.5	168.8	157.5
Cotton yarn and cloth	1.2	122.3	122.4	119.2	115.7	111.1	108.9	108.3
Woollen yarn and cloth	0.7	185.1	188.5	201.5	213.3	194.9	184.5	188.9
Synthetic silk and silk goods	0.8	883.9	890.4	869.9	865.6	783.2	710.3	617.6
Hosiery and knit goods	1.2	159.3	159.7	167.4	175.0	164.2	159.5	145.5
Garments and personal furnishings	3.2	205.8	210.0	203.9	181.7	176.3	164.1	162.0
Other textile products	0.8	186.5	157.8	157.6	159.4	171.2	173.8	174.0
Tobacco	0.6	117.2	135.5	122.6	114.8	120.8	114.5	135.8
Beverages	1.0	351.2	333.7	342.8	327.5	303.0	285.8	256.7
Chemicals and allied products	2.2	351.1	349.2	344.9	339.2	331.5	323.8	379.2
Clay, glass and stone products	1.1	191.0	187.5	189.7	188.2	183.9	182.9	135.8
Electric light and power	1.7	243.2	240.1	237.6	208.7	180.8	168.4	143.2
Electrical apparatus	2.8	367.8	364.2	355.7	358.4	342.8	290.2	288.7
Iron and steel products	14.1	206.4	207.0	219.5	219.5	212.6	209.1	291.8
Crude, rolled and forged products	1.8	278.4	275.3	302.4	287.3	265.0	269.0	244.1
Machinery (other than vehicles)	1.4	241.9	239.1	281.8	257.3	256.8	232.7	217.1
Agricultural implements	0.9	204.6	205.6	225.7	223.2	185.2	164.8	143.4
Land vehicles and aircraft	5.6	175.3	178.8	187.7	177.0	173.5	172.5	256.4
Automobiles and parts	2.3	295.3	292.6	305.1	284.2	287.3	266.3	278.1
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	0.7	300.5	295.6	319.9	459.5	482.2	535.0	1251.8
Heating appliances	0.4	229.7	226.3	234.5	225.3	192.9	191.8	193.7
Iron and steel fabrication (n.e.s.)	0.6	220.7	222.6	223.2	234.1	202.4	178.7	274.9
Foundry and machine shop products	0.4	193.0	193.0	218.4	229.1	223.9	220.4	231.9
Other iron and steel products	2.3	210.0	208.8	213.6	218.6	223.3	221.0	328.4
Non-ferrous metal products	2.3	326.0	325.0	346.8	345.9	328.3	293.7	352.1
Non-metallic mineral products	0.8	220.1	217.6	211.5	216.5	211.3	217.4	214.1
Miscellaneous	0.9	358.4	355.3	332.3	283.4	304.0	296.1	345.8
LOGGING	1.7	108.0	158.8	125.5	168.5	241.3	223.9	205.8
MINING	4.4	183.4	183.0	171.4	172.3	139.5	155.9	145.7
Coal	1.2	86.2	89.4	86.5	90.0	48.3	94.8	92.7
Metallic ores	2.3	348.2	346.5	339.5	322.3	304.8	276.2	251.8
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	0.9	268.0	265.9	199.5	224.5	196.9	177.4	161.0
COMMUNICATIONS	2.6	200.6	199.5	186.6	172.0	161.4	135.4	112.8
Telegraphs	0.4	159.8	139.7	139.5	136.8	133.5	134.0	126.4
Telephones	2.2	208.0	206.7	194.7	179.7	167.5	135.2	108.5
TRANSPORTATION	9.0	136.5	150.4	138.5	138.3	134.7	127.7	124.4
Street railways, cartage and storage	3.1	226.9	225.0	225.3	219.8	221.8	203.5	188.3
Steam railways	4.5	111.6	110.7	113.5	114.4	111.7	108.9	107.0
Shipping and stevedoring	1.4	115.6	87.3	122.4	127.2	114.5	106.5	115.5
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE	10.5	156.6	149.3	158.0	147.0	133.2	115.2	98.8
Building	5.5	221.8	211.3	212.4	189.9	174.1	130.9	85.5
Highway	3.3	160.2	140.1	171.8	167.9	149.8	138.1	131.5
Railway	1.7	78.4	86.8	82.9	80.5	74.4	77.8	82.6
SERVICES (as listed below)	3.8	248.1	245.7	247.8	245.0	231.9	219.1	202.4
Hotels and restaurants	2.2	246.5	242.2	245.1	246.8	230.8	213.5	201.3
Personal (chiefly laundries)	1.0	236.6	231.9	237.5	241.5	234.1	230.0	204.0
TRADE	14.9	250.5	228.7	224.5	214.4	200.7	186.7	171.0
Retail	10.7	238.1	235.5	231.7	222.1	207.0	193.9	177.8
Wholesale	4.2	213.3	213.0	208.0	197.6	186.5	169.9	154.5
EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES	100.0	188.7	187.9	189.1	186.5	179.3	169.3	175.5
FINANCE	-	175.8	175.6	167.1	159.7	153.0	143.4	128.7
Banks and trust companies	-	178.5	178.8	172.3	161.7	154.2	144.2	135.1
Brokerage and stock market operations	-	194.4	190.8	188.2	192.8	210.6	243.1	159.9
Insurance	-	169.8	169.9	158.1	154.0	147.0	136.5	120.8
TOTAL - NINE LEADING INDUSTRIES	-	188.1	187.3	186.0	185.2	178.4	168.0	173.2

1/The relative weight shows the proportion of employees reported in the indicated industry to the total number of employees reported in Canada by the firms making returns at the date under review.

TABLE 10.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY ECONOMIC AREAS AND INDUSTRIES (AVERAGE 1926=100).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Areas and Industries		1/ Relative Weight	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1948	May 1 1947	May 1 1946	May 1 1945
<u>Maritime Provinces</u>	- Manufacturing	35.5	168.5	164.5	162.5	168.1	163.2	173.5	203.5
	Lumber products	3.9	104.3	99.8	102.7	107.5	106.2	95.3	120.1
	Pulp and paper products	4.9	219.8	211.8	211.6	228.9	214.0	209.3	185.2
	Textile products	3.0	100.8	100.6	117.8	127.0	125.3	109.9	114.1
	Iron and steel	12.9	179.6	178.8	191.0	195.7	194.7	242.7	328.9
	Other manufactures	10.8	171.9	164.4	168.8	169.8	160.6	158.5	168.4
	Logging	1.7	91.8	165.8	116.4	128.7	281.9	203.4	254.3
<u>Maritime Provinces</u>	- Mining	12.1	100.2	98.8	100.7	101.5	24.1	106.1	103.2
	Communications	3.2	164.5	165.9	153.7	141.0	139.8	129.1	126.4
	Transportation	12.0	125.8	160.1	125.8	156.5	141.4	154.1	182.5
	Construction	18.4	237.8	237.6	260.9	254.5	250.9	225.2	226.7
	Services ^{2/}	2.6	296.2	290.1	270.6	272.7	271.7	274.7	297.1
	Trade	14.5	231.2	229.9	226.8	215.7	207.5	205.1	196.1
<u>Maritime Provinces</u>	- All Industries	100.0	159.5	163.5	163.3	167.9	151.7	167.8	183.1
<u>Quebec</u>	- Manufacturing	59.5	201.1	201.6	205.3	204.8	200.2	189.9	223.0
	Lumber products	3.0	144.5	144.7	142.6	148.8	147.6	151.3	135.9
	Pulp and paper products	6.9	159.0	156.6	159.0	165.3	157.3	148.4	153.6
	Textile products	16.5	228.0	230.3	225.8	211.4	202.0	195.7	185.4
	Iron and steel	10.7	183.1	187.6	208.7	218.8	217.6	213.1	318.4
	Other manufactures	22.4	221.7	220.2	222.7	219.0	216.8	198.6	246.9
	Logging	1.4	90.2	182.8	118.0	175.0	303.9	277.4	265.8
<u>Quebec</u>	- Mining	2.9	388.7	383.6	294.2	349.1	323.1	292.5	276.3
	Communications	2.6	209.5	208.9	195.4	179.4	185.2	134.8	110.3
	Transportation	8.4	131.1	112.7	132.2	128.9	123.2	117.9	110.6
	Construction	9.7	125.5	116.6	127.7	120.2	101.3	85.2	82.7
	Services ^{2/}	3.4	234.4	231.3	229.4	226.8	209.7	199.3	189.9
	Trade	12.1	236.1	234.7	227.5	223.0	209.6	195.0	180.6
<u>Quebec</u>	- All Industries	100.0	185.2	184.8	186.4	186.3	182.2	170.3	184.9
<u>Ontario</u>	- Manufacturing	60.8	206.1	205.9	208.5	204.8	198.1	186.6	204.0
	Lumber products	3.0	114.8	114.6	115.8	116.1	114.8	107.2	105.6
	Pulp and paper products	6.2	190.5	190.9	187.5	186.8	176.7	161.4	137.5
	Textile products	7.0	147.5	149.2	161.7	152.3	146.9	140.1	131.9
	Iron and steel	19.4	234.6	234.3	246.0	238.0	225.7	214.1	277.6
	Other manufactures	26.2	237.3	235.5	233.6	228.2	225.4	211.9	221.7
	Logging	0.9	86.3	154.3	106.4	161.9	229.4	243.8	198.8
<u>Ontario</u>	- Mining	3.1	263.3	261.3	260.7	247.5	242.7	221.2	210.0
	Communications	2.6	196.1	195.7	185.4	171.2	163.6	131.7	102.6
	Transportation	6.4	154.7	125.5	137.6	134.9	131.0	122.2	117.5
	Construction	8.5	178.7	175.7	166.9	165.6	147.9	126.1	97.0
	Services ^{2/}	3.7	271.2	265.9	269.7	264.0	249.1	240.0	218.9
	Trade	14.0	240.7	238.1	229.3	219.7	202.3	188.7	173.4
<u>Ontario</u>	- All Industries	100.0	201.0	200.5	200.1	196.7	189.4	176.7	180.1
<u>Prairie Provinces</u>	- Manufacturing	29.7	186.4	186.2	186.2	177.5	175.1	172.7	176.3
	Lumber products	2.0	162.7	174.4	182.3	160.6	168.6	155.1	139.9
	Pulp and paper products	2.6	156.5	155.7	152.2	141.8	128.6	120.5	106.3
	Textile products	2.5	281.5	288.5	285.0	240.5	240.8	222.5	234.7
	Iron and steel	9.8	138.0	137.7	137.1	133.0	125.1	120.8	132.2
	Other manufactures	13.0	250.0	246.0	246.5	237.5	239.3	246.5	250.2
	Logging	0.4	63.0	122.8	41.8	49.6	87.1	133.0	94.6
<u>Prairies</u>	- Mining	7.6	198.7	205.7	194.2	181.0	164.8	160.9	138.8
	Communications	5.3	202.6	198.7	181.2	163.0	149.8	137.6	121.8
	Transportation	16.9	142.4	141.4	146.0	142.3	142.5	134.5	129.1
	Construction	14.3	134.4	120.9	137.5	115.1	108.8	103.7	82.2
	Services ^{2/}	4.8	224.1	218.5	230.5	226.3	217.7	210.6	182.8
	Trade	23.0	194.5	193.1	192.9	180.7	176.7	164.2	147.7
<u>Prairies</u>	- All Industries	100.0	170.8	168.8	170.5	159.6	155.7	149.1	139.3
<u>British Columbia</u>	- Manufacturing	38.9	209.6	206.4	207.2	219.3	206.9	191.9	242.7
	Lumber products	14.5	195.5	192.3	185.2	195.4	165.4	140.1	126.7
	Pulp and paper products	4.8	207.4	206.3	213.1	218.6	196.9	176.5	164.6
	Textile products	1.0	272.3	300.7	261.6	244.2	250.2	217.3	205.4
	Iron and steel	6.1	237.1	231.9	245.4	257.6	321.6	349.0	811.4
	Other manufactures	12.5	212.5	207.2	212.8	213.9	209.3	191.5	177.2
	Logging	6.9	169.0	142.8	178.4	206.7	201.2	160.1	150.0
<u>B. C.</u>	- Mining	6.4	120.4	118.4	106.6	114.2	104.5	97.3	84.4
	Communications	3.4	224.3	220.9	205.4	196.0	177.0	153.8	134.3
	Transportation	10.8	153.1	152.1	153.7	149.3	154.4	135.3	121.6
	Construction	12.4	184.3	175.6	198.5	163.9	157.6	122.6	95.7
	Services ^{2/}	4.9	225.9	223.5	242.0	249.1	241.4	200.2	183.7
	Trade	17.3	258.0	256.7	268.3	249.1	226.9	202.0	180.0
<u>B. C.</u>	- All Industries	100.0	194.9	189.8	196.9	196.1	186.2	163.9	172.4

1/Proportion of employees in indicated industry in an area to the total number of employees reported in that area by the firms making returns at the date under review.

2/See footnote 2 on page 2.

TABLE 11.- INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT BY CITIES AND PRINCIPAL INDUSTRIES (AVERAGE 1926=100).
(The latest figures are subject to revision).

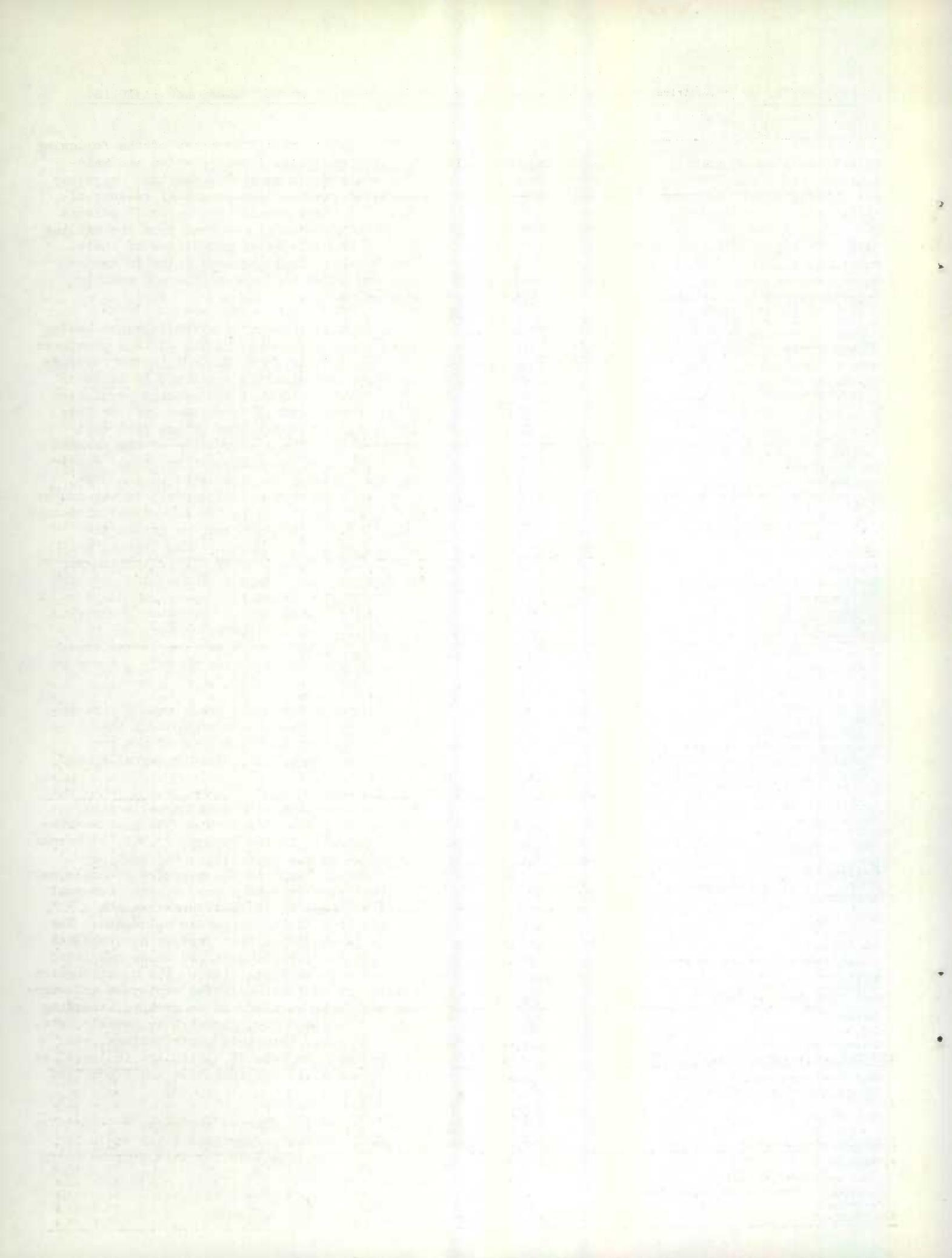
Cities and Industries		1/Relative Weight	May 1 1950	Apr. 1 1950	May 1 1949	May 1 1948	May 1 1947	May 1 1946	May 1 1945
<u>Montreal</u>	- Manufacturing	62.0	195.6	197.6	197.6	191.9	191.7	184.9	211.6
	Plant products - edible	3.8	187.3	183.6	171.5	167.4	159.3	148.3	146.4
	Pulp and paper (chiefly printing)	4.6	187.9	189.5	183.9	185.9	170.8	163.5	149.8
	Textiles	14.7	207.4	209.9	202.1	181.0	175.6	171.8	164.6
	Tobacco, distilled and malt liquors	3.9	182.3	178.8	179.5	175.8	172.4	160.4	170.3
	Iron and steel	14.0	171.2	178.0	193.3	190.8	196.2	203.3	302.4
	Other manufactures	21.0	214.0	213.6	211.3	210.2	214.2	195.6	202.4
	Communications	2.7	160.6	160.7	144.2	132.6	126.5	101.7	80.0
	Transportation	5.9	136.3	101.3	134.3	129.9	124.8	119.1	103.6
	Construction	7.3	118.9	118.7	117.9	109.3	101.2	76.5	57.1
	Trade	17.2	228.5	227.9	220.9	217.6	204.1	187.9	176.2
<u>Montreal</u>	- All Industries	100.0	187.4	185.3	186.4	180.6	176.8	166.5	176.7
<u>Quebec</u>	- Manufacturing	55.6	173.8	172.6	184.0	194.3	174.0	163.9	291.1
	Leather products	8.9	105.7	112.0	123.7	112.3	126.8	124.6	112.3
	Other manufactures	48.7	198.0	194.1	206.5	230.3	194.8	181.4	370.6
	Transportation	6.2	123.7	100.9	120.4	118.8	111.5	88.0	84.7
	Construction	12.3	226.5	210.4	236.2	213.2	149.5	148.9	145.2
<u>Quebec</u>	- All Industries	100.0	185.3	180.0	191.4	192.9	170.6	162.8	230.4
<u>Toronto</u>	- Manufacturing	61.2	206.5	206.9	200.6	198.6	191.4	183.1	210.6
	Plant products - edible	4.7	186.3	185.7	175.6	170.5	183.4	174.0	170.3
	Printing and publishing	8.1	223.7	224.7	216.0	211.6	200.1	186.6	164.5
	Textiles	7.7	151.7	133.3	150.7	127.3	125.5	123.5	117.4
	Iron and steel	13.1	261.9	250.9	245.7	237.3	217.2	205.9	336.6
	Other manufactures	27.6	221.6	226.3	214.6	212.1	209.5	200.6	220.6
	Communications	2.4	167.8	157.9	148.7	133.7	131.6	107.6	88.7
	Transportation	4.6	175.3	171.0	169.4	163.5	162.6	148.8	136.1
	Construction	5.0	211.2	200.9	192.6	198.0	180.1	145.8	107.5
	Trade	21.0	221.8	219.0	211.6	204.2	188.5	175.8	159.0
<u>Toronto</u>	- All Industries	100.0	208.9	207.0	201.4	196.5	188.5	177.5	188.4
<u>Ottawa</u>	- Manufacturing	35.2	147.3	145.1	150.7	154.7	146.2	145.1	154.8
	Lumber products	2.1	52.4	51.2	52.0	49.3	55.8	46.0	42.4
	Pulp and paper products	12.7	145.0	145.2	137.7	147.9	139.5	137.8	125.4
	Other manufactures	20.4	182.5	177.9	195.5	196.2	183.3	185.6	216.5
	Construction	18.6	276.9	240.6	263.6	204.7	199.2	180.7	117.4
	Trade	27.4	260.7	282.7	255.3	251.8	227.3	224.7	199.6
<u>Ottawa</u>	- All Industries	100.0	198.0	192.6	194.9	183.5	177.5	171.9	180.7
<u>Hamilton</u>	- Manufacturing	76.5	194.6	194.7	200.8	191.5	181.7	172.8	189.6
	Textiles	9.7	103.0	105.7	112.6	115.7	106.2	105.5	100.5
	Electrical apparatus	11.4	231.8	229.9	226.2	220.4	214.8	194.2	196.8
	Iron and steel	35.1	227.2	226.9	238.4	223.1	209.6	201.1	260.6
	Other manufactures	20.3	212.6	211.7	216.1	202.2	196.4	164.0	178.7
	Construction	5.2	193.2	165.1	205.3	180.0	173.2	167.8	104.4
	Trade	11.4	215.0	202.9	188.6	190.4	176.7	169.4	162.5
<u>Hamilton</u>	- All Industries	100.0	199.0	196.2	201.6	192.4	182.5	172.8	181.9
<u>Windsor</u>	- Manufacturing	77.4	273.9	278.7	312.8	287.0	289.2	292.8	307.6
	Iron and steel	63.1	282.0	288.9	330.8	301.6	299.6	306.1	326.7
	Other manufactures	14.3	243.2	259.7	246.0	237.7	254.1	248.2	243.6
	Construction	4.6	163.6	157.6	119.4	97.7	109.7	97.4	73.9
<u>Windsor</u>	- All Industries	100.0	261.6	263.5	285.2	263.1	263.7	263.8	273.6
<u>Winnipeg</u>	- Manufacturing	48.3	173.3	173.4	173.4	164.6	185.1	158.9	168.2
	Animal products - edible	4.1	218.7	217.8	216.4	204.9	226.1	258.1	245.0
	Printing and publishing	5.2	154.7	164.1	152.1	142.1	130.4	120.5	106.5
	Textiles	7.0	284.4	291.5	291.9	242.0	239.5	225.0	244.3
	Iron and steel	18.7	133.7	134.4	133.9	131.4	125.5	118.0	125.6
	Other manufactures	15.3	199.4	197.0	198.2	189.1	197.0	184.4	212.3
	Transportation	6.5	110.2	110.8	113.3	112.8	104.8	101.6	93.5
	Construction	5.5	116.1	105.3	128.1	111.0	95.9	88.9	43.3
	Trade	31.1	158.1	165.1	160.5	154.4	153.7	142.6	125.0
<u>Winnipeg</u>	- All Industries	100.0	159.4	168.5	161.7	154.4	152.2	144.9	138.3
<u>Vancouver</u>	- Manufacturing	38.6	250.1	251.9	249.8	264.3	251.6	239.0	367.8
	Lumber products	11.5	200.9	205.4	192.0	205.4	171.9	152.1	133.7
	Other manufactures	27.1	279.1	279.3	283.6	296.7	293.7	284.8	492.0
	Communications	5.7	215.9	210.6	197.4	191.7	169.9	147.2	122.1
	Transportation	10.1	121.9	124.2	126.3	142.6	159.9	130.8	111.2
	Construction	10.2	199.0	189.3	243.2	209.1	194.2	132.3	83.9
	Services ^{2/}	7.5	221.8	220.9	238.1	249.6	238.6	201.0	182.0
	Trade	27.8	254.7	252.6	264.3	248.1	225.7	202.6	182.9
<u>Vancouver</u>	- All Industries	100.0	218.2	217.3	226.5	227.5	217.3	191.7	223.2

1/ Proportion of employees in indicated industry within a city to the total number of employees reported in that city by the firms making returns at the date under review.

2/ See footnote 2 on page 2.

Table 12.- Sex Distribution of the Persons in Recorded Employment at May 1, 1950 with Comparisons as at Apr. 1, 1950 and May 1, 1949.

Industries	May 1, 1950						Apr. 1, 1950		May 1, 1949	
	Total	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	
	No.	No.	No.	P.C.	P.C.	P.C.	F.C.	P.C.	F.C.	
MANUFACTURING	1,048,826	808,791	238,035	77.3	22.7	77.0	23.0	77.5	22.5	
Animal products - edible	34,854	28,316	8,538	81.2	18.8	82.0	18.0	81.0	19.0	
Fur and products	4,148	2,806	1,342	67.8	32.4	68.8	31.2	67.1	32.9	
Leather and products	29,973	18,298	11,675	61.0	39.0	60.5	39.5	60.8	39.1	
Boots and shoes	19,176	10,962	8,214	57.2	42.8	56.9	43.1	57.1	42.6	
Lumber and products	79,703	73,138	6,565	91.8	8.2	91.7	8.3	91.6	8.4	
Rough and dressed lumber	48,049	45,604	2,445	94.9	5.1	94.9	5.1	94.7	5.3	
Furniture	19,148	17,008	2,140	88.8	11.2	88.6	11.2	89.2	10.8	
Other lumber products	12,506	10,526	1,980	84.2	15.8	84.2	15.8	84.7	15.3	
Plant products - edible	57,159	38,467	18,692	87.3	32.7	87.3	32.7	88.4	31.6	
Pulp and paper products	113,356	91,002	22,354	80.3	19.7	79.8	20.2	80.3	19.7	
Pulp and paper	47,155	44,726	2,429	94.8	5.2	94.7	5.3	94.6	5.4	
Paper products	21,340	13,764	7,576	64.5	35.5	63.8	36.2	63.1	36.9	
Printing and publishing	44,861	32,512	12,349	72.6	27.5	72.2	27.8	72.4	27.8	
Rubber products	21,222	16,217	5,005	76.4	23.6	75.9	24.1	76.3	23.7	
Textile products	164,936	75,897	89,039	46.0	54.0	46.0	54.0	45.4	54.8	
Thread, yarn and cloth	60,807	39,373	21,434	64.8	35.2	64.7	35.3	63.8	36.4	
Cotton yarn and cloth	23,969	14,927	9,042	62.3	37.7	62.2	37.8	61.4	38.6	
Woolen yarn and cloth	14,218	8,378	5,840	58.9	41.1	58.6	41.4	57.8	42.2	
Synthetic silk and silk goods	16,802	11,929	4,873	71.0	29.0	71.3	28.7	69.3	30.7	
Hosiery and knit goods	23,701	8,450	15,251	35.7	64.3	35.9	64.1	35.1	64.9	
Garments and personal furnishings	64,574	19,641	44,933	30.4	69.6	30.4	69.6	29.8	70.2	
Other textile products	15,854	8,433	7,421	53.2	46.8	53.2	46.8	53.8	46.2	
Tobacco	9,745	4,127	5,618	42.3	57.7	43.2	56.8	43.0	56.7	
Beverages	19,802	17,492	2,310	88.3	11.7	89.3	10.7	87.4	12.0	
Chemicals and allied products	43,797	33,477	10,320	76.4	23.6	76.2	23.8	75.1	23.9	
Clay, glass and stone products	21,792	19,469	2,323	89.3	10.7	89.0	11.0	89.0	11.0	
Electric light and power	33,394	29,053	4,341	87.0	13.0	86.8	13.2	87.8	12.4	
Electrical apparatus	54,883	39,750	15,133	72.4	27.6	71.9	28.2	71.5	28.5	
Iron and steel products	277,844	255,948	21,896	92.1	7.9	92.2	7.8	92.5	7.5	
Crude, rolled and forged products	35,874	34,231	1,643	95.4	4.6	95.4	4.6	95.5	4.5	
Machinery (other than vehicles)	27,049	23,817	3,232	88.1	11.9	87.9	12.1	88.7	11.3	
Agricultural implements	17,148	16,229	919	94.6	5.4	94.7	5.3	94.5	5.5	
Land vehicles and aircraft	110,063	103,243	6,820	93.8	6.2	94.1	5.9	94.3	5.7	
Automobiles and parts	45,126	39,993	5,133	88.6	11.4	89.1	10.9	89.2	10.8	
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	14,823	14,306	517	96.5	3.5	96.8	3.2	96.6	3.4	
Heating appliances	8,057	7,540	517	93.6	6.4	93.6	6.4	93.7	6.3	
Iron and steel fabrication (n.e.s.)	10,891	10,015	876	92.0	8.0	91.9	8.1	92.2	7.8	
Foundry and machine shop products	7,991	7,612	379	95.3	4.7	95.3	4.7	95.6	4.4	
Other iron and steel products	45,948	38,955	6,993	84.8	15.2	84.7	15.3	84.8	15.2	
Non-ferrous metal products	45,839	39,764	6,075	86.7	13.3	86.2	13.8	86.5	13.5	
Non-metallic mineral products	16,484	14,074	1,410	90.9	9.1	90.7	9.3	91.3	8.7	
Miscellaneous	18,895	11,495	7,398	60.8	39.2	60.8	39.2	63.1	36.9	
LOGGING	32,400	31,662	738	97.7	2.3	98.0	2.0	97.6	2.4	
MINING	88,283	84,566	1,917	97.8	2.2	97.8	2.2	97.7	2.3	
Coal	23,772	23,565	207	99.1	0.9	99.1	0.9	99.1	0.9	
Metallic ores	44,665	43,831	834	98.1	1.9	98.1	1.9	98.0	2.0	
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	17,846	16,970	876	95.1	4.9	94.8	5.2	94.5	5.5	
COMMUNICATIONS	55,641	25,868	29,773	46.5	53.5	47.3	52.7	48.1	51.9	
Telegraphs	8,244	6,749	1,495	81.9	18.1	81.9	18.1	81.4	18.6	
Telephones	43,942	16,646	27,296	37.9	62.1	38.8	61.2	40.7	59.3	
TRANSPORTATION	178,444	167,697	10,747	94.0	6.0	93.9	6.1	94.0	6.0	
Street railways, cartage and storage	62,110	57,755	4,356	93.0	7.0	93.0	7.0	93.3	6.7	
Steam railway operation	89,011	83,789	5,222	94.1	5.9	94.2	5.8	94.1	5.9	
Shipping and stevedoring	27,323	26,153	1,170	95.7	4.3	95.4	4.6	95.6	4.4	
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE	208,300	203,496	4,804	97.7	2.3	97.5	2.4	97.9	2.1	
Building	109,596	106,269	3,327	97.0	3.0	96.6	3.2	97.2	2.8	
Highway	64,920	63,592	1,328	98.0	2.0	97.7	2.3	98.1	1.9	
Railway	33,784	33,635	149	99.6	0.4	99.6	0.4	99.7	0.3	
SERVICES (as specified below)	75,325	37,702	37,623	50.1	49.9	50.1	49.9	48.5	51.5	
Hotels and restaurants	44,504	22,912	21,592	51.5	48.5	51.5	48.5	50.3	49.7	
Personal (chiefly laundries)	19,693	7,655	12,138	38.4	61.6	38.5	61.5	39.0	61.0	
TRADE	294,558	185,048	109,510	62.8	37.2	63.1	36.9	61.2	38.8	
Retail	211,393	120,582	90,851	57.0	43.0	57.4	42.6	65.2	44.8	
Wholesale	83,165	64,486	18,679	77.5	22.5	77.4	22.8	76.8	23.4	
EIGHT LEADING INDUSTRIES	1,977,777	1,544,630	433,147	78.1	21.9	78.1	21.9	78.3	21.7	
FINANCE	93,762	49,180	44,582	52.5	47.5	52.6	47.4	53.0	47.0	
Banks and trust companies	53,070	26,166	26,904	49.3	50.7	49.4	50.6	49.4	50.6	
Brokerage and stock market operations	3,801	2,436	1,365	64.1	35.9	64.5	35.5	84.4	35.8	
Insurance	36,891	20,578	16,313	56.8	44.2	56.1	43.9	57.1	42.9	
ALL INDUSTRIES	2,071,539	1,593,810	477,729	76.9	23.1	76.9	23.1	77.2	22.8	



EXPLANATION OF THE METHOD USED IN PREPARING THE MONTHLY STATISTICS OF EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS.

The monthly surveys of employment and payrolls extend to all branches of the following industries: manufacturing, logging, mining, communications, transportation, construction and maintenance, trade and finance; the establishments for which data are given under the heading "services" are chiefly hotels and restaurants and laundries and dry-cleaning plants. For practical reasons of collection and tabulation, the surveys are in the main limited to firms usually employing 15 persons and over. Firms reducing their staffs below this minimum are not necessarily removed from the mailing list. Establishments are asked to furnish data for all classes of employees irrespective of their functions in the business, but to exclude statistics for the owners. Employers operating in two or more lines of business, or in different provinces or cities, are asked to furnish separate monthly returns for their establishments in the different industries and areas.

1.- COVERAGE - The virtual limitation of the monthly surveys to establishments having 15 employees or more results in a relatively even representation of employment in the various provinces and in the larger cities for which data are segregated, but also results in variations in the coverage of different industries, depending upon whether a given industry is ordinarily organized in large or small units of operation. Complete information respecting the distribution of the working population is available only at 10 year intervals, and some time after the Census date; comparisons of the data of the monthly surveys and those obtained elsewhere in the Bureau are complicated by the fact that the industrial classifications differ in several important respects. The distribution of the persons employed at June 1, 1941, by the co-operating firms in comparison with the distribution of the wage-earners and salaried employees enumerated in the Census of June 1, 1941, was discussed in the 1944 Annual Review of Employment and Payrolls. Since 1944, there has been considerable growth in the number of firms reporting to the monthly survey. It is estimated that the coverage in the industrial divisions now ranges from about 51 p.c. in the hotel-and-restaurant and laundry-and-dry-cleaning group, and 56 p.c. in trade, to some 85 p.c. in mining and 88 p.c. in manufacturing. The last two figures are based on the statistics of the Annual Census of Industry, relating to practically all establishments in the indicated industries. In manufacturing, certain adjustments in respect of industrial coverage are required to bring about comparability in the two series. The proportion of 88 p.c. results from the use of the adjusted figures. It is estimated that the firms co-operating in the monthly surveys in the nine major industrial groups employ approximately 82 p.c. of the total wage-earners and salaried employees in the same industries throughout Canada; of the total wage-earners and salaried employees in all industries, including workers in the industries excluded from the monthly surveys as well as in those represented, the coverage is estimated at about 61 p.c.

It should be noted that the statistics of persons employed, as published in various tables in the monthly bulletins, do not represent estimates of the total numbers engaged in the specified areas or industries, but show the distribution of the workers on the staffs of the co-operating firms at the indicated dates, together with the distribution of their weekly payrolls, and the per capita weekly earnings of such employees.

2.- THE QUESTIONNAIRE - From 1921 to 1941, the questionnaire used in collecting current data on employment called for a statement of the number of persons at work on the last working day of the month. With the introduction of the statistics of payrolls in the spring of 1941, it became necessary to ask for information showing the numbers of employees on the payrolls in the last pay periods in the month, to relate to the salaries and wages. The difference in the coverage of employment as a result of this change was considerable, especially in industries with high proportions of casual labour. In so far as was possible, adjustment in the records was made in 1941, to preserve the comparability of the data collected prior to the spring of 1941, and those thereafter collected. The inclusion of casual workers to a greater extent than was the case in the earlier surveys nevertheless constitutes an element of incomparability in the present statistics of employment and those tabulated prior to the institution of the complementary statistics of payrolls in April, 1941. The questionnaire now used asks employers to furnish data showing the gross earnings of their salaried employees and wage-earners in the last pay periods in the month, the employees and their earnings to be grouped according to the duration of their pay periods, whether these be monthly, semi-monthly, fortnightly, weekly, etc. The payrolls reported include amounts deducted for taxes, unemployment insurance contributions, etc. Cost-of-living allowances, incorporated in the basic wage-rates as from Feb. 15, 1944, are included, as was the case before their incorporation in the basic rates. Commissions and incentive and production bonuses are also included.

3.- THE PROCESSING - In the Bureau, the statistics of salaries and wages reported for any period exceeding a week are reduced, for tabulation purposes, to the proportions which would be earned in one week in the period, the numerator of the fraction ordinarily used for this purpose being

**EXPLANATION OF THE METHOD USED IN PREPARING THE MONTHLY STATISTICS OF
EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLLS. (Cont'd.)**

six days, the standard working week; the denominators of the fractions are the numbers of working days in the different pay periods, excluding only the Sundays. Where operations are continuous, the numerator of the fraction is seven, the denominator being the total number of days in the pay period, including Sundays. In the case of employees paid at annual or monthly rates, so that their earnings are not affected by variations in the number of working days in the month, fixed proportions are used to reduce the earnings to a weekly basis, without regard to the length of the calendar month. The sums resulting from these various calculations are then aggregated to give the total amounts, which, on the average, would be paid for services rendered in one week by the persons on the payrolls of the co-operating establishments. The employees reported are not in all cases necessarily employed for a period of a week by one firm. Employers are urged to make a practice of furnishing data only for the last pay period in the month for their various classes of employees rather than to aggregate statistics for several pay periods, since the latter method tends to exaggerate the amount of duplication possible in the statistics of employment in cases where individuals may be employed by more than one co-operating establishment in a period of several weeks.

4.- THE TABULATION - The data tabulated monthly show the number of persons drawing pay from the establishments furnishing returns at the given date, and their weekly earnings, together with the numbers of employees and the payrolls of the same firms in the preceding month, and in the basic periods. The statistics of the first tabulation are preliminary, the re-tabulation of the statistics on the succeeding month's tabulation incorporating revisions in the returns originally tabulated, as well as reports received too late for inclusion in the preliminary tabulation.

5.- THE INDEX NUMBERS OF EMPLOYMENT - The index numbers represent the percentage relationship between the number of persons employed by the establishments currently furnishing data and the number which they had employed in the basic period. The number of workers employed in the basic period by the firms which then operated but have since gone out of business are continued in the basic average figures, while firms or branches opening for business since the basic period are tabulated with zero base figures. The basic averages of establishments which operated in the base period but have since been added to the mailing list are incorporated in the basic figures from the date when their co-operation was first obtained.

6.- THE INDEX NUMBERS OF PAYROLLS - Shortly after the institution of the statistics of payrolls, it became necessary to present the data in the form of index numbers. The earliest period which could be adopted as a base was selected for the purpose, namely, the week of June 1, 1941. The current disbursements are thus related to the sums expended in salaries and wages by the co-operating employers on or about June 1, 1941, as 100 p.c. To provide a measurement of the changes in employment and payrolls from the establishment of the latter series, the monthly indexes of employment are related to June 1, 1941, as 100, in the tables giving the two sets of data. For all purposes apart from comparison with the statistics of payrolls, however, the indexes compiled on the original 1926 base should be used.

7.- THE WEEKLY EARNINGS - The average weekly earnings represent the division of the aggregate weekly salaries and wages reported by the co-operating establishments, by the number of their employees in the same pay periods; the index numbers of average weekly earnings, given in the table on page 4, are based on the averages reported in the week of June 1, 1941, as 100.

8.- HOURLY EARNINGS - Statistics of average hourly and weekly earnings of wage-earners for whom the larger employers keep record of hours worked are contained in the monthly bulletins on man-hours and average hourly earnings, available from the end of 1944.

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