# MAN-HOURS AND HOURLY EARNINGS WITH AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES 

JULY 1961


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(separate figures of earnings and hours for men and women and for wage-earners and salaried employees in one week in autumn for major manufacturing industries. Canada, and manufacturing in provinces and larger metropolitan areas)

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(separate figures oi earnings and hours for men and women and for salaried employees and wage-earners in one week in autumn from 1946 with industrial and area detail; charts and explanatory material. Special data are obtained on a rotational basis in successive years:
(1) a segregation of office and clerical workers from the salaried group
(2) a distribution of wage-earners and salaried employees in a given range of weekly earnings and
(3) a distribution of wage-earners in a given range of hours worked in the survey week)

Inquiries regarding these reports should be directed to the Labour Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, and subscriptions to the Information Services Division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics or to the Queen's Printer, Ottawa.
COMMEN TARY ..... 5
JULY 1961 STATISTIGS
Hours and Earnings, by Industry:

1. Canada ..... 8
2. Provinces ..... 10
3. Urban Areas ..... 13
HISTORICAL STATISTICS Annual Averages 1945-60 (Monthly 1958-61)
4. Manufacturing, Canada ..... 15
ROTATION TABLES
5a. Manufacturing, Provinces ..... 16
6a. Manufacturing, Urban Areas ..... 19
(Historical statistios for non-manufacturing industries and major groups in manufacturing last published in June issue)
SPECIAL TABLES
5. Index Numbers of Average Hourly Earnings in Manufacturing ..... 23
6. Index Numbers of Average Hourly Earnings in the Heavy Electrical Machinery and Equipment Industry ..... 24
7. Weekly Wages in Manufacturing in 1949 Dollars and Current Dollars ..... 24
CHARTS
8. Average Hourly Earnings, Manufacturing, Canada and Provinces ..... 4
9. Average Hourly Earnings, Manufacturing, Urban Areas ..... 6
EXPLANATORY NOTES
Notes on methods and scope of monthly surveys of hours and earnings ..... 1
FOOTNOTES ..... $1 i 1$


## Manufacturing

Average hourly earnings of wage-earners in manufacturing, at $\$ 1.82$, were seasonally lower in July by 1 cent. The average work week fell by 0.4 hours to 40.6 hours and the average weekly wages decreased to $\$ 73.99$. The average hours were the same as in July, 1960, while average hourly earnings were 5 cents higher and average weekly wages $\$ 1.98$ more.

Layoffs in non-ferrous metals and seasonal layoffs because of model changeover in transportation equipment, contributed to lower earnings in durable goods manufacturing. Hourly earnings were 1 cent lower in July, average weekly wages were \$1.01 lower and the average work week declined by 0.4 hours. Most major groups in the durable goods category reported a shorter work week but the non-ferrous metals group showed no change in the average. Compared with July, 1960, the overall average work week in the durable goods industries was 0.2 hours longer, the average hourly earnings were 6 cents higher, and the average weekly earnings $\$ 3.08$ higher.

Average hourly earnings in non-durable goods manufacturing generally, were unchanged from June, the average work week was shorter by 0.4 hours and average weekly wages declined by $\$ 0.80$. The seasonal increases in employment of lower-paid workers in food processing where average earnings are below the average for manufacturing as a whole, tended to decrease hours and earnings. Lower employment and a shorter work week in the rubber products and chemical products groups in Ontario, further contributed to a decrease in hours and earnings but there were offsetting gains in hours and earnings in the paper products group in Quebec and Ontario. In the year-to-year comparison, the average work week in non-durables generally was 0.1 hours shorter, average hourly earnings were up by 4 cents, and the average weekly wages were $\$ 1.14$ higher.

## Non-Manufacturing Industries

In the mining industry, there was a general shortening of the work week, and a decrease in average hourly and weekly earnings. A shorter work week and lower bonuses in metal mining contributed to these declines. Increases in employment and hours in coal mining in Nova Scotia at average hourly earnings below the average for mining generally, also produced a downward influence on the all-Canada average of earnings in mining. In mining as a whole, the average work week was 0.4 hours longer than in July, 1960, and the average hourly and weekly earnings slightly higher.

Employment was up in all branches of construction with gains in hours worked and in earnings in the industry as a whole. Compared with July, 1960, the average earnings were up slightly but the average work week was a little shorter.

NOTE: Statistics are based on returns received from employers usually employing 15 or more persons. These returns include data for the last pay period(s) of reporting establishments in each month. The latest figures throughout this publication are subject to revision.


## Provinces

In July, the average hourly earnings in manufacturing were higher in Newfoundland, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, unchanged in Quebec and Saskatchewan, and down in the other provinces. The average work week was shorter in all provinces, and average weekly wages were lower in all provinces.

A shorter work week in fish processing in Newloundland, and reduction in overtime work in pulp and paper, lowered the general averages of weekly earnings and weekly hours in that province. Less employment of casual wage-earners in fish processing where average earnings are generally lower than for manufacturing as a whole, contributed to higher average hourly earnings in manufacturing generally in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Overtime work in pulp and paper also contributed to higher average hourly earnings in New Brunswick.

In Quebec, the average hourly earnings in manufacturing generally were unchanged but the average work week was shorter and the average weekly earnings were a little lower. Some increases in wage rates were reported by establishments in the paper products, non-ferrous metals, and electrical equipment groups. Overtime also contributed to higher earnings and hours in paper products and non-ferrous metals. Offsetting these increases, there was higher employment of lower-paid casual wageearners in food processing, and a reduction in overtime at premium rates of pay in the iron and steel and the transportation equipment industries. Generally, there were reduced premium paymente which had been above average in June because of payment for work on the St.Jean Baptiste holiday.

The seasonally lower hours and earnings in Ontario were in part a consequence of layoffs for model change-over in transportation equipment where earnings are above the average for all manufacturing, and increases in employment of casual workers at lower-than-average rates of pay in food processing. Overtime in some of the iron and steel industries at higher rates of pay, wage-rate increases reported in the tobacco products group, and higher earnings on piece work in the clothing group, offset some of the effect of seasonal declines in July.

Shorter hours in meat processing contributed to lower overall average of weokly hours and carnings in all three Prairie Provinces. In Saskatchewan, this decrease was offset in part by overtime work in the products of petroleum and coal group of industries. In Alberta, lower hours and earnings were offset in part by overtime in iron and steel. Seasonal increases in employment of lower-paid casual workers in the fish processing and canning industries in British Columbia, contributed to somewhat lower hours and earnings in manufacturing generally in that province. Lay-offs in the non-ferrous metsls group, where the average hourly earnings are higher than the overall average for manufacturing, also contributed to a generally shorter average work week and lower average hourly earnings. Lower hours in the paper products group added to the downard movement in hours and average hourly and weekly earnings but overtime and a seasonal increase in employment at higher rates of pay in the iron and steel group, offset these decreases to some extent.

TABLE I.Average Hours and Average Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners, Canada, by Industry

| Industry | Average Weekly Hours |  |  | Average Hourly Earnings |  |  | Average Weekly Wages |  |  | Rage-Earnare Reported$\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jư7 } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | June 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | no. | no. | no. | 5 | 1 | $\delta$ | 1 | 5 | 1 | no. |
| Mining | 41.7 | 42.2 | 41.3 | 2.10 | 2.12 | 2.08 | 87.62 | 89.39 | 86.05 | 78,402 |
| Metal mining ................................................... | 41.6 | 42.5 | 41.0 | 2.18 | 2.20 | 2.18 | 90.73 | 93.47 | 89.12 | 51,626 |
| Other metal (b) | 41.3 | 43.1 | 40.8 | 1.70 | 1.69 | 1.68 | 70.26 | 72.91 | 68.63 | 14,129 |
|  | 41.7 | 42.3 | 41.0 | 2.36 | 2.39 | 2.36 | 98.44 | 101.26 | 97.01 | 37,497 |
| Copper-gold-sil | 38.5 | 39.8 | 39.3 | 2.18 | 2.18 | 2.09 | 83.57 | 86.78 | 82.25 | 8,3145,613 |
| Iron | 47.9 | 47.8 | 45.3 | 2.41 | 2.44 | 2.49 | 115.70 | 116.62 | 112.87 |  |
| Uranium | 38.8 | 41.0 | 38.1 | 2.69 | 2.83 | 2.71 | 104.32 | 116.08 | 103.38 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,613 \\ & 4,322 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fuels... | 42.0 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 1.98 | 1.99 | 1.96 | 81.27 | 82.20 | 80.57 | $\begin{array}{r} 14,485 \\ 8,718 \end{array}$ |
| Coal. | 42.5 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 1.74 | 1.75 | 1.74 |  | 71.98 | 71.09 |  |
| Oil and $n$ atural gas (c) |  | 41.6 | 41.7 | 2.36 | 2.32 | 2.33 | $94.67$ | 96.68 | 97.18 | $\begin{aligned} & 8,718 \\ & 5,767 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-metal (d) ................... |  | 41.9 | 42.8 | 1.92 | 1.92 | 1.86 | 82.06 | 80.63 | 79.87 | 5,767 12,291 |
| Asbestos | 42.3 | 40.0 | 41.7 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.13 | 91.41 | 88.39 | 88.78 | 5,895 |
| Manufocturing <br> Durable goods <br> Non-durable goods | $\begin{aligned} & 40.6 \\ & 40.9 \\ & 40.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.0 \\ & 41.3 \\ & 40.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.6 \\ & 40.7 \\ & 40.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.82 \\ & 1.98 \\ & 1.68 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.83 \\ & 1.99 \\ & 1.68 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.77 \\ & 1.92 \\ & 1.64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73.99 \\ & 81.03 \\ & 67.78 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75.02 \\ & 82.04 \\ & 68.58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72.01 \\ & 77.95 \\ & 66.64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 840,847 \\ & 393,946 \\ & 446,901 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and beverages <br> Meat products <br> Canned and cured fish $\qquad$ <br> Canned and preserved fruits and vegetabies <br> Grain mill products. $\qquad$ <br> Bread and other bakery products <br> Biscuits and crackers $\qquad$ <br> Distilled liquors $\qquad$ <br> Malt liquors <br> Confectionery | $\begin{aligned} & 41.1 \\ & 40.3 \\ & 39.2 \\ & 41.3 \\ & 42.3 \\ & 42.3 \\ & 39.8 \\ & 39.6 \\ & 41.7 \\ & 39.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42.2 \\ & 42.2 \\ & 44.1 \\ & 39.4 \\ & 42.7 \\ & 43.4 \\ & 40.3 \\ & 41.4 \\ & 41.1 \\ & 39.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.9 \\ & 40.7 \\ & 42.1 \\ & 43.4 \\ & 42.5 \\ & 42.3 \\ & 40.5 \\ & 40.5 \\ & 41.0 \\ & 39.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.57 \\ & 1.88 \\ & 1.22 \\ & 1.21 \\ & 1.78 \\ & 1.49 \\ & 1.36 \\ & 2.04 \\ & 2.36 \\ & 1.33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.59 \\ & 1.91 \\ & 1.03 \\ & 1.39 \\ & 1.75 \\ & 1.50 \\ & 1.35 \\ & 2.08 \\ & 2.35 \\ & 1.39 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.54 \\ & 1.84 \\ & 1.17 \\ & 1.20 \\ & 1.72 \\ & 1.46 \\ & 1.29 \\ & 2.02 \\ & 2.22 \\ & 1.31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64.68 \\ & 75.83 \\ & 47.81 \\ & 50.08 \\ & 75.25 \\ & 63.11 \\ & 54.32 \\ & 80.93 \\ & 98.48 \\ & 52.94 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66.98 \\ & 80.55 \\ & 45.57 \\ & 54.62 \\ & 74.76 \\ & 64.95 \\ & 54.62 \\ & 85.35 \\ & 96.61 \\ & 53.22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64.60 \\ & 75.03 \\ & 49.29 \\ & 51.99 \\ & 73.22 \\ & 61.82 \\ & 52.27 \\ & 81.76 \\ & 91.10 \\ & 51.18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 113,074 \\ 22,953 \\ 13,924 \\ 16,219 \\ 5,908 \\ 12,104 \\ 5,594 \\ 3,003 \\ 6,539 \\ 5,003 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tobacco and tobacco products ... | 39.7 | 39.7 | 41.6 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.84 | 77.26 | 76.92 | 76.41 | \% 89 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 40.6 \\ & 41.0 \\ & 40.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.4 \\ & 40.3 \\ & 41.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.0 \\ & 38.2 \\ & 40.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.88 \\ & 1.38 \\ & 2.07 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.89 \\ & 1.39 \\ & 2.07 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.85 \\ & 1.37 \\ & 2.04 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76.39 \\ & 56.58 \\ & 83.57 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78.37 \\ & 55.82 \\ & 86.58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74.10 \\ & 52.23 \\ & 83.06 \end{aligned}$ | $10,478$ |
| R ubber footwear |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rubber footwear ........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 40.2 \\ & 40.7 \\ & 39.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.2 \\ & 40.0 \\ & 40.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39.4 \\ & 39.4 \\ & 39.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.23 \\ & 1.18 \\ & 1.34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.24 \\ & 1.18 \\ & 1.37 \end{aligned}$ |  | 49.38 | 49.91 | 47.38 | 24,484 |
| Boots and shoes (except rubber) |  |  |  |  |  | $1.16$ | 47.91 | 47.40 | 45.85 | 17,028 |
| Other leather products (f)........................... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 52.73 | 55.65 | 51.02 | 7,456 |
| Textile products (except clothing) .... | 41.4 | 42.1 | 41.3 | 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.33 | 56.68 | 57.78 | 55.09 | 45,957 |
| Cotton yarn and broad woven goods | 39.3 | 40.5 | 38.7 | 1.40 | 1.41 | 1.34 | 54.95 | 57.21 | 52.01 | 14,573 |
| Woollen goods .......................... | 42.7 | 43.7 | 43.6 | 1.28 | 1.29 | 1.25 | 54.81 | 56.19 | 54.51 | 7,890 |
| Synthetic textiles and silk. | 43.0 | 42.7 | 42.6 | 1.45 | 1.46 | 1.44 | 62.49 | 62.17 | 61.21 | 10,452 |
| Filament yarn and staple fibres | 41.1 | 40.0 | 41.5 | 1.79 | 1.81 | 1.76 | 73.62 | 72.24 | 73.07 | 4,891 |
| Spun yarn and fabrics ................ | 44.6 | 45.1 | 43.6 | 1.18 | 1.18 | 1.15 | 52.71 | 53.34 | 50.00 | 5,561 |
|  | 37.9 | 38.0 | 37.5 | 1.18 | 2.17 | 1.15 | 44.86 | 44.62 | 42.78 | 74,441 |
| Men's (textile and | 37.3 | 37.3 | 36.6 | 1.17 | 1.17 | 1.15 | 43.65 | 43.72 | 42.39 | 25,839 |
|  | 36.7 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 1.27 | 1.24 | 1.22 | 46.60 | 45.02 | 44.27 | 19,670 |
| Homen's clothing | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.2 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.07 | 44.98 | 45.05 | 42.85 | 13,534 |
| *Wood products | 41.3 40.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 41.6 \\ & 41.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.7 \\ & 39.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.60 \\ & 1.69 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.60 \\ & 1.70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.57 \\ & 1.66 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66.21 \\ & 69.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66.65 \\ & 69.61 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 63.90 \\ & 66.30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75,768 \\ & 49,476 \end{aligned}$ |
| Saw and planing mills Plywood and veneer mills | 39.7 | 40.0 | 38.3 | 1.71 | 1.70 | 1.73 | 67.99 | 68.12 | 66.22 | 9,816 |
| Sash, door and planing mill | 42.5 | 42.6 | 42.3 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.38 | 61.01 | 61.41 | 58.52 | 11,940 |
| Sammills | 40.4 | 40.6 | 39.4 | 1.80 | 1.82 | 1.77 | 72.38 | 73.70 | 69.54 | 27,720 |
| Furniture ............................ | 42.5 | 42.7 | 42.4 | 1.48 | 1.47 | 1.44 | 62.71 | 62.64 | 61.09 | 18,682 |
| Other wood products (g) ...... | 42.1 | 42.8 | 42.1 | 1.34 | 1.34 | 1.33 | 56.35 | 57.53 | 55.94 | 7,670 |
|  | 41.4 | 41.4 | 42.7 | 2.16 | 2.15 | 2.10 | 89.21 | 88.94 | 87.51 | 75,948 |
| Pulp and paper mills. | 41.3 | 41.4 | 42.0 | 2.32 | 2.31 | 2.25 | 95.91 | 95.61 | 94.54 | 55,776 |
| Other paper products (h) | 41.6 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 1.70 | 1.71 | 1.65 | 70.70 | 70.86 | 67.43 | 20,172 |
| Paper boxes and bags... | 41.0 | 42.6 | 40.5 | 1.67 | 1.68 | 1.61 | 68.33 | 69.97 | 65.20 | 12,323 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries. | 38.8 | 39.2 | 39.2 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.16 | 86.33 | 86.92 | $84 \cdot 45$ | 32,186 |

For footnotes (a) to (o) see notes on last page. *Durable manufactured goods industries.

TABLE 1. Average Hours and Average Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners, Canado, by Industry - Concluded

| lutusut | Average Weekly Mours |  |  | Average Hourly Earnings |  |  | Average Weekly Wages |  |  | Wage-Earners <br> Reported July $196$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | no. | no. | no. | \$ | \$ | $\delta$ | 8 | 8 | $\delta$ | no. |
| Monufacturing - concluded: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -Iron and steel products | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 2.15 | 2.14 | 2.06 | 87.93 | 87.90 | 84.37 | 123,746 |
| Agricultural implements | 38.3 | 40.1 | 41.0 | 2.17 | 2.16 | 2.07 | 83.27 | B6.38 | 84.86 | 7,701 |
| Boilers and plate work. | 41.9 | 42.5 | 42.1 | 2.06 | 2.03 | 1.98 | 86.32 | 84.53 | 83.37 | 4,760 |
| Fabricated and structural steel | 39.4 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 2.12 | 2.10 | 2.05 | 93.43 | 86.13 | 84.13 | 7,141 |
| Hardware and tools | 41.9 | 42.2 | 40.9 | 1.79 | 1.79 | 1.78 | 75.14 | 75.64 | 72.69 | 8,120 |
| Heating and cooking appliances | 40.5 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.77 | 73.06 | 73.10 | 69.78 | 5,955 |
| Iron castings .......................... | 41.5 | 41.8 | 40.5 | 2.02 | 2.01 | 1.95 | 84.00 | 83.99 | 79.14 | 13,710 |
| Machinery (i) ............................. | 41.3 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 1.99 | 1.98 | 1.92 | 82.07 | 82.28 | 80.21 | 21,160 |
| Household, office and store | 41.3 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 1.98 | 1.98 | 1.92 | 81.92 | 82.55 | 80.19 | 15,554 |
| Industrial (j)............ | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 2.55 | 2.54 | 2.40 | 102.91 | 101.88 | 96.12 | 30,919 |
| Primary iron and steel. | 41.7 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 2.13 | 2.10 | 2.07 | 88.84 | 88.18 | 86.92 | 12,419 |
| Sheet metal products Wire and wire products | 42.2 | 42.2 | 40.5 | 2.13 | 2.12 | 2.00 | 89.67 | 89.57 | 81.15 | 6,361 |
|  | 39.9 | 40.8 | 40.0 | 2.11 | 2.13 | 2.01 | 84.23 | 87.00 | 80.27 | 80,344 |
| - Transportation equipment | 41.1 | 41.7 | 40.6 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 2.04 | 86.72 | 87.83 | 82.57 | 18,257 |
| Aircraft and parts ...... | 39.6 | 41.7 | 37.0 | 2.40 | 2.34 | 2.25 | 95.06 | 97.60 | 83.21 | 10,822 |
| Motor vehicles .-............ | 38.8 | 40.5 | 39.1 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 1.94 | 80.67 | 84.52 | 76.12 | 13,786 |
| Railroad and rolling stock equipment | $40 \cdot 3$ | 39.4 | 39.9 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 1.96 | 83.54 | 81.67 | 78.44 | 19,513 |
| Shipbuilding and repairing ................ | 39.1 | 40.0 | 41.6 | 2.03 | 2.05 | 1.98 | 79.46 | 81.97 | 82. | 6,404 |
| *Non-ferrous metal products <br> Aluminum products <br> Brass and copper products. $\qquad$ <br> Smelting and refining <br> Other non-ferrous metal products (k) | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 2.15 | 2.16 | 2.10 | 87.21 | 87.56 | 85.19 | 38,224 |
|  | 43.0 | 41.6 | 42.0 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 1.82 | 82.12 | 78.34 | 76.60 | 5,288 |
|  | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.3 | 2.02 | 2.02 | 1.77 | 84.04 | 84.27 | 81.28 | 5,660 |
|  | 39.8 | 40.0 | $40 \cdot 3$ | 2.38 | 2.39 | 2.31 | 94.75 | 95.40 | 93.02 | 22,111 |
|  | 40.6 | 41.2 | 40.4 | 1.57 | 1.59 | 1.51 | 63.60 | 65.69 | 61.02 | 5,165 |
| - Blac:rical apparatus and supplies Ueavy electrical machinery and equipment ${ }^{1}$ Tulecommunication equipment $\qquad$ Butnries iefriperators, vacuum cleaners and appliances Wire and cable Misceilaneous electrical products | 40.8 | 41.0 | 40.1 | 1.99 | 1.88 | 1.84 | 77.04 | 77.18 | 73.97 | 46,195 |
|  | 41.2 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 2.08 | 2.08 | 2.07 | 85.64 | 85.71 | 84.39 | 10,165 |
|  | 40.8 | 40.6 | 39.7 | 1.73 | 1.73 | 1.65 | 70.77 | 70.23 | 65.69 | 10,815 |
|  | 40.9 | 41.3 | 39.7 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.79 | 73.54 | 74.07 | 71.15 | 1,346 |
|  | 39.4 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 1.91 | 75.41 | 76.64 | 76.19 | 5,669 |
|  | 43.0 | 43.4 | 40.9 | 2.11 | 2.08 | 2.01 | 90.76 | 90.49 | 82.22 | 4,362 |
|  | 40.1 | 40.6 | 39.7 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.73 | 72.13 | 72.59 | 68.71 | 13,642 |
| *Non-metallic: mineral products (I) <br> Clay products <br> Glass and glass products | 42.9 | 43.7 | 42.5 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.79 | 79.67 | 81.38 | 76.13 | 29,669 |
|  | 42.5 | 43.8 | 41.9 | 1.68 | 1.69 | 1.65 | 71.55 | 74.13 | 69.06 | 4,205 |
|  | 39.9 | 41.0 | 39.4 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.77 | 74.25 | 76.59 | 69.74 | 7,776 |
| Products of petroleum and coal <br> Petroleum refining and products | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 2.57 | 2.57 | 2.51 | 105.96 | 106.69 | 103.28 | 8,118 |
|  | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 2.59 | 2.59 | 2.53 | 106.85 | 107.49 | 104.13 | 7,836 |
| Chemical products <br> Medicinal and pharmaceutical preparations <br> Acids, alkalis and salts $\qquad$ <br> Fertilizers $\qquad$ <br> Paints and varnishes $\qquad$ | 40.8 | 41.2 | 40.8 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 1.99 | 82.96 | 83.64 | 81.36 | 29,095 |
|  | 39.8 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 1.54 | 1.54 | 1.49 | 61.33 | 61.84 | 60.08 | 3,157 |
|  | 40.9 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 2.35 | 2.33 | 2.26 | 95.96 | 96.07 | 92.47 | 6,541 |
|  | 41.6 | 41.7 | 40.2 | 2.10 | 2.06 | 2.10 | 87.16 | 86.59 | 84.37 | 1,885 |
|  | 42.1 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 1.87 | 1.59 | 1.83 | 78.77 | 77.96 | 75.04 | 2,749 |
|  | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1.48 | 61.46 | 62.15 | 60.56 | 22,764 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 39.8 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.82 | 73.50 | 75.19 | 72.95 | 5,830 |
| Construction | 42.3 | 41.9 | 42.7 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 82.50 | 81.47 | 82.21 | 210,904 |
| Building and general engineering ( $m$ ) ............... | 41.9 | 41.1 | 41.7 | 2.14 | 2.13 | 2.10 | 89.45 | 87.31 | 87.64 | 133,549 |
|  | 40.7 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 86.82 | 85.13 | 86.31 | 110,813 |
| Building <br> General engineering | 47.7 | 46.3 | 47.5 | 2.15 | 2.12 | 2.00 | 102.26 | 98.16 | 94.98 | 22,736 |
|  | 43.0 | 43.3 | 44.5 | 1.64 | 1.65 | 1.64 | 70.50 | 71.43 | 72.88 | 77,355 |
| Liectric and motor transportation (n)................ | 43.3 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 1.89 | 1.90 | 1.84 | 82.01 | 83.12 | 80.67 | 32,871 |
| Service (0) <br> Hosels and restaurants <br> 1,aundries and dry cleaning plants | 38.9 | 39.0 | 39.0 | 1.04 | 1.06 | 2.03 | 40.62 | 41.14 | 39.98 | 59,060 |
|  | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 1.01 | 1.02 | 0.99 | 39.40 | 39.93 | 38.93 | 40,569 |
|  | 39.7 | 40.0 | 39.4 | 1.02 | 2.03 | 1.00 | 40.71 | 41.07 | 39.23 | 13,416 |

For footnotes (a) to (o) see notes on last page. *Durable manufactured goods industries. "Index numbers of avernge hourly earnings in :his industry appear in Table 8
8003-19: 20-1.59

TABLE 2. - Averoge Hours and Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage Earners in Specified Industries, Provinces

| Province and Industry | Average Weekly Hours |  |  | Average Hourly Earnings |  |  | Average Weekiy Wages |  |  | Wage-Earners Reporte? July 1961 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 u 1 \mathrm{y} \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | June 1961. | July 1960 |  |
| Newfoundland | no. | no. | no. | \$ | \$ | $\delta$ | \$ | \& | 5 | no. |
|  | 46.1 | 45.6 | 44.7 | 1.96 | 2.97 | 1.85 | 90.15 | 89.80 | 82.82 | 2,557 |
| Manufacturing $\qquad$ <br> Food and beverages $\qquad$ <br> Canned and cured fish $\qquad$ <br> Pulp and paper mills. | 42.5 | 44.1 | 42.8 | 1.54 | 2.53 | 1. 51 | 65.34 | 67.67 | 64.88 | 9,490 |
|  | 43.7 | 46.0 | 43.2 | 0.99 | 0.96 | 0.94 | 43.22 | 44.02 | 40.55 | 4,566 |
|  | 43.1 | 45.8 | 42.4 | 0.91 | 0.87 | 0.85 | 39.08 | 39.94 | 35.97 | 3,730 |
|  | 40.7 | 42.9 | 42.5 | 2.54 | 2.57 | 2.45 | 103.44 | 110.11 | 104.05 | 2,662 |
| Building and general engineering (m) .. | 44.6 | 44.4 | 45.0 | 1.82 | 1.86 | 1.71 | 81.33 | 82.55 | 77.09 | 3,427 |
| Nova Seotia | 42.5 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 2.70 | 1.69 | 1.69 | 72.39 | 70.88 | 71.06 | 6,730 |
| Manufacturing | 41.1 | 42.3 | 41.5 | 2.59 | 2.57 | 1.54 | 65.33 | 66.36 | 63.86 | 20,928 |
|  | 42.1 | 46.4 | 44.4 | 1.04 | 2.05 | 1.02 | 43.66 | 48.55 | 45.52 | 5,093 |
| Food and beverages Canned and cured fish $\qquad$ | 37.7 | 47.5 | 43.0 | 1.02 | 0.99 | 1.04 | 38.53 | 47.16 | 44.87 | 2,756 |
| Wood products ....................................a........... | 44.9 | 44.9 | 45.8 | 0.99 | 1.00 | 0.96 | 4.39 | 45.07 | 4.17 | 1,556 |
| Imon and steel products Primary iron and steel | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 2.22 | 2.20 | 2.10 | 89 | 88.50 | 17 | 4,512 |
|  | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 2.40 | 2.37 | 2.22 | 95.17 | 94.11 | 88.07 | 3,399 |
| Transportation equipment Shipbuilding and repairing | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 1.80 | 1.78 | 1.77 | 72.04 | 71.57 | 70.72 | 5,446 |
|  | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 1.77 | 2.76 | 1.71 | 72.48 | 72.21 | 69.22 | 4,193 |
|  | 42.8 | 41.0 | 41.5 | 1.66 | 1.64 | 2.55 | 69.62 | 67.34 | 64.22 | 5,123 |
| Building and general engineering (m) Highways, bridges and street construction | 39.2 | 40.0 | 43.6 | 1.42 | 1.43 | 1.35 | 55.65 | 57.27 | 58.75 | 3,685 |
| New Brunswick |  |  |  |  |  | 1.53 | 62.68 | 63.75 | 64.90 |  |
| Manufacturing ..................................................... | 40.7 40.8 | 43.7 49.0 | 42.4 | 1.54 | 1.46 1.03 | 1.36 | 62.68 46.68 | 63.78 50.38 | 62.20 | 5,131 |
| Food and beverages ....................................... | 45.6 | 44.7 | 45.7 | 2.05 | 1.04 | 2.00 | 47.87 | 46.66 | 45.65 | 1,598 |
| Saw and planing mills | 41.0 | 40.5 | 41.0 | 2.21 | 2.19 | 2.17 | 90.65 | 88.62 | 89.12 | 3,688 |
| Pulp and paper mills.......... <br> Transportation equipare at | 36.4 | 37.9 | 40.2 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 1.87 | 70.52 | 73.30 | 74.98 | 2,200 |
| Building and general engineering (m) Highways, bridges and street construction | 39.8 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 1.55 | 1. 54 | 1.64 | 61.83 | 62.40 | 65.42 | 2,353 |
|  | 43.9 | 42.2 | 44.8 | 1.25 | 1.28 | 2.24 | 54.89 | 53.81 | 55.36 | 3,456 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 42.7 | 41.4 | 41.8 | 2.99 | , | 1.98 | 85.20 | 89.43 | 83.87 | 6,422 |
| Non-metal mining (d) ............................................ | 42.3 | 41.0 | 42.3 | 2.04 |  |  | 86.49 | 83.50 |  |  |
|  | 41.4 | 41.7 | 41.3 | 1.65 | 1.65 | 1.67 | 68.23 | 68.70 | 66.51 | 277,404 |
| Manufacturing <br> Food and beverages <br> Tobacco <br> Rubber products <br> Leather products | $\begin{aligned} & 42.7 \\ & 39.6 \\ & 42.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43.7 \\ & 39.6 \\ & 41.3 \end{aligned}$ | 43.4 | 1.52 | 1.55 | 1.48 | 64.83 | 68.01 | 64.05 | 25,606 5,469 <br> 4,245 |
|  |  |  | 41.6 | 2.95 | 1.94 | 1.84 | 77.22 | 76.88 | 76.62 |  |
|  |  |  | 41.9 | 1.50 | 1.48 | 1.43 | 63.51 | 61.14 | 59.95 |  |
|  | 40.1 | 39.3 | 37.9 | 2.26 | 1.27 | 1.25 | 46.33 | 46.12 | 43.49 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,454 \\ 9,667 \end{array}$ |
| Leather products <br> Boots and shoes (except rubber) |  | 39.1 | 37.7 | 1.26 | 1.17 | 1.15 | 46.51 | 45.63 | 43.48 |  |
| Textile products (except clothing) <br> Cotton yarn and broad woven goods $\qquad$ <br> Woollen goods <br> Symthetic textiles and silk ${ }^{3}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.6 \\ & 38.7 \\ & 44.9 \\ & 43.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42.9 \\ & 40.9 \\ & 46.5 \\ & 43.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.7 \\ & 38.3 \\ & 47.1 \\ & 43.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.30 \\ & 1.42 \\ & 1.24 \\ & 1.23 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.31 \\ & 1.44 \\ & 1.24 \\ & 1.24 \end{aligned}$ | 2.26 | 54.24 | 56.22 | 52.64 | $\begin{array}{r} 27,496 \\ 20,241 \\ 2,920 \\ 6,925 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.35 | 54.91 | 58.82 | 51.78 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.21 | 55.79 | 57.82 | 57.19 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.20 | 53.69 | 53.91 | 52.29 |  |
| Clothing (textile and fur) <br> Men's clothing <br> Women's clothing $\qquad$ <br> Knit goods | $\begin{aligned} & 37.6 \\ & 37.0 \\ & 36.0 \\ & 42.0 \end{aligned}$ | 37.8 | 36.9 | 1.17 | 1.16 | 2.13 | 43.91 | 43.89 | 41.52 | 45,599 |
|  |  | 37.1 | 35.9 | 2.15 | 1.16 | 2.13 | 42.63 | 42.88 | 40.59 | 14,841 |
|  |  | 36.0 | 35.4 | 1.26 | 1.24 | 1.20 | 45.29 | 44.50 | 42.30 | 23,828 |
|  |  | 42.0 | 40.5 | 1.09 | 1.08 | 2.05 | 45.77 | 45.35 | 42.54 | 6,593 |
| Wood products <br> Saw and planing mills <br> Furniture | $\begin{aligned} & 46.3 \\ & 48.6 \\ & 44.0 \end{aligned}$ | 46.8 | 45.5 | 1.20 | 1.20 | 1.17 | 55.59 | 56.26 | 53.47 | 26,879 |
|  |  | 48.3 | 47.3 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.10 | 54.80 | 54.57 | 52.10 | 7,815 |
|  |  | 45.2 | 44.0 | 1.34 | 1.34 | 2.32 | 58.97 | 60.45 | 57.97 | 6,628 |
| Paper products <br> Pulp and paper mills <br> Oiber paper products (h) | $\begin{aligned} & 42.4 \\ & 42.8 \\ & 41.0 \end{aligned}$ | 42.2 | 43.2 | 2.09 | 2.06 | 2.02 | 88.64 | 87.10 | 87.28 | 29,047 |
|  |  | 42.3 | 43.9 | 2.24 | 2.20 | 2.14 | 95.70 | 93.15 | 94.19 | 22,956 |
|  |  | 42.0 | $40 \cdot 4$ | 1.51 | 1.54 | 1.48 | 62.03 | 64.77 | 59.92 | 6,091 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries ..... | 39.0 | 39.4 | 40.3 | 2.13 | $2 \cdot 14$ | 2.09 | 83.26 | 84.28 | 84.01 | 8,999 |
| Iron and steel products. Machinery (i) | $\begin{aligned} & 42.3 \\ & 42.5 \end{aligned}$ | 42.7 | 42.6 | 2.89 | 1.89 | 1.84 | 80.05 | 80.50 | 78.47 |  |
|  |  | 42.5 | 43.2 | 2.78 | 2.77 | 2.69 | 75.43 | 75.40 | 72.96 | $5,005$ |
| Transportation equipment <br> Aircraft and parts Railroad and rolling stock equipment Shipbuilding and repairing | $\begin{aligned} & 41.6 \\ & 43.2 \\ & 40.3 \\ & 39.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.7 \\ & 43.3 \\ & 39.6 \\ & 40.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41.9 \\ & 41.5 \\ & 39.7 \\ & 44.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.05 \\ & 2.13 \\ & 2.06 \\ & 2.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.05 \\ & 2.12 \\ & 2.07 \\ & 2.06 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.96 \\ & 2.04 \\ & 1.97 \\ & 2.95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85.42 \\ & 91.67 \\ & 83.14 \\ & 81.39 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85.61 \\ & 91.60 \\ & 82.03 \\ & 83.48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82.16 \\ & 84.55 \\ & 78.12 \\ & 87.59 \end{aligned}$ | $23,310$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9,816 \\ & 7,401 \\ & 4,843 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Footnotes (a) to (o) appear in explanatory notes at the end of this report.

- Includes symbetic filament yarn and staple fibre and spun yarn and fabric manufacturing.

TABLE 2. Average Hours and Eamings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Eamers in Specified Industries, Provinees, - continued


[^0]- Mainly syntheric filament yarn and staple fibre manufacturing.

TABLE 2. Averag * Hours and Eamings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Eamers in Specified Industries, Provinces - concluded

| Province and Industry | Average Weekly Hours |  |  | Average Hourly Earnings |  |  | Average Weekly Wiges |  |  | Wage-F artars Repmotai July 1942 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1962 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Manisoba | no. | по. | no. | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | 5 | no. - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 1.73 | 1.74 | 1.68 | 69.70 | 69.90 | 67.68 | 28,378 |
| Food and beverages | 39.4 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 1.86 | 1.88 | 1.78 | 73.22 | 75.49 | 70.38 | 6,113 |
| Meat products .... | 37.8 | 39.8 | 37.9 | 2.04 | 2.06 | 1.98 | 76.92 | 82.00 | 75.16 | 2,746 |
| Clothing (textile and fur), | 39.4 | 38.9 | 39.6 | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1.09 | 44.31 | 43.90 | 43.17 | 4,650 |
| Iron and steel products ... | 39.7 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 1.92 | 1.94 | 1.84 | 76.46 | 79.61 | 74.73 | 3,487 |
| Transportation equipment ...... | 41.0 | 39.8 | 40.3 | 2.01 | 2.00 | 1.89 | 82.13 | 79.53 | 76.24 | 5,583 |
| Building and general engineering ( m ) . | 41.6 | 41.2 | 43.6 | 1.96 | 1.98 | 2.02 | 81.71 | 81.59 | 88.09 | 6,258 |
| Highways, bridges and street construction. | 43.9 | 44.2 | 48.1 | 1.58 | 1.59 | 1.56 | 69.22 | 70.26 | 74.88 | 3,773 |
| Service (0)... | 36.6 | 36.6 | 37.8 | 1.06 | 1.06 | 1.05 | 38.92 | 38.88 | 39.52 | 5,159 |
| Saskatchemen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining | 40.0 | 41.0 | 40.0 | 2.53 | 2.53 | 2.46 | 101.25 | 103.59 | 98.27 | 1,967 |
| Manufacturing |  | 39.6 | 39.3 | 1.96 | 1.96 | 1.89 | 75.30 | 77.65 | 74.41 | 7,052 |
| Meat products | $37.7$ |  | 38.4 | 2.06 | 2.09 | 2.01 | 77.87 | 83.59 | 77.30 | 1,366 |
| Building and general engineering (m)... | 45.7 | 45.7 | 41.1 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.81 | 85.89 | 86.41 | 74.28 | 5,362 |
| Highways, bridges and street construction | 45.7 | 44.6 | 45.0 | 1.58 | 1.60 | 1.57 | 72.35 | 71.45 | 70.70 | 4,305 |
|  | 37.8 | 39.3 | 38.0 | 2.08 | 1.10 | 1.06 | 40.97 | 43.12 | 40.47 | 2,124 |
| Alberta (p) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal mining | 33.1 | 38.0 | 36.1 | 2.062.37 | 2.122.34 | 2.052.36 | 68.3194.74 | 80.6396.92 | 73.7898.68 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,27 \\ 5,233 \end{array}$ |
| Oil and natural gas production (c) .... | 39.9 | 41.5 | 41.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing | $\begin{aligned} & 39.8 \\ & 38.4 \\ & 38.3 \\ & 39.7 \\ & 41.1 \end{aligned}$ | 40.1 | 40.3 | 1.95 | 1.96 | 1.89 | 77.55 | 78.71 | 76.15 | $\begin{array}{r} 22,956 \\ 6,507 \\ 3,248 \\ 2,988 \\ 2,473 \end{array}$ |
| Food and beverages. |  | 39.7 40.5 | 40.1 | 1.90 2.11 | 1.96 | 1.85 2.06 | 73.20 80.97 | 77.70 | 74.28 |  |
| Meat products ........... |  | 39.3 | 38.9 | 1.97 | 2.13 1.97 | 2.06 1.87 | 80.97 78.27 | 86. 77.22 | 80.05 |  |
| Transportation equipment <br> Non-metallic mineral products (e)... |  | 41.7 | 40.7 | 1.91 | 1.93 | 1.84 | 78.25 | 80.73 | 74.65 |  |
| Building and general engineering (m) | 40.9 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 2.27 | 2.24 | 2.19 | 92.76 | 92.45 | 89.70 | 13,194 |
| Highways, bridges and street constructio | 42.0 | 44.4 | 45.4 | 1.80 | 1.80 | 1.77 | 75.48 | 79.94 | 80.18 | 7,627 |
| Electric and motor transportation (n) | 41.2 | 40.6 | 42.3 | 1.92 | 1.94 | 1.91 | 78.95 | 78.78 | 80.67 | 1,793 |
| Service (o) | 40.3 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 0.97 | 0.99 | 0.96 | 39.11 | 38.99 | 38.29 | 7,968 |
| British Columbia (p) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry (logging) | 28.1 | 36.1 | 32.1 | 2.70 | 2.75 | 2.68 | 75.84 | 99.43 | 86.10 | 6,305 |
| Metal mining | 20.1 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 2.42 | 2.39 | 2.36 | 96.95 | 99.85 | 97.36 | 3,944 |
| Manufacturing | 37.7 36.7 | 37.9 | 37.5 | 2.19 | 2.22 | 2.17 | 82.58 | 84.29 | 81.48 | 70,6 |
| Food and beverages... | 37.0 | 34.7 27.4 | 37.0 | 1.96 2.07 | 1.99 | 2.93 | 71.95 | 69.20 | 71.44 |  |
| Canned and cured fish $\qquad$ | 33.5 | 34.9 | 35.5 | 2.44 | 1.48 | 1.44 | 48.21 | 51.69 | 75.10 50.94 | 2,761 |
| Wood products ................................... | 33.5 37.2 | 37.6 | 36.0 |  | 2.12 | 2.09 | 78.73 | 79.69 | 75.30 | 28,953 |
| Saw and planing mills | 37.2 | 37.5 | 36.0 | 2.12 | 2.13 | 2.10 | 79.08 | 79.98 | 75.70 | 27,467 |
| Pulp and paper mills ......... | 38.538.5 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 2.59 | 2.61 | 2.60 | 99.90 | 103.26 | 102.70 | 7,181 |
| fron and steel products.... |  | 39.1 | 38.4 | 2.42 | 2.37 | 2.33 | 93.40 | 92.74 | 89.39 | 4,677 |
| Steel shipbuilding and repairing Non-ferrous meral products ....... | 38.5 38.3 | 49.8 | 39.4 40.2 | 2.43 2.33 | 2.45 2.48 | 2.38 2.39 | 93.80 | 97.26 99.45 | 93.59 95.75 | 4,094 3,535 |
| Building and general engineering (m) ........ | 39.0 | 37.1 | 36.5 | 2.74 | 2.72 | 2.76 | 106.77 | 100.73 | 100.77 | 8,893 |
| Highways, bridges and street construction | 38.9 | 38.8 | 39.9 | 2.21 | 2.19 | 2.24 | 85.88 | 84.72 | 89.53 | 9,134 |
| Electric and motor transportation (n) ....... | 40.3 | 40.0 | 41.0 | 2.33 | 2.29 | 2.26 | 93.82 | 91.49 | 92.71 | 3,023 |
| Service (0) | 35.3 | 35.4 | 35.4 | 1.32 | 1.33 | 1.30 | 46.55 | 47.08 | 45.88 | 8,06 |

[^1]2003-191 20-1-49

TABLE 3.- Average Hours and Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Industries, Urban Areas

| 1-1.ann Aree and Industry | Average Weekly Hours |  |  | Average Hourly Earnings |  |  | Average Meekly tiages |  |  | Wage-Earners Reported July 1961 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{July}_{1} \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 u l y \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1961 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1960 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | no. | 10. | no. | $\$$ | $\delta$ | \$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\delta$ | 0 O |
| Halifox - Manufacturing | 41.0 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.67 | 71.50 | 70.99 | 68.85 | 6,918 |
| Soint John - Manufacturi | 39.7 | 41.7 | 42.2 | 1.64 | 1.66 | 1.58 | 65.13 | 69.30 | 66.48 | 4,202 |
| Quebec - Manufacturing | 40.2 | 41.5 | 41.7 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.54 | 63.45 | 65.51 | 64.00 | 14,903 |
| Leather products......... | 37.1 | 38.6 | 36.6 | 1.13 | 1.15 | 1.13 | 42.08 | 44.20 | 41.25 | 2,103 |
| Clothing (textile and fur) | 37.7 | 39.0 | 38.0 | 0.96 | 0.96 | 0.91 | 36.38 | 37.37 | 34.48 | 1,741 |
| Transportation equipment | 40.1 | 41.0 | 48.9 | 1.96 | 1.95 | 1.91 | 78.55 | 79.81 | 93.36 | 1,703 |
| Building and general engineering | 42.3 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.69 | 7 | 73.97 | 69.42 | 4,519 |
| Sherbrooke - Manufacturing | 43.1 | 44.0 | 43.0 | 1.46 | 1.45 | 1.42 | 63.10 | 63.78 | 61.25 | 5,796 |
| Three Rivers - Manufacturing | 42.3 | 42.9 | 42.2 | 2.79 | 1.81 | 1.73 | 75.83 | 75.52 | 71.26 | 8,178 |
| Drummondville - Manufacturing | 41.2 | 40.7 | 42.2 | 1.36 | 1.39 | 1.32 | 56.17 | 56.43 | 55.71 | 4,029 |
| Shawinigan Falls - Manufacturing | 41.2 | 41.3 | 42.8 | 2.03 | 2.00 | 1.91 | 83.79 | 82.54 | 81.84 | 6,578 |
| Granby - Manufacturing | 43.1 | 43.2 | 43.0 | 1.42 | 1.43 | 1.32 | 61.05 | 61.76 | 56.87 | 4,460 |
| St. Hyacinthe - Manufacturing | 43.1 | 42.2 | 42.6 | 1.25 | 1.28 | 1.20 | 54.01 | 54.19 | 50.98 | 3,545 |
| Sorel - Manufacturing | 40.4 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.78 | 74.31 | 76.39 | 74.62 | 2,987 |
| St, Jean - Manufacturin | 42.2 | 42.6 | 41.4 | 1.49 | 1. 52 | 1.41 | 62.62 | 64.62 | 58.44 | 3,992 |
| Monlred | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.2 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.67 | 69.25 | 69.65 | 67.03 | 148,544 |
| Fond and beverages.. | 42.0 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 1.70 | 1.70 | 1.64 | 71.47 | 72.30 | 69.95 | 16,212 |
| Tuhacen and tobacco pro | 40.1 | 39.5 | 41.7 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 1.86 | 77.83 | 76.56 | 77.47 | 4,202 |
| Leather products ........... | 39.4 | 38.8 | 37.9 | 1. 22 | 1.23 | 1.20 | 47.94 | 47.61 | 45.70 | 6,770 |
| T-xtise products (except clothing | 40.9 | 42.3 | 40.7 | 1.29 | 1.29 | 1.26 | 52.85 | 54.42 | 51.52 | 6,738 |
| Uithing (textile and fur) ........... | 37.4 | 37.5 | 36.4 | 1.26 | 1.25 | 1.22 | 47.05 | 46.86 | 44. 51 | 31,263 |
| Finting, publishing and allied ind | 38.7 | 39.0 | 40.0 | 2.26 | 2.27 | 2.21 | 87.60 | 88.63 | 88.31 | 7,229 |
| Itaut and steel products .............. | 41.5 | 42.1 | 41.6 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 1.95 | 83.54 | 84.54 | 81.24 | 15,664 |
| Tfas:sportation equipment ....... | 41. | 41. | 40 | 2. | 2.09 | 1. | 86.82 | 86. | 81.4 |  |
| Electrical apparatus and supplies | 40.7 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 1.98 | 1.95 | 1.88 | 80.63 | 80.72 | 75.07 | , |
| Building and general engineering ( $m$ ) | 39.8 | 38.4 | 41.0 | 2.10 | 2.09 | 2.04 | 83.801 | 80.21 | 83.65 | 19,991 |
| Electric and motor transportation ( n ) | 42.0 | 43. | 44 | 1.82 | 1.85 | 1. | 76 | 79.67 | 80.30 | 7,209 |
| Service (0) .................... | 41.0 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 1.00 | 1.01 | 0.97 | 42.14 | 41.74 | 39.77 | 8,51 |
| Valleyfield - Manufacturing | 39.2 | 42.9 | 38.0 | 1.51 | 2.53 | 1.51 | 59.05 | 64.01 | 57.30 | 2,680 |
| Cornwall - Manufacturing | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 1.94 | 1.94 | 2.96 | 80.46 | 80.03 | 80.85 | 3,669 |
| Otrawa-Hull - Manufacturing | 41.1 | 40.4 | 41.0 | 1.92 | 1.93 | 1.87 | 78.89 | 77.93 | 76.66 | 10,439 |
| Pulp and paper milis ... | 40.0 | 39.1 | 42.2 | 2.24 | 2.25 | 2.18 | 89.68 | 87.97 | 89.95 | 3,680 |
| Building and general engineering | 41.6 | 40.3 | 38.7 | 1.90 | 1.93 | 1.91 | $78.8 t$ | 77.95 | 74.07 | 3,933 |
| Kingston - Manufacturing | 40.4 | 39.8 | 40.4 | 2.04 | 2.05 | 1.97 | 82.56 | 81.75 | 79.44 | 4,338 |
| Peterborough - Manufacluring | 40.5 | 40.2 | 80.3 | 2.19 | 2.18 | 2.13 | 88.74 | 87.54 | 85.92 | 4,835 |
| Oshawa - Manufacturing | 41.8 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 2.27 | 2.31 | 2.19 | 94.91 | 93.03 | 87.98 | 5,844 |
| Toronto - Manufacturing | 40.4 | 40.9 | 40.5 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.81 | 75.11 | 76.15 | 73.33 | 125,694 |
| Fond and beverages ... | 40.5 | 42.0 | 41.0 | 1.75 | 1.76 | 1.69 | 70.87 | 73.83 | 69.42 | 15,648 |
| Rubber products ..... | 40.0 | 41.4 | 39.7 | 2.20 | 2.19 | 2.16 | 87.84 | 90.44 | 85.74 | 2,941 |
| Clothing (textile and fur) | 37.8 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 1.32 | 1.29 | 1.29 | 50.02 | 48.89 | 49.13 | 11,160 |
| Paper products................ | 42.7 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.73 | 77.68 | 75.22 | 71.95 | 7,066 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries ...... | 38.6 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 2.44 | 2.42 | 2.35 | 94.12 | 94.34 | 90.83 | 11,434 |
| Iron and steel products .................................. | 40.6 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.04 | 85.20 | 86.93 | 84.17 | 21,283 |
| Transportation equipment | 38.8 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 2.09 | 2.08 | 2.00 | 80.81 | 83.61 | 80.04 | 8,734 |
| Non -ferrous metal products | 42.3 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 1.80 | 1.82 | 1.76 | 76.27 | 75.46 | 73.14 | 5,039 |
| Electrical apparatus and supplies * | 40.4 | 40.7 | 39.7 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.87 | 76.70 | 77.32 | 74.50 | 12,644 |
| Chemical products ....................... | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 75.74 | 75.84 | 75.55 | 5,631 |
| Building and general engineering ( m ) | 40.9 | 38.4 | 40.3 | 2.46 | 2.47 | 2.40 | 100.68 | 94.92 | 96.64 | 16,366 |
| Electric and motor transportation ( n ) | 43.8 | 44.1 | 43.5 | 2.00 | 2.02 | 1.92 | 87.86 | 89.11 | 83.36 | 8,579 |
| Service (0).. | 39.4 | 40.0 | 38.9 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.09 | 43.24 | 43.86 | 42.27 | 10,505 |
|  | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 2.23 | 2.23 | 2.12 | 91.14 | 90.88 | 85.77 | 38,582 |
|  | 37.8 | 35.4 | 35.6 | 1.20 | 1.15 | 1.17 | 45.51 | 40.60 | 41.85 | 953 |
| t on and stanl raducts. | 40.7 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 2.54 | 2.52 | 2.38 | 203.20 | 101. 28 | 95.46 | 21,210 |
| El.c.trical apparatus and | 40.7 | 41.6 | 40.5 | 2.18 | 2.19 | 2.18 | 88.70 | 90.92 | 88.42 | 3,748 |
| [inning and general engineering (m) ... | 41.1 | 42.7 | 41.3 | 2.37 | 2.32 | 2.30 | 97.67 | 96.49 | 94.77 | 3,311 |

[^2]TABLE 3. - Average Hours and Eamings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Eamers in Specified Iadustries, Urban Areas - concluded


Footnotes (a) to (o) appear in explanat ory notes at the end of this report.

Table 4.-Average Hours and Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners, Manufacturling, Canada

| Year and Month | 411 Manufacturea |  |  | Durable Goods |  |  | Non-Durable Goods |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Average Hour: | Average <br> Rourly <br> Esrninge | Average <br> Weekly <br> Wages | Average <br> Hours | Average <br> Hourly <br> Earning: | Average Weokly Wages. | Average Hours | Average <br> Hourly <br> Earnings | Average Weekly Wages |
|  | No. | \$ | \$ |  | * | \$ | No. | * | + |
| 1945 - Average | 44.1 | 0.69 | 30.47 | $\begin{aligned} & 44.5 \\ & 42.8 \end{aligned}$ | 0.76 | $\begin{aligned} & 34.04 \\ & 33.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43.7 \\ & 41.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.61 \\ & 0.64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.57 \\ & 26.92 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1946 - Averag | 42.7 | 0.71 | 30.15 |  | 0.77 |  |  |  |  |
| 1947 - Averag | 42.5 | 0.81 | 34.47 | 42.8 | 0.88 | 37.71 | 42.3 42.1 | 0.74 | 31.39 |
| 1948 - Average | 42.3 | 0.92 | 38.96 | 42.5 | 0.99 | 42.24 | $42.1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.85 \\ & 0.91 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35.70 \\ & 38.18 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1949 - Average | 42.2 | 0.99 | 41.74 | 42.4 | 1.07 | 45.28 | $42.0$ | 0.96 |  |
| 1950 - Average | 42.3 | 1.04 | 44.03 | 42.4 | 1.13 1.27 | 47.74 53.38 | 42.3 | 1.08 | 40.57 |
| 1951 - Average 1952 - Average | 41.5 | 1.30 | 53.83 | 41.6 | 1.41 | 58.49 | 41.3 | 1.18 | $\begin{aligned} & 45.03 \\ & 48.65 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1953 - Average | 41.3 | 1.36 | 56.25 | 41.7 | 1.48 | 61.55 | 40.9 | 1.23 | $\begin{aligned} & 48.65 \\ & 50.51 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1954 - Average | 40.7 | 1.41 | 57.43 | 40.9 | 1.52 | 64.35 | 40.4 | 1.30 | 54.30 |
| $1955-A v o r a g e ~$ 1956 - Averag | 41.0 | 1.52 | 62.40 | 41.1 | 1.64 | 67.45 | 40.7 | 1.39 | 56.74 |
| 1957 - Average | 40.4 | 1.61 | 64.96 | 40.5 | 1.73 | 70.15 | 40.2 | 1.47 | 59.17 |
| 1958 - Average | 40.2 | 1.66 | 66.77 | 40.3 | 1.80 | 72.42 | 40.1 | 1.53 | 61.31 |
| 1960 - Average | 40.4 | 1.78 | 71.96 | 40.7 | 1.94 | 78.70 | 40.1 | 1.64 | $\begin{aligned} & 63.90 \\ & 65.67 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1958 - Jemuary | 39.9 | 1.64 | 65.56 | 39.9 | 1.78 | 71.06 | 39.9 | 1.50 | 59.97 |
| Pobruary | 40.0 | 1.65 | 66.12 | 40.1 | 1.79 | 71.70 | 40.4 | 1.52 | 60.49 61.45 |
| Maroh | 40.4 | 1.66 | 66.98 | 40.5 | 1.79 | 72.66 |  | 1.52 | $\begin{aligned} & 61.45 \\ & 61.23 \end{aligned}$ |
| April | 40.4 | 1.66 | 67.23 | 40.7 | 1.80 | 73.14 | 40.1 | 1.53 | $\begin{aligned} & 61.23 \\ & 61.90 \end{aligned}$ |
| May | 40.7 | 1.67 | 68.05 | 40.7 | 1.80 | 73.06 | 40.3 | 1.54 | 61.90 |
| July | 40.3 | 1.66 | 66.86 | 40.4 | 1.79 | 72.44 | 40.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.53 \\ & 1.51 \end{aligned}$ | 61.43 |
| August | 40.6 | 1.64 | 66.58 | 40.7 | 1.78 | 72.57 | 40.5 |  | 61.1661.46 |
| Septeaber | 40.7 | 1.64 | 66.91 | 40.7 | 1.79 | 72.85 | 40.7 | $1.51$ |  |
| - Lecouber | 37.3 | 1.71 | 63.71 | 37.5 | 1.84 | 68.99 | 37.0 | $1.58$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62.95 \\ & 58.57 \end{aligned}$ |
| Jan | 40.6 | 1.70 1.71 | 69.28 | 40.7 41.0 | 1.85 1.85 | 75.48 75.83 | $\begin{aligned} & 40.6 \\ & 40.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.56 \\ & 1.57 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 63.28 \\ & 63.96 \\ & 63.25 \end{aligned}$ |
| Pebruary | 40.9 40.3 | 1.71 1.72 | 69.81 69.40 | 41.0 | 1.85 1.86 | 75.83 75.65 | $\begin{aligned} & 40.8 \\ & 40.1 \end{aligned}$ | $1.58$ |  |
| April | 40.7 | 1.72 | 70.01 | 41.0 | 1.86 | 76.38 | 40.3 | 1.58 | 63.63 |
| May | 41.1 | 1.73 | 70.90 | 41.4 | 1.86 | 77.12 | 40.7 | 1. 59 | 4.63 |
| June | 41.0 | 1.72 | 70.63 | 41.4 | 1.86 | 77.09 | 40.6 | 1. 58 | 4.19 |
| July | 40.8 | 1.71 | 69.90 | 41.2 | 1.86 | 76.57 | 40.4 | 1.58 | 3.65 |
| Augret | 41.0 | 1.70 | 69.56 | 41.1 | 1.85 | 76.28 | 40.8 | 1.56 | 6.67 |
| Septenber | 41.2 | 1.72 | 71.13 | 41.7 | 1.88 | 78.38 | 40.8 | 1.57 | 64.27 |
| October | 41.3 | 1.74 | 71.68 | 41.7 | 1.89 | 78.76 | $\begin{aligned} & 40.9 \\ & 40.7 \end{aligned}$ | 1.59 | 4.85 |
| *Decenber | 38.9 | 1.78 | 68.48 | 39.0 | 1.92 | 74.72 | $\begin{aligned} & 40.7 \\ & 38.1 \end{aligned}$ | 1.64 | 62.39 |
| 1960 - Janusry | 40.7 | 1.77 | 71.89 | $\begin{aligned} & 41.0 \\ & 40.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.93 \\ & 1.93 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78.93 \\ & 78.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.3 \\ & 40.3 \end{aligned}$ | 1.611.62 | $\begin{aligned} & 64.99 \\ & 65.08 \end{aligned}$ |
| Pobruary | 40.4 | 1.77 | 71.49 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.93 \\ & 1.93 \end{aligned}$ |  | 40.3 |  |  |
| March | 40.5 | 1.78 | 71.94 | 40.8 | 1.94 | 79.21 | 40.1 | 1.62 | $\begin{aligned} & 65.60 \\ & 65.29 \end{aligned}$ |
| April | 40.1 | 1.79 | 71.69 | 40.5 | 1.93 | 78.18 | 39.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.64 \\ & 1.65 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| June | 40.4 | 1.79 | 72.19 | 40.7 | 1.93 | 78.48 | 40.1 | 1.65 | 66.13 |
| July | 40.6 | 1.77 | 72.01 | 40.7 | 1.92 | 77.95 | 40.5 | 1.64 | 66.64 |
| Aurust | 40.5 | 1.76 | 71.46 | 40.8 | 1.93 | 78.54 | 40.3 | $1.62$ | 65.30 66.05 |
| Septraber Ooto ber | 40.9 | 1.78 | 72.66 | 41.0 | 1.94 | 79.57 | 40.6 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 66.54 \\ & 66.64 \\ & 64.39 \end{aligned}$ |
| Norenber | 40.6 | 1.79 | 72.88 | 40.9 | 1.95 | 79.79 | $\begin{aligned} & 40.5 \\ & 40.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.64 \\ & 1.65 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| *December | 38.7 | 1.82 | 70.60 | 39.3 | 1.97 | 77.47 | 38.1 | 1.69 |  |
| 1961 - Jnnuary | 40.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.81 \\ & 1.82 \\ & 1.83 \\ & 1.84 \\ & 1.84 \\ & 1.83 \\ & 1.82 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72.76 \\ & 73.40 \\ & 73.64 \\ & 74.86 \\ & 74.44 \\ & 75.02 \\ & 73.99 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.2 \\ & 40.4 \\ & 40.4 \\ & 40.8 \\ & 40.8 \\ & 47.3 \\ & 40.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.97 \\ & 1.98 \\ & 1.99 \\ & 1.99 \\ & 1.99 \\ & 1.99 \\ & 1.98 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79.20 \\ & 79.86 \\ & 80.16 \\ & 81.26 \\ & 81.36 \\ & 82.04 \\ & 81.03 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40.1 \\ & 40.5 \\ & 40.2 \\ & 40.4 \\ & 40.1 \\ & 40.8 \\ & 40.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.67 \\ & 1.67 \\ & 1.68 \\ & 1.70 \\ & 1.70 \\ & 1.68 \\ & 1.68 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66.98 \\ & 67.57 \\ & 67.70 \\ & 68.43 \\ & 68.04 \\ & 68.58 \\ & 67.78 \end{aligned}$ |
| February | 40.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March | 40.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April | 40.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | 40.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Septonber ostober |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Novamber |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decumber |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- 16 -

Wuble 52.- Average : :ours and Larnings of :ourly-Rated iage-Earners, Minufacturing, irorinces




- 18 -

Table 5a-m ivernge "ours and Farnings of Howrly-Rated wace-iarners, Manufacturing, Frorinces (Concluded)


* Se footnote on page 13. For footnotes (a) to (p) see notes on last pire.





- 22 -

Table Ga. - Average Hours and Earnings of llourly-Rated :age-Earners, lanufacturing, Urban hreas (Concluded)


[^3]Table 7. Index Vinagrs of Avernge Biourly Earninga in Manufactur1ag, Ganada, 1947-1961.
(1949=100)

| Last week in | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## (a) Manufacturing

| January | 77.2 | 87.6 | 98.3 | 102.0 | 112.6 | 128.5 | 135.7 | 112.0 | 144.3 | 149.9 | 159.2 | 166.1 | 172.4 | 178.9 | 183.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fobruary | 78.0 | 89.0 | 98.7 | 102.5 | 112.6 | 129.2 | 135.9 | 142.2 | 14.5 | 150.2 | 159.4 | $167 \cdot 1$ | 172.6 | 178.9 | 183.6 |
| March | 78.5 | 90.0 | 99.3 | 102.8 | 114.1 | 130.4 | 136.4 | 142.6 | 145.9 | 152.2 | 160.5 | 167.6 | 174.0 | 179.6 | 184.7 |
| April | 79.2 | 90.4 | 99.7 | 103.6 | 115.4 | 130.8 | 137.0 | 143.4 | 147.0 | 152.8 | 161.8 | 168.2 | 174.1 | 180.6 | 185.8 |
| May | 80.8 | 92.4 | 100.2 | 104.6 | 117.2 | 131.1 | 137.4 | 143.8 | 147.1 | 153.6 | 162.5 | 169.1 | 174.6 | 180.7 | 185.9 |
| June | 81.7 | 93.3 | 100.2 | 105.1 | 119.7 | 130.0 | 137.7 | 143.2 | 146.6 | 154.4 | 162.8 | 168.4 | 174.3 | 180.6 | 184.9 |
| July | 82.2 | 93.7 | 99.9 | 105.4 | 120.4 | 130.3 | 137.5 | 14.5 | 146.7 | 154.1 | 162.2 | 167.7 | 173.2 | 179.3 | 184.2 |
| August | 83.1 | 94.4 | 99.5 | 105.6 | 121.9 | 130.9 | 137.2 | 141.0 | 145.4 | 153.8 | 161.3 | 165.8 | 171.8 | 178.3 |  |
| Soptember | 84.3 | 95.6 | 100.4 | 106.5 | 123.3 | 131.3 | 138.1 | 1,1.2 | 146.4 | 155.0 | 162.3 | 166.2 | 174.4 | 179.1 |  |
| Ootober | 85.6 | 96.6 | 100.6 | 107.6 | 124.9 | 132.5 | 138.9 | 142.1 | 147.0 | 156.4 | 164.7 | 167.3 | 175.6 | 180.4 |  |
| Noverber | 86.6 | 97.1 | 101.1 | 109.0 | 125.9 | 133.6 | 139.9 | 12.2 | 147.7 | 157.2 | 165.3 | 169.2 | 175.7 | 181.2 |  |
| Decenter | 87.6 | 98.3 | 102.2 | 120.2 | 128.5 | 135.5 | 142.0 | 14.4 | 149.1 | 159.8 | 167.6 | 172.9 | 179.6 | 184.5 |  |
| Average | 82.1 | 93.2 | 100.0 | 105.4 | 119.6 | 131.2 | 137.8 | 142.6 | 146.5 | 154.0 | 162.5 | 168.0 | 174.4 | 180.2 |  |


| January | 78.2 | 87.3 | 98.3 | 102.5 | 111.4 | 128.7 | 136.4 | 141.8 | 144.0 | 148.9 | 159.6 | 166.8 | 173.6 | 180.3 | 184.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fobrungy | 78.8 | 89.0 | 98.6 | 102.8 | 112.3 | 129.6 | 137.0 | 141.9 | 145.1 | 150.4 | 159.5 | 167.4 | 173.2 | 180.3 | 185.2 |
| Mreh | 79.4 | 89.5 | 99.0 | 103.0 | 113.9 | 130.7 | 137.4 | 142.0 | 145.9 | 151.9 | 160.3 | 168.0 | 174.6 | 180.6 | 185.9 |
| April | 80.0 | 90.1 | 99.4 | 103.6 | 115.1 | 130.6 | 137.4 | 142.6 | 146.7 | 152.5 | 161.0 | 168.3 | 174.4 | 181.3 | 1864 |
| May | 80.7 | 92.1 | 99.7 | 104.3 | 115.9 | 130.7 | 137.4 | 14.4 | 146.3 | 152.2 | 160.8 | 168.8 | $174 \cdot 4$ | 180.5 | 186.5 |
| Tune | 81.3 | 92.9 | 99.9 | 104.7 | 118.9 | 129.5 | 137.6 | 141.9 | 145.8 | 153.0 | 161.4 | 168.1 | 174.5 | 180.4 | 186.2 |
| July | 82.1 | 93.4 | 99.7 | 105.3 | 120.0 | 130.5 | 137.7 | 141.9 | 145.7 | 153.2 | 161.8 | 167.9 | 173.8 | 179.4 | 185.7 |
| tugust | 83.1 | 94.5 | 99.8 | 105.7 | 121.7 | 132.2 | 137.9 | 141.3 | 146.0 | 153.9 | 162.1 | 166.9 | 173.7 | 180.3 |  |
| Soptomber | 84.8 | 96.1 | 100.9 | 107.0 | 123.7 | 132.8 | 139.0 | 141.9 | 146.7 | 155.6 | 163.0 | 167.6 | 176.0 | 181.5 |  |
| October | 86.0 | 96.8 | 101.1 | 107.9 | 124.8 | 133.5 | 139.3 | 141.9 | 147.0 | 156.6 | 165.4 | 167.6 | 177.0 | 181.9 |  |
| November | 86.9 | 97.5 | 101.8 | 109.0 | 126.0 | 134.5 | 140.0 | 142.8 | 147.4 | 157.5 | 166.0 | 169.5 | 176.6 | 182.8 |  |
| Decenber | 87.0 | 98.1 | 102.3 | 109.6 | 127.7 | 135.3 | 140.5 | 143.3 | 147.6 | 158.5 | 166.8 | 172.4 | 179.6 | 184.5 |  |

## (d) Nop-durable goode

January
February
Mareh
Apri1
May
Juna
July
August
September
Ootaber
Novenber
Decouber

Average

| 76.3 | 88.1 | 98.2 | 101.9 | 111.3 | 127.3 | 132.9 | 140.7 | 144.3 | 148.4 | 157.6 | 165.3 | 171.6 | 177.3 | 183.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 76.9 | 88.9 | 98.6 | 102.4 | 112.5 | 127.6 | 132.8 | 141.0 | 144.3 | 148.7 | 158.0 | 166.8 | 172.4 | 177.7 | 183.7 |
| 77.6 | 90.3 | 99.3 | 103.0 | 113.8 | 128.6 | 133.4 | 141.9 | 145.0 | 150.8 | 159.4 | 167.3 | 173.5 | 178.7 | 185.1 |
| 78.3 | 90.6 | 99.8 | 103.7 | 115.1 | 129.6 | 134.6 | 142.9 | 146.2 | 151.3 | 161.2 | 168.0 | 173.6 | 179.9 | 186.6 |
| 80.7 | 92.8 | 100.7 | 105.1 | 117.9 | 130.2 | 135.4 | 14.4 .6 | 147.2 | 153.6 | 163.5 | 169.0 | 174.6 | 181.1 | 186.5 |
| 82.2 | 93.7 | 100.4 | 105.3 | 120.0 | 129.7 | 135.9 | 143.9 | 47.0 | 154.7 | 163.6 | 169.0 | 174.0 | 181.3 | 185.0 |
| 82.3 | 94.2 | 100.2 | 105.4 | 120.4 | 129.3 | 135.8 | 142.9 | $\underline{4.2}$ | 154.0 | 162.0 | 168.1 | 173.5 | 180.9 | 184.7 |
| 83.3 | 94.4 | 99.4 | 105.5 | 121.7 | 128.5 | 135.3 | 141.2 | 14,4.8 | 153.2 | 160.5 | 166.1 | 171.6 | 178.2 |  |
| 83.8 | 95.3 | 100.1 | 105.9 | 122.3 | 128.7 | 136.1 | 140.9 | 145.8 | 153.6 | 161.5 | 166.1 | 173.2 | 178.8 |  |
| 85.4 | 96.4 | 100.6 | 107.3 | 124.3 | 130.2 | 137.3 | 142.6 | 146.9 | 155.0 | 163.5 | 168.3 | 174.6 | 180.6 |  |
| 86.1 | 96.5 | 100.7 | 108.9 | 124.9 | 131.2 | 138.7 | 143.0 | 147.6 | 155.7 | 163.7 | 169.7 | 175.7 | 181.5 |  |
| 88.0 | 98.2 | 102.2 | 110.6 | 128.5 | 134.0 | 1,2.0 | 145.5 | 150.2 | 160.0 | 167.9 | 174.0 | 180.0 | 185.9 |  |
| 81.7 | 93.3 | 100.0 | 105.4 | 119.4 | 129.6 | 135.8 | 142.6 | 146.4 | 153.2 | 161.9 | 168.1 | 174.0 | 180.2 |  |

- 24 -

Table 8. - Index Numbers of iverage Fourly Earnings in the Heavy Electrical Machinery and Equipment Industry. (1949=100)

| Month | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1904 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 136.0 | 142.1 | 142.8 | 144.4 | 158.2 | 165.0 | 167.8 | 173.3 | 177.3 |
| Februsry | 136.4 | 141.8 | 141.8 | 146.1 | 157.7 | 165.1 | 167.3 | 175.0 | 177.5 |
| March | 136.3 | 142.9 | 142.0 | 146.8 | 158.0 | 164.9 | 170.1 | 175.3 | 178.1 |
| April | 134.9 | 143.0 | 144.1 | 148.7 | 157.5 | 165.6 | 170.6 | 177.0 | 179.6 |
| May | 135.1 | 1444.3 | $143 \cdot 5$ | 150.4 | 159.4 | 165.1 | 171.9 | 176.4 | 179.0 |
| June | 136.9 | 14.4 .9 | 143.7 | 151.2 | 160.7 | 165.9 | 172.0 | 177.9 | 179.6 |
| July | 135.8 | 114.3 | 141.2 | 152.1 | 162.3 | 167.8 | 173.5 | 178.8 | 179.2 |
| August | 136.1 | 14.3 .4 | 141.6 | 151.2 | 160.1 | 164.5 | 170.5 | 177.7 |  |
| Septomber | 137.1 | 143.4 | 142.0 | 153.5 | 161.5 | 166.1 | 171.9 | 178.1 |  |
| October | 138.6 | 143.1 | 144.1 | 155.5 | 162.6 | 165.6 | 171.6 | 176.4 |  |
| November | 138.7 | 143.2 | 145.2 | 154.2 | 162.9 | 165.7 | 171.6 | 176.9 |  |
| December | 139.5 | 142.2 | 145.5 | 156.1 | 163.8 | 168.2 | 172.1 | 176.4 |  |

Table 9.- Average :eekly Wages in Manufacturing in Current Dollars and Adjusted for Changes in the Consumer Frice Index.


Note:- The current weekly wages relate to the last par periods in the month, whlle the Gonsumer Price Index falates to tia beginning of the month. The current average of weekly waces for any month is therefore adjusted in the above tat. by the Consumer Price Index for the following month, as more representative of the period in which the wages are anent. A statement of usea and limitations of the adjusted figures apperra on pace 11.

For Consumer Price Index atatiatics, construction methods and component details, see monthly report "frices and Price Indexes".

General. - The monthly statistics of average bours, average hourly earnings and average weekly wages, like those of employment, payrolls and everage weekly wages and salaries, are based on data from establishments usually employing 15 persons and over. The latest monthly figures are subject to revision.

Coverage. - Firms are asked to furnish information for the male and female wage-earners for whom they keep records of hours worked, so that the statistics relate, in the main, to hourly-rated wage-earners, or production workers, employed full time and part time. Casual workers are also included, provided that they work at least one day in the reported pay period. Data for salaried personnel are purposely excluded. In many cases, information is not available for certain classes of wage-earners, whose earnings, like those of most salaried employees, are not directly dependent on the number of hours worked; examples of wage-earners frequently excluded are route-drivers, piece-workers in many but not all establishments, truck men, etc. Numerous employers do not keep records of manhours for any classes of employees. The number of workers for whom information is given in the present report is therefore smaller than the total number of workers (wage-earners and salaried employees) for whom statistics of employment, payrolls, average barnings, sex distribution, etc., are given in the aonthly reports on employment and payrolls. These also include figures for certain industries not epresented in the present report because relatively few of the wage-earners therein are paid on an hourly basis with the result that man-hour records are lacking. Such industries include public utility operation, trade, finance, insurance and real estate and some branches of transportation, storage and communication and service.

In manufacturing, the data relate to over $70 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. of all employees on the staffs of the firms cooperating in the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls; in 1956 the wage-earners for whom information on man-hours was obtained formed some 83 p.c. of the total number of hourly-rated and other wage-earners reported by practically all manufacturing establishments to the Annual Census of Manufactures. In mining and construction, data on man-hours and hourly earnings are provided for approximately 75 p.c. and 69 p.c. of the total employees of firms co-operating in the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls in those industries, respectively; in 1956, the monthly statistics were based on approximately 93 p.c. of the total number of wage-earners reported in the annual survey of the Mineral Statistics Section of the Industry and Merchandising Division.

Man-hours. - The man-hours statistics include hours worked by full-time and part-time wagebarners, including overtime hours actually worked; prernium or penalty hours credited for purpose of somputing overtime payment are not included. Hours
credited to wage-earners absent on leave with pay in the reported pay periods are included in the statistics as though the hours had been worked. The averages are obtained by dividing the aggregate hours reported for the week by the number of fulltime and part-time wage-earners working such hours.

Wages. - The questionnaire calls for a statement of gross wages earned by the full-time and part-time wage-earners whose hours are reported, before deductions are made for taxes, unemployment insurance contributions, etc. Payments for overtime work, incentive or production and cost-of-living bonuses paid at regular intervals, and amounts credited to wage-earners on leave with pay in the reported pay periods are included. The value of board and lodging, which in some cases is part of the remuneration of workers, is not included. Bonuses paid at infrequent intervals and employers' contributions to welfare funds such as workmen's compensation, unemployment insurance, pension and medical plans and certain other employee benefits are also excluded.

So far as is possible the revised figures of average hourly and weekly earnings incorporate retroactive pay for one month as well as corrections in the material originally tabulated and data received too late for inclusion in the first tabulation; for the most part, such adjustments are not carried back for more than one month.

Pay Periods. - Statistics of man-hours and wages reported for periods exceeding one week in duration are reduced by the appropriate proportions to obtain the number of hours and the wages for one week in the stated pay period. Such data are combined with weekly figures furnished by employers whose records are maintained on a weekly basis, so that, in all cases, the tabulated statistics represent the situation in one week in each month.

Variations in Trends of average earnings result from many factors, such as changes in wage rates, in amounts of overtime work, short-time work, shift differentials, incentive or production bonuses and in the area, occupational and sex distributions of the reported working forces. Differences in industrial distributions, with related occupational and sex distributions, are the principal factors contributing to differences in the levels of earnings in particular areas.

Urban Area Statistics. - Statistics given in the present report for communities listed as "metropolitan areas" and "other major urban areas" in Tables 8 and 9 of the 1956 Census Volume 1 (Population) and in the same tables in Bulletin 1-6, cover the census areas, except those for St. Catharines, which also include establishments in Port Colborne and Welland. Statistics given for urban areas not listed in the above mentioned tables cover establishments in the incorporated cities and towns named but also include Iberville with St. Jean, Nitro with Valleyfield, and Preston with Galt.

Measuring the Purchasing Power of Earnings. Changing consumer price levels affect the amounts of goods and services which a dollar will buy, and average earnings, of course, will be affected in the same way. An earnings measurement which takes the change of consumer prices into account, can be calculated by reducing actual earnings averages by the percentage amounts consumer price levels rise, or increasing them by the amount price levels fall. The adjusted averages may be used to indicate the comparative quantities of goods and services which could be purchased by average earnings if consumer price levels and consumption patterns had remained constant. The following illustration shows how this kind of an adjustment can be made.

Suppose that a series of weekly average wages rises from $\$ 50.00$ in week $A$ to $\$ 60.00$ in week $B$, and that in the same interval a consumer price index advances from 100.0 to 110.0 . Because of the 10 per cent rise in consumer prices, $\$ 1.00$ will not buy as much in week $B$ as it would in week $A$. LikeWise, a 20 per cent rise from $\$ 50.00$ to $\$ 60.00$ will overstate the increase which has occurred in the purchasing power of average weekly wages. This overstatement can be removed by reducing the figure of $\$ 60.00$ by the amount of the consumer price increase. The adjusted average is $\$ 54.55$ $(60.00 / 110.0 \times 100.0)$, which may be referred to as a weekly wage average for week $B$ expressed in the dollars of period $A$, or it may be said to indicate the level of real weekly wages relative to week A.

The foregoing calculation can be carried a step further to express in index number form the relationship between the week A average of $\$ 50.00$ and the week B figure of $\$ 54.55$. Taking the week A average of $\$ 50.00$ as equal to 100.0 , the week $B$ index becomes $109.0(54.55 / 50.00 \times 100.0)$. Such an index may be called an index of weekly real wages. It indicates that average wages for week B will buy 9 per cent more goods and services than those received in week $A$, in spite of a 10 per cent rise in consumer prices. This 9 per cent increase in real wages compares with the rise of 20 per cent in money wages ( $60.00 / 50.00 \times 100.0$ ).

It should be noted that while the estimatos of average real wages may refact the azyerisucas of
broad groups of workers fairly well, their applicability to individual wage-earners depends upon as number of considerations. For example, individual earnings will differ significantly from the grou average, depending upon occupation, industry, geographical location, or sex of the wage-earner. Moreover, individual spending habits differ widely, but the consumer price index which is used to adjust the earnings data refers only to the average consumption pattern of a particular income group. Group-spending patterns change over periods of time. To the extent that this occurs, the earnings data adjusted by the consumer price index (which has a "fixed" consumption pattern), will gradually be rendered less valid. Finally, some part of income may be saved, and it should be borne in mind that it is not appropriate to reduce savings to a constant dollar basis by using a prige index which reflects consumption patterns.

It should also be kept in mind that measures of change in real earnings calculated from averages of gross earnings may differ from changes in the purchasing power of "take-home" pay, due to such factors as changes in personal income tax, pay deductions for such things as social insurance and pension plans. Thus index numbers of real wages should not be interpreted as measuring fluctuations in the levels of consumption of wage-earners or wage-earners' families; they are intended to show: only the trend in purchasing power of wages over the items covered by the price index, and in addition to the factors already mentioned, do not take into account other family income (including family allowances) or changes in the savings position of families.

In Table 6, 1949 figures are used as reference levels for indexes of both actual and real wages, since this is the year selected by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for general post-war index number comparisons. However, the adjustment made in the foregoing illustration can be applied to any reference level, and it should not be inferred that the 1949 reference period has any special validity for earnings comparisons. Percentage change between any two periods will he the same regardless of tha raferamoa petod scibutaci.

## FOOTNOTES

The isllowins foobneros explatm she uontent st various industrial classes listed in the detailed abbles in this bulletin. In some industries, the group breakdown is less extensive than in the standard

Industrial Classification; in these cases, figures for certain categories not shown are contained in the group totals.
(a) Alluvial gold and auriferous quartz mining.
(b) Copper-gold-silver; nickel-copper; silver-cobalt; silver-lead-zinc and miscellaneous metal mining.
(c) Oil and natural gas; oil shale and bituminous sand; contract drilling and prospecting for oil.
(d) Non-metal mining and quarrying; clay and sand pits.
(e) Tires, tubes and other rubber products.
(f) Leather gloves and mittens; leather tanneries and miscellaneous leather products.
(g) Miscellaneous wood products.
(h) Paper boxes and bags; roofing papers; miscellaneous paper products.
(i) Household, office and store machinery; machine tools; machinery, n.e.s.
(j) Machine tools; machinery, n.e.s.
(k) Jewellery and silverware; white metal alloys; miscellaneous non-ferrous metal products.
(1) Abrasives;asbestos; hydraulic cement; clay; glass; lime and gypsum; stone; concrete and miscellaneous non-metallic mineral products.
(m) Building includes buildings and structures, special trade contractors. General engineering includes other construction, other than highways, bridges and streets.
( $n$ ) Interurban bus and coach and urban and suburban transportation systems; taxi-cab and truck transportation; services incidental to transportation; other transportation.
(0) Hotels and restaurants; laundries; dyeing, cleaning and pressing plants, and recreational services.
(p) The Northwest Territories, with the exception of Baffin Island, are included in Alberta. Baffin Is land is included in Quebec. The Yukon Territory is included in British Columbia.
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[^0]:    Footnotes (a) to (n) appear in explanatory notes at the end of this report.

[^1]:    Footnotes (a) 10 (p) appear in explanatory notes at the end of this report.

[^2]:    Footnotes (a) to (o) appear in explanatory notes at the end of this report.

[^3]:    * See footnote on pase 13.

