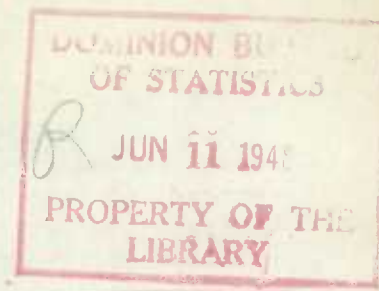


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CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS BRANCH

DOES NOT CIRCULATE
NE PAS PRÊTER

STATISTICS OF
AVERAGE HOURS WORKED
AND
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS
AS REPORTED
AT THE BEGINNING OF
APRIL, 1948



OTTAWA
June 10, 1948

EXPLANATION OF THE TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT.

Wage-Earners.- Employers are asked to furnish monthly statistics on man-hours on behalf of those wage-earners for whom they keep a record of aggregate hours worked, so that the data relate, in the main, to persons employed at hourly rates. Information for salaried employees is purposely excluded, while in many cases, statistics of man-hours are not available for certain classes of wage-earners, whose earnings, like those of most salaried employees, are not directly dependent upon the number of hours worked; examples of wage-earners frequently excluded are route drivers, piece-workers in many but not all establishments, truck men, etc. In addition, some employers do not keep a record of man-hours for any classes of employees. Accordingly, the number of workers for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin is smaller than the total number of employees, (salaried personnel and wage-earners) for whom statistics of employment and payrolls are obtained in the monthly surveys on these subjects; the results of these surveys are published in the monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls, which also contain data relating to the sex distribution of the workers in recorded employment, an important factor contributing to differences shown in the average earnings in various industries.

The monthly statistics of average hours and average hourly earnings, like those of employment and average weekly earnings relate, in the main, to establishments usually employing 15 persons and over, the smaller firms being excluded for reasons of economy in terms of cost and time. In the case of the manufacturing industries, (largely represented in the material of the present bulletin), the statistics relate to over 75 p.c. of all salaried employees and wage-earners reported by the establishments co-operating in the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls; at the date of the last Decennial Census, (June 1, 1941), the manufacturers furnishing monthly data employed approximately 93 p.c. of all persons enumerated as at work in manufacturing.

In mining and construction, data on hours and earnings are currently available for some 85 p.c. and 83 p.c., of the total employees reported to the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls in those industries, respectively; at June 1, 1941, the co-operating mine operators had employed over 96 p.c. of all wage-earners at work as enumerated in the Census, while the employers in construction whose statistics were then received had reported over 79 p.c. of the Census total of employees at work in that group. It should be noted that the comparisons with the Census figures are complicated by differences in the classifications used in compiling the two series, so that the percentages of coverage are only approximate.

Man-Hours.- The statistics of man-hours include overtime as well as the hours worked by part-time and casual workers. Hours credited to persons absent on leave with pay in the recorded pay period are included in the statistics as though the hours for which payment was made had been worked.

Wages.- The wages reported represent gross earnings before deductions are made for taxes, unemployment insurance, etc.; they do not, however, include the value of board and lodging which in some cases is part of the remuneration of workers. Incentive and production bonuses and overtime payments are included, as are sums paid employees absent on leave with pay during the pay period for which statistics are given. The figures of average weekly wages result from the multiplication of the average hours worked during the period of observation, by the average hourly earnings reported in the same period.

Pay Periods.- Statistics of man-hours and hourly wages reported for periods exceeding one week in duration are reduced by the appropriate proportions to obtain for tabulation purposes the number of hours worked and the hourly earnings in one week in the indicated pay period; such information is then added to the data furnished by employers who pay on a weekly basis, so that, in all cases, the tabulated data represent the situation in one week in each month.

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL STATISTICS BRANCH
OTTAWA - CANADA

STATISTICS OF MAN-HOURS, HOURLY EARNINGS AND WEEKLY WAGES AS REPORTED
AT APR. 1, 1949, WITH COMPARISONS AS AT MAR. 1, 1948, AND APR. 1, 1947.

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Director, Labour and Prices Statistics:	H.F. Greenway
Chief, Employment and Payroll Statistics Branch:	M.E.K. Roughsedge

1. Manufacturing.

The trend of employment among hourly-rated wage-earners employed in leading manufacturing plants was moderately downward at Apr. 1 as compared with Mar. 1; the hours which they worked and their hourly wages were also lower, the declines being due in part to the celebration of the Easter holidays. The latest survey of man-hours and hourly earnings made by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics showed a total of 777,540 hourly-rated wage-earners on the staffs of the 6,390 factories furnishing data, in which the hours worked in the week preceding Apr. 1 numbered 32,350,929, while the wages paid for services rendered in these hours amounted to \$28,759,531. At Mar. 1, the same plants had employed 780,408 hourly-rated wage-earners, working 33,714,821 hours, for which they received \$29,658,702. There was accordingly a decrease of 0.4 p.c. in the number of their wage-earners paid at hourly rates, accompanied by that of three p.c. in their aggregate weekly wages, while the reported hours showed a reduction of four p.c.

There was a considerable decline in the average hours worked, from 43.2 in the week of Mar. 1, to 41.6 in that of Apr. 1, 1948. At the same date in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the averages had been 43.2, 44.4 and 43.6, respectively; the 1945 figure had also been lowered by the observance of the Easter holidays, but those in 1946 and 1947 were not affected by that factor.

The average hourly earnings reported at the beginning of April, at 88.9 cents, were higher than in any earlier survey, exceeding by nine-tenths of a cent the Mar. 1 figure, previously the maximum in the comparatively brief record. At Apr. 1 in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the means had been 77.6 cents, 68.4 cents and 70.4 cents, respectively. The increase in the hourly rate in comparison with Mar. 1 was partly due to seasonal movements in industry, there being some curtailment of this character in the number of workers reported in groups where the earnings tend to be below the general average, accompanied by expansion in the number of wage-earners in the higher-paid categories. The upward revision of wage-rates in certain cases was also a factor, as was the payment of overtime rates in some industries on the Good Friday holiday.

In manufacturing as a whole, the weekly wages averaged \$36.98 at the beginning of April, as compared with \$38.02 in the week ending Mar. 1, 1948, \$33.52 in the week of Apr. 1, 1947, \$30.37 in the week of Apr. 1, 1946, and \$30.69 in that of Apr. 1, 1945, when the observance of Easter had also affected the reported figures. The general increase in manufacturing in the 12 months amounted to 10.3 p.c.; in the 24 months' and the 36 months' comparisons the advances were 21.8 p.c. and 20.5 p.c. respectively. The figures in this bulletin represent gross earnings, before deductions are made for taxes, unemployment insurance contributions, etc.

TABLES.

The statistics of average hours worked and average hourly earnings in manufac-

Table 1.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Manufacturing as a Whole and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

Week Preceding	Average Hours Worked			Average Hourly Earnings		
	All Manu- factures	Durable Goods	Non-Durable Goods	All Manu- factures	Durable Goods	Non-Durable Goods
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
Nov. 1, 1944	46.3	47.0	45.3	70.3	77.7	60.1
Dec. 1	46.3	46.9	45.5	70.5	77.9	60.4
*Jan. 1, 1945	39.6	39.7	39.5	70.0	77.1	60.9
Feb. 1	45.4	46.0	44.7	70.1	77.8	60.3
Mar. 1	45.8	46.5	45.0	70.1	77.8	60.3
*Apr. 1	43.6	44.2	42.7	70.4	78.0	60.9
May 1	45.5	46.2	44.5	70.5	78.2	60.9
June 1	44.3	44.7	43.9	70.3	77.5	61.4
July 1	44.3	45.0	43.3	70.1	77.0	61.2
Aug. 1	44.3	44.7	43.7	69.5	76.9	60.7
Sept. 1	44.1	44.2	44.0	69.2	76.5	60.9
Oct. 1	44.7	45.0	44.5	67.6	75.4	60.4
Nov. 1	44.9	45.3	44.6	67.5	74.8	60.6
Dec. 1	44.8	44.9	44.6	67.0	74.0	60.6
*Jan. 1, 1946	38.1	37.5	38.7	67.9	74.7	61.7
Feb. 1	44.1	44.4	43.8	68.1	75.2	61.3
Mar. 1	44.0	44.2	43.9	67.9	74.5	61.5
Apr. 1	44.4	44.6	44.2	68.4	75.1	61.8
*May 1	43.0	43.2	42.8	68.9	75.5	62.4
June 1	42.0	42.1	41.9	69.1	75.1	63.3
July 1	42.4	42.8	42.1	70.0	75.7	64.1
Aug. 1	43.0	43.2	42.8	70.0	75.8	64.4
Sept. 1	42.7	42.6	42.7	70.6	76.5	65.1
Oct. 1	42.9	42.8	42.9	71.4	77.8	65.7
Nov. 1	42.4	42.5	42.3	72.9	79.4	66.7
Dec. 1	43.2	43.2	43.2	74.5	81.8	67.6
*Jan. 1, 1947	38.1	38.0	38.1	76.3	83.3	69.4
Feb. 1	43.2	43.2	43.1	76.4	83.5	69.4
Mar. 1	43.4	43.6	43.2	77.1	84.2	69.9
Apr. 1	43.2	43.4	43.1	77.6	84.8	70.5
May 1	43.2	43.3	43.1	78.3	85.4	71.2
June 1	42.9	43.0	42.7	79.9	86.2	73.4
July 1	42.0	42.5	41.6	80.8	86.8	74.7
Aug. 1	42.5	42.6	42.3	81.3	87.7	74.8
Sept. 1	42.3	42.5	42.2	82.2	88.8	75.7
Oct. 1	43.1	43.5	42.6	83.4	90.6	76.2
Nov. 1	42.9	43.1	42.7	84.7	91.9	77.6
Dec. 1	43.5	43.8	43.2	85.6	92.8	78.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	38.3	38.5	38.1	86.6	92.9	80.3
Feb. 1	42.8	42.7	42.8	86.6	93.2	80.1
Mar. 1	43.2	43.4	43.0	88.0	95.0	80.8
*Apr. 1	41.6	41.8	41.4	88.9	95.6	82.0

* The averages at these dates were affected by loss of working time at the year-end holidays in the case of Jan. 1, and by the Easter holidays in the case of Apr. 1, 1948 and 1945, and May 1, 1946.

turing as a whole as reported by leading establishments in the period for which data are available are given in Table 1 on page 2, while Table 2 on page 4 shows the figures of average weekly wages of wage-earners for whom the larger manufacturers keep a record of hours worked, together with statistics of average weekly salaries and wages in the same period. Tables 3 to 10 at the end of the report give more detailed statistics, industrially, for Canada as a whole, together with provincial and city data of average hours of work and average hourly earnings.

HOURS WORKED.

The aggregate hours worked by hourly-rated wage-earners in leading manufacturing establishments at Apr. 1, were stated as 32,350,929, a total less by four p.c. than that of 33,714,821 hours reported by the same firms at Mar. 1. As already indicated, the lower figure at the date under review was due in part to the loss of working hours during the Easter holidays, while curtailment in employment was also a factor. The total of hours reported in the animal food industries was higher in the week of Apr. 1 than in that of Mar. 1, but there were declines in that comparison in many industrial groups within the manufacturing category, those in lumber, vegetable food, textile, paper product, rubber, iron and steel and non-ferrous metal plants being particularly noteworthy.

In the durable manufactured goods division taken as a whole, the indicated hours aggregated 16,454,585 in the week of Apr. 1, showing a loss of 3.1 p.c. as compared with the total of 16,974,114 worked in the same plants in the week of Mar. 1. In the light manufactured goods division, the hours were reported as 15,896,344, as compared with 16,740,707 worked in the co-operating establishments in the week of Mar. 1. In this comparison, there was a decline of five p.c.

The hours reported in manufacturing as a whole in the week of Apr. 1, 1948, averaged 41.6, - 1.6 hours less than in the week of Mar. 1. As compared with Apr. 1, 1947, there was also a decrease of 1.6 hours in the weekly average, while the decline in comparison with Apr. 1, 1946, amounted to 2.8 hours. In factories turning out heavy manufactured goods, the hours worked, on the average, were also less by 1.6 hours than in the week of Mar. 1, the latest mean being 41.8 hours per week; this figure was lower by 1.6 hours than at Apr. 1 of last year, and by 2.8 hours than at Apr. 1, 1946. In the light manufactured goods industries, the reported hours averaged 41.4, as compared with 43.0 at Mar. 1, 1948, 43.1 at Apr. 1, 1947, 44.2 at Apr. 1, 1946, and 42.7 at Apr. 1, 1945. In 1945, the April figures had also been affected by the Easter holidays.

HOURLY EARNINGS.

The sum of \$28,759,531 was paid to the hourly-rated wage-earners employed by the co-operating manufacturers at Apr. 1, an amount lower by three p.c. than that of \$29,658,702 which they had disbursed at Mar. 1. In the durable manufactured goods industries, the weekly earnings of hourly-rated employees in the larger plants were given as \$15,725,515, a decline of 2.5 p.c. as compared with their payments of \$16,127,721 in the week of Mar. 1. In the non-durable manufacturing industries, the hourly-rated wage-earners on the staffs of the co-operating manufacturers received the sum of \$13,034,016 in weekly wages at Apr. 1. As compared with \$13,530,981 reported at Mar. 1, there was a decrease of 3.7 p.c.

The hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole reached a new maximum at Apr. 1, the average being 88.9 cents, as compared with 88 cents at Mar. 1, 77.6 cents at Apr. 1, 1947, 68.4 cents at Apr. 1, 1946, and 70.4 cents at Apr. 1, 1945. In the last 12 months, there has been an increase of 14.6 p.c. in the hourly average, while the rise in the two years amounts to 30 p.c., and that in the 36 months' comparison, to 26.3 p.c.

Table 2.- Average Weekly Salaries and Wages and Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners as Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

Week Preceding		All Manufactures ^{1/}		Durable Manufactured Goods		Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	
		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages	
Nov. 1, 1944		\$33.13	\$32.55	\$36.67	\$36.52	\$28.99	\$27.23
Dec. 1		33.29	32.64	36.83	36.54	29.23	27.48
*Jan. 1, 1945		30.11	27.72	32.77	30.61	27.05	24.06
Feb. 1		32.98	31.83	36.44	35.79	29.06	26.95
Mar. 1		33.50	32.11	37.04	36.18	29.46	27.14
*Apr. 1		32.48	30.69	35.78	34.48	28.73	26.07
May 1		33.51	32.08	36.98	36.08	29.58	27.10
June 1		32.81	31.14	35.76	34.64	29.48	26.95
July 1		32.91	31.05	36.02	34.65	29.33	26.50
Aug. 1		32.65	30.79	35.67	34.37	29.33	26.53
Sept. 1		32.51	30.52	35.58	33.81	29.60	26.80
Oct. 1		32.45	30.31	35.57	33.93	29.61	26.88
Nov. 1		32.55	30.31	35.60	33.88	29.84	27.03
Dec. 1		32.32	30.02	35.20	33.23	29.83	27.03
*Jan. 1, 1946		29.32	25.87	31.30	28.01	27.57	23.88
Feb. 1		32.29	30.03	35.23	33.39	29.69	26.85
Mar. 1		32.29	29.88	34.90	32.93	29.98	27.00
Apr. 1		32.69	30.37	35.34	33.49	30.30	27.32
*May 1		32.10	29.63	34.51	32.62	29.89	26.67
June 1		31.67	29.02	33.79	31.62	29.80	26.52
July 1		32.21	29.68	34.39	32.40	30.23	26.99
Aug. 1		32.53	30.10	34.62	32.75	30.68	27.56
Sept. 1		32.59	30.15	34.65	32.59	30.82	27.80
Oct. 1		33.06	30.63	35.43	33.30	31.08	28.19
Nov. 1		33.32	30.91	35.83	33.75	31.17	28.21
Dec. 1		34.43	32.18	37.15	35.34	32.07	29.20
*Jan. 1, 1947		32.23	29.07	34.40	31.65	30.29	26.44
Feb. 1		35.22	33.00	37.91	36.07	32.82	29.91
Mar. 1		35.69	33.46	38.48	36.71	33.17	30.20
Apr. 1		35.87	33.52	38.59	36.80	33.38	30.39
May 1		36.13	33.83	38.83	36.98	33.67	30.69
June 1		36.52	34.28	38.91	37.07	34.32	31.11
July 1		36.34	33.94	38.71	36.89	34.18	31.08
Aug. 1		36.85	34.55	39.26	37.36	34.65	31.64
Sept. 1		37.05	34.77	39.49	37.74	34.83	31.95
Oct. 1		37.94	35.95	40.94	39.41	35.21	32.46
Nov. 1		38.42	36.34	41.26	39.70	35.86	33.14
Dec. 1		39.16	37.24	42.09	40.65	36.50	33.83
*Jan. 1, 1948		36.15	33.17	38.31	35.77	34.14	30.48
Feb. 1		39.26	37.06	41.65	39.80	37.10	34.28
Mar. 1		40.11	38.02	42.85	41.23	37.58	34.74
*Apr. 1		39.44	36.98	41.86	39.96	37.18	33.95

^{1/} Exclusive of electric light and power. * See footnote on page 2.

In the durable manufactured goods industries, the latest average of hourly earnings was 95.6 cents, as compared with 95 cents at Mar. 1, 1948, 84.8 cents at Apr. 1, 1947, 75.1 cents at Apr. 1, 1946 and 78 cents at Apr. 1, 1945. Within this category, there were small increases in the month in the lumber, clay, glass and stone, electrical apparatus, iron and steel and non-ferrous metal industries.

In plants turning out non-durable manufactured goods, the reported hourly-rated personnel received an average of 82 cents per hour. This was the maximum in the record of $3\frac{1}{2}$ years, exceeding by 1.2 cents the average of 80.8 cents at Mar. 1, 1948, previously the highest figure indicated. As compared with the means of 70.5 cents at Apr. 1, 1947, 61.8 cents at Apr. 1, 1946, and 60.9 at Apr. 1, 1945, there were increases of 16.3 p.c., 32.7 p.c. and 34.6 p.c., respectively. The hourly earnings rose at Apr. 1 as compared with Mar. 1 in several groups in the non-durable manufactured goods industries; among these may be mentioned the meat products, boot and shoe, vegetable food, paper products, printing and publishing, rubber, textile, tobacco, beverage and chemical divisions. In some instances, the advances as compared with a month earlier resulted from seasonal causes.

AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES.

As has previously been stated, data on man-hours and hourly earnings are not available for all classes of wage-earners, but only for those workers for whom leading employers keep accurate records of hours worked, such workers being mainly those who are paid by the hour; in general, this restriction results in the exclusion of salaried personnel. Among the classes of wage-earners for whom satisfactory records of hours worked are frequently not available are piece-workers in some but not all establishments, route-drivers, delivery men, etc. It may be noted that many firms state that the earnings of their wage-earners paid at other than hourly rates exceed those of their hourly-rated personnel; this is particularly the case among piece-workers in certain industries. In general, however, the wage-earners for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin form important proportions of the total personnel of the co-operating establishments. At the beginning of April, the wage-earners for whom data on man-hours and hourly earnings were available made up 75.5 p.c. of the total number of persons of all categories on the payrolls of the manufacturers^{1/} furnishing monthly statistics on employment and payrolls at the same date; in the heavy manufactured goods industries, the ratio was 78.9 p.c. and that in the light manufactured goods division, 72.3 p.c.

The large proportions which the hourly-rated wage-earners constitute of the total employees of the co-operating establishments lend interest to the data in Table 2, which show the fluctuations in the average weekly earnings of salaried employees and wage-earners in the last 42 months, and those in the wages of hourly-rated wage-earners; the latter figures are obtained by multiplying the average hourly earnings in the week of observation by the average hours worked in the same week. In the month, there was a decrease of 67 cents in the weekly salaries-and-wages figure reported at Apr. 1, as compared with that of \$1.04 in the weekly wages of hourly-rated personnel. In the durable manufactured goods industries, the co-operating factories showed a reduction of 99 cents in the month in the salaries-and-wages figure, and of \$1.27 in the weekly earnings of the hourly-rated employees. In the light manufactured goods industries, the average weekly earnings of the persons on salaries and wages at Apr. 1 declined by 40 cents from Mar. 1, while those of the hourly-rated personnel fell by 79 cents. As has already been explained, the lower figures at the date under review are associated with the observance of the Easter holidays.

In spite of the losses resulting from lowered industrial activity during the Easter season, there were decided increases in the weekly salaries-and-wages figure and in the earnings of hourly-rated personnel as compared with Apr. 1 of last year, ^{1/} That is, of establishments ordinarily employing 15 persons and over.

See the monthly bulletins on Employment and Payrolls.

and also as compared with the same date in 1946 and 1945, important gains being indicated in all branches of the heavy and the light manufactured goods industries. The percentage advances are shown in the following table for broad divisions:-

Increases at Apr. 1, 1948 as compared with:-

<u>Industrial Division</u>	<u>Apr. 1, 1947</u>		<u>Apr. 1, 1946</u>		<u>Apr. 1, 1945</u>	
	<u>Salaries and Wages</u>	<u>Weekly Wages</u>	<u>Salaries and Wages</u>	<u>Weekly Wages</u>	<u>Salaries and Wages</u>	<u>Weekly Wages</u>
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
All Manufacturing	10.0	10.3	20.6	21.8	21.4	20.5
Durable Manufactured Goods	8.5	8.6	18.4	19.3	17.0	15.9
Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	11.4	11.7	22.7	24.3	29.4	30.2

It will be noted that in the last 12 months, the changes in the hourly wages and in the weekly salaries and wages have been very similar. In the comparison with Apr. 1, 1946, the figures of weekly wages show rather greater percentage increases than were indicated in the more general averages of salaries and wages combined. In the heavy manufactured goods industries, and in manufacturing as a whole, there were somewhat larger advances at the beginning of April, 1948, over the same date in 1945, in the salaries-and-wages figure than in the weekly wages, although the opposite was the case in the light manufactured goods industries. The disparities in the rates of increase were small, but it may be noted that in the durable manufactured goods category, the relatively smaller rise in the wages in the three years was associated with a decline in the amount of overtime work, while in the non-durable goods division, the greater availability of labour and materials, together with relaxation of controls on salaries and wages, have contributed to the rather larger advances shown in the rates of increase in the average weekly wages.

2. Non-Manufacturing Industries.

Smaller proportions of the wage-earners in the non-manufacturing industries are paid by the hour, with the result that accurate records of the time worked in these classes are frequently lacking. The representation in the non-manufacturing industries in the monthly statistics of man-hours and hourly earnings is therefore smaller than that in the manufacturing division.

Greater activity was shown in mining as a whole in the week of Apr. 1, due in part to the final settlement of the dispute in the Western coal fields since the date of the preceding report. There was also increases as compared with Mar. 1 in the numbers of employees and in the aggregates of hours and wages indicated in the extraction of other non-metallic minerals and of metallic ores. The average hours reported by leading employers in mining as a whole, however, were rather lower than at that date, or at Apr. 1, 1947. Standing at 110.7 cents, the latest hourly rate was the highest in the record, considerably exceeding that of 95.8 cents at Apr. 1, 1947, 86.3 cents at Apr. 1, 1946, and 84.9 cents at Apr. 1, 1945. The average weekly wages were \$46.83, a new maximum figure. The increases in the hourly and weekly earnings in coal mining were especially marked.

In the local transportation group, (consisting chiefly of street and electric railways), the aggregate hours and earnings were somewhat lower, but the average earnings rose slightly, from 91.7 cents at Mar. 1 to 92.4 cents at the date under review, as compared with 82.1 cents a year ago. The hours worked, on the average, declined from 45.5 at Mar. 1, to 44.4 in the week of Apr. 1. Persons employed at hourly rates by the co-operating building contractors worked an average of 37.8 hours in the latest period of observation, which included the Easter holidays, as compared with 41.2 hours in the week of Mar. 1, when the hourly earnings stood at 98.9 cents, as compared with 99.2 cents at Apr. 1 of the present year, and 88.1 cents

12 months earlier. In the highway construction and maintenance division, there was a small increase in the number of workers, whose average of hours worked fell from 39.8 in the preceding survey, to 36.6 at the beginning of April. Their average hourly rate, however, advanced from 80.7 cents at Mar. 1 to 81 cents at Apr. 1, when it was higher than the mean of 69.2 cents a year earlier. In regard to the figures for these industries, it should be noted that large proportions of unskilled and casual workers are employed, as well as many highly-skilled tradesmen, particularly in the building construction division.

Hotels and restaurants reported a fractional increase in the working hours as compared with those reported a month ago, but the latest average earnings were slightly lower. The rate in laundries and dry-cleaning establishments advanced from 59.0 cents at Mar. 1 to 59.4 cents at Apr. 1, when it was a good deal higher than that of 52.7 cents at Apr. 1, 1947.

3. Provincial Statistics for Leading Industries.

Monthly statistics of man-hours and average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the various provinces in the last 25 months are given in Table 5, while Table 7 contains provincial figures of average weekly wages of wage-earners for whom data are available since Nov. 1, 1944. In Table 9 are shown provincial statistics of average hours and average hourly earnings at Apr. 1 and Mar. 1, 1948, and Apr. 1, 1947, for the manufacturing industries employing representative numbers of hourly-rated workers in the various provinces.

In all provinces except Saskatchewan, the average hours worked by hourly-rated wage-earners in manufacturing generally were somewhat lower at the beginning of April than in the week of Mar. 1, the falling-off being due to a considerable extent to the observance of the Easter holidays. As compared with the week of Apr. 1 of last year, which did not include the Good Friday holiday, the average hours reported in manufacturing at the date under review were also lower in all provinces except Saskatchewan, where the average was the same.

Provinces	Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported at Apr. 1, 1948	Increase in Average Hourly Earnings at Apr. 1, 1948, over			Increase in Average Weekly Wages at Apr. 1, 1948, over		
		Apr. 1, 1947	Apr. 1, 1946	Apr. 1, 1945	Apr. 1, 1947	Apr. 1, 1946	Apr. 1, 1945
	No.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Nova Scotia	19,097	7.6	18.4	13.3	4.5	11.9	3.3
New Brunswick	14,849	12.8	25.4	26.4	6.8	17.2	23.0
Quebec	254,744	15.2	29.4	24.2	9.3	19.1	18.1
Ontario	386,681	14.7	31.5	28.4	11.7	25.1	23.9
Manitoba	26,988	9.5	21.8	25.0	8.0	17.9	23.6
Saskatchewan	4,763	13.9	26.3	30.6	13.9	29.0	35.6
Alberta	14,144	14.2	24.7	21.8	11.6	22.1	18.7
British Columbia	55,797	14.4	31.3	26.0	6.0	16.7	14.1
CANADA	777,540	14.6	30.0	26.3	10.3	21.8	20.5

Except in Saskatchewan, the average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole showed an upward movement at Apr. 1 as compared with Mar. 1, 1948. The greatest rises were those of 2.2 cents and 1.9 cents in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, respectively. As compared with Apr. 1, 1947, there were general increases in the average hourly earnings, as follows:- Nova Scotia, 5.8 cents; New Brunswick, 9.1 cents; Quebec, 10.6 cents; Ontario, 12 cents; Manitoba, 7.4 cents; Saskatchewan, 10.9 cents; Alberta, 11 cents and British Columbia, 13.4 cents.

The above table gives the percentage increases in the average hourly earnings

and the average weekly wages of wage-earners in manufacturing for whom statistics are available in the various provinces at Apr. 1, 1948, as compared with the same date one, two and three years earlier, together with the number of wage-earners reported by leading manufacturers at the latest date. While the hourly rates in all provinces have risen substantially in recent months in a majority of industries, the general advances in manufacturing are affected to an important extent by the industrial distribution within the various areas.

4. Statistics for the Larger Cities.

Monthly statistics of average hours worked and average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the larger cities in the last 25 months are given in Table 6. Table 8 contains statistics of average weekly wages of employees for whom leading manufacturers in the larger cities have furnished returns on man-hours and hourly earnings since Nov. 1, 1944, while Table 10 gives data on average hours of work and average hourly earnings in certain industries in these centres as at Mar. 1 and Apr. 1, 1948, and Apr. 1, 1947.

As has previously been stated, the variations in the average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the cities, as in the provinces, are partly or largely due to the differences which are found in the industrial distributions of the wage-earners for whom statistics are available; the related sex distribution is another important factor contributing to the differences.

In all five centres for which monthly statistics are published, the general average of hours worked by the hourly-rated personnel reported in manufacturing was lower in the holiday week of Apr. 1 than in that of Mar. 1; also in each of these cities, there were reductions in the average time worked as compared with the week of Apr. 1, 1947, in which the Easter season did not fall.

There were general increases as compared with a month earlier in the average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in each of the above-named cities. The largest increase was that of 1.2 cents per hour in Winnipeg. As compared with Apr. 1, 1947, there were widespread rises in the average hourly earnings in the leading cities. These increases were as follows:- Montreal, 9.7 cents; Toronto, 11.6 cents; Hamilton, 12.3 cents; Winnipeg, 7.1 cents, and Vancouver, 13.1 cents.

With continued increases in the cost of living, the movement in the average earnings of persons employed in leading establishments in the larger cities has been steadily upward in recent months. The percentage increases in the average hourly earnings and the average weekly wages of hourly-rated wage-earners reported in manufacturing as a whole in the leading industrial cities at Apr. 1, 1948, as compared with the same date one, two and three years earlier, are given in the following table:-

City	Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported at Apr. 1, 1948 No.	Increase in Average Hourly Earnings at Apr. 1, 1948, over			Increase in Average Weekly Wages at Apr. 1, 1948, over		
		Apr. 1, 1947	Apr. 1, 1946	Apr. 1, 1945	Apr. 1, 1947	Apr. 1, 1946	Apr. 1, 1945
		p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Montreal	131,703	13.0	25.9	20.7	8.0	15.8	14.1
Toronto	114,589	14.2	30.4	26.3	11.2	23.0	24.2
Hamilton	41,754	14.4	34.8	29.4	13.9	31.0	25.5
Winnipeg	23,851	9.2	21.3	23.9	7.9	17.9	21.1
Vancouver	24,620	14.2	30.6	22.7	5.1	17.9	11.3

As already mentioned, the rates of gain in particular cities are greatly influenced by the industrial distribution of the reported wage-earners. In Canada

as a whole, the general rise in manufacturing as compared with 12 months earlier was 14.6 p.c. in the case of the average hourly rate, and 10.3 p.c. in the case of the average weekly wages, while in the 24 months' comparison, the Dominion average of hourly earnings shows a gain of 30 p.c., and that of weekly wages, of 21.8 p.c. The percentages of increase in the various provinces are given in a preceding paragraph.

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Table 3.- Average Hours and Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings of Wage-Earners for Whom Data are available at Apr. 1, 1948, With Comparative Figures for Mar. 1, 1948 and Apr. 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

INDUSTRIES	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at			Average Weekly Wages			Wage-Earners ^{3/} Working Hours Shown in Col. 1
	Apr. 1 1948	Mar. 1 1948	Apr. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1948	Mar. 1 1948	Apr. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1948	Mar. 1 1948	Apr. 1 1947	
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	
MANUFACTURING	41.6	43.2	43.2	86.9	88.0	77.6	36.98	38.02	33.52	777,540
•Durable manufactured goods	41.8	43.4	43.4	95.6	95.0	84.8	39.96	41.23	36.80	393,386
Non-durable manufactured goods	41.4	43.0	43.1	82.0	80.8	70.5	33.95	34.74	30.39	384,154
Animal products - edible	43.2	42.6	43.0	87.2	86.7	75.4	37.67	36.93	32.42	23,387
Dairy products	46.9	46.9	46.8	73.6	73.6	65.6	34.52	34.52	30.70	5,785
Meat products	42.6	41.8	41.9	95.7	94.8	82.5	40.67	39.63	34.57	14,460
Leather products	38.0	40.7	42.2	70.3	69.3	61.3	26.71	28.21	25.87	23,106
Leather boots and shoes	38.2	40.9	42.4	66.6	65.7	58.0	25.44	26.87	24.59	14,574
*Lumber products	39.4	42.4	43.5	81.6	81.2	71.1	32.15	34.43	30.93	63,390
Rough and dressed lumber	38.8	41.6	43.4	86.9	86.9	75.3	33.72	36.15	32.68	36,097
Containers	39.7	43.9	43.8	74.9	74.6	66.4	29.74	32.75	29.08	6,691
Furniture	40.0	43.0	43.6	76.9	76.6	67.0	30.76	32.90	29.21	13,397
*Musical instruments	41.1	44.6	44.8	76.2	75.6	65.0	31.32	33.72	29.12	878
Plant products - edible	41.5	42.5	41.8	70.7	70.2	63.0	29.34	29.84	26.33	37,662
Flour and other milled products	42.6	43.9	44.7	85.3	85.8	73.1	36.34	37.67	32.68	5,643
Fruit and vegetable preserving	38.0	40.2	38.2	66.9	65.0	60.4	25.42	26.13	23.07	5,676
Bread and bakery products	42.8	43.1	42.3	67.6	66.9	60.6	28.93	28.83	25.63	12,648
Chocolate and cocoa products	39.4	40.4	39.9	61.2	60.6	53.8	24.11	24.49	21.47	6,497
Pulp and Paper products	44.8	46.0	46.1	96.3	95.6	82.1	43.14	43.93	37.85	82,489
Pulp and paper	48.7	49.8	50.1	100.7	100.7	85.7	49.04	50.15	42.94	41,762
Paper products	40.8	43.8	42.9	77.8	77.1	65.6	31.74	33.77	28.14	16,747
Printing and publishing	40.6	41.0	41.4	100.2	98.4	86.5	40.68	40.34	35.81	23,980
Rubber products	41.6	42.6	44.1	96.0	95.6	84.1	39.94	40.73	37.09	19,204
Textile products	39.4	41.8	41.7	70.6	69.8	60.7	27.82	29.18	25.31	128,914
Thread, yarn and cloth	42.3	44.4	44.6	72.1	71.4	59.6	30.50	31.70	26.68	54,341
Cotton yarn and cloth	41.5	43.3	44.4	72.3	72.2	59.6	30.00	31.26	26.46	21,205
Woolen yarn and cloth	41.4	44.4	43.8	70.8	69.4	59.4	29.31	30.81	25.72	14,116
Silk and artificial silk goods	44.3	46.2	45.9	73.1	72.6	59.7	32.38	33.54	27.40	14,395
Hosiery and knit goods	37.9	41.5	40.7	65.0	63.7	57.4	24.64	26.44	23.36	22,416
Garments and personal furnishings	36.3	38.5	38.6	70.4	69.7	62.9	25.66	26.83	24.28	39,132
Tobacco	38.0	42.0	42.1	69.9	68.0	57.8	26.56	28.56	24.33	7,591
Beverages	42.7	43.1	42.7	89.3	88.0	77.4	38.13	37.93	33.05	11,990
Distilled and malt liquor	42.0	42.5	42.2	92.6	90.9	79.2	38.89	38.63	33.42	10,122
Chemicals and allied products	42.7	43.6	43.6	89.8	88.6	76.7	38.34	38.63	33.44	26,061
Drugs and medicines	41.1	41.3	-	74.3	73.1	-	30.54	30.19	-	3,849
Clay, glass and stone products	43.7	45.3	44.7	88.1	86.3	75.1	38.60	39.09	33.57	17,458
Glass products	43.3	45.7	44.7	83.3	81.8	71.7	36.07	37.38	32.06	6,818
Lime, gypsum and cement products	45.0	46.3	-	87.4	85.9	-	39.33	39.77	-	4,254
Electrical apparatus	40.6	41.5	41.4	95.9	95.2	82.0	38.94	39.51	33.95	38,665
Heavy electrical apparatus ^{1/}	42.3	42.6	43.5	104.7	103.5	89.0	44.29	44.09	38.72	10,013
*Iron and steel products	42.5	43.8	43.6	99.6	99.4	90.0	42.33	43.54	39.24	233,934
Crude, rolled and forged products	45.2	45.9	45.5	101.4	100.9	92.4	45.83	46.31	42.04	34,462
Primary iron and steel	45.5	46.3	45.8	103.2	102.7	94.0	46.96	47.55	43.05	27,372
Machinery (other than vehicles)	43.3	45.1	44.8	93.9	93.0	82.7	40.66	41.94	37.05	22,127
Agricultural implements	41.4	43.6	42.4	105.8	104.5	89.8	43.80	45.56	38.08	15,304
Land vehicles and aircraft	42.7	43.3	42.7	103.1	104.3	96.4	44.02	45.16	41.16	82,847
Railway rolling stock	45.4	43.5	44.3	96.5	96.9	94.3	43.81	42.15	41.77	39,623
Automobiles and parts	40.2	42.9	40.7	112.7	114.4	100.6	45.31	49.08	40.94	36,329
Aeroplanes and parts	40.0	44.6	44.2	96.0	94.7	90.7	38.40	42.24	40.09	6,067
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	40.9	43.1	43.1	100.9	99.4	93.0	41.27	42.84	40.08	19,871
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	40.4	42.5	42.6	96.2	94.8	86.0	38.86	40.29	36.64	9,049
Hardware, tools and outlery	40.6	43.0	44.6	89.1	88.1	77.6	36.17	37.88	34.61	9,993
Foundry and machine shop products	40.6	44.1	43.3	97.4	96.8	86.7	39.54	42.69	37.54	6,999
Sheet metal work	41.5	42.0	42.5	91.0	90.0	78.6	37.77	37.80	33.41	11,670
*Non-ferrous metal products	42.4	43.6	43.4	95.7	94.5	83.0	40.58	41.20	36.02	39,061
Preparation of non-ferrous metallic ores	42.9	44.2	42.9	107.4	103.4	90.8	46.07	45.70	38.95	10,706
Aluminum and its products	44.5	45.6	45.6	94.5	94.7	83.5	42.05	43.18	38.08	10,607
Brass and copper mfg.	40.9	42.5	42.4	92.8	92.2	82.1	37.96	39.19	34.81	9,915
Non-metallic mineral products	42.1	43.3	43.1	105.3	103.6	91.2	44.33	44.86	39.31	9,916
Petroleum and its products	41.9	41.7	41.2	111.9	112.0	100.8	46.89	46.70	41.53	6,110
Miscellaneous manufactured products	39.8	41.7	42.1	78.6	77.3	68.6	31.28	32.23	28.88	14,834
MINING	42.3	42.9	43.2	110.7	108.1	96.3	46.83	46.37	41.39	68,280
Coal	38.6	36.4	38.3	124.8	120.2	113.6	48.17	43.75	43.51	21,209
Metallic ores	44.2	46.0	44.3	108.3	106.6	96.8	47.87	49.04	42.88	35,804
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	43.5	45.3	45.2	95.3	94.5	75.1	41.46	42.81	33.95	11,267
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION ^{2/}	44.4	45.5	45.5	92.4	91.7	82.1	41.03	41.72	37.36	29,685
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	37.8	41.2	38.9	98.9	99.2	88.1	37.38	40.87	34.27	69,035
HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION	36.6	39.8	39.5	81.0	80.7	69.2	29.65	32.12	27.33	26,938
SERVICES (as indicated below)	43.1	43.0	43.1	56.2	56.5	51.7	24.22	24.30	22.28	35,615
Hotels and restaurants	44.0	43.8	43.8	54.6	55.4	51.1	24.02	24.27	22.38	22,252
Personal (chiefly laundries)	41.3	41.3	41.9	59.4	59.0	52.7	24.53	24.37	22.08	11,363

The industries classed in the durable manufactured industries are indicated by an asterisk.

1/ Since 1941, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has prepared current indexes of average hourly earnings of the employees of eight establishments producing heavy electrical apparatus. Based upon the hourly earnings at June 1, 1941, as 100 p.c., the latest figures are as follows: Feb. 1, 1948, 194.7; Mar. 1, 1948, 196.4; Apr. 1, 1948, 198.7; Apr. 1, 1947, the index was 168.9.

2/ Chiefly street and electric railways. 3/ For information respecting the sex distribution of the persons in recorded employment, see monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls.

Table 4.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries.

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Mining All Branches</u>	<u>Coal Mining</u>	<u>Metallic Mining</u>	<u>Non-Metallic Mining</u>	<u>Local Transportation</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked Per Week</u>					
Apr. 1, 1946	44.3	41.5	46.0	45.9	46.4
*May 1	42.6	39.1	45.0	44.3	46.0
June 1	43.3	39.4	45.6	45.4	45.7
July 1	43.6	40.1	45.9	45.0	46.5
Aug. 1	42.9	38.9	45.4	45.1	46.5
Sept. 1	42.9	40.0	44.3	45.4	46.3
Oct. 1	43.7	40.9	45.5	45.3	46.6
Nov. 1	43.2	39.6	45.3	45.7	46.2
Dec. 1	42.3	39.2	44.5	43.6	46.3
*Jan. 1, 1947	34.9	26.8	39.3	39.8	44.8
Feb. 1	43.3	40.1	45.6	44.1	46.8
Mar. 1	43.6	35.9	45.9	45.3	46.8
Apr. 1	43.2	38.3	44.3	45.2	45.5
May 1	43.4	38.1	44.6	45.2	45.6
June 1	40.5	30.7	44.7	44.4	44.9
July 1	42.2	37.6	44.5	43.8	45.8
Aug. 1	42.9	39.2	44.8	44.4	45.6
Sept. 1	42.5	38.6	44.2	44.8	45.5
Oct. 1	43.5	39.9	44.9	46.2	45.6
Nov. 1	42.9	38.4	44.8	45.5	44.8
Dec. 1	43.5	38.9	45.7	45.9	45.4
*Jan. 1, 1948	36.6	30.5	39.0	41.6	43.7
Feb. 1	43.8	40.0	45.4	43.9	45.4
Mar. 1	42.9	36.4	46.0	45.3	45.5
*Apr. 1	42.3	38.6	44.2	43.5	44.4

(b) Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)

Apr. 1, 1946	86.3	96.0	85.1	64.8	70.4
May 1	86.4	95.3	86.2	66.6	70.8
June 1	86.1	95.1	86.2	66.6	71.2
July 1	87.5	95.4	88.6	67.1	71.7
Aug. 1	87.3	95.7	88.4	68.1	71.5
Sept. 1	87.4	95.0	88.9	69.0	71.9
Oct. 1	88.3	95.7	89.2	70.5	76.8
Nov. 1	89.5	98.7	89.4	71.0	77.0
Dec. 1	91.3	100.9	90.7	72.3	77.4
Jan. 1, 1947	94.4	106.0	95.3	74.0	78.8
Feb. 1	94.0	102.3	94.1	74.1	81.1
Mar. 1	95.1	114.7	95.8	73.8	81.6
Apr. 1	95.8	113.6	96.8	75.1	82.1
May 1	96.6	114.7	97.8	75.5	82.6
June 1	96.9	112.7	97.6	76.5	83.9
July 1	98.9	109.8	101.0	77.3	84.5
Aug. 1	98.6	107.4	101.0	78.2	83.8
Sept. 1	100.6	111.1	102.6	80.2	84.6
Oct. 1	101.1	110.9	103.0	81.2	85.4
Nov. 1	101.1	110.3	103.0	82.3	87.6
Dec. 1	103.0	111.9	104.4	84.6	88.4
Jan. 1, 1948	104.1	115.3	104.3	86.4	90.8
Feb. 1	104.5	109.9	105.9	92.8	91.2
Mar. 1	108.1	120.2	106.6	94.5	91.7
Apr. 1	110.7	124.8	108.3	95.3	92.4

Table 4.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries. (Concluded)

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Building Construction</u>	<u>Highway Construction</u>	<u>Services as Specified</u>	<u>Hotels Restaurants</u>	<u>Personal Services</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked Per Week</u>					
Apr. 1, 1946	40.2	38.8	43.9	44.7	42.4
*May 1	38.7	36.0	44.2	45.4	42.1
June 1	37.4	35.7	42.5	43.9	40.0
July 1	38.4	38.5	43.4	44.7	41.0
Aug. 1	40.4	38.5	43.3	44.3	41.2
Sept. 1	39.5	37.9	43.5	44.7	41.2
Oct. 1	40.1	38.2	42.7	43.5	41.2
Nov. 1	39.7	37.2	43.1	43.9	41.6
Dec. 1	39.5	35.6	43.0	43.6	41.8
*Jan. 1, 1947	32.8	37.7	40.9	43.0	37.2
Feb. 1	38.9	43.4	42.6	43.6	41.0
Mar. 1	40.1	46.3	43.3	44.2	41.6
Apr. 1	38.9	39.5	43.1	43.8	41.9
May 1	39.7	36.9	43.2	43.7	42.1
June 1	39.1	37.4	42.7	43.4	41.3
July 1	38.8	38.7	42.3	43.1	40.8
Aug. 1	40.5	39.1	42.5	43.6	40.4
Sept. 1	40.0	39.6	42.4	43.3	40.6
Oct. 1	40.5	38.9	42.5	43.3	40.9
Nov. 1	40.7	37.4	42.4	43.2	40.9
Dec. 1	40.9	36.6	42.4	42.9	42.4
*Jan. 1, 1948	33.8	35.6	41.2	43.1	41.2
Feb. 1	40.1	38.2	42.6	43.6	40.6
Mar. 1	41.2	39.8	43.0	43.8	41.3
*Apr. 1	37.8	36.6	43.1	44.0	41.3

(b) Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)

Apr. 1, 1946	82.3	65.7	44.4	42.8	47.5
May 1	82.0	65.5	44.8	43.4	47.4
June 1	82.2	65.2	45.8	44.5	48.4
July 1	82.8	64.7	45.7	44.5	48.3
Aug. 1	82.7	65.8	45.5	44.4	48.0
Sept. 1	83.7	66.1	45.9	44.5	48.9
Oct. 1	85.3	65.8	48.3	47.5	49.8
Nov. 1	85.8	67.1	48.3	47.3	50.4
Dec. 1	86.0	67.0	50.9	50.8	51.0
Jan. 1, 1947	86.3	66.3	51.3	51.3	51.4
Feb. 1	87.6	67.3	50.9	51.0	50.7
Mar. 1	88.2	67.4	51.5	51.5	51.5
Apr. 1	88.1	69.2	51.7	51.1	52.7
May 1	89.3	71.1	52.0	51.6	52.8
June 1	90.9	71.3	52.3	51.6	53.8
July 1	90.7	71.0	53.1	52.3	54.7
Aug. 1	91.4	71.7	52.6	51.6	55.0
Sept. 1	92.9	71.5	53.5	52.2	56.2
Oct. 1	94.8	72.6	54.7	53.4	57.5
Nov. 1	95.8	74.7	55.1	53.8	58.0
Dec. 1	96.5	74.7	56.0	54.7	58.6
Jan. 1, 1948	96.6	76.0	55.8	54.4	59.1
Feb. 1	99.3	77.5	55.8	54.6	58.4
Mar. 1	99.2	80.7	56.5	55.4	59.0
Apr. 1	98.9	81.0	56.2	54.6	59.4

Table 5.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly Rated Wage-Earners Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, by Provinces.

<u>Week of</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked</u>								
Apr. 1, 1946	45.8	47.3	46.5	43.2	43.9	42.6	43.0	42.2
*May 1	43.6	45.2	44.6	42.1	42.9	42.3	42.7	41.3
June 1	43.3	44.3	44.1	40.6	42.4	42.9	41.8	40.4
July 1	44.2	45.9	42.9	42.0	42.6	43.3	41.9	41.0
Aug. 1	43.1	45.6	44.9	42.0	42.6	42.2	41.5	40.9
Sept. 1	42.5	45.0	44.9	41.4	42.2	42.7	41.4	40.2
Oct. 1	42.1	46.0	44.9	41.8	42.0	43.6	41.5	40.5
Nov. 1	43.7	45.5	44.7	41.0	42.3	43.1	42.1	40.1
Dec. 1	45.0	45.8	45.2	42.2	43.1	43.2	42.4	39.4
*Jan. 1, 1947	37.8	40.5	39.5	38.1	38.4	40.6	39.8	34.6
Feb. 1	44.8	46.1	45.0	42.3	42.8	42.3	42.6	39.8
Mar. 1	44.3	46.2	45.2	42.5	42.7	43.7	42.6	40.5
Apr. 1	44.6	46.7	45.1	42.1	43.1	43.5	43.1	40.5
May 1	44.6	46.0	45.2	42.3	42.6	43.0	42.5	39.8
June 1	43.2	45.7	44.8	41.9	42.5	42.7	43.1	40.0
July 1	45.2	45.6	42.3	41.8	42.7	42.5	42.7	39.5
Aug. 1	44.7	44.4	43.9	41.9	41.7	42.9	41.5	39.0
Sept. 1	44.2	45.4	44.4	41.4	42.3	41.2	41.9	38.1
Oct. 1	43.9	44.7	45.0	42.4	41.8	42.5	41.7	39.2
Nov. 1	44.1	45.3	45.0	42.1	42.0	42.4	41.1	38.8
Dec. 1	44.8	44.7	45.6	42.8	43.1	42.8	42.3	38.4
*Jan. 1, 1948	40.0	39.9	39.4	37.7	39.5	39.1	40.0	34.9
Feb. 1	44.8	45.9	44.3	42.1	43.1	43.0	42.7	38.7
Mar. 1	44.1	45.9	45.0	42.6	42.8	43.0	42.5	38.8
*Apr. 1	43.3	44.2	42.8	41.1	42.5	43.5	42.1	37.5
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>								
Apr. 1, 1946	69.1	63.8	62.2	71.1	69.8	70.6	70.9	80.9
May 1	69.8	63.8	62.7	71.6	70.1	69.5	71.5	81.0
June 1	69.3	63.1	64.0	71.7	70.5	68.0	72.1	81.4
July 1	68.5	64.5	65.2	71.6	70.5	69.1	71.8	84.7
Aug. 1	67.1	64.9	64.8	71.9	70.5	70.6	72.2	85.7
Sept. 1	66.5	64.6	66.0	72.3	71.0	71.2	72.2	85.8
Oct. 1	67.3	66.3	66.5	73.0	72.9	72.0	73.0	87.1
Nov. 1	69.1	67.4	67.4	75.2	72.7	72.1	73.4	88.3
Dec. 1	69.6	67.8	67.8	77.8	75.6	76.2	75.4	90.1
Jan. 1, 1947	71.2	70.8	69.2	79.8	77.1	76.8	76.0	91.4
Feb. 1	71.9	70.7	69.1	80.0	77.1	78.6	76.0	91.8
Mar. 1	73.6	70.8	69.5	80.7	77.3	79.1	76.9	93.0
Apr. 1	76.0	70.9	69.9	81.5	77.6	78.3	77.4	92.8
May 1	75.1	71.4	70.7	82.2	78.1	79.5	78.9	93.5
June 1	74.6	73.5	72.6	83.7	79.0	79.8	79.4	94.8
July 1	75.4	74.0	73.9	84.1	80.0	80.3	79.9	96.0
Aug. 1	75.8	74.3	73.7	85.0	80.1	82.0	79.3	98.3
Sept. 1	76.7	75.9	74.4	86.3	80.6	83.7	80.5	98.4
Oct. 1	76.0	76.3	75.8	87.4	81.5	84.3	81.9	100.3
Nov. 1	78.2	77.0	76.5	89.1	82.6	86.8	84.7	101.7
Dec. 1	77.1	77.4	77.2	90.2	83.0	87.4	84.8	103.3
Jan. 1, 1948	78.4	79.5	78.6	90.5	84.3	88.7	85.6	105.4
Feb. 1	79.3	78.0	78.9	90.6	84.1	88.4	86.7	104.8
Mar. 1	79.6	78.1	79.6	92.6	84.0	89.2	87.1	105.9
Apr. 1	81.8	80.0	80.5	93.5	85.0	89.2	88.4	106.2

Table 6.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole in Indicated Cities.

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>
	<u>(a) Average Hours Worked</u>				
Apr. 1, 1946	44.9	42.1	43.3	43.2	41.0
*May 1	42.6	40.9	42.1	42.3	39.8
June 1	42.7	39.5	40.0	41.9	39.3
July 1	41.0	41.0	42.1	42.2	40.3
Aug. 1	42.8	40.7	41.8	42.2	39.9
Sept. 1	43.1	40.7	41.7	41.9	38.7
Oct. 1	42.5	40.5	41.8	41.6	39.3
Nov. 1	43.1	40.2	40.7	41.7	38.9
Dec. 1	43.3	41.2	42.5	42.6	38.8
*Jan. 1, 1947	37.0	36.7	38.2	37.5	32.8
Feb. 1	42.9	40.6	42.8	42.2	39.0
Mar. 1	42.9	40.9	43.4	42.2	39.9
Apr. 1	43.2	40.8	42.3	42.5	40.2
May 1	43.1	40.9	42.0	42.1	39.9
June 1	42.6	40.5	42.2	42.2	39.8
July 1	40.4	40.7	41.5	42.3	39.0
Aug. 1	41.2	40.2	41.9	41.2	38.2
Sept. 1	41.9	40.1	41.4	41.7	38.2
Oct. 1	42.6	40.8	42.2	41.2	38.6
Nov. 1	43.1	40.9	41.1	41.4	38.1
Dec. 1	43.4	41.4	42.6	42.8	38.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	37.4	36.9	39.4	39.0	33.6
Feb. 1	42.5	41.0	42.4	42.6	38.5
Mar. 1	43.2	41.1	42.3	42.3	38.1
*Apr. 1	41.3	39.7	42.1	42.0	37.0

(b) Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)

Apr. 1, 1946	67.2	71.4	72.5	69.6	80.6
May 1	67.9	71.7	73.1	70.1	80.9
June 1	68.5	71.9	73.4	70.6	80.7
July 1	69.0	71.4	73.4	70.1	82.6
Aug. 1	68.7	71.8	71.8	70.0	83.5
Sept. 1	70.4	72.6	71.9	70.5	85.9
Oct. 1	71.1	74.1	72.0	72.4	87.4
Nov. 1	72.0	75.0	77.9	72.4	89.7
Dec. 1	72.6	77.3	81.0	75.5	90.9
Jan. 1, 1947	74.2	79.0	83.1	76.8	91.4
Feb. 1	74.1	79.8	83.7	76.6	91.9
Mar. 1	74.7	80.6	84.4	76.7	92.7
Apr. 1	74.9	81.5	85.4	77.3	92.2
May 1	75.7	82.2	85.5	77.6	92.8
June 1	76.3	83.2	86.3	77.9	93.7
July 1	77.6	83.7	86.0	79.3	93.8
Aug. 1	77.3	84.5	87.1	79.0	95.8
Sept. 1	78.3	86.0	88.9	79.6	96.8
Oct. 1	79.9	87.7	90.3	80.4	99.5
Nov. 1	80.7	88.5	91.0	81.9	101.0
Dec. 1	81.4	89.9	93.6	82.3	101.9
Jan. 1, 1948	82.6	90.2	94.9	83.7	102.9
Feb. 1	82.8	91.6	95.6	83.3	103.3
Mar. 1	83.8	92.2	96.9	83.2	104.8
Apr. 1	84.6	93.1	97.7	84.4	105.3

Table 7.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported by Leading Manufacturing Establishments, by Provinces.

The latest data are subject to revision.

Week of		Canada	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1944										
Nov. 1		32.55	35.82	28.66	31.62	33.03	28.59	30.27	31.61	34.32
Dec. 1		32.64	35.78	30.31	31.14	33.22	30.68	30.76	32.13	35.44
1945										
*Jan. 1		27.72	28.69	25.10	26.74	27.90	27.28	26.08	29.55	31.13
Feb. 1		31.83	34.66	28.28	30.25	32.39	29.11	30.44	31.30	36.03
Mar. 1		32.11	34.44	29.41	30.69	32.61	30.26	30.60	32.14	35.95
*Apr. 1		30.69	34.30	28.74	29.16	31.01	29.24	28.62	31.36	34.90
May 1		32.08	35.31	29.28	30.66	32.38	29.72	31.23	32.12	35.87
June 1		31.14	33.08	28.67	30.25	31.38	29.33	27.50	31.70	34.28
July 1		31.05	32.94	29.25	29.25	31.55	29.67	27.78	31.36	34.65
Aug. 1		30.79	31.93	28.94	29.54	31.11	28.27	27.31	29.91	35.36
Sept. 1		30.52	31.56	28.40	29.15	30.79	29.83	28.90	30.80	34.28
Oct. 1		30.31	31.45	28.55	29.28	30.31	29.89	28.93	30.22	34.76
Nov. 1		30.31	31.50	28.58	29.30	30.36	30.26	29.39	30.65	34.42
Dec. 1		30.02	32.20	28.58	29.06	29.80	30.41	30.73	30.33	33.77
1946										
*Jan. 1		25.87	26.37	26.35	24.45	25.97	27.17	28.95	28.50	29.46
Feb. 1		30.03	31.04	29.22	28.64	30.20	30.21	29.82	30.70	34.47
Mar. 1		29.88	31.32	29.08	28.81	29.86	30.33	30.26	30.76	34.71
Apr. 1		30.37	31.65	30.18	28.92	30.72	30.64	30.08	30.49	34.14
*May 1		29.63	30.43	28.84	27.96	30.14	30.07	29.40	30.53	33.45
June 1		29.02	30.01	27.95	28.22	29.11	29.89	29.17	30.14	32.89
July 1		29.68	30.28	29.61	27.97	30.07	30.03	29.92	30.08	34.73
Aug. 1		30.10	28.92	29.59	29.10	30.20	30.03	29.73	29.66	35.05
Sept. 1		30.15	28.26	29.07	29.63	29.93	29.96	30.40	29.89	34.49
Oct. 1		30.63	28.33	30.50	29.86	30.51	30.62	31.39	30.30	35.28
Nov. 1		30.91	30.20	30.67	30.13	30.83	30.75	31.08	30.90	35.41
Dec. 1		32.18	31.32	31.05	30.65	32.83	32.58	32.92	31.97	35.50
1947										
*Jan. 1		29.07	26.91	28.67	27.33	30.40	29.61	31.18	30.25	31.62
Feb. 1		33.00	32.21	32.59	31.10	33.84	33.00	33.25	32.38	36.54
Mar. 1		33.46	32.60	32.71	31.41	34.30	33.01	34.57	32.76	37.67
Apr. 1		33.52	33.90	33.11	31.52	34.39	33.45	34.06	33.36	37.58
May 1		33.83	33.49	32.84	31.96	34.77	33.27	34.19	33.53	37.21
June 1		34.28	32.23	33.59	32.52	35.07	33.58	34.07	34.22	37.92
July 1		33.94	34.08	33.74	31.26	35.15	34.16	34.13	34.12	37.92
Aug. 1		34.55	33.88	32.99	32.35	35.62	33.40	35.18	32.91	38.34
Sept. 1		34.77	33.90	34.46	33.03	35.73	34.09	34.48	33.73	37.49
Oct. 1		35.96	33.36	34.11	34.11	37.06	34.07	35.83	34.15	39.32
Nov. 1		36.34	34.65	34.96	34.43	37.51	34.69	36.80	34.90	39.41
Dec. 1		37.24	34.54	34.60	35.20	38.61	35.77	37.41	35.87	39.67
1948										
*Jan. 1		33.17	31.36	31.72	30.97	34.12	33.30	34.68	34.24	36.78
Feb. 1		37.06	35.53	35.80	34.95	38.14	36.25	38.01	37.02	40.56
Mar. 1		38.02	35.10	35.85	35.82	39.45	35.95	38.36	37.02	41.09
*Apr. 1		36.98	35.42	35.36	34.45	38.43	36.13	38.80	37.22	39.83

* See footnote on page 2.

Table 8.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Employed
in Leading Manufacturing Establishments by Cities.

(The latest data are subject to revision).

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>
Nov. 1, 1944	\$33.16	\$31.61	\$33.73	\$28.27	\$34.29
Dec. 1	33.11	32.28	33.84	30.57	36.04
*Jan. 1, 1945	27.74	26.74	28.08	27.01	30.37
Feb. 1	32.01	30.91	33.47	28.87	36.25
Mar. 1	32.41	31.93	33.64	30.17	36.17
*Apr. 1	30.63	29.77	32.77	29.28	35.01
May 1	32.45	31.50	33.89	29.58	36.59
June 1	31.28	31.12	31.64	29.21	34.46
July 1	30.47	31.31	32.38	29.51	34.98
Aug. 1	31.01	30.55	32.59	27.97	35.87
Sept. 1	30.84	30.38	31.35	29.62	34.64
Oct. 1	30.71	29.95	31.80	29.64	35.24
Nov. 1	30.83	30.12	30.91	30.01	35.06
Dec. 1	30.84	29.79	31.29	30.80	33.95
*Jan. 1, 1946	24.80	25.92	27.16	26.94	28.50
Feb. 1	29.88	29.42	30.94	29.75	34.15
Mar. 1	30.06	29.51	30.85	29.85	33.86
Apr. 1	30.17	30.06	31.39	30.07	33.05
May 1	28.93	29.33	30.78	29.55	32.20
June 1	29.25	28.40	29.36	29.58	31.72
July 1	28.29	29.27	30.90	29.58	33.29
Aug. 1	29.40	29.22	30.01	29.54	33.32
Sept. 1	30.34	29.55	29.98	29.54	33.24
Oct. 1	30.22	30.01	30.10	30.12	34.35
Nov. 1	31.03	30.15	31.71	30.19	34.89
Dec. 1	31.44	31.85	34.43	32.16	35.27
*Jan. 1, 1947	27.45	28.99	31.74	28.80	29.98
Feb. 1	31.79	32.40	35.82	32.33	35.84
Mar. 1	32.05	32.97	36.63	32.37	36.99
Apr. 1	32.36	33.25	36.12	32.85	37.06
May 1	32.63	33.62	35.91	32.67	37.03
June 1	32.50	33.70	36.42	32.87	37.29
July 1	31.35	34.07	35.69	33.54	36.58
Aug. 1	31.85	33.97	36.49	32.55	36.60
Sept. 1	32.81	34.49	36.80	33.19	36.98
Oct. 1	34.04	35.78	38.11	33.12	38.41
Nov. 1	34.66	36.11	37.40	33.91	38.47
Dec. 1	35.33	37.22	39.97	35.22	39.03
*Jan. 1, 1948	30.89	33.28	37.39	32.64	34.57
Feb. 1	35.19	37.56	40.53	35.49	39.77
Mar. 1	36.20	37.89	40.99	35.19	39.93
*Apr. 1	34.94	36.96	41.13	35.45	38.96

*See footnote on page 2.

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Quebec for Whom Data are Available at Apr. 1, 1948, With Comparative Figures at Mar. 1, 1948, and Apr. 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	Apr. 1 1948	Mar. 1 1948	Apr. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1948	Mar. 1 1948	Apr. 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
NOVA SCOTIA - Manufacturing	43.3	44.1	44.6	81.8	79.6	76.0
Animal products	44.1	37.4	38.6	69.9	65.8	57.7
Lumber products	43.0	46.2	46.1	56.0	56.7	53.4
Textiles	40.3	41.7	44.3	57.5	57.1	50.5
Iron and steel	44.0	44.4	44.7	95.8	94.4	88.7
Crude, rolled and forged products	46.3	46.2	45.0	93.6	93.1	86.9
Steel shipbuilding	41.5	44.1	44.3	103.5	99.3	92.3
Mining - Coal	40.5	38.4	46.2	113.7	113.4	87.6
Construction - Building	33.5	36.4	38.3	81.0	82.8	76.1
- Highway	21.3	22.1	23.5	73.7	72.8	65.3
NEW BRUNSWICK - Manufacturing	44.2	45.9	46.7	80.0	78.1	70.9
Rough and dressed lumber	42.5	47.6	48.2	60.5	60.6	57.6
Pulp and paper mills	49.4	50.0	50.9	99.4	98.4	82.3
Iron and steel	42.5	42.9	44.5	92.6	90.6	89.0
Construction - Building	40.2	40.9	35.1	84.6	83.9	69.5
- Highway	27.2	32.2	25.6	70.4	70.5	63.8
QUEBEC - Manufacturing	42.8	45.0	45.1	80.5	79.6	69.9
Leather products	38.1	40.9	43.2	63.2	62.0	54.4
Leather boots and shoes	38.4	40.9	43.2	63.5	62.4	54.5
Lumber products	43.8	48.6	47.9	62.6	62.5	56.3
Rough and dressed lumber	45.0	49.8	48.7	59.5	60.0	55.6
Plant products - edible	44.2	46.1	46.3	64.1	64.1	57.6
Pulp and paper products	46.7	48.6	48.6	93.4	93.0	79.0
Pulp and paper mills	49.5	50.8	51.0	97.9	98.2	82.5
Textiles	40.1	42.9	43.4	67.8	67.3	58.1
Cotton yarn and cloth	43.3	44.0	45.5	71.1	71.2	57.5
Silk and artificial silk goods	45.2	47.6	47.3	68.8	68.7	56.5
Hosiery and knit goods	37.9	44.0	44.8	60.9	60.2	55.0
Garments and personal furnishings	36.3	38.9	39.1	67.8	67.1	60.6
Chemicals	44.3	45.2	45.8	81.3	80.7	70.6
Electrical apparatus	40.6	41.0	40.2	96.5	94.9	82.4
Iron and steel	44.6	45.7	45.8	92.2	91.9	84.5
Machinery other than vehicles	46.5	48.5	48.4	87.4	86.9	76.6
Railway rolling stock	45.5	43.0	43.9	99.0	99.7	96.4
Aeroplanes and parts	40.7	46.2	44.8	95.1	93.7	91.6
Steel shipbuilding	43.9	45.7	45.4	93.4	91.8	88.3
Non-ferrous metal products	45.0	46.9	46.4	90.5	90.1	78.9
Aluminum and its products	46.2	47.1	46.5	96.4	96.7	83.7
Mining - Metallic ores	46.7	48.6	45.1	94.2	94.8	89.1
- Non-metallic minerals	45.4	47.1	47.5	92.5	92.6	70.2
(except coal)						
Street railways, cartage and storage	46.5	47.3	46.9	87.5	86.9	79.8
Construction - Building	38.0	41.8	40.4	92.0	92.6	82.3
- Highway	41.3	46.4	53.4	70.9	72.6	55.7
Services	46.1	46.5	47.1	52.9	53.0	47.7

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Ontario for Whom Data are Available at Apr. 1, 1948, with Comparative Figures at Mar. 1, 1948, and Apr. 1, 1947. (Continued).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	Apr. 1 1948	Mar. 1 1948	Apr. 1 1947	Apr. 1 1948	Mar. 1 1948	Apr. 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
ONTARIO - Manufacturing	41.1	42.6	42.1	93.5	92.6	81.5
Animal products - edible	44.1	43.8	43.6	87.9	87.2	76.9
Meat products	42.8	42.2	42.3	96.0	94.7	83.2
Leather products	37.9	40.6	41.2	77.6	76.8	69.8
Leather boots and shoes	38.1	40.8	40.8	71.0	70.4	64.7
Lumber products	40.2	43.4	42.9	75.2	74.9	66.0
Rough and dressed lumber	41.3	44.8	43.6	73.4	73.3	64.4
Furniture	39.7	42.5	42.8	79.1	78.6	68.5
Plant products - edible	40.1	40.8	39.6	72.6	72.6	64.9
Fruit and vegetable canning	37.1	38.8	37.3	70.6	70.2	62.9
Bread and bakery products	41.3	41.1	40.2	69.1	68.6	62.1
Pulp and paper mills	48.6	49.2	49.3	102.7	102.7	88.2
Paper products	41.0	43.1	42.0	82.7	82.5	69.8
Printing and publishing	40.1	40.0	40.6	102.6	100.7	87.6
Rubber products	41.4	41.5	43.2	102.5	103.0	91.8
Textiles	38.4	40.4	39.4	75.5	74.4	65.6
Cotton yarn and cloth	37.6	41.7	41.8	75.1	74.7	64.1
Woollen yarn and cloth	40.6	43.1	41.4	73.3	71.6	62.0
Hosiery and knit goods	37.9	39.5	37.3	69.2	68.0	60.6
Garments and personal furnishings	36.0	37.1	37.1	77.7	77.2	70.2
Chemicals	41.9	43.0	42.2	95.0	93.2	79.9
Drugs and medicines	39.3	39.7	-	76.5	76.0	-
Clay, glass and stone products	42.6	44.4	43.9	92.8	90.0	78.1
Electrical apparatus	40.7	41.8	42.0	96.1	95.6	81.9
Iron and steel	41.7	43.4	42.8	103.6	103.6	92.1
Crude, rolled and forged products	44.7	44.9	45.7	107.3	106.3	97.5
Machinery other than vehicles	41.9	43.6	43.1	96.5	95.8	85.5
Agricultural implements	41.3	43.4	42.1	107.4	106.2	91.5
Railway rolling stock	45.2	45.0	44.7	99.2	98.7	95.2
Automobile parts	40.5	41.6	-	101.4	101.3	-
Automobile mfg.	40.0	43.6	-	122.3	125.1	-
Steel shipbuilding	41.1	42.6	44.7	91.6	92.2	86.5
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	40.6	42.7	43.8	93.5	92.9	83.5
Foundry and machine shop products	39.9	43.6	42.8	98.8	98.5	87.4
Sheet metal work	41.6	42.1	41.8	93.4	92.4	79.3
Non-ferrous metal products	41.3	42.4	42.4	96.8	96.0	83.4
Preparation of non-ferrous metallic ores	43.3	45.3	43.2	106.9	101.0	88.9
Brass and copper mfg.	40.0	40.9	41.0	99.3	98.6	86.6
Mining - Metallic ores	44.4	46.0	43.7	109.4	106.6	96.8
Street railways, cartage and storage	43.3	45.0	45.6	95.5	94.6	83.6
Construction - Building	38.9	43.0	39.6	99.8	100.1	89.8
- Highway	38.8	42.9	35.7	84.0	82.4	74.6
Services	41.4	41.2	41.3	56.2	56.9	52.0
Hotels and restaurants	43.0	42.5	42.2	54.5	55.5	52.2

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia for Whom Data are Available at Apr. 1, 1948, with Comparative Figures at Mar. 1, 1948, and Apr. 1, 1947. (Concluded).

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	Apr. 1	Mar. 1	Apr. 1	Apr. 1	Mar. 1	Apr. 1
	1948	1948	1947	1948	1948	1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
<u>MANITOBA - Manufacturing</u>	42.5	42.8	43.1	85.0	84.0	77.6
Meat products	40.9	40.6	41.3	98.9	97.6	83.2
Plant products - edible	42.4	41.9	42.3	73.7	73.2	61.8
Garments and personal furnishings	38.3	40.9	39.9	70.8	70.3	61.9
Iron and steel	44.1	43.6	43.9	90.6	89.8	87.8
Railway rolling stock	44.9	42.7	43.5	93.3	93.8	93.2
Construction - Building	36.3	38.8	37.0	96.7	98.0	88.0
- Highway	36.5	37.9	39.0	74.6	73.9	70.2
Services	42.9	42.4	41.7	55.5	55.9	52.3
<u>SASKATCHEWAN - Manufacturing</u>	43.5	43.0	43.5	89.2	89.2	78.3
Meat products	43.4	41.1	41.7	95.4	95.1	82.4
Construction - Building	37.3	37.5	39.0	94.1	95.6	79.2
- Highway	35.9	37.7	41.9	72.2	74.6	67.9
Services	44.6	45.1	45.6	56.0	55.9	49.8
<u>ALBERTA - Manufacturing</u>	42.1	42.5	43.1	88.4	87.1	77.4
Meat products	41.0	39.9	40.6	98.5	96.4	83.3
Plant products - edible	42.8	42.7	44.7	80.2	78.6	66.4
Railway rolling stock	46.5	45.9	46.0	90.9	91.4	90.9
Mining - Coal	35.5	33.3	36.7	146.6	136.4	122.2
Construction - Building	34.1	35.7	37.5	103.0	101.9	91.1
Services	44.5	44.6	44.4	57.4	57.9	52.9
<u>BRITISH COLUMBIA - Manufacturing</u>	37.5	38.8	40.5	106.2	105.9	92.8
Lumber products	35.3	37.1	40.3	107.8	108.2	94.0
Rough and dressed lumber	35.3	36.9	40.3	109.1	109.7	95.5
Plant products - edible	37.3	36.4	38.2	84.5	82.6	70.7
Fruit and vegetable canning	33.2	31.3	37.1	77.3	75.7	64.9
Pulp and paper mills	45.6	47.5	48.3	111.0	110.5	96.0
Iron and steel	37.7	39.3	39.3	112.7	112.2	101.5
Steel shipbuilding	36.4	38.9	37.5	119.1	118.2	105.6
Non-ferrous metal products	39.5	39.8	40.0	111.4	110.3	96.3
Logging	33.1	34.4	37.3	138.6	136.6	123.8
Mining - Coal	37.9	27.3	36.7	136.8	133.2	111.6
- Metallic ores	39.5	41.7	43.5	117.7	116.2	104.3
Street railways, cartage and storage	43.2	44.2	45.0	103.8	102.4	88.9
Construction - Building	35.2	37.2	35.8	123.3	123.9	107.7
- Highway	34.8	35.4	35.8	95.5	96.8	83.5
Services	39.3	39.0	38.7	67.0	66.8	62.6

Table 10.- Average Hours Per Week and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Certain Cities for Whom Data are Available at Apr. 1, 1948, with Comparative Figures at Mar. 1, 1948 and Apr. 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Cities and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	Apr. 1	Mar. 1	Apr. 1	Apr. 1	Mar. 1	Apr. 1
	1948	1948	1947	1948	1948	1947
	no.	no.	no.	\$	\$	\$
<u>Montreal - Manufacturing</u>	41.3	43.2	43.2	84.6	83.8	74.9
Leather products	38.3	41.5	42.0	66.8	65.6	59.6
Plant products - edible	43.8	45.9	46.0	65.7	65.6	58.7
Textiles - all branches	37.2	39.8	39.5	72.1	71.4	64.8
Tobacco	36.4	41.1	41.6	74.2	75.7	61.9
Electrical apparatus	40.5	40.8	39.9	97.5	95.9	83.2
Iron and steel	43.9	44.5	44.8	96.0	96.0	87.9
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.7	46.7	46.0	91.8	91.1	83.6
Building construction	37.2	41.0	38.0	95.6	97.2	88.2
Services	45.7	46.1	46.9	54.0	53.7	48.1
<u>Toronto - Manufacturing</u>	39.7	41.1	40.8	93.1	92.2	81.5
Plant products - edible	40.0	39.3	37.7	70.5	70.9	64.4
Paper products	40.0	42.2	41.3	80.7	80.6	70.8
Printing and publishing	39.0	38.8	39.9	111.9	109.3	92.1
Rubber products	40.9	40.9	42.5	107.7	108.5	95.0
Textiles - all branches	36.5	38.1	36.8	82.1	80.7	72.4
Chemicals	40.9	41.5	40.7	92.4	91.1	76.9
Electrical apparatus	40.5	42.2	41.5	94.2	93.5	81.5
Iron and steel	40.4	43.0	42.7	99.5	99.0	88.2
Non-ferrous metal products	40.1	40.9	41.8	95.7	95.7	86.3
Street railways, cartage and storage	41.1	43.0	44.5	103.6	102.2	88.9
Building construction	35.2	40.6	37.4	115.5	114.7	100.4
Services	41.2	41.3	40.6	60.1	61.3	56.2
<u>Hamilton - Manufacturing</u>	42.1	42.3	42.3	97.7	96.9	85.4
Textiles - all branches	38.4	39.8	38.8	74.5	73.7	63.8
Electrical apparatus	41.1	40.6	41.0	103.7	104.2	86.9
Iron and steel	43.9	43.8	44.1	105.9	105.3	94.8
Building construction	36.6	41.2	39.1	101.8	101.3	87.7
<u>Winnipeg - Manufacturing</u>	42.0	42.3	42.5	84.4	83.2	77.3
Animal products - edible	42.3	42.0	42.5	94.9	94.2	80.7
Plant products - edible	42.3	41.9	42.3	74.2	73.6	61.9
Textiles	38.2	40.8	40.1	69.4	68.8	60.8
Iron and steel	43.7	43.1	43.0	91.5	90.6	89.4
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.8	45.4	44.1	82.7	82.6	80.0
Building construction	37.1	39.2	38.9	98.2	101.3	91.1
Services	42.8	42.1	41.5	55.6	56.1	52.3
<u>Vancouver - Manufacturing</u>	37.0	38.1	40.2	105.3	104.8	92.2
Lumber products	35.5	37.0	41.1	108.4	109.1	94.2
Iron and steel	37.3	38.8	39.4	114.4	114.0	103.0
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.0	44.3	45.4	103.2	103.2	89.1
Building construction	35.6	37.4	35.3	123.1	122.3	109.0
Services	37.8	37.9	38.0	68.5	67.7	64.0

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