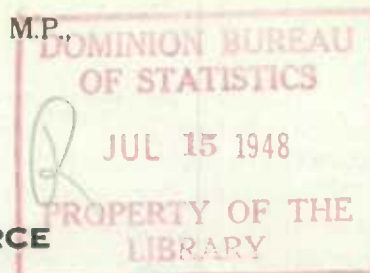


72 003

C-1
Published by Authority of the Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe, M.P.,
Minister of Trade and Commerce



CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS BRANCH

DOES NOT CIRCULATE
NE PAS PRÊTER

STATISTICS OF
AVERAGE HOURS WORKED
AND
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS
AS REPORTED
AT THE BEGINNING OF
MAY, 1948



OTTAWA
July 14, 1948

EXPLANATION OF THE TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT.

Wage-Earners.-- Employers are asked to furnish monthly statistics on man-hours on behalf of those wage-earners for whom they keep a record of aggregate hours worked, so that the data relate, in the main, to persons employed at hourly rates. Information for salaried employees is purposely excluded, while in many cases, statistics of man-hours are not available for certain classes of wage-earners, whose earnings, like those of most salaried employees, are not directly dependent upon the number of hours worked; examples of wage-earners frequently excluded are route drivers, piece-workers in many but not all establishments, truck men, etc. In addition, some employers do not keep a record of man-hours for any classes of employees. Accordingly, the number of workers for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin is smaller than the total number of employees, (salaried personnel and wage-earners) for whom statistics of employment and payrolls are obtained in the monthly surveys on these subjects; the results of these surveys are published in the monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls, which also contain data relating to the sex distribution of the workers in recorded employment, an important factor contributing to differences shown in the average earnings in various industries.

The monthly statistics of average hours and average hourly earnings, like those of employment and average weekly earnings relate, in the main, to establishments usually employing 15 persons and over, the smaller firms being excluded for reasons of economy in terms of cost and time. In the case of the manufacturing industries, (largely represented in the material of the present bulletin), the statistics relate to over 75 p.c. of all salaried employees and wage-earners reported by the establishments co-operating in the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls; at the date of the last Decennial Census, (June 1, 1941), the manufacturers furnishing monthly data employed approximately 93 p.c. of all persons enumerated as at work in manufacturing.

In mining and construction, data on hours and earnings are currently available for some 85 p.c. and 83 p.c., of the total employees reported to the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls in those industries, respectively; at June 1, 1941, the co-operating mine operators had employed over 96 p.c. of all wage-earners at work as enumerated in the Census, while the employers in construction whose statistics were then received had reported over 79 p.c. of the Census total of employees at work in that group. It should be noted that the comparisons with the Census figures are complicated by differences in the classifications used in compiling the two series, so that the percentages of coverage are only approximate.

Man-Hours.-- The statistics of man-hours include overtime as well as the hours worked by part-time and casual workers. Hours credited to persons absent on leave with pay in the recorded pay period are included in the statistics as though the hours for which payment was made had been worked.

Wages.-- The wages reported represent gross earnings before deductions are made for taxes, unemployment insurance, etc.; they do not, however, include the value of board and lodging which in some cases is part of the remuneration of workers. Incentive and production bonuses and overtime payments are included, as are sums paid employees absent on leave with pay during the pay period for which statistics are given. The figures of average weekly wages result from the multiplication of the average hours worked during the period of observation, by the average hourly earnings reported in the same period.

Pay Periods.-- Statistics of man-hours and hourly wages reported for periods exceeding one week in duration are reduced by the appropriate proportions to obtain for tabulation purposes the number of hours worked and the hourly earnings in one week in the indicated pay period; such information is then added to the data furnished by employers who pay on a weekly basis, so that, in all cases, the tabulated data represent the situation in one week in each month.

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL STATISTICS BRANCH
OTTAWA - CANADA

STATISTICS OF MAN-HOURS AND HOURLY EARNINGS AS REPORTED AT MAY 1, 1948,
WITH COMPARISONS AS AT APR. 1, 1948, AND MAY 1, 1947.

Dominion Statistician:	Herbert Marshall
Director, Labour and Prices Statistics:	H.F. Greenway
Chief, Employment and Payroll Statistics Branch:	M.E.K. Roughsedge

1. MANUFACTURING.

There was a slight decline in the number of hourly-rated wage-earners reported in manufacturing at May 1 as compared with Apr. 1, accompanied by advances in the weekly total of hours worked and in the aggregate wages. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics tabulated data from 6,410 leading manufacturers with 775,886 hourly-rated wage-earners; this was a decrease of 0.3 p.c. from the preceding month. The hours worked in their factories numbered 33,423,166, exceeding by 3.3 p.c. their total in the week of Apr. 1, when the Easter week-end affected the situation. The wages paid for services rendered in these hours aggregated \$29,882,443, being greater by 3.8 p.c. than in the preceding period of observation. The proportionally larger gain in the earnings than in the hours was partly due to changes in the industrial distribution of the employees, but also resulted in part from upward adjustment in the wage-rates in certain industries and establishments.

The general average of hours worked in the reporting establishments increased from 41.6 at Apr. 1 to 43.1 in the week of May 1. At May 1 in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the averages had been 43.2, 43 and 45.5, respectively. The observance of the Easter holidays in the pay period for which statistics were furnished at Apr. 1 in 1948 and at May 1 in 1946 had reduced the working time then indicated.

The hourly earnings reported at the beginning of May averaged 89.4 cents, the highest in the record, which goes back only to Nov. 1, 1944. Previously, the high was 89 cents at Apr. 1, while at May 1 in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the averages had been 78.3 cents, 68.9 cents and 70.5 cents, respectively. The increase in the hourly rate at May 1 over Apr. 1 was due in part to continued increases in wage-rates and in cost of living bonuses, and in part to slight seasonal declines in the number of employees reported in several industries where the earnings are below the general level.

In manufacturing as a whole the weekly wages averaged \$38.53 at the beginning of May, as compared with \$37.02 in the week ending Apr. 1, 1948, \$33.83 in the week of May 1, 1947, \$29.63 in the week of May 1, 1946 and \$32.08 in that of May 1, 1945. It should be recalled that lower working hours during the Easter holiday observed in the week of Apr. 1, 1948, and May 1, 1946, affect this comparison. The general increase in weekly wages in manufacturing in the 12 months amounted to 13.9 p.c.; in the 24 months' and the 36 months' comparisons the advances were 30 p.c. and 20.1 p.c., respectively. The figures in this bulletin represent gross earnings, before deductions are made for taxes, unemployment insurance contributions, etc.

TABLES.

The statistics of average hours worked and average hourly earnings in manufacturing generally as reported by leading establishments in the period for which data are available are given in Table 1 on page 2, while Table 2 on page 4 shows the figures of average weekly wages of wage-earners for whom the larger manufacturers

Table 1.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Manufacturing as a Whole and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

Week Preceding	Average Hours Worked			Average Hourly Earnings		
	All Manu- factures	Durable Goods	Non-Durable Goods	All Manu- factures	Durable Goods	Non-Durable Goods
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
Nov. 1, 1944	46.3	47.0	45.3	70.3	77.7	60.1
Dec. 1	46.3	46.9	45.5	70.5	77.9	60.4
*Jan. 1, 1945	39.6	39.7	39.5	70.0	77.1	60.9
Feb. 1	45.4	46.0	44.7	70.1	77.8	60.3
Mar. 1	45.8	46.5	45.0	70.1	77.8	60.3
*Apr. 1	43.6	44.2	42.7	70.4	78.0	60.9
May 1	45.5	46.2	44.5	70.5	78.2	60.9
June 1	44.3	44.7	43.9	70.3	77.5	61.4
July 1	44.3	45.0	43.3	70.1	77.0	61.2
Aug. 1	44.3	44.7	43.7	69.5	76.9	60.7
Sept. 1	44.1	44.2	44.0	69.2	76.5	60.9
Oct. 1	44.7	45.0	44.5	67.6	75.4	60.4
Nov. 1	44.9	45.3	44.6	67.5	74.8	60.6
Dec. 1	44.8	44.9	44.6	67.0	74.0	60.6
*Jan. 1, 1946	38.1	37.5	38.7	67.9	74.7	61.7
Feb. 1	44.1	44.4	43.8	68.1	75.2	61.3
Mar. 1	44.0	44.2	43.9	67.9	74.5	61.5
Apr. 1	44.4	44.6	44.2	68.4	75.1	61.8
*May 1	43.0	43.2	42.8	68.9	75.5	62.4
June 1	42.0	42.1	41.9	69.1	75.1	63.3
July 1	42.4	42.8	42.1	70.0	75.7	64.1
Aug. 1	43.0	43.2	42.8	70.0	75.8	64.4
Sept. 1	42.7	42.6	42.7	70.6	76.5	65.1
Oct. 1	42.9	42.8	42.9	71.4	77.8	65.7
Nov. 1	42.4	42.5	42.3	72.9	79.4	66.7
Dec. 1	43.2	43.2	43.2	74.5	81.8	67.6
*Jan. 1, 1947	38.1	38.0	38.1	76.3	83.3	69.4
Feb. 1	43.2	43.2	43.1	76.4	83.5	69.4
Mar. 1	43.4	43.6	43.2	77.1	84.2	69.9
Apr. 1	43.2	43.4	43.1	77.6	84.8	70.5
May 1	43.2	43.3	43.1	78.3	85.4	71.2
June 1	42.9	43.0	42.7	79.9	86.2	73.4
July 1	42.0	42.5	41.6	80.8	86.8	74.7
Aug. 1	42.5	42.6	42.3	81.3	87.7	74.8
Sept. 1	42.3	42.5	42.2	82.2	88.8	75.7
Oct. 1	43.1	43.5	42.6	83.4	90.6	76.2
Nov. 1	42.9	43.1	42.7	84.7	91.9	77.6
Dec. 1	43.5	43.8	43.2	85.6	92.8	78.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	38.3	38.5	38.1	86.6	92.9	80.0
Feb. 1	42.8	42.7	42.8	86.6	93.2	80.1
Mar. 1	43.2	43.4	43.0	88.0	95.0	80.8
*Apr. 1	41.6	41.8	41.4	89.0	95.6	82.1
May 1	43.1	43.4	42.7	89.4	96.2	82.3

*The averages at these dates were affected by loss of working time at the year-end holidays in the case of Jan. 1, and by the Easter holidays in the case of Apr. 1, 1948 and 1945, and May 1, 1946.

keep record of hours worked, together with statistics of average weekly salaries and wages in the same period. Tables 3 to 10 at the end of the report give more detailed statistics, industrially, for Canada as a whole, together with provincial and city data of average hours of work and average hourly earnings.

HOURS WORKED.

The aggregate hours worked by hourly-rated wage-earners in leading manufacturing establishments in the week of May 1 were reported as 33,423,166, a total greater by 3.3 p.c. than that of 32,355,616 hours worked in the same plants in the week of Apr. 1. As already indicated, the increase at the date under review was due in part to the incidence of the Easter week-end during the pay period ending Apr. 1, in which the aggregate and average hours in most of the principal branches of manufacturing were below normal.

In the durable manufactured goods division taken as a whole, the indicated hours aggregated 17,075,615 in the week of May 1, showing an increase of 3.7 p.c. as compared with the total of 16,468,185 worked in the same plants in the week of Apr. 1. In the light manufactured goods division, the hours were reported as 16,347,551, as compared with 15,887,431 worked in the co-operating establishments in the week of Apr. 1. In this comparison, there was a rise of 2.9 p.c.

The hours reported in manufacturing as a whole in the week of May 1, 1948, averaged 43.1, exceeding by 1.5 hours the average reported a month earlier. As compared with May 1, 1947, there was a fractional decrease in the weekly average, while in comparison with the week of May 1, 1946, which had contained the Easter holidays, there was an increase of one-tenth of an hour. In factories turning out heavy manufactured goods, the hours worked, on the average, were greater by 1.6 hours, the latest mean being 43.4 hours per week; at May 1 in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the hours indicated averaged 43.3, 43.2 and 46.2 hours, respectively. In the light manufactured goods industries, the reported hours averaged 42.7, as compared with 41.4 at Apr. 1, 1948, 43.1 at May 1, 1947, 42.8 at May 1, 1946, and 44.5 at May 1, 1945. As already stated, the 1946 figure had been affected by the Easter holidays.

HOURLY EARNINGS.

The sum of \$29,882,443 was paid to the hourly-rated wage-earners employed by the co-operating manufacturers at May 1, an increase of 3.8 p.c. over that of \$28,790,399 disbursed at Apr. 1. In the durable manufactured goods industries, the weekly wages of hourly-rated employees in the larger plants were given as \$16,422,272, exceeding by 4.3 p.c. their disbursements of \$15,741,037 in the week of Apr. 1. In the non-durable manufacturing industries, the hourly-rated wage-earners on the staffs of the co-operating manufacturers received the sum of \$13,460,171 in weekly pay at May 1. As compared with \$13,049,362 reported at Apr. 1, there was an increase of 3.1 p.c.

The hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole reached a new maximum at May 1, the average being 89.4 cents, as compared with 89 cents at Apr. 1, 78.3 cents at May 1, 1947, 68.9 cents at May 1, 1946, and 70.5 cents at May 1, 1945. In the last 12 months, there has been an increase of 14.2 p.c. in the hourly average, while the gain in the two years amounted to 29.8 p.c., and that in the 36 months' comparison, to 26.8 p.c.

In the durable manufactured goods industries, the latest average of hourly earnings was 96.2 cents, as compared with 95.6 cents at Apr. 1, 1948, 85.4 cents at May 1, 1947, 75.5 cents at May 1, 1946, and 78.1 cents at May 1, 1945. Within this category, there were small increases in the month in the electrical apparatus, iron and steel and lumber industries.

In plants turning out non-durable manufactured goods, the reported hourly-rated

Table 2.- Average Weekly Salaries and Wages and Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners as Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

Week Preceding		All Manufactures ^{1/}	Wages	Durable Manufactured Goods	Wages	Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	Wages
		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages	
Nov. 1, 1944		\$33.13	\$32.55	\$36.67	\$36.52	\$28.99	\$27.23
Dec. 1		33.29	32.64	36.83	36.54	29.23	27.48
*Jan. 1, 1945		30.11	27.72	32.77	30.61	27.05	24.06
Feb. 1		32.98	31.83	36.44	35.79	29.06	26.95
Mar. 1		33.50	32.11	37.04	36.18	29.46	27.14
*Apr. 1		32.48	30.69	35.78	34.48	28.73	26.07
May 1		33.51	32.08	36.98	36.08	29.58	27.10
June 1		32.81	31.14	35.76	34.64	29.48	26.95
July 1		32.91	31.05	36.02	34.65	29.33	26.50
Aug. 1		32.65	30.79	35.67	34.37	29.33	26.53
Sept. 1		32.51	30.52	35.58	33.81	29.60	26.80
Oct. 1		32.45	30.31	35.57	33.93	29.61	26.88
Nov. 1		32.55	30.31	35.60	33.88	29.84	27.03
Dec. 1		32.32	30.02	35.20	33.23	29.83	27.03
*Jan. 1, 1946		29.32	25.87	31.30	28.01	27.57	23.88
Feb. 1		32.29	30.03	35.23	33.39	29.69	26.85
Mar. 1		32.29	29.88	34.90	32.93	29.98	27.00
Apr. 1		32.69	30.37	35.34	33.49	30.30	27.32
*May 1		32.10	29.63	34.51	32.62	29.89	26.67
June 1		31.67	29.02	33.79	31.62	29.80	26.52
July 1		32.21	29.68	34.39	32.40	30.23	26.99
Aug. 1		32.53	30.10	34.62	32.75	30.68	27.56
Sept. 1		32.59	30.15	34.65	32.59	30.82	27.80
Oct. 1		33.06	30.63	35.43	33.30	31.08	28.19
Nov. 1		33.32	30.91	35.83	33.75	31.17	28.21
Dec. 1		34.43	32.18	37.15	35.34	32.07	29.20
*Jan. 1, 1947		32.23	29.07	34.40	31.65	30.29	26.44
Feb. 1		35.22	33.00	37.91	36.07	32.82	29.91
Mar. 1		35.69	33.46	38.48	36.71	33.17	30.20
Apr. 1		35.87	33.52	38.59	36.80	33.38	30.39
May 1		36.13	33.83	38.83	36.98	33.67	30.69
June 1		36.52	34.28	38.91	37.07	34.32	31.11
July 1		36.34	33.94	38.71	36.89	34.18	31.08
Aug. 1		36.85	34.55	39.26	37.36	34.65	31.64
Sept. 1		37.05	34.77	39.49	37.74	34.83	31.95
Oct. 1		37.94	35.95	40.94	39.41	35.21	32.46
Nov. 1		38.42	36.34	41.26	39.70	35.86	33.14
Dec. 1		39.16	37.24	42.09	40.65	36.50	33.83
*Jan. 1, 1948		36.15	33.17	38.31	35.77	34.14	30.48
Feb. 1		39.26	37.06	41.65	39.80	37.10	34.28
Mar. 1		40.11	38.02	42.85	41.23	37.58	34.74
*Apr. 1		39.46	37.02	41.87	39.96	37.19	33.99
May 1		40.62	38.53	43.34	41.75	38.08	35.14

^{1/}

Exclusive of electric light and power.

* See footnote on page 2.

personnel received an average of 82.3 cents per hour, an increase of one-fifth of a cent over the figure for the preceding month. As compared with the means of 71.2 cents at May 1, 1947, 62.4 cents at May 1, 1946, and 60.8 at May 1, 1945, there were increases of 15.6 p.c. and 31.9 p.c. and 35.4 p.c., respectively. The hourly earnings rose at May 1 as compared with Apr. 1 in several groups in the non-durable manufactured goods industries; the most notable among these were animal food products, pulp and paper, paper products, printing and publishing, and textile products. The slight increase in the general average was due in part to changes in the industrial distribution of the reported employees.

AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES.

As has previously been stated, data on man-hours and hourly earnings are not available for all classes of wage-earners, but only for those workers for whom leading employers keep accurate records of hours worked, such workers being mainly those who are paid by the hour; in general, this restriction results in the exclusion of salaried personnel. Among the classes of wage-earners for whom satisfactory records of hours worked are frequently not available are piece-workers in some but not all establishments, route-drivers, delivery men, etc. It may be noted that many firms state that the earnings of their wage-earners paid at other than hourly rates exceed those of their hourly-rated personnel; this is particularly the case among piece-workers. In general, however, the wage-earners for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin form important proportions of the total personnel of the co-operating establishments. At the beginning of May, the wage-earners for whom data on man-hours and hourly earnings were available made up 75.4 p.c. of the total number of persons of all categories on the payrolls of the manufacturers¹/furnishing monthly statistics on employment and payrolls at the same date; in the heavy manufactured goods industries, the ratio was 79 p.c., and that in the light manufactured goods division, 72.1 p.c.

The large proportions which the hourly-rated wage-earners constitute of the total employees of the co-operating establishments lend interest to the data in Table 2, which show the fluctuations in the average weekly earnings of salaried employees and wage-earners in the last 43 months, and those in the wages of hourly-rated wage-earners; the latter figures are obtained by multiplying the average hourly earnings in the week of observation by the average hours worked in the same week. In the month, there was an increase of \$1.16 in the weekly salaries-and-wages figure reported at May 1, as compared with that of \$1.51 in the weekly wages of hourly-rated personnel. In the durable manufactured goods industries, the co-operating factories showed an advance of \$1.47 in the month in the salaries-and-wages figure, and of \$1.79 in the weekly earnings of the hourly-rated staff. In the light manufactured goods industries, the average weekly earnings of the employees on salaries and wages at May 1 rose by 89 cents from Apr. 1, while those of the hourly-rated personnel increased by \$1.15. As has already been explained, the lower figures at Apr. 1 are associated with the observance of the Easter holidays.

There were decided increases in the weekly salaries-and-wages figure and in the wages of hourly-rated personnel as compared with May 1 of last year, and also as compared with the same date in 1946 and 1945; important gains were indicated in both the heavy and the light manufactured goods industries.

In the comparison with the 1945 figures, it will be noted that the changes in the average earnings of persons employed in the non-durable goods division were much greater than those indicated in the heavy manufactured goods industries. This is partly due to diminishing proportions of overtime work in the latter division since the end of the war, while the increase in activity in the production of consumers' goods in the same period has also been a contributing factor. The fact that in 1946,

¹/That is, of establishments ordinarily employing 15 persons and over. See the monthly bulletins on Employment and Payrolls.

Easter fell in the week of May 1 affects the comparison of the latest figures with those indicated two years ago. The percentage changes in the 12 month period in the salaries and wages figure and in the weekly wages are very similar in the case of workers in the durable and in the non-durable manufactured goods classes. These percentage advances are shown in the following table:-

Industrial Division	Increases at May 1, 1948 as compared with:-					
	May 1, 1947		May 1, 1946		May 1, 1945	
	Salaries and Wages p.c.	Weekly Wages p.c.	Salaries and Wages p.c.	Weekly Wages p.c.	Salaries and Wages p.c.	Weekly Wages p.c.
All Manufacturing	12.4	13.9	26.5	30.0	21.2	20.1
Durable Manufactured Goods	11.6	12.9	25.6	28.0	17.2	15.7
Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	13.1	14.5	27.4	31.8	28.7	29.7

2. NON-MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.

In several important divisions of the non-manufacturing industries, relatively few of the wage-earners are paid by the hour, with the result that in many cases, no records of the hours worked are available. Therefore the representation of the non-manufacturing industries in this bulletin is smaller than that of the manufacturing industries.

There was an increase of employment in all three main divisions of mining as compared with Apr. 1; the most noteworthy gain was in the coal mines of British Columbia, in which more normal operations were resumed following the settlement of an industrial dispute. The average hours reported by leading operators in mining as a whole in Canada advanced from 42.3 per week at Apr. 1 to 43.2 at May 1. The hourly earnings rose in the same comparison by two-fifths of a cent, to 111.1 cents, the highest figure in the record of 43 months. At May 1 in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the hourly earnings in mining were 96.6 cents, 86.4 cents and 85.3 cents, respectively. The latest increase in the earnings was largely due to the payment of higher wage rates in coal mining, in which the hourly earnings advanced by 1.4 cents, to a new maximum of 126.2 cents at May 1. There were minor declines in the hourly earnings reported in the metallic and the non-metallic mining divisions, due partly to the fact that overtime rates had been paid for work performed during the Easter holidays, reflected in the data for Apr. 1.

In local transportation, there were increases in the reported totals of hours, wage-earners and earnings. At May 1, the average hours worked were 44.9 per week, as compared with 44.4 a month earlier. However, there was an insignificant decrease in the hourly earnings, which stood at 92.2 cents at May 1, as compared with 92.4 cents at Apr. 1 and 82.6 cents, 70.8 cents and 69.5 cents at the first of May in 1947, 1946 and 1945, respectively.

In building construction, there was a large seasonal expansion in activity. At May 1, the hourly-rated employees reported by the co-operating establishments numbered 72,718, as compared with 69,418 at Apr. 1, when their working hours had aggregated 2,609,689, rising to 2,960,553 at the latest date. The weekly wages increased from \$2,587,476 at Apr. 1 to \$2,919,357 at the beginning of May. The average of hours worked at the latter date was 40.7, as compared with 37.6 hours at Apr. 1. However, there was a small decline in the hourly earnings, the latest figure standing at 98.6 cents, as compared with 99.1 cents a month earlier. The slight reduction was seasonal, the new employees usually coming on at the lower rates of pay. A year ago, the hourly earnings stood at 89.3 cents, while in 1946 and 1945 the earnings per hour in building construction were 82 cents and 81.7 cents, respectively. In highway construction also, there was a large increase in the number of wage-earners for whom man-hours were reported, in the aggregate hours which they worked, and in their weekly

wages. The average hours rose from 36.6 at Apr. 1 to 37.5 at the latest date, while the hourly earnings declined by four-fifths of a cent, to 80.3 cents at May 1. A year earlier, the hourly earnings averaged 71.1 cents, while two and three years ago, the averages were 65.5 cents and 61.3 cents per hour, respectively.

Hotels and restaurants showed a decline of three-fifths of an hour in the time worked, on the average, by the wage-earners for whom man-hours are reported. This was accompanied by a fractional increase in the hourly earnings. These stood at 54.7 cents, as compared with 51.6 cents a year ago, 43.4 cents two years ago, and 41.7 cents at May 1, 1945. There was a seasonal increase in the month in the average hours worked in laundries and dry-cleaning establishments, accompanied by a fractional advance in the average hourly earnings. The latter figure at May 1, 1948, stood at 59.5 cents, as compared with 52.8 cents at May 1, 1947.

3. PROVINCIAL STATISTICS FOR LEADING INDUSTRIES.

Monthly statistics of man-hours and average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the various provinces in the last 25 months are given in Table 5. Table 6 contains provincial figures of average weekly wages of wage-earners for whom data are available since Nov. 1, 1944. In Table 9 are shown provincial statistics of average hours and average hourly earnings at Apr. 1 and May 1, 1948, and May 1, 1947, for the manufacturing industries employing representative numbers of hourly-rated workers in the various provinces.

The average hours worked by hourly-rated wage-earners in manufacturing as a whole in all provinces except Saskatchewan were higher in the week of May 1 than in that of Apr. 1, in which had fallen the Easter holidays. The average hours reported in manufacturing at the date under review were lower than in the same week of last year in New Brunswick, Quebec, Saskatchewan and British Columbia; no change was indicated in that comparison in Alberta, while in Nova Scotia, Ontario and Manitoba, the working hours were slightly higher.

The average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole showed increases at May 1 as compared with Apr. 1, 1948, in all provinces except Alberta and British Columbia, where there were fractional declines. The most noteworthy advance was that of 1.2 cents per hour in Nova Scotia. As compared with May 1 of last year, there were general increases in the average hourly earnings, as follows:- Nova Scotia, 7.9 cents; New Brunswick, nine cents; Quebec, 10.2 cents; Ontario, 12 cents; Manitoba, 7.3 cents; Saskatchewan, 10.2 cents; Alberta, nine cents, and British Columbia, 12.6 cents. While wage-rates recently have substantially increased in most industries in all areas, the magnitude of the general rise in manufacturing in the various provinces is affected to an important extent by the industrial distribution of the wage-earners therein.

Provinces	Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported at May 1, 1948 No.	Increase in Average Hourly Earnings at May 1, 1948, over			Increase in Average Weekly Wages at May 1, 1948, over		
		May 1, 1947	May 1, 1946	May 1, 1945	May 1, 1947	May 1, 1946	May 1, 1945
		p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Nova Scotia	18,817	10.5	18.9	14.5	10.8	21.9	5.1
New Brunswick	15,401	12.6	26.0	27.4	9.4	24.6	22.7
Quebec	254,346	14.4	29.0	24.3	13.1	29.3	17.9
Ontario	384,854	14.6	31.6	29.3	15.2	32.8	23.7
Manitoba	26,818	9.3	21.8	26.1	10.6	22.4	23.9
Saskatchewan	4,646	12.8	29.1	29.8	11.8	30.0	22.4
Alberta	14,009	11.4	22.9	20.4	11.4	22.4	16.3
British Columbia	56,535	13.5	31.0	26.3	12.1	24.7	16.3
CANADA	777,886	14.2	29.8	26.8	13.9	30.0	20.1

The percentage increases in the average hourly earnings and the average weekly wages of wage-earners in manufacturing for whom statistics are available in the various provinces at May 1, 1948, as compared with the same date one, two and three years earlier are shown in the preceding table, together with the number of wage-earners reported by leading manufacturers at the latest date.

4. STATISTICS FOR THE LARGER CITIES.

Table 6 contains monthly statistics of average hours worked and average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the larger cities in the last 25 months. In Table 8 are given the average weekly wages reported by leading manufacturers in the larger cities, for the wage-earners for whom they have furnished data on man-hours and hourly earnings since Nov. 1, 1944, while Table 10 gives data on average hours of work and average hourly earnings in certain industries in these centres as at Apr. 1 and May 1, 1948, and May 1, 1947.

As has previously been explained, the differences in the average hourly and weekly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the cities are in large part due to the variations in the industrial distributions of the wage-earners for whom statistics are available; the related sex distribution is another important factor contributing to the differences.

In three of the centres for which monthly statistics are published, Toronto, Hamilton and Winnipeg, the average hours worked by the hourly-rated personnel reported in manufacturing as a whole were higher than in the week of May 1, 1947, while in Montreal and Vancouver, there were decreases in that comparison. There were increases in the average hours reported in all cities for which data are given in Table 10 as compared with those recorded a month earlier, when the incidence of the Easter holiday had lowered the working time.

Firms in Montreal, Toronto and Hamilton showed general increases in the average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole, while the indicated general rate in Vancouver remained stationary, and there was a decrease of 1.1 cents per hour in Winnipeg. The most notable increase was in Hamilton, where the average hourly earnings advanced by 4.3 cents, to a new high of 102.0 cents. This was largely due to important upward revisions in the wage rates in several major industries in that city. Following the pattern of recent months, there were substantial increases in the hourly earnings in all cities as compared with a year earlier. The increases at May 1, 1948, from May 1, 1947, were as follows: Montreal, 9.6 cents, Toronto, 11.9 cents; Hamilton, 16.5 cents; Winnipeg, 5.3 cents and Vancouver, 12.5 cents. The percentage increases in the average hourly earnings reported in manufacturing as a whole in the leading industrial cities at the date under review as compared with the same date one, two and three years earlier, are given in the following table:

City	Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported at May 1, 1948 No.	Increase in Average Hourly Earnings at May 1, 1948, over			Increase in Average Weekly Wages at May 1, 1948, over		
		May 1, 1947	May 1, 1946	May 1, 1945	May 1, 1947	May 1, 1946	May 1, 1945
		p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Montreal	130,236	12.7	25.6	21.2	12.1	26.5	12.8
Toronto	113,703	14.5	31.2	27.9	15.3	32.2	23.1
Hamilton	42,016	19.3	39.5	35.5	21.0	41.2	28.2
Winnipeg	23,741	7.5	19.0	23.2	9.0	20.1	20.4
Vancouver	24,750	13.5	30.2	22.6	10.0	26.6	11.3

The industrial distributions of the reported wage-earners in the various cities

influence the rates of gain, but in all centres there were marked increases as compared with May 1 of earlier years. In Canada as a whole, the general advance in manufacturing as compared with a year earlier was 14.2 p.c. in the case of the average hourly rate, and 13.9 p.c. in the case of the average weekly wages, while in the 24 months' comparison, the Dominion average of hourly earnings advanced by 29.8 p.c., and that of weekly wages by 30 p.c. The percentages of increase in the various provinces are given in a preceding paragraph.

oooooooooooo0000000000oooooooooooo

Table 3.- Average Hours and Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings of Wage-Earners for Whom Data are available at May 1, 1948, With Comparative Figures for Apr. 1, 1948 and May 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

INDUSTRIES	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at			Average Weekly Wages			Wage-Earners ^{3/} Working Hours Shown in Col.1
	May 1	Apr. 1	May 1	May 1	Apr. 1	May 1	May 1	Apr. 1	May 1	
	1948	1948	1947	1948	1948	1947	1948	1948	1947	
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢	\$	\$	\$	
MANUFACTURING	43.1	41.6	43.2	89.4	89.0	78.3	38.53	37.02	33.83	775,886
*Durable manufactured goods	43.4	41.8	43.3	96.2	95.6	85.4	41.75	39.96	36.98	393,333
Non-durable manufactured goods	42.7	41.4	43.1	82.3	82.1	71.2	35.14	33.99	30.69	382,553
Animal products - edible	42.9	43.1	43.5	86.6	87.1	74.9	37.15	37.54	32.58	23,914
Dairy products	46.8	46.8	46.6	74.2	73.6	65.3	34.73	34.44	30.43	6,066
Meat products	41.8	42.3	42.3	95.4	95.7	83.2	39.88	40.48	35.19	14,157
Leather products	39.7	37.9	42.0	70.4	70.3	62.4	27.95	26.64	26.21	22,296
Leather boots and shoes	39.6	38.1	42.1	67.0	66.7	58.8	26.53	25.41	24.75	14,136
*Lumber products	41.8	39.3	42.9	81.6	81.7	72.0	34.19	32.17	32.11	63,928
Rough and dressed lumber	41.0	38.8	42.3	86.9	87.1	76.3	35.63	33.79	32.27	37,031
Containers	42.1	39.7	43.3	75.3	74.9	67.0	31.70	29.74	29.01	6,543
Furniture	42.9	40.0	43.7	77.3	76.9	68.4	33.16	30.76	29.89	12,998
*Musical instruments	42.7	41.1	45.3	77.9	76.2	65.6	33.26	31.32	29.72	849
Plant products - edible	42.2	41.5	42.0	71.5	70.7	63.7	30.17	29.34	26.75	37,158
Flour and other milled products	43.7	42.6	43.9	86.5	85.3	74.5	37.80	36.34	32.71	5,511
Fruit and vegetable preserving	39.4	37.6	39.6	68.3	67.0	60.8	26.91	25.19	24.08	5,927
Bread and bakery products	43.4	42.8	42.3	68.3	67.6	60.5	29.64	28.95	25.59	12,460
Chocolate and cocoa products	40.1	39.3	40.0	62.3	61.4	55.8	24.98	24.13	22.32	6,063
Pulp and paper products	45.7	44.8	45.8	96.9	96.5	82.2	44.28	43.23	37.65	83,280
Pulp and paper	49.2	48.6	49.5	101.0	100.7	85.3	49.69	48.94	42.22	42,827
Paper products	43.0	40.7	43.2	78.3	77.8	66.3	33.67	31.66	28.64	16,528
Printing and publishing	41.3	40.9	41.3	101.5	100.7	87.9	41.92	41.19	36.30	23,925
Rubber products	42.3	41.6	43.7	96.2	96.0	84.1	40.69	39.94	36.75	18,530
Textile products	41.4	39.4	41.8	70.8	70.6	61.5	29.31	27.82	25.71	127,892
Thread, yarn and cloth	43.9	42.3	44.9	72.2	72.1	60.5	31.70	30.50	27.16	53,980
Cotton yarn and cloth	43.0	41.5	44.7	72.4	72.3	60.1	31.13	30.00	26.86	21,061
Woollen yarn and cloth	43.5	41.4	43.3	70.6	70.8	60.6	30.71	29.31	26.24	13,907
Silk and artificial silk goods	46.0	44.3	46.2	73.1	73.1	61.4	33.63	32.38	28.37	14,461
Hosiery and knit goods	41.8	37.9	41.1	65.7	65.0	58.1	27.46	24.64	23.88	23,306
Garments and personal furnishings	37.6	36.3	38.4	70.5	70.4	63.4	26.51	25.56	24.35	39,044
Tobacco	42.3	37.8	42.3	74.7	73.6	58.9	31.60	27.82	24.91	7,129
Beverages	43.4	42.5	42.9	89.8	89.7	79.5	38.97	38.12	34.11	12,231
Distilled and malt liquor	42.8	41.8	42.5	93.3	93.1	81.7	39.98	38.92	34.72	10,177
Chemicals and allied products	43.6	42.7	43.4	90.2	90.0	77.1	39.33	38.43	33.46	24,943
Drugs and medicines	40.8	41.1		75.1	74.3		30.64	30.54		3,874
Clay, glass and stone products	45.5	43.7	45.3	87.2	88.1	76.8	39.68	38.50	34.79	17,800
Glass products	45.3	43.3	45.4	82.8	83.3	74.1	37.42	36.07	33.64	6,015
Lime, gypsum and cement products	47.4	45.1		87.2	87.5		41.33	39.37		4,264
Electrical apparatus	41.4	40.6	41.4	97.6	95.9	82.3	40.41	38.94	34.07	38,003
Heavy electrical apparatus ^{1/}	42.5	42.3	41.8	105.0	104.7	88.9	44.63	44.29	37.16	10,001
*Iron and steel products	44.0	42.5	43.6	100.6	99.6	90.5	44.26	42.33	39.46	233,834
Crude, rolled and forged products	45.8	45.2	45.2	104.1	101.6	92.4	47.68	45.88	41.76	35,118
Primary iron and steel	45.8	45.5	45.3	106.1	103.3	94.1	48.69	47.00	42.67	27,971
Machinery (other than vehicles)	45.1	43.3	45.3	94.4	93.9	83.4	42.57	40.66	37.78	22,006
Agricultural implements	43.5	41.4	43.0	108.9	105.8	89.2	47.37	43.80	38.36	15,638
Land vehicles and aircraft	43.4	42.7	42.3	103.6	103.0	96.9	44.96	43.08	40.99	82,103
Railway rolling stock	45.1	45.5	42.8	97.3	96.4	94.6	43.88	43.86	40.49	39,610
Automobiles and parts	41.7	40.1	41.1	113.7	112.7	101.1	47.00	45.19	41.55	35,522
Aeroplanes and parts	41.9	40.0	44.9	95.9	96.0	91.1	40.18	38.40	40.90	6,153
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	44.5	40.9	44.5	101.1	100.9	93.2	44.99	41.27	41.47	20,307
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	42.6	40.4	42.8	96.6	96.2	87.2	41.15	38.86	37.32	6,997
Hardware, tools and cutlery	43.3	40.6	45.0	89.9	89.1	78.8	38.93	36.17	35.46	9,847
Foundry and machine shop products	43.7	40.6	43.6	97.9	97.4	88.1	42.78	39.54	38.41	6,863
Sheet metal work	42.6	41.5	42.6	91.2	91.0	79.1	38.85	37.77	33.70	11,669
*Non-ferrous metal products	43.5	42.4	43.4	95.2	95.7	83.7	41.41	40.58	36.33	38,919
Preparation of non-ferrous metallic	44.1	42.9	43.6	102.9	107.4	90.8	45.38	46.07	39.59	10,783
Aluminum and its products	44.8	44.5	45.1	94.5	94.5	83.9	42.34	42.05	37.84	10,751
Brass and copper mfg.	42.6	40.8	42.6	93.8	92.8	83.1	39.96	37.86	35.40	9,856
Non-metallic mineral products	43.5	42.1	44.3	105.1	106.0	90.9	45.72	44.63	40.27	10,238
Petroleum and its products	42.7	41.9	43.0	112.6	112.6	100.1	48.08	47.26	43.04	6,317
Miscellaneous manufactured products	41.7	39.8	41.6	78.3	78.6	69.3	32.65	31.28	28.83	14,942
MINING	43.2	42.3	43.4	111.1	110.7	96.6	48.00	46.83	41.92	70,031
Coal	39.4	38.6	38.1	126.2	124.8	114.7	49.72	48.17	43.70	22,434
Metallic ores	45.1	44.2	44.6	108.1	108.3	97.8	48.75	47.87	43.62	36,071
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	44.8	43.4	45.2	94.3	96.2	75.5	42.25	41.32	34.13	11,626
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION^{2/}	44.9	44.4	45.6	92.2	92.4	82.6	41.40	41.03	37.67	29,818
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	40.7	37.6	39.7	98.6	99.1	89.3	40.13	37.26	35.45	72,718
HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION	37.5	36.6	36.9	80.3	81.1	71.1	30.11	29.68	26.24	32,143
SERVICES (as indicated below)	42.9	43.1	43.2	56.3	56.2	52.0	24.15	24.22	22.46	34,742
Hotels and restaurants	43.4	44.0	43.7	54.7	54.6	51.6	23.74	24.02	22.55	23,034
Personal (chiefly laundries)	41.9	41.3	42.1	59.5	59.4	52.8	24.93	24.53	22.23	11,708

The industries classed in the durable manufactured industries are indicated by an asterisk.

1/ Since 1941, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has prepared current indexes of average hourly earnings of the employees of eight establishments producing heavy electrical apparatus. Based upon the hourly earnings at June 1, 1941, as 100 p.c., the latest figures are as follows: Mar. 1, 1948, 196.4; Apr. 1, 1948, 198.7; May 1, 1948, 199.2; May 1, 1947, the index was 168.7

2/ Chiefly street and electric railways. 3/ For information respecting the sex distribution of the persons in recorded employment, see monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls.

Table 4.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries.

Week of	Mining	Coal	Metallic	Non-Metallic	Local
	All Branches	Mining	Mining	Mining	Transportation
(a) Average Hours Worked Per Week					
*May 1, 1946	42.6	39.1	45.0	44.3	46.0
June 1	43.3	39.4	45.6	45.4	45.7
July 1	43.6	40.1	45.9	45.0	46.5
Aug. 1	42.9	38.9	45.4	45.1	46.5
Sept. 1	42.9	40.0	44.3	45.4	46.3
Oct. 1	43.7	40.9	45.5	45.3	46.6
Nov. 1	43.2	39.6	45.3	45.7	46.2
Dec. 1	42.3	39.2	44.5	43.6	46.3
*Jan. 1, 1947	34.9	26.8	39.3	39.8	44.8
Feb. 1	43.3	40.1	45.6	44.1	46.8
Mar. 1	43.6	35.9	45.9	45.3	46.8
Apr. 1	43.2	38.3	44.3	45.2	45.5
May 1	43.4	38.1	44.6	45.2	45.6
June 1	40.5	30.7	44.7	44.4	44.9
July 1	42.2	37.6	44.5	43.8	45.8
Aug. 1	42.9	39.2	44.8	44.4	45.6
Sept. 1	42.5	38.6	44.2	44.8	45.5
Oct. 1	43.5	39.9	44.9	46.2	45.6
Nov. 1	42.9	38.4	44.8	45.5	44.8
Dec. 1	43.5	38.9	45.7	45.9	45.4
*Jan. 1, 1948	36.6	30.5	39.0	41.6	43.7
Feb. 1	43.6	40.0	45.4	43.9	45.4
Mar. 1	42.9	36.4	46.0	45.3	45.5
*Apr. 1	42.3	38.6	44.2	43.4	44.4
May 1	43.2	39.4	45.1	44.8	44.9
(b) Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)					
May 1, 1946	86.4	95.3	86.2	66.6	70.8
June 1	86.1	95.1	86.2	66.6	71.2
July 1	87.5	95.4	88.8	67.1	71.7
Aug. 1	87.3	95.7	88.4	68.1	71.5
Sept. 1	87.4	95.0	88.9	69.0	71.9
Oct. 1	88.3	95.7	89.2	70.5	76.8
Nov. 1	89.5	98.7	89.4	71.0	77.0
Dec. 1	91.3	100.9	90.7	72.3	77.4
Jan. 1, 1947	94.4	106.0	95.3	74.0	78.8
Feb. 1	94.0	102.3	94.1	74.1	81.1
Mar. 1	95.1	114.7	95.8	73.8	81.8
Apr. 1	95.8	113.6	96.8	75.1	82.1
May 1	96.6	114.7	97.8	75.5	82.6
June 1	96.9	112.7	97.8	76.5	83.9
July 1	98.9	109.8	101.0	77.3	84.5
Aug. 1	98.6	107.4	101.0	78.2	83.8
Sept. 1	100.6	111.1	102.6	80.2	84.8
Oct. 1	101.1	110.9	103.0	81.2	85.4
Nov. 1	101.1	110.3	103.0	82.3	87.6
Dec. 1	103.0	111.9	104.4	84.6	88.4
Jan. 1, 1948	104.1	115.3	104.3	86.4	90.8
Feb. 1	104.5	109.9	105.9	92.6	91.2
Mar. 1	108.1	120.2	106.6	94.5	91.7
Apr. 1	110.7	124.8	108.3	95.2	92.4
May 1	111.1	126.2	108.1	94.3	92.2

Table 4.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries. (Concluded)

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Building Construction</u>	<u>Highway Construction</u>	<u>Services as Specified</u>	<u>Hotels Restaurants</u>	<u>Personal Services</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked Per Week</u>					
*May 1, 1946	38.7	36.0	44.2	45.4	42.1
June 1	37.4	35.7	42.5	43.9	40.0
July 1	38.4	38.5	43.4	44.7	41.0
Aug. 1	40.4	38.5	43.3	44.3	41.2
Sept. 1	39.5	37.9	43.5	44.7	41.2
Oct. 1	40.1	38.2	42.7	43.5	41.2
Nov. 1	39.7	37.2	43.1	43.9	41.6
Dec. 1	39.5	35.6	43.0	43.6	41.8
*Jan. 1, 1947	32.8	37.7	40.9	43.0	37.2
Feb. 1	38.9	43.4	42.6	43.6	41.0
Mar. 1	40.1	46.3	43.3	44.2	41.6
Apr. 1	38.9	39.5	43.1	43.8	41.9
May 1	39.7	36.9	43.2	43.7	42.1
June 1	39.1	37.4	42.7	43.4	41.3
July 1	38.8	38.7	42.3	43.1	40.8
Aug. 1	40.5	39.1	42.5	43.6	40.4
Sept. 1	40.0	39.6	42.4	43.3	40.6
Oct. 1	40.5	38.9	42.5	43.3	40.9
Nov. 1	40.7	37.4	42.4	43.2	40.9
Dec. 1	40.9	36.6	42.4	42.9	42.4
Jan. 1, 1948	33.8	35.6	41.2	43.1	41.2
Feb. 1	40.1	38.2	42.6	43.6	40.6
Mar. 1	41.2	39.8	43.0	43.8	41.3
*Apr. 1	37.6	36.6	43.1	44.0	41.3
May 1	40.7	37.5	42.9	43.4	41.9
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>					
May 1, 1946	82.0	65.5	44.8	43.4	47.4
June 1	82.2	65.2	45.8	44.5	48.4
July 1	82.8	64.7	45.7	44.5	48.3
Aug. 1	82.7	65.8	45.5	44.4	48.0
Sept. 1	83.7	66.1	45.9	44.5	48.9
Oct. 1	85.3	65.8	48.3	47.5	49.8
Nov. 1	85.8	67.1	48.3	47.3	50.4
Dec. 1	86.0	67.0	50.9	50.8	51.0
Jan. 1, 1947	86.3	66.3	51.3	51.3	51.4
Feb. 1	87.6	67.3	50.9	51.0	50.7
Mar. 1	88.2	67.4	51.5	51.5	51.5
Apr. 1	88.1	69.2	51.7	51.1	52.7
May 1	89.3	71.1	52.0	51.6	52.8
June 1	90.9	71.3	52.3	51.6	53.8
July 1	90.7	71.0	53.1	52.3	54.7
Aug. 1	91.4	71.7	52.6	51.6	55.0
Sept. 1	92.9	71.5	53.5	52.2	56.2
Oct. 1	94.8	72.6	54.7	53.4	57.5
Nov. 1	95.8	74.7	55.1	53.8	58.0
Dec. 1	96.5	74.7	56.0	54.7	58.6
Jan. 1, 1948	96.6	76.0	55.8	54.4	59.1
Feb. 1	99.3	77.5	55.8	54.6	58.4
Mar. 1	99.2	80.7	56.5	55.4	59.0
Apr. 1	99.1	81.1	56.2	54.6	59.4
May 1	98.6	80.3	56.3	54.7	59.5

Table 5.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, by Provinces.

<u>Week of</u>		<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked</u>									
*May	1, 1946	43.6	45.2	44.6	42.1	42.9	42.3	42.7	41.3
June	1	43.3	44.3	44.1	40.6	42.4	42.9	41.8	40.4
July	1	44.2	45.9	42.9	42.0	42.6	43.3	41.9	41.0
Aug.	1	43.1	45.6	44.9	42.0	42.6	42.2	41.5	40.9
Sept.	1	42.5	45.0	44.9	41.4	42.2	42.7	41.4	40.2
Oct.	1	42.1	46.0	44.9	41.8	42.0	43.6	41.5	40.5
Nov.	1	43.7	45.5	44.7	41.0	42.3	43.1	42.1	40.1
Dec.	1	45.0	45.8	45.2	42.2	43.1	43.2	42.4	39.4
*Jan.	1, 1947	37.8	40.5	39.5	38.1	38.4	40.6	39.8	34.6
Feb.	1	44.8	46.1	45.0	42.3	42.8	42.3	42.6	39.8
Mar.	1	44.3	46.2	45.2	42.5	42.7	43.7	42.6	40.5
Apr.	1	44.6	46.7	45.1	42.1	43.1	43.5	43.1	40.5
May	1	44.6	46.0	45.2	42.3	42.6	43.0	42.5	39.8
June	1	43.2	45.7	44.8	41.9	42.5	42.7	43.1	40.0
July	1	45.2	45.6	42.3	41.8	42.7	42.5	42.7	39.5
Aug.	1	44.7	44.4	43.9	41.9	41.7	42.9	41.5	39.0
Sept.	1	44.2	45.4	44.4	41.4	42.3	41.2	41.9	38.1
Oct.	1	43.9	44.7	45.0	42.4	41.8	42.5	41.7	39.2
Nov.	1	44.1	45.3	45.0	42.1	42.0	42.4	41.1	38.8
Dec.	1	44.8	44.7	45.6	42.8	43.1	42.8	42.3	38.4
*Jan.	1, 1948	40.0	39.9	39.4	37.7	39.5	39.1	40.0	34.9
Feb.	1	44.8	45.9	44.3	42.1	43.1	43.0	42.7	38.7
Mar.	1	44.1	45.9	45.0	42.6	42.8	43.0	42.5	38.8
*Apr.	1	43.3	44.2	42.8	41.1	42.5	43.2	42.1	37.5
May	1	44.7	44.7	44.7	42.5	43.1	42.6	42.5	39.3
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>									
May	1, 1946	69.8	63.8	62.7	71.6	70.1	69.5	71.5	81.0
June	1	69.3	63.1	64.0	71.7	70.5	68.0	72.1	81.4
July	1	68.5	64.5	65.2	71.6	70.5	69.1	71.8	84.7
Aug.	1	67.1	64.9	64.8	71.9	70.5	70.6	72.2	85.7
Sept.	1	66.5	64.6	66.0	72.3	71.0	71.2	72.2	85.8
Oct.	1	67.3	66.3	66.5	73.0	72.9	72.0	73.0	87.1
Nov.	1	69.1	67.4	67.4	75.2	72.7	72.1	73.4	88.3
Dec.	1	69.6	67.8	67.8	77.8	75.6	76.2	75.4	90.1
Jan.	1, 1947	71.2	70.8	69.2	79.8	77.1	76.8	76.0	91.4
Feb.	1	71.9	70.7	69.1	80.0	77.1	78.6	76.0	91.8
Mar.	1	73.6	70.8	69.5	80.7	77.3	79.1	76.9	93.0
Apr.	1	76.0	70.9	69.9	81.5	77.6	78.3	77.4	92.8
May	1	75.1	71.4	70.7	82.2	78.1	79.5	78.9	93.5
June	1	74.6	73.5	72.6	83.7	79.0	79.8	79.4	94.8
July	1	75.4	74.0	73.9	84.1	80.0	80.3	79.9	96.0
Aug.	1	75.8	74.3	73.7	85.0	80.1	82.0	79.3	98.3
Sept.	1	76.7	75.9	74.4	86.3	80.6	83.7	80.5	98.4
Oct.	1	76.0	76.3	75.8	87.4	81.5	84.3	81.9	100.3
Nov.	1	78.2	77.0	76.5	89.1	82.6	86.8	84.7	101.7
Dec.	1	77.1	77.4	77.2	90.2	83.0	87.4	84.8	103.3
Jan.	1, 1948	78.4	79.5	78.6	90.5	84.3	88.7	85.6	105.4
Feb.	1	79.3	78.0	78.9	90.6	84.1	88.4	86.7	104.8
Mar.	1	79.6	78.1	79.6	92.6	84.0	89.2	87.1	105.9
Apr.	1	81.8	80.1	80.6	93.5	85.1	89.2	88.4	106.3
May	1	83.0	80.4	80.8	94.2	85.4	89.7	87.9	106.1

Table 6.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole in Indicated Cities.

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>
<u>(a) Average Hours Worked.</u>					
*May 1, 1946	42.6	40.9	42.1	42.3	39.8
June 1	42.7	39.5	40.0	41.9	39.3
July 1	41.0	41.0	42.1	42.2	40.3
Aug. 1	42.8	40.7	41.8	42.2	39.9
Sept. 1	43.1	40.7	41.7	41.9	38.7
Oct. 1	42.5	40.5	41.8	41.6	39.3
Nov. 1	43.1	40.2	40.7	41.7	38.9
Dec. 1	43.3	41.2	42.5	42.6	38.8
*Jan. 1, 1947	37.0	36.7	38.2	37.5	32.8
Feb. 1	42.9	40.6	42.8	42.2	39.0
Mar. 1	42.9	40.9	43.4	42.2	39.9
Apr. 1	43.2	40.8	42.3	42.5	40.2
May 1	43.1	40.9	42.0	42.1	39.9
June 1	42.6	40.5	42.2	42.2	39.8
July 1	40.4	40.7	41.5	42.3	39.0
Aug. 1	41.2	40.2	41.9	41.2	38.2
Sept. 1	41.9	40.1	41.4	41.7	38.2
Oct. 1	42.6	40.8	42.2	41.2	38.6
Nov. 1	43.1	40.9	41.1	41.4	38.1
Dec. 1	43.4	41.4	42.6	42.8	38.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	37.4	36.9	39.4	39.0	33.6
Feb. 1	42.5	41.0	42.4	42.6	38.5
Mar. 1	43.2	41.1	42.3	42.3	38.1
*Apr. 1	41.4	39.7	42.0	42.0	37.0
May 1	42.9	41.2	42.6	42.7	38.7
<u>(b) Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>					
*May 1, 1946	67.9	71.7	73.1	70.1	80.9
June 1	68.5	71.9	73.4	70.6	80.7
July 1	69.0	71.4	73.4	70.1	82.6
Aug. 1	68.7	71.8	71.8	70.0	83.5
Sept. 1	70.4	72.6	71.9	70.5	85.9
Oct. 1	71.1	74.1	72.0	72.4	87.4
Nov. 1	72.0	75.0	77.9	72.4	89.7
Dec. 1	72.6	77.3	81.0	75.5	90.9
Jan. 1, 1947	74.2	79.0	83.1	76.8	91.4
Feb. 1	74.1	79.8	83.7	76.6	91.9
Mar. 1	74.7	80.6	84.4	76.7	92.7
Apr. 1	74.9	81.5	85.4	77.3	92.2
May 1	75.7	82.2	85.5	77.6	92.8
June 1	76.3	83.2	86.3	77.9	93.7
July 1	77.6	83.7	86.0	79.3	93.8
Aug. 1	77.3	84.5	87.1	79.0	95.8
Sept. 1	78.3	86.0	88.9	79.6	96.8
Oct. 1	79.9	87.7	90.3	80.4	99.5
Nov. 1	80.7	88.5	91.0	81.9	101.0
Dec. 1	81.4	89.9	93.6	82.3	101.9
Jan. 1, 1948	82.6	90.2	94.9	83.7	102.9
Feb. 1	82.8	91.6	95.6	83.3	103.3
Mar. 1	83.8	92.2	96.9	83.2	104.8
Apr. 1	84.8	93.2	97.7	84.5	105.3
May 1	85.3	94.1	102.0	83.4	105.3

Table 7.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported by Leading Manufacturing Establishments, by Provinces.

The latest data are subject to revision.

Week of		Canada	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
1944		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Nov.	1	32.55	35.82	28.66	31.62	33.03	28.59	30.27	31.61	34.32
Dec.	1	32.64	35.78	30.31	31.14	33.22	30.68	30.76	32.13	35.44
1945										
*Jan.	1	27.72	28.69	25.10	26.74	27.90	27.28	26.08	29.55	31.13
Feb.	1	31.83	34.66	28.28	30.25	32.39	29.11	30.44	31.30	36.03
Mar.	1	32.11	34.44	29.41	30.69	32.61	30.26	30.60	32.14	35.95
*Apr.	1	30.69	34.30	28.74	29.16	31.01	29.24	28.62	31.36	34.90
May	1	32.08	35.31	29.28	30.66	32.38	29.72	31.23	32.12	35.87
June	1	31.14	33.08	28.67	30.25	31.38	29.33	27.50	31.70	34.28
July	1	31.05	32.94	29.25	29.25	31.55	29.67	27.78	31.36	34.65
Aug.	1	30.79	31.93	28.94	29.54	31.11	28.27	27.31	29.91	35.36
Sept.	1	30.52	31.56	28.40	29.15	30.79	29.83	28.90	30.80	34.28
Oct.	1	30.31	31.45	28.55	29.28	30.31	29.89	28.93	30.22	34.76
Nov.	1	30.31	31.50	28.58	29.30	30.36	30.26	29.39	30.65	34.42
Dec.	1	30.32	32.20	28.58	29.06	29.80	30.41	30.73	30.33	33.77
1946										
*Jan.	1	25.87	26.37	26.35	24.45	25.97	27.17	28.95	28.50	29.46
Feb.	1	30.03	31.04	29.22	28.64	30.20	30.21	29.82	30.70	34.47
Mar.	1	29.88	31.32	29.08	28.81	29.86	30.33	30.26	30.76	34.71
Apr.	1	30.37	31.65	30.18	28.92	30.72	30.64	30.08	30.49	34.14
*May	1	29.63	30.43	28.84	27.96	30.14	30.07	29.40	30.53	33.45
June	1	29.02	30.01	27.95	28.22	29.11	29.89	29.17	30.14	32.89
July	1	29.68	30.28	29.61	27.97	30.07	30.03	29.92	30.08	34.73
Aug.	1	30.10	28.92	29.59	29.10	30.20	30.03	29.73	29.96	35.05
Sept.	1	30.15	28.26	29.07	29.63	29.93	29.96	30.40	29.89	34.49
Oct.	1	30.63	28.33	30.50	29.86	30.51	30.62	31.39	30.30	35.28
Nov.	1	30.91	30.20	30.67	30.13	30.83	30.75	31.08	30.90	35.41
Dec.	1	32.18	31.32	31.05	30.65	32.83	32.58	32.92	31.97	35.50
1947										
*Jan.	1	29.07	26.91	28.67	27.33	30.40	29.61	31.18	30.25	31.62
Feb.	1	33.00	32.21	32.59	31.10	33.84	33.00	33.25	32.38	36.54
Mar.	1	33.46	32.60	32.71	31.41	34.30	33.01	34.57	32.76	37.67
Apr.	1	33.52	33.90	33.11	31.52	34.39	33.45	34.06	33.36	37.58
May	1	33.83	33.49	32.84	31.96	34.77	33.27	34.19	33.53	37.21
June	1	34.28	32.23	33.59	32.52	35.07	33.58	34.07	34.22	37.92
July	1	33.94	34.08	33.74	31.26	35.15	34.16	34.13	34.12	37.92
Aug.	1	34.55	33.88	32.99	32.35	35.62	33.40	35.18	32.91	38.34
Sept.	1	34.77	33.90	34.46	33.03	35.73	34.09	34.48	33.73	37.49
Oct.	1	35.96	33.36	34.11	34.11	37.06	34.07	35.83	34.15	39.32
Nov.	1	36.34	34.65	34.96	34.43	37.51	34.69	36.80	34.90	39.41
Dec.	1	37.24	34.54	34.60	35.20	38.61	35.77	37.41	35.87	39.67
1948										
*Jan.	1	33.17	31.36	31.72	30.97	34.12	33.30	34.68	34.24	36.78
Feb.	1	37.06	35.53	35.80	34.95	38.14	36.25	38.01	37.02	40.56
Mar.	1	38.02	35.10	35.85	35.82	39.45	35.95	38.36	37.02	41.09
*Apr.	1	37.02	35.42	35.40	34.50	38.43	36.17	38.53	37.22	39.86
May	1	38.53	37.10	35.94	36.08	40.08	36.81	38.21	37.36	41.70

*See footnote on page 2.

Table 8.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Employed
in Leading Manufacturing Establishments by Cities.

(The latest data are subject to revision).

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>
Nov. 1, 1944	\$33.16	\$31.61	\$33.73	\$28.27	\$34.29
Dec. 1	33.11	32.28	33.84	30.57	36.04
*Jan. 1, 1945	27.74	26.74	28.08	27.01	30.37
Feb. 1	32.01	30.91	33.47	28.87	36.25
Mar. 1	32.41	31.93	33.64	30.17	36.17
*Apr. 1	30.63	29.77	32.77	29.28	35.01
May 1	32.45	31.50	33.89	29.58	36.59
June 1	31.28	31.12	31.64	29.21	34.46
July 1	30.47	31.31	32.38	29.51	34.98
Aug. 1	31.01	30.55	32.59	27.97	35.87
Sept. 1	30.84	30.38	31.35	29.62	34.64
Oct. 1	30.71	29.95	31.80	29.64	35.24
Nov. 1	30.83	30.12	30.91	30.01	35.06
Dec. 1	30.84	29.79	31.29	30.80	33.95
*Jan. 1, 1946	24.80	25.92	27.16	26.94	28.50
Feb. 1	29.88	29.42	30.84	29.75	34.15
Mar. 1	30.06	29.51	30.35	29.85	33.86
Apr. 1	30.17	30.06	31.39	30.07	33.05
*May 1	28.93	29.33	30.78	29.65	32.20
June 1	29.25	28.40	29.36	29.58	31.72
July 1	28.29	29.27	30.90	29.58	33.29
Aug. 1	29.40	29.22	30.01	29.54	33.32
Sept. 1	30.34	29.55	29.98	29.54	33.24
Oct. 1	30.22	30.01	30.10	30.12	34.35
Nov. 1	31.03	30.15	31.71	30.19	34.89
Dec. 1	31.44	31.85	34.43	32.16	35.27
*Jan. 1, 1947	27.45	28.99	31.74	28.80	29.98
Feb. 1	31.79	32.40	35.82	32.33	35.84
Mar. 1	32.05	32.97	36.63	32.37	36.99
Apr. 1	32.36	33.25	36.12	32.85	37.06
May 1	32.63	33.62	35.91	32.67	37.03
June 1	32.50	33.70	36.42	32.87	37.29
July 1	31.35	34.07	35.69	33.54	36.58
Aug. 1	31.85	33.97	36.49	32.55	36.60
Sept. 1	32.81	34.49	36.80	33.19	36.98
Oct. 1	34.04	35.78	38.11	33.12	38.41
Nov. 1	34.66	36.11	37.40	33.91	38.47
Dec. 1	35.33	37.22	39.87	35.22	39.03
*Jan. 1, 1948	30.89	33.28	37.39	32.64	34.57
Feb. 1	35.19	37.56	40.53	35.49	39.77
Mar. 1	36.20	37.89	40.99	35.19	39.93
*Apr. 1	35.11	37.00	41.03	35.49	38.96
May 1	36.59	38.77	43.45	35.61	40.75

* See footnote on page 2.

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Quebec for Whom Data are Available at May 1, 1948, With Comparative Figures at Apr. 1, 1948, and May 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	May 1 1948	Apr. 1 1948	May 1 1947	May 1 1948	Apr. 1 1948	May 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
NOVA SCOTIA - Manufacturing	44.7	43.3	44.6	83.0	81.8	75.1
Animal products	46.3	44.1	45.7	67.3	69.9	57.3
Lumber products	44.8	43.0	45.1	55.8	56.0	55.4
Textiles	41.6	40.3	43.3	59.7	57.5	50.9
Iron and steel	45.3	44.0	44.0	97.3	95.8	88.9
Crude, rolled and forged products	46.2	46.3	45.2	97.2	93.6	86.9
Steel shipbuilding	44.4	41.5	42.1	102.6	103.5	94.1
Mining - Coal	41.2	40.5	43.2	114.7	113.7	91.1
Construction - Building	35.9	33.5	38.3	79.1	81.0	77.1
- Highway	25.8	21.3	21.0	67.1	73.7	63.8
NEW BRUNSWICK - Manufacturing	44.7	44.2	46.0	80.4	80.1	71.4
Rough and dressed lumber	43.9	42.5	45.4	62.0	60.5	58.5
Pulp and paper mills	46.3	49.4	50.4	101.2	99.9	82.5
Iron and steel	43.9	42.5	44.2	91.2	92.6	90.0
Construction - Building	40.7	40.2	36.7	84.0	84.4	70.4
- Highway	23.5	27.2	20.9	71.0	70.4	64.1
QUEBEC - Manufacturing	44.7	42.8	45.2	80.8	80.6	70.7
Leather products	39.3	38.1	42.9	62.9	63.2	55.0
Leather boots and shoes	39.1	38.4	43.2	63.3	63.5	54.7
Lumber products	48.0	43.8	47.8	63.1	62.6	57.0
Rough and dressed lumber	50.4	45.0	48.4	60.1	59.5	56.2
Plant products - edible	46.6	44.2	46.2	65.6	64.2	59.1
Pulp and paper products	48.3	47.0	48.5	93.4	93.4	78.8
Pulp and paper mills	50.5	49.5	50.9	97.6	97.9	82.2
Textiles	42.2	40.1	43.2	68.3	67.8	58.9
Cotton yarn and cloth	43.6	43.3	46.0	71.1	71.1	57.6
Silk and artificial silk goods	47.2	45.2	47.6	68.9	68.8	58.6
Hosiery and knit goods	43.5	37.9	44.4	62.1	60.9	55.6
Garments and personal furnishings	37.9	36.3	38.6	67.8	67.7	61.5
Chemicals	44.9	44.2	45.1	82.1	81.5	71.0
Electrical apparatus	40.8	40.6	40.3	98.5	96.5	82.5
Iron and steel	45.8	44.6	46.1	92.4	92.2	84.8
Machinery other than vehicles	47.6	46.5	49.1	87.8	87.4	77.1
Railway rolling stock	45.2	45.5	42.7	99.4	99.0	96.9
Aeroplanes and parts	41.1	40.7	45.8	94.8	95.1	91.2
Steel shipbuilding	46.6	43.9	47.9	94.2	93.4	88.1
Non-ferrous metal products	46.2	45.0	45.8	90.5	90.5	80.0
Aluminum and its products	46.2	46.2	45.9	96.2	96.4	84.2
Mining - Metallic ores	47.6	46.7	46.5	96.3	94.2	89.3
- Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	46.1	45.3	47.4	92.4	92.3	70.4
Street railways, cartage and storage	46.6	46.5	47.6	86.4	87.5	81.0
Construction - Building	41.0	37.3	40.4	92.4	93.0	84.1
- Highway	44.9	41.3	42.1	71.0	70.9	56.5
Services	46.1	46.1	46.9	52.7	52.9	47.4

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Ontario for Whom Data are Available at May 1, 1948, with Comparative Figures at Apr. 1, 1948, and May 1, 1947. (Continued)

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	May 1 1948	Apr. 1 1948	May 1 1947	May 1 1948	Apr. 1 1948	May 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
ONTARIO - Manufacturing	42.5	41.1	42.3	94.2	93.5	82.2
Animal products - edible	43.9	43.9	43.8	87.3	87.7	76.8
Meat products	42.6	42.4	42.8	94.9	95.7	83.8
Leather products	40.2	37.9	41.1	78.2	77.8	71.1
Leather boots and shoes	40.4	37.9	40.2	72.2	71.3	66.1
Lumber products	42.8	40.2	43.0	75.7	75.2	66.7
Rough and dressed lumber	43.3	41.3	43.1	73.9	73.4	64.2
Furniture	42.4	39.7	43.1	79.6	79.1	69.3
Plant products - edible	40.4	40.0	40.4	73.0	72.6	65.4
Fruit and vegetable canning	38.6	36.4	40.0	70.6	70.8	62.6
Bread and bakery products	41.5	41.3	40.3	70.3	69.1	61.6
Pulp and paper mills	48.8	48.3	49.0	103.7	102.8	87.3
Paper products	42.6	41.0	42.2	83.2	82.7	70.6
Printing and publishing	40.5	40.1	40.5	104.7	103.3	89.2
Rubber products	41.5	41.4	42.6	103.1	102.5	92.0
Textiles	40.5	38.4	39.9	75.4	75.5	66.3
Cotton yarn and cloth	41.4	37.6	41.7	75.0	75.1	65.6
Woollen yarn and cloth	42.5	40.6	41.9	72.8	73.3	62.9
Hosiery and knit goods	41.0	37.9	38.6	69.5	69.2	61.2
Garments and personal furnishings	37.0	36.0	37.4	78.3	77.7	70.5
Chemicals	42.8	41.9	42.2	95.2	95.0	80.4
Drugs and medicines	39.4	39.3	41.1	76.7	76.5	71.9
Clay, glass and stone products	43.8	42.7	44.2	91.3	92.7	80.0
Electrical apparatus	41.7	40.7	41.9	97.7	96.1	82.2
Iron and steel	43.3	41.7	42.9	105.1	103.6	92.7
Crude, rolled and forged products	45.3	44.8	45.0	111.1	107.4	97.7
Machinery other than vehicles	43.8	41.9	43.5	97.5	96.5	86.1
Agricultural implements	43.3	41.3	42.7	110.9	107.4	90.8
Railway rolling stock	44.8	45.6	42.7	102.0	99.0	94.2
Automobile parts	42.3	40.4	-	101.7	101.4	-
Automobile mfg.	41.1	40.0	-	122.6	122.3	-
Steel shipbuilding	45.1	41.1	46.4	92.1	91.6	87.7
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	43.1	40.6	43.7	94.3	93.5	85.7
Foundry and machine shop products	43.4	39.9	43.3	100.1	98.8	89.0
Sheet metal work	42.6	41.6	41.9	93.6	93.4	80.5
Non-ferrous metal products	42.5	41.3	42.6	96.1	96.8	83.9
Preparation of non-ferrous metallic ores	44.8	43.3	44.4	100.2	106.9	87.9
Brass and copper mfg.	41.1	39.8	41.3	100.4	99.4	87.4
Mining - Metallic ores	45.2	44.4	44.8	108.1	109.4	96.9
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.1	43.3	44.9	96.1	95.5	83.3
Construction - Building	42.3	38.9	41.0	99.2	99.7	91.0
- Highway	40.9	38.8	39.6	83.5	84.0	76.0
Services	41.2	41.4	40.9	56.5	56.2	52.7
Hotels and restaurants	42.3	43.1	41.9	54.5	54.6	52.7

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia for Whom Data are Available at May 1, 1948, with Comparative Figures at Apr. 1, 1948, and May 1, 1947. (Concluded)

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	May 1 1948	Apr. 1 1948	May 1 1947	May 1 1948	Apr. 1 1948	May 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
MANITOBA - Manufacturing	43.1	42.5	42.6	85.4	85.1	78.1
Meat products	41.0	40.9	41.9	99.6	98.9	84.0
Plant products - edible	42.0	42.4	42.8	76.1	73.7	62.8
Garments and personal furnishings	38.3	38.3	39.7	69.9	70.8	62.0
Iron and steel	44.6	44.1	42.9	90.7	90.6	87.9
Railway rolling stock	44.6	44.9	41.8	93.6	93.3	94.0
Construction - Building	44.1	36.3	39.1	96.1	96.7	89.4
- Highway	35.5	36.5	38.5	72.5	74.6	69.3
Services	43.4	42.9	43.5	54.8	55.5	52.5
SASKATCHEWAN - Manufacturing	42.6	43.2	43.0	89.7	89.2	79.5
Meat products	41.1	43.4	41.5	95.7	95.4	82.0
Construction - Building	37.2	37.7	38.2	93.0	93.6	80.5
- Highway	35.2	35.9	37.0	73.6	72.2	68.5
Services	43.1	44.6	46.2	56.0	56.0	50.4
ALBERTA - Manufacturing	42.5	42.1	42.5	87.9	88.4	78.9
Meat products	39.1	41.0	42.0	97.6	98.5	83.5
Plant products - edible	43.3	42.8	43.6	80.3	80.2	68.0
Railway rolling stock	46.0	46.5	44.7	91.1	90.9	91.6
Mining - Coal	36.8	35.5	37.0	148.4	146.6	124.4
Construction - Building	35.7	34.1	37.6	104.3	103.0	90.4
Services	44.7	44.5	44.4	57.9	57.4	53.3
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Manufacturing	39.3	37.5	39.8	106.1	106.3	93.5
Lumber products	37.0	35.3	39.1	107.7	107.8	94.8
Rough and dressed lumber	36.8	35.3	39.1	109.2	109.2	96.4
Plant products - edible	37.4	37.3	36.4	84.3	84.5	70.4
Fruit and vegetable canning	35.4	33.2	34.2	77.1	77.3	64.4
Pulp and paper mills	46.4	45.6	45.0	111.1	111.0	97.1
Iron and steel	40.8	37.7	39.9	113.0	112.7	101.6
Steel shipbuilding	41.2	36.4	39.2	119.5	119.1	105.1
Non-ferrous metal products	40.8	39.5	40.0	110.7	111.4	98.7
Logging	35.8	33.7	36.8	141.6	138.8	125.1
Mining - Coal	37.6	37.9	36.5	136.8	136.8	109.4
- Metallic ores	41.3	39.5	41.1	117.5	117.7	108.2
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.2	43.2	45.0	102.9	103.8	89.2
Construction - Building	37.4	35.2	36.5	124.4	123.2	107.6
- Highway	34.7	34.9	35.6	96.5	95.7	85.7
Services	38.7	39.3	38.9	68.2	67.0	63.1

Table 10.- Average Hours Per Week and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners
in Certain Cities for Whom Data are Available at May 1, 1948,
with Comparative Figures at Apr. 1, 1948 and May 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Cities and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	May 1 1948	Apr. 1 1948	May 1 1947	May 1 1948	Apr. 1 1948	May 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
<u>Montreal - Manufacturing</u>	42.9	41.4	43.1	85.3	84.8	75.7
Leather products	39.6	38.3	41.5	66.7	66.8	60.5
Plant products - edible	46.2	43.8	46.0	67.5	65.9	60.4
Textiles - all branches	38.9	37.2	39.2	72.5	72.1	64.8
Tobacco	41.7	35.9	41.6	81.8	80.8	62.7
Electrical apparatus	40.6	40.5	40.0	99.6	97.5	83.3
Iron and steel	44.6	43.9	44.7	96.3	96.0	88.3
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.9	45.7	46.9	90.2	91.8	84.7
Building construction	39.7	36.1	38.7	96.3	97.9	89.8
Services	45.7	45.7	46.8	54.0	54.0	47.6
<u>Toronto - Manufacturing</u>	41.2	39.7	40.9	94.1	93.2	82.2
Plant products - edible	40.8	40.1	38.1	72.0	70.5	64.8
Paper products	41.9	40.0	40.8	81.0	80.7	71.6
Printing and publishing	39.4	39.1	39.7	113.6	112.9	94.7
Rubber products	41.2	40.9	42.3	107.4	107.7	94.8
Textiles - all branches	37.6	36.5	37.7	82.3	82.1	73.7
Chemicals	41.4	40.9	40.7	93.2	92.4	77.2
Electrical apparatus	41.9	40.5	41.7	95.0	94.2	81.7
Iron and steel	43.2	40.4	42.7	101.5	99.5	88.8
Non-ferrous metal products	41.0	40.1	41.3	97.4	95.7	87.0
Street railways, cartage and storage	42.3	41.1	43.4	103.4	103.6	89.1
Building construction	39.3	35.1	39.1	115.1	115.5	102.6
Services	40.8	41.4	40.5	60.8	60.2	57.1
<u>Hamilton - Manufacturing</u>	42.6	42.0	42.0	102.0	97.7	85.5
Textiles - all branches	39.7	38.4	38.7	75.6	74.5	65.3
Electrical apparatus	40.4	41.1	41.2	109.1	103.7	87.4
Iron and steel	44.5	44.0	43.3	112.6	106.1	94.3
Building construction	40.2	36.6	40.1	103.0	101.8	88.3
<u>Winnipeg - Manufacturing</u>	42.7	42.0	42.1	83.4	84.5	77.6
Animal products - edible	42.6	42.3	42.8	95.0	94.9	81.2
Plant products - edible	42.1	42.3	42.7	76.6	74.2	62.7
Textiles	38.5	38.2	39.9	68.6	69.4	61.2
Iron and steel	44.2	43.7	42.2	91.6	91.5	89.1
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.2	44.8	45.6	82.2	82.7	79.5
Building construction	39.5	37.1	38.6	99.8	98.2	91.8
Services	43.3	42.8	43.4	54.9	55.6	52.4
<u>Vancouver - Manufacturing</u>	38.7	37.0	39.9	105.3	105.3	92.8
Lumber products	37.3	35.6	40.8	108.6	108.5	94.7
Iron and steel	39.4	37.3	39.6	114.3	114.4	103.1
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.5	44.0	45.1	103.3	103.2	89.4
Building construction	37.9	35.6	36.8	124.3	122.9	108.5
Services	37.5	37.8	38.2	69.9	68.5	64.2

STATISTICS CANADA LIBRARY
BIBLIOTHÈQUE STATISTIQUE CANADA



1010512856

