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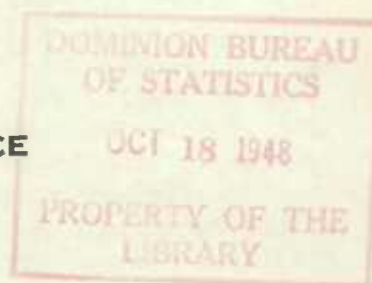
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CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS BRANCH



DOES NOT CIRCULATE

NE PAS PRÊTER

STATISTICS OF

AVERAGE HOURS WORKED

AND

AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS

AS REPORTED

AT THE BEGINNING OF

AUGUST, 1948



OTTAWA
October 16, 1948

EXPLANATION OF THE TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT.

Wage-Earners.-- Employers are asked to furnish monthly statistics on man-hours on behalf of those wage-earners for whom they keep a record of aggregate hours worked, so that the data relate, in the main, to persons employed at hourly rates. Information for salaried employees is purposely excluded, while in many cases, statistics of man-hours are not available for certain classes of wage-earners, whose earnings, like those of most salaried employees, are not directly dependent upon the number of hours worked; examples of wage-earners frequently excluded are route drivers, piece-workers in many but not all establishments, truck men, etc. In addition, some employers do not keep a record of man-hours for any classes of employees. Accordingly, the number of workers for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin is smaller than the total number of employees, (salaried personnel and wage-earners) for whom statistics of employment and payrolls are obtained in the monthly surveys on these subjects; the results of these surveys are published in the monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls, which also contain data relating to the sex distribution of the workers in recorded employment, an important factor contributing to differences shown in the average earnings in various industries.

The monthly statistics of average hours and average hourly earnings, like those of employment and average weekly earnings relate, in the main, to establishments usually employing 15 persons and over, the smaller firms being excluded for reasons of economy in terms of cost and time. In the case of the manufacturing industries, (largely represented in the material of the present bulletin), the statistics relate to over 75 p.c. of all salaried employees and wage-earners reported by the establishments co-operating in the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls; at the date of the last Decennial Census, (June 1, 1941), the manufacturers furnishing monthly data employed approximately 93 p.c. of all persons enumerated as at work in manufacturing.

In mining and construction, data on hours and earnings are currently available for some 85 p.c. and 83 p.c., of the total employees reported to the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls in those industries, respectively; at June 1, 1941, the co-operating mine operators had employed over 96 p.c. of all wage-earners at work as enumerated in the Census, while the employers in construction whose statistics were then received had reported over 79 p.c. of the Census total of employees at work in that group. It should be noted that the comparisons with the Census figures are complicated by differences in the classifications used in compiling the two series, so that the percentages of coverage are only approximate.

Man-Hours.-- The statistics of man-hours include overtime as well as the hours worked by part-time and casual workers. Hours credited to persons absent on leave with pay in the recorded pay period are included in the statistics as though the hours for which payment was made had been worked.

Wages.-- The wages reported represent gross earnings before deductions are made for taxes, unemployment insurance, etc.; they do not, however, include the value of board and lodging which in some cases is part of the remuneration of workers. Incentive and production bonuses and overtime payments are included, as are sums paid employees absent on leave with pay during the pay period for which statistics are given. The figures of average weekly wages result from the multiplication of the average hours worked during the period of observation, by the average hourly earnings reported in the same period.

Pay Periods.-- Statistics of man-hours and hourly wages reported for periods exceeding one week in duration are reduced by the appropriate proportions to obtain for tabulation purposes the number of hours worked and the hourly earnings in one week in the indicated pay period; such information is then added to the data furnished by employers who pay on a weekly basis, so that, in all cases, the tabulated data represent the situation in one week in each month.

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
EMPLOYMENT AND PAYROLL STATISTICS BRANCH
OTTAWA - CANADA

STATISTICS OF MAN-HOURS AND HOURLY EARNINGS AS REPORTED AT AUG. 1, 1948,
WITH COMPARISONS AS AT JULY 1, 1948, AND AUG. 1, 1947.

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1. MANUFACTURING.

In manufacturing as a whole, the wage-earners for whom man-hours are reported by leading establishments worked an average of 42.1 hours in the week of Aug. 1. At July 1, the general average had been 42 hours, while at Aug. 1, 1947, 1946 and 1945, the averages had been 42.5 hours, 43 hours and 44.3 hours, respectively. The aggregate hours worked by the hourly-rated wage-earners employed in the larger factories decreased by 0.8 p.c. in the week of Aug. 1, when the number of wage-earners for whom data were reported declined by 0.1 p.c. as compared with a month earlier. Industrial disputes in the automotive parts industry and the seasonal slackening of operations in the textile and certain other industries were largely responsible for this decrease. The average hourly earnings of the wage-earners for whom statistics were available at Aug. 1 were 92.8 cents. This was the peak figure in the record of 46 months. The July 1 average, previously the maximum, was 92.3 cents; at Aug. 1 in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the averages were 81.3 cents, 70 cents and 69.5 cents, respectively. The figure at the date under review showed an increase of 14.1 p.c. as compared with a year earlier, of 32.6 p.c. in the 24 months' comparison, and of 33.5 p.c. over Aug. 1, 1945.

The average weekly wages of the hourly-rated personnel employed by leading manufacturers at Aug. 1 amounted to \$39.07. This was 30 cents higher than the July 1 figure of \$38.77, and was the highest in the record of 46 months. The general averages in manufacturing at Aug. 1 in earlier years were: 1947, \$34.55; 1946, \$30.10, and 1945, \$30.79. The latest figure showed an increase of 13.1 p.c. as compared with 12 months ago, of 29.8 p.c. in the two-year comparison, and of 26.9 p.c. over the Aug. 1, 1945, average. In all cases, the figure quoted represents gross earnings, before deductions for taxes, unemployment insurance contributions, etc.

TABLES.

The statistics of average hours worked and average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole as reported by leading establishments in the period for which data are available are contained in Table 1 on page 2, while Table 2 on page 4 gives since Nov. 1, 1944, the figures of average weekly wages of wage-earners for whom the larger manufacturers keep record of hours worked, together with statistics of average weekly salaries and wages in the same period. Table 3 toward the end of the report shows the industrial distribution of the wage-earners for whom statistics were available at the date under review, giving their average hours of work, their average hourly earnings and their average weekly wages, with comparative averages as at July 1, 1948, and Aug. 1, 1947. Tables 4 to 8 provide monthly statistics for a period of some duration for certain industries and for the provinces and cities, while Tables 9 and 10 contain industrial data on average hours and average hourly earnings in the provinces and in five of the leading industrial cities at July 1 and Aug. 1, 1948, and Aug. 1, 1947.

Table 1.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Manufacturing as a Whole and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

Week Preceding	Average Hours Worked			Average Hourly Earnings		
	All Manu- factures	Durable Goods	Non-Durable Goods	All Manu- factures	Durable Goods	Non-Durable Goods
	No.	No.	No.	¢	¢	¢
Nov. 1, 1944	46.3	47.0	45.3	70.3	77.7	60.1
Dec. 1	46.3	46.9	45.5	70.5	77.9	60.4
*Jan. 1, 1945	39.6	39.7	39.5	70.0	77.1	60.9
Feb. 1	45.4	46.0	44.7	70.1	77.8	60.3
Mar. 1	45.8	46.5	45.0	70.1	77.8	60.3
*Apr. 1	43.6	44.2	42.7	70.4	78.0	60.9
May 1	45.5	46.2	44.5	70.5	78.2	60.9
June 1	44.3	44.7	43.9	70.3	77.5	61.4
July 1	44.3	45.0	43.3	70.1	77.0	61.2
Aug. 1	44.3	44.7	43.7	69.5	76.9	60.7
Sept. 1	44.1	44.2	44.0	69.2	76.5	60.9
Oct. 1	44.7	45.0	44.5	67.6	75.4	60.4
Nov. 1	44.9	45.3	44.6	67.5	74.8	60.6
Dec. 1	44.8	44.9	44.6	67.0	74.0	60.6
*Jan. 1, 1946	38.1	37.5	38.7	67.9	74.7	61.7
Feb. 1	44.1	44.4	43.8	68.1	75.2	61.3
Mar. 1	44.0	44.2	43.9	67.9	74.5	61.5
Apr. 1	44.4	44.6	44.2	68.4	75.1	61.8
*May 1	43.0	43.2	42.8	68.9	75.5	62.4
June 1	42.0	42.1	41.9	69.1	75.1	63.3
July 1	42.4	42.8	42.1	70.0	75.7	64.1
Aug. 1	43.0	43.2	42.8	70.0	75.8	64.4
Sept. 1	42.7	42.6	42.7	70.6	76.5	65.1
Oct. 1	42.9	42.8	42.9	71.4	77.8	65.7
Nov. 1	42.4	42.5	42.3	72.9	79.4	66.7
Dec. 1	43.2	43.2	43.2	74.5	81.8	67.6
*Jan. 1, 1947	38.1	38.0	38.1	76.3	83.3	69.4
Feb. 1	43.2	43.2	43.1	76.4	83.5	69.4
Mar. 1	43.4	43.6	43.2	77.1	84.2	69.9
Apr. 1	43.2	43.4	43.1	77.6	84.8	70.5
May 1	43.2	43.5	43.1	78.3	85.4	71.2
June 1	42.9	43.0	42.7	79.9	86.2	73.4
July 1	42.0	42.5	41.6	80.8	86.8	74.7
Aug. 1	42.5	42.6	42.3	81.3	87.7	74.8
Sept. 1	42.3	42.5	42.2	82.2	88.8	75.7
Oct. 1	43.1	43.5	42.6	83.4	90.6	76.2
Nov. 1	42.9	43.1	42.7	84.7	91.9	77.6
Dec. 1	43.5	43.8	43.2	85.6	92.8	78.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	38.3	38.5	38.1	86.6	92.9	80.0
Feb. 1	42.8	42.7	42.8	86.6	93.2	80.1
Mar. 1	43.2	43.4	43.0	88.0	95.0	80.8
*Apr. 1	41.6	41.8	41.4	89.0	95.6	82.1
May 1	43.1	43.4	42.7	89.4	96.2	82.4
June 1	41.7	41.6	41.7	91.4	98.4	84.4
July 1	42.0	42.3	41.6	92.3	99.2	85.2
Aug. 1	42.1	42.0	42.1	92.8	99.9	85.6

* The averages at these dates were affected by loss of working time at the year-end holidays in the case of Jan. 1, and by the Easter holidays in the case of Apr. 1, 1948 and 1945, and May 1, 1946.

AVERAGE HOURS WORKED.

The average hours of work reported by the leading manufacturing establishments for their hourly-rated staff at Aug. 1, increased fractionally in comparison with those reported for the preceding month, while the aggregate hours decreased by 0.8 p.c. over the same period. The celebration of St. Jean-Baptiste Day as a holiday in Quebec had tended slightly to lower the working time in the week of July 1 in that province, where the hours worked in the week of Aug. 1 averaged 42.1 hours: as compared with 42 at July 1. In August of 1947, 1946 and 1945, the reported working time had been 42.5, 43 and 44.3 hours, respectively.

In factories manufacturing durable goods, the aggregate hours worked decreased by 2.5 p.c., while the number of wage-earners was 1.8 p.c. lower. Industrial disputes, the summer vacation period and other factors contributed to this decline. The average hours at the date under review were 42, as compared with 42.3 one month earlier. A year ago, the average working week had been 42.6, while at the same date in 1946 and 1945, the average hours worked had been 43.2 and 44.7, respectively.

The aggregate hours reported by the co-operating plants in the light manufactured goods division increased by one p.c. in the month, while the working week was one-half an hour longer than in the week of July 1. Part of this increase was due to more normal working hours reported in many industries in Quebec, where the celebration of St. Jean-Baptiste Day had affected the situation a month earlier. During the week of Aug. 1, the general average of hours worked in non-durable manufactured goods industries was 42.1, as compared to 41.6 a month earlier and 42.3, 42.8 and 43.7 at Aug. 1, 1947, 1946 and 1945, respectively.

HOURLY EARNINGS.

The hourly earnings reported by the larger manufacturing establishments reached a new maximum of 92.8 cents at Aug. 1. In the week of July 1, wage-earners employed in the same plants had received an average of 92.3 cents an hour. At Aug. 1, 1947, 1946 and 1945, the averages were 81.3 cents, 70 cents and 69.5 cents, respectively. The increase in the last twelve months amounted to 14.1 p.c., that in the two years to 32.6 p.c., while in the 36-months' comparison, there was an advance of 33.5 p.c. in the latest figure. In the heavy manufacturing industries, the earnings reported at August 1 averaged 99.9 cents, exceeding the July 1 figure by seven-tenths of a cent, and that at August 1, 1947, by 12.2 cents. As compared with August 1 in 1946 and 1945, there were advances of 24.1 cents and 23 cents, respectively. Increases in the wage rates in the glass and aluminum manufacturing and a number of other industries raised the general level of earnings of wage-earners manufacturing durable goods. In factories producing light manufactured goods, there was an increase of two-fifths of a cent in the week of Aug. 1 as compared with a month earlier, bringing the latest figure to a new maximum of 85.6 cents. In this division of manufacturing, there was an important upward revision in the wage rates in petroleum refineries, a factor largely responsible for a gain of 7.2 cents in the average hourly earnings in the industry between July 1 and Aug. 1: With the employment of considerable numbers of seasonal workers in the food-processing industry, the general level of earnings was rather lower, falling from 72.4 cents at July 1 to 71.7 cents at the beginning of August. At Aug. 1 in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the hourly earnings were 74.8, 64.4 and 60.7 cents, respectively. Thus there were increases at the date under review as compared with one year, two years and three years earlier, amounting to 14.4 p.c., 32.9 p.c. and 41 p.c., respectively.

AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES.

The aggregate wages paid to the hourly-rated wage-earners of the larger manufacturing establishments at Aug. 1 were lower by 0.3 p.c. than at July 1.

Table 2.- Average Weekly Salaries and Wages and Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners as Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

Week Preceding		All Manufactures ^{1/}	Average Weekly Wages	Durable Manufactured Goods	Average Weekly Wages	Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	Average Weekly Wages
		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages	
Nov. 1, 1944		\$33.13	\$32.55	\$36.67	\$36.52	\$28.99	\$27.23
Dec. 1		33.29	32.64	36.83	36.54	29.23	27.48
*Jan. 1, 1945		30.11	27.72	32.77	30.61	27.05	24.06
Feb. 1		32.98	31.83	36.44	35.79	29.06	26.95
Mar. 1		33.50	32.11	37.04	36.18	29.46	27.14
*Apr. 1		32.48	30.69	35.78	34.48	28.73	26.07
May 1		33.51	32.08	36.98	36.08	29.58	27.10
June 1		32.81	31.14	35.76	34.64	29.48	26.95
July 1		32.91	31.05	36.02	34.65	29.33	26.50
Aug. 1		32.65	30.79	35.67	34.37	29.33	26.53
Sept. 1		32.51	30.52	35.58	33.81	29.60	26.80
Oct. 1		32.45	30.31	35.57	33.93	29.61	26.88
Nov. 1		32.55	30.31	35.60	33.88	29.84	27.03
Dec. 1		32.32	30.02	35.20	33.23	29.83	27.03
*Jan. 1, 1946		29.32	25.87	31.30	28.01	27.57	23.88
Feb. 1		32.29	30.03	35.23	33.39	29.69	26.85
Mar. 1		32.29	29.88	34.90	32.93	29.98	27.00
Apr. 1		32.69	30.37	35.34	33.49	30.30	27.32
*May 1		32.10	29.63	34.51	32.62	29.89	26.67
June 1		31.67	29.02	33.79	31.62	29.80	26.52
July 1		32.21	29.68	34.39	32.40	30.23	26.99
Aug. 1		32.53	30.10	34.62	32.75	30.68	27.56
Sept. 1		32.59	30.15	34.65	32.59	30.82	27.80
Oct. 1		33.06	30.63	35.43	33.30	31.08	28.19
Nov. 1		33.32	30.91	35.83	33.75	31.17	28.21
Dec. 1		34.43	32.18	37.15	35.34	32.07	29.20
*Jan. 1, 1947		32.23	29.07	34.40	31.65	30.29	26.44
Feb. 1		35.22	33.00	37.91	36.07	32.82	29.91
Mar. 1		35.69	33.46	38.48	36.71	33.17	30.20
Apr. 1		35.87	33.52	38.59	36.80	33.38	30.39
May 1		36.13	33.83	38.83	36.98	33.67	30.69
June 1		36.52	34.28	38.91	37.07	34.32	31.11
July 1		36.34	33.94	38.71	36.89	34.18	31.06
Aug. 1		36.85	34.55	39.26	37.36	34.65	31.64
Sept. 1		37.05	34.77	39.49	37.74	34.83	31.85
Oct. 1		37.94	35.95	40.94	39.41	35.21	32.46
Nov. 1		38.42	36.34	41.26	39.70	35.86	33.14
Dec. 1		39.16	37.24	42.09	40.65	36.50	33.83
*Jan. 1, 1948		36.15	33.17	38.31	35.77	34.14	30.48
Feb. 1		39.26	37.06	41.65	39.80	37.10	34.28
Mar. 1		40.11	38.02	42.85	41.23	37.58	34.74
*Apr. 1		39.46	37.02	41.87	39.96	37.19	33.99
May 1		40.66	38.53	43.36	41.75	38.11	35.18
June 1		40.49	38.11	43.03	40.93	38.12	35.19
July 1		41.03	38.77	43.89	41.96	38.36	35.44
Aug. 1		41.34	39.07	44.04	41.96	38.85	36.04

^{1/}Exclusive of electric light and power.

* See footnote on page 2.

Industrial disputes and holidays were among the factors affecting the durable goods division, in which this loss largely took place. The decline in aggregate hours in plants manufacturing heavy goods was 2.5 p.c. as compared with the preceding month. In the same period, there was an increase of one p.c. in the aggregate hours worked by the wage-earners reported in the non-durable goods division. Seasonal activity in food-processing plants was partly responsible for the increase.

The average weekly wages of hourly-rated wage-earners employed by leading manufacturing establishments stood at \$39.07 at Aug. 1, as compared with \$38.77 at the beginning of July, \$34.55 at Aug. 1, 1947, \$30.10 at Aug. 1, 1946, and \$30.79 at Aug. 1, 1945. In the heavy manufactured goods class, the average weekly wage at the date under review was unchanged, at \$41.96, while in the non-durable manufacturing goods division, there was an increase of 60 cents in the weekly wages, due in part to wage adjustments in the petroleum refining and other industries, and in part to a longer working week.

Table 2 gives a comparison of the average weekly salaries and wages reported monthly by leading manufacturers since 1944, with the average weekly wages paid the wage-earners for whom they keep a record of hours worked. The former figures include data for hourly-rated wage-earners and those paid at other rates (such as piece-workers, etc.), as well as workers paid by salary and commissions. On the whole, the wage-earners for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin, as shown in Table 3, form important proportions of the total personnel of the co-operating establishments. At the beginning of August, such employees made up 75.2 p.c. of the total number of persons of all categories on the payrolls of the manufacturers^{1/} furnishing monthly statistics on employment and payrolls at the same date; in the heavy manufactured goods industries, the ratio was 78.2 p.c., and that in the light manufactured goods division, 72.4 p.c.

The high proportions which the hourly-rated wage-earners constitute of the total employees of the co-operating establishments lend interest to the data in Table 2. In the month, the combined salaries-and-wages figure increased by 31 cents, as compared with a gain of 30 cents in the weekly wages of the hourly-rated personnel. In the heavy manufactured goods industries, the reporting plants indicated an increase of 15 cents in the month in the salaries-and-wages figure, while no change was reported in the weekly earnings of hourly-rated wage-earners. In the non-durable manufactured goods industries, the average weekly earnings of the persons on salaries and wages at Aug. 1 increased by 40 cents, while those of the hourly-rated personnel rose by 60 cents as compared with July 1.

The following table shows the percentage increases in the weekly salaries-and-wages figure and in the wages of hourly-rated personnel at Aug. 1, 1948, as compared with Aug. 1 of last year, and also as compared with the same date in 1946 and 1945;

Industrial Division	Increases at Aug. 1, 1948, as compared with:-					
	Aug. 1, 1947,		Aug. 1, 1946,		Aug. 1, 1945,	
	Salaries and Wages p.c.	Weekly Wages p.c.	Salaries and Wages p.c.	Weekly Wages p.c.	Salaries and Wages p.c.	Weekly Wages p.c.
All Manufacturing	12.2	13.1	27.1	29.8	26.6	26.9
Durable Manufactured Goods	12.2	12.3	27.2	28.1	23.5	22.1
Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	12.1	13.9	26.6	30.8	32.5	35.8

^{1/} That is, of establishments ordinarily employing 15 persons and over. See the monthly bulletins on Employment and Payrolls. It is estimated that the salaried personnel in manufacturing as a whole usually make up 16 p.c. to 17 p.c. of the total number of employees.

The advances in the weekly wages figure at Aug. 1, 1948, over the same date in 1947 and 1946 slightly exceed those indicated in the more general figure of salaries and wages. In the comparison with 1945, however, the latter figures show increases on a slightly larger scale in the heavy manufactured goods industries, while in manufacturing as a whole and in the light manufactured goods industries, the growth in the weekly wages of hourly-rated wage-earners in the last three years has been relatively rather greater than that in the salaries-and-wages figure. During the past few months, the changes shown in ^{the} three-year comparison have been more similar to those noted in the comparison with 1947 and 1946 than was the case earlier in the year, due to the changes in the industrial distribution of workers and in the amount of overtime work which followed the termination of the European war in May 1945.

2. Non-Manufacturing Industries.

In many of the non-manufacturing industries, few if any of the wage-earners are paid by the hour, with the result that a precise record of the hours worked is not kept. The representation of the non-manufacturing industries in this bulletin is therefore less than that in the manufacturing classes. The following notes deal briefly with the statistics for several of the non-manufacturing groups.

The aggregate hours and aggregate wages reported in coal mining were higher in the week of Aug. 1 than in the comparable pay-period a month earlier. The number of wage-earners for whom man-hours are reported declined during the month. The average hours worked increased from 38.1 at July 1 to 39.5 at the date under review, while the hourly earnings rose from 124.9 cents at July 1 to 125.9 cents at Aug. 1. At the same date in 1947, 1946 and 1945, the hourly earnings had been 107.4, 95.7 and 93.6 cents, respectively. The average and aggregate hours worked by wage-earners engaged in the extraction of metallic ores decreased at the date under review as compared with the week of July 1. The average was then 45 hours, while the figure in the week of Aug. 1 was 44.5. Between these dates, there was an advance in the aggregate and average hourly earnings, due largely to wage-rate increases in the gold and copper-gold-silver mines. The hourly earnings at the date under review were 113 cents, as compared with 111.2 cents at July 1, 1948, and 101 cents, 88.4 cents and 85.3 cents at Aug. 1, 1947, 1946 and 1945, respectively. In the non-metallic mining group, the average hours declined from 45.6 at July 1 to 43.9 at Aug. 1. During the same period, the hourly earnings increased from 94.6 cents, to 95.5 cents, the maximum reported in the record of 46 months. In the local transportation group, the aggregate hours worked and the number of wage earners reported were slightly smaller, while the aggregate wages paid and the average hourly earnings increased. At the date under review, the latter figure was 95.1 cents, as compared to 94 cents at July 1, and 83.8 cents at Aug. 1, 1947.

In building construction, the aggregate hours, the number of wage-earners reported and the aggregate wages paid by the reporting firms increased at the first of August by 4.4 p.c., 2.5 p.c., and 6.2 p.c., respectively. The average working week was 40.7 hours, seven-tenths of an hour longer than that reported at July 1, while the hourly earnings were 1.7 cents above the July 1 average of \$1.00. Increased wage-rates and seasonal activity influenced the situation at Aug. 1. At Aug. 1, 1947, the hourly earnings were 91.4 cents. Highway construction showed marked seasonal expansion; the aggregate hours, the number of wage-earners for whom statistics of man-hours are available, and the aggregate wages reported rose by 11.5 p.c., 19.6 p.c., and 9.3 p.c., respectively, as compared with July 1. The average hours of work however, declined from 38 hours per week at that date, to 35.5 hours in the week of Aug. 1, while the employment of larger numbers of unskilled labourers lowered the average hourly earnings by a cent and a half, bringing the latest figure to 77.3 cents. At Aug. 1 of 1947 and 1946, the average hourly earnings were 71.7 cents and 65.8 cents, respectively.

The number of wage-earners for whom man-hours data are reported in the hotels and restaurants industry increased at Aug. 1 in comparison with the figures reported by the same establishments a month earlier, largely because of seasonal employment in summer resorts. The average hours worked were 43.4, as compared with 42.9 at July 1, and 43.6 at Aug. 1, 1947. The average hourly earnings were seven-tenths of a cent lower, at 58.7 cents, but exceeded the average of 51.6 cents indicated 12 months earlier. In the reporting laundries and dry-cleaning establishments, the average hours worked were 40.4 during the week of Aug. 1, as compared to 39.9 at July 1. A year ago, the working week had also been 40.4 hours in length. The average hourly earnings stood at 60.2 cents at Aug. 1, a decrease of three-tenths of a cent as compared with the figure reported a month earlier. The averages at Aug. 1 in 1947 and 1946 had been 55 cents and 48 cents, respectively.

3. Provincial Statistics for Leading Industries.

Monthly statistics of man-hours and average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the various provinces in the last 25 months are given in Table 5. Table 6 contains provincial figures of average weekly wages of wage-earners for whom data are available since Nov. 1, 1944. In Table 9 are shown provincial statistics of average hours and average hourly earnings at July 1 and Aug. 1, 1948, and Aug. 1, 1947, for the manufacturing industries employing representative numbers of hourly-rated workers in the various provinces.

In all provinces but Quebec and British Columbia, the general averages of hours worked by wage-earners for whom man-hours are reported in leading manufacturing establishments were lower in the week of Aug. 1 than they were a month earlier. The declines in working time varied from nine-tenths of an hour in New Brunswick and seven-tenths of an hour in Alberta, to two-fifths of an hour in Nova Scotia and Manitoba, and three-tenths of an hour in Ontario. In Saskatchewan, the falling-off amounted to half an hour. The increase of nine-tenths of an hour in the working time in Quebec indicated more normal activity than in the week preceding July 1, when the St. Jean-Baptiste holiday had affected the situation. There was an increase of three-tenths of an hour in British Columbia. As compared with Aug. 1, 1947, the average hours worked were shorter in Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Saskatchewan and British Columbia, while factories in other provinces reported small increases in the working time.

In all provinces, the average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole showed an increase at Aug. 1 as compared with July 1. The most pronounced increases were observed in New Brunswick and Saskatchewan, where there were gains of 1.4 cents in the average hourly earnings in manufacturing at Aug. 1 as compared with a month earlier. In New Brunswick, further wage adjustments were made in the pulp and paper industry, while seasonal variations in the fish packing plants also tended to raise the hourly earnings. In Saskatchewan, changes in wage rates paid workers in petroleum refining, and variations in staff in certain plants processing animal products, contributed to the increase in the general level of earnings. Smaller increases occurred in other provinces, varying from 1.2 cents in Alberta to one-tenth of a cent in Quebec. Higher wage-rates in the petroleum refining, glass and aluminum manufacturing and in other industries in Ontario and Quebec brought about an advance in the hourly earnings in these provinces, in spite of the depressing effect of seasonally-increased employment in the lower-paid food-processing establishments. The incidence of the annual vacation in many factories was a factor of some importance at the period under review. Compared with Aug. 1 of last year, there were increases in average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole, as follows: Nova Scotia, 9.6 cents; New Brunswick, 10.9 cents; Quebec, 10.8 cents; Ontario, 12 cents; Manitoba, 11.3 cents, Saskatchewan, 12 cents, Alberta, 14 cents, and British Columbia, 10.9 cents. The industrial distribution and the related sex distribution of the wage-earners

reported by leading firms in the various provinces have an important influence on the differences in the amounts by which the hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole have risen in the year. In the non-manufacturing industries for which man-hour data are available, important wage increases were reported in the extraction of metallic ores in Quebec, where the hourly earnings increased from 95.6 cents at July 1, to 101.1 cents at Aug. 1. Building construction in Quebec, Alberta and British Columbia also showed marked increases in the month, due partially to an advance in wage rates, and partially to heightened seasonal activity. Highway construction was more active in most provinces, notably in Quebec, where the marked increase in the employment of relatively unskilled workers caused a decline of 2.9 cents in the hourly earnings. The most recent rate, at 64.5 cents, however, was higher than that of 58.4 cents per hour indicated at Aug. 1, 1947.

The following table gives the percentage increases in the average hourly earnings and the average weekly wages of wage-earners in manufacturing for whom statistics are available in the various provinces at Aug. 1, 1948, as compared with the same date one, two and three years earlier, together with the number of wage-earners reported by leading manufacturers at the latest date:-

Provinces	Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported at Aug. 1, 1948.	Increase in Average Hourly Earnings at Aug. 1, 1948, over Aug. 1, Aug. 1, Aug. 1, 1947 1946 1945			Increase in Average Weekly Wages at Aug. 1, 1948 over Aug. 1, Aug. 1, Aug. 1, 1947 1946 1945		
		p.c.			p.c.		
	No.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
N.S.	20,271	12.7	27.3	20.6	9.7	28.5	16.3
N.B.	15,915	14.7	31.3	37.2	14.9	28.1	31.0
Que.	255,133	14.7	30.4	31.0	14.2	26.9	25.0
Ont.	335,222	14.1	34.9	36.2	12.7	33.0	29.1
Man.	28,714	14.1	29.6	35.8	15.7	28.7	36.8
Sask.	5,102	14.6	33.1	43.5	10.9	30.9	42.8
Alta.	15,084	17.7	29.2	32.9	19.1	30.8	31.0
B.C.	59,134	11.1	27.4	31.6	8.5	19.6	17.7
CANADA	793,570	14.1	32.6	33.5	13.1	29.8	26.9

4. Statistics for the Larger Cities.

Table 6 contains monthly statistics of average hours worked and average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the larger cities in the last 25 months. In Table 8 are given the average weekly wages reported by leading manufacturers in the larger cities for the wage-earners for whom they have furnished data on man-hours and hourly earnings since Nov. 1, 1944, while Table 10 gives statistics of average hours of work and average hourly earnings in certain industries in these centres as at July 1 and Aug. 1, 1948, and Aug. 1, 1947.

As has previously been stated, the variations in the average rates in manufacturing as a whole in the cities are due, in part, to the differences in the industrial distributions of the wage-earners for whom statistics are available; the related sex distribution of the labour force is another important factor contributing to the differences.

In Toronto and Winnipeg, the average hours worked by the hourly-rated personnel reported in manufacturing as a whole were slightly lower in the week of Aug. 1, 1948, than in the comparable pay period a month earlier. In these cities, the decline in working time amounted to one-fifth of an hour. In Vancouver, the

average hours reported remained constant at 37.5 hours, while in Hamilton, heightened production in the cotton goods and the iron and steel industries caused an increase of one hour in the average working time. The factories in Montreal reported that their wage-earners, on the average, worked three-fifths of an hour longer in the week of Aug. 1 than in the week of July 1, in which had occurred the St. Jean-Baptiste holiday. As compared with a year ago, there were increases in the average number of hours worked in Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton and Winnipeg, while in Vancouver, the working week was seven-tenths of an hour shorter.

With the exception of Montreal, the hourly earnings in all five centres for which monthly statistics are published were higher at Aug. 1 than they were a month earlier. The increases varied from two-fifths of a cent in Winnipeg, and four-fifths of a cent in Vancouver, to one cent in Toronto and 1.3 cents in Hamilton. In Montreal, there was a decline of one-fifth of a cent, largely due to seasonal changes in the industrial distribution of workers, there being increased employment in certain industries in which the rates of pay tend to be below-average, together with reduced activity during the vacation period in certain groups in which the rates are unusually high. The weekly wages in all five centres with the exception of Winnipeg, were higher at Aug. 1 than in the comparable pay period at the beginning of July. During the past year, the hourly earnings have increased as follows: Montreal, 10 cents; Toronto, 12.1 cents; Hamilton, 17 cents; Winnipeg, 11.4 cents, and Vancouver, 11.3 cents. The percentage increases in the average hourly earnings reported in manufacturing as a whole in the leading industrial cities at Aug. 1, 1948, as compared with the same date one, two and three years earlier, are given in the following table:

City	Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported at Aug. 1, 1948 No.	Increase in Average Hourly Earnings at Aug. 1, 1948, over			Increase in Average Weekly Wages at Aug. 1, 1948, over		
		Aug. 1, 1947	Aug. 1, 1946	Aug. 1, 1945	Aug. 1, 1947	Aug. 1, 1946	Aug. 1, 1945
		p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Montreal	126,141	14.2	28.5	26.1	16.5	26.2	19.6
Toronto	110,392	14.3	34.5	32.5	15.2	33.9	28.1
Hamilton	42,343	19.5	45.0	40.9	20.1	46.1	34.5
Winnipeg	25,317	14.4	29.1	34.1	16.9	28.8	36.1
Vancouver	25,158	11.8	28.3	26.3	9.7	20.5	12.0

In Canada as a whole, the general advance in manufacturing as compared with a year earlier was 14.1 p.c. in the case of the average hourly rate and 13.1 p.c. in the case of the average weekly wages, while in the 24 months' comparison, the Dominion average of hourly earnings advanced by 29.3 p.c. and that of weekly wages, by 32.6 p.c. The percentage of increase in the various provinces are given in a preceding paragraph.

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Table 3.- Average Hours and Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings of Wage-Earners for Whom Data are available at Aug. 1, 1948, With Comparative Figures for July 1, 1948 and Aug. 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

I n d u s t r i e s	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at			Average Weekly Wages			Wage-Earners ^{3/} Working Hours Shown in Col. 1
	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947	
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢	
MANUFACTURING	42.1	42.0	42.5	92.8	92.3	81.3	39.07	38.77	34.55	785,687
*Durable manufactured goods	42.0	42.3	42.6	99.9	99.2	87.7	41.96	41.96	37.36	391,752
Non-durable manufactured goods	42.1	41.6	42.3	85.6	85.2	74.8	36.04	35.44	31.64	393,935
Animal products - edible	43.4	43.7	42.8	85.1	84.7	74.3	36.93	37.01	31.80	27,701
Dairy products	48.2	48.1	48.0	72.1	72.6	66.2	34.75	34.92	31.78	6,191
Meat products	42.5	42.5	40.8	94.1	94.5	82.8	39.89	40.16	33.78	15,844
Leather products	38.8	37.2	40.4	70.5	71.1	63.9	27.35	26.45	26.82	21,540
Leather boots and shoes	38.3	36.6	40.5	67.4	67.8	59.9	25.81	24.81	24.26	13,851
*Lumber products	41.2	41.0	42.6	82.6	82.1	74.7	34.03	33.56	31.82	66,736
Rough and dressed lumber	40.8	40.5	42.7	86.1	85.7	78.2	35.13	34.71	33.39	41,481
Containers	43.2	42.5	42.2	73.0	73.8	71.4	31.54	31.37	30.13	6,371
Furniture	41.2	41.3	42.7	79.9	78.8	70.0	32.92	32.54	29.89	11,826
*Musical instruments	44.2	43.1	45.2	78.0	77.7	65.8	34.48	33.49	29.74	793
Plant products - edible	41.9	41.9	41.6	71.7	72.4	64.3	30.04	30.34	26.75	45,834
Flour and other milled products	46.6	45.2	44.4	88.4	86.8	79.9	41.19	39.23	35.46	5,176
Fruit and vegetable preserving	36.1	37.3	38.9	66.5	68.3	60.4	25.34	26.45	23.50	13,067
Bread and bakery products	43.9	43.9	-	73.9	72.7	-	32.44	31.92	-	8,577
Chocolate and cocoa products	41.6	40.3	40.9	82.8	84.1	66.5	26.06	25.83	23.11	6,339
Pulp and paper products	45.6	45.6	46.1	103.7	102.9	91.5	47.29	46.92	42.18	86,145
Pulp and paper	49.4	49.4	50.0	111.0	110.2	99.5	54.83	54.44	49.75	45,690
Paper products	42.6	42.7	42.6	81.7	80.8	70.7	34.80	34.50	30.12	16,161
Printing and publishing	40.5	40.5	41.0	102.3	102.2	88.1	41.43	41.39	36.12	24,294
Rubber products	40.8	41.1	42.0	101.5	99.8	90.0	41.41	41.02	37.80	17,488
Textile products	39.8	38.7	40.2	73.0	72.3	62.4	29.06	27.96	25.08	123,241
Thread, yarn and cloth	42.0	41.0	42.9	75.3	73.7	61.9	31.63	30.22	26.56	52,992
Cotton yarn and cloth	42.9	41.2	42.9	74.3	73.9	60.5	31.87	30.45	25.95	20,922
Woolen yarn and cloth	42.3	41.1	43.5	72.4	72.5	62.4	30.63	29.80	27.14	13,245
Silk and artificial silk goods	39.9	40.8	42.2	79.8	74.8	63.7	31.84	30.37	26.88	14,277
Hosiery and knit goods	39.5	38.3	39.7	67.9	67.7	58.1	26.82	25.93	23.07	21,027
Garments and personal furnishings	36.6	35.3	37.0	71.2	71.3	64.0	26.06	25.17	23.68	37,139
Tobacco	42.8	40.9	41.4	81.8	80.9	62.3	35.01	33.09	25.79	7,303
Beverages	44.3	43.5	43.0	91.9	90.8	82.8	40.71	39.50	35.60	13,766
Distilled and malt liquor	43.5	42.8	42.4	97.3	95.9	86.1	42.33	41.05	36.51	10,708
Chemicals and allied products	43.3	43.2	42.8	93.4	92.2	80.9	40.44	39.83	34.63	24,739
Drugs and medicines	40.4	41.1	42.0	76.6	76.6	70.8	30.95	31.48	29.65	5,629
Clay, glass and stone products	44.0	44.1	44.6	91.9	90.3	80.7	40.44	39.82	35.99	18,281
Glass products	43.7	43.0	43.8	89.3	85.6	76.7	39.02	36.81	33.59	6,018
Lime, gypsum and cement products	45.1	45.6	46.7	90.4	90.5	80.4	40.77	41.27	37.55	4,540
Electrical apparatus	39.0	40.4	40.8	98.3	99.6	85.8	38.34	40.24	35.01	36,048
Heavy electrical apparatus ^{1/}	42.6	42.5	41.6	106.6	106.5	95.5	45.41	45.26	39.73	9,881
*Iron and steel products	42.5	42.7	42.7	105.4	104.6	92.4	44.80	44.66	39.45	230,500
Crude, rolled and forged products	44.3	43.2	45.4	110.2	109.2	92.6	48.82	47.17	42.04	34,309
Primary iron and steel	44.9	43.0	45.9	112.5	111.6	95.9	50.51	47.99	43.10	28,370
Machinery (other than vehicles)	43.5	43.3	43.6	95.7	95.2	86.7	41.63	41.22	37.37	21,965
Agricultural implements	41.7	41.6	41.5	110.6	108.9	96.2	46.12	45.50	39.92	15,526
Land vehicles and aircraft	41.9	43.2	41.2	111.7	110.6	98.6	46.80	47.78	40.62	80,387
Railway rolling stock	44.8	45.1	42.8	110.9	110.2	93.8	49.68	49.70	40.15	40,347
Automobiles and parts	38.1	41.1	40.8	115.4	113.5	105.2	43.97	46.65	42.92	34,041
Aeroplanes and parts	43.3	44.5	35.5	98.2	97.9	89.7	42.52	43.57	31.84	5,343
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	41.6	41.3	44.8	102.6	102.4	93.1	42.68	42.29	41.52	19,678
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	42.0	42.1	42.5	100.2	100.1	89.0	42.08	42.14	37.83	9,176
Hardware, tools and cutlery	41.4	41.6	42.6	92.2	90.9	80.7	38.17	37.81	34.38	9,935
Foundry and machine shop products	42.9	42.5	42.9	102.3	101.2	90.8	43.89	43.01	38.95	6,723
Sheet metal work	41.6	41.2	41.7	94.6	92.9	81.5	39.35	38.27	33.99	11,484
*Non-ferrous metal products	42.5	43.3	42.7	102.1	100.6	88.6	43.39	43.56	37.83	39,392
Preparation of non-ferrous metallic	43.5	43.7	43.6	115.9	114.8	102.2	50.42	50.17	44.56	11,044
Aluminum and its products	44.3	45.2	43.9	101.6	98.3	84.8	45.01	44.43	37.23	11,232
Brass and copper mfg.	40.1	41.7	41.7	96.3	96.5	84.4	38.62	40.24	35.19	9,405
Non-metallic mineral products	42.5	42.3	43.0	110.6	106.3	91.0	47.01	44.96	39.13	11,075
Petroleum and its products	41.4	41.0	41.6	120.0	112.8	99.5	49.68	46.28	41.39	6,963
Miscellaneous manufactured products	41.1	40.7	40.3	80.6	80.9	72.4	33.13	32.93	29.18	15,103
MINING	42.9	43.0	42.9	113.3	111.8	98.6	48.61	48.07	42.30	72,117
Coal	39.5	38.1	39.2	125.9	124.8	107.4	49.73	47.59	42.10	21,511
Metallic ores	44.5	45.0	44.8	113.0	111.2	101.0	50.29	50.04	45.25	37,352
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	43.9	45.6	44.4	95.5	94.8	78.2	41.92	43.14	34.72	13,254
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION	45.4	45.4	45.6	95.1	94.0	83.8	45.16	42.68	38.21	30,251
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	40.7	40.0	40.5	101.7	100.0	91.4	41.39	40.00	37.02	88,594
HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION	35.5	38.0	39.1	77.3	78.8	71.7	27.44	29.94	28.03	61,672
SERVICES (as indicated below)	42.4	41.9	42.5	59.2	59.8	52.6	25.10	25.06	22.36	37,206
Hotels and restaurants	43.4	42.9	43.6	58.7	59.4	61.6	25.48	25.48	22.50	25,287
Personal (chiefly laundries)	40.4	39.9	40.4	60.2	60.5	55.0	24.32	24.14	22.22	11,918

The industries classed in the durable manufactured industries are indicated by an asterisk.

1/ Since 1941, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has prepared current indexes of average hourly earnings of the employees of eight establishments producing heavy electrical apparatus. Based upon the hourly earnings at June 1, 1941, as 100 p.o. the last figures are as follows: June 1, 1948, 201.3; July 1, 1948, 202.1; Aug. 1, 1948, 202.1; Aug. 1, 1947, the index was 181.2

2/ Chiefly street and electric railways. 3/ For information respecting the sex distribution of the persons in recorded employment, see monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls.

Table 4.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries. (Concluded)

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Mining All Branches</u>	<u>Coal Mining</u>	<u>Metallic Mining</u>	<u>Non-Metallic Mining</u>	<u>Local Transportation</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked Per Week</u>					
Aug. 1, 1946	42.9	38.9	45.4	45.1	46.5
Sept. 1	42.9	40.0	44.3	45.4	46.3
Oct. 1	43.7	40.9	45.5	45.3	46.6
Nov. 1	43.2	39.6	45.3	45.7	46.2
Dec. 1	42.3	39.2	44.5	43.6	46.3
*Jan. 1, 1947	34.9	26.8	39.3	39.8	44.8
Feb. 1	43.3	40.1	45.6	44.1	46.8
Mar. 1	43.6	35.9	45.9	45.3	46.8
Apr. 1	43.2	38.3	44.3	45.2	45.5
May 1	43.4	38.1	44.6	45.2	45.6
June 1	40.5	30.7	44.7	44.4	44.9
July 1	42.2	37.6	44.5	43.8	45.8
Aug. 1	42.9	39.2	44.6	44.4	45.6
Sept. 1	42.5	38.6	44.2	44.8	45.5
Oct. 1	43.5	39.9	44.9	46.2	45.6
Nov. 1	42.9	38.4	44.8	45.5	44.8
Dec. 1	43.5	38.9	45.7	45.9	45.4
*Jan. 1, 1948	36.6	30.5	39.0	41.6	43.7
Feb. 1	43.8	40.0	45.4	43.9	45.4
Mar. 1	42.9	36.4	46.0	45.3	45.5
*Apr. 1	42.3	38.6	44.2	43.4	44.4
May 1	43.2	39.4	45.1	44.8	44.9
June 1	42.7	37.8	45.1	44.3	44.4
July 1	43.0	38.1	45.0	45.6	45.4
Aug. 1	42.9	39.5	44.5	43.9	45.4
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>					
Aug. 1, 1946	87.3	95.7	88.4	68.1	71.5
Sept. 1	87.4	95.0	88.9	69.0	71.9
Oct. 1	88.3	95.7	89.2	70.5	76.8
Nov. 1	89.5	98.7	89.4	71.0	77.0
Dec. 1	91.3	100.9	90.7	72.3	77.4
Jan. 1, 1947	94.4	106.0	95.3	74.0	78.8
Feb. 1	94.0	102.3	94.1	74.1	81.1
Mar. 1	95.1	114.7	95.8	73.8	81.8
Apr. 1	95.8	113.6	96.8	75.1	82.1
May 1	96.6	114.7	97.8	75.5	82.6
June 1	96.9	112.7	97.8	76.5	83.9
July 1	98.9	109.8	101.0	77.3	84.5
Aug. 1	98.6	107.4	101.0	78.2	83.8
Sept. 1	100.6	111.1	102.6	80.2	84.8
Oct. 1	101.1	110.9	103.0	81.2	85.4
Nov. 1	101.1	110.3	103.0	82.3	87.6
Dec. 1	103.0	111.9	104.4	84.6	88.4
Jan. 1, 1948	104.1	115.3	104.3	86.4	90.8
Feb. 1	104.5	109.9	105.9	92.8	91.2
Mar. 1	108.1	120.2	106.6	94.5	91.7
Apr. 1	110.7	124.8	108.3	95.2	92.4
May 1	111.0	126.2	108.1	94.3	92.2
June 1	110.6	126.0	108.4	93.9	93.2
July 1	111.8	124.9	111.2	94.6	94.0
Aug. 1	113.3	125.9	113.0	95.5	95.1

Table 4.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries. (Concluded)

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Building Construction</u>	<u>Highway Construction</u>	<u>Services as Specified</u>	<u>Hotels Restaurants</u>	<u>Personal Services</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked Per Week</u>					
Aug. 1, 1946	40.4	38.5	43.3	44.3	41.2
Sept. 1	39.5	37.9	43.5	44.7	41.2
Oct. 1	40.1	38.2	42.7	43.5	41.2
Nov. 1	39.7	37.2	43.1	43.9	41.6
Dec. 1	39.5	35.6	43.0	43.6	41.3
*Jan. 1, 1947	32.8	37.7	40.9	43.0	37.2
Feb. 1	38.9	43.4	42.6	43.6	41.0
Mar. 1	40.1	46.3	43.3	44.2	41.6
Apr. 1	38.9	39.5	43.1	43.8	41.9
May 1	39.7	36.9	43.2	43.7	42.1
June 1	39.1	37.4	42.7	43.4	41.3
July 1	38.8	38.7	42.3	43.1	40.8
Aug. 1	40.5	39.1	42.5	43.6	40.4
Sept. 1	40.0	39.6	42.4	43.3	40.6
Oct. 1	40.5	38.9	42.5	43.3	40.9
Nov. 1	40.7	37.4	42.4	43.2	40.9
Dec. 1	40.9	36.6	42.4	42.9	43.4
*Jan. 1, 1948	33.8	35.6	41.2	43.1	41.2
Feb. 1	40.1	38.2	42.6	43.6	40.6
Mar. 1	41.2	39.8	43.0	43.8	41.3
*Apr. 1	37.6	36.6	43.1	44.0	41.3
May 1	40.8	35.7	42.9	43.5	41.8
June 1	38.8	37.2	42.3	43.1	40.6
July 1	40.0	38.0	41.9	42.9	39.9
Aug. 1	40.7	35.5	42.4	43.4	40.4
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>					
Aug. 1, 1946	82.7	65.8	45.5	44.4	48.0
Sept. 1	83.7	66.1	45.9	44.5	48.9
Oct. 1	85.3	65.8	48.3	47.5	49.8
Nov. 1	85.8	67.1	48.3	47.3	50.4
Dec. 1	86.0	67.0	50.9	50.8	51.0
Jan. 1, 1947	86.3	66.3	51.3	51.3	51.4
Feb. 1	87.6	67.3	50.9	51.0	50.7
Mar. 1	88.2	67.4	51.5	51.5	51.5
Apr. 1	88.1	69.2	51.7	51.1	52.7
May 1	89.3	71.1	52.0	51.6	52.8
June 1	90.9	71.3	52.3	51.6	53.8
July 1	90.7	71.0	53.1	52.3	54.7
Aug. 1	91.4	71.7	52.6	51.6	55.0
Sept. 1	92.9	71.5	53.5	52.2	56.2
Oct. 1	94.8	72.6	54.7	53.4	57.5
Nov. 1	95.6	74.7	55.1	53.8	58.0
Dec. 1	96.5	74.7	56.0	54.7	58.6
Jan. 1, 1948	96.6	76.0	55.8	54.4	59.1
Feb. 1	99.3	77.5	55.8	54.6	58.4
Mar. 1	99.2	80.7	56.5	55.4	59.0
Apr. 1	99.1	81.1	56.2	54.6	59.4
May 1	98.6	78.8	56.4	54.7	59.7
June 1	99.6	78.9	59.5	59.4	59.9
July 1	100.0	73.8	59.8	59.4	60.5
Aug. 1	101.7	77.3	59.2	58.7	60.2

Table 5.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, by Provinces.

<u>Week of</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked</u>								
Aug. 1, 1946	43.1	45.6	44.9	42.0	42.6	42.2	41.5	40.9
Sept. 1	42.5	45.0	44.9	41.4	42.2	42.7	41.4	40.2
Oct. 1	42.1	46.0	44.9	41.8	42.0	43.6	41.5	40.5
Nov. 1	43.7	45.5	44.7	41.0	42.3	43.1	42.1	40.1
Dec. 1	45.0	45.8	45.2	42.2	43.1	43.2	42.4	39.4
*Jan. 1, 1947	37.3	40.5	39.5	38.1	38.4	40.6	39.8	34.6
Feb. 1	44.8	46.1	45.0	42.3	42.8	42.3	42.6	39.8
Mar. 1	44.3	46.2	45.2	42.5	42.7	43.7	42.6	40.5
Apr. 1	44.6	46.7	45.1	42.1	43.1	43.5	43.1	40.5
May 1	44.6	46.0	45.2	42.3	42.6	43.0	42.5	39.8
June 1	43.2	45.7	44.8	41.9	42.5	42.7	42.1	40.0
July 1	45.2	45.6	42.3	41.8	42.7	42.5	42.7	39.5
Aug. 1	44.7	44.4	43.9	41.9	41.7	42.9	41.5	39.0
Sept. 1	44.2	45.4	44.4	41.4	42.3	41.2	41.9	38.1
Oct. 1	43.9	44.7	45.0	42.4	41.8	42.5	41.7	39.2
Nov. 1	44.1	45.3	45.0	42.1	42.0	42.4	41.1	38.8
Dec. 1	44.8	44.7	45.6	42.8	43.1	42.8	42.3	38.4
*Jan. 1, 1948	40.0	39.9	39.4	37.7	39.5	39.1	40.0	34.9
Feb. 1	44.8	45.9	44.3	42.1	43.1	43.0	42.7	38.7
Mar. 1	44.1	45.9	45.0	42.6	42.8	43.0	42.5	38.8
*Apr. 1	43.3	44.2	42.8	41.1	42.5	43.2	42.1	37.5
May 1	44.9	45.3	44.7	42.4	43.1	42.6	42.3	39.3
June 1	42.2	43.5	43.8	40.8	41.2	43.2	42.0	37.4
July 1	43.9	45.4	42.8	41.7	42.7	42.0	42.7	37.8
Aug. 1	43.5	44.5	43.7	41.4	42.3	41.5	42.0	38.1
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>								
Aug. 1, 1946	67.1	64.9	64.8	71.9	70.5	70.6	72.2	85.7
Sept. 1	66.5	64.6	66.0	72.3	71.0	71.2	72.2	85.8
Oct. 1	67.3	66.3	66.5	73.0	72.9	72.0	73.0	87.1
Nov. 1	69.1	67.4	67.4	75.2	72.7	72.1	73.4	88.3
Dec. 1	69.6	67.8	67.8	77.8	75.6	76.2	75.4	90.1
Jan. 1, 1947	71.2	70.8	69.2	79.8	77.1	76.8	76.0	91.4
Feb. 1	71.9	70.7	69.1	80.0	77.1	78.6	76.0	91.8
Mar. 1	73.6	70.8	69.5	80.7	77.3	79.1	76.9	93.0
Apr. 1	76.0	70.9	69.9	81.5	77.6	78.3	77.4	92.8
May 1	75.1	71.4	70.7	82.2	78.1	79.5	78.9	93.5
June 1	74.6	73.5	72.6	83.7	79.0	79.8	79.4	94.8
July 1	75.4	74.0	73.9	84.1	80.0	80.3	79.9	96.0
Aug. 1	75.8	74.3	73.7	85.0	80.1	82.0	79.3	98.3
Sept. 1	76.7	75.9	74.4	86.3	80.6	83.7	80.5	98.4
Oct. 1	76.0	76.3	75.8	87.4	81.5	84.3	81.9	100.3
Nov. 1	78.2	77.0	76.5	89.1	82.6	86.8	84.7	101.7
Dec. 1	77.1	77.4	77.2	90.2	83.0	87.4	84.8	103.3
Jan. 1, 1948	78.4	79.5	78.6	90.5	84.3	88.7	85.6	105.4
Feb. 1	79.3	78.0	78.9	90.6	84.1	88.4	86.7	104.8
Mar. 1	79.6	78.1	79.6	92.6	84.0	89.2	87.1	105.9
Apr. 1	81.9	80.1	80.6	93.5	85.1	89.2	88.4	106.3
May 1	82.8	80.4	80.8	94.3	85.4	89.7	88.1	106.3
June 1	85.8	83.0	82.5	96.1	90.7	92.7	92.6	108.7
July 1	85.0	83.8	84.4	96.3	90.8	92.6	92.1	108.9
Aug. 1	85.4	85.2	84.5	97.0	91.4	94.0	93.3	109.2

Table 6.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners
Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole in Indicated Cities.

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>
	<u>(a) Average Hours Worked</u>				
Aug. 1, 1946	42.8	40.7	41.8	42.2	39.9
Sept. 1	43.1	40.7	41.7	41.9	38.7
Oct. 1	42.5	40.5	41.8	41.6	39.3
Nov. 1	43.1	40.2	40.7	41.7	38.9
Dec. 1	43.3	41.2	42.5	42.6	38.8
*Jan. 1, 1947	37.0	36.7	38.2	37.5	32.8
Feb. 1	42.9	40.6	42.8	42.2	39.0
Mar. 1	42.9	40.9	43.4	42.2	39.9
Apr. 1	43.2	40.8	42.3	42.5	40.2
May 1	43.1	40.9	42.0	42.1	39.9
June 1	42.6	40.5	42.2	42.2	39.8
July 1	40.4	40.7	41.5	42.3	39.0
Aug. 1	41.2	40.2	41.9	41.2	38.2
Sept. 1	41.9	40.1	41.4	41.7	38.2
Oct. 1	42.6	40.8	42.2	41.2	38.6
Nov. 1	43.1	40.9	41.1	41.4	38.1
Dec. 1	43.4	41.4	42.6	42.8	38.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	37.4	36.9	39.4	39.0	33.6
Feb. 1	42.5	41.0	42.4	42.6	38.5
Mar. 1	43.2	41.1	42.3	42.3	38.1
*Apr. 1	41.4	39.7	42.0	42.0	37.0
May 1	42.9	41.2	42.7	42.7	38.5
June 1	41.3	39.4	40.8	40.7	36.5
July 1	41.4	40.7	41.1	42.3	37.5
Aug. 1	42.0	40.5	42.1	42.1	37.5
	<u>(b) Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>				
Aug. 1, 1946	68.7	71.8	71.8	70.0	83.5
Sept. 1	70.4	72.6	71.9	70.5	85.9
Oct. 1	71.1	74.1	72.0	72.4	87.4
Nov. 1	72.0	75.0	77.9	72.4	89.7
Dec. 1	72.6	77.3	81.0	75.5	90.9
Jan. 1, 1947	74.2	79.0	83.1	76.8	91.4
Feb. 1	74.1	79.8	83.7	76.6	91.9
Mar. 1	74.7	80.6	84.4	76.7	92.7
Apr. 1	74.9	81.5	85.4	77.3	92.2
May 1	75.7	82.2	85.5	77.6	92.8
June 1	76.3	83.2	86.3	77.9	93.7
July 1	77.6	83.7	86.0	79.3	93.8
Aug. 1	77.3	84.5	87.1	79.0	95.8
Sept. 1	78.3	86.0	88.9	79.6	96.8
Oct. 1	79.9	87.7	90.3	80.4	99.5
Nov. 1	80.7	88.5	91.0	81.9	101.0
Dec. 1	81.4	89.9	93.6	82.3	101.9
Jan. 1, 1948	82.6	90.2	94.9	83.7	102.9
Feb. 1	82.8	91.6	95.6	83.3	103.3
Mar. 1	83.8	92.2	96.9	83.2	104.8
Apr. 1	84.8	93.2	97.7	84.5	105.3
May 1	85.1	94.2	102.0	84.8	105.8
June 1	87.3	96.0	102.4	90.0	106.7
July 1	88.5	95.6	102.8	90.0	106.3
Aug. 1	88.3	96.6	104.1	90.4	107.1

Table 7.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported by Leading Manufacturing Establishments, by Provinces.

(The latest data are subject to revision).

Week of		Canada	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
1944		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Nov.	1	32.55	35.82	28.66	31.62	33.03	28.59	30.27	31.61	34.32
Dec.	1	32.64	35.78	30.31	31.14	33.22	30.68	30.76	32.13	35.44
1945										
*Jan.	1	27.72	28.69	25.10	26.74	27.90	27.28	26.08	29.55	31.13
Feb.	1	31.83	34.66	28.28	30.25	32.39	29.11	30.44	31.30	36.03
Mar.	1	32.11	34.44	29.41	30.69	32.61	30.26	30.60	32.14	35.95
*Apr.	1	30.69	34.30	28.74	29.16	31.01	29.24	28.62	31.36	34.90
May	1	32.08	35.31	29.28	30.66	32.38	29.72	31.23	32.12	35.87
June	1	31.14	33.08	28.67	30.25	31.38	29.33	27.50	31.70	34.28
July	1	31.05	32.94	29.25	29.25	31.55	29.67	27.78	31.36	34.65
Aug.	1	30.79	31.93	28.94	29.54	31.11	28.27	27.31	29.91	35.36
Sept.	1	30.52	31.56	28.40	29.15	30.79	29.83	28.90	30.80	34.28
Oct.	1	30.31	31.45	28.55	29.28	30.31	29.89	28.93	30.22	34.76
Nov.	1	30.31	31.50	28.58	29.30	30.36	30.26	29.39	30.65	34.42
Dec.	1	30.32	32.20	28.58	29.06	29.80	30.41	30.73	30.33	33.77
1946										
*Jan.	1	25.87	26.37	26.35	24.45	25.97	27.17	28.95	28.50	29.46
Feb.	1	30.03	31.04	29.22	28.64	30.20	30.21	29.82	30.70	34.47
Mar.	1	29.88	31.32	29.08	28.81	29.86	30.33	30.26	30.76	34.71
Apr.	1	30.37	31.65	30.18	28.92	30.72	30.64	30.08	30.49	34.14
*May	1	29.63	30.45	28.84	27.96	30.14	30.07	29.40	30.53	33.45
June	1	29.02	30.01	27.95	28.22	29.11	29.89	29.17	30.14	32.89
July	1	29.68	30.28	29.61	27.97	30.07	30.03	29.92	30.08	34.73
Aug.	1	30.10	28.92	29.59	29.10	30.20	30.03	29.73	29.96	35.05
Sept.	1	30.15	28.26	29.07	29.63	29.93	29.96	30.40	29.89	34.49
Oct.	1	30.63	28.33	30.50	29.86	30.51	30.62	31.39	30.30	35.28
Nov.	1	30.91	30.20	30.67	30.13	30.83	30.75	31.08	30.90	35.41
Dec.	1	32.18	31.32	31.05	30.65	32.83	32.58	32.92	31.97	35.50
1947										
*Jan.	1	29.07	26.91	28.67	27.33	30.40	29.61	31.18	30.25	31.62
Feb.	1	33.00	32.21	32.59	31.10	33.84	33.00	33.25	32.38	36.54
Mar.	1	33.46	32.60	32.71	31.41	34.30	33.01	34.57	32.76	37.67
Apr.	1	33.52	33.90	33.11	31.52	34.39	33.45	34.06	33.36	37.58
May	1	33.83	33.49	32.84	31.96	34.77	33.27	34.19	33.53	37.21
June	1	34.28	32.23	33.59	32.52	35.07	33.58	34.07	34.22	37.92
July	1	33.94	34.08	33.74	31.26	35.15	34.16	34.13	34.12	37.92
Aug.	1	34.55	33.88	32.99	32.35	35.62	33.40	35.18	32.91	38.34
Sept.	1	34.77	33.90	34.46	33.03	35.73	34.09	34.48	33.73	37.49
Oct.	1	35.96	33.36	34.11	34.11	37.06	34.07	35.83	34.15	39.32
Nov.	1	36.34	34.65	34.96	34.43	37.51	34.69	36.80	34.90	39.41
Dec.	1	37.24	34.54	34.60	35.20	38.61	35.77	37.41	35.87	39.67
1948										
*Jan.	1	33.17	31.36	31.72	30.97	34.12	33.30	34.68	34.24	36.78
Feb.	1	37.06	35.53	35.80	34.95	38.14	36.25	38.01	37.02	40.56
Mar.	1	38.02	35.10	35.85	35.82	39.45	35.95	38.36	37.02	41.09
*Apr.	1	37.02	35.42	35.40	34.50	38.43	36.17	38.53	37.22	39.86
May	1	38.53	37.18	36.42	36.12	39.98	36.81	38.21	37.26	41.78
June	1	38.11	36.21	36.11	36.14	39.21	37.37	40.05	38.89	40.65
July	1	38.77	37.32	38.05	36.12	40.16	38.77	38.89	39.33	41.16
Aug.	1	39.07	37.15	37.91	36.93	40.16	38.66	39.01	39.19	41.61

*See footnote on page 2.

Table 8.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Employed
in Leading Manufacturing Establishments by Cities.

(The latest data are subject to revision).

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>
Nov. 1, 1944	\$33.16	\$31.51	\$33.73	\$28.27	\$34.29
Dec. 1	33.11	32.28	33.84	30.57	36.04
*Jan. 1, 1945	27.74	26.74	28.08	27.01	30.37
Feb. 1	32.01	30.91	33.47	28.87	36.25
Mar. 1	32.41	31.93	33.64	30.17	36.17
*Apr. 1	30.63	29.77	32.77	29.28	35.01
May 1	32.45	31.50	33.89	29.58	36.59
June 1	31.28	31.12	31.64	29.21	34.46
July 1	30.47	31.31	32.38	29.51	34.98
Aug. 1	31.01	30.55	32.59	27.97	35.87
Sept. 1	30.84	30.38	31.35	29.62	34.64
Oct. 1	30.71	29.95	31.80	29.64	35.24
Nov. 1	30.83	30.12	30.91	30.01	35.06
Dec. 1	30.84	29.79	31.29	30.80	33.95
*Jan. 1, 1946	24.80	25.92	27.16	26.94	28.50
Feb. 1	29.88	29.42	30.84	29.75	34.15
Mar. 1	30.06	29.51	30.85	29.85	33.86
Apr. 1	30.17	30.06	31.39	30.07	33.05
*May 1	28.93	29.33	30.78	29.65	32.20
June 1	29.25	28.40	29.36	29.58	31.72
July 1	28.29	29.27	30.80	29.58	33.29
Aug. 1	29.40	29.22	30.01	29.54	33.32
Sept. 1	30.34	29.55	29.98	29.54	33.24
Oct. 1	30.22	30.01	30.10	30.12	34.35
Nov. 1	31.03	30.15	31.71	30.19	34.89
Dec. 1	31.44	31.35	34.43	32.16	35.27
*Jan. 1, 1947	27.45	28.99	31.74	28.80	29.98
Feb. 1	31.79	32.40	35.32	32.33	35.84
Mar. 1	32.05	32.97	36.63	32.37	36.99
Apr. 1	32.36	33.25	36.12	32.85	37.06
May 1	32.63	33.62	35.91	32.67	37.03
June 1	32.50	33.70	36.42	32.87	37.29
July 1	31.35	34.07	35.69	33.54	36.58
Aug. 1	31.85	33.97	36.49	32.55	36.60
Sept. 1	32.81	34.49	36.80	33.19	36.98
Oct. 1	34.04	35.78	38.11	33.12	38.41
Nov. 1	34.66	36.11	37.40	33.91	38.47
Dec. 1	35.33	37.22	39.87	35.22	39.03
*Jan. 1, 1948	30.89	33.28	37.39	32.64	34.57
Feb. 1	35.19	37.56	40.53	35.49	39.77
Mar. 1	36.20	37.89	40.99	35.19	39.93
*Apr. 1	35.11	37.00	41.03	35.49	38.96
May 1	36.51	38.81	43.55	36.21	40.73
June 1	36.05	37.82	41.78	36.63	38.95
July 1	36.64	38.91	42.25	38.07	39.86
Aug. 1	37.08	39.12	43.83	38.06	40.16

*See footnote on page 2.

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Quebec for Whom Data are Available at Aug. 1, 1948, With Comparative Figures at July 1, 1948, and Aug. 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
NOVA SCOTIA - Manufacturing	43.5	43.9	44.7	85.4	85.0	75.8
Animal products	41.8	49.2	43.1	61.0	63.3	53.4
Lumber products	44.9	43.6	46.1	56.7	56.9	55.0
Textiles	40.8	41.9	41.5	62.2	60.0	52.7
Iron and steel	43.5	42.9	45.5	103.7	103.9	89.1
Crude, rolled and forged products	44.8	44.6	47.9	109.3	109.6	87.9
Steel shipbuilding	42.0	40.5	42.8	101.3	100.7	93.8
Mining - Coal	41.8	41.4	41.2	112.4	113.3	99.9
Construction - Building	37.2	35.7	39.1	81.6	80.8	79.3
- Highway	30.8	30.9	30.9	67.3	66.9	61.4
NEW BRUNSWICK - Manufacturing	44.5	45.4	44.4	85.2	83.8	74.3
Rough and dressed lumber	45.7	47.4	46.8	64.4	63.1	59.6
Pulp and paper mills	46.8	48.7	47.1	117.7	112.5	97.5
Iron and steel	42.4	43.3	41.3	100.4	101.1	90.5
Construction - Building	40.8	41.3	40.7	80.8	79.6	72.9
- Highway	32.8	31.4	32.3	68.3	68.1	66.8
QUEBEC - Manufacturing	43.7	42.8	43.9	84.5	84.4	73.7
Leather products	37.9	35.3	40.5	63.2	63.8	56.7
Leather boots and shoes	37.5	34.6	40.6	63.9	64.1	56.4
Lumber products	47.6	45.9	47.0	65.3	64.9	58.3
Rough and dressed lumber	49.4	47.9	48.7	63.7	63.4	57.7
Plant products - edible	44.8	45.1	44.7	65.1	67.9	60.0
Pulp and paper products	48.5	48.1	49.0	100.6	100.1	90.2
Pulp and paper mills	51.2	51.0	51.5	106.4	105.7	96.6
Textiles	40.3	38.7	40.9	70.8	69.6	59.5
Cotton yarn and cloth	43.3	42.6	43.7	73.4	72.7	57.8
Silk and artificial silk goods	40.6	40.8	44.1	75.6	70.1	59.6
Hosiery and knit goods	40.1	38.4	41.3	64.7	63.8	55.9
Garments and personal furnishings	36.6	34.6	36.9	68.8	68.8	61.8
Chemicals	44.8	44.4	44.4	83.4	82.8	74.8
Electrical apparatus	34.9	38.7	39.4	95.8	101.1	83.3
Iron and steel	45.2	44.4	44.6	98.0	97.6	86.0
Machinery other than vehicles	46.1	45.3	46.9	88.4	88.3	79.1
Railway rolling stock	45.3	45.6	43.0	111.8	111.8	96.2
Aeroplanes and parts	44.6	46.6	34.0	97.2	97.3	88.7
Steel shipbuilding	45.7	43.8	50.3	96.7	96.8	89.3
Non-ferrous metal products	45.2	45.5	44.7	97.1	93.9	81.4
Aluminum and its products	45.9	46.3	45.4	103.7	100.0	84.8
Mining - Metallic ores	46.5	47.0	45.5	101.1	95.6	91.6
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	45.1	46.1	47.3	91.7	92.1	71.9
Street railways, cartage and storage	46.4	46.6	45.8	88.0	88.4	80.3
Construction - Building	40.7	38.9	40.6	96.1	93.2	84.4
- Highway	32.4	38.9	40.7	64.5	67.4	58.4
Services	44.3	44.1	44.8	54.2	54.2	49.9

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Ontario for Whom Data are Available at Aug. 1, 1948, with Comparative Figures at July 1, 1948, and Aug. 1, 1947. (Continued)

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
ONTARIO - Manufacturing	41.4	41.7	41.9	97.0	96.3	85.0
Animal products - edible	44.9	44.9	43.2	86.6	86.8	75.9
Meat products	43.4	43.6	40.4	94.3	94.1	82.5
Leather products	39.7	39.0	40.2	77.8	77.9	71.9
Leather boots and shoes	39.6	39.4	39.9	72.0	72.4	65.5
Lumber products	42.2	42.5	43.4	77.5	76.9	68.4
Rough and dressed lumber	43.4	43.8	44.6	76.0	75.8	66.1
Furniture	41.2	41.6	43.0	80.8	80.1	71.9
Plant products - edible	40.7	40.7	41.8	73.6	73.6	65.1
Fruit and vegetable canning	38.1	37.0	41.3	68.7	68.8	60.6
Bread and bakery products	43.8	43.4	-	71.2	70.6	-
Pulp and paper mills	48.3	48.2	49.5	113.1	112.9	101.9
Paper products	42.4	42.9	41.8	86.9	85.6	74.5
Printing and publishing	40.0	40.2	40.4	104.9	104.2	89.9
Rubber products	40.2	40.6	40.8	109.9	107.1	99.3
Textiles	39.3	38.6	39.4	77.3	77.1	67.2
Cotton yarn and cloth	41.7	37.6	40.8	76.4	76.5	66.2
Woollen yarn and cloth	40.7	40.6	42.1	74.5	74.3	64.3
Hosiery and knit goods	39.3	38.1	38.6	71.3	71.6	60.4
Garments and personal furnishings	36.2	36.0	36.9	78.7	79.0	71.5
Chemicals	42.6	42.8	41.8	98.6	97.1	83.0
Drugs and medicines	38.8	39.5	41.3	78.4	77.9	74.3
Clay, glass and stone products	43.5	44.0	43.8	95.4	93.8	84.0
Electrical apparatus	40.5	41.2	41.5	99.5	99.5	87.0
Iron and steel	41.5	42.1	42.2	108.6	107.2	95.4
Crude, rolled and forged products	44.0	43.0	45.0	115.0	114.1	97.2
Machinery other than vehicles	42.2	42.4	42.3	99.8	98.8	88.8
Agricultural implements	41.6	41.5	41.3	112.4	110.7	97.8
Railway rolling stock	44.4	44.8	42.2	113.6	110.4	93.9
Automobile parts	40.1	41.2	-	102.7	102.3	-
Automobile mfg.	36.7	40.9	-	125.0	122.9	-
Steel shipbuilding	39.8	43.6	42.6	97.5	96.7	86.2
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	42.7	42.6	43.9	98.4	98.0	87.5
Foundry and machine shop products	43.2	43.0	42.5	105.0	103.5	92.6
Sheet metal work	42.0	40.6	41.5	95.3	93.9	81.2
Non-ferrous metal products	41.3	42.5	41.9	101.8	101.4	89.2
Preparation of non-ferrous metallic ores	44.5	44.6	44.1	113.1	113.4	99.7
Brass and copper mfg.	38.1	41.0	41.1	102.5	103.0	88.6
Mining - Metallic ores	44.3	44.6	44.1	111.9	111.6	99.7
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.4	45.7	45.5	99.1	96.5	85.8
Construction - Building	42.8	42.3	42.5	103.4	102.6	94.7
- Highway	42.9	43.8	43.5	84.0	83.5	77.4
Services	40.6	40.7	41.1	59.6	60.0	53.4
Hotels and restaurants	42.0	42.5	42.4	59.1	59.4	53.1

Table 9.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia for Whom Data are Available at Aug. 1, 1948, with Comparative Figures at July 1, 1948, and Aug. 1, 1947. (Concluded)

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
MANITOBA - Manufacturing	42.3	42.7	41.7	91.4	90.8	80.1
Meat products	42.5	41.9	41.8	96.4	96.3	84.6
Plant products - edible	41.6	41.0	41.2	76.4	75.6	65.5
Garments and personal furnishings	38.6	36.7	37.4	69.6	68.1	62.5
Iron and steel	42.8	44.4	41.5	102.9	102.2	88.4
Railway rolling stock	43.9	44.4	41.2	110.3	109.9	93.4
Construction - Building	40.5	39.4	38.7	94.2	93.3	90.7
- Highway	36.5	36.1	36.8	76.2	75.6	68.5
Services	42.6	41.4	41.9	59.3	60.1	53.8
SASKATCHEWAN - Manufacturing	41.5	42.0	42.9	94.0	92.6	82.0
Meat products	38.5	39.3	40.9	96.4	96.8	83.7
Construction - Building	39.4	37.6	39.2	90.8	90.9	85.4
- Highway	36.5	37.7	38.1	74.7	74.2	70.4
Services	42.9	42.6	44.3	61.0	61.2	53.9
ALBERTA - Manufacturing	42.0	42.7	41.5	93.3	92.1	79.3
Meat products	41.3	41.0	40.2	94.8	96.0	83.1
Plant products - edible	42.4	43.0	39.8	82.1	80.1	68.4
Railway rolling stock	45.9	45.8	44.9	108.4	108.7	90.8
Mining - Coal	36.4	34.3	36.3	150.0	149.5	122.1
Construction - Building	38.1	39.9	34.9	113.9	110.9	97.8
Services	46.4	44.1	44.6	60.6	62.9	50.4
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Manufacturing	38.1	37.8	39.0	109.2	108.9	98.3
Lumber products	35.5	35.3	37.6	109.6	108.1	103.7
Rough and dressed lumber	35.2	35.1	37.7	111.1	109.5	105.7
Plant products - edible	36.7	36.1	35.4	80.1	81.9	69.0
Fruit and vegetable canning	35.6	33.9	33.2	72.9	75.0	65.5
Pulp and paper mills	47.5	47.1	47.6	125.6	125.8	108.5
Iron and steel	38.1	37.9	38.1	116.4	116.6	102.5
Steel shipbuilding	35.1	36.0	35.1	122.6	121.8	106.4
Non-ferrous metal products	39.9	40.1	41.1	123.8	123.5	110.2
Logging	33.5	34.0	34.8	138.3	142.2	131.9
Mining - Coal	36.9	29.8	36.4	137.6	135.7	113.5
- Metallic ores	40.7	42.9	45.2	128.8	124.4	113.0
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.1	43.8	46.0	103.3	103.3	89.6
Construction - Building	36.5	36.1	37.6	128.1	123.9	108.9
- Highway	34.4	35.0	37.0	104.4	104.3	91.0
Services	38.6	38.8	38.7	71.1	71.1	63.8

Table 10.- Average Hours Per Week and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners
in Certain Cities for Whom Data are Available at Aug. 1, 1948,
with Comparative Figures at July 1, 1948 and Aug. 1, 1947.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Cities and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947	Aug. 1 1948	July 1 1948	Aug. 1 1947
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
<u>Montreal</u> - Manufacturing	42.0	41.4	41.2	88.3	88.5	77.3
Leather products	38.1	36.2	39.7	67.3	68.0	62.2
Plant products - edible	45.6	44.8	45.0	68.8	70.4	61.9
Textiles - all branches	37.9	36.3	36.6	74.5	74.0	66.3
Tobacco	42.5	41.9	40.8	89.2	87.6	66.5
Electrical apparatus	34.5	38.7	39.2	97.0	101.9	83.9
Iron and steel	44.5	44.2	42.2	103.1	102.3	89.4
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.9	45.6	44.1	92.4	92.5	84.1
Building construction	39.3	36.3	39.6	103.3	98.3	89.1
Services	43.3	43.1	43.8	54.0	54.0	50.8
<u>Toronto</u> - Manufacturing	40.5	40.7	40.2	96.6	95.6	84.5
Plant products - edible	40.9	40.6	39.8	73.7	73.9	65.6
Paper products	41.4	41.9	40.4	84.7	83.5	73.8
Printing and publishing	39.3	39.6	39.8	113.4	112.6	94.3
Rubber products	40.1	40.1	41.2	114.0	111.4	103.3
Textiles - all branches	37.0	37.2	37.2	84.1	83.2	74.1
Chemicals	40.9	41.5	39.9	95.1	94.3	79.5
Electrical apparatus	40.9	41.6	40.4	97.8	97.2	86.2
Iron and steel	41.8	41.7	41.5	105.1	103.5	92.3
Non-ferrous metal products	37.4	40.6	39.6	99.8	99.9	88.6
Street railways, cartage and storage	43.4	44.1	44.0	107.5	104.0	90.8
Building construction	38.1	38.2	39.9	122.4	121.4	108.0
Services	39.4	39.6	40.3	65.3	65.3	57.9
<u>Hamilton</u> - Manufacturing	42.1	41.1	41.9	104.1	102.8	87.1
Textiles - all branches	39.3	37.0	38.8	77.0	77.6	66.1
Electrical apparatus	40.3	40.0	42.1	110.0	112.4	89.4
Iron and steel	43.7	42.4	43.0	113.7	111.9	95.5
Building construction	40.1	39.6	40.6	109.5	108.6	92.4
<u>Winnipeg</u> - Manufacturing	42.1	42.3	41.2	90.4	90.0	79.0
Animal products - edible	43.2	42.8	42.4	92.3	92.1	82.2
Plant products - edible	41.6	41.1	41.2	76.9	76.1	65.5
Textiles	39.0	37.1	37.6	68.9	67.8	62.4
Iron and steel	43.0	44.0	40.9	103.7	103.0	89.2
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.0	46.5	46.1	89.6	90.4	80.1
Building construction	37.9	36.0	36.8	103.1	101.4	95.5
Services	42.2	41.2	41.7	59.2	60.0	53.9
<u>Vancouver</u> - Manufacturing	37.5	37.5	38.2	107.1	106.3	95.8
Lumber products	36.6	35.9	38.1	110.4	108.9	103.7
Iron and steel	37.2	37.1	36.7	117.6	117.6	104.0
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.0	44.0	46.4	103.4	103.5	89.2
Building construction	37.1	37.0	37.9	124.6	123.7	108.6
Services	37.7	38.1	38.0	71.5	71.2	65.5

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